





Attachment C


Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 1			
Photo Location: Wetland A			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 10/30/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland A			
Photograph ID: 2			
Photo Location: Wetland A			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 10/30/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland A			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 3			
Photo Location: Wetland B			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 10/30/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland B			
Photograph ID: 4			
Photo Location: Wetland B			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 10/30/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland B			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 5			
Photo Location: Wetland C			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 10/30/2020			
Comments: Weland Point Associated with Wetland C			
Photograph ID: 6			
Photo Location: Wetland C			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 10/30/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland C			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky



Photograph ID: 7	
Photo Location: Wetland D	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 10/30/2020	
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland D	



Photograph ID: 8	
Photo Location: Wetland E	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 10/30/2020	
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland E	



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky



Photograph ID: 9	
Photo Location: Wetland E/F	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 10/31/2020	
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland E & Wetland F	

Photograph ID: 10	
Photo Location: Wetland F	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 10/31/2020	
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland F	


Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 11			
Photo Location: Wetland G			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 10/31/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland G			
Photograph ID: 12			
Photo Location: Wetland G/H			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 10/31/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetlands G & Wetland H			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 13			
Photo Location: Wetland H			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 10/31/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland H			
Photograph ID: 14			
Photo Location: Wetland I			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 10/31/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland I			


Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 15			
Photo Location: Wetland I			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 10/31/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland I			
Photograph ID: 16			
Photo Location: Wetland J			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 10/31/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland J			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 17			
Photo Location: Wetland J			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 10/31/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland J			
Photograph ID: 18			
Photo Location: Wetland K			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/1/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland K			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky



Photograph ID: 19	
Photo Location: Wetland K	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/1/2020	
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland K	

Photograph ID: 20	
Photo Location: Wetland L	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/1/2020	
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland L	



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 21			
Photo Location: Wetland L			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/1/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland L			
Photograph ID: 22			
Photo Location: Wetland M			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/1/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland M			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 23			
Photo Location: Wetland M			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/1/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland M			
Photograph ID: 24			
Photo Location: Wetland N			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/2/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland N			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 25			
Photo Location: Wetland N			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/2/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland N			
Photograph ID: 26			
Photo Location: Wetland O			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/2/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland O			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 27			
Photo Location: Wetland O			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/2/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland O			
Photograph ID: 28			
Photo Location: Wetland P			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/2/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland P			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 29			
Photo Location: Wetland P			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/2/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland P			
Photograph ID: 30			
Photo Location: Wetland Q			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/2/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland Q			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 31			
Photo Location: Wetland Q			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/2/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland Q			
Photograph ID: 32			
Photo Location: Wetland R			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/2/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland R			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky

Photograph ID: 33	
Photo Location: Wetland R	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/2/2020	
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland R	


Photograph ID: 34	
Photo Location: Wetland S	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/2/2020	
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland S	


Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 35			
Photo Location: Wetland S			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/2/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland S			
Photograph ID: 36			
Photo Location: Wetland T			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/2/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland T			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 37			
Photo Location: Wetland T			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/2/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland T			
Photograph ID: 38			
Photo Location: Wetland U			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/2/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland U			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 39			
Photo Location: Wetland U			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/2/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland U			
Photograph ID: 40			
Photo Location: Wetland V			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/2/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland V			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky



Photograph ID: 41	
Photo Location: Wetland V	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/3/2020	
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland V	



Photograph ID: 42	
Photo Location: Wetland W	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/3/2020	
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland W	

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 43			
Photo Location: Wetland W			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/3/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland W			
Photograph ID: 44			
Photo Location: Wetland X			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/3/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland X			


Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 45			
Photo Location: Wetland X			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/3/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland X			
Photograph ID: 46			
Photo Location: Wetland Y			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/3/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland Y			


Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 47			
Photo Location: Wetland Y			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/3/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland Y			
Photograph ID: 48			
Photo Location: Wetland Z			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland Z			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 49			
Photo Location: Wetland Z			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland Z			
Photograph ID: 50			
Photo Location: Wetland AA			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AA			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 51			
Photo Location: Wetland AA			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland AA			
Photograph ID: 52			
Photo Location: Wetland AB			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AB			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky


Photograph ID: 53	
Photo Location: Wetland AB	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/4/2020	
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland AB	


Photograph ID: 54	
Photo Location: Wetland AC	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/4/2020	
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AC	


Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 55			
Photo Location: Wetland AC			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland AC			
Photograph ID: 56			
Photo Location: Wetland AD			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AD			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 57			
Photo Location: Wetland AD			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland AD & AE			
Photograph ID: 58			
Photo Location: Wetland AE			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AE			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky

Photograph ID: 59	
Photo Location: Wetland AF	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/4/2020	
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AF	

Photograph ID: 60	
Photo Location: Wetland AF	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/4/2020	
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland AF	

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 61			
Photo Location: Wetland AG			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AG			
Photograph ID: 62			
Photo Location: Wetland AG			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland AG			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky

Photograph ID: 63

Photo Location:
Wetland AH

Direction:

Survey Date:
11/5/2020

Comments:
Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AH



Photograph ID: 64

Photo Location:
Wetland AH



Direction:



Survey Date:
11/5/2020


Comments:
Upland Point Associated with Wetland AH




Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 65			
Photo Location: Wetland AJ			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AJ			
Photograph ID: 66			
Photo Location: Wetland AJ			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland AJ			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 67			
Photo Location: Wetland AK			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AK			
Photograph ID: 68			
Photo Location: Wetland AL			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/6/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AL			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 69			
Photo Location: Wetland AM			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/6/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AM			
Photograph ID: 70			
Photo Location: Wetland AL/AM			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/6/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetlands AL and AM			


Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 71			
Photo Location: Wetland AN			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/6/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AN			
Photograph ID: 72			
Photo Location: Wetland AN			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/6/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland AN			


Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky



Photograph ID: 73	
Photo Location: Wetland AO	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/6/2020	
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AO	

Photograph ID: 74	
Photo Location: Wetland AO	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/6/2020	
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland AO	

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky


Photograph ID: 75	
Photo Location: Wetland AP	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/6/2020	
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AP	



Photograph ID: 76	
Photo Location: Wetland AQ	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/6/2020	
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AQ	



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 77			
Photo Location: Wetland AP/AQ			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/6/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetlands AP and AQ			
Photograph ID: 78			
Photo Location: Wetland AR			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/6/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AR			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky



Photograph ID: 79	
Photo Location: Wetland AR	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/6/2020	
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland AR	

Photograph ID: 80	
Photo Location: Wetland AS	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/6/2020	
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AR	

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 81			
Photo Location: Wetland AS			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/6/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland AS			
Photograph ID: 82			
Photo Location: Wetland AT			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/6/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AT			


Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 83			
Photo Location: Wetland AT			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/6/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland AT			
Photograph ID: 84			
Photo Location: Wetland AU			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AU			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 85			
Photo Location: Wetland AU			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland AU			
Photograph ID: 86			
Photo Location: Wetland AV			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AV			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 87			
Photo Location: Wetland AV			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland AV			
Photograph ID: 88			
Photo Location: Wetland AW			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AW			


Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky

Photograph ID: 89	
Photo Location: Wetland AW	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/5/2020	
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland AW	

Photograph ID: 90	
Photo Location: Wetland AX	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/5/2020	
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AX	


Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 91			
Photo Location: Wetland AY			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AY			
Photograph ID: 92			
Photo Location: Wetland AY			
Direction:			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetland AY			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky



Photograph ID: 93	
Photo Location: Wetland AZ	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/5/2020	
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Wetland AZ	

Photograph ID: 94	
Photo Location: Wetland BA	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 11/5/2020	
Comments: Wetland Point Associated with Weland BA	


Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky


Photograph ID: 95	
Photo Location: Wetland AZ/BA	
Direction:	
Survey Date: 10/31/2020	
Comments: Upland Point Associated with Wetlands AZ/BA	



Photograph ID: 96	
Photo Location: Stream 01	
Direction: Upstream	
Survey Date: 11/1/2020	
Comments: Ephemeral	



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 97			
Photo Location: Stream 01			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/1/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 98			
Photo Location: Stream 02			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 10/31/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky



Photograph ID: 99	
Photo Location: Stream 02	
Direction: Downstream	
Survey Date: 10/31/2020	
Comments: Ephemeral	


Photograph ID: 100	
Photo Location: Stream 03	
Direction: Upstream	
Survey Date: 10/31/2020	
Comments: Ephemeral	



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 101			
Photo Location: Stream 03			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 10/31/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 102			
Photo Location: Stream 04			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/1/2020			
Comments: Intermittent			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 103			
Photo Location: Stream 04			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/1/2020			
Comments: Intermittent			
Photograph ID: 104			
Photo Location: Stream 05			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/1/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 105			
Photo Location: Stream 05			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/1/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 106			
Photo Location: Stream 06			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/2/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 107			
Photo Location: Stream 06			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/2/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 108			
Photo Location: Stream 08			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/3/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 109			
Photo Location: Stream 08			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/3/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 110			
Photo Location: Stream 09			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 111			
Photo Location: Stream 09			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 112			
Photo Location: Stream 10			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Intermittent			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 113			
Photo Location: Stream 10			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Intermittent			
Photograph ID: 114			
Photo Location: Stream 11			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Intermittent			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 115			
Photo Location: Stream 11			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Intermittent			
Photograph ID: 116			
Photo Location: Stream 12			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Perennial - Petercave Fork			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 117			
Photo Location: Stream 12			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Perennial - Petercave Fork			
Photograph ID: 118			
Photo Location: Stream 13			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 119			
Photo Location: Stream 13			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 120			
Photo Location: Stream 14			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 121			
Photo Location: Stream 14			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 122			
Photo Location: Stream 15			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 123			
Photo Location: Stream 15			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 124			
Photo Location: Stream 16			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 125			
Photo Location: Stream 16			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 126			
Photo Location: Stream 17			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/6/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			


Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky

Photograph ID: 127	
Photo Location: Stream 17	
Direction: Downstream	
Survey Date: 11/6/2020	
Comments: Ephemeral	

Photograph ID: 128	
Photo Location: Stream 18	
Direction: Upstream	
Survey Date: 11/6/2020	
Comments: Ephemeral	

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 129			
Photo Location: Stream 18			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/6/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 130			
Photo Location: Stream 19			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/6/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky

Photograph ID: 131	
Photo Location: Stream 19	
Direction: Downstream	
Survey Date: 11/6/2020	
Comments: Ephemeral	

Photograph ID: 132	
Photo Location: Stream 20	
Direction: Upstream	
Survey Date: 11/6/2020	
Comments: Ephemeral	

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 133			
Photo Location: Stream 20			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/6/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 134			
Photo Location: Stream 21			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/6/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 135			
Photo Location: Stream 21			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/6/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 136			
Photo Location: Stream 22			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Perennial - Pigeonroost Fork			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky

Photograph ID: 137

Photo Location:
Stream 22

Direction:
Downstream

Survey Date:
11/4/2020

Comments:
Perennial - Pigeonroost Fork

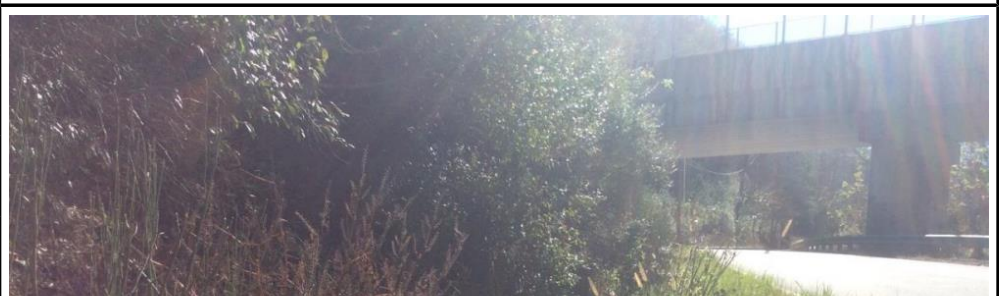


Photograph ID: 138



Photo Location:
Stream 23



Direction:
Upstream



Survey Date:
11/4/2020






Comments:
Intermittent



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 139			
Photo Location: Stream 23			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Intermittent			
Photograph ID: 140			
Photo Location: Stream 24			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 141			
Photo Location: Stream 24			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 142			
Photo Location: Stream 25			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 143			
Photo Location: Stream 25			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 144			
Photo Location: Stream 26			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 145			
Photo Location: Stream 26			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 146			
Photo Location: Stream 27			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 147			
Photo Location: Stream 27			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 148			
Photo Location: Stream 28			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 149			
Photo Location: Stream 28			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 150			
Photo Location: Stream 29			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 151			
Photo Location: Stream 29			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 152			
Photo Location: Stream 30			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 153			
Photo Location: Stream 30			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/4/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 154			
Photo Location: Stream 31			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 155			
Photo Location: Stream 31			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 156			
Photo Location: Stream 32			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Perennial			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 157			
Photo Location: Stream 32			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Perennial			
Photograph ID: 158			
Photo Location: Stream 33			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 159			
Photo Location: Stream 33			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 160			
Photo Location: Stream 34			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			



Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 161			
Photo Location: Stream 34			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 162			
Photo Location: Stream 35			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 163			
Photo Location: Stream 35			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 164			
Photo Location: Stream 36			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 165			
Photo Location: Stream 36			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 166			
Photo Location: Stream 37			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 167			
Photo Location: Stream 37			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 168			
Photo Location: Stream 38			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 169			
Photo Location: Stream 38			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 170			
Photo Location: Stream 39			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 171			
Photo Location: Stream 39			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			
Photograph ID: 172			
Photo Location: Stream 40			
Direction: Upstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			

Client:	Martin County Solar Project, LLC	Project:	Wetland Delineation
Site Name:	Martin County Solar Site	Site Location:	Inez, Martin County, Kentucky
Photograph ID: 173			
Photo Location: Stream 40			
Direction: Downstream			
Survey Date: 11/5/2020			
Comments: Ephemeral			

Attachment D



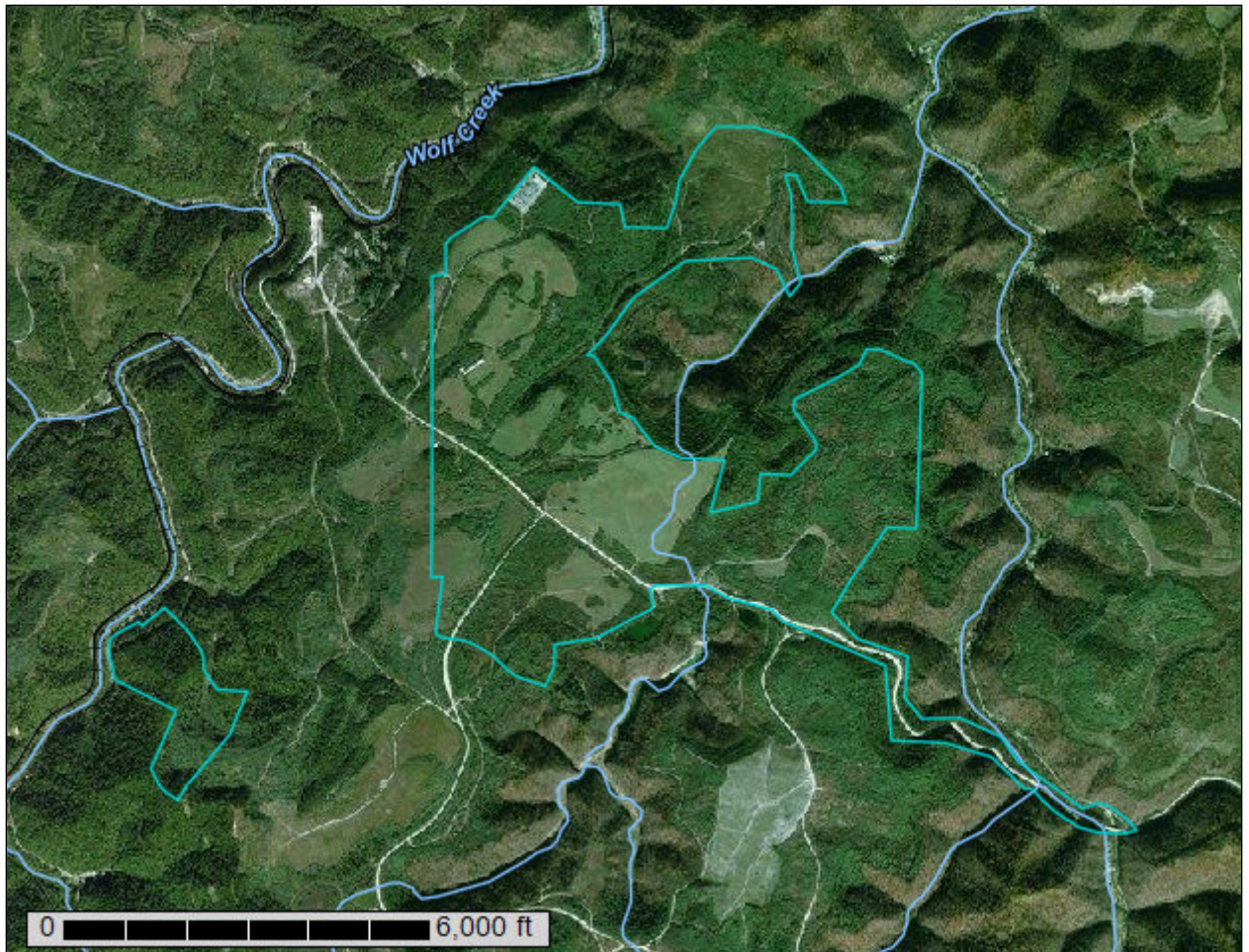
United States
Department of
Agriculture

NRCS

Natural
Resources
Conservation
Service

A product of the National
Cooperative Soil Survey,
a joint effort of the United
States Department of
Agriculture and other
Federal agencies, State
agencies including the
Agricultural Experiment
Stations, and local
participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for Lawrence and Martin Counties, Kentucky



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (<http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/>) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (<https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs>) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

Custom Soil Resource Report

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

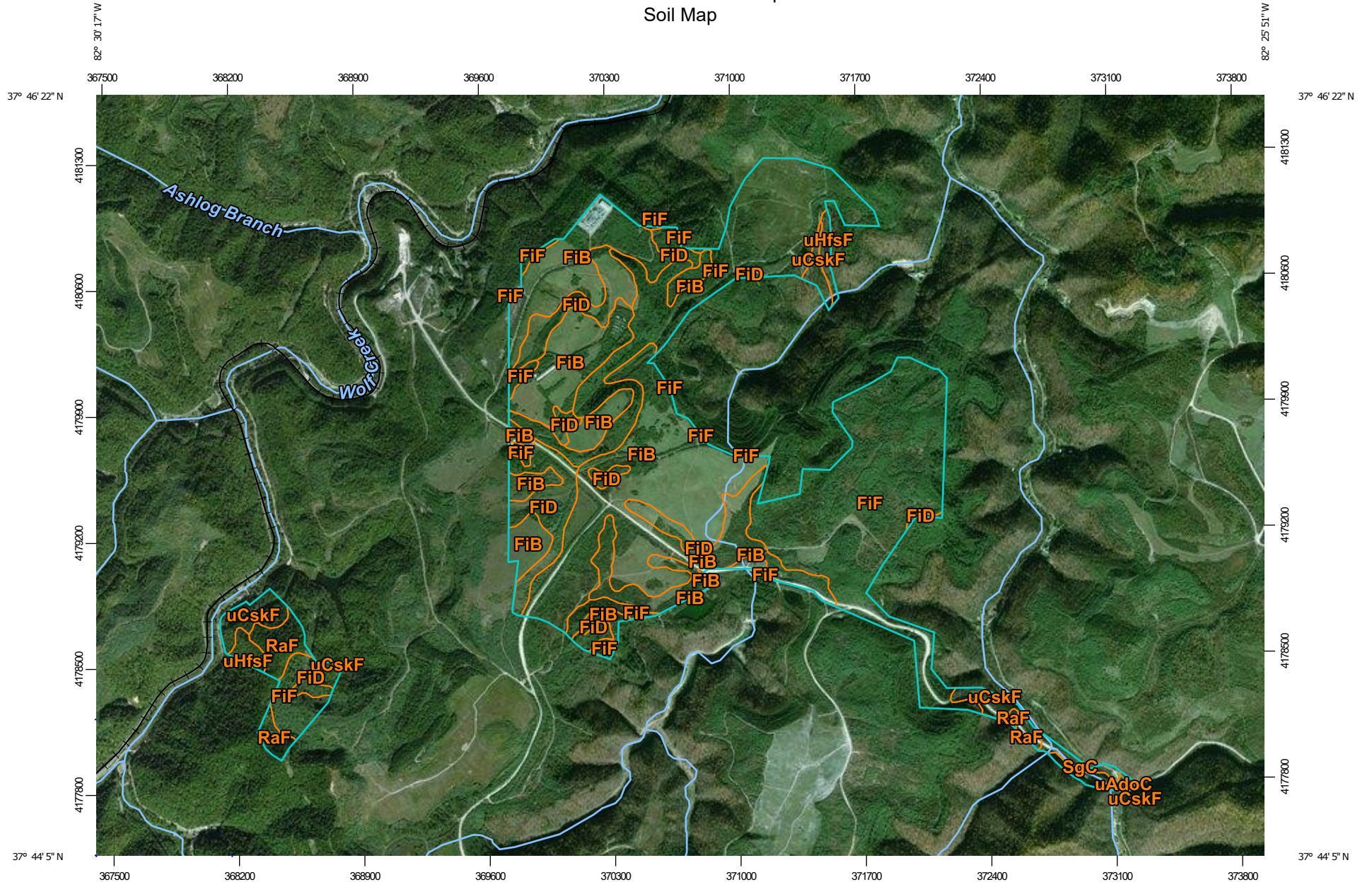
Custom Soil Resource Report

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

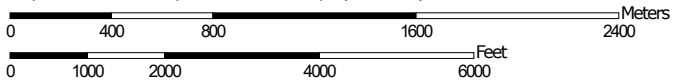
Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.

Custom Soil Resource Report Soil Map



Map Scale: 1:29,800 if printed on A landscape (11" x 8.5") sheet.



Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 17N WGS84

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

 Soil Map Unit Polygons

 Soil Map Unit Lines


 Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features






-  Blowout
-  Borrow Pit
-  Clay Spot
-  Closed Depression
-  Gravel Pit
-  Gravelly Spot
-  Landfill
-  Lava Flow
-  Marsh or swamp
-  Mine or Quarry
-  Miscellaneous Water
-  Perennial Water
-  Rock Outcrop
-  Saline Spot
-  Sandy Spot
-  Severely Eroded Spot
-  Sinkhole
-  Slide or Slip
-  Sodic Spot

-  Spoil Area
-  Stony Spot
-  Very Stony Spot
-  Wet Spot
-  Other
-  Special Line Features


Water Features

 Streams and Canals

Transportation

-  Rails
-  Interstate Highways
-  US Routes
-  Major Roads
-  Local Roads

Background

 Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
 Web Soil Survey URL:
 Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Lawrence and Martin Counties, Kentucky
 Survey Area Data: Version 16, May 29, 2020

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Mar 31, 2015—Mar 7, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
FiB	Fiveblock, Fairpoint, and Kaymine soils, 0 to 6 percent slopes, stony	374.2	35.5%
FiD	Fiveblock, Fairpoint, and Kaymine soils, 6 to 30 percent slopes, stony	161.8	15.4%
FiF	Fiveblock, Fairpoint, and Kaymine soils, 30 to 80 percent slopes, stony	430.6	40.9%
RaF	Rayne-Marrowbone-Dekalb complex, 20 to 80 percent slopes, very rocky	25.5	2.4%
SgC	Shelocta-Grigsby-Orrville complex, 2 to 15 percent slopes	6.3	0.6%
uAdoC	Anthropotic Udorthents-Urban land complex, 0 to 15 percent slopes	2.3	0.2%
uCskF	Cloverlick-Shelocta-Kimper complex, 20 to 80 percent slopes, very stony	39.9	3.8%
uHfsF	Handshoe-Feds creek-Shelocta complex, 30 to 80 percent slopes, very stony	12.6	1.2%
Totals for Area of Interest		1,053.3	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called

Custom Soil Resource Report

noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can

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be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Lawrence and Martin Counties, Kentucky

FiB—Fiveblock, Fairpoint, and Kaymine soils, 0 to 6 percent slopes, stony

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: lh80
Elevation: 580 to 1,430 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 37 to 48 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 67 degrees F
Frost-free period: 135 to 169 days
Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Fiveblock, unstable fill, and similar soils: 32 percent
Fairpoint, unstable fill, and similar soils: 30 percent
Kaymine, unstable fill, and similar soils: 28 percent
Minor components: 10 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Fiveblock, Unstable Fill

Setting

Landform: Ridges
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountaintop
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Loamy-skeletal mine spoil or earthy fill derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 4 inches: channery sandy loam
H2 - 4 to 80 inches: extremely flaggy sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 6 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 0.1 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Runoff class: Very low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High to very high (1.98 to 19.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Low (about 5.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s
Hydrologic Soil Group: A
Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Fairpoint, Unstable Fill

Setting

Landform: Ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountaintop

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loamy-skeletal mine spoil or earthy fill derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 7 inches: channery silt loam

H2 - 7 to 80 inches: extremely flaggy silt loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 6 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 0.1 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 5 percent

Available water capacity: Low (about 4.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Kaymine, Unstable Fill

Setting

Landform: Ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountaintop

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loamy-skeletal mine spoil or earthy fill derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 6 inches: very channery loam

H2 - 6 to 80 inches: extremely flaggy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 6 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 0.1 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Low

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Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high
(0.57 to 5.95 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Available water capacity: Moderate (about 7.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Shelocta

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Hazleton

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Feds creek

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Other soils

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Blairton

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Cloverlick

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Cruze

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Dekalb

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Marrowbone

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Rayne

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

FiD—Fiveblock, Fairpoint, and Kaymine soils, 6 to 30 percent slopes, stony

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: lh81
Elevation: 540 to 1,570 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 37 to 48 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 67 degrees F
Frost-free period: 135 to 169 days
Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Fiveblock, unstable fill, and similar soils: 32 percent
Fairpoint, unstable fill, and similar soils: 30 percent
Kaymine, unstable fill, and similar soils: 28 percent
Minor components: 10 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Fiveblock, Unstable Fill

Setting

Landform: Ridges
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountaintop
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Loamy-skeletal mine spoil or earthy fill derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 4 inches: channery sandy loam
H2 - 4 to 80 inches: extremely flaggy sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 6 to 30 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 0.1 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High to very high (1.98 to 19.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Low (about 5.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s
Hydrologic Soil Group: A
Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Fairpoint, Unstable Fill

Setting

Landform: Ridges
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountaintop
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Loamy-skeletal mine spoil or earthy fill derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 7 inches: channery silt loam
H2 - 7 to 80 inches: extremely flaggy silt loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 6 to 30 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 0.1 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: High
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.57 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 5 percent
Available water capacity: Low (about 4.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s
Hydrologic Soil Group: C
Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Kaymine, Unstable Fill

Setting

Landform: Ridges
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountaintop
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Loamy-skeletal mine spoil or earthy fill derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 6 inches: very channery loam
H2 - 6 to 80 inches: extremely flaggy loam

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Properties and qualities

Slope: 6 to 30 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 0.1 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high
(0.57 to 5.95 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Available water capacity: Moderate (about 7.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Shelocta

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Rayne

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Other soils

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Cloverlick

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Dekalb

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Blairton

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Cruze

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Feds creek

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Hazleton

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Marrowbone

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

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Hydric soil rating: No

FiF—Fiveblock, Fairpoint, and Kaymine soils, 30 to 80 percent slopes, stony

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: lh82
Elevation: 560 to 1,580 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 37 to 48 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 67 degrees F
Frost-free period: 135 to 169 days
Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Fiveblock, unstable fill, and similar soils: 32 percent
Fairpoint, unstable fill, and similar soils: 30 percent
Kaymine, unstable fill, and similar soils: 28 percent
Minor components: 10 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Fiveblock, Unstable Fill

Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Loamy-skeletal mine spoil or earthy fill derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 4 inches: channery sandy loam
H2 - 4 to 80 inches: extremely flaggy sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 30 to 80 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 0.1 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Runoff class: Medium
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High to very high (1.98 to 19.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Low (about 5.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e
Hydrologic Soil Group: A
Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Fairpoint, Unstable Fill

Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Loamy-skeletal mine spoil or earthy fill derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 7 inches: channery silt loam
H2 - 7 to 80 inches: extremely flaggy silt loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 30 to 80 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 0.1 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Very high
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.57 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 5 percent
Available water capacity: Low (about 4.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e
Hydrologic Soil Group: C
Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Kaymine, Unstable Fill

Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Loamy-skeletal mine spoil or earthy fill derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 6 inches: very channery loam
H2 - 6 to 80 inches: extremely flaggy loam

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Properties and qualities

Slope: 30 to 80 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 0.1 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high
(0.57 to 5.95 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Available water capacity: Moderate (about 7.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Other soils

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Cloverlick

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Hazleton

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Marrowbone

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Fedscreek

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Shelocta

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Blairton

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Cruze

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Dekalb

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Rayne

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Custom Soil Resource Report

Hydric soil rating: No

RaF—Rayne-Marrowbone-Dekalb complex, 20 to 80 percent slopes, very rocky

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: lh8b
Elevation: 570 to 1,620 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 37 to 48 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 67 degrees F
Frost-free period: 135 to 169 days
Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Rayne and similar soils: 36 percent
Marrowbone and similar soils: 34 percent
Dekalb and similar soils: 20 percent
Minor components: 10 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Rayne

Setting

Landform: Ridges
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountaintop
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Fine-silty residuum weathered from shale and siltstone

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 3 inches: loam
H2 - 3 to 37 inches: silty clay loam
H3 - 37 to 49 inches: very channery silty clay loam
Cr - 49 to 59 inches: weathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 20 to 65 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to paralithic bedrock
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: High
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.57 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Moderate (about 6.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e
Hydrologic Soil Group: C
Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Marrowbone

Setting

Landform: Ridges
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountaintop
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Coarse-loamy residuum weathered from sandstone and siltstone

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 4 inches: sandy loam
H2 - 4 to 35 inches: channery sandy loam
Cr - 35 to 40 inches: weathered bedrock
R - 40 to 50 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 20 to 80 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock; 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: High
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (1.98 to 5.95 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Low (about 4.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e
Hydrologic Soil Group: B
Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Dekalb

Setting

Landform: Ridges
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountaintop
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Loamy-skeletal residuum weathered from sandstone and shale

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 4 inches: very channery sandy loam
H2 - 4 to 24 inches: extremely channery sandy loam
R - 24 to 34 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 20 to 80 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High to very high (5.95 to 19.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Very low (about 2.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e
Hydrologic Soil Group: A
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Hydric soil rating: No

Blairton

Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Hydric soil rating: No

Cruze

Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Hydric soil rating: No

Other soils

Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Hydric soil rating: No

Rarden

Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Hydric soil rating: No

Upshur

Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Hydric soil rating: No

SgC—Shelocta-Grigsby-Orrville complex, 2 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: lh8f
Elevation: 520 to 1,000 feet

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Mean annual precipitation: 37 to 48 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 67 degrees F
Frost-free period: 135 to 169 days
Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Shelocta and similar soils: 40 percent
Grigsby, frequently flooded, and similar soils: 35 percent
Orrville, frequently flooded, and similar soils: 15 percent
Minor components: 10 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Shelocta

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Fine-silty colluvium derived from shale and siltstone over residuum

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 3 inches: silt loam
H2 - 3 to 39 inches: channery silt loam
H3 - 39 to 51 inches: very channery silt loam
Cr - 51 to 61 inches: weathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 15 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to paralithic bedrock
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Medium
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Moderate (about 7.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e
Hydrologic Soil Group: B
Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Grigsby, Frequently Flooded

Setting

Landform: Flood plains
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Coarse-loamy alluvium derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 11 inches: fine sandy loam

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H2 - 11 to 64 inches: fine sandy loam
H3 - 64 to 80 inches: stratified sandy loam to loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 4 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high
(0.57 to 5.95 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 42 to 72 inches
Frequency of flooding: FrequentNone
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Moderate (about 8.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2w
Hydrologic Soil Group: A
Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Orrville, Frequently Flooded

Setting

Landform: Flood plains
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Fine-silty alluvium derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 10 inches: silt loam
H2 - 10 to 30 inches: silt loam
H3 - 30 to 80 inches: clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high
(0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 12 to 18 inches
Frequency of flooding: FrequentNone
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Moderate (about 9.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2w
Hydrologic Soil Group: B/D
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Other soils

Percent of map unit: 4 percent
Hydric soil rating: No

Allegheny

Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Landform: Stream terraces
Hydric soil rating: No

Cotaco

Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Landform: Stream terraces
Hydric soil rating: No

Feds creek

Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Hydric soil rating: No

Chagrin

Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Landform: Flood plains
Hydric soil rating: No

Hazleton

Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Hydric soil rating: No

Holly, frequently flooded

Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Landform: Flood plains
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: Yes

uAdoC—Anthroportic Udorthents-Urban land complex, 0 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2x5hs
Elevation: 550 to 1,360 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 28 to 54 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 68 degrees F
Frost-free period: 140 to 222 days
Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Anthroportic udorthents, unstable fill, and similar soils: 55 percent
Urban land: 20 percent
Minor components: 25 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Anthropotic Udorthents, Unstable Fill

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loamy-skeletal mine spoil or earthy fill derived from interbedded sedimentary rock

Typical profile

^Ap - 0 to 5 inches: very channery silt loam

^C1 - 5 to 15 inches: very channery silt loam

^C2 - 15 to 24 inches: very channery silt loam

^C3 - 24 to 38 inches: extremely parachannery silt loam

^C4 - 38 to 55 inches: extremely parachannery silt loam

Cr - 55 to 65 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 45 to 60 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.01 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 2.0

Available water capacity: Low (about 3.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Urban Land

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Shelocta

Percent of map unit: 9 percent

Landform: Hillslopes

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, toeslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Concave

Across-slope shape: Linear

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Hydric soil rating: No

Clifftop

Percent of map unit: 8 percent

Landform: Hillslopes

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder

Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope, side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Convex

Hydric soil rating: No

Handshoe

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Hillslopes

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, toeslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Concave

Across-slope shape: Linear

Hydric soil rating: No

Kimper

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Hillslopes

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope, toeslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Concave

Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: No

uCskF—Cloverlick-Shelocta-Kimper complex, 20 to 80 percent slopes, very stony

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2x5jg

Elevation: 700 to 2,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 28 to 52 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 70 degrees F

Frost-free period: 135 to 220 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Cloverlick, very stony, and similar soils: 30 percent

Shelocta, very stony, and similar soils: 25 percent

Kimper, very stony, and similar soils: 20 percent

Minor components: 25 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Cloverlick, Very Stony

Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Parent material: Loamy-skeletal colluvium derived from sandstone and shale

Typical profile

O_i - 0 to 2 inches: channery slightly decomposed plant material
A - 2 to 8 inches: channery loam
B_{w1} - 8 to 24 inches: channery loam
B_{w2} - 24 to 43 inches: very channery loam
BC - 43 to 80 inches: very flaggy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 20 to 80 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 1.0 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Medium
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (K_{sat}): Moderately high to high (0.60 to 6.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 1.0
Available water capacity: Low (about 4.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e
Hydrologic Soil Group: A
Ecological site: F125XY002WV - Interbedded Sedimentary Colluvium
Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Shelocta, Very Stony

Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Fine-loamy colluvium derived from sandstone and shale

Typical profile

O_i - 0 to 1 inches: slightly decomposed plant material
A - 1 to 3 inches: silt loam
BA - 3 to 7 inches: loam
B_{t1} - 7 to 23 inches: channery silt loam
2B_{t2} - 23 to 34 inches: channery silt loam
2B_{t3} - 34 to 45 inches: very channery silt loam
2C - 45 to 59 inches: very parachannery silt loam
2Cr - 59 to 69 inches: bedrock

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Properties and qualities

Slope: 20 to 80 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 1.0 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 48 to 65 inches to paralithic bedrock
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: High
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low (0.00 to 0.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 2.0
Available water capacity: Moderate (about 7.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e
Hydrologic Soil Group: B
Ecological site: F125XY002WV - Interbedded Sedimentary Colluvium
Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Kimper, Very Stony

Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Fine-loamy colluvium derived from sandstone and shale

Typical profile

O_i - 0 to 2 inches: very channery slightly decomposed plant material
A - 2 to 8 inches: very channery loam
BA - 8 to 13 inches: channery loam
Bw₁ - 13 to 27 inches: channery loam
Bw₂ - 27 to 41 inches: channery loam
Bw₃ - 41 to 52 inches: very channery loam
C₁ - 52 to 64 inches: very channery fine sandy loam
C₂ - 64 to 75 inches: very channery loam
R - 75 to 85 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 20 to 80 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 1.0 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 65 to 80 inches to lithic bedrock
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Medium
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Moderate (about 6.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

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Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: F125XY002WV - Interbedded Sedimentary Colluvium

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Fedscreek, very stony

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Mountain slopes

Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank

Down-slope shape: Concave

Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: F125XY002WV - Interbedded Sedimentary Colluvium

Hydric soil rating: No

Handshoe, very stony

Percent of map unit: 7 percent

Landform: Mountain slopes

Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank

Down-slope shape: Concave

Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: F125XY002WV - Interbedded Sedimentary Colluvium

Hydric soil rating: No

Clifftop, very stony

Percent of map unit: 6 percent

Landform: Mountain slopes

Landform position (three-dimensional): Upper third of mountainflank

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: F125XY003WV - Interbedded Sedimentary Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

Marrowbone, very stony

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Mountain slopes

Landform position (three-dimensional): Upper third of mountainflank

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Convex

Ecological site: F125XY003WV - Interbedded Sedimentary Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

uHfsF—Handshoe-Fedscreek-Shelocta complex, 30 to 80 percent slopes, very stony

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2x5j1

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Elevation: 550 to 1,850 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 28 to 58 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 67 degrees F
Frost-free period: 140 to 222 days
Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Handshoe, very stony, and similar soils: 30 percent
Fedscreek, very stony, and similar soils: 26 percent
Shelocta, very stony, and similar soils: 20 percent
Minor components: 24 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Handshoe, Very Stony

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Loamy-skeletal colluvium derived from sandstone and shale

Typical profile

O_i - 0 to 2 inches: very channery slightly decomposed plant material
A - 2 to 9 inches: very channery loam
E - 9 to 16 inches: very channery loam
Bw₁ - 16 to 34 inches: very channery sandy loam
Bw₂ - 34 to 50 inches: very channery loam
Bw₃ - 50 to 61 inches: channery loam
BC - 61 to 80 inches: very channery sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 30 to 80 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 2.0 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Medium
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (K_{sat}): Moderately high to high
(0.20 to 2.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Low (about 5.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e
Hydrologic Soil Group: A
Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Fedscreek, Very Stony

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

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Down-slope shape: Concave

Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Coarse-loamy colluvium derived from sandstone and shale

Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 1 inches: channery slightly decomposed plant material

A - 1 to 4 inches: channery loam

BA - 4 to 8 inches: channery silt loam

Bw1 - 8 to 17 inches: channery loam

Bw2 - 17 to 30 inches: channery loam

Bw3 - 30 to 39 inches: channery loam

Bw4 - 39 to 48 inches: channery loam

C1 - 48 to 60 inches: very channery loam

C2 - 60 to 65 inches: channery silt loam

R - 65 to 75 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 30 to 80 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 2.0 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 62 to 70 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.01 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Available water capacity: Moderate (about 8.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Shelocta, Very Stony

Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Concave

Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Fine-loamy colluvium derived from sandstone and shale

Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 1 inches: slightly decomposed plant material

A - 1 to 3 inches: silt loam

BA - 3 to 7 inches: loam

Bt1 - 7 to 23 inches: channery silt loam

2Bt2 - 23 to 34 inches: channery silt loam

2Bt3 - 34 to 45 inches: very channery silt loam

2C - 45 to 59 inches: very parachannery silt loam

2Cr - 59 to 69 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 30 to 80 percent

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Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 2.0 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 48 to 65 inches to paralithic bedrock
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: High
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low (0.00 to 0.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Moderate (about 7.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e
Hydrologic Soil Group: B
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Marrowbone, very stony

Percent of map unit: 11 percent
Landform: Hillslopes
Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex
Hydric soil rating: No

Matewan, very stony

Percent of map unit: 6 percent
Landform: Hillslopes
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Linear
Hydric soil rating: No

Clifftop, very stony

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Landform: Hillslopes
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit
Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex
Hydric soil rating: No

Blairton, very stony

Percent of map unit: 2 percent
Landform: Hillslopes
Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder
Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex
Hydric soil rating: No

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