REVENUE REQUIREMENT CALCULATION - OPERATING RATIO METHOD

(Method commonly used by investor owned utilities and/or non-profit entities that do not have long-term debt outstanding.)

Pr	Pro forma Operating Expenses Before Income Taxes			
0	perating Ratio			
Su	ub-Total			
Le	ess: Pro forma Operating Expenses Before Income Taxes			
N	et Income Allowable			
A	dd: Provision for State and Federal Income Taxes, if Applicable (see footnote)			
	Interest Expense			
	Pro forma Operating Expenses Before Taxes			
	Cost of Natural Gas (water utilities should leave this blank)			
Тс	otal Revenue Requirement			
Le	ess: Other Operating Revenue			
	Non-operating Revenue			
	Interest Income			
Тс	Total Revenue Required from Rates for Service			
Le	ess: Revenue from Sales at Present Rates			
Re	equired Revenue Increase			
Required Revenue Increase stated as a Percentage of Revenue at Present Rates				

Provision for Income Taxes - Calculation of Tax Gross-Up Factor

Revenu	е				
Less:	State Tax				
Sub-Total					
Less: F	ederal Tax,	of Sub-Total			
Percent Change in NOI					
Factor (Revenue of 1 divided by change in NOI)					
Times: Allowable Net Income					
Net Income Before Taxes					
Difference Equals Provision for State and Federal Income Taxes					

Notes: (1) Natural gas utilities should deduct their cost of natural gas from pro forma operating expenses before performing the operating ratio calculation. The cost of natural gas should be added back and included in pro forma operating expenses when determining the total revenue requirement. (2) A provision for state and federal income taxes should only be included in the calculation of revenue requirements for utilities that file income tax returns and are liable for the payment of state and federal income taxes. Utilities whose income flows through to its owner's income tax returns for tax purposes should not include a provision for income taxes. (3) The conversion factor above is calculated using the minimum federal tax rate. Adjustment may be warranted where the actual federal tax rate exceeds the minimum federal tax rate.