COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In the Matter of:

ELECTRONIC APPLICATION OF)
NORTHERN KENTUCKY WATER DISTRICT)
AND STOLL KEENON OGDEN PLLC FOR) CASE NO. 2022-00338
ACCREDITATION AND APPROVAL OF A)
PROPOSED WATER DISTRICT)
MANAGEMENT TRAINING PROGRAM)

APPLICATION

Northern Kentucky Water District ("NKWD") and Stoll Keenon Ogden PLLC (collectively "Joint Applicants") jointly apply for an Order from the Public Service Commission accrediting and approving a proposed water district management training program pursuant to KRS 74.020 and 807 KAR 5:070.

In support of their application, the Joint Applicants state:

- 1. NKWD is a water district organized pursuant to KRS Chapter 74.
- 2. NKWD's mailing address is: 2835 Crescent Springs Road, Erlanger, Kentucky 41018-0640. Its email address is: tedge@nkywater.org.
- 3. NKWD provides retail water service to all or portions of Boone, Campbell, and Kenton Counties, Kentucky and provides wholesale water service to non-affiliated water distribution systems in Boone, Campbell, Kenton and Pendleton Counties, Kentucky.
- 4. NKWD is not a corporation, limited liability company or partnership. It has no articles of incorporation or partnership agreements.
- 5. Stoll Keenon Ogden PLLC is a Kentucky Limited Liability Company that was organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky on December 28, 2005 and is currently in good standing. It provides legal services to local, regional, national and international clients.

- 6. Stoll Keenon Ogden PLLC's mailing address is: 300 West Vine Street, Suite 2100, Lexington, Kentucky 40507-1801. Its email address for purposes of this Application is: gerald.wuetcher@skofirm.com.
- 7. The Joint Applicants propose to sponsor and conduct a water management training program on November 9, 2022 at NKWD's offices in Erlanger, Kentucky. The program is entitled "Northern Kentucky Water Training 2022." A copy of the proposed agenda is attached to this Application as **Exhibit 1**.
- 8. As reflected in Exhibit 1, the proposed training program will include presentations on recent developments in utility regulatory law, including a general overview of recent Kentucky court and Public Service Commission decisions; the statutory and regulatory requirements of the Public Service Commission related to the construction and financing of water and wastewater utility improvement projects; federal and state laws regarding sexual harassment in the workplace and how these laws affect water and wastewater utilities; the results of a survey conducted by the Kentucky Water Resources Research Institute assessing Kentucky's water utility workforce; a review of general litigation that water and wastewater utilities frequently face and strategies that can prevent such litigation or result in a successful defense; and a panel discussion on recurring legal issues present in the operation and management of water and wastewater systems. These presentations will enhance the attendees' understanding of relevant legal issues involved in the management, operation, and maintenance of water and wastewater systems and are calculated to enhance and improve the quality of the management, operation and maintenance of the attendees' water and wastewater systems.
- 9. The proposed training program consists of six hours of instruction and should be accredited and approved as water management training satisfying the requirements set forth in KRS 74.020(7) to establish a water district commissioner's eligibility for a maximum annual salary

of \$6,000. Joint Applicants are not requesting that the proposed training program be accredited as a program of instruction for newly appointed commissioners.

- 10. A biographical statement containing the name and relevant qualifications and credentials for each presenter is attached at **Exhibit 2** of this application.
- 11. The written materials to be provided to each attendee are attached at **Exhibit 3**. These materials are of the same type and nature as those previously provided at the accredited training program conducted at NKWD's offices for the past four years. The Joint Applicants will provide each attendee with a copy of each speaker's presentation. In addition, presenters may provide attendees with copies of applicable laws, regulations, Kentucky court decisions, and Public Service Commission orders. The Joint Applicants will include a copy of these materials with their sworn statement and report regarding the instruction. Should any presenter revise or amend his or her presentation prior to the presentation or provide additional written materials to the attendees, a copy of the revised presentation will also be submitted.
- 12. The Joint Applicants have applied or will shortly apply to the Kentucky Bar Association, the Division of Compliance Assistance, and the Department of Local Government for accreditation of the proposed training program for six hours of continuing education credit.
- 13. The Joint Applicants have sent notice of the proposed training program by electronic mail to the water districts and water associations that are under Public Service Commission jurisdiction as well as representatives of investor-owned and municipal utilities,

¹ See Application of Northern Kentucky Water District For Accreditation and Approval of A Proposed Water District Management Training Program, Case No. 2018-00091 (Ky. PSC May 9, 2018); Application of Northern Kentucky Water District For Accreditation and Approval of A Proposed Water District Management Training Program, Case No. 2017-00144 (Ky. PSC March 23, 2017); Application of Northern Kentucky Water District and Stoll Keenon Ogden PLLC For Accreditation and Approval of A Proposed Water District Management Training Program, Case No. 2016-00146 (Ky. PSC May 5, 2016); Application of Northern Kentucky Water District and Stoll Keenon Ogden PLLC For Accreditation and Approval of A Proposed Water District Management Training Program, Case No. 2015-00147 (Ky. PSC May 18, 2015).

county judge/executives, county attorneys, and members of the Kentucky Bar Association who are believed to have an interest in the proposed program's subject matter.

- 14. The Joint Applicants will retain a record of all water district commissioners attending the proposed training program.
- 15. No later than December 15, 2022, the Joint Applicants will file with the Public Service Commission a sworn statement:
 - a. Attesting that the accredited instruction was performed;
- b. Describing any changes in the presenters or the proposed program curriculum that occurred after certification; and,
- c. Containing the name of each attending water district commissioner, his or her water district, and the number of hours that he or she attended.
- 16. The Joint Applicants will include with the sworn statement documentary evidence of the program's certification for continuing education credit by certifying authorities and a copy of any written material provided to the attendees that is not included in this Application.
- 17. Joint Applicants will admit representatives of the Public Service Commission to the proposed training program at no charge to permit such representatives to assess the quality of the program's instruction, monitor the program's compliance with the Public Service Commission directives, regulations or other requirements, or perform any other supervisory functions that the Public Service Commission deems necessary.

WHEREFORE, the Joint Applicants request that the Public Service Commission approve and accredit the proposed training program entitled "Northern Kentucky Water Training 2022" for six hours of water district management training.

Dated: October 7, 2022

Respectfully submitted,

Gerald E. Wuetcher Stoll Keenon Ogden PLLC 300 West Vine Street, Suite 2100 Lexington, Kentucky 40507-1801 gerald.wuetcher@skofirm.com Telephone: (859) 231-3017

Fax: (859) 259-3517

Counsel for Stoll Keenon Ogden PLLC

Tom Edge (KBA #95534)
General Counsel
Manager of Legal, Compliance, and Regulatory
Affairs
Northern Kentucky Water District
2835 Crescent Springs Rd.
P.O. Box 18640
Erlanger, KY 41018
tedge@nkywater.org
Phone - 859-578-5457
Fax - 859-426-2770

Counsel for Northern Kentucky Water District

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

In accordance with 807 KAR 5:001, Section 8, and the Public Service Commission's Order of July 22, 2021 in Case No. 2020-00085, I certify that this document was transmitted to the Public Service Commission on October 7, 2022 and that there are currently no parties that the Public Service Commission has excused from participation by electronic means in this proceeding.

Gerald E. Wuetcher



Northern Kentucky Water Training Presented by

Northern Kentucky Water District & Stoll Keenon Ogden PLLC November 9, 2019

2835 Crescent Springs Road Erlanger, Kentucky

Morning Agenda

7:45 - 8:30	Registration an	nd Refreshments
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8:30 – 8:35 **Program Overview and Welcome**

8:35 – 9:35 Sexual Harassment and Respectful Workplace – Elizabeth S. Muyskens

Board members have a duty to adopt, periodically review, and oversee the enforcement of its policies. One such policy that is coming under close scrutiny is the duty of a utility to maintain a safe, respectful workplace that is free from unlawful discrimination, harassment, or retaliation for all employees. This presentation discusses the role of the Board and the role of Management in developing and implementing these best practices to foster a workplace environment that is the envy of other utilities.

9:35 – 9:45 **Break**

9:45 – 10:45 **Recent Developments in Utility Regulation – Damon Talley**

This presentation reviews recent developments in public utility law and regulation. Topics include unaccounted water loss, revisions to the Sales Tax laws concerning "Residential" exemptions, borrowing money, compliance with PSC Orders, keeping Minutes, and laws enacted by the 2022 General Assembly. The presenter will also examine and discuss recent court and PSC decisions.

10:45 – 10:55 **Break**

10:55 – 11:55 Litigation Involving Water Utilities – Todd Osterloh

Just like any other type of business, water utilities frequently face litigation. Waterline breaks, contracts, property disputes, employment actions, and termination of service can all give rise to an aggrieved party filing a complaint in Court. This session is designed to inform water-utility managers about various types of litigation involving government-owned water utilities and ideas that can lead to prevention or a successful defense.

11:55 – 12:30 **Lunch (Provided on site)**

Afternoon Agenda

12:30 – 1:30 Kentucky Water Workforce Survey Results – Donna McNeil and Valerie Lucas

As the water utility industry workforce continues to age, there is a national concern about the problem of recruiting and retaining workers. The UK Kentucky Water Resources Research Institute conducted two online surveys to assess Kentucky's water utility workforce. One survey collected feedback directly from operators while the second survey asked managers and decision makers to provide feedback from the perspective of the utility. The surveys were designed to identify the challenges and barriers that utilities face in recruiting and retaining drinking water and clean water operators. The presentation will summarize the results of each survey.

1:30 - 1:40 **Break**

1:40 – 2:40 Everything You Wanted to Know About Certificates of Public Convenience and Necessity and Debt Authorizations But Were Afraid to Ask – Gerald Wuetcher

This presentation reviews the requirements that water and wastewater utilities must meet when constructing new facilities and issuing the debt necessary to finance such construction. The presenter examines the method of analysis that the Public Service Commission has historically used to determine whether a proposed project requires a certificate of public convenience and necessity and exceptions to those requirements. The forms of project financing that require PSC approval and the evidence that must be presented to obtain such approval also be reviewed.

2:40 - 2:45 **Break**

2:45 – 3:45 Legal Issues in the Operation & Management of Water Systems – Panel Discussion - Panelists: Damon Talley, Gerald Wuetcher

A panel of attorneys will entertain audience questions regarding frequently recurring legal issues faced by water utilities. Discussion is expected to address KRS Chapter 74 and its effects on the management and operation of water districts, as well as other highly relevant statutory provisions, such as the Claims against Local Government Act, Bidding Requirements provision of KRS Chapter 424, Eminent Domain, Local Model Procurement Law, Whistle Blowers Act, and general laws related to special districts. Kentucky Public Service Commission regulatory requirements will also be discussed.

3:45 Closing Remarks/Administrative Announcements



VALERIE LUCAS

Valerie Lucas is the Executive Director of Clean Water Professionals of Kentucky and Tennessee (CWP-KT). Prior to serving as CWP-KT Executive Director, Valerie spent over a decade in the water sector as a consulting engineer. She is a licensed professional engineer in the state of Kentucky and holds a Bachelor and Master of Science in Civil Engineering from the University of Kentucky.

DONNA MCNEIL

Donna McNeil is a Research Engineer with the UK Kentucky Water Resources Research Institute (KWRRI). Prior to joining KWRRI, Donna was the Executive Director of the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority, during which she served on two Legislative Task Forces focused on Public Water and Wastewater Infrastructure and the Private Wastewater Systems. Her experience includes working as a compliance specialist with the Kentucky Rural Water Association and managing the Kentucky drinking water program at the Kentucky Division of Water. Donna has over 30 years of service helping drinking water and wastewater utilities staff, decision-makers, and consultants. Donna received a Bachelor of Science Degree in Civil Engineering from the University of Kentucky and has an Engineer-In-Training Certification in Kentucky.





Elizabeth S. Muyskens Direct Phone: 859.231.3626 elizabeth.muyskens@skofirm.com

BAR & COURT ADMISSIONS

U.S. Court Of Appeals, Sixth Circuit U.S. District Court, Eastern District Of Kentucky

U.S. District Court, Western District Of Kentucky

Kentucky

U.S. Court Of Appeals, Seventh Circuit United States Supreme Court

EDUCATION

University of Kentucky College of Law 2008, J.D., summa cum laude

University of Kentucky 2005, B.S., summa cum laude

RECOGNITION

Kentucky Rising Stars® Honoree, 2015-2022

Chambers USA, Leading Lawyer for Business, Labor & Employment, 2015-2016

Top Ranking Student in the Class Order of the Coif

Elizabeth S. Muyskens

Elizabeth is a Member in Stoll Keenon Ogden's Lexington office and has been with the firm since 2008. She is part of the Labor, Employment & Employee Benefits practice and represents employers in Kentucky and surrounding states. She counsels clients on workplace law issues, represents employers in administrative proceedings and is prepared to litigate matters when conflicts arise. Elizabeth also serves on the board of directors for the firm.

For her many legal accomplishments, Elizabeth has been honored as a "Rising Star" by Kentucky Super Lawyers® and named a "Leading Lawyer for Business" in her field by Chambers USA. Given her strong reputation and substantial expertise in employment law, Elizabeth is a frequent speaker at professional seminars.

Prior to joining SKO, while pursuing her undergraduate degree, Elizabeth worked for the U.S. Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of Kentucky.

Labor, Employment & Employee Benefits: Elizabeth coordinates with in-house counsel, human resources professionals and company leaders on employment agreements, internal investigations, personnel issues and a range of other concerns. She also represents employers in administrative proceedings and effectively argues cases in Court.

Work Highlights

Dismissal of Complaints

SKO sought dismissal of two complaints against a theological seminary, arguing that the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution prevents the Court from considering the matter. More specifically, SKO argued that because of the Free Exercise and Establishment Clauses, courts do not have jurisdiction over claims arising from the employment relationship between a religious institution and its ministerial employees. The Court granted summary judgment for the Seminary, and the Kentucky Court of Appeals confirmed each judgment.

Breach of Employee Covenant

SKO filed suit on behalf of a relocation and executive housing provider to enforce the covenants in an employment agreement and to recover damages. A competitor hired a former employee of our client and conspired with the employee to steal business from our client by misappropriating trade secrets and improperly utilizing confidential information.



Sturgill, Turner, Barker & Moloney, PLLC

333 West Vine Street, Suite 1500 Lexington, KY 40507 p: 859.255.8581 f: 859.231.0851 www.sturgillturner.com



M. TODD OSTERLOH

Member tosterloh@sturgillturner.com

EDUCATION

University of Kentucky, J.D. (2004) Kentucky Law Journal, Editor-in-Chief Western Kentucky University, B.A. (2001)

SERVICE AREAS

Government & Municipal Law Utilities & Energy

AFFILIATIONS

Kentucky Rural Water Association Kentucky Municipal Utilities Association Kentucky Bar Association American Bar Association Federal Bar Association Fayette County Bar Association

COMMUNITY OUTREACH

Leadership Frankfort, Class of 2012

ACCOLADES

Best Lawyers in America® Utilities Law Lexington Lawyer of the Year (2021) Best Lawyers in America® Utilities Law Todd's primary practice areas involve utility regulation and municipal defense. As a former Staff Attorney for the Kentucky Public Service Commission, Todd is well-equipped to represent utilities and intervenors in any case before the regulatory agency. He represents the second largest investor owned water utility in the Commonwealth, and has represented a number of municipal utilities before the Commission. Working closely with Jim Gardner, Todd has also represented solar developers, transmission companies, and other companies in the energy sector.

Todd has also represented more than two dozen municipalities in a wide variety of matters. He has represented Cities on cases ranging from a small 4-inch sanitary sewer service line to a massive 120-inch stormwater sewer line. Todd's municipal work extends beyond utilities. He also advises public agencies on eminent domain as well planning and zoning matters. He also frequently represents Cities and their law enforcement officers on cases alleging false arrest, malicious prosecution, abuse of force, wrongful death and wrongful conviction.

In addition to advising clients in utility and municipal law, Todd expanded his practice when he and his wife expanded their family. Since adopting a son several years ago, Todd has helped over a dozen families finalize the adoption of a child. Although adoptions are not a significant percentage of his practice, they are the most rewarding part of his practice.

EXPERIENCE

Represents an industry group on regulatory issues impacting commercial utility customers.

Represented public utilities and municipalities in rate cases before the Public Service Commission.

Successfully defended a public utility in a "show cause" investigation established by the Public Service Commission.

Assisted a water district in obtaining approval for Kentucky

Infrastructure Authority financing and a certificate of public convenience and necessity from the PSC.

Advised a water district on refund of sewer charges ordered by the Public Service Commission.

Represented a public utility and its corporate parents in an administrative case in which the entities received approval of a transfer of control.

Defended several municipalities in litigation involving sanitary sewer backups onto private property.

Advised a regional sanitation district on the legal duty of certain private property owners to pay storm water fees.

Obtained summary judgment on behalf of a municipality and its police officer on claims of false arrest and malicious prosecution in federal court.

Successfully briefed arguments related to municipal contracts on behalf of a municipality, its mayor, and city council members, for which the Kentucky Court of Appeals upheld dismissal of the plaintiff's complaint.

Secured a verdict in favor of his client in a forcible detainer bench trial in Fayette District Court.

Represented parents in adoption finalizations in Fayette, Franklin, Anderson, Jessamine and Scott Circuit Courts.

Law clerk to U.S. Magistrate Judge Tu Pham in Memphis, TN Supreme Court of the Republic of Palau, Court Counsel

SEMINARS

Problems with Public Records Requests, CLE presentation for the National Business Institute "Advanced Legal Issues Affecting Local Government and Municipalities: The Ultimate Guide" (November 2018)

Open Meetings and Public Hearing Law Changes, CLE presentation for the National Business Institute "Advanced Legal Issues Affecting Local Government and Municipalities: The Ultimate Guide" (November 2018)

Panel Discussion of Open Records/Open Meetings, CLE presentation for the Municipal Attorneys Association of Kentucky (MAAK) (May 2018)

Open Meetings Laws & Public Records Issues, CLE presentation for the National Business Institute "Ensuring Local Governments Comply with the Law" Seminar (2017, 2015, 2013)

Advanced Legal Issues Affecting Local Governments and Municipalities: An Ultimate Guide, National Business Institute CLE (December 2016)

Utility Rate Setting, presentation at the Kentucky League of Cities Annual Conference (October 2012)

Contracts between Cities and Public Utilities, CLE presentation for the Municipal Attorneys Association of Kentucky (MAAK) (October 2011)

Numerous CLE presentations on the Open Records and Meetings Acts at the Water Personnel Training Seminars hosted by the Public Service Commission.





Damon R. Talley Direct Phone: 270.358.3187 damon.talley@skofirm.com

BAR & COURT ADMISSIONS

Kentucky

U.S. District Court, Eastern District Of Kentucky
U.S. District Court, Western District Of Kentucky
United States Supreme Court

EDUCATION

University of Kentucky College of Law 1975, J.D.

University of Kentucky College of Engineering 1972. B.S.M.E.

RECOGNITION

Best Lawyers®, Lawyer of the Year (Lexington), Utilities Law, 2023

Best Lawyers®, Utilities Law, 2021-present

Sullivan Medallion, presented to Outstanding Graduating Student, University of Kentucky

Moot Court Board, President, University of Kentucky College of Law

Outstanding Student, University of Kentucky College of Engineering

Omicron Delta Kappa, President, University of Kentucky

Kentucky Association of Future Farmers of America, President

Outstanding Citizen Award, LaRue County Chamber of Commerce, 1990

Outstanding Citizen Award, Cave City Chamber of Commerce. 1981

Outstanding Citizen Award, Horse Cave Chambers of Commerce, 1979

Damon R. Talley

Damon joined Stoll Keenon Ogden's Utility & Energy practice as Of Counsel in 2015 and serves clients through the firm's Hodgenville, Lexington and Louisville offices.

Before his time at SKO, Damon worked for decades in private practice and has provided legal representation to public utilities throughout Kentucky. He has focused primarily on water utilities, and his deep expertise in drinking water has earned him a reputation statewide as a go-to legal resource in this area. Damon is general counsel of the Kentucky Rural Water Association and has served in this capacity since 1979.

Given his substantial experience, Damon is frequently called upon to speak at training sessions sponsored by the Kentucky Rural Water Association, Division of Water, Utility Management Institute and other utility groups in the state.

Damon is highly active in the local community and serves as a board member of several nonprofit organizations. He is a past board member of the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority. He was a charter member, long-time board member and two-term board chairman of the Kentucky FFA Foundation.

Utility & Energy: Damon represents public utility clients before federal and state courts at the trial and appellate levels. He handles matters such as rate adjustments, transfers of control, financing and construction applications, and consumer complaint proceedings.

Work Highlights

Damon serves as General Counsel of the Kentucky Rural Water Association and has served in this capacity since 1979.

Damon serves as General Counsel of the Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation and has served in this capacity since 1995.





Gerald E. Wuetcher
Direct Phone: 859.231.3017
gerald.wuetcher@skofirm.com

BAR & COURT ADMISSIONS

Kentucky

U.S. Court Of Appeals For The Armed Forces

U.S. District Court, Eastern District Of Kentucky

U.S. District Court, Western District Of Kentucky

EDUCATION

Emory University 1984, J.D.

Johns Hopkins University 1981, B.A.

RECOGNITION

Best Lawyers®, Utilities Law, 2021-present

Gerald E. Wuetcher

Jerry is Counsel to the Firm in Stoll Keenon Ogden's Lexington office and is part of the Utility & Energy practice. He joined the firm in 2014, after working for more than 26 years at the Kentucky Public Service Commission (PSC) as a staff attorney, deputy general counsel and executive advisor.

Over the course of his career, Jerry has frequently appeared before the PSC in administrative proceedings involving electric, natural gas, water and sewer utility issues and has represented the PSC in state and federal courts. He also served as the PSC's representative in several interagency groups addressing water and wastewater issues. He drafted amendments to various provisions of Kentucky's public utility statutes and revisions to the PSC's administrative regulations.

From 2009-2013, Jerry was PSC's representative on the board of the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority. He developed and implemented the PSC's training program for water utility officials and was an instructor for that program.

Jerry is a frequent speaker on utility and local government issues before such organizations as the Kentucky Rural Water Association, Kentucky League of Cities, Kentucky Association of Counties and Utility Management Institute.

Along with his significant experience in the realm of civilian law, Jerry served for 27 years in the U.S. Army as a judge advocate before retiring at the rank of colonel in 2011. He occupied numerous roles on active duty and in a reserve status.

Utility & Energy: Jerry concentrates on public utility law in Kentucky, but also participates in general and commercial litigation, transactions, employment concerns, securities issues and mergers and acquisitions involving gas, electric and water companies. He handles all facets of regulatory matters, including the negotiation of complex agreements and representation before state agencies and courts.

Work Highlights

Attorney, Kentucky Public Service Commission (1987-2014). Served as a staff attorney, deputy general counsel and executive advisor. Frequently appeared before the Commission in administrative proceedings involving electric, natural gas, water and sewer utility issues and represented the Commission in state and federal courts. Responsible for drafting and revising the Commission's regulations. Served as the Commission's representative in various interagency groups addressing water and wastewater issues. Served as the Commission's representative on the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority's Board of Directors (2009-2014). Developed the Public Service Commission's water training program for water utility officials.

Judge Advocate, U.S. Army (1984 – 2011). Served as a judge advocate in the U.S. Army on active and reserve status in numerous roles. Retired at the rank of Colonel.

Adjunct Professor of Law, University of Louisville (2011)



Sexual Harassment and Respectful Workplace Training

Elizabeth S. Muyskens elizabeth.muyskens@skofirm.com Stoll Keenon Ogden PLLC November 9, 2022



Agenda

- 1. Unlawful Workplace Behavior
- 2. No Retaliation
- 3. Best Practices for Creating a Respectful Workplace



Duty to Provide Respectful Workplace

- Organizations of all sizes and in all industries have a duty to provide a safe, respectful workplace free from unlawful discrimination, harassment, or retaliation for all employees.
- A respectful workplace can be achieved by adopting and enforcing policies outlining these expectations.



Unlawful Discrimination

- Unlawful discrimination occurs when an employee is treated less favorably because of his or her protected class(es).
- Persons may be members of multiple protected classes.



Employment Protection Laws

- * Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
 - Prohibits discrimination because of race, color, national origin, religion, or sex.
- * Pregnancy Discrimination Act (PDA)
 - Requires employers to treat pregnancy just like any other medical condition with regard to benefits and leave policies



Employment Protection Laws

- Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)
 - Prohibits discrimination in terms or conditions of employment against individuals with disabilities who, with or without reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of the job.
- Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA)
 - Prohibits age discrimination in employment for employees age 40 and over.
- Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA)
 - Provides eligible employees with up to 12 weeks of job protected leave annually for certain family and medical reasons.



Unlawful Discrimination

Reminders

- Do not allow members of one protected class to be treated different from members of another.
- Do not permit comments based on a person's protected class.
- Do not permit comments that might be offensive to a protected class.



Report Unlawful Discrimination

- Employees should be <u>required to</u> report all instances of unlawful discrimination.
- Anti-retaliation laws protect persons who make good faith complaints of discrimination, as well as persons who participate in an internal investigation of a discrimination complaint. All entities should have a non-retaliation policy.



What is Sexual Harassment?

- Form of sex discrimination that violates Title VII of the Civil Rights Act and the Kentucky Civil Rights Act.
- The victim, as well as the harasser, may be a man or a woman.
- The victim and the harasser do not have to be of the opposite sex.



What is Sexual Harassment?

- Unwelcome sexual advances,
- Requests for sexual favors, or
- Other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature.

And, the conduct must:

- Explicitly or implicitly affect a term or condition of an individual's employment;
- Unreasonably interfere with an individual's work; or
- Create an intimidating, hostile or offensive work environment.



Unwelcome Sexual Advances and Conduct

As a general rule, conduct is "unwelcomed" if the employee did not solicit or incite it, and the employee regarded the conduct as undesirable or offensive.

It can be difficult to distinguish between conduct that is:

- invited,
- uninvited but welcome,
- offensive but tolerated, and
- flatly rejected.



Does this Constitute an Unwelcome Sexual Advance or Conduct?

- Would the conduct take place if a spouse were present?
- Does the conduct exclude, ridicule or belittle a person because of his or her gender?
- Has the victim expressed his or her distaste for the conduct?
- Does the conduct involve intentional physical conduct of a suggestive/sexual nature?



Is It a Hostile Environment?

- Frequency of the conduct
 - Severity of the conduct
 - Whether it is physically threatening or humiliating
 - Whether the conduct is "merely offensive"
- Whether the conduct unreasonably interferes with an employee's work performance
- Whether the conduct was directed at the complaining party



Is It a Hostile Environment?

Often requires careful consideration of social context in which behavior occurs and/or circumstances surrounding behavior.



Is It Quid Pro Quo Sexual Harassment?

- Quid Pro Quo is Latin for "this for that"
- Generally it involves a person in power pressuring a subordinate employee for sexual favors in exchange for advancement in the workplace or under the threat of adverse employment action.
- May be specific or implied threat or promise regarding the victim's job



What do I do?



Ensure your organization has adopted equal employment opportunity, anti-discrimination, anti-harassment, and anti-retaliation polices. More importantly, review whether those policies are being enforced consistently.



Guiding Principles of the Harassment-Free Workplace

- Think before you speak.
- Respect the workplace. (If you wouldn't do or say it in front of a loved one, you probably shouldn't do or say it at work.)
- Keep your hands to yourself.
- Speak up if you have a complaint.



If you see something, say something.

This is the message we want to send employees. Both your policies and practices should strongly encourage or require employees to report issues to management.





Retaliation



Federal and state law prohibit any type of retaliation against any person for making a good faith, legitimate complaint of sexual harassment or for participating in the investigation of a complaint.



Which of the following could be retaliation if an employer acts because of the employee's activity?

- A. Reprimand the employee or give a performance evaluation that is lower than it should be
- B. Treat a family member negatively (ex. cancelling a contract with the employee's spouse)
- Threaten to make, or actually make reports to authorities (ex. reporting immigration status or contacting the police")
- D. Spread false rumors
- E. All of the above



Which of the following could be retaliation if an employer acts because of the employee's activity?

- A. Reprimand the employee or give a performance evaluation that is lower than it should be
- B. Treat a family member negatively (ex. cancelling a contract with the employee's spouse)
- Threaten to make, or actually make reports to authorities (ex. reporting immigration status or contacting the police")
- D. Spread false rumors
- E. All of the above



Benefits of a Respectful Workplace

- Respect Contributes to Job Satisfaction
- Respect Increases Employee Engagement
- Respect Creates a Fair Environment
- Respect Improves Knowledge Sharing
- Respect Improves the Bottom Line



Respectful Workplace

75% of people are **hired** for their **technical skills**.

75% of people are **let go** because of their **people skills**.



Demographics Exercise

- First, we are going give you a description of an individual
- Next, we will give you 10 seconds to write down as many demographics about the individual as you can based on your mental picture of them. Try to list their age, race, sex, religion, and anything else your mental picture includes.



Individual One

Individual One's parents divorced when they were a child. Individual One dropped out of college to do administrative work in a law firm. They also worked as a waitress, house painter, bartender, comedian, and went on to win the Presidential Medal of Freedom. Individual One got married at fifty years old. Individual One is dedicated to animal rights and is a vegetarian.



Individual One is ...



Ellen DeGeneres



Individual Two

Individual Two's father worked for the US Department of Labor and their mother worked for the Illinois Attorney General. Individual Two is a Christian musician. Individual Two has volunteered on various political campaigns at the state and national level. Individual Two recently made a one million dollar donation to a local school system.



Individual Two is ...



Chance the Rapper



Individual Three

Individual Three was born in Israel to a homemaker and a Doctor. Individual Three attended Harvard University and spoke to its 2015 graduating class. Individual Three is part-owner of a professional sports team. Individual Three has two published research papers and speaks six languages.



Individual Three is ...



Natalie Portman



Scenario

A father and son were involved in a car accident in which the father was killed and the son was seriously injured. The father was pronounced dead at the scene of the accident and his body was taken to a local morgue. The son was taken by ambulance to a nearby hospital and was immediately wheeled into an emergency operating room. A surgeon was called. Upon arrival and seeing the patient, the attending surgeon exclaimed "Oh my God, it's my son!"

Explain what happened.



Scenario

A father and son were involved in a car accident in which the father was killed and the son was seriously injured. The father was pronounced dead at the scene of the accident and his body was taken to a local morgue. The son was taken by ambulance to a nearby hospital and was immediately wheeled into an emergency operating room. A surgeon was called. Upon arrival and seeing the patient, the attending surgeon exclaimed "Oh my God, it's my son!"

Explain what happened.

ANSWER: The doctor is the child's mother.



Unconscious / Implicit Bias

- Implicit bias occurs because, over time, our brains create associations between things. This forms actual pathways in our brain, which are unconsciously strengthened every time the association is confirmed.
- Implicit biases come from media, family, friends, school, experiences, work, and more.
- The exercise we just did demonstrated some of our own implicit biases.



How to Address Implicit Bias in the Workplace?

- Recognize we all have biases. Keep processes simple.
- trust your first impression.
- Be curious about people's differences.
- Don't try to suppress your
- Don't be too hard on yourself.
- Stop & think. Don't always Schedule demanding work separate from "people decisions".
 - Make sure you keep yourself well rested and well fueled.
 - · Challenge negative stereotypes and assumptions.



Implicit Bias in the Workplace

- It is important that employees are aware of their own implicit biases and recognize when they impact our actions.
- We want all employees to treat everyone in the workplace, including co-workers and customers,
- Encourage employees to listen to the people around them.



Disrespectful and Offensive Behaviors

- Examples:
 - Consistently getting someone's name wrong
 - Passive aggressive comments
 - "You are acting like a girl"
 - Failing to acknowledge someone's presence



Keep Certain Discussions Out of the Workplace

- There is no constitutional right to free speech in a private workplace.
- Certain speech may violate anti-harassment and discrimination laws
- Certain speech may violate company policies
- Certain speech may violate best practices and exhibit poor judgment

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OGDEN	

End Result

- If employees Respect others and
- take Responsibility for their behavior
- then they will be more **R**elaxed at work
- and **R**est at night.

R&R

QUESTIONS?

Elizabeth S. Muyskens (859) 231-3626 elizabeth.muyskens@skofirm.com Stoll Keenon Ogden PLLC November 9, 2022

HOT LEGAL TOPICS

November 9, 2022

Damon R. Talley
Stoll Keenon Ogden PLLC
damon.talley@skofirm.com

DISCUSSION TOPICS

- 1. PSC Filings
- 2. Comply with PSC Orders
- 3. Minutes
- 4. 2022 General Assembly
- 5. Open Meetings Act

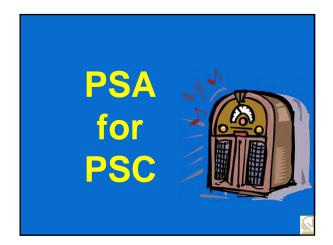
Continued . .

DISCUSSION TOPICS

- 6. Notable PSC Orders
- 7. Borrowing Money
- 8. Surcharges
- 9. Recent PSC Orders
- 10. Cases to Watch







Reporting Requirements

- Must Notify PSC if . . .
 - Vacancy Exists
 - > Appointment Made
- When? Within 30 Days
- Consequences

Vacancy

- Inform CJE 60 Days Before Term Ends (KRS 65.008)
- CJE / Fiscal Court 90 Days
- Then, PSC Takes Over
 - > CJE Loses Right To Appoint





E-Mail Address Regs.

- All PSC Orders Served by E-mail
- Duty to Keep Correct E-mail Address on file with PSC
 - ➤ Default Regulatory E-mail Address
- Duty to List E-mail Address in Application & All Other Papers
 Utility Official
 Its Attorney



E-Mail Address

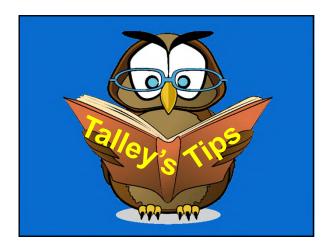
- Who is Covered?
 - **►** Water Districts
 - ➤ Water Associations
 - ➤ Investor Owned Utilities
 - **► Municipal Utilities**



Why Municipals?

- Contract Filing
- Tariff Change (Wholesale Rate)
- Protest Supplier's Rate Increase
- Acquiring Assets of Another Utility
- Avoid Delays





Default Regulatory E-mail Address

- Send E-mail to PSC
 - > psc.reports@ky.gov
 - ➤ PSCED@ky.gov
- Send Letter to PSC
 - ➤ Linda C. Bridwell, Executive Director





No More Paper Copies

Case No: 2020-085 (COVID)

Order: 07-22-2021

Holding: Electronic Filings Only

- Utilities
- Lawyers
- Complainants
- Everyone





Electronic Filing

- Don't Procrastinate
 - > Must Register to File
 - > 2 Step Process (1 or 2 Days)
- Go Ahead and Register Now
- Call KRWA
- Call SKO Attorneys
- No Originals



Comply With All PSC Orders



PSC Case No. 2021 - 343

Filed: 12-14-2021

Type: Failure to Comply

with PSC Order

Issue: Did Not Timely File

Rate Application & Failure to File PSC Annual Report

Decided: 07-15-2022

PSC Case No. 2021 - 343

(cont.)

Result: WD Fined \$5,000

- WD Pay \$250
- Board Members & GM Attend 12 Hours of PSC Training
- Balance of Fine Suspended for 12 Months
- No More Violations



PSC Case No. 2022 - 215

Filed: 07-18-2022

Type: Failure to Comply

with PSC Order

Issue: Did Not Timely File

Rate Application

Decided: Pending



PSC Case No. 2022 - 215

(cont.)

Facts:

- Must File Rate Case by 03-10-2021
- Got Extension Until 05-31-2022
- Nothing Filed by 07-18-2022
- PSC Opened Case



"... for allegedly failing to comply with the Commission's March 10, 2020 Order in Case No. 2019-00458. The willful failure to comply presents prima facie evidence of incompetency, neglect of duty, gross immorality, or nonfeasance, misfeasance, or malfeasance in office sufficient to make [the District's] officers and manager subject to the penalties of KRS 278.990 or removal pursuant to KRS 74.025. The Commission finds that a public hearing should be held on the merits of the allegations set forth in this Order."



PSC Case No. 2022 - 215

(cont.)

Manager's Defense:

- I Told Board
- I Called PSC and Got Another Extension



PSC Case No. 2022 - 215

Board's Defense:

- (cont.)
- Manager Told US
- Knew We Got an Extension
- Thought ManagerWas Taking Care of It
- Manager Assured Us That He Got Second Extension



PSC Case No. 2022 - 215

Status:

(cont.)

- Discovery Stage
 - ➤ Multiple Rounds
 - ➤ Pandora's Box Opened
 - Commissioners' Appointments
 - Prove Fiscal Court Has Approved Your Salary
 - ? ? ?



PSC Case No. 2022 - 228

Date: 08-22-2022

Type: Failure to Comply

with PSC Order

Issue: Did Not Timely File

Rate Application

Decided: Pending



PSC Case No. 2022 - 228 (cont.) Facts: PWA Case 2 Penny Must File Rate Case by 04-15-2022 (6 Months) Nothing Filed by 08-22-2022 PSC Opened Case

PSC Case No. 2022 - 228 (cont.) Manager's Defense: Honesty Never Read the Order Never Told the Board Fell on His Sword

PSC Case No. 2022 - 228 (cont.) Board's Defense: Ignorance is Bliss Manager Never Told Us Manager's Job to Tell Us Acknowledged Ultimate Responsibility

PSC Case No. 2022 - 228

(cont.)

Affirmative Steps to Mitigate:

- Adopt New Procedure
 - All PSC Orders Forwarded to Board Members
- Engaged Services of RCAP to File Rate Case

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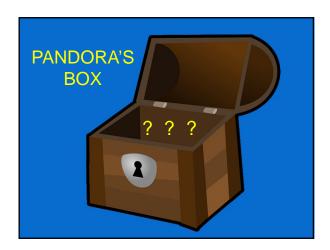
PSC Case No. 2022 - 228

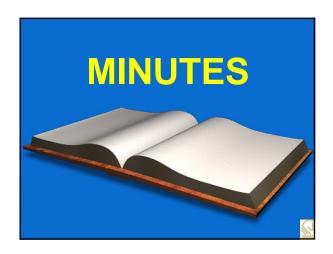
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Status:

- Discovery Will Soon Begin
- District is Getting CJE to Re-appoint Commissioners

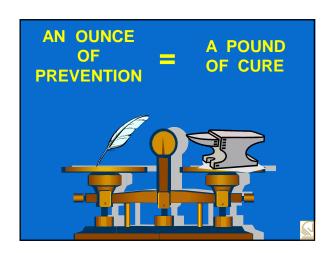
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What Are MINUTES?

- Official Record
- Much, Much More . . .



Board Minutes

- A Board "speaks only through its minutes."
- War Stories:
 - Ownership of water line and service of disputed territory
 - > Careless Conversations



Preparation of Minutes

- Who prepares minutes?
 - > Board Secretary or Staff
- Who edits minutes?
 - > Staff or legal counsel
- Are meetings recorded on audio and/or video?
- Signing of Minutes
- Approval of Minutes



Board Minutes

A complete set of APPROVED Minutes SHALL be maintained at the utility office for inspection by the general public, regulators, customers, and the media.



Board Minutes

When are the Minutes considered in "final form" and available for public inspection?



Minutes

What MUST Be Included?

- Board Member Attendance
- Official Actions



Minutes What SHOULD Be Included?

- Board Member Attendance
- Acknowledge Guests (Visitors)
- Official Actions
- Acknowledge Receipt of Reports
 - > PSC Inspection Report

nt.

Minutes What SHOULD Be Included?

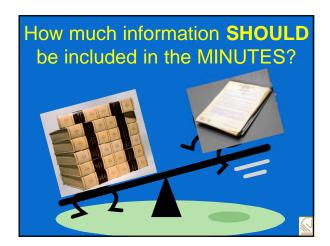
- Summarize **Some** Discussions
- Provide Context
- Toot Your Own Horn



Minutes Tooting Your Own Horn

- Give Yourself Credit
 - "Best Tasting Water"
 - > Wooden Bucket Award
 - > AWOP Award
 - > Governor's Safety Award





Minutes

How MUCH is too MUCH?

- No definitive answer
- Art not a science

Cont.



Minutes ...

How MUCH is too MUCH?

- Guidelines . . .
 - > Minutes are NOT a transcript
 - Minutes are **NOT** the Congressional Record
 - Include rationale for action taken if it might avoid lawsuit



"Conversations are NOT official actions of the Board."

> Virginia W. Gregg Former PSC Staff Attorney



WHY Include Summary of Conversations in Minutes?

- Document Board's Due Diligence (e.g. Water Loss)
- Document Board's OversightRole (e.g. Compliance with PSC Orders)
- Avoid or Win Litigation



TALLEY'S TIPS



Talley's Tips

Prepare Minutes for a Reader...

- 1. Who did not attend the meeting.
- 2. Who will not read the Minutes until at least one year later.
- 3. Who is employed by PSC.
- 4. Who will access Minutes via www.



2022 General Assembly



Notable Bills

- HB 1 ARPA Funds \$250,000,000
- HB 8 Residential Sales
 Tax Exemption
 for Utility Customers
 Modified



Notable Bills (cont.)

- HB 758 "Martin County Bill"
 - \$10,000,000 for Water & Wastewater Assistance Fund
 - Troubled Utilities
 - Water Associations Now Eligible to Obtain Funds from KIA
 - **>** Borrow
 - ➢ Grant
 - > ARPA



Notable Bills 2021 General Assembly

- HB 312 Open Records Act
- HB 393 Commissioner Training

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Open Records Request Standardized Form

https://ag.ky.gov

Resources

Open Records / Open Meetings

Request Form



Open Records Request

- No Form or AG Form
- Written Request Submitted By:
 - ▶ Hand Delivered
 - Mailed
 - > Fax
 - ➤ E-mail



Open Meetings Act



Attending Board Meeting Via Zoom

- KRS 61.826 Amended: 2018
- Now Easier to Conduct Meeting via Video Teleconference (VTC)
 - > All Meetings
 - ➤ Board Member Attend Remotely
 - Count in Quorum Call
 - Fully Participate
 - More Than One



Special Rules - VTC

- Identify Primary Location
- Everyone Must Be Able to See and Hear Everyone Else
- Notice Requirements
 - ➤ Meeting Will Be VTC
 - Primary Location





Notice of VTC Meetings

- 1. Regular Meetings
 - Adopt Schedule (61.820)
 - Some or All of the Regular Meetings Will Be VTC
 - Primary Location at _____
 - Public May Attend at Primary Location



Notice of VTC Meetings

- 2. Special Meeting
 - Normal Rules (61.823) Plus
 - > May Be VTC Meeting
 - Primary Location at ___
 - Public May Attend at Primary Location
- 3. Minutes
 - Comm. _____ Attended via VTC



Notable PSC Orders



PSC Case No. 2020 - 028

Filed: 2-24-2020

Utility: Bluegrass Water Utility

Operating Co.

Issue: Is PSC Approval Needed to

Acquire 4 sewer "Utilities"?

Decided: 6-19-20



Bluegrass Water

Holding: Yes

PSC Approval Required

Rationale: 24 - Page Order

- 8 Pages Devoted to
 - This Issue
- Implied Authority
- Plenary Power



Southgate 1954

In Public Service Commission v. Cities of Southgate and Highland Heights, 268 S.W.2d 19 (Ky. 1954), this Court concluded that the PSC's power included not only powers expressly provided by statute but could also encompass powers **necessarily implied** to take action to meet its statutory duties. Specifically, in that case this Court concluded that the PSC had the **implied power** to approve or disapprove a utility systems sale, despite the lack of express statutory authority to do so, because of the PSC's general statutory authority under KRS 278.040 to regulate utility service.



Bluegrass Water

O/R Precedents:

- Ky. American Owenton PSC Case 2005-206 Order Dated 7-22-05
- Many Others







PSC Case No. 2022 - 065

Filed: 3-29-2022

Utility: Southeastern Water Assoc.

Type: CPCN – New Office Bldg.

Reasonable Alternatives

Considered

Decided: 8-30-22

Issue:



PSC Case No. 2022-065

- CPCN: Standard of Review
 - Need
 - Absence of Wasteful Duplication



PSC Case No. 2022-065

- Proving Lack of Wasteful Duplication:
 - All Reasonable Alternatives Considered
 - > Cost is Not Sole Criteria
 - Initial Cost
 - Annual Operating Cost



PSC Case No. 2021 - 222

Filed: 6-9-2021

Utility: Southeastern Water Assoc.

Type: CPCN - AMI

Issue: Reasonable Alternatives

Considered

Decided: 8-12-21



PSC Case No. 2021-222

- CPCN: Standard of Review
 - Need
 - Absence of Wasteful Duplication



PSC Case No. 2021-222

- Need:
 - Substantial Inadequacy of Existing Facilities
 - Substantial Deficiency or
 - Inability to Render Adequate Service



PSC Case No. 2021-222

- Absence of Wasteful Duplication:
 - Excess Capacity Over Need
 - Excess Investment
 - Unnecessary Multiplicity of Physical Properties



PSC Case No. 2021-222

- Proving Lack of Wasteful Duplication:
 - All Reasonable Alternatives Considered
 - Cost is Not Sole Criteria
 - Initial Cost
 - Annual Operating Cost





KRS 278.300(1)

No utility shall issue any securities or evidences of indebtedness . . . until it has been authorized to do so by order of the Commission.



Practical Effect

- Must Obtain PSC Approval Before Incurring Long-term Debt (Over 2 Years)
- Exception:
 - > 2 Years or Less
 - > Renewals

(3 X 2 = 6 Years)

(6 X 1 = 6 Years)



Show Cause Cases

2022 Show Cause Cases Borrowing Money

First Case: 2022-061

Second Case: 2022-197

Case No. 2022 - 061

Opened: 04 - 08 - 2022

Issue: KRS 278.300

(2 Violations)

Repeat Offender - 2013

Decided: Pending

2022 Case #1

Facts: (1) Refinanced RD Loans

w/o PSC Approval

07-23-2021

Facts: (2) Bought Truck

w/o PSC Approval

Bank Loan

> 75 Months

Discovered: PSC Staff - Rate Case

2022 Case #1

Corrective Action:

- Filed Application for Retroactive Approval (Case No. 2021-465)
 - > PSC Denied
 - ➤ No Retroactive Approval



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Defenses:

- Ignorance
- Lawyer Said No PSC Approval Needed
- Relied on Bank
- New Manager

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2022 Case #1

Case Status:

- Switched Lawyers
- Discovery Stage
 - 2 Rounds Thus Far
- Hearing Date: ???

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2022 Case # 2

Case No. 2022 - 197

Opened: 08-11-2022

Issues: Violated:

>KRS 278.300

>KRS 278.020

Decided: Pending

Background Facts:

11-18-21: Purchased Office Bldg.11-18-21: Financed Portion of

Cost with a 7 year Loan

• 03-15-22: Applied for Retroactive

Approval of Loan

... continued



2022 Case # 2

Background Facts (continued):

05-13-22: PSC Issues DR
 05-??-22: Bank Loan PIF
 05-27-22: PSC Application

Withdrawn by Utility

... continued



2022 Case # 2

Background Facts (continued):

• 06-20-22: PSC Dismisses Case &

States Intent to File Show Cause Case

• 08-11-22: PSC Opens

Show Cause Case



Utility's Defenses:

- Loan Paid Off
- No CPCN Needed Since Building was Purchased & Not Constructed
- Relied Upon Advice of Counsel
- Good, Honest & Decent People



2022 Case # 2

Case Status:

- Discovery Stage
 1st DR Issued 09-07-22
- Hearing Date: ???



Surcharge Cases



W.D. Surcharges

Cannonsburg 2014-267 &

2018-376

Martin Co. 2018-017

Estill Co. 2019-119

Graves Co. 2019-347

Farmdale 2020-021

Southern 2019-131

Water Loss Reduction Surcharge

 Mechanism to Recover Reduction in Revenue Requirement Because of Unaccounted for Water Loss over 15%

• Time Limit: 36 or 48 Months

Monetary Limit

Restrictions

Restrictions

- Separate Bank Account
- Water Loss Reduction Plan
- Prior PSC Approval
- Monthly Reports



How to Get Surcharge

- 1. File ARF Case
 - Staff Report
 - > Motion for Surcharge
- 2. File Separate Application



Recent PSC Orders



Thou Shall File a Rate Adjustment Case

- Over 75 Utilities . . .
- Case Type
 - > PWA
 - Refinancing
 - ▶ . 023

cont.



Rate Adjustment

- Case Type
 - Defending Wholesale Rate Increase
 - > Intervention
 - Deviation
 - > Any Application

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Rate Adjustment

- Reasons
 - No Recent General Base Rate Adjustment
 - Negative Cash Flow
 - Decreasing Depreciation Reserves





PSC Case No. 2019 - 041

Filed: 03-12-2019

Utility: 11 Water Utilities
Type: Investigation

Issue: Excessive Water Loss Hearings: 11 Separate Hearings

Decided: 11-22-19



Leaky 11 Cases

Findings:

- High Water Loss is Symptom of Larger Problems
- Poor Board Oversight
- Poor Management
- Poor Financial Health
- Need Rate Increase



Leaky 11 Cases

Utilities Ordered to:

- Develop Water Loss Reduction Plan
- Perform Water Loss Audit
- Adopt Policies
- Adopt Procedures
- Board Training



Leaky 11 Cases

PSC Published

Comprehensive Report:

- November 22, 2019
- 82 Pages
- Summarized Findings
- Legislative Recommendations



PSC Case No. 2019 - 080

Filed: 02-21-2019

Seller: Pikeville

Buyer: Mountain WD

Type: Municipal Wholesale

Rate increase

Hearing: 09-11-2019

Decided: 12-19-19 & 01-31-20



Pikeville

Issues:

- > COSS: M1 vs. M54 Manual
- Discovery
- > Rate Case Expense



Pikeville

Holding:

- > COSS: Invalid
- Wholesale Rate Increase
- > Rate Case Expense
 - No COSS Expert \$
 - Attorney Fees OK



Pikeville Holding (cont.)

- Other Wholesale Customer
 - Settled Before Case Filed
 - > PSC Reduced Rate
 - Must Pay ½ of Rate Case Expense



Pikeville Status

Decided: 12-19-19 & 01-31-20

Appealed: Franklin Cir. Court

Status: Pending

PSC Case No. 2019 - 444

Filed: 11-27-2019 Seller: Princeton

Buyers: Caldwell Co. WD &

Lyon Co. WD

Type: Municipal Wholesale

Rate increase

Hearing: 05-05-2020 Decided: 06-15-2020

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Princeton

Issues:

- > Unit Cost Approach
- > No True COSS
- > Allocation of Expenses
- > Rate Case Expense

5

Princeton

Holding:

- > Unit Cost Approach: Invalid
- > Wholesale Rate Increase
- > Rate Case Expense
 - Reduced
 - Attorney Fees OK



Princeton Holding (cont.)

- Rate Case Expense Shared by Princeton & Wholesale Customers
- Criticized for No Negotiations
- Both Wholesale Customers Must File Rate Adjustment Application



PSC Case No. 2019 - 268

Filed: 07-31-2019

Seller: Knott Co. WD

Type: ARF Case Hearing: 01-22-2020

Decided: 01-31-20



PSC Case No. 2019 - 268

- Utility Requested 48%
- Staff Recommended 70%
- PSC Granted Increase:
 - > Year One 46%
 - > Year Two 15%
- Hearing Noteworthy



PSC Case No. 2020 - 137

Filed: 6-8-2020

Utility: West Daviess Co.

Type: Deviation

Issue: 15 Year Meters

Sample Testing

Decided: 12-02-20



PSC Case No. 2020 - 138

Filed: 6-8-2020

Utility: Southeast Daviess Co.

Type: Deviation

Issue: 15 Year Meters

Sample Testing

Decided: 12-02-20





PSC Case No. 2021 - 071

Filed: 2-4-2021

Utility: Hyden - Leslie Co. WD

Type: Tariff Review Issue: Imputed Liability

Decided: Pending

PSC Case No. 2021 - 422

Filed: 11-22-2021

Utility: Southern Madison Utilities
Type: Investigation by PSC

Issue: Fiber Optic in Water Lines

Hearing: 08-24-2022 Decided: Pending







COMMON WATER UTILITY LAWSUITS

Methods of Prevention,
and
Tips to Defend Them

Common Utility Litigation
Negligence
Breach of Contract
Employment Matters
Open Records and Open Meetings
Wrongful Termination of Service
Invasion of Service Territory

Common Public Entity Defenses Governmental Immunity Claims Against Local Government Act Qualified Official Immunity

DEFENSES

An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure!		
Negligence	Proactive versus Reactive	
Contract (and tariff)	Review & comply (revise if necessary)	
Employment	Proper policies and supervision	

GOVERNMENTAL IMMUNITY

Governmental Immunity

A state or county agency is protected from tort liability if it performs a governmental, as opposed to a proprietary, function.

Yanero v. Davis, 65 S.W.3d 510 (Ky.2001

S. Woodford Water Dist. v. Byrd, 352 S.W.3d 340, 343 (Ky. Ct. App. 2011)

S. Woodford Water Dist. v. Byrd,

- Property owner requests disconnection of rental property
- On April 1, 2008, owner found the property flooded
- Sometime in February or March, pipes froze and burst
- Owner files lawsuit, alleging negligence by the WD for failing to disconnect the water at his property

Governmental Immunity To whom does it apply?

Who created the entity? State? County? City? Other?

Do the functions of the entity focus on state level government concerns common to all citizens?

Comair, Inc. v. Lexington–Fayette Urban Cnty. Airport Corp., 295 S.W.3d 91, 94 (Ky.2009)

Governmental Immunity

Does governmental immunity apply to water districts?

Yes, in 2011

S. Woodford Water Dist. v. Byrd, 352 S.W.3d 340, 343 (Ky. Ct. App. 2011)

Governmental Immunity

Parentage?

KRS 74.010 - a fiscal court in accordance with KRS 65.810.

KRS 65.810 - Persons shall present a petition signed by 20% of average voters; fiscal court shall approve or disapprove of the formation of the district.

Governmental Immunity

State level concerns

"water districts provide clean water for personal consumption, recreation, and agricultural and commercial use, thereby providing for the health, safety, and welfare of Kentucky citizens." - S. Woodford Water Dist.

Governmental Immunity

Does governmental immunity apply to sanitation districts?

No

Coppage Construction Company, Inc. v. Sanitation District No. 1, 459 S.W.3d 855 (2015)

Governmental Immunity

approve a petition submitted by landowners or governing municipal bodies.

"no county can impose a sanitation district upon its citizens under KRS Chapter 220 (or its predecessor), and none of the counties involved in this litigation 'created' SD1" – Coppage Construction

Governmental Immunity

- Special taxing district

- Judge/Executives can review and approve budgets Issue bonds with authority and procedures granted to incorporated municipalities

 County Judge/Executes appoint SD Board Members

 Liability risks public treasury (Coppage concurrence)

Governmental Immunity

Apparently not

- Coppage Construction relied on older case law
- "to carry out a limited public purpose in a local area"
- Everyone has a role in protecting water quality, not

Government	mamil	

Sanitation Districts are a part of the regulatory scheme designed to protect the state's water supply in furtherance of the policy of conservation and protection. See KRS 224.70–100.

Coppage Construction disagrees

Clean Water Act was enacted after the enabling act for SDs and there is no cross-reference in the statutes.

Governmental Immunity

Coppage Construction

"SD1 simply does not perform an integral state function. Sewage disposal and storm water management systems are not a traditional and necessary state function such as those functions performed by the state police, our public schools, the corrections system, and public highways and airways."

Instead, the sewage disposal and storm water drainage services SD1 offers are designed to meet the needs of a discrete, localized geographic region.

Governmental Immunity

Are Water Districts eligible for governmental immunity following Coppage Construction?

Governmen	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
O A CHILLICH	

A state or county agency is protected from tort liability if it performs a governmental, as opposed to a proprietary, function.

Governmental or Proprietary?

S. Woodford Water Dist. v. Byrd, 352 S.W.3d 340, 344 (Ky. Ct. App. 2011)(governmental)

Keathley v. Town of Martin, 246 S.W.2d 152, 155 (Ky. 1951) (proprietary)

Elec. Plant Bd. of City of Mayfield v. City of Mayfield, 299 Ky. 375, 380, 185 S.W.2d 411, 413 (1945) (proprietary)

Baird v. City of Adairville, 426 S.W.2d 124, 125 (Ky. 1968)(natural gas system is proprietary)

Claims Against Local Government Act

A local government shall not be liable for injuries or losses resulting from:

Any claim arising from the exercise of judicial, quasi-judicial, legislative or quasi-legislative authority or others, exercise of judgment or discretion vested in the local government.

Claims Against Local Government Act

- (a) The adoption or failure to adopt any ordinance, resolution, order, regulation, or rule:
- (b) The failure to enforce any law;
- (c) The issuance, denial, suspension, revocation of, or failure or refusal to issue, deny, suspend or revoke any permit, license, certificate, approval, order or similar authorization;
- (d) The exercise of discretion when in the face of competing demands, the local government determines whether and how to utilize or apply existing resources; or
- (e) Failure to make an inspection.

Claims Against Local Government Act

Nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed to exempt a local government from liability for negligence arising out of acts or omissions of its employees in carrying out their ministerial duties.

Claims Against Local Government Act

Discretionary Acts vs.
Ministerial Acts

Claims Against Local Government Act

Discretionary Acts

personal deliberation, decisions and judgment

' protects governmental employees from liability for good faith judgment calls in a legally uncertain environment

Claims Against Local Government Act

Ministerial Acts

The duty is absolute, certain, and imperative, involving mere execution of a specific act based on fixed and designated facts.

Siding Sales, Inc. v. Warren Cnty. <u>Water Dist.</u>, 984 S.W.2d 490, 491 (Ky. Ct. App. 1998)

- Arson destroys commercial building
- City approves building permit for new building, conditioned on WD providing fire protection flow
- City and WD split cost to increase water line size
- Building owner sued, arguing that water pressure was insufficient to protect building

Siding Sales, Inc.

Building owners argue:

- That City failed to enforce fire protection standards
- o That City issued permit knowing that lot did not comply with fire protection safety standards
- o That CALGA does not apply because these are ministerial duties.

Siding Sales, Inc.

The Court of Appeals held:

- The allegations are really that the City failed to prevent the injury by providing insufficient water.
- The City's (and WD's) role was merely regulatory in nature, related to establishing and enforcing fire protection standards.
- This type of governmental action is subject to CALGA.

The Court also noted that a City may not be held to the same standard as a private corporation.

Claims Against Local Government Act

Discretionary Acts vs.

Ministerial Acts

Courts have generally determined that a utility's decision to construct or open service is a discretionary act, but it has a ministerial duty to non-negligently construct, maintain, and repair its system.

Mason v. City of Mt. Sterling 122 S.W.3d 500, 504 (Ky. 2003

Claims Against Local Government Act

Russell v. City of Owensboro, No. 2012-CA-002006-MR, 2014 WL 1407238, at *1 (Ky. App. Apr. 11, 2014).

- A woman tripped due to a two-inch break in a sidewalk
- Lawsuit vs. City of Owensboro, arguing negligent sidewalk repair plan
- City's official policy required prioritization of repairs because of the limited financial resources

Russell v. City of Owensboro

The Court of Appeals:

- Cities have a traditional duty to maintain sidewalks
- But then the General Assembly passed CALGA
- In <u>Sliding Sales</u>, CALGA applied because the WD had discretion on how to spend its limited resources.
- City does not have enough money to repair every sidewalk every year.
- Policy prioritizes repairs and allocates limited
 resources

Russell v. City of Owensboro

The Court of Appeals:

- CALGA applies because
 - Exercise of discretion when in the face of competing demands, the local government determines whether and how to utilize or apply existing resources
 - o Failure to make an inspection

Claims Against Local Government Act

Making it work for Water Districts & Cities

- 1. Have a policy in place.
- Focus on elements of CALGA.
- 3. Use the Owensboro case as an outline.
- 4. Do not accept the plaintiff's characterization of the claims.

Qualified Official Immunity

Protects all public officials and employees from lawsuits except those who are "plainly incompetent" and/or those "who knowingly violate the law."

Rowan Cnty. v. Sloa: 201 S.W.3d 469, 475 (Ky. 2006

Qualified Official Immunity

Applies when:

Actor's conduct is a

- 1) Discretionary act
- 2) That was made in good faith (not in bad faith)
- And within the scope of the employee's authority

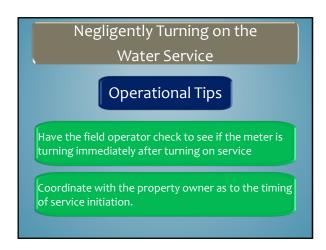
Other Litigation Advantages Expert Witnesses The Plaintiff shall be required to present expert testimony to support its position that the Defendants failed to meet the proper standard of care in the wastewater industry in clearing the obstruction in the sewer line. **Common Utility Litigation** 1. Negligence 3. Employment Matters 4. Open Records Meetings 5. Wrongful Termination of Service **Negligence** Duty

Breach of that Duty

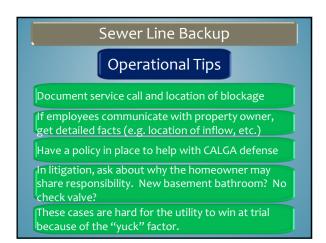
Injury













Most states hold that there is no duty to lock a meter or meter vault. Maryland Cas. Co. v. City of Jackson, 493 So.2d 955 (Miss. 1986)(" the City is still not held to be an insurer of the safety of motorists on its streets or customers of its water services") City of Bryan v. Jenkins, 247 S.W.2d 925 (Tex. App. 1952) Smith v. Alabama Water Service Co., 225 Ala. 510 (1932)

Construction Negligence

Hyden-Leslie Water Dist. v. Jessie Hoskins, No. 2010 CA-000599-MR, 2011 WL 919818, at *1 (Ky. Ct. App. Mar. 18, 2011)

- Plaintiff was injured when a bridge collapsed
- He claimed that a bridge cable was damaged when a water line was being installed a few months prior
- Lawsuit against the WD and the construction company
 - The Water District may not have raised governmental immunity

BREACH OF CONTRACT

Breach of Contract

"Such a district, therefore, is a political subdivision and in the execution of contracts with third parties must observe the same formalities required of counties and municipalities.... This Court has repeatedly held that one contracting with a political subdivision does so at his peril, unless the contract is executed in the manner provided by statute."

Louisville Extension Water Dist. v. Diehl Pump & Supply Co., 246 S.W.2d 585 (Ky. 1952)
Louisville Extension Water Dist. v. Sloss, 503, 236 S.W.2d 265 (1951)

EMPLOYMENT DISPUTES

Americans with Disabilities Act

ADA

ADA prohibits discrimination

"qualified individual on the basis of disability in regard to job application procedures, the hiring, advancement, or discharge of employees, employee compensation, job training, and other terms, conditions, and privileges of employment."

ADA

"disability"

- A physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activity (MLA) of an individual; or
- A record of such an impairment; or
- Being regarded as having such an impairment

ADA

"qualified individual"

individual who, with or without reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of the employment position that such individual holds or desires

ADA "reasonable accommodation" Required unless accommodation "would impose Reassignment to vacant position is not required **Family Medical Leave Act FMLA** Workers should not have to choose between the job they need and the family members they love and who need their care.

FMLA

Eligible employees may take FMLA leave:

- For the birth or placement of a child for adoption or foster care
- To care for a spouse, son, daughter, or parent with a serious health condition
- For their own serious health condition
- Military Family Leave

FMLA

Employers cannot:

- interfere with, restrain or deny employees' FMLA rights
- discriminate or retaliate against an employee for having exercised FMLA rights
- discharge or in any other way discriminate against an employee because of involvement in any proceeding related to FMLA
- use the taking of FMLA leave as a negative factor in employment actions

FMLA

Amount of Leave

- Employee's workweek is basis for entitlement
- Eligible employees may take up to 12 workweeks of FMLA leave
- In calculating the amount of leave, employer must use the shortest increment the employer uses to account for other types of leave, provided it is not greater than one hour

Wage & Hour Claims Fair Labor Standards Act

Classified as Exempt for Overtime Effective December 1, 2016 \$913 per week or \$47,476 annually for a full-year worker A federal judge in Texas has issued a nationwide injunction that will temporarily prevent enforcement

Wage & Hour Classified as Exempt for Overtime Exemptions: Executive Manages and has influence on employment decisions Administrative Office or non-manual work; and exercise discretion on matters of significance (school administrators) Professionals "learned professions" – doctor, attorney, teacher Outside sales Computer employees

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First Amendment	
Freedom of Speech	
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First Amendment	
Congress shall make no law	-
abridging the freedom of speech	
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First Amendment –	
Free Speech	
Applied to the States by Supreme	
Court decisions by the Fourteenth	
Amendment	

First Amendment -**Free Speech**

A government employee has first amendment rights when the employee speaks:

1. as a citizen (rather than as an employee)

2. on a matter of public concern (rather than on a matter solely of work-related concern)

If first test met (and thus employee has first amendment rights), then must balance employee's first amendment rights against employer's interest in efficiency, orderly

Pickering v. Board of Education, 391 U.S. 563 (1968)

First Amendment -**Free Speech**

Examples of Issues of "Public Concern":

- Racial and Other Illegal Discrimination
- Use of Public Monies, Assets
- Public Policy

First Amendment -**Free Speech**

Statements by public employees made of their job duties have no First Amendment protection.

- Garcetti v. Ceballos, 547 U.S. 410 (2006)

First Amendment – Free Speech

Hypothetical

County Water District has a leak adjustment policy in its tariff that permits the Water District to adjust bills for leaks that are repaired and verified by a plumber.

County Water District customer and licensed plumber Jose Chavez submitted a request for adjustment based on a leak that he repaired at his house.

County Water District denied Mr. Chavez's request, indicating that the verification

Two weeks later, a utility employee writes a letter to the editor supporting a presidential candidate's position to build a wall on the U.S.-Mexico border.

Mr. Chavez complains to the Water District officials about racial discrimination, who then terminate the utility employee's employment.

Kentucky's Whistleblower Act

KRS 61.102

Kentucky's Whistleblower Act

prohibits any reprisal by certain public employers against an employee who in good faith discloses any facts or information relative to an actual or suspected violation of any law or mismanagement, waste, fraud, and abuse of authority

Kandarda Whiadlah Lawan Bad	
Kentucky's Whistleblower Act	
Employer	
Includes water districts Davis v. Powell's Valley Water Dist., 920 S.W.2d 75, 78 (Ky. Ct. App. 1995)	
Not cities Cruey v. City of Somerset, 2012 WL 3257567, at *4 (E.D. Ky. Aug. 8, 2012)	
Kantuakula Whiatlahlawar Aat	
Kentucky's Whistleblower Act	-
Does Not Apply To	
publicly known or available information Admin. Office of Courts v. Miller, 468 S.W.3d 323, 330 (Ky. 2015)	
disagreements with supervisors over job-related activities Moss v. Kentucky State Univ., 465 S.W.3d 457, 460	
(Ky. Ct. App. 2014)	
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_	
Harrassment	
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Harrassment

Syed v. N. Kentucky Water Dist., 2010 WL 1235365, at *1 (E.D. Ky. Jan. 8, 2010)

Title VII of the Civil Rights Act Age Discrimination Act of 1967 Kentucky Civil Rights Act

Syed v. N. Kentucky Water Dist.

- Syed is of Pakistani descent and an adherent of the Islamic religion
- Employed as a temporary employee in financial department
- Water District had a vacancy for their Comptroller position
- CEO allegedly refused to hire Syed as Comptroller, seeking "younger" employee
- Water District gave Syed full-time employment as Senior
- Later, Syed alleges WD stripped him of certain duties
- Claimed age, race, and religious discrimination; hostile work environment

Hostile Work Environment

- (1) he belongs to a protected group;
- (2) he was subject to unwelcome harassment;
- (3) the harassment was based on that protected group status;
- (4) the harassment affected a term, condition, or privilege of his employment; and
- (5) the existence of employer liability.

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Hostile Work Environment

Protected group examples

- Sex & Gender
- Religion & Creed
- National Origin

- Sexual Orientation & Gender Identity
- Other Protected Classes (i.e., veteran status)

Hostile Work Environment

- When an environment is objectively and subjectively offensive so that a reasonable person would find it hostile and the victim actually perceived it to be so.
- the conduct; its severity; whether it is physically threatening; and whether it unreasonably interferes with an employee's work performance.

Hostile Work Environment

Examples of potential "harassment"

- Obscene gesturesInappropriate pictures, cartoons, posters, graffiti,

- Exposing oneself
- Inappropriate touching
- Stalking, staring, leering

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Hostile Work Environment-Employer Liability

- Level of Management

 Human Resources Manager told him that "Europeans know how to deal with you people"
- Accounting Assistant gives him (once) "the finger" Senior Accountant calls him a "muslim terrorist"

Employee must take advantage of corrective opportunities

- CEO and VP employment decisions were 9 months before alleged discriminatory acts
- District had anti-harassment policies that Syed knew about Syed never complained about harassment

OPEN RECORDS ACT **OPEN MEETINGS ACT**

Open Records Act & Open Meetings Act

An agency is subject to penalties for a

ORA - KRS 61.882 OMA - KRS 61.848

Open Records Act & Open Meetings Act

requested records without plausible justification and with conscious disregard of the requester's rights.

City of Fort Thomas v. Cincinnati Enquirer, 406 S.W.3d 842, 854 (Ky. 2013); citing Bowling v. LFUCG, 172 S.W.3d 333, 345

Open Records Act & Open Meetings Act

Bd. of Commissioners of the City of Danville, Kentucky v. Advocate Commc'ns, Inc., 2016 WL 1739310, at *4 (Ky. Ct. App. Apr. 29, 2016)

- City Commissioners met in closed session to discuss possible amount of bid on real property that was being auctioned
 City failed to respond to OMA complaint within 3 days
 Court of Appeals suggests that failure to respond within 3 days is a willful violation, subjecting agency to penalties
 Court held that it was improper for City to agree to hire bidding agent in closed session.
 Court held that there was no OMA exception applicable, and therefore, the City violated the OMA

Open Records Act & Open Meetings Act

OMA Exception

of real property by a public agency, but only value of a specific piece of property to be acquired for public use or sold by a public agency.

Open Records Act & Open Meetings Act

Bd. of Commissioners of the City of Danville, Kentucky v. Advocate Commc'ns, Inc., 2016 WL 1739310, at *4 (Ky. Ct. App. Apr. 29, 2016)

- Important Court statements:

 Public agency can only have deliberations or discussions in closed session

 Public agencies cannot take final action on bidding in closed session

 The City did not take action on the bidding in open session prior to the auction

 Decision to participate in auction required binding "non-contingent" contract to participate

 City's actions in closed session violated the OMA without plausible justification and with conscious disregard of the requester's rights

 City declined to respond to newspaper's agency complaint

Open Records Act & Open Meetings Act

Tips

After lawsuit is filed, plead and pursue finding of good faith

Argue that "willful" violation requires showing that the public agency "acted in bad faith with an intent to violate the Open

errors." Sinha, M.D. v. Univ. of Kentucky, 284 S.W.3d 159, 162 (Ky. App. 2008) (citing Bowling v. LFUCG, 172 S.W.3d 333, 345 (Ky. 2005))

Extending Water Service into Another's Territory

7 U.S.C. § 1926(b)

7 U.S.C. § 1926(b)

- 2) it has a qualifying outstanding federal loan obligation; and

7 U.S.C. § 1926(b)

Has the WD provided or made service available in the

- i) Pipes in the ground?a) To the propertyb) Adjacent or within the property
- 2) Legal right under state law to serve the disputed territory

 a) CPCN from PSC Lexington-S. Elkhorn Water Dist. v. City of
 Wilmore, 93 F.3d 230, 238 (6th Cir. 1996)
 b) Service territory

TODD OSTERLOH



tosterloh@sturgillturner.com

Kentucky Water Workforce Survey Results

Presenters: Donna McNeil and Valerie Lucas

Other Co-Authors: Emily Koyagi, Lindell Ormsbee, and James Shelley



Operator Recruitment and Development (ORD) Committee

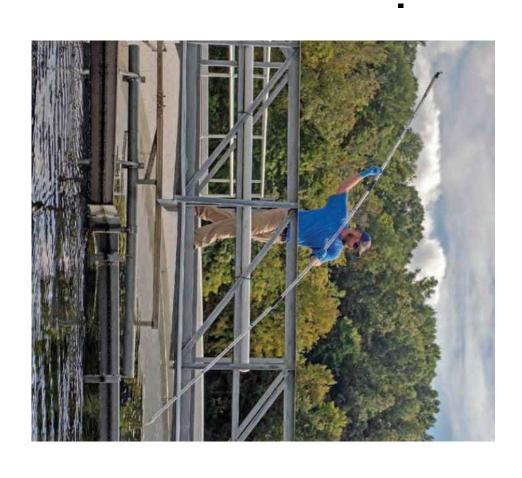
Committee members:

- Valerie Lucas, Clean Water Professionals
- Jessica Wilhoite and Veronica Roland, Kentucky Operator Certification Program
- Donna McNeil, KWWRI
- Kay Sanborn, KY-TN American Water Works Association
- Doug Kimbler, Bowling Green Municipal Utilities
- Kim Padgett and Maggie Mahan, Kentucky Rural Community Assistance Program
- Heather Stevenson and Jason Pennell, Kentucky Rural Water Association
- Robin Strader, Kentucky Wastewater Operators Certification Board Vice Chair
- Mary Carol Wagner, Northern Kentucky Water District
- Adam Scott, Kentucky Water and Wastewater Operators Association
- Alicia Jacobs, Amanda Lefevre, Joseph Uliasz, Energy and Environment Cabinet Representatives



ORD's Goals and Objectives

- Bring operator recruitment and development issues to the forefront
- Gain a better understanding of water workforce. recruitment and retention in the
- Help decision makers better understand operator challenges.



Kentucky Water Workforce Survey

- Two Surveys:
- Operator Survey (36 questions)
- Manager Survey (31 questions)
- Open from May 3, 2022 June 7, 2022
- Recruitment methods:
- Email
- Social media
- Newsletters
- Promotion at events

UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY RESEARCH



Utility in Kentucky? Operator at a Water Experience as a Do You Have Manager or

be given a chance to win a gift card after completing the study. to take a brief 10 - 15 minute online survey. Survey participants will understanding of the challenges, barriers, and opportunities in about operator recruitment and retention. The goal is to gather water workforce. The purpose of this research study is to learn more in a survey about your experience as a manager or operator in the hiring and retaining operators. Interested participants will be asked information about Kentucky's water workforce and gain a better Researchers at the University of Kentucky invite you to take part

You may be eligible to participate if you:

- Are over the age of 18
- Have experience as a manager or operator at a water utility

Scan the QR code or visit the link below to learn more:



https://bit.ly/KYWaterWorkforceSurvey





For more information: emily.koyagi@uky.edu **Emily Koyagi**

859-312-7321

www.UKclinicalresearch.com

Survey Response

- Total respondents: 635
- Operator Survey: 415
- Manager Survey: 220



Operator Demographics

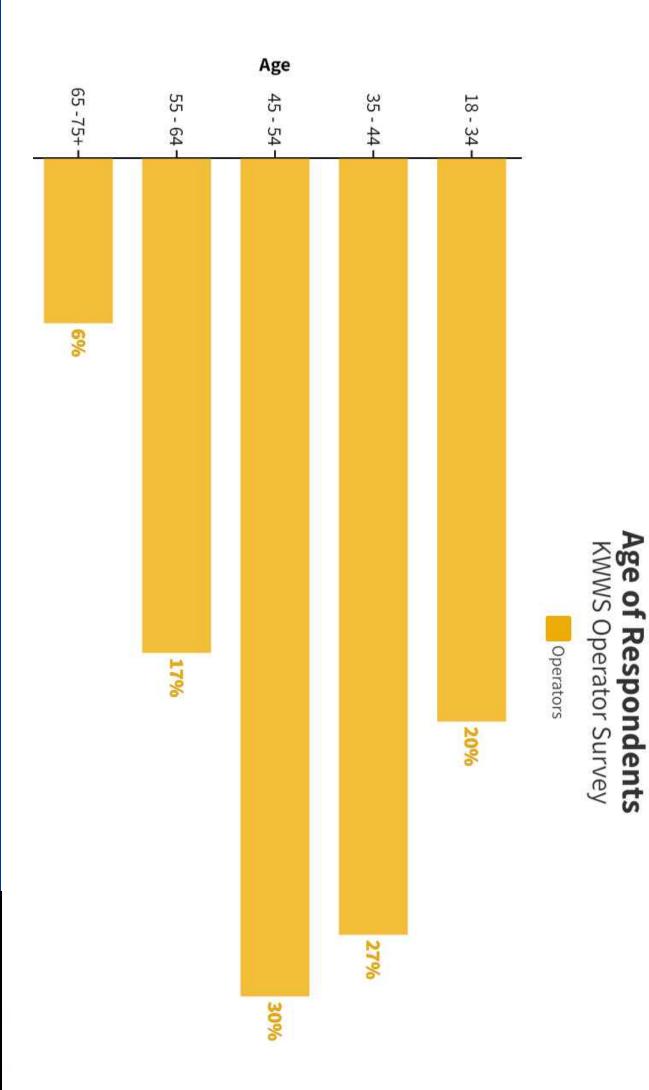


Female -Other - 1% Male-

Gender of Respondents KWWS Operator Survey

Male Female Other

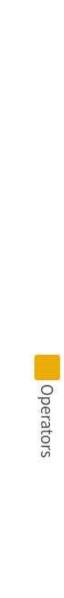


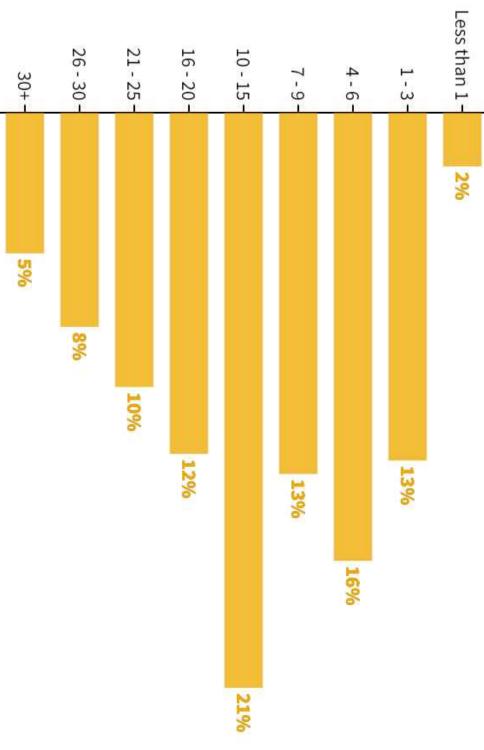




How Many Years Have You Worked At The Utility?

KWWS Operator Survey





Years



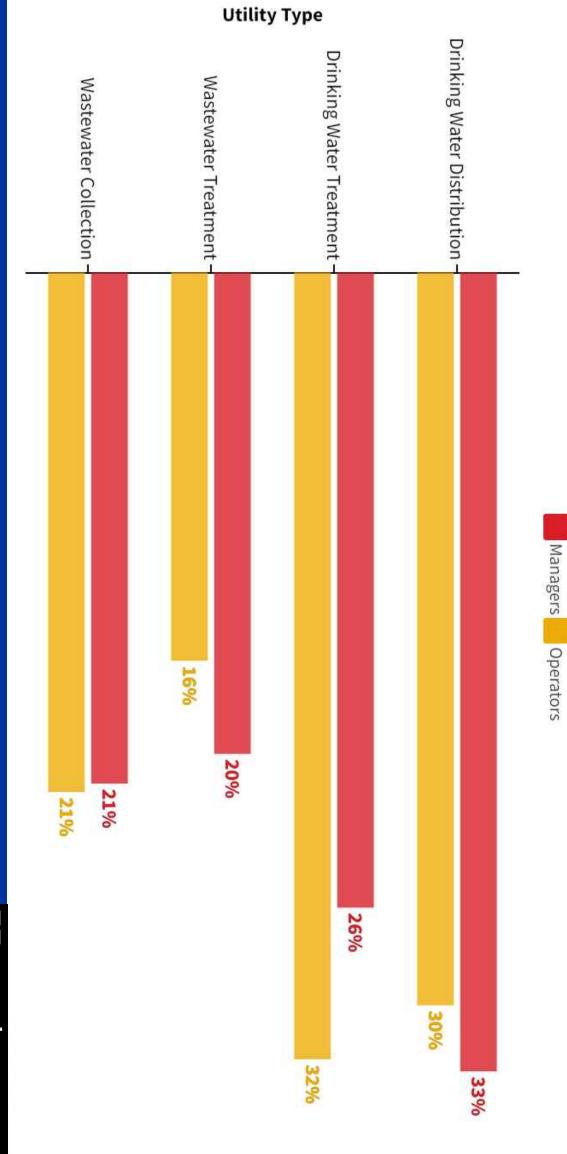
Utility Demographics





Which Of The Following Describe Your Utility?

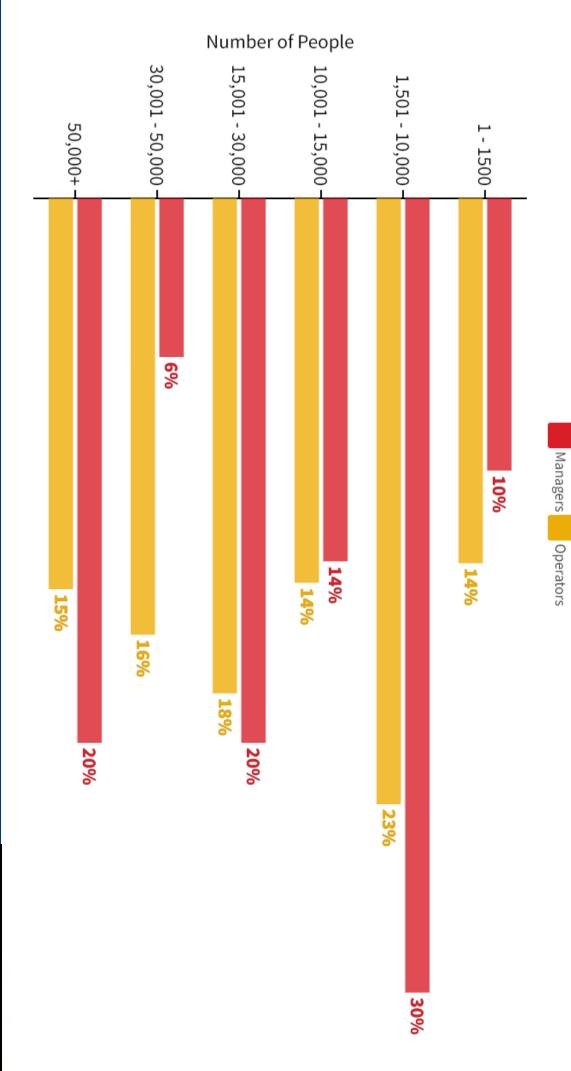
KWWS Operator/Manager Survey



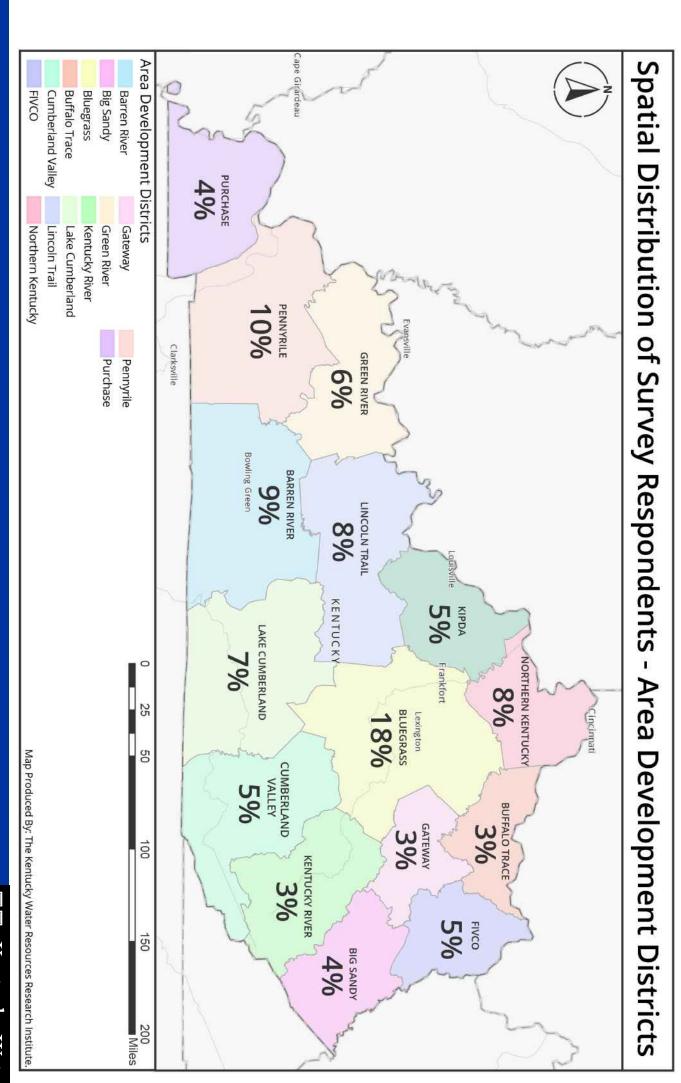


How Many People Does your Utility Directly Serve?

KWWS Operator/Manager Survey







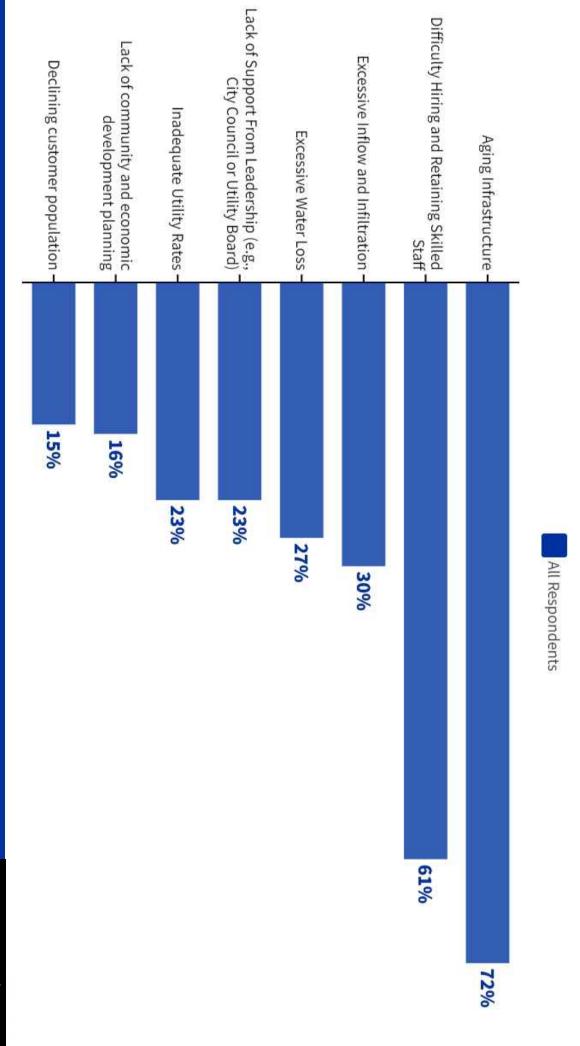
Utility Challenges



Kentucky Water
Resources Research Institute

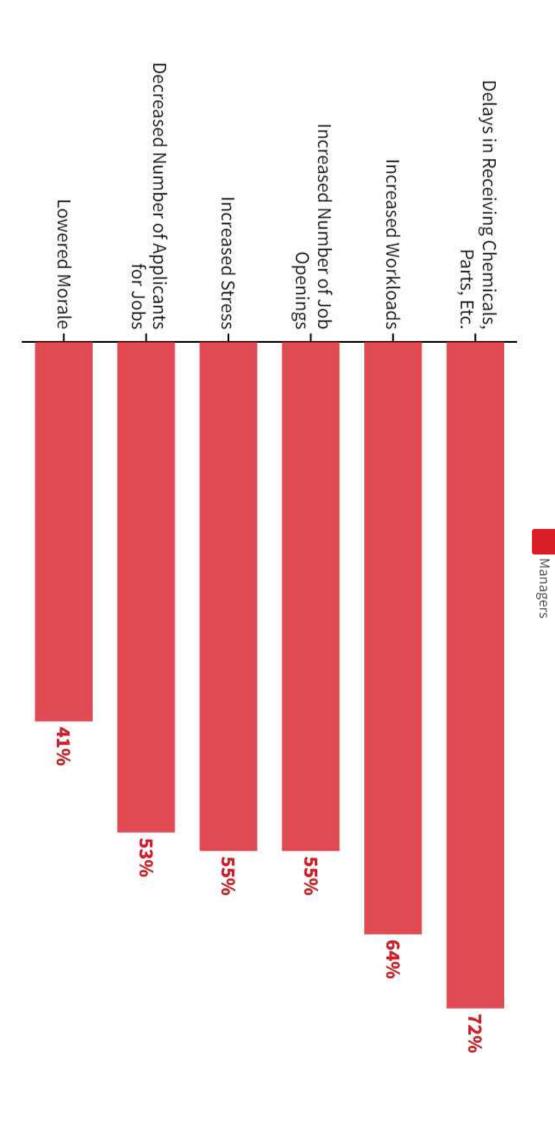
What Type Of Operations Challenges Does Your Utility Face?

KWWS Operator/Manager Survey



Over the last two years, which of the following has your utility experienced?

KWWS Manager Survey

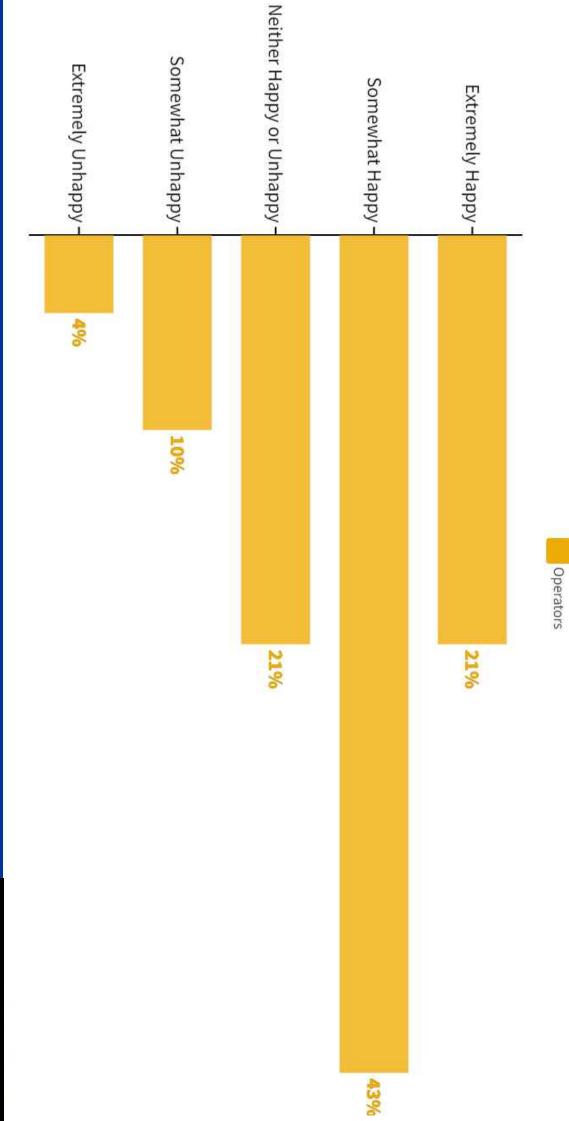


Job Satisfaction



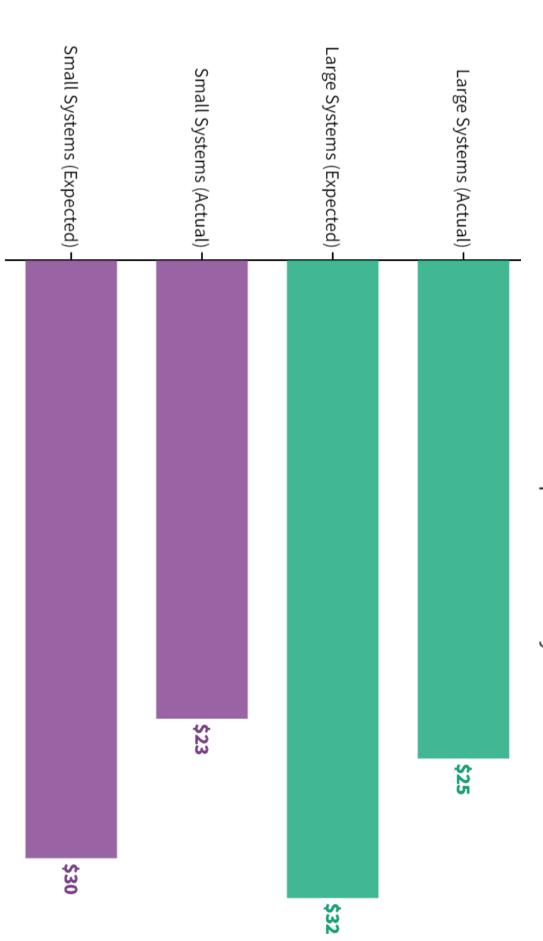
How Happy Are You At Work?

KWWS Operator Survey

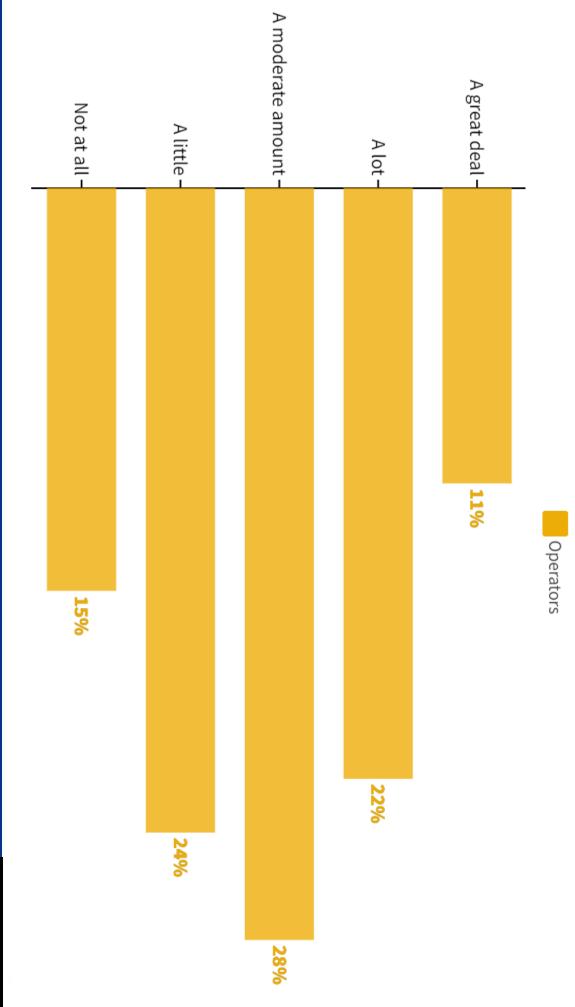




Median Hourly Wage | Pay Expectations KWWS Operator Survey



Do You Feel Appreciated By Your Utility?KWWS Operator Survey





Over the last two years, which of the following have you experienced?

- Increased workload: 66%
- Increased stress: 60%
- Lower morale: 46%
- Increased work hours: 37%
- Financial hardships: 31%



Relationship with Decision Makers

How well do your utility's decision makers understand what you do in your job?

51% responded slightly well or not well at all.

How often do your utility's decision makers communicate with the operators?

55% responded rarely or never.

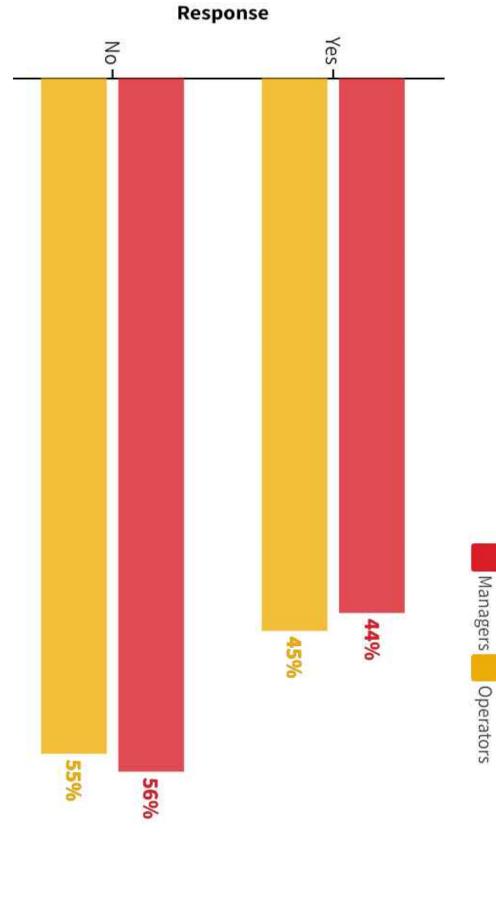


Recruitment



In Your Opinion, Does Your Utility Have Enough Operators?

KWWS Operator/Manager Survey





Barriers to Hiring Operators

- Rate of pay 74%
- Lack of qualified applicants 68%
- Available shifts are not desirable 34%
- Type of work 32%
- Financial limitations at the utility 30%
- Certification process 28%
- Certification requirements 25%
- Applicants unwilling to become certified 22%
- City Council or Utility Board 16%
- Lack of benefits 15%



What benefits does your utility provide?

Benefit	Percent of Respondents
Paid sick and vacation	90%
Paid holidays	89%
Health insurance	86%
Retirement benefits	82%
Paid time and travel to attend trainings	77%
Paid or reimbursed certification fees	73%
Overtime	69%
Life and disability insurance	64%
Annual raises	64%
Paid or reimbursed tuition or training expenses	63%

Retention



What reasons do operators give for leaving the job?

- Better pay in another job opportunity 72%
- Retiring 62%
- Undesirable working hours (on-call, etc.) 38%
- Career advancement 36%
- Better benefits 35%
- Too much responsibility 22%
- No longer want to work in the water sector 17%
- Certification exam and process is too difficult 16%



Somewhat Satisfied or Extremely Satisfied Aspects of the Job:

Operator Responses:

- Hours 70%
- Type of Work- 69%
- Certification Renewal Process 62%
- Preferred Shifts 60%

Manager Responses:

- Hours 67%
- Type of Work 67%
- Certification Renewal Process 54%
- Preferred Shifts 53%



Somewhat Dissatisfied or Extremely Dissatisfied **Aspects of the Job:**

Operator Responses:

- Pay 39%
- Certification Exam Process 22%
- Workload 21%
- Preferred Shifts- 17%

Manager Responses:

- Pay 38%
- Certification Exam Process 29%
- Preferred Shifts 20%
- Workload 20%



Retention: Key Points to Consider

- 39% are considering leaving the utility.
- 28% are considering leaving the water industry.
- 37% believe that they are not being paid a fair amount for the
- 32% believe that work is not distributed evenly at their utility.
- 68% are satisfied with the benefits they receive
- 76% like doing the tasks they do at work.
- effectively. 70% are given the equipment and tools I need to do my job

Succession Planning

Are you currently eligible to retire?

23% of operator survey respondents are eligible.

Does your utility have a succession plan in place if a manager leaves or retires?

45% do not

an operator leaves or retires? Does your utility have a succession plan in place if

46% do not.



Future Steps



Kentucky Water
Resources Research Institute

Next Steps

- Additional data analysis
- Final report
- Present findings to water sector
- Present findings to public officials
- Start a conversation plant seeds of thought
- Follow-up studies/surveys



Questions?



Donna McNeil, EIT Research Engineer Associate Phone: 502-330-0015

Email: Donna.McNeil@uky.edu



Clean Water Professionals of KY & TN Valerie A. Lucas, PE

Phone: 502-468-4772

Email: Valerie.Lucas@cleanwaterprotessionals.org





STOLL | KEENON | OGDEN



KRS 278.020(1)

No person, partnership, public or private corporation, or combination thereof shall . . . begin the construction of any plant, equipment, property, or facility for furnishing to the public any of the services enumerated in KRS 278.010 . . . until that person has obtained from the Public Service Commission a certificate that public convenience and necessity require the service or construction.

STOLL KEENON OGDEN (S)



PURPOSE OF STATUTE

- Counteract Improper Incentives in Rate of Return Regulatory Scheme
- Prevent Inefficient Investment
- Avoid Wasteful Duplication
- Ensure Project's Technically Feasibility

STOLL-KEENON-OGDEN (S)



WHAT REQUIRES A CERTIFICATE?

- Construction of Any Plant/Facility
- Installing Equipment on Large Scale
- Repurposing of An Existing Facility
- Extensive Repairs of Existing Facility
- Acquisition of Facility???
- Pre-construction Contracting

STOLL | KEENON | OGDEN

WHAT REQUIRES A CERTIFICATE?

- Construction of Office Building
- Purchase and Installation of Advance Metering Infrastructure (AMI)

STOLL | KEENON | OGDEN

DOES NOT REQUIRE A CERTIFICATE

- Purchase of Building or Land
- Maintenance Projects
- Demolition/Destruction of Existing Facility

STOLL | KEENON | OGDEN

KRS 278.020(1): EXCEPTIONS

- Service Connections to Electric Consuming Facilities By Retail Electric Suppliers
- Ordinary Extensions of Existing Systems in the usual course of Business
- Water District/Association Exception



EXTENSIONS IN THE ORDINARY COURSE

"A certificate of public convenience and necessity shall not be required for extensions that do not create wasteful duplication of plant, equipment, property or facilities, or conflict with the existing certificates or service of other utilities operating in the same area and under the jurisdiction of the commission that are in the general or contiguous area in which the utility renders service, and that do not involve sufficient capital outlay to materially affect the existing financial condition of the utility involved, or will not result in increased charges to its

807 KAR 5:001, §16(3)

STOLL-KEENON-OGDEN (S)



EXTENSIONS IN THE ORDINARY COURSE: THE FACTORS

- No Wasteful Duplication of Plant or Facilities
- No Conflict With Existing Certificates or Service of Other Utilities
- Capital Outlay Is Insufficient to Material! **Affect** Existing Financial Condition of Utility
- Will Not Result In Increased Charges to Customers

STOLL-KEENON-OGDEN (S)



EXTENSIONS IN THE ORDINARY COURSE:

- "Excess of Capacity Over Need"
- "Excessive Investment In Relation To Productivity" – Investment's Cost-effectiveness
- Unnecessary Multiplicity of Physical Properties
- Premature Replacement
- Thorough Review of ALL ALTERNATIVES

STOLL KEENON OGDEN STOLL OGDEN
EXTENSIONS IN THE ORDINARY COURSE:
MATERIALLY AFFECT
Percentage of Existing Net Utility Plant
 10 Percent Rule (Abandoned)
■ 3 Percent Rule — Case No. 2019-00257
■ 1 Percent Rule — Case No. 2014-00171
 Issuing Debt is NOT A DECISIVE FACTOR
 Project Cost is A FACTOR
Each Project is considered individually
STOLL-KEENON-OGDEN STOLL-KEENON-OGDEN
EXTENSIONS IN THE ORDINARY COURSE:
MATERIALLY AFFECT
 Projects Financed With Others' Funds
 Case No. 2014-00368
 Case No. 2018-00164
■ Case No. 2017-00195
 Cases No. 2019-00067/No. 2020-00344
No Material Effect if Customer financed
No Effect on Utility's Financial Condition
The Effect of Others 3 Thanelar Condition
STOLL KEENON OGDEN ELE
PROJECTS FINANCED WITH
OTHERS' FUNDS: CASE NO. 2014-00368
 IOU to construct gas line to serve industrial
customer
• Gas Line = 55% of Net Utility Plant
Customer pays cost No increase to Utility Plant
No increase to Utility Plant No Data Jacobses
 No Rate Increase



PROJECTS FINANCED WITH OTHERS' FUNDS: CASE NO. 2017-00195

- IOU to relocate gas line running through landfill
- Landfill requests, pays most of relocate costs
- IOU's share of cost deemed too small to materially affect its financial condition
- No Rate Increase

STOLL-KEENON-OGDEN (S)



PROJECTS FINANCED WITH OTHERS' FUNDS: CASES NO. 2019-00067 & NO. 2020-00344

- \$16.5 Million Projects at Fort Knox
- Projects = 31.1% of Net Utility Plant
- US Govt funding entire project cost
- No increase to other customers' rates
- No affect on utility's financial condition
- NO MATERIAL EFFECT NO CPCN

STOLL-KEENON-OGDEN (S)



PROJECTS FINANCED WITH OTHERS' FUNDS: GOVERNMENT GRANTS

- PSC Staff: No material effect on financial condition if project funded with government grants
- PSC Staff Opinion 2020-007: \$648K Tank Replacement Funded with ARC Grant has no impact on Water District's financial condition
- 2006 PSC Staff Opinion (PRIDE Grant)
- 2002 PSC Staff Opinion (KIA Grant)

STOLL KEENON OGDEN	(6)
STOLL KEENON OGDEN	

EXTENSIONS IN THE ORDINARY COURSE:

- Implications for projects funded with American Recovery and Reinvestment Act/Bipartisan Infrastructure Law
- Totally Funded: No Certificate Required
- Partially Funded: Certificate Possibly Not Required

STOLL-KEENON-OGDEN (S)



EXTENSIONS IN THE ORDINARY COURSE: REPAIRS OR REPLACEMENT

- Proposed Amendment to 807 KAR 5:001, §15
- A certificate of public convenience and necessity shall not be required for any water district created pursuant to KRS Chapter 74, water association formed under KRS Chapter 273, or any other utility that provides the services described in KRS Chapter 278.010(3)(b) or KRS Chapter 278.010(3)(f) that intends to repair or fix any facility as a result of weather events occurring on or between July 26, 2022 and July 30, 2022. Any replacement, restoration, repair or fix shall be deemed

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"WATER DISTRICT EXCEPTION"

- KRS 278.020(1) amended in 2018
- Applies to Class A & B Water District & Assn
- Applies to "water line extension or
- No Certificate required if:
 - -Total Cost < \$500,000 **○R**
 - -NO long-term debt AND NO rate increase
- Not applicable to Sewer Projects

"WATER DISTRICT EXCEPTION"

- PSC Initially Limited Applicability To **Construction of Water Mains**
- Case No. 2016-00255:"[T]he proposed installation of the new metering system is not a 'waterline extension or improvement project,' as it does not extend or improve an existing waterline"
- Adopts PSC Staff Opinion No. 2012-024

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"WATER DISTRICT EXCEPTION"

- PSC Staff Opinion No. 2017-002
- Water Association proposes to construct water booster station, including 300 feet of 2" water line, & install pressure reducing valve
- PSC Staff: "[T]he project improves existing water lines and qualifies as a 'water line extension or improvement project."
- Project involving non-mains may qualify if beneficial effect on existing water mains

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"WATER DISTRICT EXCEPTION"

- PSC Case No. 2018-00355
- WD to construct booster station, 31,300 LF of 6" and 8" water line, & 2 ground storage tanks
- Tanks' cost (\$544,000) = 28% of total project
- Project totally financed through AML money
- PSC: Project is "waterline extension or improvement project"
- Exception applies; No certificate required

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ANALYTICAL FRAMEWORK	
 What is the Action? Does Action Fall Within An Exception? Water District Exception? Water Main Extension or Improvement? Less than \$500,000? No long-term debt or no rate increase? Ordinary Extension In Usual Course? Wasteful Duplication? 	
 Interferes with Another Utility's Certificate? Any Material Effect on Utility's Financial Condition? 	
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■ CYA: Private Attorney Opinion Letter Thorough Analysis Essential	
 Request Declaratory Order Avoid Requests for Staff Opinion DO NOT Request A Deviation - Not Permitted Under Statute 	
 Apply for a Certificate 	
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CONSTRUCTING WITHOUT CERTIFICATE: CONSEQUENCES	
Assessment of \$2,500 Penalty To:Utility	
Utility ManagementEngineering Firm/Contractors	

Injunctive Relief

■ Does Not Affect Rate Recovery



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Hearing on Application Seldom Held
Final Order: 90 – 120 Days from filing of

Application

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EXPEDITING PSC REVIEW

- Use Filing Checklists
- Include Written Testimony with Application
- Ensure Any Document Prepared By Professional Engineer Are Stamped/Signed
- Periodic Inquiries to PSC Staff/Executive Director

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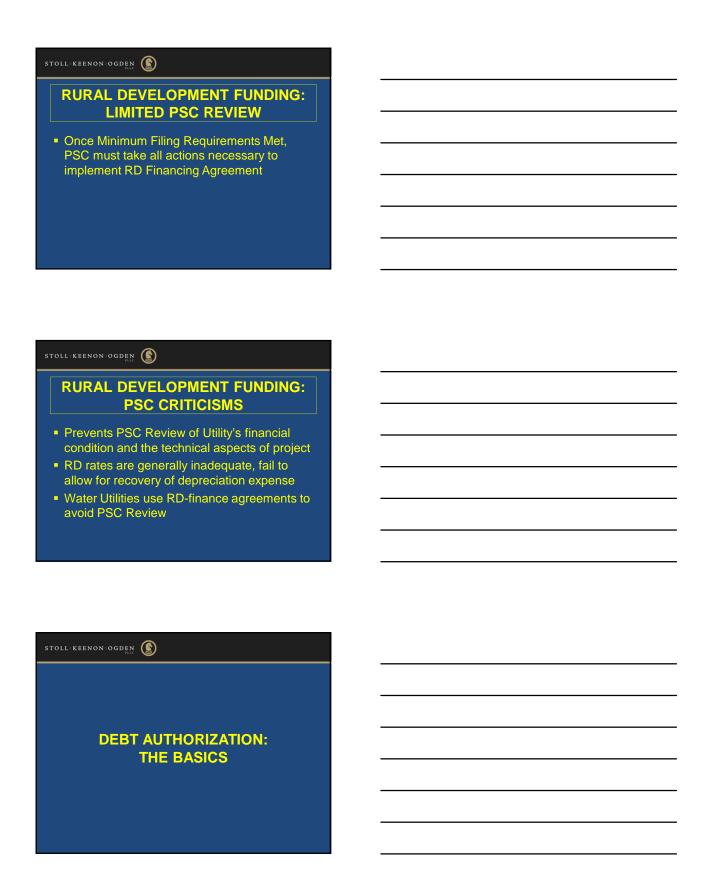
RURAL DEVELOPMENT FINANCED CONSTRUCTION

PROJECTS

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RURAL DEVELOPMENT FUNDING: LIMITED PSC REVIEW

- KRS 278.023 requires expedited review of RD-funded Projects
- Legislature Assumes RD has adequately reviewed project – Two reviews unnecessary
- Project must be part of Financing Agreement between RD or HUD and WD or WA
- Utility Files Limited Documentation



KRS 278.300

"No utility shall issue any securities or evidences of indebtedness, or assume any obligation or liability in respect to the securities or evidences of indebtedness of any other person until it has been authorized so to do by order of the commission."

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WHAT IS AN EVIDENCE OF INDEBTEDNESS?

- Bonds
- Notes
- KIA Assistance Agreement
- Lease to Purchase Agreement
- Installment Contracts
- Letters of Credit

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EXCEPTIONS TO REQUIREMENT

- Notes that are not payable for periods of more than two years
- Limit: Note may not be renewed for an aggregate period to exceed six year

STOLL KEENON OGDEN **CONSEQUENCE OF NON-COMPLIANCE** Assessment of \$2,500 Penalty To: Utility Utility Management Board Members Legal Counsel • Questions re: legality of debt STOLL | KEENON | OGDEN PREPARING AN APPLICATION FOR DEBT AUTHORIZATION STOLL KEENON OGDEN **CONTENTS OF APPLICATION** Financial Exhibit Description of Applicant's Property Description of Use of Proceeds Detailed description of property to be acquired or constructed or proposed improvement Copy of contracts re: acquisition/construction of

property, proposed improvementNotice to State Local Debt Officer

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CONTENTS OF APPLICATION	
 Maps/Plans of Property to be Acquired or 	
ConstructedEstimates of the Cost of Property/Improvements	
 Application must be signed under oath by utility 	
officer	
	•
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APPLICANT MUST SHOW	
 Issuance is for lawful object/purpose 	
 Issuance is necessary & appropriate for performance of utility's service to public 	
 Issuance will not impair utility's ability to 	
serve public	
 Issuance is reasonably & appropriate to perform service to public 	
Utility can meet debt service requirements	
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PROCEDURE	
Application	
Discovery	
Generally No IntervenorsHearing on Application Seldom Held	
 Matter to Go to Front of PSC Docket 	
• Final Order: 60 Days from filing of	
Application but application may be continue beyond 60 days	

