BELLSOUTH® / CLEC Agreement

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By and Between

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.

And

Xspedius, LLC

AGREEMENT

This Agreement, which shall become effective December 30, 2002, is entered into by and between Xspedius, LLC ("Xspedius"), a Delaware corporation on behalf of itself, and BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc., ("BellSouth"), a Georgia corporation, having an office at 675 W. Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Georgia, 30375, on behalf of itself and its successors and assigns.

WHEREAS, the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (the "Act") was signed into law on February 8, 1996; and

WHEREAS, section 252(i) of the Act requires BellSouth to make available any interconnection, service, or network element provided under an agreement approved by the appropriate state regulatory body to any other requesting telecommunications carrier upon the same terms and conditions as those provided in the agreement; and

WHEREAS, Xspedius has requested that BellSouth make available the interconnection agreement, with the exception of Attachment 3 "Local Interconnection", executed between BellSouth and NuVox Communications, Inc. dated June 30, 2000 for the state(s) of Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee (hereinafter "NuVox Interconnection Agreement"); and the Local Interconnection Attachment from the interconnection agreements between BellSouth and MCI WorldCom Communications, Inc. dated June 17, 2002 for Alabama, dated September 12, 2001 for Florida, dated November 12, 2001 for Georgia, dated July 29, 2002 for Kentucky, dated June 17, 2002 for Louisiana, dated May 7, 2002 for Mississippi, dated November 5, 2001 for North Carolina, dated July 30, 2002 for South Carolina and dated June 17, 2002 for Tennessee (hereinafter collectively "MCI Local Interconnection Attachments").

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the promises and mutual covenants of this Agreement, Xspedius and BellSouth hereby agree as follows:

1. Xspedius and BellSouth shall adopt with the exceptions noted in items 2 through 5 the NuVox Interconnection Agreement dated June 30, 2000 and any and all amendments to said agreement executed and approved by the appropriate state regulatory commission as of the date of the execution of this Agreement. The NuVox Interconnection Agreement and all amendments are attached hereto as Exhibit 1 and incorporated herein by this reference. The adoption of the Nuvox Interconnection Agreement with amendment(s) consists of the following:

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4-Wire DS1 Amendment dated 11/13/2000	3
TriVergent Notice Change Amendment dated 8/6/2001	2
TriVergent LMU Amendment dated 9/20/2001	16
TriVergent Name Change to NuVox Amendment dated	1
6/30/2000	
FL 8XX Rate Amendment dated 6/28/2002	2
FL, KY, LA, MS, SC & TN Rate Amendment dated	255
6/28/2002	
SL1 Amendment dated 6/5/2002	13
NC Rate Amendment dated 9/8/2002	44
TOTAL	840

- 2. Attachment 3 "Local Interconnection" is replaced in its entirety with the state specific MCI Local Interconnection Attachments attached hereto as Exhibit 2 and incorporated herein by reference.
- 3. The Local Interconnection rates found in the MCI Local Interconnection Attachments, Attachment 1 Table 1 "Rates" are deleted and replaced with those in Exhibit 3, attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference.
- 4. This Agreement, including all exhibits will terminate in accordance with the terms and conditions in the NuVox Agreement.
- 5. The ODUF/EDOUF/ADUF/CMDS Rates found in Exhibit A "Rates" to Attachment 7 "Billing and Billing Accuracy Certification" of the Nuvox Interconnection Agreement are hereby deleted and are replaced by Exhibit 4, attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference.
- 6. In the event that Xspedius consists of two (2) or more separate entities as set forth in the preamble to this Agreement, all such entities shall be jointly and severally liable for the obligations of Xspedius under this Agreement.
- 7. The term of this Agreement shall be from the Effective Date as set forth above and shall expire as set forth in section 2.1 of the General Terms and Conditions of

NuVox Interconnection Agreement. For the purposes of determining the expiration date of this Agreement pursuant to section 2.1 of the General Terms and Conditions of the NuVox Interconnection Agreement, the effective date shall be June 30, 2000.

8. Every notice, consent, approval, or other communications required or contemplated by this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be delivered in person or given by postage prepaid mail, address to:

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.

BellSouth Local Contract Manager 600 North 19th Street, 8th floor Birmingham, Alabama 35203

and

ICS Attorney Suite 4300 675 W. Peachtree St. Atlanta, GA 30375

Xspedius, LLC

James C. Falvey, Esq. Senior Vice President, Regulatory Affairs Xspedius Management Co., LLC 7125 Columbia Gateway Drive Columbia, MD 21046

and

Lawrence Beilenson, Esq. General Counsel Xspedius Management Co., LLC 5555 Winghaven Blvd., Suite 300 O'Fallon, MO 63366

Where specifically required, notices shall be by certified or registered mail. Unless otherwise provided in this Agreement, notice by mail shall be effective on the date it is officially recorded as delivered by return receipt or equivalent, and in the absence of such record of delivery, it shall be presumed to have been delivered the fifth day, or next business day after the fifth day, after it was deposited in the mails.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Agreement through their authorized representatives.

Xspedius, LLC

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.

Original On File Signature Chief Executive Officer

Mark W. Senda_ Name

Dec 23, 2002

Date

Original On File Signature Assistant Director

Elizabeth R. A. Shiroishi Name

1/2/2003

Date

EXHIBIT 1

INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT

BETWEEN

NUVOX COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

AND

BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC.

AND ALL AMENDMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 30, 2002

ATTACHMENT 4

INTERCONNECTION

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INTERCONNECTION

Section 1. Network Interconnection Methods.

1.1 The Parties shall provide interconnection with each other's networks for the transmission and routing of telephone exchange service (local) and exchange access (intraLATA toll and switched access). The Parties shall work cooperatively to install and maintain efficient and reliable Interconnection arrangements. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall provide Interconnection to MCIm, at any technically feasible point, at least equal in quality to that provided by BellSouth to itself or to any subsidiary, Affiliate, or any other third party to which BellSouth provides Interconnection. The parties shall provide Interconnection at the rates contained in Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

1.2 BellSouth shall provide Interconnection at any Technically Feasible point, including, but not limited to, a Fiber Meet, at one or more locations in each LATA in which MCIm originates local, intraLATA toll or Meet Point Switched Access traffic and interconnects with BellSouth. MCIm may designate a Point of Interconnection at any Technically Feasible point including but not limited to any electronic or manual cross-connect points, collocations, telco closets, entrance facilities, and Joint Fiber Facilities. Entrance facilities and Joint Fiber Facilities are specified in subsection 1.5, below.

1.3 MCIm will designate the Point or Points of Interconnection and determine the method or methods by which the Parties interconnect in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

1.3.1 If MCIm determines to establish new or change existing Points of Interconnecion with BellSouth, it will provide written notice of the need to establish or change such Interconnection to BellSouth. The time necessary to implement the arrangement shall be negotiated by the Parties, based on the arrangement requested and availability of facilities.

1.3.2 The Parties shall determine the appropriate sizing for Interconnection facilities based on mutual forecasts as set forth in Section 5 of this Attachment. 1.4 MCIm must establish, at a minimum, one Point of Interconnection with BellSouth within the LATA. If MCIm chooses to interconnect at a single Point of Interconnection within a LATA, the interconnection must be at a BellSouth Access Tandem. Furthermore, for LATAs served by multiple access tandems, MCIm must establish trunks from the Point of Interconnection to the remaining BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed." It is MCIm's responsibility to enter its own NPA/NXX access tandem "homing" arrangements into the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

1.4.1 In order for MCIm to home its NPA/NXX(s) on a BellSouth tandem, MCIm's NPA/NXX(s) must be assigned within the Exchange Rate Center Areas served by that BellSouth tandem as specified by BellSouth. Any new rate centers established by either Party within a BellSouth tandem serving area must be approved by the Commission and defined in the Business Rating Interface Database System ("BRIDS") and the Local Exchange Routing Guide ("LERG"). The specified association between BellSouth tandems and Exchange Rate Center Areas will be defined in the LERG.

1.4.2 BellSouth will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. MCIm will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. The Point of Interconnection also serves as the point for determining compensation for call transport and termination. The Point of Interconnection has, including, but not limited to, the following main characteristics:

- 1. It is a point to allow connection, disconnection, transfer or restoration of service.
- 2. It is a point where BellSouth and MCIm can verify and maintain specific performance objectives.
- 3. It is specified according to the interfaces specified in this Agreement
- 4. The Parties provide their own equipment to interface with the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1 and/or OCn circuits.

1.4.3 The Parties shall comply with the environmental hazard provisions of Attachments 5 and 6 of this Agreement.

1.4.4 BellSouth shall respond as to the availability of the location and method of Interconnection selected by MCIm and as described in this Agreement, and the Parties shall schedule whatever meetings are required to establish a project plan and use best efforts to complete the Interconnection arrangement by the desired Interconnection Activation Date.

1.5 Each Party may purchase interconnection facilities (e.g., local channeldedicated and/or interoffice transport-dedicated, etc.) from the other or from a third Party for the delivery of its originated traffic to the established Point of Interconnection between the Parties. Such facilities, if purchased by one Party from the other, will be billed in accordance with Attachment 1 of this Agreement and are not part of the call transport and termination facilities for which reciprocal compensation is owed to the Party leasing the facility to the other. For the purposes of this Attachment, local channel-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between a point designated by the purchasing Party and the other Party's wire center that serves the designated point ("Serving Wire Center"). For the purposes of this Attachment, interoffice transport-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between wire centers designated by the purchasing Party.

1.6 Joint Fiber Facilities.

1.6.1 Joint Optical Interconnection

1.6.1.1 Upon mutual agreement by both Parties, the Parties may interconnect using a Joint Optical Interconnection. If the Parties interconnect pursuant to a Joint Optical Interconnection (JOI) arrangement, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.1.2 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.1.3 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.1.4 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center").

1.6.1.5 MCIm shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way located outside the BIWC and BellSouth shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of Optical Fire Resistance ("OFR") cable to reach the Fiber Optical Terminal ("FOT") equipment in the BIWC. MCIm shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. BellSouth shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside the BIWC in the FOT equipment at BellSouth's expense.

1.6.1.6 BellSouth shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way outside MCIm's Wire Center and MCIm shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable BellSouth to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of OFR cable to reach the FOT equipment at MCIm's Wire Center. BellSouth shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. MCIm shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside MCIm's Wire Center in the FOT equipment at MCIm's expense.

1.6.1.7 The Parties shall use the Joint Fiber Facility for delivery of traffic, including Local, transit and intraLATA, between the Parties. Provided, however, special access traffic shall not be routed over the Joint Fiber Facility.

1.6.1.8 Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 2.1.1.4, neither Party shall charge the other for the use of the JOI facility for the transmission of traffic to the other Party's location. However, appropriate call transport and termination charges and switched access charges, associated with the rest of either Party's network, for Local Traffic and intraLATA toll traffic shall apply in accordance with this Agreement and applicable Commission-approved switched access tariffs. Nothing in this Agreement shall alter the charges assessed by either Party to a third party carrier for delivery of transit traffic. Charges for the use of the JOI for transit traffic shall be billed by MCIm to the appropriate carrier.

1.6.1.9 Each Party shall use its best efforts to ensure that fiber received from the other Party will enter the Party's Wire Center through an entrance facility separate from that from which the Party's own fiber exited.

1.6.1.10 The Parties shall work cooperatively to determine the assignment control of the fiber strands that will be used for the JOI facility.

1.6.1.11 The Parties shall cooperate with one another for the purpose of maintaining and testing the fiber-optic cable.

1.6.1.12 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.1.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.6.2 Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.1 If MCIm elects to establish a Point of Interconnection with BellSouth pursuant to a Fiber Meet, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks for the transmission and routing of traffic via a Local Channel facility. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.2.2 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.2.3 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center").

1.6.2.4 The Parties shall designate a Point of Interconnection, not within either Party's wire center, as a Fiber Meet point, and shall make all necessary preparations to receive, and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver, fiber optic facilities into the Point of Interconnection with sufficient spare length to reach the fusion splice point at the Point of Interconnection. BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install, and maintain the fusion splicing point in the Point of Interconnection. A Common Language Location Identification ("CLLI") code, which must be a building type code, will be established for each Point of Interconnection and will be noted properly on orders between the Parties.

1.6.2.5 Each Party shall deliver and maintain its fiber wholly at its own expense. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall allow MCIm access to the Fiber Meet entry point for maintenance purposes as promptly as possible.

1.6.2.6 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.2.7 Each Party will be responsible for (i) providing its own transport facilities to the Fiber Meet, and (ii) the cost to build-out its facilities to such Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.8 Neither Party shall charge the other for its portion of the Fiber Meet facility used exclusively for non-transit local traffic (i.e. the Local Channel). Charges incurred for other services including dedicated transport facilities to the Point of Interconnection, if applicable, will apply. Charges for Switched and Special Access Services shall be billed to the appropriate carrier in accordance with the applicable Commission approved switched access service tariff.

1.6.2.9 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.2.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be

activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.7 Sizing and Structure of Joint Fiber Facilities.

The capacity of Interconnection facilities provided by each Party will be based on mutual forecasts and sound engineering practice, as agreed by the Parties during planning and forecasting meetings. The Parties will determine the appropriate sizing for facilities based on these standards. The Parties shall work cooperatively to ensure the adequacy of Interconnection facilities. The Parties shall augment existing facilities when the overall capacity of those facilities is 75-85% used, or as otherwise agreed. Facilities will be augmented to ensure adequate facility capacity for at least two years of forecasted traffic. The Parties shall complete the construction of relief facilities at least two months prior to the projected exhaust date, or sooner, if facilities exhaust is imminent.

Section 2. Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.1 General.

2.1.1 The parties shall reciprocally terminate local exchange traffic and IntraLATA/InterLATA toll calls on each other's networks as follows:

2.1.1.1 The Parties will establish those trunk groups necessary to exchange local, intraLATA toll, and local and IntraLATA transit traffic (referred to in this Attachment 4 as "Local Interconnection Trunk Groups").

2.1.1.2 BellSouth and MCIm shall establish interconnecting trunk groups and trunking configurations between networks in accordance with the provisions set forth in this Agreement.

2.1.1.3 Any MCIm interconnection request that (1) deviates from the standard trunking architectures as described in this Agreement; (2) affects traffic delivered to MCIm from a BellSouth switch; and (3) requires special BellSouth switch translations and other network modifications will require MCIm to submit a Bona Fide Request/New Business Request via the Bona Fide Request/New Business Request process set forth in General Terms and Conditions.

2.1.1.4 All charges, both non-recurring and recurring, associated with interconnecting trunk groups between BellSouth and MCIm are set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. For two-way trunking that carries both Parties' traffic, including trunking that carries Transit Traffic, each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the recurring charges for transport facilities and nonrecurring charges for facility additions based on the percentage of the total traffic originated by that Party. BellSouth shall determine the applicable percentages twice per year based on the previous 6 months' minutes of use billed by each Party. Each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the nonrecurring charges for initial facilities based on the joint forecasts for circuits required by each Party. Each Party shall be responsible for ordering and paying for any facilities for two-way trunks carrying only its transit traffic. Furthermore, each Party shall be responsible for the compensation for transport facilities for two-way trunking that it orders for its traffic but utilizes unidirectionally.

2.1.1.5 BellSouth shall transit Switched Access traffic from IXCs to MCIm based on MCIm's NXX Access Tandem homing arrangement as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

2.1.1.6 Two-Way Trunking Requirements:

2.1.1.6.1 The Parties will order trunks using the access service request (ASR) process in place for Local Interconnection after the joint planning meeting takes place between BellSouth and MCIm.

2.1.1.6.2 BellSouth and MCIm agree to meet and resolve service-affecting situations in a timely manner. This contact will normally be made through the Account Team.

2.1.1.6.3 Establishing a two-way trunk group does not preclude BellSouth from adding one- way trunk groups within the same Local Calling Area, as long as such one-way trunk groups are agreed to by MCIm.

2.1.1.6.4 BellSouth will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities to its side of the Point of Interconnection, and MCIm will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities on its side of the Point of Interconnection.

2.1.2 One-way and two-way trunks. The parties shall use either oneway or two-way trunking or a combination, as specified by MCIm. The Parties shall work cooperatively to decide when to use two-way trunking on a case by case basis that is mutually beneficial to both Parties. If the Parties are unable to agree, MCIm shall make the final determination.

2.1.3 Where necessary, BellSouth shall load MCIm's NXXs in BellSouth's switches based on the information for those NXXs as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG), and BellSouth shall switch traffic as specified by the NXX tandem homing arrangement in the LERG.

2.1.4 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection Architectures.

2.1.4.1 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection provides intratandem access to subtending end offices. BellSouth Multiple Tandem Access (MTA), described later in this Agreement, may be ordered using any of the following access tandem architectures.

2.1.4.2. Basic Architecture.

2.1.4.2.1 In this architecture, MCIm's originating Local and IntraLATA Toll and originating and terminating Transit Traffic is transported on a single two-way trunk group between MCIm and BellSouth access tandem(s) within a LATA. This group carries intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers . This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. BellSouth originated Local and IntraLATA Toll traffic is transported on a single one-way trunk group terminating to MCIm. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.1.4.3 Supergroup Architecture.

2.1.4.3.1 In the Supergroup Architecture, the Parties Local, IntraLATA Toll and MCIm's Transit Traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) is exchanged on a single two-way trunk group (also known as a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group) between MCIm and BellSouth. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic, all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.2 Local Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.2.1 <u>LATA Wide Termination</u>. MCIm may elect LATA Wide Termination with BellSouth, otherwise known as Multiple Tandem Access ("MTA"). Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection Trunk Groups to a single BellSouth access tandem designated by MCIm for the termination of all Local Interconnection Traffic destined for any BellSouth office in that LATA.

2.2.1.1 BellSouth MTA provides for LATA wide BellSouth transport and termination of MCIm-originated intraLATA toll and local traffic that is transported by BellSouth for termination to

BellSouth or a third party, by establishing trunks at a BellSouth access tandem with routing through multiple BellSouth access tandems as required. With MTA, MCIm may elect to send its originating traffic to any access tandem in the LATA, for completion by BellSouth, regardless of whether MCIm has interconnection trunks established at any other tandem in the LATA. Under MTA BellSouth shall not charge more than two tandem switching charges for any given call. However, MCIm must still establish trunks at all BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed". MCIm shall order MTA, at its option, via the ASR process, at the rates set forth in Attachment 1.

2.2.1.2 MTA does not include switched access traffic that transits the BellSouth network to an Interexchange Carrier (IXC).

2.2.2 <u>Tandem Level Termination</u>. MCIm may elect Tandem Level Termination with BellSouth. Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection trunk groups to each BellSouth Access Tandem in a LATA in which MCIm originates Local Interconnection traffic and interconnects with BellSouth.

2.2.2.1 To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA in a calling area that has multiple access tandems serving the calling area as defined by BellSouth, MCIm must establish trunks to every access tandem in the calling area in order to serve the entire calling area. To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA and provides intraLATA toll service to its customers, it may be necessary for it to establish trunks to additional BellSouth access tandems that serve end offices outside the local calling area. To the extent MCIm routes its traffic in such a way that utilizes BellSouth's MTA service without properly ordering MTA service, MCIm agrees to pay BellSouth the associated transport and termination charges.

2.2.3 If BellSouth establishes remote offices that are capable of receiving direct trunking, BellSouth shall make such capability available to MCIm.

2.2.4 Where the Parties deliver miscellaneous calls (i.e. time, weather, NPA-555, Mass Calling Codes) destined for each other over the Local Interconnection trunk group, they shall deliver such traffic in accordance with the serving arrangements defined in the LERG.

2.2.5 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provide unidirectional traffic on two-way trunks, for MCIm's originating traffic, effectively operating them as if they were one-way trunk groups.

2.2.6 BellSouth shall provision trunks without any user restrictions and without trunk group fragmentation by traffic type except, in order to ensure proper billing, BellSouth shall be permitted to require MCIm to separate transit traffic from local and intralata traffic.

2.2.7 BellSouth shall post on its web site a list of NPA-NXX's that constitute local calls from BellSouth's originating NPA-NXXs for each local calling area in the BellSouth region. Such list shall be updated on a weekly basis.

2.3 Switched Access Trunking Arrangements.

2.3.1 At its option, MCIm may order two-way transit trunk groups to each BellSouth access tandem where MCIm has its NXX's homed for the joint provisioning of Switched Access Services in accordance with MECAB guidelines, using DS-1 or DS-3 facilities separate from those used for Local Interconnection trunk groups.

2.3.2 In multiple-tandem LATAs, BellSouth shall, except in instances of capacity limitations, permit and enable MCIm to subtend the BellSouth Access Tandem nearest to the MCIm Rating Point, adopted in accordance with Section 1.4.1 of this Attachment associated with the NPA-NXX to/from which the Meet Point services are homed. In instances of capacity limitation at a given Access Tandem, MCIm may subtend the next nearest BellSouth Access Tandem in which sufficient capacity is available by homing its NPA-NXX(s) on that tandem. The Meet Point billing percentages for each new Rating Point/Access Tandem pair will be calculated in accordance with MECAB and MECOD guidelines.

2.3.3 At MCIm's request, where MCIm is providing the switching, MCIm may order and BellSouth shall provide trunk groups exclusively to carry interLATA traffic originated by an MCIm customer.

2.3.4 All originating Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm requests that BellSouth perform the Service Switching Point ("SSP") function (e.g., perform the database query) must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group. Carrier Code "0110" and Circuit Code of "09" shall be used for all such calls. BellSouth shall bill MCIm for any queries requested by MCIm, at the rates set forth on Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

2.3.5 All post-query Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm performs the SSP function, if delivered to BellSouth, must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group for calls destined to the switched access Toll Free Service provider.

2.3.6 Originating 950 calls delivered to BellSouth's tandem from MCIm will be delivered to the appropriate associated interexchange carrier using the appropriate signaling format.

2.3.7 MCIm shall not be permitted to commingle local and access traffic on a single trunk and route access traffic directly to BellSouth end offices. MCIm shall route its access traffic to BellSouth access tandem switches via access trunks.

2.3.8 Combination Interconnection Trunk Groups.

2.3.8.1 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provision a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group, which carries the Parties' Local, IntraLATA Toll, and MCIm's transit traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) on a single twoway trunk group. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic, all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.3.8.2 Upon MCIm's request, the Parties will work together in good faith to complete conversions to the use of Combination Interconnection trunk groups, within an interval to be negotiated by the Parties. The Parties shall use the normal ASR ordering process, and MCIm shall pay the appropriate charges associated with the request.

2.4 The Parties shall utilize direct end office trunking under the following conditions:

2.4.1 <u>Tandem Exhaust</u>. If a tandem through which the Parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support

additional traffic loads for a six month forecasting cycle, the Parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan for future trunking additions until BellSouth has alleviated the tandem capacity shortage. BellSouth shall take appropriate action to alleviate tandem capacity shortage if such tandem is unable to, or is forecasted to, be unable to support additional traffic loads for any period of time.

2.4.1.1 If a tandem through which the parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support additional traffic loads for any period of time, the parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan that will alleviate the tandem capacity shortage and ensure completion of traffic between MCIm and ILEC subscribers.

2.4.2 <u>Traffic volume</u>. Either Party may order, and the other Party shall install and retain, direct end office two-way trunking sufficient to handle actual or reasonably forecasted two-way traffic volumes, whichever is greater, between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office where the traffic exceeds 220,000 minutes of use per month. When the traffic between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office exceeds 170,000 minutes of use per month, either Party may notify the other Party and request that the facilities be installed. Such facilities will be installed on mutual agreement. The parties will install additional capacity between the MCIm switching center and the BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth access tandem exceeds or is forecast to exceed, 220,000 minutes of use per month.

2.4.3 <u>Mutual Agreement</u> - The Parties may install direct end office trunking upon mutual agreement in the absence of conditions (1) or (2) above and agreement will not unreasonably be withheld.

Section 3. Signaling.

3.1 Unless otherwise indicated in this Agreement, all Interconnection facilities must be 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability (CCC) and Extended Super Frame with Binary 8 Zero Substitution line coding ("ESF B8ZS"). Where ESF/B8ZS is not available, MCIm shall use other interconnection protocols on an interim basis until the standard ESF/B8ZS is available. BellSouth will provide anticipated dates of availability, if any, and upon MCIm's request for those areas not currently ESF/B8ZS compatible.

3.1.1 Where MCIm is unwilling to utilize an alternate interconnection protocol, MCIm will provide BellSouth an initial forecast of 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability ("64K CCC") trunk quantities within 30 days of executing this Agreement, consistent with the forecasting agreements between the parties. Upon receipt of this forecast, the parties will begin joint planning for the engineering, procurement, and installation of the segregated 64K CCC Local Interconnection Trunkc Groups, and the associated B8ZS Extended Super Frame ("ESF") facilities, for the sole purpose of transmitting 64K CCC data calls between MCIm and BellSouth. Where additional equipment is required, such equipment would be obtained, engineered, and installed on the same basis and with the same intervals as any similar growth job for IXC, CLEC or ILEC internal subscriber demand for 64K CCC trunks. Where Technically Feasible, these trunks will be established as two-way. MCIm, at its option, may order interconnection facilities formatted using Alternate Mark Inversion Line Code or Superframe Format.

3.2 Unless otherwise agreed to by the Parties, the Parties will interconnect their networks using SS7 signaling as defined in GR-317 and GR-394 including ISDN User Part ("ISUP") for trunk signaling and Carrier Identification Code ("CIC"), where available, and Transaction Capabilities Application Part ("TCAP") for Common Channel Signaling ("CCS")-based features in the interconnection of their networks. All Network Operations Forum (NOF) adopted standards shall be adhered to. Both MF and SS7 trunk groups will not be provided within a single DS-1 facility; a separate DS-1 per signaling type must be used.

3.2.1 The parties will provide CCS to each other in conjunction with all trunk groups supporting local, transit, and toll traffic. The parties will cooperate on the exchange of Transactional Capabilities Application Part (TCAP) messages to facilitate full inter-operability of CCS-based features between their respective networks, including all CLASS features and functions currently deployed by BellSouth. All CCS signaling parameters will be provided including automatic number identification (ANI), originating line information (OLI), calling party category, charge number, etc. All privacy indicators will be honored.

3.2.2 The parties shall meet and mutually agree to network protocols which include but are not limited to glare parameters, number of digits outpulsed, OZZ codes and 800 CIC codes in use.

3.3 Neither Party shall alter the CCS parameters, or be a party to altering such parameters, or pass CCS parameters that it knows have been altered in order to circumvent appropriate interconnection charges.

Section 4. Reporting.

4.1 BellSouth shall provide all blockage data on every trunk group that carries MCIm's local traffic, blockage on those trunk groups that emanate from BellSouth's end offices or tandems and are interconnected with MCIm's switch, and information on comparable trunks used by BellSouth for its local traffic.

4.1.1 Blocking data will be provided via the BellSouth's web site on a monthly basis, in a format similar to the IC 100 report that is provided to interexchange carriers.

4.2 Each Party shall provide Data Interexchange Carrier (DIXC) traffic data for all trunk groups terminating in the other Party's network.

4.2.1 DIXC traffic data will include, but not be limited to the following:

4.2.1.1 Usage (total usage measured in centum call seconds);

4.2.1.2 Peg Count (Peg count of originating call attempts including overflow), where applicable;

4.2.1.3 Overflow (Peg count of originating call attempts failing to find an idle trunk), where applicable.

4.2.2 DIXC traffic data shall be collected as follows:

4.2.2.1 Hourly on the clock hour;

- 4.2.2.2 Twenty-four (24) hours per day (0000-2400);
- 4.2.2.3 Seven (7) days per week (including holidays);
- 4.2.2.4 Fifty-two (52) weeks per year.

4.2.3 DIXC traffic data must be provided electronically using a method agreed to by the Parties, as it is collected.

Section 5. Forecasting.

5.1 The parties shall work towards the development of joint forecasting responsibilities for traffic utilization over trunk groups, and shall use best efforts to ensure that facilities and equipment are available at the time of ordering. The Parties shall make all reasonable efforts and cooperate in good faith to develop alternative solutions to accommodate orders when facilities or equipment are not available. Inter-company forecast information, must be provided by the Parties, to each other, twice a year. BellSouth's forecast will be provided thirty (30) days following the receipt of the MCIm forecast. The Parties agree that each forecast provided under this Section shall be deemed "Confidential Information" in the General Terms and Conditions – Part A of this Agreement. The semi-annual forecasts shall include:

5.1.1 Yearly forecasted trunk quantities which include measurements that reflect actual tandem and end office Local Interconnection and transit trunks and tandem-subtending Local Interconnection end office equivalent trunk requirements for no more than two years (current plus one year);

5.1.2 The use of Common Language Location Identifier (CLLI-MSG), which are described in Telcordia (Bellcore) documents BR 795-100-100 and BR 795-400-100;

5.1.3 Description of major network projects that affect the other party will be provided in the semi-annual forecasts. Major network projects include but are not limited to trunking or network rearrangements, shifts in anticipated traffic patterns, or other activities by either party that are reflected by a significant increase or decrease in trunking demand for the following forecasting period.

5.2 The Parties shall meet to review and reconcile their forecasts if forecasts vary significantly, or whenever the latest forecasted trunk requirements exceed the original quantities by 10% or more state-wide. Either Party should notify the other Party if they have measurements indicating that a trunk group is exceeding its designed call carrying capacity and is impacting other trunk groups in the network. The Parties shall mutually agree to the over or under trunk group utilization prior to action being taken on the following:

5.2.1 If the Parties are unable to reach such reconciliation, the Local interconnection Trunk Groups shall be provisioned to the higher forecast. At the end of three months, the utilization of the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups will be reviewed and if the average centum call seconds utilization for the third month is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may

agree, of capacity at the average time consistent busy hour, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.2.2 If the parties agree on the original forecast and then it is determined that a trunk group is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, of centum call seconds capacity at the average time consistent busy hour on a monthly-average basis for each month of any six-month period, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.3 Each party shall provide a specified point or points of contact for planning, forecasting and trunk servicing purposes.

Section 6. Servicing.

6.1 Orders between the parties to establish, add, change or disconnect trunks shall be processed by use of an Access Service Request (ASR), or another industry standard eventually adopted and mutually agreed to by the Parties to replace the ASR for local service ordering.

6.2 Subject to 6.3 below, the standard interval used for the provisioning of Local Interconnection trunk groups shall be determined by Desired Due Date, but in no event shall it be longer than ten (10) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for orders of 96 trunks or fewer for additions to local trunk groups, or forty-five (45) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for establishment of 96 trunks or fewer new trunk groups.

6.3 Orders that comprise a major project (i.e., more than 96 new or additions) that directly impact the other party may be submitted at the same time, and their implementation shall be jointly planned and coordinated. Major projects are those that require the coordination and execution of multiple orders or related activities between and among BellSouth and MCIm work groups, including but not limited to the initial establishment of Local Interconnection or transit trunk groups and service in an area, NXX code moves, re-homes, facility grooming, or network rearrangements.

6.4 For intraLATA toll service and local exchange service, the blocking level from originating NID to terminating NID will be engineered not to exceed 1% in any hour, except under conditions of service disruption. For access to or

egress from a long distance network, the blocking rate will be engineered not to exceed 0.5% in any hour.

6.5 The Parties shall share responsibility for all Control Office functions for Local Interconnection trunks and trunk groups, and both Parties shall share the overall coordination, installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.6 Where MCIm interconnects with a third party through BellSouth, MCIm is responsible for all Control Office functions for such other Interconnection trunks and trunk groups, and is responsible for the overall coordination, installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.7 MCIm and BellSouth shall provide to each other test-line numbers and access to test lines for the purpose of testing BST/MCIm interconnection trunk groups.

Section 7. Network Management.

7.1 <u>Protective Protocols</u> - Either party may use protective network traffic management controls such as 7-digit and 10-digit code gaps on traffic toward each others network, when required to protect the public switched network from congestion due to facility failures, switch congestion or failure, or focused overload. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any protective control action planned or executed.

7.2 <u>Expansive Protocols</u> - Where the capability exists, originating or terminating traffic reroutes may be implemented by either Party to temporarily relieve network congestion due to facility failures or abnormal calling patterns. Reroutes will not be used to circumvent normal trunk servicing. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any expansive protocols planned or executed.

7.3 <u>Mass Calling</u> - MCIm and BellSouth shall cooperate and share preplanning information, where available, regarding cross-network call-ins expected to generate large or focused temporary increases in call volumes, to prevent or mitigate the impact of these events on the public switched network.

7.4 <u>High Volume Calling Trunk Groups</u>. At MCIm's request, the Parties will cooperate to establish separate trunk groups or provide some other means of protective controls (i.e., call gapping) for the completion of calls to high volume customers, such as radio contest lines.

7.4.1 Both parties agree to terminate each party's mass calling codes as local traffic. Parties agree that each will put in place controls for NXX's that are dedicated for media stimulated mass calling.

7.4.2 Further, each Party shall provide notification to the other Party when a new routing code (a.k.a. "oddball code") is being established. Notification is not required for new routing codes being established as the direct result of an NPA split, but notification is required for NPA overlays.

Section 8. Third Party Transit Traffic.

8.1 Tandem Switching shall provide connectivity to transit traffic to and from other carriers.

8.1.1 Each Party shall transit all traffic delivered by the other Party, destined to third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA that subtend the transiting Party's switch. Each Party also shall transit all traffic delivered by a third party LEC, CLEC, or CMRS provider in the LATA, destined to the other Party or a switch subtending the other Party. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in Section 9 of this Attachment.

8.1.2 Each Party shall terminate all traffic delivered by the other Party from third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA, and destined to the terminating Party's switch. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in this Attachment.

Section 9. Compensation For Call Termination.

9.1. General.

9.1.1 For the purposes of compensation for call termination under this Agreement, the traffic exchanged between MCIm and BellSouth will be classified as Local Traffic, IntraLATA Toll Traffic, Transit Traffic, or switched access Traffic. The Parties agree that, notwithstanding the classification of traffic under this Agreement, either Party is free to define its own local calling areas for the purposes of providing Telecommunications Services to its own Customers.

9.2 Usage Measurement.

9.2.1 Each Party is responsible for the accuracy and quality of its data as submitted to the other.

9.2.2 Each Party will include in the information transmitted to the other for each call being terminated on the other Party's network the originating CPN, if recorded, otherwise ANI or billing telephone number (BTN) will be provided, where recorded. Where ANI or BTN are not recorded, the telephone number assigned to the trunk group for recording purposes will be inserted in the BTN field to the extent the telephone number has been provided by the originating carrier.

9.2.3 Each Party will calculate terminating Interconnection minutes of use based on standard AMA recordings made within each Party's network. These recordings are the basis for each Party to determine the minutes of use to be billed to the other Party.

9.2.4 Measurement of minutes of use over Interconnection trunk groups will be in actual conversation seconds for terminating usage and network access duration seconds including unanswered attempts for originating usage.

9.3 <u>Compensation for the Termination of Local Traffic</u>. Local Traffic is defined as any telephone call that originates in one exchange and terminates in either the same exchange, or other local calling area associated with the originating exchange (e.g., Extended Area Service) as defined and specified in Section A3 of BellSouth's General Subscriber Service Tariff. Designation of Local Traffic is not dependent on the type of switching technology used to switch and terminate such Local Traffic, including the use of packet switching. Nothing herein is intended to require the payment of reciprocal compensation for packets exchanged between the Parties.

9.3.1 Local Traffic does not include, and the Parties shall not bill or pay reciprocal compensation for, calls where a Party willfully sets up a call, or colludes with a third party to set up a call, to the other Party's network for the purpose of receiving reciprocal compensation, and not for the purpose of providing a telecommunications service to an End User in good faith.

9.3.2 Left Blank Intentionally.

9.3.3 The Parties have been unable to agree on the treatment of IP telephony traffic for the purposes of reciprocal compensation.

9.4 Left Blank Intentionally.

9.4.1 The rates for reciprocal compensation (call transport and termination) are as set forth in Attachment 1. In all markets covered by this Agreement, MCI shall charge BellSouth only end office switching at the rates set forth in Attachment 1 for terminating Local Traffic. In all markets covered by this Agreement, BellSouth shall charge MCIm for tandem switching, end office switching and common transport at the rates set forth in Attachment 1 where those elements are actually used in the termination of Local Traffic.

9.4.1.1 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Parties agree that the reciprocal compensation provisions set forth herein shall be effective prospectively as of March 1, 2002, and the Parties shall not true up any amounts paid or not paid for reciprocal compensation for Local Traffic prior thereto.

9.4.2 For the purposes of traffic terminated by BellSouth pursuant to this Attachment, Tandem Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between two switching offices through a third switching office (the Tandem switch).

9.4.3 For the purposes of this Attachment, End Office Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between the trunk side and line side of the End Office switch.

9.4.4 If MCIm utilizes a switch outside the LATA and BellSouth chooses to purchase dedicated or common (shared) transport from MCIm for transport and termination of BellSouth originated traffic, BellSouth will pay MCIm no more than the airline miles between the V & H coordinates of the Point of Interconnection within the LATA where MCIm receives the BellSouth-originated traffic and the V & H coordinates of a point on the LATA boundary in the direction of the MCIm switch or at a point otherwise agreed to by the Parties. For these situations, BellSouth will compensate MCIm at either dedicated or common (shared) transport rates specified in Attachment 1 of this Agreement and based upon the functions provided by MCIm as defined in this Attachment.

9.4.5 Neither Party shall represent Switched Access Services traffic as Local Traffic for purposes of payment of reciprocal compensation.

9.4.6 Left Blank Intentionally

9.4.7 Compensation for ISP-bound Traffic

9.4.7.1 ISP-bound Traffic is defined as calls to an Internet service provider that are dialed by using a local dialing pattern. ISPbound Traffic is not considered Local Traffic subject to reciprocal compensation, but instead is information access traffic subject to compensation as described by the FCC in its *Order on Remand and Report and Order*, CC Docket Nos. 96-98 and 99-68, FCC 01-31 (released April 27, 2001) ("ISP Remand Order"). All combined ISPbound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P (subject to Section 9.4.8.1.3), that exceeds a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic on a statewide basis is ISP-bound Traffic. All combined ISP-bound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P (subject to Section 9.4.8.1.3), that does not exceed a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic on a statewide basis is Local Traffic.

- 9.4.7.2 Each Party shall calculate, in accordance with subsection 9.6.1 of this Attachment, the Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic that it terminates from the other Party.
- 9.4.7.3 Subject to Section 9.4.7.8.1 below, for the period beginning on June 14, 2001 and ending on December 13, 2001, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0015 per minute of use (MOU) for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.
- 9.4.7.4 Subject to Section 9.4.7.8.1 below, to the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on December 14, 2001, and ending on June 13, 2003, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0010 per MOU for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.
- 9.4.7.5 To the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on June 14, 2003 the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0007 per MOU for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.

9.4.7.6 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the volume of ISP-bound traffic for which one Party may bill the other shall be capped as follows:

> 9.4.7.6.1 Subject to Section 9.4.7.8.1 below, for ISPbound Traffic exchanged during the year 2001, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to originating Party on ISP-bound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to, on an annualized basis, the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes which the terminating Party terminated from the originating Party during the first quarter of 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor.

9.4.7.6.2 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2002 and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party on ISPbound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes for which the terminating Party was entitled to compensation in 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor.

9.4.7.6.3 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2003 and beyond, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during those years, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party only on ISP-bound Traffic minutes up to a ceiling equal to the year 2002 ceiling.

- 9.4.7.7 If an authoritative body with appropriate jurisdiction determines that any portion of the ISP Remand Order is unlawful or invalid, or otherwise modifies the ISP Remand Order, the Parties shall amend this Agreement to incorporate the ruling of such authoritative body.
- 9.4.7.8 BellSouth shall offer to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order. If, in the future, BellSouth chooses not to offer

to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order, then the rate for ISP-bound Traffic termination shall be the rate for reciprocal compensation for Local Traffic as set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. If the Parties are unable to agree on whether BellSouth is offering to exchange traffic as described in this Subsection 9.4.7, they shall invoke the dispute resolution procedures in Part A of this Agreement.

9.4.7.8.1 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Parties agree that the intercarrier compensation provisions set forth herein shall be effective prospectively only. The Parties shall not true up any amounts paid or not paid for intercarrier compensation for ISP-bound Traffic prior to March 1, 2002.

- 9.4.7.9 ISP-bound Traffic shall be subject to the trunking requirements set forth in Section 2 of this Attachment.
- 9.4.7.10 The Parties have been unable to agree on the treatment of NPA-NXX codes assigned to end users outside the rate center to which the NPA-NXX is assigned, for the purposes of reciprocal compensation and/or switched access charges.
- 9.4.8 The Parties shall implement the following business rules to govern future reciprocal/inter-carrier compensation billing and dispute resolution processes in addition to, and not in lieu of, the business rules set forth elsewhere in this Agreement.
- 9.4.8.1 By June 30, 2002, the Parties will exchange the necessary data at a sufficient level of detail to permit BellSouth to validate the terminating usage amounts recorded and billed by MCIm and to permit MCIm to validate the BellSouth originating usage measurement audit system. The Parties agree to correct any noted deficiencies as a result of this validation process.
 - 9.4.8.1.1 Once validated, the connectivity billings by MCIm will be based on MCIm's switch usage measurements, and BellSouth will not withhold intercarrier compensation based on usage

disputes where the variance between MCIm's billed usage and BellSouth's recorded originating usage is not greater than 1.5%.

- 9.4.8.1.2 Where the usage variance is greater than 1.5%, BellSouth may withhold payment for the disputed minutes of use so long as BellSouth supplies to MCIm, along with its dispute notification, its usage data at a sufficient level of detail to enable comparisons of usage data with MCIm. Any inter-carrier compensation amounts in dispute and withheld by BellSouth will be quantified and provided to MCIm in BellSouth's dispute notification letter. The Parties will use their best efforts to resolve any disputes involving the withholding of inter-carrier compensation within 45 days of BellSouth's dispute notification letter. If the Parties are unable to resolve the dispute within 45 days, the dispute will be resolved in accordance with Section 22 of the General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement.
- 9.4.8.1.3 The Parties will exchange data and information by July 31, 2002, in order to come to an agreement on the data sources and a methodology for identifying the Local Traffic originating from MCIm's UNE-P customers that terminate to BellSouth for purposes of including that originating traffic in the calculation of the 3:1 ratio described in Section 9.4.7.1 for connectivity billing purposes.
- 9.4.8.2 By July 31, 2002, the Parties will exchange the necessary data to permit MCIm to validate the processes and systems by which BellSouth calculates its quarterly Percentage Local Usage (PLU). The Parties will correct any noted deficiencies as a result of this validation process. Once validated, MCIm will apply the BellSouth provided quarterly PLU to MCIm's terminating usage measurements to determine the amount of minutes of use of Local Traffic, ISP-bound Traffic and IntraLATA Toll Traffic to be billed to BellSouth.
 - 9.5 Compensation for IntraLATA Toll Calls and intraLATA Toll Free Service Calls

9.5.1 When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, MCIm delivers an MCIm end user-originated intraLATA toll call to BellSouth for termination to a BellSouth end user, MCIm shall compensate BellSouth at BellSouth's Commission-filed and effective intrastate Switched Access tariff rate. When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, BellSouth delivers a BellSouth end user-originated intraLATA toll call

to MCIm for termination to a MCIm end user, BellSouth shall compensate MCIm at the interstate rate levels established in the FCC's Seventh Report and Order, released April 27, 2001, establishing benchmarks for CLEC interstate access rates in CC Docket No. 96-262, and will reduce such rates over time as prescribed by that FCC Order. When a third party acts as an intraLATA toll carrier, the Parties shall charge such intraLATA toll carrier, pursuant to Section 9.8 of this Attachment. Where the originating Party is not the toll carrier for the call, such call shall be delivered to the other Party using GR-394.

9.5.2 When a Party's customer originates an intraLATA Toll Free call, that Party shall charge the appropriate Toll Free carrier originating access and data base query charges in accordance with its Commission-filed and effective Switched Access tariff. No charges for transport and termination of Local Traffic shall apply to such calls. Appropriate records shall be provided in the standard EMI format.

9.6 Determination of Jurisdiction.

9.6.1 The Parties will use the calling party number (CPN) to determine the jurisdiction of billed traffic. If the jurisdiction of traffic cannot be determined based on the CPN, the Parties will jointly exchange industry standard jurisdictional factors, such as PIU and PLU as established pursuant to Section 21 of Part A of this Agreement.

9.7 Compensation for the Termination of Local Transit Traffic.

9.7.1 Transit Traffic Service. Rates for transiting local transit traffic shall be as set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. Wireless Type 1 traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective. Wireless Type 2A traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective until BellSouth and the Wireless carrier have the capability to properly meet-point-bill in accordance with MECAB guidelines. BellSouth shall either pass on to the wireless carrier the reciprocal compensation payments received from MCIm or indemnify MCIm as to any claim a wireless carrier may raise concerning reciprocal compensation payments MCIm makes to BellSouth.

9.7.2 The Parties agree to deliver transit traffic to the terminating carrier; provided, however, that the originating Party is solely responsible for negotiating and executing any appropriate contractual agreements with the terminating carrier for the receipt of this traffic through the transiting Party's network. The transiting Party will not be liable for any compensation to the terminating carrier or to the originating Party. The Parties shall, however, provide each other with any available information necessary to measure and bill for such traffic.

9.8 Compensation for Switched Access Traffic.

9.8.1 The Parties will establish Meet Point Billing arrangements in order to provide Switched Access Services to third party intraLATA and interLATA toll carriers via BellSouth's Access Tandem Switches, in accordance with MECAB guidelines.

9.8.2 For interstate and intrastate traffic, the Parties will charge third party toll carriers in accordance with each Party's respective Commission or FCC filed and effective Switched Access tariff.

9.8.3 Billing to third party toll carriers for Switched Access Services jointly provided by the Parties via Meet Point Billing arrangements, will be done by the multiple bill/multiple tariff method. As described in MECAB, each Party will render a bill in accordance with its own tariff for that portion of the service it provides. For the purposes of this Agreement, MCIm is the Initial Billing Company ("IBC") and BellSouth is the Subsequent Billing Company ("SBC").

9.8.4 The Parties will maintain provisions in the National Exchange Carrier Association ("NECA") Tariff No. 4, or any successor tariff, sufficient to reflect this Meet Point Billing arrangement, including Billing Interconnection Percentages ("BIPs").

9.8.5 Information will be exchanged in the Exchange Message Interface ("EMI") format, via a method currently used by the Parties, or by some other method mutually agreeable. When the Parties use CONNECT:Direct, the recording Party agrees to use its best efforts to provide to the IBC, at no charge, the switched access detailed usage data in 1101XX records within 48 hours, but in no event more than 60 days, after the recording date. The IBC will provide the switched access summary usage data in 1150XX records to the SBC and all other subsequent billing third parties within 10 days of rendering the
initial bill to the third party toll carrier. Each Party will notify the other when it is not feasible to meet these requirements.

9.8.6 Errors may be discovered by MCIm, or BellSouth. Each Party agrees to provide the other Party with notification of any discovered errors within ten business days after discovery.

9.8.7 In the event of a loss or damage of data, the Parties agree to cooperate to reconstruct the lost or damaged data within 48 hours after notification and if such reconstruction is not possible, to accept a reasonable estimate of the lost data. This estimate may be based on several methodologies, such as an estimate of the volume of lost messages and associated revenue based on information available concerning the average revenue per minute for the average interstate or intrastate call or based upon at least three, but no more than 12 months of prior usage data, if available. Each Party will retain for a minimum period of ninety (90) days, access message detail sufficient to recreate any data which is lost or damaged by their company or any third party involved in processing or transporting data.

9.8.8 BellSouth shall provide MCIm, via the internet, with updates of the billing name, billing address, and Carrier Identification Codes (CICs) of all third party toll carriers originating or terminating traffic at BellSouth's Access Tandems in order to comply with the Meet Point Billing notification process as outlined in MECAB.

9.8.9 If category 1101XX records are not submitted by the SBC in a timely fashion, the Parties agree to cooperate to estimate the billing to the IXCs in accordance with the IBC's Switched Access tariffs for estimating usage. The SBC will be liable to the IBC for the amount of lost revenue, as determined by the estimate. If there is a disagreement as to the estimate, the Parties shall negotiate a settlement.

9.8.10 If category 1150XX records are not submitted by the IBC in a timely fashion, the Parties agree to cooperate to estimate the billing to the third party toll carriers in accordance with the SBC's Switched Access tariffs for estimating usage. The IBC will be liable to the SBC for the amount of lost revenue, as determined by the estimate. If there is a disagreement as to the estimate, the Parties shall negotiate a settlement.

9.9 To the extent applicable, the following rate elements will be billed in accordance with each Party's respective switched access tariffs:

9.9.1 <u>Interstate Switched Access</u>. Terminating to or originating from MCIm Customers

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm
Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth
Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

9.9.2 <u>Intrastate Switched Access</u>. Terminating to or originating from MCIm Customers

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm
Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth
Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

* BIPs previously negotiated have been entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4. Future BIPs will be negotiated and mutually agreed to by both Parties and entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4.

9.10 Compensation for the Termination of Traffic to Ported Numbers.

9.10.1 The Parties agree that, under INP, terminating compensation for calls to ported numbers should be received by each customer's chosen local service provider as if each call to a customer had been originally addressed by the calling party to a telephone number bearing an NPA-NXX directly assigned to the customer's chosen local service provider.

9.11 When MCIm orders or uses BellSouth unbundled Network Elements pursuant to Attachment 3 of this Agreement, those elements ordered or used shall be considered part of MCIm's network for the purpose of calculating reciprocal compensation and switched access charges, subject to this Section 9.11. Where MCIm utilizes BellSouth's unbundled switching, for local transit traffic originated by a third party and terminated to an MCIm end user, MCIm shall be entitled to reciprocal compensation from the third party originating such local transit traffic. Notwithstanding the foregoing, MCIm is not entitled to reciprocal compensation from BellSouth for termination of BellSouth originated Local Traffic in instances where MCIm utilizes BellSouth's unbundled switching and where BellSouth does not bill MCIm for the terminating usage on that unbundled switching.

ATTACHMENT 4

INTERCONNECTION

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INTERCONNECTION

Section 1. Network Interconnection Methods.

1.1 The Parties shall provide interconnection with each other's networks for the transmission and routing of telephone exchange service (local) and exchange access (intraLATA toll and switched access). The Parties shall work cooperatively to install and maintain efficient and reliable Interconnection arrangements. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall provide Interconnection to MCIm, at any technically feasible point, at least equal in quality to that provided by BellSouth to itself or to any subsidiary, Affiliate, or any other third party to which BellSouth provides Interconnection. The parties shall provide Interconnection at the rates contained in Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

1.1.1 BellSouth shall not require MCIm to establish special trunking or trunks for local interconnection to points other than the Point of Interconnection because of a particular service offered by BellSouth to its customers (e.g. Uniserv, ZipConnect, or any other similar services.

1.2 BellSouth shall provide Interconnection at any Technically Feasible point, including, but not limited to, a Fiber Meet, at one or more locations in each LATA in which MCIm originates local, intraLATA toll or Meet Point Switched Access traffic and interconnects with BellSouth. MCIm may designate a Point of Interconnection at any Technically Feasible point including but not limited to any electronic or manual cross-connect points, collocations, telco closets, entrance facilities, and Joint Fiber Facilities. Entrance facilities and Joint Fiber Facilities are specified in subsection 1.5, below.

1.3 MCIm will designate the Point or Points of Interconnection and determine the method or methods by which the Parties interconnect in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

1.3.1 If MCIm determines to establish new or change existing Points of Interconnecion with BellSouth, it will provide written notice of the need to establish or change such Interconnection to BellSouth. The time necessary to implement the arrangement shall be negotiated by the Parties, based on the arrangement requested and availability of facilities. 1.3.2 The Parties shall determine the appropriate sizing for Interconnection facilities based on mutual forecasts as set forth in Section 5 of this Attachment.

1.4 MCIm must establish, at a minimum, one Point of Interconnection with BellSouth within the LATA. If MCIm chooses to interconnect at a single Point of Interconnection within a LATA, the interconnection must be at a BellSouth Access Tandem. Furthermore, for LATAs served by multiple access tandems, MCIm must establish trunks from the Point of Interconnection to the remaining BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed." It is MCIm's responsibility to enter its own NPA/NXX access tandem "homing" arrangements into the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

1.4.1 In order for MCIm to home its NPA/NXX(s) on a BellSouth tandem, MCIm's NPA/NXX(s) must be assigned within the Exchange Rate Center Areas served by that BellSouth tandem as specified by BellSouth. Any new rate centers established by either Party within a BellSouth tandem serving area must be approved by the Commission and defined in the Business Rating Interface Database System ("BRIDS") and the Local Exchange Routing Guide ("LERG"). The specified association between BellSouth tandems and Exchange Rate Center Areas will be defined in the LERG.

1.4.2 BellSouth will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. MCIm will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. The Point of Interconnection also serves as the point for determining compensation for call transport and termination. The Point of Interconnection has, including, but not limited to, the following main characteristics:

- 1. It is a point to allow connection, disconnection, transfer or restoration of service.
- 2. It is a point where BellSouth and MCIm can verify and maintain specific performance objectives.
- 3. It is specified according to the interfaces specified in this Agreement
- 4. The Parties provide their own equipment to interface with the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1 and/or OCn circuits.

1.4.3 The Parties shall comply with the environmental hazard provisions of Attachments 5 and 6 of this Agreement.

1.4.4 BellSouth shall respond as to the availability of the location and method of Interconnection selected by MCIm and as described in this Agreement, and the Parties shall schedule whatever meetings are required to establish a project plan and use best efforts to complete the Interconnection arrangement by the desired Interconnection Activation Date.

1.5 Each Party may purchase interconnection facilities (e.g., local channeldedicated and/or interoffice transport-dedicated, etc.) from the other or from a third Party for the delivery of its originated traffic to the established Point of Interconnection between the Parties. Such facilities, if purchased by one Party from the other, will be billed in accordance with Attachment 1 of this Agreement and are not part of the call transport and termination facilities for which reciprocal compensation is owed to the Party leasing the facility to the other. For the purposes of this Attachment, local channel-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between a point designated by the purchasing Party and the other Party's wire center that serves the designated point ("Serving Wire Center"). For the purposes of this Attachment, interoffice transport-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between wire centers designated by the purchasing Party.

- 1.6 Joint Fiber Facilities.
 - 1.6.1 Joint Optical Interconnection

1.6.1.1 Upon mutual agreement by both Parties, the Parties may interconnect using a Joint Optical Interconnection. If the Parties interconnect pursuant to a Joint Optical Interconnection (JOI) arrangement, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.1.2 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party

shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.1.3 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.1.4 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center").

1.6.1.5 MCIm shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way located outside the BIWC and BellSouth shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of Optical Fire Resistance ("OFR") cable to reach the Fiber Optical Terminal ("FOT") equipment in the BIWC. MCIm shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. BellSouth shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside the BIWC in the FOT equipment at BellSouth's expense.

1.6.1.6 BellSouth shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way outside MCIm's Wire Center and MCIm shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable BellSouth to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of OFR cable to reach the FOT equipment at MCIm's Wire Center. BellSouth shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. MCIm shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside MCIm's Wire Center in the FOT equipment at MCIm's expense.

1.6.1.7 The Parties shall use the Joint Fiber Facility for delivery of traffic, including Local, transit and intraLATA, between the Parties. Provided, however, special access traffic shall not be routed over the Joint Fiber Facility.

1.6.1.8 Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 2.1.1.4, neither Party shall charge the other for the use of the JOI facility for the transmission of traffic to the other Party's location. However, appropriate call transport and termination charges and switched access charges, associated with the rest of either Party's network, for Local Traffic and intraLATA toll traffic shall apply in accordance with this Agreement and applicable Commission-approved switched access tariffs. Nothing in this Agreement shall alter the charges assessed by either Party to a third party carrier for delivery of transit traffic. Charges for the use of the JOI for transit traffic shall be billed by MCIm to the appropriate carrier.

1.6.1.9 Each Party shall use its best efforts to ensure that fiber received from the other Party will enter the Party's Wire Center through an entrance facility separate from that from which the Party's own fiber exited.

1.6.1.10 The Parties shall work cooperatively to determine the assignment control of the fiber strands that will be used for the JOI facility.

1.6.1.11 The Parties shall cooperate with one another for the purpose of maintaining and testing the fiber-optic cable.

1.6.1.12 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.1.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.6.2 Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.1 If MCIm elects to establish a Point of Interconnection with BellSouth pursuant to a Fiber Meet, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks for the transmission and routing of traffic via a Local Channel facility. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.2.2 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.2.3 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center").

1.6.2.4 The Parties shall designate a Point of Interconnection, not within either Party's wire center, as a Fiber Meet point, and shall make all necessary preparations to receive, and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver, fiber optic facilities into the Point of Interconnection with sufficient spare length to reach the fusion splice point at the Point of Interconnection. BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install, and maintain the fusion splicing point in the Point of Interconnection. A Common Language Location Identification ("CLLI") code, which must be a building type code, will be established for each Point of Interconnection and will be noted properly on orders between the Parties.

1.6.2.5 Each Party shall deliver and maintain its fiber wholly at its own expense. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall allow MCIm access to the Fiber Meet entry point for maintenance purposes as promptly as possible.

1.6.2.6 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.2.7 Each Party will be responsible for (i) providing its own transport facilities to the Fiber Meet, and (ii) the cost to build-out its facilities to such Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.8 Neither Party shall charge the other for its portion of the Fiber Meet facility used exclusively for non-transit local traffic (i.e. the Local Channel). Charges incurred for other services including dedicated transport facilities to the Point of Interconnection, if applicable, will apply. Charges for Switched and Special Access Services shall be billed to the appropriate carrier in accordance with the applicable Commission approved switched access service tariff.

1.6.2.9 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.2.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.7 Sizing and Structure of Joint Fiber Facilities.

The capacity of Interconnection facilities provided by each Party will be based on mutual forecasts and sound engineering practice, as agreed by the Parties during planning and forecasting meetings. The Parties will determine the appropriate sizing for facilities based on these standards. The Parties shall work cooperatively to ensure the adequacy of Interconnection facilities. The Parties shall augment existing facilities when the overall capacity of those facilities is 75-85% used, or as otherwise agreed. Facilities will be augmented to ensure adequate facility capacity for at least two years of forecasted traffic. The Parties shall complete the construction of relief facilities at least two months prior to the projected exhaust date, or sooner, if facilities exhaust is imminent.

Section 2. Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.1 General.

2.1.1 The parties shall reciprocally terminate local exchange traffic and IntraLATA/InterLATA toll calls on each other's networks as follows:

2.1.1.1 The Parties will establish those trunk groups necessary to exchange local, intraLATA toll, and local and IntraLATA transit traffic (referred to in this Attachment 4 as "Local Interconnection Trunk Groups").

2.1.1.2 BellSouth and MCIm shall establish interconnecting trunk groups and trunking configurations between networks in accordance with the provisions set forth in this Agreement.

2.1.1.3 Any MCIm interconnection request that (1) deviates from the standard trunking architectures as described in this Agreement; (2) affects traffic delivered to MCIm from a BellSouth switch; and (3) requires special BellSouth switch translations and other network modifications will require MCIm to submit a Bona Fide Request/New Business Request via the Bona Fide Request/New Business Request Process set forth in General Terms and Conditions.

2.1.1.4 All charges, both non-recurring and recurring, associated with interconnecting trunk groups between BellSouth and MCIm are set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. For two-way trunking that carries both Parties' traffic, including trunking that carries Transit Traffic, each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the recurring charges for transport facilities and nonrecurring charges for facility additions based on the percentage of the total traffic originated by that Party. BellSouth shall determine the applicable percentages twice per year based on the previous 6 months' minutes of use billed by each Party. Each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the nonrecurring charges for initial facilities based on the joint forecasts for circuits required by each Party. Each Party shall be responsible for ordering and paying for any facilities for two-way trunks carrying only its transit traffic. Furthermore, each Party shall be responsible for the compensation for transport facilities for two-way trunking that it orders for its traffic but utilizes unidirectionally.

2.1.1.5 BellSouth shall transit Switched Access traffic from IXCs to MCIm based on MCIm's NXX Access Tandem homing arrangement as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

2.1.1.6 Two-Way Trunking Requirements:

2.1.1.6.1 The Parties will order trunks using the access service request (ASR) process in place for Local Interconnection after the joint planning meeting takes place between BellSouth and MCIm.

2.1.1.6.2 BellSouth and MCIm agree to meet and resolve service-affecting situations in a timely manner. This contact will normally be made through the Account Team.

2.1.1.6.3 Establishing a two-way trunk group does not preclude BellSouth from adding one- way trunk groups within the same Local Calling Area, as long as such one-way trunk groups are agreed to by MCIm.

2.1.1.6.4 BellSouth will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities to its side of the Point of Interconnection, and MCIm will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities on its side of the Point of Interconnection.

2.1.2 One-way and two-way trunks. The parties shall use either oneway or two-way trunking or a combination, as specified by MCIm. The Parties shall work cooperatively to decide when to use two-way trunking on a case by case basis that is mutually beneficial to both Parties. If the Parties are unable to agree, MCIm shall make the final determination.

2.1.3 Where necessary, BellSouth shall load MCIm's NXXs in BellSouth's switches based on the information for those NXXs as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG), and BellSouth shall switch traffic as specified by the NXX tandem homing arrangement in the LERG.

2.1.4 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection Architectures.

2.1.4.1 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection provides intratandem access to subtending end offices. BellSouth Multiple Tandem Access (MTA), described later in this Agreement, may be ordered using any of the following access tandem architectures.

2.1.4.2. Basic Architecture.

2.1.4.2.1 In this architecture, MCIm's originating Local and IntraLATA Toll and originating and terminating Transit Traffic is transported on a single two-way trunk group between MCIm and BellSouth access tandem(s) within a LATA. This group carries intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. BellSouth originated Local and IntraLATA Toll traffic is transported on a single one-way trunk group terminating to MCIm. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.1.4.3 Supergroup Architecture.

2.1.4.3.1 In the Supergroup Architecture, the Parties Local, IntraLATA Toll and MCIm's Transit Traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) is exchanged on a single two-way trunk group (also known as a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group) between MCIm and BellSouth. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic, all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.2 Local Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.2.1 <u>LATA Wide Termination</u>. MCIm may elect LATA Wide Termination with BellSouth, otherwise known as Multiple Tandem Access ("MTA"). Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection Trunk Groups to a single BellSouth access tandem designated by MCIm for the termination of all Local Interconnection Traffic destined for any BellSouth office in that LATA.

2.2.1.1 BellSouth MTA provides for LATA wide BellSouth transport and termination of MCIm-originated intraLATA toll and local traffic that is transported by BellSouth for termination to BellSouth or a third party, by establishing trunks at a BellSouth access tandem with routing through multiple BellSouth access tandems as required. With MTA, MCIm may elect to send its originating traffic to any access tandem in the LATA, for completion by BellSouth, regardless of whether MCIm has interconnection trunks established at any other tandem in the LATA. Under MTA BellSouth shall not charge more than two tandem switching charges for any given call. However, MCIm must still establish trunks at all BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed". MCIm shall order MTA, at its option, via the ASR process, at the rates set forth in Attachment 1.

2.2.1.2 MTA does not include switched access traffic that transits the BellSouth network to an Interexchange Carrier (IXC).

2.2.2 <u>Tandem Level Termination</u>. MCIm may elect Tandem Level Termination with BellSouth. Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection trunk groups to each BellSouth Access Tandem in a LATA in which MCIm originates Local Interconnection traffic and interconnects with BellSouth.

2.2.2.1 To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA in a calling area that has multiple access tandems serving the calling area as defined by BellSouth, MCIm must establish trunks to every access tandem in the calling area in order to serve the entire calling area. To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA and provides intraLATA toll service to its customers, it may be necessary for it to establish trunks to additional BellSouth access tandems that serve end offices outside the local calling area. To the extent MCIm routes its traffic in such a way that utilizes BellSouth's MTA service without properly ordering MTA service, MCIm agrees to pay BellSouth the associated transport and termination charges.

2.2.3 If BellSouth establishes remote offices that are capable of receiving direct trunking, BellSouth shall make such capability available to MCIm.

2.2.4 Where the Parties deliver miscellaneous calls (i.e. time, weather, NPA-555, Mass Calling Codes) destined for each other over the Local Interconnection trunk group, they shall deliver such traffic in accordance with the serving arrangements defined in the LERG.

2.2.5 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provide unidirectional traffic on two-way trunks, for MCIm's originating traffic, effectively operating them as if they were one-way trunk groups.

2.2.6 BellSouth shall provision trunks without any user restrictions and without trunk group fragmentation by traffic type except, in order to ensure proper billing, BellSouth shall be permitted to require MCIm to separate transit traffic from local and intralata traffic. 2.2.7 BellSouth shall post on its web site a list of NPA-NXX's that constitute local calls from BellSouth's originating NPA-NXXs for each local calling area in the BellSouth region. Such list shall be updated on a weekly basis.

2.3 Switched Access Trunking Arrangements.

2.3.1 At its option, MCIm may order two-way transit trunk groups to each BellSouth access tandem where MCIm has its NXX's homed for the joint provisioning of Switched Access Services in accordance with MECAB guidelines, using DS-1 or DS-3 facilities separate from those used for Local Interconnection trunk groups.

2.3.2 In multiple-tandem LATAs, BellSouth shall, except in instances of capacity limitations, permit and enable MCIm to subtend the BellSouth Access Tandem nearest to the MCIm Rating Point, adopted in accordance with Section 1.4.1 of this Attachment associated with the NPA-NXX to/from which the Meet Point services are homed. In instances of capacity limitation at a given Access Tandem, MCIm may subtend the next nearest BellSouth Access Tandem in which sufficient capacity is available by homing its NPA-NXX(s) on that tandem. The Meet Point billing percentages for each new Rating Point/Access Tandem pair will be calculated in accordance with MECAB and MECOD guidelines.

2.3.3 At MCIm's request, where MCIm is providing the switching, MCIm may order and BellSouth shall provide trunk groups exclusively to carry interLATA traffic originated by an MCIm customer.

2.3.4 All originating Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm requests that BellSouth perform the Service Switching Point ("SSP") function (e.g., perform the database query) must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group. Carrier Code "0110" and Circuit Code of "09" shall be used for all such calls. BellSouth shall bill MCIm for any queries requested by MCIm, at the rates set forth on Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

2.3.5 All post-query Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm performs the SSP function, if delivered to BellSouth, must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group for calls destined to the switched access Toll Free Service provider. 2.3.6 Originating 950 calls delivered to BellSouth's tandem from MCIm will be delivered to the appropriate associated interexchange carrier using the appropriate signaling format.

2.3.7 MCIm shall not be permitted to commingle local and access traffic on a single trunk and route access traffic directly to BellSouth end offices. MCIm shall route its access traffic to BellSouth access tandem switches via access trunks.

2.3.8 Combination Interconnection Trunk Groups.

2.3.8.1 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provision a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group, which carries the Parties' Local, IntraLATA Toll, and MCIm's transit traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) on a single twoway trunk group. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic, all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.3.8.2 Upon MCIm's request, the Parties will work together in good faith to complete conversions to the use of Combination Interconnection trunk groups, within an interval to be negotiated by the Parties. The Parties shall use the normal ASR ordering process, and MCIm shall pay the appropriate charges associated with the request.

2.4 The Parties shall utilize direct end office trunking under the following conditions:

2.4.1 <u>Tandem Exhaust</u>. If a tandem through which the Parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support additional traffic loads for a six month forecasting cycle, the Parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan for future trunking additions until BellSouth has alleviated the tandem capacity shortage. BellSouth shall take appropriate action to alleviate tandem capacity shortage if such tandem is unable to, or is forecasted to, be unable to support additional traffic loads for any period of time. 2.4.1.1 If a tandem through which the parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support additional traffic loads for any period of time, the parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan that will alleviate the tandem capacity shortage and ensure completion of traffic between MCIm and ILEC subscribers.

2.4.2 <u>Traffic volume</u>. Either Party may order, and the other Party shall install and retain, direct end office two-way trunking sufficient to handle actual or reasonably forecasted two-way traffic volumes, whichever is greater, between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office where the traffic exceeds 220,000 minutes of use per month. When the traffic between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office exceeds 170,000 minutes of use per month, either Party may notify the other Party and request that the facilities be installed. Such facilities will be installed on mutual agreement. The parties will install additional capacity between the MCIm switching center and the BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth access tandem exceeds or is forecast to exceed, 220,000 minutes of use per month.

2.4.3 <u>Mutual Agreement</u> - The Parties may install direct end office trunking upon mutual agreement in the absence of conditions (1) or (2) above and agreement will not unreasonably be withheld.

Section 3. Signaling.

3.1 Unless otherwise indicated in this Agreement, all Interconnection facilities must be 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability (CCC) and Extended Super Frame with Binary 8 Zero Substitution line coding ("ESF B8ZS"). Where ESF/B8ZS is not available, MCIm shall use other interconnection protocols on an interim basis until the standard ESF/B8ZS is available. BellSouth will provide anticipated dates of availability, if any, and upon MCIm's request for those areas not currently ESF/B8ZS compatible.

3.1.1 Where MCIm is unwilling to utilize an alternate interconnection protocol, MCIm will provide BellSouth an initial forecast of 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability ("64K CCC") trunk quantities within 30 days of executing this Agreement, consistent with the forecasting agreements between the parties. Upon receipt of this forecast, the parties will begin joint planning for the engineering, procurement, and installation of the segregated 64K CCC Local Interconnection Trunkc

Groups, and the associated B8ZS Extended Super Frame ("ESF") facilities, for the sole purpose of transmitting 64K CCC data calls between MCIm and BellSouth. Where additional equipment is required, such equipment would be obtained, engineered, and installed on the same basis and with the same intervals as any similar growth job for IXC, CLEC or ILEC internal subscriber demand for 64K CCC trunks. Where Technically Feasible, these trunks will be established as two-way. MCIm, at its option, may order interconnection facilities formatted using Alternate Mark Inversion Line Code or Superframe Format.

3.2 Unless otherwise agreed to by the Parties, the Parties will interconnect their networks using SS7 signaling as defined in GR-317 and GR-394 including ISDN User Part ("ISUP") for trunk signaling and Carrier Identification Code ("CIC"), where available, and Transaction Capabilities Application Part ("TCAP") for Common Channel Signaling ("CCS")-based features in the interconnection of their networks. All Network Operations Forum (NOF) adopted standards shall be adhered to. Both MF and SS7 trunk groups will not be provided within a single DS-1 facility; a separate DS-1 per signaling type must be used.

3.2.1 The parties will provide CCS to each other in conjunction with all trunk groups supporting local, transit, and toll traffic. The parties will cooperate on the exchange of Transactional Capabilities Application Part (TCAP) messages to facilitate full inter-operability of CCS-based features between their respective networks, including all CLASS features and functions currently deployed by BellSouth. All CCS signaling parameters will be provided including automatic number identification (ANI), originating line information (OLI), calling party category, charge number, etc. All privacy indicators will be honored.

3.2.2 The parties shall meet and mutually agree to network protocols which include but are not limited to glare parameters, number of digits outpulsed, OZZ codes and 800 CIC codes in use.

3.3 Neither Party shall alter the CCS parameters, or be a party to altering such parameters, or pass CCS parameters that it knows have been altered in order to circumvent appropriate interconnection charges.

Section 4. Reporting.

4.1 BellSouth shall provide all blockage data on every trunk group that carries MCIm's local traffic, blockage on those trunk groups that emanate from BellSouth's end offices or tandems and are interconnected with MCIm's

switch, and information on comparable trunks used by BellSouth for its local traffic.

4.1.1 Blocking data will be provided via the BellSouth's web site on a monthly basis, in a format similar to the IC 100 report that is provided to interexchange carriers.

4.2 Each Party shall provide Data Interexchange Carrier (DIXC) traffic data for all trunk groups terminating in the other Party's network.

4.2.1 DIXC traffic data will include, but not be limited to the following:

4.2.1.1 Usage (total usage measured in centum call seconds);

4.2.1.2 Peg Count (Peg count of originating call attempts including overflow), where applicable;

4.2.1.3 Overflow (Peg count of originating call attempts failing to find an idle trunk), where applicable.

- 4.2.2 DIXC traffic data shall be collected as follows:
 - 4.2.2.1 Hourly on the clock hour;
 - 4.2.2.2 Twenty-four (24) hours per day (0000-2400);
 - 4.2.2.3 Seven (7) days per week (including holidays);
 - 4.2.2.4 Fifty-two (52) weeks per year.

4.2.3 DIXC traffic data must be provided electronically using a method agreed to by the Parties, as it is collected.

Section 5. Forecasting.

5.1 The parties shall work towards the development of joint forecasting responsibilities for traffic utilization over trunk groups, and shall use best efforts to ensure that facilities and equipment are available at the time of ordering. The Parties shall make all reasonable efforts and cooperate in good faith to develop alternative solutions to accommodate orders when facilities or equipment are not available. Inter-company forecast information, must be provided by the Parties, to each other, twice a year. BellSouth's forecast will be provided thirty (30) days following the receipt of the MCIm forecast. The Parties agree that each forecast provided under this Section shall be deemed "Confidential Information" in the General Terms and

Conditions – Part A of this Agreement. The semi-annual forecasts shall include:

5.1.1 Yearly forecasted trunk quantities which include measurements that reflect actual tandem and end office Local Interconnection and transit trunks and tandem-subtending Local Interconnection end office equivalent trunk requirements for no more than two years (current plus one year);

5.1.2 The use of Common Language Location Identifier (CLLI-MSG), which are described in Telcordia (Bellcore) documents BR 795-100-100 and BR 795-400-100;

5.1.3 Description of major network projects that affect the other party will be provided in the semi-annual forecasts. Major network projects include but are not limited to trunking or network rearrangements, shifts in anticipated traffic patterns, or other activities by either party that are reflected by a significant increase or decrease in trunking demand for the following forecasting period.

5.2 The Parties shall meet to review and reconcile their forecasts if forecasts vary significantly, or whenever the latest forecasted trunk requirements exceed the original quantities by 10% or more state-wide. Either Party should notify the other Party if they have measurements indicating that a trunk group is exceeding its designed call carrying capacity and is impacting other trunk groups in the network. The Parties shall mutually agree to the over or under trunk group utilization prior to action being taken on the following:

5.2.1 If the Parties are unable to reach such reconciliation, the Local interconnection Trunk Groups shall be provisioned to the higher forecast. At the end of three months, the utilization of the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups will be reviewed and if the average centum call seconds utilization for the third month is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, of capacity at the average time consistent busy hour, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.2.2 If the parties agree on the original forecast and then it is determined that a trunk group is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, of centum call seconds capacity at the average time consistent busy hour on a

monthly-average basis for each month of any six-month period, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.3 Each party shall provide a specified point or points of contact for planning, forecasting and trunk servicing purposes.

Section 6. Servicing.

6.1 Orders between the parties to establish, add, change or disconnect trunks shall be processed by use of an Access Service Request (ASR), or another industry standard eventually adopted and mutually agreed to by the Parties to replace the ASR for local service ordering.

6.2 Subject to 6.3 below, the standard interval used for the provisioning of Local Interconnection trunk groups shall be determined by Desired Due Date, but in no event shall it be longer than ten (10) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for orders of 96 trunks or fewer for additions to local trunk groups, or forty-five (45) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for establishment of 96 trunks or fewer new trunk groups.

6.3 Orders that comprise a major project (i.e., more than 96 new or additions) that directly impact the other party may be submitted at the same time, and their implementation shall be jointly planned and coordinated. Major projects are those that require the coordination and execution of multiple orders or related activities between and among BellSouth and MCIm work groups, including but not limited to the initial establishment of Local Interconnection or transit trunk groups and service in an area, NXX code moves, re-homes, facility grooming, or network rearrangements.

6.4 For intraLATA toll service and local exchange service, the blocking level from originating NID to terminating NID will be engineered not to exceed 1% in any hour, except under conditions of service disruption. For access to or egress from a long distance network, the blocking rate will be engineered not to exceed 0.5% in any hour.

6.5 The Parties shall share responsibility for all Control Office functions for Local Interconnection trunks and trunk groups, and both Parties shall share the overall coordination, installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.6 Where MCIm interconnects with a third party through BellSouth, MCIm is responsible for all Control Office functions for such other Interconnection

trunks and trunk groups, and is responsible for the overall coordination, installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.7 MCIm and BellSouth shall provide to each other test-line numbers and access to test lines for the purpose of testing BST/MCIm interconnection trunk groups.

Section 7. Network Management.

7.1 <u>Protective Protocols</u> - Either party may use protective network traffic management controls such as 7-digit and 10-digit code gaps on traffic toward each others network, when required to protect the public switched network from congestion due to facility failures, switch congestion or failure, or focused overload. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any protective control action planned or executed.

7.2 <u>Expansive Protocols</u> - Where the capability exists, originating or terminating traffic reroutes may be implemented by either Party to temporarily relieve network congestion due to facility failures or abnormal calling patterns. Reroutes will not be used to circumvent normal trunk servicing. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any expansive protocols planned or executed.

7.3 <u>Mass Calling</u> - MCIm and BellSouth shall cooperate and share preplanning information, where available, regarding cross-network call-ins expected to generate large or focused temporary increases in call volumes, to prevent or mitigate the impact of these events on the public switched network.

7.4 <u>High Volume Calling Trunk Groups</u>. At MCIm's request, the Parties will cooperate to establish separate trunk groups or provide some other means of protective controls (i.e., call gapping) for the completion of calls to high volume customers, such as radio contest lines.

7.4.1 Both parties agree to terminate each party's mass calling codes as local traffic. Parties agree that each will put in place controls for NXX's that are dedicated for media stimulated mass calling.

7.4.2 Further, each Party shall provide notification to the other Party when a new routing code (a.k.a. "oddball code") is being established. Notification is not required for new routing codes being established as the direct result of an NPA split, but notification is required for NPA overlays.

Section 8. Third Party Transit Traffic.

8.1 Tandem Switching shall provide connectivity to transit traffic to and from other carriers.

8.1.1 Each Party shall transit all traffic delivered by the other Party, destined to third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA that subtend the transiting Party's switch. Each Party also shall transit all traffic delivered by a third party LEC, CLEC, or CMRS provider in the LATA, destined to the other Party or a switch subtending the other Party. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in Section 9 of this Attachment.

8.1.2 Each Party shall terminate all traffic delivered by the other Party from third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA, and destined to the terminating Party's switch. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in this Attachment.

Section 9. Compensation For Call Termination.

9.1. General.

9.1.1 For the purposes of compensation for call termination under this Agreement, the traffic exchanged between MCIm and BellSouth will be classified as Local Traffic, IntraLATA Toll Traffic, Transit Traffic, or switched access Traffic. The Parties agree that, notwithstanding the classification of traffic under this Agreement, either Party is free to define its own local calling areas for the purposes of providing Telecommunications Services to its own Customers.

9.2 Usage Measurement.

9.2.1 Each Party is responsible for the accuracy and quality of its data as submitted to the other.

9.2.2 Each Party will include in the information transmitted to the other for each call being terminated on the other Party's network the originating CPN, if recorded, otherwise ANI or billing telephone number (BTN) will be provided, where recorded. Where ANI or BTN are not recorded, the telephone number assigned to the trunk group

for recording purposes will be inserted in the BTN field to the extent the telephone number has been provided by the originating carrier.

9.2.3 Each Party will calculate terminating Interconnection minutes of use based on standard AMA recordings made within each Party's network. These recordings are the basis for each Party to determine the minutes of use to be billed to the other Party.

9.2.4 Measurement of minutes of use over Interconnection trunk groups will be in actual conversation seconds for terminating usage and network access duration seconds including unanswered attempts for originating usage.

9.3 <u>Compensation for the Termination of Local Traffic</u>. Local Traffic is defined as any telephone call that originates in one exchange and terminates in either the same exchange, or other local calling area associated with the originating exchange (e.g., Extended Area Service) as defined and specified in Section A3 of BellSouth's General Subscriber Service Tariff. Designation of Local Traffic is not dependent on the type of switching technology used to switch and terminate such Local Traffic, including the use of packet switching. Nothing herein is intended to require the payment of reciprocal compensation for packets exchanged between the Parties.

9.3.1 Local Traffic does not include, and the Parties shall not bill or pay reciprocal compensation for, calls where a Party willfully sets up a call, or colludes with a third party to set up a call, to the other Party's network for the purpose of receiving reciprocal compensation, and not for the purpose of providing a telecommunications service to an End User in good faith.

9.3.2 Left Blank Intentionally.

9.3.3 The Parties have been unable to agree on the treatment of IP telephony traffic for the purposes of reciprocal compensation. The Parties shall incorporate the decision of the Commission in Docket No. 000075-TP regarding the treatment of IP telephony traffic, retroactive to the effective date of this Agreement

9.3.4 On an interim basis, MCIm shall not bill BellSouth a tandem rate when MCIm does not use a tandem to terminate BellSouth's originating traffic, subject to MCIm's right to bill retroactively the tandem rate upon a determination by the Commission in Docket No. 000075-TP, and any applicable subsequent proceedings, that it is appropriate.

9.4 Left Blank Intentionally.

9.4.1 The rates for reciprocal compensation (call transport and termination) are as set forth in Attachment 1.

9.4.2 For the purposes of traffic terminated by BellSouth pursuant to this Attachment, Tandem Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between two switching offices through a third switching office (the Tandem switch). The Parties are unable to agree on a definition of Tandem Switching for traffic terminated by MCIm, and the Parties will incorporate the decision of the Commission in Docket No. 000075-TP, and any applicable subsequent proceedings.

9.4.3 For the purposes of this Attachment, End Office Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between the trunk side and line side of the End Office switch.

9.4.4 If MCIm utilizes a switch outside the LATA and BellSouth chooses to purchase dedicated or common (shared) transport from MCIm for transport and termination of BellSouth originated traffic, BellSouth will pay MCIm no more than the airline miles between the V & H coordinates of the Point of Interconnection within the LATA where MCIm receives the BellSouth-originated traffic and the V & H coordinates of a point on the LATA boundary in the direction of the MCIm switch or at a point otherwise agreed to by the Parties. For these situations, BellSouth will compensate MCIm at either dedicated or common (shared) transport rates specified in Attachment 1 of this Agreement and based upon the functions provided by MCIm as defined in this Attachment.

9.4.5 Neither Party shall represent Switched Access Services traffic as Local Traffic for purposes of payment of reciprocal compensation.

9.4.6 Left Blank Intentionally

9.4.7 Compensation for ISP-bound Traffic

9.4.7.1 ISP-bound Traffic is defined as calls to an Internet service provider that are dialed by using a local dialing pattern. ISPbound Traffic is not considered Local Traffic subject to reciprocal compensation, but instead is information access traffic subject to compensation as described by the FCC in its Order on Remand and Report and Order, CC Docket Nos. 96-98 and 99-68, FCC 01-31 (released April 27, 2001) ("ISP Remand Order"). All combined ISPbound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P, that exceeds a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic on a statewide basis is ISP-bound Traffic. All combined ISP-bound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P, that does not exceed a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic on a statewide basis is Local Traffic.

- 9.4.7.2 Each Party shall calculate, in accordance with subsection 9.6.1 of this Attachment, the Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic that it terminates from the other Party.
- 9.4.7.3 For the period beginning on June 14, 2001 and ending on December 13, 2001, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0015 per minute of use (MOU) for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.
- 9.4.7.4 To the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on December 14, 2001, and ending on June 13, 2003, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0010 per MOU for ISPbound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.
- 9.4.7.5 To the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on June 14, 2003 the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0007 per MOU for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.
- 9.4.7.6 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the volume of ISP-bound traffic for which one Party may bill the other shall be capped as follows:

9.4.7.6.1 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2001, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to originating Party on ISP-bound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to, on an annualized basis, the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes which the terminating Party

terminated from the originating Party during the first quarter of 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor.

9.4.7.6.2 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2002 and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party on ISPbound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes for which the terminating Party was entitled to compensation in 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor.

9.4.7.6.3 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2003 and beyond, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during those years, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party only on ISP-bound Traffic minutes up to a ceiling equal to the year 2002 ceiling.

- 9.4.7.7 If an authoritative body with appropriate jurisdiction determines that any portion of the ISP Remand Order is unlawful or invalid, or otherwise modifies the ISP Remand Order, the Parties shall amend this Agreement to incorporate the ruling of such authoritative body.
- 9.4.7.8 BellSouth shall offer to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order. If, in the future, BellSouth chooses not to offer to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order, then the rate for ISP-bound Traffic termination shall be the rate for reciprocal compensation for Local Traffic as set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. If the Parties are unable to agree on whether BellSouth is offering to exchange traffic as described in this Subsection 9.4.7, they shall invoke the dispute resolution procedures in Part A of this Agreement.

9.4.7.8.1 Rates for the exchange of Local Traffic shall apply to all ISP-bound Traffic exchanged by the Parties between the expiration date of the initial term of the Parties' prior interconnection agreement and June 13, 2001, inclusive.

- 9.4.7.9 ISP-bound Traffic shall be subject to the trunking requirements set forth in Section 2 of this Attachment.
- 9.4.7.10 The Parties have been unable to agree on the treatment of NPA-NXX codes assigned to end users outside the rate center to which the NPA-NXX is assigned, for the purposes of reciprocal compensation and/or switched access charges. The Parties will incorporate the decision of the Commission in Docket No. 000075-TP with regard to the assignment of NPA-NXX codes to end users outside the rate center to which the NPA-NXX is assigned (including foreign exchange traffic) retroactive to the effective date of this Agreement.
- 9.5 Compensation for IntraLATA Toll Calls and intraLATA Toll Free Service Calls

9.5.1 When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, MCIm delivers an MCIm end user-originated intraLATA toll call to BellSouth for termination to a BellSouth end user, MCIm shall compensate BellSouth at BellSouth's Commission-filed and effective intrastate Switched Access tariff rate. When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, BellSouth delivers a BellSouth end user-originated intraLATA toll call to MCIm for termination to a MCIm end user, BellSouth shall compensate MCIm at MCIm's Commission-filed and effective Switched Access tariff rate. When a third party acts as an intraLATA toll carrier, the Parties shall charge such intraLATA toll carrier, pursuant to Section 9.8 of this Attachment. Where the originating Party is not the toll carrier for the call, such call shall be delivered to the other Party using GR-394.

9.5.2 When a Party's customer originates an intraLATA Toll Free call, that Party shall charge the appropriate Toll Free carrier originating

access and data base query charges in accordance with its Commission-filed and effective Switched Access tariff. No charges for transport and termination of Local Traffic shall apply to such calls. Appropriate records shall be provided in the standard EMI format.

9.6 Determination of Jurisdiction.

9.6.1 The Parties will use the calling party number (CPN) to determine the jurisdiction of billed traffic. If the jurisdiction of traffic cannot be determined based on the CPN, the Parties will jointly exchange industry standard jurisdictional factors, such as PIU and PLU as established pursuant to Section 21 of Part A of this Agreement.

9.7 Compensation for the Termination of Local Transit Traffic.

9.7.1 Transit Traffic Service. Rates for transiting local transit traffic shall be as set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. Wireless Type 1 traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective. Wireless Type 2A traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective until BellSouth and the Wireless carrier have the capability to properly meet-point-bill in accordance with MECAB guidelines. BellSouth shall either pass on to the wireless carrier the reciprocal compensation payments received from MCIm or indemnify MCIm as to any claim a wireless carrier may raise concerning reciprocal compensation payments MCIm makes to BellSouth.

9.7.2 The Parties agree to deliver transit traffic to the terminating carrier; provided, however, that the originating Party is solely responsible for negotiating and executing any appropriate contractual agreements with the terminating carrier for the receipt of this traffic through the transiting Party's network. The transiting Party will not be liable for any compensation to the terminating carrier or to the originating Party. The Parties shall, however, provide each other with any available information necessary to measure and bill for such traffic.

9.8 Compensation for Switched Access Traffic.

9.8.1 The Parties will establish Meet Point Billing arrangements in order to provide Switched Access Services to third party intraLATA and interLATA toll carriers via BellSouth's Access Tandem Switches, in accordance with MECAB guidelines.

9.8.2 For interstate and intrastate traffic, the Parties will charge third party toll carriers in accordance with each Party's respective Commission or FCC filed and effective Switched Access tariff.

9.8.3 Billing to third party toll carriers for Switched Access Services jointly provided by the Parties via Meet Point Billing arrangements, will be done by the multiple bill/multiple tariff method. As described in MECAB, each Party will render a bill in accordance with its own tariff for that portion of the service it provides. For the purposes of this Agreement, MCIm is the Initial Billing Company ("IBC") and BellSouth is the Subsequent Billing Company ("SBC").

9.8.4 The Parties will maintain provisions in the National Exchange Carrier Association ("NECA") Tariff No. 4, or any successor tariff, sufficient to reflect this Meet Point Billing arrangement, including Billing Interconnection Percentages ("BIPs").

9.8.5 Information will be exchanged in the Exchange Message Interface ("EMI") format, via a method currently used by the Parties, or by some other method mutually agreeable. When the Parties use CONNECT:Direct, the recording Party agrees to use its best efforts to provide to the IBC, at no charge, the switched access detailed usage data in 1101XX records within 48 hours, but in no event more than 60 days, after the recording date. The IBC will provide the switched access summary usage data in 1150XX records to the SBC and all other subsequent billing third parties within 10 days of rendering the initial bill to the third party toll carrier. Each Party will notify the other when it is not feasible to meet these requirements.

9.8.6 Errors may be discovered by MCIm, or BellSouth. Each Party agrees to provide the other Party with notification of any discovered errors within ten business days after discovery.

9.8.7 In the event of a loss or damage of data, the Parties agree to cooperate to reconstruct the lost or damaged data within 48 hours after notification and if such reconstruction is not possible, to accept a reasonable estimate of the lost data. This estimate may be based on several methodologies, such as an estimate of the volume of lost messages and associated revenue based on information available concerning the average revenue per minute for the average interstate

or intrastate call or based upon at least three, but no more than 12 months of prior usage data, if available. Each Party will retain for a minimum period of ninety (90) days, access message detail sufficient to recreate any data which is lost or damaged by their company or any third party involved in processing or transporting data.

9.8.8 BellSouth shall provide MCIm, via the internet, with updates of the billing name, billing address, and Carrier Identification Codes (CICs) of all third party toll carriers originating or terminating traffic at BellSouth's Access Tandems in order to comply with the Meet Point Billing notification process as outlined in MECAB.

9.8.9 If category 1101XX records are not submitted by the SBC in a timely fashion, the Parties agree to cooperate to estimate the billing to the IXCs in accordance with the IBC's Switched Access tariffs for estimating usage. The SBC will be liable to the IBC for the amount of lost revenue, as determined by the estimate. If there is a disagreement as to the estimate, the Parties shall negotiate a settlement.

9.8.10 If category 1150XX records are not submitted by the IBC in a timely fashion, the Parties agree to cooperate to estimate the billing to the third party toll carriers in accordance with the SBC's Switched Access tariffs for estimating usage. The IBC will be liable to the SBC for the amount of lost revenue, as determined by the estimate. If there is a disagreement as to the estimate, the Parties shall negotiate a settlement.

9.9 To the extent applicable, the following rate elements will be billed in accordance with each Party's respective switched access tariffs:

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm
Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth

9.9.1 <u>Interstate Switched Access</u>. Terminating to or originating from MCIm Customers

Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

9.9.2 <u>Intrastate Switched Access</u>. Terminating to or originating from MCIm Customers

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm
Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth
Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

* BIPs previously negotiated have been entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4. Future BIPs will be negotiated and mutually agreed to by both Parties and entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4.

9.10 Compensation for the Termination of Traffic to Ported Numbers.

9.10.1 The Parties agree that, under INP, terminating compensation for calls to ported numbers should be received by each customer's chosen local service provider as if each call to a customer had been originally addressed by the calling party to a telephone number bearing an NPA-NXX directly assigned to the customer's chosen local service provider.

9.11 When MCIm orders or uses BellSouth unbundled Network Elements pursuant to Attachment 3 of this Agreement, those elements ordered or used shall be considered part of MCIm's network for the purpose of calculating reciprocal compensation and switched access charges, subject to this Section 9.11. Where MCIm utilizes BellSouth's unbundled switching, for local transit traffic originated by a third party and terminated to an MCIm end user, MCIm shall be entitled to reciprocal compensation from the third party originating such local transit traffic. Notwithstanding the foregoing, MCIm is

not entitled to reciprocal compensation from BellSouth for termination of BellSouth originated Local Traffic in instances where MCIm utilizes Bellsouth's unbundled switching and where BellSouth does not bill MCIm for the terminating usage on that unbundled switching.

ATTACHMENT 4

INTERCONNECTION

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INTERCONNECTION

Section 1. Network Interconnection Methods.

1.1 The Parties shall provide interconnection with each other's networks for the transmission and routing of telephone exchange service (local) and exchange access (intraLATA toll and switched access). The Parties shall work cooperatively to install and maintain efficient and reliable Interconnection arrangements. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall provide Interconnection to MCIm, at any technically feasible point, at least equal in quality to that provided by BellSouth to itself or to any subsidiary, Affiliate, or any other third party to which BellSouth provides Interconnection. The parties shall provide Interconnection at the rates contained in Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

1.2 BellSouth shall provide Interconnection at any Technically Feasible point, including, but not limited to, a Fiber Meet, at one or more locations in each LATA in which MCIm originates local, intraLATA toll or Meet Point Switched Access traffic and interconnects with BellSouth. MCIm may designate a Point of Interconnection at any Technically Feasible point including but not limited to any electronic or manual cross-connect points, collocations, telco closets, entrance facilities, and Joint Fiber Facilities. Entrance facilities and Joint Fiber Facilities are specified in subsection 1.5, below.

1.3 Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the Parties shall maintain the status quo with respect to the existing Points of Interconnection until such time as the Commission in Generic Docket No. 13542-U determines the rights of the Parties with respect to the designation of the Point or Points of Interconnection. The Parties shall not establish new Points of Interconnection during the pendency of Generic Docket No. 13542-U except on mutual agreement. Upon request of either Party, the Parties shall negotiate an amendment to this Agreement to incorporate the provisions of a Commission order in Generic Docket No. 13542-U.

1.3.1 A Party authorized in Generic Docket No. 13542-U to establish new or change existing Points of Interconnection with the other Party will provide written notice of the need to establish or change such Interconnection to the other Party. The time necessary to implement the arrangement shall be negotiated by the Parties, based on the arrangement requested and availability of facilities.
1.3.2 The Parties shall determine the appropriate sizing for Interconnection facilities based on mutual forecasts as set forth in Section 5 of this Attachment.

1.4 MCIm must establish, at a minimum, one Point of Interconnection with BellSouth within the LATA. If MCIm chooses to interconnect at a single Point of Interconnection within a LATA, the interconnection must be at a BellSouth Access Tandem. Furthermore, for LATAs served by multiple access tandems, MCIm must establish trunks from the Point of Interconnection to the remaining BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed." It is MCIm's responsibility to enter its own NPA/NXX access tandem "homing" arrangements into the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

1.4.1 In order for MCIm to home its NPA/NXX(s) on a BellSouth tandem, MCIm's NPA/NXX(s) must be assigned within the Exchange Rate Center Areas served by that BellSouth tandem as specified by BellSouth. Any new rate centers established by either Party within a BellSouth tandem serving area must be approved by the Commission and defined in the Business Rating Interface Database System ("BRIDS") and the Local Exchange Routing Guide ("LERG"). The specified association between BellSouth tandems and Exchange Rate Center Areas will be defined in the LERG.

1.4.2 BellSouth will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. MCIm will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. The Point of Interconnection also serves as the point for determining compensation for call transport and termination. The Point of Interconnection has, including, but not limited to, the following main characteristics:

- 1. It is a point to allow connection, disconnection, transfer or restoration of service.
- 2. It is a point where BellSouth and MCIm can verify and maintain specific performance objectives.
- 3. It is specified according to the interfaces specified in this Agreement
- 4. The Parties provide their own equipment to interface with the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1 and/or OCn circuits.

1.4.3 The Parties shall comply with the environmental hazard provisions of Attachments 5 and 6 of this Agreement.

1.4.4 BellSouth shall respond as to the availability of the location and method of Interconnection selected by MCIm and as described in this

Agreement, and the Parties shall schedule whatever meetings are required to establish a project plan and use best efforts to complete the Interconnection arrangement by the desired Interconnection Activation Date.

1.5 Each Party may purchase interconnection facilities (e.g., local channeldedicated and/or interoffice transport-dedicated, etc.) from the other or from a third Party for the delivery of its originated traffic to the established Point of Interconnection between the Parties. Such facilities, if purchased by one Party from the other, will be billed in accordance with Attachment 1 of this Agreement and are not part of the call transport and termination facilities for which reciprocal compensation is owed to the Party leasing the facility to the other. For the purposes of this Attachment, local channel-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between a point designated by the purchasing Party and the other Party's wire center that serves the designated point ("Serving Wire Center"). For the purposes of this Attachment, interoffice transport-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between wire centers designated by the purchasing Party.

1.6 Joint Fiber Facilities.

1.6.1 Joint Optical Interconnection

1.6.1.1 Upon mutual agreement by both Parties, the Parties may interconnect using a Joint Optical Interconnection. If the Parties interconnect pursuant to a Joint Optical Interconnection (JOI) arrangement, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.1.2 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.1.3 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.1.4 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center").

1.6.1.5 MCIm shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way located outside the BIWC and BellSouth shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of Optical Fire Resistance ("OFR") cable to reach the Fiber Optical Terminal ("FOT") equipment in the BIWC. MCIm shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. BellSouth shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside the BIWC in the FOT equipment at BellSouth's expense.

1.6.1.6 BellSouth shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way outside MCIm's Wire Center and MCIm shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable BellSouth to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of OFR cable to reach the FOT equipment at MCIm's Wire Center. BellSouth shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. MCIm shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside MCIm's Wire Center in the FOT equipment at MCIm's expense.

1.6.1.7 The Parties shall use the Joint Fiber Facility for delivery of traffic, including Local, transit and intraLATA, between the Parties. Provided, however, special access traffic shall not be routed over the Joint Fiber Facility.

1.6.1.8 Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 2.1.1.4, neither Party shall charge the other for the use of the JOI facility for the transmission of traffic to the other Party's location. However, appropriate call transport and termination charges and switched access charges, associated with the rest of either Party's network, for Local Traffic and intraLATA toll traffic shall apply in accordance with this Agreement and applicable Commission-approved switched access tariffs. Nothing in this Agreement shall alter the charges assessed by either Party to a third party carrier for delivery of transit traffic. Charges for the use of the JOI for transit traffic shall be billed by MCIm to the appropriate carrier.

1.6.1.9 Each Party shall use its best efforts to ensure that fiber received from the other Party will enter the Party's Wire Center through an entrance facility separate from that from which the Party's own fiber exited.

1.6.1.10 The Parties shall work cooperatively to determine the assignment control of the fiber strands that will be used for the JOI facility.

1.6.1.11 The Parties shall cooperate with one another for the purpose of maintaining and testing the fiber-optic cable.

1.6.1.12 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.1.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.6.2 Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.1 If MCIm elects to establish a Point of Interconnection with BellSouth pursuant to a Fiber Meet, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks for the transmission and routing of traffic via a Local Channel facility. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.2.2 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.2.3 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center").

1.6.2.4 The Parties shall designate a Point of Interconnection, not within either Party's wire center, as a Fiber Meet point, and shall make all necessary preparations to receive, and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver, fiber optic facilities into the Point of Interconnection with sufficient spare length to reach the fusion splice point at the Point of Interconnection. BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install, and maintain the fusion splicing point in the Point of Interconnection. A Common Language Location Identification ("CLLI") code, which must be a building type code, will be established for each Point of Interconnection and will be noted properly on orders between the Parties.

1.6.2.5 Each Party shall deliver and maintain its fiber wholly at its own expense. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall allow MCIm access to the Fiber Meet entry point for maintenance purposes as promptly as possible.

1.6.2.6 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.2.7 Each Party will be responsible for (i) providing its own transport facilities to the Fiber Meet, and (ii) the cost to build-out its facilities to such Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.8 Neither Party shall charge the other for its portion of the Fiber Meet facility used exclusively for non-transit local traffic (i.e. the Local Channel). Charges incurred for other services including dedicated transport facilities to the Point of Interconnection, if applicable, will apply. Charges for Switched and Special Access Services shall be billed to the appropriate carrier in accordance with the applicable Commission approved switched access service tariff.

1.6.2.9 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.2.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be

activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.7 Sizing and Structure of Joint Fiber Facilities.

The capacity of Interconnection facilities provided by each Party will be based on mutual forecasts and sound engineering practice, as agreed by the Parties during planning and forecasting meetings. The Parties will determine the appropriate sizing for facilities based on these standards. The Parties shall work cooperatively to ensure the adequacy of Interconnection facilities. The Parties shall augment existing facilities when the overall capacity of those facilities is 75-85% used, or as otherwise agreed. Facilities will be augmented to ensure adequate facility capacity for at least two years of forecasted traffic. The Parties shall complete the construction of relief facilities at least two months prior to the projected exhaust date, or sooner, if facilities exhaust is imminent.

Section 2. Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.1 General.

2.1.1 The parties shall reciprocally terminate local exchange traffic and IntraLATA/InterLATA toll calls on each other's networks as follows:

2.1.1.1 The Parties will establish those trunk groups necessary to exchange local, intraLATA toll, and local and IntraLATA transit traffic (referred to in this Attachment 4 as "Local Interconnection Trunk Groups").

2.1.1.2 BellSouth and MCIm shall establish interconnecting trunk groups and trunking configurations between networks in accordance with the provisions set forth in this Agreement.

2.1.1.3 Any MCIm interconnection request that (1) deviates from the standard trunking architectures as described in this Agreement; (2) affects traffic delivered to MCIm from a BellSouth switch; and (3) requires special BellSouth switch translations and other network modifications will require MCIm to submit a Bona Fide Request/New Business Request via the Bona Fide Request/New Business Request process set forth in General Terms and Conditions. 2.1.1.4 All charges, both non-recurring and recurring, associated with interconnecting trunk groups between BellSouth and MCIm are set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. For two-way trunking that carries both Parties' traffic, including trunking that carries Transit Traffic, each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the recurring charges for transport facilities and nonrecurring charges for facility additions based on the percentage of the total traffic originated by that Party. BellSouth shall determine the applicable percentages twice per year based on the previous 6 months' minutes of use billed by each Party. Each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the nonrecurring charges for initial facilities based on the joint forecasts for circuits required by each Party. Each Party shall be responsible for ordering and paying for any facilities for two-way trunks carrying only its transit traffic. Furthermore, each Party shall be responsible for the compensation for transport facilities for two-way trunking that it orders for its traffic but utilizes unidirectionally.

2.1.1.5 BellSouth shall transit Switched Access traffic from IXCs to MCIm based on MCIm's NXX Access Tandem homing arrangement as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

2.1.1.6 Two-Way Trunking Requirements:

2.1.1.6.1 The Parties will order trunks using the access service request (ASR) process in place for Local Interconnection after the joint planning meeting takes place between BellSouth and MCIm.

2.1.1.6.2 BellSouth and MCIm agree to meet and resolve service-affecting situations in a timely manner. This contact will normally be made through the Account Team.

2.1.1.6.3 Establishing a two-way trunk group does not preclude BellSouth from adding one-way trunk groups within the same Local Calling Area, as long as such one-way trunk groups are agreed to by MCIm.

2.1.1.6.4 BellSouth will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities to its side of the Point of Interconnection, and MCIm will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities on its side of the Point of Interconnection. 2.1.2 One-way and two-way trunks. The parties shall use either oneway or two-way trunking or a combination, as specified by MCIm. The Parties shall work cooperatively to decide when to use two-way trunking on a case by case basis that is mutually beneficial to both Parties. If the Parties are unable to agree, MCIm shall make the final determination.

2.1.3 Where necessary, BellSouth shall load MCIm's NXXs in BellSouth's switches based on the information for those NXXs as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG), and BellSouth shall switch traffic as specified by the NXX tandem homing arrangement in the LERG.

2.1.4 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection Architectures.

2.1.4.1 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection provides intratandem access to subtending end offices. BellSouth Multiple Tandem Access (MTA), described later in this Agreement, may be ordered using any of the following access tandem architectures.

2.1.4.2. Basic Architecture.

2.1.4.2.1 In this architecture, MCIm's originating Local and IntraLATA Toll and originating and terminating Transit Traffic is transported on a single two-way trunk group between MCIm and BellSouth access tandem(s) within a LATA. This group carries intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other Competitive Local Exchange Carriers ("CLEC") and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. BellSouth originated Local and IntraLATA Toll traffic is transported on a single one-way trunk group terminating to MCIm. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.1.4.3 Supergroup Architecture.

2.1.4.3.1 In the Supergroup Architecture, the Parties Local, IntraLATA Toll and MCIm's Transit Traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) is exchanged on a single two-way trunk group (also known as a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group) between MCIm and BellSouth. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic. all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.2 Local Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.2.1 <u>LATA Wide Termination</u>. MCIm may elect LATA Wide Termination with BellSouth, otherwise known as Multiple Tandem Access ("MTA"). Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection Trunk Groups to a single BellSouth access tandem designated by MCIm for the termination of all Local Interconnection Traffic destined for any BellSouth office in that LATA.

2.2.1.1 BellSouth MTA provides for LATA wide BellSouth transport and termination of MCIm-originated intraLATA toll and local traffic that is transported by BellSouth for termination to BellSouth or a third party, by establishing trunks at a BellSouth access tandem with routing through multiple BellSouth access tandems as required. With MTA, MCIm may elect to send its originating traffic to any access tandem in the LATA, for completion by BellSouth, regardless of whether MCIm has interconnection trunks established at any other tandem in the LATA. Under MTA BellSouth shall not charge more than two tandem switching charges for any given call. However, MCIm must still establish trunks at all BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed". MCIm shall order MTA, at its option, via the ASR process, at the rates set forth in Attachment 1. 2.2.1.2 MTA does not include switched access traffic that transits the BellSouth network to an Interexchange Carrier (IXC).

2.2.2 <u>Tandem Level Termination</u>. MCIm may elect Tandem Level Termination with BellSouth. Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection trunk groups to each BellSouth Access Tandem in a LATA in which MCIm originates Local Interconnection traffic and interconnects with BellSouth.

2.2.2.1 To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA in a calling area that has multiple access tandems serving the calling area as defined by BellSouth, MCIm must establish trunks to every access tandem in the calling area in order to serve the entire calling area. To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA and provides intraLATA toll service to its customers, it may be necessary for it to establish trunks to additional BellSouth access tandems that serve end offices outside the local calling area. To the extent MCIm routes its traffic in such a way that utilizes BellSouth's MTA service without properly ordering MTA service, MCIm agrees to pay BellSouth the associated transport and termination charges.

2.2.3 If BellSouth establishes remote offices that are capable of receiving direct trunking, BellSouth shall make such capability available to MCIm.

2.2.4 Where the Parties deliver miscellaneous calls (i.e. time, weather, NPA-555, Mass Calling Codes) destined for each other over the Local Interconnection trunk group, they shall deliver such traffic in accordance with the serving arrangements defined in the LERG.

2.2.5 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provide unidirectional traffic on two-way trunks, for MCIm's originating traffic, effectively operating them as if they were one-way trunk groups.

2.2.6 BellSouth shall not require trunk group fragmentation by traffic types.

2.2.7 BellSouth shall post on its web site a list of NPA-NXX's that constitute local calls from BellSouth's originating NPA-NXXs for each local calling area in the BellSouth region. Such list shall be updated on a weekly basis.

2.3 Switched Access Trunking Arrangements.

2.3.1 At its option, MCIm may order two-way transit trunk groups to each BellSouth access tandem where MCIm has its NXX's homed for the joint provisioning of Switched Access Services in accordance with MECAB guidelines, using DS-1 or DS-3 facilities separate from those used for Local Interconnection trunk groups.

2.3.2 In multiple-tandem LATAs, BellSouth shall, except in instances of capacity limitations, permit and enable MCIm to subtend the BellSouth Access Tandem nearest to the MCIm Rating Point, adopted in accordance with Section 1.4.1 of this Attachment associated with the NPA-NXX to/from which the Meet Point services are homed. In instances of capacity limitation at a given Access Tandem, MCIm may subtend the next nearest BellSouth Access Tandem in which sufficient capacity is available by homing its NPA-NXX(s) on that tandem. The Meet Point billing percentages for each new Rating Point/Access Tandem pair will be calculated in accordance with MECAB and MECOD guidelines.

2.3.3 At MCIm's request, where MCIm is providing the switching, MCIm may order and BellSouth shall provide trunk groups exclusively to carry interLATA traffic originated by an MCIm customer.

2.3.4 All originating Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm requests that BellSouth perform the Service Switching Point ("SSP") function (e.g., perform the database query) must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group. Carrier Code "0110" and Circuit Code of "09" shall be used for all such calls. BellSouth shall bill MCIm for any queries requested by MCIm, at the rates set forth on Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

2.3.5 All post-query Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm performs the SSP function, if delivered to BellSouth, must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group for calls destined to the switched access Toll Free Service provider.

2.3.6 Originating 950 calls delivered to BellSouth's tandem from MCIm will be delivered to the appropriate associated interexchange carrier using the appropriate signaling format.

2.3.7 MCIm shall be permitted to offer tandem services for switched access traffic. In order to ensure that BellSouth receives appropriate switched access charges, MCIm shall provide the appropriate billing records for any trunk groups carrying access traffic that would enable BellSouth to bill for the switched access services it provides in

conjunction with MCIm's tandem service. The billing records shall be subject to audit pursuant to Part A of this Agreement.

2.3.8 Combination Interconnection Trunk Groups.

2.3.8.1 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provision a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group, which carries the Parties' Local, IntraLATA Toll, and MCIm's transit traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) on a single twoway trunk group. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic, all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.3.8.2 Upon MCIm's request, the Parties will work together in good faith to complete conversions to the use of Combination Interconnection trunk groups, within an interval to be negotiated by the Parties. The Parties shall use the normal ASR ordering process, and MCIm shall pay the appropriate charges associated with the request.

2.4 The Parties shall utilize direct end office trunking under the following conditions:

2.4.1 <u>Tandem Exhaust</u>. If a tandem through which the Parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support additional traffic loads for a six month forecasting cycle, the Parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan for future trunking additions until BellSouth has alleviated the tandem capacity shortage. BellSouth shall take appropriate action to alleviate tandem capacity shortage if such tandem is unable to, or is forecasted to, be unable to support additional traffic loads for any period of time.

2.4.1.1 If a tandem through which the parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support additional traffic loads for any period of time, the parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan that will alleviate the tandem capacity shortage and ensure completion of traffic between MCIm and ILEC subscribers.

2.4.2 <u>Traffic volume</u>. Either Party may order, and the other Party shall install and retain, direct end office two-way trunking sufficient to handle actual or reasonably forecasted two-way traffic volumes, whichever is greater, between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office where the traffic exceeds 220,000 minutes of use per month. When the traffic between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office exceeds 170,000 minutes of use per month, either Party may notify the other Party and request that the facilities be installed. Such facilities will be installed on mutual agreement. The parties will install additional capacity between the MCIm switching center and the BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth access tandem exceeds or is forecast to exceed, 220,000 minutes of use per month.

2.4.3 <u>Mutual Agreement</u> - The Parties may install direct end office trunking upon mutual agreement in the absence of conditions (1) or (2) above and agreement will not unreasonably be withheld.

Section 3. Signaling.

3.1 Unless otherwise indicated in this Agreement, all Interconnection facilities must be 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability (CCC) and Extended Super Frame with Binary 8 Zero Substitution line coding ("ESF B8ZS"). Where ESF/B8ZS is not available, MCIm shall use other interconnection protocols on an interim basis until the standard ESF/B8ZS is available. BellSouth will provide anticipated dates of availability, if any, and upon MCIm's request for those areas not currently ESF/B8ZS compatible.

3.1.1 Where MCIm is unwilling to utilize an alternate interconnection protocol, MCIm will provide BellSouth an initial forecast of 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability ("64K CCC") trunk quantities within 30 days of executing this Agreement, consistent with the forecasting agreements between the parties. Upon receipt of this forecast, the parties will begin joint planning for the engineering, procurement, and installation of the segregated 64K CCC Local Interconnection Trunk Groups, and the associated B8ZS Extended Super Frame ("ESF") facilities, for the sole purpose of transmitting 64K CCC data calls between MCIm and BellSouth. Where additional equipment is required, such equipment would be obtained, engineered, and installed on the same basis and with the same intervals as any similar

growth job for IXC, CLEC or ILEC internal subscriber demand for 64K CCC trunks. Where Technically Feasible, these trunks will be established as two-way. MCIm, at its option, may order interconnection facilities formatted using Alternate Mark Inversion Line Code or Superframe Format.

3.2 Unless otherwise agreed to by the Parties, the Parties will interconnect their networks using SS7 signaling as defined in GR-317 and GR-394 including ISDN User Part ("ISUP") for trunk signaling and Carrier Identification Code ("CIC"), where available, and Transaction Capabilities Application Part ("TCAP") for Common Channel Signaling ("CCS")-based features in the interconnection of their networks. All Network Operations Forum (NOF) adopted standards shall be adhered to. Both MF and SS7 trunk groups will not be provided within a single DS-1 facility; a separate DS-1 per signaling type must be used.

3.2.1 The parties will provide CCS to each other in conjunction with all trunk groups supporting local, transit, and toll traffic. The parties will cooperate on the exchange of Transactional Capabilities Application Part (TCAP) messages to facilitate full inter-operability of CCS-based features between their respective networks, including all CLASS features and functions currently deployed by BellSouth. All CCS signaling parameters will be provided including automatic number identification (ANI), originating line information (OLI), calling party category, charge number, etc. All privacy indicators will be honored.

3.2.2 The parties shall meet and mutually agree to network protocols which include but are not limited to glare parameters, number of digits outpulsed, OZZ codes and 800 CIC codes in use.

3.3 Neither Party shall alter the CCS parameters, or be a party to altering such parameters, or pass CCS parameters that it knows have been altered in order to circumvent appropriate interconnection charges.

Section 4. Reporting.

4.1 BellSouth shall provide all blockage data on every trunk group that carries MCIm's local traffic, blockage on those trunk groups that emanate from BellSouth's end offices or tandems and are interconnected with MCIm's switch, and information on comparable trunks used by BellSouth for its local traffic.

4.1.1 Blocking data will be provided via the BellSouth's web site on a monthly basis, in a format similar to the IC 100 report that is provided to interexchange carriers.

4.2 Each Party shall provide Data Interexchange Carrier (DIXC) traffic data for all trunk groups terminating in the other Party's network.

- 4.2.1 DIXC traffic data will include, but not be limited to the following:
 - 4.2.1.1 Usage (total usage measured in centum call seconds);

4.2.1.2 Peg Count (Peg count of originating call attempts including overflow), where applicable;

4.2.1.3 Overflow (Peg count of originating call attempts failing to find an idle trunk), where applicable.

- 4.2.2 DIXC traffic data shall be collected as follows:
 - 4.2.2.1 Hourly on the clock hour;
 - 4.2.2.2 Twenty-four (24) hours per day (0000-2400);
 - 4.2.2.3 Seven (7) days per week (including holidays);
 - 4.2.2.4 Fifty-two (52) weeks per year.

4.2.3 DIXC traffic data must be provided electronically using a method agreed to by the Parties, as it is collected.

Section 5. Forecasting.

5.1 The parties shall work towards the development of joint forecasting responsibilities for traffic utilization over trunk groups, and shall use best efforts to ensure that facilities and equipment are available at the time of ordering. The Parties shall make all reasonable efforts and cooperate in good faith to develop alternative solutions to accommodate orders when facilities or equipment are not available. Inter-company forecast information, must be provided by the Parties, to each other, twice a year. BellSouth's forecast will be provided thirty (30) days following the receipt of the MCIm forecast. The Parties agree that each forecast provided under this Section shall be deemed "Confidential Information" in the General Terms and Conditions – Part A of this Agreement. The semi-annual forecasts shall include:

5.1.1 Yearly forecasted trunk quantities which include measurements that reflect actual tandem and end office Local Interconnection and transit trunks and tandem-subtending Local Interconnection end office equivalent trunk requirements for no more than two years (current plus one year);

5.1.2 The use of Common Language Location Identifier (CLLI-MSG), which are described in Telcordia (Bellcore) documents BR 795-100-100 and BR 795-400-100;

5.1.3 Description of major network projects that affect the other party will be provided in the semi-annual forecasts. Major network projects include but are not limited to trunking or network rearrangements, shifts in anticipated traffic patterns, or other activities by either party that are reflected by a significant increase or decrease in trunking demand for the following forecasting period.

5.2 The Parties shall meet to review and reconcile their forecasts if forecasts vary significantly, or whenever the latest forecasted trunk requirements exceed the original quantities by 10% or more state-wide. Either Party should notify the other Party if they have measurements indicating that a trunk group is exceeding its designed call carrying capacity and is impacting other trunk groups in the network. The Parties shall mutually agree to the over or under trunk group utilization prior to action being taken on the following:

5.2.1 If the Parties are unable to reach such reconciliation, the Local interconnection Trunk Groups shall be provisioned to the higher forecast. At the end of three months, the utilization of the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups will be reviewed and if the average centum call seconds utilization for the third month is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, of capacity at the average time consistent busy hour, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.2.2 If the parties agree on the original forecast and then it is determined that a trunk group is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, of centum call seconds capacity at the average time consistent busy hour on a monthly-average basis for each month of any six-month period, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as

the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.3 Each party shall provide a specified point or points of contact for planning, forecasting and trunk servicing purposes.

Section 6. Servicing.

6.1 Orders between the parties to establish, add, change or disconnect trunks shall be processed by use of an Access Service Request (ASR), or another industry standard eventually adopted and mutually agreed to by the Parties to replace the ASR for local service ordering.

6.2 Subject to 6.3 below, the standard interval used for the provisioning of Local Interconnection trunk groups shall be determined by Desired Due Date, but in no event shall it be longer than ten (10) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for orders of 96 trunks or fewer for additions to local trunk groups, or forty-five (45) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for establishment of 96 trunks or fewer new trunk groups.

6.3 Orders that comprise a major project (i.e., more than 96 new or additions) that directly impact the other party may be submitted at the same time, and their implementation shall be jointly planned and coordinated. Major projects are those that require the coordination and execution of multiple orders or related activities between and among BellSouth and MCIm work groups, including but not limited to the initial establishment of Local Interconnection or transit trunk groups and service in an area, NXX code moves, re-homes, facility grooming, or network rearrangements.

6.4 For intraLATA toll service and local exchange service, the blocking level from originating NID to terminating NID will be engineered not to exceed 1% in any hour, except under conditions of service disruption. For access to or egress from a long distance network, the blocking rate will be engineered not to exceed 0.5% in any hour.

6.5 The Parties shall share responsibility for all Control Office functions for Local Interconnection trunks and trunk groups, and both Parties shall share the overall coordination, installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.6 Where MCIm interconnects with a third party through BellSouth, MCIm is responsible for all Control Office functions for such other Interconnection trunks and trunk groups, and is responsible for the overall coordination, installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.7 MCIm and BellSouth shall provide to each other test-line numbers and access to test lines for the purpose of testing BST/MCIm interconnection trunk groups.

Section 7. Network Management.

7.1 <u>Protective Protocols</u> - Either party may use protective network traffic management controls such as 7-digit and 10-digit code gaps on traffic toward each others network, when required to protect the public switched network from congestion due to facility failures, switch congestion or failure, or focused overload. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any protective control action planned or executed.

7.2 <u>Expansive Protocols</u> - Where the capability exists, originating or terminating traffic reroutes may be implemented by either Party to temporarily relieve network congestion due to facility failures or abnormal calling patterns. Reroutes will not be used to circumvent normal trunk servicing. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any expansive protocols planned or executed.

7.3 <u>Mass Calling</u> - MCIm and BellSouth shall cooperate and share preplanning information, where available, regarding cross-network call-ins expected to generate large or focused temporary increases in call volumes, to prevent or mitigate the impact of these events on the public switched network.

7.4 <u>High Volume Calling Trunk Groups</u>. At MCIm's request, the Parties will cooperate to establish separate trunk groups or provide some other means of protective controls (i.e., call gapping) for the completion of calls to high volume customers, such as radio contest lines.

7.4.1 Both parties agree to terminate each party's mass calling codes as local traffic. Parties agree that each will put in place controls for NXX's that are dedicated for media stimulated mass calling.

7.4.2 Further, each Party shall provide notification to the other Party when a new routing code (a.k.a. "oddball code") is being established. Notification is not required for new routing codes being established as the direct result of an NPA split, but notification is required for NPA overlays.

Section 8. Third Party Transit Traffic.

8.1 Tandem Switching shall provide connectivity to transit traffic to and from other carriers.

8.1.1 Each Party shall transit all traffic delivered by the other Party, destined to third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA that subtend the transiting Party's switch. Each Party also shall transit all traffic delivered by a third party LEC, CLEC, or CMRS provider in the LATA, destined to the other Party or a switch subtending the other Party. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in Section 9 of this Attachment.

8.1.2 Each Party shall terminate all traffic delivered by the other Party from third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA, and destined to the terminating Party's switch. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in this Attachment.

- Section 9. Compensation For Call Termination.
 - 9.1. General.

9.1.1 For the purposes of compensation for call termination under this Agreement, the traffic exchanged between MCIm and BellSouth will be classified as Local Traffic, ISP-bound Traffic, IntraLATA Toll Traffic, Transit Traffic, or switched access Traffic. The Parties agree that, notwithstanding the classification of traffic under this Agreement, either Party is free to define its own local calling areas for the purposes of providing Telecommunications Services to its own Customers.

9.2 Usage Measurement.

9.2.1 Each Party is responsible for the accuracy and quality of its data as submitted to the other.

9.2.2 Each Party will include in the information transmitted to the other for each call being terminated on the other Party's network the originating CPN, if recorded, otherwise ANI or billing telephone number (BTN) will be provided, where recorded. Where ANI or BTN are not recorded, the telephone number assigned to the trunk group for recording purposes will be inserted in the BTN field to the extent the telephone number has been provided by the originating carrier. Unless and until BellSouth notifies MCIm that an independent

telephone company has adopted an alternative to the primary carrier plan, for intraLATA toll calls originating on an independent telephone company's network, MCIm shall presume that BellSouth is the intraLATA toll carrier, and shall use the 1101 records provided by BellSouth to bill BellSouth the appropriate access charges. If BellSouth notifies MCIm that an independent telephone company has adopted an alternative to the primary carrier plan, the Parties shall amend this Agreement to incorporate the appropriate access billing methods.

9.2.3 Each Party will calculate terminating Interconnection minutes of use based on standard AMA recordings made within each Party's network. These recordings are the basis for each Party to determine the minutes of use to be billed to the other Party.

9.2.4 Measurement of minutes of use over Interconnection trunk groups will be in actual conversation seconds for terminating usage and network access duration seconds including unanswered attempts for originating usage.

9.3 <u>Compensation for the Termination of Local Traffic</u>. Local Traffic is defined as any telephone call that originates in one exchange and terminates in either the same exchange, or other local calling area associated with the originating exchange (e.g., Extended Area Service) as defined and specified in Section A3 of BellSouth's General Subscriber Service Tariff. Designation of Local Traffic is not dependent on the type of switching technology used to switch and terminate such Local Traffic, including the use of packet switching. Nothing herein is intended to require the payment of reciprocal compensation for packets exchanged between the Parties.

9.3.1 Local Traffic does not include, and the Parties shall not bill or pay reciprocal compensation for, calls where a Party willfully sets up a call, or colludes with a third party to set up a call, to the other Party's network for the purpose of receiving reciprocal compensation, and not for the purpose of providing a telecommunications service to an End User in good faith.

9.3.2 Left Blank Intentionally.

9.3.3 Consistent with its decision in Docket No. 11644-U, the Commission will defer ruling on whether IP Telephony is subject to switched access charges or reciprocal compensation.

9.4 The rates for transport and termination of Local Traffic that BellSouth and MCIm charge each other are set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

9.4.1 Pursuant to the Commission's Order in Docket 11901-U, MCIm is entitled to reciprocal compensation for tandem switching because each of MCIm's switches in the Atlanta area serves a geographic area comparable to the area served by BellSouth's tandem switch and is functionally equivalent. MCIm shall charge BellSouth for tandem switching and end office switching for all Local Traffic. BellSouth shall charge MCIm for tandem switching and end office switching and end office switching and end office switching and end office switching where those elements actually are used in the termination of a call. The Parties shall charge each other for common transport where common transport actually is used in the termination of a call.

9.4.2 For the purposes of this Attachment, BellSouth's Tandem Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between two switching offices through a third switching office (the Tandem switch).

9.4.3 For the purposes of this Attachment, End Office Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between the trunk side and line side of the End Office switch.

9.4.4 If MCIm utilizes a switch outside the LATA and BellSouth chooses to purchase dedicated or common (shared) transport from MCIm for transport and termination of BellSouth originated traffic, BellSouth will pay MCIm no more than the airline miles between the V & H coordinates of the Point of Interconnection within the LATA where MCIm receives the BellSouth-originated traffic and the V & H coordinates of a point on the LATA boundary in the direction of the MCIm switch or at a point otherwise agreed to by the Parties. For these situations, BellSouth will compensate MCIm at either dedicated or common (shared) transport rates specified in Attachment 1 of this Agreement and based upon the functions provided by MCIm as defined in this Attachment.

9.4.5 Neither Party shall represent Switched Access Services traffic as Local Traffic for purposes of payment of reciprocal compensation.

9.4.6 Compensation for calls to foreign exchange (as foreign exchange is defined in Section 19 of Docket 11901-U) lines shall be determined in Generic Docket No. 13542-U.

9.4.7..Compensation for ISP-bound Traffic

9.4.7.1 ISP-bound Traffic is defined as calls to an Internet service provider that are dialed by using a local dialing pattern. ISP-bound Traffic is not considered Local Traffic subject to reciprocal compensation, but instead is information access traffic subject to compensation as described by the FCC in its *Order on Remand and Report and Order*, CC Docket Nos. 96-98 and 99-68, FCC 01-31 (released April 27, 2001) ("ISP Remand Order"). All combined ISP-bound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P, that exceeds a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic on a statewide basis is ISP-bound Traffic. All combined ISP-bound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P, that does not exceed a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic on a statewide basis is Local Traffic.

9.4.7.2 Each Party shall calculate, in accordance with subsection 9.6.1 of this Attachment, the Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic that it terminates from the other Party.

9.4.7.3 For the period beginning on June 14, 2001 and ending on December 13, 2001, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0015 per minute of use (MOU) for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.

9.4.7.4 To the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on December 14, 2001, and ending on June 13, 2003, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0010 per MOU for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.

9.4.7.5 To the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on June 14, 2003 the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0007 per MOU for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.

9.4.7.6 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the volume of ISP-bound traffic for which one Party may bill the other shall be capped as follows:

9.4.7.6.1 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2001, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party on ISP-bound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to, on an annualized basis, the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes which the terminating Party

terminated from the originating Party during the first quarter of 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor.

9.4.7.6.2 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2002 and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party on ISPbound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes for which the terminating Party was entitled to compensation in 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor.

9.4.7.6.3 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2003 and beyond, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during those years, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party only on ISP-bound Traffic minutes up to a ceiling equal to the year 2002 ceiling.

9.4.7.7 If an authoritative body with appropriate jurisdiction determines that any portion of the ISP Remand Order is unlawful or invalid, or otherwise modifies the ISP Remand Order, the Parties shall amend this Agreement to incorporate the ruling of such authoritative body.

9.4.7.8 BellSouth shall offer to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order. If, in the future, BellSouth chooses not to offer to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order, then the rate for ISP-bound Traffic termination shall be the rate for reciprocal compensation for Local Traffic as set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. If the Parties are unable to agree on whether BellSouth is offering to exchange traffic as described in this Subsection 9.4.7, they shall invoke the dispute resolution procedures in Part A of this Agreement.

9.4.7.8.1 Rates for the exchange of Local Traffic shall apply to all ISP-bound Traffic exchanged by the Parties between the expiration date of the initial term of the Parties' prior interconnection agreement and June 13, 2001, inclusive.

9.4.7.9 ISP-bound Traffic shall be subject to the trunking requirements set forth in Section 2 of this Attachment.

9.5 Compensation for IntraLATA Toll Calls and intraLATA Toll Free Service Calls

9.5.1 When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, MCIm delivers an MCIm end user-originated intraLATA toll call to BellSouth for termination to a BellSouth end user, MCIm shall compensate BellSouth at BellSouth's Commission filed and effective intrastate Switched Access tariff rate. When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, BellSouth delivers a BellSouth end user-originated intraLATA toll call to MCIm for termination to a MCIm end user, BellSouth shall compensate MCIm at MCIm's Commission filed and effective Switched Access tariff rate. When a third party acts as an intraLATA toll carrier, the Parties shall charge such intraLATA toll carrier, pursuant to Section 9.8 of this Attachment. Where the originating Party is not the toll carrier for the call, such call shall be delivered to the other Party using GR-394.

9.5.2 When a Party's customer originates an intraLATA Toll Free call, that Party shall charge the appropriate Toll Free carrier originating access and data base query charges in accordance with its Commission filed and effective Switched Access tariff. No charges for transport and termination of Local Traffic shall apply to such calls. Appropriate records shall be provided in the standard EMI format.

9.6 Determination of Jurisdiction.

9.6.1 The Parties will use the calling party number (CPN) to determine the jurisdiction of billed traffic. If the jurisdiction of traffic cannot be determined based on the CPN, the Parties will jointly exchange industry standard jurisdictional factors, such as PIU and PLU as established pursuant to Section 21 of Part A of this Agreement.

9.7 Compensation for the Termination of Local Transit Traffic.

9.7.1 For local calls (as defined in the interconnection agreement between MCIm and the applicable third party) that originate from a third party, transit BellSouth's network, and terminate to MCIm, MCIm may require BellSouth, on MCIm's behalf, to bill and collect reciprocal compensation from such third party. MCIm shall not require BellSouth to perform billing and collection functions for third parties with which MCIm does not have an interconnection agreement. MCIm shall provide BellSouth the information from such agreements necessary for BellSouth to fulfill its billing and collection obligations. If MCIm requests BellSouth to perform billing and collection functions, the Parties shall meet to establish the appropriate procedures for these functions. BellSouth shall provide such billing and collection functions within an interval, and at rates (recurring and non-recurring, which may include developmental costs), terms, and conditions, which shall be negotiated by the Parties at the time this Service is requested. BellSouth may require MCIm to pay for system developmental charges in advance of system development work. BellSouth shall provide the Service within the agreed-upon interval, even if rate negotiations are incomplete, and BellSouth shall set an interim rate, which MCIm shall pay, that is just, fair, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory. If interim rates are used, MCIm shall pay BellSouth the final negotiated or arbitrated rate, retroactive to the date the Services are first provided. If MCIm withdraws a request for the billing and collection functions described in this section, MCIm shall be responsible for the costs reasonably incurred by BellSouth prior to the withdrawal of the request, and BellSouth shall refund to MCIm any money collected from MCIm in excess of such costs.

9.7.1.1 If MCIm requires BellSouth to bill and collect from a third party LEC, CLEC or CMRS provider on MCIm's behalf, BellSouth shall remit to MCIm amounts collected on MCIm's behalf, for such calls terminating to MCIm using MCIm's rates set forth in the interconnection agreement between MCIm and the third party. Such rates must be based on a minute of use basis. BellSouth shall provide MCIm with information regarding uncollectible accounts, for which BellSouth shall have no obligation to remit amounts to MCIm. Uncollectible accounts are those for which BellSouth does not receive payment from the third party by the bill due date (as defined in the interconnection agreement between MCIm and the third party). BellSouth is under no obligation to continue collection activity on accounts it has reported to MCIm as uncollectible.

9.7.2 If MCIm does not request that BellSouth bill and collect on its behalf, BellSouth shall not be responsible for billing and collection with the applicable third party. MCIm will instead establish appropriate billing relationships directly with that third party. The Parties shall, however, provide each other with any information necessary to measure and bill for such traffic.

9.7.3 <u>Transit Traffic Service</u>. The originating Party of local transit traffic shall compensate the transiting Party at the applicable rates set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. Wireless Type 1 traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective. Wireless Type 2A traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective until BellSouth and the Wireless carrier have the capability to properly meet-point-bill in accordance with MECAB guidelines. BellSouth shall either pass on reciprocal compensation payments to the wireless carriers, or indemnify MCIm as to any claim the wireless carriers may raise concerning those reciprocal compensation payments.

9.7.4 The Parties agree to deliver transit traffic to the terminating carrier. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, the transiting Party will not be liable for any compensation to the terminating carrier or to the originating Party. The Parties shall, however, provide each other with any available information necessary to measure and bill for such traffic

9.8 Compensation for Switched Access Traffic.

9.8.1 The Parties will establish Meet Point Billing arrangements in order to provide Switched Access Services to third party intraLATA and interLATA toll carriers via BellSouth's Access Tandem Switches, in accordance with MECAB guidelines.

9.8.2 For interstate and intrastate traffic, the Parties will charge third party toll carriers in accordance with each Party's respective Commission or FCC filed and effective Switched Access tariff.

9.8.3 Billing to third party toll carriers for Switched Access Services jointly provided by the Parties via Meet Point Billing arrangements, will be done by the multiple bill/multiple tariff method. As described in MECAB, each Party will render a bill in accordance with its own tariff for that portion of the service it provides. For the purposes of this

Agreement, MCIm is the Initial Billing Company ("IBC") and BellSouth is the Subsequent Billing Company ("SBC").

9.8.4 The Parties will maintain provisions in the National Exchange Carrier Association ("NECA") Tariff No. 4, or any successor tariff, sufficient to reflect this Meet Point Billing arrangement, including Billing Interconnection Percentages ("BIPs").

9.8.5 Information will be exchanged in the Exchange Message Interface ("EMI") format, via a method currently used by the Parties, or by some other method mutually agreeable. When the Parties use CONNECT:Direct, the recording Party agrees to use its best efforts to provide to the IBC, at no charge, the switched access detailed usage data in 1101XX records within 48 hours, but in no event more than 60 days, after the recording date. The IBC will provide the switched access summary usage data in 1150XX records to the SBC and all other subsequent billing third parties within 10 days of rendering the initial bill to the third party toll carrier. Each Party will notify the other when it is not feasible to meet these requirements.

9.8.6 Errors may be discovered by MCIm, or BellSouth. Each Party agrees to provide the other Party with notification of any discovered errors within ten business days after discovery.

9.8.7 In the event of a loss or damage of data, the Parties agree to cooperate to reconstruct the lost or damaged data within 48 hours after notification and if such reconstruction is not possible, to accept a reasonable estimate of the lost data. This estimate may be based on several methodologies, such as an estimate of the volume of lost messages and associated revenue based on information available concerning the average revenue per minute for the average interstate or intrastate call or based upon at least three, but no more than 12 months of prior usage data, if available. Each Party will retain for a minimum period of ninety (90) days, access message detail sufficient to recreate any data which is lost or damaged by their company or any third party involved in processing or transporting data.

9.8.8 BellSouth shall provide MCIm, via the internet, with updates of the billing name, billing address, and Carrier Identification Codes (CICs) of all third party toll carriers originating or terminating traffic at BellSouth's Access Tandems in order to comply with the Meet Point Billing notification process as outlined in MECAB.

9.8.9 If category 1101XX records are not submitted by the SBC in a timely fashion, the Parties agree to cooperate to estimate the billing to

the IXCs in accordance with the IBC's Switched Access tariffs for estimating usage. The SBC will be liable to the IBC for the amount of lost revenue, as determined by the estimate. If there is a disagreement as to the estimate, the Parties shall negotiate a settlement.

9.8.10 If category 1150XX records are not submitted by the IBC in a timely fashion, the Parties agree to cooperate to estimate the billing to the third party toll carriers in accordance with the SBC's Switched Access tariffs for estimating usage. The IBC will be liable to the SBC for the amount of lost revenue, as determined by the estimate. If there is a disagreement as to the estimate, the Parties shall negotiate a settlement.

9.9 To the extent applicable, the following rate elements will be billed in accordance with each Party's respective switched access tariffs:

9.9.1	Interstate Switched Access.	Terminating to or originating from
MCIm	Customers	

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm
Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth
Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

9.9.2 <u>Intrastate Switched Access</u>. Terminating to or originating from MCIm Customers

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm

Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth
Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

* BIPs previously negotiated have been entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4. Future BIPs will be negotiated and mutually agreed to by both Parties and entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4.

9.10 Compensation for the Termination of Traffic to Ported Numbers.

9.10.1 The Parties agree that, under INP, terminating compensation for calls to ported numbers should be received by each customer's chosen local service provider as if each call to a customer had been originally addressed by the calling party to a telephone number bearing an NPA-NXX directly assigned to the customer's chosen local service provider.

9.11 When MCIm orders or uses BellSouth unbundled Network Elements pursuant to Attachment 3 of this Agreement, those elements ordered or used shall be considered part of MCIm's network for the purpose of calculating reciprocal compensation and switched access charges, subject to this Section 9.11. Where MCIm utilizes BellSouth's unbundled switching, for local transit traffic originated by a third party and terminated to an MCIm end user, MCIm shall be entitled to reciprocal compensation from the third party originating such local transit traffic. Notwithstanding the foregoing, MCIm is not entitled to reciprocal compensation for BellSouth for termination of BellSouth originated Local Traffic in instances where MCIm utilizes BellSouth's unbundled switching and where BellSouth does not bill MCIm for the terminating usage on that unbundled switching.

ATTACHMENT 4

INTERCONNECTION

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INTERCONNECTION

Section 1. Network Interconnection Methods.

1.1 The Parties shall provide interconnection with each other's networks for the transmission and routing of telephone exchange service (local) and exchange access (intraLATA toll and switched access). The Parties shall work cooperatively to install and maintain efficient and reliable Interconnection arrangements. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall provide Interconnection to MCIm, at any technically feasible point, at least equal in quality to that provided by BellSouth to itself or to any subsidiary, Affiliate, or any other third party to which BellSouth provides Interconnection. The parties shall provide Interconnection at the rates contained in Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

1.2 BellSouth shall provide Interconnection at any Technically Feasible point, including, but not limited to, a Fiber Meet, at one or more locations in each LATA in which MCIm originates local, intraLATA toll or Meet Point Switched Access traffic and interconnects with BellSouth. MCIm may designate a Point of Interconnection at any Technically Feasible point including but not limited to any electronic or manual cross-connect points, collocations, telco closets, entrance facilities, and Joint Fiber Facilities. Entrance facilities and Joint Fiber Facilities are specified in subsection 1.5, below.

1.3 MCIm will designate the Point or Points of Interconnection and determine the method or methods by which the Parties interconnect in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

1.3.1 If MCIm determines to establish new or change existing Points of Interconnecion with BellSouth, it will provide written notice of the need to establish or change such Interconnection to BellSouth. The time necessary to implement the arrangement shall be negotiated by the Parties, based on the arrangement requested and availability of facilities.

1.3.2 The Parties shall determine the appropriate sizing for Interconnection facilities based on mutual forecasts as set forth in Section 5 of this Attachment. 1.4 MCIm must establish, at a minimum, one Point of Interconnection with BellSouth within the LATA. If MCIm chooses to interconnect at a single Point of Interconnection within a LATA, the interconnection must be at a BellSouth Access Tandem. Furthermore, for LATAs served by multiple access tandems, MCIm must establish trunks from the Point of Interconnection to the remaining BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed." It is MCIm's responsibility to enter its own NPA/NXX access tandem "homing" arrangements into the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

1.4.1 In order for MCIm to home its NPA/NXX(s) on a BellSouth tandem, MCIm's NPA/NXX(s) must be assigned within the Exchange Rate Center Areas served by that BellSouth tandem as specified by BellSouth. Any new rate centers established by either Party within a BellSouth tandem serving area must be approved by the Commission and defined in the Business Rating Interface Database System ("BRIDS") and the Local Exchange Routing Guide ("LERG"). The specified association between BellSouth tandems and Exchange Rate Center Areas will be defined in the LERG.

1.4.2 BellSouth will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. MCIm will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. The Point of Interconnection also serves as the point for determining compensation for call transport and termination. The Point of Interconnection has, including, but not limited to, the following main characteristics:

- 1. It is a point to allow connection, disconnection, transfer or restoration of service.
- 2. It is a point where BellSouth and MCIm can verify and maintain specific performance objectives.
- 3. It is specified according to the interfaces specified in this Agreement
- 4. The Parties provide their own equipment to interface with the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1 and/or OCn circuits.

1.4.3 The Parties shall comply with the environmental hazard provisions of Attachments 5 and 6 of this Agreement.

1.4.4 BellSouth shall respond as to the availability of the location and method of Interconnection selected by MCIm and as described in this Agreement, and the Parties shall schedule whatever meetings are required to establish a project plan and use best efforts to complete the Interconnection arrangement by the desired Interconnection Activation Date.

1.5 Each Party may purchase interconnection facilities (e.g., local channeldedicated and/or interoffice transport-dedicated, etc.) from the other or from a third Party for the delivery of its originated traffic to the established Point of Interconnection between the Parties. Such facilities, if purchased by one Party from the other, will be billed in accordance with Attachment 1 of this Agreement and are not part of the call transport and termination facilities for which reciprocal compensation is owed to the Party leasing the facility to the other. For the purposes of this Attachment, local channel-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between a point designated by the purchasing Party and the other Party's wire center that serves the designated point ("Serving Wire Center"). For the purposes of this Attachment, interoffice transport-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between wire centers designated by the purchasing Party.

1.6 Joint Fiber Facilities.

1.6.1 Joint Optical Interconnection

1.6.1.1 Upon mutual agreement by both Parties, the Parties may interconnect using a Joint Optical Interconnection. If the Parties interconnect pursuant to a Joint Optical Interconnection (JOI) arrangement, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.1.2 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.1.3 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.1.4 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center").

1.6.1.5 MCIm shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way located outside the BIWC and BellSouth shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of Optical Fire Resistance ("OFR") cable to reach the Fiber Optical Terminal ("FOT") equipment in the BIWC. MCIm shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. BellSouth shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside the BIWC in the FOT equipment at BellSouth's expense.

1.6.1.6 BellSouth shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way outside MCIm's Wire Center and MCIm shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable BellSouth to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of OFR cable to reach the FOT equipment at MCIm's Wire Center. BellSouth shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. MCIm shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside MCIm's Wire Center in the FOT equipment at MCIm's expense.

1.6.1.7 The Parties shall use the Joint Fiber Facility for delivery of traffic, including Local, transit and intraLATA, between the Parties. Provided, however, special access traffic shall not be routed over the Joint Fiber Facility.

1.6.1.8 Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 2.1.1.4, neither Party shall charge the other for the use of the JOI facility for the transmission of traffic to the other Party's location. However, appropriate call transport and termination charges and switched access charges, associated with the rest of either Party's network, for Local Traffic and intraLATA toll traffic shall apply in accordance with this Agreement and applicable Commission-approved switched access tariffs. Nothing in this Agreement shall alter the charges assessed by either Party to a third party carrier for delivery of transit traffic. Charges for the use of the JOI for transit traffic shall be billed by MCIm to the appropriate carrier.

1.6.1.9 Each Party shall use its best efforts to ensure that fiber received from the other Party will enter the Party's Wire Center through an entrance facility separate from that from which the Party's own fiber exited.

1.6.1.10 The Parties shall work cooperatively to determine the assignment control of the fiber strands that will be used for the JOI facility.

1.6.1.11 The Parties shall cooperate with one another for the purpose of maintaining and testing the fiber-optic cable.

1.6.1.12 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.1.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.6.2 Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.1 If MCIm elects to establish a Point of Interconnection with BellSouth pursuant to a Fiber Meet, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks for the transmission and routing of traffic via a Local Channel facility. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.2.2 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.2.3 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center").

1.6.2.4 The Parties shall designate a Point of Interconnection, not within either Party's wire center, as a Fiber Meet point, and shall make all necessary preparations to receive, and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver, fiber optic facilities into the Point of Interconnection with sufficient spare length to reach the fusion splice point at the Point of Interconnection. BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install, and maintain the fusion splicing point in the Point of Interconnection. A Common Language Location Identification ("CLLI") code, which must be a building type code, will be established for each Point of Interconnection and will be noted properly on orders between the Parties.

1.6.2.5 Each Party shall deliver and maintain its fiber wholly at its own expense. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall allow MCIm access to the Fiber Meet entry point for maintenance purposes as promptly as possible.

1.6.2.6 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.2.7 Each Party will be responsible for (i) providing its own transport facilities to the Fiber Meet, and (ii) the cost to build-out its facilities to such Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.8 Neither Party shall charge the other for its portion of the Fiber Meet facility used exclusively for non-transit local traffic (i.e. the Local Channel). Charges incurred for other services including dedicated transport facilities to the Point of Interconnection, if applicable, will apply. Charges for Switched and Special Access Services shall be billed to the appropriate carrier in accordance with the applicable Commission approved switched access service tariff.

1.6.2.9 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.2.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be
activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.7 Sizing and Structure of Joint Fiber Facilities.

The capacity of Interconnection facilities provided by each Party will be based on mutual forecasts and sound engineering practice, as agreed by the Parties during planning and forecasting meetings. The Parties will determine the appropriate sizing for facilities based on these standards. The Parties shall work cooperatively to ensure the adequacy of Interconnection facilities. The Parties shall augment existing facilities when the overall capacity of those facilities is 75-85% used, or as otherwise agreed. Facilities will be augmented to ensure adequate facility capacity for at least two years of forecasted traffic. The Parties shall complete the construction of relief facilities at least two months prior to the projected exhaust date, or sooner, if facilities exhaust is imminent.

Section 2. Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.1 General.

2.1.1 The parties shall reciprocally terminate local exchange traffic and IntraLATA/InterLATA toll calls on each other's networks as follows:

2.1.1.1 The Parties will establish those trunk groups necessary to exchange local, intraLATA toll, and local and IntraLATA transit traffic (referred to in this Attachment 4 as "Local Interconnection Trunk Groups").

2.1.1.2 BellSouth and MCIm shall establish interconnecting trunk groups and trunking configurations between networks in accordance with the provisions set forth in this Agreement.

2.1.1.3 Any MCIm interconnection request that (1) deviates from the standard trunking architectures as described in this Agreement; (2) affects traffic delivered to MCIm from a BellSouth switch; and (3) requires special BellSouth switch translations and other network modifications will require MCIm to submit a Bona Fide Request/New Business Request via the Bona Fide Request/New Business Request Process set forth in General Terms and Conditions.

2.1.1.4 All charges, both non-recurring and recurring, associated with interconnecting trunk groups between BellSouth and MCIm are set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. For two-way trunking that carries both Parties' traffic, including trunking that carries Transit Traffic, each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the recurring charges for transport facilities and nonrecurring charges for facility additions based on the percentage of the total traffic originated by that Party. BellSouth shall determine the applicable percentages twice per year based on the previous 6 months' minutes of use billed by each Party. Each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the nonrecurring charges for initial facilities based on the joint forecasts for circuits required by each Party. Each Party shall be responsible for ordering and paying for any facilities for two-way trunks carrying only its transit traffic. Furthermore, each Party shall be responsible for the compensation for transport facilities for two-way trunking that it orders for its traffic but utilizes unidirectionally.

2.1.1.5 BellSouth shall transit Switched Access traffic from IXCs to MCIm based on MCIm's NXX Access Tandem homing arrangement as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

2.1.1.6 Two-Way Trunking Requirements:

2.1.1.6.1 The Parties will order trunks using the access service request (ASR) process in place for Local Interconnection after the joint planning meeting takes place between BellSouth and MCIm.

2.1.1.6.2 BellSouth and MCIm agree to meet and resolve service-affecting situations in a timely manner. This contact will normally be made through the Account Team.

2.1.1.6.3 Establishing a two-way trunk group does not preclude BellSouth from adding one- way trunk groups within the same Local Calling Area, as long as such one-way trunk groups are agreed to by MCIm.

2.1.1.6.4 BellSouth will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities to its side of the Point of Interconnection, and MCIm will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities on its side of the Point of Interconnection.

2.1.2 One-way and two-way trunks. The parties shall use either oneway or two-way trunking or a combination, as specified by MCIm. The Parties shall work cooperatively to decide when to use two-way trunking on a case by case basis that is mutually beneficial to both Parties. If the Parties are unable to agree, MCIm shall make the final determination.

2.1.3 Where necessary, BellSouth shall load MCIm's NXXs in BellSouth's switches based on the information for those NXXs as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG), and BellSouth shall switch traffic as specified by the NXX tandem homing arrangement in the LERG.

2.1.4 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection Architectures.

2.1.4.1 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection provides intratandem access to subtending end offices. BellSouth Multiple Tandem Access (MTA), described later in this Agreement, may be ordered using any of the following access tandem architectures.

2.1.4.2. Basic Architecture.

2.1.4.2.1 In this architecture, MCIm's originating Local and IntraLATA Toll and originating and terminating Transit Traffic is transported on a single two-way trunk group between MCIm and BellSouth access tandem(s) within a LATA. This group carries intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers . This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. BellSouth originated Local and IntraLATA Toll traffic is transported on a single one-way trunk group terminating to MCIm. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.1.4.3 Supergroup Architecture.

2.1.4.3.1 In the Supergroup Architecture, the Parties Local, IntraLATA Toll and MCIm's Transit Traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) is exchanged on a single two-way trunk group (also known as a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group) between MCIm and BellSouth. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic, all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies. Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.2 Local Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.2.1 <u>LATA Wide Termination</u>. MCIm may elect LATA Wide Termination with BellSouth, otherwise known as Multiple Tandem Access ("MTA"). Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection Trunk Groups to a single BellSouth access tandem designated by MCIm for the termination of all Local Interconnection Traffic destined for any BellSouth office in that LATA.

2.2.1.1 BellSouth MTA provides for LATA wide BellSouth transport and termination of MCIm-originated intraLATA toll and local traffic that is transported by BellSouth for termination to

BellSouth or a third party, by establishing trunks at a BellSouth access tandem with routing through multiple BellSouth access tandems as required. With MTA, MCIm may elect to send its originating traffic to any access tandem in the LATA, for completion by BellSouth, regardless of whether MCIm has interconnection trunks established at any other tandem in the LATA. Under MTA BellSouth shall not charge more than two tandem switching charges for any given call. However, MCIm must still establish trunks at all BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed". MCIm shall order MTA, at its option, via the ASR process, at the rates set forth in Attachment 1.

2.2.1.2 MTA does not include switched access traffic that transits the BellSouth network to an Interexchange Carrier (IXC).

2.2.2 <u>Tandem Level Termination</u>. MCIm may elect Tandem Level Termination with BellSouth. Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection trunk groups to each BellSouth Access Tandem in a LATA in which MCIm originates Local Interconnection traffic and interconnects with BellSouth.

2.2.2.1 To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA in a calling area that has multiple access tandems serving the calling area as defined by BellSouth, MCIm must establish trunks to every access tandem in the calling area in order to serve the entire calling area. To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA and provides intraLATA toll service to its customers, it may be necessary for it to establish trunks to additional BellSouth access tandems that serve end offices outside the local calling area. To the extent MCIm routes its traffic in such a way that utilizes BellSouth's MTA service without properly ordering MTA service, MCIm agrees to pay BellSouth the associated transport and termination charges.

2.2.3 If BellSouth establishes remote offices that are capable of receiving direct trunking, BellSouth shall make such capability available to MCIm.

2.2.4 Where the Parties deliver miscellaneous calls (i.e. time, weather, NPA-555, Mass Calling Codes) destined for each other over the Local Interconnection trunk group, they shall deliver such traffic in accordance with the serving arrangements defined in the LERG.

2.2.5 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provide unidirectional traffic on two-way trunks, for MCIm's originating traffic, effectively operating them as if they were one-way trunk groups.

2.2.6 BellSouth shall provision trunks without any user restrictions and without trunk group fragmentation by traffic type except, in order to ensure proper billing, BellSouth shall be permitted to require MCIm to separate transit traffic from local and intralata traffic.

2.2.7 BellSouth shall post on its web site a list of NPA-NXX's that constitute local calls from BellSouth's originating NPA-NXXs for each local calling area in the BellSouth region. Such list shall be updated on a weekly basis.

2.3 Switched Access Trunking Arrangements.

2.3.1 At its option, MCIm may order two-way transit trunk groups to each BellSouth access tandem where MCIm has its NXX's homed for the joint provisioning of Switched Access Services in accordance with MECAB guidelines, using DS-1 or DS-3 facilities separate from those used for Local Interconnection trunk groups.

2.3.2 In multiple-tandem LATAs, BellSouth shall, except in instances of capacity limitations, permit and enable MCIm to subtend the BellSouth Access Tandem nearest to the MCIm Rating Point, adopted in accordance with Section 1.4.1 of this Attachment associated with the NPA-NXX to/from which the Meet Point services are homed. In instances of capacity limitation at a given Access Tandem, MCIm may subtend the next nearest BellSouth Access Tandem in which sufficient capacity is available by homing its NPA-NXX(s) on that tandem. The Meet Point billing percentages for each new Rating Point/Access Tandem pair will be calculated in accordance with MECAB and MECOD guidelines.

2.3.3 At MCIm's request, where MCIm is providing the switching, MCIm may order and BellSouth shall provide trunk groups exclusively to carry interLATA traffic originated by an MCIm customer.

2.3.4 All originating Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm requests that BellSouth perform the Service Switching Point ("SSP") function (e.g., perform the database query) must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group. Carrier Code "0110" and Circuit Code of "09" shall be used for all such calls. BellSouth shall bill MCIm for any queries requested by MCIm, at the rates set forth on Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

2.3.5 All post-query Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm performs the SSP function, if delivered to BellSouth, must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group for calls destined to the switched access Toll Free Service provider.

2.3.6 Originating 950 calls delivered to BellSouth's tandem from MCIm will be delivered to the appropriate associated interexchange carrier using the appropriate signaling format.

2.3.7 MCIm shall not be permitted to commingle local and access traffic on a single trunk and route access traffic directly to BellSouth end offices. MCIm shall route its access traffic to BellSouth access tandem switches via access trunks.

2.3.8 Combination Interconnection Trunk Groups.

2.3.8.1 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provision a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group, which carries the Parties' Local, IntraLATA Toll, and MCIm's transit traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) on a single twoway trunk group. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic, all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.3.8.2 Upon MCIm's request, the Parties will work together in good faith to complete conversions to the use of Combination Interconnection trunk groups, within an interval to be negotiated by the Parties. The Parties shall use the normal ASR ordering process, and MCIm shall pay the appropriate charges associated with the request.

2.4 The Parties shall utilize direct end office trunking under the following conditions:

2.4.1 <u>Tandem Exhaust</u>. If a tandem through which the Parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support

additional traffic loads for a six month forecasting cycle, the Parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan for future trunking additions until BellSouth has alleviated the tandem capacity shortage. BellSouth shall take appropriate action to alleviate tandem capacity shortage if such tandem is unable to, or is forecasted to, be unable to support additional traffic loads for any period of time.

2.4.1.1 If a tandem through which the parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support additional traffic loads for any period of time, the parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan that will alleviate the tandem capacity shortage and ensure completion of traffic between MCIm and ILEC subscribers.

2.4.2 <u>Traffic volume</u>. Either Party may order, and the other Party shall install and retain, direct end office two-way trunking sufficient to handle actual or reasonably forecasted two-way traffic volumes, whichever is greater, between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office where the traffic exceeds 220,000 minutes of use per month. When the traffic between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office exceeds 170,000 minutes of use per month, either Party may notify the other Party and request that the facilities be installed. Such facilities will be installed on mutual agreement. The parties will install additional capacity between the MCIm switching center and the BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth access tandem exceeds or is forecast to exceed, 220,000 minutes of use per month.

2.4.3 <u>Mutual Agreement</u> - The Parties may install direct end office trunking upon mutual agreement in the absence of conditions (1) or (2) above and agreement will not unreasonably be withheld.

Section 3. Signaling.

3.1 Unless otherwise indicated in this Agreement, all Interconnection facilities must be 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability (CCC) and Extended Super Frame with Binary 8 Zero Substitution line coding ("ESF B8ZS"). Where ESF/B8ZS is not available, MCIm shall use other interconnection protocols on an interim basis until the standard ESF/B8ZS is available. BellSouth will provide anticipated dates of availability, if any, and upon MCIm's request for those areas not currently ESF/B8ZS compatible.

3.1.1 Where MCIm is unwilling to utilize an alternate interconnection protocol, MCIm will provide BellSouth an initial forecast of 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability ("64K CCC") trunk quantities within 30 days of executing this Agreement, consistent with the forecasting agreements between the parties. Upon receipt of this forecast, the parties will begin joint planning for the engineering, procurement, and installation of the segregated 64K CCC Local Interconnection Trunkc Groups, and the associated B8ZS Extended Super Frame ("ESF") facilities, for the sole purpose of transmitting 64K CCC data calls between MCIm and BellSouth. Where additional equipment is required, such equipment would be obtained, engineered, and installed on the same basis and with the same intervals as any similar growth job for IXC, CLEC or ILEC internal subscriber demand for 64K CCC trunks. Where Technically Feasible, these trunks will be established as two-way. MCIm, at its option, may order interconnection facilities formatted using Alternate Mark Inversion Line Code or Superframe Format.

3.2 Unless otherwise agreed to by the Parties, the Parties will interconnect their networks using SS7 signaling as defined in GR-317 and GR-394 including ISDN User Part ("ISUP") for trunk signaling and Carrier Identification Code ("CIC"), where available, and Transaction Capabilities Application Part ("TCAP") for Common Channel Signaling ("CCS")-based features in the interconnection of their networks. All Network Operations Forum (NOF) adopted standards shall be adhered to. Both MF and SS7 trunk groups will not be provided within a single DS-1 facility; a separate DS-1 per signaling type must be used.

3.2.1 The parties will provide CCS to each other in conjunction with all trunk groups supporting local, transit, and toll traffic. The parties will cooperate on the exchange of Transactional Capabilities Application Part (TCAP) messages to facilitate full inter-operability of CCS-based features between their respective networks, including all CLASS features and functions currently deployed by BellSouth. All CCS signaling parameters will be provided including automatic number identification (ANI), originating line information (OLI), calling party category, charge number, etc. All privacy indicators will be honored.

3.2.2 The parties shall meet and mutually agree to network protocols which include but are not limited to glare parameters, number of digits outpulsed, OZZ codes and 800 CIC codes in use.

3.3 Neither Party shall alter the CCS parameters, or be a party to altering such parameters, or pass CCS parameters that it knows have been altered in order to circumvent appropriate interconnection charges.

Section 4. Reporting.

4.1 BellSouth shall provide all blockage data on every trunk group that carries MCIm's local traffic, blockage on those trunk groups that emanate from BellSouth's end offices or tandems and are interconnected with MCIm's switch, and information on comparable trunks used by BellSouth for its local traffic.

4.1.1 Blocking data will be provided via the BellSouth's web site on a monthly basis, in a format similar to the IC 100 report that is provided to interexchange carriers.

4.2 Each Party shall provide Data Interexchange Carrier (DIXC) traffic data for all trunk groups terminating in the other Party's network.

4.2.1 DIXC traffic data will include, but not be limited to the following:

4.2.1.1 Usage (total usage measured in centum call seconds);

4.2.1.2 Peg Count (Peg count of originating call attempts including overflow), where applicable;

4.2.1.3 Overflow (Peg count of originating call attempts failing to find an idle trunk), where applicable.

4.2.2 DIXC traffic data shall be collected as follows:

4.2.2.1 Hourly on the clock hour;

- 4.2.2.2 Twenty-four (24) hours per day (0000-2400);
- 4.2.2.3 Seven (7) days per week (including holidays);
- 4.2.2.4 Fifty-two (52) weeks per year.

4.2.3 DIXC traffic data must be provided electronically using a method agreed to by the Parties, as it is collected.

Section 5. Forecasting.

5.1 The parties shall work towards the development of joint forecasting responsibilities for traffic utilization over trunk groups, and shall use best efforts to ensure that facilities and equipment are available at the time of ordering. The Parties shall make all reasonable efforts and cooperate in good faith to develop alternative solutions to accommodate orders when facilities or equipment are not available. Inter-company forecast information, must be provided by the Parties, to each other, twice a year. BellSouth's forecast will be provided thirty (30) days following the receipt of the MCIm forecast. The Parties agree that each forecast provided under this Section shall be deemed "Confidential Information" in the General Terms and Conditions – Part A of this Agreement. The semi-annual forecasts shall include:

5.1.1 Yearly forecasted trunk quantities which include measurements that reflect actual tandem and end office Local Interconnection and transit trunks and tandem-subtending Local Interconnection end office equivalent trunk requirements for no more than two years (current plus one year);

5.1.2 The use of Common Language Location Identifier (CLLI-MSG), which are described in Telcordia (Bellcore) documents BR 795-100-100 and BR 795-400-100;

5.1.3 Description of major network projects that affect the other party will be provided in the semi-annual forecasts. Major network projects include but are not limited to trunking or network rearrangements, shifts in anticipated traffic patterns, or other activities by either party that are reflected by a significant increase or decrease in trunking demand for the following forecasting period.

5.2 The Parties shall meet to review and reconcile their forecasts if forecasts vary significantly, or whenever the latest forecasted trunk requirements exceed the original quantities by 10% or more state-wide. Either Party should notify the other Party if they have measurements indicating that a trunk group is exceeding its designed call carrying capacity and is impacting other trunk groups in the network. The Parties shall mutually agree to the over or under trunk group utilization prior to action being taken on the following:

5.2.1 If the Parties are unable to reach such reconciliation, the Local interconnection Trunk Groups shall be provisioned to the higher forecast. At the end of three months, the utilization of the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups will be reviewed and if the average centum call seconds utilization for the third month is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may

agree, of capacity at the average time consistent busy hour, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.2.2 If the parties agree on the original forecast and then it is determined that a trunk group is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, of centum call seconds capacity at the average time consistent busy hour on a monthly-average basis for each month of any six-month period, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.3 Each party shall provide a specified point or points of contact for planning, forecasting and trunk servicing purposes.

Section 6. Servicing.

6.1 Orders between the parties to establish, add, change or disconnect trunks shall be processed by use of an Access Service Request (ASR), or another industry standard eventually adopted and mutually agreed to by the Parties to replace the ASR for local service ordering.

6.2 Subject to 6.3 below, the standard interval used for the provisioning of Local Interconnection trunk groups shall be determined by Desired Due Date, but in no event shall it be longer than ten (10) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for orders of 96 trunks or fewer for additions to local trunk groups, or forty-five (45) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for establishment of 96 trunks or fewer new trunk groups.

6.3 Orders that comprise a major project (i.e., more than 96 new or additions) that directly impact the other party may be submitted at the same time, and their implementation shall be jointly planned and coordinated. Major projects are those that require the coordination and execution of multiple orders or related activities between and among BellSouth and MCIm work groups, including but not limited to the initial establishment of Local Interconnection or transit trunk groups and service in an area, NXX code moves, re-homes, facility grooming, or network rearrangements.

6.4 For intraLATA toll service and local exchange service, the blocking level from originating NID to terminating NID will be engineered not to exceed 1% in any hour, except under conditions of service disruption. For access to or

egress from a long distance network, the blocking rate will be engineered not to exceed 0.5% in any hour.

6.5 The Parties shall share responsibility for all Control Office functions for Local Interconnection trunks and trunk groups, and both Parties shall share the overall coordination, installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.6 Where MCIm interconnects with a third party through BellSouth, MCIm is responsible for all Control Office functions for such other Interconnection trunks and trunk groups, and is responsible for the overall coordination, installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.7 MCIm and BellSouth shall provide to each other test-line numbers and access to test lines for the purpose of testing BST/MCIm interconnection trunk groups.

Section 7. Network Management.

7.1 <u>Protective Protocols</u> - Either party may use protective network traffic management controls such as 7-digit and 10-digit code gaps on traffic toward each others network, when required to protect the public switched network from congestion due to facility failures, switch congestion or failure, or focused overload. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any protective control action planned or executed.

7.2 <u>Expansive Protocols</u> - Where the capability exists, originating or terminating traffic reroutes may be implemented by either Party to temporarily relieve network congestion due to facility failures or abnormal calling patterns. Reroutes will not be used to circumvent normal trunk servicing. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any expansive protocols planned or executed.

7.3 <u>Mass Calling</u> - MCIm and BellSouth shall cooperate and share preplanning information, where available, regarding cross-network call-ins expected to generate large or focused temporary increases in call volumes, to prevent or mitigate the impact of these events on the public switched network.

7.4 <u>High Volume Calling Trunk Groups</u>. At MCIm's request, the Parties will cooperate to establish separate trunk groups or provide some other means of protective controls (i.e., call gapping) for the completion of calls to high volume customers, such as radio contest lines.

7.4.1 Both parties agree to terminate each party's mass calling codes as local traffic. Parties agree that each will put in place controls for NXX's that are dedicated for media stimulated mass calling.

7.4.2 Further, each Party shall provide notification to the other Party when a new routing code (a.k.a. "oddball code") is being established. Notification is not required for new routing codes being established as the direct result of an NPA split, but notification is required for NPA overlays.

Section 8. Third Party Transit Traffic.

8.1 Tandem Switching shall provide connectivity to transit traffic to and from other carriers.

8.1.1 Each Party shall transit all traffic delivered by the other Party, destined to third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA that subtend the transiting Party's switch. Each Party also shall transit all traffic delivered by a third party LEC, CLEC, or CMRS provider in the LATA, destined to the other Party or a switch subtending the other Party. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in Section 9 of this Attachment.

8.1.2 Each Party shall terminate all traffic delivered by the other Party from third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA, and destined to the terminating Party's switch. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in this Attachment.

Section 9. Compensation For Call Termination.

9.1. General.

9.1.1 For the purposes of compensation for call termination under this Agreement, the traffic exchanged between MCIm and BellSouth will be classified as Local Traffic, IntraLATA Toll Traffic, Transit Traffic, or switched access Traffic. The Parties agree that, notwithstanding the classification of traffic under this Agreement, either Party is free to define its own local calling areas for the purposes of providing Telecommunications Services to its own Customers.

9.2 Usage Measurement.

9.2.1 Each Party is responsible for the accuracy and quality of its data as submitted to the other.

9.2.2 Each Party will include in the information transmitted to the other for each call being terminated on the other Party's network the originating CPN, if recorded, otherwise ANI or billing telephone number (BTN) will be provided, where recorded. Where ANI or BTN are not recorded, the telephone number assigned to the trunk group for recording purposes will be inserted in the BTN field to the extent the telephone number has been provided by the originating carrier.

9.2.3 Each Party will calculate terminating Interconnection minutes of use based on standard AMA recordings made within each Party's network. These recordings are the basis for each Party to determine the minutes of use to be billed to the other Party.

9.2.4 Measurement of minutes of use over Interconnection trunk groups will be in actual conversation seconds for terminating usage and network access duration seconds including unanswered attempts for originating usage.

9.3 <u>Compensation for the Termination of Local Traffic</u>. Local Traffic is defined as any telephone call that originates in one exchange and terminates in either the same exchange, or other local calling area associated with the originating exchange (e.g., Extended Area Service) as defined and specified in Section A3 of BellSouth's General Subscriber Service Tariff. Designation of Local Traffic is not dependent on the type of switching technology used to switch and terminate such Local Traffic, including the use of packet switching. Nothing herein is intended to require the payment of reciprocal compensation for packets exchanged between the Parties.

9.3.1 Local Traffic does not include, and the Parties shall not bill or pay reciprocal compensation for, calls where a Party willfully sets up a call, or colludes with a third party to set up a call, to the other Party's network for the purpose of receiving reciprocal compensation, and not for the purpose of providing a telecommunications service to an End User in good faith.

9.3.2 Left Blank Intentionally.

9.3.3 The Parties have been unable to agree on the treatment of IP telephony traffic for the purposes of reciprocal compensation.

9.4 Left Blank Intentionally.

9.4.1 The rates for reciprocal compensation (call transport and termination) are as set forth in Attachment 1. In all markets covered by this Agreement, MCI shall charge BellSouth only end office switching at the rates set forth in Attachment 1 for terminating Local Traffic. In all markets covered by this Agreement, BellSouth shall charge MCIm for tandem switching, end office switching and common transport at the rates set forth in Attachment 1 where those elements are actually used in the termination of Local Traffic.

9.4.1.1 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Parties agree that the reciprocal compensation provisions set forth herein shall be effective prospectively as of March 1, 2002, and the Parties shall not true up any amounts paid or not paid for reciprocal compensation for Local Traffic prior thereto.

9.4.2 For the purposes of traffic terminated by BellSouth pursuant to this Attachment, Tandem Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between two switching offices through a third switching office (the Tandem switch).

9.4.3 For the purposes of this Attachment, End Office Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between the trunk side and line side of the End Office switch.

9.4.4 If MCIm utilizes a switch outside the LATA and BellSouth chooses to purchase dedicated or common (shared) transport from MCIm for transport and termination of BellSouth originated traffic, BellSouth will pay MCIm no more than the airline miles between the V & H coordinates of the Point of Interconnection within the LATA where MCIm receives the BellSouth-originated traffic and the V & H coordinates of a point on the LATA boundary in the direction of the MCIm switch or at a point otherwise agreed to by the Parties. For these situations, BellSouth will compensate MCIm at either dedicated or common (shared) transport rates specified in Attachment 1 of this Agreement and based upon the functions provided by MCIm as defined in this Attachment.

9.4.5 Neither Party shall represent Switched Access Services traffic as Local Traffic for purposes of payment of reciprocal compensation.

9.4.6 Left Blank Intentionally

9.4.7 Compensation for ISP-bound Traffic

9.4.7.1 ISP-bound Traffic is defined as calls to an Internet service provider that are dialed by using a local dialing pattern. ISPbound Traffic is not considered Local Traffic subject to reciprocal compensation, but instead is information access traffic subject to compensation as described by the FCC in its *Order on Remand and Report and Order*, CC Docket Nos. 96-98 and 99-68, FCC 01-31 (released April 27, 2001) ("ISP Remand Order"). All combined ISPbound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P (subject to Section 9.4.8.1.3), that exceeds a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic on a statewide basis is ISP-bound Traffic. All combined ISP-bound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P (subject to Section 9.4.8.1.3), that does not exceed a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic on a statewide basis is Local Traffic.

- 9.4.7.2 Each Party shall calculate, in accordance with subsection 9.6.1 of this Attachment, the Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic that it terminates from the other Party.
- 9.4.7.3 Subject to Section 9.4.7.8.1 below, for the period beginning on June 14, 2001 and ending on December 13, 2001, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0015 per minute of use (MOU) for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.
- 9.4.7.4 Subject to Section 9.4.7.8.1 below, to the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on December 14, 2001, and ending on June 13, 2003, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0010 per MOU for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.
- 9.4.7.5 To the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on June 14, 2003 the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0007 per MOU for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.

9.4.7.6 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the volume of ISP-bound traffic for which one Party may bill the other shall be capped as follows:

> 9.4.7.6.1 Subject to Section 9.4.7.8.1 below, for ISPbound Traffic exchanged during the year 2001, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to originating Party on ISP-bound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to, on an annualized basis, the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes which the terminating Party terminated from the originating Party during the first quarter of 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor.

9.4.7.6.2 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2002 and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party on ISPbound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes for which the terminating Party was entitled to compensation in 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor.

9.4.7.6.3 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2003 and beyond, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during those years, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party only on ISP-bound Traffic minutes up to a ceiling equal to the year 2002 ceiling.

- 9.4.7.7 If an authoritative body with appropriate jurisdiction determines that any portion of the ISP Remand Order is unlawful or invalid, or otherwise modifies the ISP Remand Order, the Parties shall amend this Agreement to incorporate the ruling of such authoritative body.
- 9.4.7.8 BellSouth shall offer to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order. If, in the future, BellSouth chooses not to offer

to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order, then the rate for ISP-bound Traffic termination shall be the rate for reciprocal compensation for Local Traffic as set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. If the Parties are unable to agree on whether BellSouth is offering to exchange traffic as described in this Subsection 9.4.7, they shall invoke the dispute resolution procedures in Part A of this Agreement.

9.4.7.8.1 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Parties agree that the intercarrier compensation provisions set forth herein shall be effective prospectively only. The Parties shall not true up any amounts paid or not paid for intercarrier compensation for ISP-bound Traffic prior to March 1, 2002.

- 9.4.7.9 ISP-bound Traffic shall be subject to the trunking requirements set forth in Section 2 of this Attachment.
- 9.4.7.10 The Parties have been unable to agree on the treatment of NPA-NXX codes assigned to end users outside the rate center to which the NPA-NXX is assigned, for the purposes of reciprocal compensation and/or switched access charges.
- 9.4.8 The Parties shall implement the following business rules to govern future reciprocal/inter-carrier compensation billing and dispute resolution processes in addition to, and not in lieu of, the business rules set forth elsewhere in this Agreement.
- 9.4.8.1 By June 30, 2002, the Parties will exchange the necessary data at a sufficient level of detail to permit BellSouth to validate the terminating usage amounts recorded and billed by MCIm and to permit MCIm to validate the BellSouth originating usage measurement audit system. The Parties agree to correct any noted deficiencies as a result of this validation process.
 - 9.4.8.1.1 Once validated, the connectivity billings by MCIm will be based on MCIm's switch usage measurements, and BellSouth will not withhold intercarrier compensation based on usage

disputes where the variance between MCIm's billed usage and BellSouth's recorded originating usage is not greater than 1.5%.

- 9.4.8.1.2 Where the usage variance is greater than 1.5%, BellSouth may withhold payment for the disputed minutes of use so long as BellSouth supplies to MCIm, along with its dispute notification, its usage data at a sufficient level of detail to enable comparisons of usage data with MCIm. Any inter-carrier compensation amounts in dispute and withheld by BellSouth will be quantified and provided to MCIm in BellSouth's dispute notification letter. The Parties will use their best efforts to resolve any disputes involving the withholding of inter-carrier compensation within 45 days of BellSouth's dispute notification letter. If the Parties are unable to resolve the dispute within 45 days, the dispute will be resolved in accordance with Section 22 of the General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement.
- 9.4.8.1.3 The Parties will exchange data and information by July 31, 2002, in order to come to an agreement on the data sources and a methodology for identifying the Local Traffic originating from MCIm's UNE-P customers that terminate to BellSouth for purposes of including that originating traffic in the calculation of the 3:1 ratio described in Section 9.4.7.1 for connectivity billing purposes.
- 9.4.8.2 By July 31, 2002, the Parties will exchange the necessary data to permit MCIm to validate the processes and systems by which BellSouth calculates its quarterly Percentage Local Usage (PLU). The Parties will correct any noted deficiencies as a result of this validation process. Once validated, MCIm will apply the BellSouth provided quarterly PLU to MCIm's terminating usage measurements to determine the amount of minutes of use of Local Traffic, ISP-bound Traffic and IntraLATA Toll Traffic to be billed to BellSouth.
 - 9.5 Compensation for IntraLATA Toll Calls and intraLATA Toll Free Service Calls

9.5.1 When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, MCIm delivers an MCIm end user-originated intraLATA toll call to BellSouth for termination to a BellSouth end user, MCIm shall compensate BellSouth at BellSouth's Commission-filed and effective intrastate Switched Access tariff rate. When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, BellSouth delivers a BellSouth end user-originated intraLATA toll call

to MCIm for termination to a MCIm end user, BellSouth shall compensate MCIm at the interstate rate levels established in the FCC's Seventh Report and Order, released April 27, 2001, establishing benchmarks for CLEC interstate access rates in CC Docket No. 96-262, and will reduce such rates over time as prescribed by that FCC Order. When a third party acts as an intraLATA toll carrier, the Parties shall charge such intraLATA toll carrier, pursuant to Section 9.8 of this Attachment. Where the originating Party is not the toll carrier for the call, such call shall be delivered to the other Party using GR-394.

9.5.2 When a Party's customer originates an intraLATA Toll Free call, that Party shall charge the appropriate Toll Free carrier originating access and data base query charges in accordance with its Commission-filed and effective Switched Access tariff. No charges for transport and termination of Local Traffic shall apply to such calls. Appropriate records shall be provided in the standard EMI format.

9.6 Determination of Jurisdiction.

9.6.1 The Parties will use the calling party number (CPN) to determine the jurisdiction of billed traffic. If the jurisdiction of traffic cannot be determined based on the CPN, the Parties will jointly exchange industry standard jurisdictional factors, such as PIU and PLU as established pursuant to Section 21 of Part A of this Agreement.

9.7 Compensation for the Termination of Local Transit Traffic.

9.7.1 Transit Traffic Service. Rates for transiting local transit traffic shall be as set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. Wireless Type 1 traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective. Wireless Type 2A traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective until BellSouth and the Wireless carrier have the capability to properly meet-point-bill in accordance with MECAB guidelines. BellSouth shall either pass on to the wireless carrier the reciprocal compensation payments received from MCIm or indemnify MCIm as to any claim a wireless carrier may raise concerning reciprocal compensation payments MCIm makes to BellSouth.

9.7.2 The Parties agree to deliver transit traffic to the terminating carrier; provided, however, that the originating Party is solely responsible for negotiating and executing any appropriate contractual agreements with the terminating carrier for the receipt of this traffic through the transiting Party's network. The transiting Party will not be liable for any compensation to the terminating carrier or to the originating Party. The Parties shall, however, provide each other with any available information necessary to measure and bill for such traffic.

9.8 Compensation for Switched Access Traffic.

9.8.1 The Parties will establish Meet Point Billing arrangements in order to provide Switched Access Services to third party intraLATA and interLATA toll carriers via BellSouth's Access Tandem Switches, in accordance with MECAB guidelines.

9.8.2 For interstate and intrastate traffic, the Parties will charge third party toll carriers in accordance with each Party's respective Commission or FCC filed and effective Switched Access tariff.

9.8.3 Billing to third party toll carriers for Switched Access Services jointly provided by the Parties via Meet Point Billing arrangements, will be done by the multiple bill/multiple tariff method. As described in MECAB, each Party will render a bill in accordance with its own tariff for that portion of the service it provides. For the purposes of this Agreement, MCIm is the Initial Billing Company ("IBC") and BellSouth is the Subsequent Billing Company ("SBC").

9.8.4 The Parties will maintain provisions in the National Exchange Carrier Association ("NECA") Tariff No. 4, or any successor tariff, sufficient to reflect this Meet Point Billing arrangement, including Billing Interconnection Percentages ("BIPs").

9.8.5 Information will be exchanged in the Exchange Message Interface ("EMI") format, via a method currently used by the Parties, or by some other method mutually agreeable. When the Parties use CONNECT:Direct, the recording Party agrees to use its best efforts to provide to the IBC, at no charge, the switched access detailed usage data in 1101XX records within 48 hours, but in no event more than 60 days, after the recording date. The IBC will provide the switched access summary usage data in 1150XX records to the SBC and all other subsequent billing third parties within 10 days of rendering the initial bill to the third party toll carrier. Each Party will notify the other when it is not feasible to meet these requirements.

9.8.6 Errors may be discovered by MCIm, or BellSouth. Each Party agrees to provide the other Party with notification of any discovered errors within ten business days after discovery.

9.8.7 In the event of a loss or damage of data, the Parties agree to cooperate to reconstruct the lost or damaged data within 48 hours after notification and if such reconstruction is not possible, to accept a reasonable estimate of the lost data. This estimate may be based on several methodologies, such as an estimate of the volume of lost messages and associated revenue based on information available concerning the average revenue per minute for the average interstate or intrastate call or based upon at least three, but no more than 12 months of prior usage data, if available. Each Party will retain for a minimum period of ninety (90) days, access message detail sufficient to recreate any data which is lost or damaged by their company or any third party involved in processing or transporting data.

9.8.8 BellSouth shall provide MCIm, via the internet, with updates of the billing name, billing address, and Carrier Identification Codes (CICs) of all third party toll carriers originating or terminating traffic at BellSouth's Access Tandems in order to comply with the Meet Point Billing notification process as outlined in MECAB.

9.8.9 If category 1101XX records are not submitted by the SBC in a timely fashion, the Parties agree to cooperate to estimate the billing to the IXCs in accordance with the IBC's Switched Access tariffs for estimating usage. The SBC will be liable to the IBC for the amount of lost revenue, as determined by the estimate. If there is a disagreement as to the estimate, the Parties shall negotiate a settlement.

9.8.10 If category 1150XX records are not submitted by the IBC in a timely fashion, the Parties agree to cooperate to estimate the billing to the third party toll carriers in accordance with the SBC's Switched Access tariffs for estimating usage. The IBC will be liable to the SBC for the amount of lost revenue, as determined by the estimate. If there is a disagreement as to the estimate, the Parties shall negotiate a settlement.

9.9 To the extent applicable, the following rate elements will be billed in accordance with each Party's respective switched access tariffs:

9.9.1 <u>Interstate Switched Access</u>. Terminating to or originating from MCIm Customers

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm
Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth
Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

9.9.2 <u>Intrastate Switched Access</u>. Terminating to or originating from MCIm Customers

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm
Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth
Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

* BIPs previously negotiated have been entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4. Future BIPs will be negotiated and mutually agreed to by both Parties and entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4.

9.10 Compensation for the Termination of Traffic to Ported Numbers.

9.10.1 The Parties agree that, under INP, terminating compensation for calls to ported numbers should be received by each customer's chosen local service provider as if each call to a customer had been originally addressed by the calling party to a telephone number bearing an NPA-NXX directly assigned to the customer's chosen local service provider.

9.11 When MCIm orders or uses BellSouth unbundled Network Elements pursuant to Attachment 3 of this Agreement, those elements ordered or used shall be considered part of MCIm's network for the purpose of calculating reciprocal compensation and switched access charges, subject to this Section 9.11. Where MCIm utilizes BellSouth's unbundled switching, for local transit traffic originated by a third party and terminated to an MCIm end user, MCIm shall be entitled to reciprocal compensation from the third party originating such local transit traffic. Notwithstanding the foregoing, MCIm is not entitled to reciprocal compensation from BellSouth for termination of BellSouth originated Local Traffic in instances where MCIm utilizes BellSouth's unbundled switching and where BellSouth does not bill MCIm for the terminating usage on that unbundled switching.

ATTACHMENT 4

INTERCONNECTION

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INTERCONNECTION

Section 1. Network Interconnection Methods.

1.1 The Parties shall provide interconnection with each other's networks for the transmission and routing of telephone exchange service (local) and exchange access (intraLATA toll and switched access). The Parties shall work cooperatively to install and maintain efficient and reliable Interconnection arrangements. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall provide Interconnection to MCIm, at any technically feasible point, at least equal in quality to that provided by BellSouth to itself or to any subsidiary, Affiliate, or any other third party to which BellSouth provides Interconnection. The parties shall provide Interconnection at the rates contained in Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

1.2 BellSouth shall provide Interconnection at any Technically Feasible point, including, but not limited to, a Fiber Meet, at one or more locations in each LATA in which MCIm originates local, intraLATA toll or Meet Point Switched Access traffic and interconnects with BellSouth. MCIm may designate a Point of Interconnection at any Technically Feasible point including but not limited to any electronic or manual cross-connect points, collocations, telco closets, entrance facilities, and Joint Fiber Facilities. Entrance facilities and Joint Fiber Facilities are specified in subsection 1.5, below.

1.3 MCIm will designate the Point or Points of Interconnection and determine the method or methods by which the Parties interconnect in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

1.3.1 If MCIm determines to establish new or change existing Points of Interconnecion with BellSouth, it will provide written notice of the need to establish or change such Interconnection to BellSouth. The time necessary to implement the arrangement shall be negotiated by the Parties, based on the arrangement requested and availability of facilities.

1.3.2 The Parties shall determine the appropriate sizing for Interconnection facilities based on mutual forecasts as set forth in Section 5 of this Attachment. 1.4 MCIm must establish, at a minimum, one Point of Interconnection with BellSouth within the LATA. If MCIm chooses to interconnect at a single Point of Interconnection within a LATA, the interconnection must be at a BellSouth Access Tandem. Furthermore, for LATAs served by multiple access tandems, MCIm must establish trunks from the Point of Interconnection to the remaining BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed." It is MCIm's responsibility to enter its own NPA/NXX access tandem "homing" arrangements into the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

1.4.1 In order for MCIm to home its NPA/NXX(s) on a BellSouth tandem, MCIm's NPA/NXX(s) must be assigned within the Exchange Rate Center Areas served by that BellSouth tandem as specified by BellSouth. Any new rate centers established by either Party within a BellSouth tandem serving area must be approved by the Commission and defined in the Business Rating Interface Database System ("BRIDS") and the Local Exchange Routing Guide ("LERG"). The specified association between BellSouth tandems and Exchange Rate Center Areas will be defined in the LERG.

1.4.2 BellSouth will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. MCIm will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. The Point of Interconnection also serves as the point for determining compensation for call transport and termination. The Point of Interconnection has, including, but not limited to, the following main characteristics:

- 1. It is a point to allow connection, disconnection, transfer or restoration of service.
- 2. It is a point where BellSouth and MCIm can verify and maintain specific performance objectives.
- 3. It is specified according to the interfaces specified in this Agreement
- 4. The Parties provide their own equipment to interface with the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1 and/or OCn circuits.

1.4.3 The Parties shall comply with the environmental hazard provisions of Attachments 5 and 6 of this Agreement.

1.4.4 BellSouth shall respond as to the availability of the location and method of Interconnection selected by MCIm and as described in this Agreement, and the Parties shall schedule whatever meetings are required to establish a project plan and use best efforts to complete the Interconnection arrangement by the desired Interconnection Activation Date.

1.5 Each Party may purchase interconnection facilities (e.g., local channeldedicated and/or interoffice transport-dedicated, etc.) from the other or from a third Party for the delivery of its originated traffic to the established Point of Interconnection between the Parties. Such facilities, if purchased by one Party from the other, will be billed in accordance with Attachment 1 of this Agreement and are not part of the call transport and termination facilities for which reciprocal compensation is owed to the Party leasing the facility to the other. For the purposes of this Attachment, local channel-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between a point designated by the purchasing Party and the other Party's wire center that serves the designated point ("Serving Wire Center"). For the purposes of this Attachment, interoffice transport-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between wire centers designated by the purchasing Party.

1.6 Joint Fiber Facilities.

1.6.1 Joint Optical Interconnection

1.6.1.1 Upon mutual agreement by both Parties, the Parties may interconnect using a Joint Optical Interconnection. If the Parties interconnect pursuant to a Joint Optical Interconnection (JOI) arrangement, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.1.2 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.1.3 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.1.4 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center").

1.6.1.5 MCIm shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way located outside the BIWC and BellSouth shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of Optical Fire Resistance ("OFR") cable to reach the Fiber Optical Terminal ("FOT") equipment in the BIWC. MCIm shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. BellSouth shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside the BIWC in the FOT equipment at BellSouth's expense.

1.6.1.6 BellSouth shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way outside MCIm's Wire Center and MCIm shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable BellSouth to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of OFR cable to reach the FOT equipment at MCIm's Wire Center. BellSouth shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. MCIm shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside MCIm's Wire Center in the FOT equipment at MCIm's expense.

1.6.1.7 The Parties shall use the Joint Fiber Facility for delivery of traffic, including Local, transit and intraLATA, between the Parties. Provided, however, special access traffic shall not be routed over the Joint Fiber Facility.

1.6.1.8 Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 2.1.1.4, neither Party shall charge the other for the use of the JOI facility for the transmission of traffic to the other Party's location. However, appropriate call transport and termination charges and switched access charges, associated with the rest of either Party's network, for Local Traffic and intraLATA toll traffic shall apply in accordance with this Agreement and applicable Commission-approved switched access tariffs. Nothing in this Agreement shall alter the charges assessed by either Party to a third party carrier for delivery of transit traffic. Charges for the use of the JOI for transit traffic shall be billed by MCIm to the appropriate carrier.

1.6.1.9 Each Party shall use its best efforts to ensure that fiber received from the other Party will enter the Party's Wire Center through an entrance facility separate from that from which the Party's own fiber exited.

1.6.1.10 The Parties shall work cooperatively to determine the assignment control of the fiber strands that will be used for the JOI facility.

1.6.1.11 The Parties shall cooperate with one another for the purpose of maintaining and testing the fiber-optic cable.

1.6.1.12 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.1.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.6.2 Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.1 If MCIm elects to establish a Point of Interconnection with BellSouth pursuant to a Fiber Meet, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks for the transmission and routing of traffic via a Local Channel facility. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.2.2 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.2.3 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center").

1.6.2.4 The Parties shall designate a Point of Interconnection, not within either Party's wire center, as a Fiber Meet point, and shall make all necessary preparations to receive, and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver, fiber optic facilities into the Point of Interconnection with sufficient spare length to reach the fusion splice point at the Point of Interconnection. BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install, and maintain the fusion splicing point in the Point of Interconnection. A Common Language Location Identification ("CLLI") code, which must be a building type code, will be established for each Point of Interconnection and will be noted properly on orders between the Parties.

1.6.2.5 Each Party shall deliver and maintain its fiber wholly at its own expense. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall allow MCIm access to the Fiber Meet entry point for maintenance purposes as promptly as possible.

1.6.2.6 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.2.7 Each Party will be responsible for (i) providing its own transport facilities to the Fiber Meet, and (ii) the cost to build-out its facilities to such Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.8 Neither Party shall charge the other for its portion of the Fiber Meet facility used exclusively for non-transit local traffic (i.e. the Local Channel). Charges incurred for other services including dedicated transport facilities to the Point of Interconnection, if applicable, will apply. Charges for Switched and Special Access Services shall be billed to the appropriate carrier in accordance with the applicable Commission approved switched access service tariff.

1.6.2.9 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.2.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be

activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.7 Sizing and Structure of Joint Fiber Facilities.

The capacity of Interconnection facilities provided by each Party will be based on mutual forecasts and sound engineering practice, as agreed by the Parties during planning and forecasting meetings. The Parties will determine the appropriate sizing for facilities based on these standards. The Parties shall work cooperatively to ensure the adequacy of Interconnection facilities. The Parties shall augment existing facilities when the overall capacity of those facilities is 75-85% used, or as otherwise agreed. Facilities will be augmented to ensure adequate facility capacity for at least two years of forecasted traffic. The Parties shall complete the construction of relief facilities at least two months prior to the projected exhaust date, or sooner, if facilities exhaust is imminent.

Section 2. Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.1 General.

2.1.1 The parties shall reciprocally terminate local exchange traffic and IntraLATA/InterLATA toll calls on each other's networks as follows:

2.1.1.1 The Parties will establish those trunk groups necessary to exchange local, intraLATA toll, and local and IntraLATA transit traffic (referred to in this Attachment 4 as "Local Interconnection Trunk Groups").

2.1.1.2 BellSouth and MCIm shall establish interconnecting trunk groups and trunking configurations between networks in accordance with the provisions set forth in this Agreement.

2.1.1.3 Any MCIm interconnection request that (1) deviates from the standard trunking architectures as described in this Agreement; (2) affects traffic delivered to MCIm from a BellSouth switch; and (3) requires special BellSouth switch translations and other network modifications will require MCIm to submit a Bona Fide Request/New Business Request via the Bona Fide Request/New Business Request process set forth in General Terms and Conditions.

2.1.1.4 All charges, both non-recurring and recurring, associated with interconnecting trunk groups between BellSouth and MCIm are set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. For two-way trunking that carries both Parties' traffic, including trunking that carries Transit Traffic, each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the recurring charges for transport facilities and nonrecurring charges for facility additions based on the percentage of the total traffic originated by that Party. BellSouth shall determine the applicable percentages twice per year based on the previous 6 months' minutes of use billed by each Party. Each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the nonrecurring charges for initial facilities based on the joint forecasts for circuits required by each Party. Each Party shall be responsible for ordering and paying for any facilities for two-way trunks carrying only its transit traffic. Furthermore, each Party shall be responsible for the compensation for transport facilities for two-way trunking that it orders for its traffic but utilizes unidirectionally.

2.1.1.5 BellSouth shall transit Switched Access traffic from IXCs to MCIm based on MCIm's NXX Access Tandem homing arrangement as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

2.1.1.6 Two-Way Trunking Requirements:

2.1.1.6.1 The Parties will order trunks using the access service request (ASR) process in place for Local Interconnection after the joint planning meeting takes place between BellSouth and MCIm.

2.1.1.6.2 BellSouth and MCIm agree to meet and resolve service-affecting situations in a timely manner. This contact will normally be made through the Account Team.

2.1.1.6.3 Establishing a two-way trunk group does not preclude BellSouth from adding one- way trunk groups within the same Local Calling Area, as long as such one-way trunk groups are agreed to by MCIm.

2.1.1.6.4 BellSouth will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities to its side of the Point of Interconnection, and MCIm will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities on its side of the Point of Interconnection.

2.1.2 One-way and two-way trunks. The parties shall use either oneway or two-way trunking or a combination, as specified by MCIm. The Parties shall work cooperatively to decide when to use two-way trunking on a case by case basis that is mutually beneficial to both Parties. If the Parties are unable to agree, MCIm shall make the final determination.

2.1.3 Where necessary, BellSouth shall load MCIm's NXXs in BellSouth's switches based on the information for those NXXs as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG), and BellSouth shall switch traffic as specified by the NXX tandem homing arrangement in the LERG.

2.1.4 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection Architectures.

2.1.4.1 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection provides intratandem access to subtending end offices. BellSouth Multiple Tandem Access (MTA), described later in this Agreement, may be ordered using any of the following access tandem architectures.

2.1.4.2. Basic Architecture.

2.1.4.2.1 In this architecture, MCIm's originating Local and IntraLATA Toll and originating and terminating Transit Traffic is transported on a single two-way trunk group between MCIm and BellSouth access tandem(s) within a LATA. This group carries intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers . This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. BellSouth originated Local and IntraLATA Toll traffic is transported on a single one-way trunk group terminating to MCIm. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.1.4.3 Supergroup Architecture.

2.1.4.3.1 In the Supergroup Architecture, the Parties Local, IntraLATA Toll and MCIm's Transit Traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) is exchanged on a single two-way trunk group (also known as a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group) between MCIm and BellSouth. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic, all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies. Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.2 Local Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.2.1 <u>LATA Wide Termination</u>. MCIm may elect LATA Wide Termination with BellSouth, otherwise known as Multiple Tandem Access ("MTA"). Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection Trunk Groups to a single BellSouth access tandem designated by MCIm for the termination of all Local Interconnection Traffic destined for any BellSouth office in that LATA.

2.2.1.1 BellSouth MTA provides for LATA wide BellSouth transport and termination of MCIm-originated intraLATA toll and local traffic that is transported by BellSouth for termination to
BellSouth or a third party, by establishing trunks at a BellSouth access tandem with routing through multiple BellSouth access tandems as required. With MTA, MCIm may elect to send its originating traffic to any access tandem in the LATA, for completion by BellSouth, regardless of whether MCIm has interconnection trunks established at any other tandem in the LATA. Under MTA BellSouth shall not charge more than two tandem switching charges for any given call. However, MCIm must still establish trunks at all BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed". MCIm shall order MTA, at its option, via the ASR process, at the rates set forth in Attachment 1.

2.2.1.2 MTA does not include switched access traffic that transits the BellSouth network to an Interexchange Carrier (IXC).

2.2.2 <u>Tandem Level Termination</u>. MCIm may elect Tandem Level Termination with BellSouth. Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection trunk groups to each BellSouth Access Tandem in a LATA in which MCIm originates Local Interconnection traffic and interconnects with BellSouth.

2.2.2.1 To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA in a calling area that has multiple access tandems serving the calling area as defined by BellSouth, MCIm must establish trunks to every access tandem in the calling area in order to serve the entire calling area. To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA and provides intraLATA toll service to its customers, it may be necessary for it to establish trunks to additional BellSouth access tandems that serve end offices outside the local calling area. To the extent MCIm routes its traffic in such a way that utilizes BellSouth's MTA service without properly ordering MTA service, MCIm agrees to pay BellSouth the associated transport and termination charges.

2.2.3 If BellSouth establishes remote offices that are capable of receiving direct trunking, BellSouth shall make such capability available to MCIm.

2.2.4 Where the Parties deliver miscellaneous calls (i.e. time, weather, NPA-555, Mass Calling Codes) destined for each other over the Local Interconnection trunk group, they shall deliver such traffic in accordance with the serving arrangements defined in the LERG.

2.2.5 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provide unidirectional traffic on two-way trunks, for MCIm's originating traffic, effectively operating them as if they were one-way trunk groups.

2.2.6 BellSouth shall provision trunks without any user restrictions and without trunk group fragmentation by traffic type except, in order to ensure proper billing, BellSouth shall be permitted to require MCIm to separate transit traffic from local and intralata traffic.

2.2.7 BellSouth shall post on its web site a list of NPA-NXX's that constitute local calls from BellSouth's originating NPA-NXXs for each local calling area in the BellSouth region. Such list shall be updated on a weekly basis.

2.3 Switched Access Trunking Arrangements.

2.3.1 At its option, MCIm may order two-way transit trunk groups to each BellSouth access tandem where MCIm has its NXX's homed for the joint provisioning of Switched Access Services in accordance with MECAB guidelines, using DS-1 or DS-3 facilities separate from those used for Local Interconnection trunk groups.

2.3.2 In multiple-tandem LATAs, BellSouth shall, except in instances of capacity limitations, permit and enable MCIm to subtend the BellSouth Access Tandem nearest to the MCIm Rating Point, adopted in accordance with Section 1.4.1 of this Attachment associated with the NPA-NXX to/from which the Meet Point services are homed. In instances of capacity limitation at a given Access Tandem, MCIm may subtend the next nearest BellSouth Access Tandem in which sufficient capacity is available by homing its NPA-NXX(s) on that tandem. The Meet Point billing percentages for each new Rating Point/Access Tandem pair will be calculated in accordance with MECAB and MECOD guidelines.

2.3.3 At MCIm's request, where MCIm is providing the switching, MCIm may order and BellSouth shall provide trunk groups exclusively to carry interLATA traffic originated by an MCIm customer.

2.3.4 All originating Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm requests that BellSouth perform the Service Switching Point ("SSP") function (e.g., perform the database query) must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group. Carrier Code "0110" and Circuit Code of "09" shall be used for all such calls. BellSouth shall bill MCIm for any queries requested by MCIm, at the rates set forth on Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

2.3.5 All post-query Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm performs the SSP function, if delivered to BellSouth, must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group for calls destined to the switched access Toll Free Service provider.

2.3.6 Originating 950 calls delivered to BellSouth's tandem from MCIm will be delivered to the appropriate associated interexchange carrier using the appropriate signaling format.

2.3.7 MCIm shall not be permitted to commingle local and access traffic on a single trunk and route access traffic directly to BellSouth end offices. MCIm shall route its access traffic to BellSouth access tandem switches via access trunks.

2.3.8 Combination Interconnection Trunk Groups.

2.3.8.1 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provision a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group, which carries the Parties' Local, IntraLATA Toll, and MCIm's transit traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) on a single twoway trunk group. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic, all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.3.8.2 Upon MCIm's request, the Parties will work together in good faith to complete conversions to the use of Combination Interconnection trunk groups, within an interval to be negotiated by the Parties. The Parties shall use the normal ASR ordering process, and MCIm shall pay the appropriate charges associated with the request.

2.4 The Parties shall utilize direct end office trunking under the following conditions:

2.4.1 <u>Tandem Exhaust</u>. If a tandem through which the Parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support

additional traffic loads for a six month forecasting cycle, the Parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan for future trunking additions until BellSouth has alleviated the tandem capacity shortage. BellSouth shall take appropriate action to alleviate tandem capacity shortage if such tandem is unable to, or is forecasted to, be unable to support additional traffic loads for any period of time.

2.4.1.1 If a tandem through which the parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support additional traffic loads for any period of time, the parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan that will alleviate the tandem capacity shortage and ensure completion of traffic between MCIm and ILEC subscribers.

2.4.2 <u>Traffic volume</u>. Either Party may order, and the other Party shall install and retain, direct end office two-way trunking sufficient to handle actual or reasonably forecasted two-way traffic volumes, whichever is greater, between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office where the traffic exceeds 220,000 minutes of use per month. When the traffic between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office exceeds 170,000 minutes of use per month, either Party may notify the other Party and request that the facilities be installed. Such facilities will be installed on mutual agreement. The parties will install additional capacity between the MCIm switching center and the BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth access tandem exceeds or is forecast to exceed, 220,000 minutes of use per month.

2.4.3 <u>Mutual Agreement</u> - The Parties may install direct end office trunking upon mutual agreement in the absence of conditions (1) or (2) above and agreement will not unreasonably be withheld.

Section 3. Signaling.

3.1 Unless otherwise indicated in this Agreement, all Interconnection facilities must be 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability (CCC) and Extended Super Frame with Binary 8 Zero Substitution line coding ("ESF B8ZS"). Where ESF/B8ZS is not available, MCIm shall use other interconnection protocols on an interim basis until the standard ESF/B8ZS is available. BellSouth will provide anticipated dates of availability, if any, and upon MCIm's request for those areas not currently ESF/B8ZS compatible.

3.1.1 Where MCIm is unwilling to utilize an alternate interconnection protocol. MCIm will provide BellSouth an initial forecast of 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability ("64K CCC") trunk quantities within 30 days of executing this Agreement, consistent with the forecasting agreements between the parties. Upon receipt of this forecast, the parties will begin joint planning for the engineering, procurement, and installation of the segregated 64K CCC Local Interconnection Trunkc Groups, and the associated B8ZS Extended Super Frame ("ESF") facilities, for the sole purpose of transmitting 64K CCC data calls between MCIm and BellSouth. Where additional equipment is required, such equipment would be obtained, engineered, and installed on the same basis and with the same intervals as any similar growth job for IXC, CLEC or ILEC internal subscriber demand for 64K CCC trunks. Where Technically Feasible, these trunks will be established as two-way. MCIm, at its option, may order interconnection facilities formatted using Alternate Mark Inversion Line Code or Superframe Format.

3.2 Unless otherwise agreed to by the Parties, the Parties will interconnect their networks using SS7 signaling as defined in GR-317 and GR-394 including ISDN User Part ("ISUP") for trunk signaling and Carrier Identification Code ("CIC"), where available, and Transaction Capabilities Application Part ("TCAP") for Common Channel Signaling ("CCS")-based features in the interconnection of their networks. All Network Operations Forum (NOF) adopted standards shall be adhered to. Both MF and SS7 trunk groups will not be provided within a single DS-1 facility; a separate DS-1 per signaling type must be used.

3.2.1 The parties will provide CCS to each other in conjunction with all trunk groups supporting local, transit, and toll traffic. The parties will cooperate on the exchange of Transactional Capabilities Application Part (TCAP) messages to facilitate full inter-operability of CCS-based features between their respective networks, including all CLASS features and functions currently deployed by BellSouth. All CCS signaling parameters will be provided including automatic number identification (ANI), originating line information (OLI), calling party category, charge number, etc. All privacy indicators will be honored.

3.2.2 The parties shall meet and mutually agree to network protocols which include but are not limited to glare parameters, number of digits outpulsed, OZZ codes and 800 CIC codes in use.

3.3 Neither Party shall alter the CCS parameters, or be a party to altering such parameters, or pass CCS parameters that it knows have been altered in order to circumvent appropriate interconnection charges.

Section 4. Reporting.

4.1 BellSouth shall provide all blockage data on every trunk group that carries MCIm's local traffic, blockage on those trunk groups that emanate from BellSouth's end offices or tandems and are interconnected with MCIm's switch, and information on comparable trunks used by BellSouth for its local traffic.

4.1.1 Blocking data will be provided via the BellSouth's web site on a monthly basis, in a format similar to the IC 100 report that is provided to interexchange carriers.

4.2 Each Party shall provide Data Interexchange Carrier (DIXC) traffic data for all trunk groups terminating in the other Party's network.

4.2.1 DIXC traffic data will include, but not be limited to the following:

4.2.1.1 Usage (total usage measured in centum call seconds);

4.2.1.2 Peg Count (Peg count of originating call attempts including overflow), where applicable;

4.2.1.3 Overflow (Peg count of originating call attempts failing to find an idle trunk), where applicable.

4.2.2 DIXC traffic data shall be collected as follows:

4.2.2.1 Hourly on the clock hour;

- 4.2.2.2 Twenty-four (24) hours per day (0000-2400);
- 4.2.2.3 Seven (7) days per week (including holidays);
- 4.2.2.4 Fifty-two (52) weeks per year.

4.2.3 DIXC traffic data must be provided electronically using a method agreed to by the Parties, as it is collected.

Section 5. Forecasting.

5.1 The parties shall work towards the development of joint forecasting responsibilities for traffic utilization over trunk groups, and shall use best efforts to ensure that facilities and equipment are available at the time of ordering. The Parties shall make all reasonable efforts and cooperate in good faith to develop alternative solutions to accommodate orders when facilities or equipment are not available. Inter-company forecast information, must be provided by the Parties, to each other, twice a year. BellSouth's forecast will be provided thirty (30) days following the receipt of the MCIm forecast. The Parties agree that each forecast provided under this Section shall be deemed "Confidential Information" in the General Terms and Conditions – Part A of this Agreement. The semi-annual forecasts shall include:

5.1.1 Yearly forecasted trunk quantities which include measurements that reflect actual tandem and end office Local Interconnection and transit trunks and tandem-subtending Local Interconnection end office equivalent trunk requirements for no more than two years (current plus one year);

5.1.2 The use of Common Language Location Identifier (CLLI-MSG), which are described in Telcordia (Bellcore) documents BR 795-100-100 and BR 795-400-100;

5.1.3 Description of major network projects that affect the other party will be provided in the semi-annual forecasts. Major network projects include but are not limited to trunking or network rearrangements, shifts in anticipated traffic patterns, or other activities by either party that are reflected by a significant increase or decrease in trunking demand for the following forecasting period.

5.2 The Parties shall meet to review and reconcile their forecasts if forecasts vary significantly, or whenever the latest forecasted trunk requirements exceed the original quantities by 10% or more state-wide. Either Party should notify the other Party if they have measurements indicating that a trunk group is exceeding its designed call carrying capacity and is impacting other trunk groups in the network. The Parties shall mutually agree to the over or under trunk group utilization prior to action being taken on the following:

5.2.1 If the Parties are unable to reach such reconciliation, the Local interconnection Trunk Groups shall be provisioned to the higher forecast. At the end of three months, the utilization of the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups will be reviewed and if the average centum call seconds utilization for the third month is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may

agree, of capacity at the average time consistent busy hour, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.2.2 If the parties agree on the original forecast and then it is determined that a trunk group is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, of centum call seconds capacity at the average time consistent busy hour on a monthly-average basis for each month of any six-month period, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.3 Each party shall provide a specified point or points of contact for planning, forecasting and trunk servicing purposes.

Section 6. Servicing.

6.1 Orders between the parties to establish, add, change or disconnect trunks shall be processed by use of an Access Service Request (ASR), or another industry standard eventually adopted and mutually agreed to by the Parties to replace the ASR for local service ordering.

6.2 Subject to 6.3 below, the standard interval used for the provisioning of Local Interconnection trunk groups shall be determined by Desired Due Date, but in no event shall it be longer than ten (10) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for orders of 96 trunks or fewer for additions to local trunk groups, or forty-five (45) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for establishment of 96 trunks or fewer new trunk groups.

6.3 Orders that comprise a major project (i.e., more than 96 new or additions) that directly impact the other party may be submitted at the same time, and their implementation shall be jointly planned and coordinated. Major projects are those that require the coordination and execution of multiple orders or related activities between and among BellSouth and MCIm work groups, including but not limited to the initial establishment of Local Interconnection or transit trunk groups and service in an area, NXX code moves, re-homes, facility grooming, or network rearrangements.

6.4 For intraLATA toll service and local exchange service, the blocking level from originating NID to terminating NID will be engineered not to exceed 1% in any hour, except under conditions of service disruption. For access to or

egress from a long distance network, the blocking rate will be engineered not to exceed 0.5% in any hour.

6.5 The Parties shall share responsibility for all Control Office functions for Local Interconnection trunks and trunk groups, and both Parties shall share the overall coordination, installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.6 Where MCIm interconnects with a third party through BellSouth, MCIm is responsible for all Control Office functions for such other Interconnection trunks and trunk groups, and is responsible for the overall coordination, installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.7 MCIm and BellSouth shall provide to each other test-line numbers and access to test lines for the purpose of testing BST/MCIm interconnection trunk groups.

Section 7. Network Management.

7.1 <u>Protective Protocols</u> - Either party may use protective network traffic management controls such as 7-digit and 10-digit code gaps on traffic toward each others network, when required to protect the public switched network from congestion due to facility failures, switch congestion or failure, or focused overload. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any protective control action planned or executed.

7.2 <u>Expansive Protocols</u> - Where the capability exists, originating or terminating traffic reroutes may be implemented by either Party to temporarily relieve network congestion due to facility failures or abnormal calling patterns. Reroutes will not be used to circumvent normal trunk servicing. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any expansive protocols planned or executed.

7.3 <u>Mass Calling</u> - MCIm and BellSouth shall cooperate and share preplanning information, where available, regarding cross-network call-ins expected to generate large or focused temporary increases in call volumes, to prevent or mitigate the impact of these events on the public switched network.

7.4 <u>High Volume Calling Trunk Groups</u>. At MCIm's request, the Parties will cooperate to establish separate trunk groups or provide some other means of protective controls (i.e., call gapping) for the completion of calls to high volume customers, such as radio contest lines.

7.4.1 Both parties agree to terminate each party's mass calling codes as local traffic. Parties agree that each will put in place controls for NXX's that are dedicated for media stimulated mass calling.

7.4.2 Further, each Party shall provide notification to the other Party when a new routing code (a.k.a. "oddball code") is being established. Notification is not required for new routing codes being established as the direct result of an NPA split, but notification is required for NPA overlays.

Section 8. Third Party Transit Traffic.

8.1 Tandem Switching shall provide connectivity to transit traffic to and from other carriers.

8.1.1 Each Party shall transit all traffic delivered by the other Party, destined to third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA that subtend the transiting Party's switch. Each Party also shall transit all traffic delivered by a third party LEC, CLEC, or CMRS provider in the LATA, destined to the other Party or a switch subtending the other Party. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in Section 9 of this Attachment.

8.1.2 Each Party shall terminate all traffic delivered by the other Party from third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA, and destined to the terminating Party's switch. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in this Attachment.

Section 9. Compensation For Call Termination.

9.1. General.

9.1.1 For the purposes of compensation for call termination under this Agreement, the traffic exchanged between MCIm and BellSouth will be classified as Local Traffic, IntraLATA Toll Traffic, Transit Traffic, or switched access Traffic. The Parties agree that, notwithstanding the classification of traffic under this Agreement, either Party is free to define its own local calling areas for the purposes of providing Telecommunications Services to its own Customers.

9.2 Usage Measurement.

9.2.1 Each Party is responsible for the accuracy and quality of its data as submitted to the other.

9.2.2 Each Party will include in the information transmitted to the other for each call being terminated on the other Party's network the originating CPN, if recorded, otherwise ANI or billing telephone number (BTN) will be provided, where recorded. Where ANI or BTN are not recorded, the telephone number assigned to the trunk group for recording purposes will be inserted in the BTN field to the extent the telephone number has been provided by the originating carrier.

9.2.3 Each Party will calculate terminating Interconnection minutes of use based on standard AMA recordings made within each Party's network. These recordings are the basis for each Party to determine the minutes of use to be billed to the other Party.

9.2.4 Measurement of minutes of use over Interconnection trunk groups will be in actual conversation seconds for terminating usage and network access duration seconds including unanswered attempts for originating usage.

9.3 <u>Compensation for the Termination of Local Traffic</u>. Local Traffic is defined as any telephone call that originates in one exchange and terminates in either the same exchange, or other local calling area associated with the originating exchange (e.g., Extended Area Service) as defined and specified in Section A3 of BellSouth's General Subscriber Service Tariff. Designation of Local Traffic is not dependent on the type of switching technology used to switch and terminate such Local Traffic, including the use of packet switching. Nothing herein is intended to require the payment of reciprocal compensation for packets exchanged between the Parties.

9.3.1 Local Traffic does not include, and the Parties shall not bill or pay reciprocal compensation for, calls where a Party willfully sets up a call, or colludes with a third party to set up a call, to the other Party's network for the purpose of receiving reciprocal compensation, and not for the purpose of providing a telecommunications service to an End User in good faith.

9.3.2 Left Blank Intentionally.

9.3.3 The Parties have been unable to agree on the treatment of IP telephony traffic for the purposes of reciprocal compensation.

9.4 Left Blank Intentionally.

9.4.1 The rates for reciprocal compensation (call transport and termination) are as set forth in Attachment 1. In all markets covered by this Agreement, MCI shall charge BellSouth only end office switching at the rates set forth in Attachment 1 for terminating Local Traffic. In all markets covered by this Agreement, BellSouth shall charge MCIm for tandem switching, end office switching and common transport at the rates set forth in Attachment 1 where those elements are actually used in the termination of Local Traffic.

9.4.1.1 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Parties agree that the reciprocal compensation provisions set forth herein shall be effective prospectively as of March 1, 2002, and the Parties shall not true up any amounts paid or not paid for reciprocal compensation for Local Traffic prior thereto.

9.4.2 For the purposes of traffic terminated by BellSouth pursuant to this Attachment, Tandem Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between two switching offices through a third switching office (the Tandem switch).

9.4.3 For the purposes of this Attachment, End Office Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between the trunk side and line side of the End Office switch.

9.4.4 If MCIm utilizes a switch outside the LATA and BellSouth chooses to purchase dedicated or common (shared) transport from MCIm for transport and termination of BellSouth originated traffic, BellSouth will pay MCIm no more than the airline miles between the V & H coordinates of the Point of Interconnection within the LATA where MCIm receives the BellSouth-originated traffic and the V & H coordinates of a point on the LATA boundary in the direction of the MCIm switch or at a point otherwise agreed to by the Parties. For these situations, BellSouth will compensate MCIm at either dedicated or common (shared) transport rates specified in Attachment 1 of this Agreement and based upon the functions provided by MCIm as defined in this Attachment.

9.4.5 Neither Party shall represent Switched Access Services traffic as Local Traffic for purposes of payment of reciprocal compensation.

9.4.6 Left Blank Intentionally

9.4.7 Compensation for ISP-bound Traffic

9.4.7.1 ISP-bound Traffic is defined as calls to an Internet service provider that are dialed by using a local dialing pattern. ISP-bound Traffic is not considered Local Traffic subject to reciprocal compensation, but instead is information access traffic subject to compensation as described by the FCC in its *Order on Remand and Report and Order*, CC Docket Nos. 96-98 and 99-68, FCC 01-31 (released April 27, 2001) ("ISP Remand Order"). All combined ISP-bound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P (subject to Section 9.4.8.1.3), that exceeds a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic on a statewide basis is ISP-bound Traffic. All combined ISP-bound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P (subject to Section 9.4.8.1.3), that does not exceed a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic of terminating to originating traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P (subject to Section 9.4.8.1.3), that does not exceed a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic and Local Traffic delivered to Section 9.4.8.1.3), that does not exceed a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic on a statewide basis is Local Traffic.

- 9.4.7.2 Each Party shall calculate, in accordance with subsection 9.6.1 of this Attachment, the Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic that it terminates from the other Party.
- 9.4.7.3 Subject to Section 9.4.7.8.1 below, for the period beginning on June 14, 2001 and ending on December 13, 2001, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0015 per minute of use (MOU) for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.
- 9.4.7.4 Subject to Section 9.4.7.8.1 below, to the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on December 14, 2001, and ending on June 13, 2003, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0010 per MOU for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.
- 9.4.7.5 To the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on June 14, 2003 the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0007 per MOU for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.

9.4.7.6 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the volume of ISP-bound traffic for which one Party may bill the other shall be capped as follows:

> 9.4.7.6.1 Subject to Section 9.4.7.8.1 below, for ISPbound Traffic exchanged during the year 2001, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to originating Party on ISP-bound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to, on an annualized basis, the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes which the terminating Party terminated from the originating Party during the first quarter of 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor.

9.4.7.6.2 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2002 and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party on ISPbound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes for which the terminating Party was entitled to compensation in 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor.

9.4.7.6.3 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2003 and beyond, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during those years, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party only on ISP-bound Traffic minutes up to a ceiling equal to the year 2002 ceiling.

- 9.4.7.7 If an authoritative body with appropriate jurisdiction determines that any portion of the ISP Remand Order is unlawful or invalid, or otherwise modifies the ISP Remand Order, the Parties shall amend this Agreement to incorporate the ruling of such authoritative body.
- 9.4.7.8 BellSouth shall offer to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order. If, in the future, BellSouth chooses not to offer

to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order, then the rate for ISP-bound Traffic termination shall be the rate for reciprocal compensation for Local Traffic as set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. If the Parties are unable to agree on whether BellSouth is offering to exchange traffic as described in this Subsection 9.4.7, they shall invoke the dispute resolution procedures in Part A of this Agreement.

9.4.7.8.1 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Parties agree that the intercarrier compensation provisions set forth herein shall be effective prospectively only. The Parties shall not true up any amounts paid or not paid for intercarrier compensation for ISP-bound Traffic prior to March 1, 2002.

- 9.4.7.9 ISP-bound Traffic shall be subject to the trunking requirements set forth in Section 2 of this Attachment.
- 9.4.7.10 The Parties have been unable to agree on the treatment of NPA-NXX codes assigned to end users outside the rate center to which the NPA-NXX is assigned, for the purposes of reciprocal compensation and/or switched access charges.
- 9.4.8 The Parties shall implement the following business rules to govern future reciprocal/inter-carrier compensation billing and dispute resolution processes in addition to, and not in lieu of, the business rules set forth elsewhere in this Agreement.
- 9.4.8.1 By June 30, 2002, the Parties will exchange the necessary data at a sufficient level of detail to permit BellSouth to validate the terminating usage amounts recorded and billed by MCIm and to permit MCIm to validate the BellSouth originating usage measurement audit system. The Parties agree to correct any noted deficiencies as a result of this validation process.
 - 9.4.8.1.1 Once validated, the connectivity billings by MCIm will be based on MCIm's switch usage measurements, and BellSouth will not withhold intercarrier compensation based on usage

disputes where the variance between MCIm's billed usage and BellSouth's recorded originating usage is not greater than 1.5%.

- 9.4.8.1.2 Where the usage variance is greater than 1.5%, BellSouth may withhold payment for the disputed minutes of use so long as BellSouth supplies to MCIm, along with its dispute notification, its usage data at a sufficient level of detail to enable comparisons of usage data with MCIm. Any inter-carrier compensation amounts in dispute and withheld by BellSouth will be quantified and provided to MCIm in BellSouth's dispute notification letter. The Parties will use their best efforts to resolve any disputes involving the withholding of inter-carrier compensation within 45 days of BellSouth's dispute notification letter. If the Parties are unable to resolve the dispute within 45 days, the dispute will be resolved in accordance with Section 22 of the General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement.
- 9.4.8.1.3 The Parties will exchange data and information by July 31, 2002, in order to come to an agreement on the data sources and a methodology for identifying the Local Traffic originating from MCIm's UNE-P customers that terminate to BellSouth for purposes of including that originating traffic in the calculation of the 3:1 ratio described in Section 9.4.7.1 for connectivity billing purposes.
- 9.4.8.2 By July 31, 2002, the Parties will exchange the necessary data to permit MCIm to validate the processes and systems by which BellSouth calculates its quarterly Percentage Local Usage (PLU). The Parties will correct any noted deficiencies as a result of this validation process. Once validated, MCIm will apply the BellSouth provided quarterly PLU to MCIm's terminating usage measurements to determine the amount of minutes of use of Local Traffic, ISP-bound Traffic and IntraLATA Toll Traffic to be billed to BellSouth.
 - 9.5 Compensation for IntraLATA Toll Calls and intraLATA Toll Free Service Calls

9.5.1 When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, MCIm delivers an MCIm end user-originated intraLATA toll call to BellSouth for termination to a BellSouth end user, MCIm shall compensate BellSouth at BellSouth's Commission-filed and effective intrastate Switched Access tariff rate. When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, BellSouth delivers a BellSouth end user-originated intraLATA toll call

to MCIm for termination to a MCIm end user, BellSouth shall compensate MCIm at the interstate rate levels established in the FCC's Seventh Report and Order, released April 27, 2001, establishing benchmarks for CLEC interstate access rates in CC Docket No. 96-262, and will reduce such rates over time as prescribed by that FCC Order. When a third party acts as an intraLATA toll carrier, the Parties shall charge such intraLATA toll carrier, pursuant to Section 9.8 of this Attachment. Where the originating Party is not the toll carrier for the call, such call shall be delivered to the other Party using GR-394.

9.5.2 When a Party's customer originates an intraLATA Toll Free call, that Party shall charge the appropriate Toll Free carrier originating access and data base query charges in accordance with its Commission-filed and effective Switched Access tariff. No charges for transport and termination of Local Traffic shall apply to such calls. Appropriate records shall be provided in the standard EMI format.

9.6 Determination of Jurisdiction.

9.6.1 The Parties will use the calling party number (CPN) to determine the jurisdiction of billed traffic. If the jurisdiction of traffic cannot be determined based on the CPN, the Parties will jointly exchange industry standard jurisdictional factors, such as PIU and PLU as established pursuant to Section 21 of Part A of this Agreement.

9.7 Compensation for the Termination of Local Transit Traffic.

9.7.1 Transit Traffic Service. Rates for transiting local transit traffic shall be as set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. Wireless Type 1 traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective. Wireless Type 2A traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective until BellSouth and the Wireless carrier have the capability to properly meet-point-bill in accordance with MECAB guidelines. BellSouth shall either pass on to the wireless carrier the reciprocal compensation payments received from MCIm or indemnify MCIm as to any claim a wireless carrier may raise concerning reciprocal compensation payments MCIm makes to BellSouth.

9.7.2 The Parties agree to deliver transit traffic to the terminating carrier; provided, however, that the originating Party is solely responsible for negotiating and executing any appropriate contractual agreements with the terminating carrier for the receipt of this traffic through the transiting Party's network. The transiting Party will not be liable for any compensation to the terminating carrier or to the originating Party. The Parties shall, however, provide each other with any available information necessary to measure and bill for such traffic.

9.8 Compensation for Switched Access Traffic.

9.8.1 The Parties will establish Meet Point Billing arrangements in order to provide Switched Access Services to third party intraLATA and interLATA toll carriers via BellSouth's Access Tandem Switches, in accordance with MECAB guidelines.

9.8.2 For interstate and intrastate traffic, the Parties will charge third party toll carriers in accordance with each Party's respective Commission or FCC filed and effective Switched Access tariff.

9.8.3 Billing to third party toll carriers for Switched Access Services jointly provided by the Parties via Meet Point Billing arrangements, will be done by the multiple bill/multiple tariff method. As described in MECAB, each Party will render a bill in accordance with its own tariff for that portion of the service it provides. For the purposes of this Agreement, MCIm is the Initial Billing Company ("IBC") and BellSouth is the Subsequent Billing Company ("SBC").

9.8.4 The Parties will maintain provisions in the National Exchange Carrier Association ("NECA") Tariff No. 4, or any successor tariff, sufficient to reflect this Meet Point Billing arrangement, including Billing Interconnection Percentages ("BIPs").

9.8.5 Information will be exchanged in the Exchange Message Interface ("EMI") format, via a method currently used by the Parties, or by some other method mutually agreeable. When the Parties use CONNECT:Direct, the recording Party agrees to use its best efforts to provide to the IBC, at no charge, the switched access detailed usage data in 1101XX records within 48 hours, but in no event more than 60 days, after the recording date. The IBC will provide the switched access summary usage data in 1150XX records to the SBC and all other subsequent billing third parties within 10 days of rendering the initial bill to the third party toll carrier. Each Party will notify the other when it is not feasible to meet these requirements.

9.8.6 Errors may be discovered by MCIm, or BellSouth. Each Party agrees to provide the other Party with notification of any discovered errors within ten business days after discovery.

9.8.7 In the event of a loss or damage of data, the Parties agree to cooperate to reconstruct the lost or damaged data within 48 hours after notification and if such reconstruction is not possible, to accept a reasonable estimate of the lost data. This estimate may be based on several methodologies, such as an estimate of the volume of lost messages and associated revenue based on information available concerning the average revenue per minute for the average interstate or intrastate call or based upon at least three, but no more than 12 months of prior usage data, if available. Each Party will retain for a minimum period of ninety (90) days, access message detail sufficient to recreate any data which is lost or damaged by their company or any third party involved in processing or transporting data.

9.8.8 BellSouth shall provide MCIm, via the internet, with updates of the billing name, billing address, and Carrier Identification Codes (CICs) of all third party toll carriers originating or terminating traffic at BellSouth's Access Tandems in order to comply with the Meet Point Billing notification process as outlined in MECAB.

9.8.9 If category 1101XX records are not submitted by the SBC in a timely fashion, the Parties agree to cooperate to estimate the billing to the IXCs in accordance with the IBC's Switched Access tariffs for estimating usage. The SBC will be liable to the IBC for the amount of lost revenue, as determined by the estimate. If there is a disagreement as to the estimate, the Parties shall negotiate a settlement.

9.8.10 If category 1150XX records are not submitted by the IBC in a timely fashion, the Parties agree to cooperate to estimate the billing to the third party toll carriers in accordance with the SBC's Switched Access tariffs for estimating usage. The IBC will be liable to the SBC for the amount of lost revenue, as determined by the estimate. If there is a disagreement as to the estimate, the Parties shall negotiate a settlement.

9.9 To the extent applicable, the following rate elements will be billed in accordance with each Party's respective switched access tariffs:

9.9.1 <u>Interstate Switched Access</u>. Terminating to or originating from MCIm Customers

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm
Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth
Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

9.9.2 <u>Intrastate Switched Access</u>. Terminating to or originating from MCIm Customers

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm
Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth
Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

* BIPs previously negotiated have been entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4. Future BIPs will be negotiated and mutually agreed to by both Parties and entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4.

9.10 Compensation for the Termination of Traffic to Ported Numbers.

9.10.1 The Parties agree that, under INP, terminating compensation for calls to ported numbers should be received by each customer's chosen local service provider as if each call to a customer had been originally addressed by the calling party to a telephone number bearing an NPA-NXX directly assigned to the customer's chosen local service provider.

9.11 When MCIm orders or uses BellSouth unbundled Network Elements pursuant to Attachment 3 of this Agreement, those elements ordered or used shall be considered part of MCIm's network for the purpose of calculating reciprocal compensation and switched access charges, subject to this Section 9.11. Where MCIm utilizes BellSouth's unbundled switching, for local transit traffic originated by a third party and terminated to an MCIm end user, MCIm shall be entitled to reciprocal compensation from the third party originating such local transit traffic. Notwithstanding the foregoing, MCIm is not entitled to reciprocal compensation from BellSouth for termination of BellSouth originated Local Traffic in instances where MCIm utilizes BellSouth's unbundled switching and where BellSouth does not bill MCIm for the terminating usage on that unbundled switching.

ATTACHMENT 4

INTERCONNECTION

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INTERCONNECTION

Section 1. Network Interconnection Methods.

1.1 The Parties shall provide interconnection with each other's networks for the transmission and routing of telephone exchange service (local) and exchange access (intraLATA toll and switched access). The Parties shall work cooperatively to install and maintain efficient and reliable Interconnection arrangements. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall provide Interconnection to MCIm, at any technically feasible point, at least equal in quality to that provided by BellSouth to itself or to any subsidiary, Affiliate, or any other third party to which BellSouth provides Interconnection. The parties shall provide Interconnection at the rates contained in Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

1.2 BellSouth shall provide Interconnection at any Technically Feasible point, including, but not limited to, a Fiber Meet, at one or more locations in each LATA in which MCIm originates local, intraLATA toll or Meet Point Switched Access traffic and interconnects with BellSouth. A Point of Interconnection may be designated at any Technically Feasible point including but not limited to any electronic or manual cross-connect points, collocations, telco closets, entrance facilities, and Joint Fiber Facilities. Entrance facilities and Joint Fiber Facilities are specified in subsection 1.5, below.

1.3 The Parties shall maintain all existing Point or Points of Interconnection established under the previous contract. The Parties shall work cooperatively to designate any additional Point or Points of Interconnection and determine the method or methods by which the Parties interconnect in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. MCIm shall designate additional Points of Interconnection at any BellSouth access tandem where traffic is exchanged between the Parties at such access tandems or at any end offices subtending such access tandems, at a level exceeding 8.9 million minutes of use for three consecutive months. If either Party determines to establish new or change existing Points of Interconnection with the other Party, then the requesting Party shall provide written notice of the need to establish such interconnection. The time necessary to implement the arrangement shall be negotiated by the Parties, based on the arrangement requested and availability of facilities.

1.3.1 In the event the Parties are unable to agree on the Point or Points of Interconnection then either Party shall have the right to request the Commission to determine the Point or Points of Interconnection.

1.3.2 The Parties shall determine the appropriate sizing for Interconnection facilities based on mutual forecasts as set forth in Section 5 of this Attachment.

1.4 MCIm must establish, at a minimum, one Point of Interconnection with BellSouth within the LATA. If MCIm chooses to interconnect at a single Point of Interconnection within a LATA, the interconnection must be at a BellSouth Access Tandem. Furthermore, for LATAs served by multiple access tandems, MCIm must establish trunks from the Point of Interconnection to the remaining BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed." It is MCIm's responsibility to enter its own NPA/NXX access tandem "homing" arrangements into the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

1.4.1 In order for MCIm to home its NPA/NXX(s) on a BellSouth tandem, MCIm's NPA/NXX(s) must be assigned within the Exchange Rate Center Areas served by that BellSouth tandem as specified by BellSouth. Any new rate centers established by either Party within a BellSouth tandem serving area must be approved by the Commission and defined in the Business Rating Interface Database System ("BRIDS") and the Local Exchange Routing Guide ("LERG"). The specified association between BellSouth tandems and Exchange Rate Center Areas will be defined in the LERG.

1.4.2 BellSouth will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. MCIm will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. The Point of Interconnection also serves as the point for determining compensation for call transport and termination. The Point of Interconnection has, including, but not limited to, the following main characteristics:

- 1. It is a point to allow connection, disconnection, transfer or restoration of service.
- 2. It is a point where BellSouth and MCIm can verify and maintain specific performance objectives.
- 3. It is specified according to the interfaces specified in this Agreement
- 4. The Parties provide their own equipment to interface with the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1 and/or OCn circuits.

1.4.3 The Parties shall comply with the environmental hazard provisions of Attachments 5 and 6 of this Agreement.

1.4.4 BellSouth shall respond as to the availability of the location and method of Interconnection selected by MCIm and as described in this Agreement, and the Parties shall schedule whatever meetings are required to establish a project plan and use best efforts to complete the Interconnection arrangement by the desired Interconnection Activation Date.

1.5 Each Party may purchase interconnection facilities (e.g., local channeldedicated and/or interoffice transport-dedicated, etc.) from the other or from a third Party for the delivery of its originated traffic to the established Point of Interconnection between the Parties. Such facilities, if purchased by one Party from the other, will be billed in accordance with Attachment 1 of this Agreement and are not part of the call transport and termination facilities for which reciprocal compensation is owed to the Party leasing the facility to the other. For the purposes of this Attachment, local channel-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between a point designated by the purchasing Party and the other Party's wire center that serves the designated point ("Serving Wire Center"). For the purposes of this Attachment, interoffice transport-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between wire centers designated by the purchasing Party.

- 1.6 Joint Fiber Facilities.
 - 1.6.1 Joint Optical Interconnection

1.6.1.1 Upon mutual agreement by both Parties, the Parties may interconnect using a Joint Optical Interconnection. If the Parties interconnect pursuant to a Joint Optical Interconnection (JOI) arrangement, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.1.2 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party

shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.1.3 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.1.4 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center").

1.6.1.5 MCIm shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way located outside the BIWC and BellSouth shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of Optical Fire Resistance ("OFR") cable to reach the Fiber Optical Terminal ("FOT") equipment in the BIWC. MCIm shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. BellSouth shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside the BIWC in the FOT equipment at BellSouth's expense.

1.6.1.6 BellSouth shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way outside MCIm's Wire Center and MCIm shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable BellSouth to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of OFR cable to reach the FOT equipment at MCIm's Wire Center. BellSouth shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. MCIm shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside MCIm's Wire Center in the FOT equipment at MCIm's expense.

1.6.1.7 The Parties shall use the Joint Fiber Facility for delivery of traffic, including Local, transit and intraLATA, between the Parties. Provided, however, special access traffic shall not be routed over the Joint Fiber Facility.

1.6.1.8 Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 2.1.1.4, neither Party shall charge the other for the use of the JOI facility for the transmission of traffic to the other Party's location. However, appropriate call transport and termination charges and switched access charges, associated with the rest of either Party's network, for Local Traffic and intraLATA toll traffic shall apply in accordance with this Agreement and applicable Commission-approved switched access tariffs. Nothing in this Agreement shall alter the charges assessed by either Party to a third party carrier for delivery of transit traffic. Charges for the use of the JOI for transit traffic shall be billed by MCIm to the appropriate carrier.

1.6.1.9 Each Party shall use its best efforts to ensure that fiber received from the other Party will enter the Party's Wire Center through an entrance facility separate from that from which the Party's own fiber exited.

1.6.1.10 The Parties shall work cooperatively to determine the assignment control of the fiber strands that will be used for the JOI facility.

1.6.1.11 The Parties shall cooperate with one another for the purpose of maintaining and testing the fiber-optic cable.

1.6.1.12 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.1.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.6.2 Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.1 If MCIm elects to establish a Point of Interconnection with BellSouth pursuant to a Fiber Meet, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks for the transmission and routing of traffic via a Local Channel facility. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.2.2 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.2.3 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center").

1.6.2.4 The Parties shall designate a Point of Interconnection, not within either Party's wire center, as a Fiber Meet point, and shall make all necessary preparations to receive, and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver, fiber optic facilities into the Point of Interconnection with sufficient spare length to reach the fusion splice point at the Point of Interconnection. BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install, and maintain the fusion splicing point in the Point of Interconnection. A Common Language Location Identification ("CLLI") code, which must be a building type code, will be established for each Point of Interconnection and will be noted properly on orders between the Parties.

1.6.2.5 Each Party shall deliver and maintain its fiber wholly at its own expense. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall allow MCIm access to the Fiber Meet entry point for maintenance purposes as promptly as possible.

1.6.2.6 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.2.7 Each Party will be responsible for (i) providing its own transport facilities to the Fiber Meet, and (ii) the cost to build-out its facilities to such Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.8 Neither Party shall charge the other for its portion of the Fiber Meet facility used exclusively for non-transit local traffic (i.e. the Local Channel). Charges incurred for other services including dedicated transport facilities to the Point of Interconnection, if applicable, will apply. Charges for Switched and Special Access Services shall be billed to the appropriate carrier in accordance with the applicable Commission approved switched access service tariff. 1.6.2.9 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.2.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.7 Sizing and Structure of Joint Fiber Facilities.

The capacity of Interconnection facilities provided by each Party will be based on mutual forecasts and sound engineering practice, as agreed by the Parties during planning and forecasting meetings. The Parties will determine the appropriate sizing for facilities based on these standards. The Parties shall work cooperatively to ensure the adequacy of Interconnection facilities. The Parties shall augment existing facilities when the overall capacity of those facilities is 75-85% used, or as otherwise agreed. Facilities will be augmented to ensure adequate facility capacity for at least two years of forecasted traffic. The Parties shall complete the construction of relief facilities at least two months prior to the projected exhaust date, or sooner, if facilities exhaust is imminent.

Section 2. Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.1 General.

2.1.1 The parties shall reciprocally terminate local exchange traffic and IntraLATA/InterLATA toll calls on each other's networks as follows:

2.1.1.1 The Parties will establish those trunk groups necessary to exchange local, intraLATA toll, and local and IntraLATA transit traffic (referred to in this Attachment 4 as "Local Interconnection Trunk Groups").

2.1.1.2 BellSouth and MCIm shall establish interconnecting trunk groups and trunking configurations between networks in accordance with the provisions set forth in this Agreement.

2.1.1.3 Any MCIm interconnection request that (1) deviates from the standard trunking architectures as described in this Agreement; (2) affects traffic delivered to MCIm from a BellSouth switch; and (3) requires special BellSouth switch translations and other network modifications will require MCIm to submit a Bona Fide Request/New Business Request via the Bona Fide Request/New Business Request Process set forth in General Terms and Conditions.

2.1.1.4 All charges, both non-recurring and recurring, associated with interconnecting trunk groups between BellSouth and MCIm are set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. For two-way trunking that carries both Parties' traffic, including trunking that carries Transit Traffic, each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the recurring charges for transport facilities and nonrecurring charges for facility additions based on the percentage of the total traffic originated by that Party. BellSouth shall determine the applicable percentages twice per year based on the previous 6 months' minutes of use billed by each Party. Each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the nonrecurring charges for initial facilities based on the joint forecasts for circuits required by each Party. Each Party shall be responsible for ordering and paying for any facilities for two-way trunks carrying only its transit traffic. Furthermore, each Party shall be responsible for the compensation for transport facilities for two-way trunking that it orders for its traffic but utilizes unidirectionally.

2.1.1.5 BellSouth shall transit Switched Access traffic from IXCs to MCIm based on MCIm's NXX Access Tandem homing arrangement as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

2.1.1.6 Two-Way Trunking Requirements:

2.1.1.6.1 The Parties will order trunks using the access service request (ASR) process in place for Local Interconnection after the joint planning meeting takes place between BellSouth and MCIm.

2.1.1.6.2 BellSouth and MCIm agree to meet and resolve service-affecting situations in a timely manner. This contact will normally be made through the Account Team.

2.1.1.6.3 Establishing a two-way trunk group does not preclude BellSouth from adding one- way trunk groups within the same Local Calling Area, as long as such one-way trunk groups are agreed to by MCIm.

2.1.1.6.4 BellSouth will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities to its side of the Point of Interconnection, and MCIm will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities on its side of the Point of Interconnection.

2.1.2 One-way and two-way trunks. The parties shall use either oneway or two-way trunking or a combination, as specified by MCIm. The Parties shall work cooperatively to decide when to use two-way trunking on a case by case basis that is mutually beneficial to both Parties. If the Parties are unable to agree, MCIm shall make the final determination.

2.1.3 Where necessary, BellSouth shall load MCIm's NXXs in BellSouth's switches based on the information for those NXXs as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG), and BellSouth shall switch traffic as specified by the NXX tandem homing arrangement in the LERG.

2.1.4 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection Architectures.

2.1.4.1 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection provides intratandem access to subtending end offices. BellSouth Multiple Tandem Access (MTA), described later in this Agreement, may be ordered using any of the following access tandem architectures.

2.1.4.2. Basic Architecture.

2.1.4.2.1 In this architecture, MCIm's originating Local and IntraLATA Toll and originating and terminating Transit Traffic is transported on a single two-way trunk group between MCIm and BellSouth access tandem(s) within a LATA. This group carries intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers . This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. BellSouth originated Local and IntraLATA Toll traffic is transported on a single one-way trunk group terminating to MCIm. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.1.4.3 Supergroup Architecture.

2.1.4.3.1 In the Supergroup Architecture, the Parties Local, IntraLATA Toll and MCIm's Transit Traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) is exchanged on a single two-way trunk group (also known as a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group) between MCIm and BellSouth. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic, all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.2 Local Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.2.1 <u>LATA Wide Termination</u>. MCIm may elect LATA Wide Termination with BellSouth, otherwise known as Multiple Tandem Access ("MTA"). Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection Trunk Groups to a single BellSouth access tandem designated by MCIm for the termination of all Local Interconnection Traffic destined for any BellSouth office in that LATA.

2.2.1.1 BellSouth MTA provides for LATA wide BellSouth transport and termination of MCIm-originated intraLATA toll and local traffic that is transported by BellSouth for termination to BellSouth or a third party, by establishing trunks at a BellSouth access tandem with routing through multiple BellSouth access tandems as required. With MTA, MCIm may elect to send its originating traffic to any access tandem in the LATA, for completion by BellSouth, regardless of whether MCIm has interconnection trunks established at any other tandem in the LATA. Under MTA BellSouth shall not charge more than two tandem switching charges for any given call. However, MCIm must still establish trunks at all BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed". MCIm shall order MTA, at its option, via the ASR process, at the rates set forth in Attachment 1.

2.2.1.2 MTA does not include switched access traffic that transits the BellSouth network to an Interexchange Carrier (IXC).

2.2.2 <u>Tandem Level Termination</u>. MCIm may elect Tandem Level Termination with BellSouth. Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection trunk groups to each BellSouth Access Tandem in a LATA in which MCIm originates Local Interconnection traffic and interconnects with BellSouth.

2.2.2.1 To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA in a calling area that has multiple access tandems serving the calling area as defined by BellSouth, MCIm must establish trunks to every access tandem in the calling area in order to serve the entire calling area. To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA and provides intraLATA toll service to its customers, it may be necessary for it to establish trunks to additional BellSouth access tandems that serve end offices outside the local calling area. To the extent MCIm routes its traffic in such a way that utilizes BellSouth's MTA service without properly ordering MTA service, MCIm agrees to pay BellSouth the associated transport and termination charges.

2.2.3 If BellSouth establishes remote offices that are capable of receiving direct trunking, BellSouth shall make such capability available to MCIm.

2.2.4 Where the Parties deliver miscellaneous calls (i.e. time, weather, NPA-555, Mass Calling Codes) destined for each other over the Local Interconnection trunk group, they shall deliver such traffic in accordance with the serving arrangements defined in the LERG.

2.2.5 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provide unidirectional traffic on two-way trunks, for MCIm's originating traffic, effectively operating them as if they were one-way trunk groups.

2.2.6 BellSouth shall provision trunks without any user restrictions and without trunk group fragmentation by traffic type except, in order to ensure proper billing, BellSouth shall be permitted to require MCIm to separate transit traffic from local and intralata traffic. 2.2.7 BellSouth shall post on its web site a list of NPA-NXX's that constitute local calls from BellSouth's originating NPA-NXXs for each local calling area in the BellSouth region. Such list shall be updated on a weekly basis.

2.3 Switched Access Trunking Arrangements.

2.3.1 At its option, MCIm may order two-way transit trunk groups to each BellSouth access tandem where MCIm has its NXX's homed for the joint provisioning of Switched Access Services in accordance with MECAB guidelines, using DS-1 or DS-3 facilities separate from those used for Local Interconnection trunk groups.

2.3.2 In multiple-tandem LATAs, BellSouth shall, except in instances of capacity limitations, permit and enable MCIm to subtend the BellSouth Access Tandem nearest to the MCIm Rating Point, adopted in accordance with Section 1.4.1 of this Attachment associated with the NPA-NXX to/from which the Meet Point services are homed. In instances of capacity limitation at a given Access Tandem, MCIm may subtend the next nearest BellSouth Access Tandem in which sufficient capacity is available by homing its NPA-NXX(s) on that tandem. The Meet Point billing percentages for each new Rating Point/Access Tandem pair will be calculated in accordance with MECAB and MECOD guidelines.

2.3.3 At MCIm's request, where MCIm is providing the switching, MCIm may order and BellSouth shall provide trunk groups exclusively to carry interLATA traffic originated by an MCIm customer.

2.3.4 All originating Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm requests that BellSouth perform the Service Switching Point ("SSP") function (e.g., perform the database query) must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group. Carrier Code "0110" and Circuit Code of "09" shall be used for all such calls. BellSouth shall bill MCIm for any queries requested by MCIm, at the rates set forth on Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

2.3.5 All post-query Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm performs the SSP function, if delivered to BellSouth, must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group for calls destined to the switched access Toll Free Service provider. 2.3.6 Originating 950 calls delivered to BellSouth's tandem from MCIm will be delivered to the appropriate associated interexchange carrier using the appropriate signaling format.

2.3.7 MCIm shall not be permitted to commingle local and access traffic on a single trunk and route access traffic directly to BellSouth end offices. MCIm shall route its access traffic to BellSouth access tandem switches via access trunks.

2.3.8 Combination Interconnection Trunk Groups.

2.3.8.1 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provision a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group, which carries the Parties' Local, IntraLATA Toll, and MCIm's transit traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) on a single twoway trunk group. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic, all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.3.8.2 Upon MCIm's request, the Parties will work together in good faith to complete conversions to the use of Combination Interconnection trunk groups, within an interval to be negotiated by the Parties. The Parties shall use the normal ASR ordering process, and MCIm shall pay the appropriate charges associated with the request.

2.4 The Parties shall utilize direct end office trunking under the following conditions:

2.4.1 <u>Tandem Exhaust</u>. If a tandem through which the Parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support additional traffic loads for a six month forecasting cycle, the Parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan for future trunking additions until BellSouth has alleviated the tandem capacity shortage. BellSouth shall take appropriate action to alleviate tandem capacity shortage if such tandem is unable to, or is forecasted to, be unable to support additional traffic loads for any period of time.
2.4.1.1 If a tandem through which the parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support additional traffic loads for any period of time, the parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan that will alleviate the tandem capacity shortage and ensure completion of traffic between MCIm and ILEC subscribers.

2.4.2 <u>Traffic volume</u>. Either Party may order, and the other Party shall install and retain, direct end office two-way trunking sufficient to handle actual or reasonably forecasted two-way traffic volumes, whichever is greater, between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office where the traffic exceeds 220,000 minutes of use per month. When the traffic between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office exceeds 170,000 minutes of use per month, either Party may notify the other Party and request that the facilities be installed. Such facilities will be installed on mutual agreement. The parties will install additional capacity between the MCIm switching center and the BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth access tandem exceeds or is forecast to exceed, 220,000 minutes of use per month.

2.4.3 <u>Mutual Agreement</u> - The Parties may install direct end office trunking upon mutual agreement in the absence of conditions (1) or (2) above and agreement will not unreasonably be withheld.

Section 3. Signaling.

3.1 Unless otherwise indicated in this Agreement, all Interconnection facilities must be 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability (CCC) and Extended Super Frame with Binary 8 Zero Substitution line coding ("ESF B8ZS"). Where ESF/B8ZS is not available, MCIm shall use other interconnection protocols on an interim basis until the standard ESF/B8ZS is available. BellSouth will provide anticipated dates of availability, if any, and upon MCIm's request for those areas not currently ESF/B8ZS compatible.

3.1.1 Where MCIm is unwilling to utilize an alternate interconnection protocol, MCIm will provide BellSouth an initial forecast of 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability ("64K CCC") trunk quantities within 30 days of executing this Agreement, consistent with the forecasting agreements between the parties. Upon receipt of this forecast, the parties will begin joint planning for the engineering, procurement, and installation of the segregated 64K CCC Local Interconnection Trunkc Groups, and the associated B8ZS Extended Super Frame ("ESF") facilities, for the sole purpose of transmitting 64K CCC data calls

between MCIm and BellSouth. Where additional equipment is required, such equipment would be obtained, engineered, and installed on the same basis and with the same intervals as any similar growth job for IXC, CLEC or ILEC internal subscriber demand for 64K CCC trunks. Where Technically Feasible, these trunks will be established as two-way. MCIm, at its option, may order interconnection facilities formatted using Alternate Mark Inversion Line Code or Superframe Format.

3.2 Unless otherwise agreed to by the Parties, the Parties will interconnect their networks using SS7 signaling as defined in GR-317 and GR-394 including ISDN User Part ("ISUP") for trunk signaling and Carrier Identification Code ("CIC"), where available, and Transaction Capabilities Application Part ("TCAP") for Common Channel Signaling ("CCS")-based features in the interconnection of their networks. All Network Operations Forum (NOF) adopted standards shall be adhered to. Both MF and SS7 trunk groups will not be provided within a single DS-1 facility; a separate DS-1 per signaling type must be used.

3.2.1 The parties will provide CCS to each other in conjunction with all trunk groups supporting local, transit, and toll traffic. The parties will cooperate on the exchange of Transactional Capabilities Application Part (TCAP) messages to facilitate full inter-operability of CCS-based features between their respective networks, including all CLASS features and functions currently deployed by BellSouth. All CCS signaling parameters will be provided including automatic number identification (ANI), originating line information (OLI), calling party category, charge number, etc. All privacy indicators will be honored.

3.2.2 The parties shall meet and mutually agree to network protocols which include but are not limited to glare parameters, number of digits outpulsed, OZZ codes and 800 CIC codes in use.

3.3 Neither Party shall alter the CCS parameters, or be a party to altering such parameters, or pass CCS parameters that it knows have been altered in order to circumvent appropriate interconnection charges.

Section 4. Reporting.

4.1 BellSouth shall provide all blockage data on every trunk group that carries MCIm's local traffic, blockage on those trunk groups that emanate from BellSouth's end offices or tandems and are interconnected with MCIm's switch, and information on comparable trunks used by BellSouth for its local traffic.

4.1.1 Blocking data will be provided via the BellSouth's web site on a monthly basis, in a format similar to the IC 100 report that is provided to interexchange carriers.

4.2 Each Party shall provide Data Interexchange Carrier (DIXC) traffic data for all trunk groups terminating in the other Party's network.

- 4.2.1 DIXC traffic data will include, but not be limited to the following:
 - 4.2.1.1 Usage (total usage measured in centum call seconds);

4.2.1.2 Peg Count (Peg count of originating call attempts including overflow), where applicable;

4.2.1.3 Overflow (Peg count of originating call attempts failing to find an idle trunk), where applicable.

- 4.2.2 DIXC traffic data shall be collected as follows:
 - 4.2.2.1 Hourly on the clock hour;
 - 4.2.2.2 Twenty-four (24) hours per day (0000-2400);
 - 4.2.2.3 Seven (7) days per week (including holidays);
 - 4.2.2.4 Fifty-two (52) weeks per year.

4.2.3 DIXC traffic data must be provided electronically using a method agreed to by the Parties, as it is collected.

Section 5. Forecasting.

5.1 The parties shall work towards the development of joint forecasting responsibilities for traffic utilization over trunk groups, and shall use best efforts to ensure that facilities and equipment are available at the time of ordering. The Parties shall make all reasonable efforts and cooperate in good faith to develop alternative solutions to accommodate orders when facilities or equipment are not available. Inter-company forecast information, must be provided by the Parties, to each other, twice a year. BellSouth's forecast will be provided thirty (30) days following the receipt of the MCIm forecast. The Parties agree that each forecast provided under this Section shall be deemed "Confidential Information" in the General Terms and Conditions – Part A of this Agreement. The semi-annual forecasts shall include:

5.1.1 Yearly forecasted trunk quantities which include measurements that reflect actual tandem and end office Local Interconnection and transit trunks and tandem-subtending Local Interconnection end office equivalent trunk requirements for no more than two years (current plus one year);

5.1.2 The use of Common Language Location Identifier (CLLI-MSG), which are described in Telcordia (Bellcore) documents BR 795-100-100 and BR 795-400-100;

5.1.3 Description of major network projects that affect the other party will be provided in the semi-annual forecasts. Major network projects include but are not limited to trunking or network rearrangements, shifts in anticipated traffic patterns, or other activities by either party that are reflected by a significant increase or decrease in trunking demand for the following forecasting period.

5.2 The Parties shall meet to review and reconcile their forecasts if forecasts vary significantly, or whenever the latest forecasted trunk requirements exceed the original quantities by 10% or more state-wide. Either Party should notify the other Party if they have measurements indicating that a trunk group is exceeding its designed call carrying capacity and is impacting other trunk groups in the network. The Parties shall mutually agree to the over or under trunk group utilization prior to action being taken on the following:

5.2.1 If the Parties are unable to reach such reconciliation, the Local interconnection Trunk Groups shall be provisioned to the higher forecast. At the end of three months, the utilization of the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups will be reviewed and if the average centum call seconds utilization for the third month is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, of capacity at the average time consistent busy hour, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.2.2 If the parties agree on the original forecast and then it is determined that a trunk group is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, of centum call seconds capacity at the average time consistent busy hour on a monthly-average basis for each month of any six-month period, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left

with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.3 Each party shall provide a specified point or points of contact for planning, forecasting and trunk servicing purposes.

Section 6. Servicing.

6.1 Orders between the parties to establish, add, change or disconnect trunks shall be processed by use of an Access Service Request (ASR), or another industry standard eventually adopted and mutually agreed to by the Parties to replace the ASR for local service ordering.

6.2 Subject to 6.3 below, the standard interval used for the provisioning of Local Interconnection trunk groups shall be determined by Desired Due Date, but in no event shall it be longer than ten (10) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for orders of 96 trunks or fewer for additions to local trunk groups, or forty-five (45) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for establishment of 96 trunks or fewer new trunk groups.

6.3 Orders that comprise a major project (i.e., more than 96 new or additions) that directly impact the other party may be submitted at the same time, and their implementation shall be jointly planned and coordinated. Major projects are those that require the coordination and execution of multiple orders or related activities between and among BellSouth and MCIm work groups, including but not limited to the initial establishment of Local Interconnection or transit trunk groups and service in an area, NXX code moves, re-homes, facility grooming, or network rearrangements.

6.4 For intraLATA toll service and local exchange service, the blocking level from originating NID to terminating NID will be engineered not to exceed 1% in any hour, except under conditions of service disruption. For access to or egress from a long distance network, the blocking rate will be engineered not to exceed 0.5% in any hour.

6.5 The Parties shall share responsibility for all Control Office functions for Local Interconnection trunks and trunk groups, and both Parties shall share the overall coordination, installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.6 Where MCIm interconnects with a third party through BellSouth, MCIm is responsible for all Control Office functions for such other Interconnection trunks and trunk groups, and is responsible for the overall coordination,

installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.7 MCIm and BellSouth shall provide to each other test-line numbers and access to test lines for the purpose of testing BST/MCIm interconnection trunk groups.

Section 7. Network Management.

7.1 <u>Protective Protocols</u> - Either party may use protective network traffic management controls such as 7-digit and 10-digit code gaps on traffic toward each others network, when required to protect the public switched network from congestion due to facility failures, switch congestion or failure, or focused overload. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any protective control action planned or executed.

7.2 <u>Expansive Protocols</u> - Where the capability exists, originating or terminating traffic reroutes may be implemented by either Party to temporarily relieve network congestion due to facility failures or abnormal calling patterns. Reroutes will not be used to circumvent normal trunk servicing. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any expansive protocols planned or executed.

7.3 <u>Mass Calling</u> - MCIm and BellSouth shall cooperate and share preplanning information, where available, regarding cross-network call-ins expected to generate large or focused temporary increases in call volumes, to prevent or mitigate the impact of these events on the public switched network.

7.4 <u>High Volume Calling Trunk Groups</u>. At MCIm's request, the Parties will cooperate to establish separate trunk groups or provide some other means of protective controls (i.e., call gapping) for the completion of calls to high volume customers, such as radio contest lines.

7.4.1 Both parties agree to terminate each party's mass calling codes as local traffic. Parties agree that each will put in place controls for NXX's that are dedicated for media stimulated mass calling.

7.4.2 Further, each Party shall provide notification to the other Party when a new routing code (a.k.a. "oddball code") is being established. Notification is not required for new routing codes being established as the direct result of an NPA split, but notification is required for NPA overlays.

Section 8. Third Party Transit Traffic.

8.1 Tandem Switching shall provide connectivity to transit traffic to and from other carriers.

8.1.1 Each Party shall transit all traffic delivered by the other Party, destined to third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA that subtend the transiting Party's switch. Each Party also shall transit all traffic delivered by a third party LEC, CLEC, or CMRS provider in the LATA, destined to the other Party or a switch subtending the other Party. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in Section 9 of this Attachment.

8.1.2 Each Party shall terminate all traffic delivered by the other Party from third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA, and destined to the terminating Party's switch. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in this Attachment.

- Section 9. Compensation For Call Termination.
 - 9.1. General.

9.1.1 For the purposes of compensation for call termination under this Agreement, the traffic exchanged between MCIm and BellSouth will be classified as Local Traffic, IntraLATA Toll Traffic, Transit Traffic, or switched access Traffic. The Parties agree that, notwithstanding the classification of traffic under this Agreement, either Party is free to define its own local calling areas for the purposes of providing Telecommunications Services to its own Customers.

9.2 Usage Measurement.

9.2.1 Each Party is responsible for the accuracy and quality of its data as submitted to the other.

9.2.2 Each Party will include in the information transmitted to the other for each call being terminated on the other Party's network the originating CPN, if recorded, otherwise ANI or billing telephone number (BTN) will be provided, where recorded. Where ANI or BTN are not recorded, the telephone number assigned to the trunk group for recording purposes will be inserted in the BTN field to the extent the telephone number has been provided by the originating carrier.

9.2.3 Each Party will calculate terminating Interconnection minutes of use based on standard AMA recordings made within each Party's network. These recordings are the basis for each Party to determine the minutes of use to be billed to the other Party.

9.2.4 Measurement of minutes of use over Interconnection trunk groups will be in actual conversation seconds for terminating usage and network access duration seconds including unanswered attempts for originating usage.

9.3 <u>Compensation for the Termination of Local Traffic</u>. Local Traffic is defined as any telephone call that originates in one exchange and terminates in either the same exchange, or other local calling area associated with the originating exchange (e.g., Extended Area Service) as defined and specified in Section A3 of BellSouth's General Subscriber Service Tariff. Designation of Local Traffic is not dependent on the type of switching technology used to switch and terminate such Local Traffic, including the use of packet switching. Nothing herein is intended to require the payment of reciprocal compensation for packets exchanged between the Parties.

9.3.1 Local Traffic does not include, and the Parties shall not bill or pay reciprocal compensation for, calls where a Party willfully sets up a call, or colludes with a third party to set up a call, to the other Party's network for the purpose of receiving reciprocal compensation, and not for the purpose of providing a telecommunications service to an End User in good faith.

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9.3.3 The Parties have been unable to agree on the treatment of IP telephony traffic for the purposes of reciprocal compensation.

9.3.4 Until such time as MCIm demonstrates that its switch services the same geographic area as BellSouth's tandem in a particular location, MCIm shall not bill BellSouth the tandem switching rate.

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9.4.1 The rates for reciprocal compensation (call transport and termination) are as set forth in Attachment 1.

9.4.2 For the purposes of traffic terminated by BellSouth pursuant to this Attachment, Tandem Switching is defined as the function that

establishes a communications path between two switching offices through a third switching office (the Tandem switch).

9.4.3 For the purposes of this Attachment, End Office Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between the trunk side and line side of the End Office switch.

9.4.4 If MCIm utilizes a switch outside the LATA and BellSouth chooses to purchase dedicated or common (shared) transport from MCIm for transport and termination of BellSouth originated traffic, BellSouth will pay MCIm no more than the airline miles between the V & H coordinates of the Point of Interconnection within the LATA where MCIm receives the BellSouth-originated traffic and the V & H coordinates of a point on the LATA boundary in the direction of the MCIm switch or at a point otherwise agreed to by the Parties. For these situations, BellSouth will compensate MCIm at either dedicated or common (shared) transport rates specified in Attachment 1 of this Agreement and based upon the functions provided by MCIm as defined in this Attachment.

9.4.5 Neither Party shall represent Switched Access Services traffic as Local Traffic for purposes of payment of reciprocal compensation.

9.4.6 Left Blank Intentionally

9.4.7 Compensation for ISP-bound Traffic

9.4.7.1 ISP-bound Traffic is defined as calls to an Internet service provider that are dialed by using a local dialing pattern. ISPbound Traffic is not considered Local Traffic subject to reciprocal compensation, but instead is information access traffic subject to compensation as described by the FCC in its *Order on Remand and Report and Order*, CC Docket Nos. 96-98 and 99-68, FCC 01-31 (released April 27, 2001) ("ISP Remand Order"). All combined ISPbound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P, that exceeds a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic on a statewide basis is ISP-bound Traffic. All combined ISP-bound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P, that does not exceed a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic on a statewide basis is Local Traffic.

- 9.4.7.2 Each Party shall calculate, in accordance with subsection 9.6.1 of this Attachment, the Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic that it terminates from the other Party.
- 9.4.7.3 For the period beginning on June 14, 2001 and ending on December 13, 2001, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0015 per minute of use (MOU) for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.
- 9.4.7.4 To the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on December 14, 2001, and ending on June 13, 2003, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0010 per MOU for ISPbound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.
- 9.4.7.5 To the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on June 14, 2003 the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0007 per MOU for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.
- 9.4.7.6 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the volume of ISP-bound traffic for which one Party may bill the other shall be capped as follows:

9.4.7.6.1 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2001, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to originating Party on ISP-bound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to, on an annualized basis, the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes which the terminating Party terminated from the originating Party during the first quarter of 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor.

9.4.7.6.2 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2002 and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party on ISPbound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes for which the terminating Party was entitled to compensation in 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor. 9.4.7.6.3 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2003 and beyond, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during those years, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party only on ISP-bound Traffic minutes up to a ceiling equal to the year 2002 ceiling.

- 9.4.7.7 If an authoritative body with appropriate jurisdiction determines that any portion of the ISP Remand Order is unlawful or invalid, or otherwise modifies the ISP Remand Order, the Parties shall amend this Agreement to incorporate the ruling of such authoritative body.
- 9.4.7.8 BellSouth shall offer to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order. If, in the future, BellSouth chooses not to offer to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order, then the rate for ISP-bound Traffic termination shall be the rate for reciprocal compensation for Local Traffic as set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. If the Parties are unable to agree on whether BellSouth is offering to exchange traffic as described in this Subsection 9.4.7, they shall invoke the dispute resolution procedures in Part A of this Agreement.

9.4.7.8.1 Rates for the exchange of Local Traffic shall apply to all ISP-bound Traffic exchanged by the Parties between the expiration date of the initial term of the Parties' prior interconnection agreement and June 13, 2001, inclusive.

- 9.4.7.9 ISP-bound Traffic shall be subject to the trunking requirements set forth in Section 2 of this Attachment.
- 9.4.7.10 The Parties have been unable to agree on the treatment of NPA-NXX codes assigned to end users outside the rate center to which the NPA-NXX is assigned, for the purposes of reciprocal compensation and/or switched access charges. Without amending

this Agreement, MCIm will not assign NPA-NXX codes to end users outside the rate center to which the NPA-NXX is assigned.

9.5 Compensation for IntraLATA Toll Calls and intraLATA Toll Free Service Calls

9.5.1 When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, MCIm delivers an MCIm end user-originated intraLATA toll call to BellSouth for termination to a BellSouth end user, MCIm shall compensate BellSouth at BellSouth's Commission-filed and effective intrastate Switched Access tariff rate. When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, BellSouth delivers a BellSouth end user-originated intraLATA toll call to MCIm for termination to a MCIm end user, BellSouth shall compensate MCIm at MCIm's Commission-filed and effective Switched Access tariff rate. When a third party acts as an intraLATA toll carrier, the Parties shall charge such intraLATA toll carrier, pursuant to Section 9.8 of this Attachment. Where the originating Party is not the toll carrier for the call, such call shall be delivered to the other Party using GR-394.

9.5.2 When a Party's customer originates an intraLATA Toll Free call, that Party shall charge the appropriate Toll Free carrier originating access and data base query charges in accordance with its Commission-filed and effective Switched Access tariff. No charges for transport and termination of Local Traffic shall apply to such calls. Appropriate records shall be provided in the standard EMI format.

9.6 Determination of Jurisdiction.

9.6.1 The Parties will use the calling party number (CPN) to determine the jurisdiction of billed traffic. If the jurisdiction of traffic cannot be determined based on the CPN, the Parties will jointly exchange industry standard jurisdictional factors, such as PIU and PLU as established pursuant to Section 21 of Part A of this Agreement.

9.7 Compensation for the Termination of Local Transit Traffic.

9.7.1 Transit Traffic Service. Rates for transiting local transit traffic shall be as set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. Wireless Type 1 traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective. Wireless Type 2A traffic shall not be treated as transit

traffic from a routing or billing perspective until BellSouth and the Wireless carrier have the capability to properly meet-point-bill in accordance with MECAB guidelines. BellSouth shall either pass on to the wireless carrier the reciprocal compensation payments received from MCIm or indemnify MCIm as to any claim a wireless carrier may raise concerning reciprocal compensation payments MCIm makes to BellSouth.

9.7.2 The Parties agree to deliver transit traffic to the terminating carrier; provided, however, that the originating Party is solely responsible for negotiating and executing any appropriate contractual agreements with the terminating carrier for the receipt of this traffic through the transiting Party's network. The transiting Party will not be liable for any compensation to the terminating carrier or to the originating Party. The Parties shall, however, provide each other with any available information necessary to measure and bill for such traffic.

9.8 Compensation for Switched Access Traffic.

9.8.1 The Parties will establish Meet Point Billing arrangements in order to provide Switched Access Services to third party intraLATA and interLATA toll carriers via BellSouth's Access Tandem Switches, in accordance with MECAB guidelines.

9.8.2 For interstate and intrastate traffic, the Parties will charge third party toll carriers in accordance with each Party's respective Commission or FCC filed and effective Switched Access tariff.

9.8.3 Billing to third party toll carriers for Switched Access Services jointly provided by the Parties via Meet Point Billing arrangements, will be done by the multiple bill/multiple tariff method. As described in MECAB, each Party will render a bill in accordance with its own tariff for that portion of the service it provides. For the purposes of this Agreement, MCIm is the Initial Billing Company ("IBC") and BellSouth is the Subsequent Billing Company ("SBC").

9.8.4 The Parties will maintain provisions in the National Exchange Carrier Association ("NECA") Tariff No. 4, or any successor tariff, sufficient to reflect this Meet Point Billing arrangement, including Billing Interconnection Percentages ("BIPs").

9.8.5 Information will be exchanged in the Exchange Message Interface ("EMI") format, via a method currently used by the Parties, or

by some other method mutually agreeable. When the Parties use CONNECT:Direct, the recording Party agrees to use its best efforts to provide to the IBC, at no charge, the switched access detailed usage data in 1101XX records within 48 hours, but in no event more than 60 days, after the recording date. The recording Party will notify the other when it is not feasible to meet these requirements.

9.8.6 Errors may be discovered by MCIm, or BellSouth. Each Party agrees to provide the other Party with notification of any discovered errors within ten business days after discovery.

9.8.7 In the event of a loss or damage of data, the Parties agree to cooperate to reconstruct the lost or damaged data within 48 hours after notification and if such reconstruction is not possible, to accept a reasonable estimate of the lost data. This estimate may be based on several methodologies, such as an estimate of the volume of lost messages and associated revenue based on information available concerning the average revenue per minute for the average interstate or intrastate call or based upon at least three, but no more than 12 months of prior usage data, if available. Each Party will retain for a minimum period of ninety (90) days, access message detail sufficient to recreate any data, which is lost or damaged by their company or any third party involved in processing or transporting data.

9.8.8 BellSouth shall provide MCIm, via the internet, with updates of the billing name, billing address, and Carrier Identification Codes (CICs) of all third party toll carriers originating or terminating traffic at BellSouth's Access Tandems in order to comply with the Meet Point Billing notification process as outlined in MECAB.

9.8.9 If category 1101XX records are not submitted by the SBC in a timely fashion, the Parties agree to cooperate to estimate the billing to the IXCs in accordance with the IBC's Switched Access tariffs for estimating usage. The SBC will be liable to the IBC for the amount of lost revenue, as determined by the estimate. If there is a disagreement as to the estimate, the Parties shall negotiate a settlement.

9.9 To the extent applicable, the following rate elements will be billed in accordance with each Party's respective switched access tariffs:

9.9.1 <u>Interstate Switched Access</u>. Terminating to or originating from MCIm Customers

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm
Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth
Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

9.9.2 <u>Intrastate Switched Access</u>. Terminating to or originating from MCIm Customers

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm
Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth
Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

* BIPs previously negotiated have been entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4. Future BIPs will be negotiated and mutually agreed to by both Parties and entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4.

9.10 Compensation for the Termination of Traffic to Ported Numbers.

9.10.1 The Parties agree that, under INP, terminating compensation for calls to ported numbers should be received by each customer's chosen local service provider as if each call to a customer had been originally addressed by the calling party to a telephone number bearing an NPA-NXX directly assigned to the customer's chosen local service provider.

9.11 When MCIm orders or uses BellSouth unbundled Network Elements pursuant to Attachment 3 of this Agreement, those elements ordered or used shall be considered part of MCIm's network for the purpose of calculating reciprocal compensation and switched access charges, subject to this Section 9.11. Where MCIm utilizes BellSouth's unbundled switching, for local transit traffic originated by a third party and terminated to an MCIm end user, MCIm shall be entitled to reciprocal compensation from the third party originating such local transit traffic. Notwithstanding the foregoing, MCIm is not entitled to reciprocal compensation from BellSouth for termination of BellSouth originated Local Traffic in instances where MCIm utilizes BellSouth's unbundled switching and where BellSouth does not bill MCIm for the terminating usage on that unbundled switching.

ATTACHMENT 4

INTERCONNECTION

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INTERCONNECTION

Section 1. Network Interconnection Methods.

1.1 The Parties shall provide interconnection with each other's networks for the transmission and routing of telephone exchange service (local) and exchange access (intraLATA toll and switched access). The Parties shall work cooperatively to install and maintain efficient and reliable Interconnection arrangements. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall provide Interconnection to MCIm, at any technically feasible point, at least equal in quality to that provided by BellSouth to itself or to any subsidiary, Affiliate, or any other third party to which BellSouth provides Interconnection. The parties shall provide Interconnection at the rates contained in Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

1.2 BellSouth shall provide Interconnection at any Technically Feasible point, including, but not limited to, a Fiber Meet, at one or more locations in each LATA in which MCIm originates local, intraLATA toll or Meet Point Switched Access traffic and interconnects with BellSouth. MCIm may designate a Point of Interconnection at any Technically Feasible point including but not limited to any electronic or manual cross-connect points, collocations, telco closets, entrance facilities, and Joint Fiber Facilities. Entrance facilities and Joint Fiber Facilities are specified in subsection 1.5, below.

1.3 MCIm will designate the Point or Points of Interconnection and determine the method or methods by which the Parties interconnect. However, if MCIm interconnects at a point within the LATA but outside of BellSouth's local calling area from which BellSouth traffic originates, MCIm shall be required to compensate BellSouth for, or otherwise be responsible for, transport beyond the local calling area. Transport beyond the local calling area will be determined using the shortest distance from MCIm's nearest point of interconnection to the boundary of the local calling area. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to require MCIm to establish a point of interconnection in every local calling area.

1.3.1 If MCIm determines to establish new or change existing Points of Interconnection with BellSouth, it will provide written notice of the need to establish or change such Interconnection to BellSouth. The time necessary to implement the arrangement shall be negotiated by the Parties, based on the arrangement requested and availability of facilities. 1.4 MCIm must establish, at a minimum, one Point of Interconnection with BellSouth within the LATA. If MCIm chooses to interconnect at a single Point of Interconnection within a LATA, the interconnection must be at a BellSouth Access Tandem. Furthermore, for LATAs served by multiple access tandems, MCIm must establish trunks from the Point of Interconnection to the remaining BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed." It is MCIm's responsibility to enter its own NPA/NXX access tandem "homing" arrangements into the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

1.4.1 In order for MCIm to home its NPA/NXX(s) on a BellSouth tandem, MCIm's NPA/NXX(s) must be assigned within the Exchange Rate Center Areas served by that BellSouth tandem as specified by BellSouth. Any new rate centers established by either Party within a BellSouth tandem serving area must be approved by the Commission and defined in the Business Rating Interface Database System ("BRIDS") and the Local Exchange Routing Guide ("LERG"). The specified association between BellSouth tandems and Exchange Rate Center Areas will be defined in the LERG.

1.4.2 BellSouth will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. MCIm will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. The Point of Interconnection also serves as the point for determining compensation for call transport and termination. The Point of Interconnection has, including, but not limited to, the following main characteristics:

- 1. It is a point to allow connection, disconnection, transfer or restoration of service.
- 2. It is a point where BellSouth and MCIm can verify and maintain specific performance objectives.
- 3. It is specified according to the interfaces specified in this Agreement
- 4. The Parties provide their own equipment to interface with the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1 and/or OCn circuits.

1.4.3 The Parties shall comply with the environmental hazard provisions of Attachments 5 and 6 of this Agreement.

1.4.4 BellSouth shall respond as to the availability of the location and method of Interconnection selected by MCIm and as described in this Agreement, and the Parties shall schedule whatever meetings are required to establish a project plan and use best efforts to complete the Interconnection arrangement by the desired Interconnection Activation Date.

1.5 Each Party may purchase interconnection facilities (e.g., local channeldedicated and/or interoffice transport-dedicated, etc.) from the other or from a third Party for the delivery of its originated traffic to the established Point of Interconnection between the Parties. Such facilities, if purchased by one Party from the other, will be billed in accordance with Attachment 1 of this Agreement and are not part of the call transport and termination facilities for which reciprocal compensation is owed to the Party leasing the facility to the other. For the purposes of this Attachment, local channel-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between a point designated by the purchasing Party and the other Party's wire center that serves the designated point ("Serving Wire Center"). For the purposes of this Attachment, interoffice transport-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between wire centers designated by the purchasing Party.

1.6 Joint Fiber Facilities.

1.6.1 Joint Optical Interconnection

1.6.1.1 Upon mutual agreement by both Parties, the Parties may interconnect using a Joint Optical Interconnection. If the Parties interconnect pursuant to a Joint Optical Interconnection (JOI) arrangement, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.1.2 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.1.3 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.1.4 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center").

1.6.1.5 MCIm shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way located outside the BIWC and BellSouth shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of Optical Fire Resistance ("OFR") cable to reach the Fiber Optical Terminal ("FOT") equipment in the BIWC. MCIm shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. BellSouth shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside the BIWC in the FOT equipment at BellSouth's expense.

1.6.1.6 BellSouth shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way outside MCIm's Wire Center and MCIm shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable BellSouth to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of OFR cable to reach the FOT equipment at MCIm's Wire Center. BellSouth shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. MCIm shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside MCIm's Wire Center in the FOT equipment at MCIm's expense.

1.6.1.7 The Parties shall use the Joint Fiber Facility for delivery of traffic, including Local, transit and intraLATA, between the Parties. Provided, however, special access traffic shall not be routed over the Joint Fiber Facility.

1.6.1.8 Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 2.1.1.4, neither Party shall charge the other for the use of the JOI facility for the transmission of traffic to the other Party's location. However, appropriate call transport and termination charges and switched access charges, associated with the rest of either Party's network, for Local Traffic and intraLATA toll traffic shall apply in accordance with this Agreement and applicable Commission-approved switched access tariffs. Nothing in this Agreement shall alter the charges assessed by either Party to a third party carrier for delivery of transit traffic. Charges for the use of the JOI for transit traffic shall be billed by MCIm to the appropriate carrier.

1.6.1.9 Each Party shall use its best efforts to ensure that fiber received from the other Party will enter the Party's Wire Center through an entrance facility separate from that from which the Party's own fiber exited.

1.6.1.10 The Parties shall work cooperatively to determine the assignment control of the fiber strands that will be used for the JOI facility.

1.6.1.11 The Parties shall cooperate with one another for the purpose of maintaining and testing the fiber-optic cable.

1.6.1.12 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.1.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.6.2 Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.1 If MCIm elects to establish a Point of Interconnection with BellSouth pursuant to a Fiber Meet, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks for the transmission and routing of traffic via a Local Channel facility. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.2.2 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.2.3 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center").

1.6.2.4 The Parties shall designate a Point of Interconnection, not within either Party's wire center, as a Fiber Meet point, and shall make all necessary preparations to receive, and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver, fiber optic facilities into the Point of Interconnection with sufficient spare length to reach the fusion splice point at the Point of Interconnection. BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install, and maintain the fusion splicing point in the Point of Interconnection. A Common Language Location Identification ("CLLI") code, which must be a building type code, will be established for each Point of Interconnection and will be noted properly on orders between the Parties.

1.6.2.5 Each Party shall deliver and maintain its fiber wholly at its own expense. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall allow MCIm access to the Fiber Meet entry point for maintenance purposes as promptly as possible.

1.6.2.6 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.2.7 Each Party will be responsible for (i) providing its own transport facilities to the Fiber Meet, and (ii) the cost to build-out its facilities to such Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.8 Neither Party shall charge the other for its portion of the Fiber Meet facility used exclusively for non-transit local traffic (i.e. the Local Channel). Charges incurred for other services including dedicated transport facilities to the Point of Interconnection, if applicable, will apply. Charges for Switched and Special Access Services shall be billed to the appropriate carrier in accordance with the applicable Commission approved switched access service tariff.

1.6.2.9 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.2.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be

activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.7 Sizing and Structure of Joint Fiber Facilities.

The capacity of Interconnection facilities provided by each Party will be based on mutual forecasts and sound engineering practice, as agreed by the Parties during planning and forecasting meetings. The Parties will determine the appropriate sizing for facilities based on these standards. The Parties shall work cooperatively to ensure the adequacy of Interconnection facilities. The Parties shall augment existing facilities when the overall capacity of those facilities is 75-85% used, or as otherwise agreed. Facilities will be augmented to ensure adequate facility capacity for at least two years of forecasted traffic. The Parties shall complete the construction of relief facilities at least two months prior to the projected exhaust date, or sooner, if facilities exhaust is imminent.

Section 2. Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.1 General.

2.1.1 The parties shall reciprocally terminate local exchange traffic and IntraLATA/InterLATA toll calls on each other's networks as follows:

2.1.1.1 The Parties will establish those trunk groups necessary to exchange local, intraLATA toll, and local and IntraLATA transit traffic (referred to in this Attachment 4 as "Local Interconnection Trunk Groups").

2.1.1.2 BellSouth and MCIm shall establish interconnecting trunk groups and trunking configurations between networks in accordance with the provisions set forth in this Agreement.

2.1.1.3 Any MCIm interconnection request that (1) deviates from the standard trunking architectures as described in this Agreement; (2) affects traffic delivered to MCIm from a BellSouth switch; and (3) requires special BellSouth switch translations and other network modifications will require MCIm to submit a Bona Fide Request/New Business Request via the Bona Fide Request/New Business Request process set forth in General Terms and Conditions. 2.1.1.4 All charges, both non-recurring and recurring, associated with interconnecting trunk groups between BellSouth and MCIm are set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. For two-way trunking that carries both Parties' traffic, including trunking that carries Transit Traffic, each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the recurring charges for transport facilities and nonrecurring charges for facility additions based on the percentage of the total traffic originated by that Party. BellSouth shall determine the applicable percentages twice per year based on the previous 6 months' minutes of use billed by each Party. Each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the nonrecurring charges for initial facilities based on the joint forecasts for circuits required by each Party. Each Party shall be responsible for ordering and paying for any facilities for two-way trunks carrying only its transit traffic. Furthermore, each Party shall be responsible for the compensation for transport facilities for two-way trunking that it orders for its traffic but utilizes unidirectionally.

2.1.1.5 BellSouth shall transit Switched Access traffic from IXCs to MCIm based on MCIm's NXX Access Tandem homing arrangement as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

2.1.1.6 Two-Way Trunking Requirements:

2.1.1.6.1 The Parties will order trunks using the access service request (ASR) process in place for Local Interconnection after the joint planning meeting takes place between BellSouth and MCIm.

2.1.1.6.2 BellSouth and MCIm agree to meet and resolve service-affecting situations in a timely manner. This contact will normally be made through the Account Team.

2.1.1.6.3 Establishing a two-way trunk group does not preclude BellSouth from adding one-way trunk groups within the same Local Calling Area subject to the terms of this Section 2.

2.1.1.6.4 BellSouth will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities to its side of the Point of Interconnection, and MCIm will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities on its side of the Point of Interconnection.

2.1.2 One-way and two-way trunks. The parties shall use either oneway or two-way trunking or a combination. The Parties shall work cooperatively to decide when to use two-way trunking on a case by case basis to determine which type of trunking will be more efficient by focusing on efficiency and sound engineering practices. BellSouth is obligated to utilize two-way trunks upon MCIm's request, but only where it is technically feasible and MCIm's network does not carry a sufficient amount of MCIm-originated traffic to justify separate one-way trunks. If the Parties are unable to agree, either Party may request the Commission to resolve the issue.

2.1.3 Where necessary, BellSouth shall load MCIm's NXXs in BellSouth's switches based on the information for those NXXs as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG), and BellSouth shall switch traffic as specified by the NXX tandem homing arrangement in the LERG.

2.1.4 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection Architectures.

2.1.4.1 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection provides intratandem access to subtending end offices. BellSouth Multiple Tandem Access (MTA), described later in this Agreement, may be ordered using any of the following access tandem architectures.

2.1.4.2. Basic Architecture.

2.1.4.2.1 In this architecture, MCIm's originating Local and IntraLATA Toll and originating and terminating Transit Traffic is transported on a single two-way trunk group between MCIm and BellSouth access tandem(s) within a LATA. This group carries intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other Competitive Local Exchange Carriers ("CLEC") and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. BellSouth originated Local and IntraLATA Toll traffic is transported on a single one-way trunk group terminating to MCIm. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.1.4.3 Supergroup Architecture.

2.1.4.3.1 In the Supergroup Architecture, the Parties Local, IntraLATA Toll and MCIm's Transit Traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) is exchanged on a single two-way trunk group (also known as a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group) between MCIm and BellSouth. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic. all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.2 Local Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.2.1 <u>LATA Wide Termination</u>. MCIm may elect LATA Wide Termination with BellSouth, otherwise known as Multiple Tandem Access ("MTA"). Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection Trunk Groups to a single BellSouth access tandem designated by MCIm for the termination of all Local Interconnection Traffic destined for any BellSouth office in that LATA.

2.2.1.1 BellSouth MTA provides for LATA wide BellSouth transport and termination of MCIm-originated intraLATA toll and local traffic that is transported by BellSouth for termination to BellSouth or a third party, by establishing trunks at a BellSouth access tandem with routing through multiple BellSouth access tandems as required. With MTA, MCIm may elect to send its originating traffic to any access tandem in the LATA, for completion by BellSouth, regardless of whether MCIm has interconnection trunks established at any other tandem in the LATA. Under MTA BellSouth shall not charge more than two tandem switching charges for any given call. However, MCIm must still establish trunks at all BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed". MCIm shall order MTA, at its option, via the ASR process, at the rates set forth in Attachment 1.

2.2.1.2 MTA does not include switched access traffic that transits the BellSouth network to an Interexchange Carrier (IXC).

2.2.2 <u>Tandem Level Termination</u>. MCIm may elect Tandem Level Termination with BellSouth. Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection trunk groups to each BellSouth Access Tandem in a LATA in which MCIm originates Local Interconnection traffic and interconnects with BellSouth.

2.2.2.1 To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA in a calling area that has multiple access tandems serving the calling area as defined by BellSouth, MCIm must establish trunks to every access tandem in the calling area in order to serve the entire calling area. To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA and provides intraLATA toll service to its customers, it may be necessary for it to establish trunks to additional BellSouth access tandems that serve end offices outside the local calling area. To the extent MCIm routes its traffic in such a way that utilizes BellSouth's MTA service without properly ordering MTA service, MCIm agrees to pay BellSouth the associated transport and termination charges.

2.2.3 If BellSouth establishes remote offices that are capable of receiving direct trunking, BellSouth shall make such capability available to MCIm.

2.2.4 Where the Parties deliver miscellaneous calls (i.e. time, weather, NPA-555, Mass Calling Codes) destined for each other over the Local Interconnection trunk group, they shall deliver such traffic in accordance with the serving arrangements defined in the LERG.

2.2.5 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provide unidirectional traffic on two-way trunks, for MCIm's originating traffic, effectively operating them as if they were one-way trunk groups.

2.2.6 <u>Trunk Group Fragmentation</u>. BellSouth shall allow MCIm to combine Local Transit Traffic on the same trunks that carry other Local Traffic. To the extent that MCIm is not utilizing local

interconnection trunks solely for originating or terminating its interexchange traffic, MCIm may combine Switched Access Traffic and Local Traffic on interconnection trunks, provided that the switched access is being provided to a carrier that is serving a MCIm local exchange customer. Further, each Party shall provide adequate billing records to the other Party to enable the other Party to bill switched access to the appropriate carriers. The Parties shall have the right to audit these records pursuant to Part A of this Agreement.

2.2.7 BellSouth shall post on its web site a list of NPA-NXX's that constitute local calls from BellSouth's originating NPA-NXXs for each local calling area in the BellSouth region. Such list shall be updated on a weekly basis.

2.3 Switched Access Trunking Arrangements.

2.3.1 At its option, MCIm may order two-way transit trunk groups to each BellSouth access tandem where MCIm has its NXX's homed for the joint provisioning of Switched Access Services in accordance with MECAB guidelines, using DS-1 or DS-3 facilities separate from those used for Local Interconnection trunk groups.

2.3.2 In multiple-tandem LATAs, BellSouth shall, except in instances of capacity limitations, permit and enable MCIm to subtend the BellSouth Access Tandem nearest to the MCIm Rating Point, adopted in accordance with Section 1.4.1 of this Attachment associated with the NPA-NXX to/from which the Meet Point services are homed. In instances of capacity limitation at a given Access Tandem, MCIm may subtend the next nearest BellSouth Access Tandem in which sufficient capacity is available by homing its NPA-NXX(s) on that tandem. The Meet Point billing percentages for each new Rating Point/Access Tandem pair will be calculated in accordance with MECAB and MECOD guidelines.

2.3.3 At MCIm's request, where MCIm is providing the switching, MCIm may order and BellSouth shall provide trunk groups exclusively to carry interLATA traffic originated by an MCIm customer.

2.3.4 All originating Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm requests that BellSouth perform the Service Switching Point ("SSP") function (e.g., perform the database query) must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group. Carrier Code "0110" and Circuit Code of "09" shall be used for all such calls. BellSouth shall bill MCIm for any queries requested by MCIm, at the rates set forth on Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

2.3.5 All post-query Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm performs the SSP function, if delivered to BellSouth, must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group for calls destined to the switched access Toll Free Service provider.

2.3.6 Originating 950 calls delivered to BellSouth's tandem from MCIm will be delivered to the appropriate associated interexchange carrier using the appropriate signaling format.

2.3.7 To the extent that MCIm is not utilizing local interconnection trunks solely for originating or terminating its interexchange traffic, MCIm may combine Switched Access Traffic and Local Traffic on interconnection trunks, provided that the switched access is being provided to an MCIm local exchange customer. Further, MCIm shall provide adequate billing records to BellSouth to enable BellSouth to bill switched access to the appropriate CLPs (competitive local providers). The Parties shall have the right to audit these records pursuant to Part A of this Agreement.

2.3.8 Combination Interconnection Trunk Groups.

2.3.8.1 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provision a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group, which carries the Parties' Local, IntraLATA Toll, and MCIm's transit traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) on a single twoway trunk group. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic, all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required.

2.3.8.2 Upon MCIm's request, the Parties will work together in good faith to complete conversions to the use of Combination Interconnection trunk groups, within an interval to be negotiated by the Parties. The Parties shall use the normal ASR ordering process, and MCIm shall pay the appropriate charges associated with the request.

2.4 The Parties shall utilize direct end office trunking under the following conditions:

2.4.1 <u>Tandem Exhaust</u>. If a tandem through which the Parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support additional traffic loads for a six month forecasting cycle, the Parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan for future trunking additions until BellSouth has alleviated the tandem capacity shortage. BellSouth shall take appropriate action to alleviate tandem capacity shortage if such tandem is unable to, or is forecasted to, be unable to support additional traffic loads for any period of time.

2.4.1.1 If a tandem through which the parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support additional traffic loads for any period of time, the parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan that will alleviate the tandem capacity shortage and ensure completion of traffic between MCIm and ILEC subscribers.

2.4.2 <u>Traffic volume</u>. Either Party may order, and the other Party shall install and retain, direct end office two-way trunking sufficient to handle actual or reasonably forecasted two-way traffic volumes, whichever is greater, between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office where the traffic exceeds 220,000 minutes of use per month. When the traffic between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office exceeds 170,000 minutes of use per month, either Party may notify the other Party and request that the facilities be installed. Such facilities will be installed on mutual agreement. The parties will install additional capacity between the MCIm switching center and the BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth access tandem exceeds or is forecast to exceed, 220,000 minutes of use per month.

2.4.3 <u>Mutual Agreement</u> - The Parties may install direct end office trunking upon mutual agreement in the absence of conditions (1) or (2) above and agreement will not unreasonably be withheld.

Section 3. Signaling.

3.1 Unless otherwise indicated in this Agreement, all Interconnection facilities must be 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability (CCC) and Extended Super Frame with Binary 8 Zero Substitution line coding ("ESF B8ZS"). Where ESF/B8ZS is not available, MCIm shall use other interconnection

protocols on an interim basis until the standard ESF/B8ZS is available. BellSouth will provide anticipated dates of availability, if any, and upon MCIm's request for those areas not currently ESF/B8ZS compatible.

3.1.1 Where MCIm is unwilling to utilize an alternate interconnection protocol, MCIm will provide BellSouth an initial forecast of 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability ("64K CCC") trunk quantities within 30 days of executing this Agreement, consistent with the forecasting agreements between the parties. Upon receipt of this forecast, the parties will begin joint planning for the engineering, procurement, and installation of the segregated 64K CCC Local Interconnection Trunk Groups, and the associated B8ZS Extended Super Frame ("ESF") facilities, for the sole purpose of transmitting 64K CCC data calls between MCIm and BellSouth. Where additional equipment is required, such equipment would be obtained, engineered, and installed on the same basis and with the same intervals as any similar growth job for IXC, CLEC or ILEC internal subscriber demand for 64K CCC trunks. Where Technically Feasible, these trunks will be established as two-way. MCIm, at its option, may order interconnection facilities formatted using Alternate Mark Inversion Line Code or Superframe Format.

3.2 Unless otherwise agreed to by the Parties, the Parties will interconnect their networks using SS7 signaling as defined in GR-317 and GR-394 including ISDN User Part ("ISUP") for trunk signaling and Carrier Identification Code ("CIC"), where available, and Transaction Capabilities Application Part ("TCAP") for Common Channel Signaling ("CCS")-based features in the interconnection of their networks. All Network Operations Forum (NOF) adopted standards shall be adhered to. Both MF and SS7 trunk groups will not be provided within a single DS-1 facility; a separate DS-1 per signaling type must be used.

3.2.1 The parties will provide CCS to each other in conjunction with all trunk groups supporting local, transit, and toll traffic. The parties will cooperate on the exchange of Transactional Capabilities Application Part (TCAP) messages to facilitate full inter-operability of CCS-based features between their respective networks, including all CLASS features and functions currently deployed by BellSouth. All CCS signaling parameters will be provided including automatic number identification (ANI), originating line information (OLI), calling party category, charge number, etc. All privacy indicators will be honored. 3.2.2 The parties shall meet and mutually agree to network protocols which include but are not limited to glare parameters, number of digits outpulsed, OZZ codes and 800 CIC codes in use.

3.3 Neither Party shall alter the CCS parameters, or be a party to altering such parameters, or pass CCS parameters that it knows have been altered in order to circumvent appropriate interconnection charges.

Section 4. Reporting.

4.1 BellSouth shall provide all blockage data on every trunk group that carries MCIm's local traffic, blockage on those trunk groups that emanate from BellSouth's end offices or tandems and are interconnected with MCIm's switch, and information on comparable trunks used by BellSouth for its local traffic.

4.1.1 Blocking data will be provided via the BellSouth's web site on a monthly basis, in a format similar to the IC 100 report that is provided to interexchange carriers.

4.2 Each Party shall provide Data Interexchange Carrier (DIXC) traffic data for all trunk groups terminating in the other Party's network.

4.2.1 DIXC traffic data will include, but not be limited to the following:

4.2.1.1 Usage (total usage measured in centum call seconds);

4.2.1.2 Peg Count (Peg count of originating call attempts including overflow), where applicable;

4.2.1.3 Overflow (Peg count of originating call attempts failing to find an idle trunk), where applicable.

- 4.2.2 DIXC traffic data shall be collected as follows:
 - 4.2.2.1 Hourly on the clock hour;
 - 4.2.2.2 Twenty-four (24) hours per day (0000-2400);
 - 4.2.2.3 Seven (7) days per week (including holidays);
 - 4.2.2.4 Fifty-two (52) weeks per year.

4.2.3 DIXC traffic data must be provided electronically using a method agreed to by the Parties, as it is collected.

Section 5. Forecasting.

5.1 The parties shall work towards the development of joint forecasting responsibilities for traffic utilization over trunk groups, and shall use best efforts to ensure that facilities and equipment are available at the time of ordering. The Parties shall make all reasonable efforts and cooperate in good faith to develop alternative solutions to accommodate orders when facilities or equipment are not available. Inter-company forecast information, must be provided by the Parties, to each other, twice a year. BellSouth's forecast will be provided thirty (30) days following the receipt of the MCIm forecast. The Parties agree that each forecast provided under this Section shall be deemed "Confidential Information" in the General Terms and Conditions – Part A of this Agreement. The semi-annual forecasts shall include:

5.1.1 Yearly forecasted trunk quantities which include measurements that reflect actual tandem and end office Local Interconnection and transit trunks and tandem-subtending Local Interconnection end office equivalent trunk requirements for no more than two years (current plus one year);

5.1.2 The use of Common Language Location Identifier (CLLI-MSG), which are described in Telcordia (Bellcore) documents BR 795-100-100 and BR 795-400-100;

5.1.3 Description of major network projects that affect the other party will be provided in the semi-annual forecasts. Major network projects include but are not limited to trunking or network rearrangements, shifts in anticipated traffic patterns, or other activities by either party that are reflected by a significant increase or decrease in trunking demand for the following forecasting period.

5.2 The Parties shall meet to review and reconcile their forecasts if forecasts vary significantly, or whenever the latest forecasted trunk requirements exceed the original quantities by 10% or more state-wide. Either Party should notify the other Party if they have measurements indicating that a trunk group is exceeding its designed call carrying capacity and is impacting other trunk groups in the network. The Parties shall mutually agree to the over or under trunk group utilization prior to action being taken on the following:

5.2.1 If the Parties are unable to reach such reconciliation, the Local interconnection Trunk Groups shall be provisioned to the higher forecast. At the end of three months, the utilization of the Local

Interconnection Trunk Groups will be reviewed and if the average centum call seconds utilization for the third month is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, of capacity at the average time consistent busy hour, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.2.2 If the parties agree on the original forecast and then it is determined that a trunk group is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, of centum call seconds capacity at the average time consistent busy hour on a monthly-average basis for each month of any six-month period, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.3 Each party shall provide a specified point or points of contact for planning, forecasting and trunk servicing purposes.

Section 6. Servicing.

6.1 Orders between the parties to establish, add, change or disconnect trunks shall be processed by use of an Access Service Request (ASR), or another industry standard eventually adopted and mutually agreed to by the Parties to replace the ASR for local service ordering.

6.2 Subject to 6.3 below, the standard interval used for the provisioning of Local Interconnection trunk groups shall be determined by Desired Due Date, but in no event shall it be longer than ten (10) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for orders of 96 trunks or fewer for additions to local trunk groups, or forty-five (45) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for establishment of 96 trunks or fewer new trunk groups.

6.3 Orders that comprise a major project (i.e., more than 96 new or additions) that directly impact the other party may be submitted at the same time, and their implementation shall be jointly planned and coordinated. Major projects are those that require the coordination and execution of multiple orders or related activities between and among BellSouth and MCIm work groups, including but not limited to the initial establishment of Local Interconnection or transit trunk groups and service in an area, NXX code moves, re-homes, facility grooming, or network rearrangements. 6.4 For intraLATA toll service and local exchange service, the blocking level from originating NID to terminating NID will be engineered not to exceed 1% in any hour, except under conditions of service disruption. For access to or egress from a long distance network, the blocking rate will be engineered not to exceed 0.5% in any hour.

6.5 The Parties shall share responsibility for all Control Office functions for Local Interconnection trunks and trunk groups, and both Parties shall share the overall coordination, installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.6 Where MCIm interconnects with a third party through BellSouth, MCIm is responsible for all Control Office functions for such other Interconnection trunks and trunk groups, and is responsible for the overall coordination, installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.7 MCIm and BellSouth shall provide to each other test-line numbers and access to test lines for the purpose of testing BST/MCIm interconnection trunk groups.

Section 7. Network Management.

7.1 <u>Protective Protocols</u> - Either party may use protective network traffic management controls such as 7-digit and 10-digit code gaps on traffic toward each others network, when required to protect the public switched network from congestion due to facility failures, switch congestion or failure, or focused overload. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any protective control action planned or executed.

7.2 <u>Expansive Protocols</u> - Where the capability exists, originating or terminating traffic reroutes may be implemented by either Party to temporarily relieve network congestion due to facility failures or abnormal calling patterns. Reroutes will not be used to circumvent normal trunk servicing. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any expansive protocols planned or executed.

7.3 <u>Mass Calling</u> - MCIm and BellSouth shall cooperate and share preplanning information, where available, regarding cross-network call-ins expected to generate large or focused temporary increases in call volumes, to prevent or mitigate the impact of these events on the public switched network.
7.4 <u>High Volume Calling Trunk Groups</u>. At MCIm's request, the Parties will cooperate to establish separate trunk groups or provide some other means of protective controls (i.e., call gapping) for the completion of calls to high volume customers, such as radio contest lines.

7.4.1 Both parties agree to terminate each party's mass calling codes as local traffic. Parties agree that each will put in place controls for NXX's that are dedicated for media stimulated mass calling.

7.4.2 Further, each Party shall provide notification to the other Party when a new routing code (a.k.a. "oddball code") is being established. Notification is not required for new routing codes being established as the direct result of an NPA split, but notification is required for NPA overlays.

Section 8. Third Party Transit Traffic.

8.1 Tandem Switching shall provide connectivity to transit traffic to and from other carriers.

8.1.1 Each Party shall transit all traffic delivered by the other Party, destined to third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA that subtend the transiting Party's switch. Each Party also shall transit all traffic delivered by a third party LEC, CLEC, or CMRS provider in the LATA, destined to the other Party or a switch subtending the other Party. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in Section 9 of this Attachment.

8.1.2 Each Party shall terminate all traffic delivered by the other Party from third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA, and destined to the terminating Party's switch. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in this Attachment.

Section 9. Compensation For Call Termination.

9.1. General.

9.1.1 For the purposes of compensation for call termination under this Agreement, the traffic exchanged between MCIm and BellSouth will be classified as Local Traffic, ISP-bound Traffic, IntraLATA Toll Traffic, Transit Traffic, or switched access Traffic. The Parties agree that, notwithstanding the classification of traffic under this Agreement, either Party is free to define its own local calling areas for the

purposes of providing Telecommunications Services to its own Customers.

9.2 Usage Measurement.

9.2.1 Each Party is responsible for the accuracy and quality of its data as submitted to the other.

9.2.2 Each Party will include in the information transmitted to the other for each call being terminated on the other Party's network the originating CPN, if recorded, otherwise ANI or billing telephone number (BTN) will be provided, where recorded. Where ANI or BTN are not recorded, the telephone number assigned to the trunk group for recording purposes will be inserted in the BTN field to the extent the telephone number has been provided by the originating carrier.

9.2.3 Each Party will calculate terminating Interconnection minutes of use based on standard AMA recordings made within each Party's network. These recordings are the basis for each Party to determine the minutes of use to be billed to the other Party.

9.2.4 Measurement of minutes of use over Interconnection trunk groups will be in actual conversation seconds for terminating usage and network access duration seconds including unanswered attempts for originating usage.

9.3 <u>Compensation for the Termination of Local Traffic</u>. Local Traffic is defined as any telephone call that originates in one exchange and terminates in either the same exchange, or other local calling area associated with the originating exchange (e.g., Extended Area Service) as defined and specified in Section A3 of BellSouth's General Subscriber Service Tariff. Designation of Local Traffic is not dependent on the type of switching technology used to switch and terminate such Local Traffic, including the use of packet switching. Nothing herein is intended to require the payment of reciprocal compensation for packets exchanged between the Parties.

9.3.1 Local Traffic does not include, and the Parties shall not bill or pay reciprocal compensation for, calls where a Party willfully sets up a call, or colludes with a third party to set up a call, to the other Party's network for the purpose of receiving reciprocal compensation, and not for the purpose of providing a telecommunications service to an End User in good faith. 9.3.2 Designation of traffic as Switched Access Traffic shall not be dependent on the switching or transport technology used, including packet switching and internet protocol.

9.4 The rates for transport and termination of Local Traffic that BellSouth and MCIm charge each other are set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

9.4.1 Pursuant to the Commission's order in Docket P-474, Sub 10, MCIm is entitled to reciprocal compensation at BellSouth's tandem interconnection rate. MCIm shall charge BellSouth for tandem switching and end office switching for all Local Traffic. BellSouth shall charge MCIm for tandem switching and end office switching where those elements actually are used in the termination of a call. The Parties shall charge each other for common transport where common transport actually is used in the termination of a call.

9.4.2 For the purposes of this Attachment, BellSouth's Tandem Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between two switching offices through a third switching office (the Tandem switch).

9.4.3 For the purposes of this Attachment, End Office Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between the trunk side and line side of the End Office switch.

9.4.4 If MCIm utilizes a switch outside the LATA and BellSouth chooses to purchase dedicated or common (shared) transport from MCIm for transport and termination of BellSouth originated traffic, BellSouth will pay MCIm no more than the airline miles between the V & H coordinates of the Point of Interconnection within the LATA where MCIm receives the BellSouth-originated traffic and the V & H coordinates of a point on the LATA boundary in the direction of the MCIm switch or at a point otherwise agreed to by the Parties. For these situations, BellSouth will compensate MCIm at either dedicated or common (shared) transport rates specified in Attachment 1 of this Agreement and based upon the functions provided by MCIm as defined in this Attachment.

9.4.5 Neither Party shall represent Switched Access Services traffic as Local Traffic for purposes of payment of reciprocal compensation.

9.4.6 If a Party offers foreign exchange service (i.e., service offered to an end user from an exchange or rate center other than the exchange

or rate center from which the end user normally would be served), and that Party has in place either owned or leased dedicated facilities between the foreign exchange customer's premises and the switch, calls to the foreign exchange customer shall be considered Local Traffic, and, therefore, subject to reciprocal compensation, as long as they are originated and terminated within a LATA.

9.4.7 Compensation for ISP-bound Traffic

9.4.7.1 ISP-bound Traffic is defined as calls to an Internet service provider that are dialed by using a local dialing pattern. ISP-bound Traffic is not considered Local Traffic subject to reciprocal compensation, but instead is information access traffic subject to compensation as described by the FCC in its *Order on Remand and Report and Order*, CC Docket Nos. 96-98 and 99-68, FCC 01-31 (released April 27, 2001) ("ISP Remand Order"). All combined ISP-bound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P, that exceeds a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic on a statewide basis is ISP-bound Traffic. All combined ISP-bound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P, that does not exceed a 3:1 ratio of terminating traffic on a statewide basis is ISP-bound Traffic. All combined ISP-bound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P, that does not exceed a 3:1 ratio of terminating traffic on a statewide basis is ISP-bound Traffic. All combined ISP-bound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P, that does not exceed a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic.

9.4.7.2 Each Party shall calculate, in accordance with subsection 9.6.1 of this Attachment, the Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic that it terminates from the other Party.

9.4.7.3 For the period beginning on June 14, 2001 and ending on December 13, 2001, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0015 per minute of use (MOU) for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.

9.4.7.4 To the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on December 14, 2001, and ending on June 13, 2003, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0010 per MOU for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.

9.4.7.5 To the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on June 14, 2003 the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0007 per MOU for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.

9.4.7.6 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the volume of ISP-bound traffic for which one Party may bill the other shall be capped as follows:

9.4.7.6.1 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2001, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party on ISP-bound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to, on an annualized basis, the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes which the terminating Party terminated from the originating Party during the first quarter of 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor.

9.4.7.6.2 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2002 and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party on ISPbound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes for which the terminating Party was entitled to compensation in 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor.

9.4.7.6.3 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2003 and beyond, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during those years, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party only on ISP-bound Traffic minutes up to a ceiling equal to the year 2002 ceiling.

9.4.7.7 If an authoritative body with appropriate jurisdiction determines that any portion of the ISP Remand Order is unlawful or invalid, or otherwise modifies the ISP Remand Order, the Parties shall amend this Agreement to incorporate the ruling of such authoritative body.

9.4.7.8 BellSouth shall offer to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order. If, in the future, BellSouth chooses not to offer to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order,

then the rate for ISP-bound Traffic termination shall be the rate for reciprocal compensation for Local Traffic as set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. If the Parties are unable to agree on whether BellSouth is offering to exchange traffic as described in this Subsection 9.4.7, they shall invoke the dispute resolution procedures in Part A of this Agreement.

9.4.7.8.1 Rates for the exchange of Local Traffic shall apply to all ISP-bound Traffic exchanged by the Parties between the expiration date of the initial term of the Parties' prior interconnection agreement and June 13, 2001, inclusive.

9.4.7.9 ISP-bound Traffic shall be subject to the trunking requirements set forth in Section 2 of this Attachment.

9.5 Compensation for IntraLATA Toll Calls and intraLATA Toll Free Service Calls

9.5.1 When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, MCIm delivers an MCIm end user-originated intraLATA toll call to BellSouth for termination to a BellSouth end user, MCIm shall compensate BellSouth at BellSouth's Commission-filed and effective intrastate Switched Access tariff rate. When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, BellSouth delivers a BellSouth end user-originated intraLATA toll call to MCIm for termination to a MCIm end user, BellSouth shall compensate MCIm at MCIm's Commission-filed and effective Switched Access tariff rate. When a third party acts as an intraLATA toll carrier, the Parties shall charge such intraLATA toll carrier, pursuant to Section 9.8 of this Attachment. Where the originating Party is not the toll carrier for the call, such call shall be delivered to the other Party using GR-394.

9.5.2 When a Party's customer originates an intraLATA Toll Free call, that Party shall charge the appropriate Toll Free carrier originating access and data base query charges in accordance with its Commission-filed and effective Switched Access tariff. No charges for transport and termination of Local Traffic shall apply to such calls. Appropriate records shall be provided in the standard EMI format.

9.6 Determination of Jurisdiction.

9.6.1 The Parties will use the calling party number (CPN) to determine the jurisdiction of billed traffic. If the jurisdiction of traffic cannot be determined based on the CPN, the Parties will jointly exchange industry standard jurisdictional factors, such as PIU and PLU as established pursuant to Section 21 of Part A of this Agreement.

9.7 Compensation for the Termination of Local Transit Traffic.

9.7.1 If requested by MCIm to deal with a third party on reciprocal compensation issues, BellSouth shall be entitled to compensation for any extraordinary functions that it performs, provided, however, that BellSouth is under no obligation to deal with a third party on reciprocal compensation issues for MCIm.

9.7.2 <u>Transit Traffic Service</u>. The originating Party of local transit traffic shall compensate the transiting Party at the applicable rates set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. Wireless Type 1 traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective. Wireless Type 2A traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective until BellSouth and the Wireless carrier have the capability to properly meet-point-bill in accordance with MECAB guidelines. BellSouth shall either pass on reciprocal compensation payments to the wireless carriers, or indemnify MCIm as to any claim the wireless carriers may raise concerning those reciprocal compensation payments.

9.7.3 The Parties agree to deliver transit traffic to the terminating carrier. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, the transiting Party will not be liable for any compensation to the terminating carrier or to the originating Party. The Parties shall, however, provide each other with any available information necessary to measure and bill for such traffic.

9.8 Compensation for Switched Access Traffic.

9.8.1 The Parties will establish Meet Point Billing arrangements in order to provide Switched Access Services to third party intraLATA and interLATA toll carriers via BellSouth's Access Tandem Switches, in accordance with MECAB guidelines.

9.8.2 For interstate and intrastate traffic, the Parties will charge third party toll carriers in accordance with each Party's respective Commission or FCC filed and effective Switched Access tariff.

9.8.3 Billing to third party toll carriers for Switched Access Services jointly provided by the Parties via Meet Point Billing arrangements, will be done by the multiple bill/multiple tariff method. As described in MECAB, each Party will render a bill in accordance with its own tariff for that portion of the service it provides. For the purposes of this Agreement, MCIm is the Initial Billing Company ("IBC") and BellSouth is the Subsequent Billing Company ("SBC").

9.8.4 The Parties will maintain provisions in the National Exchange Carrier Association ("NECA") Tariff No. 4, or any successor tariff, sufficient to reflect this Meet Point Billing arrangement, including Billing Interconnection Percentages ("BIPs").

9.8.5 Information will be exchanged in the Exchange Message Interface ("EMI") format, via a method currently used by the Parties, or by some other method mutually agreeable. When the Parties use CONNECT:Direct, the recording Party agrees to use its best efforts to provide to the IBC, at no charge, the switched access detailed usage data in 1101XX records within 48 hours, but in no event more than 60 days, after the recording date. The IBC will provide the switched access summary usage data in 1150XX records to the SBC and all other subsequent billing third parties within 10 days of rendering the initial bill to the third party toll carrier. Each Party will notify the other when it is not feasible to meet these requirements.

9.8.6 Errors may be discovered by MCIm, or BellSouth. Each Party agrees to provide the other Party with notification of any discovered errors within ten business days after discovery.

9.8.7 In the event of a loss or damage of data, the Parties agree to cooperate to reconstruct the lost or damaged data within 48 hours after notification and if such reconstruction is not possible, to accept a reasonable estimate of the lost data. This estimate may be based on several methodologies, such as an estimate of the volume of lost messages and associated revenue based on information available concerning the average revenue per minute for the average interstate or intrastate call or based upon at least three, but no more than 12 months of prior usage data, if available. Each Party will retain for a minimum period of ninety (90) days, access message detail sufficient to recreate any data which is lost or damaged by their company or any third party involved in processing or transporting data.

9.8.8 BellSouth shall provide MCIm, via the internet, with updates of the billing name, billing address, and Carrier Identification Codes (CICs) of all third party toll carriers originating or terminating traffic at BellSouth's Access Tandems in order to comply with the Meet Point Billing notification process as outlined in MECAB.

9.8.9 If category 1101XX records are not submitted by the SBC in a timely fashion, the Parties agree to cooperate to estimate the billing to the IXCs in accordance with the IBC's Switched Access tariffs for estimating usage. The SBC will be liable to the IBC for the amount of lost revenue, as determined by the estimate. If there is a disagreement as to the estimate, the Parties shall negotiate a settlement.

9.8.10 If category 1150XX records are not submitted by the IBC in a timely fashion, the Parties agree to cooperate to estimate the billing to the third party toll carriers in accordance with the SBC's Switched Access tariffs for estimating usage. The IBC will be liable to the SBC for the amount of lost revenue, as determined by the estimate. If there is a disagreement as to the estimate, the Parties shall negotiate a settlement.

9.9 To the extent applicable, the following rate elements will be billed in accordance with each Party's respective switched access tariffs:

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm
Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth
Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

9.9.1 <u>Interstate Switched Access</u>. Terminating to or originating from MCIm Customers

9.9.2 <u>Intrastate Switched Access</u>. Terminating to or originating from MCIm Customers

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm
Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth
Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

* BIPs previously negotiated have been entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4. Future BIPs will be negotiated and mutually agreed to by both Parties and entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4.

9.10 Compensation for the Termination of Traffic to Ported Numbers.

9.10.1 The Parties agree that, under INP, terminating compensation for calls to ported numbers should be received by each customer's chosen local service provider as if each call to a customer had been originally addressed by the calling party to a telephone number bearing an NPA-NXX directly assigned to the customer's chosen local service provider.

9.11 When MCIm orders or uses BellSouth unbundled Network Elements pursuant to Attachment 3 of this Agreement, those elements ordered or used shall be considered part of MCIm's network for the purpose of calculating reciprocal compensation and switched access charges, subject to this Section 9.11. Where MCIm utilizes BellSouth's unbundled switching, for local transit traffic originated by a third party and terminated to an MCIm end user, MCIm shall be entitled to reciprocal compensation from the third party originating such local transit traffic. Notwithstanding the foregoing, MCIm is not entitled to reciprocal compensation for BellSouth for termination of BellSouth originated Local Traffic in instances where MCIm utilizes BellSouth's unbundled switching and where BellSouth does not bill MCIm for the terminating usage on that unbundled switching.

ATTACHMENT 4

INTERCONNECTION

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INTERCONNECTION

Section 1. Network Interconnection Methods.

1.1 The Parties shall provide interconnection with each other's networks for the transmission and routing of telephone exchange service (local) and exchange access (intraLATA toll and switched access). The Parties shall work cooperatively to install and maintain efficient and reliable Interconnection arrangements. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall provide Interconnection to MCIm, at any technically feasible point, at least equal in quality to that provided by BellSouth to itself or to any subsidiary, Affiliate, or any other third party to which BellSouth provides Interconnection. The parties shall provide Interconnection at the rates contained in Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

1.2 BellSouth shall provide Interconnection at any Technically Feasible point, including, but not limited to, a Fiber Meet, at one or more locations in each LATA in which MCIm originates local, intraLATA toll or Meet Point Switched Access traffic and interconnects with BellSouth. MCIm may designate a Point of Interconnection at any Technically Feasible point including but not limited to any electronic or manual cross-connect points, collocations, telco closets, entrance facilities, and Joint Fiber Facilities. Entrance facilities and Joint Fiber Facilities are specified in subsection 1.5, below.

1.3 MCIm will designate the Point or Points of Interconnection and determine the method or methods by which the Parties interconnect in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

1.3.1 If MCIm determines to establish new or change existing Points of Interconnecion with BellSouth, it will provide written notice of the need to establish or change such Interconnection to BellSouth. The time necessary to implement the arrangement shall be negotiated by the Parties, based on the arrangement requested and availability of facilities.

1.3.2 The Parties shall determine the appropriate sizing for Interconnection facilities based on mutual forecasts as set forth in Section 5 of this Attachment. 1.4 MCIm must establish, at a minimum, one Point of Interconnection with BellSouth within the LATA. If MCIm chooses to interconnect at a single Point of Interconnection within a LATA, the interconnection must be at a BellSouth Access Tandem. Furthermore, for LATAs served by multiple access tandems, MCIm must establish trunks from the Point of Interconnection to the remaining BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed." It is MCIm's responsibility to enter its own NPA/NXX access tandem "homing" arrangements into the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

1.4.1 In order for MCIm to home its NPA/NXX(s) on a BellSouth tandem, MCIm's NPA/NXX(s) must be assigned within the Exchange Rate Center Areas served by that BellSouth tandem as specified by BellSouth. Any new rate centers established by either Party within a BellSouth tandem serving area must be approved by the Commission and defined in the Business Rating Interface Database System ("BRIDS") and the Local Exchange Routing Guide ("LERG"). The specified association between BellSouth tandems and Exchange Rate Center Areas will be defined in the LERG.

1.4.2 BellSouth will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. MCIm will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. The Point of Interconnection also serves as the point for determining compensation for call transport and termination. The Point of Interconnection has, including, but not limited to, the following main characteristics:

- 1. It is a point to allow connection, disconnection, transfer or restoration of service.
- 2. It is a point where BellSouth and MCIm can verify and maintain specific performance objectives.
- 3. It is specified according to the interfaces specified in this Agreement
- 4. The Parties provide their own equipment to interface with the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1 and/or OCn circuits.

1.4.3 The Parties shall comply with the environmental hazard provisions of Attachments 5 and 6 of this Agreement.

1.4.4 BellSouth shall respond as to the availability of the location and method of Interconnection selected by MCIm and as described in this Agreement, and the Parties shall schedule whatever meetings are required to establish a project plan and use best efforts to complete the Interconnection arrangement by the desired Interconnection Activation Date.

1.5 Each Party may purchase interconnection facilities (e.g., local channeldedicated and/or interoffice transport-dedicated, etc.) from the other or from a third Party for the delivery of its originated traffic to the established Point of Interconnection between the Parties. Such facilities, if purchased by one Party from the other, will be billed in accordance with Attachment 1 of this Agreement and are not part of the call transport and termination facilities for which reciprocal compensation is owed to the Party leasing the facility to the other. For the purposes of this Attachment, local channel-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between a point designated by the purchasing Party and the other Party's wire center that serves the designated point ("Serving Wire Center"). For the purposes of this Attachment, interoffice transport-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between wire centers designated by the purchasing Party.

1.6 Joint Fiber Facilities.

1.6.1 Joint Optical Interconnection

1.6.1.1 Upon mutual agreement by both Parties, the Parties may interconnect using a Joint Optical Interconnection. If the Parties interconnect pursuant to a Joint Optical Interconnection (JOI) arrangement, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.1.2 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.1.3 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.1.4 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center").

1.6.1.5 MCIm shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way located outside the BIWC and BellSouth shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of Optical Fire Resistance ("OFR") cable to reach the Fiber Optical Terminal ("FOT") equipment in the BIWC. MCIm shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. BellSouth shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside the BIWC in the FOT equipment at BellSouth's expense.

1.6.1.6 BellSouth shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way outside MCIm's Wire Center and MCIm shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable BellSouth to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of OFR cable to reach the FOT equipment at MCIm's Wire Center. BellSouth shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. MCIm shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside MCIm's Wire Center in the FOT equipment at MCIm's expense.

1.6.1.7 The Parties shall use the Joint Fiber Facility for delivery of traffic, including Local, transit and intraLATA, between the Parties. Provided, however, special access traffic shall not be routed over the Joint Fiber Facility.

1.6.1.8 Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 2.1.1.4, neither Party shall charge the other for the use of the JOI facility for the transmission of traffic to the other Party's location. However, appropriate call transport and termination charges and switched access charges, associated with the rest of either Party's network, for Local Traffic and intraLATA toll traffic shall apply in accordance with this Agreement and applicable Commission-approved switched access tariffs. Nothing in this Agreement shall alter the charges assessed by either Party to a third party carrier for delivery of transit traffic. Charges for the use of the JOI for transit traffic shall be billed by MCIm to the appropriate carrier.

1.6.1.9 Each Party shall use its best efforts to ensure that fiber received from the other Party will enter the Party's Wire Center through an entrance facility separate from that from which the Party's own fiber exited.

1.6.1.10 The Parties shall work cooperatively to determine the assignment control of the fiber strands that will be used for the JOI facility.

1.6.1.11 The Parties shall cooperate with one another for the purpose of maintaining and testing the fiber-optic cable.

1.6.1.12 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.1.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.6.2 Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.1 If MCIm elects to establish a Point of Interconnection with BellSouth pursuant to a Fiber Meet, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks for the transmission and routing of traffic via a Local Channel facility. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.2.2 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.2.3 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center").

1.6.2.4 The Parties shall designate a Point of Interconnection, not within either Party's wire center, as a Fiber Meet point, and shall make all necessary preparations to receive, and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver, fiber optic facilities into the Point of Interconnection with sufficient spare length to reach the fusion splice point at the Point of Interconnection. BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install, and maintain the fusion splicing point in the Point of Interconnection. A Common Language Location Identification ("CLLI") code, which must be a building type code, will be established for each Point of Interconnection and will be noted properly on orders between the Parties.

1.6.2.5 Each Party shall deliver and maintain its fiber wholly at its own expense. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall allow MCIm access to the Fiber Meet entry point for maintenance purposes as promptly as possible.

1.6.2.6 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.2.7 Each Party will be responsible for (i) providing its own transport facilities to the Fiber Meet, and (ii) the cost to build-out its facilities to such Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.8 Neither Party shall charge the other for its portion of the Fiber Meet facility used exclusively for non-transit local traffic (i.e. the Local Channel). Charges incurred for other services including dedicated transport facilities to the Point of Interconnection, if applicable, will apply. Charges for Switched and Special Access Services shall be billed to the appropriate carrier in accordance with the applicable Commission approved switched access service tariff.

1.6.2.9 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.2.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be

activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.7 Sizing and Structure of Joint Fiber Facilities.

The capacity of Interconnection facilities provided by each Party will be based on mutual forecasts and sound engineering practice, as agreed by the Parties during planning and forecasting meetings. The Parties will determine the appropriate sizing for facilities based on these standards. The Parties shall work cooperatively to ensure the adequacy of Interconnection facilities. The Parties shall augment existing facilities when the overall capacity of those facilities is 75-85% used, or as otherwise agreed. Facilities will be augmented to ensure adequate facility capacity for at least two years of forecasted traffic. The Parties shall complete the construction of relief facilities at least two months prior to the projected exhaust date, or sooner, if facilities exhaust is imminent.

Section 2. Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.1 General.

2.1.1 The parties shall reciprocally terminate local exchange traffic and IntraLATA/InterLATA toll calls on each other's networks as follows:

2.1.1.1 The Parties will establish those trunk groups necessary to exchange local, intraLATA toll, and local and IntraLATA transit traffic (referred to in this Attachment 4 as "Local Interconnection Trunk Groups").

2.1.1.2 BellSouth and MCIm shall establish interconnecting trunk groups and trunking configurations between networks in accordance with the provisions set forth in this Agreement.

2.1.1.3 Any MCIm interconnection request that (1) deviates from the standard trunking architectures as described in this Agreement; (2) affects traffic delivered to MCIm from a BellSouth switch; and (3) requires special BellSouth switch translations and other network modifications will require MCIm to submit a Bona Fide Request/New Business Request via the Bona Fide Request/New Business Request process set forth in General Terms and Conditions.

2.1.1.4 All charges, both non-recurring and recurring, associated with interconnecting trunk groups between BellSouth and MCIm are set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. For two-way trunking that carries both Parties' traffic, including trunking that carries Transit Traffic, each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the recurring charges for transport facilities and nonrecurring charges for facility additions based on the percentage of the total traffic originated by that Party. BellSouth shall determine the applicable percentages twice per year based on the previous 6 months' minutes of use billed by each Party. Each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the nonrecurring charges for initial facilities based on the joint forecasts for circuits required by each Party. Each Party shall be responsible for ordering and paying for any facilities for two-way trunks carrying only its transit traffic. Furthermore, each Party shall be responsible for the compensation for transport facilities for two-way trunking that it orders for its traffic but utilizes unidirectionally.

2.1.1.5 BellSouth shall transit Switched Access traffic from IXCs to MCIm based on MCIm's NXX Access Tandem homing arrangement as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

2.1.1.6 Two-Way Trunking Requirements:

2.1.1.6.1 The Parties will order trunks using the access service request (ASR) process in place for Local Interconnection after the joint planning meeting takes place between BellSouth and MCIm.

2.1.1.6.2 BellSouth and MCIm agree to meet and resolve service-affecting situations in a timely manner. This contact will normally be made through the Account Team.

2.1.1.6.3 Establishing a two-way trunk group does not preclude BellSouth from adding one- way trunk groups within the same Local Calling Area, as long as such one-way trunk groups are agreed to by MCIm.

2.1.1.6.4 BellSouth will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities to its side of the Point of Interconnection, and MCIm will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities on its side of the Point of Interconnection.

2.1.2 One-way and two-way trunks. The parties shall use either oneway or two-way trunking or a combination, as specified by MCIm. The Parties shall work cooperatively to decide when to use two-way trunking on a case by case basis that is mutually beneficial to both Parties. If the Parties are unable to agree, MCIm shall make the final determination.

2.1.3 Where necessary, BellSouth shall load MCIm's NXXs in BellSouth's switches based on the information for those NXXs as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG), and BellSouth shall switch traffic as specified by the NXX tandem homing arrangement in the LERG.

2.1.4 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection Architectures.

2.1.4.1 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection provides intratandem access to subtending end offices. BellSouth Multiple Tandem Access (MTA), described later in this Agreement, may be ordered using any of the following access tandem architectures.

2.1.4.2. Basic Architecture.

2.1.4.2.1 In this architecture, MCIm's originating Local and IntraLATA Toll and originating and terminating Transit Traffic is transported on a single two-way trunk group between MCIm and BellSouth access tandem(s) within a LATA. This group carries intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers . This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. BellSouth originated Local and IntraLATA Toll traffic is transported on a single one-way trunk group terminating to MCIm. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.1.4.3 Supergroup Architecture.

2.1.4.3.1 In the Supergroup Architecture, the Parties Local, IntraLATA Toll and MCIm's Transit Traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) is exchanged on a single two-way trunk group (also known as a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group) between MCIm and BellSouth. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic, all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies. Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.2 Local Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.2.1 <u>LATA Wide Termination</u>. MCIm may elect LATA Wide Termination with BellSouth, otherwise known as Multiple Tandem Access ("MTA"). Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection Trunk Groups to a single BellSouth access tandem designated by MCIm for the termination of all Local Interconnection Traffic destined for any BellSouth office in that LATA.

2.2.1.1 BellSouth MTA provides for LATA wide BellSouth transport and termination of MCIm-originated intraLATA toll and local traffic that is transported by BellSouth for termination to

BellSouth or a third party, by establishing trunks at a BellSouth access tandem with routing through multiple BellSouth access tandems as required. With MTA, MCIm may elect to send its originating traffic to any access tandem in the LATA, for completion by BellSouth, regardless of whether MCIm has interconnection trunks established at any other tandem in the LATA. Under MTA BellSouth shall not charge more than two tandem switching charges for any given call. However, MCIm must still establish trunks at all BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed". MCIm shall order MTA, at its option, via the ASR process, at the rates set forth in Attachment 1.

2.2.1.2 MTA does not include switched access traffic that transits the BellSouth network to an Interexchange Carrier (IXC).

2.2.2 <u>Tandem Level Termination</u>. MCIm may elect Tandem Level Termination with BellSouth. Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection trunk groups to each BellSouth Access Tandem in a LATA in which MCIm originates Local Interconnection traffic and interconnects with BellSouth.

2.2.2.1 To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA in a calling area that has multiple access tandems serving the calling area as defined by BellSouth, MCIm must establish trunks to every access tandem in the calling area in order to serve the entire calling area. To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA and provides intraLATA toll service to its customers, it may be necessary for it to establish trunks to additional BellSouth access tandems that serve end offices outside the local calling area. To the extent MCIm routes its traffic in such a way that utilizes BellSouth's MTA service without properly ordering MTA service, MCIm agrees to pay BellSouth the associated transport and termination charges.

2.2.3 If BellSouth establishes remote offices that are capable of receiving direct trunking, BellSouth shall make such capability available to MCIm.

2.2.4 Where the Parties deliver miscellaneous calls (i.e. time, weather, NPA-555, Mass Calling Codes) destined for each other over the Local Interconnection trunk group, they shall deliver such traffic in accordance with the serving arrangements defined in the LERG.

2.2.5 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provide unidirectional traffic on two-way trunks, for MCIm's originating traffic, effectively operating them as if they were one-way trunk groups.

2.2.6 BellSouth shall provision trunks without any user restrictions and without trunk group fragmentation by traffic type except, in order to ensure proper billing, BellSouth shall be permitted to require MCIm to separate transit traffic from local and intralata traffic.

2.2.7 BellSouth shall post on its web site a list of NPA-NXX's that constitute local calls from BellSouth's originating NPA-NXXs for each local calling area in the BellSouth region. Such list shall be updated on a weekly basis.

2.3 Switched Access Trunking Arrangements.

2.3.1 At its option, MCIm may order two-way transit trunk groups to each BellSouth access tandem where MCIm has its NXX's homed for the joint provisioning of Switched Access Services in accordance with MECAB guidelines, using DS-1 or DS-3 facilities separate from those used for Local Interconnection trunk groups.

2.3.2 In multiple-tandem LATAs, BellSouth shall, except in instances of capacity limitations, permit and enable MCIm to subtend the BellSouth Access Tandem nearest to the MCIm Rating Point, adopted in accordance with Section 1.4.1 of this Attachment associated with the NPA-NXX to/from which the Meet Point services are homed. In instances of capacity limitation at a given Access Tandem, MCIm may subtend the next nearest BellSouth Access Tandem in which sufficient capacity is available by homing its NPA-NXX(s) on that tandem. The Meet Point billing percentages for each new Rating Point/Access Tandem pair will be calculated in accordance with MECAB and MECOD guidelines.

2.3.3 At MCIm's request, where MCIm is providing the switching, MCIm may order and BellSouth shall provide trunk groups exclusively to carry interLATA traffic originated by an MCIm customer.

2.3.4 All originating Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm requests that BellSouth perform the Service Switching Point ("SSP") function (e.g., perform the database query) must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group. Carrier Code "0110" and Circuit Code of "09" shall be used for all such calls. BellSouth shall bill MCIm for any queries requested by MCIm, at the rates set forth on Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

2.3.5 All post-query Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm performs the SSP function, if delivered to BellSouth, must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group for calls destined to the switched access Toll Free Service provider.

2.3.6 Originating 950 calls delivered to BellSouth's tandem from MCIm will be delivered to the appropriate associated interexchange carrier using the appropriate signaling format.

2.3.7 MCIm shall not be permitted to commingle local and access traffic on a single trunk and route access traffic directly to BellSouth end offices. MCIm shall route its access traffic to BellSouth access tandem switches via access trunks.

2.3.8 Combination Interconnection Trunk Groups.

2.3.8.1 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provision a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group, which carries the Parties' Local, IntraLATA Toll, and MCIm's transit traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) on a single twoway trunk group. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic, all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.3.8.2 Upon MCIm's request, the Parties will work together in good faith to complete conversions to the use of Combination Interconnection trunk groups, within an interval to be negotiated by the Parties. The Parties shall use the normal ASR ordering process, and MCIm shall pay the appropriate charges associated with the request.

2.4 The Parties shall utilize direct end office trunking under the following conditions:

2.4.1 <u>Tandem Exhaust</u>. If a tandem through which the Parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support

additional traffic loads for a six month forecasting cycle, the Parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan for future trunking additions until BellSouth has alleviated the tandem capacity shortage. BellSouth shall take appropriate action to alleviate tandem capacity shortage if such tandem is unable to, or is forecasted to, be unable to support additional traffic loads for any period of time.

2.4.1.1 If a tandem through which the parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support additional traffic loads for any period of time, the parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan that will alleviate the tandem capacity shortage and ensure completion of traffic between MCIm and ILEC subscribers.

2.4.2 <u>Traffic volume</u>. Either Party may order, and the other Party shall install and retain, direct end office two-way trunking sufficient to handle actual or reasonably forecasted two-way traffic volumes, whichever is greater, between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office where the traffic exceeds 220,000 minutes of use per month. When the traffic between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office exceeds 170,000 minutes of use per month, either Party may notify the other Party and request that the facilities be installed. Such facilities will be installed on mutual agreement. The parties will install additional capacity between the MCIm switching center and the BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth access tandem exceeds or is forecast to exceed, 220,000 minutes of use per month.

2.4.3 <u>Mutual Agreement</u> - The Parties may install direct end office trunking upon mutual agreement in the absence of conditions (1) or (2) above and agreement will not unreasonably be withheld.

Section 3. Signaling.

3.1 Unless otherwise indicated in this Agreement, all Interconnection facilities must be 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability (CCC) and Extended Super Frame with Binary 8 Zero Substitution line coding ("ESF B8ZS"). Where ESF/B8ZS is not available, MCIm shall use other interconnection protocols on an interim basis until the standard ESF/B8ZS is available. BellSouth will provide anticipated dates of availability, if any, and upon MCIm's request for those areas not currently ESF/B8ZS compatible.

3.1.1 Where MCIm is unwilling to utilize an alternate interconnection protocol. MCIm will provide BellSouth an initial forecast of 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability ("64K CCC") trunk quantities within 30 days of executing this Agreement, consistent with the forecasting agreements between the parties. Upon receipt of this forecast, the parties will begin joint planning for the engineering, procurement, and installation of the segregated 64K CCC Local Interconnection Trunkc Groups, and the associated B8ZS Extended Super Frame ("ESF") facilities, for the sole purpose of transmitting 64K CCC data calls between MCIm and BellSouth. Where additional equipment is required, such equipment would be obtained, engineered, and installed on the same basis and with the same intervals as any similar growth job for IXC, CLEC or ILEC internal subscriber demand for 64K CCC trunks. Where Technically Feasible, these trunks will be established as two-way. MCIm, at its option, may order interconnection facilities formatted using Alternate Mark Inversion Line Code or Superframe Format.

3.2 Unless otherwise agreed to by the Parties, the Parties will interconnect their networks using SS7 signaling as defined in GR-317 and GR-394 including ISDN User Part ("ISUP") for trunk signaling and Carrier Identification Code ("CIC"), where available, and Transaction Capabilities Application Part ("TCAP") for Common Channel Signaling ("CCS")-based features in the interconnection of their networks. All Network Operations Forum (NOF) adopted standards shall be adhered to. Both MF and SS7 trunk groups will not be provided within a single DS-1 facility; a separate DS-1 per signaling type must be used.

3.2.1 The parties will provide CCS to each other in conjunction with all trunk groups supporting local, transit, and toll traffic. The parties will cooperate on the exchange of Transactional Capabilities Application Part (TCAP) messages to facilitate full inter-operability of CCS-based features between their respective networks, including all CLASS features and functions currently deployed by BellSouth. All CCS signaling parameters will be provided including automatic number identification (ANI), originating line information (OLI), calling party category, charge number, etc. All privacy indicators will be honored.

3.2.2 The parties shall meet and mutually agree to network protocols which include but are not limited to glare parameters, number of digits outpulsed, OZZ codes and 800 CIC codes in use.

3.3 Neither Party shall alter the CCS parameters, or be a party to altering such parameters, or pass CCS parameters that it knows have been altered in order to circumvent appropriate interconnection charges.

Section 4. Reporting.

4.1 BellSouth shall provide all blockage data on every trunk group that carries MCIm's local traffic, blockage on those trunk groups that emanate from BellSouth's end offices or tandems and are interconnected with MCIm's switch, and information on comparable trunks used by BellSouth for its local traffic.

4.1.1 Blocking data will be provided via the BellSouth's web site on a monthly basis, in a format similar to the IC 100 report that is provided to interexchange carriers.

4.2 Each Party shall provide Data Interexchange Carrier (DIXC) traffic data for all trunk groups terminating in the other Party's network.

4.2.1 DIXC traffic data will include, but not be limited to the following:

4.2.1.1 Usage (total usage measured in centum call seconds);

4.2.1.2 Peg Count (Peg count of originating call attempts including overflow), where applicable;

4.2.1.3 Overflow (Peg count of originating call attempts failing to find an idle trunk), where applicable.

4.2.2 DIXC traffic data shall be collected as follows:

4.2.2.1 Hourly on the clock hour;

- 4.2.2.2 Twenty-four (24) hours per day (0000-2400);
- 4.2.2.3 Seven (7) days per week (including holidays);
- 4.2.2.4 Fifty-two (52) weeks per year.

4.2.3 DIXC traffic data must be provided electronically using a method agreed to by the Parties, as it is collected.

Section 5. Forecasting.

5.1 The parties shall work towards the development of joint forecasting responsibilities for traffic utilization over trunk groups, and shall use best efforts to ensure that facilities and equipment are available at the time of ordering. The Parties shall make all reasonable efforts and cooperate in good faith to develop alternative solutions to accommodate orders when facilities or equipment are not available. Inter-company forecast information, must be provided by the Parties, to each other, twice a year. BellSouth's forecast will be provided thirty (30) days following the receipt of the MCIm forecast. The Parties agree that each forecast provided under this Section shall be deemed "Confidential Information" in the General Terms and Conditions – Part A of this Agreement. The semi-annual forecasts shall include:

5.1.1 Yearly forecasted trunk quantities which include measurements that reflect actual tandem and end office Local Interconnection and transit trunks and tandem-subtending Local Interconnection end office equivalent trunk requirements for no more than two years (current plus one year);

5.1.2 The use of Common Language Location Identifier (CLLI-MSG), which are described in Telcordia (Bellcore) documents BR 795-100-100 and BR 795-400-100;

5.1.3 Description of major network projects that affect the other party will be provided in the semi-annual forecasts. Major network projects include but are not limited to trunking or network rearrangements, shifts in anticipated traffic patterns, or other activities by either party that are reflected by a significant increase or decrease in trunking demand for the following forecasting period.

5.2 The Parties shall meet to review and reconcile their forecasts if forecasts vary significantly, or whenever the latest forecasted trunk requirements exceed the original quantities by 10% or more state-wide. Either Party should notify the other Party if they have measurements indicating that a trunk group is exceeding its designed call carrying capacity and is impacting other trunk groups in the network. The Parties shall mutually agree to the over or under trunk group utilization prior to action being taken on the following:

5.2.1 If the Parties are unable to reach such reconciliation, the Local interconnection Trunk Groups shall be provisioned to the higher forecast. At the end of three months, the utilization of the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups will be reviewed and if the average centum call seconds utilization for the third month is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may

agree, of capacity at the average time consistent busy hour, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.2.2 If the parties agree on the original forecast and then it is determined that a trunk group is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, of centum call seconds capacity at the average time consistent busy hour on a monthly-average basis for each month of any six-month period, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.3 Each party shall provide a specified point or points of contact for planning, forecasting and trunk servicing purposes.

Section 6. Servicing.

6.1 Orders between the parties to establish, add, change or disconnect trunks shall be processed by use of an Access Service Request (ASR), or another industry standard eventually adopted and mutually agreed to by the Parties to replace the ASR for local service ordering.

6.2 Subject to 6.3 below, the standard interval used for the provisioning of Local Interconnection trunk groups shall be determined by Desired Due Date, but in no event shall it be longer than ten (10) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for orders of 96 trunks or fewer for additions to local trunk groups, or forty-five (45) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for establishment of 96 trunks or fewer new trunk groups.

6.3 Orders that comprise a major project (i.e., more than 96 new or additions) that directly impact the other party may be submitted at the same time, and their implementation shall be jointly planned and coordinated. Major projects are those that require the coordination and execution of multiple orders or related activities between and among BellSouth and MCIm work groups, including but not limited to the initial establishment of Local Interconnection or transit trunk groups and service in an area, NXX code moves, re-homes, facility grooming, or network rearrangements.

6.4 For intraLATA toll service and local exchange service, the blocking level from originating NID to terminating NID will be engineered not to exceed 1% in any hour, except under conditions of service disruption. For access to or

egress from a long distance network, the blocking rate will be engineered not to exceed 0.5% in any hour.

6.5 The Parties shall share responsibility for all Control Office functions for Local Interconnection trunks and trunk groups, and both Parties shall share the overall coordination, installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.6 Where MCIm interconnects with a third party through BellSouth, MCIm is responsible for all Control Office functions for such other Interconnection trunks and trunk groups, and is responsible for the overall coordination, installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.7 MCIm and BellSouth shall provide to each other test-line numbers and access to test lines for the purpose of testing BST/MCIm interconnection trunk groups.

Section 7. Network Management.

7.1 <u>Protective Protocols</u> - Either party may use protective network traffic management controls such as 7-digit and 10-digit code gaps on traffic toward each others network, when required to protect the public switched network from congestion due to facility failures, switch congestion or failure, or focused overload. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any protective control action planned or executed.

7.2 <u>Expansive Protocols</u> - Where the capability exists, originating or terminating traffic reroutes may be implemented by either Party to temporarily relieve network congestion due to facility failures or abnormal calling patterns. Reroutes will not be used to circumvent normal trunk servicing. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any expansive protocols planned or executed.

7.3 <u>Mass Calling</u> - MCIm and BellSouth shall cooperate and share preplanning information, where available, regarding cross-network call-ins expected to generate large or focused temporary increases in call volumes, to prevent or mitigate the impact of these events on the public switched network.

7.4 <u>High Volume Calling Trunk Groups</u>. At MCIm's request, the Parties will cooperate to establish separate trunk groups or provide some other means of protective controls (i.e., call gapping) for the completion of calls to high volume customers, such as radio contest lines.

7.4.1 Both parties agree to terminate each party's mass calling codes as local traffic. Parties agree that each will put in place controls for NXX's that are dedicated for media stimulated mass calling.

7.4.2 Further, each Party shall provide notification to the other Party when a new routing code (a.k.a. "oddball code") is being established. Notification is not required for new routing codes being established as the direct result of an NPA split, but notification is required for NPA overlays.

Section 8. Third Party Transit Traffic.

8.1 Tandem Switching shall provide connectivity to transit traffic to and from other carriers.

8.1.1 Each Party shall transit all traffic delivered by the other Party, destined to third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA that subtend the transiting Party's switch. Each Party also shall transit all traffic delivered by a third party LEC, CLEC, or CMRS provider in the LATA, destined to the other Party or a switch subtending the other Party. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in Section 9 of this Attachment.

8.1.2 Each Party shall terminate all traffic delivered by the other Party from third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA, and destined to the terminating Party's switch. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in this Attachment.

Section 9. Compensation For Call Termination.

9.1. General.

9.1.1 For the purposes of compensation for call termination under this Agreement, the traffic exchanged between MCIm and BellSouth will be classified as Local Traffic, IntraLATA Toll Traffic, Transit Traffic, or switched access Traffic. The Parties agree that, notwithstanding the classification of traffic under this Agreement, either Party is free to define its own local calling areas for the purposes of providing Telecommunications Services to its own Customers.

9.2 Usage Measurement.

9.2.1 Each Party is responsible for the accuracy and quality of its data as submitted to the other.

9.2.2 Each Party will include in the information transmitted to the other for each call being terminated on the other Party's network the originating CPN, if recorded, otherwise ANI or billing telephone number (BTN) will be provided, where recorded. Where ANI or BTN are not recorded, the telephone number assigned to the trunk group for recording purposes will be inserted in the BTN field to the extent the telephone number has been provided by the originating carrier.

9.2.3 Each Party will calculate terminating Interconnection minutes of use based on standard AMA recordings made within each Party's network. These recordings are the basis for each Party to determine the minutes of use to be billed to the other Party.

9.2.4 Measurement of minutes of use over Interconnection trunk groups will be in actual conversation seconds for terminating usage and network access duration seconds including unanswered attempts for originating usage.

9.3 <u>Compensation for the Termination of Local Traffic</u>. Local Traffic is defined as any telephone call that originates in one exchange and terminates in either the same exchange, or other local calling area associated with the originating exchange (e.g., Extended Area Service) as defined and specified in Section A3 of BellSouth's General Subscriber Service Tariff. Designation of Local Traffic is not dependent on the type of switching technology used to switch and terminate such Local Traffic, including the use of packet switching. Nothing herein is intended to require the payment of reciprocal compensation for packets exchanged between the Parties.

9.3.1 Local Traffic does not include, and the Parties shall not bill or pay reciprocal compensation for, calls where a Party willfully sets up a call, or colludes with a third party to set up a call, to the other Party's network for the purpose of receiving reciprocal compensation, and not for the purpose of providing a telecommunications service to an End User in good faith.

9.3.2 Left Blank Intentionally.

9.3.3 The Parties have been unable to agree on the treatment of IP telephony traffic for the purposes of reciprocal compensation.

9.4 Left Blank Intentionally.

9.4.1 The rates for reciprocal compensation (call transport and termination) are as set forth in Attachment 1. In all markets covered by this Agreement, MCI shall charge BellSouth only end office switching at the rates set forth in Attachment 1 for terminating Local Traffic. In all markets covered by this Agreement, BellSouth shall charge MCIm for tandem switching, end office switching and common transport at the rates set forth in Attachment 1 where those elements are actually used in the termination of Local Traffic.

9.4.1.1 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Parties agree that the reciprocal compensation provisions set forth herein shall be effective prospectively as of March 1, 2002, and the Parties shall not true up any amounts paid or not paid for reciprocal compensation for Local Traffic prior thereto.

9.4.2 For the purposes of traffic terminated by BellSouth pursuant to this Attachment, Tandem Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between two switching offices through a third switching office (the Tandem switch).

9.4.3 For the purposes of this Attachment, End Office Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between the trunk side and line side of the End Office switch.

9.4.4 If MCIm utilizes a switch outside the LATA and BellSouth chooses to purchase dedicated or common (shared) transport from MCIm for transport and termination of BellSouth originated traffic, BellSouth will pay MCIm no more than the airline miles between the V & H coordinates of the Point of Interconnection within the LATA where MCIm receives the BellSouth-originated traffic and the V & H coordinates of a point on the LATA boundary in the direction of the MCIm switch or at a point otherwise agreed to by the Parties. For these situations, BellSouth will compensate MCIm at either dedicated or common (shared) transport rates specified in Attachment 1 of this Agreement and based upon the functions provided by MCIm as defined in this Attachment.

9.4.5 Neither Party shall represent Switched Access Services traffic as Local Traffic for purposes of payment of reciprocal compensation.

9.4.6 Left Blank Intentionally

9.4.7 Compensation for ISP-bound Traffic

9.4.7.1 ISP-bound Traffic is defined as calls to an Internet service provider that are dialed by using a local dialing pattern. ISP-bound Traffic is not considered Local Traffic subject to reciprocal compensation, but instead is information access traffic subject to compensation as described by the FCC in its *Order on Remand and Report and Order*, CC Docket Nos. 96-98 and 99-68, FCC 01-31 (released April 27, 2001) ("ISP Remand Order"). All combined ISP-bound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P (subject to Section 9.4.8.1.3), that exceeds a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic on a statewide basis is ISP-bound Traffic. All combined ISP-bound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P (subject to Section 9.4.8.1.3), that does not exceed a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic of terminating to originating traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P (subject to Section 9.4.8.1.3), that does not exceed a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic and Local Traffic delivered to Section 9.4.8.1.3), that does not exceed a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic on a statewide basis is Local Traffic.

- 9.4.7.2 Each Party shall calculate, in accordance with subsection 9.6.1 of this Attachment, the Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic that it terminates from the other Party.
- 9.4.7.3 Subject to Section 9.4.7.8.1 below, for the period beginning on June 14, 2001 and ending on December 13, 2001, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0015 per minute of use (MOU) for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.
- 9.4.7.4 Subject to Section 9.4.7.8.1 below, to the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on December 14, 2001, and ending on June 13, 2003, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0010 per MOU for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.
- 9.4.7.5 To the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on June 14, 2003 the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0007 per MOU for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.

9.4.7.6 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the volume of ISP-bound traffic for which one Party may bill the other shall be capped as follows:

> 9.4.7.6.1 Subject to Section 9.4.7.8.1 below, for ISPbound Traffic exchanged during the year 2001, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to originating Party on ISP-bound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to, on an annualized basis, the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes which the terminating Party terminated from the originating Party during the first quarter of 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor.

9.4.7.6.2 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2002 and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party on ISPbound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes for which the terminating Party was entitled to compensation in 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor.

9.4.7.6.3 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2003 and beyond, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during those years, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party only on ISP-bound Traffic minutes up to a ceiling equal to the year 2002 ceiling.

- 9.4.7.7 If an authoritative body with appropriate jurisdiction determines that any portion of the ISP Remand Order is unlawful or invalid, or otherwise modifies the ISP Remand Order, the Parties shall amend this Agreement to incorporate the ruling of such authoritative body.
- 9.4.7.8 BellSouth shall offer to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order. If, in the future, BellSouth chooses not to offer

to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order, then the rate for ISP-bound Traffic termination shall be the rate for reciprocal compensation for Local Traffic as set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. If the Parties are unable to agree on whether BellSouth is offering to exchange traffic as described in this Subsection 9.4.7, they shall invoke the dispute resolution procedures in Part A of this Agreement.

9.4.7.8.1 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Parties agree that the intercarrier compensation provisions set forth herein shall be effective prospectively only. The Parties shall not true up any amounts paid or not paid for intercarrier compensation for ISP-bound Traffic prior to March 1, 2002.

- 9.4.7.9 ISP-bound Traffic shall be subject to the trunking requirements set forth in Section 2 of this Attachment.
- 9.4.7.10 The Parties have been unable to agree on the treatment of NPA-NXX codes assigned to end users outside the rate center to which the NPA-NXX is assigned, for the purposes of reciprocal compensation and/or switched access charges.
- 9.4.8 The Parties shall implement the following business rules to govern future reciprocal/inter-carrier compensation billing and dispute resolution processes in addition to, and not in lieu of, the business rules set forth elsewhere in this Agreement.
- 9.4.8.1 By June 30, 2002, the Parties will exchange the necessary data at a sufficient level of detail to permit BellSouth to validate the terminating usage amounts recorded and billed by MCIm and to permit MCIm to validate the BellSouth originating usage measurement audit system. The Parties agree to correct any noted deficiencies as a result of this validation process.
 - 9.4.8.1.1 Once validated, the connectivity billings by MCIm will be based on MCIm's switch usage measurements, and BellSouth will not withhold intercarrier compensation based on usage
disputes where the variance between MCIm's billed usage and BellSouth's recorded originating usage is not greater than 1.5%.

- 9.4.8.1.2 Where the usage variance is greater than 1.5%, BellSouth may withhold payment for the disputed minutes of use so long as BellSouth supplies to MCIm, along with its dispute notification, its usage data at a sufficient level of detail to enable comparisons of usage data with MCIm. Any inter-carrier compensation amounts in dispute and withheld by BellSouth will be quantified and provided to MCIm in BellSouth's dispute notification letter. The Parties will use their best efforts to resolve any disputes involving the withholding of inter-carrier compensation within 45 days of BellSouth's dispute notification letter. If the Parties are unable to resolve the dispute within 45 days, the dispute will be resolved in accordance with Section 22 of the General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement.
- 9.4.8.1.3 The Parties will exchange data and information by July 31, 2002, in order to come to an agreement on the data sources and a methodology for identifying the Local Traffic originating from MCIm's UNE-P customers that terminate to BellSouth for purposes of including that originating traffic in the calculation of the 3:1 ratio described in Section 9.4.7.1 for connectivity billing purposes.
- 9.4.8.2 By July 31, 2002, the Parties will exchange the necessary data to permit MCIm to validate the processes and systems by which BellSouth calculates its quarterly Percentage Local Usage (PLU). The Parties will correct any noted deficiencies as a result of this validation process. Once validated, MCIm will apply the BellSouth provided quarterly PLU to MCIm's terminating usage measurements to determine the amount of minutes of use of Local Traffic, ISP-bound Traffic and IntraLATA Toll Traffic to be billed to BellSouth.
 - 9.5 Compensation for IntraLATA Toll Calls and intraLATA Toll Free Service Calls

9.5.1 When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, MCIm delivers an MCIm end user-originated intraLATA toll call to BellSouth for termination to a BellSouth end user, MCIm shall compensate BellSouth at BellSouth's Commission-filed and effective intrastate Switched Access tariff rate. When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, BellSouth delivers a BellSouth end user-originated intraLATA toll call

to MCIm for termination to a MCIm end user, BellSouth shall compensate MCIm at the interstate rate levels established in the FCC's Seventh Report and Order, released April 27, 2001, establishing benchmarks for CLEC interstate access rates in CC Docket No. 96-262, and will reduce such rates over time as prescribed by that FCC Order. When a third party acts as an intraLATA toll carrier, the Parties shall charge such intraLATA toll carrier, pursuant to Section 9.8 of this Attachment. Where the originating Party is not the toll carrier for the call, such call shall be delivered to the other Party using GR-394.

9.5.2 When a Party's customer originates an intraLATA Toll Free call, that Party shall charge the appropriate Toll Free carrier originating access and data base query charges in accordance with its Commission-filed and effective Switched Access tariff. No charges for transport and termination of Local Traffic shall apply to such calls. Appropriate records shall be provided in the standard EMI format.

9.6 Determination of Jurisdiction.

9.6.1 The Parties will use the calling party number (CPN) to determine the jurisdiction of billed traffic. If the jurisdiction of traffic cannot be determined based on the CPN, the Parties will jointly exchange industry standard jurisdictional factors, such as PIU and PLU as established pursuant to Section 21 of Part A of this Agreement.

9.7 Compensation for the Termination of Local Transit Traffic.

9.7.1 Transit Traffic Service. Rates for transiting local transit traffic shall be as set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. Wireless Type 1 traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective. Wireless Type 2A traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective until BellSouth and the Wireless carrier have the capability to properly meet-point-bill in accordance with MECAB guidelines. BellSouth shall either pass on to the wireless carrier the reciprocal compensation payments received from MCIm or indemnify MCIm as to any claim a wireless carrier may raise concerning reciprocal compensation payments MCIm makes to BellSouth.

9.7.2 The Parties agree to deliver transit traffic to the terminating carrier; provided, however, that the originating Party is solely responsible for negotiating and executing any appropriate contractual agreements with the terminating carrier for the receipt of this traffic through the transiting Party's network. The transiting Party will not be liable for any compensation to the terminating carrier or to the originating Party. The Parties shall, however, provide each other with any available information necessary to measure and bill for such traffic.

9.8 Compensation for Switched Access Traffic.

9.8.1 The Parties will establish Meet Point Billing arrangements in order to provide Switched Access Services to third party intraLATA and interLATA toll carriers via BellSouth's Access Tandem Switches, in accordance with MECAB guidelines.

9.8.2 For interstate and intrastate traffic, the Parties will charge third party toll carriers in accordance with each Party's respective Commission or FCC filed and effective Switched Access tariff.

9.8.3 Billing to third party toll carriers for Switched Access Services jointly provided by the Parties via Meet Point Billing arrangements, will be done by the multiple bill/multiple tariff method. As described in MECAB, each Party will render a bill in accordance with its own tariff for that portion of the service it provides. For the purposes of this Agreement, MCIm is the Initial Billing Company ("IBC") and BellSouth is the Subsequent Billing Company ("SBC").

9.8.4 The Parties will maintain provisions in the National Exchange Carrier Association ("NECA") Tariff No. 4, or any successor tariff, sufficient to reflect this Meet Point Billing arrangement, including Billing Interconnection Percentages ("BIPs").

9.8.5 Information will be exchanged in the Exchange Message Interface ("EMI") format, via a method currently used by the Parties, or by some other method mutually agreeable. When the Parties use CONNECT:Direct, the recording Party agrees to use its best efforts to provide to the IBC, at no charge, the switched access detailed usage data in 1101XX records within 48 hours, but in no event more than 60 days, after the recording date. The IBC will provide the switched access summary usage data in 1150XX records to the SBC and all other subsequent billing third parties within 10 days of rendering the initial bill to the third party toll carrier. Each Party will notify the other when it is not feasible to meet these requirements.

9.8.6 Errors may be discovered by MCIm, or BellSouth. Each Party agrees to provide the other Party with notification of any discovered errors within ten business days after discovery.

9.8.7 In the event of a loss or damage of data, the Parties agree to cooperate to reconstruct the lost or damaged data within 48 hours after notification and if such reconstruction is not possible, to accept a reasonable estimate of the lost data. This estimate may be based on several methodologies, such as an estimate of the volume of lost messages and associated revenue based on information available concerning the average revenue per minute for the average interstate or intrastate call or based upon at least three, but no more than 12 months of prior usage data, if available. Each Party will retain for a minimum period of ninety (90) days, access message detail sufficient to recreate any data which is lost or damaged by their company or any third party involved in processing or transporting data.

9.8.8 BellSouth shall provide MCIm, via the internet, with updates of the billing name, billing address, and Carrier Identification Codes (CICs) of all third party toll carriers originating or terminating traffic at BellSouth's Access Tandems in order to comply with the Meet Point Billing notification process as outlined in MECAB.

9.8.9 If category 1101XX records are not submitted by the SBC in a timely fashion, the Parties agree to cooperate to estimate the billing to the IXCs in accordance with the IBC's Switched Access tariffs for estimating usage. The SBC will be liable to the IBC for the amount of lost revenue, as determined by the estimate. If there is a disagreement as to the estimate, the Parties shall negotiate a settlement.

9.8.10 If category 1150XX records are not submitted by the IBC in a timely fashion, the Parties agree to cooperate to estimate the billing to the third party toll carriers in accordance with the SBC's Switched Access tariffs for estimating usage. The IBC will be liable to the SBC for the amount of lost revenue, as determined by the estimate. If there is a disagreement as to the estimate, the Parties shall negotiate a settlement.

9.9 To the extent applicable, the following rate elements will be billed in accordance with each Party's respective switched access tariffs:

9.9.1 <u>Interstate Switched Access</u>. Terminating to or originating from MCIm Customers

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm
Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth
Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

9.9.2 <u>Intrastate Switched Access</u>. Terminating to or originating from MCIm Customers

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm
Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth
Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

* BIPs previously negotiated have been entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4. Future BIPs will be negotiated and mutually agreed to by both Parties and entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4.

9.10 Compensation for the Termination of Traffic to Ported Numbers.

9.10.1 The Parties agree that, under INP, terminating compensation for calls to ported numbers should be received by each customer's chosen local service provider as if each call to a customer had been originally addressed by the calling party to a telephone number bearing an NPA-NXX directly assigned to the customer's chosen local service provider.

9.11 When MCIm orders or uses BellSouth unbundled Network Elements pursuant to Attachment 3 of this Agreement, those elements ordered or used shall be considered part of MCIm's network for the purpose of calculating reciprocal compensation and switched access charges, subject to this Section 9.11. Where MCIm utilizes BellSouth's unbundled switching, for local transit traffic originated by a third party and terminated to an MCIm end user, MCIm shall be entitled to reciprocal compensation from the third party originating such local transit traffic. Notwithstanding the foregoing, MCIm is not entitled to reciprocal compensation from BellSouth for termination of BellSouth originated Local Traffic in instances where MCIm utilizes BellSouth's unbundled switching and where BellSouth does not bill MCIm for the terminating usage on that unbundled switching.

ATTACHMENT 4

INTERCONNECTION

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INTERCONNECTION

Section 1. Network Interconnection Methods.

1.1 The Parties shall provide interconnection with each other's networks for the transmission and routing of telephone exchange service (local) and exchange access (intraLATA toll and switched access). The Parties shall work cooperatively to install and maintain efficient and reliable Interconnection arrangements. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall provide Interconnection to MCIm, at any technically feasible point, at least equal in quality to that provided by BellSouth to itself or to any subsidiary, Affiliate, or any other third party to which BellSouth provides Interconnection. The parties shall provide Interconnection at the rates contained in Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

1.2 BellSouth shall provide Interconnection at any Technically Feasible point, including, but not limited to, a Fiber Meet, at one or more locations in each LATA in which MCIm originates local, intraLATA toll or Meet Point Switched Access traffic and interconnects with BellSouth. MCIm may designate a Point of Interconnection at any Technically Feasible point including but not limited to any electronic or manual cross-connect points, collocations, telco closets, entrance facilities, and Joint Fiber Facilities. Entrance facilities and Joint Fiber Facilities are specified in subsection 1.5, below.

1.3 MCIm will designate the Point or Points of Interconnection and determine the method or methods by which the Parties interconnect. Each party shall be responsible for the costs of transporting its originated calls to the Point of Interconnection.

1.3.1 If MCIm determines to establish new or change existing Points of Interconnecion with BellSouth, it will provide written notice of the need to establish or change such Interconnection to BellSouth. The time necessary to implement the arrangement shall be negotiated by the Parties, based on the arrangement requested and availability of facilities.

1.3.2 The Parties shall determine the appropriate sizing for Interconnection facilities based on mutual forecasts as set forth in Section 5 of this Attachment. 1.4 MCIm must establish, at a minimum, one Point of Interconnection with BellSouth within the LATA. If MCIm chooses to interconnect at a single Point of Interconnection within a LATA, the interconnection must be at a BellSouth Access Tandem. Furthermore, for LATAs served by multiple access tandems, MCIm must establish trunks from the Point of Interconnection to the remaining BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed." It is MCIm's responsibility to enter its own NPA/NXX access tandem "homing" arrangements into the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

1.4.1 In order for MCIm to home its NPA/NXX(s) on a BellSouth tandem, MCIm's NPA/NXX(s) must be assigned within the Exchange Rate Center Areas served by that BellSouth tandem as specified by BellSouth. Any new rate centers established by either Party within a BellSouth tandem serving area must be approved by the Commission and defined in the Business Rating Interface Database System ("BRIDS") and the Local Exchange Routing Guide ("LERG"). The specified association between BellSouth tandems and Exchange Rate Center Areas will be defined in the LERG.

1.4.2 BellSouth will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. MCIm will be responsible for engineering and maintaining its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection. The Point of Interconnection also serves as the point for determining compensation for call transport and termination. The Point of Interconnection has, including, but not limited to, the following main characteristics:

1. It is a point to allow connection, disconnection, transfer or restoration of service.

2. It is a point where BellSouth and MCIm can verify and maintain specific performance objectives.

3. It is specified according to the interfaces specified in this Agreement

4. The Parties provide their own equipment to interface with the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1 and/or OCn circuits.

1.4.3 The Parties shall comply with the environmental hazard provisions of Attachments 5 and 6 of this Agreement.

1.4.4 BellSouth shall respond as to the availability of the location and method of Interconnection selected by MCIm and as described in this Agreement, and the Parties shall schedule whatever meetings are required to establish a project plan and use best efforts to complete the Interconnection arrangement by the desired Interconnection Activation Date. 1.5 Each Party may purchase interconnection facilities (e.g., local channeldedicated and/or interoffice transport-dedicated, etc.) from the other or from a third Party for the delivery of its originated traffic to the established Point of Interconnection between the Parties. Such facilities, if purchased by one Party from the other, will be billed in accordance with Attachment 1 of this Agreement and are not part of the call transport and termination facilities for which reciprocal compensation is owed to the Party leasing the facility to the other. For the purposes of this Attachment, local channel-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between a point designated by the purchasing Party and the other Party's wire center that serves the designated point ("Serving Wire Center"). For the purposes of this Attachment, interoffice transport-dedicated is defined as a transport facility between wire centers designated by the purchasing Party.

1.6 Joint Fiber Facilities.

1.6.1 Joint Optical Interconnection

1.6.1.1 Upon mutual agreement by both Parties, the Parties may interconnect using a Joint Optical Interconnection. If the Parties interconnect pursuant to a Joint Optical Interconnection (JOI) arrangement, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.1.2 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.1.3 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.1.4 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center").

1.6.1.5 MCIm shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way located outside the BIWC and BellSouth shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of Optical Fire Resistance ("OFR") cable to reach the Fiber Optical Terminal ("FOT") equipment in the BIWC. MCIm shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. BellSouth shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside the BIWC in the FOT equipment at BellSouth's expense.

1.6.1.6 BellSouth shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry way outside MCIm's Wire Center and MCIm shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable BellSouth to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole, providing sufficient spare length of OFR cable to reach the FOT equipment at MCIm's Wire Center. BellSouth shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. MCIm shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside MCIm's Wire Center in the FOT equipment at MCIm's expense.

1.6.1.7 The Parties shall use the Joint Fiber Facility for delivery of traffic, including Local, transit and intraLATA, between the Parties. Provided, however, special access traffic shall not be routed over the Joint Fiber Facility.

1.6.1.8 Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 2.1.1.4, neither Party shall charge the other for the use of the JOI facility for the transmission of traffic to the other Party's location. However, appropriate call transport and termination charges and switched access charges, associated with the rest of either Party's network, for Local Traffic and intraLATA toll traffic shall apply in accordance with this Agreement and applicable Commission-approved switched access tariffs. Nothing in this Agreement shall alter the charges assessed by either Party to a third party carrier for delivery of transit traffic. Charges for the use of the JOI for transit traffic shall be billed by MCIm to the appropriate carrier.

1.6.1.9 Each Party shall use its best efforts to ensure that fiber received from the other Party will enter the Party's Wire Center

through an entrance facility separate from that from which the Party's own fiber exited.

1.6.1.10 The Parties shall work cooperatively to determine the assignment control of the fiber strands that will be used for the JOI facility.

1.6.1.11 The Parties shall cooperate with one another for the purpose of maintaining and testing the fiber-optic cable.

1.6.1.12 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.1.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.6.2 Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.1 If MCIm elects to establish a Point of Interconnection with BellSouth pursuant to a Fiber Meet, MCIm and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks for the transmission and routing of traffic via a Local Channel facility. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. The Parties shall meet within a reasonable period of time to determine the technical specifications for the transmission system, and existing systems shall be given priority in the selection of the specifications, provided the existing systems' capacity meets the Parties' combined two-year forecasts. The SONET transmission equipment deployed by the Parties must be compatible with the technical specifications determined by the Parties, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.

1.6.2.2 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").

1.6.2.3 MCIm shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the MCIm Interconnection Wire Center ("MCIm Wire Center"). 1.6.2.4 The Parties shall designate a Point of Interconnection, not within either Party's wire center, as a Fiber Meet point, and shall make all necessary preparations to receive, and to allow and enable MCIm to deliver, fiber optic facilities into the Point of Interconnection with sufficient spare length to reach the fusion splice point at the Point of Interconnection. BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install, and maintain the fusion splicing point in the Point of Interconnection. A Common Language Location Identification ("CLLI") code, which must be a building type code, will be established for each Point of Interconnection and will be noted properly on orders between the Parties.

1.6.2.5 Each Party shall deliver and maintain its fiber wholly at its own expense. Upon request by MCIm, BellSouth shall allow MCIm access to the Fiber Meet entry point for maintenance purposes as promptly as possible.

1.6.2.6 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.

1.6.2.7 Each Party will be responsible for (i) providing its own transport facilities to the Fiber Meet, and (ii) the cost to build-out its facilities to such Fiber Meet.

1.6.2.8 Neither Party shall charge the other for its portion of the Fiber Meet facility used exclusively for non-transit local traffic (i.e. the Local Channel). Charges incurred for other services including dedicated transport facilities to the Point of Interconnection, if applicable, will apply. Charges for Switched and Special Access Services shall be billed to the appropriate carrier in accordance with the applicable Commission approved switched access service tariff.

1.6.2.9 Unless otherwise limited by existing equipment constraints in subsection 1.6.2.1, above, the minimum data rate hand off of the SONET transmission system must be at OC-48. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the OC-48 system will be activated in OC-12 increments. Trunks using the OC-48 transmission system shall be combined at the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1, and OCn levels.

1.7 Sizing and Structure of Joint Fiber Facilities.

The capacity of Interconnection facilities provided by each Party will be based on mutual forecasts and sound engineering practice, as agreed by the Parties during planning and forecasting meetings. The Parties will determine the appropriate sizing for facilities based on these standards. The Parties shall work cooperatively to ensure the adequacy of Interconnection facilities. The Parties shall augment existing facilities when the overall capacity of those facilities is 75-85% used, or as otherwise agreed. Facilities will be augmented to ensure adequate facility capacity for at least two years of forecasted traffic. The Parties shall complete the construction of relief facilities at least two months prior to the projected exhaust date, or sooner, if facilities exhaust is imminent.

Section 2. Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.1 General.

2.1.1 The parties shall reciprocally terminate local exchange traffic and IntraLATA/InterLATA toll calls on each other's networks as follows:

2.1.1.1 The Parties will establish those trunk groups necessary to exchange local, intraLATA toll, and local and IntraLATA transit traffic (referred to in this Attachment 4 as "Local Interconnection Trunk Groups").

2.1.1.2 BellSouth and MCIm shall establish interconnecting trunk groups and trunking configurations between networks in accordance with the provisions set forth in this Agreement.

2.1.1.3 Any MCIm interconnection request that (1) deviates from the standard trunking architectures as described in this Agreement; (2) affects traffic delivered to MCIm from a BellSouth switch; and (3) requires special BellSouth switch translations and other network modifications will require MCIm to submit a Bona Fide Request/New Business Request via the Bona Fide Request/New Business Request process set forth in General Terms and Conditions.

2.1.1.4 All charges, both non-recurring and recurring, associated with interconnecting trunk groups between BellSouth and MCIm are set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. For two-way trunking that carries both Parties' traffic, including trunking that carries Transit Traffic, each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the recurring charges for transport facilities and nonrecurring charges for facility additions based on the percentage of the total traffic originated by that Party. BellSouth shall determine the applicable percentages twice per year based on the previous 6 months' minutes of use billed by each Party. Each Party shall pay its proportionate share of the nonrecurring charges for initial facilities based on the joint forecasts for circuits required by each Party. Each Party shall be responsible for ordering and paying for any facilities for two-way trunks carrying only its transit traffic. Furthermore, each Party shall be responsible for the compensation for transport facilities for two-way trunking that it orders for its traffic but utilizes unidirectionally.

2.1.1.5 BellSouth shall transit Switched Access traffic from IXCs to MCIm based on MCIm's NXX Access Tandem homing arrangement as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

2.1.1.6 Two-Way Trunking Requirements:

2.1.1.6.1 The Parties will order trunks using the access service request (ASR) process in place for Local Interconnection after the joint planning meeting takes place between BellSouth and MCIm.

2.1.1.6.2 BellSouth and MCIm agree to meet and resolve service-affecting situations in a timely manner. This contact will normally be made through the Account Team.

2.1.1.6.3 Establishing a two-way trunk group does not preclude BellSouth from adding one-way trunk groups within the same Local Calling Area, as long as such one-way trunk groups are agreed to by MCIm.

2.1.1.6.4 BellSouth will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities to its side of the Point of Interconnection, and MCIm will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of its trunks and facilities on its side of the Point of Interconnection.

2.1.2 <u>One-way and two-way trunks</u>. The parties shall use either oneway or two-way trunking or a combination, as specified by MCIm. The Parties shall work cooperatively to decide when to use two-way trunking on a case by case basis that is mutually beneficial to both

Parties. If the Parties are unable to agree, MCIm shall make the final determination.

2.1.3 Where necessary, BellSouth shall load MCIm's NXXs in BellSouth's switches based on the information for those NXXs as specified by MCIm in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG), and BellSouth shall switch traffic as specified by the NXX tandem homing arrangement in the LERG.

2.1.4 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection Architectures.

2.1.4.1 BellSouth Access Tandem Interconnection provides intratandem access to subtending end offices. BellSouth Multiple Tandem Access (MTA), described later in this Agreement, may be ordered using any of the following access tandem architectures.

2.1.4.2. Basic Architecture.

2.1.4.2.1 In this architecture, MCIm's originating Local and IntraLATA Toll and originating and terminating Transit Traffic is transported on a single two-way trunk group between MCIm and BellSouth access tandem(s) within a LATA. This group carries intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other Competitive Local Exchange Carriers ("CLEC") and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. BellSouth originated Local and IntraLATA Toll traffic is transported on a single one-way trunk group terminating to MCIm. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.1.4.3 Supergroup Architecture.

2.1.4.3.1 In the Supergroup Architecture, the Parties Local, IntraLATA Toll and MCIm's Transit Traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) is exchanged on a single two-way trunk group (also known as a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group) between MCIm and BellSouth. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic, all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.2 Local Interconnection Trunking Arrangements.

2.2.1 <u>LATA Wide Termination</u>. MCIm may elect LATA Wide Termination with BellSouth, otherwise known as Multiple Tandem Access ("MTA"). Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection Trunk Groups to a single BellSouth access tandem designated by MCIm for the termination of all Local Interconnection Traffic destined for any BellSouth office in that LATA.

2.2.1.1 BellSouth MTA provides for LATA wide BellSouth transport and termination of MCIm-originated intraLATA toll and local traffic that is transported by BellSouth for termination to BellSouth or a third party, by establishing trunks at a BellSouth access tandem with routing through multiple BellSouth access tandems as required. With MTA, MCIm may elect to send its originating traffic to any access tandem in the LATA, for completion by BellSouth, regardless of whether MCIm has interconnection trunks established at any other tandem in the LATA. Under MTA BellSouth shall not charge more than two tandem switching charges for any given call. However, MCIm must still establish trunks at all BellSouth access tandems where MCIm NXXs are "homed". MCIm shall order MTA, at its option, via the ASR process, at the rates set forth in Attachment 1.

2.2.1.2 MTA does not include switched access traffic that transits the BellSouth network to an Interexchange Carrier (IXC).

2.2.2 <u>Tandem Level Termination</u>. MCIm may elect Tandem Level Termination with BellSouth. Under such an arrangement, the Parties will establish Local Interconnection trunk groups to each BellSouth Access Tandem in a LATA in which MCIm originates Local Interconnection traffic and interconnects with BellSouth.

2.2.2.1 To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA in a calling area that has multiple access tandems serving the calling area as defined by BellSouth, MCIm must establish trunks to every access tandem in the calling area in order to serve the entire calling area. To the extent MCIm does not purchase MTA and provides intraLATA toll service to its customers, it may be necessary for it to establish trunks to additional BellSouth access tandems that serve end offices outside the local calling area. To the extent MCIm routes its traffic in such a way that utilizes BellSouth's MTA service without properly ordering MTA service, MCIm agrees to pay BellSouth the associated transport and termination charges.

2.2.3 If BellSouth establishes remote offices that are capable of receiving direct trunking, BellSouth shall make such capability available to MCIm.

2.2.4 Where the Parties deliver miscellaneous calls (i.e. time, weather, NPA-555, Mass Calling Codes) destined for each other over the Local Interconnection trunk group, they shall deliver such traffic in accordance with the serving arrangements defined in the LERG.

2.2.5 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provide unidirectional traffic on two-way trunks, for MCIm's originating traffic, effectively operating them as if they were one-way trunk groups.

2.2.6 BellSouth shall permit MCIm to combine local, InterLATA, and transit traffic on one trunk group, provided the calls are properly timed, rated, and billed.

2.2.7 BellSouth shall post on its web site a list of NPA-NXX's that constitute local calls from BellSouth's originating NPA-NXXs for each local calling area in the BellSouth region. Such list shall be updated on a weekly basis.

2.3 Switched Access Trunking Arrangements.

2.3.1 At its option, MCIm may order two-way transit trunk groups to each BellSouth access tandem where MCIm has its NXX's homed for the joint provisioning of Switched Access Services in accordance with MECAB guidelines, using DS-1 or DS-3 facilities separate from those used for Local Interconnection trunk groups. 2.3.2 In multiple-tandem LATAs, BellSouth shall, except in instances of capacity limitations, permit and enable MCIm to subtend the BellSouth Access Tandem nearest to the MCIm Rating Point, adopted in accordance with Section 1.4.1 of this Attachment associated with the NPA-NXX to/from which the Meet Point services are homed. In instances of capacity limitation at a given Access Tandem, MCIm may subtend the next nearest BellSouth Access Tandem in which sufficient capacity is available by homing its NPA-NXX(s) on that tandem. The Meet Point billing percentages for each new Rating Point/Access Tandem pair will be calculated in accordance with MECAB and MECOD guidelines.

2.3.3 At MCIm's request, where MCIm is providing the switching, MCIm may order and BellSouth shall provide trunk groups exclusively to carry interLATA traffic originated by an MCIm customer.

2.3.4 All originating Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm requests that BellSouth perform the Service Switching Point ("SSP") function (e.g., perform the database query) must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group. Carrier Code "0110" and Circuit Code of "09" shall be used for all such calls. BellSouth shall bill MCIm for any queries requested by MCIm, at the rates set forth on Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

2.3.5 All post-query Toll Free Service calls for which MCIm performs the SSP function, if delivered to BellSouth, must be delivered using GR-394 format over the Interconnection trunk group for calls destined to the switched access Toll Free Service provider.

2.3.6 Originating 950 calls delivered to BellSouth's tandem from MCIm will be delivered to the appropriate associated interexchange carrier using the appropriate signaling format.

2.3.7 MCIm shall be permitted to offer tandem services for switched access traffic. In order to ensure that BellSouth receives appropriate switched access charges, MCIm shall provide the appropriate billing records for any trunk groups carrying access traffic that would enable BellSouth to bill for the switched access services it provides in conjunction with MCIm's tandem service. The billing records shall be subject to audit pursuant to Part A of this Agreement.

2.3.8 Combination Interconnection Trunk Groups.

2.3.8.1 At MCIm's request, BellSouth shall provision a Combination Interconnection Trunk Group, which carries the Parties' Local, IntraLATA Toll, and MCIm's transit traffic (that may include traffic to or from a third party IXC) on a single twoway trunk group. This group carries, in addition to the Parties Local traffic, all intratandem Transit Traffic between MCIm and Independent Companies, Interexchange Carriers, other CLECs and other network providers. This group also carries MCIm originated intertandem traffic transiting a single BellSouth access tandem destined to third party tandems such as an Independent Company tandem or other CLEC tandem. Other trunk groups for operator services, directory assistance, emergency services and intercept may be established if required. The LERG should be referenced for current routing and tandem serving arrangements.

2.3.8.2 Upon MCIm's request, the Parties will work together in good faith to complete conversions to the use of Combination Interconnection trunk groups, within an interval to be negotiated by the Parties. The Parties shall use the normal ASR ordering process, and MCIm shall pay the appropriate charges associated with the request.

2.4 The Parties shall utilize direct end office trunking under the following conditions:

2.4.1 <u>Tandem Exhaust</u>. If a tandem through which the Parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support additional traffic loads for a six month forecasting cycle, the Parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan for future trunking additions until BellSouth has alleviated the tandem capacity shortage. BellSouth shall take appropriate action to alleviate tandem capacity shortage if such tandem is unable to, or is forecasted to, be unable to support additional traffic loads for any period of time.

2.4.1.1 If a tandem through which the parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to, support additional traffic loads for any period of time, the parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan that will alleviate the tandem capacity shortage and ensure completion of traffic between MCIm and ILEC subscribers.

2.4.2 <u>Traffic volume</u>. Either Party may order, and the other Party shall install and retain, direct end office two-way trunking sufficient to handle actual or reasonably forecasted two-way traffic volumes,

whichever is greater, between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office where the traffic exceeds 220,000 minutes of use per month. When the traffic between an MCIm switching center and a BellSouth end office exceeds 170,000 minutes of use per month, either Party may notify the other Party and request that the facilities be installed. Such facilities will be installed on mutual agreement. The parties will install additional capacity between the MCIm switching center and the BellSouth end office when overflow traffic between the MCIm switching center and BellSouth access tandem exceeds or is forecast to exceed, 220,000 minutes of use per month.

2.4.3 <u>Mutual Agreement</u> - The Parties may install direct end office trunking upon mutual agreement in the absence of conditions (1) or (2) above and agreement will not unreasonably be withheld.

Section 3. Signaling.

3.1 Unless otherwise indicated in this Agreement, all Interconnection facilities must be 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability (CCC) and Extended Super Frame with Binary 8 Zero Substitution line coding ("ESF B8ZS"). Where ESF/B8ZS is not available, MCIm shall use other interconnection protocols on an interim basis until the standard ESF/B8ZS is available. BellSouth will provide anticipated dates of availability, if any, and upon MCIm's request for those areas not currently ESF/B8ZS compatible.

3.1.1 Where MCIm is unwilling to utilize an alternate interconnection protocol, MCIm will provide BellSouth an initial forecast of 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability ("64K CCC") trunk quantities within 30 days of executing this Agreement, consistent with the forecasting agreements between the parties. Upon receipt of this forecast, the parties will begin joint planning for the engineering, procurement, and installation of the segregated 64K CCC Local Interconnection Trunk Groups, and the associated B8ZS Extended Super Frame ("ESF") facilities, for the sole purpose of transmitting 64K CCC data calls between MCIm and BellSouth. Where additional equipment is required, such equipment would be obtained, engineered, and installed on the same basis and with the same intervals as any similar growth job for IXC, CLEC or ILEC internal subscriber demand for 64K CCC trunks. Where Technically Feasible, these trunks will be established as two-way. MCIm, at its option, may order interconnection facilities formatted using Alternate Mark Inversion Line Code or Superframe Format.

3.2 Unless otherwise agreed to by the Parties, the Parties will interconnect their networks using SS7 signaling as defined in GR-317 and GR-394 including ISDN User Part ("ISUP") for trunk signaling and Carrier Identification Code ("CIC"), where available, and Transaction Capabilities Application Part ("TCAP") for Common Channel Signaling ("CCS")-based features in the interconnection of their networks. All Network Operations Forum (NOF) adopted standards shall be adhered to. Both MF and SS7 trunk groups will not be provided within a single DS-1 facility; a separate DS-1 per signaling type must be used.

3.2.1 The parties will provide CCS to each other in conjunction with all trunk groups supporting local, transit, and toll traffic. The parties will cooperate on the exchange of Transactional Capabilities Application Part (TCAP) messages to facilitate full inter-operability of CCS-based features between their respective networks, including all CLASS features and functions currently deployed by BellSouth. All CCS signaling parameters will be provided including automatic number identification (ANI), originating line information (OLI), calling party category, charge number, etc. All privacy indicators will be honored.

3.2.2 The parties shall meet and mutually agree to network protocols which include but are not limited to glare parameters, number of digits outpulsed, OZZ codes and 800 CIC codes in use.

3.3 Neither Party shall alter the CCS parameters, or be a party to altering such parameters, or pass CCS parameters that it knows have been altered in order to circumvent appropriate interconnection charges.

Section 4. Reporting.

4.1 BellSouth shall provide all blockage data on every trunk group that carries MCIm's local traffic, blockage on those trunk groups that emanate from BellSouth's end offices or tandems and are interconnected with MCIm's switch, and information on comparable trunks used by BellSouth for its local traffic.

4.1.1 Blocking data will be provided via the BellSouth's web site on a monthly basis, in a format similar to the IC 100 report that is provided to interexchange carriers.

4.2 Each Party shall provide Data Interexchange Carrier (DIXC) traffic data for all trunk groups terminating in the other Party's network.

4.2.1 DIXC traffic data will include, but not be limited to the following:

4.2.1.1 Usage (total usage measured in centum call seconds);

4.2.1.2 Peg Count (Peg count of originating call attempts including overflow), where applicable;

4.2.1.3 Overflow (Peg count of originating call attempts failing to find an idle trunk), where applicable.

4.2.2 DIXC traffic data shall be collected as follows:

4.2.2.1 Hourly on the clock hour;

4.2.2.2 Twenty-four (24) hours per day (0000-2400);

4.2.2.3 Seven (7) days per week (including holidays);

4.2.2.4 Fifty-two (52) weeks per year.

4.2.3 DIXC traffic data must be provided electronically using a method agreed to by the Parties, as it is collected.

Section 5. Forecasting.

5.1 The parties shall work towards the development of joint forecasting responsibilities for traffic utilization over trunk groups, and shall use best efforts to ensure that facilities and equipment are available at the time of ordering. The Parties shall make all reasonable efforts and cooperate in good faith to develop alternative solutions to accommodate orders when facilities or equipment are not available. Inter-company forecast information, must be provided by the Parties, to each other, twice a year. BellSouth's forecast will be provided thirty (30) days following the receipt of the MCIm forecast. The Parties agree that each forecast provided under this Section shall be deemed "Confidential Information" in the General Terms and Conditions – Part A of this Agreement. The semi-annual forecasts shall include:

5.1.1 Yearly forecasted trunk quantities which include measurements that reflect actual tandem and end office Local Interconnection and transit trunks and tandem-subtending Local Interconnection end office equivalent trunk requirements for no more than two years (current plus one year);

5.1.2 The use of Common Language Location Identifier (CLLI-MSG), which are described in Telcordia (Bellcore) documents BR 795-100-100 and BR 795-400-100;

5.1.3 Description of major network projects that affect the other party will be provided in the semi-annual forecasts. Major network projects include but are not limited to trunking or network rearrangements, shifts in anticipated traffic patterns, or other activities by either party that are reflected by a significant increase or decrease in trunking demand for the following forecasting period.

5.2 The Parties shall meet to review and reconcile their forecasts if forecasts vary significantly, or whenever the latest forecasted trunk requirements exceed the original quantities by 10% or more state-wide. Either Party should notify the other Party if they have measurements indicating that a trunk group is exceeding its designed call carrying capacity and is impacting other trunk groups in the network. The Parties shall mutually agree to the over or under trunk group utilization prior to action being taken on the following:

5.2.1 If the Parties are unable to reach such reconciliation, the Local interconnection Trunk Groups shall be provisioned to the higher forecast. At the end of three months, the utilization of the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups will be reviewed and if the average centum call seconds utilization for the third month is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, of capacity at the average time consistent busy hour, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.2.2 If the parties agree on the original forecast and then it is determined that a trunk group is under seventy-five percent (75%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, of centum call seconds capacity at the average time consistent busy hour on a monthly-average basis for each month of any six-month period, either party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than fifteen percent (15%), or such other percentage as the Parties may agree, excess capacity at the average time consistent busy hour.

5.3 Each party shall provide a specified point or points of contact for planning, forecasting and trunk servicing purposes.

Section 6. Servicing.

6.1 Orders between the parties to establish, add, change or disconnect trunks shall be processed by use of an Access Service Request (ASR), or another industry standard eventually adopted and mutually agreed to by the Parties to replace the ASR for local service ordering.

6.2 Subject to 6.3 below, the standard interval used for the provisioning of Local Interconnection trunk groups shall be determined by Desired Due Date, but in no event shall it be longer than ten (10) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for orders of 96 trunks or fewer for additions to local trunk groups, or forty-five (45) working days from the receipt of an error-free ASR for establishment of 96 trunks or fewer new trunk groups.

6.3 Orders that comprise a major project (i.e., more than 96 new or additions) that directly impact the other party may be submitted at the same time, and their implementation shall be jointly planned and coordinated. Major projects are those that require the coordination and execution of multiple orders or related activities between and among BellSouth and MCIm work groups, including but not limited to the initial establishment of Local Interconnection or transit trunk groups and service in an area, NXX code moves, re-homes, facility grooming, or network rearrangements.

6.4 For intraLATA toll service and local exchange service, the blocking level from originating NID to terminating NID will be engineered not to exceed 1% in any hour, except under conditions of service disruption. For access to or egress from a long distance network, the blocking rate will be engineered not to exceed 0.5% in any hour.

6.5 The Parties shall share responsibility for all Control Office functions for Local Interconnection trunks and trunk groups, and both Parties shall share the overall coordination, installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.6 Where MCIm interconnects with a third party through BellSouth, MCIm is responsible for all Control Office functions for such other Interconnection trunks and trunk groups, and is responsible for the overall coordination, installation, testing, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

6.7 MCIm and BellSouth shall provide to each other test-line numbers and access to test lines for the purpose of testing BST/MCIm interconnection trunk groups.

Section 7. Network Management.

7.1 <u>Protective Protocols</u> - Either party may use protective network traffic management controls such as 7-digit and 10-digit code gaps on traffic toward each others network, when required to protect the public switched network from congestion due to facility failures, switch congestion or failure, or focused overload. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any protective control action planned or executed.

7.2 <u>Expansive Protocols</u> - Where the capability exists, originating or terminating traffic reroutes may be implemented by either Party to temporarily relieve network congestion due to facility failures or abnormal calling patterns. Reroutes will not be used to circumvent normal trunk servicing. MCIm and BellSouth will immediately notify each other of any expansive protocols planned or executed.

7.3 <u>Mass Calling</u> - MCIm and BellSouth shall cooperate and share preplanning information, where available, regarding cross-network call-ins expected to generate large or focused temporary increases in call volumes, to prevent or mitigate the impact of these events on the public switched network.

7.4 <u>High Volume Calling Trunk Groups</u>. At MCIm's request, the Parties will cooperate to establish separate trunk groups or provide some other means of protective controls (i.e., call gapping) for the completion of calls to high volume customers, such as radio contest lines.

7.4.1 Both parties agree to terminate each party's mass calling codes as local traffic. Parties agree that each will put in place controls for NXX's that are dedicated for media stimulated mass calling.

7.4.2 Further, each Party shall provide notification to the other Party when a new routing code (a.k.a. "oddball code") is being established. Notification is not required for new routing codes being established as the direct result of an NPA split, but notification is required for NPA overlays.

Section 8. Third Party Transit Traffic.

8.1 Tandem Switching shall provide connectivity to transit traffic to and from other carriers.

8.1.1 Each Party shall transit all traffic delivered by the other Party, destined to third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA

that subtend the transiting Party's switch. Each Party also shall transit all traffic delivered by a third party LEC, CLEC, or CMRS provider in the LATA, destined to the other Party or a switch subtending the other Party. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in Section 9 of this Attachment.

8.1.2 Each Party shall terminate all traffic delivered by the other Party from third party LECs, CLECs or CMRS providers in the LATA, and destined to the terminating Party's switch. Routing and billing of transit traffic is as specified in this Attachment.

Section 9. Compensation For Call Termination.

9.1 General.

9.1.1 For the purposes of compensation for call termination under this Agreement, the traffic exchanged between MCIm and BellSouth will be classified as Local Traffic, ISP-bound Traffic, IntraLATA Toll Traffic, Transit Traffic, or switched access Traffic. The Parties agree that, notwithstanding the classification of traffic under this Agreement, either Party is free to define its own local calling areas for the purposes of providing Telecommunications Services to its own Customers.

9.2 Usage Measurement.

9.2.1 Each Party is responsible for the accuracy and quality of its data as submitted to the other.

9.2.2 Each Party will include in the information transmitted to the other for each call being terminated on the other Party's network the originating CPN, if recorded , otherwise ANI or billing telephone number (BTN) will be provided, where recorded. Where ANI or BTN are not recorded, the telephone number assigned to the trunk group for recording purposes will be inserted in the BTN field to the extent the telephone number has been provided by the originating carrier. Unless and until BellSouth notifies MCIm that an independent telephone company has adopted an alternative to the primary carrier plan, for intraLATA toll calls originating on an independent telephone company's network, MCIm shall presume that BellSouth is the intraLATA toll carrier, and shall use the 1101 records provided by BellSouth to bill BellSouth the appropriate access charges. If BellSouth notifies MCIm that an independent telephone company has

adopted an alternative to the primary carrier plan, the Parties shall amend this Agreement to incorporate the appropriate access billing methods.

9.2.3 Each Party will calculate terminating Interconnection minutes of use based on standard AMA recordings made within each Party's network. These recordings are the basis for each Party to determine the minutes of use to be billed to the other Party.

9.2.4 Measurement of minutes of use over Interconnection trunk groups will be in actual conversation seconds for terminating usage and network access duration seconds including unanswered attempts for originating usage.

9.3 <u>Compensation for the Termination of Local Traffic</u>. Local Traffic is defined as any telephone call that originates in one exchange and terminates in either the same exchange, or other local calling area associated with the originating exchange (e.g., Extended Area Service) as defined and specified in Section A3 of BellSouth's General Subscriber Service Tariff. Designation of Local Traffic is not dependent on the type of switching technology used to switch and terminate such Local Traffic, including the use of packet switching. Nothing herein is intended to require the payment of reciprocal compensation for packets exchanged between the Parties.

9.3.1 Local Traffic does not include, and the Parties shall not bill or pay reciprocal compensation for, calls where a Party willfully sets up a call, or colludes with a third party to set up a call, to the other Party's network for the purpose of receiving reciprocal compensation, and not for the purpose of providing a telecommunications service to an End User in good faith.

9.3.2 Left Blank Intentionally.

9.3.3 Calls using Internet protocol, regardless of whether the call is data or voice shall be treated the same as circuit switched traffic subject to the FCC rules for intercarrier compensation.

9.4 The rates for transport and termination of Local Traffic that BellSouth and MCIm charge each other are set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

9.4.1 Pursuant to the Commission's Order in Docket 00-00309, MCIm is entitled to reciprocal compensation for tandem switching because MCIm's switch in the Knoxville area serves a geographic area comparable to the area served by BellSouth's tandem switch. MCIm shall charge BellSouth for tandem switching and end office switching

for all Local Traffic. In addition, in those markets specified in Section 9.4.1.1 below, based upon data provided by MCIm to BellSouth that MCIm's switch serves the same geographic area as BellSouth's tandem switch in such markets, MCIm shall charge BellSouth for common transport where common transport is actually used in the termination of a call at a rate equal to one-half of the facility termination charge for common transport per minute of use for terminating Local Traffic. In all markets covered by this Agreement. BellSouth shall charge MCIm for tandem switching, end office switching, and common transport at the rates set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement where those elements actually are used in the termination of a call.

9.4.1.1 The markets in which MCI will bill BellSouth for the common transport component described in Section 9.4.1 above are: Memphis and Knoxville local calling areas, as described in Section 9.3 above.

9.4.1.2 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Parties agree that the reciprocal compensation provisions set forth herein shall be effective prospectively as of March 1, 2002, and the Parties shall not true up any amounts paid or not paid for reciprocal compensation for Local Traffic prior thereto.

9.4.2 For the purposes of this Attachment, BellSouth's Tandem Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between two switching offices through a third switching office (the Tandem switch).

9.4.3 For the purposes of this Attachment, End Office Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between the trunk side and line side of the End Office switch.

9.4.4 If MCIm utilizes a switch outside the LATA and BellSouth chooses to purchase dedicated or common (shared) transport from MCIm for transport and termination of BellSouth originated traffic, BellSouth will pay MCIm no more than the airline miles between the V & H coordinates of the Point of Interconnection within the LATA where MCIm receives the BellSouth-originated traffic and the V & H coordinates of a point on the LATA boundary in the direction of the MCIm switch or at a point otherwise agreed to by the Parties. For these situations, BellSouth will compensate MCIm at either dedicated or common (shared) transport rates specified in Attachment 1 of this Agreement and based upon the functions provided by MCIm as defined in this Attachment.

9.4.5 Neither Party shall represent Switched Access Services traffic as Local Traffic for purposes of payment of reciprocal compensation.

9.4.6 The Parties shall be allowed to assign numbers in the same manner they choose consistent with Applicable Law as long as the Parties properly rate, time, and compensate each other an other carriers for the mutual exchange of such traffic. Calls to an NPA/NXX in a local calling area outside the rate center where the NPA/NXX is home shall be treated as intrastate interexchange toll traffic for purposes of intercarrier compensation and is subject to access charges.

9.4.7..Compensation for ISP-bound Traffic

9.4.7.1 ISP-bound Traffic is defined as calls to an Internet service provider that are dialed by using a local dialing pattern. ISP-bound Traffic is not considered Local Traffic subject to reciprocal compensation, but instead is information access traffic subject to compensation as described by the FCC in its Order on Remand and Report and Order, CC Docket Nos. 96-98 and 99-68, FCC 01-31 (released April 27, 2001) ("ISP Remand Order"). All combined ISP-bound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P (subject to Section 9.4.8.1.3.), that exceeds a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic on a statewide basis is ISPbound Traffic. All combined ISP-bound Traffic and Local Traffic delivered to one Party by the other Party, including via UNE-P (subject to Section 9.4.8.1.3.), that does not exceed a 3:1 ratio of terminating to originating traffic on a statewide basis is Local Traffic.

9.4.7.2 Each Party shall calculate, in accordance with subsection 9.6.1 of this Attachment, the Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic that it terminates from the other Party.

9.4.7.3 Subject to Section 9.4.7.8.1 below, for the period beginning on June 14, 2001 and ending on December 13, 2001, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0015 per minute of use (MOU) for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.

9.4.7.4 Subject to Section 9.4.7.8.1 below, to the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on December 14, 2001, and ending on June 13, 2003, the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0010 per MOU for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.

9.4.7.5 To the extent that this Agreement remains in effect, beginning on June 14, 2003 the terminating Party will bill the originating Party a rate of \$.0007 per MOU for ISP-bound Traffic delivered to the terminating Party.

9.4.7.6 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the volume of ISP-bound traffic for which one Party may bill the other shall be capped as follows:

9.4.7.6.1 Subject to Section 9.4.7.8.1 below, for ISPbound Traffic exchanged during the year 2001, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party on ISP-bound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to, on an annualized basis, the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes which the terminating Party terminated from the originating Party during the first quarter of 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor.

9.4.7.6.2 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2002 and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during that year, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party on ISPbound Traffic minutes only up to a ceiling equal to the number of ISP-bound Traffic minutes for which the terminating Party was entitled to compensation in 2001, plus a ten percent growth factor.

9.4.7.6.3 For ISP-bound Traffic exchanged during the year 2003 and beyond, and to the extent this Agreement remains in effect during those years, compensation at the rates set out above shall be billed by the terminating Party to the originating Party only on ISP-bound Traffic minutes up to a ceiling equal to the year 2002 ceiling. 9.4.7.7 If an authoritative body with appropriate jurisdiction determines that any portion of the ISP Remand Order is unlawful or invalid, or otherwise modifies the ISP Remand Order, the Parties shall amend this Agreement to incorporate the ruling of such authoritative body.

9.4.7.8 BellSouth shall offer to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order. If, in the future, BellSouth chooses not to offer to exchange both Local Traffic and ISP-bound Traffic with LECs, CLECs, and CMRS providers, subject to the rate caps in the ISP Remand Order, then the rate for ISP-bound Traffic termination shall be the rate for reciprocal compensation for Local Traffic as set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. If the Parties are unable to agree on whether BellSouth is offering to exchange traffic as described in this Subsection 9.4.7, they shall invoke the dispute resolution procedures in Part A of this Agreement.

9.4.7.8.1 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Parties agree that the Intercarrier Compensation provisions set forth herein shall be effective prospectively only. The Parties shall not true up any amounts paid or not paid for intercarrier compensation for ISP-bound Traffic prior to March 1, 2002.

9.4.7.9 ISP-bound Traffic shall be subject to the trunking requirements set forth in Section 2 of this Attachment.

9.4.8 The Parties shall implement the following business rules to govern future reciprocal/inter-carrier compensation billing and dispute resolution processes in addition to, and not in lieu of, the business rules set forth elsewhere in this Agreement.

9.4.8.1 By June 30, 2002, the Parties will exchange the necessary data at a sufficient level of detail to permit BellSouth to validate the terminating usage amounts recorded and billed by MCIm and to permit MCIm to validate the BellSouth originating usage measurement audit system. The Parties

agree to correct any noted deficiencies as a result of this validation process.

9.4.8.1.1 Once validated, the connectivity billings by MCIm will be based on MCIm's switch usage measurements, and BellSouth will not withhold intercarrier compensation based on usage disputes where the variance between MCIm's billed usage and BellSouth's recorded originating usage is not greater than 1.5%.

9.4.8.1.2 Where the usage variance is greater than 1.5%, BellSouth may withhold payment for the disputed minutes of use so long as BellSouth supplies to MCIm, along with its dispute notification, its usage data at a sufficient level of detail to enable comparisons of usage Any inter-carrier compensation data with MCIm. amounts in dispute and withheld by BellSouth will be quantified and provided to MCIm in BellSouth's dispute notification letter. The Parties will use their best efforts to resolve any disputes involving the withholding of intercarrier compensation within 45 days of BellSouth's dispute notification letter. If the Parties are unable to resolve the dispute within 45 days, the dispute will be resolved in accordance with Section 22 of the General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement.

9.4.8.1.3 The Parties will exchange data and information by July 31, 2002, in order to come to an agreement on the data sources and a methodology for identifying the Local Traffic originating from MCIm's UNE-P customers that terminate to BellSouth for purposes of including that originating traffic in the calculation of the 3:1 ratio described in Section 9.4.7.1 for connectivity billing purposes.

9.4.8.2 By July 31, 2002, the Parties will exchange the necessary data to permit MCIm to validate the processes and systems by which BellSouth calculates its quarterly Percentage Local Usage (PLU). The Parties will correct any noted deficiencies as a result of this validation process. Once validated, MCIm will apply the BellSouth provided quarterly PLU to MCIm's terminating usage measurements to determine the amount of minutes of use of Local Traffic, ISP-bound Traffic and IntraLATA Toll Traffic to be billed to BellSouth.

9.5 Compensation for IntraLATA Toll Calls and intraLATA Toll Free Service Calls

9.5.1 When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, MCIm delivers an MCIm end user-originated intraLATA toll call to BellSouth for termination to a BellSouth end user, MCIm shall compensate BellSouth at BellSouth's Commission filed and effective intrastate Switched Access tariff rate. When, acting as an intraLATA toll carrier, BellSouth delivers a BellSouth end user-originated intraLATA toll call to MCIm for termination to a MCIm end user, BellSouth shall compensate MCIm at at the interstate rate levels established in the FCC's Seventh Report and Order, released April 27, 2001, establishing benchmarks for CLEC interstate access rates in CC Docket No. 96-262, and will reduce such rates over time as prescribed by that FCC Order. When a third party acts as an intraLATA toll carrier, the Parties shall charge such intraLATA toll carrier, pursuant to Section 9.8 of this Attachment. Where the originating Party is not the toll carrier for the call, such call shall be delivered to the other Party using GR-394.

9.5.2 When a Party's customer originates an intraLATA Toll Free call, that Party shall charge the appropriate Toll Free carrier originating access and data base query charges in accordance with its Commission filed and effective Switched Access tariff. No charges for transport and termination of Local Traffic shall apply to such calls. Appropriate records shall be provided in the standard EMI format.

9.6 Determination of Jurisdiction.

9.6.1 The Parties will use the calling party number (CPN) to determine the jurisdiction of billed traffic. If the jurisdiction of traffic cannot be determined based on the CPN, the Parties will jointly exchange industry standard jurisdictional factors, such as PIU and PLU as established pursuant to Section 21 of Part A of this Agreement.

9.7 Compensation for the Termination of Local Transit Traffic.

9.7.1 Transit Traffic Service. Rates for transiting local transit traffic shall be as set forth in Attachment 1 of this Agreement. Wireless Type 1 traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective. Wireless Type 2A traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective until BellSouth and the Wireless carrier have the capability to properly meet-point-bill in

accordance with MECAB guidelines. BellSouth shall either pass on to the wireless carrier the reciprocal compensation payments received from MCIm or indemnify MCIm as to any claim a wireless carrier may raise concerning reciprocal compensation payments MCIm makes to BellSouth.

9.7.2 The Parties agree to deliver transit traffic to the terminating carrier; provided, however, that the originating Party is solely responsible for negotiating and executing any appropriate contractual agreements with the terminating carrier for the receipt of this traffic through the transiting Party's network. The transiting Party will not be liable for any compensation to the terminating carrier or to the originating Party. The Parties shall, however, provide each other with any available information necessary to measure and bill for such traffic.

9.8 Compensation for Switched Access Traffic.

9.8.1 The Parties will establish Meet Point Billing arrangements in order to provide Switched Access Services to third party intraLATA and interLATA toll carriers via BellSouth's Access Tandem Switches, in accordance with MECAB guidelines.

9.8.2 For interstate and intrastate traffic, the Parties will charge third party toll carriers in accordance with each Party's respective Commission or FCC filed and effective Switched Access tariff.

9.8.3 Billing to third party toll carriers for Switched Access Services jointly provided by the Parties via Meet Point Billing arrangements, will be done by the multiple bill/multiple tariff method. As described in MECAB, each Party will render a bill in accordance with its own tariff for that portion of the service it provides. For the purposes of this Agreement, MCIm is the Initial Billing Company ("IBC") and BellSouth is the Subsequent Billing Company ("SBC").

9.8.4 The Parties will maintain provisions in the National Exchange Carrier Association ("NECA") Tariff No. 4, or any successor tariff, sufficient to reflect this Meet Point Billing arrangement, including Billing Interconnection Percentages ("BIPs").

9.8.5 Information will be exchanged in the Exchange Message Interface ("EMI") format, via a method currently used by the Parties, or by some other method mutually agreeable. When the Parties use CONNECT:Direct, the recording Party agrees to use its best efforts to provide to the IBC, at no charge, the switched access detailed usage data in 1101XX records within 48 hours, but in no event more than 60 days, after the recording date. The IBC will provide the switched access summary usage data in 1150XX records to the SBC and all other subsequent billing third parties within 10 days of rendering the initial bill to the third party toll carrier. Each Party will notify the other when it is not feasible to meet these requirements.

9.8.6 Errors may be discovered by MCIm, or BellSouth. Each Party agrees to provide the other Party with notification of any discovered errors within ten business days after discovery.

9.8.7 In the event of a loss or damage of data, the Parties agree to cooperate to reconstruct the lost or damaged data within 48 hours after notification and if such reconstruction is not possible, to accept a reasonable estimate of the lost data. This estimate may be based on several methodologies, such as an estimate of the volume of lost messages and associated revenue based on information available concerning the average revenue per minute for the average interstate or intrastate call or based upon at least three, but no more than 12 months of prior usage data, if available. Each Party will retain for a minimum period of ninety (90) days, access message detail sufficient to recreate any data which is lost or damaged by their company or any third party involved in processing or transporting data.

9.8.8 BellSouth shall provide MCIm, via the internet, with updates of the billing name, billing address, and Carrier Identification Codes (CICs) of all third party toll carriers originating or terminating traffic at BellSouth's Access Tandems in order to comply with the Meet Point Billing notification process as outlined in MECAB.

9.8.9 If category 1101XX records are not submitted by the SBC in a timely fashion, the Parties agree to cooperate to estimate the billing to the IXCs in accordance with the IBC's Switched Access tariffs for estimating usage. The SBC will be liable to the IBC for the amount of lost revenue, as determined by the estimate. If there is a disagreement as to the estimate, the Parties shall negotiate a settlement.

9.8.10 If category 1150XX records are not submitted by the IBC in a timely fashion, the Parties agree to cooperate to estimate the billing to the third party toll carriers in accordance with the SBC's Switched Access tariffs for estimating usage. The IBC will be liable to the SBC for the amount of lost revenue, as determined by the estimate. If there
is a disagreement as to the estimate, the Parties shall negotiate a settlement.

9.9 To the extent applicable, the following rate elements will be billed in accordance with each Party's respective switched access tariffs:

9.9.1 <u>Interstate Switched Access</u>. Terminating to or originating from MCIm Customers

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm
Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth
Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

9.9.2 <u>Intrastate Switched Access</u>. Terminating to or originating from MCIm Customers

Rate Element	Company
Carrier Common Line	MCIm
Local Switching	MCIm
Interconnection Charge	MCIm
Common Trunk Port	MCIm
Tandem Transport Fixed	50% MCIm / 50% BellSouth
Tandem Transport Variable	Based on negotiated BIP*
Tandem Switching	BellSouth
Common MUX	BellSouth
Entrance Facility	BellSouth
Dedicated Tandem Transport	BellSouth
800 Database Query	LEC that performs the query

* BIPs previously negotiated have been entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4. Future BIPs will be negotiated and mutually agreed to by both Parties and entered into NECA FCC Tariff No. 4.

9.10 Compensation for the Termination of Traffic to Ported Numbers.

9.10.1 The Parties agree that, under INP, terminating compensation for calls to ported numbers should be received by each customer's chosen local service provider as if each call to a customer had been originally addressed by the calling party to a telephone number bearing an NPA-NXX directly assigned to the customer's chosen local service provider.

9.11 When MCIm orders or uses BellSouth unbundled Network Elements pursuant to Attachment 3 of this Agreement, those elements ordered or used shall be considered part of MCIm's network for the purpose of calculating reciprocal compensation and switched access charges, subject to this Section 9.11. Where MCIm utilizes BellSouth's unbundled switching, for local transit traffic originated by a third party and terminated to an MCIm end user, MCIm shall be entitled to reciprocal compensation from the third party originating such local transit traffic. Notwithstanding the foregoing, MCIm is not entitled to reciprocal compensation for BellSouth for termination of BellSouth originated Local Traffic in instances where MCIm utilizes BellSouth's unbundled switching and where BellSouth does not bill MCIm for the terminating usage on that unbundled switching.

LOCA	L INTE	RCONNECTION - Alabama												Attach	ment: 3	Exhi	bit: A
												Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
												Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
												Flec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
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								First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
LOCAL	INTERC	CONNECTION (CALL TRANSPORT AND TERMINATION)															
	INTERC	ARRIER COMPENSATION FOR ISP-BOUND TRAFFIC															
		Composite Rate for ISP-Bound Traffic, per MOU (Effective Date															
		through June 13, 2003)					0.001										
		Composite Rate for ISP-Bound Traffic, per MOU (June 14, 2003					0.0007										
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	END OF	End Office Switching Eurotion, Por MOLL					0.0009662							-		-	
							0.0006665							-		-	
	TANDL	Tandem Switching Function Per MOLL			ОНР		0.000498							-		-	
		Multiple Tandem Switching, per MOU (applies to intial tandem			OND		0.000430										
		only)			ОНО		0 000498										
	* This c	harge is applicable only to transit traffic and is applied in ad	dition to	o applio	cable switching and/	or interconn	ection charges										
	TRUNK	CHARGE			and officially and		oonon onargoo	•									
		Installation Trunk Side Service - per DS0			OHD	TPP++		333.69	56.91								
		Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service-per DS0**			OHD	TDE0P	0.00										
		Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service-per DS1**			0H1 OH1MS	TDE1P	0.00										
		Dedicated Tandem Trunk Port Service-per DS0**			OHD	TDW0P	0.00										
		Dedicated Tandem Trunk Port Service-per DS1**			OH1 OH1MS	TDW1P	0.00										
	** This I	rate element is recovered on a per MOU basis and is included	in the	End Of	fice Switching and T	andem Swit	ching, per MOL	J rate elements	8								
	COMMO	ON TRANSPORT (Shared)															
		Common Transport - Per Mile, Per MOU			OHD		0.000023										
		Common Transport - Facilities Termination Per MOU			OHD		0.0003224										
LOCAL	INTERC	CONNECTION (DEDICATED TRANSPORT)															
	INTERC	FFICE CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT															
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 2-Wire Voice Grade -															
		Per Mile per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NF	0.008838										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport- 2- Wire Voice Grade -					01.40	10 5 4	07.44	40.74	C 00						
		Facility Termination per month			UHL, UHM	TLONF	21.13	40.54	27.41	10.74	6.90						
		Interonice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 56 kbps - per fille					0 000020										
		Interoffice Channel Dedicated Transport 56 kbps Eacility				LONK	0.0000000							-		-	
		Termination per month	1		ОНІ ОНМ	11 5NK	15 12	40.54	27 /1	16.74	6 90						
<u> </u>		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 64 kbps - per mile		<u> </u>	0. /L, 01 IVI	LOIN	13.12	40.04	21.41	10.74	0.30						
		per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NK	0.008838										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 64 kbps - Facility					0.000000								1		
		Termination per month	1		OHL, OHM	1L5NK	15.12	40.54	27.41	16.74	6.90						
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Channel - DS1 - Per Mile per	1								2.50	1			ĺ		
		month			OH1, OH1MS	1L5NL	0.18										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Tranport - DS1 - Facility															
		Termination per month			OH1, OH1MS	1L5NL	60.16	89.27	81.81	16.35	14.44						
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - DS3 - Per Mile per															
		month			OH3, OH3MS	1L5NM	4.09										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - DS3 - Facility	1														
		Termination per month			OH3, OH3MS	1L5NM	703.52	278.75	162.76	60.20	58.46						
L	LOCAL	CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT					10.0-	/									
		Local Channel - Dedicated - 2-Wire Voice Grade per month				IEFV2	13.97	193.10	33.17	36.64	3.20						
		Local Channel - Dedicated - 4-Wire Voice Grade per month					14.93	193.53	33.60	37.11	3.67						
<u> </u>	┝──┤	Local Ghaimei - Deulcaleu - Do I per month			UTT	IEFIG	35.76	1/7.47	153.72	22.19	15.26						
		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 Facility Termination por month	1		ОНЗ	TEEHI	116 54	151 52	262.04	110.40	83 20						
<u> </u>		INTERCONNECTION MID-SPAN MEET		-	0.70		410.04	-101.02	200.04	113.43	00.00						
<u> </u>	NOTE	f Access service ride Mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed ser	vicelo	cal Cha	annel rate is applicat	ble.											
		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month			OH1MS	TEFHG	0.00	0.00									
		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 per month			OH3MS	TEFHJ	0.00	0.00									
	MULTIF	LEXERS	1														

LOCA	l inte	RCONNECTION - Alabama												Attach	ment: 3	Exhi	bit: A
												Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
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CATEG	ORY	RATE ELEMENTS	m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES (\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
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								First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
		Channelization - DS1 to DS0 Channel System			OH1, OH1MS	SATN1	101.06	91.04	62.57	10.54	9.79						
		DS3 to DS1 Channel System per month			OH3, OH3MS	SATNS	166.13	178.14	93.97	33.26	31.63						
		DS3 Interface Unit (DS1 COCI) per month			OH1, OH1MS	SATCO	12.70	6.58	4.72								

LOCA	L INTE	RCONNECTION - Florida												Attach	ment: 3	Exhi	bit: A
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LOCAL	INTERC	ONNECTION (CALL TRANSPORT AND TERMINATION)															
	INTERC	ARRIER COMPENSATION FOR ISP-BOUND TRAFFIC															
		Composite Rate for ISP-Bound Traffic, per MOU (Effective Date					0.004										
		through June 13, 2003)					0.001										
		through Expiration Date)					0.0007										
	INTERC	ARRIER COMPENSATION FOR LOCAL TRAFFIC LOCAL TRA		PAFEI	AND MTA TRAFFI	<u> </u>	0.0007							-		-	
		FICE SWITCHING				Č											
		End Office Switching Function Per MOLL			ОНО		0.0009302										
	TANDE						0.0000002										
		Tandem Switching Function Per MOU			OHD		0.0006019										
		Multiple Tandem Switching, per MOU (applies to intial tandem		1													
		only)			OHD		0.0006019										
	* This c	harge is applicable only to transit traffic and is applied in add	dition to	o applio	cable switching and/	or interconn	ection charges										
	TRUNK	CHARGE															
		Installation Trunk Side Service - per DS0			OHD	TPP++		336.43	57.38								
		Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service-per DS0**			OHD	TDE0P	0.00										
		Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service-per DS1**			0H1 OH1MS	TDE1P	0.00										
		Dedicated Tandem Trunk Port Service-per DS0**			OHD	TDW0P	0.00										
		Dedicated Tandem Trunk Port Service-per DS1**			OH1 OH1MS	TDW1P	0.00										
	** This	rate element is recovered on a per MOU basis and is included	in the	End Of	fice Switching and T	andem Swit	ching, per MOL	J rate elements	5								
	COMMO	DN TRANSPORT (Shared)			0.115												
		Common Transport - Per Mile, Per MOU					0.0000035										
							0.0004372							-		-	
LUCAL	INTERC	FICE CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT															
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 2-Wire Voice Grade -															
		Per Mile per month			ОНІ ОНМ	11.5NF	0.0091										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport- 2- Wire Voice Grade -			0112, 01111	12011	0.0001										
		Facility Termination per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NF	25.32	47.35	31.78	18.31	7.03						
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 56 kbps - per mile															
		per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NK	0.0091										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 56 kbps - Facility															
		Termination per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NK	18.44	47.35	31.78	18.31	7.03						
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 64 kbps - per mile															
L		per month		ļ	OHL, OHM	1L5NK	0.0091										ļ
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		Termination per month		ł	OHL, OHM	1L5NK	18.44	47.35	31.78	18.31	7.03						┨────┤
		interonice Gnanner - Dedicated Gnanner - DS1 - Per Mile per		1		11 5NI	0.1956										
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		Termination per month			OH1 OH1MS	11.5NI	88 44	105 54	QR ⊿ 7	21 47	19.05						
<u> </u>		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - DS3 - Per Mile per		t –		0	00.44	100.04	55.41	21.71	10.00						├ ───┤
		month		1	OH3. OH3MS	1L5NM	3,87										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - DS3 - Facility															
		Termination per month		1	OH3, OH3MS	1L5NM	1,071.00	335.46	219.28	72.03	70.56						
	LOCAL	CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT															
		Local Channel - Dedicated - 2-Wire Voice Grade per month			OHL, OHM	TEFV2	19.66	265.84	46.97	37.63	4.00						
		Local Channel - Dedicated - 4-Wire Voice Grade per month			OHL, OHM	TEFV4	20.45	266.54	47.67	44.22	5.33						
L		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month			OH1	TEFHG	36.49	216.65	183.54	24.30	16.95						
				1	0.10					100.15							
	1.001	Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 Facility Termination per month		<u> </u>	UH3	IEFHJ	531.91	556.37	343.01	139.13	96.84						┟────┤
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		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month		1	OH3MS	TEFHI	0.00	0.00									┠────┤
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												Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
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CATEG	ORY	RATE ELEMENTS	m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES (\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
														Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
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							Rec	Nonrec	urring	Nonrecurring	Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		
								First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
		Channelization - DS1 to DS0 Channel System			OH1, OH1MS	SATN1	146.77	101.42	71.62	11.09	10.49						
		DS3 to DS1 Channel System per month			OH3, OH3MS	SATNS	211.19	199.28	118.64	40.34	39.07						
		DS3 Interface Unit (DS1 COCI) per month			OH1, OH1MS	SATCO	13.76	10.07	7.08								

ALTION BATE BLANDTS Max Zone BCD Discrete Statements Sectore Statements Discrete Statements Discret Statements Discrete Statements<	LOCA	L INTE	RCONNECTION - Georgia												Attach	ment: 3	Exhi	bit: A
Image: state													Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
<table-container> Bar b</table-container>													Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
<table-container> AT ALT ALT<td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Flec</td><td>Manually</td><td>Manual Svc</td><td>Manual Svc</td><td>Manual Svc</td><td>Manual Svc</td></table-container>													Flec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
	CATEG	ORY	RATE ELEMENTS	Interi	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES (\$)					Order ve	Order ve	Orden ve	Mariual SVC
Image: sector Image: s	OAILO	- Citti		m	20110	200	0000			ΠΑΤ ΕΟ (ψ)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
Image: sector Image:															Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
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Processor Proc																		1
Image: Constraint of Column Processes of Co								Rec	Nonrec	urrina	Nonrecurrin	a Disconnect			oss	Rates(\$)		
Design construction (CAL Transfer Construction (CAL									First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
INTEGRATION FOR SPACES OWNERS I I I I	LOCAL	INTER	CONNECTION (CALL TRANSPORT AND TERMINATION)															
Comparise Name for Selection 1 rate, pr MOU (date Not 2000) Image of the Selection 1 rate, pr MOU (are N 1 2000) <td></td> <td>INTERC</td> <td>ARRIER COMPENSATION FOR ISP-BOUND TRAFFIC</td> <td></td>		INTERC	ARRIER COMPENSATION FOR ISP-BOUND TRAFFIC															
Introduct June 3. 2000// Construct Sub			Composite Rate for ISP-Bound Traffic, per MOU (Effective Date															
Domposite Rate to SPS-out Table, pr MOU Lane 11, 2000 Description Description <thdescriptio< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>through June 13, 2003)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.001</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></thdescriptio<>			through June 13, 2003)					0.001										
Income Decision Deck Income Decision Deck Income Deck Income Decision Deck Income Deck			Composite Rate for ISP-Bound Traffic, per MOU (June 14, 2003															
InterAcking accompany action previow Image: Accompany ac			through Expiration Date)					0.0007										
Bit OFFICE SWITCHING IM IM <td></td> <td>INTERC</td> <td>ARRIER COMPENSATION FOR LOCAL TRAFFIC, LOCAL TRA</td> <td>ANSIT T</td> <td>RAFFIC</td> <td>C, AND MTA TRAFFI</td> <td>С</td> <td></td>		INTERC	ARRIER COMPENSATION FOR LOCAL TRAFFIC, LOCAL TRA	ANSIT T	RAFFIC	C, AND MTA TRAFFI	С											
End Otics Subsidy Function, Par MOU Image: Solution of the Solu		END OF	FICE SWITCHING															
Trackit switches Total			End Office Switching Function, Per MOU			OHD		0.0017897										
Tandam Suection Par MOU OHD OMDU OMD		TANDE	M SWITCHING									1						
Multiple Tardom Statching par MOU repairs to mild tardom is applied in addition to applicable withing and/or intercommetan charges. Image: Control of the control			Tandem Switching Function Per MOU			OHD		0.0011009										
Image: marging and price registry and pris registry and price registry and price registry and price regi			Multiple Tandem Switching, per MOU (applies to intial tandem															
Thick charge is applicable only to shark utarity and a spalled number of provide interconnection and of the formation and of the formation interconnection and of the formation interconnecei interconnection and of the formation interconnec			only)			OHD		0.0011009										
TUNK CNAGE D <thd< td=""><td></td><td>* This c</td><td>harge is applicable only to transit traffic and is applied in add</td><td>dition to</td><td>o applio</td><td>cable switching and/</td><td>or interconn</td><td>ection charges</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></thd<>		* This c	harge is applicable only to transit traffic and is applied in add	dition to	o applio	cable switching and/	or interconn	ection charges										
Installation Instantion Instant Instantion Instanti		TRUNK	CHARGE															
Decisard End Offer Truck Prof. Service DS1** OHO TECP 0.01 Image: Constraint of the			Installation Trunk Side Service - per DS0			OHD	TPP++		333.28	56.84								
Decisand End Office Trunk Port Service per DS1** HH OHTMS TDE/P 0.00 H <td></td> <td></td> <td>Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service-per DS0**</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>OHD</td> <td>TDE0P</td> <td>0.00</td> <td></td>			Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service-per DS0**			OHD	TDE0P	0.00										
Decisical Tardem True Port Services per DS1** OHD TWOPP 0.00 OHD TWOPP 0.00 OHD O			Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service-per DS1**			0H1 OH1MS	TDE1P	0.00										
Budicated Tank Put Service or DS1** OH1 OP110S TOVI P 0.00 0 <			Dedicated Tandem Trunk Port Service-per DS0**			OHD	TDW0P	0.00										
** This rate element is recovered on a per MOU basis and is included in the Rod Filed Switching and Tandem Switching, per MOU = 0 Image of the MoU Image			Dedicated Tandem Trunk Port Service-per DS1**			OH1 OH1MS	TDW1P	0.00										
COMMON TRANSPORT (bland) M <td></td> <td>** This</td> <td>rate element is recovered on a per MOU basis and is included</td> <td>in the</td> <td>End Of</td> <td>fice Switching and T</td> <td>andem Swit</td> <td>ching, per MOL</td> <td>J rate elements</td> <td>5</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		** This	rate element is recovered on a per MOU basis and is included	in the	End Of	fice Switching and T	andem Swit	ching, per MOL	J rate elements	5								
Common Tanagort - Par Mile, per MOU OHD 0.000008 Image: common Tanagort - Par Mile, per MOU Image: common Tanagort - Par Mile, per MOU OHD 0.000102 Image: common Tanagort - Par Mile, per MOU Image: common Tanagort - Par Mile, per MILe, PAR Image: common Tanagort - Par Mile, per MILe, PAR Image: common Tanagort - Par Mile, per MILe, PAR Image: common Tanagort - Par Mile, per MILe, PAR Image: common Tanagort - Par Mile, per MILe, PAR Image: common Tanagort - Par Mile, per MILe, PAR Image: common Tanagort - Par Mile, per MILe, PAR Image: common Tanagort - Par Mile, per MILe, PAR Image: common Tanagort - Par Mile, per MILe, PAR Image: common Tanagort - Par Mile, per MILe, PAR Image: common Tanagort - Par Mile, per MILe, PAR Image: common Tanagort - Par Mile, p		COMMO	DN TRANSPORT (Shared)															
Image: Common Transport - Facility Ermination Per MOU OHD 0.0004122 Image: Image: Image: Image:			Common Transport - Per Mile, Per MOU			OHD		0.000008										
LOCAL INTERCONNECTION (DEDICATED TRANSPORT) I <td></td> <td></td> <td>Common Transport - Facilities Termination Per MOU</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>OHD</td> <td></td> <td>0.0004152</td> <td></td>			Common Transport - Facilities Termination Per MOU			OHD		0.0004152										
INTENOFICE CHANNE - DEDICATE TRANSPORT I	LOCAL	INTERO	CONNECTION (DEDICATED TRANSPORT)															
Interdifies Channel - Dedicated Transport - 2V/IVP Voice Grade - General - Dedicated Transport - 2V/IVP Voice Grade - General - Dedicated Transport - 2V/IVP Voice Grade - General - Dedicated Transport - 2V/IVP Voice Grade - General - Dedicated Transport - 56 ktps - per mile - OHL, OHM 1.LBN 1.0.022 36.08 Image: Compare - Co		INTERC	OFFICE CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT															
Ber Mile per month OHL, OHM 1LSAF 0.022 <			Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 2-Wire Voice Grade -															
Interdific Channel - Dedicated Transport - SWIP Voice Grader - OHL, OHM 1LSNF 17.07 79.61 36.06 Image: Channel - Dedicated Transport - Skips - per mile of the OHL, OHM 1LSNF 10.022 Image: Channel - Dedicated Transport - Skips - Facility of the OHL, OHM 1LSNF 0.022 Image: Channel - Dedicated Transport - Skips - Facility of the OHL, OHM 1LSNK 10.62 Image: Channel - Dedicated Transport - Skips - Facility of the OHL, OHM 1LSNK 10.64 79.61 36.06 Image: Channel - Dedicated Transport - Skips - Facility of the OHL, OHM 1LSNK 10.622 Image: Channel - Dedicated Transport - Skips - Facility of the OHL, OHM 1LSNK 0.022 Image: Channel - Dedicated Transport - Skips - Facility of the OHL, OHL 1LSNK 0.022 Image: Channel - Dedicated Transport - Skips - Facility of the OHL, OHL Image: Channel - Dedicated Transport - DSkips - Facility of OHL, OHL 1LSNK 10.652 Image: Channel - Dedicated Transport - DSkips - Facility of OHL, OHL ILSNK 10.623 Image: Channel - Dedicated Transport - DSkips - Facility of OHL, OHL ILSNK 10.623 Image: Channel - Dedicated Transport - DSkips - Facility of OHL, OHL ILSNK 10.627 Image: Channel - Dedicated - Channel - DEdicated Transport - DSkips - Facility of OHL, OHL ILSNK 10.627 Image: Channel - Dedicated - Channel - DEdicated Transport - DSkips - Facility of OHL, OHL ILSNK 10.627 Imag			Per Mile per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NF	0.0222										
Facily Termination per month OHL, OHM 1LSNF 17.07 79.61 36.68 Image: Constraint of the constraint of th			Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport- 2- Wire Voice Grade -															
$ \left \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			Facility Termination per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NF	17.07	79.61	36.08								
per month per month OHL, OHM 1LSNK 0.022 Image: Constraint of the second of			Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 56 kbps - per mile															
Interdifice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 56 kbps - Facility 0HL, OHM 1L5NK 16.45 79.61 36.08 0			per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NK	0.0222										
Termination per month OHL, OHM 1LSNK 0.022 36.08 Image: Control of the second secon			Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 56 kbps - Facility															
Interditice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 64 kbps - per mult OHL, OHM 1LSNK 0.022 Image: Constraint of the constraint			Termination per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NK	16.45	79.61	36.08		ļ						───
oper month OHL, OHM ILSNK 0.0222 Image: Constraint of the object			Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 64 kbps - per mile		1													
Interofice Lnamel - Dedicated Iransport - 64 Kdps - Faculty OHL_OHM LSNK 16.45 79.61 36.08 Image: Control - Control			per montn	ļ		UHL, UHM	1L5NK	0.0222				ļ						───
Learnination per month OHL, OHM 1LSNK 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16,			Interomice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 64 kbps - Facility		1		41 5114	10.17	70.01	00.00								
Interdifice Channel - Dedicated Tranport - DS1 - Facility OH1, OH1MS 1L5NL 0.452 OH OH1, OH1MS 1L5NL 0.452 OH1, OH1MS			remination per month			UHL, UHM	TLSINK	16.45	79.61	36.08		<u> </u>		ļ				
Interviring OPI1, OPI1WS USAL 0.4923 Image: Construction of the constructio			interomice Unannel - Dedicated Unannel - DS1 - Per Mile per				11 5 11	0.4500				1						
Intervince Creating Decretation per month OH1, OH1MS 1L5NL 78.47 147.07 111.75 Image: Construction of the	<u> </u>		Interoffice Channel Dedicated Transact, DS1 Equility				LOINL	0.4523						-				
Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - DS3 - Per Mile per month OH1, OH1WOS LSNL 12,01 141,07 111,75 OH O			Termination per month				11 5NI	70 47	147.07	444 75								
Interofine Dedicated Harlsport Dos Per Null per Month OH3, OH3MS 1L5NM 2.72 Image: Construct of the state of			Interreffice Chappel Dedicated Transport DS2 Der Mile and				TLOINL	/0.4/	147.07	111.75								
Interfice Channel - Dedicated Transport - DS3 - Facility Termination per month OH3, OH3MS 1L5NM 788.00 511.10 330.77 OH			manth					2 72										
Instruction of the orbitation per month OH3, OH3MS 1L5M 788.00 511.10 330.7 Ome Ome Ome Ome LOCAL CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT Image: Constraint of the period of th			Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport DS2 Eacility				LUNIVI	2.12				ł						ł
LOCAL CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT OHL, OHM TEV2 13.91 382.95 62.40 Image: Constraint of the constrain			Termination per month				11 5NM	700 00	511 10	220 77								
Local Channel - Dedicated - 2-Wire Voice Grade per month OHL, OHM TEFV2 13.91 382.95 62.40 Image: Construction of the constru			CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT					700.00	311.10	550.77		ł						ł
Local Channel - Dedicated - Wire Voice Grade per month OHL, OHM TEFV4 10.91 308.44 64.05 Image: Constraint of the constraint		LOUAL	Local Channel - Dedicated - 2-Wire Voice Grade per month				TEEV/2	13 01	383 05	01 53		 						ł
Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 Facility Termination per month OH1 TEFHG 38.36 356.15 312.9 OH OH Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 Facility Termination per month OH3 TEFHJ 515.91 639.50 426.31 OH OH OH LOCAL INTERCONNECTION MID-SPAN MEET OH3 TEFHJ 515.91 639.50 426.31 OH OH OH NOTE: If Access service ride Mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. OH OH OH OH OH Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 per month OH1MS TEFHG 0.00 OH OH OH Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 per month OH1MS TEFHG 0.00 OH OH OH OH MULTIPLEXERS OH3MS TEFHJ 0.00 0.00 OH OH OH OH			Local Channel - Dedicated - 2-Wile Voice Grade per month				TEFV4	14.90	368 44	64.05		1						1
Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 Facility Termination per month OH3 TEFHJ 515.91 639.50 426.31 Image: Construction of the constructing of the construction of the construction of the cons			Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month			OH1	TEFHG	38.36	356 15	312 89								
Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 Facility Termination per month OH3 TEFHJ 515.91 639.50 426.31 Image: Constraint of the constr						<u></u>		00.00	000.10	012.00								
LOCAL INTERCONNECTION MID-SPAN MEET Image: Control of the service ide Mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Control of the mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Control of the mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Control of the mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Control of the mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Control of the mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Control of the mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Control of the mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Control of the mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Control of the mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Control of the mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Control of the mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Control of the mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Control of the mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Control of the mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Control of the mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Control of tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Control of tariffed service Local Channel rate is appli			Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 Facility Termination per month		1	ОНЗ	TEFHJ	515,91	639,50	426,31								
NOTE: If Access service ride Mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed service Local Channel rate is applicable. Image: Constraint of the constraint of		LOCAL	INTERCONNECTION MID-SPAN MEET				-					t				1		1
Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month OH1MS TEFHG 0.00 0.00 Image: Constraint of the state of the sta		NOTE:	f Access service ride Mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed ser	vice Lo	cal Cha	annel rate is applical	ble.	i i			İ	l				İ		İ
Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 per month OH3MS TEFHJ 0.00 0.00 Image: Constraint of the second s			Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month			OH1MS	TEFHG	0.00	0.00			1						
MULTIPLEXERS			Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 per month			OH3MS	TEFHJ	0.00	0.00									
		MULTI	PLEXERS															

LOCA	L INTE	RCONNECTION - Georgia												Attach	ment: 3	Exhi	bit: A
												Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
												Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
			Interi									Elec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEG	ORY	RATE ELEMENTS	m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES (\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
														Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
														1st	Add'l	Disc 1st	Disc Add'l
							Rec	Nonrec	urring	Nonrecurring	g Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		
								First Add'l First Add'					SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
	Channelization - DS1 to DS0 Channel System OH1, OH1MS						126.22	198.22	123.59								
		DS3 to DS1 Channel System per month			OH3, OH3MS	SATNS	182.04	280.66	195.33								
		DS3 Interface Unit (DS1 COCI) per month			OH1, OH1MS	SATCO	11.02	12.02	8.66								

LOCA	L INTE	RCONNECTION - Kentucky												Attach	ment: 3	Exhi	bit: A
												Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
												Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
												Flec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEG	ORY	RATE ELEMENTS	Interi	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES (\$)			ner I SR	ner LSR	Order vs	Order vs	Order vs	Order vs
			m									per Lord	per Lor	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
														1st		Disc 1st	
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							Rec	Nonrec	curring	Nonrecurring	Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		
								First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
	INTERC																
LUCAL	INTERC	ARRIER COMPENSATION FOR ISP-BOUND TRAFFIC															
		Composite Rate for ISP-Bound Traffic, per MOU (Effective Date															
		through June 13, 2003)					0.001										
		Composite Rate for ISP-Bound Traffic, per MOU (June 14, 2003															
		through Expiration Date)					0.0007										
	INTERC	ARRIER COMPENSATION FOR LOCAL TRAFFIC, LOCAL TRA	ANSIT T	RAFFI	C, AND MTA TRAFFI	C											
	END OF	FICE SWITCHING															
		End Office Switching Function, Per MOU			OHD		0.0014083										
	IANDE	M SWITCHING					0.0000770										┟────┤
		Tandem Switching FUNCTION PER MOU			ОНО		0.0006772										┨────┤
		ning per randem switching, per NOO (applies to initial tandem only)			ОНО		0 0006772										
	* This c	harge is applicable only to transit traffic and is applied in adv	dition to	annlia	cable switching and/	or interconn	ection charges										╂────┤
	TRUNK	CHARGE			Jubic Switching unu		cotion onarges										
		Installation Trunk Side Service - per DS0			OHD	TPP++		334.09	57.12								
		Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service-per DS0**			OHD	TDE0P	0.00										
		Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service-per DS1**			0H1 OH1MS	TDE1P	0.00										
		Dedicated Tandem Trunk Port Service-per DS0**			OHD	TDW0P	0.00										
		Dedicated Tandem Trunk Port Service-per DS1**			OH1 OH1MS	TDW1P	0.00										
	** This	ate element is recovered on a per MOU basis and is included	in the	End Of	fice Switching and T	andem Swit	ching, per MOU	I rate elements	5								
	COMMO	ON TRANSPORT (Shared)					0.000000										
		Common Transport - Per Mile, Per MOU					0.000003										
	INTERC	CONNECTION (DEDICATED TRANSPORT)					0.0007400										
LOOAL	INTERC	FFICE CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT															
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 2-Wire Voice Grade -															
		Per Mile per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NF	0.01										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport- 2- Wire Voice Grade -															
		Facility Termination per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NF	29.11	47.34	31.78	22.77	8.75						
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 56 kbps - per mile															
		per month			ohl, ohm	1L5NK	0.0115										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 56 kbps - Facility				41 51 114	00.07	17.05	04 70	00.77	0.75						
		Termination per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NK	20.97	47.35	31.78	22.11	8.75						
		niteronice Granner - Dedicated Transport - 64 kbps - per fille				11 5NK	0.0115										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 64 kbps - Facility				LOINIX	0.0110					1					├
		Termination per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NK	20,97	47,35	31,78	22,77	8.75						
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Channel - DS1 - Per Mile per			. ,							1					
		month			OH1, OH1MS	1L5NL	0.23										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Tranport - DS1 - Facility															
		Termination per month			OH1, OH1MS	1L5NL	96.04	105.52	98.46	23.09	20.49						
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - DS3 - Per Mile per				41 51 11 1											
		MONIN			UH3, UH3MS	1L5NM	4.97										┨────┤
		Interonice Channel - Dedicated Transport - D53 - Facility			OH3 OH3MS	11 5NM	1 175 15	335 40	219 24	89 57	87 75						
<u> </u>	LOCAL	CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT				LOINIVI	1,175.13	555.40	213.24	09.37	01.15	1					├
		Local Channel - Dedicated - 2-Wire Voice Grade per month			OHL, OHM	TEFV2	18.57	265.78	46.96	46.79	4.98						łł
		Local Channel - Dedicated - 4-Wire Voice Grade per month			OHL, OHM	TEFV4	19.86	266.48	47.65	47.54	5.73	1					
		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month			OH1	TEFHG	40.46	209.60	176.51	30.21	21.07						
		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 Facility Termination per month			OH3	TEFHJ	576.05	551.38	338.08	173.00	120.42						ļ
	LOCAL	IN I ERCONNECTION MID-SPAN MEET			annal sata ia ang Part	1.	├										┟────┤
<u> </u>	NOTE:	TACCESS SERVICE FIGE MIG-Span Meet, One-half the tariffed ser	VICE LO	cai Cha	annel rate is applicat	TEELIC	0.00	0.00									┨────┤
		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month			OH3MS	TEFHJ	0.00	0.00									╂────┤
	MULTIF	LEXERS			0.10000	1 1 10	0.00	0.00				1					├ ───┤
ı		-	l	۱													

LOCA	l inte	RCONNECTION - Kentucky												Attach	ment: 3	Exhi	bit: A
												Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
												Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
			Interi									Elec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEG	ORY	RATE ELEMENTS	m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES (\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
														Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
														1st	Add'l	Disc 1st	Disc Add'l
							Rec	Nonrec	urring	Nonrecurring	Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		
							First Add'l First Add'l					SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
	Channelization - DS1 to DS0 Channel System OH1, OH1MS S					SATN1	113.33	101.40	71.60	13.79	13.04						
		DS3 to DS1 Channel System per month			OH3, OH3MS	SATNS	158.20	199.23	118.62	50.16	48.59						
		DS3 Interface Unit (DS1 COCI) per month			OH1, OH1MS	SATCO	11.80	10.07	7.08								

LOCA		RCONNECTION - Louisiana												Attach	ment: 3	Exhi	bit: A
												Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
												Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
												Eloc	Manually	Manual Svo	Manual Svo	Manual Svo	Manual Svo
CATEG	ORY	RATE ELEMENTS	Interi	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES (\$)					Order vo	Order ve	Order vo	Order vo
	•		m	_0.10	200							per LSR	perLSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
														Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
														1st	Add1	DISC 1St	DISC Add I
							Rec	Nonrec	curring	Nonrecurrin	g Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		
								First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
LOCAL	INTERC	CONNECTION (CALL TRANSPORT AND TERMINATION)															
	INTERC	ARRIER COMPENSATION FOR ISP-BOUND TRAFFIC															
		Composite Rate for ISP-Bound Traffic, per MOU (Effective Date															
		through June 13, 2003)					0.001										
		Composite Rate for ISP-Bound Traffic, per MOU (June 14, 2003															
		through Expiration Date)					0.0007										
	INTERC	ARRIER COMPENSATION FOR LOCAL TRAFFIC, LOCAL TRA	NSIT T	RAFFI	C, AND MTA TRAFFI	C											
	END OF	FICE SWITCHING															
		End Office Switching Function, Per MOU			OHD		0.002048										
	TANDE	M SWITCHING			-												
		Tandem Switching Function Per MOU			OHD		0.0005507										
		Multiple Tandem Switching, per MOU (applies to intial tandem															
		only)			OHD		0.0005507										
	* This c	harge is applicable only to transit traffic and is applied in add	dition to	o applio	cable switching and/	or interconn	ection charges										
	TRUNK	CHARGE			0.115	700			=0.00								
		Installation Trunk Side Service - per DS0			OHD	TPP++	0.00	334.94	56.98								
		Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service-per DS0**			OHD	TDEOP	0.00										
		Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service-per DS1**			OH1 OH1MS	TDE1P	0.00				-						
		Dedicated Tandem Trunk Port Service-per DSU				TDW0P	0.00										
	** This	Dedicated landem Irunk Port Service-per DS1	:	Final Of	OHI OHIMS	IDWIP	0.00				-						
	COMM	rate element is recovered on a per MOU basis and is included	In the	Ena Or	fice Switching and I	andem Swit	ching, per MOC	J rate elements	5								
	COMING	Common Trongport, Der Mile, Der MOLL					0.0000022										
		Common Transport - Fer Mile, Fer MOU					0.0000032				ł						
	INTER	CONNECTION (DEDICATED TRANSPORT)			OND		0.0003740										
LOCAL	INTERC																
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 2-Wire Voice Grade -															
		Per Mile per month				11 5NE	0.013										
-		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport- 2- Wire Voice Grade -				TEON	0.010										
		Facility Termination per month			OHL. OHM	1L5NF	22.60	39.36	26.62								
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 56 kbps - per mile															
		per month			OHL. OHM	1L5NK	0.013										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 56 kbps - Facility															
		Termination per month			OHL. OHM	1L5NK	15.61	39.37	26.62								
<u> </u>		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 64 kbps - per mile								l	1	1			l		1
		per month		1	OHL, OHM	1L5NK	0.013										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 64 kbps - Facility									1						
		Termination per month		1	OHL, OHM	1L5NK	15.61	39.37	26.62								
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Channel - DS1 - Per Mile per															
		month			OH1, OH1MS	1L5NL	0.2652										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Tranport - DS1 - Facility															
		Termination per month		<u> </u>	OH1, OH1MS	1L5NL	70.47	86.69	79.44								
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - DS3 - Per Mile per															
		month			OH3, OH3MS	1L5NM	6.04										
1		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - DS3 - Facility		1													
		Termination per month			OH3, OH3MS	1L5NM	850.45	270.69	158.05		ļ						└───
ļ	LOCAL	CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT															
		Local Channel - Dedicated - 2-Wire Voice Grade per month	ļ		OHL, OHM	TEFV2	18.32	187.51	32.21		ļ						───
		Local Channel - Dedicated - 4-Wire Voice Grade per month		I	OHL, OHM	IEFV4	19.41	187.94	32.63		l						───
		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month			UH1	IEFHG	39.18	172.34	149.27		ļ						───
		Local Channel Dedicated DC2 Facility Termination				терци	400.44	400 40	050.00		1						
	1.004				013	IEFHJ	469.44	438.46	256.30		 						+
	NOTE	INTERCONNECTION MID-SPAN MEET		L Ch	annol rato io onnliasi				1					1		1	ł
	NUTE:	Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month	VICE LO			TEEHO	0.00	0.00	1		<u> </u>		-				ł
<u> </u>		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month			OH3MS	TEFHI	0.00	0.00	1		<u> </u>		-				ł
	мш те	PIEVERS					0.00	0.00			ł						ł
	NUCLI	LEALING	l	I		1					L	l			1		

LOCA	l inte	RCONNECTION - Louisiana												Attach	ment: 3	Exhi	bit: A
												Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
												Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
			Interi									Elec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEG	ORY	RATE ELEMENTS	m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES (\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
														Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
														1st	Add'l	Disc 1st	Disc Add'l
															•		
							Rec	Nonrec	urring	Nonrecurring	g Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		
								First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
	Channelization - DS1 to DS0 Channel System OH1, OH1MS SATN1					SATN1	105.09	88.41	60.76								
		DS3 to DS1 Channel System per month			OH3, OH3MS	SATNS	201.48	172.99	91.25								
		DS3 Interface Unit (DS1 COCI) per month			OH1, OH1MS	SATCO	11.78	6.39	4.58								

LOCA	L INTE	RCONNECTION - Mississippi												Attach	ment: 3	Exhi	bit: A
												Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
												Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
												Eloc	Manually	Manual Svo	Manual Svo	Manual Svo	Manual Svo
CATEG	ORY	RATE ELEMENTS	Interi	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES (\$)					Order vo	Order ve	Order vo	Order vo
	•		m	_0.10	200							per LSR	perLSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
														Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
														1st	Add1	DISC 1St	Disc Add'i
							Rec	Nonrec	curring	Nonrecurring	Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		
								First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
LOCAL	INTER	CONNECTION (CALL TRANSPORT AND TERMINATION)															
	INTERC	ARRIER COMPENSATION FOR ISP-BOUND TRAFFIC															
		Composite Rate for ISP-Bound Traffic, per MOU (Effective Date															
		through June 13, 2003)					0.001										
		Composite Rate for ISP-Bound Traffic, per MOU (June 14, 2003															
		through Expiration Date)					0.0007										
	INTERC	ARRIER COMPENSATION FOR LOCAL TRAFFIC, LOCAL TRA	NSIT T	RAFFI	C, AND MTA TRAFFI	C											
	END OF	FICE SWITCHING															
		End Office Switching Function, Per MOU			OHD		0.0011879										
	TANDE	M SWITCHING			-												
		Tandem Switching Function Per MOU			OHD		0.0005379										
		Multiple Tandem Switching, per MOU (applies to intial tandem															
		only)			OHD		0.0005379										
	* This c	harge is applicable only to transit traffic and is applied in add	dition to	o applio	cable switching and/	or interconn	ection charges										
	TRUNK	CHARGE			0.115	700			=0.00								
		Installation Trunk Side Service - per DS0			OHD	TPP++	0.00	334.11	56.98								
		Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service-per DS0**			OHD	TDE0P	0.00										
		Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service-per DS1**			OH1 OH1MS	TDE1P	0.00										
		Dedicated Tandem Trunk Port Service-per DSU ²²				TDW0P	0.00										
	** This	Dedicated landem Irunk Port Service-per DS1-	:	Final Of	OHI OHIMS		0.00										
		rate element is recovered on a per MOU basis and is included	In the	Ena Or	fice Switching and I	andem Swit	ching, per MOC	rate elements	5								
	CONIN	Common Trongport Bor Mile Bor MOLL					0.0000026										
		Common Transport - Fer Mile, Fer MOU					0.0000026										
							0.0004341										
LOCAL	INTER																
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 2-Wire Voice Grade -															
		Per Mile per month				11 5NF	0.0098										
-		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport- 2- Wire Voice Grade -				TEON	0.0000										
		Facility Termination per month			OHL. OHM	1L5NF	22.52	40.77	27.57	17.26	7.11						
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 56 kbps - per mile															
		per month			OHL. OHM	1L5NK	0.0098										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 56 kbps - Facility															
		Termination per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NK	15.68	40.78	27.57	17.26	7.11						
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 64 kbps - per mile								_							
		per month		1	OHL, OHM	1L5NK	0.0098										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 64 kbps - Facility															
1		Termination per month		1	OHL, OHM	1L5NK	15.68	40.78	27.57	17.26	7.11						
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Channel - DS1 - Per Mile per															
		month			OH1, OH1MS	1L5NL	0.201										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Tranport - DS1 - Facility															
		Termination per month			OH1, OH1MS	1L5NL	57.33	89.79	82.28	16.86	14.90						
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - DS3 - Per Mile per															
		month		<u> </u>	OH3, OH3MS	1L5NM	4.76										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - DS3 - Facility															
		Termination per month			OH3, OH3MS	1L5NM	641.90	280.37	163.70	62.08	60.29						
	LOCAL	CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT				L											
		Local Channel - Dedicated - 2-Wire Voice Grade per month			OHL, OHM	TEFV2	14.91	194.22	33.36	37.79	3.30						
		Local Channel - Dedicated - 4-Wire Voice Grade per month			OHL, OHM	TEFV4	15.99	194.66	33.80	38.27	3.78						
		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month			OH1	TEFHG	36.83	178.50	154.61	22.89	15.74						
					0.10		110.57	154.10	004	100.00	00.10						
L		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 Facility Termination per month	L		UH3	IEFHJ	413.87	454.13	264.47	123.23	86.19		ļ				
	LUCAL	INTERCONNECTION MID-SPAN MEET					├ ──── │										
	NOTE:	T Access service ride Mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed ser	VICE LO	cal Cha	annei rate is applicat	DIE.	0.00	0.00									
		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month				TEEUT	0.00	0.00									
	MIII T''	Local Ghannel - Dedicated - D53 per month			ULI 3INIS	IEFHJ	0.00	0.00									
		LEVERO															

LOCA	l inte	RCONNECTION - Mississippi												Attach	ment: 3	Exhi	bit: A
												Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
												Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
			Interi									Elec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEG	ORY	RATE ELEMENTS	m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES (\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
														Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
												1st	Add'l	Disc 1st	Disc Add'l		
							Rec	Nonrec	urring	Nonrecurring	Disconnect			oss	Rates(\$)		
							Rec Nonrecurring Nonrecurring Disconnect First Add'I First Add'I						SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
		Channelization - DS1 to DS0 Channel System			OH1, OH1MS	SATN1	Prist Add 1 Prist Add 1 102.85 91.57 62.94 10.87 10.10										
		DS3 to DS1 Channel System per month			OH3, OH3MS	SATNS	170.63	179.17	94.52	34.30	32.82						
		DS3 Interface Unit (DS1 COCI) per month			OH1, OH1MS	SATCO	12.96	6.62	4.74								

LOCA	L INTE	RCONNECTION - North Carolina												Attach	ment: 3	Exhi	bit: A
CATEG	ORY	RATE ELEMENTS	Interi m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES (\$)			Svc Order Submitted Elec per LSR	Svc Order Submitted Manually per LSR	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- 1st	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Add'I	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Disc 1st	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Disc Add'I
							Rec	Nonrec First	urring Add'l	Nonrecurrin First	g Disconnect Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	OSS SOMAN	Rates(\$) SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
LOCAL	INTERC	CONNECTION (CALL TRANSPORT AND TERMINATION)															
	INTERC	ARRIER COMPENSATION FOR ISP-BOUND TRAFFIC															
		Composite Rate for ISP-Bound Traffic, per MOU (Effective Date through June 13, 2003)					0.001										
		Composite Rate for ISP-Bound Traffic, per MOU (June 14, 2003 through Expiration Date)					0.0007										
	INTERC	ARRIER COMPENSATION FOR LOCAL TRAFFIC, LOCAL TRA	ANSIT T	RAFFIC	C, AND MTA TRAFFI	с	0.0001										
	END OF	FICE SWITCHING															
		End Office Switching Function, Per MOU			OHD		0.00173										
	TANDE	M SWITCHING															
		Tandem Switching Function Per MOU			OHD		0.0012										
		Multiple Tandem Switching, per MOU (applies to intial tandem															
-		only)			OHD		0.0012										
	* This c	harge is applicable only to transit traffic and is applied in add	dition to	o applio	cable switching and/	or interconn	ection charges				-	-					
	TRUNK	CHARGE				TOD		222 54	50.00		-						
		Installation Trunk Side Service - per DS0					0.00	333.54	56.66								
		Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service-per DS0					0.00				ł	1		-		-	
		Dedicated End Once Hunk Port Service-per DOT				TDW0P	0.00										
-		Dedicated Tandem Trunk Port Service-per DS0			OH1 OH1MS	TDW1P	0.00				1	1					
-	** This	rate element is recovered on a per MOU basis and is included	in the	End Of	fice Switching and T	andem Swit	ching, per MOL	rate elements	6		1	1					
	COMMO	ON TRANSPORT (Shared)			y		3/1										
		Common Transport - Per Mile, Per MOU			OHD		0.00001										
		Common Transport - Facilities Termination Per MOU			OHD		0.00034										
LOCAL	INTERO	CONNECTION (DEDICATED TRANSPORT)															
	INTERC	OFFICE CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT															
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 2-Wire Voice Grade - Per Mile per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NF	0.0282										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport- 2- Wire Voice Grade -				11 5NE	18.00	137 /8	52 58								
-		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 56 kbps - per mile				TEON	10.00	107.40	02.00		1						
		per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NK	0.0282										
		Termination per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NK	17.40	137.48	52.58								
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 64 kbps - per mile per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NK	0.0282										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 64 kbps - Facility				11 5NK	17.40	137 /0	52 59								
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Channel - DS1 - Per Mile per						107.40	52.50			1					
		month Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Tranport - DS1 - Facility			UH1, UH1MS	1L5NL	0.5753										
		Termination per month Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - DS3 - Per Mile per		\vdash	OH1, OH1MS	1L5NL	71.29	217.17	163.75								
		month			OH3, OH3MS	1L5NM	12.98										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - DS3 - Facility Termination per month			OH3, OH3MS	1L5NM	720.38	<u>794.9</u> 4	579.55								
	LOCAL	CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT															
		Local Channel - Dedicated - 2-Wire Voice Grade per month			OHL, OHM	TEFV2	11.24	553.80	89.69								
L		Local Channel - Dedicated - 4-Wire Voice Grade per month			OHL, OHM	TEFV4	12.03	562.23	92.67								
L		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month	ļ		UH1	IEFHG	27.05	534.48	462.69		ļ						
		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 Facility Termination per month			ОНЗ	TEFHJ	298.92	438.46	256.30								
	LOCAL	INTERCONNECTION MID-SPAN MEET															
	NOTE:	f Access service ride Mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed ser	vice Lo	cal Cha	annel rate is applicat	ble.					ļ	ļ					
		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month			OH1MS	TEFHG	0.00	0.00			 						
	MULT	Local Ghannel - Dedicated - DS3 per month			0131013	IEFHJ	0.00	0.00			<u> </u>						
L		LEALNO	L	1							1	1		l		l	

LOCAL INTE	ERCONNECTION - North Carolina												Attach	ment: 3	Exhi	bit: A
											Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
											Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
		Interi	_								Elec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEGORY	RATE ELEMENTS	m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES (\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
											Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-		
													1st	Add'l	Disc 1st	Disc Add'l
						_										
						Rec	Nonrec	urring	Nonrecurring	Disconnect			055	Rates(\$)	-	
						First Add'l First Add'l						SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
	Channelization - DS1 to DS0 Channel System			OH1, OH1MS	SATN1	146.69	197.78	140.06								
	DS3 to DS1 Channel System per month			OH3, OH3MS	SATNS	233.10										
	DS3 Interface Unit (DS1 COCI) per month			OH1, OH1MS	SATCO	16.07	13.09	9.38								

LOCA		RCONNECTION - South Carolina												Attach	ment: 3	Exhi	bit: A
												Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
												Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
												Flec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEG	ORY	RATE ELEMENTS	Interi	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES (\$)			nor I SP	ner I SP	Order vs	Order vs	Order ve	Order vs
	-		m						- (1)			per Lok	perLon	Electronic	Electronic	Electronic	Electronic-
														Liectronic-	Electronic-	Dies 1st	Disc Add!
														ist	Add I	DISC 1St	DISC Add I
							Rec	Nonrec	curring	Nonrecurring	J Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		
								First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
LOCAL	INTERO	CONNECTION (CALL TRANSPORT AND TERMINATION)															
	INTERC	CARRIER COMPENSATION FOR ISP-BOUND TRAFFIC															
		Composite Rate for ISP-Bound Traffic, per MOU (Effective Date															
		through June 13, 2003)					0.001										
		Composite Rate for ISP-Bound Traffic, per MOU (June 14, 2003					0.0007										
				DAEEL			0.0007										
		CARRIER COMPENSATION FOR LOCAL TRAFFIC, LOCAL TRA		KAFFI	5, AND MITA TRAFFI												
	END OF						0.0012655										
							0.0012033										
	TANDE	Tandem Switching Function Per MOLL			ОНО		0.000736										
		Multiple Tandem Switching, per MOU (applies to initial tandem			0.15		0.0007.00										
		only)			ОНD		0.000736										
-	* This c	barge is applicable only to transit traffic and is applied in add	dition to	o applio	cable switching and/	or interconn	ection charges										
	TRUNK	CHARGE			and officially and		gee										
		Installation Trunk Side Service - per DS0			OHD	TPP++		335.14	57.16								
		Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service-per DS0**			OHD	TDE0P	0.00										
		Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service-per DS1**			0H1 OH1MS	TDE1P	0.00										
		Dedicated Tandem Trunk Port Service-per DS0**			OHD	TDW0P	0.00										
		Dedicated Tandem Trunk Port Service-per DS1**			OH1 OH1MS	TDW1P	0.00										
	** This	rate element is recovered on a per MOU basis and is included	in the	End Of	fice Switching and T	andem Swit	ching, per MOL	I rate elements	8								
	COMMO	ON TRANSPORT (Shared)															
		Common Transport - Per Mile, Per MOU			OHD		0.0000045										
		Common Transport - Facilities Termination Per MOU			OHD		0.0004095										
LOCAL	INTERO	CONNECTION (DEDICATED TRANSPORT)															
	INTERC	OFFICE CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT															
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 2-Wire Voice Grade -															
		Per Mile per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NF	0.0167										
		Interonice Channel - Dedicated Transport- 2- wire voice Grade -					24.20	40.62	07.47	16 77	6.01						
		Facility Termination per month			UHL, UHM	TLONF	24.30	40.63	27.47	10.77	6.91						
		ner month				11 5NK	0.0167										
		Intereffice Channel Dedicated Transport 56 kbps Eacility				LONK	0.0107										
		Termination per month			ОНІ ОНМ	11 5NK	16.76	40.63	27 17	16 77	6 01						
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 64 kbps - per mile			OTIL, OTIM	TESININ	10.70	40.05	27.47	10.77	0.31						
		ner month			ОНІ ОНМ	11.5NK	0.0167										
-		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 64 kbps - Facility					0.0.07										
		Termination per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NK	16.76	40.63	27.47	16.77	6.91						
<u> </u>		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Channel - DS1 - Per Mile per											1		İ		İ
		month			OH1, OH1MS	1L5NL	0.3415										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Tranport - DS1 - Facility															
		Termination per month			OH1, OH1MS	1L5NL	77.14	89.47	81.99	16.39	14.48						
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - DS3 - Per Mile per															
		month			OH3, OH3MS	1L5NM	8.02										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - DS3 - Facility															
		Termination per month			OH3, OH3MS	1L5NM	880.65	279.37	163.12	60.33	58.59						
L	LOCAL	CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT	l					(00 =-									
<u> </u>		Local Channel - Dedicated - 2-Wire Voice Grade per month				IEFV2	15.33	193.53	33.24	36.72	3.21						
		Local Channel - Dedicated - 4-Wire Voice Grade per month					16.54	193.97	33.68	37.19	3.68						
		Local Ghannel - Deulcaleu - Do I per month			UTT	IEFIG	42.02	177.07	154.06	22.24	15.30			1		1	
		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 Facility Termination per month			ОНЗ	TEEHI	116.00	452 52	261 52	110 75	83 77						
		INTERCONNECTION MID-SPAN MEET			0.10	LIIJ	-++0.00	+02.02	204.33	119.75	03.77						
<u> </u>	NOTE	If Access service ride Mid-Span Meet, one-half the tariffed ser	viceIn	cal Ch	annel rate is annlical	ble.											
-		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month			OH1MS	TEFHG	0.00	0.00							1		1
-		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 per month			OH3MS	TEFHJ	0.00	0.00							1		1
<u> </u>	MULTIF	PLEXERS			-												
															•		•

LOCAL INTE	ERCONNECTION - South Carolina												Attach	ment: 3	Exhi	bit: A
											Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
											Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
		Interi									Elec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEGORY	RATE ELEMENTS	m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES (\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
													Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
													1st	Add'l	Disc 1st	Disc Add'l
						Rec	Nonrec	urring	Nonrecurring	Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		
							First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
	Channelization - DS1 to DS0 Channel System			OH1, OH1MS	SATN1	107.57	91.24	62.71	10.56	9.81						
	DS3 to DS1 Channel System per month			OH3, OH3MS	SATNS	144.02	178.54	94.18	33.33	31.90						
	DS3 Interface Unit (DS1 COCI) per month			OH1, OH1MS	SATCO	8.64	6.59	4.73								

LOCA	L INTE	RCONNECTION - Tennessee												Attach	ment: 3	Exhi	bit: A
CATEG	iory	RATE ELEMENTS	Interi m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES (\$)			Svc Order Submitted Elec per LSR	Svc Order Submitted Manually per LSR	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- 1st	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Add'I	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Disc 1st	Incremental Charge - Manual Svc Order vs. Electronic- Disc Add'I
								Nonrec	curring	Nonrecurring	Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		
							Rec	First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
LOCAL	INTERO	CONNECTION (CALL TRANSPORT AND TERMINATION)															
	INTERC	ARRIER COMPENSATION FOR ISP-BOUND TRAFFIC															
		Composite Rate for ISP-Bound Traffic, per MOU (Effective Date															
		through June 13, 2003)					0.001										
		Composite Rate for ISP-Bound Traffic, per MOU (June 14, 2003															
		through Expiration Date)					0.0007										
	INTERC	ARRIER COMPENSATION FOR LOCAL TRAFFIC, LOCAL TRA	NSIT T	RAFFI	C, AND MTA TRAFFI	C											
	END OF	FICE SWITCHING															
		End Office Switching Function, Per MOU			OHD		0.0008041										
	TANDE	M SWITCHING															
		Tandem Switching Function Per MOU			OHD		0.0009778										
		Multiple Tandem Switching, per MOU (applies to initial tandem					0.0000770										
	* 71 .	oniy)			OHD		0.0009778										
		narge is applicable only to transit traffic and is applied in add	altion to	o appilo	cable switching and/	or interconn	ection charges										
	TRUNK	CHARGE						224.20	57.01								
		Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service per DS0					0.00	334.29	57.01								
		Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service-per DS0					0.00										
		Dedicated End Once Hunk Fort Service-per DOT					0.00										
		Dedicated Tandem Trunk Port Service-per D50			OH1 OH1MS	TDW1P	0.00										
-	** This	rate element is recovered on a per MOU basis and is included	in the	End Of	fice Switching and T	andem Swit	ching, per MOL	I rate elements									
-	COMM	ON TRANSPORT (Shared)		1	iee ennening and i		oning, por not		-								
		Common Transport - Per Mile, Per MOU			OHD		0.0000064										
		Common Transport - Facilities Termination Per MOU			OHD		0.0003871										
LOCAL	INTERC	CONNECTION (DEDICATED TRANSPORT)			-												
	INTERC	FFICE CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT															
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 2-Wire Voice Grade -															
		Per Mile per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NF	0.0174										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport- 2- Wire Voice Grade -															
		Facility Termination per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NF	18.58	55.39	17.37	27.96	3.51						
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 56 kbps - per mile															
		per month			ohl, ohm	1L5NK	0.0174										
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 56 kbps - Facility															
		Termination per month			OHL, OHM	1L5NK	17.98	55.39	17.37	27.96	3.51						
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - 64 kbps - per mile					0.0474										
		per month Interoffice Channel Dedicated Transport 64 kbps Essilia			UHL, UHM	IL5NK	0.0174										
		Termination per month				11 5NK	17.09	55 20	17 27	27.06	2 F1	1					
ŀ		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Channel DS1 Der Mila per				LOININ	17.98	00.09	17.37	21.90	3.31						
		month			OH1 OH1MS	11.5NI	0 3562					1					
-		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Tranport - DS1 - Facility				0	0.0002										1
		Termination per month			OH1, OH1MS	1L5NL	77.86	112.40	76.27	19.55	14.99	1					
<u> </u>		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - DS3 - Per Mile per													1		1
		month			OH3, OH3MS	1L5NM	2.34					1					
		Interoffice Channel - Dedicated Transport - DS3 - Facility															
		Termination per month			OH3, OH3MS	1L5NM	848.99	395.29	176.56	109.04	105.91						
	LOCAL	CHANNEL - DEDICATED TRANSPORT															
		Local Channel - Dedicated - 2-Wire Voice Grade per month			OHL, OHM	TEFV2	19.43	199.33	24.16	54.81	4.80						
ļ		Local Channel - Dedicated - 4-Wire Voice Grade per month			OHL, OHM	TEFV4	20.56	201.53	24.83	55.52	5.51						
		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month			OH1	TEFHG	40.99	277.35	233.26	33.18	22.30						
					0.10				aa 4								
	000	Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3 Facility Termination per month		I	UH3	IEFHJ	611.30	595.37	304.50	215.82	151.15						
	LOCAL	INTERCONNECTION MID-SPAN MEET															
<u> </u>	NUTE:	access service ride Mid-Span Meet, one-nait the tariffed ser	VICE LO	cal Cha	annei rate is applicat		0.00	0.00									
		Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1 per month			OH3MS	TEFHI	0.00	0.00									
	мш ти	PIEVen on annoi - Deuloaieu - Dos per montin			0110100	I LI IIJ	0.00	0.00									
		Channelization - DS1 to DS0 Channel System		<u> </u>	OH1. OH1MS	SATN1	80.77	141.87	77.11	44.47	42.62						
						-		01							1		

LOCAL INTE	RCONNECTION - Tennessee												Attach	ment: 3	Exhi	bit: A
											Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
											Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
		Interi									Elec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEGORY	RATE ELEMENTS	m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES (\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
													Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
													1st	Add'l	Disc 1st	Disc Add'l
						Bee	Nonrecurring Nonrecurring Disconnect						OSS	Rates(\$)		
						Rec	Rec First Add'l First Add'l				SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
	DS3 to DS1 Channel System per month			OH3, OH3MS	SATNS	222.98	308.03	108.47	6.34	4.23						
	DS3 Interface Unit (DS1 COCI) per month			OH1, OH1MS	SATCO	17.58 6.07 4.66										

ODUF/ADU	F/EODUF/CMDS - Alabama												Attach	ment: 7	Exhi	bit: A
											Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
											Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
		Interi									Elec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEGORY	RATE ELEMENTS	m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES(\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
												-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
													1st	Add'l	Disc 1st	Disc Add'l
						Dee	Nonre	curring	Nonrecurring	g Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		•
						Rec	First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
ODUF/ADUF/	DEDUF/CMDS															
ACCE	SS DAILY USAGE FILE (ADUF)															
	ADUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.001851										
	ADUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.000113										
OPTIC	NAL DAILY USAGE FILE (ODUF)															
	ODUF: Recording, per message				N/A	0.000011										
	ODUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.002499										
	ODUF: Message Processing, per Magnetic Tape provisioned				N/A	35.76										
	ODUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.000094										
CENT	RALIZED MESSAGE DISTRIBUTION SERVICE (CMDS)															
	CMDS: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.004										
	CMDS: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message	N/A	0.001													
ENHA	NCED OPTIONAL DAILY USAGE FILE (EODUF)															
	EODUF: Message Processing, per message	N/A	0.222067													

ODUF/ADU	F/EODUF/CMDS - Florida												Attach	ment: 7	Exhil	bit: A
											Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
											Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
		Interi									Elec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEGORY	RATE ELEMENTS	m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES(\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
											-	-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
													1st	Add'l	Disc 1st	Disc Add'l
						Dee	Nonre	curring	Nonrecurring	g Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		
						Rec	First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
ODUF/ADUF/	DEDUF/CMDS															
ACCE	SS DAILY USAGE FILE (ADUF)															
	ADUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.001656										
	ADUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.0001245										
OPTIC	NAL DAILY USAGE FILE (ODUF)															
	ODUF: Recording, per message				N/A	0.0000071										
	ODUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.002146										
	ODUF: Message Processing, per Magnetic Tape provisioned				N/A	35.91										
	ODUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.00010375										
CENT	RALIZED MESSAGE DISTRIBUTION SERVICE (CMDS)															
	CMDS: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.004										
					N/A	0.001										
FNHA	NCED OPTIONAL DAILY USAGE FILE (FODUE)				11/0	0.001										
	EQDUE: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.080698										

ODUF/ADU	F/EODUF/CMDS - Georgia												Attach	ment: 7	Exhil	bit: A
											Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
											Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
		Interi									Elec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEGORY	RATE ELEMENTS	m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES(\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
											-	-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
													1st	Add'l	Disc 1st	Disc Add'l
						Dee	Nonre	curring	Nonrecurring	g Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		
						Rec	First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
ODUF/ADUF/	DEDUF/CMDS															
ACCE	SS DAILY USAGE FILE (ADUF)															
	ADUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.0079506										
	ADUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.0000434										
OPTIC	NAL DAILY USAGE FILE (ODUF)															
	ODUF: Recording, per message				N/A	0.0000090										
	ODUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.0046462										
	ODUF: Message Processing, per Magnetic Tape provisioned				N/A	28.85										
	ODUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.0000434										
CENT	RALIZED MESSAGE DISTRIBUTION SERVICE (CMDS)															
	CMDS: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.004										
	CMDS: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT) per message				N/A	0.001										
ENHA	NCED OPTIONAL DAILY USAGE FILE (EODUF)					0.001										
	EODUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.0034555										

ODUF.	ADUF	/EODUF/CMDS - Kentucky												Attach	ment: 7	Exhi	bit: A
												Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
												Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
			Interi									Elec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEG	ORY	RATE ELEMENTS	m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES(\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
														Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
														1st	Add'l	Disc 1st	Disc Add'l
							Dee	Nonre	curring	Nonrecurring	g Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		
							Rec	First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
ODUF/A	DUF/O	EDUF/CMDS															
	ACCES	S DAILY USAGE FILE (ADUF)															
		ADUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.001857										
		ADUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.00012447										
	OPTIO	VAL DAILY USAGE FILE (ODUF)															
		ODUF: Recording, per message				N/A	0.0000136										
		ODUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.002506										
		ODUF: Message Processing, per Magnetic Tape provisioned				N/A	35.90										
		ODUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.00010372										
	CENTR	ALIZED MESSAGE DISTRIBUTION SERVICE (CMDS)															
		CMDS: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.004										
		CMDS: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.001										
	ENHAN	CED OPTIONAL DAILY USAGE FILE (EODUF)		1			0.001										
		EODUF: Message Processing, per message		1		N/A	0.235889										

ODUF/AD	DUF/EODUF/CMDS - Louisiana												Attach	ment: 7	Exhil	bit: A
											Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
											Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
		Interi									Elec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEGOR	Y RATE ELEMENTS	m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES(\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
											-	-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
													1st	Add'l	Disc 1st	Disc Add'l
						Dee	Nonre	curring	Nonrecurring	g Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		•
						Rec	First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
ODUF/ADU	F/OEDUF/CMDS															
AC	CESS DAILY USAGE FILE (ADUF)															
	ADUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.001825										
	ADUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.00012147										
OP	TIONAL DAILY USAGE FILE (ODUF)															
	ODUF: Recording, per message				N/A	0.0000117										
	ODUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.002446										
	ODUF: Message Processing, per Magnetic Tape provisioned				N/A	35.54										
	ODUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.00010122										
CE	NTRALIZED MESSAGE DISTRIBUTION SERVICE (CMDS)															
	CMDS: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.004										
					NI/A	0.001										
EN			1		IN/A	0.001										
	EODUE: Mossage Processing, per mossage				NI/A	0 220770										
	LODOL . Message Flocessing, per message				11//1	0.229119										

ODUF/ADU	F/EODUF/CMDS - Mississippi									Attach	ment: 7	Exhibit: A				
											Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
											Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
		Interi									Elec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEGORY	RATE ELEMENTS	m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES(\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
													Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
													1st	Add'l	Disc 1st	Disc Add'l
						Bee	Nonre	curring	Nonrecurring	g Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		•
						Rec	First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
ODUF/ADUF/	OEDUF/CMDS															
ACCE	SS DAILY USAGE FILE (ADUF)															
	ADUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.001861										
	ADUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.00012278										
OPTIC	DNAL DAILY USAGE FILE (ODUF)															
	ODUF: Recording, per message				N/A	0.0000063										
	ODUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.002509										
	ODUF: Message Processing, per Magnetic Tape provisioned				N/A	35.97										
	ODUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.00010232										
CENT	RALIZED MESSAGE DISTRIBUTION SERVICE (CMDS)															
	CMDS: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.004										
					N/A	0.001										
ENHA	NCED OPTIONAL DAILY USAGE FILE (EODUF)	1				0.001								<u> </u>		
	EODUF: Message Processing, per message	1			N/A	0.234915										

ODUF/ADU	JF/EODUF/CMDS - North Carolina								Attach	ment: 7	Exhil	bit: A				
		Interi									Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
											Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
											Elec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEGORY	RATE ELEMENTS	m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES(\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
													Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
													1st	Add'l	Disc 1st	Disc Add'l
						Dee	Nonre	curring	Nonrecurring	g Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		•
						Rec	First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
ODUF/ADUF/OEDUF/CMDS																
ACC	ESS DAILY USAGE FILE (ADUF)															
	ADUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.001825										
	ADUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.00012147										
OPT	ONAL DAILY USAGE FILE (ODUF)															
	ODUF: Recording, per message				N/A	0.0000117										
	ODUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.002446										
	ODUF: Message Processing, per Magnetic Tape provisioned				N/A	35.54										
	ODUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.00004										
CENTRALIZED MESSAGE DISTRIBUTION SERVICE (CMDS)																
	CMDS: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.004										
	CMDS: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT) per message				N/A	0.001										
ENH	ANCED OPTIONAL DAILY USAGE FILE (EODUF)					0.001			1		1					
	EODUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.2285406								1		İ

ODUF/AD	UF/EODUF/CMDS - South Carolina												Attach	ment: 7	Exhil	bit: A
											Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
											Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
		Interi									Elec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEGORY	RATE ELEMENTS	m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES(\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
													Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
		1											1st	Add'l	Disc 1st	Disc Add'l
						Bee	Nonre	curring	Nonrecurring	g Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		
						Rec	First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
ODUF/ADUF	/OEDUF/CMDS															
ACC	ESS DAILY USAGE FILE (ADUF)															
	ADUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.001856										
	ADUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.00012515										
OPT	IONAL DAILY USAGE FILE (ODUF)															
	ODUF: Recording, per message				N/A	0.0000216										
	ODUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.002508										
	ODUF: Message Processing, per Magnetic Tape provisioned				N/A	35.84										
	ODUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.00010429										
CEN	TRALIZED MESSAGE DISTRIBUTION SERVICE (CMDS)															
	CMDS: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.004										
	CMDS: Data Transmission (CONNECT: DIPECT), por moscogo					0.001										
ENH	ANCED OPTIONAL DAILY USAGE FILE (EODIJE)		+		11/7	0.001										
			+		Ν/Δ	0.2/1208					+					
	Lobol Moddage Hooddanig, per meddadge				1 10/7 1	0.241230								1		

ODUF/AD	UF/EODUF/CMDS - Tennessee									Attach	ment: 7	Exhibit: A				
											Svc Order	Svc Order	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental	Incremental
	RATE ELEMENTS										Submitted	Submitted	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -	Charge -
		Interi									Elec	Manually	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc	Manual Svc
CATEGOR		m	Zone	BCS	USOC			RATES(\$)			per LSR	per LSR	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.	Order vs.
											-	-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-	Electronic-
													1st	Add'l	Disc 1st	Disc Add'l
						Dee	Nonre	curring	Nonrecurring	g Disconnect			OSS	Rates(\$)		
						Rec	First	Add'l	First	Add'l	SOMEC	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN	SOMAN
ODUF/ADU	F/OEDUF/CMDS															
AC	CESS DAILY USAGE FILE (ADUF)															
	ADUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.001825										
	ADUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.00012147										
OP	TIONAL DAILY USAGE FILE (ODUF)															
	ODUF: Recording, per message				N/A	0.0000044										
	ODUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.0024460										
	ODUF: Message Processing, per Magnetic Tape provisioned				N/A	35.54										
	ODUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.0000339										
CE	NTRALIZED MESSAGE DISTRIBUTION SERVICE (CMDS)															
	CMDS: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.004										
	CMDS: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message				N/A	0.001										
EN	HANCED OPTIONAL DAILY USAGE FILE (EODUF)	1														
	EODUF: Message Processing, per message				N/A	0.229779			Ì							