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# Phase I Environmental Site Assessment

Caldwell Solar Site Additional Area Fredonia, Kentucky

August 19, 2021





### Phase I Environmental Assessment (ESA) Report

Caldwell Solar Site Additional Area Fredonia, Kentucky

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# Commonly Used Acronyms

A A I	All Appropriate Inguing
AAI	All Appropriate Inquiry
ABCA	Analysis of Brownfield Cleanup Alternatives
ACM	Asbestos Containing Material
AST	Aboveground Storage Tank
ASTM	American Society for Testing & Materials
BFA	Brownfield Agreement
BLS	Below Land Surface
Cardno	Cardno Inc.
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
CERCLIS	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Information System
CREC	Controlled Recognized Environmental Condition
EP	Environmental Professional
ERNS	Emergency Response Notification System
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
ESA	Environmental Site Assessment
ESI	Expanded Site Inspection
FOIA	Freedom of Information Act
FIRM	Flood Insurance Rate Map
Historical	Historical Recognized Environmental Condition
IC	Institutional Controls
LBP	Lead-Based Paint
LUST	Leaking Underground Storage Tank
MSL	Mean Sea Level
NFRAP	No Further Remedial Action Plan
NPL	National Priority List
PA/SI	Preliminary Assessment/Site Inspection
PAH	Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbon
PCB	Polychlorinated Biphenyl
PPB	Parts per Billion
PPM	Parts Per Million
PRG	Preliminary Remediation Goal
RACM	Regulated Asbestos Containing Material
RBC	Risk Based Concentrations
RBSL	Risk Based Screening Level
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RCRA CORRACT	RCRA Information Systems
RCRA GEN	RCRA System Generators
RCRA TSD	RCRA Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities
REC	Recognized Environmental Condition
ROD	Record of Decision
SHWS	State Hazardous Waste Site
SWL	Solid Waste Facilities List
TAL	Target Analyte List
TMS	Tax Map Serial
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USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency USGS United States Geological Survey

UST Underground Storage Tank

# 1 Executive Summary

At the request of **Caldwell Solar, LLC**, **Cardno Inc**. (**Cardno**) has conducted a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (*ESA*) of approximately 1,575 acres of farmland known as the Caldwell Solar Site Additional Area (Site). The Site is located in western Caldwell County in Kentucky.

This Phase I ESA was performed in accordance with American Society for Testing & Materials (*ASTM*) Practice E-1527-13 "Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Process" developed by ASTM Subcommittee E50.02 for Commercial Real Estate Transactions. ASTM E-1527-13 also meets the All Appropriate Inquiries (*AAI*) standards set forth by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (*USEPA*) in 40 CFR Part 312. Any exceptions to, or deletions from, this practice are described in *Sections 2.4* and *9.0* of this report.

The objective of this Phase I ESA was to identify Recognized Environmental Conditions (*RECs*) as defined in ASTM Practice E-1527-13 with regard to the subject property.

This Phase I ESA included the following types of investigation:

- > A records review of pertinent regulatory agency databases and applicable local records;
  - A Environmental Risk Information Services (ERIS) environmental database search report;
  - ERIS Aerial photographs from 1952, 1967, 1971, 1983, 1990, 2004, 2006, 2008, 2014, and 2020;
  - ERIS Historical Sanborn® Fire Insurance maps were not available for the Site; and
  - ERIS Historical topographical maps dated 1908, 1910, 1954, 1967, and 2016;
- > A review of site background and other available information for the subject property to evaluate present and past land use; and
- > Reconnaissance to assess the Site for evidence of RECs conducted by Mr. George Robertson of Cardno on July 13-14, 2021.

Cardno has performed this Phase I ESA in conformance with the scope and limitations of ASTM Practice E 1527-13. Any exceptions to, or deletions from, this practice are described in *Sections 2.4* and *9.0* of this report.

This assessment has revealed evidence of the following REC in connection with the Site:

Extensive oily sediment in the mechanical shed on the northeast side of the Gill Farm Complex and petroleum related debris in and surrounding the barn/equipment shed on the northeast side of the Gill Farm Complex is considered a REC for the Site.

The following non-ASTM concern was identified for the Site:

- > Out-of-use ASTs are present at the Jones Farm Complex West, the Gill Farm Complex, and near the southwest end of Craig Cemetery Road.
- Extensive debris including old farm implements and tools, vehicles, trash, tires, empty petroleum product containers, spent oil filters, a battery, brush piles and scrap plastic, wood, and metal were observed across the Gill Farm Complex.

Conclusions and opinions presented in this assessment are based solely on the information derived from the study sources and references cited in this document and are subject to the limitations of the sources and methods employed. Except as specified herein, this Phase I ESA report is for the exclusive use of the Client, its officers, directors, employees, and authorized representatives.

# 2 Introduction

Cardno conducted a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (*ESA*) of land tracts totaling approximately 1,575 acres known as the Caldwell Solar Site Additional Area (Site). The Site is located in western Caldwell County, Kentucky, and is largely comprised of farmland.

### 2.1 Purpose

The purpose of this Phase I ESA is to identify to the extent possible any RECs, Controlled RECs, or Historical RECs on the property.

Recognized Environmental Condition (REC) - The presence or likely presence of any hazardous substances or petroleum products in, on, or at a property: (1) due to any release to the environment; (2) under conditions indicative of a release to the environment; or (3) under conditions that pose a material threat of a future release to the environment. De minimis conditions are not recognized environmental conditions.

Controlled Recognized Environmental Condition (CREC) – A recognized environmental condition resulting from a past release of hazardous substances or petroleum products that has been addressed to the satisfaction of the applicable regulatory authority (for example, as evidenced by the issuance of a no further action letter or equivalent, or meeting risk-based criteria established by regulatory authority), with hazardous substances or petroleum products allowed to remain in place subject to the implementation of required controls (for example, property use restrictions, activity and use limitations, institutional controls, or engineering controls).

Historical Recognized Environmental Condition (HREC) – A past release of any hazardous substances or petroleum products that has occurred in connection with the property and has been addressed to the satisfaction of the applicable regulatory authority or meeting unrestricted use criteria established by a regulatory authority, without subjecting the property to any required controls (for example, property use restrictions, activity and use limitations, institutional controls, or engineering controls).

This assessment is completed with respect to the scope of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (*CERCLA*) and petroleum products. As such, this practice is intended to permit a user to satisfy one of the requirements to qualify for the innocent landowner defense to CERCLA liability; that is, the practices that constitute 'all appropriate inquiry into the previous ownership and uses of the property consistent with good commercial or customary practice' as defined in 42 USC§9601(35(B)).

### 2.2 Detailed Scope of Services

The Phase I ESA is a general characterization of possible RECs present on a property. This ESA was completed in accordance with ASTM E-1527-13 "Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Process." ASTM E-1527-13 meets the standard set forth by the USEPA in the AAI Rule. The services provided are detailed below:

- > Review of federal and state lists of environmentally regulated sites to determine if the subject property or nearby properties are listed as having a present or past environmental problem, are under investigation, or are regulated by state or federal environmental regulatory agencies;
- > Review of site background information, including aerial photographs, title records, and interviews with persons familiar with the subject property to evaluate present and past land uses;
- > Physical inspection and photographic documentation of the subject property and adjacent properties to identify obvious indications of present or past activities that have or could have environmentally impacted the subject property; and
- > Development of a report documenting Cardno's findings.

### 2.3 Significant Assumptions

No significant assumptions were made prior to the initiation of this Phase I ESA.

### 2.4 Limitations and Exceptions

The findings of this assessment are based on the following inherent limitations and/or exceptions:

- > The representations contained herein are based on the available data and on the contracted scope of the work. Cardno and the Environmental Professional (EP) make no representations or conclusions on information beyond the scope of this assessment;
- > Cardno derived the data in this report primarily through visual inspections, examination of records in the public domain, and interviews with informed individuals about the subject property. The passage of time, manifestation of latent conditions, or the occurrence of future events may require further study at the subject property, analysis of the data, and revaluation of the findings, observations, and conclusions in the report;
- > The data reported and the findings, observations, and conclusions expressed in this report are limited by the scope of work prescribed by ASTM E-1527-13;
- No warranty or guarantee, whether expressed or implied, is made with respect to the data or the reported findings, observations, and conclusions, which are based solely upon site conditions in existence at the time of the investigation;
- > Cardno presents professional opinions and findings of a scientific and technical nature. The report shall not be construed to offer legal opinion or legal representations as to the requirements of, nor compliance with, environmental laws, rules, regulations, or policies of federal, state, or local governmental agencies. Any use of the Phase I ESA report constitutes acceptance of the limits of Cardno's liability. Cardno's liability extends only to its client and not to any other parties who may obtain the Phase I ESA Report;
- > The conclusions presented in this report are professional opinions based on data described in this report. They are intended only for the purpose, site location, and the project indicated. This report is not a definitive study of contamination at the subject property and should not be interpreted as such. An evaluation of the subsurface soil and groundwater conditions was not performed as part of this investigation. No sampling or chemical analyses of structural material or other media was completed as part of this study unless explicitly stated; and
- > This report is based, in part, on unverified information supplied to Cardno by third party sources. While efforts have been made to substantiate this third party information, Cardno cannot guarantee its completeness or accuracy.

### 2.5 Special Terms and Conditions

Cardno performed this assessment for the users as part of their environmental due diligence on the Site and no additional terms and conditions are specified.

### 2.6 User Reliance

This report, including supporting field data and notes (collectively referred to hereinafter as "information"), was prepared or collected by Cardno for the benefit of the user, Caldwell Solar, LLC. The report is not intended for use by any other party.

# 3 Site Description

### 3.1 Site Location and Description

The Site consists of approximately 1,575 acres of largely farmland known as the Caldwell Solar Site Additional Area and is located southeast of Fredonia in western Caldwell County, Kentucky. A Topographic Site Location Map, consisting of the relevant portions of the United States Geological Survey (*USGS*) topographic maps, Crider and Fredonia Quadrangles, Kentucky, is included as *Figure 1*. The Site and surrounding properties are depicted on *Figure 2*.

### 3.2 Site and Vicinity General Characteristics

The Site is located southeast of Fredonia in western Caldwell County, Kentucky. The surrounding area is primarily farm and forested land. According to Caldwell County administration, there are no zoning restrictions for the County.

Caldwell County was formed in 1809 from Livingston County. During the late 1800s, Princeton (located approximately five miles east of the Site) became a junction for the Illinois Central and Louisville & Nashville railroads. The Illinois Central railroad track currently passes along the northern border of the Site. The County experienced an agricultural boom in the 1900s and its economy remains largely based in agriculture.

### 3.3 Current Use of the Site

The Site is currently used for farming with some undeveloped forest land. Site photos of the current condition are included in *Appendix C*.

### 3.4 Descriptions of Structures, Roads, Other Improvements on the Site

Most of the Site is currently developed as cropland and grazing land (*Figure 2*). Structures were observed at the Jones Farm Complex – West (6858 Old Fredonia Road, on the west side of the Site) including a house, barn, equipment shed and two storage sheds. Structures observed at the Jones Farm Complex – East (south of Old Fredonia Road, near center of Site) including a house, an equipment shed, Harvestore, four silos, three storage sheds and a livestock feeding shed. An old barn was observed in an agricultural field adjacent to the pond located southeast of the intersection of Old Fredonia and Crider Dulaney Roads. An overgrown barn was also observed in the agricultural field located south of the west end of Crider Road.

Structures observed at the Gill Farm Complex located at the west end of Bobby Gill Road (in the southcentral area of the Site) including an overgrown dilapidated house, barn/equipment shed, maintenance shed, office/storage shed, livestock shed, and two dilapidated sheds. Two silos and a feed hopper were located near the office/storage shed and livestock shed.

An occupied house was observed on the south side of Bobby Gill Road. An old barn is located west of Old Fredonia Road, southeast side of Site. A livestock shed was observed south of the intersection of Craig Cemetery Road with an unimproved gravel road. An equipment shed was observed in the pasture located at the south end of the unimproved road extending south of Craig Cemetery Road. A shed was located near the southwest end of Craig Cemetery Road.

Old Fredonia Road wraps around the western, central and eastern sides of the Site. Crider Dulaney Road extends south of Old Fredonia Road on the southwest side of the Site. Bobby Gill and Craig Cemetery Roads extend generally southwestward off Old Fredonia Road on the east and southeast sides of the Site. Skinframe Creek Road connects between Old Fredonia and Marion Roads on the northeast side of the Site. Old Fredonia Road, west of Skinframe Creek Road, is sometimes referred to as Skinframe Creek Road. Marion Road (Route 91) extends along the northeast side of the Site. Crider Road borders the north side of the Site, west of Marion Road.

### 3.5 Current Uses of the Adjoining Properties

North Agricultural, residential and forest

South Forest and agricultural

East Agricultural, residential and forest

West Agricultural and forest

# 4 User Provided Information

### 4.1 Title Records

The user did not provide Cardno with current title records and Cardno did not review a chain-of-title in conjunction with this assessment.

### 4.2 Environmental Liens or Activity and Use Limitations

A liens search was not conducted as part of this assessment. Cardno did not identify any environmental liens or use restrictions (other than zoning) for the Site.

### 4.3 Specialized Knowledge

The user has no specialized knowledge about the Site.

### 4.4 Commonly Known or Easily Ascertainable Information

The Site was used for agricultural cropland and grazing land.

### 4.5 Valuation Reduction for Environmental Issues

No opinion or knowledge was provided regarding environmental issues causing a reduction in property value.

#### 4.6 Owner, Property Manager, and Occupant Information

The user did not provide Cardno with current ownership records and Cardno did not review property records at the Caldwell County Courthouse.

### 4.7 Reason for Performing Phase I ESA

This Phase I ESA was performed for the users as part of environmental due diligence at the Site in preparation for property development.

### 4.8 AAI User Questionnaire

The client verbally communicated Site information and AAI User Questionnaire was not completed.

#### 4.9 Other

No other User provided information was utilized for this assessment.

# 5 Records Review

### 5.1 Standard Environmental Record Sources

Records were obtained and reviewed to help identify RECs in connection with the Site. Federal and state regulatory databases were reviewed to further identify any known sources of contamination on or within designated research radii of the subject property. The federal records searched during this assessment included sites that handle or dispose of hazardous materials and sites that otherwise have been identified to have air, soil, or groundwater contamination. The state records reviewed included hazardous waste sites, landfills, and sites with registered or leaking underground storage tanks (*USTs*).

Cardno contracted with ERIS to perform the regulatory review (*Appendix A*). The results are discussed below and the regulatory databases reviewed and corresponding research distances are summarized in the report in *Appendix A*. Review of the federal and state databases was conducted according to ASTM E-1527-13 and AAI standards for Phase I ESAs. Figures illustrating the locations of the sites identified during the database search (relative to the site and depicting the appropriate designated research radii corresponding to each database) are also included in *Appendix A*.

Federal Reporting Lists	Listings Reported
National Priority List (NPL)	0
National Priority List Delisted (NPL Delisted)	0
Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Information System (CERCLIS) - SEMS	0
SEMS LIEN	0
Facility Registration System (FRS) – Formerly FINDS List	0
RCRA Corrective Action Facilities (RCRAC)	0
RCRA Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities (TSD)	0
RCRA Conditionally Exempt Small Quantity Generator (CESQG)	0
RCRA Generator ( <i>GEN</i> )	0
Polyfluorinated alkyl substance (PFAS) NPL	0
PFAS Toxic Release Inventory (TRI)	0
Toxic Release Inventory System (TRIS)	0
Toxic Substances Control Act ( <i>TSCA</i> )	0
Hist. TSCA	0
Federal Fungicide and Toxic Substances (FTTS)	0
Potentially Responsible Party ( <i>PRP</i> )	0
FED DRYCLEANERS	0
Delisted FED DRY	0
Formerly Used Defense Sites ( <i>FUDS</i> )	0
Material Licensing Tracking Systems ( <i>MLTS</i> )	0
Mines	0

Federal and state reporting lists are summarized in the following table. Listings requiring further discussion are described below.

Federal Reporting Lists	Listings Reported
State Hazardous Waste Sites (SHWS)	1
ALT FUELS	0
Section Seven Tracking System (SSTS)	0
Polychlorinated Biphenyl (PCB)	0
Hist. MLTS	0
Hazardous Materials Information Resource System (HMIRS)	0
Federal Brownfields	0
Emergency Response Notification System (ERNS)	0
Integrated Compliance Information System (ICIS)	0
Superfund Enterprise Management System (SEMS) Archive	0
Federal Engineering and Institutional Controls (IC/EC)	0
State/Local/Tribal Reporting Lists	Listings Reported
State/Tribal Hazardous Waste Sites (SHWS)	0
State Spills	1
State/Tribal (SWF/LF)	0
Leaking Underground Storage Tank (LUST) "Ky. Petroleum Storage Tank Fund"	0
Voluntary Cleanup Program ( <i>VCP</i> )	0
State/Tribal Underground Storage Tank ( <i>UST</i> )/ Aboveground Storage Tank ( <i>AST</i> )	0
State/Tribal Delisted Storage Tank	0
State/Tribal LUST	0
State/Tribal Brownfields	0
State Other	0
State Department of Solid and Hazardous Waste (DSHW)	0
State ENG	0
State INST	0
Brownfields INV	0
Tribal ILST	0
Tribal IUST	0

### 5.1.1 Database Listings at the Site

The Site was not identified in the ERIS database.

#### 5.1.2 Database Listings Adjoining or Surrounding the Site

Two locations were identified adjoining or near the Site in the ERIS database as follows:

SPILLS is a list of incidents reported to the Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection (KDEP) where hazardous materials may have been spilled or otherwise released. The ERIS database indicated an adjoining location on the east side of the Site, at the intersection of Skinframe Creek and Marion Roads, was identified in SPILLS as H.T. Hackney (Incident ID #2424992). Approximately 250 gallons of diesel were spilled in a truck accident at this location on April 28, 2017. The release was immediately restored and the incident was closed. As discussed in *Section 6.2*, Cardno observed no visible staining, stressed vegetation, or other visual indication of environmental contamination at this location on July 13, 2021. This historical release does not appear to represent REC in connection with the Site.

SHWS is a list of hazardous waste sites maintained by the KDEP. Princeton Transfer Station was identified at a lower elevation at 10129 US Highway 62 West, approximately 5,042 feet (0.95mile) southeast of the Site. A diesel fuel spill was cleaned up at this location and the case was closed on November 16, 2009. Based on its distance from the Site and apparent cross-gradient location in relation to the Site, this truck fueling spill is not considered a REC in connection with the Site.

#### 5.1.3 Database Listings Near the Site and Orphans

None of the six unplottable "orphan" facilities were identified at or adjoining the Site.

### 5.2 Additional Environmental Records

No additional environmental records were identified.

### 5.3 Physical Setting

#### 5.3.1 <u>Topography</u>

Cardno has reviewed the most current USGS Topographic Maps covering the subject property (*Figure 1*). The purpose of this review is to evaluate the hydraulic conditions at the Site and surrounding properties. It is not the purpose of this report to evaluate the geotechnical condition of the subject property; therefore, no geotechnical documents were examined.

The Kentucky Almanac shows that Caldwell County is within the Pennyroyal Plateau region of Kentucky. The terrain features rolling hills, caves, and karst topography. Karst features include sinkholes and swallows. According to the USGS topographic maps (Crider and Fredonia, Kentucky Quadrangles), local topography appears to be rolling with upland areas across the south side of the Site. South of Skinframe Creek, topography generally slopes to the northwest. North of Skinframe Creek, topography slopes to the south. Skinframe Creek flows westward across the north side of the Site. Hewlett Creek flows northeastward across the west side of the Site before its confluence into Skinframe Creek.

#### 5.3.2 Local Geology

Local geology is summarized based on an examination of the William B. Rogers and R.D. Trace, Geologic Map of the Crider Quadrangle, Caldwell County, Kentucky, and the William B. Rogers and W.H. Hayes, Geologic Map of the Fredonia Quadrangle, Western Kentucky. The Caldwell Solar Site is underlain primarily by the Late Mississippian Period, Meramecian Series, Fredonia Limestone Member of the Ste. Genevieve Limestone Formation. The Fredonia Limestone Member typically consists of light gray and light to medium gray finely crystalline, commonly dolomitic, limestone occasionally oolitic with rare chert nodules. Its basal unit is composed of cherty limestone that weathers to reddish brown. According to United States Geological Survey (USGS) information provided by ERIS, the upland area at the southwest corner of the Site is underlain by Upper Cretaceous conglomerates of the Tuscaloosa Formation.

According to E. Glynn Beck, Generalized Geologic Map for Land-Use Planning: Caldwell County, Kentucky, the Caldwell Solar Site is in an area underlain by limestone prone to karst development. Planning guidance indicates that, depending on topography, this area has slight to moderate limitations for light industrial development. The area is characterized as excellent for foundations, severely limited for septic systems, with locally fast drainage through fractures and danger of groundwater contamination. Locally, the upper few feet may be rippable and sinkholes are possible.

### 5.3.3 <u>Hydrogeology</u>

According to the Groundwater Atlas of the United States and the USGS, the Interior Low Plateaus aquifers and confining units are sandstone and limestone aquifers in rocks of Pennsylvanian age, limestone aquifers in rocks of Mississippian age, and limestone and dolomite aquifers in rocks of Devonian, Silurian, and Ordovician age. A large part of the Interior Low Plateaus Province is underlain by limestone aquifers in Mississippian rocks. These aquifers have been called the Mississippian Plateau aquifers in Kentucky and the Highland Rim aquifer system in Tennessee. They are present in limestone that is either flat lying or gently dipping and are capped by a layer of regolith that varies greatly in thickness. In general, the limestone aquifers that yield the largest quantities of water to wells and springs are the Upper Mississippian Ste. Genevieve, and the underlying St. Louis Limestones.

In most places, the Mississippian aquifers are covered by regolith, which mostly consists of weathered material or residuum. This material consists of clay, silt, sand, and pebble-sized particles of limestone or chert, which are derived mostly from weathering of the underlying bedrock.

Precipitation infiltrates the land surface and percolates downward to the water table, which marks the top of the zone of saturation. The water moves through intergranular spaces in the unconsolidated material of the regolith. However, in the underlying limestone bedrock, the water moves through zones of secondary permeability created by dissolution enlargement of bedding planes and fractures by the slightly acidic water. The solution openings store and transmit most of the water that moves through the limestone and discharges to streams, springs, and wells. Little water passes through the blocks of limestone between the bedding planes and fractures. Freshwater circulates through the limestone aquifers to depths as great as 500 feet below land surface. However, most of the circulation is at depths of less than 300 feet. All other factors being equal, the freshwater circulation is deepest where the local topographic relief and attendant hydraulic gradients are greatest.

The altitude of the potentiometric surfaces in the Ste. Genevieve and the St. Louis Limestone ranges from less than 400 feet above sea level in the west to more than 900 feet above sea level in three small areas in the east. However, little, if any, regional ground-water flow occurs. Most of the flow is local, toward springs and the few streams that drain the area. An escarpment that bounds the aquifer on the north is aptly named the "Dripping Springs Escarpment" because of the many small seeps and springs that discharge water along it. The water locally moves along fractures and bedding planes that might be nearly perpendicular to one another. Consequently, the arrows that show ground-water flow direction indicate only the general direction of water movement in a complex flow system that has many local horizontal and vertical components.

The hydraulic characteristics of the Mississippian aquifers vary greatly over short distances. For example, the ability of limestone with large, interconnected solution openings to transmit and yield water is several orders of magnitude greater than that of the almost impermeable blocks of limestone between solution openings, fractures, and bedding planes. These large differences are reflected in the yield and specific capacity of wells completed in the limestone aquifers and the discharges of springs that issue from these aquifers.

Site-specific groundwater information is not available. Data concerning the direction of groundwater flow at the site are not available; however, groundwater is expected to generally mimic the surface topography.

According to the Water Resource Development Commission by the Kentucky Geological Survey's Groundwater Resources of Caldwell County, Kentucky, water in Caldwell County is obtained from Mississippian through Pennsylvanian sedimentary rocks and from unconsolidated Cretaceous and Quaternary sediments.

#### 5.3.4 <u>Soils</u>

According to the National Cooperative Soil Survey, Site soils consist of approximately 35% Crider silt loam that is well drained, with moderately low runoff potential when the soil is thoroughly wet. Approximately 2% is Crider-Pembroke Silt Loam that is well drained, with moderately low runoff potential. Approximately 15% is Crider-Baxter complex that is well drained, with moderately high runoff potential. Approximately 3% is Elk Silt Loam that is well drained, with moderately low runoff potential. Approximately 3% is Elk Silt Loam that is well drained, with moderately low runoff potential. Lindside Silt Loam that is moderately well drained, with moderately high runoff potential. Approximately 3% is Newark Silt Loam that is somewhat poorly drained with moderately low runoff potential when drained and high runoff potential when undrained. Approximately 22% is Nicholson Silt Loam that is moderately well drained with moderately high runoff potential. Approximately 9% is Nolin Silt Loam that is moderately well drained with moderately low runoff potential. Approximately 2% is Ottwood Silt Loam that is moderately well drained with moderately low runoff potential. Approximately 2% is Ottwood Silt Loam that is moderately well drained with moderately high runoff potential. Approximately 2% is Udarents, loamy soil which is formed on slopes.

### 5.4 Historical Use Information on the Site and Adjoining Properties

The following sources of information were reviewed to determine the historical uses of the Site: historic topographic maps and aerial photographs. The ERIS Database searched for Sanborn<sup>®</sup> Fire Insurance maps; however, coverage was not provided. Historical research documentation is included in *Appendix B*.

#### 5.4.1 <u>Historic Topographic Maps</u>

Topographic maps of the Crider and Fredonia Quadrangles dated 1908, 1910, 1954, 1967, and 2016 were reviewed. The 1908 and 1910 maps show an Illinois Central railroad track northeast of the Site. Old Fredonia and Crider Dulaney Roads appear established across the Site. The east-west thoroughfare (now Marion Road) appears to be south of its current location. Unimproved dirt roads appear in the locations of the current Bobby Gill and Craig Cemetery Roads. Rural residential and agricultural structures appear along Old Fredonia Road and south of Marion Road.

Relative to the 1910 map, the 1954 map shows the location of Marion Road appears shifted north of the Site, north of the Illinois Central railroad tracks. Skinframe Creek (formerly named White Sulphur Creek) appears to flow southwestward across the north side of the Site. Bobby Gill and Craig Cemetery Road appear paved. Small structures (likely residences) appear along the newly constructed Crider Road at the north boundary of the Site.

Relative to the 1954 map, the 1967 map shows increased development of Crider near the northeast corner of the Site. Less detail is shown on the 2016 map. No RECs were identified based on the information provided on the maps.

#### 5.4.2 <u>Aerial Photographs</u>

Aerial photographs obtained from ERIS for 1952, 1967, 1971, 1983, 1990, 2004, 2006, 2008, 2014, and 2020 were reviewed. The 1971 aerials were of poor quality.

The 1952 photo shows Illinois Central railroad track and Marion Road located northeast of the Site. Old Fredonia, Crider, Crider Dulaney, Bobby Gill, and Craig Cemetery Roads appear established across the Site. Jones Farm Complex - West appears on the west side of the Site, the Jones Farm Complex - East appears in the central area of the Site, and the Gill Farm Complex appears in the south-central area of the Site. Between 1971 and 1983, the Harvestor, several large silos and mechanical sheds, and livestock feeding buildings appear added at the Jones Farm Complex – East. Between 1983 and 1998, silos and sheds (possibly including the mechanical shed) appear to have been constructed at the Gill Farm Complex. No other significant changes were apparent. No RECs were identified based on the information provided on the photographs.

#### 5.4.3 Sanborn<sup>®</sup> Fire Insurance Maps

Sanborn<sup>®</sup> Fire Insurance maps were not available for the Site and surrounding area (*Appendix B*).

# 6 Site Reconnaissance

The objective of the site reconnaissance is to obtain information indicating the likelihood of identifying RECs in connection with the Site. This evidence can be circumstantial, such as the observation of

stressed vegetation, staining, unlabeled or suspicious containers or structures, unidentified oily substances, pooled liquids, and/or odors.

### 6.1 Methodology and Limiting Conditions

On July 13-14, 2021, Mr. George Robertson of Cardno, performed reconnaissance of the Site and surrounding properties. Site reconnaissance observations are provided in the following sections. This Phase I ESA did not include sampling or screening of any materials. At the time of the reconnaissance, it was not possible to enter the interiors of some Site structures. However, exterior inspections of structures did not appear to indicate staining, stressed vegetation, tank fill ports or vents, or other similar features indicative of potential RECs. Photographs of the subject property taken during the site visit are included in *Appendix C*.

### 6.2 Site Visit/Reconnaissance

This section discusses general observations made during Site reconnaissance. The Site was developed as agricultural cropland. No evidence of USTs was observed at the Site.

The following structures were observed at the Site:

Jones Farm Complex – West: This complex at 6858 Old Fredonia Road includes a house, a barn, equipment shed and two storage sheds. ASTs: Approximately 550-gallon steel off-road diesel with dispenser located adjacent to equipment shed; 1,000-gallon, steel, liquid propane gas (LPG); 250-gallon trailer-mounted empty polyethylene tank for fertilizer/herbicide/pesticide; and two 100-gallon trailer-mounted empty polyethylene for fertilizer/herbicide/pesticide.

Jones Farm Complex – East: This complex located south of Old Fredonia Road, near center of Site includes a house, an equipment shed, a Harvestore, four silos, three storage sheds and a livestock feeding shed. No ASTs were observed.

<u>Southeast of Intersection of Old Fredonia and Crider Dulaney Roads</u>: An old barn was observed in an agricultural field adjacent to pond at this location.

South of west end of Crider Road: An overgrown barn was observed in agricultural field at this location.

<u>**Gill Farm Complex</u></u>: This complex located at the west end of Bobby Gill Road includes an overgrown dilapidated house, a barn/equipment shed, a maintenance shed, an office/storage shed, a livestock shed, two dilapidated sheds, two silos and feed hopper. ASTs: Approximately 550-gallon, steel off-road diesel with secondary containment and dispenser (owned by Southern States), empty 2,200-gallon polyethylene tank, empty 220-gallon polyethylene tote, half full 210-gallon Slow Release Nitrogen Plus tote, empty steel 500-gallon horizontal water tank, empty 550-gallon trailer-mounted polyethylene fertilizer/herbicide/pesticide tank and empty 110-gallon polyethylene tank.</u>** 

South of Bobby Gill Road: The Gill House was observed on the south side of Bobby Gill Road.

West of Old Fredonia Road: An old barn is located west of Old Fredonia Road, southeast side of Site.

<u>South of Intersection of Craig Cemetery Road and gravel road</u>: A livestock shed was located south of the intersection of Craig Cemetery Road and an unimproved gravel road.

**Southwest end of Craig Cemetery Road**: A storage shed was located near the end of Craig Cemetery Road. AST: Approximately 300-gallon, steel off-road diesel AST with dispenser (owned by Southern States) located next to fence at end of Craig Cemetery Road.

<u>South end of gravel road extending south of Craig Cemetery Road</u>: An equipment shed was located in a pasture near the south end of the unimproved gravel road extending south of Craig Cemetery Road.

#### On-Site:

> An old cemetery was observed in the woods located north of Skinframe Creek and northwest of Skinframe Creek Road (*Photo 6*).

- > Farm equipment, some scrap metal debris, a dirt pile and a partly burned wood pile were observed at the Jones Farm Complex – East (*Photo 11*).
- No staining, stressed vegetation or other visible signs of a spill were observed at or around the approximately 550-gallon off-road diesel AST and dispenser located adjacent to the equipment shed at the Jones Farm Complex West, at 6858 Old Fredonia Road (*Photo 18*).
- Extensive debris including old farm implements and tools, a truck, a combine, a small generator, household trash, old houseware, automotive tires, wire, empty five-gallon plastic buckets for hydraulic fluid and oil, empty gallon and quart size plastic containers for oil, antifreeze, and hydraulic fluid, empty approximately 2.5-gallon gasoline containers, a truck battery, brush piles and scrap plastic, wood, and metal were observed across the Gill Farm Complex (*Photos 21-28* and *Figure 3*).
- > A pile of approximately two dozen empty, one-gallon and approximately 2.5-gallon herbicide containers was located on the ground surface on the south side of the Gill Farm Complex. No staining or stressed vegetation was observed around the empty containers.
- > A small generator, two refrigeration compressor units and a stored upright compressor were observed on concrete pads at the office/storage shed on the west side of the Gill Farm Complex. No staining was observed on the surrounding concrete surfaces.
- Partly full 55-gallon drums of oil and hydraulic fluid, empty and partly full five-gallon buckets of oil and hydraulic fluid, spent oil filters, a compressed gas cylinder, trash and corn feed were observed on the concrete floor inside a barn/equipment shed on the northeast side of the Gill Farm Complex (*Photo 25* and *Figure 3*). Some oil staining was observed on the floor inside the barn/storage shed. Because petroleum related debris were also observed surrounding the barn/equipment shed it may be possible that the surrounding ground surface has been impacted by petroleum products. Petroleum related debris in and surrounding the barn/equipment shed located on the northeast side of the Gill Farm Complex is considered a REC.
- > Oily sediment and debris including spent oil filters, oil, and hydraulic fluid containers and old farm machinery cover the concrete slab floor of the mechanical shed on the northeast side of the Gill Farm Complex (*Photo 26* and *Figure 3*). Due to its extensive horizontal coverage and thickness (1-2 inches), the oily sediment in the mechanical shed located on the east side of the Gill Farm Complex is considered a REC.
- > A rusty, approximately 550-gallon, steel, off-road diesel AST with built-in secondary containment and dispenser (owned by Southern States) was observed adjacent to the office/storage shed on the southwest side of the Gill Farm Complex (*Photo 28*). No staining, stressed vegetation or other visible signs of a spill were observed at or around the AST.
- > An approximately 300-gallon, steel, off-road diesel AST with dispenser was observed near the southwest end of Craig Cemetery Road on the southwest side of the Site (*Photo 34*). No staining or stressed vegetation was observed at or around the AST. According to Mr. William Jones, the land owner, the AST is empty and not in use. The AST is owned by Southern States, electric service was previously disconnected and the owner is being contacted to remove the AST (*see Section 7*).
- No staining, stressed vegetation, or other visible signs of a spill or other release were observed at or around the approximate location of the abandoned William Jones No. 1 well (*Photo 36, Figure 2*). According to Kentucky Department of Mines and Minerals, Division of Oil and Gas records, the William Jones No. 1 (Permit No. 90183) spudded on May 3, 1999, and was drilled to a total depth of 2,943 feet (*Appendix E*). During drilling of this gas exploration well, fresh water was encountered from approximately 470 to 500 feet below ground surface (bgs). No natural gas was encountered. On June 21, 1999, the well was abandoned as a dry hole by plugging from surface to a depth of 601 feet bgs.

#### Off-Site:

- No visual evidence of a release (e.g. staining or stressed vegetation) was observed at the location of SPILLS Incident ID #2424992 (H.T. Hackney) at the intersection of Skinframe Creek and Marion Roads, adjoining the northeast side of the Site (*Photo 4*).
- Stressed grass was observed next to two silos on the north side of Old Fredonia Road, east of the Jones Farm Complex West (*Photo 16*). According to Mr. Bill Jones, owner of adjacent property at 6858 Old Fredonia Road, a liquid fertilizer spill caused the burned grass observed near the off-site silos (*see Section 7*). Mr. Jones said that no cleanup was required and no action was taken. Based on the composition of the spill, its off-site location and its minimal extent, the fertilizer spill is not considered a REC in connection with the Site.

### 6.3 Hazardous Substances in Connection with Identified Uses

A review of Federal and Kentucky regulatory databases revealed no violations for the use of agricultural chemicals (i.e. fertilizer, herbicides, and pesticides) at the Site. No other hazardous substances were observed in use at the Site.

### 6.4 Petroleum Products and Containers

As discussed in *Section 6.2*, off-road diesel ASTs are located at the Jones Farm Complex – West (6858 Old Fredonia Road), the Gill Farm Complex and at the southwest end of Craig Cemetery Road. Partly full oil and hydraulic fluid 55-gallon drums, as well as partly full oil and hydraulic fluid five-gallon buckets were observed on the concrete floor inside a barn/equipment shed on the northeast side of the Gill Farm Complex. Oil and hydraulic fluid containers were observed in the mechanical shed on the east side of the Gill Farm Complex.

### 6.5 Unidentified Substance Containers

No significant unidentified containers were observed at the Site.

### 6.6 Storage Tanks – USTs / ASTs

No indications of USTs were observed at the Site. As discussed in *Section 6.2*, the following ASTs were observed:

- An approximately 550-gallon steel off-road diesel with dispenser located adjacent to equipment shed; a 1,000-gallon, steel, liquid propane gas (LPG); a 250-gallon trailer-mounted empty polyethylene for fertilizer/herbicide/pesticide; and two 100-gallon trailer-mounted empty polyethylene tanks for fertilizer/herbicide/pesticide were observed at the Jones Farm Complex – West.
- An approximately 550-gallon, steel off-road diesel with secondary containment and dispenser (owned by Southern States), an empty 2,200-gallon polyethylene tank, an empty 220-gallon polyethylene tote, a half full approximately 210-gallon Slow Release Nitrogen Plus tote, an empty steel 500-gallon horizontal water tank, an empty 550-gallon trailer mounted polyethylene fertilizer/herbicide/pesticide tank and an empty 110-gallon polyethylene tank were observed at the Gill Farm Complex.
- An approximately 300-gallon, steel, off-road diesel AST with dispenser was observed near the southwest end of Craig Cemetery Road.

### 6.7 Solid Waste Disposal

As described in *Section 6.2*, extensive debris including old farm implements and tools, a truck, a combine, a small generator, household trash, old houseware, automotive tires, wire, empty five-gallon plastic buckets (hydraulic fluid and some labels not legible), empty gallon and quart size oil, antifreeze and hydraulic fluid plastic containers, empty gasoline containers (approximately 2.5-gallons), empty approximately 1- and 2.5-gallon herbicide containers, a truck or tractor battery, brush piles, and scrap plastic, wood, and metal were observed across the Gill Farm Complex.

### 6.8 Evidence of Polychlorinated Biphenyls

Pole-mounted transformers belonging to **Kentucky Utilities Company** (*KU*) were observed at near the house at the Jones Farm Complex – West, near the house at the Jones Farm Complex – East, and near the house and barn/shed at the Gill Farm Complex. Blue non-PCB stickers were not visible on the pole-mounted transformers. All of the pole-mounted transformers appeared to be in good condition with no staining on the utility pole or surrounding surfaces.

### 6.9 Floor Drains / Sumps

No buildings were entered and no drains or sumps were observed at the Site.

### 6.10 Other Environmental Concerns

No other environmental conditions were observed at the Site.

# 7 Interviews

Two property owners (Mr. Bill Jones and William "Eddie" Jones) were interviewed in person during Site reconnaissance on July 13 - 14, 2021. On July 13, 2021, Mr. Bill Jones, owner of property at 6858 Old Fredonia Road, indicated that a liquid fertilizer spill burned grass near the off-site silos on the north side of Old Fredonia Road, adjacent to the west side of the Site. Mr. Bill Jones said that no cleanup was required and no action was taken. Mr. Jones provided directions to safely access remote Site areas.

On July 14, 2021, Mr. William "Eddie" Jones, owner of property in the south area of Site, stated that the approximately 300-gallon, steel, off-road diesel AST located near the southwest end of Craig Cemetery Road on the southwest side of the Site is empty and not in use. The AST is owned by Southern States, electric service was previously disconnected and the owner is being contacted to remove the AST.

# 8 Conclusions

Cardno has performed this Phase I ESA in conformance with the scope and limitations of ASTM Practice E 1527-13. Any exceptions to, or deletions from, this practice are described in *Sections 2.4* and *9.0* of this report.

This assessment has revealed evidence of the following REC in connection with the Site:

Extensive oily sediment in the mechanical shed on the northeast side of the Gill Farm Complex and petroleum related debris in and surrounding the barn/equipment shed on the northeast side of the Gill Farm Complex is considered a REC for the Site.

The following non-ASTM concern was identified for the Site:

> Out-of-use ASTs are present at the Jones Farm Complex – West, the Gill Farm Complex and near the southwest end of Craig Cemetery Road. Extensive debris including old farm implements and tools, vehicles, trash, tires, empty petroleum product containers, spent oil filters, a battery, brush piles and scrap plastic, wood and metal were observed across the Gill Farm Complex.

Conclusions and opinions presented in this assessment are based solely on the information derived from the study sources and references cited in this document. Conclusions drawn from the results of this assessment should be made while recognizing the limitations of the sources and methods used. Except as specified herein, this Phase I Environmental Site Assessment report was produced for the exclusive use of the Client.

# 9 Deviations

As noted in Section 6.1, it was not possible to enter the interiors of some Site structures. No other deviations or deletions were made to the scope as defined by ASTM E-1527-13.

# 10 Significant Data Gaps

Cardno did not encounter any significant data gaps during this assessment.

# 11 Additional Services

No additional services were provided for this assessment.

# 12 References

American Society for Testing and Materials International (*ASTM*) Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Process, Designation: E1527-13.

American Society for Testing and Materials International (*ASTM*) Standard Practice for Limited Environmental Due Diligence: Transaction Screen Process, Designation: E1528-06.

Beck, E. Glynn, D.A. Williams, and D.I. Carey, Generalized Geologic Map for Land-Use Planning: Caldwell County, Kentucky.

Miller, James A., 1999, Groundwater Atlas of the United States.

Kentucky Geological Survey, 2005, Groundwater Resources of Caldwell County, Kentucky, County Report 17, Series XII.

Rogers, W.B., and Hays, W.H. 1967, Geologic Map of the Fredonia Quadrangle, western Kentucky, USGS Quadrangle Map GQ-607.

Rodgers, W.B., and Trace, R.D., 1976, Geologic map of the Crider Quadrangle, Caldwell County, Kentucky: USGS Geologic Quadrangle Map GQ-1283.

USEPA, Standards and Practices for All Appropriate Inquiries; Final Rule. 40 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 312. Federal Register Volume 70, Number 210. December 23, 2008.

# 13 Signature of Environmental Professional

This Phase I ESA was overseen and/or performed by Cardno Senior Project Manager, Mr. George Robertson, a Professional Geologist (P.G.) with over 30 years of experience in environmental practice. He has managed and/or otherwise been directly involved in hundreds of environmental site assessments during this period (*Appendix D*).

I declare that, to the best of my professional knowledge and belief, I meet the definition of an Environmental Professional (EP) as defined in 40 CFR § 312.10. I have the specific qualifications based on education, training, and experience to assess a property of the nature, history, and setting of the subject property. I have developed and performed the all appropriate inquiries in conformance with the standards and practices set forth in 40 CFR Part 312 and ASTM 1527-13.

George A. Robertson Senior Project Manager

08/19/2021

Date

Phase I ESA Caldwell Solar Site Additional Area Fredonia, Kentucky Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order Response to Post-Hearing ESB 03

# FIGURES







E320201000-04-AR 7/23/2021 Bluefield, Virginia

**Topographic Site Location Map** 

<u>2,000'</u>

Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order Response to Post-Hearing ESB 03



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Phase I ESA Caldwell Solar Site Additional Area Fredonia, Kentucky





Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order Response to Post-Hearing ESB 03

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**Project Property:** 

Project No: Report Type: Order No: Requested by: Date Completed: Caldwell Solar Site n/a Fredonia KY E320201000 Database Report 21070600556 Cardno Inc. July 9, 2021

Environmental Risk Information Services A division of Glacier Media Inc. 1.866.517.5204 | info@erisinfo.com | erisinfo.com



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# **Executive Summary**

#### Property Information:

Project Property:		Caldwell Solar Site n/a Fredonia KY
Project No:		E320201000
Coordinates:		
	Latitude:	37.13668512
	Longitude:	-87.96900806
	UTM Northing:	4,110,474.87
	UTM Easting:	413,934.93
	UTM Zone:	16S
Elevation:		541 FT
Order Information:		
Order No: Date Requested: Requested by: Report Type:		21070600556 July 6, 2021 Cardno Inc. Database Report

#### Historicals/Products:

Aerial Photographs ERIS Xplorer Excel Add-On Fire Insurance Maps Physical Setting Report (PSR) Topographic Map Historical Aerials (Boundaries) <u>ERIS Xplorer</u> Excel Add-On US Fire Insurance Maps Physical Setting Report (PSR) Topographic Maps

# Executive Summary: Report Summary

Database	Searched	Search Radius	Project Property	Within 0.12mi	0.125mi to 0.25mi	0.25mi to 0.50mi	0.50mi to 1.00mi	Total
Standard Environmental Records		Raulus	Froperty	0.12111	10 0.25111	0.30111	1.00111	
Federal								
DOE FUSRAP	Y	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
NPL	Y	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
PROPOSED NPL	Y	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
DELETED NPL	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
SEMS	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
ODI	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
SEMS ARCHIVE	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
CERCLIS	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
IODI	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
CERCLIS NFRAP	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
CERCLIS LIENS	Y	PO	0	-	-	-	-	0
RCRA CORRACTS	Y	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
RCRA TSD	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
RCRA LQG	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0
RCRA SQG	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0
RCRA VSQG	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0
RCRA NON GEN	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0
FED ENG	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
FED INST	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
LUCIS	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
ERNS 1982 TO 1986	Y	PO	0	-	-	-	-	0
ERNS 1987 TO 1989	Y	PO	0	-	-	-	-	0
ERNS	Y	PO	0	-	-	-	-	0
FED BROWNFIELDS	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
FEMA UST	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0
FRP	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0
HIST GAS STATIONS	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0

### Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order Response to Post-Hearing ESB 03

					Respon	se to Pos	t-Hearing	g ESB
Database	Searched	Search Radius	Project Property	Within 0.12mi	0.125mi to 0.25mi	0.25mi to 0.50mi	0.50mi to 1.00mi	Total
REFN	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0
BULK TERMINAL	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0
SEMS LIEN	Y	PO	0	-	-	-	-	0
SUPERFUND ROD	Y	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
State								
BROWNFIELDS	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
SHWS	Y	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
DELISTED SHWS	Y	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
SWF/LF	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
HIST LANDFILL	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
SB193	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
PSTEAF	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
UST	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0
DELISTED STORAGE TANK	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0
ENG	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
INST	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
VCP	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
BROWNFIELD INV	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
Tribal								
INDIAN LUST	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
INDIAN UST	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0
DELISTED ILST	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
DELISTED IUST	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0
County	No Co	ounty stand	dard enviror	nmental re	cord source	es available	for this Sta	ate.
		-						
Additional Environmental Records								
Federal								
PFAS NPL	Ŷ	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
FINDS/FRS	Ŷ	PO	0	-	-	-	-	0
TRIS	Ŷ	PO	0	-	-	-	-	0
PFAS TRI	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
PFAS WATER	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
HMIRS	Y	0.125	0	0	-	-	-	0

Y

0.125

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### Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order Response to Post-Hearing ESB 03

						Respons		-meaning	s Lod v
Data	abase	Searched	Search Radius	Project Property	Within 0.12mi	0.125mi to 0.25mi	0.25mi to 0.50mi	0.50mi to 1.00mi	Total
	TSCA	Y	0.125	0	0	-	-	-	0
	HIST TSCA	Y	0.125	0	0	-	-	-	0
	FTTS ADMIN	Y	PO	0	-	-	-	-	0
	FTTS INSP	Y	PO	0	-	-	-	-	0
	PRP	Y	PO	0	-	-	-	-	0
	SCRD DRYCLEANER	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
	ICIS	Y	PO	0	-	-	-	-	0
	FED DRYCLEANERS	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0
	DELISTED FED DRY	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0
	FUDS	Y	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	FORMER NIKE	Y	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PIPELINE INCIDENT	Y	PO	0	-	-	-	-	0
	MLTS	Y	PO	0	-	-	-	-	0
	HIST MLTS	Y	PO	0	-	-	-	-	0
	MINES	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0
	SMCRA	Y	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MRDS	Y	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	URANIUM	Y	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ALT FUELS	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0
	SSTS	Y	0.25	0	0	0	-	-	0
	PCB	Y	0.5	0	0	0	0	-	0
Sta	te								
010		Y	0.125	0	1	-	-	-	1
	SPILLS	Y	PO	0	-	-	-	-	0
	CDL								
Trik	pal	No Tri	bal additic	onal environ	mental red	cord source	s available	for this Sta	te.
Cοι	inty	No Co	unty addit	tional enviro	onmental r	ecord sourc	es availabl	e for this Si	tate.
		Total:		0	1	0	0	1	2
* 50	Durante Oute								

\* PO – Property Only \* 'Property and adjoining properties' database search radii are set at 0.25 miles.

# Executive Summary: Site Report Summary - Project Property

Мар	DB	Company/Site Name	Address	Direction	Distance	Elev Diff	Page
Key					(mi/ft)	(ft)	Number

No records found in the selected databases for the project property.

# Executive Summary: Site Report Summary - Surrounding Properties

Map Key	DB	Company/Site Name	Address	Direction	Distance (mi/ft)	Elev Diff (ft)	Page Number
<u>1</u>	SPILLS	H.T. Hackney	HWY 91 N. at intrrsection of Skinframe Creek Rd. Princeton KY <i>INC ID   Status:</i> 2424992   Env. Clos	NNE ed	0.03 / 144.25	-50	<u>15</u>
<u>2</u>	SHWS	Princeton Transfer Station	10129 US 62 W Princeton KY 42445	SE	0.95 / 5,041.89	-20	<u>15</u>

# Executive Summary: Summary by Data Source

## <u>Standard</u>

### <u>State</u>

### **SHWS** - State Leads Priority List

A search of the SHWS database, dated May 25, 2021 has found that there are 1 SHWS site(s) within approximately 1.00 miles of the project property.

Lower Elevation	Address	<b>Direction</b>	Distance (mi/ft)	<u>Map Key</u>
Princeton Transfer Station	10129 US 62 W Princeton KY 42445	SE	0.95 / 5,041.89	<u>2</u>

### Non Standard

### <u>State</u>

#### SPILLS - Incidents

A search of the SPILLS database, dated May 27, 2021 has found that there are 1 SPILLS site(s) within approximately 0.12 miles of the project property.

Lower Elevation	Address	<b>Direction</b>	Distance (mi/ft)	<u>Map Key</u>
H.T. Hackney	HWY 91 N. at intrrsection of Skinframe Creek Rd. Princeton KY <i>INC ID   Status</i> : 2424992   Env. Closed	NNE	0.03 / 144.25	1
Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order







Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order



Aerial Year: 2016

Address: n/a, Fredonia, KY

Source: ESRI World Imagery

Order Number: 21070600556





Topographic Map Year: 2016

Order Number: 21070600556

ERIS

Quadrangle(s): Fredonia, KY; Eddyville, KY; Princeton West, KY; Crider, KY

Address: n/a, KY

# **Detail Report**

	Number Records		Distance (mi/ft)	Elev/Diff (ft)	Site		DE
<u>1</u>	1 of 1	NNE	0.03 / 144.25	491.19 / -50	-	at intrrsection of Creek Rd.	SPILLS
INC ID: MARS Fund Status: Priority: Program Co Program: Substances Closure Tyy Incident En Begin Emer End Emerg Record Dat First Repor Completed:	s: pe Desc: nd Date: rg Dt: Dt: pe: t Date:	2424992 Q751 Env. Closed Emergency, Immed. R 08 Solid Waste Diesel:250 Env. Closed-Restored 4/28/2017 4/28/2017 8:42:00 AM 4/28/2017 7:32:00 AM Yes		Notificatio Date: Lead Inves Flw Up Pri Recen Cpl Recent EN Locked Fla Waterbody Regional C County: Lat Dac Dec Long Dec	st ID: stigator: or Desc: Eval Act: F Act: ag: /: Dffice: egrees:	No 4/28/2017 9467 Tichenor, Larry Yes Madisonville Regional Office Caldwell 37.1498 -87.96558	
Source: Incident Ty Incident De Location De Other Subs	sc:	There was a HWY 91 N.	TATION ACCIDEN	of diesel and KY T	ransportatior	n is on seen to assist with spill.	
Source: Incident Ty Incident De Location De Other Subs	esc: esc: etance Desc:	TRANSPOR There was a HWY 91 N.	TATION ACCIDEN a spill of 250 Gallons	of diesel and KY T	·	Transfer Station 62 W	SHWS
Source: Incident Ty Incident De Location De Other Subs Z Coordinat 2 2 Agency Inte AI State:	sc: esc: tance Desc: te Method De 1 of 1	TRANSPOR There was a HWY 91 N. esc: Unknown	ATATION ACCIDEN a spill of 250 Gallons at intrrsection of Ski	s of diesel and KY Ti nframe Creek Rd. <b>521.05</b> /	Princeton 10129 US	Transfer Station 62 W	SHWS
Source: Incident Ty Incident De Location De Other Subs Z Coordina	sc: esc: tance Desc: te Method De 1 of 1	TRANSPOR There was a HWY 91 N. esc: Unknown SE 34741 KY	ATATION ACCIDEN a spill of 250 Gallons at intrrsection of Ski	s of diesel and KY Ti nframe Creek Rd. 521.05 / -20 Al Lat:	Princeton 10129 US	<b>Transfer Station</b> 62 W KY 42445 37.103333	SHWS

15

ERIS ID

818164595

862164827

827163401

861616455

827163082

827176430

# Unplottable Summary

Total: 6 Unplottable sites				
DB	Company Name/Site Name	Address	City	Zip
HMIRS		KY Hwy 91 near 17 mile marker	PRINCETON KY	
RCRA NON GEN	CALDWELL CO. AREA VOCATIONAL CTR.	RT 1, MARION ROAD	PRINCETON KY	42445
		EPA Handler ID: KYD981476419		
SPILLS	Chris Hooks	Water well located behind house at 2034 Marion Rd, Fredonia. Coming from Eddyville on Highway 641 N into Fredonia, turn right on Highway 91 N and go	about 1/4 mile., Fredonia KY	
		INC ID   Status: 2360474   Env. Closed		
SPILLS	Caldwell Co Water District (Al ID: 33819)	12498-14440 Marion Road 15-45 Goodsprings Rd, Crider Rd, 331- 744 E. White Sulpher Rd.	Caldwell KY	
		INC ID   Status: 2423443   Env. Closed		
SPILLS	Chris Hooks	Water well located behind house at 2034 Marion Rd., Fredonia. Coming from Eddyville on Hwy. 641 N into Fredonia, turn right on Hwy 91N and go about 1/4	mile., Fredonia KY	
		INC ID   Status: 2358724   Env. Closed		
SPILLS	Caldwell County;	Rock quarry access road near Marion Road (Hwy 91), Caldwell	Fredonia KY	

County, near Fredonia.

INC ID / Status: 2308120 | Env. Closed

HMIRS

# Unplottable Report

### <u>Site:</u>

KY Hwy 91 near 17 mile marker PRINCETON KY

### Incident County:

CALDWELL

#### HMIR Incident Reports

Report No: Report Type: Date of Incident: Time of Incident: Haz Class Code: Hazardous Class: Commodity Short Nm: Commodity Long Nm: Trade Name: ID No: Haz Waste Ind: Haz Waste Ind: Haz Waste Ind: Haz Waste EPA No: HMIS Tox Inhalation?: TIH Hazard Zone: Qty Released: Unit of Measure: What Failed Code: How Failed Desc: How Failed Desc: Failure Cause Desc: Ident. Markings: Cont1 Pkging Type: Cont1 Pkging Type: Cont1 Pkg Capacity: C1 Capacity UOM: Cont1 Pkg Amt: C1 Pkg Amt UOM: Cont1 Pkg No: C1 Pkg Mnfctr: Cont1 Pkg Mnfctr: Cont1 Pkg Mnfct Dt: Cont1 Pkg Serial NO: C1 Pkg Last Test Dt:	E-2011030394 A hazardous material incident 2011-03-21 0815 1.5D EXPLOSIVE, BLASTING, TYP EXPLOSIVE, BLASTING, TYPE B OR EXPLOSIVE, AGENT BLASTING, TYPE B Power Nel 1500 UN0331 No No Solid - Pound 109 Closure (e.g., Cap, Top, or Plug) 310 Ripped or Torn 511 Dropped MC312 16000 SLB 14000 SLB 1 1 0-00-00 00:00:00	Fed DOT Agency Nm: Fed DOT Report No: Report Submit Src: Inc Multiple Rows: Inc Non US State: Mode Transport: Transport Phase: Incident Occrrnce: Mat Ship Approval?: Mat Ship Approv No: Undecl Hazmat Ship?: Packaing Group: Carrier Reporter: CR Street Name: CR City: CR State: CR Postal Code: CR Non US State: CR Fed DOT ID: CR Hazmat Reg ID: CR Country: Shipper Name: Shipper Street Name: Shipper City: Shipper Non US St: Shipper Postal: Shipper Waybill: Shipper Waybill: Ship Hazmat Reg ID: Origin City: Origin Postal: Origin Postal: Origin Postal: Origin Country:	Web No Highway In Transit Yes SP-12677 No Cargo Tank Motor Vehicle (CTMV) II Mine Equipment & Mill Supply Company 370 MIne Equipment Road Dawson Springs KY 42408 90419 0511105540738 US Mine Equipment & Mill Supply Company 370 Mine Equipment Road Dawson Springs KY 42408 US 22713 0511105540738 Madisonville KY 42431
C1 Pkg Amt UOM:	SLB	Shipper Waybill:	22713
C1 Pkg NO Failed:		Origin City:	Madisonville
	0-00-00 00:00:00	•	42431
C1 Pkg Last Test Dt: C1 Test Const Mat:	0-00-00 00:00:00	Origin Country: Destination City:	US SALEM
C1 Pkg Dsign Pres.: C1 Dsign Press UOM: C1 Pkg Shell Thick:	0	Destination State: Destination Postal: Destination Non US:	KENTUCKY 42078
C1 Shell Thick UOM: C1 Head Thickness: C1 Head Thick UOM:	0	Destination Country: Cont2 Package Type: Cont2 Const Mat:	US
C1 Pkg Srvc Pres.: C1 Srvc Press UOM:	0	Cont2 Pkg Capacity: Cont2 Capacity UOM:	0
C1 Valve/Device Fail?: C1 Device Type: C1 Device Mnfctr:	No	Cont2 Pkg Amount: Cont2 Pkg Amt UOM: Cont2 Pkg No:	0
C1 Device Model: NRC No:	970709	Cont2 Pkg No Failed:	0
RAM Pkg Category: RAM Pkg Cert.:	FALSE	Haz NonHosp Public: Haz NonHosp Old:	0

Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order
Response to Post-Hearing ESB 03

RAM Pkg Cert. NBR:			Tot Haz Non Hosp Ini:	8
			Tot Haz Non Hosp Inj:	0
RAM Nuclide S:			Total Hazmat Injuries:	
RAM Transport Index:			Evacuation Indicator:	Yes
RAM UOM:	0		Public Evacuated:	5
RAM Activity Rpted:	0		Employees Evac:	0
RAM UOM Rpted:	•		Total Evacuated:	5
RAM Activity:	0		Total Evacuation Hrs:	6
RAM Activity UOM:			Major Artery Closed:	Yes
RAM Mat Safety:			Mjr Artery Hrs Closed:	6
Spillage Result:	Yes		Material Involved:	Yes
Fire Result:	No		Estimated Speed:	45
Explosion Result:	No		Weather Conditions:	Sunny
Water Sewer Result:	No		Vehicle Overturn:	Yes
Gas Dispersion:	No		Vehicle Left Roadway:	No
Environment Damage:	No		Passenger Aircraft:	No
No Release Result:	No		Cargo Baggage:	
Fire EMS Report:	No		Ship Non Transport:	No
Fire EMS EMS Report:			Ship Air First Flight:	No
Police Report:	Yes		Ship Air Subflight:	No
Police Report No:	KY0BB0	2000261	Ship Init Transport:	No
In House Cleanup:	Yes		Ship Phase Transfer:	No
Other Cleanup:	No		Contact Name:	MARTY VINCENT
Damage > 500:	Yes		Contact Title:	HSE MANAGER
Material Loss:	1000		Contact Business:	Mine Equipment & Mill Supply Company
Carrier Damage:	12000		Contact Street:	370 Mine Equipment Road
Property Damage:	500		Contact City:	Dawson Springs
Response Cost:	7500		Contact State:	KY
Remediation Cost:	10000		Contact Postal:	42408
Damage Old Form:	0		Contact Non US St:	72700
Total Damages Amt:	31000		Contact Country:	US
Hazmat Fatality:	No		Inc. Report Prepared:	Carrier
Haz Fatal Employees:	0		HMIS Serious Incidnt:	Yes
Haz Fatal Respindrs:	0		HMIS Serious Fatality:	No
Haz Fatal Gen Public:	0		HMIS Serious Injury:	No
Tot Hazmat Fatalities:	0		HMIS Flight Plan:	No
Non Hazmat Fatality:	No		HMIS Serious Evacs:	Yes
Non Hazmat Fatals:	0		HMIS Major Artery:	Yes
Hazmat Injury:	No		HMIS Bulk Release:	No
Haz Hospital Empl:	0		HMIS Marine Pollutnt:	No
Haz Hospital Resp:	0		HMIS Radioactive:	No
	0		HMIS Gen Pkg Type:	TANK
Haz Hosp Gen Public:	0		HMIS Container Code:	MC312
Haz Hosp Old Form:				-
Total Haz Hosp Inj:	0 0		HMIS Container Desc: HMIS Bulk Incident:	Cargo tanks Yes
Haz Non Hosp Empl:				
Haz Non Hosp Resp:	0	Driver was traveling North from Bringet	Undeclared Shipment:	No
Description of Events:				near the 17 mile marker and rounded a curve at
				Mack Granite, tri-axle auger truck carrying two
				ver stated he was meeting another truck (loaded
				oved over as close to the shoulder of the road as
				bed off the shoulder of the road way. He
				ed and over turned. The driver assessed the I and then his supervisor. State Police, EMS,
				State Highway Dept as well as local athorities
				clean up began. Spilled product was contained
		1 8	5	
		precautionary measures. Carrier notifie		nediate area were notified and evacuated for
Recommend Actions Ta	kon			drivers will be trained as to watch for other
Recommend Actions Ta	aken:			
				de slowing to a safe speed to meet conditions of in these areas. Changes will be made to the
			0 0 0	river training will be included in the retraining of
		the driver involved.	a securement. Derensive u	The relating win be molded in the relianting of

#### <u>Site:</u> CALDWELL CO. AREA VOCATIONAL CTR. RT 1, MARION ROAD PRINCETON KY 42445

EPA Handler ID: Gen Status Universe: Contact Name: Contact Address: Contact Phone No and Ext: Contact Email: KYD981476419 No Report ARTHUR DUNN P.O. BOX 350 , , PRINCETON , KY, 42445 , US 502-365-5563

Contact Country: County Name: EPA Region: Land Type: Receive Date: Location Latitude: Location Longitude: US CALDWELL 04 State 20170606

#### Violation/Evaluation Summary

Note:

VIOLATION or UNDETERMINED: There are VIOLATION or UNDETERMINED details or records associated with this facility (EPA ID) in the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement table dated April, 2021.

#### Violation Details

Citation:	
Violation Short Description:	Universal Waste - Small Quantity Handlers
Violation Type:	273.B
Violation Determined Date:	20160404
Scheduled Compliance Date:	20160504
Return to Compliance:	Documented
Actual Return to Compl:	20160511
Violation Responsible Agency:	State

#### Enforcement Details

Enforcement Type: Enforcement Type Description:	120 WRITTEN INFORMAL
Enforcement Action Date:	20160412
Enf Disposition Status:	
Disposition Status Date:	
Enforcement Lead Agency:	State
Proposed Penalty Amount:	
Final Amount:	

#### Evaluation Details

Paid Amount:

Evaluation Start Date:20160620Evaluation Type Description:COMPLIAViolation Short Description:UniversalReturn to Compliance Date:20160511Evaluation Agency:StateEvaluation Start Date:20160404Evaluation Type Description:COMPLIA

Evaluation Type Description: Violation Short Description: Return to Compliance Date: Evaluation Agency:

Evaluation Start Date: Evaluation Type Description: Violation Short Description: Return to Compliance Date: Evaluation Agency:

Evaluation Start Date: Evaluation Type Description: Violation Short Description: Return to Compliance Date: Evaluation Agency:

Evaluation Start Date: Evaluation Type Description: Violation Short Description: Return to Compliance Date: Evaluation Agency: COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE EVALUATION Universal Waste - Small Quantity Handlers 20160511 State 20160404 COMPLIANCE EVALUATION INSPECTION ON-SITE Universal Waste - Small Quantity Handlers 20160511 State

20110708 COMPLIANCE EVALUATION INSPECTION ON-SITE

State

20081027 COMPLIANCE EVALUATION INSPECTION ON-SITE

State

20080620 COMPLIANCE EVALUATION INSPECTION ON-SITE

State

Evaluation Start Date: Evaluation Type Description: Violation Short Description: Return to Compliance Date: Evaluation Agency: 19950918 COMPLIANCE EVALUATION INSPECTION ON-SITE

#### Handler Summary

Importer Activity:	No
Mixed Waste Generator:	No
Transporter Activity:	No
Transfer Facility:	No
Onsite Burner Exemption:	No
Furnace Exemption:	No
Underground Injection Activity:	No
Commercial TSD:	No
Used Oil Transporter:	No
Used Oil Transfer Facility:	No
Used Oil Processor:	No
Used Oil Refiner:	No
Used Oil Burner:	No
Used Oil Market Burner:	No
Used Oil Spec Marketer:	No

#### Hazardous Waste Handler Details

Sequence No:	1
Receive Date:	19890601
Handler Name:	CALDWELL CO. AREA VOCATIONAL CTR.
Source Type:	Notification
Federal Waste Generator Code:	3
Generator Code Description:	Very Small Quantity Generator

State

#### Waste Code Details

Hazardous Waste Code:	D001
Waste Code Description:	IGNITABLE WASTE

Hazardous Waste Code: Waste Code Description:

# F003

THE FOLLOWING SPENT NONHALOGENATED SOLVENTS: XYLENE, ACETONE, ETHYL ACETATE, ETHYL BENZENE, ETHYL ETHER, METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE, N-BUTYL ALCOHOL, CYCLOHEXANONE, AND METHANOL; ALL SPENT SOLVENT MIXTURES/BLENDS CONTAINING, BEFORE USE, ONLY THE ABOVE SPENT NONHALOGENATED SOLVENTS; AND ALL SPENT SOLVENT MIXTURES/BLENDS CONTAINING, BEFORE USE, ONE OR MORE OF THE ABOVE NONHALOGENATED SOLVENTS, AND A TOTAL OF TEN PERCENT OR MORE (BY VOLUME) OF ONE OR MORE OF THOSE SOLVENTS LISTED IN F001, F002, F004, AND F005; AND STILL BOTTOMS FROM THE RECOVERY OF THESE SPENT SOLVENTS AND SPENT SOLVENT MIXTURES.

#### Hazardous Waste Handler Details

Sequence No:	2
Receive Date:	20170606
Handler Name:	CALDWELL CO. AREA VOCATIONAL CTR.
Source Type:	Notification
Federal Waste Generator Code:	Ν
Generator Code Description:	Not a Generator, Verified

#### **Owner/Operator Details**

<i>Owner/Operator Ind:</i> Type:	Current Owner State	Street No: Street 1:	UNKNOWN
Name:	KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	Street 2:	
Date Became Current:		City:	UNKNOWN
Date Ended Current:		State:	KY
Phone:	502-365-5563	Country:	US
Source Type:	Notification	Zip Code:	00000

Owner/Operator Ind:	Current Owner	Street No:	
Type:	State	Street 1:	UNKNOWN
Name:	KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	Street 2:	
Date Became Current:		City:	UNKNOWN
Date Ended Current:		State:	KY
Phone:	502-365-5563	Country:	
Source Type:	Notification	Zip Code:	00000
Owner/Operator Ind:	Current Operator	Street No:	
Type:	State	Street 1:	UNKNOWN
Name:	KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	Street 2:	
Date Became Current:		City:	UNKNOWN
Date Ended Current:		State:	KY
Phone:	502-365-5563	Country:	US
Source Type:	Notification	Zip Code:	00000

#### Historical Handler Details

Receive Dt:	19890601
Generator Code Description:	Very Small Quantity Generator
Handler Name:	CALDWELL CO. AREA VOCATIONAL CTR.

Site: Chris Hooks

# Water well located behind house at 2034 Marion Rd, Fredonia. Coming from Eddyville on Highway 641 N into Fredonia, turn right on Highway 91 N and go about 1/4 mile., Fredonia KY

INC ID:	2360474	Notification:	No
MARS Function Code:		Date:	4/11/2013
Status:	Env. Closed	Lead Invest ID:	52078
Priority:	Routine	Lead Investigator:	Whybark, Kristine
Program Code:	01	Flw Up Prior Desc:	Routine
Program:	Air	Recen Cpl Eval Act:	
Substances:	Odor:	Recent ENF Act:	
Closure Type Desc:	Env. Closed-Mitigated	Locked Flag:	Yes
Incident End Date:	-	Waterbody:	
Begin Emerg Dt:		Regional Office:	Paducah Regional Office
End Emerg Dt:		County:	Caldwell
Record Date:		Lat Dac Degrees:	
First Report Date:	4/11/2013 11:26:09 AM	Long Dec Degrees:	
Completed:	Yes		
Source:	Chris Hooks		
Incident Type S:	ODOR		
Incident Desc:	Sewer-type odor suspected to origi	inate from sulfur water well be	eing used in irrigation system.
Location Desc:	Water well located behind house at 2034 Marion Rd, Fredonia. Coming from Eddyville on Highway 641 N into		
	Fredonia, turn right on Highway 91	N and go about 1/4 mile.	
Other Substance Desc			

Other Substance Desc: Z Coordinate Method Desc:

<u>Site:</u> Caldwell Co Water District (AI ID: 33819) 12498-14440 Marion Road 15-45 Goodsprings Rd, Crider Rd, 331-744 E. White Sulpher Rd. Caldwell KY

INC ID: MARS Function Code:	2423443	<i>Notification:</i> <i>Date:</i>	Yes 3/17/2017
Status:	Env. Closed	Lead Invest ID:	47226
Priority:	Routine	Lead Investigator:	Thomas, Randy
Program Code:	03	Flw Up Prior Desc:	
Program:	Drinking Water	Recen Cpl Eval Act:	
Substances:	Population Affected:43	Recent ENF Act:	
Closure Type Desc:	Env. Closed-No Action Necessary	Locked Flag:	Yes
Incident End Date:	3/18/2018	Waterbody:	
Begin Emerg Dt:		Regional Office:	Madisonville Regional Office
End Emerg Dt:		County:	Caldwell
Record Date:		Lat Dac Degrees:	37.116262
First Report Date:	3/16/2016 3:00:00 PM	Long Dec Degrees:	-87.895209
Completed:	No		
Source:	Caldwell Co Water District (Al I	D: 33819)	
Begin Emerg Dt: End Emerg Dt: Record Date: First Report Date: Completed:	3/16/2016 3:00:00 PM No	Regional Office: County: Lat Dac Degrees: Long Dec Degrees:	Caldwell 37.116262

SPILLS

SPILLS

Incident Desc: Location Desc: Other Substance Desc: Z Coordinate Method Desc: Line Break/Leak 12498-14440 Marion Road 15-45 Goodsprings Rd, Crider Rd, 331-744 E. White Sulpher Rd.

### Site: Chris Hooks

Water well located behind house at 2034 Marion Rd., Fredonia. Coming from Eddyville on Hwy. 641 N into Fredonia, turn right on Hwy 91N and go about 1/4 mile., Fredonia KY

SPILLS

SPILLS

INC ID:	2358724		Notification:	No
MARS Function Code:			Date:	3/12/2013
Status:	Env. Clo	sed	Lead Invest ID:	58732
Priority:	Routine		Lead Investigator:	Carroll, Christopher
Program Code:	06		Flw Up Prior Desc:	
Program:	Groundv	vater	Recen Cpl Eval Act:	
Substances:	Water:		Recent ENF Act:	
Closure Type Desc:	Env. Clo	sed-No Action Necessary	Locked Flag:	Yes
Incident End Date:	3/19/201	3	Waterbody:	
Begin Emerg Dt:			Regional Office:	Madisonville Regional Office
End Emerg Dt:			County:	Caldwell
Record Date:			Lat Dac Degrees:	
First Report Date:	3/12/201	3 10:45:00 AM	Long Dec Degrees:	
Completed:	Yes		3 1 3	
Source:		Chris Hooks		
Incident Type S:		ODOR		
Incident Desc:		Sewer-type odor suspected to c	originate from sulfur water well be	eing used in irrigation system.
Location Desc:				Coming from Eddyville on Hwy. 641 N into
		Fredonia, turn right on Hwy 91N		<b>G , , , , , , , , , ,</b>
Other Substance Desc:		<b>o y</b>	-	

Z Coordinate Method Desc:

Site: Caldwell County;

Rock quarry access road near Marion Road (Hwy 91), Caldwell County, near Fredonia. Fredonia KY

INC ID:	2308120	Notification:	No	
MARS Function Code:		Date:	2/17/2010	
Status:	Env. Closed	Lead Invest ID:	45875	
Priority:	Routine	Lead Investigator:	Jewell, Laura	
Program Code:	01	Flw Up Prior Desc:		
Program:	Air	Recen Cpl Eval Act:		
Substances:	PM2.5 (Particulate Matter - 2.5 Microns Or	Recent ENF Act:		
	Less):			
Closure Type Desc:	Env. Closed-Mitigated	Locked Flag:	Yes	
Incident End Date:	õ	Waterbody:		
Begin Emerg Dt:		Regional Office:	Paducah Regional Office	
End Emerg Dt:		County:	Caldwell	
Record Date:		Lat Dac Degrees:		
First Report Date:	2/17/2010 10:00:40 AM	Long Dec Degrees:		
Completed:	Yes	0 0		
Source:	Caldwell County;			
Incident Type S:	AIR RELEASE, FUGITIVE EMISSION			
Incident Desc:		Fugitive from new access road to a rock guarry, perhaps Martin Marietta.		
Location Desc:	0	Rock quarry access road near Marion Road (Hwy 91), Caldwell County, near Fredonia.		
Other Substance Desc:				
Z Coordinate Method De				

# Appendix: Database Descriptions

Environmental Risk Information Services (ERIS) can search the following databases. The extent of historical information varies with each database and current information is determined by what is publicly available to ERIS at the time of update. ERIS updates databases as set out in ASTM Standard E1527-13, Section 8.1.8 Sources of Standard Source Information:

"Government information from nongovernmental sources may be considered current if the source updates the information at least every 90 days, or, for information that is updated less frequently than quarterly by the government agency, within 90 days of the date the government agency makes the information available to the public."

# Standard Environmental Record Sources

### Federal

### Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program:

The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) established the Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program (FUSRAP) in 1974 to remediate sites where radioactive contamination remained from the Manhattan Project and early U.S. Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) operations. The DOE Office of Legacy Management (LM) established long-term surveillance and maintenance (LTS&M) requirements for remediated FUSRAP sites. DOE evaluates the final site conditions of a remediated site on the basis of risk for different future uses. DOE then confirms that LTS&M requirements will maintain protectiveness.

Government Publication Date: Mar 4, 2017

### National Priority List:

National Priorities List (Superfund)-NPL: EPA's (United States Environmental Protection Agency) list of the most serious uncontrolled or abandoned hazardous waste sites identified for possible long-term remedial action under the Superfund program. The NPL, which EPA is required to update at least once a year, is based primarily on the score a site receives from EPA's Hazard Ranking System. A site must be on the NPL to receive money from the Superfund Trust Fund for remedial action.

Government Publication Date: Apr 27, 2021

### National Priority List - Proposed:

Includes sites proposed (by the EPA, the state, or concerned citizens) for addition to the NPL due to contamination by hazardous waste and identified by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as a candidate for cleanup because it poses a risk to human health and/or the environment. *Government Publication Date: Apr 27, 2021* 

### Deleted NPL:

23

The National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP) establishes the criteria that the EPA uses to delete sites from the NPL. In accordance with 40 CFR 300.425.(e), sites may be deleted from the NPL where no further response is appropriate. *Government Publication Date: Apr 27, 2021* 

### SEMS List 8R Active Site Inventory:

The Superfund Program has deployed the Superfund Enterprise Management System (SEMS), which integrates multiple legacy systems into a comprehensive tracking and reporting tool. This inventory contains active sites evaluated by the Superfund program that are either proposed to be or are on the National Priorities List (NPL) as well as sites that are in the screening and assessment phase for possible inclusion on the NPL. The Active Site Inventory Report displays site and location information at active SEMS sites. An active site is one at which site assessment, removal, remedial, enforcement, cost recovery, or oversight activities are being planned or conducted.

Government Publication Date: Mar 23, 2021

### Inventory of Open Dumps, June 1985:

The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) provides for publication of an inventory of open dumps. The Act defines "open dumps" as facilities which do not comply with EPA's "Criteria for Classification of Solid Waste Disposal Facilities and Practices" (40 CFR 257). *Government Publication Date: Jun 1985* 

#### DOE FUSRAP

NPL

## PROPOSED NPL

### DELETED NPL

# SEMS

# ODI

1976 and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) of 1984. At these sites, the Corrective Action Program ensures that cleanups occur. EPA and state regulators work with facilities and communities to design remedies based on the contamination, geology, and anticipated use unique to each site.

Government Publication Date: Apr 5, 2021

### RCRA non-CORRACTS TSD Facilities:

RCRA Info is EPA's comprehensive information system, providing access to data supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976 and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) of 1984. This database includes Non-Corrective Action sites listed as treatment, storage and/or disposal facilities of hazardous waste as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). Government Publication Date: Apr 5, 2021

#### **RCRA Generator List:**

RCRA Info is EPA's comprehensive information system, providing access to data supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976 and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) of 1984. RCRA Info replaces the data recording and reporting abilities of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System (RCRIS) and the Biennial Reporting System (BRS). A hazardous waste generator is any person or site whose processes and actions create hazardous waste (see 40 CFR 260.10). Large Quantity Generators (LQGs) generate 1,000 kilograms per month or more of hazardous waste or more than one kilogram per month of acutely hazardous waste.

Government Publication Date: Apr 5, 2021

Government Publication Date: Dec 31, 1998

**CERCLIS - No Further Remedial Action Planned: CERCLIS NFRAP** An archived site is one at which EPA has determined that assessment has been completed and no further remedial action is planned under the Superfund program at this time. The Archive designation means that, to the best of EPA's knowledge, assessment at a site has been completed and that EPA has determined no further steps will be taken to list this site on the National Priorities List (NPL). This decision does not necessarily mean that there is no hazard associated with a given site; it only means that, based upon available information, the location is not judged to be a potential NPL site.

Government Publication Date: Oct 25, 2013

#### **CERCLIS Liens:**

A Federal Superfund lien exists at any property where EPA has incurred Superfund costs to address contamination ("Superfund site") and has provided notice of liability to the property owner. A Federal CERCLA ("Superfund") lien can exist by operation of law at any site or property at which EPA has spent Superfund monies. This database is made available by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

Government Publication Date: Jan 30, 2014

## **RCRA CORRACTS-Corrective Action:**

RCRA Info is EPA's comprehensive information system, providing access to data supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of

# SEMS List 8R Archive Sites:

The Superfund Enterprise Management System (SEMS) Archived Site Inventory displays site and location information at sites archived from SEMS. An archived site is one at which EPA has determined that assessment has been completed and no further remedial action is planned under the Superfund program at this time.

Government Publication Date: Mar 23, 2021

# Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Information System -

regulations or standards promulgated by Indian Tribal governments or Alaska Native entities.

### **CERCLIS:** Superfund is a program administered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to locate, investigate, and clean up the worst hazardous waste sites throughout the United States. CERCLIS is a database of potential and confirmed hazardous waste sites at which the EPA Superfund program has some involvement. It contains sites that are either proposed to be or are on the National Priorities List (NPL) as well as sites that are in the screening and assessment phase for possible inclusion on the NPL. The EPA administers the Superfund program in cooperation with individual states and tribal governments; this database is made available by the EPA.

Public Law 103-399, The Indian Lands Open Dump Cleanup Act of 1994, enacted October 22, 1994, identified congressional concerns that solid waste open dump sites located on American Indian or Alaska Native (AI/AN) lands threaten the health and safety of residents of those lands and contiguous areas. The purpose of the Act is to identify the location of open dumps on Indian lands, assess the relative health and environment hazards posed by those sites, and provide financial and technical assistance to Indian tribal governments to close such dumps in compliance with Federal standards and

Government Publication Date: Oct 25, 2013

### EPA Report on the Status of Open Dumps on Indian Lands:

### **RCRA CORRACTS**

CERCLIS LIENS

## **RCRA LQG**

RCRA TSD

# Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order Response to Post-Hearing ESB 03

SEMS ARCHIVE

CERCLIS

IODI

## 24

# **RCRA Small Quantity Generators List:**

RCRA Info is the EPA's comprehensive information system, providing access to data supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976 and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) of 1984. RCRA Info replaces the data recording and reporting abilities of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System (RCRIS) and the Biennial Reporting System (BRS). A hazardous waste generator is any person or site whose processes and actions create hazardous waste (see 40 CFR 260.10). Small Quantity Generators (SQGs) generate more than 100 kilograms, but less than 1,000 kilograms, of hazardous waste per month.

Government Publication Date: Apr 5, 2021

# RCRA Very Small Quantity Generators List:

RCRA Info is the EPA's comprehensive information system, providing access to data supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976 and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) of 1984. A hazardous waste generator is any person or site whose processes and actions create hazardous waste (see 40 CFR 260.10). Very Small Quantity Generators (VSQG) generate 100 kilograms or less per month of hazardous waste, or one kilogram or less per month of acutely hazardous waste. Additionally, VSQG may not accumulate more than 1,000 kilograms of hazardous waste at any time.

Government Publication Date: Apr 5, 2021

# **RCRA Non-Generators:**

RCRA Info is EPA's comprehensive information system, providing access to data supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976 and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) of 1984. RCRA Info replaces the data recording and reporting abilities of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System (RCRIS) and the Biennial Reporting System (BRS). A hazardous waste generator is any person or site whose processes and actions create hazardous waste (see 40 CFR 260.10). Non-Generators do not presently generate hazardous waste. Government Publication Date: Apr 5, 2021

# Federal Engineering Controls-ECs:

Engineering controls (ECs) encompass a variety of engineered and constructed physical barriers (e.g., soil capping, sub-surface venting systems, mitigation barriers, fences) to contain and/or prevent exposure to contamination on a property. This database is made available by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

Government Publication Date: Feb 23, 2021

# Federal Institutional Controls- ICs:

Institutional controls are non-engineered instruments, such as administrative and legal controls, that help minimize the potential for human exposure to contamination and/or protect the integrity of the remedy. Although it is EPA's (United States Environmental Protection Agency ) expectation that treatment or engineering controls will be used to address principal threat wastes and that groundwater will be returned to its beneficial use whenever practicable, ICs play an important role in site remedies because they reduce exposure to contamination by limiting land or resource use and guide human behavior at a site.

Government Publication Date: Feb 23, 2021

# Land Use Control Information System:

The LUCIS database is maintained by the U.S. Department of the Navy and contains information for former Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) properties across the United States.

Government Publication Date: Sep 1, 2006

# Emergency Response Notification System:

Database of oil and hazardous substances spill reports controlled by the National Response Center. The primary function of the National Response Center is to serve as the sole national point of contact for reporting oil, chemical, radiological, biological, and etiological discharges into the environment anywhere in the United States and its territories.

Government Publication Date: 1982-1986

# Emergency Response Notification System:

Database of oil and hazardous substances spill reports controlled by the National Response Center. The primary function of the National Response Center is to serve as the sole national point of contact for reporting oil, chemical, radiological, biological, and etiological discharges into the environment anywhere in the United States and its territories.

Government Publication Date: 1987-1989

# Emergency Response Notification System:

Database of oil and hazardous substances spill reports made available by the United States Coast Guard National Response Center (NRC). The NRC fields initial reports for pollution and railroad incidents and forwards that information to appropriate federal/state agencies for response. These data contain initial incident data that has not been validated or investigated by a federal/state response agency. Government Publication Date: Nov 9, 2020

# FED INST

LUCIS

# ERNS 1982 TO 1986

# ERNS 1987 TO 1989

### ERNS

# Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order Response to Post-Hearing ESB 03

FED ENG

**RCRA SQG** 

**RCRA VSQG** 

**RCRA NON GEN** 

### 25

# The Assessment, Cleanup and Redevelopment Exchange System (ACRES) Brownfield Database:

Brownfields are real property, the expansion, redevelopment, or reuse of which may be complicated by the presence or potential presence of a hazardous substance, pollutant, or contaminant. Cleaning up and reinvesting in these properties protects the environment, reduces blight, and takes development pressures off greenspaces and working lands. This database is made available by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

Government Publication Date: Jan 6, 2021

# FEMA Underground Storage Tank Listing:

## The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) of the Department of Homeland Security maintains a list of FEMA owned underground storage tanks.

Government Publication Date: Dec 31, 2017

# Facility Response Plan:

List of facilities that have submitted Facility Response Plans (FRP) to EPA. Facilities that could reasonably be expected to cause "substantial harm" to the environment by discharging oil into or on navigable waters are required to prepare and submit Facility Response Plans (FRPs). Harm is determined based on total oil storage capacity, secondary containment and age of tanks, oil transfer activities, history of discharges, proximity to a public drinking water intake or sensitive environments.

Government Publication Date: Dec 2, 2020

### Historical Gas Stations:

#### This historic directory of service stations is provided by the Cities Service Company. The directory includes Cities Service filling stations that were located throughout the United States in 1930. Government Publication Date: Jul 1, 1930

Petroleum Refineries:

List of petroleum refineries from the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) Refinery Capacity Report. Includes operating and idle petroleum refineries (including new refineries under construction) and refineries shut down during the previous year located in the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, and other U.S. possessions. Survey locations adjusted using public data. Government Publication Date: Jul 10, 2020

### Petroleum Product and Crude Oil Rail Terminals:

List of petroleum product and crude oil rail terminals made available by the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA). Includes operable bulk petroleum product terminals located in the 50 States and the District of Columbia with a total bulk shell storage capacity of 50,000 barrels or more, and/or the ability to receive volumes from tanker, barge, or pipeline; also rail terminals handling the loading and unloading of crude oil that were active between 2017 and 2018. Petroleum product terminals comes from the EIA-815 Bulk Terminal and Blender Report, which includes working, shell in operation, and shell idle for several major product groupings. Survey locations adjusted using public data. Government Publication Date: Apr 28, 2020

### LIEN on Property:

The EPA Superfund Enterprise Management System (SEMS) provides LIEN information on properties under the EPA Superfund Program. Government Publication Date: Mar 23, 2021

## Superfund Decision Documents:

This database contains a listing of decision documents for Superfund sites. Decision documents serve to provide the reasoning for the choice of (or) changes to a Superfund Site cleanup plan. The decision documents include Records of Decision (ROD), ROD Amendments, Explanations of Significant Differences (ESD), along with other associated memos and files. This information is maintained and made available by the US EPA (Environmental Protection Agency).

Government Publication Date: Jun 28, 2021

## State

26

### Brownfield Redevelopment Program:

A list of sites in the Brownfield Redevelopment Program. This list is made available by the Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet (EEC). Government Publication Date: Apr 22, 2021

REFN

### **BULK TERMINAL**

HIST GAS STATIONS

# SUPERFUND ROD

SEMS LIEN

## **BROWNFIELDS**

Order No: 21070600556

FRP

FEMA UST

FED BROWNEIELDS

Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order Response to Post-Hearing ESB 03

#### State Leads Priority List:

State Leads Priority List that containins a listing of State Hazardous Waste sites. This list is maintained by The Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). This database is state equivalent CERCLIS. *Government Publication Date: May 25, 2021* 

#### Delisted State Leads Priority List:

This database contains a list of closed State Hazardous Waste sites that were removed from the Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection (DEP).

Government Publication Date: May 25, 2021

#### Solid Waste Facilities and Landfills:

A list of Solid Waste Facilities (SWF) and Landfills (LF) made available by the Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). This list includes registered contained landfills, construction/demolition debris landfills, residual landfills and special waste landfills. *Government Publication Date: Apr 12, 2021* 

#### Historic Landfills:

According to the Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), before solid waste management was regulated in Kentucky, most towns or cities had a common location where household waste and a vast array of other materials were disposed. These "old town dumps" were the de facto landfill for the area, and were rarely operated in a manner consistent with current standards. In most cases they were not properly capped to prevent migration of contaminated leachate and other pollutants. Division records indicate more than 600 of these sites are scattered across the state. The DEP's Solid Waste Branch Closure Section addresses proper closure and remediation of these historic sites. Closure/remediation work is presently ongoing at several sites across the state.

Government Publication Date: Mar 24, 2014

#### SB193 Branch Site Inventory List:

This list is comprised of sites that have performed permanent closure activities at regulated underground storage tank facilities and have known soil and/or groundwater contamination. Historical listing made available by the underground storage tank branch in the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) of Kentucky State.

Government Publication Date: Apr 30, 1985

#### Ranking List for UST Facilities:

A list of UST facilities under site investigation which are eligible to receive reimbursement from Financial Responsibility Account (FRA) and Petroleum Storage Tank Account (PSTA) of the Petroleum Storage Tank Environmental Assurance Fund (PSTEAF). Reimbursements from the FRA and PSTA are determined by this ranking system. This list is maintained by the Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). *Government Publication Date: May 1, 2021* 

#### Underground Storage Tanks:

A list of registered Underground Storage Tanks (USTs) maintained by the Underground Storage Tank Branch in the Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). Government Publication Date: May 3, 2021

#### Delisted Storage Tank:

This database contains a list of closed storage tank sites that were removed from the Underground Storage Tank Branch in the Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). Government Publication Date: May 3, 2021

#### Sites with Engineering Controls:

Sites on the Institutional Controls and State Leads Lists that have engineering controls in place; both lists made available by the Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection (DEP).

Government Publication Date: May 25, 2021

#### Sites with Institutional Controls:

27

Sites with institutional controls in place, provided by the Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). Institutional controls are put in place to regulate activities on the property, such as a requirement that the property never be used for residential development or to prohibit the use of groundwater from below the property.

Government Publication Date: May 25, 2021

SWF/LF

SHWS

**DELISTED SHWS** 

HIST LANDFILL

Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order Response to Post-Hearing ESB 03

## PSTEAF

SB193

# UST

#### DELISTED STORAGE TANK

# ENG

#### INST

# The Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) maintains an inventory of sites that are in the Voluntary Cleanup Program. Government Publication Date: Mar 29, 2021

Kentucky Brownfield Inventory: Kentucky Brownfield Inventory consists primarily of properties that are receiving, or have received, assessments and/or cleanups under federal brownfield funding to states or local government entities. This list is managed by the Kentucky Department for Environmental Protection (DEP). Government Publication Date: May 27, 2021

### Tribal

### Leaking Underground Storage Tanks (LUSTs) on Indian Lands: LUSTs on Tribal/Indian Lands in Region 4, which includes Kentucky. There are no LUST records in Kentucky at this time. Government Publication Date: Oct 14, 2017

### Underground Storage Tanks (USTs) on Indian Lands:

USTs on Tribal/Indian Lands in Region 4, which includes Kentucky. There are no UST records in Kentucky at this time. Government Publication Date: Oct 14, 2017

### **Delisted Tribal Leaking Storage Tanks:**

Leaking Underground Storage Tank facilities which have been removed from the Regional Tribal LUST lists made available by the EPA. Government Publication Date: Apr 14, 2020

### **Delisted Tribal Underground Storage Tanks:**

Underground Storage Tank facilities which have been removed from the Regional Tribal UST lists made available by the EPA. Government Publication Date: Apr 14, 2020

**County** 

No County standard environmental record sources available for this State.

## Additional Environmental Record Sources

### Federal

### **PFOA/PFOS Contaminated Sites:**

List of sites where PFOA or PFOS contaminants have been found in drinking water or soil. Made available by the Federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

Government Publication Date: Mar 1, 2021

### Facility Registry Service/Facility Index:

The Facility Registry Service (FRS) is a centrally managed database that identifies facilities, sites, or places subject to environmental regulations or of environmental interest. FRS creates high-quality, accurate, and authoritative facility identification records through rigorous verification and management procedures that incorporate information from program national systems, state master facility records, and data collected from EPA's Central Data Exchange registrations and data management personnel. This list is made available by the Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA). Government Publication Date: Nov 2, 2020

### Toxics Release Inventory (TRI) Program:

The EPA's Toxics Release Inventory (TRI) is a database containing data on disposal or other releases of over 650 toxic chemicals from thousands of U. S. facilities and information about how facilities manage those chemicals through recycling, energy recovery, and treatment. One of TRI's primary purposes is to inform communities about toxic chemical releases to the environment. Government Publication Date: Feb 19, 2020

# **BROWNFIELD INV**

VCP

# **INDIAN LUST**

#### **INDIAN UST**

### **DELISTED ILST**

#### **DELISTED IUST**

# **FINDS/FRS**

PFAS NPL

# TRIS

# Order No: 21070600556

### erisinfo.com | Environmental Risk Information Services

#### Perfluorinated Alkyl Substances (PFAS) Releases:

List of Toxics Release Inventory (TRI) facilities at which the reported chemical is a Per- or polyfluorinated alkyl substance (PFAS) included in the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)'s consolidated PFAS Master List of PFAS Substances. The EPA's Toxics Release Inventory (TRI) is a database containing data on disposal or other releases of over 650 toxic chemicals from thousands of U.S. facilities and information about how facilities manage those chemicals through recycling, energy recovery, and treatment.

Government Publication Date: Feb 19, 2020

#### Perfluorinated Alkyl Substances (PFAS) Water Quality:

The Water Quality Portal (WQP) is a cooperative service sponsored by the United States Geological Survey (USGS), the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and the National Water Quality Monitoring Council (NWQMC). This listing includes records from the Water Quality Portal where the characteristic (environmental measurement) is in the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)'s consolidated PFAS Master List of PFAS Substances. Government Publication Date: Jul 20, 2020

#### Hazardous Materials Information Reporting System:

US DOT - Department of Transportation Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA) Incidents Reports Database taken from Hazmat Intelligence Portal, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Government Publication Date: Sep 1, 2020

#### National Clandestine Drug Labs:

The U.S. Department of Justice ("the Department") provides this data as a public service. It contains addresses of some locations where law enforcement agencies reported they found chemicals or other items that indicated the presence of either clandestine drug laboratories or dumpsites. In most cases, the source of the entries is not the Department, and the Department has not verified the entry and does not guarantee its accuracy. Government Publication Date: Oct 5, 2020

#### **Toxic Substances Control Act:**

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is amending the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) section 8(a) Inventory Update Reporting (IUR) rule and changing its name to the Chemical Data Reporting (CDR) rule.

The CDR enables EPA to collect and publish information on the manufacturing, processing, and use of commercial chemical substances and mixtures (referred to hereafter as chemical substances) on the TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory (TSCA Inventory). This includes current information on chemical substance production volumes, manufacturing sites, and how the chemical substances are used. This information helps the Agency determine whether people or the environment are potentially exposed to reported chemical substances. EPA publishes submitted CDR data that is not Confidential Business Information (CBI).

Government Publication Date: Apr 11, 2019

#### Hist TSCA:

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is amending the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) section 8(a) Inventory Update Reporting (IUR) rule and changing its name to the Chemical Data Reporting (CDR) rule.

The 2006 IUR data summary report includes information about chemicals manufactured or imported in guantities of 25,000 pounds or more at a single site during calendar year 2005. In addition to the basic manufacturing information collected in previous reporting cycles, the 2006 cycle is the first time EPA collected information to characterize exposure during manufacturing, processing and use of organic chemicals. The 2006 cycle also is the first time manufacturers of inorganic chemicals were required to report basic manufacturing information.

Government Publication Date: Dec 31, 2006

#### FTTS Administrative Case Listing:

An administrative case listing from the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, & Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), together known as FTTS. This database was obtained from the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) National Compliance Database (NCDB). The FTTS and NCDB was shut down in 2006.

Government Publication Date: Jan 19, 2007

#### FTTS Inspection Case Listing:

An inspection case listing from the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, & Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), together known as FTTS. This database was obtained from the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) National Compliance Database (NCDB). The FTTS and NCDB was shut down in 2006.

Government Publication Date: Jan 19, 2007

### Potentially Responsible Parties List:

Early in the cleanup process, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) conducts a search to find the potentially responsible parties (PRPs). EPA looks for evidence to determine liability by matching wastes found at the site with parties that may have contributed wastes to the site. Government Publication Date: Apr 27, 2021

# TSCA

# HIST TSCA

FTTS ADMIN

### FTTS INSP

# PRP

# Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order Response to Post-Hearing ESB 03

# PFAS TRI

PEAS WATER

NCDL

**HMIRS** 

the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) programs. The FE&C component supports the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Civil Enforcement and Compliance program activities. These activities include Compliance Assistance, Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement. The NPDES program supports tracking of NPDES permits, limits, discharge monitoring data and other program reports. Government Publication Date: Mar 24, 2021

The Integrated Compliance Information System (ICIS) is a system that provides information for the Federal Enforcement and Compliance (FE&C) and

#### **Drycleaner Facilities:**

A list of drycleaner facilities from Enforcement and Compliance History Online (ECHO) online search. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) tracks facilities that possess NAIC and SIC codes that classify businesses as drycleaner establishments. Government Publication Date: May 5, 2021

#### **Delisted Drycleaner Facilities:**

List of sites removed from the list of Drycleaner Facilities (sites in the EPA's Integrated Compliance Information System (ICIS) with NAIC or SIC codes identifying the business as a drycleaner establishment).

Government Publication Date: May 5, 2021

#### Formerly Used Defense Sites:

Formerly Used Defense Sites (FUDS) are properties that were formerly owned by, leased to, or otherwise possessed by and under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Defense prior to October 1986, where the Department of Defense (DoD) is responsible for an environmental restoration. This list is published by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

Government Publication Date: Jan 28, 2020

#### Former Military Nike Missile Sites:

This information was taken from report DRXTH-AS-IA-83A016 (Historical Overview of the Nike Missile System, 12/1984) which was performed by Environmental Science and Engineering, Inc. for the U.S. Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency Assessment Division. The Nike system was deployed between 1954 and the mid-1970's. Among the substances used or stored on Nike sites were liquid missile fuel (JP-4); starter fluids (UDKH, aniline, and furfuryl alcohol); oxidizer (IRFNA); hydrocarbons (motor oil, hydraulic fluid, diesel fuel, gasoline, heating oil); solvents (carbon tetrachloride, trichloroethylene, trichloroethane, stoddard solvent); and battery electrolyte. The quantities of material a disposed of and procedures for disposal are not documented in published reports. Virtually all information concerning the potential for contamination at Nike sites is confined to personnel who were assigned to Nike sites. During deactivation most hardware was shipped to depot-level supply points. There were reportedly instances where excess materials were disposed of on or near the site itself at closure. There was reportedly no routine site decontamination. Government Publication Date: Dec 1, 1984

#### PHMSA Pipeline Safety Flagged Incidents:

A list of flagged pipeline incidents made available by the U.S. Department of Transportation (US DOT) Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA). PHMSA regulations require incident and accident reports for five different pipeline system types. Government Publication Date: Jul 7, 2020

#### Material Licensing Tracking System (MLTS):

A list of sites that store radioactive material subject to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) licensing requirements. This list is maintained by the NRC. As of September 2016, the NRC no longer releases location information for sites. Site locations were last received in July 2016. Government Publication Date: May 11, 2021

#### Historic Material Licensing Tracking System (MLTS) sites:

A historic list of sites that have inactive licenses and/or removed from the Material Licensing Tracking System (MLTS). In some cases, a site is removed from the MLTS when the state becomes an "Agreement State". An Agreement State is a State that has signed an agreement with the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) authorizing the State to regulate certain uses of radioactive materials within the State. Government Publication Date: Jan 31, 2010

# State Coalition for Remediation of Drycleaners Listing:

The State Coalition for Remediation of Drycleaners (SCRD) was established in 1998, with support from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Office of Superfund Remediation and Technology Innovation. Coalition members are states with mandated programs and funding for drycleaner site remediation. Current members are Alabama, Connecticut, Florida, Illinois, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, North Carolina, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Wisconsin.

Government Publication Date: Nov 08, 2017

#### Integrated Compliance Information System (ICIS):

# FED DRYCLEANERS

#### DELISTED FED DRY

#### FORMER NIKE

FUDS

#### PIPELINE INCIDENT

# MI TS

HIST MLTS

# SCRD DRYCLEANER

ICIS

Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order Response to Post-Hearing ESB 03

# Order No: 21070600556

# Order No: 21070600556

# Mines Master Index File:

The Master Index File (MIF) contains mine identification numbers issued by the Department of Labor Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) for mines active or opened since 1971. Note that addresses may or may not correspond with the physical location of the mine itself. *Government Publication Date: Nov 3, 2020* 

# Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act Sites:

An inventory of land and water impacted by past mining (primarily coal mining) is maintained by the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement (OSMRE) to provide information needed to implement the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (SMCRA). The inventory contains information on the location, type, and extent of Abandoned Mine Land (AML) impacts, as well as information on the cost associated with the reclamation of those problems. The inventory is based upon field surveys by State, Tribal, and OSMRE program officials. It is dynamic to the extent that it is modified as new problems are identified and existing problems are reclaimed.

#### Mineral Resource Data System:

The Mineral Resource Data System (MRDS) is a collection of reports describing metallic and nonmetallic mineral resources throughout the world. Included are deposit name, location, commodity, deposit description, geologic characteristics, production, reserves, resources, and references. This database contains the records previously provided in the Mineral Resource Data System (MRDS) of USGS and the Mineral Availability System/Mineral Industry Locator System (MAS/MILS) originated in the U.S. Bureau of Mines, which is now part of USGS. The USGS has ceased systematic updates of the MRDS database with their focus more recently on deposits of critical minerals while providing a well-documented baseline of historical mine locations from USGS topographic maps.

Government Publication Date: Mar 15, 2006

### Uranium Mill Tailings Radiation Control Act Sites:

The Legacy Management Office of the Department of Energy (DOE) manages radioactive and chemical waste, environmental contamination, and hazardous material at over 100 sites across the U.S. The L.M. Office manages this database of sites registered under the Uranium Mill Tailings Control Act (UMTRCA).

Government Publication Date: Mar 4, 2017

### Alternative Fueling Stations:

List of alternative fueling stations made available by the US Department of Energy's Office of Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy. Includes Biodiesel stations, Ethanol (E85) stations, Liquefied Petroleum Gas (Propane) stations, Ethanol (E85) stations, Natural Gas stations, Hydrogen stations, and Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment (EVSE). The National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL) obtains information about new stations from trade media, Clean Cities coordinators, a Submit New Station form on the Station Locator website, and through collaborating with infrastructure equipment and fuel providers, original equipment manufacturers (OEMs), and industry groups.

### Registered Pesticide Establishments:

List of active EPA-registered foreign and domestic pesticide-producing and device-producing establishments based on data from the Section Seven Tracking System (SSTS). The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) Section 7 requires that facilities producing pesticides, active ingredients, or devices be registered. The list of establishments is made available by the EPA. *Government Publication Date: Apr 13, 2021* 

### Polychlorinated Biphenyl (PCB) Notifiers:

Facilities included in the national list of facilities that have notified the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) of Polychlorinated Biphenyl (PCB) activities. Any company or person storing, transporting or disposing of PCBs or conducting PCB research and development must notify the EPA and receive an identification number.

Government Publication Date: Nov 19, 2020

## <u>State</u>

### Incidents:

31

# A list of incidents reported to the Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection (Kentucky DEP) where hazardous materials may have been spilled and/or released.

Government Publication Date: May 27, 2021

### Clandestine Drug Laboratory Locations:

The Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection's (DEP) Division of Waste Management Superfund Branch maintains this list of clandestine methamphetamine laboratory locations.

ALT FUELS

URANIUM

# SSTS

# PCB

CDL

SPILLS

### MINES

**SMCRA** 

MRDS

Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order Response to Post-Hearing ESB 03

# <u>Tribal</u>

No Tribal additional environmental record sources available for this State. <u>County</u>

No County additional environmental record sources available for this State.

32

# Definitions

**Database Descriptions:** This section provides a detailed explanation for each database including: source, information available, time coverage, and acronyms used. They are listed in alphabetic order.

**Detail Report**. This is the section of the report which provides the most detail for each individual record. Records are summarized by location, starting with the project property followed by records in closest proximity.

**Distance:** The distance value is the distance between plotted points, not necessarily the distance between the sites' boundaries. All values are an approximation.

Direction: The direction value is the compass direction of the site in respect to the project property and/or center point of the report.

*Elevation:* The elevation value is taken from the location at which the records for the site address have been plotted. All values are an approximation. Source: Google Elevation API.

**Executive Summary:** This portion of the report is divided into 3 sections:

'Report Summary'- Displays a chart indicating how many records fall on the project property and, within the report search radii.

'Site Report Summary'-Project Property'- This section lists all the records which fall on the project property. For more details, see the 'Detail Report' section.

'Site Report Summary-Surrounding Properties'- This section summarizes all records on adjacent properties, listing them in order of proximity from the project property. For more details, see the 'Detail Report' section.

<u>Map Key:</u> The map key number is assigned according to closest proximity from the project property. Map Key numbers always start at #1. The project property will always have a map key of '1' if records are available. If there is a number in brackets beside the main number, this will indicate the number of records on that specific property. If there is no number in brackets, there is only one record for that property.

The symbol and colour used indicates 'elevation': the red inverted triangle will dictate 'ERIS Sites with Lower Elevation', the yellow triangle will dictate 'ERIS Sites with Higher Elevation' and the orange square will dictate 'ERIS Sites with Same Elevation.'

<u>Unplottables</u>: These are records that could not be mapped due to various reasons, including limited geographic information. These records may or may not be in your study area, and are included as reference.

Phase I ESA Caldwell Solar Site Additional Area Fredonia, Kentucky



# HISTORIC RESEARCH DOCUMENTATION



Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order Response to Post-Hearing ESB 03



Project Property:	Caldwell Solar Site	
	n/a	
	Fredonia KY	
Project No:	E320201000	
Requested By:	Cardno Inc.	
Order No:	21070600556	
Date Completed:	July 07, 2021	

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We have searched USGS collections of current topographic maps and historical topographic maps for the project property. Below is a list of maps found for the project property and adjacent area. Maps are from 7.5 and 15 minute topographic map series, if available.

Year	Map Series
2016	7.5
1967	7.5
1954	7.5
1910	15
1908	15

Topographic Maps included in this report are produced by the USGS and are to be used for research purposes including a phase I report. Maps are not to be resold as commercial property.

No warranty of Accuracy or Liability for ERIS: The information contained in this report has been produced by ERIS Information Inc.(in the US) and ERIS Information Limited Partnership (in Canada), both doing business as 'ERIS', using Topographic Maps produced by the USGS. This maps contained herein does not purport to be and does not constitute a guarantee of the accuracy of the information contained herein. Although ERIS has endeavored to present you with information that is accurate, ERIS disclaims, any and all liability for any errors, omissions, or inaccuracies in such information and data, whether attributable to inadvertence, negligence or otherwise, and for any consequences arising therefrom. Liability on the part of ERIS is limited to the monetary value paid for this report.

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Quadrangle(s): Crider,KY; Princeton West,KY





Quadrangle(s): Crider,KY; Princeton West,KY





Quadrangle(s): Crider,KY; Princeton West,KY





Quadrangle(s): Princeton,KY

Source: USGS 15 Minute Topographic Map





Quadrangle(s): Princeton,KY

Source: USGS 15 Minute Topographic Map





**Project Property:** 

Requested By: Order No: Data Completed: Caldwell Solar Site n/a Fredonia KY Cardno Inc. 21070600556 July 13,2021

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Date	Source	Scale	Comments
2020	National Agriculture Information Program	1" to 1700'	
2014	National Agriculture Information Program	1" to 1700'	
2008	National Agriculture Information Program	1" to 1700'	
2006	National Agriculture Information Program	1" to 1700'	
2004	National Agriculture Information Program	1" to 1700'	
1998	US Geological Survey	1" to 1700'	
1983	National High Altitude Photography	1" to 1700'	
1971	National Aeronautics Space Administration	1" to 1700'	
1967	US Geological Survey	1" to 1700'	
1952	US Geological Survey	1" to 1700'	

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Project Property:	Caldwell Solar Site	
	n/a	
	Fredonia KY	
Project No:	E320201000	
Requested By:	Cardno Inc.	
Order No:	21070600556	
Date Completed:	July 07, 2021	

Please note that no information was found for your site or adjacent properties.

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#### **Property Information**

Order Number:		21070600556p
Date Completed:		July 7, 2021
Project Number:		E320201000
Project Property:		Caldwell Solar Site n/a_Fredonia KY
Coordinates:	Latitude: Longitude: UTM Northing: UTM Easting: UTM Zone:	37.13668512 -87.96900806 4110474.87368 Meters 413934.923526 Meters UTM Zone 16S
	Elevation: Slope Direction:	540.75 ft WSW

Topographic Information2
Hydrologic Information
Geologic Information
Soil Information
Wells and Additional Sources
Summary
Detail Report
Radon Information
Appendix
Liability Notice

The ERIS *Physical Setting Report - PSR* provides comprehensive information about the physical setting around a site and includes a complete overview of topography and surface topology, in addition to hydrologic, geologic and soil characteristics. The location and detailed attributes of oil and gas wells, water wells, public water systems and radon are also included for review.

The compilation of both physical characteristics of a site and additional attribute data is useful in assessing the impact of migration of contaminants and subsequent impact on soils and groundwater.

#### Disclaimer

This Report does not provide a full environmental evaluation for the site or adjacent properties. Please see the terms and disclaimer at the end of the Report for greater detail.

#### **Topographic Information**



Source: USGS 7.5 Minute Topographic Map

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### **Topographic Information**



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# **Topographic Information**



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### **Topographic Information**



Quadrangle(s): Crider,KY; Fredonia,KY

# **Topographic Information**



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### **Topographic Information**



Quadrangle(s): Crider,KY

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### **Topographic Information**



Quadrangle(s): Crider,KY; Eddyville,KY; Fredonia,KY; Princeton West KY





The previous topographic map(s) are created by seamlessly merging and cutting current USGS topographic data. Below are shaded relief map(s), derived from USGS elevation data to show surrounding topography in further detail.

Topographic information at project property:





















# **Hydrologic Information** 88°0'0"W 87°59'30"W 87°59'0"W 87°58'30"W 87°58'0"W 37°10'0"N 37°10'0"N 37°9'30"N--37°9'30"N 2 37°9'0"N 37°9'0"N 37°8'30"N--37°8'30"N Source: Esti, Iwaxa, Geoleye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USOS, AeroGRID, IGN, and the GIS User Community 4 88°0'0"W 87°59'30"W 87°58'30"W 87°59'0"W 87°58'0"W Wetland Type - Page 1 Miles 0.125 0.25 0.5 0 This map shows wetland existence using data from US Fish & Wildlife. Data coverage is shown to the right. Gray indicates no data available in the area. Freshwater Pond Estuarine and Marine Deepwater Estuarine and Marine Wetland Lake Freshwater Emergent Wetland Other E R I S 📚 Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland Riverine





87°58'0"W

2

37°8'0"N

37°7'30"N

37°7'0"N

-37°6'30"N

87°58'0"W

# Hydrologic Information 88°0'0"W 87°59'30"W 87°59'0"W 87°58'30"W 1 37°8'0"N-37°7'30"N 3 37°7'0"N-Source: Esti, Iviavar, Geoleye, Eathstar Geographics, Ches/Airlous DS, USDA, USOS, AeroGRID, IGM, and the GIS User Community 37°6'30"N-88°0'0"W 87°58'30"W 87°59'30"W 87°59'0"W Wetland Type - Page 3 Miles 0.125 0.25 0 0.5 This map shows wetland existence using data from US Fish & Wildlife. Data coverage is shown to the right. Gray indicates no data available in the area. Estuarine and Marine Deepwater



Estuarine and Marine Wetland

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland





### 87°58'0"W 87°57'30"W 87°57'0"W 87°56'30"W 87°56'0"W 1 37°8'0"N. -37°8'0"N 37°7'30"N -37°7'30"N 3 37°7'0"N 37°7'0"N Source: Est, Iwaxar, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airlous DS, USDA, USGS, AercGRID, IGN, and the GIS User Community 37°6'30"N 37°6'30"N 87°57'30"W 87°56'30"W 87°58'0"W 87°56'0"W 87°57'0"W Wetland Type - Page 4 Miles 0.125 0.25 0.5 0 This map shows wetland existence using data from US Fish & Wildlife. Data coverage is shown to the right. Gray indicates no data available in the area. Estuarine and Marine Deepwater Freshwater Pond Estuarine and Marine Wetland Lake Freshwater Emergent Wetland Other ERIS Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland Riverine


















# **Hydrologic Information**

The Wetland Type map shows wetland existence overlaid on an aerial imagery. The Flood Hazard Zones map shows FEMA flood hazard zones overlaid on an aerial imagery. Relevant FIRM panels and detailed zone information is provided below.

Available FIRM Panels in area:	21033C0225C(effective:2009-10-16) 21033C0150C(effective:2009-10-16) 21033C0235C(effective:2009-10-16) 21033C0250C(effective:2009-10-16) 21033C0125C(effective:2009-10-16) 21033C0145C(effective:2009-10-16) 21143C0085A(effective:2012-08-16) 21143C0050A(effective:2012-08-16) 21143C0125A(effective:2012-08-16) 21033C0250C(effective:2009-10-16) 21033C0125C(effective:2009-10-16) 21033C0145C(effective:2009-10-16) 21033C0225C(effective:2009-10-16) 21033C0150C(effective:2009-10-16) 21033C0225C(effective:2009-10-16) 21055C0350C(effective:2009-06-16) 21055C0350C(effective:2009-06-16)
Flood Zone A-01	
Zone: Zone subtype:	A
Flood Zone X-12	
Zone:	X
Zone subtype:	AREA OF MINIMAL FLOOD HAZARD

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# **Geologic Information**



This maps shows geologic units in the area. Please refer to the report for detailed descriptions.

# **Geologic Information**



# **Geologic Information**



# **Geologic Information**



# **Geologic Information**



This maps shows geologic units in the area. Please refer to the report for detailed descriptions.

## **Geologic Information**

The previous page shows USGS geology information. Detailed information about each unit is provided below.

#### **Geologic Unit Mgl** Unit Name: Ste. Genevieve and St. Louis Limestones, undivided Unit Age: Mississippian Primary Rock Type: limestone Secondary Rock Type: dolostone (dolomite) Unit Description: Ste. Genevieve and St. Louis Limestones, undivided; includes Salem Limestone west of Christian County **Geologic Unit Mcl** Unit Name: Rocks of Chesterian age, lower part Unit Age: Upper Mississippian Primary Rock Type: limestone Secondary Rock Type: sandstone Rocks of Chesterian age, lower part Unit Description: **Geologic Unit Mgl** Unit Name: Ste. Genevieve and St. Louis Limestones, undivided Unit Age: Mississippian Primary Rock Type: limestone Secondary Rock Type: dolostone (dolomite) Unit Description: Ste. Genevieve and St. Louis Limestones, undivided; includes Salem Limestone west of Christian County **Geologic Unit Kt** Unit Name: **Tuscaloosa Formation** Unit Age: Upper Cretaceous Primary Rock Type: conglomerate Secondary Rock Type: gravel Unit Description: **Tuscaloosa Formation Geologic Unit Mgl** Unit Name: Ste. Genevieve and St. Louis Limestones, undivided Unit Age: Mississippian Primary Rock Type: limestone

dolostone (dolomite) Ste. Genevieve and St. Louis Limestones, undivided; includes Salem Limestone west of Christian County

Secondary Rock Type:

Unit Description:

# **Geologic Information**

### Geologic Unit Mgl Unit Name: Unit Age: Primary Rock Type: Secondary Rock Type: Unit Description:

Ste. Genevieve and St. Louis Limestones, undivided Mississippian limestone dolostone (dolomite)

Ste. Genevieve and St. Louis Limestones, undivided; includes Salem Limestone west of Christian County

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This maps shows SSURGO soil units around the target property. Please refer to the report for detailed soil descriptions.







property. Please refer to the report for detailed soil descriptions.



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# **Soil Information**



property. Please refer to the report for detailed soil descriptions.

The previous page shows a soil map using SSURGO data from USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service. Detailed information about each unit is provided below.

Map Unit BrD2 (0.36%)	
Map Unit Name:	Brandon silt loam, 12 to 20 percent slopes, eroded
Bedrock Depth - Min:	null
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	null
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Well drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	C - Soils in this group have moderately high runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water transmission through the soil is somewhat restricted.
Major components are printed below	
Brandon(80%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 18cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(18cm to 53cm)	Silty clay loam
horizon H3(53cm to 165cm)	Very gravelly silt loam
Component Description:	
Minor map unit components are excluded from this re	port.
Map Unit: BrD2 - Brandon silt loam, 12 to 20 percent	slopes, eroded
The parent material consists of fine-silty noncalcareoulayer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage of low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restriction)	map unit. Slopes are 12 to 20 percent. This component is on hills on uplands. Is loess over gravelly loamy fluviomarine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately cted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It thin a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about s 4e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.
Component: Lax (7%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for majo	r components. The Lax soil is a minor component.
Component: Saffell (5%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for majo	r components. The Saffell soil is a minor component.
Component: Skidmore (5%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for majo	r components. The Skidmore soil is a minor component.
Component: Nolin (3%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for majo	r components. The Nolin soil is a minor component.
Map Unit CrA (0.04%)	
Map Unit Name:	Crider silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes
Bedrock Depth - Min:	null
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	null
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Well drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	B - Soils in this group have moderately low runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water transmission through the soil is unimpeded.
Major components are printed below Crider(95%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 25cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(25cm to 63cm)	Silt Ioam
cricinfo comi Environmentel Diek Inform	

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horizon H3(63cm to 132cm) horizon H4(132cm to 178cm) Silty clay loam Silty clay

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: CrA - Crider silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Crider (92%)

The Crider component makes up 92 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on broad ridges on karst uplands. The parent material consists of thin fine-silty noncalcareous loess over clayey residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 59 to 157 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 3 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 1. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Bedford (4%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Bedford soil is a minor component.

Component: Pembroke (3%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Pembroke soil is a minor component.

Component: Nolin (1%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Nolin, occasionally flooded soil is a minor component.

Map Unit CrB2 (24.38%)	
Map Unit Name:	Crider silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, eroded
Bedrock Depth - Min:	null
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	null
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Well drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	B - Soils in this group have moderately low runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water transmission through the soil is unimpeded.
Major components are printed below	
Crider(85%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 13cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(13cm to 61cm)	Silt loam
horizon H3(61cm to 155cm)	Silty clay loam
horizon H4(155cm to 196cm)	Silty clay

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: CrB2 - Crider silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, eroded

Component: Crider (88%)

The Crider component makes up 88 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on broad ridges on karst uplands. The parent material consists of thin fine-silty noncalcareous loess over clayey residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 59 to 157 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 3 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

#### Component: Baxter (7%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Baxter soil is a minor component.

Component: Bedford (4%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Bedford soil is a minor component.

#### Component: Pembroke (1%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Pembroke soil is a minor component.

Map Unit CrC2 (0.44%)	
Map Unit Name:	Crider silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, eroded
Bedrock Depth - Min:	null
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	null
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Well drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	B - Soils in this group have moderately low runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water transmission through the soil is unimpeded.
Major components are printed below	
Crider(90%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 13cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(13cm to 61cm)	Silt loam
horizon H3(61cm to 155cm) horizon H4(155cm to 196cm)	Silty clay loam Silty clay
Component Description:	
Minor map unit components are excluded from this re	eport.
Map Unit: CrC2 - Crider silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slo	pes, eroded
uplands. The parent material consists of thin fine-silty a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 59 to 157 inc restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water t moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. T	hap unit. Slopes are 6 to 12 percent. This component is on broad ridges on karst y noncalcareous loess over clayey residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to ches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is here is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter ponirrigated land capability classification is 3e. This soil does not meet hydric
Component: Baxter (7%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for majo	or soil components. The Baxter soil is a minor component.
Component: Bedford (3%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for majo	or soil components. The Bedford soil is a minor component.
Component: Pembroke (3%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for majo	or soil components. The Pembroke soil is a minor component.
Component: Nolin (2%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for majo	or soil components. The Nolin, occasionally flooded soil is a minor component.
Map Unit CrC3 (8.17%)	

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horizo	on H1(0cm to 8cm)	Silt loam	
Crider(	85%)		
Major co	mponents are printed below	-	
Hydrolog	ic Group - Dominant:	C - Soils in this group have mode wet. Water transmission through	erately high runoff potential when thoroughly the soil is somewhat restricted.
Drainage	Class - Dominant:	Well drained	
Watertab	le Depth - Annual Min:	null	
Bedrock	Depth - Min:	null	
Map Unit	Name:	Crider silt loam, 6 to 12 percent s	slopes, severely eroded
Map Official			

horizon H2(8cm to 56cm) horizon H3(56cm to 188cm) Silty clay loam Silty clay

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: CrC3 - Crider silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, severely eroded

Component: Crider (85%)

The Crider, severely eroded component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 6 to 12 percent. This component is on ridges on karst uplands. The parent material consists of fine-silty noncalcareous loess over clayey residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Nolin (5%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Nolin soil is a minor component.

Component: Fredonia (4%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Fredonia soil is a minor component.

Component: Baxter (3%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Baxter soil is a minor component.

Component: Vertrees (3%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Vertrees soil is a minor component.

Map Unit CrD2 (1.97%)	
Map Unit Name:	Crider silt loam, 12 to 20 percent slopes, eroded
Bedrock Depth - Min:	null
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	null
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Well drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	B - Soils in this group have moderately low runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water transmission through the soil is unimpeded.
Major components are printed below	
Crider(90%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 13cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(13cm to 61cm)	Silt loam
horizon H3(61cm to 155cm)	Silty clay loam
horizon H4(155cm to 196cm)	Silty clay

**Component Description:** 

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: CrD2 - Crider silt loam, 12 to 20 percent slopes, eroded

#### Component: Crider (90%)

The Crider component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 12 to 20 percent. This component is on hills on karst uplands. The parent material consists of fine-silty noncalcareous loess over clayey residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

#### Component: Nolin (5%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Nolin soil is a minor component.

## **Soil Information**

Component: Newark (3%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Newark soil is a minor component.

Component: Lindside (2%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Lindside soil is a minor component.

Map Unit CtE3 (15.41%)	
Map Unit Name:	Crider-Baxter complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes, severely eroded
Bedrock Depth - Min:	null
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	null
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Well drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	C - Soils in this group have moderately high runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water transmission through the soil is somewhat restricted.
Major components are printed below	C C
Crider(50%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 8cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(8cm to 56cm)	Silty clay loam
horizon H3(56cm to 188cm)	Silty clay
Baxter(30%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 13cm)	Gravelly silt loam
horizon H2(13cm to 30cm)	Gravelly silty clay loam
horizon H3(30cm to 155cm)	Gravelly clay
horizon H4(155cm to 206cm)	Very gravelly clay

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: CtE3 - Crider-Baxter complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes, severely eroded

#### Component: Crider (50%)

The Crider, severely eroded component makes up 50 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 12 to 30 percent. This component is on closed depressions on sinkhole karst. The parent material consists of fine-silty noncalcareous loess over clayey residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

#### Component: Baxter (30%)

The Baxter, severely eroded component makes up 30 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 12 to 30 percent. This component is on hills on karst uplands. The parent material consists of clayey residuum weathered from cherty limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

#### Component: Vertrees (5%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Vertrees soil is a minor component.

Component: Fredonia (5%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Fredonia soil is a minor component.

Component: Nolin (4%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Nolin soil is a minor component.

Component: Lindside (4%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Lindside soil is a minor component.

Component: Nicholson (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Nicholson soil is a minor component.

Map Unit DwF (0.62%)	
Map Unit Name:	Dekalb-Westmoreland-Gilpin complex, 20 to 60 percent slopes, very stony
Bedrock Depth - Min:	86cm
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	null
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Well drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	A - Soils in this group have low runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water is transmitted freely through the soil.
Major components are printed below	
Dekalb(40%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 10cm) horizon H2(10cm to 30cm) horizon H3(30cm to 86cm) horizon R(86cm to 111cm) Westmoreland(30%)	Channery silt loam Very cobbly loam Very cobbly sandy loam Unweathered bedrock
horizon H1(0cm to 10cm) horizon H2(10cm to 23cm) horizon H3(23cm to 97cm) horizon H4(97cm to 165cm) horizon R(165cm to 190cm) Gilpin(25%)	Silt loam Channery silt loam Channery silty clay loam Very channery silty clay loam Unweathered bedrock
horizon H1(0cm to 3cm) horizon H2(3cm to 38cm) horizon H3(38cm to 79cm) horizon H4(79cm to 97cm) horizon Cr(97cm to 122cm)	Loam Loam Channery silt loam Channery silt loam Weathered bedrock

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: DwF - Dekalb-Westmoreland-Gilpin complex, 20 to 60 percent slopes, very stony

#### Component: Dekalb (40%)

The Dekalb, very stony component makes up 40 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 20 to 60 percent. This component is on hills on uplands. The parent material consists of coarse-loamy residuum weathered from sandstone and shale. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 20 to 40 inches. The natural drainage class is excessively drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is very low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 7e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

#### Component: Westmoreland (30%)

The Westmoreland, very stony component makes up 30 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 20 to 60 percent. This component is on hills on uplands. The parent material consists of fine-loamy colluvium derived from sandstone and siltstone over fine-loamy residuum weathered from siltstone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 40 to 80 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

#### Component: Gilpin (25%)

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The Gilpin, very stony component makes up 25 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 20 to 60 percent. This component is on hills on uplands. The parent material consists of fine-loamy residuum weathered from shale and siltstone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, paralithic, is 20 to 40 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is very low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

## **Soil Information**

Component: Ramsey (4%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Ramsey soil is a minor component.

Component: Rock outcrop (1%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Rock outcrop soil is a minor component.

#### Map Unit EkB (2.8%) Map Unit Name: Elk silt loam, 1 to 4 percent slopes, rarely flooded Bedrock Depth - Min: null Watertable Depth - Annual Min: null Drainage Class - Dominant: Well drained Hydrologic Group - Dominant: B - Soils in this group have moderately low runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water transmission through the soil is unimpeded. Major components are printed below Elk(90%) horizon H1(0cm to 20cm) Silt loam horizon H2(20cm to 38cm) Silt loam horizon H3(38cm to 180cm) Silt loam horizon H4(180cm to 206cm) Silt loam Component Description: Minor map unit components are excluded from this report. Map Unit: EkB - Elk silt loam, 1 to 4 percent slopes, rarely flooded Component: Elk (90%) The Elk, rarely flooded component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 1 to 4 percent. This component is on stream terraces on valleys. The parent material consists of mixed fine-silty alluvium. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is rarely flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. Component: Otwood (4%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Otwood soil is a minor component. Component: Newark (2%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Newark soil is a minor component. Component: Nolin (2%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Nolin soil is a minor component. Component: Lindside (2%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Lindside soil is a minor component. Map Unit FvD2 (0.13%) Map Unit Name: Fredonia-Vertrees complex, 12 to 20 percent slopes, eroded, rocky Bedrock Depth - Min: 79cm Watertable Depth - Annual Min: null

Well drained D - Soils in this group have high runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water movement through the soil is restricted or very restricted.

#### Major components are printed below Fredonia(47%)

horizon H1(0cm to 10cm)

Drainage Class - Dominant:

Hydrologic Group - Dominant:

-redonia(47%

53

horizon H2(10cm to 69cm) horizon H3(69cm to 79cm) horizon R(79cm to 104cm) Vertrees(40%)	Silty clay Clay Bedrock
horizon H1(0cm to 8cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(8cm to 38cm)	Silty clay
horizon H3(38cm to 203cm)	Clay

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: FvD2 - Fredonia-Vertrees complex, 12 to 20 percent slopes, eroded, rocky

#### Component: Fredonia (47%)

The Fredonia component makes up 47 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 12 to 20 percent. This component is on hills on karst uplands. The parent material consists of clayey residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 20 to 40 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 3 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

#### Component: Vertrees (40%)

The Vertrees component makes up 40 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 12 to 20 percent. This component is on hills on karst uplands. The parent material consists of clayey residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

#### Component: Baxter (11%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Baxter soil is a minor component.

#### Component: Rock outcrop (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Rock outcrop soil is a minor component.

#### Map Unit He (0.4%)

Henshaw silt loam Map Unit Name: Bedrock Depth - Min: null 40cm Watertable Depth - Annual Min: Drainage Class - Dominant: Somewhat poorly drained C/D - These soils have moderately high runoff potential when drained and high Hydrologic Group - Dominant: runoff potential when undrained. Major components are printed below Henshaw(85%) horizon H1(0cm to 22cm) Silt loam horizon H2(23cm to 104cm) Silty clay loam horizon H3(104cm to 208cm) Silt loam

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: He - Henshaw silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, rarely flooded

#### Component: Henshaw (90%)

The Henshaw, rarely flooded component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on stream terraces on river valleys. The parent material consists of fine-silty alluvium. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is somewhat poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is rarely flooded. It is

not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 12 inches during January, February, March, April, May, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Uniontown (5%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Uniontown, rarely flooded soil is a minor component.

Component: Weinbach (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Weinbach, rarely flooded soil is a minor component.

Component: McGary (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The McGary, rarely flooded soil is a minor component.

Component: Melvin (1%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Melvin, rarely flooded soil is a minor component.

Map Unit Ld (2.42%)	
Map Unit Name:	Lindside silt loam, occasionally flooded
Bedrock Depth - Min:	null
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	61cm
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Moderately well drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	C - Soils in this group have moderately high runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water transmission through the soil is somewhat restricted.
Major components are printed below	
Lindside(90%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 20cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(20cm to 91cm)	Silt loam

Silt loam

Component Description:

horizon H3(91cm to 152cm)

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: Ld - Lindside silt loam, occasionally flooded

#### Component: Lindside (90%)

The Lindside, occasionally flooded component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on flood plains on river valleys. The parent material consists of mixed fine-silty alluvium. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is occasionally flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 24 inches during January, February, March, April, May, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 3 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

#### Component: Nolin (3%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Nolin soil is a minor component.

Component: Wilbur (3%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Wilbur soil is a minor component.

Component: Newark (2%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Newark soil is a minor component.

#### Component: Wakeland (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Wakeland soil is a minor component.

### Map Unit Lp (0.21%)

Map Unit Name:

Lindside silt loam, ponded

Bedrock Depth - Min:	null
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	61cm
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Moderately well drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	C - Soils in this group have moderately high runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water transmission through the soil is somewhat restricted.
Major components are printed below	5
Lindside(90%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 20cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(20cm to 91cm)	Silt loam
horizon H3(91cm to 152cm)	Silt loam
Component Description:	

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: Lp - Lindside silt loam, ponded

#### Component: Lindside (90%)

The Lindside, ponded component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on basin in closed depressions on karst uplands. The parent material consists of mixed fine-silty alluvium. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is frequently ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 24 inches during January, February, March, April, May, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 3 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Newark (10%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Newark soil is a minor component.

Map Unit LwE2 (1.28%)	
Map Unit Name:	Lowell-Faywood complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes, eroded, very stony
Bedrock Depth - Min:	76cm
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	null
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Well drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	C - Soils in this group have moderately high runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water transmission through the soil is somewhat restricted.
Major components are printed below	
Lowell(45%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 15cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(15cm to 107cm)	Clay
horizon H3(107cm to 132cm)	Clay
horizon R(132cm to 157cm)	Bedrock
Faywood(30%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 15cm)	Silty clay loam
horizon H2(15cm to 76cm)	Clay
horizon R(76cm to 101cm)	Bedrock

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: LwE2 - Lowell-Faywood complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes, eroded, very stony

#### Component: Lowell (45%)

The Lowell, very stony component makes up 45 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 12 to 30 percent. This component is on hills on uplands. The parent material consists of clayey residuum weathered from limestone and shale. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 50 to 80 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low.

Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is high. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 3 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

#### Component: Faywood (30%)

The Faywood, very stony component makes up 30 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 12 to 30 percent. This component is on hills on uplands. The parent material consists of clayey residuum weathered from limestone and shale. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 20 to 40 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is high. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 3 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

#### Component: Colbert (14%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Colbert soil is a minor component.

Component: Caneyville (6%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Caneyville soil is a minor component.

Component: Vertrees (5%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Vertrees soil is a minor component.

#### Map Unit Me (0.24%)

Map Unit Name:	Melvin silt loam, occasionally flooded
Bedrock Depth - Min:	null
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	15cm
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Poorly drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	B/D - These soils have moderately low runoff potential when drained and high runoff potential when undrained.
Major components are printed below	
Melvin(92%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 15cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(15cm to 53cm)	Silt loam
horizon H3(53cm to 157cm)	Silt loam

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: Me - Melvin silt loam, occasionally flooded

#### Component: Melvin (92%)

The Melvin, occasionally flooded component makes up 92 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on flood plains on river valleys. The parent material consists of mixed fine-silty alluvium. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is occasionally flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 6 inches during January, February, March, April, May, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3w. This soil meets hydric criteria.

Component: Newark (3%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Newark soil is a minor component.

Component: Wakeland (3%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Wakeland soil is a minor component.

Component: Lindside (2%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Lindside soil is a minor component.

#### Map Unit Ne (2.78%)

Map Unit Name:	Newark silt loam, occasionally flooded
Bedrock Depth - Min:	null
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	40cm
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Somewhat poorly drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	B/D - These soils have moderately low runoff potential when drained and high runoff potential when undrained.
Major components are printed below	
Newark(90%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 15cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(15cm to 91cm)	Silt loam
horizon H3(91cm to 152cm)	Silt loam
Component Description:	

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: Ne - Newark silt loam, occasionally flooded

#### Component: Newark (90%)

The Newark, occasionally flooded component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on flood plains on river valleys. The parent material consists of mixed fine-silty alluvium. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is somewhat poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is occasionally flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 16 inches during January, February, March, April, May, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 3 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Melvin (4%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Melvin soil is a minor component.

Component: Wakeland (3%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Wakeland soil is a minor component.

Component: Lindside (3%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Lindside soil is a minor component.

#### Map Unit NhB2 (8.35%)

Map Unit Name:	Nicholson silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, eroded
Bedrock Depth - Min:	null
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	51cm
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Moderately well drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	C/D - These soils have moderately high runoff potential when drained and high runoff potential when undrained.
Major components are printed below	
Nicholson(85%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 20cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(20cm to 63cm)	Silt loam
horizon H3(63cm to 164cm)	Silt loam
horizon H4(164cm to 183cm)	Silty clay loam
Component Description:	

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: NhB2 - Nicholson silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, eroded

#### Component: Nicholson (85%)

58

The Nicholson component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on broad ridges on

## Soil Information

karst uplands. The parent material consists of fine-silty noncalcareous loess over clayey residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, fragipan, is 18 to 30 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 20 inches during January, February, March, April, May, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 3 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Nicholson silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, eroded

C/D - These soils have moderately high runoff potential when drained and high

#### Component: Lawrence (7%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Lawrence soil is a minor component.

#### Component: Hammack (5%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Hammack soil is a minor component.

null

51cm

Moderately well drained

runoff potential when undrained.

Component: Crider (3%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Crider soil is a minor component.

#### Map Unit NhC2 (0.82%)

Map Unit Name: Bedrock Depth - Min: Watertable Depth - Annual Min: Drainage Class - Dominant: Hydrologic Group - Dominant:

Major components are printed below

Nicholson(85%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 20cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(20cm to 63cm)	Silt loam
horizon H3(63cm to 164cm)	Silt loam
horizon H4(164cm to 183cm)	Silty clay loam

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: NhC2 - Nicholson silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, eroded

#### Component: Nicholson (85%)

The Nicholson component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 6 to 12 percent. This component is on ridges on karst uplands. The parent material consists of fine-silty noncalcareous loess over clayey residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, fragipan, is 18 to 30 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 20 inches during January, February, March, April, May, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 3 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

#### Component: Hammack (6%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Hammack soil is a minor component.

Component: Baxter (5%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Baxter soil is a minor component.

#### Component: Lawrence (4%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Lawrence soil is a minor component.

### Map Unit NhC3 (12.43%)

59

Map Unit Name:	Nicholson silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, severely eroded
Bedrock Depth - Min:	null

Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	46cm
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Moderately well drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	D - Soils in this group have high runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water movement through the soil is restricted or very restricted.
Major components are printed below Nicholson(85%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 5cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(5cm to 41cm)	Silt loam
horizon H3(41cm to 127cm)	Silt loam
horizon H4(127cm to 183cm)	Silty clay loam
Component Description:	
Minor map unit components are excluded fror	m this report.
Map Unit: NhC3 - Nicholson silt loam, 6 to 12	percent slopes, severely eroded
Component: Nicholson (85%)	
ridges on karst uplands. The parent material of limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, fra movement in the most restrictive layer is low. potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not	nakes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 6 to 12 percent. This component is on consists of fine-silty noncalcareous loess over clayey residuum weathered from agipan, is 16 to 20 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell ot ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 18 inches during January, February, r content in the surface horizon is about 3 percent. Nonirrigated land capability lydric criteria.
Component: Hammack (5%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created	for major components. The Hammack soil is a minor component.
Component: Baxter (4%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created	for major components. The Baxter soil is a minor component.
Component: Lawrence (4%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created	for major components. The Lawrence soil is a minor component.
Component: Lindside (2%)	
	for major components. The Lindside soil is a minor component.
Mar 11: ( ) 0 000( )	
<b>Map Unit No (8.29%)</b> Map Unit Name:	Nolin silt loam, occasionally flooded
•	
Bedrock Depth - Min:	null
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Well drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	B - Soils in this group have moderately low runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water transmission through the soil is unimpeded.
Major components are printed below	
Nolin(92%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 20cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(20cm to 152cm)	Silt loam
horizon H3(152cm to 203cm)	Loam
Component Description:	
Minor map unit components are excluded from	m this report.

Map Unit: No - Nolin silt loam, occasionally flooded

#### Component: Nolin (92%)

The Nolin, o	ccasionally flooded component makes up 92 percent of the map ur	it. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on
60	erisinfo.com Environmental Risk Information Services	Order No: 21070600556p

flood plains on river valleys. The parent material consists of mixed fine-silty alluvium. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is occasionally flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

#### Component: Newark (3%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Newark soil is a minor component.

#### Component: Lindside (3%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Lindside soil is a minor component.

Component: Wilbur (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Wilbur soil is a minor component.

Map Unit Np (0.32%)	
Map Unit Name:	Nolin silt loam, ponded
Bedrock Depth - Min:	null
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	null
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Well drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	B - Soils in this group have moderately low runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water transmission through the soil is unimpeded.
Major components are printed below	ů i
Nolin(90%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 20cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(20cm to 152cm)	Silt loam
horizon H3(152cm to 203cm)	Loam
Component Description:	

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: Np - Nolin silt loam, ponded

Component: Nolin (90%)

The Nolin, ponded component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on basin in closed depressions on karst uplands. The parent material consists of mixed fine-silty alluvium. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is frequently ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

#### Component: Newark (8%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Newark soil is a minor component.

#### Component: Lindside (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Lindside soil is a minor component.

Map Unit OtA (0.14%)	
Map Unit Name:	Otwood silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, rarely flooded
Bedrock Depth - Min:	null
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	51cm
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Moderately well drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	C/D - These soils have moderately high runoff potential when drained and high runoff potential when undrained.
Maion companya and and minted heleve	-

Major components are printed below

Otwood(92%)

horizon H1(0cm to 18cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(18cm to 64cm)	Silt loam
horizon H3(64cm to 168cm)	Silt loam
horizon H4(168cm to 198cm)	Silt loam

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: OtA - Otwood silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, rarely flooded

#### Component: Otwood (90%)

The Otwood, rarely flooded component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on stream terraces on river valleys. The parent material consists of mixed fine-silty alluvium. Depth to a root restrictive layer, fragipan, is 23 to 35 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is rarely flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 24 inches during January, February, March, April, May, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

#### Component: Newark (5%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Newark, occasionally flooded soil is a minor component.

Component: Elk (2%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Elk, rarely flooded soil is a minor component.

#### Component: Weinbach (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Weinbach, rarely flooded soil is a minor component.

#### Component: Otwood (1%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Otwood, frequently flooded soil is a minor component.

Map Unit OtB2 (2.27%)	
Map Unit Name:	Otwood silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, eroded
Bedrock Depth - Min:	null
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	51cm
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Moderately well drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	D - Soils in this group have high runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water movement through the soil is restricted or very restricted.
Major components are printed below	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Otwood(95%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 13cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(13cm to 51cm)	Silt loam
horizon H3(51cm to 168cm)	Silt loam
horizon H4(168cm to 198cm)	Silt loam

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: OtB2 - Otwood silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, eroded

#### Component: Otwood (95%)

The Otwood component makes up 95 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on stream terraces on river valleys. The parent material consists of mixed fine-silty alluvium. Depth to a root restrictive layer, fragipan, is 18 to 30 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 20 inches during January, February, March, April, May, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

## **Soil Information**

Component: Lindside (3%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Lindside soil is a minor component.

Component: Newark (2%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Newark soil is a minor component.

#### Map Unit Ua (5.21%)

Map Unit Name: No more attributes available for this map unit Udarents, loamy

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: Ua - Udarents, loamy

Component: Udarents (90%)

The Udarents, loamy (Highway embankments & overpasses) component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

## Component: Urban land (10%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Urban land soil is a minor component.

Water

Map Unit W (0.19%) Map Unit Name: No more attributes available for this map unit

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: W - Water

Component: Water (100%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Water is a miscellaneous area.

#### Map Unit WeC2 (0.1%)

Map Unit Name: Bedrock Depth - Min: Watertable Depth - Annual Min: Drainage Class - Dominant: Hydrologic Group - Dominant:

Major components are printed below

horizon H3(99cm to 165cm)

horizon R(165cm to 190cm)

Wellston(89%) horizon H1(0cm to 13cm) horizon H2(13cm to 99cm) Wellston silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, eroded 165cm null Well drained B - Soils in this group have moderately low runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water transmission through the soil is unimpeded.

Silt Ioam Silt Ioam Channery Ioam Unweathered bedrock

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.
### **Soil Information**

Map Unit: WeC2 - Wellston silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, eroded

#### Component: Wellston (85%)

The Wellston, eroded component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 6 to 12 percent. This component is on ridges on uplands. The parent material consists of thin fine-silty noncalcareous loess over loamy residuum weathered from sandstone and shale. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 40 to 64 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Sadler (5%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Sadler soil is a minor component.

Component: Lenberg (5%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Lenberg soil is a minor component.

Component: Rosine (5%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Rosine soil is a minor component.

#### Map Unit WeD2 (0.16%)

Map Unit Name:	Wellston silt loam, 12 to 20 percent slopes, eroded
Bedrock Depth - Min:	165cm
Watertable Depth - Annual Min:	null
Drainage Class - Dominant:	Well drained
Hydrologic Group - Dominant:	B - Soils in this group have moderately low runoff potential when thoroughly wet. Water transmission through the soil is unimpeded.
Major components are printed below	
Wellston(94%)	
horizon H1(0cm to 13cm)	Silt loam
horizon H2(13cm to 99cm)	Silt loam
horizon H3(99cm to 165cm)	Channery loam
horizon R(165cm to 190cm)	Unweathered bedrock

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: WeD2 - Wellston silt loam, 12 to 20 percent slopes, eroded

#### Component: Wellston (94%)

The Wellston component makes up 94 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 12 to 20 percent. This component is on hills on uplands. The parent material consists of fine-silty noncalcareous loess over loamy residuum weathered from sandstone and/or siltstone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 40 to 80 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Dekalb (3%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Dekalb soil is a minor component.

Component: Zanesville (2%) Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Zanesville soil is a minor component.

Component: Ramsey (1%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Ramsey soil is a minor component.

#### Map Unit WgD (0.03%)

Westmoreland-Dekalb-Gilpin complex, 12 to 20 percent slopes, very stony

B - Soils in this group have moderately low runoff potential when thoroughly

wet. Water transmission through the soil is unimpeded.

### **Soil Information**

Map Unit Name: Bedrock Depth - Min: Watertable Depth - Annual Min: Drainage Class - Dominant: Hydrologic Group - Dominant: Major components are printed below Westmoreland(45%) horizon H1(0cm to 10cm) horizon H2(10cm to 23cm) horizon H3(23cm to 97cm) horizon H4(97cm to 165cm) horizon R(165cm to 190cm) Dekalb(25%) horizon H1(0cm to 10cm) horizon H2(10cm to 30cm) horizon H3(30cm to 86cm) horizon R(86cm to 111cm) Gilpin(22%) horizon H1(0cm to 3cm) horizon H2(3cm to 38cm) horizon H3(38cm to 79cm) horizon H4(79cm to 97cm) horizon Cr(97cm to 122cm)

Component Description:

Minor map unit components are excluded from this report.

Map Unit: WgD - Westmoreland-Dekalb-Gilpin complex, 12 to 20 percent slopes, very stony

#### Component: Westmoreland (45%)

The Westmoreland, very stony component makes up 45 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 12 to 20 percent. This component is on hills on uplands. The parent material consists of fine-loamy colluvium derived from sandstone and siltstone over fine-loamy residuum weathered from siltstone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 40 to 80 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

86cm

Well drained

Silt loam

Channery silt loam

Channery silt loam

Very cobbly loam

Loam

Loam

Channery silty clay loam

Unweathered bedrock

Very cobbly sandy loam

Unweathered bedrock

Channery silt loam

Channery silt loam Weathered bedrock

Very channery silty clay loam

null

#### Component: Dekalb (25%)

The Dekalb, very story component makes up 25 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 12 to 20 percent. This component is on hills on uplands. The parent material consists of loamy colluvium derived from sandstone and siltstone over loamy residuum weathered from sandstone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 20 to 40 inches. The natural drainage class is excessively drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is very low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

#### Component: Gilpin (22%)

The Gilpin, very stony component makes up 22 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 12 to 20 percent. This component is on hills on uplands. The parent material consists of fine-loamy residuum weathered from shale and siltstone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, paralithic, is 20 to 40 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is very low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

#### Component: Ramsey (7%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Ramsey soil is a minor component.

#### Component: Rock outcrop (1%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Rock outcrop soil is a minor component.



















## Wells and Additional Sources Summary

### **Federal Sources**

Public Water Sy	stems Violations and Enforcement D	ata	
Мар Кеу	ID	Distance (ft)	Direction
	No records found		
Safe Drinking W	ater Information System (SDWIS)		
Мар Кеу	ID	Distance (ft)	Direction
	No records found		

#### **USGS National Water Information System**

Мар Кеу	Monitoring Loc Identifier	Distance (ft)	Direction
1	USGS-370822087582501	0	-
2	USGS-370825087573601	570.224013229346	ENE
4	USGS-370812087572601	62.588444872453	E
5	USGS-370817087572501	455.3468542239	E
6	USGS-370825087585401	468.685188912167	WNW
7	USGS-370852087580300	0	-
8	USGS-370855087574601	69.900505256282	NNE
12	USGS-370907087573001	1743.545170724653	NNE
15	USGS-370714087584801	3448.215952414029	SSW
18	USGS-370746087564001	2286.481097313689	ESE
20	USGS-370835087563200	4873.330522618302	ENE
22	USGS-370755087595001	1285.250497402995	W
23	USGS-370934087582901	1002.835858775516	Ν
26	USGS-370752087595400	1565.248962930091	WSW
27	USGS-370823087562001	4917.899827539384	E
28	USGS-370749087561901	3593.693922754654	ESE
29	USGS-371001087581501	3907.996964977806	N
35	USGS-370938087595301	4762.977331509819	NW

### **State Sources**

#### Kentucky Groundwater Data Repository

Мар Кеу	AKGWA No	Distance (ft)	Direction
3	30007293	821.812152119416	ENE
6	40004596	468.685188912167	WNW
10	40002636	2452.834046627328	NE
11	50001186	2379.116356834316	NE
13	60002072	11.723216867932	W
14	60001941	0	-
16	30007306	0	-
17	30006849	3519.45165904104	E
18	40002190	2286.481097313689	ESE
19	60002031	835.461531850333	N
21	60001945	2545.277358123021	S
22	40002034	1285.250497402995	W
24	60002032	992.611105520964	NNW
25	60002029	1262.763208728545	W
a stat	for some Environmental Diels Information Complete		Order No. 01070000550m

Direction

## Wells and Additional Sources Summary

60002063	3918.475723442331	NW
00045256	2368.413890623728	SE
00002043	3410.50441757166	SSE
00067013	4671.851810414383	W
40007088	3053.246892687918	SE
00067012	5033.31509499299	W
40001676	3926.118653757261	SSE
30007530	5187.977711724655	W
40001677	3676.493196441987	SE
60002037	4081.808367109657	SE
40002723	4982.378964579808	SSE
	00045256 00002043 00067013 40007088 00067012 40001676 30007530 40001677 60002037	00045256 2368.413890623728   00002043 3410.50441757166   00067013 4671.851810414383   40007088 3053.246892687918   00067012 5033.31509499299   40001676 3926.118653757261   30007530 5187.977711724655   40001677 3676.493196441987   60002037 4081.808367109657

#### Oil and Gas Wells

Мар Кеу	API	Distance (ft)	Direction
9	16033000500000	0	-

Distance (ft)

### **Public Water Supply Wells**

Map Key

No records found

ID

Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
1	-	0.00	0.00	509.30	FED USGS
Organiz Identifier:	USG	S-KY	Formation Type:		
Organiz Name:		S Kentucky Water Science			
Well Depth:	250		Aquifer Type:		
Well Depth Unit:	ft		Country Code:	US	
Well Hole Depth:	250		Provider Name:	NWIS	
W Hole Depth Unit	t: ft		County:	CALDWELL	
Construction Date:	: 1969		Latitude:	37.1394954	
Source Map Scale	: 2400	0	Longitude:	-87.9736293	
Monitoring Loc Na	me: 108A	0021			
Monitoring Loc Ide	entifier: USG	S-370822087582501			
Monitoring Loc Typ	pe: Well				
Monitoring Loc De	sc:				
HUC Eight Digit Co	ode: 0513	0205			
Drainage Area:					
Drainage Area Uni	it:				
Contrib Drainage A	Area:				
Contrib Drainage A Unit:					
Horizontal Accurac	cy: 1				
Horizontal Accurac	•	nds			
Horizontal Collecti Mthd:	on Interp	polated from MAP.			
Horiz Coord Refer System:	NAD	83			
Vertical Measure:	510				
Vertical Measure L	Jnit: feet				
Vertical Accuracy:	5				
Vertical Accuracy	Unit: feet				
Vertical Collection	Mthd: Interp	oolated from topographic r	map.		
Vert Coord Refer S	System: NGV	D29			

### **USGS National Water Information System**

Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
2	ENE	0.11	570.22	513.68	FED USGS
Organiz Identifier:	US	GS-KY	Formation Type:		
Organiz Name:		GS Kentucky Water Science	Aquifer Name:		
Well Depth:	109	)	Aquifer Type:		
Well Depth Unit:	ft		Country Code:	US	
Well Hole Depth:	109	)	Provider Name:	NWIS	
W Hole Depth Unit	:: ft		County:	CALDWELL	

	1000		/ /
Construction Date:	1966	Latitude:	37.1403285
Source Map Scale:	24000	Longitude:	-87.9600177
Monitoring Loc Name:	I08A0030		
Monitoring Loc Identifier:	USGS-370825087573601		
Monitoring Loc Type:	Well		
Monitoring Loc Desc:			
HUC Eight Digit Code:	05130205		
Drainage Area:			
Drainage Area Unit:			
Contrib Drainage Area:			
Contrib Drainage Area Unit:			
Horizontal Accuracy:	1		
Horizontal Accuracy Unit:	seconds		
Horizontal Collection Mthd:	Interpolated from MAP.		
Horiz Coord Refer System:	NAD83		
Vertical Measure:	518		
Vertical Measure Unit:	feet		
Vertical Accuracy:	5		
Vertical Accuracy Unit:	feet		
Vertical Collection Mthd:	Interpolated from topographic map.		
Vert Coord Refer System:	NGVD29		

Мар Кеу	Directior	n Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
4	E	0.01	62.59	521.01	FED USGS
Organiz Identifier:	U	SGS-KY	Formation Type:		
Organiz Name:		SGS Kentucky Water Science enter	e Aquifer Name:		
Well Depth:	75		Aquifer Type:		
Well Depth Unit:	ft		Country Code:	US	
Well Hole Depth:	75	5	Provider Name:	NWIS	
W Hole Depth Un	it: ft		County:	CALDWELL	
Construction Date	e: 19	973	Latitude:	37.1367173	
Source Map Scale	e: 24	1000	Longitude:	-87.9572398	
Monitoring Loc Na	ame: 10	8A0028			
Monitoring Loc Ide	entifier: US	SGS-370812087572601			
Monitoring Loc Ty	rpe: W	ell			
Monitoring Loc De	esc:				
HUC Eight Digit C	ode: 05	5130205			
Drainage Area:					
Drainage Area Un	iit:				
Contrib Drainage	Area:				
Contrib Drainage	Area				
Horizontal Accura	су: 1				
Horizontal Accura	cy Unit: se	econds			

Horizontal Collection	Interpolated from MAP.
Horiz Coord Refer System:	NAD83
Vertical Measure:	525
Vertical Measure Unit:	feet
Vertical Accuracy:	5
Vertical Accuracy Unit:	feet
Vertical Collection Mthd:	Interpolated from topographic map.
Vert Coord Refer System:	NGVD29

Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
5	E	0.09	455.35	519.87	FED USGS
Organiz Identifier:	USG	iS-KY	Formation Type:		
Organiz Name:	USG Cent	S Kentucky Water Science	Aquifer Name:		
Well Depth:	150		Aquifer Type:		
Well Depth Unit:	ft		Country Code:	US	
Well Hole Depth:	150		Provider Name:	NWIS	
W Hole Depth Unit	:: ft		County:	CALDWELL	
Construction Date:	1968	3	Latitude:	37.1381062	
Source Map Scale	: 2400	00	Longitude:	-87.956962	
Monitoring Loc Na	me: I08A	0029			
Monitoring Loc Ide	ntifier: USG	S-370817087572501			
Monitoring Loc Typ	be: Well				
Monitoring Loc De	sc:				
HUC Eight Digit Co	ode: 0513	30205			
Drainage Area:					
Drainage Area Uni	t:				
Contrib Drainage A	Area:				
Contrib Drainage A Unit:	Area				
Horizontal Accurac	cy: 1				
Horizontal Accurac	-	onds			
Horizontal Collection Mthd:	on Inter	polated from MAP.			
Horiz Coord Refer System:	NAD	83			
Vertical Measure:	540				
Vertical Measure L	Jnit: feet				
Vertical Accuracy:	5				
Vertical Accuracy	Unit: feet				
Vertical Collection	Mthd: Inter	polated from topographic ma	ap.		
Vert Coord Refer S		/D29			

Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
6	WNW	0.09	468.69	491.99	FED USGS

Organiz Identifier:	USGS-KY	Formation Type:	Ste. Genevieve-St Louis
-			Limestones, Undifferentiated
Organiz Name:	USGS Kentucky Water Science Center	Aquifer Name:	
Well Depth:	240	Aquifer Type:	
Well Depth Unit:	ft	Country Code:	US
Well Hole Depth:	240	Provider Name:	NWIS
W Hole Depth Unit:	ft	County:	CALDWELL
Construction Date:	1969	Latitude:	37.1403289
Source Map Scale:	24000	Longitude:	-87.9816851
Monitoring Loc Name:	I08A0018		
Monitoring Loc Identifier:	USGS-370825087585401		
Monitoring Loc Type:	Well		
Monitoring Loc Desc:			
HUC Eight Digit Code:	05130205		
Drainage Area:			
Drainage Area Unit:			
Contrib Drainage Area:			
Contrib Drainage Area			
Unit: Horizontal Accuracy:	1		
Horizontal Accuracy Unit:	seconds		
Horizontal Collection	Interpolated from MAP.		
Mthd:	interpolated norm MAL.		
Horiz Coord Refer	NAD83		
System: Vertical Measure:	495		
Vertical Measure Unit:	feet		
Vertical Accuracy:	5		
Vertical Accuracy Unit:	feet		
Vertical Collection Mthd:	Interpolated from topographic map.		
Vert Coord Refer System:	NGVD29		

Мар Кеу	Directi	ion	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
7	-		0.00	0.00	459.99	FED USGS
Organiz Identifier:		USGS-I	×v	Formation Type:		
Organiz Identifier:				Formation Type:		
Organiz Name:		Center	Kentucky Water Science	Aquifer Name:		
Well Depth:		Contor		Aquifer Type:		
Well Depth Unit:				Country Code:	US	
Well Hole Depth:				Provider Name:	NWIS	
W Hole Depth Unit:				County:	CALDWELL	
Construction Date:				Latitude:	37.1478286	
Source Map Scale:				Longitude:	-87.9675179	
Monitoring Loc Nan	ne:	SKINFF	RAME CREEK NEAR CRI	DER, KY		
Monitoring Loc Ider	ntifier:	USGS-	370852087580300			
Monitoring Loc Type	e:	Stream				
Monitoring Loc Des	SC:					
HUC Eight Digit Co	de:	051302	05			

Drainage Area:	
Drainage Area Unit:	
Contrib Drainage Area:	
Contrib Drainage Area Unit:	
Horizontal Accuracy:	Unknown
Horizontal Accuracy Unit:	Unknown
Horizontal Collection Mthd:	Interpolated from MAP.
Horiz Coord Refer System:	NAD83
Vertical Measure:	
Vertical Measure Unit:	
Vertical Accuracy:	
Vertical Accuracy Unit:	
Vertical Collection Mthd:	
Vert Coord Refer System:	

Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB	
8	NNE	0.01	69.90	491.09	FED USGS	
Organiz Identifier:	USGS	S-KY	Formation Type:			
Organiz Name:		S Kentucky Water Science	Aquifer Name:			
Well Depth:	Cente 76		Aquifer Type:			
Well Depth Unit:	70 ft		Country Code:	US		
Well Hole Depth:	76		Provider Name:	NWIS		
Weil Hole Depth.			County:	CALDWELL		
Construction Date:			Latitude:	37.1486618		
Source Map Scale		n	Longitude:	-87.9627955		
Monitoring Loc Na			Longitude.	-01.3021355		
Monitoring Loc Ide		USGS-370855087574601				
Monitoring Loc Ty		Well				
Monitoring Loc De						
HUC Eight Digit C		05130205				
Drainage Area:						
Drainage Area Uni	it:					
Contrib Drainage A	Area:					
Contrib Drainage A Unit:	Area					
Horizontal Accurac	-					
Horizontal Accurac	cy Unit: secor	nds				
Horizontal Collection	on Interp	olated from MAP.				
Horiz Coord Refer System:	NAD	33				
Vertical Measure:	492					
Vertical Measure L	Jnit: feet					
Vertical Accuracy:						
Vertical Accuracy	Unit: feet					

Vertical Collection Mthd: Interpolated from topographic map. Vert Coord Refer System: NGVD29

Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
12	NNE	0.33	1,743.55	500.63	FED USGS
Organiz Identifier:	USG	S-KY	Formation Type:		
Organiz Name:	USG Cent	S Kentucky Water Science	Aquifer Name:		
Well Depth:	100	lei	Aquifer Type:		
Well Depth Unit:	ft		Country Code:	US	
Well Hole Depth:	100		Provider Name:	NWIS	
W Hole Depth Unit:	ft		County:	CALDWELL	
Construction Date:			Latitude:	37.1519951	
Source Map Scale:	2400	00	Longitude:	-87.9583508	
Monitoring Loc Nam	ne: I08A	.0034			
Monitoring Loc Iden	tifier: USG	S-370907087573001			
Monitoring Loc Type	e: Well				
Monitoring Loc Des	C:				
HUC Eight Digit Co	de: 0513	30205			
Drainage Area:					
Drainage Area Unit:					
Contrib Drainage Ar	ea:				
Contrib Drainage Ar Unit:					
Horizontal Accuracy					
Horizontal Accuracy					
Horizontal Collection Mthd:	n inter	polated from MAP.			
Horiz Coord Refer System:	NAD	983			
Vertical Measure:	502				
Vertical Measure Ur	nit: feet				
Vertical Accuracy:	5				
Vertical Accuracy U	nit: feet				
Vertical Collection M	Ithd: Inter	polated from topographic m	ap.		
Vert Coord Refer Sy	/stem: NG∖	/D29			

Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
15	SSW	0.65	3,448.22	595.32	FED USGS
Organiz Identifier:	USGS	S-KY	Formation Type:		
Organiz Name:	USGS Cente	S Kentucky Water Science	Aquifer Name:		
Well Depth:	100		Aquifer Type:		
Well Depth Unit:	ft		Country Code:	US	
Well Hole Depth:	100		Provider Name:	NWIS	
W Hole Depth Unit	: ft		County:	CALDWELL	

Construction Date:		Latitude:	37.1206067
Source Map Scale:	24000	Longitude:	-87.9800186
Monitoring Loc Name:	I08C0047		
Monitoring Loc Identifier:	USGS-370714087584801		
Monitoring Loc Type:	Well		
Monitoring Loc Desc:			
HUC Eight Digit Code:	05130205		
Drainage Area:			
Drainage Area Unit:			
Contrib Drainage Area:			
Contrib Drainage Area Unit:			
Horizontal Accuracy:	1		
Horizontal Accuracy Unit:	seconds		
Horizontal Collection Mthd:	Interpolated from MAP.		
Horiz Coord Refer System:	NAD83		
Vertical Measure:	602		
Vertical Measure Unit:	feet		
Vertical Accuracy:	5		
Vertical Accuracy Unit:	feet		
Vertical Collection Mthd:	Interpolated from topographic map.		
Vert Coord Refer System:	NGVD29		

Мар Кеу	Directio	on D	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
18	ESE	0	).43	2,286.48	567.36	FED USGS
Organiz Identifier:		USGS-K	Y	Formation Type:		
Organiz Name:		USGS Ke Center	entucky Water Science	Aquifer Name:		
Well Depth:		90		Aquifer Type:		
Well Depth Unit:	1	ft		Country Code:	US	
Well Hole Depth:		90		Provider Name:	NWIS	
W Hole Depth Un	it:	ft		County:	CALDWELL	
Construction Date	):	1966		Latitude:	37.1294949	
Source Map Scale	e:	24000		Longitude:	-87.9444617	
Monitoring Loc Na	ame:	I08A0027				
Monitoring Loc Ide	entifier:	USGS-370746087564001				
Monitoring Loc Ty	vpe:	Well				
Monitoring Loc De	esc:					
HUC Eight Digit C	Code:	0513020	5			
Drainage Area:						
Drainage Area Ur	nit:					
Contrib Drainage	Area:					
Contrib Drainage Unit:	Area					
Horizontal Accura	icy:	1				
Horizontal Accura	icy Unit:	seconds				

Horizontal Collection	Interpolated from MAP.
Horiz Coord Refer System:	NAD83
Vertical Measure:	567
Vertical Measure Unit:	feet
Vertical Accuracy:	5
Vertical Accuracy Unit:	feet
Vertical Collection Mthd:	Interpolated from topographic map.
Vert Coord Refer System:	NGVD29

Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
20	ENE	0.92	4,873.33	490.73	FED USGS
Organiz Identifier:		-	Formation Type:		
Organiz Name:	USGS Cente	S Kentucky Water Science	Aquifer Name:		
Well Depth:			Aquifer Type:		
Well Depth Unit:			Country Code:	US	
Well Hole Depth:			Provider Name:	NWIS	
W Hole Depth Uni	it:		County:	CALDWELL	
Construction Date	:		Latitude:	37.1431059	
Source Map Scale	e:		Longitude:	-87.9422392	
Monitoring Loc Na	ame: SKIN	FRAME CREEK NEAR WH	ITE SULPHUR, KY		
Monitoring Loc Ide	entifier: USG	S-370835087563200			
Monitoring Loc Ty	pe: Strea	m			
Monitoring Loc De	SC:				
HUC Eight Digit C	ode: 0513	0205			
Drainage Area:					
Drainage Area Un	it:				
Contrib Drainage	Area:				
Contrib Drainage	Area				
Horizontal Accura	cy: Unkn	own			
Horizontal Accura	cy Unit: Unkn	own			
Horizontal Collecti Mthd:	ion Interp	oolated from MAP.			
Horiz Coord Refer System: Vertical Measure:	· NAD	33			
Vertical Measure	Unit:				
Vertical Accuracy:					
Vertical Accuracy	Unit:				
Vertical Collection	Mthd:				
Vert Coord Refer	System:				

Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
22	W	0.24	1,285.25	484.09	FED USGS

Organiz Identifier:	USGS-KY	Formation Type:	
Organiz Name:	USGS Kentucky Water Science Center	Aquifer Name:	
Well Depth:	90	Aquifer Type:	
Well Depth Unit:	ft	Country Code:	US
Well Hole Depth:	90	Provider Name:	NWIS
W Hole Depth Unit:	ft	County:	CALDWELL
Construction Date:	1963	Latitude:	37.1319959
Source Map Scale:	24000	Longitude:	-87.9972414
Monitoring Loc Name:	I08A0019		
Monitoring Loc Identifier:	USGS-370755087595001		
Monitoring Loc Type:	Well		
Monitoring Loc Desc:			
HUC Eight Digit Code:	05130205		
Drainage Area:			
Drainage Area Unit:			
Contrib Drainage Area:			
Contrib Drainage Area			
Unit: Horizontal Accuracy:	1		
Horizontal Accuracy: Horizontal Accuracy Unit:	seconds		
Horizontal Collection			
Mthd:	Interpolated from MAP.		
Horiz Coord Refer	NAD83		
System: Vertical Measure:	485		
Vertical Measure Unit:	feet		
Vertical Accuracy:	5		
Vertical Accuracy Unit:	feet		
Vertical Collection Mthd:	Interpolated from topographic map.		
Vert Coord Refer System:	NGVD29		

Мар Кеу	Direction	n Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
23	Ν	0.19	1,002.84	470.25	FED USGS
Organiz Identifier:	U	SGS-KY	Formation Type:		
Organiz Name:		SGS Kentucky Water Science enter	Aquifer Name:		
Well Depth:	32		Aquifer Type:		
Well Depth Unit:	ft		Country Code:	US	
Well Hole Depth:	32	2	Provider Name:	NWIS	
W Hole Depth Unit	: ft		County:	CALDWELL	
Construction Date:	19	948	Latitude:	37.1594953	
Source Map Scale	: 24	4000	Longitude:	-87.9747402	
Monitoring Loc Nar	me: I0	8A0004			
Monitoring Loc Ide	ntifier: U	SGS-370934087582901			
Monitoring Loc Typ	be: W	/ell			
Monitoring Loc Des	SC:				
HUC Eight Digit Co	ode: 05	5130205			

Drainage Area:	
Drainage Area Unit:	
Contrib Drainage Area:	
Contrib Drainage Area Unit:	
Horizontal Accuracy:	1
Horizontal Accuracy Unit:	seconds
Horizontal Collection Mthd:	Interpolated from MAP.
Horiz Coord Refer System:	NAD83
Vertical Measure:	460
Vertical Measure Unit:	feet
Vertical Accuracy:	5
Vertical Accuracy Unit:	feet
Vertical Collection Mthd:	Interpolated from topographic map.
Vert Coord Refer System:	NGVD29

Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
26	WSW	0.30	1,565.25	462.01	FED USGS
Organiz Identifier: Organiz Name: Well Depth: Well Depth Unit: Well Hole Depth Unit: Well Hole Depth Unit: Construction Date: Source Map Scale: Monitoring Loc Nam Monitoring Loc Nam Monitoring Loc Iden Monitoring Loc Type Monitoring Loc Type Monitoring Loc Desi HUC Eight Digit Cod Drainage Area: Drainage Area: Drainage Area Unit: Contrib Drainage Are Unit: Horizontal Accuracy Horizontal Accuracy Horizontal Collection Mthd: Horiz Coord Refer System: Vertical Measure Un Vertical Accuracy	USGS USGS Center DSGS Center MCEL tiffier: USGS e: Strear c: 05130 : rea: rea / Unkno / Unit: Unkno n Interp NAD8 nit:	S-KY S Kentucky Water Science r ROY CREEK S-370752087595400 m 0205	Formation Type: Aquifer Name: Aquifer Type: Country Code: Provider Name: County: Latitude: Longitude:	US NWIS CALDWELL 37.1311626 -87.9983525	

Vertical Collection Mthd:

Vert Coord Refer System:
--------------------------

Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
27	E	0.93	4,917.90	537.39	FED USGS
Organiz Identifier:	USG	SS-KY	Formation Type:		
Organiz Name:	USG Cent	S Kentucky Water Science	Aquifer Name:		
Well Depth:	75		Aquifer Type:		
Well Depth Unit:	ft		Country Code:	US	
Well Hole Depth:	75		Provider Name:	NWIS	
W Hole Depth Unit:	ft		County:	CALDWELL	
Construction Date:	1969	)	Latitude:	37.1397726	
Source Map Scale:	2400	00	Longitude:	-87.9389058	
Monitoring Loc Nam	ne: 108A	.0031			
Monitoring Loc Iden	tifier: USG	S-370823087562001			
Monitoring Loc Type	e: Well				
Monitoring Loc Des	c:				
HUC Eight Digit Co	de: 0513	30205			
Drainage Area:					
Drainage Area Unit:	:				
Contrib Drainage A	rea:				
Contrib Drainage Au Unit: Horizontal Accuracy					
		ada			
Horizontal Accuracy					
Horizontal Collectio Mthd: Horiz Coord Refer	n inter NAD	polated from MAP.			
System: Vertical Measure:	540				
Vertical Measure U	nit: feet				
Vertical Accuracy:	5				
Vertical Accuracy U	nit: feet				
Vertical Collection N	/Ithd: Inter	polated from topographic m	ap.		
Vert Coord Refer S	ystem: NG∖	/D29			

Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
28	ESE	0.68	3,593.69	527.94	FED USGS
Organiz Identifier:	USGS	S-KY	Formation Type:		
Organiz Name:	USGS Cente	S Kentucky Water Science	Aquifer Name:		
Well Depth:	66		Aquifer Type:		
Well Depth Unit:	ft		Country Code:	US	
Well Hole Depth:	66		Provider Name:	NWIS	
W Hole Depth Unit	: ft		County:	CALDWELL	

Construction Data	4000	l atituda.	27 4202000
Construction Date:	1960	Latitude:	37.1303282
Source Map Scale:	24000	Longitude:	-87.9386281
Monitoring Loc Name:	I08A0026		
Monitoring Loc Identifier:	USGS-370749087561901		
Monitoring Loc Type:	Well		
Monitoring Loc Desc:			
HUC Eight Digit Code:	05130205		
Drainage Area:			
Drainage Area Unit:			
Contrib Drainage Area:			
Contrib Drainage Area Unit:			
Horizontal Accuracy:	1		
Horizontal Accuracy Unit:	seconds		
Horizontal Collection Mthd:	Interpolated from MAP.		
Horiz Coord Refer System:	NAD83		
Vertical Measure:	522		
Vertical Measure Unit:	feet		
Vertical Accuracy:	5		
Vertical Accuracy Unit:	feet		
Vertical Collection Mthd:	Interpolated from topographic map.		
Vert Coord Refer System:	NGVD29		

Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
29	Ν	0.74	3,908.00	477.20	FED USGS
Organiz Identifier:	US	GS-KY	Formation Type:		
Organiz Name:	US <sup>(</sup> Cer	GS Kentucky Water Science	Aquifer Name:		
Well Depth:	210		Aquifer Type:		
Well Depth Unit:	ft		Country Code:	US	
Well Hole Depth:	210	)	Provider Name:	NWIS	
W Hole Depth Uni	it: ft		County:	CALDWELL	
Construction Date	:		Latitude:	37.1669952	
Source Map Scale	240	00	Longitude:	-87.9708511	
Monitoring Loc Na	ame: 108/	A0036			
Monitoring Loc Ide	entifier: US	GS-371001087581501			
Monitoring Loc Ty	pe: We	II			
Monitoring Loc De	esc:				
HUC Eight Digit C	ode: 051	30205			
Drainage Area:					
Drainage Area Un	it:				
Contrib Drainage	Area:				
Contrib Drainage	Area				
Horizontal Accura	cy: 1				
Horizontal Accura	cy Unit: sec	onds			

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Horizontal Collection	Interpolated from MAP.
Horiz Coord Refer System:	NAD83
Vertical Measure:	477
Vertical Measure Unit:	feet
Vertical Accuracy:	5
Vertical Accuracy Unit:	feet
Vertical Collection Mthd:	Interpolated from topographic map.
Vert Coord Refer System:	NGVD29

Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
35	NW	0.90	4,762.98	460.42	FED USGS
Organiz Identifier	: USG	S-KY	Formation Type:		
Organiz Name:	USG Cent	S Kentucky Water Science	Aquifer Name:		
Well Depth:	200		Aquifer Type:		
Well Depth Unit:	ft		Country Code:	US	
Well Hole Depth:	200		Provider Name:	NWIS	
W Hole Depth Ur	nit: ft		County:	CALDWELL	
Construction Date	e:		Latitude:	37.1606068	
Source Map Scal	e: 2400	0	Longitude:	-87.9980744	
Monitoring Loc N	ame: 108A	0037			
Monitoring Loc Id	entifier: USG	S-370938087595301			
Monitoring Loc T	ype: Well				
Monitoring Loc D	esc:				
HUC Eight Digit (	Code: 0513	0205			
Drainage Area:					
Drainage Area U	nit:				
Contrib Drainage	Area:				
Contrib Drainage	Area				
Unit:					
Horizontal Accura	-				
Horizontal Accura	•				
Horizontal Collec Mthd:	tion Inter	polated from MAP.			
Horiz Coord Refe	r NAD	83			
System: Vertical Measure	430				
Vertical Measure	Unit: feet				
Vertical Accuracy	r: 5				
Vertical Accuracy					
Vertical Collection		polated from topographic m	ap.		
Vert Coord Refer	-				
	-	Data Repository			

### Kentucky Groundwater Data Repository

Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
3	ENE	0.16	821.81	496.56	WATER WELLS

		Surface Elev:	7293	30007	AKGWA No:
	Caldwell	County:			ALT ID:
	Crider	Quad Name:		W	Туре:
	37.141548	Latitude:	estic - Single Household	Dome	Usage:
	-87.959717	Longitude:	ern Pennyroyal	ion: Weste	Physiograph Regi
	UNKN	Lat Long Method:			Site Name:
DB	Elevation (ft)	Distance (ft)	Distance (mi)	Direction	Мар Кеу
WATER WELLS	491.99	468.69	0.09	WNW	6
	495	Surface Elev:	4596	40004	AKGWA No:
	Caldwell	County:	25087585401	37082	ALT ID:
	Crider	Quad Name:		W	Туре:
	37.140328	Latitude:	NOWN	UNKN	Usage:
	-87.981684	Longitude:	ern Pennyroyal	ion: Weste	Physiograph Regi
	ТОРО	Lat Long Method:			Site Name:
DB	Elevation (ft)	Distance (ft)	Distance (mi)	Direction	Мар Кеу
WATER WELLS	511.75	2,452.83	0.46	NE	10
		Surface Elev:	2636	40002	AKGWA No:
	Caldwell	County:			ALT ID:
	Crider	Quad Name:		W	Туре:
	37.147827	Latitude:	estic - Single Household	Dome	Usage:
	-87.95224	Longitude:	ern Pennyroyal		Physiograph Regi
	UNKN	Lat Long Method:			Site Name:
DB	Elevation (ft)	Distance (ft)	Distance (mi)	Direction	Мар Кеу
WATER WELLS	504.23	2,379.12	0.45	NE	11
	505	Surface Elev:	1186	50001	AKGWA No:
	Caldwell	County:	530875709	37085	ALT ID:
	Crider	Quad Name:		W	Туре:
	37.148106	Latitude:	estic - Single Household	Dome	Usage:
	-87.952515	Longitude:	ern Pennyroyal	ion: Weste	Physiograph Regi
	TOPO	Lat Long Method:			Site Name:
DB	Elevation (ft)	Distance (ft)	Distance (mi)	Direction	Мар Кеу
DB WATER WELLS	<b>Elevation (ft)</b> 476.59	<b>Distance (ft)</b> 11.72	<b>Distance (mi)</b> 0.00	<b>Direction</b> W	<b>Map Key</b> 13
			0.00		
		11.72	0.00	W	13

# Wells and Additional Sources Detail Report

		opon	Sources Detail R		
	37.134167 -87.990833	Latitude: Longitude: Lat Long Method:	estic - Single Household		Usage: Physiograph Reg Site Name:
DB	Elevation (ft)	Distance (ft)	Distance (mi)	Direction	Мар Кеу
WATER WELLS	454.82	0.00	0.00	-	14
		Surface Elev:	1941	60002	AKGWA No:
	Caldwell	County:			ALT ID:
	Crider	Quad Name:		W	Туре:
	37.154167	Latitude:	estic - Single Household	Dome	Usage:
	-87.975556	Longitude:		ion:	Physiograph Reg
		Lat Long Method:			Site Name:
DB	Elevation (ft)	Distance (ft)	Distance (mi)	Direction	Мар Кеу
WATER WELLS	457.49	0.00	0.00	-	16
		Surface Elev:	7306	30007	AKGWA No:
	Caldwell	County:			ALT ID:
	Crider	Quad Name:		W	Туре:
	37.154148	Latitude:	estic - Single Household	Dome	Usage:
	-87.976212	Longitude:	ern Pennyroyal	ion: Weste	Physiograph Reg
	UNKN	Lat Long Method:			Site Name:
DB	Elevation (ft)	Distance (ft)	Distance (mi)	Direction	Мар Кеу
WATER WELLS	501.04	3,519.45	0.67	E	17
		Surface Elev:	6849	30006	AKGWA No:
	Caldwell	County:			ALT ID:
	Crider	Quad Name:		W	Туре:
	37.140549	Latitude:	estic - Single Household	Dome	Usage:
	-87.945618	Longitude:	ern Pennyroyal	ion: Weste	Physiograph Reg
	UNKN	Lat Long Method:			Site Name:
DB	Elevation (ft)	Distance (ft)	Distance (mi)	Direction	Мар Кеу
WATER WELLS	567.36	2,286.48	0.43	ESE	18
	567	Surface Elev:	2190	40002	AKGWA No:
	Caldwell	County:	46087564001		ALT ID:
	Crider	Quad Name:		W	Туре:
	37.129494	Latitude:	estic - Single Household	Dome	Usage:
	-87.944458	Longitude:	ern Pennyroyal	ion: Weste	Physiograph Reg
	UNKN	Lat Long Method:			Site Name:

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Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
19	Ν	0.16	835.46	463.45	WATER WELLS
AKGWA No:	60002	2031	Surface Elev:		
ALT ID:			County:	Caldwell	
Туре:	W	estia. Ciarla I lavra de al d	Quad Name:	Crider	
Usage:		estic - Single Household	Latitude:	37.1575	
Physiograph Regio Site Name:	ori:		Longitude:	-87.971944	
Sile Name.			Lat Long Method:		
Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
21	S	0.48	2,545.28	649.04	WATER WELLS
AKGWA No:	6000	1945	Surface Elev:		
ALT ID:			County:	Caldwell	
Туре:	W		Quad Name:	Princeton West	
Usage:	Dome	estic - Single Household	Latitude:	37.113889	
Physiograph Regio	on:		Longitude:	-87.966389	
Site Name:			Lat Long Method:		
Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
22	W	0.24	1,285.25	484.09	WATER WELLS
AKGWA No:	40002	2034	Surface Elev:	485	
ALT ID:		55087595001	County:	Caldwell	
Туре:	W		Quad Name:	Crider	
Usage:	Dome	estic - Single Household	Latitude:	37.131992	
Physiograph Regio	on: West	ern Pennyroyal	Longitude:	-87.997246	
Site Name:			Lat Long Method:	UNKN	
Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
24	NNW	0.19	992.61	464.50	WATER WELLS
AKGWA No:	60002	2032	Surface Elev:		
ALT ID:			County:	Caldwell	
Туре:	W		Quad Name:	Crider	
Usage:	Dome	estic - Single Household	Latitude:	37.159444	
Physiograph Regio	on:		Longitude:	-87.975278	
Site Name:			Lat Long Method:		
Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
25	W	0.24	1,262.76	490.35	WATER WELLS

	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	D
Site Name:	Resi	dence - Ed Young	Lat Long Method:	d: Paper or Internet Map Interpolati	
Physiograph Region: Mississippian Plateau		Longitude:	-87.956111		
Usage:	Dom	estic - Single Household	Latitude:	37.107222	
Туре:	W		Quad Name:	Princeton West	
ALT ID:			County:	Caldwell	
AKGWA No:	0000	)2043	Surface Elev:	550	
32	SSE	0.65	3,410.50	547.60	WATER WELL
Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	D
Site Name:	Resi	dence - Jimmy Winters	Lat Long Method:	Paper or Internet	Map Interpolatio
Physiograph Reg	jion: Miss	issippian Plateau	Longitude:	-87.945	
Usage:	Dom	estic - Single Household	Latitude:	37.112222	
Туре:	W		Quad Name:	Princeton West	
ALT ID:			County:	Caldwell	
AKGWA No:	0004	15256	Surface Elev:	580	
31	SE	0.45	2,368.41	582.25	WATER WELL
Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	D
Site Name:			Lat Long Method:		
Physiograph Reg	jion:		Longitude:	-87.996111	
Usage:		estic - Single Household	Latitude:	37.158889	
Туре:	W		Quad Name:	Crider	
ALT ID:			County:	Caldwell	
AKGWA No:	6000	02063	Surface Elev:		
30	NW	0.74	3,918.48	466.69	WATER WELL
Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	D
Site Name:			Lat Long Method:		
Physiograph Reg	jion:		Longitude:	-87.998056	
Usage:	Jsage: Domestic - Single Household		Latitude:	37.133333	
Туре:	W		Quad Name:	Crider	
ALT ID:			County:	Caldwell	
AKGWA No:	6000	02029	Surface Elev:		

Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
33	W	0.88	4,671.85	460.83	WATER WELLS
AKGWA No: ALT ID:	00067	7013	Surface Elev: County:	460 Caldwell	
Type: Usage:	W Unuse	ed	Quad Name: Latitude:	Fredonia 37.13802	

# Wells and Additional Sources Detail Report

Aerial Photograph	-88.00931 GIS Generated - (DOQ)	Longitude: Lat Long Method:	ssippian Plateau ny Williams Property		Physiograph Region Site Name:
DB	Elevation (ft)	Distance (ft)	Distance (mi)	Direction	Мар Кеу
WATER WELLS	564.50	3,053.25	0.58	SE	34
	Caldwell Princeton West 37.110329	Surface Elev: County: Quad Name: Latitude:	estic - Single Household		AKGWA No: ALT ID: Type: Usage:
	-87.94474 UNKN	Longitude: Lat Long Method:	ern Pennyroyal	n: vvesto	Physiograph Region Site Name:
DB	Elevation (ft)	Distance (ft)	Distance (mi)	Direction	Мар Кеу
WATER WELLS	455.16	5,033.32	0.95	W	36
	475 Caldwell	Surface Elev: County:	7012	0006	AKGWA No: ALT ID:
	Fredonia	Quad Name:		W	Туре:
	37.13774	Latitude:	ed	Unus	Usage:
	-88.01069	Longitude:	ssippian Plateau	n: Missi	Physiograph Regio
Aerial Photograph	GIS Generated - (DOQ)	Lat Long Method:	ny Williams Property	Samr	Site Name:
DB	Elevation (ft)	Distance (ft)	Distance (mi)	Direction	Мар Кеу
WATER WELLS	560.34	3,926.12	0.74	SSE	37
		Surface Elev:	1676	4000	AKGWA No:
	Caldwell	County:			ALT ID:
	Princeton West	Quad Name:		W	Туре:
	37.106995	Latitude:	estic - Single Household		Usage:
	-87.948906	Longitude:	ern Pennyroyal	n: Weste	Physiograph Regio
	UNKN	Lat Long Method:			Site Name:
DB	Elevation (ft)	Distance (ft)	Distance (mi)	Direction	Мар Кеу
WATER WELLS	451.66	5,187.98	0.98	W	38
		Surface Elev:	7530	3000	AKGWA No:
	Caldwell	County:			ALT ID:
	Fredonia	Quad Name:		W	Туре:
	37.137054	Latitude:	estic - Single Household	Dome	Usage:
	-88.011421	Longitude:	ern Pennyroyal	n: Weste	Physiograph Regio
	UNKN	Lat Long Method:			Site Name:

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Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
39	SE	0.70	3,676.49	577.29	WATER WELLS
AKGWA No: ALT ID: Type: Usage: Physiograph Regio Site Name:		1677 estic - Single Household ern Pennyroyal	Surface Elev: County: Quad Name: Latitude: Longitude: Lat Long Method:	Caldwell Princeton West 37.10894 -87.943069 UNKN	
Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
40	SE	0.77	4,081.81	533.35	WATER WELLS
AKGWA No: ALT ID: Type: Usage: Physiograph Regio Site Name:		2037 estic - Single Household	Surface Elev: County: Quad Name: Latitude: Longitude: Lat Long Method:	Caldwell Princeton West 37.109444 -87.938889	
Мар Кеу	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
41	SSE	0.94	4,982.38	535.61	WATER WELLS
AKGWA No: ALT ID: Type: Usage: Physiograph Regio Site Name: <b>Oil and Gas N</b>	on: West	2723 estic - Single Household ern Pennyroyal	Surface Elev: County: Quad Name: Latitude: Longitude: Lat Long Method:	Caldwell Princeton West 37.104492 -87.946404 UNKN	
Map Key	Direction	Distance (mi)	Distance (ft)	Elevation (ft)	DB
9	-	0.00	0.00	578.68	OGW
KGS Rec No: KGS Permit: API: ORG Well No: Bore Type: No: Section: Surface Elevation: County:	1 V 19 13 580	-	FNS: NS: FEW: EW: Latitude: Longitude: Rec Lat NAD1927: Rec Lon NAD1927: ELOG:	2680 S 2150 W 37.124078 -87.95931 37.124027 -87.959293 ELOG	
USGS Quad:		CETON WEST	Letter:	H	

ORG Operator: ORG Farm: Bore Type Desc: Images: VOGLER, JOHN F JONES, WILLIAM Conventional vertical well bore (not intentionally deviated) https://kgs.uky.edu/kygeode/services/oilgas/wellReport.asp?id=120151

### **Radon Information**

This section lists any relevant radon information found for the target property.

Federal EPA Radon Zone for CALDWELL County: 2

Zone 1: Counties with predicted average indoor radon screening levels greater than 4 pCi/L Zone 2: Counties with predicted average indoor radon screening levels from 2 to 4 pCi/L Zone 3: Counties with predicted average indoor radon screening levels less than 2 pCi/L

Federal Area Radon Information for CALDWELL County

No Measures/Homes:	5
Geometric Mean:	1.1
Arithmetic Mean:	1.3
Median:	1.3
Standard Deviation:	0.6
Maximum:	2
% >4 pCi/L:	0
% >20 pCi/L:	0
Notes on Data Table:	TA
	rad

0 TABLE 1. Screening indoor radon data from the EPA/State Residential Radon Survey of Kentucky conducted during 1986-87. Data represent 2-7 day charcoal canister measurements from the lowest level of each home tested.

### **Federal Sources**

FEMA National Flood Hazard Layer	FEMA FLOOD
The National Flood Hazard Layer (NFHL) data incorporates Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) databases published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), and any Letters Of Map Revision (LOMRs) that have been issued against those databases since their publication date. The FIRM Database is the digital, geospatial version of the flood hazard information shown on the published paper FIRMs. The FIRM Database depicts flood risk information and supporting data used to develop the risk data. The FIRM Database is derived from Flood Insurance Studies (FISs), previously published FIRMs, flood hazard analyses performed in support of the FISs and FIRMs, and new mapping data, where available.	
Indoor Radon Data	INDOOR RADON
Indoor radon measurements tracked by the Environmental Protection Agency(EPA) and the State Residential Radon Survey.	
Public Water Systems Violations and Enforcement Data	PWSV
List of drinking water violations and enforcement actions from the Safe Drinking Water Information System (SDWIS) made available by the Drinking Water Protection Division of the US EPA's Office of Groundwater and Drinking Water. Enforcement sensitive actions are not included in the data released by the EPA. Address information provided in SWDIS may correspond either with the physical location of the water system, or with a contact address.	
Radon Zone Level	RADON ZONE
Areas showing the level of Radon Zones (level 1, 2 or 3) by county. This data is maintained by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).	
Safe Drinking Water Information System (SDWIS)	SDWIS
The Safe Drinking Water Information System (SDWIS) contains information about public water systems as reported to US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) by the states. Addresses may correspond with the location of the water system, or with a contact address.	
Soil Survey Geographic database	SSURGO
The Soil Survey Geographic database (SSURGO) contains information about soil as collected by the National Cooperative Soil Survey at the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS). Soil maps outline areas called map units. The map units are linked to soil properties in a database. Each map unit may contain one to three major components and some minor components.	
U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service Wetland Data	<b>US WETLAND</b>
The U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service Wetland layer represents the approximate location and type of wetlands and deepwater habitats in the United States.	
USGS Current Topo	US TOPO
US Topo topographic maps are produced by the National Geospatial Program of the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS). The project was launched in late 2009, and the term "US Topo" refers specifically to quadrangle topographic maps published in 2009 and later.	
USGS Geology	US GEOLOGY
Seamless maps depicting geological information provided by the United States Geological Survey (USGS).	
USGS National Water Information System	FED USGS
The U.S. Geological Survey (USGS)'s National Water Information System (NWIS) is the nation's principal repository of water resources data. This database includes comprehensive information of well-construction details, time-series data for gage height, streamflow, groundwater level, and precipitation and water use data.	

### **State Sources**

#### Kentucky Groundwater Data Repository

List of records in the Kentucky Geological Survey's Water Well & Spring Recrods database. The Kentucky

#### WATER WELLS

OGW

PWSW

### Appendix

Groundwater Data Repository was initiated in 1990 by the Kentucky Geological Survey under mandate from the Kentucky legislature (KRS 151:035). The repository was established to archive and disseminate groundwater data collected by State agencies, other organizations, and independent researchers.

#### Oil and Gas Wells

Oil and Gas Wells Data made available by the Kentucky Geological Survey.

#### Public Water Supply Wells

The Public Water Supply Wells (PWSW) data consist of community water supply wells in Kentucky. This data was made available by Kentucky Department for Environmental Protection, Division of Water.
### **Liability Notice**

**Reliance on information in Report:** The Physical Setting Report (PSR) DOES NOT replace a full Phase I Environmental Site Assessment but is solely intended to be used as a review of environmental databases and physical characteristics for the site or adjacent properties.

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Phase I ESA Caldwell Solar Site Additional Area Fredonia, Kentucky



## SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order Response to Post-Hearing ESB 03



Client: Caldwell Solar, LLC		Site Location: Fredonia, Kentucky		
Site Name: Caldwell Solar Site Additional Area		Project Number: E320201000		
Date:		Photo 1		
July 13, 2021 <b>Description:</b> Wheat stubble field with newly planted soy beans located on the north side of the Site, southwest of Crider Road (facing southwest).				
B 10, 205 to 2		Photo 2		
Date: July 13, 2021 Description: Dilapidated and overgrown barn located on the north side of the Site, south of Crider Road (facing southwest).				

CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR







Client: Caldwell Solar, LLC	Site Location: Fredonia, Kentucky			
Site Name: Caldwell Solar Site Additional Area	Project Number: E320201000			
	Photo 5			
Date: July 13, 2021 Description: Railroad crossing at Skinframe Creek Road on northeast side of Site (facing south). Wheat stubble field with newly planted soybeans is located south of the railroad track. Skinframe Creek is in the treed area in the background.	<image/>			
Date: July 13, 2021 Description: Cemetery located in woods north of Skinframe Creek and west of Skinframe Creek Road on the northeast side of Site (facing southwest).	<section-header></section-header>			















Client: Caldwell Solar, LLC		Site Location: Fredonia, Kentucky			
Site Name: Caldwell Solar Site Additional Area		Project Number: E320201000			
Date: July 13, 2021 Description: Hewlett Creek at Old Fredonia Road on northwest side of Site (facing southeast).		<section-header><section-header></section-header></section-header>			
<b>Date:</b> July 13, 2021 <b>Description:</b> Barn and pond across Wheat stubble field with newly planted soy beans northeast of Crider Dulaney Road and southeast of Old Fredonia Road, on west side of Site (facing east- northeast).		<section-header></section-header>			







Client: Caldwell Solar, LLC		Site Location: Fredonia, Kentucky		
Site Name: Caldwell Solar Site Additional Area		Project Number: E320201000		
Date: July 13, 2021 Description: House and sheds at Jones Farm Complex – West (6858 Old Fredonia Road). Farm implements, empty trailer mounted polyethylene AST and liquid propane gas AST are located north of Old Fredonia Road (facing southeast).		<section-header></section-header>		
Date: July 13, 2021 Description: Approximately 250- gallon off-road diesel AST next to shed at 6858 Old Fredonia Road (facing southeast).		<section-header></section-header>		



















Client: Caldwell Solar, L	LC	Site Location: Fredonia, Kentucky			
Site Name: Caldwell Sol	ar Site Additional Area	Project Number: E320201000			
	Photo 27				
Date: July 14, 2021 Description: Old equipment, metal, plastic and wood debris, empty herbicide containers, empty gasoline can at Gill Farm Complex located at west end of Bobby Gill Road.					
		Photo 28			
Date: July 14, 2021 Description: Approximately 300- gallon off-road diesel AST, discarded gasoline can and other debris around office/storage shed at Gill Farm Complex located at west end of Bobby Gill Road. Compressor appears stored on porch.					



Client: Caldwell Solar, L	LC	Site Location: Fredonia, Kentucky			
Site Name: Caldwell Sol	ar Site Additional Area	Project Number: E320201000			
		Photo 29			
Date: July 14, 2021 Description: Organic cornfield southeast of Gill Farm Complex at west end of Bobby Gill Road (facing southeast).					
Date:		Photo 30			
July 14, 2021 <b>Description:</b> Idle field and pond on east side of Site, north of Craig Cemetery Road.					







Client: Caldwell Solar, L		Site Location: Fredonia, Kentucky
Site Name: Caldwell Sola	ar Site Additional Area	Project Number: E320201000
		Photo 33
Date: July 14, 2021 Description: Grass field south of Craig Cemetery Road on south side of Site (facing south).		
	AL AL	Photo 34
Date: July 14, 2021 Description: Approximately 300- gallon off-road diesel AST at south end of Craig Cemetery Road.		<image/>



Client: Caldwell Solar, LLC		Site Location: Fredonia, Kentucky			
Site Name: Caldwell Solar Site Additional Area		Project Number: E320201000			
		Photo 35			
<b>Date:</b> July 14, 2021					
<b>Description:</b> Grass fields on south side of Site (facing southeast from southwest Site boundary.					
		Photo 36			
Date: July 14, 2021 Description: Approximate location of abandoned oil/gas well, William Jones No. 1 (facing east).					

Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order Response to Post-Hearing ESB 03

## Phase I ESA Caldwell Solar Site Additional Area Fredonia, Kentucky



## RESUME OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROFESSIONAL (EP)



# George A. Robertson

#### **Summary of Experience**

Mr. Robertson serves as a senior consultant and senior geologist for Cardno. His experience includes working with federal, state, municipal, and private sector clients in Virginia and the surrounding states. Mr. Robertson is a licensed professional geologist with extensive project level management and field experience. Mr. Robertson has managed a wide range of environmental projects including soil and groundwater remediation, subsurface investigations, waste characterization and disposal, underground storage tank closures, air source emissions monitoring, Phase I and II site assessments, and environmental permitting. Additionally, Mr. Robertson is an experienced safety and quality control professional.

Specifically, he has:

- > Planned and conducted Phase I and II environmental assessments at commercial and industrial sites.
- > Planned remedial efforts providing cost effective solutions to environmental problems and achieve regulatory closure.
- Coordinated staff, procured equipment and materials, directed subcontractors, and managed budgets to achieve successful environmental site closures and ultimate client satisfaction.
- Composed and reviewed numerous technical documents including work plans, site assessments, remedial action work plans, risk assessments, and final reports for regulatory compliance.
- > Effectively served as liaison to negotiate land use covenants with regulatory agencies achieving and sustaining environmental closures.

#### **Significant Projects**

- Project Manager for West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection (WVDEP) Voluntary Remediation Program (VRP) Sites: Planning and oversight of assessments, remediation, and risk assessments for large petroleum bulk storage facilities in Charleston and Huntington and an abandoned railroad property in Bramwell. Negotiated institutional controls for complex environmental problems including land use covenants and city ordinances for institutional control of environmental risks to human health in sensitive areas. Achieved certificate of completion for these sites.
- Project Scientist for Phase I and II Site Assessments, Norton Industrial Authority Tipple and Railroad Tracks: Planned and conducted field inspections and soil, groundwater and surface water assessments focusing on a railroad bed and wetland at an abandoned coal mine. Prepared reports in accordance with ASTM E 1527-13 and ASTM Standard Practice for Environmental Due Diligence: Transaction Screen Process, Designation: E1528-06.

Current Position Senior Project Manager Senior Geologist

Profession Geologist

Years' Experience 35

Joined Cardno 2008

#### Education

MS – Fluvial Geomorphology, Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, Louisiana

BS – Geology, James Madison University, Harrisonburg, Virginia

Professional Registrations

PG – VA, KY, NC

LRS - WV

Certified Monitoring Well Driller - WV

Class B UST Certification - WV

OSHA 40-hour Health & Safety

OSHA 8 Hour Management & Supervisory

E-Rail Safe

Power Safe

Affiliations

National Groundwater Association Member



- Project Scientist for Phase I and II Site Assessments, City of Bluefield, West Virginia: Assisted with team planning, conducting field inspections and investigating soil, groundwater and surface water assessments, and preparing reports focusing on abandoned commercial and industrial properties including large multi-story buildings in accordance with ASTM E 1527-13 and ASTM Standard Practice for Environmental Due Diligence: Transaction Screen Process, Designation: E1528-06
- Project Scientist for Phase I and II Site Assessments, Town of Bluefield, Virginia: Assisted with team planning and conducting field inspections and soil, groundwater and surface water assessments focusing on abandoned commercial and industrial properties including a large industrial scrap yard involving VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs and metals. Reporting was in accordance with ASTM E 1527-13 and ASTM Standard Practice for Environmental Due Diligence: Transaction Screen Process, Designation: E1528-06.
- Project Scientist for Phase I and II Site Assessment, Virginia Department of Environmental Quality: Assisted with team planning and conducting field inspections and records research focusing on abandoned commercial and industrial properties including a large furniture factory, textile mills, a hotel, a theater, an office building. Planning and conducting soil, groundwater and surface water assessments for former phosphate and hydrazine plants, former service stations and a former campground. Reports were in accordance with ASTM E 1527-13 and ASTM Standard Practice for Environmental Due Diligence: Transaction Screen Process, Designation: E1528-06.
- Project Scientist for Phase I and Phase II Brownfields Sites in West Virginia and Virginia: Planned and conducted Phase I and II Site Assessments for former commercial and industrial facilities for reuse as commercial/industrial, public and recreational use facilities. Reports were prepared in accordance with ASTM E 1527-13 and ASTM Standard Practice for Limited Environmental Due Diligence: Transaction Screen Process, Designation: E1528-06.
- Project Scientist for Phase I Coal Mines in West Virginia and Pennsylvania: Conducted Phase I Site Assessments for former surface and subsurface mining facilities. Prepared reports in accordance with ASTM E 1527-13 and ASTM Standard Practice for Limited Environmental Due Diligence: Transaction Screen Process, Designation: E1528-06.
- Project Manager for WVDEP Uniform Environmental Covenant Act (UECA) Sites: Managed environmental assessment, remediation (including oversight of soil excavation and off-site disposal/recycling) and risk assessment at four petroleum facilities in Bluewell, Marlinton, and Princeton achieving risk-based closure and no further action status.
- Project Manager for Phase I and II ESAs for Large Petroleum Bulk Storage Facility in Charleston, West Virginia: Planned, conducted and reported Phase I and II Site Assessments for a petroleum bulk storage facility in accordance with ASTM E 1527-13.
- VDOT, Explore Park Voluntary Remediation Program, Roanoke, Virginia. Senior scientist for design and implementation of a cost-effective remedial action with in-house personnel for VDOT at a soil waste dump slope right-of-way site. Accomplishments included a quantitative risk assessment, remedial plan design with permit approvals, corrective action, such as solid waste removal and a cover placement, post-implementation monitoring, and preparation of Voluntary Remediation Program Certification of Satisfactory Completion of Remediation, including the Declaration of Restrictive Covenants.



- Route 1/123 and Route 277 Environmental Site Assessments, Woodbridge, Virginia. Senior scientist for Phase I and Phase II environmental site assessments for a road/utility corridor improvement project. Tasks included non-intrusive determinations of recognized environmental conditions on the 1.5 mile corridor, intrusive subsurface investigations to sample/test soil, groundwater, and vapors at over 20 sites, including a dry cleaner voluntary remediation program release, and preparing specifications for managing contaminated media. Additional tasks included removing underground storage tanks and asbestos monitoring services.
- Transmodal Facility, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. Mr. Robertson served as hydrogeologist and project manager for the successful closure of a former locomotive fueling facility impacted with petroleum LNAPL, dissolved- and adsorbed-phases within PADEP's Act 2 Program. Closure was achieved using a combination of risk assessment, product mobility assessment, and short-term active remediation.
- Construction Debris Landfill, Roanoke, Virginia. Senior Scientist for a Construction Debris Landfill at a railroad facility planning and reporting groundwater monitoring and facility maintenance. Conducted groundwater modeling and statistical analysis to meet regulatory requirements for CDL closure.
- Pipeline, Northern West Virginia. Mr. Robertson planned, managed, and supervised Phase I and Phase II environmental assessments for pumping stations and storage facilities along the Eureka Pipeline in West Virginia. He also supervised initial abatement actions for spills at two locations. Membrane interface probe technology was utilized to expedite Phase II assessments at two pumping and bulk storage stations. He prepared work plans and assessment reports. The primary project activities included comprehensive studies of previous site activities, preparation of site-specific health and safety plans, site visits with regulatory agents, delineation of source areas, preparation of sampling and remediation work plans, quality assurance/quality control planning, and reporting and liaison with the WVDEP.
- Petroleum Bulk Storage Terminal on Elk River, Charleston, West Virginia. Mr. Robertson served as licensed remediation specialist, hydrogeologist, and project manager entering the facility into the West Virginia Voluntary remediation program (VRP). Prepared VRP applications and agreements. Planned and oversaw implementation of site assessments, risk assessment, soil and groundwater remediation, and report preparation. Project tasks included comprehensive studies of previous site activities, delineation of source areas, identification of contaminants of potential concern and contaminants of concern, evaluation of data gaps, preparation of sampling and remediation work plans, quality assurance/quality control planning and reporting, preparation of human health and ecological risk assessments, groundwater modeling, preparation of information for public notice, and liaison with the regulatory agency. Certificate-of-completion was achieved.
- Electrical Power Generation Plants, North Carolina. Senior Scientist assisting team in stormwater permit compliance planning, stormwater sampling, outfall inspections, corrective action planning, data management and reporting. Assisted in developing matrices for tracking permit compliance.
- Metal Fabrication Facility, Princeton, West Virginia. Senior Scientist and Project Manager for stormwater, Tier II and TRI planning and management. Researched, planned and prepared Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan and Groundwater Protection Plan, and prepared NPDES Permit application. Managed storm water sampling and reporting. Researched, prepared and submitted Tier II and Toxic Release Inventory annual reports.

Phase I ESA Caldwell Solar Site Additional Area Fredonia, Kentucky Filed per 3-30-2022 ESB Order Response to Post-Hearing ESB 03

## OTHER INFORMATION

#### CARDNO, INC. 534 INDUSTRIAL PARK ROAD BLUEFIELD, VIRGINIA 24605 304 809-0629

### PHASE I ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT RECORD OF COMMUNICATION

CONTACT: Wilkiam Eddie Jones
AGENCY/COMPANY: Owner (South area - south of Craig Concrect Rd.)
DATE: 7/14/21 TIME: 8950 EDT 0850 CDT
CONTACT METHOD: person (in person) conver
TELEPHONE/E-MAIL:
DETAILS: Mr. Jones (Eddie) sid he had an 2300 get AST owned by Sorrhern Stries burged on the far side of the popular (see map location - already observed in weeks of f. Grag alcum Rd.). He nonternal the ASE was empry a not well ther over a year, Elec. had been twind off. He plans to have SS reviews from the property.
for the new land of the prove the property

NAME: Jung Hit \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_//y/21\_\_\_

#### CARDNO, INC. 534 INDUSTRIAL PARK ROAD BLUEFIELD, VIRGINIA 24605 304 809-0629

### PHASE I ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT RECORD OF COMMUNICATION

NAME: Juge Atta \_\_\_\_ DATE:\_\_\_7/*13/21* 

4



K.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND MINERALS OIL AND GAS DIVISION P.O. BOX 14090 LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY 40512-4090

#### AFFIDAVIT OF WELL LOG AND COMPLETION REPORT AS REQUIRED BY LAW PHONE: 606-254-0367

TYPE OR PRINT		OPERATOR'S PHONE:	
WELL IDENTIFICATION		TYPE OF COMPLETION (Chack One)	
Permit No. 9018	3	Dry Hole	Domestic Gas
Operator John F. Vogler		Он	
Farm Nama William Jones Wall No	1	Gas	
		ENHANCED RECOVERY:	SERVICE WELL:
Twin		Water Injection	. Weter Supply
Re-open[] New Well	19	Ges Injection	] Salt Water Disposal
New Well 12 Sec. <u>13</u> , Letter <u>4</u> , Number Workover	er	GAS STORAGE:	Observation
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Density 0 29	4		B/D Date
Induction 580 29	36	Gas:Natural NONE	MCF Date
		Against Backpressure of	PSI
TOTAL DEPTH DRILLED 2943		Shut-In Pressure	after hour
(As required by KRS 353.57	0)	After Trastment	MCF Date
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This form must be completed and filed for every permit immediately after completion of the well. Re-opened wells need not include a Driller's Log, however, the front also of this form must be completed. Incomplete forms will be rejected.

Revised 3.90 ALL PREVIOUS FORMS ARE OBSOLETE

FCIM FED-3



OV€R

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My Commission Expires: June 8th 2003

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NAME AND ADDRES	S OF COAL OPERATOR			
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