

JAN 08 2009 PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

January 8, 2009

Mr. Jeff Derouen Executive Director Public Service Commission 211 Sower Boulevard Frankfort, Kentucky 40602

Re: PSC Case No. 2008-00409

Dear Mr. Derouen:

Please find enclosed for filing with the Commission in the above-referenced case an original and nine copies of the responses of East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc. ("EKPC") to the Commission Staff's Second Data Request, dated December 16, 2008. An original and nine copies of EKPC's Responses to the First Data Request of Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc. ("KIUC"), and the Attorney General's ("AG") Initial Requests for Information, both dated December 15, 2008, are also enclosed.

Very truly yours.

David A. Smart General Counsel

Enclosures

Cc: Parties of Record

RECEIVED

JAN 08 2009

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF:

GENERAL ADJUSTMENT OF ELECTRIC RATES) OF EAST KENTUCKY POWER) COOPERATIVE, INC.)

) CASE NO.) 2008-00409

CERTIFICATE

STATE OF KENTUCKY)) COUNTY OF CLARK)

Gary T. Crawford, being duly sworn, states that he has supervised the preparation of the responses of East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc. to the Public Service Commission Staff Second Data Request in the above-referenced case dated December 16, 2008, and that the matters and things set forth therein are true and accurate to the best of his knowledge, information and belief, formed after reasonable inquiry.

Subscribed and sworn before me on this 7th day of January, 2009.

Second S. Life Notary Public S, 2009

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF:

GENERAL ADJUSTMENT OF ELECTRIC RATES CASE NO.) **OF EAST KENTUCKY POWER** 2008-00409) COOPERATIVE, INC. ì

CERTIFICATE

STATE OF VIRGINIA)) COUNTY OF FAIRFAX)

Jonathon Andrew Don, being duly sworn, states that he has supervised the preparation of the responses of East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc. to the Public Service Commission Staff Second Data Request in the above-referenced case dated December 16, 2008, and that the matters and things set forth therein are true and accurate to the best of his knowledge, information and belief, formed after reasonable inquiry.

Subscribed and sworn before me on this

day of January, 2009.

mpschi

Notary Public

ELIZABETH C. MIKSCHE **Notary Public** Commonwealth of Virginia 7120373 My Commission Expires Sep 30, 2011

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF:

GENERAL ADJUSTMENT OF ELECTRIC RATES)CASE NO.OF EAST KENTUCKY POWER)2008-00409COOPERATIVE, INC.)

CERTIFICATE

STATE OF KENTUCKY)) COUNTY OF CLARK)

Ricky L. Drury, being duly sworn, states that he has supervised the preparation of the responses of East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc. to the Public Service Commission Staff Second Data Request in the above-referenced case dated December 16, 2008, and that the matters and things set forth therein are true and accurate to the best of his knowledge, information and belief, formed after reasonable inquiry.

Micky K Hun

Subscribed and sworn before me on this Lth day of January, 2009

Lorenber 8, 2009

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF:

GENERAL ADJUSTMENT OF ELECTRIC RATES CASE NO.) 2008-00409 OF EAST KENTUCKY POWER) COOPERATIVE, INC.)

CERTIFICATE

STATE OF KENTUCKY) COUNTY OF CLARK)

Craig A. Johnson, being duly sworn, states that he has supervised the preparation of the responses of East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc. to the Public Service Commission Staff Second Data Request in the above-referenced case dated December 16, 2008, and that the matters and things set forth therein are true and accurate to the best of his knowledge, information and belief, formed after reasonable inquiry.

Casig Jot

Subscribed and sworn before me on this **7** the day of January, 2009.

December 8, 2009

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF:

GENERAL ADJUSTMENT OF ELECTRIC RATES)CASE NO.OF EAST KENTUCKY POWER)2008-00409COOPERATIVE, INC.)

CERTIFICATE

STATE OF KENTUCKY)) COUNTY OF CLARK)

James C. Lamb, Jr., being duly sworn, states that he has supervised the preparation of the responses of East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc. to the Public Service Commission Staff Second Data Request in the above-referenced case dated December 16, 2008, and that the matters and things set forth therein are true and accurate to the best of his knowledge, information and belief, formed after reasonable inquiry.

fame Chlf

Subscribed and sworn before me on this b^{\pm} day of January, 2009.

December 8, 2009

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF:

GENERAL ADJUSTMENT OF ELECTRIC RATES CASE NO.)) 2008-00409 **OF EAST KENTUCKY POWER** COOPERATIVE, INC.

CERTIFICATE

STATE OF KENTUCKY)
)
COUNTY OF CLARK)

Robert M. Marshall, being duly sworn, states that he has supervised the preparation of the responses of East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc. to the Public Service Commission Staff Second Data Request in the above-referenced case dated December 16, 2008, and that the matters and things set forth therein are true and accurate to the best of his knowledge, information and belief, formed after reasonable inquiry.

Subscribed and sworn before me on this 6th day of January, 2009.

December 8, 2009

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF:

GENERAL ADJUSTMENT OF ELECTRIC RATES)CASE NO.OF EAST KENTUCKY POWER)2008-00409COOPERATIVE, INC.)

CERTIFICATE

STATE OF KENTUCKY)) COUNTY OF CLARK)

Frank J. Oliva, being duly sworn, states that he has supervised the preparation of the responses of East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc. to the Public Service Commission Staff Second Data Request in the above-referenced case dated December 16, 2008, and that the matters and things set forth therein are true and accurate to the best of his knowledge, information and belief, formed after reasonable inquiry.

Frank J. Olivo

Subscribed and sworn before me on this 6th day of January, 2009.

Jeager S. Su Notary Public

December 8, 2009

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF:

GENERAL ADJUSTMENT OF ELECTRIC RATES)CASE NO.OF EAST KENTUCKY POWER)2008-00409COOPERATIVE, INC.)

CERTIFICATE

STATE OF KENTUCKY)
)
COUNTY OF CLARK)

William Steven Seelye, being duly sworn, states that he has supervised the preparation of the responses of East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc. to the Public Service Commission Staff Second Data Request in the above-referenced case dated December 16, 2008, and that the matters and things set forth therein are true and accurate to the best of his knowledge, information and belief, formed after reasonable inquiry.

Subscribed and sworn before me on this **30**th day of December, 2008.

December 8, 2009

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

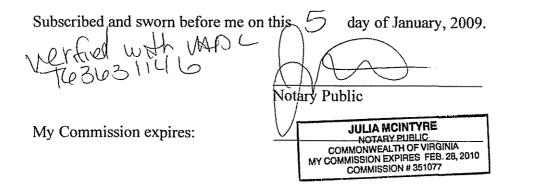
IN THE MATTER OF:

GENERAL ADJUSTMENT OF ELECTRIC RATES)CASE NO.OF EAST KENTUCKY POWER)2008-00409COOPERATIVE, INC.)

CERTIFICATE

STATE OF VIRGINIA)) CITY OF RICHMOND)

Daniel M. Walker, being duly sworn, states that he has supervised the preparation of the responses of East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc. to the Public Service Commission Staff Second Data Request in the above-referenced case dated December 16, 2008, and that the matters and things set forth therein are true and accurate to the best of his knowledge, information and belief, formed after reasonable inquiry.



BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF:

GENERAL ADJUSTMENT OF ELECTRIC RATES CASE NO. 2008-00409) **OF EAST KENTUCKY POWER COOPERATIVE, INC.**

CERTIFICATE

STATE OF KENTUCKY)) **COUNTY OF CLARK**)

Ann F. Wood, being duly sworn, states that she has supervised the preparation of the responses of East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc. to the Public Service Commission Staff Second Data Request in the above-referenced case dated December 16, 2008, and that the matters and things set forth therein are true and accurate to the best of her knowledge, information and belief, formed after reasonable inquiry.

ann F. Word

Subscribed and sworn before me on this bth day of January, 2009

Desember 8, 2009

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In the Matter of:

GENERAL ADJUSTMENT OF ELECTRIC RATES)	CASE NO.
OF EAST KENTUCKY POWER)	2008-00409
COOPERATIVE, INC.)	

RESPONSES TO COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST TO EAST KENTUCKY POWER COOPERATIVE, INC. DATED DECEMBER 16, 2008

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 1RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Frank J. Oliva/Ann F. WoodCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 1. Refer to the information at Tab 19 in Volume 1 of East Kentucky's application which shows the financial data for the forecasted test period as adjustments to the base period.

Request 1a. The first line under Operations Expenses shows Production Costs -Excludes Fuel increasing by \$10.4 million, or nearly 18 percent, from the base period to the forecasted test period. Explain thoroughly why this cost category is expected to increase by this magnitude.

Response 1a. The \$10.4 million increase can be attributed to the start up of Spurlock Unit # 4 in April, 2009, Unit # 2 Scrubber in January, 2009, and Unit # 1 Scrubber in July, 2009. Limestone expense will increase \$7.7 million and magnesium expense will increase \$2.2 million. This \$9.9 million is 95% of the \$10.4 million increase between base period and forecast period.

Request 1b.All 12 months of the forecasted test period include the operation ofSpurlock Unit No. 4 ("Spurlock 4), which is described elsewhere as resulting in EastKentucky reducing its reliance on purchased power to meet its members' demands.Provide a detailed description of the process used to develop the forecasted level of (1)

fuel costs, which is 42 percent (\$126.7 million) greater than the level of fuel costs in the base period and (2) purchased power, which is 55 percent (\$94.7 million) less than the level of purchased power in the base period.

Response 1b. EKPC uses the RT Sim model for detailed production cost projections. This program simulates real time system operation on an hourly, chronological basis. Fuel prices included in the model analysis were based on the most recent fuel price forecast from Energy Ventures Analysis (EVA). Purchased power price projections included in the model were provided by ACES Power Marketing.

Request 1c. The level of administrative and general expenses in the forecasted test period of \$26.7 million is 11 percent greater than the level included in the base period of \$24.0 million. Explain thoroughly why this expense is expected to increase by this amount.

Response 1c. The level of administrative and general expenses in the forecasted test year is approximately \$2.6 million or 11% greater than the level included in the base period.

This is an increase in the following: regular time labor - \$650,000; defined benefit retirement plan - \$567,000; 401K employer contributions - \$281,000; medical insurance PPO - \$519,000; maintenance & service agreements - \$523,000; and employee education including training on new financial software - \$518,000.

Request 1d.Production maintenance expense is \$48.7 million in the forecastedtest period, which is nearly 19 percent lower than the \$60.0 million included in the baseperiod. Explain thoroughly why this expense is expected to decrease by this amount.

Response 1d. Production maintenance expense in the forecasted test period is \$11.3 million or 19% lower than the base period due to the Spurlock Unit #2 ten-year overhaul being completed in 2008.

Request 1e. Depreciation/amortization expense is \$20.7 million (47 percent) greater in the forecasted test period than in the base period. Provide a breakdown of this increase which identifies how much is related to Spurlock 4 or other items of utility plant which go into service after the base period, and how much is for the normalization of depreciation expense on plant in service by the end of the base period.

Response 1e. As reflected in Application Volume 1, Tab 19, East Kentucky's increase in depreciation of \$29.7 million is broken down as follows:

Project	Depreciation amount in Test Period
Spurlock Unit 4	\$13,120,212
Spurlock 1 Scrubber	\$5,532,800
Spurlock 2 Scrubber	\$6,175,682
CT's	\$3,059,635
Misc projects added to plant	\$1,811,671
	\$29,700,000

Because Application Volume 1, Tab 19, reflects a "difference" between the base and forecasted periods, normalization is not applicable.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 2Responsible person:Robert M. MarshallCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 2. Refer to the first complete sentence on page 5 of the Testimony of Robert M. Marshall ("Marshall Testimony") concerning East Kentucky's possible failure to meet its 2009 debt covenants if an increase in its rates is delayed even a month or two. Reconcile this statement with item 2 of East Kentucky's response to the data requests made at the November 13, 2008 informal conference held in this case.

Response 2.The reconciliation is contained in EKPC's response to Item 1a ofthe Commission Staff's First Data Request regarding EKPC's request to establish aRegulatory Asset in this case.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 3RESPONSIBLE PERSON:ROBert M. MarshallCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 3. Refer to the answer beginning on line 19 of page 6 and continuing to line 1 on page 7 of the Marshall Testimony. Provide a detailed description of each of the cost containment initiatives identified in the answer.

<u>Response 3.</u> Please find below a detailed description of each cost containment initiative identified in the Marshall Testimony.

<u>Reduction in defined benefit plan level</u> — EKPC's defined benefit plan is only available to employees hired before January 1, 2007. Effective January 1, 2008, the benefit level was reduced from a 2.0 cost of living adjustment (COLA) benefit to a 1.8 non-COLA benefit.

Increase in employee medical plan contributions — Employee contributions were required for the first time January 2007. Employees pay 10% for single and 15% for dependents. The percentage is based on the funding required for each employee. In 2008, the employee contribution did not increase; however, the 2009 contribution will increase by 5%.

Elimination of salary increases in 2007 — No salary increases were given in 2007.

<u>Improvements in the competitive bidding process</u> — EKPC has placed a greater emphasis on supply chain, with improved focus on negotiations on price, delivery, warrantees, and other non-price conditions.

<u>Materials standardization</u> — EKPC is standardizing and aggregating the purchase of selected items, consolidating suppliers to achieve volume discounts, and expanding suppliers lists where appropriate.

<u>Improvements in power plant efficiencies</u> — EKPC continues to blend fuels, optimize its plant maintenance scheduling, and identify non-fuel opportunities. EKPC is pursing using non-original equipment manufacturers (OEM) for plant maintenance outages.

<u>Deferring computer software upgrade</u> — EKPC has deferred the upgrading of its PeopleSoft financial software. The implementation date of the PeopleSoft financial software was January 1, 1999.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 4William Steven SeelyeCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 4. Refer to the answer in the middle of page 9 of the Marshall Testimony, which refers to East Kentucky's new rates being passed through on a proportional basis when they are implemented in this case and "[a]dopting a new costbased rate structure beginning one year later."

Request 4a.Explain whether East Kentucky intends for the Commission to ruleon the proposed cost-based rate structure, which is referred to elsewhere in theapplication as Phase Two Rates, in this proceeding.

Response 4a. Yes. East Kentucky intends for the Commission to rule on the proposed cost-based rate structure (Phase Two Rates) in this proceeding.

Request 4b.The pass-through applications filed by East Kentucky's sixteenmember cooperatives do not include Phase Two retail rates. When, approximately, aretheir applications for authority to implement Phase Two rates expected to be filed?

Response 4b. KRS 278.180, which is referenced by 807 KAR 5:007 (Filing and notice requirements for a generation and transmission cooperative or a distribution

cooperative to decrease rates or for a distribution cooperative to change rates to reflect a change in the rates of its wholesale supplier), requires a 30 day notice to be filed with the Commission. EKPC would adhere to that requirement on behalf of its member systems.

The reason that EKPC filed notice on behalf of many of its member systems of the Phase I rates (and not the Phase II rates) was that the Phase I rates were filed with an effective date of December 1, 2008. Because the Phase II rates would not be implemented until 12 months after the implementation of the Phase I rates, it was not necessary to file the pass-through of the Phase II rates at the same time as the Phase I pass-through to meet the 30-day filing requirement of KRS 278.180.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 5RESPONSIBLE PERSON:David G. EamesCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 5. Refer to page 2 of the Testimony of David G. Eames ("Eames Testimony") concerning the basis for East Kentucky's requested increase in rates. Among other things, the answer beginning on line 10 refers to the scheduled installation of two combustion turbines ("CTs") at the Smith Station in October of 2009. That installation will occur five months into East Kentucky's proposed test year. Explain whether the proposed forecasted test year includes 12 months of costs for the two CTs or only costs for the period October 2009 through May 2010. Provide references to documents, schedules, etc. in the application which support the explanation.

Response 5. The proposed forecasted test year includes costs for the two CTs at Smith Station for the nine months beginning in September 2009. At the time the budget was prepared, that was the projected operational date. At a later time the operational date was changed to October 1st.

Refer to Eames Exhibit 1 in the Application of this case. The depreciation expense on Row 17 increases by \$340,105 in September 2009. The change in September includes the first month's depreciation for the two CT's which is \$339,960 per month. Nine months

PSC Request 5 Page 2 of 2

•

of depreciation on the two CTs were included in the Test Year budget totaling approximately \$3,059,640.

ł.

EAST KENTUCKY POWER COOPERATIVE, INC. PSC CASE NO. 2008-00409 SECOND DATA REQUEST RESPONSE

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 6David G. EamesCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 6.Refer to Eames Exhibit 1. Provide this exhibit in at least a 10point font.

<u>Response 6.</u> Please see the response on the enclosed CD.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 7RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Jonathon Andrew DonCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

<u>Request 7.</u> Refer to pages 4-5 of the Testimony of Jonathan Andrew Don regarding his discussion of the conditions of the credit markets since September 2008.

<u>Request 7a.</u> Identify and describe any changes, positive or negative, in credit markets since late October of 2008, which Mr. Don believes would impact the basis point spread or the closing fees he believes would have applied to East Kentucky as of October 20, 2008.

Response 7a. The credit markets are not significantly different in December 2008 from the conditions that existed in October 2008. Attachment 1 shows two charts which depict the significant drop off experienced in the syndicated loan market in calendar year 2008 as compared to prior years (the levels for 2008 represent volume through December 23, 2008). The number of active participants in the credit markets continues to be very limited and credit is only being provided by banks and other financing institutions to those companies/ borrowers with which the bank or institution has had a long and profitable business relationship. Capital continues to remain very scarce and significantly increased due diligence is being conducted by any lender that is even considering providing capital. Those lenders that are approving credit at the

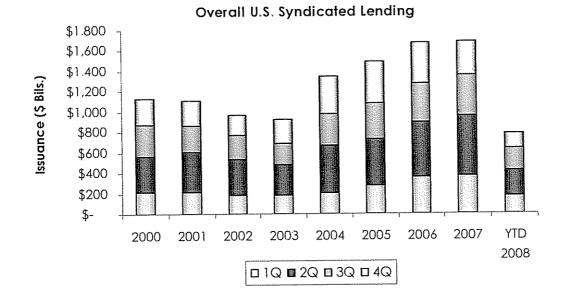
current time are mainly looking to roll-over or renew existing credit facilities with no new money being made available to borrowers. In addition numerous lenders are using any form of request (amendment or modification request) from a borrower to either reprice an existing transaction or reduce exposure levels. Attachment 2 details the loan pricing / credit spreads for the indicated utility companies and is representative of the credit facility transactions that were closed in the fourth quarter of 2008.

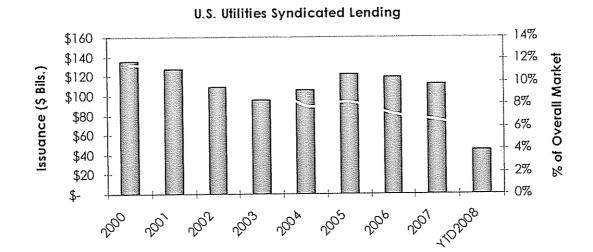
Request 7b. Explain in detail why Mr. Don believes a new credit facility would be for a term of only one year as compared to the five-year term of East Kentucky's existing private credit facility.

<u>Response 7b.</u> Attachment 2 contains a representative sample of the syndicated loans made to energy based and utility companies in the 4^{th} quarter of 2008. As depicted, the tenors of the facilities range in maturity from five to twelve months. The majority of the utilities listed have ratings that are equal to or better than the expected rating of East Kentucky if East Kentucky were to seek a credit rating from the rating agencies.

PSC Request 7 Attachment 1 Page 1 of 1

2008 Syndicated Lending Charts





4Q08 Syndicated Utility Loan Deals

	Atmos Energy Corp.	Texas New Mexico Power	Integrys Energy Services	Pepco Holdings	CenterPoint Energy Houston Blectric	Portland General Electric Co.	Hawaiian Electric Co. Inc.
Amounte	\$ 212,500,000	\$ 100,000,000	\$ 250,000,000	\$ 390,000,000	\$ 450,000,000	\$ 125,000,000	\$ 75,000,000
Tenor (months):	12	s	9	12	12	12	6
Ratings	BBB/Baa3	BB-/Ba3	A-/A3	BBB/Baa3	BBB/Baa3	BBB+/Baa2	BBB
Glose Date:	10/29/2008	10/31/2008	11/3/2008	11/7/2008	11/12/2008	12/4/2008	12/8/2008
Rurposen	Corporate Purposes	Debt Repayment	Corporate Purposes	Corporate Purposes	Corporate Purposes	Corporate Purposes	Corporate Purposes
AIS Drawn (bps)	200.0	250.0	275.0	300.0	225.0	200.0	175.0
AIS Undrawn (hns)	50.0	50.0	50.0	62.5	50.0	25.0	25.0

PSC Request 7 Attachment 2 Page 1 of 1

.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 8RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Daniel M. WalkerCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 8. Refer to page 4 of the Testimony of Daniel M. Walker ("Walker Testimony") and Exhibit DMW-2. For each of the five categories that ratings agencies use to evaluate cooperative utilities, provide a direct comparison of East Kentucky's category profile with those of the other cooperatives in the reference group.

Response 8. Please see page 2 of this response.

G&TS Weighting	Fin. Perform.Rate FlexibilityL.T. Contracts 40% 20% 15%	ate Flexibilityl 20%	T. Contracts 15%	Members 15%	Size 10%
Buckeve	٩	A	A	-A-	888+
Brazos	A	BBB+	A	A	A-
Basin	A	A-	A	A-	
Central Towa	A	٩	A	A-	BBB
Great River	A-	BBB+	A	BBB+	A
Dairvland	- A-	-A-	A	A-	BBB+
Western Farmers	A	-A-	Ā	A	BBB+
Arkansas	۲	٩	A-	-A-	A-
Tri-State	A-	A-	A	A-	-Α
Hoosier	A-	۷	A	-A-	BBB+
Chuaach	A-	BBB+	A-	BBB+	BBB
Old Dominion	A-	BBB+	A	A	A
Wabash Vallev	-A-	BBB+	A	A	BBB+
Alabama Electric	BBB+	A-	A-		BBB+
Semínole	BBB+	۷	A	A	۷
Oglethorpe	888+	٩	A-	A	A
EKPC	BBB- to BBB+	BBB+	۲	BBB+	-A-

DIRECT COMPARISON: EKPC and RATED G&Ts

i.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 9RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Daniel M. WalkerCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 9. Refer to the text on page 6 of the Walker Testimony, specifically, the discussion under the heading <u>Flexibility to Change Rates/Regulatory Environment</u>.

Request 9a. Provide a copy of the Moody's document that supports the statement, "In Moody's evaluation of risk, financial performance and rate flexibility account for 60% of the credit evaluation."

Response 9a. Attached is the published Moody's rating matrix. Please note that Factor 2: Rate Flexibility is 20% and Factor 4: 3-Year Average G&T Financial Metrics is reported to be 40%. The combination of Factor 2 and 4 result in 60% of the ratings evaluation.

<u>Request 9b.</u> Earlier in the testimony, Mr. Walker refers to the other major rating agencies, Standard & Poors ("S&P") and Fitch. Provide the percentages of their credit evaluations which S&P and Fitch assign to these two evaluation areas.

<u>Response 9b.</u> Neither S&P nor Fitch publishes a matrix similar to Moody's. However, my experience would suggest they use similar rating measures.

PSC Request 9(a) Attachment Page 1 of 1

ł

Factor 1: Nature of Long-Term Wholesale Neighting:	Power Supply Contracts	15%						
	<u>Aaa</u>	Aa	٨	Baa	<u>Ba</u>	B	Caa	Sub-Factor Weighting
Percentage of Member Load Served under Vholesale Power Contracts	100*.	100%	> 60%	> 70*.	< 70%	< 60%	* 50%	15.00%
actor 2: Rate Flexibility	······································							
Veighting		20%						SubFacto
	دد۸	<u>A4</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>839</u>	Ba	0	Caa	Weighting
	No Rale Regulation by State Commission: Legislative statute to preclude legiulatory intervention in the future rate setting process	 State Commission: No legislative statute to preclude regulatory 	Rate Regulated by State Commission, Very Supportive Commission Practices, Very Good Regulatory Regulatory	Commission	Rate Regulated by State Commission, Unsupportive Commission Practices, Genetally Difficult Regulatory Relationships	Vely Unterpolive Commission Prostices, Offer		3 33%
stess Band Involvement in Setting Rates		recommendations for limitly adjustment of lates to cover all costs of service, no regulatory intervention in the rate setting process. No regulators statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the future	intervention in the rate setting process in certain instances, frequent fuel cost adjustment capability in place under regulatory practice; timely recovery	in place under regulatory practice. reasonably timely recovery of any	inactive board limited, if any ability to adjust for fuel cost variability, uncertainty surrounding recovery of	inscire board no obility to adjust for fuel cost variability. uncertantly suircanding	Inactive board no ability to adjess for fixet cost variability uncertainty surrounding	
Variable Cost Adjustment Mechanisms	rate setting process	rale setting process < 20%	ol any deferats < 30%	date/ais <40%	deferals > 40%	recovery of deferais > 60%	recovery of deferals > 75%	3.33% 3.33%
law Build Exposure (Prospective 5-yr New Juild Copes as % Net PP&E)	<5%	< 25%	< 50%	< 75ts	76* 120*-	> 120*.	> 140%	3 33%
late Competitiveness versus others in	Better than all on a consistent basis	Nuch better than most		Beller then some, Worse then some on a consistent basis	Worse than most	Worse than all on a consistent basis		3 33%
Poleniial for Rale Shock Exposure	Estremely faw le g. lass than 10% reliance an purchased power and less than 10% 5-year-newbuild caper as poicerilaps of latest year-end Net PP&E	Very low (e.g. less than 2015 relance on purchased power and less than 255 S-yeat - newbuild capes as percentage of latest year-end Net PP&E	Low (e.g. less than 30% refance on purchased power and/or tess than 50% 5-year-newbuild capex as percentage of latest year end Nat PP&E	than 40% reliance on purchased power and/or less than 75% 5-year-newbuild	power or greater bian 75% 5-year- newbold capex as perconlage of	reliance on purchased power and greater than 75% 5-year-	percentage of latest	tcc c
actor 3: Memberlowner profile Veighling:		15%						
	A23	At	۸.	Bas	Ba	<u>B</u>	Caa	Sub-Facto Weighting
lemand Growth	> 6 *;	4%	3%	2%	15	- 0%	-0%	3 00%
lesidential Salos/Total Sales (%)	> 50°.	> 75%	> 50%	> 40%	- 40%	< 20%	= 10%	3 00%
tembola' Consolidated Assets (5 Billions)	> 56 5 billion	> \$4 billion	53 - 54 billion	> \$1 bition	≺ \$1 billion	- 50 3 billion	* 50 2 bilkon	3 00%
fambers Concolidated quity/Capitolization (%)	NG5%	> 55%	> 50%	> 25%	> 20%	> 15%	>10*	3 00%
	None subject to rate regulation; Legislative statute to preclude regulatoy intervention & the future rate activity process		Some Rate Regulated by State Commission, Very Supportive Commission Practices; Very Good Regulatory Relationships	Some Rate Regulated by State Commission: Moderately Supportive Commission Practices: Reasonably Good Regulatory Relationships	Some Rela Regulated by State Commission, Unsupportive Commission Practices; Generally Difficult Regulatory Relationships	Mast Rate Regulated by State Commission; Very Unsupportive Commission Proctices; Otten Contentious Regulatory Relationships	A3 Rate Regulated by State Commission; Estremety Haush Commission Practices: Always Contentious Regulatory Relationships	3.00%
egulaiory status actor A: 3-Year Avarage GBT Financial k	regulation; Legistative statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the future rate setting process	regulation; No Registative statute to prectude regulatory Intervention in the future rate setting process	by State Commission, Very Supportive Commission Procises; Very Good Repulatory Relationships	Some Rate Regulated by State Commission: Moderately Supportive Commission Practices: Reasonably Good Regulatory	Regulated by State Commission, Unsupportive Commission Practices; Generally Difficult Regulatory	Most Rate Regulated by State Commission; Very Unsupportize Commission Proctices; Often Contentious Regulatory	by State Commission; Extremely Haish Commission Practices; Always Contentious Regulatory	3.00%
ogulalory slalus setor 4: 3-Year Avarage GBT Financial k	regulation; Legistativo statute la preclude regulatory intervention in the source rate setting process Netrica	regulation, No legislative statute to practical regulatory intervention in the future rate setting process 20%	by State Commission. Very Supportive Commission Practices; Very Good Reputatory Relationships	Some Rato Regulated by State Commission: Noderately Supportive Commission Practices; Reasonably Good Regulatory Relationships	Regulated by State Commission, Unsupportive Cemmission Practices: Generally D.flicutt Regulatory Relationships	Most Rate Regulated by State Commission, Very Unsuppolitive Commission Proctices: Often Contentious Regulatory Relationships	by State Commission; Estremely Haish Commission Practices: Always Contentious Regulatory Relationships	Sub-Facio
equialory slaius actor 4: 3-Year Avarage G&T Financial k reighting:	regulation; Legistativo statule to preclude regulatory intervention in the tuture role setting process Metrics	regulation: No legislative statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the future rate setting process 40%.	by State Commission. Very Supportive Commission Procines; Very Good Reputatory Relationships	Some Rate Regulated by State Commission: Moderately Supportive Commission Practices; Reasonably Good Regulatory Relationships <u>Ban</u>	Regulated by State Commission, Unsupperive Commission Practices: Generally Difficult Regulatory Relationships	Most Rate Regulated by State Commission, Very Unsuppolitive Commission Proctiaet: Oiten Contentious Regulatory Relationships	by State Commission; Estremely Haish Commission Practices: Always Contentious Regulatory Relationships	Sub-Facia Weighling
egulalory slalus artor 4: 3-Year Average G&T Financial k elghäng: ER	regulation, Legislatino statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the tature rate setting process Metrics <u>Aaa</u> > 1.6x	regulation: No legislative statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the future rate setting process 20% <u>As</u> > 1.4s	by State Commission. Very Supportive Commission Prociless Very Good Repulsiony Relationships 12x - 1.4x	Some Rato Regulated by State Commission: Moderately Supportive Commission Practices: Reasonabily Good Regulatory Relationships <u>Ban</u> 1 1r - 1 194	Regulated by State Commission, Unsupporting Commission Practices: Generally United Regulatory Relationships <u>Ba</u> 1 1x	Most Rate Regulated by Siste Commission; Very Unsupportive Commission Precises: Otien Contentious Regulatory Relationships B 4 1 0x	by Slate Commission; Estremely Haush Commission Practices: Always Contentious Regulatory Relationships <u>Cas</u> 3 0 \$s	Sub-Facia Weightla 5 00%
egulalory alalus actor 4: 3-Year Average G&T Financial A eighting: ER SC	regutation, Legistatino statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the fature rate setting process Asso > 1.6x > 1.6x	regulation: No legislative statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the future cale setting process 40% As > 1.4x > 1.4x	by State Commission. Very Supportive Commission Prociless Very Good Repulsiony Relationships 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x	Some Rato Regulated by State Commission: Moderately Supportive Commission Practices: Reasonably Good Regulatory Relationships <u>Ban</u> 1 1x - 1 19x	Regulated by State Commission, Unsuppetitive Commission Practices: Generally Difficult Regulatory Relationships <u>Da</u> 1 1x 1 1z	Most Rate Regulated by State Commission; Very Unsupportive Commission Precises: Otten Contentious Regulatory Relationships <u>E</u> < 1 0x < 1 0x	by State Commission; Extremely Mash Commission Practices: Aways Contentious Regulatory Relationships Casa Casa C Ss < 0 Ss	Sub-Facto Weightio 5 00% 5 00%
egulalory slalus setor 4: 3-Year Avarage G&T Financial k elohông: IER SC FO/Deb1	regutation, Legistatino statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the fature rate setting process detrice <u>Asaa</u> > 1.6x > 1.9x > 1.9x	regulation: No legislative statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the future cale setting process 40% As > 1 ds > 1 ds > 1 ds 10% - 15%	by State Commission. Very Supportive Commission Prociless: Very Good Regulatory Relationships 1 2r - 1.4x 1 2r - 1.4x 6% - 9%	Some Rate Regulated by State Commission: Moderately Supportive Commission Practices: Reasonably Good Regulatory Relationships <u>Ban</u> 1 1x - 1 19x 1 1x - 1 19x 3% - 5%	Regulated by State Commission, Unsupportive Commission Practices: Generally Difficult Regulatory Relationshipa <u>I</u> 1 1x 1 1x 1 1x 23%	Most Rate Regulated by State Commission; Very Unsupportive Commission Prectice; Oten Contentious Regulatory Relationships <u>E</u> < 1 0x < 1 0x < 75;	by State Commission: Estremely Mash Commission Proclices: Aways Contentious Regulatory Relationships Case Case Case Case Case Case Case Cas	<u>Sub-Facto</u> Weighting 5 00% 5 00% 6 00%
egulalory slalus sctor 4: 3-Year Avarage G&T Financial k leighting: SC SC FO/Deb1 FO/Interest	regutation, Legistatino statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the fature rate setting process Asso > 1.6x > 1.6x	regulation: No legislative statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the future cale setting process 40% As > 1.4x > 1.4x	by State Commission Very Supportive Commission Proctices: Very Good Regulatory Relationships 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x 6% - 9% 2 0a - 2.49x	Some Rato Regulated by State Commission: Moderately Supportive Commission Practices: Reasonably Good Regulatory Relationships <u>Ban</u> 1 1x - 1 19x	Regulated by State Commission, Unsuppetitive Commission Practices: Generally Difficult Regulatory Relationships <u>Da</u> 1 1x 1 1z	Most Rate Regulated by State Commission; Very Unsupportive Commission Precises: Otten Contentious Regulatory Relationships <u>E</u> < 1 0x < 1 0x	by State Commission; Extremely Mash Commission Practices: Aways Contentious Regulatory Relationships Case Case Case Case Case Case Case Cas	Sub-Facto Weightlag 5 00% 5 00%
logulalory sialus actor 4: 3-Year Avarage G&T Financial k feighting: IER ISC FO/Debi FO/Netresi quty/Total Capilaization	regustation, Legistatino statulae to procludar equilator intervention in the tuture table setting process Metrics Ass > 1.6x > 1.6x > 1.6x > 1.5% > 3.25s > 50%	regulation: No legislative statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the future cale setting process <u>As</u> > 1 4s > 1 4s > 1 4s 10% - 15% 2 5s - 3 25k 35% - 50%	by State Commission. Very Supportive Commission Practices: Very Good Reputatory Relationships 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x 6% - 9% 2 Da - 2.49x 20% - 35%	Some Rate Regulated by State Commission: Moderately Supportive Commission Practices: Reasonably Good Regulatory Relationahips <u>Ban</u> 1 1r - 1 19r 1 1r - 1 19r 1 1r - 1 19r 3 % - 5% 1 5r - 1 99r 5 % - 18%	Regulated by State Commission, Unsupportion Commission Practices: Generally Difficult Regulatory Relationships <u>Da</u> 1 1x 1 1a < 3% < 1 5x < 5%	Most Rate Regulated by State Commission; Very Unsupportive Commission Proctise; Oten Contentious Regulatory Relationships <u>B</u> < 1 0x < 1 0x < 1 0x < 1 2x < 3%	by State Commission; Estremely Harsh Commission Practices: Nawys Contentious Regulatory Relationships Case 4 0 5s 4 0 5s 4 1 0s 4 1 0s 4 1 0s	Sub.Facto Weighting 5 00% 5 00% 6 00% 8 00% 9 00%
ogulalory slalus Setor 4: 3-Year Avarage G&T Financial k feighting: IER SC FO/Debi FO/Netrest qutyTotal Capilaization	regustalion, Legistativo stalulo to procludo regulatory intervention in the tuture role setting process Metrics > 1.6x > 1.6x > 1.5% > 1.5%	regulation: No legislative statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the future cale setting process <u>As</u> > 1 4s > 1 4s > 1 4s 2 5s - 3 25s	by State Commission Very Supportive Commission Proctices: Very Good Regulatory Relationships 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x 6% - 9% 2 0x - 2.49x	Some Rate Regulated by State Commission: Moderately Supportive Commission Practices: Resonably Good Regulatory Relationships <u>Ban</u> 1 1r - 1 19r 1 1r - 1 19r 1 1r - 1 19r 3 % - 5%	Regulated by State Commission, Unsupportion Commission Practices: Generally Difficult Regulatory Relationshipa <u>Da</u> 1 1x 1 1x 1 1x 3% < 15x	Most Rate Regulated by State Commission; Very Unsupportive Commission Proctizer: Otten Contentious Regulatory Relationships <u>E</u> < 1 0x < 2 ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° °	by State Commission: Estremely Harsh Commission Practices: Aways Contentious Regulatory Relationships <u>Case</u> 10 Sa < 0 Sa < 1% < 10s	<u>Sub Facts</u> Weightlag 5 00% 5 00% 8 00% 8 00%
egulalery status actor 4: 3-Year Average G&T Financial & feighting: IER SC FO/Deb1 FO/Interest quityTotal Capitabzation let Operating Margin actor 5: G&T Stre	regustation, Legistatino statulae to procludar equilatory intervention in the tuture table setting process Metrics Ass > 1.6x > 1.6x > 1.6x > 1.5% > 3.25x > 50%	regulation: No legislative statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the future cale setting process 40% As > 1 ds > 1 ds > 1 ds > 1 ds 2 5x - 3 25x 35% - 50% 30% - 48%	by State Commission Very Supportive Commission Prociles: Very Good Regulatory Relationships 1 2r - 1.4x 1 2r - 1.4x 1 2r - 1.4x 6% - 9% 2 0a - 2.49x 20% - 35% > 10%	Some Rate Regulated by State Commission: Moderately Supportive Commission Practices: Reasonably Good Regulatory Relationahips <u>Ban</u> 1 1r - 1 19r 1 1r - 1 19r 1 1r - 1 19r 3 % - 5% 1 5r - 1 99r 5 % - 18%	Regulated by State Commission, Unsupportion Commission Practices: Generally Difficult Regulatory Relationships <u>Da</u> 1 1x 1 1a < 3% < 1 5x < 5%	Most Rate Regulated by State Commission; Very Unsupportive Commission Proctise; Oten Contentious Regulatory Relationships <u>B</u> < 1 0x < 1 0x < 1 0x < 1 2x < 3%	by State Commission; Estremely Harsh Commission Practices: Nawys Contentious Regulatory Relationships Case 4 0 5s 4 0 5s 4 1 0s 4 1 0s 4 1 0s	Sub-Facti Weightin 5 00% 5 00% 8 00% 8 00% 9 00%
	regustation, Legistatino statulae to proclude regustary intervention in the tuture role setting process Metrics <u>Ass</u> > 1.6x > 1.6x > 1.9x > 1.5% > 3.25x > 50% > 40%	regulation: No legislative statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the future cale setting process 20% As > 1 4s > 1 4s > 1 4s > 1 4s 2 5s - 3 25s 36% - 50% 30% - 48%	by State Commission Very Supportive Commission Produces: Very Good Regulatory Relationships 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x 2 2x - 1.4x 2 2x - 2.42x 2 0x - 2.42x 2 0x - 35x > 102x	Some Rate Regulated by State Commission: Moderately Supportive Commission Practices: Resonably Good Regulatory Relationships <u>Ban</u> 1 1r - 1 19r 1 1r - 1 19r 1 1r - 1 19r 3 % 5 % 1 5r - 1 90r 5 % 19% > 5 %	Regulated by State Commission, Unsupportion Commission Practices: Generally Difficult Regulatory Relationships 1 1x 1 1x 1 1x 2 3% < 1 5x < 5% < 5%	Mosi Rate Regulated by State Commission; Very Unsupportive Commission Proctise; Otten Contentious Regulatary Relationships <u>B</u> < 1 0x < 1 0x < 2 10x < 1 2x < 3 25; < 3 25;	by Slate Commission; Estremely Harsh Commission Practices: Nawys Contentious Regulatory Relationships Case Case Cose Case Cose Case Cose Case Cose Case Cose Case Cose Case Cose Case Cose Case Cose Case Cose Cose Commission Commission Commission Commission Commission Commission Commission Commission Commission Commission Commission Commission Commission Contentious Contentious Costentious	Sub-Facts Weightion 5 00% 5 00% 8 00% 9 00% 5 00%
logulalory status astor 4: 3-Year Avarage G&T Financial k feighting: IER ISC FO/Debt FO/Addrest igstylTotal Capitaszation let Operating Margin actor 5: Q&T Stre Folghting:	regustation, Legistatino statulae to proclude regustary intervention in the tature role setting process Metrics <u>Ass</u> > 1.6x > 1.6x > 1.9x > 1.5% > 3.25x > 50% > 40%	regulation: No legislative statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the future cale setting process 20% As > 1 4s > 1 4s > 1 4s > 1 4s 2 5s - 3 25k 35% - 50% 30% - 48% 10%	by State Commission. Very Supportive Commission Practices: Very Good Regulatory Retailanchips 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x 2 0x - 2.49x 2 0x - 35% > 10%	Some Rate Regulated by State Commission: Moderately Supportive Commission Practices: Reasonably Good Regulatory Relationships <u>Ban</u> 1 1x - 1 19x 1 1x - 1 19x 1 1x - 1 19x 3 % - 5% 1 5x - 1 99x 5 % - 18% > 5%	Regulated by State Commission, Unsupportion Commission Practices: Generally Difficult Regulatory Relationships 1 1x 1 1x 1 1x 1 1x 3% < 1 5x < 5% < 55;	Most Rate Regulated by State Commission; Very Unsupportive Commission Prectices: Often Contentious Regulatory Relationships <u>B</u> < 10x < 10x < 10x < 12x < 35; < 35;	by Slate Commission; Estremely Harsh Commission Practices: Aways Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Case 4 0 5s 4 0 5s 4 1 0s 4 1 0s 4 1 5s	Sub-Fact Weighin 5 00% 5 00% 8 00% 9 00% 5 00% 5 00%
egulatory status actor 4: 3-Year Average G&T Financial k felphing: IER SC FO/Deb1 FO/Interest qusty/Total Capitoszation fel Operating Margin actor 5: G&T Stre Folghing:	regustation, Legistatino statulae to proclude regustary intervention in the tature rate setting process Metrics > 1.6x > 1.6x > 1.9x > 1.5% > 3.25x > 50% > 40% Asz > 50	regulation: No legislative statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the future sale setting process Δa > 1 4s > 1 5s 2 5s - 3 25k 35% - 50% 30% - 40% Δa 20 50	by State Commission Very Supprive Commission Practices: Very Good Regulatory Retailanchips ▲ 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x 2 0x - 2.49x 2 0x - 35% > 10% 1 1- 20	Spine Rato Regulated by State Commission: Moderately Supportive Commission Practices: Reasonably Good Regulatory Relationships <u>Bas</u> 1 1r - 1 19r 1 1r - 1 19r 1 1r - 1 19r 3% - 5% 1 5r - 1 99r 5% - 18% > 5%	Regulated by State Commission, Unsupportive Commission Practices: Generally Difficult Regulatory Relationships Da 1 1x 1 1x 1 1x 2 3% < 1 5x < 55;	Moss Rate Regulated by State Commission; Very Unsupportive Commission Prectices: Oiten Contentious Regulatory Relationships <u>B</u> < 1 0x < 1 0x < 1 0x < 21; < 3 1; < 3 5; <u>B</u> - 3 3;	by State Commission; Estremely Harsh Commission Practices: Aways Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious State Contentious Co	Sub. Facto Weightler 5 00% 5 00% 6 00% 9 00% 9 00% 5 00% 9 0% <td< td=""></td<>
egulatory status zetor 4: 3-Year Avarage G&T Financial k feighting: IER SC FO/Deb1 FO/Interest quityTotal Capitatzation let Operating Margin actor 5: G&T Stre Folghting:	regustation, Legistatino statulae to proclude regustary intervention in the tature role setting process Metrics <u>Ass</u> > 1.6x > 1.6x > 1.9x > 1.5% > 3.25x > 50% > 40%	regulation: No legislative statute to preclude regulatory intervention in the future cale setting process 20% As > 1 4s > 1 4s > 1 4s > 1 4s 2 5s - 3 25k 35% - 50% 30% - 48% 10%	by State Commission. Very Supportive Commission Practices: Very Good Regulatory Retailanchips 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x 1 2x - 1.4x 2 0x - 2.49x 2 0x - 35% > 10%	Some Rate Regulated by State Commission: Moderately Supportive Commission Practices: Reasonably Good Regulatory Relationships <u>Ban</u> 1 1x - 1 19x 1 1x - 1 19x 1 1x - 1 19x 3 % - 5% 1 5x - 1 99x 5 % - 18% > 5%	Regulated by State Commission, Unsupportion Commission Practices: Generally Difficult Regulatory Relationships 1 1x 1 1x 1 1x 1 1x 3% < 1 5x < 5% < 55;	Most Rate Regulated by State Commission; Very Unsupportive Commission Prectices: Often Contentious Regulatory Relationships <u>B</u> < 10x < 10x < 10x < 12x < 35; < 35;	by Slate Commission; Estremely Harsh Commission Practices: Aways Contentious Regulatory Relationships Contentious Case 4 0 5s 4 0 5s 4 1 0s 4 1 0s 4 1 5s	Sub-Fact Weighin 5 00% 5 00% 8 00% 9 00% 5 00% 5 00%

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 10David G. EamesRESPONSIBLE PERSON:David G. EamesCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 10. Refer to the text on page 6 of the Walker Testimony, specifically, the discussion under the heading Long-term Wholesale Contracts.

<u>Request 10a.</u> The second sentence states that the trend in the industry is to extend existing contracts for 30 years or more. Provide the term (length) of East Kentucky's existing wholesale power contracts with its member cooperatives.

<u>Response 10a.</u> East Kentucky's existing wholesale power contracts with its member cooperatives are effective until January 1, 2041.

Request 10b. If the term of East Kentucky's existing wholesale power contracts is less than 30 years, identify and describe what steps East Kentucky is taking, if any, to extend the terms.

<u>Response 10b</u>. The remaining term is greater than 30 years.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 11Daniel M. WalkerCOMPANY:Dast Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 11. Refer to the table on page 10 of the Walker Testimony, which compares East Kentucky's average Times Interest Earned Ratio ("TIER") for the years 2005-2007 with those of five generation and transmission cooperatives which have at least a "BBB" debt rating from one of the three major debt rating agencies. Explain whether Mr. Walker is aware of East Kentucky's alleged violations of the Clean Air Act with respect to the Dale Generating Station and the impact the alleged violations had on its TIERs during the period of time used in his comparison, i.e., TIERs that are found in the response to item 24 of the Commission Staff's First Data Request ("Staff's First Request").

Response 11. Mr. Walker is aware of the impact on TIER. The rating agencies would discount the TIER earned in 2007 and likely consider a TIER of only 1.25x for that year and also restate the TIER in 2005. Thus, when they consider the three year average without the effect of the alleged violation the three year average of 1.14x would most likely be insufficient to achieve a rating between BBB+ and A+.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 12Frank J. OlivaRESPONSIBLE PERSON:Frank J. OlivaCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 12. Refer to the Walker Testimony at pages 11-12 and Exhibit DMW-3.

Request 12a. Identify which East Kentucky lenders require Allowance for Funds Used During Construction ("AFUDC") accounting treatment of construction costs.

Response 12a. Absent current recovery through rates, the accrual of AFUDC is required by the RUS Uniform System of Accounts.

Request 12b. Provide an explanation of exactly how draws from the \$650 million private credit facility have been utilized since the test year in East Kentucky's 2006 rate case, including whether any have been used to provide short-term bridge-type financing to enable construction to proceed while the Rural Utilities Service ("RUS") or some other permanent lender provides final long term loans.

Response 12b. Proceeds of EKPC's \$650 million Credit Facility have been used to provide bridge-type financing for various capital projects, including the construction of Spurlock Unit #4, Spurlock Unit #2 Scrubber, Spurlock Unit #1 Scrubber, pre-construction costs for Smith Unit #1 CFB, and for general corporate purposes.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 13RESPONSIBLE PERSON:David G. EamesCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

<u>Request 13.</u> Refer to the Walker Testimony at page 12.

Request 13a. Explain how East Kentucky is currently anticipating financing the coal-fired generating unit at its Smith Station.

Response 13a. EKPC has applied to the RUS for a lien accommodation, which will allow EKPC to secure financing of the Smith CFB unit through private sources.

Request 13b.If private financing is being contemplated, explain whetherAFUDC accounting treatment will still be employed for construction costs.

Response 13b. In the current proceeding, EKPC is requesting the Commission to approve the recovery of all interest costs through current rates. This will eliminate the need for EKPC to employ AFUDC accounting treatment for interest related to construction costs.

L

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 14Daniel M. WalkerCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

<u>Request 14.</u> Refer to the Walker Testimony at page 14.

<u>Request 14a.</u> Explain whether ratings agencies automatically downgrade either an investor-owned electric utility or an electric cooperative if it is regulated.

Response 14a. Downgrades are likely to occur as the result of specific regulatory orders rather than just being regulated.

<u>Request 14b.</u> Explain why it is valid to compare East Kentucky to unregulated electric cooperatives.

Response 14b. Each of the cooperatives listed on Exhibit DMW-1 must compete to attract capital in the capital markets whether their rates are regulated by a state or federal regulated authority or solely regulated by their board.

Request 14c. For Oglethorpe, explain whether the Generation and Transmission utility ("G&T") owns its distribution cooperatives or whether the distribution cooperatives own the G&T.

PSC Request 14 Page 2 of 2

Response 14c. Oglethorpe is owned by its members.

Request 14d Explain why Oglethorpe's members renegotiated the contracts to allow individual members to be responsible for their own load growth and whether this means that they can purchase power from a different power supplier.

Response 14d. These renegotiated contracts covered a number of issues of which power supply was the most significant issue. The contract renegotiation occurred in the era of national debate on the deregulation of wholesale electric markets. It is my understanding that several of Oglethorpe's members felt, at the time, they could do better purchasing their individual future load on the market rather than from Oglethorpe. Each of Oglethorpe's members contracted individually with alternative power suppliers after the contracts were changed.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 15Daniel M. WalkerCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

<u>Request 15.</u> Refer to the Walker Testimony at page 14 and Exhibit DMW-3.

<u>Request 15a.</u> Identify which of the electric cooperatives have to file rate cases in order to increase their rates.

Response 15a. Only Chugach and Arkansas have to file rate cases to raise base rates. All other G&Ts raise rates either as needed or as part of their annual budget process.

Request 15b. Of these electric cooperatives, identify which have rate adjustment mechanisms similar to East Kentucky's fuel adjustment clause ("FAC") and environmental surcharge.

Response 15b. It is my understanding that all the G&Ts have fuel adjustment mechanisms except Associated. It is also understood that all the rated cooperatives recover environmental related costs in a timely manner through base rates.

.

EAST KENTUCKY POWER COOPERATIVE, INC. PSC CASE NO. 2008-00409 SECOND DATA REQUEST RESPONSE

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 16Frank J. OlivaRESPONSIBLE PERSON:Frank J. OlivaCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 16. Refer to the Walker Testimony at Exhibit DMW-3. Explain why the exhibit shows that the entire \$650 million credit facility is being utilized.

Response 16. East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc. is projecting the need for the entire amount, either through the credit facility or other financing means, as of 5/31/2010. The majority of these expenditures are expected to provide bridge financing for capital projects, such as the Cooper air quality control system and Smith Unit #1 CFB.

I.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 17James C. Lamb, Jr.COMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 17. Refer to page 3 of the Testimony of Gary T. Crawford ("Crawford Testimony"). Mr. Crawford states that, in addition to coal, a circulating fluidized bed ("CFB") plant can burn biomass and tires. Explain whether the forecasted test year fuel amount of \$403,441,802 deducted from expenses in William S. Seelye Exhibit 2, Schedule 1.01, includes biomass and tires. If yes, by generating unit, provide the projected quantity and cost for biomass and included in the test year fuel amount.

 Response 17.
 Biomass and tires were not included in the forecasted test year's fuel amount

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 18RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Gary T. CrawfordCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 18. Refer to pages 3-6 of the Crawford Testimony, specifically the discussion of the most recent cost estimates of the Spurlock 4 and Smith 9 and 10 construction projects, which are less than the cost estimates included in East Kentucky's 2009 budget approved by its board of directors.

Request 18a. Provide the date that East Kentucky's 2009 budget was approved by its board of directors.

Response 18a. East Kentucky's 2009-2011 budget was approved by its board of directors on September 9, 2008.

Request 18b. Explain whether the costs estimates included in East Kentucky's forecasted test year are those included in the 2009 budget or the more recent, lower costs estimates identified in the Crawford Testimony. Provide references to documents, schedules, etc. in the application which support the explanation.

Response 18b.The cost estimates of \$532,220,813 for Spurlock 4, and\$162,500,632 for Smith 9 & 10 as included in East Kentucky's forecasted test year are

PSC Request 18 Page 2 of 2

included in the 2009-2011 budget and was previously submitted as Gary Crawford Testimony Exhibit GTC-A.

<u>Request 18c.</u> Refer to pages 8-9 of the Crawford Testimony. Provide the date on which East Kentucky filed its request for a lien accommodation from RUS to enable it to seek financing for the Smith 1 Generating Unit from a source other than RUS.

Response 18c.East Kentucky filed its request for a lien accommodation fromRUS on November 5, 2008 to enable it to seek financing for the Smith Unit 1 GeneratingUnit from a source other than RUS.

Request 18d.Refer to lines 19-20 on page 9 of the Crawford Testimony.Provide the detailed cash flow which has been developed for the Smith 1 project based ona January 1, 2010 date to start Construction.

Response 18d.Attached is the detailed cash flow which was developed for theSmith Unit 1 Project based on a January 1, 2010 date to start construction.



T				
	UNIT 1 ESTIMATED	Total Thru	Aug	Sep
CONTRACT	COST(2)	July 2008	2008	2008
TURBINE GENERATOR	38,000,000	25,569,139	74,517	74,517
SITE IMPROVEMENTS	6,100,000		~	
FEEDWATER HEATERS	1,684,665	1,516,199	~	_
DEAERATOR	450,000		<u> </u>	
CONDENSER	2,661,835	2,395,652		
CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS	1,100,000			
CONDENSATE PUMPS	450,000	-		<u> </u>
BOILER FEED PUMPS	2,962,378	2,666,140	-	
DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM	2,650,000		-	-
FANS	4,400,000	-	-	
ASH HANDLING EQUIPMENT	5,200,000	-	-	-
TURBINE BRIDGE CRANE	650,000	-		
ALLOY PIPING	4,400,000	2,800,000		**
LARGE POWER TRANSFORMERS	3,400,000	-	-	-
MEDIUM POWER TRANSFORMERS	1,600,000			
SMALL POWER DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMERS		-		
GENERATOR BREAKER & ISOPHASE	3,300,000		-	-
SWITCHGEAR	6,000,000	-	-	
BOILER ISLAND	264,000,000	81,403,500	100,000	100,000
EMISSIONS MONITORING	450,000		-	-
COAL/LIMESTONE HANDLING	55,400,000		-	-
CHIMNEY	7,500,000	-	-	
COOLING TOWER	3,900,000	-	-	*
CIRCULATING WATER PIPE				
	5,500,000	H.		
	5,500,000 6,000,000			==
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾				■■ ₩ ₩
	6,000,000			
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾ SUBSTRUCTURE I	6,000,000 19,100,000			==
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾ SUBSTRUCTURE I SUBSTRUCTURE II ASH SILOS	6,000,000 19,100,000 9,400,000			
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾ SUBSTRUCTURE I SUBSTRUCTURE II ASH SILOS TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL	6,000,000 19,100,000 9,400,000 12,700,000			
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾ SUBSTRUCTURE I SUBSTRUCTURE II ASH SILOS	6,000,000 19,100,000 9,400,000 12,700,000 8,900,000			······································
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾ SUBSTRUCTURE I SUBSTRUCTURE II ASH SILOS TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL BUILDING & MECHANICAL WORK	6,000,000 19,100,000 9,400,000 12,700,000 8,900,000 109,700,000			······································
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾ SUBSTRUCTURE I SUBSTRUCTURE II ASH SILOS TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL BUILDING & MECHANICAL WORK ASH HANDLING INSTALLATION	6,000,000 19,100,000 9,400,000 12,700,000 8,900,000 109,700,000 4,600,000			
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾ SUBSTRUCTURE I SUBSTRUCTURE II ASH SILOS TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL BUILDING & MECHANICAL WORK ASH HANDLING INSTALLATION RIVER WATER INTAKE & PUMPHOUSE	6,000,000 19,100,000 9,400,000 12,700,000 8,900,000 109,700,000 4,600,000 6,800,000			
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾ SUBSTRUCTURE I SUBSTRUCTURE II ASH SILOS TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL BUILDING & MECHANICAL WORK ASH HANDLING INSTALLATION RIVER WATER INTAKE & PUMPHOUSE ELECTRICAL & INSTRUMENTATION WORK PAINTING ENGINEER - STANLEY CONSULTANTS	6,000,000 19,100,000 9,400,000 12,700,000 8,900,000 109,700,000 4,600,000 6,800,000 28,500,000			
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾ SUBSTRUCTURE I SUBSTRUCTURE II ASH SILOS TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL BUILDING & MECHANICAL WORK ASH HANDLING INSTALLATION RIVER WATER INTAKE & PUMPHOUSE ELECTRICAL & INSTRUMENTATION WORK PAINTING	6,000,000 19,100,000 9,400,000 12,700,000 8,900,000 109,700,000 4,600,000 6,800,000 28,500,000 4,200,000			

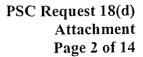
NOTES:

1 COMMERCIAL OPERATING DATE MAY 1, 2013

2. CONTRACT COSTS - SEE AUGUST 2008 PLANT COST ESTIMATE.

3. OWNER'S COSTS, IDC, SUBSTATION NOT INCLUDED

4. CONTINGENCY DISTRIBUTED AS % OF MONTHLY EXPENDITURES





CONTRACT	Oct 2008	Nov 2008	Dec 2008	Jan 2009	Feb 2009	Mar 2009
TURBINE GENERATOR	74,517	74,517	74,517	74,517	74,517	74,517
SITE IMPROVEMENTS						
FEEDWATER HEATERS			-			<u></u>
DEAERATOR	_		•••	-	-	
CONDENSER			-	_	••	_
CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS	-	-	-	_	<u> </u>	<u></u>
CONDENSATE PUMPS	-					
BOILER FEED PUMPS		-			·····	-
DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM			-	~		
FANS	_					
ASH HANDLING EQUIPMENT			~			
TURBINE BRIDGE CRANE	-	<u></u>	~		-	
ALLOY PIPING	_				••	
LARGE POWER TRANSFORMERS		-				
MEDIUM POWER TRANSFORMERS	-					•
SMALL POWER DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER		~				
GENERATOR BREAKER & ISOPHASE		<u></u>	<u> </u>		-	
SWITCHGEAR				-	<u> </u>	
BOILER ISLAND	100.000	100.000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
EMISSIONS MONITORING		-	-		-	-
COAL/LIMESTONE HANDLING	-		-			
CHIMNEY	-	-	÷		 	-
COOLING TOWER	-		-	~	-	-
CIRCULATING WATER PIPE	<u> </u>			- <u></u>		
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾	-					
SUBSTRUCTURE I			-	-		
SUBSTRUCTURE II		-	-		_	-
ASH SILOS						
TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL			-			
BUILDING & MECHANICAL WORK			-	_		**
ASH HANDLING INSTALLATION						-
RIVER WATER INTAKE & PUMPHOUSE					_	-
ELECTRICAL & INSTRUMENTATION WORK		-			-	-
PAINTING		_	-			-
					30,000	50,000
ENGINEER - STANLEY CONSULTANTS	10 000	10.000	10.000	20.000	00.000	00.000
ENGINEER - STANLEY CONSULTANTS	10,000	10,000	10,000	20,000		
ENGINEER - STANLEY CONSULTANTS BUDGETED CONTINGENCY ⁽⁴⁾ SUBTOTAL		-	- 184,517		-	- 224,517

NOTES:

1. COMMERCIAL OPERATING DATE MAY 1, 2013

2. CONTRACT COSTS - SEE AUGUST 2008 PLAI

3. OWNER'S COSTS, IDC, SUBSTATION NOT IN(

4. CONTINGENCY DISTRIBUTED AS % OF MONT



PSC Request 18(d) Attachment Page 3 of 14

SMITH STATION UNIT 1 ESTIMATED CASH FLOW - AUGUST 200

	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
CONTRACT	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
TURBINE GENERATOR	74,517	74,517	74,517	74,517	74,517	74,517
SITE IMPROVEMENTS	-	-	•	-	-	-
FEEDWATER HEATERS	-	-	-	-		
DEAERATOR	-	-	-	-		
CONDENSER	-	-	-	-		
CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS	-		-	-		
CONDENSATE PUMPS	-	-	-	-		-
BOILER FEED PUMPS	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM	+		-	-	-	-
FANS	-	-	÷	396,000	990,000	
ASH HANDLING EQUIPMENT	-	-	-	-	-	<u></u>
TURBINE BRIDGE CRANE	u .		••	-	-	-
ALLOY PIPING		<u></u>	-	-	80,000	80,000
LARGE POWER TRANSFORMERS	-		-	-	-	
MEDIUM POWER TRANSFORMERS			-	-	-	-
SMALL POWER DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORME	२: -		-	-	-	-
GENERATOR BREAKER & ISOPHASE				-	-	÷
SWITCHGEAR	-	-	**	-		-
BOILER ISLAND	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
EMISSIONS MONITORING	~		-	-	-	-
COAL/LIMESTONE HANDLING	-	••	**	-	-	-
CHIMNEY			-	-		-
COOLING TOWER	+	-	-	-	-	-
CIRCULATING WATER PIPE		-	-	-	-	-
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾		-	-	-	-	-
SUBSTRUCTURE I		-	-	-		·····
SUBSTRUCTURE II		-	_	-	-	-
ASH SILOS		-	-	-		-
TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL		-		-		-
BUILDING & MECHANICAL WORK		-				~
ASH HANDLING INSTALLATION		-	-	-	-	•=
RIVER WATER INTAKE & PUMPHOUSE	-	-	-	-	-	-
ELECTRICAL & INSTRUMENTATION WORK		-		<u></u>		-
PAINTING		-	<u></u>			-
ENGINEER - STANLEY CONSULTANTS	60,000	60,000	60,000	80,000	100,000	150,000
BUDGETED CONTINGENCY ⁽⁴⁾				51,400	105,700	31,600
		004 547	004 547			436,117
SUBTOTA	AL 234,517	234,517	234,517	701,917	1,450,217	430,117

NOTES:

1. COMMERCIAL OPERATING DATE MAY 1, 2013

2. CONTRACT COSTS - SEE AUGUST 2008 PLAI

3. OWNER'S COSTS, IDC, SUBSTATION NOT INC.

4. CONTINGENCY DISTRIBUTED AS % OF MON1



r	Т			T	
	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb
CONTRACT	2009	2009	2009	2010	2010
TURBINE GENERATOR	74,517	74,517	74,517	74,517	74,517
SITE IMPROVEMENTS	-	-		1,350,000	2,070,000
FEEDWATER HEATERS	-		-	-	
DEAERATOR	_	-		-	
CONDENSER	-			-	
CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS	~				
CONDENSATE PUMPS	-	-	.	-	
BOILER FEED PUMPS	-		-	-	
DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM	-	<u> </u>		-	-
FANS	-		-	-	-
ASH HANDLING EQUIPMENT	-			-	
TURBINE BRIDGE CRANE	-			-	-
ALLOY PIPING	-	-	-	240,000	240,000
LARGE POWER TRANSFORMERS	-		153,000	153,000	153,000
MEDIUM POWER TRANSFORMERS		72,000	72,000	72,000	-
SMALL POWER DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORME	R: -	38,250	38,250	38,250	38,250
GENERATOR BREAKER & ISOPHASE	~			-	-
SWITCHGEAR	-	-	-	-	
BOILER ISLAND	100,000	544,900	708,400	817,300	1,017,100
EMISSIONS MONITORING	-	-			
COAL/LIMESTONE HANDLING	-		-		_
CHIMNEY	-	-		-	
COOLING TOWER	-				-
CIRCULATING WATER PIPE	-	247,500	396,000	396,000	396,000
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾	-	-	-		-
SUBSTRUCTURE I	-	-	-	171,900	343,800
SUBSTRUCTURE II	-	-	-		-
ASH SILOS	-		-		-
TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL	-	-	-	320,400	320,400
BUILDING & MECHANICAL WORK	-	-	-		
ASH HANDLING INSTALLATION	-	-	-	_	-
RIVER WATER INTAKE & PUMPHOUSE	-			-	-
ELECTRICAL & INSTRUMENTATION WORK	~	-			-
PAINTING	<u> </u>	-		-	-
ENGINEER - STANLEY CONSULTANTS	200,000	250,000	250,000	300,000	400,000
BUDGETED CONTINGENCY ⁽⁴⁾	29,000	96,000	133,600	309,900	398,500
	AL 403,517	1,323,167	1,825,767	4,243,267	5,451,567

NOTES:

1. COMMERCIAL OPERATING DATE MAY 1, 2013

2. CONTRACT COSTS - SEE AUGUST 2008 PLAI

3. OWNER'S COSTS, IDC, SUBSTATION NOT INC

4. CONTINGENCY DISTRIBUTED AS % OF MON1



PSC Request 18(d) Attachment Page 5 of 14

SMITH STATION UNIT 1 ESTIMATED CASH FLOW - AUGUST 200

r		I	······································		
	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul
CONTRACT	2010	2010	2010	2010	2010
TURBINE GENERATOR	74,517	74,517	74,517	74,517	74,517
SITE IMPROVEMENTS	2,070,000			610,000	-
FEEDWATER HEATERS	-	-	-	~	+
DEAERATOR				40,500	-
CONDENSER		-	-	-	-
CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS		-		-	-
CONDENSATE PUMPS			-	40,500	
BOILER FEED PUMPS		-	-		-
DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM		-	<u></u>		
FANS	-	-			2,178,000
ASH HANDLING EQUIPMENT		-	1 27	187,200	187,200
TURBINE BRIDGE CRANE		-	····	-	-
ALLOY PIPING	240,000	240,000	240,000	240,000	
LARGE POWER TRANSFORMERS	-	-	-		-
MEDIUM POWER TRANSFORMERS		-	-	-	
SMALL POWER DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER		-	-		
GENERATOR BREAKER & ISOPHASE			148,500	148,500	•
SWITCHGEAR		-			540,000
BOILER ISLAND	1,216,900	4,341,000	4,286,500	9,644,700	6,575,000
EMISSIONS MONITORING	-	-	-	-	-
COAL/LIMESTONE HANDLING	997,200	997,200	997,200	997,200	997,200
CHIMNEY	-	168,750	168,750	168,750	168,750
COOLING TOWER	-		-		
CIRCULATING WATER PIPE	396,000	396,000	544,500	544,500	544,500
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾	108,000	216,000	216,000	216,000	216,000
SUBSTRUCTURE I	343,800	859,500	859,500	859,500	859,500
SUBSTRUCTURE II		-	-	-	_
ASH SILOS		÷	-	-	571,500
TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL	320,400	320,400	320,400	320,400	320,400
BUILDING & MECHANICAL WORK	020,-100				987,300
ASH HANDLING INSTALLATION		-		-	
RIVER WATER INTAKE & PUMPHOUSE		 	306,000	306,000	306,000
ELECTRICAL & INSTRUMENTATION WORK					
PAINTING					
ENGINEER - STANLEY CONSULTANTS	400,000	400,000	350,000	350,000	350,000
BUDGETED CONTINGENCY ⁽⁴⁾			671,900	1,163,900	1,174,800
	486,000	631,700	<u> </u>		
SUBTOTA	L 6,652,817	8,645,067	9,183,767	15,912,167	16,050,667

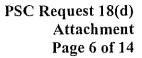
NOTES:

1. COMMERCIAL OPERATING DATE MAY 1, 2013

2. CONTRACT COSTS - SEE AUGUST 2008 PLAI

3. OWNER'S COSTS, IDC, SUBSTATION NOT IN(

4. CONTINGENCY DISTRIBUTED AS % OF MONT





			T	
CONTRACT	Aug 2010	Sep 2010	Oct 2010	Nov 2010
TURBINE GENERATOR	74,517	74,517	74,517	74,517
SITE IMPROVEMENTS	74,517	14,517	74,517	<u>/+,01/</u>
FEEDWATER HEATERS	-			
DEAERATOR				
CONDENSER			-	
CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS		99,000		
CONDENSATE PUMPS		99,000	*	
BOILER FEED PUMPS	-		*	
	119,250	- 119,250	119,250	119,250
DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM	119,200	396,000	119,200	119,200
	187,200			327,600
ASH HANDLING EQUIPMENT	187,200	187,200	-	
TURBINE BRIDGE CRANE		58,500		29,250
ALLOY PIPING	-		-	
LARGE POWER TRANSFORMERS				306,000
MEDIUM POWER TRANSFORMERS	-	-		
SMALL POWER DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER		-	153,000	153,000
GENERATOR BREAKER & ISOPHASE	→	148,500	148,500	148,500
SWITCHGEAR	-		270,000	
BOILER ISLAND	4,559,000	5,212,800	7,973,600	8,536,700
EMISSIONS MONITORING		-	_	-
COAL/LIMESTONE HANDLING	1,994,400	1,994,400	1,994,400	1,994,400
CHIMNEY	-	-		
COOLING TOWER	390,000		-	
CIRCULATING WATER PIPE	544,500	544,500	-	
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾	216,000	216,000	216,000	216,000
SUBSTRUCTURE I	859,500	859,500	859,500	859,500
SUBSTRUCTURE II	~	-	-	-
ASH SILOS	571,500	428,625	428,625	428,625
TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL	320,400	320,400	320,400	320,400
BUILDING & MECHANICAL WORK	987,300	1,974,600	1,974,600	1,974,600
ASH HANDLING INSTALLATION	-	-	-	-
RIVER WATER INTAKE & PUMPHOUSE	306,000	816,000	816,000	816,000
ELECTRICAL & INSTRUMENTATION WORK			-	
PAINTING			÷	
ENGINEER - STANLEY CONSULTANTS	350,000	350,000	350,000	350,000
BUDGETED CONTINGENCY ⁽⁴⁾	1,106,300	1,189,200	1,339,200	1,416,600
SUBTOTAL		14,988,992	17,037,592	18,070,942
000101712	. 2,000,007		1110011002	101010101016

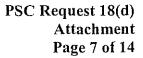
NOTES:

1. COMMERCIAL OPERATING DATE MAY 1, 2013

2. CONTRACT COSTS - SEE AUGUST 2008 PLAI

3. OWNER'S COSTS, IDC, SUBSTATION NOT INC

4. CONTINGENCY DISTRIBUTED AS % OF MONT





		<u> </u>		
	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar
CONTRACT	2010	2011	2011	2011
TURBINE GENERATOR	74,517	74,517	74,517	74,517
SITE IMPROVEMENTS	-	_		
FEEDWATER HEATERS	168,466	-		-
DEAERATOR	-	20,250	121,500	-
CONDENSER	266,183	-		-
CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS	49,500	-		-
CONDENSATE PUMPS		162,000	••	
BOILER FEED PUMPS	296,238	-		-
DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM	119,250	178,875	<u>178,875</u>	178,875
FANS	-	-		-
ASH HANDLING EQUIPMENT	327,600	327,600	327,600	327,600
TURBINE BRIDGE CRANE		-	-	
ALLOY PIPING	-	-		
LARGE POWER TRANSFORMERS	306,000	306,000	306,000	306,000
MEDIUM POWER TRANSFORMERS	-	144,000	144,000	144,000
SMALL POWER DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER	153,000	153,000	-	-
GENERATOR BREAKER & ISOPHASE	148,500	148,500	148,500	148,500
SWITCHGEAR	-	1,350,000	-	
BOILER ISLAND	7,483,200	6,956,500	7,101,800	5,812,200
EMISSIONS MONITORING	-	-	-	-
COAL/LIMESTONE HANDLING	1,994,400	1,994,400	1,994,400	1,994,400
CHIMNEY	-	-	-	675,000
COOLING TOWER	-	195,000	195,000	195,000
CIRCULATING WATER PIPE	550,000	-	_	
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾	216,000	324,000	324,000	324,000
SUBSTRUCTURE I	859,500	859,500	859,500	859,500
SUBSTRUCTURE II	84,600	169,200	972,900	972,900
ASH SILOS	428,625	428,625	428,625	428,625
TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL	440,550	881,100	881,100	881,100
BUILDING & MECHANICAL WORK	1,974,600	2,961,900	2,961,900	2,961,900
ASH HANDLING INSTALLATION		-	-	
RIVER WATER INTAKE & PUMPHOUSE	816,000	816,000	816,000	
ELECTRICAL & INSTRUMENTATION WORK	513,000	513,000	769,500	769,500
PAINTING		-	-	
ENGINEER - STANLEY CONSULTANTS	350,000	400,000	400,000	400,000
BUDGETED CONTINGENCY ⁽⁴⁾	1,491,000	1,628,000	1,600,000	1,577,000
	19,110,729	20,991,967	20,605,717	19,030,617

NOTES:

1. COMMERCIAL OPERATING DATE MAY 1, 2013

2. CONTRACT COSTS - SEE AUGUST 2008 PLAI

3. OWNER'S COSTS, IDC, SUBSTATION NOT INC

4. CONTINGENCY DISTRIBUTED AS % OF MONT





r				
	Apr	May	Jun	Jul
CONTRACT	2011	2011	2011	2011
TURBINE GENERATOR	74,517	74,517	445,400	445,400
SITE IMPROVEMENTS			-	-
FEEDWATER HEATERS				-
DEAERATOR		222,750		
CONDENSER	+		<u> </u>	~
CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS		841,500		
CONDENSATE PUMPS			202,500	~
BOILER FEED PUMPS	-		-	~
DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM	178,875	178,875	178,875	178,875
FANS	-	-		~
ASH HANDLING EQUIPMENT	327,600	327,600	327,600	327,600
TURBINE BRIDGE CRANE	-	497,250		•
ALLOY PIPING				~
LARGE POWER TRANSFORMERS	306,000	306,000	306,000	153,000
MEDIUM POWER TRANSFORMERS	144,000	144,000	144,000	144,000
SMALL POWER DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER:	-		<u></u>	÷
GENERATOR BREAKER & ISOPHASE	148,500	148,500	148,500	148,500
SWITCHGEAR		3,240,000		
BOILER ISLAND	4,904,000	5,013,000	4,540,800	5,557,900
EMISSIONS MONITORING	-	-	÷	
COAL/LIMESTONE HANDLING	2,493,000	2,493,000	2,493,000	2,493,000
CHIMNEY	675,000	675,000	675,000	675,000
COOLING TOWER	455,000	455,000	455,000	455,000
CIRCULATING WATER PIPE	-	÷	-	
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾	324,000	270,000	270,000	270,000
SUBSTRUCTURE I	687,600	687,600	687,600	687,600
SUBSTRUCTURE II	972,900	972,900	972,900	972,900
ASH SILOS	428,625	685,800	685,800	685,800
TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL	440,550	320,400	320,400	320,400
BUILDING & MECHANICAL WORK	2,961,900	3,949,200	3,949,200	4,936,500
ASH HANDLING INSTALLATION	+	_	-	-
RIVER WATER INTAKE & PUMPHOUSE	-	-	680,000	
ELECTRICAL & INSTRUMENTATION WORK	769,500	769,500	1,282,500	1,282,500
PAINTING	-	-		-
ENGINEER - STANLEY CONSULTANTS	350,000	350,000	350,000	350,000
BUDGETED CONTINGENCY ⁽⁴⁾	1,513,000	1,949,700	1,708,000	1,785,000
SUBTOTAL	18,154,567	24,572,092	20,823,075	21,868,975
	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

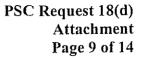
NOTES:

1. COMMERCIAL OPERATING DATE MAY 1, 2015

2. CONTRACT COSTS - SEE AUGUST 2008 PLAI

3. OWNER'S COSTS, IDC, SUBSTATION NOT INC

4. CONTINGENCY DISTRIBUTED AS % OF MONT





	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov
CONTRACT	2011	2011	2011	2011
TURBINE GENERATOR	445,400	534,450	534,450	534,450
SITE IMPROVEMENTS			-	-
FEEDWATER HEATERS	-		-	
DEAERATOR			-	
CONDENSER	Ler		-	
CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS	-			-
CONDENSATE PUMPS			-	
BOILER FEED PUMPS	-			
DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM	178,875	178,875	178,875	-
FANS	-		-	-
ASH HANDLING EQUIPMENT	327,600	327,600	327,600	
TURBINE BRIDGE CRANE	-	65,000	-	-
ALLOY PIPING	-		-	-
LARGE POWER TRANSFORMERS	÷-	-	-	-
MEDIUM POWER TRANSFORMERS	144,000	72,000	-	-
SMALL POWER DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER	-	-	-	-
GENERATOR BREAKER & ISOPHASE	148,500	297,000	297,000	297,000
SWITCHGEAR			-	
BOILER ISLAND	5,031,200	5,049,400	6,230,000	6,738,000
EMISSIONS MONITORING	-	-	-	-
COAL/LIMESTONE HANDLING	2,493,000	1,994,400	1,994,400	1,994,400
CHIMNEY	675,000	675,000	675,000	675,000
COOLING TOWER	455,000	260,000	-	-
CIRCULATING WATER PIPE				
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾	216,000	216,000	216,000	162,000
SUBSTRUCTURE I	515,700	515,700	515,700	343,800
SUBSTRUCTURE II	972,900	972,900	423,000	-
ASH SILOS	685,800	685,800	685,800	685,800
TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL	-			
BUILDING & MECHANICAL WORK	4,936,500	5,923,800	5,923,800	5,923,800
ASH HANDLING INSTALLATION		207,000	372,600	372,600
RIVER WATER INTAKE & PUMPHOUSE			~	-
ELECTRICAL & INSTRUMENTATION WORK	1,282,500	1,539,000	1,539,000	1,539,000
PAINTING				
ENGINEER - STANLEY CONSULTANTS	350,000	350,000	350,000	300,000
BUDGETED CONTINGENCY ⁽⁴⁾	1,688,000	1,658,000	1,800,000	1,744,000
		21,521,925	22,063,225	21,309,850
SUBTOTAL	20,545,975	21,021,920	22,003,223	21,309,850

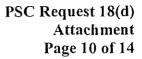
NOTES:

1. COMMERCIAL OPERATING DATE MAY 1, 2013

2. CONTRACT COSTS - SEE AUGUST 2008 PLAI

3. OWNER'S COSTS, IDC, SUBSTATION NOT INC

4. CONTINGENCY DISTRIBUTED AS % OF MONT





		r		
CONTRACT	Dec 2011	Jan 2012	Feb 2012	Mar 2012
TURBINE GENERATOR	534,450	623,500	623,500	623,500
SITE IMPROVEMENTS				
FEEDWATER HEATERS		-	~	
DEAERATOR	-			•==
CONDENSER	<u> </u>			•••
CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS		-		-
CONDENSATE PUMPS			-	-
BOILER FEED PUMPS	~			
DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM		-	•••	-
FANS	-	-		
ASH HANDLING EQUIPMENT		-	÷	
TURBINE BRIDGE CRANE			-	<u></u>
ALLOY PIPING	++	-		
LARGE POWER TRANSFORMERS	-	-		•••
MEDIUM POWER TRANSFORMERS		-		
SMALL POWER DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER		-	-	85,000
GENERATOR BREAKER & ISOPHASE	<u> </u>	-	-	÷
SWITCHGEAR		-		-
BOILER ISLAND	8,155,000	6,663,000	6,874,000	6,375,000
EMISSIONS MONITORING			-	
COAL/LIMESTONE HANDLING	1,994,400	1,994,400	1,620,450	1,620,450
CHIMNEY	-	-		750,000
COOLING TOWER	-	-	* *	
CIRCULATING WATER PIPE	-		-	-
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾	108,000	108,000	108,000	108,000
SUBSTRUCTURE I	343,800	343,800	343,800	343,800
SUBSTRUCTURE II		-	940,000	-
ASH SILOS	685,800	685,800	685,800	-
TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL	890,000		······	
BUILDING & MECHANICAL WORK	5,923,800	5,923,800	5,923,800	3,949,200
ASH HANDLING INSTALLATION	372,600	372,600	372,600	372,600
RIVER WATER INTAKE & PUMPHOUSE	-			-
ELECTRICAL & INSTRUMENTATION WORK	1,539,000	1,795,500	1,795,500	1,795,500
PAINTING		<u> </u>		-
ENGINEER - STANLEY CONSULTANTS	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000
BUDGETED CONTINGENCY ⁽⁴⁾	1,746,000	1,634,000	1,717,000	1,439,000
SUBTOTAL	22,092,000	20,444,400	21,304,450	17,762,050

NOTES:

- 1. COMMERCIAL OPERATING DATE MAY 1, 2013
- 2. CONTRACT COSTS SEE AUGUST 2008 PLAI
- 3. OWNER'S COSTS, IDC, SUBSTATION NOT INC
- 4. CONTINGENCY DISTRIBUTED AS % OF MONT
- 5. INCLUDED WITH G261 IN RECENT COST EST

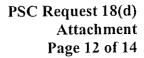




T			
Apr 2012	May 2012	Jun 2012	Jul 2012
			623,500
	020,000		
			-
			-
_			-
_		-	<u> </u>
-	-		
260.000			
-		•	
	340.000		
160.000			
-		-	<u></u>
-		-	
_	600,000		-
5,857,000	5,748,000	4,713,000	3,587,000
-	40,500	-	364,500
1,620,450	1,620,450		
*	-	••	
-		-	
-		-	
-	-	600,000	<u></u>
-	-	-	1,910,000
-	-	-	-
••	-	1,270,000	
-	-	i	
3,949,200	2,961,900	2,961,900	2,961,900
372,600	372,600		372,600
÷	-	-	-
1,539,000	1,539,000	513,000	513,000
151,200	604,800	604,800	604,800
300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000
and the second se	······	1,044.000	987,000
		13,002,800	12,224,300
	2012 623,500 	2012 2012 623,500 623,500 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 260,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td>2012 2012 2012 623,500 623,500 623,500 - - - - -</td>	2012 2012 2012 623,500 623,500 623,500 - - - - -

NOTES:

- 1. COMMERCIAL OPERATING DATE MAY 1, 2013
- 2. CONTRACT COSTS SEE AUGUST 2008 PLAI
- 3. OWNER'S COSTS, IDC, SUBSTATION NOT INC
- 4. CONTINGENCY DISTRIBUTED AS % OF MON1
- 5. INCLUDED WITH G261 IN RECENT COST EST





	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
CONTRACT	2012	2012	2012	2012	2012
	356,300	356,300	356,300	150,000	-
SITE IMPROVEMENTS		-	-		
FEEDWATER HEATERS	<u></u>				÷
DEAERATOR			_	~	
CONDENSER			-		-
CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS		-	-	-	-
CONDENSATE PUMPS			_		
BOILER FEED PUMPS		_	-	-	
DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM		-	_		-
FANS			-		
ASH HANDLING EQUIPMENT				_	-
TURBINE BRIDGE CRANE		<u> </u>	-		-
ALLOY PIPING			-		
LARGE POWER TRANSFORMERS		_	-	-	-
MEDIUM POWER TRANSFORMERS			-		
SMALL POWER DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER				-	-
GENERATOR BREAKER & ISOPHASE			-		
SWITCHGEAR	-		-	-	
BOILER ISLAND	2,597,300	1,216,900	781,000	544,900	490,500
EMISSIONS MONITORING			-	-	-
COAL/LIMESTONE HANDLING	2,770,000	-	-		
CHIMNEY		-	-		
COOLING TOWER	_	-	-		<u> </u>
CIRCULATING WATER PIPE		-			-
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾	<u></u>		-		
SUBSTRUCTURE I			-		
SUBSTRUCTURE II	-			-	
ASH SILOS		-			
TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL	-	-			-
BUILDING & MECHANICAL WORK	2,961,900	987,300	987,300	987,300	987,300
ASH HANDLING INSTALLATION	2,901,900		907,300	307,000	
	207,000		-		
RIVER WATER INTAKE & PUMPHOUSE ELECTRICAL & INSTRUMENTATION WORK	- 513,000	513,000	513,000	513,000	
	604,800	604,800	604,800		_
	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000
ENGINEER - STANLEY CONSULTANTS BUDGETED CONTINGENCY ⁽⁴⁾			251,000	197,000	140,000
	914,000	313,000			
SUBTOTAL	11,224,300	4,291,300	3,793,400	2,692,200	1,917,800

NOTES:

1. COMMERCIAL OPERATING DATE MAY 1, 2013

2. CONTRACT COSTS - SEE AUGUST 2008 PLAI

3. OWNER'S COSTS, IDC, SUBSTATION NOT IN(

4. CONTINGENCY DISTRIBUTED AS % OF MON1



SMITH STATION UNIT 1 ESTIMATED CASH FLOW - AUGUST 200

			······	T	,
CONTRACT	Jan 2013	Feb 2013	Mar 2013	Apr 2013	May 2013
TURBINE GENERATOR			839,883		
			039,003		
FEEDWATER HEATERS		•••			
DEAERATOR		<u>ب</u>	•••		<u> </u>
CONDENSER	-				
CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS	-		-		
CONDENSATE PUMPS	-		-		÷
BOILER FEED PUMPS		_			
DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM			<u></u>	-	-
FANS	-	•••	-	-	-
ASH HANDLING EQUIPMENT	260,000			-	
TURBINE BRIDGE CRANE	-		.		
ALLOY PIPING				-	-
LARGE POWER TRANSFORMERS	-			-	-
MEDIUM POWER TRANSFORMERS	-			-	-
SMALL POWER DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER				-	-
GENERATOR BREAKER & ISOPHASE	-	÷	330,000	-	-
SWITCHGEAR	-		<u> </u>		
BOILER ISLAND	472,000	454,000	272,500	236,000	207,500
EMISSIONS MONITORING	-		-	-	-
COAL/LIMESTONE HANDLING	-	2,770,000		-	-
CHIMNEY	-	-	-		-
COOLING TOWER	•*	-		-	-
CIRCULATING WATER PIPE	-	-		-	-
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾				-	
SUBSTRUCTURE I				-	-
SUBSTRUCTURE II			-	-	-
ASH SILOS				-	
TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL	-			-	
BUILDING & MECHANICAL WORK			5,485,000		·····
ASH HANDLING INSTALLATION	460,000	_		-	
RIVER WATER INTAKE & PUMPHOUSE			-		-
ELECTRICAL & INSTRUMENTATION WORK		1,425,000			1,425,000
PAINTING		420,000			
ENGINEER - STANLEY CONSULTANTS	250,000	250,000	200,000	150,000	150,000
BUDGETED CONTINGENCY ⁽⁴⁾	113,000	533,000	563,000	30,000	140,000
SUBTOTAL	1,555,000	5,852,000	7,690,383	416,000	1,922,500

NOTES:

1. COMMERCIAL OPERATING DATE MAY 1, 2013

2. CONTRACT COSTS - SEE AUGUST 2008 PLAI

3. OWNER'S COSTS, IDC, SUBSTATION NOT INC

4. CONTINGENCY DISTRIBUTED AS % OF MON1

5. INCLUDED WITH G261 IN RECENT COST EST

PSC Request 18(d) Attachment Page 14 of 14



SMITH STATION UNIT 1 ESTIMATED CASH FLOW - AUGUST 200

	Jun 2013	Total
CONTRACT LURBINE GENERATOR		38,000,000
SITE IMPROVEMENTS	_	6,100,000
FEEDWATER HEATERS		1,684,665
DEAERATOR	45,000	450,000
CONDENSER		2,661,835
CIRCULATING WATER PUMPS	110,000	1,100,000
CONDENSATE PUMPS	45,000	450,000
BOILER FEED PUMPS	-	2,962,378
DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM	265,000	2,650,000
FANS	440,000	4,400,000
ASH HANDLING EQUIPMENT	-	5,200,000
TURBINE BRIDGE CRANE	-	650,000
ALLOY PIPING	-	4,400,000
LARGE POWER TRANSFORMERS	-	3,400,000
MEDIUM POWER TRANSFORMERS		1,600,000
SMALL POWER DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER	-	850,000
GENERATOR BREAKER & ISOPHASE	-	3,300,000
SWITCHGEAR	ur.	6,000,000
BOILER ISLAND		264,000,000
EMISSIONS MONITORING	45,000	450,000
COAL/LIMESTONE HANDLING	-	55,400,000
CHIMNEY		7,500,000
COOLING TOWER	390,000	3,900,000
CIRCULATING WATER PIPE	-	5,500,000
CONCRETE BATCH PLANT ⁽⁵⁾	-	6,000,000
SUBSTRUCTURE I		19,100,000
SUBSTRUCTURE II		9,400,000
ASH SILOS	-	12,700,000
TURBINE BUILDING STRUCTURAL STEEL	-	8,900,000
BUILDING & MECHANICAL WORK	5,485,000	109,700,000
ASH HANDLING INSTALLATION	-	4,600,000
RIVER WATER INTAKE & PUMPHOUSE	-	6,800,000
ELECTRICAL & INSTRUMENTATION WORK	-	28,500,000
PAINTING	-	4,200,000
ENGINEER - STANLEY CONSULTANTS	103,400	22,130,000
BUDGETED CONTINGENCY ⁽⁴⁾	547,000	45,520,000
	7,475,400	700,158,878

NOTES:

1. COMMERCIAL OPERATING DATE MAY 1, 2013

2. CONTRACT COSTS - SEE AUGUST 2008 PLAI

3. OWNER'S COSTS, IDC, SUBSTATION NOT INC

4 CONTINGENCY DISTRIBUTED AS % OF MON1

5. INCLUDED WITH G261 IN RECENT COST EST

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 19RESPONSIBLE PERSON:James C. Lamb, Jr.COMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 19.Refer to the Testimony of James C. Lamb, Jr., specifically pages 4-6, which refer to East Kentucky's load forecast results, and Exhibits JCL-3, JCL-4 andJCL-5.

Request 19a. Mr. Lamb indicates that East Kentucky believes that electric use per-customer on its system will continue to grow, but at a lower rate relative to historical growth. He also indicates that East Kentucky's 2008 load forecast is lower than its 2006 forecast. The exhibits provide various historical and forecasted load and energy data, with the historical data going back to 1990. Provide a side-by-side comparison of East Kentucky's actual peak winter demands and total energy requirements and its forecasted peak winter demands and total energy requirements from 1995 through the most recent period available. Use the most recent East Kentucky forecast available at the time as the source of the forecasted demands and energy requirements.

Response 19a. Please see attachment.

Request 19b.Based on the information in Exhibit JCL-3, East Kentucky'saverage load factor for the last 10 years reported (1998-2007) was 54.1 percent. Explainwhy its forecasted load factor is consistently lower than this historical average.

Response 19b. The forecast is based upon the assumption of normal weather. During a normal weather year, the minimum temperature is -3 degrees Farenheit. For the time period 1998-2007, the temperature was below zero 2 years, 2003 and 2004. During these years the load factor is 51% and 52% which is similar to the load factors for the forecast period.

Request 19c.Explain which of the growth rates contained in Table 2 of ExhibitJCL-4 was used in developing the data used in East Kentucky's proposed forecasted testyear.

Response 19c. The growth rates presented in Table 2 of exhibit JCL-4 show the expected growth rates for total requirements, residential sales, as well as commercial sales, winter and summer peak demand for 5, 10, and 20 year projections. These show the long term trends that are expected to be seen on the EKPC system in general, not specifically related to the test period.

Request 19d. East Kentucky's proposed test year is the 12 months from June of 2009 through May of 2010. The comparison of East Kentucky's 2006 and 2008 load forecasts in Exhibit JCL-5 shows a lower level of total energy requirements for calendar year 2010 in the 2008 forecast as compared to the 2006 forecast, but higher net winter and summer peak demands. Explain how these forecasted levels for 2010 have been built into East Kentucky's proposed forecasted test year.

I.

Response 19d.All of the inputs for the test year are based upon the 2008 LoadForecast. Monthly demands and energies were developed based upon the 2008 loadforecast and used to derive billing determinants for the test year.

PSC Request 19(a) Attachment Page 1 of 4

I.

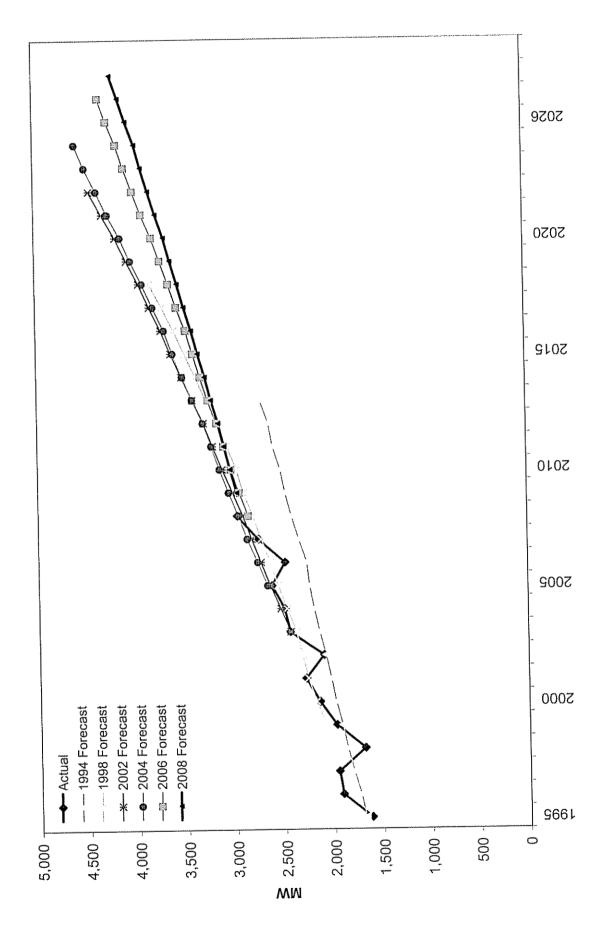
Winter Peak Demand (MW)									
Year	Actual	1994 Forecast	1998 Forecast	2002 Forecast	2004 Forecast	2006 Forecast	2008 Forecast		
1995	1,621	1,683		``````````````````````````````````````					
1996	1,915	1,734							
1997	1,953	1,801			- 				
1998	1,682	1,864		 					
1999	1,971	1,913	2,081						
2000	2,140	1,973	2,177						
2001	2,278	2,022	2,255						
2002	2,092	2,072	2,314						
2003	2,435	2,133	2,370	2,430		!	:		
2004	2,487	2,187	2,464	2,528					
2005	2,615	2,231	2,551	2,631	2,659				
2006	2,477	2,257	2,629	2,724	2,758				
2000	2,749	2,336	2,719	2,816	2,864				
2007	2,964	2,408	2,801	2,903	2,950	2,848			
2008	2,704	2,469	2,801	3,007	3,047	2,938	2,962		
2009		2,517	2,963	3,108	3,138	3,021	3,029		
2010			3,060			3,021	3,029		
		2,591		3,206	3,220				
2012		2,631	3,166	3,296	3,305	3,162	3,143		
2013		2,716	3,271	3,409	3,413	3,251	3,215		
2014			3,373	3,517	3,509	3,326	3,275		
2015			3,482	3,623	3,604	3,398	3,345		
2016			3,590	3,722	3,688	3,468	3,408		
2017			3,705	3,837	3,801	3,560	3,482		
2018		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3,832	3,943	3,906	3,638	3,547		
2019				4,063	4,021	3,722	3,617		
2020		•		4,174	4,124	3,804	3,680		
2021		: 7		4,307	4,248	3,904	3,760		
2022 2023		:	1	4,434	4,359	3,992 4,078	3,833 3,904		
2023					4,473	4,153	3,965		
2026						4,248	4,052		
2026				104 a		4,329	4,125		
2027						 	4,204		

PSC Request 19(a) Attachment Page 2 of 4

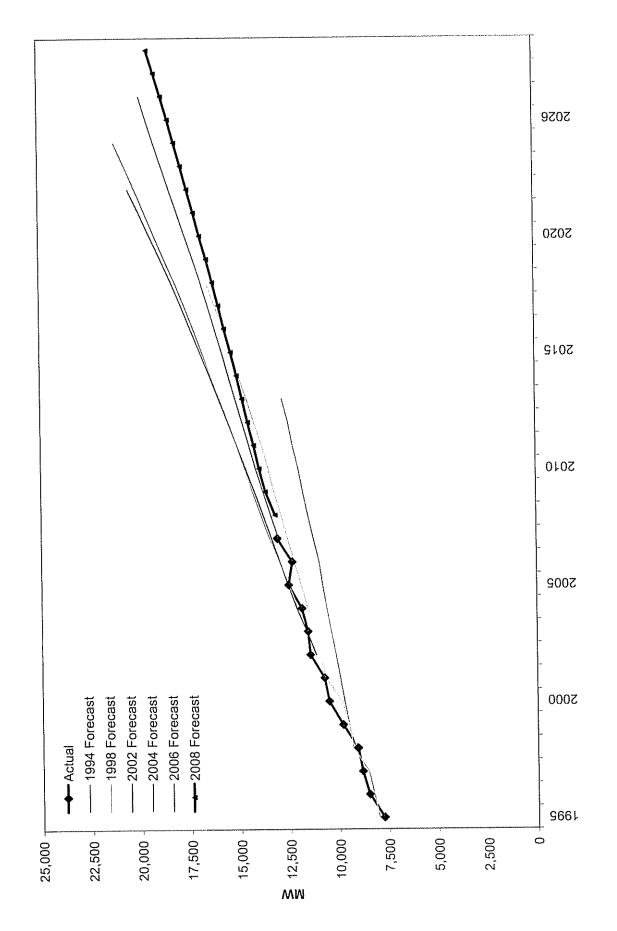
i

Total Energy Requirements										
	(GWH)									
	Actual	1994 Forecast	1998 Forecast	2002 Forecast	2004 Forecast	2006 Forecast	2008 Forecast			
1995	7,761	8,010								
1996	8,505	8,270								
1997	8,850	8,531		-						
1998	9,074	9,310	9,123	-						
1999	9,826	9,510	9,524		·					
2000	10,521	9,727	9,873	-		:	and the second se			
2001	10,751	9,936	10,674							
2002	11,457	10,149	10,956	11,152						
2003	11,568	10,377	11,196	11,616						
2004	11,866	10,596	11,564	12,122	12,056					
2005	12,528	10,798	11,896	12,548	12,506					
2006	12,331	10,968	12,221	12,963	12,975					
2007	13,080	11,249	12,549	13,368	13,464	13,015				
2008		11,517	12,869	13,777	13,890	13,399	13,173			
2009		11,761	13,215	14,200	14,300	13,769	13,647			
2010		11,987	13,494	14,645	14,701	14,139	13,959			
2011		12,262	13,830	15,079	15,079	14,462	14,217			
2012		12,480	14,190	15,509	15,497	14,799	14,512			
2013		12,781	14,558	15,961	15,934	15,140	14,777			
2014			14,953	16,421	16,363	15,465	15,050			
2015			15,336	16,891	16,789	15,787	15,336			
2016			15,715	17,374	17,213	16,139	15,658			
2017			16,118	17,837	17,666	16,477	15,930			
2018			16,560	18,318	18,134	16,824	16,222			
2019				18,844	18,642	17,204	16,527			
2020				19,386	19,141	17,601	16,855			
2021				19,920	19,633	17,986	17,158			
2022				20,483	20,125	18,378	17,480			
2023					20,634 21,165	18,761 19,149	17,784 18,106			
2024 2026	-				1,105	19,149	18,100			
2026				:		19,874	18,751			
2027				: :			19,099			

i.



.



COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 20RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Craig A. JohnsonCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 20. Refer to page 7 of the Testimony of Craig A. Johnson ("Johnson Testimony"), specifically the comparison of East Kentucky's O&M cost per megawatthour ("MWh") to the national average O&M cost per MWh from 2002 to 2007. In 2002, East Kentucky's cost per MWh was 2.2 percent greater than the national average, while in 2007 its cost per MWh was 23 percent greater than the national average. The national average O&M cost per MWh increased by 38 percent over this period, while East Kentucky's O&M cost per MWh increased 67 percent. Provide a summary of the results of any analysis East Kentucky has performed to determine why the growth of its O&M cost per MWh so greatly exceeded the growth of the national industry average.

Response 20. East Kentucky has not performed a formal analysis to compare its O&M growth to that of the national industry average. However, an analysis of East Kentucky's O&M costs from 2002 to 2007 is provided in Response 18 to the First Data Request of the Attorney General.

PSC Request 21 Page 1 of 1

EAST KENTUCKY POWER COOPERATIVE, INC. PSC CASE NO. 2008-00409 SECOND DATA REQUEST RESPONSE

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 21RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Craig A. JohnsonCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 21. Refer to the discussion on pages 7-8 of the Johnson Testimony concerning how East Kentucky's forced outage rates compare to industry averages. Mr. Johnson points out that the data collected by the North American Electric Reliability Council does not distinguish between pulverized coal units and CFB units. Is East Kentucky aware of any "non-Gilbert" industry data which would separately report forced outage information on CFB units? If yes, provide a summary of the information.

<u>Response 21.</u> No. EKPC is not aware of any industry data which separately reports forced outage information on CFB units.

PSC Request 22 Page 1 of 2

EAST KENTUCKY POWER COOPERATIVE, INC. PSC CASE NO. 2008-00409 SECOND DATA REQUEST RESPONSE

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 22RESPONSIBLE PERSON:William Steven SeelyeCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 22. Refer to the Testimony of William Steven Seelye ("Seelye Testimony"), specifically the respective discussion on pages 4-5 of his qualifications and on pages 7-9, of East Kentucky's choice to file its rate application based on a forecasted test year due to the upcoming commercialization of Spurlock 4. Mr. Seelye was employed in the Rate Department of Louisville Gas and Electric Company's ("LG&E") from 1979-1996, during which time LG&E filed a rate application designed to fully incorporate the costs of its Trimble County Unit 1 into its electric rates, Case No. 1990-00158. Describe the extent to which Mr. Seelye or others in his firm, The Prime Group, LLC, advised East Kentucky concerning the type of test year on which it should base its rate application.

Response 22. The statute under which EKPC filed its rate case application supported by a fully forecasted test period, KRS 278.192, did not become effective until July 14, 1992. LG&E's rate case application in Case No. 1990-00158 was filed prior to that date.

^{&#}x27;Case No. 1990-00158, Adjustment of Gas and Electric Rates of Louisville Gas and Electric Company, Order dated December 21, 1990.

ł

EKPC had concluded that it was necessary to file a rate case application supported by a fully forecasted test year to prior engaging The Prime Group, LLC, to provide assistance with the rate case filing. Mr. Seelye agreed with EKPC's conclusion.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 23RESPONSIBLE PERSON:William Steven SeelyeCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 23. Refer to Seelye Exhibit 2, page 1 of 2. The fuel costs recovered through base rates and the FAC which are removed from revenues on lines 4 and 5 total \$459,411,613. The fuel costs removed from expenses on lines 15 and 16 total \$455,126,416. Explain why, with the use of a forecasted test period, the amount of fuel cost revenue and the amount of fuel cost expense would not be the same.

Response 23. The fuel costs removed from expenses on lines 15 and 16 of Seelye Exhibit 2, page 1 of 2, should be \$457,684,172, and not \$455,126,416 as shown in the exhibit. See corrected exhibits provided in response to Staff 25(b). Therefore the mismatch between FAC-related revenues and fuel expenses is \$1,727,441

In any given test period, irrespective of whether a forecasted or actual test year is utilized, the revenue collected through the application of the FAC and base fuel costs will not match fuel costs. In this instance, the \$459,411,613 in FAC and base fuel cost revenues were determined by applying the projected FAC rate and base fuel cost to the applicable kWh and MMBTU (steam) sales. There is a one-month lag between the determination of the FAC factor and the application of the FAC. Consequently, the FAC factors used to determine the FAC revenue during the test year correspond to FAC factors determined

PSC Request 23 Page 2 of 2

for the 12 months ended April 2010, but the fuel costs removed from test-year operating results correspond to projected cost for the 12 months ended May 2010. Therefore, FAC revenues and FAC expenses will never match.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 24RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Frank J. OlivaCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 24.Refer to Seelye Exhibit 2, Schedule 1.01, which, among otherthings, shows Pumping Station Fuel Cost Billings in the forecasted test year of\$9,142,011.Identify in which revenue category this amount is included on EamesExhibit 1, page 1.

Response 24. The Pumping Station Fuel Cost Billings in the forecasted test year of \$9,142,011 is included in the revenue category of "Power Sales-Member Coops – Basic Rate" on Eames Exhibit 1, page 1.

~

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 25RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Frank J. Oliva/William Steven Seelye/Ann F. WoodCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 25.Refer to Seelye Exhibit 2, page 1 of 2, and Exhibit 2, Schedule1.03.

Request 25a. It appears that the \$10 million in purchased power assigned to forced outages is a budgeted amount. If that is the case, explain how the amount was determined. If that is not the case, explain how \$10 million was chosen as the amount to assign to forced outages.

Response 25a. The \$10 million in purchased power assigned to forced outages is a budgeted amount. EKPC assumes that \$833,300 in monthly purchases relate to forced outages. EKPC reviewed its level of forced outage costs for the past three years: \$10.3 million in 2005; \$5.3 million in 2006; and, \$3.6 million in 2007. EKPC budgeted the forced outage costs at the high end of the three-year trend. Please note that EKPC's 2008 forced outage costs are \$12.3 million.

Request 25b. The schedule shows total purchased power expense in the proposed forecasted test year of \$64,242,370 minus the \$10 million in purchased power expense assigned to forced outages, with the resulting amount of \$51,684,614 shown as

purchased power costs recoverable through East Kentucky's FAC. The \$51,684,614 is then carried forward to Line 16 of Seelye Exhibit 2. It appears that the amount of purchased power costs recoverable through the FAC is understated by roughly \$2.5 million. Clarify whether this is the case and, if so, provide corrected versions of Schedule 1.03 and Exhibit 2, and any other exhibits that may be impacted by the correction.

Response 25b. There is a formula error in Schedule 1.03 of the Application; purchased power costs recoverable through East Kentucky's FAC are understated by approximately \$2.5 million. Corrections to Seelye Exhibit 2 and Schedule 1.03 are included on pages 3 through 5 of this response.

Line Description	Reference	Amount
Total Operating Revenue & Patronage Capital Per Budget	Eames Exhibit 1, Page 1, Line 8	\$\$\$86.273,772
Aujusuiteina un teretaide. Demanio fictual in Bace Poles	Schedule 1.01	(350,719,383)
U REHOVE LAR ANGES To Demoving fuel definitions Revente	Schedule 1.01	
To Demonscription Construction Construction To Domonscription Construction Revenue	Eames Exhibit 1, Page 1, Line 3	Ē
10 Retrieve christministration Successful Succharde Revenue	Schedule 1.02	(1,377,517)
	2 	
Adjusted Revenue	Lines 1 through 7	5 320, 128, 414
	ttamas Evhibit 1. Dana 2. i ina 26	26 S 898 541 897
12 Total Cost of Service		,
ndia.etments In Cred of Service.		
	Schedule 1.01	S (403,441,802)
To Remove Purchased Power Expense Recoverable through the FA	Schedule 1.03	(0/E,242,24C)
To Remove O&M Expenses Recoverable through the Environmental	Schedule 1.04	(ocn'nno') (o)
	SCREEUJE 1.US	(007,010,0)
	Schadule 1.00	(19.564.992)
	Schedule 1.08	(37,031,989)
	Schedule 1.09	(658,906)
	Schedule 1.10	(03'300)
	Schedule 1.11	(35,485)
	Schedule 1.12	(28,712)
	Schedule 1.13	(85,422)
	Schedule 1.14	(ann' +1 +)
	Schedule 1.15	(199,940)
To Normalize Ratecase Expenses		3 410 058
	Scredule 1.17 Schodule 1.18	2 300.000
To Normalize Generation Overhaul Expenses		
32		
Adjusted Cost of Service	Lines 12 through 31	S 348,034,601
		107 075 1031
Adjusted Operating Margins	Line 9 less Line 34	171,612,12) 6
11 Denerofiner Romer		
	Earnes Exhibit 1, Page 2, Line 32	S A
	Eames Exhibit 1, Page 2, Line 34	
	Eames Exhibit 1, Page 2, Line	35 250,000
	l inse 30 thread 41	5 4 229 277
43 Total Non-Operating Items		
44 15		
Adjusted Net Margin (Deficit)	Line 36 plus Line 43	(UC8,C4U,EZ) 2

Seelye Exhibit 2 Page 1 of 2 Revised

PSC Request 25(b)

Page 3 of 5

DWER COOPERATIVE, INC.	ie Requirement	Revenues and Expenses	od Ended May 31, 2010	
EAST KENTUCKY POWER COOPERATIVE, INC.	Calculation of Revenue Requirement	Based on Forecasted Revenues and Expenses	For the 12 Month Period Ended May 31, 2010	

				Page 2 of 2 Revised
Line	Line Description	Reference		Amor
***	Caículation of Revenue Deficiency			
2				
5	Adjusted Net Margin (Deficit)	Page 1, Line 46	(A)	(23,045,850)
4				
S	interest on Long-Term Debt	Earnes Exhibit 1, Page 2, Line 19 Less Line 21, Above	\$98,751,898,00	
9			1	
2	Net Margin Requirement at 1.45 TIER (0.45 x Line 5)		w	44,438,354
8				
ŋ	Revenue Deficiency (Line 7 - Line 3)		N	67,484,204

٠

Page 5 of 5

Seelye Exhibit 2 Schedule 1.03 Revised

EAST KENTUCKY POWER COOPERATIVE, INC.

Adjustment to Remove Purchased Power Expense Recoverable Through the Fuel Adjustment Clause

		То	tal Purchased Power	Purchased Power Assigned to Forced Outages	Purchased Power Recoverable Through the FAC
June	2009		3,871,392	833,300	3,038,092
July	2009		5,316,797	833,300	4,483,497
August	2009		5,207,600	833,300	4,374,300
September	2009		3,745,707	833,300	2,912,407
October	2009		3,611,051	833,300	2,777,751
November	2009		7,484,043	833,300	6,650,743
December	2009		7,533,457	833,700	6,699,757
January	2010		9,284,117	833,300	8,450,817
February	2010		7,024,925	833,300	6,191,625
March	2010		4,123,190	833,300	3,289,890
April	2010		3,649,035	833,300	2,815,735
May	2010		3,391,056	833,300	2,557,756
Total		\$	64,242,370	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 54,242,370

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 26RESPONSIBLE PERSON:William Steven SeelyeCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 26. Refer to Seelye Exhibit 2, Schedule 1.14, which contains an adjustment to remove Touchstone Energy Dues in the amount of \$414,000, which is identified as of January 2010. Explain whether this amount reflects East Kentucky's dues for calendar year 2010 and, if so, whether this amount is representative of its Touchstone Energy dues for its proposed test year, which includes only five months of 2010.

Response 26. On Seelye, Exhibit 2, Schedule 1.14, the Touchstone Energy Dues in the amount of \$414,000 does reflect EKPC's dues for the calendar year, as well as the test year. The dues are paid annually and we do not anticipate an increase in these dues between 2009 and 2010.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 27RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Craig A. JohnsonCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 27. Refer to Seelye Exhibit 2, Schedule 1.18.

Request 27a.Provide the planned overhaul dates for the generating units listedon the schedule other than the units that are scheduled to have overhauls during theproposed test year.

<u>Response 27a.</u> Information provided on page 2 of this response.

Request 27b. Provide the dates and costs of the most recent overhauls of East Kentucky's generating units.

Response 27b. Information provided on page 2 of this response.

PSC Request 27(a-b)

Page 2 of 2

i.

			Last Major Ov	verhaul		
			Budget	Actual	Scheduled Year for	
Station	Unit	Year	Cost	Cost	Next Major Overhaul	Notes
Cooper	1	2000	\$3,225,000	\$3,078,415	2009 fall	To be completed during test year
	2	2003	\$5,698,000	\$5,086,636	2012	
Dale	1	NA	NA	NA	2009 spring	Turbine/Generator replaced in 1998
	2	NA	NA	NA	2009 spring	Turbine/Generator replaced in 1998
	3	2007	\$6,600,000	\$6,700,000	2017	
	4	2006	\$4,605,000	\$3,500,000	2016	
Smith	1	2006	\$3,002,044	\$3,133,370	2012	
	2	2005	\$3,375,000	\$2,477,864	2013	
	3	2007	\$1,540,818	\$7,055,453	2014	
	4	NA	NA	NA	2023	
	5	NA	NA	NA	2025	
	6	NA	NA	NA	2026	
	7	NA	NA	<u>NA</u>	2027	
Spurlock						Outage was originally budgeted in 2005 at \$4,100,000 Performed in 2004 due to forced outage. Does not include cost
	1	2004	\$0	\$3,800,000	2014	of the generator rewind.
	2	2008	\$8,500,000	\$13,950,000	2018	
	Gilbert	NA	NA	NA	2015	

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 28RESPONSIBLE PERSON:William Steven SeelyeCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 28. Provide an electronic copy of Seelye Exhibits 6 through 10 with the formulas intact

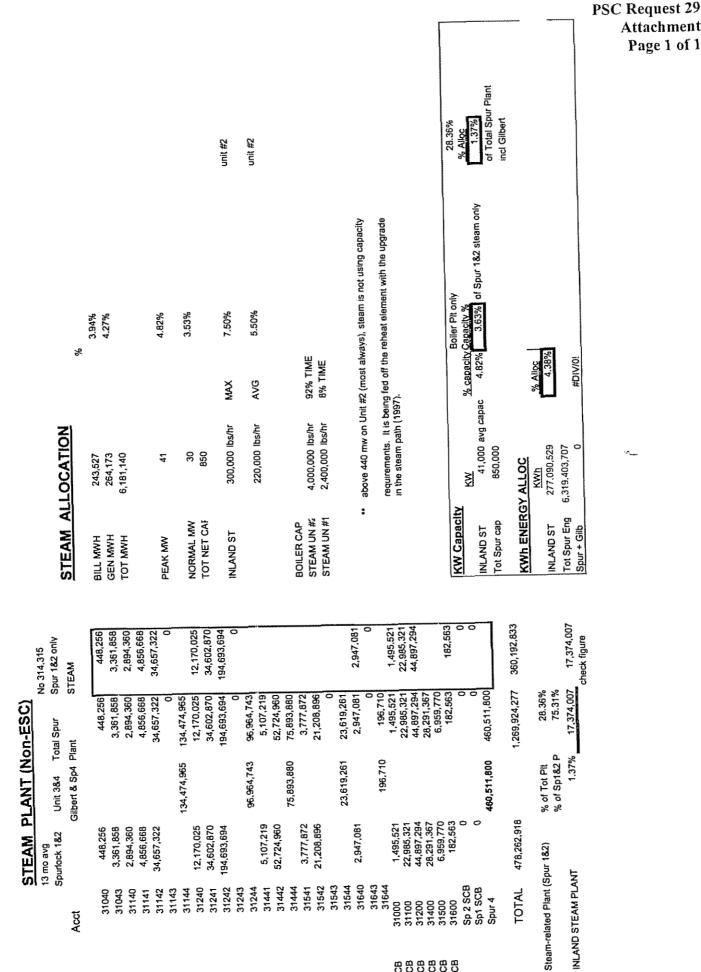
Response 28.The Seelye exhibits are included on the attached CD as Response29 to the First Data Request of the Attorney General.

ī

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 29RESPONSIBLE PERSON:William Steven SeelyeCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 29.Refer to Seelye Exhibit 6, page 1. Describe what the categorySteam Direct represents and explain how costs are functionalized and classified into thiscategory.

Response 29. Steam Direct includes power production plant costs that are directly assigned to an industrial special contract customer that receives steam service from EKPC's Spurlock 1 & 2. Attached is the workpaper used to determine the specific assignment.



COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 30William Steven SeelyeCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 30.Refer to Seelye Exhibit 6, pages 13-14. Explain what theFunctional Vector TUP is and identify from where in the exhibit it is derived.

Response 30. The Function Vector TUP refers to Total Utility Plant and references the amounts shown in the row designated "Total Utility Plant" (i.e., the first row) on pages 3 and 4 of Seelye Exhibit 6. Total Utility Plant for each functional category is calculated in the bottom row of pages 1 and 2 of Seelye Exhibit 6.

(Please note that the functional vectors shown in the column labeled "Functional Vector" can be found in the column labeled "Name" of the cost of service study.)

1

PSC Request 31 Page 1 of 2

EAST KENTUCKY POWER COOPERATIVE, INC. PSC CASE NO. 2008-00409 SECOND DATA REQUEST RESPONSE

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 31RESPONSIBLE PERSON:William Steven SeelyeCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 31. Refer to Seelye Exhibit 6, pages 19-25. Explain whether the Functional Vector PDIST is identical to F003, F023 and F024 and identify from where in the exhibit it is derived.

Response 31. PDIST, F003, F023, and F024 are the same. Page 2 shows a breakdown of EKPC's distribution facilities which could be identified as Production, Transmission, Distribution Substations, and Meters functional groups:

PSC Request 31

Page 2 of 2

FUNCTIONAL GROUP	PLANT AMOUNT	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL
Production	AMOUNT	
(substations and meters recorded as	\$ 1,498,763	1.5442%
distribution		
plant but used at power plants)		
Transmission		
(substations and meters recorded as	\$ 336,846	0.3471%
distribution		
plant but used for transmission service)		
Distribution Substations	\$ 91,000,654	93.7612%
Meters	\$ 4,219,536	4.3475%
Total	\$ 97,055,799	100.0000%

In the cost of service study, distribution costs were functionally assigned on the basis of the above relationship.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 32RESPONSIBLE PERSON:William Steven SeelyeCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 32. Refer to pages 23-24 and 27-28 of Seelye Exhibit 6. Explain whether the functional vector LBSUB9 is identical to LBSUB7 and identify from where in the exhibit it is derived.

Response 32. LBSUB9 and LBSUB7 are the same. In fact, LBSUB7 references the values shown for LBSUB9. LBSUB9 is calculated at the bottom of pages 21 and 22 of Seelye Exhibit 6.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 33RESPONSIBLE PERSON:William Steven SeelyeCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 33.Refer to lines 2-4 on page 25 of the Seelye Testimony and SeelyeExhibit 6, pages 27-28.

<u>Request 33a.</u> Identify from where in Exhibit 6 the vectors are derived.

Response 33a. PPROD refers to Production Plant and is calculated on pages 1 and 2 of Seelye Exhibit 6 (but is ultimately based on F001). PTRAN refers to Transmission Plant and is calculated on pages 1 and 2 of Seelye Exhibit 6 (but is ultimately based on F002). PDIST refers to Distribution Plant and is calculated on pages 1 and 2 of Seelye Exhibit 6 (but is ultimately based on F003). PGP refers to General Plant and is calculated on pages 1 and 2 of Seelye 6 (but is ultimately based on PT&D – Production, Transmission and Distribution Plant). TPIS refers to Total Plant in Service and is calculated on pages 1 and 2 of Seelye Exhibit 6.

Request 33b. Explain whether the functional vectors F003, F023 and F024 are identical and why some costs appear to be assigned and classified under Transmission Demand.

PSC Request 33 Page 2 of 2

Response 33b. F003, F023 and F024 are the same. As explained in the response to Staff-31, some distribution substations and meters are used at power plants and to provide transmission service.

<u>Request 33c.</u> Describe and define the functional vectors PROFIX and PROVAR.

Response 33c. PROFIX and PROVAR refers to production operation and maintenance expenses classified respectively as either fixed or variable using the FERC predominance methodology. Under the "FERC predominance methodology", production operation and maintenance accounts that are predominately fixed, i.e. expenses that the FERC has determined to be predominately incurred independently of kilowatt hour levels of output are classified as demand-related. Production operation and maintenance accounts that are predominately variable, i.e., expenses that the FERC has determined to vary predominately variable, i.e., expenses that the FERC has determined to vary predominately with output (kWh) are considered to be energy related. The predominance methodology has been accepted in FERC proceedings for over 25 years and is a standard methodology for classifying production operation and maintenance expenses. For example, see *Public Service Company of New Mexico* (1980) 10 FERC ¶ 63,020, *Illinois Power Company* (1980), 11 FERC ¶ 63,040, *Delmarva Power & Light Company* (1981) 17 FERC ¶ 63,044, and *Ohio Edison Company* (1983) 24 FERC ¶ 63,068.

Request 33d. Explain the difference in the functional vectors F001 and F017.

Response 33d. F001 classifies production plant costs as demand-related or specifically assigns the costs to steam service. F017 would classify production costs as energy-related, but is not actually used in EKPC's cost of service study.

~

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 34RESPONSIBLE PERSON:COMPANY:William Steven SeelyeEast Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 34. Refer to page 27 of the Seelye Testimony. Mr. Seelye states that, "[s]ubsequent to developing this estimate, it was brought to my attention that this avoided cost credit may be somewhat overstated because the capital cost of financing a new combustion turbine would almost certainly be less than 7 percent". Provide what Mr. Seelye believes the appropriate capital cost to be.

Response 34. A combustion turbine would likely qualify for low-cost financing from RUS. This rate is currently less than 4 percent.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 35RESPONSIBLE PERSON:William Steven SeelyeCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 35. Refer to Seelye Exhibit 7, pages 1-2.

<u>Request 35a.</u> Explain why Mr. Seelye chose to use a coincident peak method to allocate production demand and transmission plant costs as opposed to a different method, such as the peak and average method or the average and excess method.

Response 35a. Increases in peak demand have been driving the need for new generation capacity on the EKPC system. EKPC must have sufficient capacity to meet the maximum demand placed on the system. Changes in EKPC's average demand do not have a material effect, if any, on EKPC's production fixed costs, but changes in EKPC's system peak demand have a major effect on its fixed production costs. Because using a CP allocator does not result in free-rider issues on EKPC's system, Mr. Seelye believes that a 6-CP allocation methodology is reasonable.

Request 35b. Explain why it is reasonable to use the 6 Coincident Peak ("CP) method to allocate production demand rather than the 12CP method as was used to allocate transmission plant.

Response 35b. A 12-CP allocator for transmission costs is consistent with the methodology used by EKPC in its Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT) which has been accepted by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and is also an industry standard approach for allocating transmission costs in OATTs. A 6-CP allocation methodology is appropriate for allocating fixed production costs because these costs are primarily driven by changes in EKPC's winter and summer peak demands.

Request 35c. Explain why the only costs allocated to Special Contract Pumping Stations are transmission plant costs.

Response 35c. The Pumping Station special contract was negotiated as a transmission service agreement with power provided at market based rates.

;

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 36RESPONSIBLE PERSON:William Steven SeelyeCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

<u>Request 36.</u> Refer to page 21 of Seelye Exhibit 7. Explain the difference in the allocation vectors FACAL and FACEX.

Response 36. FACEX corresponds to the amount of FAC revenues billed to each rate class. FACAL refers to the amount of fuel expenses assigned to each rate class, including fuel expenses that were directly assigned to the Special Contract Pumping Stations and fuel expenses allocated to all other classes on the basis of FACEX (but excluding Pumping Stations).

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 37William Steven SeelyeCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 37. Refer to pages 25-26 of Seelye Exhibit 7.

<u>Request 37a.</u> Explain the difference between the Energy (E01) allocator and the Base Fuel Revenue Allocator (BSFL) and why Special Contract Pumping Stations receive no cost allocation under BSFL.

Response 37a. The Energy (E01) allocator includes energy sales to all customer classes, whereas the Base Fuel Revenue Allocator (BSFL) includes energy sales to all customer classes except the Pumping Station special contract, which does not have a base fuel cost component in its rate.

Request 37b. For rate classes B, C, G and Large Special Contract and Special Contract Pumping Stations, there are numbers below the BSFL entry for which there is no identifier in the Description column. Explain what these numbers represent.

Response 37b. The numbers below the BSFL entry for rate classes B, C, G, Large Special Contact and Special Contract Pumping Stations are not used in the cost of service study. They were used as a checkpoint.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 38RESPONSIBLE PERSON:COMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 38. Refer to pages 27-28 of Seelye Exhibit 7. Provide a description of each of the Production Energy Allocation factors and identify where in the cost of service study the Total System numbers are obtained and from where the allocation factors are derived.

Response 38. The row labeled "Production Energy Residual Allocator" (PENGA) references BSFL which represents the energy sales for each rate class, except Special Contract Pumping Stations, whose purchased power and fuel costs are specifically assigned. The row labeled "Production Energy Costs" refers to EKPC's total production energy costs as shown on page 7 of Seelye Exhibit 7. The row labeled "Member Specific Assignment" refers to the fuel costs billed to Special Contract Pumping Stations pursuant to the agreement with that customer. This amount, which corresponds to the sum of the Off Peak Fuel/Purchased Power Cost Recovery of \$3,306,725 and On-Peak Fuel Purchased Power Cost Recovery of \$6,174,617 shown on Seelye Exhibit 9, page 6, is specifically assigned to Special Contract Pumping Stations. The row labeled "Production Energy Residual" is the total energy costs less the amount specifically assigned to Special Contract Pumping Stations of PENGA. The row labeled "Production Energy Total" is the sum "Production Energy Residual" and "Member Specific Assignment" allocated to Special Contract Pumping Stations. The row labeled "Production Energy Total Allocator" is the allocation factor calculated by dividing the class amount for "Production Energy Total" by the total amount for all classes.

i.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 39RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Gary T. CrawfordCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 39. Refer to page 2 under Tab 24 in Volume 3 of East Kentucky's application.

<u>Request 39a.</u> Provide a detailed description of the wind farm project which shows an estimated construction cost in 2010 of \$45,580,000.

<u>Response 39a</u>. EKPC has been studying wind data in southeast Kentucky since 2003. At this time, no decision has been made as to whether EKPC will or will not develop a wind project. The dollars budgeted for 2010 are a placeholder for development of a 25 MW wind farm, if and when it can be justified.

Request 39b. Explain why wind farm generation is not included in the forecasted generation mix on page 7 of 11 under Tab 30 of the application for either 2010 or 2011.

<u>Response 39b.</u> As noted in response 39a, at this time a wind farm has not been justified or approved by EKPC.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 40RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Frank J. OlivaCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 40. Refer to Tab 36 in Volume 5 of East Kentucky's application. The monthly budget variance reports show that budgeted production maintenance costs ranged from \$2.8 million to \$5.1 million per month for the period September 2007 - August 2008, while the monthly variances from the budgeted costs ranged from \$826,000 to \$5.4 million. Overall, actual costs of \$63.2 million for the period exceeded budgeted costs of \$47.5 million for the period by \$15.7 million, or 33 percent. The information at Tab 37 refers to causes such as "[b]oiler maintenance over budget" or "[t]urbine maintenance over budget" at different generating units, but does not explain why a specific maintenance project was over budget. Explain in detail why actual production maintenance costs were so much greater than the levels budgeted by East Kentucky.

Response 40. The maintenance cost for Spurlock Station is over budget for 2008. This is primarily due to maintenance projects associated with the 10-year overhaul of Spurlock Unit 2. The budget for this outage was approximately \$8.5 million. The actual cost for the outage was approximately \$14 million. The money budgeted for these maintenance projects were spread over a twelve-month period. The reason for dividing the money equally over the twelve-month period is due to not knowing when the actual invoices for the work will be billed. Invoices for materials required to perform

maintenance projects may come in prior to an outage while invoices for labor and repair services performed during an outage may lag by as much as five months. EKPC performed a major overhaul in late 2007 on Smith Station Combustion Turbine Unit 3 that was more than extensive than expected and resulted in being over budget \$2.5 million. The invoices for a substantial amount of this work was not submitted by the contractor until the spring of 2008 making Smith Station over budget \$3.0 million in 2008. [Note that at the completion of this project, the Smith Station overhaul was \$5.5M over budget (\$2.5M in 2007; \$3.0M in 2008.)] Dale Station Unit 3 turbine overhaul was delayed until the fourth quarter of 2007 and, for the time period September 2007-August 2008, that project was over budget \$2.5 million. (Note that at completion of the project, the Dale Station Unit 3 turbine overhaul was under budget by \$100,000.)

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 41RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Ann F. WoodCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

<u>Request 41.</u> Refer to Tab 52 in Volume 5 of East Kentucky's application.

<u>Request 41a.</u> For the base period, 86.5 percent of payroll is expensed and 13.5 percent is capitalized while, in the forecasted period, 89.4 percent is expensed and 10.6 percent is capitalized. Explain why the percentages in the forecasted period differ from those in the base period.

Response 41a. The percentage of payroll expensed versus capitalized is dependent upon the amount of construction projects that EKPC has underway. In the base period, EKPC is constructing Spurlock Unit 4 and constructing scrubbers on Spurlock Units 1 and 2. The major construction projects will be completed prior to the forecasted period. Therefore, it is reasonable that EKPC's percentage of payroll capitalized is lower in the base period than in the forecasted period.

Request 41b.The information at Tab 52 and the response to Item 40 of Staff'sFirst Request indicates that Mr. Robert Marshall is the only East Kentucky employeewhose compensation is included under the category of Executive Compensation. Explain

PSC Request 41 Page 2 of 2

why the compensation of East Kentucky's vice-presidents and its chief financial officer are not included.

Response 41b.EKPC interpreted "executive" to mean executive officer. EKPC'sPresident and CEO is the only employee officer of EKPC.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 42RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Frank J. OlivaCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 42.Refer to Tab 54 in Volume 5 of East Kentucky's application, page2 of 4 Explain the decrease in "Other Operating Revenue - Income" from \$2.6 million in2007 to \$1.55 million in the base year to \$399,000 in the forecasted test year.

Response 42. "Other Operating Revenue – Income" decreases from \$2.6 million in 2007 to \$1.55 million in the base year to \$399,000 in the forecasted test year due to the non-budgeting of non-firm transmission revenue. EKPC plans to budget for this item in the future.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 43RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Frank J. OlivaCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 43. Refer to Tab 55 in Volume 5 of East Kentucky's application.

Request 43a. It appears that most of the increase in East Kentucky's debt balance from the end of the base period to the end of the forecasted period can be attributed to the levels of Federal Finance Bank ("FFB") notes and the National Rural Cooperative Finance Corporation's "Fast Track funding for Smith Units 9 and 10. Identify the specific projects for which the additional FFB funds will be used.

<u>Response 43a.</u> The additional FFB funds will be primarily used to reimburse general funds for the construction of the Spurlock #1 & Spurlock #2 Scrubbers.

Request 43b.Provide a supplement to page 2 of 2 at Tab 55 which includes EastKentucky's forecasted equity levels at the end of the base period and the end of theforecasted period.

Response 43b. The forecasted equity level at the end of the base period is predicted to be \$185,184,000, and at the end of the forecasted period is predicted to be

PSC Request 43 Page 2 of 2

\$246,465,000. The ratio of equity to total assets for each of these periods is 6.56% and 7.77%, respectively.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 44RESPONSIBLE PERSON:COMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 44. Refer to the Steam Service section on page 6 of 6 at Tab 58 in Volume 5 of East Kentucky's application. Applying the rates to the billing units for both the demand charge and energy charge do not produce the dollar amounts shown in the column headed <u>Current \$</u>. Provide clarification as to the calculations or a revised Steam Service section based on the correct calculations.

Response 44. Please see page 2 of this response, which shows the actual calculations for the Steam invoice for the base year. There is a Steam Adjustment Factor applied each month. According to the contract, "Steam demand and steam energy and FAC rates have been developed upon the basis of a standard measure of unit efficiency. This standard measure of unit efficiency is a heat rate (Btu/kWh) of 10,250. However, unit efficiency is a dynamic process in that it is constantly changing due to several variables. Thusly, an adjustment for this change in unit efficiency is required to properly measure the steam energy and steam demand and FAC. Steam demand and steam energy and FAC will be adjusted monthly on a moving twelve-month weighted average of the heat rate of Spurlock Unit No. 2 by the standard heat rate of 10,250."

s Summary tor Stear	Revenue Summary for Steam Service - Base Year - Including Steam Adjustment Factor	- Including Steam	Adjustment Factor			······································							
Billing Determinants	Feb-08 Actual	Mar-08 Actual	Apr-08 Actual	May-08 Actual	Jun-08 Actual	Jul-08 Actual	Aug-08 Actual	Sep-08 Budget	Oct-08 Budget	Nov-08 Budget	Dec-08 Budget	Jan-09 Budget	Total Base Yr
Steam Service Steam Adi Factor MMBTU Dmd S MMRTU Dmd S	600.49 0.975 379 184,944	500.49 0.973 364.8 177,549	500.49 0.974 324.3 158.089	500.49 500.49 0.974 315.3 153,702	500.49 0.975 303.2 147,955	500.49 0.978 303 148,410	500.49 500.49 0.977 304 148.638	500.49 0.973 390 189.960	500.49 0.973 390 189,960	500.49 0.973 390 189,950	500.49 0.973 390 189,960	500.49 0.974 324 158,089	0.97433333 4,179 2.037,376
MMBTU Energy S MMBTU Energy S	3.577 3.577 2.25610.6 786,834	3.577 227666.1 792.374	3.577 197812.3 689,178	3.577 202730.3 706.312	3.577 183307.3 639,298	3.577 3.577 178,470 624,342	3.577 3.577 186,906 653,184	3.577 173.243 602.959	3.577 190.172 661.879	3.577 192.726 670.768	3.577 211,393 735,737	3.577 2.16.134 753.010	2,386,170 8,315,874
	171131	138544	200215 62639	180264 58256	102178 54344	238,409 63,703	121,576 60,487	45,007 73,453	76,058 217,485	5,490	52,028 46,299	347,352 120,688	1,678,252 962,508
Total Steam S	1,214,797	1,179,072	1,110,121	1,098,534	943,775	1,074,864	983,946	911,379	1,145,382	928,978	1,024,024	1,379,139	12,994,010

PSC Request 44 Page 2 of 2

ł

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 45RESPONSIBLE PERSON:David G. EamesCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 45. Refer to the response to Item 2 of Staff's First Request. Identify and describe the shorter-term budget changes which East Kentucky expects to adopt permanently "[f]or 2010 and beyond."

Response 45. As indicated in the Direct Testimony of Robert M. Marshall in Case No 2008-00409, East Kentucky has adopted permanently the following cost containment initiatives: reduction in the defined benefit plan level, increase in employee medical plan contributions, improvements in the competitive bidding process, materials standardization, and improvements in power plant efficiencies. Please also note that salary increases were eliminated in 2007. The effects of many of these initiatives will be felt in 2010 and beyond.

,

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 46RESPONSIBLE PERSON:COMPANY:Gary T. CrawfordEast Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 46. Refer to Attachment 1 of the response to Item 12 of Staffs First Request, which is East Kentucky's three-year construction work plan for the period 2007-2009. The forecasted test year, as well as some of the construction activity included in the forecasted test year, includes the first five months of 2010. Is there a work plan or similar East Kentucky document for 2010? If yes, provide it.

Response 46. Yes. The 2008-2010 Three-Year Construction Work Plan is provided on the enclosed CD.

~

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 47RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Ricky L. DruryCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 47. Refer to Attachment 2 of the response to Item 12 of Staffs First Request, which includes the 10-year construction schedules (2008-2018) for East Kentucky's planned transmission projects. Provide schedules showing separately (1) the budgeted cost to be incurred in the proposed forecasted test year for each project with an in- service date that falls within the forecasted test year and (2) the budgeted cost to be incurred in the proposed forecasted test year and in-service date that is after the end of the forecasted test year.

Response 47. Information provided on pages 2 through 7.

BUDGETED COST FOR 2009 WITH IN-SERVICE DATES (TEST YEAR 6/1/2009 THRU 5/31/2010)

Budgeted Cost for Proposed Test Year with a Service Date that falls within forecasted Test Year

	TOTAL COST OF PROJECT	IN-SERVICE DATE	CAPITAL BUDGET COST FOR 2009 0	COMMENTS
	\$850,000	5/1/2010	SOL	When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2000, who protoco and S0 the Work Plan.
Alcali #2 out upgrave	\$80,000	5/1/2010	\$80,000	
	\$273,000	5/1/2009	\$273,000	
Barren Co. I erminai racintes	\$1,551,000	6/1/2009	\$1,551,000	
bekaen #3 Suo a rap Boomma 60-13 2 kV Distr Sub & Tap	\$2,244,000	12/1/2009	\$677,978	
	8773,979	5/1/2009	\$0	When 2009 Budget was prepared in 6/2008, this project was scheduled to 50 be completed by the end of 2008. Budgeted in 2008.
BONDS MILL JULY - LIEN JULY INSCRIPTION				When 2009 Budget was prepard in 6/2008, this project was scheduled for
Bonnieville 138-69kV Upgrade	\$1,250,000	5/1/2009	S209,160 5/2010. When th	5/2010. When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2008, this project was not in
Doomoodilla Terminal Lingrade	Cost Not Avail.	6/1/2009	so	S0 the Work Plan.
	\$719.000	4/2/2009	S700,500	
Brooks Sub Upgrade	\$1.510.500	5/1/2009	<u>S0</u>	This project was scheduled for 5/1/2010 when the 2009 Budget was S0 prepared.
Burkesville - Snow Jct. Reconductor	\$1 350 000	6/1/2009	\$1,350,000	
Cedar Grove Ind. Park #2 Sub & Tap	000,000,15			
Central Hardin 138-69 kV 150 MVA Sub & Tap	\$3,573,000	12/1/2009	<u>53,451,767</u>	
	\$836,04 <u>2</u>	4/1/2009	so	When 2009 Budget was prepared in 6/2008, this protect was scheduled to s0 be completed by the end of 2008. Budgeted in 2008.
	\$140,000	5/1/2010		When the 2009 budget was prepared in durit, Eddy and France, So the Work Plan.
	S341,000	5/1/2009	\$132,507	
EK Munfordwille 1ap- KU MUnitordville 1ap recommende				

BUDGETED COST FOR 2009 WITH IN-SERVICE DATES (TEST YEAR 6/1/2009 THRU 5/31/2010)

Budgeted Cost for Proposed Test Year with a Service Date that falls within forecasted Test Year

			CAPITAL BUDGET	
	TOTAL COST OF PROJECT	IN-SERVICE DATE	2009 FUK	COMMENTS
ertions to West Garrard	\$3,026,000	12/1/2009	\$3,026,000	
FON BROWN North 345kV Terminal Facilities	\$2,000,000	12/1/2009	\$2,000,000	ni inn sew hierden 1000 and a berefer an the second s
on Sub.	Cost Not Avail.	12/1/2009	SO	When the 2009 budget was prepared in June, 2000, will project was not in 50 (the Work Plan.
EON Pinewille 345 kV Terminal Facilities	\$2,000,000	12/1/2009	\$2,000,000	
	\$2.694.000	4/1/2009	SO	When 2009 Budget was prepared in 6/2008, this project was scheduled to S0 be completed by the end of 2008.
	S50,000	5/1/2009	\$50,000	
rawnes room urawn oor oor oor oor oor family and the control of th	S165,000	5/1/2010	\$5,823	
Calhert #3 & Souriers #4 Soares 345-20kV, 405 MVA Transformers	S4,100,000	10/1/2009	SO	S0 Budgeted in 2008.
ollocit ro a operator i operator Clocator - Hodreowille I ine I Indrade	\$185,000	6/1/2009	\$185,000	of how a contract with monor and in
	S598.000	12/1/2009	so	When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2000, this protect was not in S0 Ithe Work Plan.
Gregory Road Ulsu: Jou & Let Underverse - Millershirrs I ine I brurade	\$102,000		SO	When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2008, this project was not in S0 the Work Plan.
Ineauqualities - Winersoung - Aric - Parce - P	\$203,000	12/1/2009	\$203,000	
Treauquarters vory vap. cann v. L. www.	\$402,000	6/1/2009	\$0	When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2008, this project was not in S0 (the Work Plan.
Herediawa mayomi oo aho oo garaa	\$1,310,000	5/1/2010	\$0	When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2008, this protect was not in S0 the Work Plan.
Hunt Farm Jct Perryville Line Upgrade	\$103,000	6/1/2009	\$0	When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2000, uns protect was not in S0 the Work Plan.
J. K. Smith - W. Garrard 345 kV Trans. Line	\$41,750,000	12/1/2009	\$25,393,114	
J.K. Smith - Install 2nd 345 - 138 kV Transformer	\$4,400,000	3/1/2009	\$4,399,956	

Page 3 of 7

BUDGETED COST FOR 2009 WITH IN-SERVICE DATES (TEST YEAR 6/1/2009 THRU 5/31/2010)

......

Budgeted Cost for Proposed Test Year with a Service Date that falls within forecasted Test Year

	TOTAL COST	IN-SERVICE	CAPITAL BUDGET COST FOR	
PROJECT NAME	OF PROJECT	DATE	2009	COMMENTS
Jabez 161-25 kV Distr. Sub & Tap	\$1,608,000	12/1/2009	\$1,527,000	
Keith #2 Distr. Sub & Tap	\$172,000	10/1/2009	\$172,000	
Liberty KU Tap - Peyton's Store Line Upgrade	\$243,000	5/1/2010	\$8,575	
McCreary County 161kV Box Add.	So	6/1/2009	\$0	\$0 This project is to be reimbursed by TVA.
Millersburg Jct Sideview Line Upgrade	\$258,000	5/1/2010	\$0	When the 2009 Budget was prepared in Julie, 2000, this protect was not in S0 the Work Plan.
Moransburg Distr. Sub & Tap	\$1,387,000	2/1/2010	\$1,383,000	
North London - Tyner Rebuild	S6,539,000	12/1/2009	\$5,064,000	\$5,064,000 This project was scheduled for 12/1/2008 in the 2008 Budget.
Purchase a 345-138kV. 450 spare Transfomer	\$4,000,000	3/1/2009	80	S0 Transformer has been purchased, but not delivered. Budgeted in 2008.
Resize Bill Wells Cap. Bank	\$1,500	5/1/2009	so	S0 These projects are in orperational budgets.
Resize Booneville Cap. Bank	\$44,800	5/1/2009		\$0 These projects are in orberational budgets.
Resize 3 M Cap. Bank	\$1,500	7/2/2009	S0	S0 These projects are in orperational budgets.
Resize Albany Cap Bank	\$1,500	7/2/2009		S0 These projects are in orperational budgets.
Resize Cynthiana Cap. Bank	\$1,500	7/2/2009	S0	S0 These projects are in orperational budgets.
Resize Frenchburg Cap. Bank	\$1,900	5/1/2009	20	\$0 These projects are in orperational budgets.
Resize Greebriar Cap. Bank	\$1,500	7/2/2009		\$0 These projects are in orperational budgets.
Resize H.T. Adams Cap. Bank	\$1,500	7/2/2009		S0 These projects are in orperational budgets.
Resize index Cap. Bank	\$1,500	5/1/2009		S0 These projects are in orberational budgets.

Page 4 of 7

BUDGETED COST FOR 2009 WITH IN-SERVICE DATES (TEST YEAR 6/1/2009 THRU 5/31/2010)

Budgeted Cost for Proposed Test Year with a Service Date that falls within forecasted Test Year

	COMMENTS	\$0 These projects are in orperational budgets.					So Scheduled for 12/1/08 and was budgeted in 2008.	When the 2009 bouget red program is the Work Plan.					
	COST FOR 2009	\$0	\$1,607,500	so	\$20,000	\$132,000			\$266,000	\$370,000	\$5,896,000		
	IN-SERVICE DATE	5/1/2009	12/1/2009	5/1/2009	5/1/2010	6/1/2009			5/1/2009	5/1/2010	12/1/2009		
	TOTAL COST OF PROJECT	\$1,900	\$1 661 000	S119.000	\$20,000	S132.000	\$310,000	\$44,000	\$266,000	\$3,535,000	\$6,500,000		
			Resize Sinai Cap. Bank	Richwood 138-12.5 kV Distr. Sub & Tap	Smith CT 345 Sw. St. #2 Transformer & #9 & #10 Line Contrections	Smithersville Tap Line Upgrade	Spurlock - Kenton Line Upgrade	Stanley Parker 138kV Breaker Add.	Temple Hill - Patton Road Line Upgraue	Temple Hill 69kV Cap. Bank 20.41 WYYYY	Tyner - McKee Rebuild	West Garrard 345 kV Switching Substantia	

Page 5 of 7

BUDGETED COST FOR 2010 WITH IN-SERVICE DATES (TEST YEAR 6/1/2009 THRU 5/31/2010) Budgeted Cost to be incurred in the Proposed Forecasted Test Year with an In-Service Date that is after the end of the Forecasted Test Year.

		-	CAPITAL	
			BUDGET	
	TOTAL COST	IN-SERVICE	COST FOR	
	OF PROJECT	DATE	2010	COMMENTS
				When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2006, this project was induiting work
Almonth Provide	\$850,000	5/1/2010	SO	Plan
Alcali #2 out upylade	\$218,000	5/1/2011	\$16,013	
Baker Lane - nulloway vol. housinger	S80.000	5/1/2010	\$80,000	
Ballitown Tap Line Upgraue	S3.701.000	12/1/2011	\$867,945	
Belleview 09-12.0 KV 11.2/14 MVO 300. 0 100 June 20	\$3,735,000	1/2/2011	\$2,678,555	Mark
DIG CLEEK - COUSE LOCK IT BILS, CHICK SOL			Ċ	
Bonnieville 138-69 kV Breaker Upgrade	\$96,000	12/1/2010	20	Mithon the 2000 Budget was prepared in June. 2008. this project was not in the Work
	000 000	01000112	09	
Bronston Tap Line Upgrade	282,000	0102/1/9	00	When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2008, this project was not in the Work
	S140.000	5/1/2010	SO	S0 Plan
Coburg Jct Ganin Tap Line Upgraue	S1.200.000	11/1/2010	\$1,200,000	Morth of the source and the source of the Morth
IDale #3 050 Iransi. Kepi.				When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2008, this project was not in the work
Lroc Office - Treebaven Tan Line Undrade	\$5,952	5/1/2010	SO	Pian
Erro Once - monthly of Springfield Line Upgrade	S165,000	5/1/2010	\$5,823	we are soon budged use prepared in lune 2008 this project was not in the Work
			US	When the zous budget was prepared in sure; beed, when refer
Hebron 138-69 kV Sub & Trans. Line	53,473,000	11/2/1/21	00	Deviced on Hold
Helchawa Breaker Add. & Line Connections	Cost Not Avail.	1107/1/9	0.0	When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2008, this project was not in the Work
	61 210 000	5/1/2010	so	
Horse Cave Tap - EK Muntordville Reconductor				When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2008, this project was not in the Work
to the second sty Switching Sta	S1.076,629	12/1/2011	\$0	
HURI 3 Breaker og KV Switching Sta.				When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2008, this project was not in use work
Index for 60 kV Sty Station	S1,076,629	+-		S0 Plan
1 K Smith 69-13.8 kV 11.2/14 MVA Sta. & Tap	S640,000	6/1/2010	S435,231	with the property of the Work
		11001101		When the 2009 budge was prepared in June, 2000, and project the construction of the project to the project of t
Keith Sub to EON's Owenton Sub.	\$1,002,000		2 82	
Liberty KU Tap - Peyton's Store Line Upgrade	5243,000			When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2008, this project was not in the Work
A set tet Sidowawi ine I horrade	S258,000	5/1/2010	so	
				When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2008, this project was not in use work
Mitton - Redford Line Upgrade	S174,000			50 Plan
Moransburg Distr. Sub & Tap	S1,387,000	2/1/2010		Unginally scheduled for zous, wright the zous bugger was property in the Work
	000 0803	0100/1/04		when the 2009 budget was prepared in June, 2004, the prepared in 2018.
Murphysville Cap. Bank 28.06 MVAR	000,0026			When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2008, this protect was not in the Work
and the line forced	S198.000	5/1/2010	sol	Plan
N. Springtield - S. Springtield Jct. Lite Upgrade				When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2008, this project was not in the work
Radicijit ict - Radicijit Line Upgrade	\$16,600	5/1/2010	SO	Diplan 2008 District was accorded in time 2008 this project was not in the Work
	C27 000	5/1/2010		When the zous bunget was prepared in bunc, adds, where we are set of the zous bunch was prepared in bunc, adds, and the zous bunch was prepared in bunch was set of the zous s
Russell Springs Tap Line Upgrade	200,000		0005	
Smithersville Tap Line Upgrade	000'07\$			

Page 6 of 7

BUDGETED COST FOR 2010 WITH IN-SERVICE DATES (TEST YEAR 6/1/2009 THRU 5/31/2010) Budgeted Cost to be incurred in the Proposed Forecasted Test Year with an In-Service Date that is after the end of the Forecasted Test Year.

			CAPITAL	
			BUDGET	
	TOTAL COST	IN-SERVICE	COST FOR	
PRO.IFCT NAME	OF PROJECT	DATE		COMMENTS
				When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2008, this project was not in the Work
Tham Tap Line Upgrade	\$2,000	5/1/2010	\$0	\$0 Plan
Thelma Sw. Sta. Breaker Addition	\$2,798,000	12/1/2010	\$1,037,646	
				When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2008, this protect was not in the Work
Treehaven Tap - Van Meter Line Upgrade	S46,000	5/1/2010	\$0	S0 Plan
Turkey Foot Jct. Sw. Station & Line Connections	\$1,492,000	5/2/2011	\$460,634	
Tvnar - McKee Rebuild	\$3,535,000	5/1/2010	\$2,161,356	
				When the 2009 Budget was prepared in June, 2008, this project was not in the Work
Vine Grove - Radcliff Jct. Line Upgrade	\$43,800	5/1/2010	\$0	S0 Pian
Wehster Road Distr Sub & Tap (Kenton Co. Sub. & Line)	S4,354,000	5/1/2011	S2,013,360	

PSC Request 48 Page 1 of 2

EAST KENTUCKY POWER COOPERATIVE, INC. PSC CASE NO. 2008-00409 SECOND DATA REQUEST RESPONSE

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 48RESPONSIBLE PERSON:COMPANY:Gary T. CrawfordEast Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 48.Refer to the response to Item 13 of Staffs First Request, whichindicates that East Kentucky's 10-year "slippage factor" on capital construction projectsfor the period 1998-2007 was 88.3 percent and that it experienced a slippage factor below100 percent in 8 of those 10 years.

Request 48a. The amounts in East Kentucky's annual construction budgets are substantially larger in the last seven years than in the first three years shown in the response. Describe, generally, the factors, events, reasons, etc. which had the greatest impacts during the period 2001-2007 on East Kentucky's actual annual construction costs being less than the amounts budgeted in 6 of the 7 years.

Response 48a. The principal reason for the actual amounts being less than the budgeted amounts is due to scheduling. A project slips if the necessary permitting to begin construction is not obtained in accordance with the original schedule. Also, EKPC delayed certain capital projects that did not impact immediate transmission reliability or generation availability due to EKPC's financial condition.

Request 48b. Part c. of the response states that East Kentucky did not recognize a slippage factor in determining the capital additions reflected in its base period and forecasted test period. The Commission has consistently applied a slippage factor in all litigated rate cases based on a forecasted test year since the enactment of KRS 278.192 allowed utilities to use a forecasted test period.² Explain why East Kentucky chose not to recognize a slippage factor in developing its forecasted test year general rate application.

Response 48b. By the end of the forecasted test period, EKPC will have completed the construction of three major projects – Spurlock Unit #4 CFB, Spurlock #2 Scrubber, and Spurlock #1 Scrubber. Because these projects have been or will be completed by then, EKPC does not anticipate any material slippage on its major construction projects during the base and forecasted test periods. The primary purpose of this rate case proceeding is to recover costs related to Spurlock's Unit 4 and EKPC is confident that the costs projected for Spurlock Unit 4 and the timing of those costs are on target. EKPC expects to complete all of its currently scheduled construction projects without any slippage.

² Case No. 1992-00452, Notice of the Adjustment of Rates of Kentucky-American Water Company, Order dated November 22, 1994; Case No. 1995-00554, Application of Kentucky-American Water Company to Increase its Rates, Order dated September 11, 1996; Case No. 1997-00034; Application of Kentucky-American Water Company to Increase its Rates, Order dated September 30, 1997; and Case No. 2005-00042, The Adjustment of the Gas Rates of The Union, Light, Heat and Power Company, Order dated December 22,2005.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 49RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Frank J. OlivaCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 49. Refer to the response to Item 27 of Staffs First Request. Describe the nature of the reclassifications identified in the asterisk for three of the scheduled loan advances.

Response 49.The reclassifications are a routine approval process by RUS.EKPC has submitted requests to use unutilized loan funds to reimburse general funds for
projects not included in a current loan. These dollar amounts represent the dollars
remaining in the transmission portions of these three loans and the reclassifications allow
RUS to more effectively allocate their loan funds.

ł.

PSC Request 50 Page 1 of 1

EAST KENTUCKY POWER COOPERATIVE, INC. PSC CASE NO. 2008-00409 SECOND DATA REQUEST RESPONSE

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 50RESPONSIBLE PERSON:COMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 50.Refer to line 17 on page 13 of the response to Item 29 b. of StaffsFirst Request. From 2005 to the proposed base period, East Kentucky's expense forMaintenance of Boiler Plant increased 35 percent, from \$21,844,674 to \$31,975,457.Describe thoroughly the reasons this expense increased by this magnitude.

Response 50. The main reason for this increase is the 2008 Spurlock 2 overhaul which was in excess of \$9 million.

PSC Request 51 Page 1 of 2

EAST KENTUCKY POWER COOPERATIVE, INC. PSC CASE NO. 2008-00409 SECOND DATA REQUEST RESPONSE

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 51RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Robert M. MarshallCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 51. Refer to the response to Item 34 of Staffs First Request

<u>Request 51a.</u> Provide a thorough description of how the 5 percent and 3 percent budgeted merit salary/wage increases for 2009 and 2010, respectively, were developed.

Response 51a. For 2009 EKPC assembled a budget in June of 2008. The 5.0 merit increase was forecasted from a 12 month CPI-U of 4.10%. The 3% for 2010 is an estimate based on the economic downturn. The CPI-U for October 07 through October 08 is 3.7.

<u>Request 51b</u>. Based on its normal practices, provide the approximate time of year when the increases will go into effect in 2009 and 2010.

Response 51b. Merit increases are granted for the last pay period in October based on an employee's annual performance evaluation.

Request 51c. State the dollar amount of expense included in the forecasted test year for the budgeted 2009 and 2010 wage/salary increases. Provide references to documents, schedules, etc. in the application from which this amount can be determined.

<u>Response 51c.</u> Budgeted wage increases for the test period total \$828,070. This amount is not specifically identified in the Application.

Request 51d. Given its present financial condition, explain why East Kentucky's management opted to budget these percentage increases for 2009 and 2010.

Response 51d. During the budgeting process in June 2008 EKPC planned for allocating merit increases based on employee performance. Once again many factors are explored before an actual merit amount is determined. However, compensation planning is necessary to retain employees that possess the essential knowledge for continued operation.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 52RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Robert M. MarshallCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 52. Refer to the response to Item 37 of Staffs First Request. Identify the specific amendments in Policy No 505, Insurance Benefits, which have been made since the test year in East Kentucky's 2006 rate case.

Response 52. Amended 10-03-06: The Retirement and Security (RS) defined benefit program was eliminated for employees hired on or after 01-01-07; and a new enhanced 401k plan became available for all employees hired on or after 01-01-07. The Supplemental Death Plan, which only pertains to the RS benefit, only applies to employees hired prior to 01-01-07. Employees hired on or after 01-01-07 must have 20 years of service to receive the 50% discount on retiree medical premiums and the coverage is only available to age 65.

Amended 09-11-07: The term "regular" employee was changed to "full-time" employee. The 401k plan language was moved to the second page of the amendment. The retired life insurance benefit was changed to be consistent with the retired medical plan regarding the years of service requirement for the 50% discount. Executive positions eligible for the \$100,000 business travel benefit were clarified. **Amended 11-13-07**: The RS defined benefit program, which is only available to employees hired prior to 01-01-07, was changed from a 2.0 COLA benefit to a 1.8 non-COLA benefit effective 01-01-08.

Amended 12-10-08: Employees hired on or after 01-01-09 who worked at an NRECA participating cooperative or employer that participates in the RS plan immediately preceding their employment at EKPC will be allowed to participate in the EKPC RS plan and corresponding 401k 2% matching plan.

PSC Request 53 Page 1 of 1

EAST KENTUCKY POWER COOPERATIVE, INC. PSC CASE NO. 2008-00409 SECOND DATA REQUEST RESPONSE

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 53RESPONSIBLE PERSON:COMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 53. Refer to the response to Item 47.b. of Staffs First Request, which shows that, for the 12 months ended September 30, 2008, the amount recorded by East Kentucky in Account 930, Miscellaneous General Expenses, was \$3.8 million, and that, of that amount, \$1.66 million was categorized as <u>miscellaneous</u>, meaning it did not fall within one of the seven specific categories of expenses included in the response. For the forecasted test year, provide the total expense amount that would be included in Account 930 and the portion of that total that would be categorized as <u>miscellaneous</u>.

Response 53. For the forecasted test year, the total expense amount that would be included in account 930 and categorized as miscellaneous totals \$2,633,859.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 54RESPONSIBLE PERSON:COMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 54. Refer to the response to Item 47.c. of Staff's First Request. Provide the schedule on page 2 of 2 of the response in at least a 10-point font.

Response 54. The requested schedule is included on the attached CD.

COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND DATA REQUEST DATED 12/16/08REQUEST 55RESPONSIBLE PERSON:Ann F. WoodCOMPANY:East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.

Request 55. Refer to East Kentucky's response to Item 53 of Staffs First Request. East Kentucky did not provide a response to part d. of this question. Provide the requested information.

Response 55. The response to 53d of the Commission Staff's First Request was inadvertently omitted. Please find the question and corresponding responses below.

<u>Request 53d.</u> (1) Provide the date that East Kentucky adopted SFAS 158.

(2) Provide the effect on the financial statements.

(3) Confirm whether the base period or forecast period includes any impact of the implementation.

Response 53d. (1) East Kentucky adopted SFAS 158 in 2007.

(2) The 2007 effect of implementing SFAS 158 was an increase in other comprehensive income of \$12,136,000, and a corresponding decrease in accrued postretirement benefit cost. This adoption is discussed in the footnotes to the audited financial statements provided in Volume 5, Tab 39 of the Application.

PSC Request 55 Page 2 of 2

(3) Neither the base period nor forecast period includes any impact of the implementation.