

**BEFORE THE
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY**

**IN RE: ELECTRONIC APPLICATION OF)
KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER) CASE NO. 2018-00358
COMPANY FOR AN ADJUSTMENT)
OF RATES)**

**DIRECT TESTIMONY
AND EXHIBITS
OF
LANE KOLLEN**

**ON BEHALF OF
THE OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
&
LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT**

**J. Kennedy and Associates, Inc.
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MARCH 15, 2019

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DIRECT TESTIMONY OF LANE KOLLEN

I. QUALIFICATIONS AND SUMMARY

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Q. Please state your name and business address.

A. My name is Lane Kollen. My business address is J. Kennedy and Associates, Inc. ("Kennedy and Associates"), 570 Colonial Park Drive, Suite 305, Roswell, Georgia 30075.

Q. What is your occupation and by whom are you employed?

A. I am a utility rate and planning consultant holding the position of Vice President and Principal with the firm of Kennedy and Associates.

Q. Please describe your education and professional experience.

1 A. I earned both a Bachelor of Business Administration in Accounting degree and a
2 Master of Business Administration degree from the University of Toledo. I also
3 earned a Master of Arts degree in Theology from Luther Rice University. I am a
4 Certified Public Accountant, with a practice license, Certified Management
5 Accountant, and Chartered Global Management Accountant. I am a member of
6 numerous professional organizations.

7 I have been an active participant in the utility industry for more than thirty
8 years, both as an employee and as a consultant. Since 1986, I have been a consultant
9 with Kennedy and Associates, providing services to state government agencies and
10 consumers of utility services in the ratemaking, financial, tax, accounting, and
11 management areas. From 1983 to 1986, I was a consultant with Energy Management
12 Associates, providing services to investor and consumer owned utility companies.
13 From 1976 to 1983, I was employed by The Toledo Edison Company in a series of
14 positions encompassing accounting, tax, financial, and planning functions.

15 I have appeared as an expert witness on ratemaking, accounting, tax, finance,
16 and planning issues before regulatory commissions and courts at the federal and state
17 levels on hundreds of occasions. I have testified in numerous proceedings before the
18 Kentucky Public Service Commission (“Commission”), including base, fuel
19 adjustment clause, environmental cost recovery, and other rider ratemaking
20 proceedings involving Atmos Energy Corporation (“Atmos”), Columbia Gas

1 Kentucky, Duke Energy Kentucky (“Duke”) (electric and gas), Kentucky Utilities
2 Company (“KU”), Louisville Gas and Electric Company (“LG&E”), Kentucky Power
3 Company (“KPC”), Big Rivers Electric Corporation, and East Kentucky Power
4 Cooperative.¹

5

6 **Q. On whose behalf are you testifying?**

7 A. I am offering testimony on behalf of the Office of the Attorney General of the
8 Commonwealth of Kentucky (“AG”) and Lexington-Fayette Urban County
9 Government (“LFUCG”).

10

11 **Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?**

12 A. The purpose of my testimony is to: 1) summarize recommended adjustments to the
13 Kentucky American Water Company (“KAW” or “Company”) requested increase in
14 base rates, 2) address and make recommendations on specific issues that affect the
15 requested increase in this proceeding, and 3) quantify the effect of AG/LFUCG
16 witness Mr. Richard Baudino’s recommendation for the required return on equity.

17

18 **Q. Please summarize your testimony.**

¹ My qualifications and regulatory appearances are further detailed in my Exhibit__(LK-1).

1 A. I recommend adjustments that result in a base rate increase not to exceed \$6.503
 2 million compared to the Company's request for a base rate increase of \$19.865 million.
 3 The following table provides a summary of the revenue effects of these
 4 recommendations.

Kentucky-American Water Company			
Summary of Recommendations			
KPSC Case No. 2018-00358			
Test Year Ended June 30, 2020			
\$ Millions			
	Adjustment Amount Before Gross Up	B/D and PSC Gross Up	Adjustments
Kentucky-American Water Company Requested Increase - Base Rates Only			\$ 15.774
Increase - TCJA Stub Period Rate Reduction (January 1, 2018 through August 31, 2018)			4.091
Kentucky-American Water Company Requested Increase			<u>\$ 19.865</u>
Effects on Increase of Rate Base Recommendations			
Adjust Cash Working Capital to Restate Expense Lead Days on Service Company Charges			(0.132)
Adjust Cash Working Capital to Reflect Cash Component of Dividends			(0.647)
Adjust Cash Working Capital to Remove Non-Cash Components			(0.273)
Reduce Plant Additions for Slippage Adjustment			(0.409)
Effects on Increase of Operating Income Recommendations			
Reflect Revenues from Lexington Trane Plant	(0.008)	1.01127	(0.008)
Remove Payroll, Payroll Related Expense and Payroll Taxes Due to Fewer FTEs	(0.487)	1.01127	(0.492)
Remove Incentive Compensation Tied to Financial Performance	(1.770)	1.01127	(1.790)
Reduce Payroll Taxes Associated with Incentive Compensation Removal	(0.135)	1.01127	(0.137)
Remove 401K Contributions for Employees that Participate in a Defined Benefit Plan	(0.070)	1.01127	(0.071)
Correct Error in Chemical Expense	(0.102)	1.01127	(0.103)
Reduce Power Expense for Lower KU Related Rate Increase	(0.096)	1.01127	(0.097)
Include Amortization of Federal Excess ADIT - Protected, Excl Repair Allowance	(0.974)	1.01127	(0.985)
Include Amortization of Federal Excess ADIT - Unprotected Repair Allowance	(2.163)	1.01127	(2.187)
Include Amortization of Federal Excess ADIT - Unprotected Other	(0.615)	1.01127	(0.622)
Include Amortization of State Excess ADIT	(0.470)	1.01127	(0.475)
Reduce Rate Case Amortization Expense	(0.104)	1.01127	(0.105)
Reduce Depreciation and Property Tax Expense for Slippage Adjustment	(0.143)	1.01127	(0.145)
Effects on Increase of Rate of Return Recommendations			
Reduce Short Term Debt Rate			(0.043)
Reduce Long Term Debt Rate			(0.043)
Reflect Return on Equity of 9.15%			(4.599)
Total Recommendations			<u>\$ (13.362)</u>
Base Rate Increase after Recommendations, Excl Effects of Ending TCJA Stub Period Rate Reduction			<u>\$ 2.412</u>
Overall Increase after Recommendations, Incl Effects of Ending TCJA Stub Period Rate Reduction			<u>\$ 6.503</u>

6

7

1 I address all rate base, operating income, and rate of return recommendations
2 reflected on the preceding table, except for the required return on equity, which is
3 addressed by AG/LFUCG witness Mr. Richard Baudino. I also quantify the revenue
4 requirement effects of all the recommendations, including the return on equity.² I have
5 structured my testimony to sequentially address and quantify these issues in the order
6 reflected on the preceding table.

7
8 **II. RATE BASE ISSUES**
9

10 **A. Cash Working Capital is Overstated; Summary of Errors**
11

12 **Q. Describe the Company's request for a cash working capital allowance in rate**
13 **base.**

14 A. The Company proposes a cash working capital ("CWC") allowance in rate base of
15 \$3.754 million based on a lead/lag study that it performed.³

16
17 **Q. Does the Company's study correctly calculate CWC?**

² My electronic workpapers and my Direct Testimony are being filed contemporaneously. The workpapers consist of an Excel workbook in live format with all formulas intact. The workpapers provide the calculations for each adjustment shown on the preceding table in this section of my testimony and provide the support for the amounts that I cite in my testimony on each of the adjustments.

³ Exhibit 37, Schedule B-5.2, page 4 of 6.

1 A. No. The Company's proposed CWC allowance is overstated due to several errors.
2 The first error is due to the Company's accelerated payments, or prepayments, made
3 to American Water Works Service Company, Inc. ("AWWS"), its affiliate service
4 company. The second error is due to the Company's failure to reflect the correct
5 expense lag days for the cash dividend component of the net income "expense" item.
6 The third error is the Company's failure to remove the remaining non-cash items
7 (depreciation expense, deferred income tax expense, and the non-cash non-dividend
8 component of the net income "expense") from the CWC calculation altogether.

9
10 **B. Expense Lead Days for AWWS Charges Are Incorrect**
11

12 **Q. Describe the Company's accounting for AWWS affiliate charges.**

13 A. Instead of recording the AWWS affiliate expense *after* they are incurred for services
14 provided in the prior month, the Company records an *estimated* expense for the *current*
15 month when it does the accounting (general ledger) close after the end of the prior
16 month.⁴ AWWS provides a monthly invoice on the third business day following the
17 end of the month for the *estimated* expense for the *current* month.⁵ The invoice also
18 includes a true-up for the *prior* month for the difference between the *actual* charges
19 incurred and the *estimated* charges prepaid in the prior month. The Company then

⁴Response to AG 2-31. I have attached a copy of this response as my Exhibit__(LK-2).

⁵Response to AG 2-32. I have attached a copy of this response as my Exhibit__(LK-3).

1 pays the *estimated* expense for the current month plus or minus the true-up for the
2 prior month.⁶

3
4 **Q. Is this unusual in your experience?**

5 A. Yes. Typically, the service company invoices the actual charges incurred for services
6 provided in the prior month in conjunction with the accounting close following the
7 end of the prior month. The utility typically pays the service company for the actual
8 charges for its services within a 30-day payment period.

9
10 **Q. Is the Company's unusual prepayment practice reflected in the AWWS Service**
11 **Agreement?**

12 A. Yes. However, the AWWS Service Agreement is an affiliate contract between
13 AWWS and the Company. An unreasonable provision in a contract between the utility
14 and an affiliate does not and should not control recovery of costs for ratemaking
15 purposes. The prepayment provision of the AWWS affiliate contract is not reasonable
16 and the Company and its parent should not be rewarded with an increase in cash
17 working capital for ratemaking purposes.

18
19 **Q. Why is this prepayment of estimated AWWS affiliate charges not reasonable?**

⁶ *Id.*

1 A. It is not reasonable because it imposes an unnecessary and excessive cost on KAW
2 and its customers. It allows American Water Works Company, Inc. (“AWWC”), the
3 parent company of KAW and AWWS, to recover at KAW’s grossed-up allowed return
4 instead of at AWWS’ actual and lower cost of short-term debt. More specifically,
5 AWWC requires the Company to make an investment in AWWS through the
6 prepayment, the cost of which then is imposed on the Company’s customers at its
7 grossed-up weighted average cost of capital. In turn, this prepayment displaces
8 AWWS’ cost of capital, which is a significantly lower cost of short-term debt. The
9 difference in the two rates of return inures to the sole benefit of AWWC and to the
10 sole harm of KAW’s customers.

11

12 **Q. What is the result of this unusual prepayment practice?**

13 A. It results in negative expense lead days, i.e., a prepayment for the current month, which
14 unnecessarily and improperly increases the cash working capital included in the
15 Company’s rate base.

16

17 **Q. How accurate are the prepayment of estimated charges compared to the actual**
18 **charges for the current month?**

19 A. Not very, which compounds the prepayment harm on the KAW customers because
20 KAW and its customers do not earn carrying charges on excessive prepayments that

1 are not refunded until a month after they are paid. The AWWWS estimate for January
2 2017 was greater than the actual charges for that month by \$0.238 million, or 19.1%.⁷
3 The AWWWS estimate for February 2017 was greater than the actual charges for that
4 month by \$0.388 million, or 38.6%.⁸

5
6 **Q. What is your recommendation?**

7 A. I recommend that the Commission modify the expense lag days to 45.63 days from
8 the *negative* 3.50 days reflected by the Company for this expense item in its CWC
9 study.⁹ The correct service period is 15.21 days (365 days divided by 12 months
10 divided by 2) and the correct payment lag is 30.42 days (365 days divided by 12). This
11 recommendation ensures that customers do not pay a grossed-up rate of return when
12 they should pay only the AWWWS cost of short-term debt.

13
14 **Q. What is the effect of your recommendation?**

15 A. The effect is a reduction in the revenue requirement of \$0.132 million.

16
17 **C. Expense Lead Days for Cash Dividend Component of Net Income “Expense”**
18 **Item Is Incorrect**
19

⁷ Response to AG 2-33. I have attached a copy of the narrative portion and the January 2017 invoice portion of the response as my Exhibit__(LK-4).

⁸ *Id.*

⁹ Exhibit 37, Schedule B-5.2, page 2 of 6.

1 **Q. Did the Company correctly separate the cash dividend component from the non-**
2 **dividend component of the net income “expense” item and reflect the correct**
3 **expense lag days for this component in its CWC study?**

4 A. No. The Company included the entirety of the net income “expense” item as a non-
5 cash expense with 0 expense lag days.

6

7 **Q. Is the dividend component of the net income “expense” a non-cash expense?**

8 A. No. The dividend is a cash expense paid quarterly through a disbursement of cash by
9 KAW to AWWC. Thus, it is important to separate the cash dividend and the non-cash
10 non-dividend components of the net income “expense” in the CWC study even if the
11 Commission includes non-cash expenses in the CWC study.

12

13 **Q. How should the Commission separate the cash dividend and non-cash non-**
14 **dividend components of the net income “expense”?**

15 A. The Commission should rely on the Company’s parent company dividend policy for
16 its regulated utility subsidiaries and the Company’s actual experience, which is
17 consistent with that dividend policy. More specifically, the Company’s dividend
18 policy is to pay 75% of its net income in dividends in accordance with the AWWC
19 Subsidiary Dividend Policy.¹⁰ This policy includes the following statement:

¹⁰Response to AG 2-23. I have attached a copy of this response, including the Subsidiary Dividend

1 Each regulated utility subsidiary of the Company (“Regulated
2 Subsidiary”) will target to pay out approximately 75% of the relevant
3 year’s net income to common stock, as a common dividend, subject to
4 any restrictions contained in loan agreements, indentures, regulatory
5 orders, charters, or relevant state or federal tax laws. In order to
6 coordinate with the business planning process, the calculation of the
7 dividend will be based on net income to common stock earned during a
8 twelve month period ending September 30 and will be paid quarterly in
9 arrears.¹¹
10

11 It appears that KAW adheres to this AWWC corporate dividend policy based
12 on a comparison of its earnings to its dividends as provided in response to discovery
13 in this proceeding.¹²

14 In accordance with this dividend policy and actual experience, the Commission
15 should separate the net income “expense” item into the cash dividend expense and the
16 non-cash non-dividend “expense” using the Company’s 75% and 25% allocation
17 ratios, respectively.
18

19 **Q. How should the Commission calculate the expense lag days for the cash dividend**
20 **component of the net income “expense”?**

Policy as my Exhibit___(LK-5).

¹¹ *Id.*

¹² *Id.* The Company provided a schedule of monthly earnings, dividends declared, dividends paid, and the dividend payment date.

1 A. The Company pays dividends quarterly in arrears, meaning after the end of the prior
2 quarter. KAW pays its cash dividends in arrears on or before the last business day in
3 the third month after the end of the preceding quarter.¹³

4 For the cash dividend component of the net income expense, the Commission
5 should use 134.9 days for the expense lag, not the 0 days asserted by the Company for
6 the entirety of the net income “expense” item. The service period for each quarter is
7 45.6 days (365 days divided by 4 divided by 2). The payment lag for the cash dividend
8 component of the net income “expense” is 89.3 days.¹⁴

9

10 **Q. What is your recommendation?**

11 A. I recommend that the Commission recognize the fact that the dividend component of
12 the net income “expense” is a cash expense and separate the cash dividend and the
13 non-cash non-dividend components of the net income “expense” item in the CWC
14 study. I recommend that the Commission use the Company’s 75% and 25% allocation
15 factors for this purpose. I also recommend that the Commission use 134.9 expense lag
16 days for the cash dividend component of the net income “expense” item in the CWC
17 study.

18

¹³ *Id.*

¹⁴ *Id.* I calculated the average payment lag days based on the four dividend payment dates in calendar year 2018.

1 **Q. Have you quantified the effect of your recommendation?**

2 A. Yes. The effect is to reduce the revenue requirement by \$0.647 million.

3

4 **D. A Cash Working Capital Study Should Not Include Non-Cash Expenses**

5

6 **Q. Does the Company's lead/lag study incorrectly include non-cash expenses?**

7 A. Yes. The Company incorrectly included \$22.766 million of non-cash expenses in the
8 calculation of the cash working capital investment, including deferred income tax
9 expense (negative \$1.628 million), depreciation and amortization expense (\$18.604
10 million), and the non-cash non-dividend component of net income expense (\$5.790
11 million).¹⁵

12

13 **Q. Why should the lead/lag study exclude non-cash expenses?**

14 A. Fundamentally, the purpose of the lead/lag study is to measure the *cash* investment
15 provided by either investors (positive) or customers (negative) on average over the
16 course of the CWC study period. The return on non-cash expenses, such as
17 depreciation and deferred income tax expenses already is reflected in the return on rate
18 base. The cash disbursement for these expenses was made when the construction or
19 acquisition cost was incurred and capitalized into CWIP or plant in service for book

¹⁵ As I explained in the previous section, the Company also improperly included the dividend component of net income as a non-cash item and with 0 days.

1 and tax purposes. There never will be another cash disbursement for depreciation or
2 deferred income tax expense. The net accumulated depreciation and accumulated
3 deferred income taxes are subtracted from rate base, but only on a lagged basis. This
4 allows the Company to retain the carrying charge value of these non-cash expenses
5 from month to month on a one-month lagged basis and for the period between rate
6 cases.

7 The non-dividend component of the net income expense also is non-cash by
8 definition and represents the equity investor's expectation of growth in the value of
9 the utility's stock. Investors are compensated for this component of the return on
10 equity when they sell their stock. The holding period is indefinite, or an infinite
11 number of expense lag days.

12
13 **Q. Is the Company's assumption of 0 expense day lags correct for the non-cash**
14 **depreciation expense, deferred income tax expense, and non-cash non-dividend**
15 **component of the net income "expense"?**

16 A. No. These expenses are non-cash expenses and there never will be any cash
17 disbursements. The Company incorrectly used 0 expense lag days for these expenses.
18 Translated, 0 expense lag days means that the Company assumes these non-cash
19 expenses actually will be paid in cash the second they are incurred, i.e., there are no
20 expense lag days. This assumption is factually incorrect because the non-cash

1 expenses are never paid in cash. Thus, the correct expense lag days for never is
2 infinity, which necessarily is greater than the revenue lag days, and which essentially
3 removes the non-cash items from cash working capital.

4
5 **Q. Do other regulatory jurisdictions exclude non-cash items from CWC using the**
6 **lead/lag approach?**

7 A. Yes, although practices vary among regulatory jurisdictions. For example, the Public
8 Utility Commission of Texas adopted a rule requiring that a lead/lag study be
9 performed using the “cash method,” whereby all non-cash items are excluded. Texas
10 Substantive Rule §25.231(c)(2)(B)(iii) states the following:

11 (IV) For all investor-owned electric utilities a reasonable allowance for cash
12 working capital, including a request of zero, will be determined by the use
13 of a lead-lag study. A lead-lag study will be performed in accordance with
14 the following criteria:

15
16 (-a-) The lead-lag study will use the cash method; all non-cash items,
17 including but not limited to depreciation, amortization, deferred
18 taxes, prepaid items, and return (including interest on long-term
19 debt and dividends on preferred stock), will not be considered.

20 ...

21 (-g-) If the cash working capital calculation results in a negative
22 amount, the negative amount shall be included in rate base.
23

24 **Q. What is your recommendation?**

25 A. I recommend that the Commission remove the non-cash expenses from the CWC
26 study, including the non-cash non-dividend component of the net income “expense”

1 item, assuming that the Commission agrees that the cash dividend component of the
2 net income “expense” is correctly included in the CWC study with the correct expense
3 lag days as I recommend in the previous section of my testimony.
4

5 **Q. Have you quantified the effect of your recommendation?**

6 A. Yes. The effect is to reduce the revenue requirement by \$0.273 million.
7

8 **E. Forecasts of Capital Expenditures and Plant Additions Are Excessive Compared**
9 **to Actual Experience; The Commission Should Apply A Slippage Factor**
10

11 **Q. Does the Company tend to underspend its capital expenditure budgets and**
12 **forecasts?**

13 A. Yes. In each of the most recent ten years, the Company has spent less than its annual
14 budget on capital expenditures. For example, in 2008, the Company actually spent
15 \$12.9 million compared to its budget of \$18.0 million.¹⁶ In 2009, the Company
16 actually spent \$11.8 million compared to its budget of \$17.9 million.¹⁷ This is typical,
17 in my experience, particularly when the utility’s rates are set based on costs in a
18 forecast test year rather than actual costs in a historic test year. The percentage of
19 actual costs to budgeted or projected costs is referred to as a “slippage factor.”

¹⁶Response to Staff 3-2. I have attached a copy of this response as my Exhibit__(LK-6).

¹⁷*Id.*

1

2 **Q. Has the Commission explicitly recognized slippage factors in prior cases?**

3 A. Yes. The Commission typically applies a slippage factor to reduce construction and
4 related plant costs in the forecast test year if the utility's actual capital expenditures
5 historically are less than its budgeted or forecasted expenditures. For example, in its
6 order in KAW Case No. 2004-00103, the Commission applied a slippage factor
7 adjustment to the capital expenditures in the forecast test year. It described the
8 slippage factor "as an indicator of Kentucky-American's accuracy in predicting the
9 cost of its utility plant additions."¹⁸

10 Similarly, in its order in Union Light, Heat and Power Company Case No.
11 2005-00042, the Commission described its application of a "slippage factor"
12 adjustment for the utility's forecast test year as follows:

13 As part of the capital budgeting process, utilities will estimate the level
14 of capital construction that will be undertaken during the year. Because
15 of delays, weather conditions, or other events, the actual level of
16 construction will often vary from the level budgeted. The difference
17 between the actual and budgeted levels is reflected in the calculation of
18 a "slippage factor," which serves as an indicator of the utility's accuracy
19 in predicting the cost of its utility plant additions and when new plant
20 will be placed into service. The Commission has routinely applied a
21 slippage factor in the forward-looking test period rate cases for
22 Kentucky-American Water Company. The Commission has usually
23 utilized a slippage factor calculated by determining the annual slippage
24 during the most recent 10-year period and then calculating the
25 mathematic average of the annual slippage factors. The slippage factor
26 is normally applied to the utility plant in service balance and the

¹⁸ Kentucky American Water, Case No. 2004-00103, Order (Ky. PSC Feb. 28, 2004) at 4.

1 construction work in progress (“CWIP”) balance to determine the
2 slippage adjustment.¹⁹ (footnote omitted).
3

4 **Q. What is the Company’s slippage factor?**

5 A. The Company calculated a slippage factor of 91.968% based on a comparison of the
6 annual actual construction expenditures compared to the annual original construction
7 budget for the years 2008 through 2017.²⁰
8

9 **Q. What is your recommendation?**

10 A. I recommend that the Commission apply the slippage factor calculated by the
11 Company to reduce its capital expenditures and capital additions. This has the effect
12 of reducing the forecast rate base, depreciation expense, and property tax expense.
13 This is appropriate based on the Company’s actual experience compared to
14 budget/forecast and is consistent with Commission precedent.
15

16 **Q. What is the effect of your recommendation?**

17 A. The effect is a reduction of \$0.554 million in the revenue requirement. I applied the
18 slippage factor to all budget/forecast months from September 2018 through June 2020,

9. ¹⁹ Union Light, Heat and Power Company, Case No. 2005-00042, Order (Ky. PSC Dec. 22, 2005) at 8-

²⁰ Exhibit___(LK-6).

1 the end of the test year. This effect includes the grossed-up return on the reduction in
2 the rate base and the reduction in depreciation and property tax expenses.

3
4 **III. OPERATING INCOME ISSUES**
5

6 **A. Trane Lexington Plant Revenues Prior to Plant Closure**
7

8 **Q. Did the Company include the Trane Lexington plant revenues through the date**
9 **of plant closure in 2019 in test year revenues?**

10 A. No. On October 4, 2018, Ingersoll Rand announced in a press release that its Trane
11 division would close the Lexington plant by the end of 2019. The Company estimates
12 that it will lose approximately \$0.032 million annually in revenues after the plant is
13 closed.²¹ That forecast amount is consistent with the actual 2018 annual revenues
14 from this customer.²²

15
16 **Q. What is your recommendation?**

17 A. I recommend that the Commission direct the Company to defer these revenues as a
18 regulatory liability and amortize them over two years due to the relatively minor
19 amount.

²¹ Response to AG 2-10. I have attached a copy of this response as my Exhibit__(LK-7).

²² Response to AG 2-8. I have attached a copy of this response as my Exhibit__(LK-8).

1

2 **Q. What is the effect of your recommendation?**

3 A. The effect is a reduction of \$0.008 million in the revenue requirement.

4

5 **B. Forecast Full-Time Equivalent Employees, Payroll and Payroll Related Expenses**
6 **Are Excessive**

7

8 **Q. Describe the forecast increases in full-time equivalent employees in the test year.**

9 A. The Company forecasts a significant increase in the number of full-time equivalent
10 employees (“FTEs”) in the test year compared to historical years. The Company
11 proposes a net increase of 14 FTEs from 138 FTEs at the end of calendar year 2018 to
12 152 FTEs at the beginning of the test year and continuing through the end of the test
13 year.

14

15 **Q. Describe the payroll and related payroll expenses in the test year.**

16 A. The Company forecasts a significant increase in payroll and related expenses in the
17 test year compared to historical years. The Company proposes an increase of \$1.336
18 million from \$9.738 million for the twelve months ended August 2018 to \$11.074
19 million in the test year. This increase is primarily the result of the additional FTEs,

1 offset in part by a reduction in overtime hours for existing FTEs, merit and other
2 payroll increases, and an increase in the O&M expense ratio.²³

3
4 **Q. Describe the trendline in the FTEs and payroll and related expenses since 2014.**

5 A. There has been a steady, but muted, increase in the FTEs and payroll expenses since
6 2014 through 2018, although the payroll related expenses have trended upward at a
7 greater rate during the same time period.²⁴

8 More specifically, in 2014, the Company had an average of 124 FTEs; in 2015,
9 an average of 127 FTEs; in 2016, an average of 133 FTEs; in 2017, an average of 133
10 FTEs; in 2018, an average of 134 FTEs through June, the last actual month in the base
11 period. The Company forecast an increase to 139 FTEs in July growing to 141 FTEs
12 by December. The Company then forecast 152 FTEs for each month in 2019 through
13 June 2020.²⁵ From December 2014 through June 2020, the Company forecasts an
14 increase of 26 FTEs, consisting of 7 FTEs in the Production department, 9 FTEs in the
15 Distribution department, 7 FTEs in the Commercial department, and 3 FTEs in
16 administrative and general (“A&G”).²⁶

17

²³ Exhibit 37, Schedule G-2.

²⁴ *Id.*

²⁵ Response to AG 1-7. I have attached a copy of this response as my Exhibit__(LK-9).

²⁶ Response to Staff 3-32. I have attached a copy of this response as my Exhibit__(LK-10).

1 **Q. Does the Company historically have fewer actual FTEs than its budgets or**
2 **forecasts?**

3 A. Yes. The Company historically has 7 fewer actual FTEs than it budgets or forecasts
4 on a monthly average over the most recent four calendar years 2014 through 2018.²⁷
5 The fewer actual FTEs represent an actual reduction in payroll and payroll related
6 expenses in those years compared to budget.

7
8 **Q. Should the Commission assume that the same pattern will continue into the test**
9 **year?**

10 A. Yes. The Company has a pattern of fewer actual FTEs than it budgets or forecasts.
11 There is no reason to forecast anything different in the test year.

12
13 **Q. What is your recommendation?**

14 A. I recommend that the Commission correct the Company's FTE forecast to reflect
15 fewer actual FTEs and reduce the payroll and payroll related expenses accordingly.

16
17 **Q. What is the effect of your recommendation?**

²⁷ Response to AG 2-29. I have attached a copy of this response as my Exhibit___(LK-11). I calculated the difference between the total actual FTEs and total budget FTEs from January 2015 through December 2018 and divided by 48 to obtain the average monthly difference.

1 A. The effect is a reduction of \$0.492 million in the revenue requirement, consisting of a
2 reduction of \$0.487 million in payroll and payroll related expenses and a reduction of
3 \$0.005 million in the related bad debt and PSC assessment expenses.
4

5 **C. Incentive Compensation Tied to Financial Performance Should Be Disallowed**
6

7 **Q. Describe the Company's incentive compensation pursuant to its Annual**
8 **Performance Plan and its Long-Term Performance Plan.**

9 A. The Company included \$1.770 million of incentive compensation related to its Annual
10 Performance Plan ("APP") and its Long-Term Performance Plan ("LTPP") in test year
11 expenses.²⁸ This includes incentive compensation expense incurred directly by KAW
12 and the incentive compensation expense incurred by AWWC and charged to KAW.

13 The APP incentive compensation is primarily based on financial performance
14 metrics. More specifically, the APP includes two earnings per share ("EPS")
15 thresholds for incentive payments. There are no APP incentive payments unless
16 AWWC's EPS meets or exceeds 90% of the EPS target. The APP incentive payments
17 are weighted 50% on EPS and 50% on other factors.²⁹

²⁸ Rowe Direct Testimony at 7 and Company's responses to AG 1-22 and AG 2-19. I have attached a copy of these responses as my Exhibit__(LK-12).

²⁹ Responses to Staff 2-31 and Staff 1-33 (narrative portion only). I have attached copies of these responses as my Exhibit__(LK-13).

1 The LTPP incentive compensation consists of restricted stock units (“RSUs”)
2 and performance stock units (“PSUs”). The RSUs and PSUs are based on three-year
3 vesting periods. The RSU vesting is timed-based. The PSU vesting is performance-
4 based. For the PSUs, the performance is based on a combination of EPS growth and
5 relative total shareholder return (“TSR”).³⁰
6

7 **Q. Should the Commission allow recovery of incentive compensation expense tied to**
8 **financial performance?**

9 A. No. The Commission historically has disallowed and removed incentive
10 compensation expenses from the revenue requirement if they are incurred to
11 incentivize the achievement of shareholder goals as measured by financial
12 performance, not incurred to incentivize the achievement of customer and safety goals.
13 That is because the achievement of the target metrics tied to financial performance
14 benefits shareholders to the detriment of customers in rate proceedings such as this.
15 The LTPP incentive compensation expense is incurred solely to achieve AWWC
16 shareholder goals. The APP incentive compensation expense is incurred primarily to
17 achieve AWWC shareholder goals and only secondarily to achieve regulated utility
18 service goals, but only if the AWWC shareholder goals are achieved.

19 In its order in KAW Case No. 2004-00103, the Commission disallowed

³⁰ Kurt Kogler Direct Testimony at 6.

1 incentive compensation expense tied to the achievement of financial goals that
2 benefited shareholders.³¹

3 In its order in KAW Case No. 2010-00036, the Commission disallowed
4 incentive compensation expense tied to “financial goals that primarily benefit
5 shareholders.”³²

6 In its order in KPC Case No. 2014-00396, the Commission specifically
7 disallowed incentive compensation expense incurred to achieve shareholder goals. In
8 its discussion related to the disallowance, the Commission stated:

9 Incentive criteria based on a measure of EPS, with no measure of improvement
10 in areas such as service quality, call-center response, or other customer-focused
11 criteria are clearly shareholder oriented. As noted in Case No. 2013-00148, the
12 Commission has long held that ratepayers receive little, if any, benefit from
13 these types of incentive plans. It has been the Commission's practice to
14 disallow recovery of the cost of employee incentive plans that are tied to EPS
15 or other earnings measures and we find that Kentucky Power's argument to the
16 contrary does nothing to change this holding as it is unpersuasive.³³

17
18 In its order in Atmos Case No. 2013-00148, the Commission stated “Incentive
19 criteria based on a measure of EPS, with no measure of improvement in areas such as
20 safety, service quality, call-center response, or other customer-focused criteria, are
21 clearly shareholder-oriented. As noted in the hearing on this matter, the Commission
22 has long held that ratepayers receive little, if any, benefit from these types of incentive

³¹ Order in KAW Case No. 2004-00103, at 49 (February 28, 2005).

³² Order in KAW Case No. 2010-00036, at 32 (December 14, 2010).

³³ Order in Case No. 2014-00396, at 25 (June 22, 2015).

1 plans . . . It has been the Commission’s practice to disallow recovery of the cost of
2 employee incentive plans that are tied to EPS or other earnings measures.”³⁴

3 In summary, the Company’s request in this proceeding for recovery of the APP
4 and LTPP incentive compensation expense tied to EPS and total shareholder return
5 fall clearly within the Commission’s disallowance precedent not only for KAW, but
6 also for other Kentucky utilities. The expense should be allocated to AWWC
7 shareholders and not recovered from the Company’s customers.

8
9 **Q. Are there other reasons why the Commission should not allow recovery of**
10 **incentive compensation expense tied to financial performance?**

11 A. Yes. Incentive compensation incurred to incentivize AWWC financial performance
12 also provides the Company’s executives, managers, and employees a direct incentive
13 to seek greater and more frequent rate increases from customers in order to improve
14 AWWC’s EPS and total shareholder return (“TSR”). The greater the rate increases
15 and revenues, the greater AWWC’s EPS and TSR and the greater the incentive
16 compensation expense. Thus, there is an inherent conflict between achieving lower
17 rates for customers on the one hand and achieving greater financial performance for
18 shareholders and greater incentive compensation for executives, managers, and other
19 employees on the other hand. Thus, all such expenses should be allocated to

³⁴ Order in Atmos Case No. 2013-00148, at 20 (April 22, 2014).

1 shareholders, not to customers.

2 In addition, the Company's request to embed these expenses in the revenue
3 requirement tends to be self-fulfilling. The additional revenues ensure that the expense
4 is covered regardless of the Company's actual performance and regardless of its
5 operational and safety performance. Thus, the expenses should be directly assigned
6 to AWWC shareholders, not the Company's customers.

7

8 **Q. What is your recommendation?**

9 A. I recommend that the Commission exclude the APP and LTPP incentive compensation
10 expense from the revenue requirement in the same manner and for the same reasons
11 that the Commission historically has excluded incentive compensation tied to the
12 financial performance of KAW, AWWC, and other utilities and their service
13 companies.

14

15 **Q. What is the effect of your recommendation?**

16 A. The effect is a reduction of \$1.927 million in the revenue requirement, consisting of
17 the reduction of \$1.770 million in incentive compensation expense, the related
18 reduction of \$0.135 million in payroll tax expense, and the related reduction of \$0.022
19 million in bad debt and PSC assessment expenses.

20

1 **D. Retirement Plan Expense Is Excessive**
2

3 **Q. Did the Company make an adjustment to exclude certain retirement plan**
4 **expenses incurred for certain employees who participate in both defined benefit**
5 **and defined contribution retirement plans?**

6 A. No. The Commission has found that such expenses are excessive and disallowed the
7 expenses. For example, the Commission reduced the retirement plan expense for both
8 KU and LG&E in Case Nos. 2016-00370 and 2016-00371, respectively. In the KU
9 case, the Commission stated:

10 The Commission finds that, for ratemaking purposes, it is not reasonable to
11 include both KU's Pre 2006 DDB plan contributions and KU's matching
12 contributions to the 401(k) Plan for the following employee categories:
13 exempt, manager, non-exempt, and officer and director personnel ...
14 Employees participating in the Pre 2006 DDB Plan enjoy generous retirement
15 plan benefits, making the matching 401(k) Plan amounts excessive for
16 ratemaking purposes. Accordingly, the Commission denies for recovery
17 401(k) Plan matching contributions in the amount of \$1,720,383 before gross-
18 up.³⁵

19 Similarly, the Commission reduced the retirement plan expense for
20 Cumberland Valley Electric, Inc. in Case No. 2016-00169. In that case, the
21 Commission stated:

22 The Commission believes all employees should have a retirement benefit, but
23 finds it excessive and not reasonable that Cumberland Valley continues to
24 contribute to both a defined benefit pension plan as well as a 401(k) plan for

³⁵ Order in Case No. 2016-00370, at 14-15 (June 22, 2017).

1 salaried employees. The Commission will allow Cumberland Valley to
2 recover only the costs of the more expensive defined benefit plan for the
3 salaried employees and the 401(k) plan for union employees. Accordingly, the
4 Commission will remove for ratemaking purposes Cumberland Valley's test
5 year 401(k) contributions for salaried employees.³⁶

6
7 **Q. What is the effect if the Commission makes a similar adjustment in this**
8 **proceeding?**

9 A. The effect is a reduction in retirement plan expense of \$0.070 million and a reduction
10 in the revenue requirement of \$0.071 million. This reduction includes the retirement
11 plan expense incurred directly by KAW and the expense allocated and charged to
12 KAW from AWWS.³⁷

13
14 **E. Correction of Errors in Chemicals Expenses**
15

16 **Q. Did the Company overstate its forecast chemicals expense?**

17 A. Yes. The Company overstated certain of its forecast chemical expenses due to
18 calculation errors that double-counted these expenses.³⁸ The errors led to an
19 overstatement of expense by \$0.102 million.

³⁶ Order in Case No. 2016-00169, at 10 (February 6, 2017).

³⁷ Company's public response to AG 1-10. I have attached a copy of this response as my Exhibit (LK-14).

³⁸ HSPM Workpapers – Chemicals Exhibit Support for 2019 and 2020.

1 **Q. Does KAW agree that there were calculation errors and that they should be**
2 **corrected?**

3 A. Yes. The Company confirmed the errors in response to discovery.³⁹

4

5 **Q. What is the effect of correcting these errors?**

6 A. The effect is a reduction in the revenue requirement of \$0.103 million, consisting of a
7 reduction of \$0.102 million in chemicals expense and the related reduction of \$0.001
8 million in bad debt and PSC assessment expense.

9

10 **F. Power (Electricity) Expense Does Not Reflect Settlement In Kentucky Utilities**
11 **Company's Pending Rate Case**

12

13 **Q. Describe the Company's assumption regarding an increase in power expense due**
14 **to Kentucky Utilities Company's pending rate case.**

15 A. The Company assumed that the Commission would grant KU's pending base rate
16 request for an increase in rates in its entirety.⁴⁰

17

18 **Q. Is that assumption reasonable?**

³⁹ Kurt Kogler Direct Testimony at 28 and HSPM response to AG 2-25.

⁴⁰ Kevin Rogers Direct Testimony at 28 and WP-3-2 Fuel and Power Exhibit.xlsx.

1 A. No. The parties in the KU rate case proceeding have entered into a stipulation that
2 reduces the base rate increase KU requested by approximately one-half, from \$112.5
3 million to \$58.3 million.⁴¹ The Commission has not issued an Order in that
4 proceeding, but the authorized base rate increase is unlikely to be greater than the
5 stipulated amount.

6

7 **Q. What is your recommendation?**

8 A. I recommend that the Commission reflect the effect of the stipulation in the KU base
9 rate case proceeding or the actual rate increase, which will be known prior to the
10 completion of this proceeding.

11

12 **Q. What is the effect of your recommendation?**

13 A. The effect is a reduction of \$0.097 million in the revenue requirement, consisting of a
14 reduction of \$0.096 million in electricity expense and a reduction in the related bad
15 debt expense and PSC assessment expense of \$0.001 million.

16

17 **G. Income Tax Expense Should Be Reduced to Reflect Amortization of Federal**
18 **Excess ADIT**

19

20 **Q. Describe the effects of the TCJA on federal accumulated deferred income taxes.**

⁴¹ Stipulation filed in Case No. 2018-00294 on March 1, 2019.

1 A. The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (“TCJA”) reduced the federal income tax rate from 35%
2 to 21% effective January 1, 2018. The reduction in the federal income tax rate resulted
3 in a reduction of the future net income tax liabilities recorded in the Company’s federal
4 asset and liability accumulated deferred income taxes (“ADIT”) recorded in FERC
5 accounts 190, 281, 282, and 283 prior to December 31, 2017.

6 The federal ADIT amounts reflect income taxes collected from customers at
7 the 35% federal income tax rate, but that have not yet paid to the federal government
8 and generally would be paid to the federal government over the lives of the underlying
9 assets. In the case of regulated utilities, the ADIT is subtracted from rate base to
10 provide customers a rate of return on their temporary capital contributions.

11 The reduction in the federal income tax rate permanently reduced these future
12 tax liabilities. The reduction in the net ADIT liability is termed “excess” ADIT and is
13 considered a regulatory liability for generally accepted accounting principles
14 (“GAAP”), although it may continue to be recorded as ADIT for FERC Uniform
15 System of Accounts (“USOA”) accounting purposes.

16 The excess ADIT will be amortized as a negative deferred tax expense without
17 a concurrent increase in current income tax expense, which means that it increases
18 operating income and reduces the revenue requirement, all else equal.

19
20 **Q. Are there limitations on the amortization period that can be used for the federal**

1 **excess ADIT?**

2 A. Yes, but the limitations apply *only* to the federal excess ADIT that arose from
3 accelerated depreciation temporary differences. Pursuant to the TCJA, this excess
4 ADIT is considered “protected” and cannot be amortized more quickly than the
5 underlying temporary differences would have reversed. All other excess ADIT is
6 considered to be “unprotected” and may be amortized at the Commission’s discretion
7 and without consideration for when the underlying temporary differences would have
8 reversed.

9 The distinction between protected and unprotected excess ADIT is significant
10 because it determines how rapidly the excess ADIT related to specific temporary
11 differences may be amortized to customers.

12

13 **Q. Can the Company accurately calculate the federal excess ADIT as of December**
14 **31, 2017?**

15 A. Yes. It can accurately calculate the federal excess ADIT in the aggregate as of
16 December 31, 2017. However, it claims that it has not yet calculated the federal excess
17 ADIT by temporary difference as of December 31, 2017. This is important because
18 of the distinction between protected and unprotected excess ADIT.

19

20 **Q. Does the Company’s filing include any amortization of the federal excess ADIT**

1 **due to the reduction in the federal income tax rate pursuant to the Tax Cuts and**
2 **Jobs Act?**

3 A. No. The Company claims that it cannot accurately calculate the amortization of the
4 protected excess ADIT until it completes revisions to its fixed asset software, although
5 this claim does not apply to the unprotected excess ADIT. It estimates that these
6 revisions will not be completed until mid-April.⁴² The Company's Rebuttal
7 Testimony is due April 30, so it is not clear whether the Company will propose the
8 negative amortization expense amounts in its Rebuttal Testimony or delay the return
9 of these amounts to customers until some later date, maybe through the KAW TCJA
10 investigation proceeding in Case No. 2018-00042.⁴³

11
12 **Q. Is it reasonable to exclude any amortization of the excess ADIT from the base**
13 **revenue requirement in this proceeding?**

14 A. No. If the Company cannot calculate the amortization expense at this time, then the
15 Commission should estimate it and direct the Company to true-up the differences
16 through a TCJA rider in Case No. 2018-00042 once it is able to correctly and
17 accurately calculate the amortization expense by temporary difference. Alternatively,
18 it should direct the Company to defer the differences, either as a regulatory asset

⁴² Response to AG 2-16(e). I have attached a copy of the entire response to AG 2-16 as my Exhibit___(LK-15).

⁴³ Direct Testimony of John Wilde, at 2.

1 (recoverable from customers) or a regulatory liability (refundable to customers).

2 These calculations include correctly separating the excess ADIT into protected
3 and unprotected amounts by temporary difference and then calculating the
4 amortization expense based on the average rate assumption method (“ARAM”) for the
5 protected temporary difference amounts and a reasonably short amortization period
6 for the unprotected temporary difference amounts.

7
8 **Q. As an initial matter, has the Company correctly separated the excess ADIT into**
9 **protected and unprotected amounts?**

10 A. No. The Company conflates and characterizes all property-related excess ADIT as
11 protected and all non-property related excess ADIT as unprotected.⁴⁴ However, this
12 characterization is not correct. The only protected property-related excess ADIT is
13 due to accelerated tax depreciation. The Company claims that the excess ADIT due
14 to the repair allowance deduction also is protected due to a “Consent Agreement” that
15 it signed with the IRS,⁴⁵ even though this excess ADIT is not otherwise protected, a
16 fact the Company concedes.⁴⁶ In any event, the Company claims that it cannot
17 separately identify each of the excess ADIT property related amounts by temporary
18 difference until it completes revisions to its fixed asset software.

⁴⁴ *Id.*, 8.

⁴⁵ *Id.*, 10.

⁴⁶ Response to AG 2-18(d). I have attached a copy of the entire response to AG 2-18 as my Exhibit___(LK-16). Also, *see* Direct Testimony of John Wilde at 13.

1

2 **Q. Why is whether the excess ADIT due to the repair allowance is protected or**
3 **unprotected an issue in this proceeding?**

4 A. If it is protected, then the Company and Commission must use the ARAM to amortize
5 the excess ADIT to avoid a normalization violation. If it is unprotected, then the
6 Company and Commission can use a shorter amortization period consistent with the
7 amortization period that it uses for all other unprotected excess ADIT.

8

9 **Q. Do you agree that the Consent Agreement addresses or controls the excess ADIT**
10 **due to the repair allowance deduction resulting from subsequent tax law changes,**
11 **such as the TCJA?**

12 A. No. The Consent Agreement certainly does not address the excess ADIT, let alone
13 subject the excess ADIT to the ARAM and normalization requirements, even if there
14 is a valid argument that it still applies to the remaining ADIT due to the repair
15 allowance at the federal tax rate of 21%.

16 Although I am not an attorney, it is my understanding that an agreement or
17 contract cannot and is not considered binding on subject areas that are not addressed
18 in an agreement.

19 In any event, the Consent Agreement specifically and repeatedly states that if
20 there are subsequent changes in the law, e.g. final or proposed regulations, that are

1 inconsistent with the conclusions reached in this letter ruling, the method of
2 accounting utilized as a result of the letter ruling will no longer be regarded as a proper
3 method of accounting and would be subject to change.⁴⁷
4

5 **Q. Does the TCJA constitute a subsequent change to the law that is inconsistent with**
6 **the conclusions reached in the letter ruling?**

7 A. Yes. Under the TCJA, only the excess ADIT due to accelerated tax depreciation is
8 protected and subject to the normalization requirements of the IRC or the related
9 Regulations, including the requirement to use the ARAM for amortization purposes.
10 No excess ADIT due to any other temporary difference is subject to ARAM and the
11 normalization provisions of the IRC or the related Regulations.
12

13 Although I am not a lawyer, in my opinion as a tax expert and practitioner, it
14 is unlikely that the IRS would or could enforce a provision of an agreement that is
15 inconsistent with the law, especially when the agreement itself contains multiple
16 provisions that subject the terms of the agreement to subsequent changes in the law.
17

18 **Q. What is your recommendation?**

19 A. I recommend that the Commission find that the excess ADIT due to the repair

⁴⁷Exhibit JRW-2 attached to the Direct Testimony of John Wilde (copy of the Consent Agreement).

1 allowance temporary difference is unprotected, not protected. I also recommend that
2 the Commission amortize this excess ADIT over the same three-year amortization
3 period used for all other unprotected excess ADIT.
4

5 **Q. What are the excess ADIT amounts by temporary difference?**

6 A. The Company claims that the protected excess ADIT, including the excess ADIT due
7 to the repair allowance temporary difference, is \$31.548 million, excluding the gross-
8 up for income taxes, and the unprotected excess ADIT due to all other temporary
9 differences is \$1.384 million, excluding the gross-up for income taxes.⁴⁸ However,
10 the Company claims that it cannot separately quantify the excess ADIT due to the
11 repair allowance temporary difference.⁴⁹
12

13 **Q. What is the excess ADIT due to the repair allowance temporary difference?**

14 A. I estimate it to be \$6.974 million, including the gross-up for income taxes, subject to
15 refinement by the Company after it has completed the revisions to its software.
16

17 **Q. What is the effect of the amortization of the excess ADIT due to the accelerated**
18 **tax depreciation temporary difference?**

⁴⁸Direct Testimony of John Wilde, at 8. The Company confirmed that the amounts cited by Mr. Wilde did not include the gross-up for income taxes in response to AG 1-31. I have attached a copy of this response as my Exhibit__(LK-17).

⁴⁹Response to Staff 2-66. I have attached a copy of this response as my Exhibit__(LK-18).

1 A. I estimate a reduction of \$0.985 million in the revenue requirement, including the
2 gross-up for income taxes, subject to refinement by the Company after it has
3 completed the revisions to its software. I calculated this amount based on the estimated
4 average remaining life of the Company's utility plant in service as a proxy for the
5 ARAM.

6

7 **Q. What is your recommendation for the amortization period for the federal**
8 **unprotected excess ADIT?**

9 A. I recommend that the Commission use an amortization period of three years. This is
10 consistent with the Company's proposed amortization period for rate case expenses.

11

12 **Q. What is the effect of your recommendation for the amortization of the federal**
13 **unprotected excess ADIT?**

14 A. The effect is a reduction in the revenue requirement of \$2.809 million, consisting of
15 \$187 million for the unprotected excess ADIT due to the repair allowance temporary
16 difference and \$0.622 million for all other unprotected excess ADIT due to other
17 temporary differences.

18

19 **H. Income Tax Expense Should Be Reduced to Reflect Amortization of State Excess**
20 **ADIT**

21

1 **Q. Is there also state excess ADIT as a result of the reduction in Kentucky state**
2 **income tax rates from 6% to 5% effective on January 1, 2018?**

3 A. Yes. The Company estimates it to be \$1.411 million, including the gross-up for
4 income taxes.⁵⁰

5

6 **Q. Is there any distinction for state excess ADIT between protected and**
7 **unprotected?**

8 A. No. That distinction is for federal income tax purposes only.

9

10 **Q. Did the Company reflect any amortization of the state excess ADIT in due to the**
11 **reduction in the state income tax rate?**

12 A. No.

13

14 **Q. Does the Company claim that it cannot accurately calculate the amortization**
15 **expense or that it must await the completion of the revisions to its fixed asset**
16 **software?**

17 A. No.

18

19 **Q. What is your recommendation?**

⁵⁰Response to Staff 2-68. I have attached a copy of this response as my Exhibit____(LK-19).

1 A. I recommend that the Commission include the negative amortization expense
2 necessary to refund the state excess ADIT in the revenue requirement in this
3 proceeding.

4

5 **Q. What is your recommendation for the amortization period for the state excess**
6 **ADIT?**

7 A. I recommend that the Commission use an amortization period of three years. This is
8 consistent with the Company's proposed amortization period for rate case expenses.

9

10 **Q. What is the effect of your recommendation to amortize the state excess ADIT**
11 **over three years?**

12 A. The effect is a reduction of \$0.475 million in the revenue requirement.

13

14 **I. Rate Case Expense Should Be Reduced**

15

16 **Q. Describe the Company's request for recovery of estimated rate case expenses for**
17 **this proceeding.**

18 A. The Company estimates that it will incur \$1.231 million in rate case expenses in this
19 proceeding and seeks recovery of \$0.410 million in annual amortization expense based
20 on a three-year amortization period. The estimate includes \$0.312 million for internal
21 labor support services.

1

2 **Q. How does the Company's request compare to the rate case expenses in the prior**
3 **base rate case proceeding?**

4 A. The Company's request is substantially more than the \$0.884 million requested Case
5 No. 2015-00418, the Company last base rate case proceeding, or an increase of 39%.

6

7 **Q. Is the Company's request reasonable?**

8 A. No. It is excessive for several reasons. First, it is excessive due to the significant
9 increase in estimated expenses compared to the case only three years ago. Second, it
10 is excessive compared to the size of the requested increase. Third, it is excessive
11 because it includes internal labor costs, which generally are not requested because the
12 costs are not incremental.

13

14 **Q. Do other Kentucky utilities include internal labor expense, other than**
15 **incremental overtime expense, in their rate case expenses?**

16 A. No. In their pending base rate cases, Case Nos. 2018-00294 and 2018-00295,
17 respectively, KU and LG&E included legal, consultants, and newspaper advertising,
18 but no internal labor expense.⁵¹

⁵¹ I have attached the relevant page from the KU and LG&E filings showing their estimated rate case expenses as my Exhibit__(LK-20).

1 In its most recent base rate case, Case No. 2017-00179, KPC included legal,
2 other professional services, publication notices and correspondence, overtime, and out
3 of pocket expenses, but no internal labor expense.⁵²

4 In its most recent electric and gas base rate cases, Case Nos. 2017-00321 and
5 2018-00261, respectively, Duke included legal, depreciation study, demolition study,
6 rate of return study, legal notice, transportation, lodging, meals, and miscellaneous,
7 but no internal labor expense.⁵³

8 In its most recent base rate case, Case No. 2018-00281, Atmos included
9 consulting, legal, employee expenses, and miscellaneous (printing, advertising, etc.),
10 but no internal labor expense.⁵⁴

11
12 **Q. What is your recommendation?**

13 A. I recommend that the Commission remove the \$0.312 million related to internal labor
14 support services expense from the deferred rate case expenses total. The Company's
15 request is not justified and is inconsistent with the exclusion of internal labor costs by
16 other utilities seeking recovery of rate case expenses in recent base rate case
17 proceedings.

⁵² I have attached the relevant page from the KPC filing showing its estimated rate case expenses as my Exhibit__(LK-21).

⁵³ I have attached the relevant page from the Duke filings showing the estimate rate case expenses as my Exhibit__(LK-22).

⁵⁴ I have attached the relevant page from the Atmos filing showing the estimate rate case expenses as my Exhibit__(LK-23).

1

2 **Q. What is the effect of your recommendation?**

3 A. The effect is a reduction of \$0.105 million in the revenue requirement, consisting of a
4 reduction \$0.104 million in amortization expense and a reduction of \$0.001 million in
5 the related bad debt and PSC assessment expense.

6

7 **J. 15% Water Loss**

8

9 **Q. What is the Company's percentage of unaccounted-for water?**

10 A. The Company's test-year forecasted unaccounted for water is 19.37%. The Company's
11 2018 unaccounted-for water was 19.95%.⁵⁵

12

13 **Q. Is this in excess of the 15% permitted by the Commission for ratemaking**
14 **purposes?**

15 A. Yes. 807 KAR 5:066 Section 6(3) states, "for rate making purposes a utility's
16 unaccounted-for water loss shall not exceed fifteen (15) percent of total water
17 produced and purchased, excluding water used by a utility in its own operations."

18

19 **Q. Did the Company make an adjustment to reflect its excess unaccounted-for**
20 **water?**

⁵⁵ Response to AG 2-39.

1 A. No. When asked in discovery whether the Company included an offset to reflect the
2 excess unaccounted-for water, it stated, “[Kentucky-American] has not included an
3 offset for unaccounted-for water in excess of 15%.”⁵⁶
4

5 **Q. Did you reflect an adjustment for the Company’s excess unaccounted-for water?**

6 A. I did not. Nevertheless, the Commission should determine the amount of cost reflected
7 in customers’ rates related to the excess unaccounted-for water and make an
8 adjustment accordingly.
9

10

11

12

13

IV. RATE OF RETURN ISSUES

14

15 **A. Cost of Short Term Debt Is Excessive**

16

17 **Q. Describe the forecast cost of short-term debt proposed by the Company in its**
18 **filing.**

19 A. The Company proposes a short-term debt cost of 3.274%. This cost was based on

⁵⁶ Response to AG 2-38.

1 projections of the one-month LIBOR rate “taken from Bloomberg on October 5, 2018,
2 with the addition of a spread of 0.19.”⁵⁷

3
4 **Q. Is the Company’s forecast cost of 3.274% reasonable?**

5 A. No. This forecast cost is overstated and no longer is consistent with the present one-
6 month LIBOR rates. The Company’s forecast cost assumes that the one-month
7 LIBOR rate will continue to increase throughout the test year. However, this is an
8 assumption that cannot be determined with any level of certainty. In fact, the present
9 evidence is to the contrary.

10 More specifically, the present one-month LIBOR rate is 2.49%.⁵⁸ The present
11 rate is a far better indicator for the test year than outdated forecasts developed five or
12 more months ago.

13 I also would note, that in late January, the Federal Reserve voted to maintain
14 short term rates on required and excess reserve balances at 1.50% in accordance with
15 a policy objective to maintain the federal funds rate within a target range of 1.25% to
16 1.50%.⁵⁹

17 There no longer appears to be any consensus that short-term rates will change
18 significantly, up or down, over the next twelve months.

⁵⁷ Response to AG 1-54. I have attached a copy of this response as my Exhibit ___(LK-24).

⁵⁸ *The Wall Street Journal* dated March 11, 2019.

⁵⁹ <https://www.federalreserve.gov/newsevents/pressreleases/monetary20180131a1.htm>.

1

2 **Q. What is your recommendation?**

3 A. I recommend that the Commission use a short-term debt cost of 2.68%. This cost
4 consists of the present one-month LIBOR rate of 2.49% plus 0.19% for the credit
5 spread.

6

7 **Q. What is the effect of your recommendation?**

8 A. The effect is a reduction in the revenue requirement of \$0.043 million. I calculated
9 this effect using the rate base after the foregoing recommended adjustments.

10

11 **B. Cost of Long Term Debt Is Excessive**

12

13 **Q. Describe the long-term debt rate proposed by the Company in its filing for the**
14 **financing it plans to issue in May 2019.**

15 A. The Company plans to issue \$16 million in new 30-year term long-term debt in May
16 2019. The new debt will be in the form of a note payable to American Water Capital
17 Corp. (“AWCC”) for KAW’s share of larger offering by AWCC. KAW forecast the
18 cost of this new debt at 4.55%. The Company calculated this cost based on a forecast
19 3.43% yield for 30-year U.S. Treasury debt plus a 1.12% “credit spread” over the cost
20 of 30-year U.S. Treasury debt. For the forecast yield, the Company relied on
21 Bloomberg’s forward yield curve on October 18, 2018. For the credit spread, the

1 Company relied on the actual credit spread from a similar AWCC debt issue in August
2 2018.⁶⁰

3
4 **Q. Is the 3.43% forecast yield for the 30-year U.S. Treasury debt reasonable?**

5 A. No. The 30-year U.S. Treasury yield is presently 3.1%.⁶¹ That was also the same rate
6 as of January 11, 2019, as confirmed by the Company in discovery,⁶² when the
7 Company updated its calculation of the new issue interest rate to be 4.22%.

8
9 **Q. What is your recommendation?**

10 A. I recommend that the Commission use a cost of 4.22% for the forecast new debt issue,
11 based on the present 3.1% yield 30-year U.S. Treasury debt plus the Company's
12 proposed credit spread of 1.12%.

13
14 **Q. What is the effect of your recommendation?**

15 A. The effect is a reduction of \$0.043 million in the Company's base revenue
16 requirement. I calculated this effect using the rate base after the foregoing
17 recommended adjustments.

⁶⁰ Direct Testimony of Scott W. Rungren at 7-8.

⁶¹ As depicted on the Bloomberg website on March 5, 2019.
<https://www.bloomberg.com/markets/rates-bonds/government-bonds/us>.

⁶² Company's response to Staff 2-93. I have attached a copy of this response as my Exhibit__(LK-25).

1

2 **C. Quantification of Recommendation for the Return on Equity**

3

4 **Q. Have you quantified the effect of Mr. Baudino's recommendation for the return**
5 **on common equity?**

6 A. Yes. The Company proposes a return on equity of 10.8%. Mr. Baudino recommends
7 a return on equity of 9.15%. The lower return on equity reduces the Company's
8 revenue requirement by \$4.599 million. This reduction in the revenue requirement is
9 incremental to the reductions in the revenue requirement from the lower forecast costs
10 of short-term debt and long-term debt that I recommend. I calculated this effect using
11 the rate base after the foregoing recommended adjustments.⁶³

12

13 **Q. What is the effect of each 1.0% in the return on equity?**

14 A. Each 1.0 percent in the return on equity in either direction either reduces or increases
15 the revenue requirement by \$2.787 million. This includes the effects of the gross-ups
16 for income tax expense, bad debt expense, and PSC assessment expense.

17

18 **Q. Does this complete your testimony?**

19 A. Yes.

⁶³*Id.*

**BEFORE THE
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY**

**IN RE: ELECTRONIC APPLICATION OF)
KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER) CASE NO. 2018-00358
COMPANY FOR AN ADJUSTMENT)
OF RATES)**

**EXHIBITS
OF
LANE KOLLEN**

**ON BEHALF OF
THE OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
&
LEXINGTON-FAYETTE UBRAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT**

**J. Kennedy and Associates, Inc.
570 Colonial Park Drive, Suite 305
Roswell, GA 30075**

MARCH 15, 2019

AFFIDAVIT

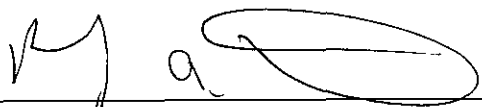
STATE OF GEORGIA)

COUNTY OF FULTON)

LANE KOLLEN, being duly sworn, deposes and states: that the attached is his sworn testimony and that the statements contained are true and correct to the best of his knowledge, information and belief.


Lane Kollen

Sworn to and subscribed before me on this
15th day of March 2019.


Notary Public

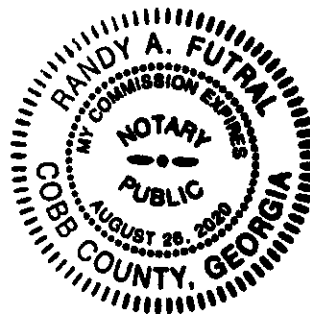


EXHIBIT ____ (LK-1)

RESUME OF LANE KOLLEN, VICE PRESIDENT

EDUCATION

University of Toledo, BBA
Accounting

University of Toledo, MBA

Luther Rice University, MA

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATIONS

Certified Public Accountant (CPA)

Certified Management Accountant (CMA)

PROFESSIONAL AFFILIATIONS

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Georgia Society of Certified Public Accountants

Institute of Management Accountants

Mr. Kollen has more than thirty years of utility industry experience in the financial, rate, tax, and planning areas. He specializes in revenue requirements analyses, taxes, evaluation of rate and financial impacts of traditional and nontraditional ratemaking, utility mergers/acquisition and diversification. Mr. Kollen has expertise in proprietary and nonproprietary software systems used by utilities for budgeting, rate case support and strategic and financial planning.

RESUME OF LANE KOLLEN, VICE PRESIDENT

EXPERIENCE**1986 to****Present:**

J. Kennedy and Associates, Inc.: Vice President and Principal. Responsible for utility stranded cost analysis, revenue requirements analysis, cash flow projections and solvency, financial and cash effects of traditional and nontraditional ratemaking, and research, speaking and writing on the effects of tax law changes. Testimony before Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Louisiana, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Minnesota, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Texas, West Virginia and Wisconsin state regulatory commissions and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

1983 to**1986:**

Energy Management Associates: Lead Consultant.

Consulting in the areas of strategic and financial planning, traditional and nontraditional ratemaking, rate case support and testimony, diversification and generation expansion planning. Directed consulting and software development projects utilizing PROSCREEN II and ACUMEN proprietary software products. Utilized ACUMEN detailed corporate simulation system, PROSCREEN II strategic planning system and other custom developed software to support utility rate case filings including test year revenue requirements, rate base, operating income and pro-forma adjustments. Also utilized these software products for revenue simulation, budget preparation and cost-of-service analyses.

1976 to**1983:**

The Toledo Edison Company: Planning Supervisor.

Responsible for financial planning activities including generation expansion planning, capital and expense budgeting, evaluation of tax law changes, rate case strategy and support and computerized financial modeling using proprietary and nonproprietary software products. Directed the modeling and evaluation of planning alternatives including:

Rate phase-ins.

Construction project cancellations and write-offs.

Construction project delays.

Capacity swaps.

Financing alternatives.

Competitive pricing for off-system sales.

Sale/leasebacks.

RESUME OF LANE KOLLEN, VICE PRESIDENT

CLIENTS SERVED

Industrial Companies and Groups

Air Products and Chemicals, Inc.	Lehigh Valley Power Committee
Airco Industrial Gases	Maryland Industrial Group
Alcan Aluminum	Multiple Intervenors (New York)
Armco Advanced Materials Co.	National Southwire
Armco Steel	North Carolina Industrial Energy Consumers
Bethlehem Steel	Occidental Chemical Corporation
CF&I Steel, L.P.	Ohio Energy Group
Climax Molybdenum Company	Ohio Industrial Energy Consumers
Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	Ohio Manufacturers Association
ELCON	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group
Enron Gas Pipeline Company	PSI Industrial Group
Florida Industrial Power Users Group	Smith Cogeneration
Gallatin Steel	Taconite Intervenors (Minnesota)
General Electric Company	West Penn Power Industrial Intervenors
GPU Industrial Intervenors	West Virginia Energy Users Group
Indiana Industrial Group	Westvaco Corporation
Industrial Consumers for Fair Utility Rates - Indiana	
Industrial Energy Consumers - Ohio	
Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	
Kimberly-Clark Company	

**Regulatory Commissions and
Government Agencies**

Cities in Texas-New Mexico Power Company's Service Territory
Cities in AEP Texas Central Company's Service Territory
Cities in AEP Texas North Company's Service Territory
Georgia Public Service Commission Staff
Kentucky Attorney General's Office, Division of Consumer Protection
Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff
Maine Office of Public Advocate
New York State Energy Office
Office of Public Utility Counsel (Texas)

RESUME OF LANE KOLLEN, VICE PRESIDENT

Utilities

Allegheny Power System
Atlantic City Electric Company
Carolina Power & Light Company
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company
Delmarva Power & Light Company
Duquesne Light Company
General Public Utilities
Georgia Power Company
Middle South Services
Nevada Power Company
Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation

Otter Tail Power Company
Pacific Gas & Electric Company
Public Service Electric & Gas
Public Service of Oklahoma
Rochester Gas and Electric
Savannah Electric & Power Company
Seminole Electric Cooperative
Southern California Edison
Talquin Electric Cooperative
Tampa Electric
Texas Utilities
Toledo Edison Company

**Expert Testimony Appearances
of
Lane Kollen
As of March 2019**

Date	Case	Jurisdct.	Party	Utility	Subject
10/86	U-17282 Interim	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Cash revenue requirements financial solvency.
11/86	U-17282 Interim Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Cash revenue requirements financial solvency.
12/86	9613	KY	Attorney General Div. of Consumer Protection	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Revenue requirements accounting adjustments financial workout plan.
1/87	U-17282 Interim	LA 19th Judicial District Ct.	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Cash revenue requirements, financial solvency.
3/87	General Order 236	WV	West Virginia Energy Users' Group	Monongahela Power Co.	Tax Reform Act of 1986.
4/87	U-17282 Prudence	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Prudence of River Bend 1, economic analyses, cancellation studies.
4/87	M-100 Sub 113	NC	North Carolina Industrial Energy Consumers	Duke Power Co.	Tax Reform Act of 1986.
5/87	86-524-E-SC	WV	West Virginia Energy Users' Group	Monongahela Power Co.	Revenue requirements, Tax Reform Act of 1986.
5/87	U-17282 Case In Chief	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements, River Bend 1 phase-in plan, financial solvency.
7/87	U-17282 Case In Chief Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements, River Bend 1 phase-in plan, financial solvency.
7/87	U-17282 Prudence Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Prudence of River Bend 1, economic analyses, cancellation studies.
7/87	86-524 E-SC Rebuttal	WV	West Virginia Energy Users' Group	Monongahela Power Co.	Revenue requirements, Tax Reform Act of 1986.
8/87	9885	KY	Attorney General Div. of Consumer Protection	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Financial workout plan.
8/87	E-015/GR-87-223	MN	Taconite Interveners	Minnesota Power & Light Co.	Revenue requirements, O&M expense, Tax Reform Act of 1986.
10/87	870220-EI	FL	Occidental Chemical Corp.	Florida Power Corp.	Revenue requirements, O&M expense, Tax Reform Act of 1986.
11/87	87-07-01	CT	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	Connecticut Light & Power Co.	Tax Reform Act of 1986.
1/88	U-17282	LA 19th Judicial District Ct.	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements, River Bend 1 phase-in plan, rate of return.
2/88	9934	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Economics of Trimble County, completion.

**Expert Testimony Appearances
of
Lane Kollen
As of March 2019**

Date	Case	Jurisdiction	Party	Utility	Subject
2/88	10064	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, O&M expense, capital structure, excess deferred income taxes.
5/88	10217	KY	Alcan Aluminum National Southwire	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Financial workout plan.
5/88	M-87017-1C001	PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Metropolitan Edison Co.	Nonutility generator deferred cost recovery.
5/88	M-87017-2C005	PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Nonutility generator deferred cost recovery.
6/88	U-17282	LA 19th Judicial District Ct.	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities	Prudence of River Bend 1 economic analyses, cancellation studies, financial modeling.
7/88	M-87017-1C001 Rebuttal	PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Metropolitan Edison Co.	Nonutility generator deferred cost recovery, SFAS No. 92.
7/88	M-87017-2C005 Rebuttal	PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Nonutility generator deferred cost recovery, SFAS No. 92.
9/88	88-05-25	CT	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	Connecticut Light & Power Co.	Excess deferred taxes, O&M expenses.
9/88	10064 Rehearing	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Premature retirements, interest expense.
10/88	88-170-EL-AIR	OH	Ohio Industrial Energy Consumers	Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.	Revenue requirements, phase-in, excess deferred taxes, O&M expenses, financial considerations, working capital.
10/88	88-171-EL-AIR	OH	Ohio Industrial Energy Consumers	Toledo Edison Co.	Revenue requirements, phase-in, excess deferred taxes, O&M expenses, financial considerations, working capital.
10/88	8800-355-EI	FL	Florida Industrial Power Users' Group	Florida Power & Light Co.	Tax Reform Act of 1986, tax expenses, O&M expenses, pension expense (SFAS No. 87).
10/88	3780-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Pension expense (SFAS No. 87).
11/88	U-17282 Remand	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Rate base exclusion plan (SFAS No. 71).
12/88	U-17970	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	AT&T Communications of South Central States	Pension expense (SFAS No. 87).
12/88	U-17949 Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	South Central Bell	Compensated absences (SFAS No. 43), pension expense (SFAS No. 87), Part 32, income tax normalization.
2/89	U-17282 Phase II	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements, phase-in of River Bend 1, recovery of canceled plant.

**Expert Testimony Appearances
of
Lane Kollen
As of March 2019**

Date	Case	Jurisdct.	Party	Utility	Subject
6/89	881602-EU 890326-EU	FL	Talquin Electric Cooperative	Talquin/City of Tallahassee	Economic analyses, incremental cost-of-service, average customer rates.
7/89	U-17970	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	AT&T Communications of South Central States	Pension expense (SFAS No. 87), compensated absences (SFAS No. 43), Part 32.
8/89	8555	TX	Occidental Chemical Corp.	Houston Lighting & Power Co.	Cancellation cost recovery, tax expense, revenue requirements.
8/89	3840-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Georgia Power Co.	Promotional practices, advertising, economic development.
9/89	U-17282 Phase II Detailed	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements, detailed investigation.
10/89	8880	TX	Enron Gas Pipeline	Texas-New Mexico Power Co.	Deferred accounting treatment, sale/leaseback.
10/89	8928	TX	Enron Gas Pipeline	Texas-New Mexico Power Co.	Revenue requirements, imputed capital structure, cash working capital.
10/89	R-891364	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	Philadelphia Electric Co.	Revenue requirements.
11/89 12/89	R-891364 Surrebuttal (2 Filings)	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	Philadelphia Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, sale/leaseback.
1/90	U-17282 Phase II Detailed Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements, detailed investigation.
1/90	U-17282 Phase III	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Phase-in of River Bend 1, deregulated asset plan.
3/90	890319-EI	FL	Florida Industrial Power Users Group	Florida Power & Light Co.	O&M expenses, Tax Reform Act of 1986.
4/90	890319-EI Rebuttal	FL	Florida Industrial Power Users Group	Florida Power & Light Co.	O&M expenses, Tax Reform Act of 1986.
4/90	U-17282	LA 19 th Judicial District Ct.	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities	Fuel clause, gain on sale of utility assets.
9/90	90-158	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, post-test year additions, forecasted test year.
12/90	U-17282 Phase IV	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements.
3/91	29327, et. al.	NY	Multiple Intervenors	Niagara Mohawk Power Corp.	Incentive regulation.

**Expert Testimony Appearances
of
Lane Kollen
As of March 2019**

Date	Case	Jurisdiction	Party	Utility	Subject
5/91	9945	TX	Office of Public Utility Counsel of Texas	El Paso Electric Co.	Financial modeling, economic analyses, prudence of Palo Verde 3.
9/91	P-910511 P-910512	PA	Allegheny Ludlum Corp., Armco Advanced Materials Co., The West Penn Power Industrial Users' Group	West Penn Power Co.	Recovery of CAAA costs, least cost financing.
9/91	91-231-E-NC	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Monongahela Power Co.	Recovery of CAAA costs, least cost financing.
11/91	U-17282	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Asset impairment, deregulated asset plan, revenue requirements.
12/91	91-410-EL-AIR	OH	Air Products and Chemicals, Inc., Armco Steel Co., General Electric Co., Industrial Energy Consumers	Cincinnati Gas & Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, phase-in plan.
12/91	PUC Docket 10200	TX	Office of Public Utility Counsel of Texas	Texas-New Mexico Power Co.	Financial integrity, strategic planning, declined business affiliations.
5/92	910890-EI	FL	Occidental Chemical Corp.	Florida Power Corp.	Revenue requirements, O&M expense, pension expense, OPEB expense, fossil dismantling, nuclear decommissioning.
8/92	R-00922314	PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Metropolitan Edison Co.	Incentive regulation, performance rewards, purchased power risk, OPEB expense.
9/92	92-043	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Consumers	Generic Proceeding	OPEB expense.
9/92	920324-EI	FL	Florida Industrial Power Users' Group	Tampa Electric Co.	OPEB expense.
9/92	39348	IN	Indiana Industrial Group	Generic Proceeding	OPEB expense.
9/92	910840-PU	FL	Florida Industrial Power Users' Group	Generic Proceeding	OPEB expense.
9/92	39314	IN	Industrial Consumers for Fair Utility Rates	Indiana Michigan Power Co.	OPEB expense.
11/92	U-19904	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities /Entergy Corp.	Merger.
11/92	8469	MD	Westvaco Corp., Eastalco Aluminum Co.	Potomac Edison Co.	OPEB expense.
11/92	92-1715-AU-COI	OH	Ohio Manufacturers Association	Generic Proceeding	OPEB expense.
12/92	R-00922378	PA	Armco Advanced Materials Co., The WPP Industrial Intervenors	West Penn Power Co.	Incentive regulation, performance rewards, purchased power risk, OPEB expense.

**Expert Testimony Appearances
of
Lane Kollen
As of March 2019**

Date	Case	Jurisdiction	Party	Utility	Subject
12/92	U-19949	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	South Central Bell	Affiliate transactions, cost allocations, merger.
12/92	R-00922479	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users' Group	Philadelphia Electric Co.	OPEB expense.
1/93	8487	MD	Maryland Industrial Group	Baltimore Gas & Electric Co., Bethlehem Steel Corp.	OPEB expense, deferred fuel, CWIP in rate base.
1/93	39498	IN	PSI Industrial Group	PSI Energy, Inc.	Refunds due to over-collection of taxes on Marble Hill cancellation.
3/93	92-11-11	CT	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	Connecticut Light & Power Co	OPEB expense.
3/93	U-19904 (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities /Entergy Corp.	Merger.
3/93	93-01-EL-EFC	OH	Ohio Industrial Energy Consumers	Ohio Power Co.	Affiliate transactions, fuel.
3/93	EC92-21000 ER92-806-000	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities /Entergy Corp.	Merger.
4/93	92-1464-EL-AIR	OH	Air Products Armco Steel Industrial Energy Consumers	Cincinnati Gas & Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, phase-in plan.
4/93	EC92-21000 ER92-806-000 (Rebuttal)	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities /Entergy Corp.	Merger.
9/93	93-113	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Kentucky Utilities	Fuel clause and coal contract refund.
9/93	92-490, 92-490A, 90-360-C	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers and Kentucky Attorney General	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Disallowances and restitution for excessive fuel costs, illegal and improper payments, recovery of mine closure costs.
10/93	U-17735	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative	Revenue requirements, debt restructuring agreement, River Bend cost recovery.
1/94	U-20647	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	Audit and investigation into fuel clause costs.
4/94	U-20647 (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	Nuclear and fossil unit performance, fuel costs, fuel clause principles and guidelines.
4/94	U-20647 (Supplemental Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	Audit and investigation into fuel clause costs.
5/94	U-20178	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Louisiana Power & Light Co.	Planning and quantification issues of least cost integrated resource plan.

**Expert Testimony Appearances
of
Lane Kollen
As of March 2019**

Date	Case	Jurisdiction	Party	Utility	Subject
9/94	U-19904 Initial Post-Merger Earnings Review	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	River Bend phase-in plan, deregulated asset plan, capital structure, other revenue requirement issues.
9/94	U-17735	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative	G&T cooperative ratemaking policies, exclusion of River Bend, other revenue requirement issues.
10/94	3905-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Southern Bell Telephone Co.	Incentive rate plan, earnings review.
10/94	5258-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Southern Bell Telephone Co.	Alternative regulation, cost allocation.
11/94	U-19904 Initial Post-Merger Earnings Review (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	River Bend phase-in plan, deregulated asset plan, capital structure, other revenue requirement issues.
11/94	U-17735 (Rebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative	G&T cooperative ratemaking policy, exclusion of River Bend, other revenue requirement issues.
4/95	R-00943271	PA	PP&L Industrial Customer Alliance	Pennsylvania Power & Light Co.	Revenue requirements. Fossil dismantling, nuclear decommissioning.
6/95	3905-U Rebuttal	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission	Southern Bell Telephone Co.	Incentive regulation, affiliate transactions, revenue requirements, rate refund.
6/95	U-19904 (Direct)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	Gas, coal, nuclear fuel costs, contract prudence, base/fuel realignment.
10/95	95-02614	TN	Tennessee Office of the Attorney General Consumer Advocate	BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.	Affiliate transactions.
10/95	U-21485 (Direct)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	Nuclear O&M, River Bend phase-in plan, base/fuel realignment, NOL and AltMin asset deferred taxes, other revenue requirement issues.
11/95	U-19904 (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co. Division	Gas, coal, nuclear fuel costs, contract prudence, base/fuel realignment.
11/95	U-21485 (Supplemental Direct)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	Nuclear O&M, River Bend phase-in plan, base/fuel realignment, NOL and AltMin asset deferred taxes, other revenue requirement issues.
12/95	U-21485 (Surrebuttal)				
1/96	95-299-EL-AIR 95-300-EL-AIR	OH	Industrial Energy Consumers	The Toledo Edison Co., The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.	Competition, asset write-offs and revaluation, O&M expense, other revenue requirement issues.
2/96	PUC Docket 14965	TX	Office of Public Utility Counsel	Central Power & Light	Nuclear decommissioning.
5/96	95-485-LCS	NM	City of Las Cruces	El Paso Electric Co.	Stranded cost recovery, municipalization.

**Expert Testimony Appearances
of
Lane Kollen
As of March 2019**

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
7/96	8725	MD	The Maryland Industrial Group and Redland Genstar, Inc.	Baltimore Gas & Electric Co., Potomac Electric Power Co., and Constellation Energy Corp.	Merger savings, tracking mechanism, earnings sharing plan, revenue requirement issues.
9/96 11/96	U-22092 U-22092 (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	River Bend phase-in plan, base/fuel realignment, NOL and AltMin asset deferred taxes, other revenue requirement issues, allocation of regulated/nonregulated costs.
10/96	96-327	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Environmental surcharge recoverable costs.
2/97	R-00973877	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	PECO Energy Co.	Stranded cost recovery, regulatory assets and liabilities, intangible transition charge, revenue requirements.
3/97	96-489	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Co.	Environmental surcharge recoverable costs, system agreements, allowance inventory, jurisdictional allocation.
6/97	TO-97-397	MO	MCI Telecommunications Corp., Inc., MCImetro Access Transmission Services, Inc.	Southwestern Bell Telephone Co.	Price cap regulation, revenue requirements, rate of return.
6/97	R-00973953	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	PECO Energy Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning.
7/97	R-00973954	PA	PP&L Industrial Customer Alliance	Pennsylvania Power & Light Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning.
7/97	U-22092	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Depreciation rates and methodologies, River Bend phase-in plan.
8/97	97-300	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas & Electric Co., Kentucky Utilities Co.	Merger policy, cost savings, surcredit sharing mechanism, revenue requirements, rate of return.
8/97	R-00973954 (Surrebuttal)	PA	PP&L Industrial Customer Alliance	Pennsylvania Power & Light Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning.
10/97	97-204	KY	Alcan Aluminum Corp. Southwire Co.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Restructuring, revenue requirements, reasonableness.
10/97	R-974008	PA	Metropolitan Edison Industrial Users Group	Metropolitan Edison Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements.
10/97	R-974009	PA	Penelec Industrial Customer Alliance	Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements.

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11/97	97-204 (Rebuttal)	KY	Alcan Aluminum Corp. Southwire Co.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Restructuring, revenue requirements, reasonableness of rates, cost allocation.
11/97	U-22491	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, other revenue requirement issues.
11/97	R-00973953 (Surrebuttal)	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	PECO Energy Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning.
11/97	R-973981	PA	West Penn Power Industrial Intervenors	West Penn Power Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements, securitization.
11/97	R-974104	PA	Duquesne Industrial Intervenors	Duquesne Light Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements, securitization.
12/97	R-973981 (Surrebuttal)	PA	West Penn Power Industrial Intervenors	West Penn Power Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements.
12/97	R-974104 (Surrebuttal)	PA	Duquesne Industrial Intervenors	Duquesne Light Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements, securitization.
1/98	U-22491 (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, other revenue requirement issues.
2/98	8774	MD	Westvaco	Potomac Edison Co.	Merger of Duquesne, AE, customer safeguards, savings sharing.
3/98	U-22092 (Allocated Stranded Cost Issues)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Restructuring, stranded costs, regulatory assets, securitization, regulatory mitigation.
3/98	8390-U	GA	Georgia Natural Gas Group, Georgia Textile Manufacturers Assoc.	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Restructuring, unbundling, stranded costs, incentive regulation, revenue requirements.
3/98	U-22092 (Allocated Stranded Cost Issues) (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Restructuring, stranded costs, regulatory assets, securitization, regulatory mitigation.
3/98	U-22491 (Supplemental Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, other revenue requirement issues.
10/98	97-596	ME	Maine Office of the Public Advocate	Bangor Hydro- Electric Co.	Restructuring, unbundling, stranded costs, T&D revenue requirements.

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10/98	9355-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Georgia Power Co.	Affiliate transactions.
10/98	U-17735 Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative	G&T cooperative ratemaking policy, other revenue requirement issues.
11/98	U-23327	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO, CSW and AEP	Merger policy, savings sharing mechanism, affiliate transaction conditions.
12/98	U-23358 (Direct)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues.
12/98	98-577	ME	Maine Office of Public Advocate	Maine Public Service Co.	Restructuring, unbundling, stranded cost, T&D revenue requirements.
1/99	98-10-07	CT	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	United Illuminating Co.	Stranded costs, investment tax credits, accumulated deferred income taxes, excess deferred income taxes.
3/99	U-23358 (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues.
3/99	98-474	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, alternative forms of regulation.
3/99	98-426	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Revenue requirements, alternative forms of regulation.
3/99	99-082	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	Revenue requirements.
3/99	99-083	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Revenue requirements.
4/99	U-23358 (Supplemental Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues.
4/99	99-03-04	CT	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	United Illuminating Co.	Regulatory assets and liabilities, stranded costs, recovery mechanisms.
4/99	99-02-05	CT	Connecticut Industrial Utility Customers	Connecticut Light and Power Co.	Regulatory assets and liabilities, stranded costs, recovery mechanisms.
5/99	98-426 99-082 (Additional Direct)	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	Revenue requirements.
5/99	98-474 99-083 (Additional Direct)	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Revenue requirements.

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5/99	98-426 98-474 (Response to Amended Applications)	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co., Kentucky Utilities Co.	Alternative regulation.
6/99	97-596	ME	Maine Office of Public Advocate	Bangor Hydro- Electric Co.	Request for accounting order regarding electric industry restructuring costs.
7/99	U-23358	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Affiliate transactions, cost allocations.
7/99	99-03-35	CT	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	United Illuminating Co.	Stranded costs, regulatory assets, tax effects of asset divestiture.
7/99	U-23327	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Southwestern Electric Power Co., Central and South West Corp, American Electric Power Co.	Merger Settlement and Stipulation.
7/99	97-596 Surrebuttal	ME	Maine Office of Public Advocate	Bangor Hydro- Electric Co.	Restructuring, unbundling, stranded cost, T&D revenue requirements.
7/99	98-0452-E-GI	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Monongahela Power, Potomac Edison, Appalachian Power, Wheeling Power	Regulatory assets and liabilities.
8/99	98-577 Surrebuttal	ME	Maine Office of Public Advocate	Maine Public Service Co.	Restructuring, unbundling, stranded costs, T&D revenue requirements.
8/99	98-426 99-082 Rebuttal	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	Revenue requirements.
8/99	98-474 98-083 Rebuttal	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Revenue requirements.
8/99	98-0452-E-GI Rebuttal	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Monongahela Power, Potomac Edison, Appalachian Power, Wheeling Power	Regulatory assets and liabilities.
10/99	U-24182 Direct	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, affiliate transactions, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues.
11/99	PUC Docket 21527	TX	The Dallas-Fort Worth Hospital Council and Coalition of Independent Colleges and Universities	TXU Electric	Restructuring, stranded costs, taxes, securitization.

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Date	Case	Jurisdct.	Party	Utility	Subject
11/99	U-23358 Surrebuttal Affiliate Transactions Review	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Service company affiliate transaction costs.
01/00	U-24182 Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, affiliate transactions, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues.
04/00	99-1212-EL-ETP 99-1213-EL-ATA 99-1214-EL-AAM	OH	Greater Cleveland Growth Association	First Energy (Cleveland Electric Illuminating, Toledo Edison)	Historical review, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities.
05/00	2000-107	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Co.	ECR surcharge roll-in to base rates.
05/00	U-24182 Supplemental Direct	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Affiliate expense proforma adjustments.
05/00	A-110550F0147	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	PECO Energy	Merger between PECO and Unicom.
05/00	99-1658-EL-ETP	OH	AK Steel Corp.	Cincinnati Gas & Electric Co.	Regulatory transition costs, including regulatory assets and liabilities, SFAS 109, ADIT, EDIT, ITC.
07/00	PUC Docket 22344	TX	The Dallas-Fort Worth Hospital Council and The Coalition of Independent Colleges and Universities	Statewide Generic Proceeding	Escalation of O&M expenses for unbundled T&D revenue requirements in projected test year.
07/00	U-21453	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	SWEPCO	Stranded costs, regulatory assets and liabilities.
08/00	U-24064	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	CLECO	Affiliate transaction pricing ratemaking principles, subsidization of nonregulated affiliates, ratemaking adjustments.
10/00	SOAH Docket 473-00-1015 PUC Docket 22350	TX	The Dallas-Fort Worth Hospital Council and The Coalition of Independent Colleges and Universities	TXU Electric Co.	Restructuring, T&D revenue requirements, mitigation, regulatory assets and liabilities.
10/00	R-00974104 Affidavit	PA	Duquesne Industrial Intervenors	Duquesne Light Co.	Final accounting for stranded costs, including treatment of auction proceeds, taxes, capital costs, switchback costs, and excess pension funding.
11/00	P-00001837 R-00974008 P-00001838 R-00974009	PA	Metropolitan Edison Industrial Users Group Penelec Industrial Customer Alliance	Metropolitan Edison Co., Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Final accounting for stranded costs, including treatment of auction proceeds, taxes, regulatory assets and liabilities, transaction costs.

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12/00	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket C) Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO	Stranded costs, regulatory assets.
01/01	U-24993 Direct	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues.
01/01	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket B) Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Industry restructuring, business separation plan, organization structure, hold harmless conditions, financing.
01/01	Case No. 2000-386	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Recovery of environmental costs, surcharge mechanism.
01/01	Case No. 2000-439	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Recovery of environmental costs, surcharge mechanism.
02/01	A-110300F0095 A-110400F0040	PA	Met-Ed Industrial Users Group, Penelec Industrial Customer Alliance	GPU, Inc. FirstEnergy Corp.	Merger, savings, reliability.
03/01	P-00001860 P-00001861	PA	Met-Ed Industrial Users Group, Penelec Industrial Customer Alliance	Metropolitan Edison Co., Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Recovery of costs due to provider of last resort obligation.
04/01	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket B) Settlement Term Sheet	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Business separation plan: settlement agreement on overall plan structure.
04/01	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket B) Contested Issues	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Business separation plan: agreements, hold harmless conditions, separations methodology.
05/01	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket B) Contested Issues Transmission and Distribution Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Business separation plan: agreements, hold harmless conditions, separations methodology.

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Date	Case	Jurisdiction	Party	Utility	Subject
07/01	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket B) Transmission and Distribution Term Sheet	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Business separation plan: settlement agreement on T&D issues, agreements necessary to implement T&D separations, hold harmless conditions, separations methodology.
10/01	14000-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Georgia Power Company	Revenue requirements, Rate Plan, fuel clause recovery.
11/01	14311-U Direct Panel with Bolin Killings	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co	Revenue requirements, revenue forecast, O&M expense, depreciation, plant additions, cash working capital.
11/01	U-25687 Direct	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, capital structure, allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, River Bend uprate.
02/02	PUC Docket 25230	TX	The Dallas-Fort Worth Hospital Council and the Coalition of Independent Colleges and Universities	TXU Electric	Stipulation. Regulatory assets, securitization financing.
02/02	U-25687 Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, corporate franchise tax, conversion to LLC, River Bend uprate.
03/02	14311-U Rebuttal Panel with Bolin Killings	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Revenue requirements, earnings sharing plan, service quality standards.
03/02	14311-U Rebuttal Panel with Michelle L. Thebert	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Revenue requirements, revenue forecast, O&M expense, depreciation, plant additions, cash working capital.
03/02	001148-EI	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Assoc.	Florida Power & Light Co.	Revenue requirements. Nuclear life extension, storm damage accruals and reserve, capital structure, O&M expense.
04/02	U-25687 (Suppl. Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, corporate franchise tax, conversion to LLC, River Bend uprate.
04/02	U-21453, U-20925 U-22092 (Subdocket C)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	SWEPCO	Business separation plan, T&D Term Sheet, separations methodologies, hold harmless conditions.
08/02	EL01-88-000	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	System Agreement, production cost equalization, tariffs.
08/02	U-25888	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc. and Entergy Louisiana, Inc.	System Agreement, production cost disparities, prudence.

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Date	Case	Jurisdiction	Party	Utility	Subject
09/02	2002-00224 2002-00225	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utilities Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co., Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Line losses and fuel clause recovery associated with off-system sales.
11/02	2002-00146 2002-00147	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utilities Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co., Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Environmental compliance costs and surcharge recovery.
01/03	2002-00169	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utilities Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Co.	Environmental compliance costs and surcharge recovery.
04/03	2002-00429 2002-00430	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utilities Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co., Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Extension of merger surcredit, flaws in Companies' studies.
04/03	U-26527	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, corporate franchise tax, conversion to LLC, capital structure, post-test year adjustments.
06/03	EL01-88-000 Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	System Agreement, production cost equalization, tariffs.
06/03	2003-00068	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Environmental cost recovery, correction of base rate error.
11/03	ER03-753-000	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Unit power purchases and sale cost-based tariff pursuant to System Agreement.
11/03	ER03-583-000, ER03-583-001, ER03-583-002 ER03-681-000, ER03-681-001 ER03-682-000, ER03-682-001, ER03-682-002 ER03-744-000, ER03-744-001 (Consolidated)	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc., the Entergy Operating Companies, EWO Marketing, L.P., and Entergy Power, Inc.	Unit power purchases and sale agreements, contractual provisions, projected costs, levelized rates, and formula rates.
12/03	U-26527 Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, corporate franchise tax, conversion to LLC, capital structure, post-test year adjustments.
12/03	2003-0334 2003-0335	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co., Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Earnings Sharing Mechanism.
12/03	U-27136	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Louisiana, Inc.	Purchased power contracts between affiliates, terms and conditions.

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03/04	U-26527 Supplemental Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, corporate franchise tax, conversion to LLC, capital structure, post-test year adjustments.
03/04	2003-00433	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, depreciation rates, O&M expense, deferrals and amortization, earnings sharing mechanism, merger surcredit, VDT surcredit.
03/04	2003-00434	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Revenue requirements, depreciation rates, O&M expense, deferrals and amortization, earnings sharing mechanism, merger surcredit, VDT surcredit.
03/04	SOAH Docket 473-04-2459 PUC Docket 29206	TX	Cities Served by Texas- New Mexico Power Co.	Texas-New Mexico Power Co.	Stranded costs true-up, including valuation issues, ITC, ADIT, excess earnings.
05/04	04-169-EL-UNC	OH	Ohio Energy Group, Inc.	Columbus Southern Power Co. & Ohio Power Co.	Rate stabilization plan, deferrals, T&D rate increases, earnings.
06/04	SOAH Docket 473-04-4555 PUC Docket 29526	TX	Houston Council for Health and Education	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric	Stranded costs true-up, including valuation issues, ITC, EDIT, excess mitigation credits, capacity auction true-up revenues, interest.
08/04	SOAH Docket 473-04-4555 PUC Docket 29526 (Suppl Direct)	TX	Houston Council for Health and Education	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric	Interest on stranded cost pursuant to Texas Supreme Court remand.
09/04	U-23327 Subdocket B	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO	Fuel and purchased power expenses recoverable through fuel adjustment clause, trading activities, compliance with terms of various LPSC Orders.
10/04	U-23327 Subdocket A	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO	Revenue requirements.
12/04	Case Nos. 2004-00321, 2004-00372	KY	Gallatin Steel Co.	East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc., Big Sandy Recc, et al.	Environmental cost recovery, qualified costs, TIER requirements, cost allocation.
01/05	30485	TX	Houston Council for Health and Education	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC	Stranded cost true-up including regulatory Central Co. assets and liabilities, ITC, EDIT, capacity auction, proceeds, excess mitigation credits, retrospective and prospective ADIT.
02/05	18638-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Revenue requirements.
02/05	18638-U Panel with Tony Wackerly	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Comprehensive rate plan, pipeline replacement program surcharge, performance based rate plan.

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Date	Case	Jurisdiction	Party	Utility	Subject
02/05	18638-U Panel with Michelle Thebert	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Energy conservation, economic development, and tariff issues.
03/05	Case Nos. 2004-00426, 2004-00421	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co., Louisville Gas & Electric	Environmental cost recovery, Jobs Creation Act of 2004 and §199 deduction, excess common equity ratio, deferral and amortization of nonrecurring O&M expense.
06/05	2005-00068	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Co.	Environmental cost recovery, Jobs Creation Act of 2004 and §199 deduction, margins on allowances used for AEP system sales.
06/05	050045-EI	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Assoc.	Florida Power & Light Co.	Storm damage expense and reserve, RTO costs, O&M expense projections, return on equity performance incentive, capital structure, selective second phase post-test year rate increase.
08/05	31056	TX	Alliance for Valley Healthcare	AEP Texas Central Co.	Stranded cost true-up including regulatory assets and liabilities, ITC, EDIT, capacity auction, proceeds, excess mitigation credits, retrospective and prospective ADIT.
09/05	20298-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atmos Energy Corp.	Revenue requirements, roll-in of surcharges, cost recovery through surcharge, reporting requirements.
09/05	20298-U Panel with Victoria Taylor	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atmos Energy Corp.	Affiliate transactions, cost allocations, capitalization, cost of debt.
10/05	04-42	DE	Delaware Public Service Commission Staff	Artesian Water Co.	Allocation of tax net operating losses between regulated and unregulated.
11/05	2005-00351 2005-00352	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co., Louisville Gas & Electric	Workforce Separation Program cost recovery and shared savings through VDT surcredit.
01/06	2005-00341	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Co.	System Sales Clause Rider, Environmental Cost Recovery Rider, Net Congestion Rider, Storm damage, vegetation management program, depreciation, off-system sales, maintenance normalization, pension and OPEB.
03/06	PUC Docket 31994	TX	Cities	Texas-New Mexico Power Co.	Stranded cost recovery through competition transition or change.
05/06	31994 Supplemental	TX	Cities	Texas-New Mexico Power Co.	Retrospective ADFIT, prospective ADFIT.
03/06	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket B)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Jurisdictional separation plan.

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03/06	NOPR Reg 104385-OR	IRS	Alliance for Valley Health Care and Houston Council for Health Education	AEP Texas Central Company and CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric	Proposed Regulations affecting flow- through to ratepayers of excess deferred income taxes and investment tax credits on generation plant that is sold or deregulated.
04/06	U-25116	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Louisiana, Inc.	2002-2004 Audit of Fuel Adjustment Clause Filings. Affiliate transactions.
07/06	R-00061366, Et. al.	PA	Met-Ed Ind. Users Group Pennsylvania Ind. Customer Alliance	Metropolitan Edison Co., Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Recovery of NUG-related stranded costs, government mandated program costs, storm damage costs.
07/06	U-23327	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Southwestern Electric Power Co.	Revenue requirements, formula rate plan, banking proposal.
08/06	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket J)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Jurisdictional separation plan.
11/06	05CVH03-3375 Franklin County Court Affidavit	OH	Various Taxing Authorities (Non-Utility Proceeding)	State of Ohio Department of Revenue	Accounting for nuclear fuel assemblies as manufactured equipment and capitalized plant.
12/06	U-23327 Subdocket A Reply Testimony	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Southwestern Electric Power Co.	Revenue requirements, formula rate plan, banking proposal.
03/07	U-29764	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc., Entergy Louisiana, LLC	Jurisdictional allocation of Entergy System Agreement equalization remedy receipts.
03/07	PUC Docket 33309	TX	Cities	AEP Texas Central Co.	Revenue requirements, including functionalization of transmission and distribution costs.
03/07	PUC Docket 33310	TX	Cities	AEP Texas North Co.	Revenue requirements, including functionalization of transmission and distribution costs.
03/07	2006-00472	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	Interim rate increase, RUS loan covenants, credit facility requirements, financial condition.
03/07	U-29157	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Cleco Power, LLC	Permanent (Phase II) storm damage cost recovery.
04/07	U-29764 Supplemental and Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc., Entergy Louisiana, LLC	Jurisdictional allocation of Entergy System Agreement equalization remedy receipts.
04/07	ER07-682-000 Affidavit	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Allocation of intangible and general plant and A&G expenses to production and state income tax effects on equalization remedy receipts.
04/07	ER07-684-000 Affidavit	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Fuel hedging costs and compliance with FERC USOA.

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Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
05/07	ER07-682-000 Supplemental Affidavit	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Allocation of intangible and general plant and A&G expenses to production and account 924 effects on MSS-3 equalization remedy payments and receipts.
06/07	U-29764	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Louisiana, LLC, Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Show cause for violating LPSC Order on fuel hedging costs.
07/07	2006-00472	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	Revenue requirements, post-test year adjustments, TIER, surcharge revenues and costs, financial need.
07/07	ER07-956-000 Affidavit	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Storm damage costs related to Hurricanes Katrina and Rita and effects of MSS-3 equalization payments and receipts.
10/07	05-UR-103 Direct	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Wisconsin Electric Power Company, Wisconsin Gas, LLC	Revenue requirements, carrying charges on CWIP, amortization and return on regulatory assets, working capital, incentive compensation, use of rate base in lieu of capitalization, quantification and use of Point Beach sale proceeds.
10/07	05-UR-103 Surrebuttal	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Wisconsin Electric Power Company, Wisconsin Gas, LLC	Revenue requirements, carrying charges on CWIP, amortization and return on regulatory assets, working capital, incentive compensation, use of rate base in lieu of capitalization, quantification and use of Point Beach sale proceeds.
10/07	25060-U Direct	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Public Interest Adversary Staff	Georgia Power Company	Affiliate costs, incentive compensation, consolidated income taxes, §199 deduction.
11/07	06-0033-E-CN Direct	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Appalachian Power Company	IGCC surcharge during construction period and post-in-service date.
11/07	ER07-682-000 Direct	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Functionalization and allocation of intangible and general plant and A&G expenses.
01/08	ER07-682-000 Cross-Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Functionalization and allocation of intangible and general plant and A&G expenses.
01/08	07-551-EL-AIR Direct	OH	Ohio Energy Group, Inc.	Ohio Edison Company, Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, Toledo Edison Company	Revenue requirements.
02/08	ER07-956-000 Direct	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Functionalization of expenses, storm damage expense and reserves, tax NOL carrybacks in accounts, ADIT, nuclear service lives and effects on depreciation and decommissioning.

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03/08	ER07-956-000 Cross-Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Functionalization of expenses, storm damage expense and reserves, tax NOL carrybacks in accounts, ADIT, nuclear service lives and effects on depreciation and decommissioning.
04/08	2007-00562, 2007-00563	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co., Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	Merger surcredit.
04/08	26837 Direct Bond, Johnson, Thebert, Kollen Panel	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	SCANA Energy Marketing, Inc.	Rule Nisi complaint.
05/08	26837 Rebuttal Bond, Johnson, Thebert, Kollen Panel	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	SCANA Energy Marketing, Inc.	Rule Nisi complaint.
05/08	26837 Suppl Rebuttal Bond, Johnson, Thebert, Kollen Panel	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	SCANA Energy Marketing, Inc.	Rule Nisi complaint.
06/08	2008-00115	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.	Environmental surcharge recoveries, including costs recovered in existing rates, TIER.
07/08	27163 Direct	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Public Interest Advocacy Staff	Atmos Energy Corp.	Revenue requirements, including projected test year rate base and expenses.
07/08	27163 Taylor, Kollen Panel	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Public Interest Advocacy Staff	Atmos Energy Corp.	Affiliate transactions and division cost allocations, capital structure, cost of debt.
08/08	6680-CE-170 Direct	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Power and Light Company	Nelson Dewey 3 or Colombia 3 fixed financial parameters.
08/08	6680-UR-116 Direct	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Power and Light Company	CWIP in rate base, labor expenses, pension expense, financing, capital structure, decoupling.
08/08	6680-UR-116 Rebuttal	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Power and Light Company	Capital structure.
08/08	6690-UR-119 Direct	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Public Service Corp.	Prudence of Weston 3 outage, incentive compensation, Crane Creek Wind Farm incremental revenue requirement, capital structure.
09/08	6690-UR-119 Surrebuttal	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Public Service Corp.	Prudence of Weston 3 outage, Section 199 deduction.

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09/08	08-935-EL-SSO, 08-918-EL-SSO	OH	Ohio Energy Group, Inc.	First Energy	Standard service offer rates pursuant to electric security plan, significantly excessive earnings test.
10/08	08-917-EL-SSO	OH	Ohio Energy Group, Inc.	AEP	Standard service offer rates pursuant to electric security plan, significantly excessive earnings test.
10/08	2007-00564, 2007-00565, 2008-00251 2008-00252	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co., Kentucky Utilities Company	Revenue forecast, affiliate costs, ELG v ASL depreciation procedures, depreciation expenses, federal and state income tax expense, capitalization, cost of debt.
11/08	EL08-51	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Spindletop gas storage facilities, regulatory asset and bandwidth remedy.
11/08	35717	TX	Cities Served by Oncor Delivery Company	Oncor Delivery Company	Recovery of old meter costs, asset ADFIT, cash working capital, recovery of prior year restructuring costs, levelized recovery of storm damage costs, prospective storm damage accrual, consolidated tax savings adjustment.
12/08	27800	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission	Georgia Power Company	AFUDC versus CWIP in rate base, mirror CWIP, certification cost, use of short term debt and trust preferred financing, CWIP recovery, regulatory incentive.
01/09	ER08-1056	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Entergy System Agreement bandwidth remedy calculations, including depreciation expense, ADIT, capital structure.
01/09	ER08-1056 Supplemental Direct	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Blytheville leased turbines; accumulated depreciation.
02/09	EL08-51 Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Spindletop gas storage facilities regulatory asset and bandwidth remedy.
02/09	2008-00409 Direct	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.	Revenue requirements.
03/09	ER08-1056 Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Entergy System Agreement bandwidth remedy calculations, including depreciation expense, ADIT, capital structure.
03/09	U-21453, U-20925 U-22092 (Sub J) Direct	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States Louisiana, LLC	Violation of EGSI separation order, ETI and EGSL separation accounting, Spindletop regulatory asset.
04/09	Rebuttal				
04/09	2009-00040 Direct-Interim (Oral)	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Emergency interim rate increase; cash requirements.

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04/09	PUC Docket 36530	TX	State Office of Administrative Hearings	Oncor Electric Delivery Company, LLC	Rate case expenses.
05/09	ER08-1056 Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Entergy System Agreement bandwidth remedy calculations, including depreciation expense, ADIT, capital structure.
06/09	2009-00040 Direct-Permanent	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Revenue requirements, TIER, cash flow.
07/09	080677-EI	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Association	Florida Power & Light Company	Multiple test years, GBRA rider, forecast assumptions, revenue requirement, O&M expense, depreciation expense, Economic Stimulus Bill, capital structure.
08/09	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket J) Supplemental Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States Louisiana, LLC	Violation of EGSI separation order, ETI and EGSL separation accounting, Spindletop regulatory asset.
08/09	8516 and 29950	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Company	Modification of PRP surcharge to include infrastructure costs.
09/09	05-UR-104 Direct and Surrebuttal	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Wisconsin Electric Power Company	Revenue requirements, incentive compensation, depreciation, deferral mitigation, capital structure, cost of debt.
09/09	09AL-299E Answer	CO	CF&I Steel, Rocky Mountain Steel Mills LP, Climax Molybdenum Company	Public Service Company of Colorado	Forecasted test year, historic test year, proforma adjustments for major plant additions, tax depreciation.
09/09	6680-UR-117 Direct and Surrebuttal	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Wisconsin Power and Light Company	Revenue requirements, CWIP in rate base, deferral mitigation, payroll, capacity shutdowns, regulatory assets, rate of return.
10/09	09A-415E Answer	CO	Cripple Creek & Victor Gold Mining Company, et al.	Black Hills/CO Electric Utility Company	Cost prudence, cost sharing mechanism.
10/09	EL09-50 Direct	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Waterford 3 sale/leaseback accumulated deferred income taxes, Entergy System Agreement bandwidth remedy calculations.
10/09	2009-00329	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Company, Kentucky Utilities Company	Trimble County 2 depreciation rates.
12/09	PUE-2009-00030	VA	Old Dominion Committee for Fair Utility Rates	Appalachian Power Company	Return on equity incentive.

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12/09	ER09-1224 Direct	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Hypothetical versus actual costs, out of period costs, Spindletop deferred capital costs, Waterford 3 sale/leaseback ADIT.
01/10	ER09-1224 Cross-Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Hypothetical versus actual costs, out of period costs, Spindletop deferred capital costs, Waterford 3 sale/leaseback ADIT.
01/10	EL09-50 Rebuttal Supplemental Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Waterford 3 sale/leaseback accumulated deferred income taxes, Entergy System Agreement bandwidth remedy calculations.
02/10	ER09-1224 Final	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Hypothetical versus actual costs, out of period costs, Spindletop deferred capital costs, Waterford 3 sale/leaseback ADIT.
02/10	30442 Wackerly-Kollen Panel	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Atmos Energy Corporation	Revenue requirement issues.
02/10	30442 McBride-Kollen Panel	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Atmos Energy Corporation	Affiliate/division transactions, cost allocation, capital structure.
02/10	2009-00353	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc., Attorney General	Louisville Gas and Electric Company, Kentucky Utilities Company	Ratemaking recovery of wind power purchased power agreements.
03/10	2009-00545	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Company	Ratemaking recovery of wind power purchased power agreement.
03/10	E015/GR-09-1151	MN	Large Power Interveners	Minnesota Power	Revenue requirement issues, cost overruns on environmental retrofit project.
04/10	2009-00459	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Company	Revenue requirement issues.
04/10	2009-00548, 2009-00549	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Company, Louisville Gas and Electric Company	Revenue requirement issues.
08/10	31647	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Company	Revenue requirement and synergy savings issues.
08/10	31647 Wackerly-Kollen Panel	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Company	Affiliate transaction and Customer First program issues.
08/10	2010-00204	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Company, Kentucky Utilities Company	PPL acquisition of E.ON U.S. (LG&E and KU) conditions, acquisition savings, sharing deferral mechanism.

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09/10	38339 Direct and Cross-Rebuttal	TX	Gulf Coast Coalition of Cities	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric	Revenue requirement issues, including consolidated tax savings adjustment, incentive compensation FIN 48; AMS surcharge including roll-in to base rates; rate case expenses.
09/10	EL10-55	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc., Entergy Operating Cos	Depreciation rates and expense input effects on System Agreement tariffs.
09/10	2010-00167	KY	Gallatin Steel	East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.	Revenue requirements.
09/10	U-23327 Subdocket E Direct	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	SWEPCO	Fuel audit: S02 allowance expense, variable O&M expense, off-system sales margin sharing.
11/10	U-23327 Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	SWEPCO	Fuel audit: S02 allowance expense, variable O&M expense, off-system sales margin sharing.
09/10	U-31351	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO and Valley Electric Membership Cooperative	Sale of Valley assets to SWEPCO and dissolution of Valley.
10/10	10-1261-EL-UNC	OH	Ohio OCC, Ohio Manufacturers Association, Ohio Energy Group, Ohio Hospital Association, Appalachian Peace and Justice Network	Columbus Southern Power Company	Significantly excessive earnings test.
10/10	10-0713-E-PC	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Monongahela Power Company, Potomac Edison Power Company	Merger of First Energy and Allegheny Energy.
10/10	U-23327 Subdocket F Direct	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO	AFUDC adjustments in Formula Rate Plan.
11/10	EL10-55 Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc., Entergy Operating Cos	Depreciation rates and expense input effects on System Agreement tariffs.
12/10	ER10-1350 Direct	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. Entergy Operating Cos	Waterford 3 lease amortization, ADIT, and fuel inventory effects on System Agreement tariffs.
01/11	ER10-1350 Cross-Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc., Entergy Operating Cos	Waterford 3 lease amortization, ADIT, and fuel inventory effects on System Agreement tariffs.
03/11	ER10-2001 Direct	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc., Entergy	EAI depreciation rates.
04/11	Cross-Answering			Arkansas, Inc.	

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04/11	U-23327 Subdocket E	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO	Settlement, incl resolution of SO2 allowance expense, var O&M expense, sharing of OSS margins.
04/11	38306 Direct	TX	Cities Served by Texas- New Mexico Power Company	Texas-New Mexico Power Company	AMS deployment plan, AMS Surcharge, rate case expenses.
05/11	Suppl Direct				
05/11	11-0274-E-GI	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Appalachian Power Company, Wheeling Power Company	Deferral recovery phase-in, construction surcharge.
05/11	2011-00036	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Revenue requirements.
06/11	29849	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Georgia Power Company	Accounting issues related to Vogtle risk-sharing mechanism.
07/11	ER11-2161 Direct and Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and Entergy Texas, Inc.	ETI depreciation rates; accounting issues.
07/11	PUE-2011-00027	VA	Virginia Committee for Fair Utility Rates	Virginia Electric and Power Company	Return on equity performance incentive.
07/11	11-346-EL-SSO 11-348-EL-SSO 11-349-EL-AAM 11-350-EL-AAM	OH	Ohio Energy Group	AEP-OH	Equity Stabilization Incentive Plan; actual earned returns; ADIT offsets in riders.
08/11	U-23327 Subdocket F Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO	Depreciation rates and service lives; AFUDC adjustments.
08/11	05-UR-105	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	WE Energies, Inc.	Suspended amortization expenses; revenue requirements.
08/11	ER11-2161 Cross-Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and Entergy Texas, Inc.	ETI depreciation rates; accounting issues.
09/11	PUC Docket 39504	TX	Gulf Coast Coalition of Cities	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric	Investment tax credit, excess deferred income taxes; normalization.
09/11	2011-00161 2011-00162	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Consumers, Inc.	Louisville Gas & Electric Company, Kentucky Utilities Company	Environmental requirements and financing.
10/11	11-4571-EL-UNC 11-4572-EL-UNC	OH	Ohio Energy Group	Columbus Southern Power Company, Ohio Power Company	Significantly excessive earnings.
10/11	4220-UR-117 Direct	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Northern States Power-Wisconsin	Nuclear O&M, depreciation.

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11/11	4220-UR-117 Surrebuttal	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Northern States Power-Wisconsin	Nuclear O&M, depreciation.
11/11	PUC Docket 39722	TX	Cities Served by AEP Texas Central Company	AEP Texas Central Company	Investment tax credit, excess deferred income taxes; normalization.
02/12	PUC Docket 40020	TX	Cities Served by Oncor	Lone Star Transmission, LLC	Temporary rates.
03/12	11AL-947E Answer	CO	Climax Molybdenum Company and CF&I Steel, L.P. d/b/a Evraz Rocky Mountain Steel	Public Service Company of Colorado	Revenue requirements, including historic test year, future test year, CACJA CWIP, contra-AFUDC.
03/12	2011-00401	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Company	Big Sandy 2 environmental retrofits and environmental surcharge recovery.
4/12	2011-00036 Direct Rehearing Supplemental Rebuttal Rehearing	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Rate case expenses, depreciation rates and expense.
04/12	10-2929-EL-UNC	OH	Ohio Energy Group	AEP Ohio Power	State compensation mechanism, CRES capacity charges, Equity Stabilization Mechanism
05/12	11-346-EL-SSO 11-348-EL-SSO	OH	Ohio Energy Group	AEP Ohio Power	State compensation mechanism, Equity Stabilization Mechanism, Retail Stability Rider.
05/12	11-4393-EL-RDR	OH	Ohio Energy Group	Duke Energy Ohio, Inc.	Incentives for over-compliance on EE/PDR mandates.
06/12	40020	TX	Cities Served by Oncor	Lone Star Transmission, LLC	Revenue requirements, including ADIT, bonus depreciation and NOL, working capital, self insurance, depreciation rates, federal income tax expense.
07/12	120015-EI	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Association	Florida Power & Light Company	Revenue requirements, including vegetation management, nuclear outage expense, cash working capital, CWIP in rate base.
07/12	2012-00063	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Environmental retrofits, including environmental surcharge recovery.
09/12	05-UR-106	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Electric Power Company	Section 1603 grants, new solar facility, payroll expenses, cost of debt.
10/12	2012-00221 2012-00222	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Company, Kentucky Utilities Company	Revenue requirements, including off-system sales, outage maintenance, storm damage, injuries and damages, depreciation rates and expense.
10/12	120015-EI Direct	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Association	Florida Power & Light Company	Settlement issues.

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11/12	120015-EI Rebuttal	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Association	Florida Power & Light Company	Settlement issues.
10/12	40604	TX	Steering Committee of Cities Served by Oncor	Cross Texas Transmission, LLC	Policy and procedural issues, revenue requirements, including AFUDC, ADIT – bonus depreciation & NOL, incentive compensation, staffing, self-insurance, net salvage, depreciation rates and expense, income tax expense.
11/12	40627 Direct	TX	City of Austin d/b/a Austin Energy	City of Austin d/b/a Austin Energy	Rate case expenses.
12/12	40443	TX	Cities Served by SWEPCO	Southwestern Electric Power Company	Revenue requirements, including depreciation rates and service lives, O&M expenses, consolidated tax savings, CWIP in rate base, Turk plant costs.
12/12	U-29764	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States Louisiana, LLC and Entergy Louisiana, LLC	Termination of purchased power contracts between EGSL and ETI, Spindletop regulatory asset.
01/13	ER12-1384 Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States Louisiana, LLC and Entergy Louisiana, LLC	Little Gypsy 3 cancellation costs.
02/13	40627 Rebuttal	TX	City of Austin d/b/a Austin Energy	City of Austin d/b/a Austin Energy	Rate case expenses.
03/13	12-426-EL-SSO	OH	The Ohio Energy Group	The Dayton Power and Light Company	Capacity charges under state compensation mechanism, Service Stability Rider, Switching Tracker.
04/13	12-2400-EL-UNC	OH	The Ohio Energy Group	Duke Energy Ohio, Inc.	Capacity charges under state compensation mechanism, deferrals, rider to recover deferrals.
04/13	2012-00578	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Company	Resource plan, including acquisition of interest in Mitchell plant.
05/13	2012-00535	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Revenue requirements, excess capacity, restructuring.
06/13	12-3254-EL-UNC	OH	The Ohio Energy Group, Inc., Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel	Ohio Power Company	Energy auctions under CBP, including reserve prices.
07/13	2013-00144	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Company	Biomass renewable energy purchase agreement.
07/13	2013-00221	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Agreements to provide Century Hawesville Smelter market access.
10/13	2013-00199	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Revenue requirements, excess capacity, restructuring.

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12/13	2013-00413	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Agreements to provide Century Sebree Smelter market access.
01/14	ER10-1350 Direct and Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Waterford 3 lease accounting and treatment in annual bandwidth filings.
02/14	U-32981	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Louisiana, LLC	Montauk renewable energy PPA.
04/14	ER13-432 Direct	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States Louisiana, LLC and Entergy Louisiana, LLC	UP Settlement benefits and damages.
05/14	PUE-2013-00132	VA	HP Hood LLC	Shenandoah Valley Electric Cooperative	Market based rate; load control tariffs.
07/14	PUE-2014-00033	VA	Virginia Committee for Fair Utility Rates	Virginia Electric and Power Company	Fuel and purchased power hedge accounting, change in FAC Definitional Framework.
08/14	ER13-432 Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States Louisiana, LLC and Entergy Louisiana, LLC	UP Settlement benefits and damages.
08/14	2014-00134	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Requirements power sales agreements with Nebraska entities.
09/14	E-015/CN-12-1163 Direct	MN	Large Power Intervenors	Minnesota Power	Great Northern Transmission Line; cost cap; AFUDC v. current recovery; rider v. base recovery; class cost allocation.
10/14	2014-00225	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Company	Allocation of fuel costs to off-system sales.
10/14	ER13-1508	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Entergy service agreements and tariffs for affiliate power purchases and sales; return on equity.
10/14	14-0702-E-42T 14-0701-E-D	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	First Energy-Monongahela Power, Potomac Edison	Consolidated tax savings; payroll; pension, OPEB, amortization; depreciation; environmental surcharge.
11/14	E-015/CN-12-1163 Surrebuttal	MN	Large Power Intervenors	Minnesota Power	Great Northern Transmission Line; cost cap; AFUDC v. current recovery; rider v. base recovery; class allocation.
11/14	05-376-EL-UNC	OH	Ohio Energy Group	Ohio Power Company	Refund of IGCC CWIP financing cost recoveries.
11/14	14AL-0660E	CO	Climax, CF&I Steel	Public Service Company of Colorado	Historic test year v. future test year; AFUDC v. current return; CACJA rider, transmission rider; equivalent availability rider; ADIT; depreciation; royalty income; amortization.
12/14	EL14-026	SD	Black Hills Industrial Intervenors	Black Hills Power Company	Revenue requirement issues, including depreciation expense and affiliate charges.

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12/14	14-1152-E-42T	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	AEP-Appalachian Power Company	Income taxes, payroll, pension, OPEB, deferred costs and write offs, depreciation rates, environmental projects surcharge.
01/15	9400-YO-100 Direct	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Wisconsin Energy Corporation	WEC acquisition of Integrys Energy Group, Inc.
01/15	14F-0336EG 14F-0404EG	CO	Development Recovery Company LLC	Public Service Company of Colorado	Line extension policies and refunds.
02/15	9400-YO-100 Rebuttal	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Wisconsin Energy Corporation	WEC acquisition of Integrys Energy Group, Inc.
03/15	2014-00396	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	AEP-Kentucky Power Company	Base, Big Sandy 2 retirement rider, environmental surcharge, and Big Sandy 1 operation rider revenue requirements, depreciation rates, financing, deferrals.
03/15	2014-00371 2014-00372	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Company and Louisville Gas and Electric Company	Revenue requirements, staffing and payroll, depreciation rates.
04/15	2014-00450	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc. and the Attorney General of the Commonwealth of Kentucky	AEP-Kentucky Power Company	Allocation of fuel costs between native load and off-system sales.
04/15	2014-00455	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc. and the Attorney General of the Commonwealth of Kentucky	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Allocation of fuel costs between native load and off-system sales.
04/15	ER2014-0370	MO	Midwest Energy Consumers' Group	Kansas City Power & Light Company	Affiliate transactions, operation and maintenance expense, management audit.
05/15	PUE-2015-00022	VA	Virginia Committee for Fair Utility Rates	Virginia Electric and Power Company	Fuel and purchased power hedge accounting; change in FAC Definitional Framework.
05/15 09/15	EL10-65 Direct, Rebuttal Complaint	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Accounting for AFUDC Debt, related ADIT.
07/15	EL10-65 Direct and Answering Consolidated Bandwidth Dockets	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Waterford 3 sale/leaseback ADIT, Bandwidth Formula.
09/15	14-1693-EL-RDR	OH	Public Utilities Commission of Ohio	Ohio Energy Group	PPA rider for charges or credits for physical hedges against market.

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12/15	45188	TX	Cities Served by Oncor Electric Delivery Company	Oncor Electric Delivery Company	Hunt family acquisition of Oncor; transaction structure; income tax savings from real estate investment trust (REIT) structure; conditions.
12/15	6680-CE-176 Direct, Surrebuttal, 01/16 Supplemental 01/16 Rebuttal	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Power and Light Company	Need for capacity and economics of proposed Riverside Energy Center Expansion project; ratemaking conditions.
03/16	EL01-88 Remand 03/16 Direct 04/16 Answering 05/16 Cross-Answering 06/16 Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Bandwidth Formula: Capital structure, fuel inventory, Waterford 3 sale/leaseback, Vidalia purchased power, ADIT, Blythesville, Spindletop, River Bend AFUDC, property insurance reserve, nuclear depreciation expense.
03/16	15-1673-E-T	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Appalachian Power Company	Terms and conditions of utility service for commercial and industrial customers, including security deposits.
04/16	39971 Panel Direct	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Southern Company, AGL Resources, Georgia Power Company, Atlanta Gas Light Company	Southern Company acquisition of AGL Resources, risks, opportunities, quantification of savings, ratemaking implications, conditions, settlement.
04/16	2015-00343	KY	Office of the Attorney General	Atmos Energy Corporation	Revenue requirements, including NOL ADIT, affiliate transactions.
04/16	2016-00070	KY	Office of the Attorney General	Atmos Energy Corporation	R & D Rider.
05/16	2016-00026 2016-00027	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co., Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Need for environmental projects, calculation of environmental surcharge rider.
05/16	16-G-0058 16-G-0059	NY	New York City	Keyspan Gas East Corp., Brooklyn Union Gas Company	Depreciation, including excess reserves, leak prone pipe.
06/16	160088-EI	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Association	Florida Power and Light Company	Fuel Adjustment Clause Incentive Mechanism re: economy sales and purchases, asset optimization.
07/16	160021-EI	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Association	Florida Power and Light Company	Revenue requirements, including capital recovery, depreciation, ADIT.
07/16	16-057-01	UT	Office of Consumer Services	Dominion Resources, Inc. / Questar Corporation	Merger, risks, harms, benefits, accounting.
08/16	15-1022-EL-UNC 16-1105-EL-UNC	OH	Ohio Energy Group	AEP Ohio Power Company	SEET earnings, effects of other pending proceedings.

**Expert Testimony Appearances
of
Lane Kollen
As of March 2019**

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
9/16	2016-00162	KY	Office of the Attorney General	Columbia Gas Kentucky	Revenue requirements, O&M expense, depreciation, affiliate transactions.
09/16	E-22 Sub 519, 532, 533	NC	Nucor Steel	Dominion North Carolina Power Company	Revenue requirements, deferrals and amortizations.
09/16	15-1256-G-390P (Reopened) 16-0922-G-390P	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Mountaineer Gas Company	Infrastructure rider, including NOL ADIT and other income tax normalization and calculation issues.
10/16	10-2929-EL-UNC 11-346-EL-SSO 11-348-EL-SSO 11-349-EL-SSO 11-350-EL-SSO 14-1186-EL-RDR	OH	Ohio Energy Group	AEP Ohio Power Company	State compensation mechanism, capacity cost, Retail Stability Rider deferrals, refunds, SEET.
11/16	16-0395-EL-SSO Direct	OH	Ohio Energy Group	Dayton Power & Light Company	Credit support and other riders; financial stability of Utility, holding company.
12/16	Formal Case 1139	DC	Healthcare Council of the National Capital Area	Potomac Electric Power Company	Post test year adjust, merger costs, NOL ADIT, incentive compensation, rent.
01/17	46238	TX	Steering Committee of Cities Served by Oncor	Oncor Electric Delivery Company	Next Era acquisition of Oncor; goodwill, transaction costs, transition costs, cost deferrals, ratemaking issues.
02/17	16-0395-EL-SSO Direct (Stipulation)	OH	Ohio Energy Group	Dayton Power & Light Company	Non-unanimous stipulation re: credit support and other riders; financial stability of utility, holding company.
02/17	45414	TX	Cities of Midland, McAllen, and Colorado City	Sharyland Utilities, LP, Sharyland Distribution & Transmission Services, LLC	Income taxes, depreciation, deferred costs, affiliate expenses.
03/17	2016-00370 2016-00371	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Company, Louisville Gas and Electric Company	AMS, capital expenditures, maintenance expense, amortization expense, depreciation rates and expense.
06/17	29849 (Panel with Philip Hayet)	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Georgia Power Company	Vogtle 3 and 4 economics.
08/17	17-0296-E-PC	WV	Public Service Commission of West Virginia Charleston	Monongahela Power Company, The Potomac Edison Power Company	ADIT, OPEB.
10/17	2017-00179	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Company	Weather normalization, Rockport lease, O&M, incentive compensation, depreciation, income taxes.

**Expert Testimony Appearances
of
Lane Kollen
As of March 2019**

Date	Case	Jurisdiction	Party	Utility	Subject
10/17	2017-00287	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Fuel cost allocation to native load customers.
12/17	2017-00321	KY	Attorney General	Duke Energy Kentucky (Electric)	Revenues, depreciation, income taxes, O&M, regulatory assets, environmental surcharge rider, FERC transmission cost reconciliation rider.
12/17	29849 (Panel with Philip Hayet, Tom Newsome)	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Georgia Power Company	Vogtle 3 and 4 economics, tax abandonment loss.
01/18	2017-00349	KY	Kentucky Attorney General	Atmos Energy Kentucky	O&M expense, depreciation, regulatory assets and amortization, Annual Review Mechanism, Pipeline Replacement Program and Rider, affiliate expenses.
06/18	18-0047	OH	Ohio Energy Group	Ohio Electric Utilities	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act. Reduction in income tax expense; amortization of excess ADIT.
07/18	T-34695	LA	LPSC Staff	Crimson Gulf, LLC	Revenues, depreciation, income taxes, O&M, ADIT.
08/18	48325	TX	Cities Served by Oncor	Oncor Electric Delivery Company	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act; amortization of excess ADIT.
08/18	48401	TX	Cities Served by TNMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Company	Revenues, payroll, income taxes, amortization of excess ADIT, capital structure.
08/18	2018-00146	KY	KIUC	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Station Two contracts termination, regulatory asset, regulatory liability for savings
09/18	20170235-EI 20170236-EU Direct Supplemental Direct	FL	Office of Public Counsel	Florida Power & Light Company	FP&L acquisition of City of Vero Beach municipal electric utility systems.
10/18					
09/18	2017-370-E Direct	SC	Office of Regulatory Staff	South Carolina Electric & Gas Company and Dominion Energy, Inc.	Recovery of Summer 2 and 3 new nuclear development costs, related regulatory liabilities, securitization, NOL carryforward and ADIT, TCJA savings, merger conditions and savings.
10/18	2017-207, 305, 370-E Surrebuttal Supplemental Surrebuttal				
12/18	2018-00261	KY	Attorney General	Duke Energy Kentucky (Gas)	Revenues, O&M, regulatory assets, payroll, integrity management, incentive compensation, cash working capital.
01/19	2018-00294 2018-00295	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Company, Louisville Gas & Electric Company	AFUDC v. CWIP in rate base, transmission and distribution plant additions, capitalization, revenues generation outage expense, depreciation rates and expenses, cost of debt.

**Expert Testimony Appearances
of
Lane Kollen
As of March 2019**

Date	Case	Jurisdct.	Party	Utility	Subject
01/19	2018-00281	KY	Attorney General	Atmos Energy Group	AFUDC v. CWIP in rate base, ALG v. ELG depreciation rates, cash working capital, PRP Rider, forecast plant additions, forecast expenses, cost of debt, corporate cost allocation.
02/19	UD-18-17	New Orleans	Crescent City Power Users Group	Entergy New Orleans, LLC	Post-test year adjustments, storm reserve fund, NOL ADIT, FIN48 ADIT, cash working capital, depreciation, amortization, capital structure, formula rate plans, purchased power rider.
03/19	48929	TX	Steering Committee of Cities Served by Oncor	Oncor Electric Delivery Company LLC, Sempra Energy, Sharyland Distribution & Transmission Services, L.L.C., Sharyland Utilities, L.P.	Sale, transfer, merger transactions, hold harmless and other regulatory conditions.

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-2)

**KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S SECOND REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

Witness: Melissa L. Schwarzell

- 31.** Provide the date when the Company receives an invoice from AWWSC each month for the prior month's services. Confirm that the Company receives the monthly invoice after the accounting close for the prior month. If this is not correct, then explain why it is not correct and provide a correct statement.

Response:

On the 3rd business day of each month, the Company receives an invoice from AWWSC for the previous month's services. At that time, accounting closing for the previous month has not yet occurred.

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-3)

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S SECOND REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

Witness: Melissa L. Schwarzell

- 32.** Indicate when the Company records the liability to AWWSC each month for the prior month's services, e.g., in conjunction with the Company's accounting close for the prior month or in the current month when the invoice is received.

Response:

The Company's expenses and net liabilities related to Service Company for a given month are recorded when the Service Company bill is run on the third business day of the following month. When the Company pays the bill, approximately mid-month of the following month, the Company also prepays an estimate for the new month's expenses based on the previous month's expenses. Simultaneously, the previous month's prepaid balance is cleared. Cash is credited through the Company's loan balance with AWCC (in-house bank).

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-4)

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S SECOND REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

Witness: Melissa L. Schwarzell

33. Provide a copy of the AWWSC invoices for each month January 2017 through December 2018. Provide the date at which each of those invoices was paid.

Response:

Please see KAW_R_AGDR2_NUM033_030119_Attachment for copies of all AWWSC invoices requested. Payment dates are listed in the table below.

Monthly Bill	Estimated Amount	Payment Date	True-Up Between		Total Payment
			Estimated and Actual Amounts	Payment Date	
Jan 2017 Bill	\$1,244,410.09	1/12/2017	(\$238,329.74)	2/23/2017	\$1,006,080.35
Feb 2017 Bill	1,006,080.35	2/10/2017	(388,028.07)	3/16/2017	618,052.28
Mar 2017 Bill	618,052.28	3/10/2017	310,952.48	4/26/2017	929,004.76
Apr 2017 Bill	929,004.76	4/12/2017	(152,114.97)	5/11/2017	776,889.79
May 2017 Bill	776,889.79	5/11/2017	314,439.81	6/19/2017	1,091,329.60
Jun 2017 Bill	1,091,329.60	6/12/2017	(38,434.28)	7/26/2017	1,052,895.32
Jul 2017 Bill	1,052,895.32	7/21/2017	(179,780.61)	8/18/2017	873,114.71
Aug 2017 Bill	873,114.71	8/9/2017	105,008.89	9/19/2017	978,123.60
Sep 2017 Bill	978,123.60	9/11/2017	107,384.62	10/30/2017	1,085,508.22
Oct 2017 Bill	1,085,508.22	10/11/2017	(78,456.96)	11/9/2017	1,007,051.26
Nov 2017 Bill	1,007,051.26	11/7/2017	(73,429.17)	12/11/2017	933,622.09
Dec 2017 Bill	933,622.09	12/11/2017	185,422.35	1/18/2018	1,119,044.44
Jan 2018 Bill	1,119,044.44	1/11/2018	(25,194.59)	2/26/2018	1,093,849.85
Feb 2018 Bill	1,093,849.85	2/12/2018	(122,503.59)	3/9/2018	971,346.26
Mar 2018 Bill	971,346.26	3/8/2018	227,366.75	4/13/2018	1,198,713.01
Apr 2018 Bill	1,198,713.01	4/10/2018	(342,179.86)	5/11/2018	856,533.15
May 2018 Bill	856,533.15	5/11/2018	143,246.09	6/22/2018	999,779.24
Jun 2018 Bill	999,779.24	6/11/2018	230,100.65	7/26/2018	1,229,879.89
Jul 2018 Bill	1,229,879.89	7/16/2018	(163,680.44)	8/15/2018	1,066,199.45
Aug 2018 Bill	1,066,199.45	8/30/2018	(129,042.05)	9/12/2018	935,157.40
Sep 2018 Bill	935,157.40	9/11/2018	382,751.04	10/19/2018	1,317,908.44
Oct 2018 Bill	1,317,908.44	10/10/2018	(128,039.11)	11/28/2018	1,189,869.33
Nov 2018 Bill	1,189,869.33	11/7/2018	(38,075.98)	12/24/2018	1,151,793.35
Dec 2018 Bill	1,151,793.35	12/10/2018	416,153.35	1/14/2019	1,567,946.70

Company Name: Kentucky-American Water Co
 Company Number: 1012
 Month/Year: 01/2017

		Labor, Taxes & Benefits	Other	Total
Shared Business Services		\$ 285,201.62	\$ 223,419.75	\$ 508,621.37
Central Lab		4,430.01	2,065.56	6,495.57
SC-Central Lab		4,430.01	2,065.56	6,495.57
334517	Central Lab	1,430.01	2,065.56	6,495.57
Customer Service Center (CSC)		130,355.98	24,248.34	154,604.32
SC-Alton Call Center		70,222.15	72,627.90	82,850.05
334076	CCA-Quality & Rptg	2,517.86	51.07	2,568.93
334005	CCA-Administration	3,686.59	804.31	4,490.90
334070	CCA-Call Handling	24,958.94	509.46	25,468.40
334071	CCA-Billing	24,764.64	472.27	25,237.11
334072	CCA-Collections	6,268.85	450.35	6,719.20
334073	CCA-Oper & Perform	2,350.71	10,064.44	12,415.15
334074	CCA-Business Svcs	3,992.99	144.03	4,137.08
334075	CCA-Education & Dev	1,694.57	131.91	1,826.28
SC-Customer Experience		1,151.27	59.03	1,210.30
332045	Customer Experience	1,151.27	59.03	1,210.30
SC-Customer Relations		29,570.45	3,350.11	32,920.56
335203	CORP-CR-Areas-MainBV	29,541.26	3,313.19	32,854.45
335303	CORP-CR-Areas-MainWB	29.19	33.38	62.57
335204	CORP-CR-Areas-IX	0.00	3.54	3.54
SC-Fanscroft Call Center		29,412.11	6,211.30	37,623.41
337005	CCP-Administration	446.79	10.62	457.41
337070	CCP-Call Handling	26,474.72	2,170.41	28,645.13
337073	CCP-Oper & Spprt	1,046.95	5,988.40	7,035.35
337075	CCP-Education & Dev	685.41	15.01	700.42
337076	CCP-Quality & Rptg	763.24	26.66	789.90
Information Tech Services (ITS)		140,588.39	193,458.89	334,047.28
SC - ITS-Administration		140,588.39	192,610.08	333,252.82
332071	CORP-ITS Admin	140,588.39	192,610.08	333,198.47
333533	CORP-ITS Client Supp	0.00	54.35	54.35
Supply Chain		8,827.24	3,646.96	13,474.20
SC-Supply Chain		8,827.24	3,646.96	13,474.20
332010	CORP-Supply Chain-Src	8,912.54	3,594.46	12,497.00
332562	CORP-Procurement	914.70	62.50	977.20
Shared Governance & Service Fees		\$ 267,907.82	\$ 142,366.93	\$ 410,274.85
Security Operations		6,272.07	3,240.34	9,512.41
SC-Security Operations		6,272.07	3,240.34	9,512.41
332077	CORP-Security Ops	6,272.07	3,240.34	9,512.41
Regulated Operations		49,749.66	6,984.52	46,734.38
SC - Regulated Ops - CD		31,656.35	5,668.78	37,322.13
335205	CD - Admin & Gen	22,957.92	2,989.81	27,938.73
335212	CD - Rates	8,698.43	684.97	9,383.40
SC - CORP-Regulated Operations		6,502.48	713.37	7,215.85
332026	CORP-Regulated Ops	6,502.48	713.37	7,215.85
SC - Regulated Ops - MAD		11.33	383.26	393.59
335305	MAD - Admin & General	6.24	387.23	390.99
335312	MAD - Rates	17.57	6.97	24.54
SC - Regulated Ops - NED		6.30	35.25	41.55
335405	NED - Admin & Gen	15.50	3.54	19.04
335412	NED - Rates	13.30	36.79	50.09
SC - Operations Excellence		1,566.00	303.46	1,788.46
332044	Operation Excellence	1,566.00	203.46	1,788.46
Facilities		319.71	18,399.48	18,719.19
SC-Facilities		319.71	18,399.48	18,719.19
332046	CORP-3906 Church Rd	0.18	1,432.64	1,432.82
332092	CORP-Voorhees	319.53	6,189.59	6,503.21
332042	CORP-CITE Voorhees	0.00	51.70	51.70
332063	CORP-Woodcrest	0.00	10,731.46	10,731.46
Health & Safety		2,825.06	4,756.35	7,581.29
SC-Health & Safety		2,825.06	4,756.35	7,581.29
332019	CORP-Operational Risk	2,825.06	4,756.35	7,581.29
Legal		41,615.96	9,984.07	51,600.03
SC-Legal		30,022.27	9,429.50	39,451.77
335415	NED - Legal	18.73	16.45	35.18
335315	MAD - Legal	0.22	3.02	3.84
335215	CD - Legal	16,520.05	814.67	17,334.72
332015	CORP-Legal	13,482.67	8,598.36	22,078.03
Rates & Regulatory Support		11,593.69	554.57	12,148.26
332574	Regulatory Reporting	11,593.69	554.57	12,148.26
Investor Relations		1,466.23	433.70	1,899.93
SC-Investor Relations		1,466.23	433.70	1,899.93
332037	CORP-Investr Relatr	1,466.23	433.70	1,899.93
Innov & Stewardship		7,646.43	2,644.95	5,001.48
SC-Innov & Env Stewardship		7,646.43	2,644.95	5,001.48
332066	CORP-Innov&Env Stwd	7,646.43	2,644.95	5,001.48
HR Comp & Benefits		8,162.94	2,351.04	10,513.98
SC-HR Comp & Benefits		8,162.94	2,351.04	10,513.98
332520	CORP-HTR HR Svc Adm	361.35	1,233.36	1,594.71

332014	CORP-Benefit Svcs Ctr	795.59	46.03	839.57
332002	CORP-HR Comp/Benefit	3,166.85	331.55	3,628.60
332012	Wrkfrs Ping & HE Sys	3,839.15	499.32	4,338.47
		0.00	42.53	42.53
Talent Mgmt & Org Effectiveness		15,838.47	6,567.16	22,405.63
SC-Talent Mgmt & Org Effectiveness		15,838.47	6,567.16	22,405.63
336518	Talent Acquisition	2,897.79	1,137.21	4,035.00
332092	CORP-Oper. Education	4,909.48	3,725.05	8,634.53
332013	Core HR Admin/OrgMgt	227.25	43.47	270.68
332003	CORP-HR Talent Dev	7,803.99	1,655.17	9,459.16
332606	CORP-Oper Training	0.00	6.28	6.28
HR Business Partners		20,338.07	5,806.28	26,144.35
SC-HR Business Partners		20,338.07	5,806.28	26,144.35
332604	CORP-HR Labor Relatn	3,430.97	996.21	4,397.08
332096	CORP-Business Ctr HR	3,721.08	259.17	3,980.25
334078	CCA-Human Resources	950.70	82.89	1,033.59
335218	CD - Human Resources	11,296.49	4,599.50	15,895.99
335316	MAD Human Resource	878.53	28.49	907.02
Human Resources Corp		2,245.28	346.03	2,591.31
SC-Human Resources Corp		2,245.28	346.03	2,591.31
332018	CORP-Human Resources	2,313.93	343.08	2,657.01
332043	CORP-HR Hitchwell	68.05	2.95	71.00
Finance		82,266.78	19,686.75	102,953.53
SC-Treasury		8,708.06	2,418.98	11,127.04
332057	CORP-Treasury	7,292.66	2,362.32	9,654.98
332518	CORP-ITRClaims Mgmt	1,415.40	54.55	1,469.95
FSEBS		25,803.77	5,385.05	31,188.82
335407	NED - F P & A	668.21	17.17	685.38
335307	MAD - F P & A	0.24	0.42	0.66
335207	CD - F P & A	7,526.54	610.34	8,136.87
332017	CORP-ServCn FP&A	17,266.91	4,752.44	22,019.35
335605	Corp FP&A - Adain	321.87	173.74	495.61
SC-CTIO Organization		1,773.26	9.94	1,783.20
SC-CTIO Organization		1,773.26	9.94	1,783.20
332201	CTIO-Organization	1,773.26	9.94	1,783.20
SC-Corporate Finance		3,514.56	6,244.84	9,759.40
SC-Corporate Finance		3,514.56	6,244.84	9,759.40
337777	CORP-CEO	3,514.56	6,244.84	9,759.40
SC-Accounting Organization		43,469.13	5,429.94	48,899.07
SC-Accounting Organization		43,469.13	5,429.94	48,899.07
332594	CORP-ETRAcct Payable	3,622.87	4,129.13	7,752.00
332591	CORP-MTRPayroll Acct	2,886.89	1,915.93	4,802.82
332575	CORP-PTP Cash Oper	4,204.57	185.08	4,389.65
332573	Ext Rortin & Tech Ac	2,242.45	289.92	2,532.37
332573	CORP-PTP General Tax	5,870.68	321.21	6,191.89
332570	CORP-PTP Acctg & Rep	14,991.77	1,769.22	16,760.99
332047	CORP-Income Tax	4,189.24	4,109.33	8,298.57
332007	CORP-Finance	5,370.71	974.71	6,345.42
Engineering		13,972.90	988.19	14,961.09
SC-Arc Flash		37.84	44.76	82.60
332016	CORP-Arc Flash	37.84	44.76	82.60
SC-Asset Management		13,935.06	943.43	14,878.49
SC-Asset Management		13,935.06	943.43	14,878.49
332065	CORP-Asset Mgmt	2,067.99	420.58	2,488.56
336550	CORP-COE-Engineering	351.22	108.46	459.68
336551	CORP-COE-Tech Svcs	11,515.85	414.39	11,930.25
External Affairs & Public Policy		16,269.51	1,336.09	17,605.59
SC-External Affairs Communication		12,862.64	2,797.69	15,660.34
335425	NED - External Affrs	0.21	1.87	2.08
335325	MAD - External Affrs	0.43	1.07	1.50
335225	CD - External Affairs	6,788.54	875.01	7,663.55
332086	CORP-Internal Comm	2,557.48	261.48	2,818.96
332085	CORP-External Comm	3,516.82	1,632.82	5,149.64
332087	CORP-Social Respons	0.00	26.45	26.45
SC-External Affairs & Public Policy		2,997.96	1,117.47	4,115.43
SC-External Affairs & Public Policy		2,997.96	1,117.47	4,115.43
332050	CORP-FA & Pblc Picy	2,997.96	1,117.47	4,115.43
SC-Government Affairs		655.13	301.36	956.49
SC-Government Affairs		655.13	301.36	956.49
332022	CORP-Govt Affairs	655.13	301.36	956.49
SC-Regulatory Policy		252.22	645.41	897.63
SC-Regulatory Policy		252.22	645.41	897.63
335705	CORP-Reg Policy	252.22	645.41	897.63
Process Excellence		4,886.42	1,281.03	6,167.47
SC - Process Excellence		4,886.42	1,281.03	6,167.47
332605	CORP-Proc Excellence	4,886.42	1,276.04	6,162.46
332578	Project Mgmt	0.00	5.01	5.01
Business Development		9,395.80	521.90	9,917.70
SC-Business Development		9,395.80	521.90	9,917.70
335320	MAD - Business Dev	6.62	3.76	10.38
335220	CD - Business Dev	1,793.48	315.61	2,109.09
332120	CORP-ED=Shale Gas	472.33	584.99	1,057.32
332020	CORP-Corp Bus Dev	7,123.37	257.17	7,380.54
335420	NED - Business Dev	0.00	0.85	0.85
Audit		3,813.79	17,033.62	20,847.41
SC-Audit		3,813.79	17,033.62	20,847.41
332060	CORP-Audit	3,813.79	14,540.30	18,354.09
332027	CORP-Compliance	0.00	2,493.32	2,493.32
Administration - Corporate		10,171.96	55,849.82	66,021.78
SC-Corporate Admin		10,171.96	55,849.82	66,021.78
332098	CORP-Non-Depart Cost	274.38	1,468.83	1,743.21
332095	CORP-Admin	10,443.37	54,850.36	65,293.73
332070	CORP-SharedBusSvcAdm	1.32	0.00	1.32
332041	CORP-Legal BOB	4.09	7,544.96	7,549.05
332059	CORP-Trans Labor	0.00	7.03	7.03
332505	SSC-Administration	0.00	20.28	20.28

Total O & M Billing		\$ 553,109.54	\$ 365,786.59	\$ 518,896.22
CAPEX				
R12-01-8011	- 10780110 - Eng Dist Clear	57,565.81	9,112.96	66,678.77
R12-01K3.15-P-0010	- Internet Content Redesign	783.97	1,616.45	2,400.42
R12-01K3.15-P-0013	- Records Management	71.59	4.58	76.27
R12-01K3.16-P-0001	- SAP RTR Change Requests - 2016	166.59	2,677.64	2,794.23
R12-01K3.16-P-0002	- SAP PTP Change Requests - 2016	194.91	12.68	207.59
R12-01K3.16-P-0003	- SAP BTR Change Requests - 2016	840.98	455.72	1,396.60
R12-01K3.16-P-0004	- SAP CIS Change Requests - 2016	1,048.07	24.42	1,023.65
R12-01K3.16-P-0005	- SAP EAM Change Requests - 2016	1,031.62	1,865.10	2,896.72
R12-01K3.16-P-0008	- Contact Center Call Routing & Optimizati	641.13	253.64	935.77
R12-01K3.16-P-0010	- Office365	20.90	1,374.39	1,395.29
R12-01K3.16-P-0011	- Ent. Identity Management Solution (IAM)	514.60	2,436.88	2,951.48
R12-01K3.16-P-0013	- Environmental Health & Safety Management	33.67	0.00	33.67
R12-01K3.16-P-0019	- AMI SAP Integration	4.48	2,445.98	2,441.50
R12-01K3.16-P-0021	- SAP S/4HANA Imp. - Phase 3	17.57	2.57	19.14
R12-01K3.16-P-0022	- myTime	1,415.38	8,044.47	9,459.85
R12-02K1.16-P-1016-99	- PUR(16)CP-53 Toughbooks	2,654.78	0.00	2,654.78
R12-01K3.14-P-0010	- Kronos - Implementation	0.00	110.56	110.56
Total Capex Billing		\$ 61,693.93	\$ 25,490.20	\$ 87,184.13
Total Service Company Billing - Current Month		\$ 214,903.47	\$ 381,276.88	\$ 1,006,080.35
Less: Payment - Prior estimated billing				\$ 1,244,410.09
Net Amount Payable (Receivable) - Current month				\$ -238,329.74
Plus: Est. Current month billing				\$ 1,006,080.35
Total Due				\$ 767,750.61

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-5)

**KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S SECOND REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

Witness: Scott W. Rungren

- 23.** Provide a schedule showing the Company's monthly earnings on common, common dividends declared, and common dividends paid from January 2015 through the most recent month for which actual information is available. In addition, provide the date that each common dividend was paid since January 2015. Further, provide a copy of all written dividend policies and guidelines.

Response:

Please see the attachments.

Kentucky-American Water Company
Net Income and Common Dividends

<u>Month/Yr</u>	<u>Net Income Available To Common</u>	<u>Common Dividends Declared</u>	<u>Common Dividends Paid</u>	<u>Common Dividend Payment Date</u>
Jan-15	\$881,243			
Feb-15	\$899,436			
Mar-15	\$1,258,345	\$2,680,239	\$2,680,239	03/31/15
Apr-15	\$976,200			
May-15	\$538,134			
Jun-15	\$1,558,192	\$2,272,717	\$2,272,717	06/29/15
Jul-15	\$1,606,946			
Aug-15	\$1,709,252			
Sep-15	\$2,116,781	\$2,304,065	\$2,304,065	09/29/15
Oct-15	\$1,994,615			
Nov-15	\$1,089,246			
Dec-15	\$126,326	\$4,028,195	\$4,028,195	12/31/15
Jan-16	\$900,922			
Feb-16	\$1,085,545			
Mar-16	\$1,083,419	\$2,398,108	\$2,398,108	03/30/16
Apr-16	\$1,124,753			
May-16	\$1,373,370			
Jun-16	\$1,664,528	\$2,304,065	\$2,304,065	06/29/16
Jul-16	\$2,020,583			
Aug-16	\$2,119,934			
Sep-16	\$1,771,670	\$3,119,108	\$3,119,108	09/28/16
Oct-16	\$2,264,081			
Nov-16	\$1,895,916			
Dec-16	\$479,064	\$4,420,043	\$4,420,043	12/29/16
Jan-17	\$1,112,931			
Feb-17	\$1,429,098			
Mar-17	\$1,168,696	\$3,463,934	\$3,463,934	03/31/17
Apr-17	\$1,622,786			
May-17	\$1,162,800			
Jun-17	\$1,857,417	\$2,774,282	\$2,774,282	06/29/17
Jul-17	\$2,262,451			
Aug-17	\$2,302,466			
Sep-17	\$5,700,732	\$3,510,956	\$3,510,956	09/28/17
Oct-17	\$1,840,198			
Nov-17	\$1,274,854			
Dec-17	(\$652,172)	\$4,686,499	\$4,686,499	12/29/17
Jan-18	\$1,304,013			
Feb-18	\$1,555,124			
Mar-18	\$892,791	\$1,865,195	\$1,865,195	03/30/18
Apr-18	\$351,125			
May-18	\$1,860,030			
Jun-18	\$1,501,059	\$2,288,391	\$2,288,391	06/28/18
Jul-18	\$2,168,884			
Aug-18	\$2,141,809			
Sep-18	\$1,854,616	\$3,354,217	\$3,354,217	09/28/18
Oct-18	\$2,962,572			
Nov-18	\$730,931			
Dec-18	\$2,057,599	\$4,639,477	\$4,639,477	12/28/18
Jan-19	\$622,988			



AMERICAN WATER

Title: American Water Subsidiary Dividend Policy
Functional Area: Corporate Treasury
Policy Number: fin_trs_gen_po_01_Dividendpmts_2007_04_25

SCOPE

This policy applies to American Water Works Company, Inc. and its regulated subsidiaries, including, for purposes of this policy, American Water Works Service Company, Inc. (together "American Water" or the "Company").

POLICY STATEMENT

Business Objective:

This dividend policy establishes requirements for the payment of common dividends by American Water Works Company, Inc. (the "Company") subsidiaries. The Company is a holding company whose principal asset is the common stock of its subsidiaries. This policy is designed to provide the Company with the cash necessary to meet its obligations to its subsidiaries and shareholders.

A balance between an appropriate capital structure for each subsidiary and maintenance of an appropriate dividend payout to shareholders must be preserved. The following policy is intended to ensure that equity is strictly managed while ensuring that shareholders receive appropriate dividends.

Statement:

Regulated Utility Subsidiary

Each regulated utility subsidiary of the Company ("Regulated Subsidiary") will target to pay out approximately 75% of the relevant year's net income to common stock, as a common dividend, subject to any restrictions contained in loan agreements, indentures, regulatory orders, charters, or relevant state or federal tax laws. In order to coordinate with the business planning process, the calculation of the dividend will be based on net income to common stock earned during a twelve month period ending September 30 and will be paid quarterly in arrears. Quarterly payments in each of the first three quarters of a calendar year shall be limited to ensure accumulated dividend payments do not exceed a forecast of the full calendar year dividend disbursement. All Regulated Subsidiaries shall calculate a dividend per share rounded down to the nearest penny. If the calculation of available net income to common stock produces an amount equal to or less than zero, no dividends are expected to be paid up to the Company for the given quarter.

In instances where the Regulated Subsidiary's capital structure is expected to exceed 50% equity, the Regulated Subsidiary may increase the dividend rate above 75% upon written consent from the Regulated Subsidiary's Board of Directors and the Company's Vice President and Treasurer. Any material reduction below the target pay out must be approved by the Regulated Subsidiary's Board of Directors and the Company's Vice President and Treasurer.

Non-Utility Subsidiary

Each non-regulated subsidiary ("Non-utility") is expected to payout all cash in excess of the requirements necessary to meet their approved annual business plan. The excess cash will be paid in the form of a dividend to the Non-utility's parent not to exceed the planned net income to common stock for any fiscal year or retained earnings, whichever is greater. Any material



AMERICAN WATER

change from the target pay out must be approved by the Company's Vice President and Treasurer.

All Non-utilities which are neither directly or indirectly 100% owned by the Company shall calculate a dividend per share rounded down to the nearest penny. Reasonable care will be taken to ensure that all dividends are calculated correctly. Quarterly payments in each of the first three quarters of a calendar year are subject to a limitation that it will not result in accumulated dividend payments that exceed an updated forecast of the full year common dividend disbursement.

Minority Shareholders

Dividends made to Minority Shareholders will be paid at the same time payment is issued to the majority shareholders.

Review / Approval Dividend Payments

All dividends must be approved by the Board of Directors of each dividend paying subsidiary and are subject to any existing restrictions imposed by loan agreements, indentures, regulatory orders, charters, or relevant state or federal tax laws. Settlement of dividends must be based upon subsidiary Board or Directors approved amounts, made each quarter. Dividend calculations will be made in accordance with the American Water Subsidiary Dividend Practice.

MONITORING

This policy will be monitored by the Company's VP & Treasurer and Assistant Treasurer.

REPORTING / METRICS

The American Water Works Service Company, Inc. Shared Service Center ("SSC") will prepare a quarterly report of dividends paid, and report to the Company's Treasurer and Assistant Treasurer.

CONSEQUENCE OF NON-COMPLIANCE

Employees violating this policy may be subject to appropriate disciplinary action up to and including termination.

WAIVER

Any deviation or waiver from or exception to this policy requires the prior, written approval of the Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer, or his or her designee.

REFERENCES

Subsidiary Dividends Practice.

DEFINITIONS

"Minority Shareholders" means the individuals and institutions which own less than 50% of all outstanding shares in the Company's subsidiaries.

REVIEW / UPDATE

This policy will be reviewed and revised as necessary, not to exceed 3 year intervals.



AMERICAN WATER

Approved by:

Indicate: Ellen Wolf, Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

Original Adopted: 4/25/2007Revised Adopted: 11/2010Date of Last Review: 11/2010Effective Date: 4/24/2007Prepared By: Corporate Treasury

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Disclaimer

American Water reserves the right to change, revise or discontinue this Policy for any reason whatsoever. No employee, manager or other agent of American Water, other than the Service Company Board (and, if applicable, the executive having authority to approve this policy) has the authority to enter into any agreement contrary to this Policy.

This policy is not intended to create any contractual rights or duties and will be applied at the Company's sole discretion.

Employment with the Company is "at-will". That means that either you or the Company can terminate employment at any time, for any reason or no reason at all, with or without cause or notice.

Neither this policy nor any oral statement will create a right of continued employment. Any employment contract must be in writing and must be signed by the President of American Water, or his or her designee.

This Policy supersedes and voids all previous policies and practices, which may be inconsistent in any way with that stated herein.

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-6)

**KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
COMMISSION STAFF'S THIRD REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

Witness: Brent E. O'Neill/Melissa L. Schwarzell

2. Using the revised budget project schedules provided in the response to Item 1. above, provide a schedule that calculates the ten-year average slippage factor for the original construction budgets for calendar years 2008 through 2017.

Response:

Please find attached the ten-year average slippage factor using the revised budget project schedules provided in Commission Staff's Third Request Item 1. Because these slippage factors reflect only half of the equation when tradeoffs occur between projects, the Company does not feel that the schedules reasonably reflect the variance between the budgeted and actual capital spend for a year. Please see the Company's response to Commission Staff's Third Request Item 1 for further explanation.

Kentucky American Water
Case No. 2018-00358
Construction Projects

Type of Filing: Original Updated Revised
Workpaper Reference No(s): _____

PSC Data Request 3
Schedule 2

Witness Responsible:
Brent O'Neill

Source: PSC_DR3_Schedule 1

Year	Annual Actual Cost	Annual Original Budget	Variance in Dollars	Variance as Percent	Slippage Factor
2008	12,880,191.40	17,969,149.00	(5,088,957.60)	-28.32%	71.679%
2009	11,817,305.39	17,882,050.69	(6,064,745.30)	-33.92%	66.085%
2010	14,868,318.05	17,995,115.70	(3,126,797.65)	-17.38%	82.624%
2011	20,572,837.39	22,943,595.00	(2,370,757.61)	-10.33%	89.667%
2012	23,077,755.00	24,601,436.00	(1,523,681.00)	-6.19%	93.807%
2013	26,128,386.00	24,050,759.00	2,077,627.00	8.64%	108.639%
2014	18,446,756.00	19,534,567.00	(1,087,811.00)	-5.57%	94.431%
2015	28,256,721.00	27,313,795.00	942,926.00	3.45%	103.452%
2016	20,674,381.10	19,030,344.86	1,644,036.24	8.64%	108.639%
2017	19,896,804.77	22,469,449.50	(2,572,644.73)	-11.45%	88.550%
Totals	196,619,456.10	213,790,261.75	(17,170,805.65)	-8.03%	91.968%

The Annual Actual Cost, Annual Original Budget, Variance in Dollars, and Variance as Percent are to be taken from Schedule 1 for Public Service Commission DR3.

The Slippage Factor is calculated by dividing the Annual Actual Cost by the Annual Original Budget. Calculate a Slippage Factor for each year and the Totals line. Carry Slippage Factor percentages to 3 decimal places.

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-7)

**KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S SECOND REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

Witness: Melissa L. Schwarzell

10. If given the choice, would the Company prefer to 1) have the Lexington Trane plant revenues reflected as a reduction to the revenue requirement and then defer the lost revenues as a regulatory asset after the plant is closed or 2) exclude the revenues from the revenue requirement and then defer the actual revenues as a regulatory liability until the plant is closed or the meter is removed. Explain any response.

Response:

Given the Company's response to the Attorney General's Second Request, Item 8, the potential monthly revenue from Trane would likely be less than \$3,000. If the choices described in this question were the only ones available for ratemaking outcome, then the Company would have a preference for the latter choice.

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-8)

**KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S SECOND REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

Witness: Melissa L. Schwarzell

8. Reference Schwarzell Direct at page 11, lines 14–17. Provide the actual Trane revenues in 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018 by tariff, and the forecast revenues by tariff that would have been included in the 2019 and 2020 budgets/forecasts if Trane had not announced the Lexington plant closing. Provide all support, including billing determinants, tariff rates, and the calculations of the 2019 and 2020 revenues.

Response:

Please see attached.

Kentucky American Water Company
Trane Company Revenues by Year (\$)

Name	Charges	Tariff/Price	Revenues Generated by Year (\$)				Revenues if Trane Had Not Announced Plant Closing (\$)	
			2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Trane Company	1.5 " Meter	62.45	749.40	543.13	-	-		
		68.17	-	225.17	818.04	818.04	818.04	818.04
	1.5 " Meter Total		749.40	768.30	818.04	818.04	818.04	818.04
	4 " Meter	312.25	3,747.00	2,715.63	-	-		
		340.77	-	1,125.57	4,089.24	4,089.24	4,089.24	4,089.24
	4 " Meter Total		3,747.00	3,841.20	4,089.24	4,089.24	4,089.24	4,089.24
	Total Meter Charges		4,496.40	4,609.50	4,907.28	4,907.28	4,907.28	4,907.28
	Volumetric Charges	0.38947	52,228.48	38,744.38	-	-		
		0.43090	-	15,956.35	38,268.26	22,953.76		
		0.38340	-	-	-	8,624.82	26,473.00	26,473.00
	Total Volumetric Charge		52,228.48	54,700.73	38,268.26	31,578.58	26,473.00	26,473.00
Total Trane Company			56,724.88	59,310.23	43,175.54	36,485.86	31,380.28	31,380.28

Kentucky American Water Company
 Trane Company 2019 & 2020 Revenues if Trane Had Not Announced Plant Closing (\$)
 Worksheet

Trane Company historical Usage (00s gallons)

Company	Fiscal year	Values												TOTAL CGL
		JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	
Trane Company	AW/2015	9,163	7,368	6,897	8,026	9,769	7,390	23,263	16,419	15,499	13,748	8,782	7,779	134,101
	AW/2016	8,647	7,353	7,024	7,779	10,233	12,611	16,247	16,897	18,206	13,255	10,584	7,674	136,510
	AW/2017	7,592	7,315	7,570	7,300	5,101	8,206	9,791	11,033	10,046	7,278	5,139	2,438	88,810
	AW/2018	2,192	2,237	2,042	2,154	3,553	9,978	11,055	10,936	11,227	9,372	5,154	5,864	75,765
Grand Total		27,594	24,273	23,533	25,259	28,656	38,185	60,356	55,285	54,978	43,653	29,659	23,755	435,186
2019 PL Usage Projected 00s Gals (12 month rolling as of Sept 2018)		Jan-19	Feb-19	Mar-19	Apr-19	May-19	Jun-19	Jul-19	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19 Total	
		2,192	2,237	2,042	2,154	3,553	9,978	11,055	10,936	10,046	7,278	5,139	2,438	69,048

Tariff

1.5' Meter	68.17
4' Meter	340.77
\$/00s Gals	0.3834

Revenues Projection from Trane Company

<u>Meter Count</u>	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total	
1.5' Meter	68.17	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
4' Meter	340.77	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
<u>Meter Charges</u>	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total	
1.5' Meter	68.17	68.17	68.17	68.17	68.17	68.17	68.17	68.17	68.17	68.17	68.17	68.17	818.04	
4' Meter	340.77	340.77	340.77	340.77	340.77	340.77	340.77	340.77	340.77	340.77	340.77	340.77	4,089.24	
Total Fixed Charges	408.94	408.94	408.94	408.94	408.94	408.94	408.94	408.94	408.94	408.94	408.94	408.94	4,907.28	
<u>Volumetric Charge</u>	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total	
Volume	0.3834	2,192	2,237	2,042	2,154	3,553	9,978	11,055	10,936	10,046	7,278	5,139	2,438	69,048.00
Volumetric Charge	840.41	857.67	782.90	825.84	1,362.22	3,825.57	4,238.49	4,192.86	3,851.64	2,790.39	1,970.29	934.73	26,473.00	
Total Charges	1,249.35	1,266.61	1,191.84	1,234.78	1,771.16	4,234.51	4,647.43	4,601.80	4,260.58	3,199.33	2,379.23	1,343.67	31,380.28	
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total	
2019 Forecast	1,249.35	1,266.61	1,191.84	1,234.78	1,771.16	4,234.51	4,647.43	4,601.80	4,260.58	3,199.33	2,379.23	1,343.67	31,380.28	
2020 Forecast	1,249.35	1,266.61	1,191.84	1,234.78	1,771.16	4,234.51	4,647.43	4,601.80	4,260.58	3,199.33	2,379.23	1,343.67	31,380.28	

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-9)

**KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S FIRST REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

Witness: James S. Pellock, Kevin N. Rogers

7. Provide in an Excel spreadsheet the FTE staffing levels and related payroll (direct and burdens) by month from January 2015 through June 2020. As part of the Excel spreadsheet, include the FTE employee headcounts; related cost, including burdens; and related expense, including burdens. In addition, describe the accounting for the portion of the cost that is not expensed, e.g., to retirement work in progress or accumulated depreciation.

Response:

Please refer to the attachment, which shows the requested data by month from January 2015 through the end of the base year (February 2019) and for the forecasted test year (July 2019 – June 2020).

Kentucky Amerian Water Company
 Response to KAW_R_AGDR1_NUM007

FTE Employee Headcount	2015											
	127	127	127	127	127	127	127	128	133	132	133	134
	January Actual	February Actual	March Actual	April Actual	May Actual	June Actual	July Actual	August Actual	September Actual	October Actual	November Actual	December Actual
Labor	\$685,017	\$611,728	\$687,713	\$707,395	\$688,288	\$685,207	\$731,749	\$690,403	\$725,730	\$736,527	\$694,306	\$797,808
Labor CWIP	(104,741)	(112,508)	(93,950)	(147,939)	(142,520)	(130,183)	(152,856)	(124,251)	(116,509)	(179,063)	(136,766)	(137,368)
Labor RWIP	(6,275)	(7,538)	129	(4,935)	(9,535)	(42,129)	11,602	(12,294)	(8,321)	(9,508)	(7,031)	(13,143)
APP	20,747	22,055	11,779	22,449	23,003	18,411	21,460	21,504	27,323	19,644	16,055	(18,013)
LTPP	5,961	5,579	4,713	6,283	5,720	6,986	5,917	5,953	6,593	(11,520)	4,547	7,068
Pension	58,770	58,496	40,941	47,658	48,017	44,987	48,488	48,963	50,075	43,983	48,417	47,514
PBOP	49,995	49,663	41,807	40,757	40,921	38,055	40,876	41,455	42,623	32,590	44,980	35,942
Group Insurance	98,683	86,721	101,299	92,212	88,000	86,180	101,285	91,733	97,091	91,008	93,076	101,458
401K	11,136	10,531	13,445	12,106	10,975	11,678	12,329	11,547	12,709	11,729	12,320	13,132
DCP	12,278	10,969	13,438	12,063	11,678	12,691	12,703	12,228	13,720	13,469	13,888	15,949
ESPP	859	859	1,245	1,245	1,245	915	915	915	1,111	1,111	1,111	779
VEBA	53	457	2,611	1,036	992	798	891	950	979	892	1,196	5,597
Other Benefits	46,236	3,635	13,685	2,884	9,367	7,307	4,307	3,700	3,240	11,246	3,286	10,725

Kentucky American Water Cor
 Response to KAW_R_AGDR1

FTE Employee Headcount	2016											
	133	132	132	131	134	133	132	134	133	133	134	132
Account Description	January Actual	February Actual	March Actual	April Actual	May Actual	June Actual	July Actual	August Actual	September Actual	October Actual	November Actual	December Actual
Labor	\$704,336	\$673,154	\$672,012	\$686,811	\$690,142	\$720,579	\$667,535	\$751,643	\$732,969	\$681,868	\$757,928	\$725,242
Labor CWIP	(126,082)	(161,555)	(164,004)	(149,578)	(184,040)	(204,790)	(208,314)	(195,792)	(202,964)	(124,167)	(258,603)	(150,315)
Labor RWIP	(2,099)	(3,142)	(4,079)	(4,210)	(2,715)	(4,994)	(2,861)	(9,561)	(1,110)	(1,873)	(4,290)	(4,964)
APP	23,618	(15,820)	27,050	24,730	40,141	26,656	27,842	27,868	101,751	(17,126)	38,946	162,751
LTPP	1,054	2,629	2,178	2,612	3,589	3,154	2,652	3,220	1,497	3,941	2,638	1,214
Pension	58,304	56,397	55,160	56,836	53,646	43,864	49,442	50,334	50,159	58,803	43,670	55,212
PBOP	37,091	31,962	29,112	27,599	32,690	44,891	30,420	31,055	(38,604)	(1,977)	(14,333)	(9,956)
Group Insurance	97,392	93,530	96,806	94,911	92,436	146,500	215,565	3,932	145,862	70,523	128,971	144,647
401K	12,193	11,974	11,271	11,745	12,013	11,870	10,870	12,909	11,939	13,053	10,466	13,293
DCP	14,639	13,917	14,657	14,446	14,720	14,066	12,817	15,317	15,073	16,227	13,273	16,705
ESPP	779	779	973	973	973	937	937	937	1,023	1,023	1,023	843
VEBA	1,262	1,179	1,202	1,201	1,262	1,234	978	1,239	336	1,384	960	1,151
Other Benefits	16,400	3,462	18,781	10,424	10,926	6,926	3,751	7,578	7,735	7,231	6,104	8,275

Kentucky American Water Cor
 Response to KAW_R_AGDR1

FTE Employee Headcount	2017												2018	
	132	132	133	133	133	134	137	136	134	131	131	132	133	135
Account Description	January Actual	February Actual	March Actual	April Actual	May Actual	June Actual	July Actual	August Actual	September Actual	October Actual	November Actual	December Actual	January Actual	February Actual
Labor	\$726,055	\$625,935	\$765,768	\$671,301	\$778,273	\$721,414	\$720,889	\$763,923	\$712,778	\$650,255	\$738,858	\$738,212	\$996,051	\$557,635
Labor CWIP	(182,144)	(146,290)	(214,775)	(177,936)	(198,324)	(195,747)	(172,696)	(184,989)	(132,549)	(148,113)	(180,504)	(353,779)	(233,517)	(118,131)
Labor RWIP	(3,283)	(10,690)	(5,350)	(1,859)	(3,374)	(6,809)	(3,645)	(2,861)	(3,593)	(6,825)	(11,920)	(7,921)	102	(8,376)
APP	26,652	26,425	(6,199)	32,586	29,199	38,982	30,829	30,829	45,949	32,509	23,801	99,585	32,718	32,718
LTPP	-	-	1,724	-	-	2,751	-	-	3,059	-	-	3,522	-	-
Pension	58,673	60,485	54,139	58,993	56,498	55,898	59,324	57,833	63,649	61,659	57,157	38,830	33,256	40,220
PBOP	979	20,248	4,483	12,235	8,391	5,660	12,308	9,141	7,308	12,823	9,530	279	12,683	21,248
Group Insurance	83,279	97,366	121,248	102,816	122,685	140,432	92,599	123,003	121,231	105,409	109,919	99,296	131,104	100,131
401K	12,347	11,497	15,960	11,222	13,276	11,688	12,971	14,179	14,380	12,300	13,608	12,695	16,570	12,616
DCP	15,251	14,704	15,442	14,802	16,926	14,847	16,469	18,113	18,125	15,726	16,774	12,638	20,818	15,255
ESPP	-	1,686	-	-	2,164	-	-	2,148	-	-	2,547	1,151	-	2,302
VEBA	1,197	1,844	1,167	1,241	1,500	1,417	1,467	1,556	355	1,256	1,369	1,229	1,775	2,715
Other Benefits	7,791	4,270	17,580	11,816	16,772	11,543	19,387	11,718	6,927	13,005	11,246	17,723	3,769	5,494

Kentucky American Water Cor
 Response to KAW_R_AGDR1

FTE Employee Headcount	2018										2019	
	133	133	134	135	139	138	137	138	138	141	152	152
Account Description	March Base Year	April Base Year	May Base Year	June Base Year	July Base Year	August Base Year	September Base Year	October Base Year	November Base Year	December Base Year	January Base Year	February Base Year
Labor	\$757,239	\$779,555	\$868,243	\$791,043	\$819,044	\$897,472	\$716,524	\$803,953	\$782,021	\$756,975	\$857,802	\$752,278
Labor CWIP	(216,018)	(209,405)	(246,085)	(262,375)	(242,415)	(286,720)	(183,354)	(210,556)	(203,058)	(194,363)	(228,771)	(200,627)
Labor RWIP	(9,944)	(9,640)	(11,328)	(12,078)	(11,159)	(13,199)	(8,440)	(9,693)	(9,347)	(8,947)	(10,531)	(9,235)
APP	(40,585)	34,282	36,741	35,282	34,858	44,092	36,801	42,261	40,441	38,622	48,624	42,282
LTPP	2,563	-	-	5,282	-	-	3,829	-	-	3,888	-	-
Pension	32,641	33,252	30,455	29,866	31,161	27,556	48,557	48,557	48,557	48,557	30,001	30,001
PBOP	10,677	17,519	13,070	12,938	12,733	11,192	6,255	6,255	6,255	6,255	5,726	5,726
Group Insurance	111,312	111,443	116,895	98,133	110,291	113,397	125,987	125,987	125,987	125,987	125,299	124,799
401K	21,989	13,694	14,763	13,194	20,687	14,780	14,669	16,666	16,213	15,538	16,331	14,353
DCP	17,904	18,132	19,434	16,318	18,171	19,228	17,987	20,629	19,996	19,104	21,374	18,586
ESPP	-	-	4,433	-	-	3,992	1,023	1,023	1,023	843	-	2,500
VEBA	1,098	1,540	1,551	1,424	1,915	1,490	1,525	1,303	1,875	1,767	1,775	2,715
Other Benefits	22,617	11,622	9,441	10,442	11,498	10,189	9,218	6,634	7,061	10,419	4,913	9,528

Kentucky Amerian Water Cor
 Response to KAW_R_AGDR1

FTE Employee Headcount	2019						2020					
	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June
Account Description	Test Year	Test Year	Test Year	Test Year	Test Year	Test Year	Test Year	Test Year	Test Year	Test Year	Test Year	Test Year
Labor	\$849,301	\$849,301	\$821,904	\$849,301	\$821,904	\$849,301	\$849,301	\$767,111	\$849,301	\$821,904	\$849,301	\$821,904
Labor CWIP	(226,807)	(226,807)	(219,490)	(226,807)	(219,490)	(226,807)	(226,807)	(204,858)	(226,807)	(219,490)	(226,807)	(219,490)
Labor RWIP	(10,196)	(10,196)	(9,867)	(10,196)	(9,867)	(10,196)	(10,196)	(9,209)	(10,196)	(9,867)	(10,196)	(9,867)
APP	49,007	49,007	47,426	49,007	47,426	49,007	49,007	44,265	49,007	47,426	49,007	47,426
LTPP	1,368	1,368	1,324	1,368	1,324	1,368	1,368	1,235	1,368	1,324	1,368	1,324
Pension	33,932	33,932	32,837	33,932	32,837	33,932	33,932	30,648	33,932	32,837	33,932	32,837
PBOP	6,288	6,288	6,085	6,288	6,085	6,288	6,288	5,679	6,288	6,085	6,288	6,085
Group Insurance	146,109	146,109	141,396	146,109	141,396	146,109	146,109	131,969	146,109	141,396	146,109	141,396
401K	18,610	18,610	18,010	18,610	18,010	18,610	18,610	16,809	18,610	18,010	18,610	18,010
DCP	22,284	22,284	21,565	22,284	21,565	22,284	22,284	20,127	22,284	21,565	22,284	21,565
ESPP	1,490	1,490	1,442	1,490	1,442	1,490	1,490	1,346	1,490	1,442	1,490	1,442
VEBA	2,035	2,035	1,969	2,035	1,969	2,035	2,035	1,838	2,035	1,969	2,035	1,969
Other Benefits	10,681	10,681	10,337	10,681	10,337	10,681	10,681	9,648	10,681	10,337	10,681	10,337

**AEP System-SPP Zone
New Generation Technologies
Key Supply-Side Resource Option Assumptions (a)(b)(c)**

Type	Capacity (MW) (g)			Installed Cost (c,d) (\$/kW)	Full Load Heat Rate (HHV, Btu/kWh)	Fuel Cost (f) (\$/MWh)	Variable O&M (\$/MWh)	Fixed O&M (\$/kW-yr)	SO ₂ (Lb/mmBtu)	Emission Rates			Capacity Factor (%)	Overall Availability (%)	LCOE (k) (\$/MWh)
	Std. ISO	Winter	Summer							NOx (Lb/mmBtu)	CO ₂ (Lb/mmBtu)				
Base Load															
Nuclear	1,610	1,690	1,560	7,400	10,500	1.1	6.2	143.5	0.0000	0.000	0.0	90	94	176.2	
Base Load (90% CO₂ Capture New Unit)															
Purv. Coal (Ultra-Supercritical) (PRB)	540	570	520	8,700	12,600	3.2	13.0	95.8	0.1000	0.070	21.3	85	90	252.6	
IGCC "F" Class (PRB)	490	510	470	8,200	10,300	3.2	5.8	76.3	0.0638	0.062	21.3	85	88	227.5	
Base / Intermediate															
Combined Cycle (1X1 "F" Class)	376	400	510	1,200	6,600	7.4	3.7	7.5	0.0007	0.009	117.1	60	89	91.9	
Combined Cycle (1X1 "J" Class)	484	510	620	1,400	6,300	7.4	3.7	8.1	0.0007	0.007	117.1	60	89	94.6	
Combined Cycle (2X1 "J" Class)	1,066	1,120	1,370	1,000	6,300	7.4	3.7	4.9	0.0007	0.007	117.1	60	89	82.5	
Combined Cycle (2X1 "H" Class)	1,020	1,080	1,320	900	6,400	7.4	3.7	4.9	0.0007	0.007	117.1	60	89	83.3	
Peaking															
Combustion Turbine (2 - "E" Class) (h)	175	180	180	1,200	11,700	7.4	15.6	9.8	0.0007	0.009	117.1	25	93	196.9	
Combustion Turbine (2 - "F" Class, w/wrap coolers) (h)	466	490	470	700	10,000	7.4	15.6	5.2	0.0007	0.009	117.1	25	93	151.3	
Aero-Derivative (1 - Large Machines) (h,i)	110	110	110	1,500	9,200	7.4	15.6	13.7	0.0007	0.007	117.1	25	97	180.8	
Aero-Derivative (2 - Large Machines) (h,i)	200	210	210	1,300	9,200	7.4	15.6	10.1	0.0007	0.007	117.1	25	97	180.7	
Aero-Derivative (2 - Small Machines) (h,i)	100	100	100	1,700	9,800	7.4	15.6	43.7	0.0007	0.007	117.1	25	97	206.6	
Recip Engine Farm (3 - Engines) (h)	50	50	50	1,800	8,400	7.4	6.2	27.2	0.0007	0.018	117.1	25	98	198.5	
Battery Storage (Lithium-Ion)	10	10	10	1,900	87% (j)	--	--	15.9	--	--	--	25	94	171.7	

- Notes: (a) Installed cost, capacity and heat rate numbers have been rounded.
 (b) All costs in 2017 dollars. Assumed 2.13% escalation rate for 2017 and beyond.
 (c) \$/kW costs are based on nominal capacity.
 (d) Total Plant Investment Cost w/AFUDC (AEP-Est rate of 5.4%, site rating \$/kW).
 (e) Levelized Fuel Cost (40-Yr. Period 2018-2057)
 (g) All Capacities are at 1,000 feet above sea level
 (h) Includes Dual Fuel capability and SCR environmental installation.
 (i) Includes Black Start capability.
 (j) Denotes efficiency, (w/ power electronics).
 (k) Levelized cost of energy based on assumed capacity factors shown in table.

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-10)

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
COMMISSION STAFF'S THIRD REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

Witness: Kevin N. Rogers

32. Refer to Kentucky-American's Response to the Attorney General's First Request, Item 8. For each department listed in the table below, provide a detailed explanation for the forecasted increase in employee staffing from the "2014 December Actual" to the "2020 June Forecast."

<u>Department</u>	2014 December <u>Actual</u>	2020 June <u>Forecast</u>
Production	39	46
Distribution	65	74
Commercial	0	7
Administrative & General	22	25

Response:

KAW frequently reviews business needs and assigns duties and responsibilities accordingly, resulting in changes to job titles, as well as the creation and elimination of roles. Since 2014 there have been significant changes within and between departments. The changes described here are the net headcount changes by department.

The Production department had a net increase of 7 jobs as a result of filling December 2014 vacancies for Operations Specialist, Specialist Water Quality, Maintenance Service Specialist Supervisor Production and Waste Water Operator. Additionally, two trainee positions (Treatment Operator Trainee and Production Maintenance Trainee) have been added.

The Distribution department had a net increase of 9 jobs as a result of filling December 2014 vacancies for Crew Leader, Supervisor Field Operations and two Utility workers. Also three additional Field Service Representatives and four Utility workers have been added to the organization. Acquisitions since 2014 added three employees, including 1 Clerk Operations, and 2 Operations Generalists. Five employees have been transferred out of Distribution to create the Commercial department.

The Commercial department was created with 7 jobs being transferred from other departments. The Senior Supervisor Operations transferred from the Administration department, one Operations Clerk transferred from the Service Company (FRCC) and five from the Distribution department (Operations Specialist, four Specialist Service Delivery).

The Administration department had a net increase of 3 jobs by filling the 2014 vacant External Affairs Specialist and adding roles for Construction Inspector, Government Affairs Manager and Intern Admin (Engineering) and a new role for Operations

Specialist. The role of President was transferred to Service Company and a Senior Supervisor Operations was transferred to the Commercial department.

Kentucky American Water Company
Changes in the Jobs by Department
December 2014 to 2020 June Forecast

Department	Job	Forecast	
		Dec-14	Jun-16
Admin	Admin Asst - Staff Supp (N)	1	1
Admin	Capital Program Coordinator		1
Admin	Clerk Opns (N)	2	2
Admin	Constuction Inspector		1
Admin	Dir Govt Affairs (State)		1
Admin	Drafter CAD (N)	1	
Admin	Engineer	1	
Admin	Engineering Project Manager		2
Admin	Engineering Specialist		2
Admin	Engineering Tech (N)	1	
Admin	Engineering Technician		4
Admin	Exec Asst (N)	1	1
Admin	Intern Admin		1
Admin	Mgr Business Performance	1	1
Admin	Mgr Ext Affairs (State)	1	1
Admin	Mgr Health and Safety Programs		1
Admin	Operations Specialist		1
Admin	President (Large States)	1	
Admin	Project Mgr Engr	1	
Admin	Spec Ext Affairs		1
Admin	Specialist Engrg (N)	4	1
Admin	Specialist Operations (N)	2	
Admin	Sr Project Engineer		1
Admin	Sr Project Engr	1	
Admin	Sr Specialist ORM	1	
Admin	Sr Supt Opns		1
Admin	Supt Opns II	2	
Admin	VP Operations (Large 2)		1
Admin	VP Operations (Large)	1	
Admin Total		22	25
Commercial	Clerk Opns (N)		1
Commercial	Operations Specialist		1
Commercial	Specialist Service Delivery		4
Commercial	Sr Supvr Operations		1
Commercial Total			7
Distribution	Admin Asst (N)	1	
Distribution	Backhoe Operator F3200	1	2
Distribution	Clerk Opns (N)	7	3
Distribution	Crew Leader F3200 & U335P	10	8
Distribution	Field Service Rep F3200	12	15
Distribution	Jr Backhoe/Crew Leader F3200		1
Distribution	Jr Backoe/Crew Leader F3200	1	
Distribution	Meter Reader F3200	5	5
Distribution	Meter Technician F3200	1	1
Distribution	Mgr Field Operations	1	

Kentucky American Water Company
Changes in the Jobs by Department
December 2014 to 2020 June Forecast

Department	Job	Forecast	
		Dec-14	Jun-16
Distribution	Operations Generalist		5
Distribution	Operations Generalist II (N)	4	1
Distribution	Operations Specialist		4
Distribution	Specialist Operations (N)	4	
Distribution	Sr Mgr Operations		1
Distribution	Sr Supt Opns		2
Distribution	Sr Supvr Operations		1
Distribution	Supvr Field Operations	2	1
Distribution	Supvr Opns		1
Distribution	Supvr Opns II	2	
Distribution	Utility F3200	14	23
Distribution Total		65	74
Production	Admin Asst - Staff Supp (N)	1	1
Production	Chief Operator (N)	1	
Production	Maint Service Specialist		2
Production	Maintenance Technician I F3200		2
Production	Maintenance Technician II F3200	4	2
Production	Maintenance Trainee		1
Production	Manager WQ & Env Compliance		1
Production	Mgr Opns	1	1
Production	Operations Generalist		1
Production	Operations Specialist		2
Production	Operations Technician		6
Production	Spec Wtr Qlty & Env Compl II	2	3
Production	Specialist Maint Service (N)	2	
Production	Specialist Operations (N)	1	
Production	Sr Automation & Controls Tech		1
Production	Sr Spec Cross Connect (N)	1	
Production	Sr Specialist Maint Service(N)	1	
Production	Supt Wtr Qlty & Envrn Cmpl	1	
Production	Supvr Cross Connection		1
Production	Supvr Opns		1
Production	Supvr Production	2	3
Production	Technician Production (N)	7	1
Production	TREATMENT PLANT OPERATOR 3S F3200		2
Production	Treatment Plant Operator Trainee II		1
Production	Treatment Plant Operator Util 2S F3200		1
Production	Treatment Plt Opr 2 F3200		1
Production	Treatment Plt Opr F3200 U511	10	9
Production	Treatment Plt Opr Relief F3200	2	1
Production	Treatment Plt Opr Utility F3200	3	1
Production	Wastewater Operator		1
Production Total		39	46

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-11)

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S SECOND REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

Witness: Kevin N. Rogers

29. Provide a monthly history of budget FTE and actual FTE by department from January 2015 through December 2018 for KAWC.

Response:

Please refer to KAW_R_AGDR2_NUM029_030119_Attachment.

The actual FTE information does not include any contract temporary employees that may be in the workforce.

Kentucky Amerian Water Company
 Response to AGDR2_NUM029
 FTE Count by Department

2018																								
January		February		March		April		May		June		July		August		September		October		November		December		
Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	
Production	40	42	39	42	41	42	41	42	42	42	43	42	42	42	40	42	40	42	40	42	42	42	42	
Distribution	58	62	61	62	59	62	61	62	61	62	62	62	67	62	67	62	67	62	68	62	66	62	69	62
Commercial	9	12	9	12	8	12	7	12	7	12	7	12	7	12	7	12	7	12	7	12	6	12	6	12
Admin & General	25	25	25	25	24	25	23	25	23	25	22	25	22	25	23	25	23	25	23	25	24	25	23	25
	132	141	134	141	132	141	132	141	133	141	134	141	138	141	137	141	137	141	138	141	138	141	140	141

2017																								
January		February		March		April		May		June		July		August		September		October		November		December		
Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	
Production	39	44	39	44	41	44	39	44	41	44	41	44	41	44	41	44	40	44	40	44	40	44	40	44
Distribution	60	50	61	50	59	50	61	50	59	50	60	50	62	50	61	50	60	50	58	50	58	50	58	50
Commercial	9	27	8	27	9	27	9	27	8	27	8	27	9	27	9	27	9	27	9	27	9	27	9	27
Admin & General	24	22	24	22	24	22	24	22	24	22	24	22	24	22	24	22	24	22	23	22	23	22	24	22
	132	143	132	143	133	143	133	143	132	143	133	143	136	143	135	143	133	143	130	143	130	143	131	143

2016																								
January		February		March		April		May		June		July		August		September		October		November		December		
Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	
Production	42	43	40	43	40	43	40	43	43	43	37	43	40	43	41	43	41	43	39	43	40	43	39	43
Distribution	47	45	47	45	61	45	60	45	60	45	60	45	60	45	60	45	60	45	61	45	61	45	60	45
Commercial	24	26	24	26	10	26	10	26	10	26	10	26	10	26	10	26	10	26	9	26	9	26	9	26
Admin & General	20	22	21	22	21	22	21	22	21	22	26	22	22	22	23	22	22	22	24	22	24	22	24	22
	133	136	132	136	132	136	131	136	134	136	133	136	132	136	134	136	133	136	133	136	134	136	132	136

2015																								
January		February		March		April		May		June		July		August		September		October		November		December		
Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	
Production	40	43	41	43	40	43	40	43	38	43	39	43	40	43	40	43	39	43	39	43	39	43	40	43
Distribution	56	50	42	50	43	50	43	50	43	50	43	50	43	50	44	50	49	50	48	50	49	50	49	50
Commercial	10	24	25	24	25	24	25	24	24	24	23	24	22	24	22	24	23	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Admin & General	21	21	19	21	19	21	19	21	22	21	22	21	22	21	22	21	22	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
	127	138	127	138	127	138	127	138	127	138	127	138	127	138	128	138	133	138	132	138	133	138	134	138

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-12)

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S FIRST REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

Witness: Kurt Kogler, James S. Pellock, Melissa L. Schwarzell

22. Reference Rowe Direct at page 7, lines 15–17, describing the \$1.8 million in “performance compensation costs that the Commission previously has not recognized in rates.” Provide a description and quantification for each of the various kinds of costs being cited.

Response:

Performance compensation costs refer to the Company’s Annual Performance Plan and Long-Term Performance Plan.

Of the \$1.8 million referring to “performance compensation costs that the Commission previously has not recognized in rates,” the Company’s costs related to Support Services forecasted test year expenses for Annual Performance Plan and Long-Term Performance Plan total approximately \$1.2M as shown below.

	Support Services Forecasted Year <u>7/1/19-6/30/20</u> Total
Annual Performance Plan	\$ 696,641
Long-Term Performance Plan	480,641
	<u>\$ 1,177,281</u>

The other approximate \$600,000 of the \$1.8 million are costs from the Company’s forecasted Salary and Wages expense for Annual Performance Plan and Long-Term Performance Plan below.

	Kentucky-American Water Company Forecasted Year <u>7/1/19-6/30/20</u> Total
Annual Performance Plan	\$ 577,022
Long-Term Performance Plan	16,105
	<u>\$ 593,127</u>

**KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S SECOND REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

Witness: James S. Pellock/Kurt M. Kogler

19. Refer to the response to AG 1-22. Confirm that the amounts provided are expense, not total costs. If the amounts are total costs, then provide the portions that are: a) expensed, b) capitalized, and c) deferred.

Response:

The Support Services and Kentucky-American forecasted total amounts of \$1,177,281 and \$593,127, respectively on AG 1-22 are expense. Please see below for an update to the response for AG 1-22 as the original response included \$1,279 related to sewer operations.

	Support Services
	Forecasted Year 7/1/19-6/30/20
	<u>Total</u>
Annual Performance Plan	\$ 695,884
Long-Term Performance Plan	480,118
	<u>\$ 1,176,002</u>

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-13)

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

Witness: Kurt Kogler, Robert V. Mustich

31. Refer to Kentucky-American's response to Staff's First Request, Item 33, page 8, the 2018 Determination of Company Performance.
- a. Confirm that Kentucky-American's Annual Performance Plan is weighted equally (i.e., 50 percent each) toward reaching the financial and non-financial goals of American Water Works Company, Inc. (American Water).
 - b. Confirm that if American Water's financial goals are not met Kentucky-American's employees will not receive any incentive pay rewards.

Response:

a. The Annual Performance Plan is weighted as follows: Safety & People (15% weighting), Customer (15%), Environmental Leadership (10%), Technology & Operational Efficiency (10%), and Growth, as measured by Earnings per Share ("EPS") (50%). See page 3 of the 2018 Annual Performance Plan document previously provided in response to PSC 1-33. The Company's performance compensation plans align the interest of our customers, employees and shareholders. The operational components measure performance that can most directly influence customer satisfaction, health and safety, environmental performance, and operational efficiency, which affect the Company's financial performance (e.g., long-term cost savings or avoided costs). Importantly, to achieve performance pay financial goals, such as targeted EPS performance, demands attention to operating efficiency. That is, unless the utility controls or reduces its operating costs, it cannot achieve a targeted EPS. Well-grounded financial measures keep the organization focused on improved performance at all levels of the organization, particularly in increasing efficiency, decreasing waste, and boosting overall productivity. Those improvements benefit customers directly.

b. Under the provisions of the Annual Performance Plan, there are no APP payments to employees if EPS falls below 90% of target. All of the metrics operate on a sliding scale that includes a threshold (minimum) level of performance and a maximum level. If some, but less than all of the performance goals are achieved, the funding is diminished accordingly. No funding pool is created if the financial threshold (minimum) performance measure is not achieved to ensure the financial viability of the plan. See pages 3 and 11 of the 2018 Annual Performance Plan document previously provided in response to PSC 1-33.

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
COMMISSION STAFF'S FIRST REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

Witness: James S. Pellock / Kurt Kogler

33. a. Identify the amounts of incentive pay that are included in base year and forecasted labor. Describe the incentive pay plans and explain why such a plan is necessary and reasonable.
- b. List each Kentucky-American employee who is eligible to participate in the incentive pay program.
- c. State the level of incentive pay awarded to all individuals participating in the program for the previous five calendar years compared to the level of incentive pay available to each participant in the forecasted period.
- d. For the previous five calendar years, provide a comparison of the incentive pay that was budgeted to the actual amounts paid in each year. Include detailed explanations for any variance between the budgeted and actual payments.

Response:

- a. The amounts of performance pay in the base year and performance pay in the forecasted year are \$409,263 and \$593,127, respectively.

American Water's compensation program is designed to provide employees with a total compensation package on par with those offered by companies with which it competes for employees. By using a combination of base and performance compensation, Kentucky American Water satisfies a dual objective of reasonably compensating our employees while incentivizing them to achieve goals that improve performance and efficiency to benefit our customers. The Company offers performance compensation based on individual and company performance to eligible employees under American Water's Annual Performance Plan (APP) and Long Term Performance Plan (LTPP).

The Company's performance compensation plans contain tangible goals that are designed to do several things. First, they measure and reward employees for performance based on delivering clean, safe, reliable and affordable water service and providing good customer service when doing so. The operational components measure performance that can most directly influence customer satisfaction, health and safety, environmental performance, and operational efficiency. Customers derive a direct benefit from our focus on these key measures in the plan. Further, well-grounded financial measures keep employees focused on improved performance at all levels of the organization, particularly in increasing efficiency, decreasing waste, and boosting overall productivity.

A financially healthy utility focused on efficiency and customer satisfaction is able to attract the capital investments necessary to provide safe and reliable service and to maintain the technological expertise to operate the company and comply with increasing water quality standards. A financially healthy utility is very much in the interest of KAWC's customers, as it helps ensure KAWC the ability to provide safe and reliable service in the most cost-effective way to our customers in the long-term.

In addition, the American Water LTPP achieves its goal of reducing leadership attrition at a lower cost to customers than simply increasing leadership's base pay, because performance pay under the LTPP is stock-based. Because stock-based compensation vests on a phased basis in three installments over a prospective three-year period, employees must remain with the organization to realize the vesting of their awards. The retention of a highly trained and demonstrably effective and productive workforce is, without question, in the best interest of our customers.

The evidence in this case demonstrates that, even with performance payments, our overall compensation is reasonable. As Mr. Mustich explains in his testimony, the short-term variable compensation design, long-term variable compensation design, and employee benefits are within the range of market practices, based on the multiple market perspectives that were examined. He also found that Kentucky American Water's overall total remuneration – which includes base compensation and all performance compensation and benefits – is at the low end or below the competitive market range. Please see the direct testimony of Mr. Mustich and Mr. Kogler in further support of the Company's performance compensation plans.

Please also see the attached 2018 APP and LTPP brochures, which are being provided pursuant to a Petition for Confidential Protection because a portion of the brochures are confidential.

b. All full-time employees are eligible to participate in the APP as of January 1, 2019. The Vice President and President of Kentucky American are eligible to participate in the LTPP.

c. Please see the attached for incentive pay to Kentucky American employees for the last five years. A portion of the attachment is confidential and is filed pursuant to a Petition for Confidential Protection.

d. Please see the attached schedule.

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-14)

**KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S FIRST REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

Witness: Kurt Kogler, James S. Pellock

10. Reference the Direct Testimony of Mr. Kurt Kogler ("Kogler Direct"), at pages 13–14, specifically the discussion of employee participation in defined benefit and 401(k) plans. For employees who participate in a defined benefit plan, provide the total and jurisdictional amount of matching contributions made on behalf of employees who also participate in any 401(k) retirement savings account included in test year expense. This includes amounts of matching contributions for Company employees and for allocations from all other affiliates.

Response:

Please see attachment 1 for the Company employees who participated in both the 401(k) retirement savings plan included in test year expense and in the defined benefit plan.

Please see attachment 2 for the American Water Works Service Company employees who participated in both the 401(k) retirement savings plan included in test year expense and in the defined benefit plan.

Certain information in the attachments are confidential and is being provided pursuant to a petition for confidential protection.

Kentucky-American Water Company 401 (k) Contributions

Pers.No.	Personnel Subarea	401(k) Benefit Plan	Test Year	Water 401(k)	Capitalized 401(k)	Test Year
			Gross 401(k)			Expense Amount 401(k)
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	\$1,252	\$1,252	\$167	\$1,085
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,252	1,252	167	1,085
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,275	1,275	10	1,265
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	939	939	126	813
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,565	1,565	209	1,356
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,327	1,327	10	1,317
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,565	1,565	209	1,356
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,591	1,591	360	1,231
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	600	600	12	588
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,594	1,594	15	1,579
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,252	1,252	167	1,085
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,565	1,565	209	1,356
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	939	939	126	813
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,565	1,565	209	1,356
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,565	1,565	209	1,356
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,665	1,665	13	1,652
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,423	1,405	328	1,077
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,609	4	1	2
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,558	1,558	1,556	2
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,750	1,750	1,364	387
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,426	1,426	250	1,175
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,676	1,676	776	901
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,229	1,229	398	831
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,755	1,755	1,527	229
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,574	1,574	728	846
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,543	1,538	1,538	0
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	223	223	25	198
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,379	1,375	1,375	0
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,074	1,074	122	952
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	3,010	3,010	-	3,010
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,865	1,861	59	1,802
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,049	2,049	1,491	558
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,247	2,247	185	2,062
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,799	2,799	1,229	1,571
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,201	2,201	714	1,488
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,779	1,779	1,521	258
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,718	2,717	920	1,797
Total			\$58,398	\$56,760	\$18,327	\$38,433

American Water Works Service Company 401 (k) Contributions

Pers.No.	Personnel Subarea	Benefit plan	Total Service Company 401k	Total Allocated to Kentucky	Total Allocated to Kentucky (Water)
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	\$3,386	\$120	\$120
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	303	11	11
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	876	37	37
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,603	66	66
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,374	131	131
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	4,410	185	184
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	628	26	26
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,050	84	84
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,121	43	43
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,747	30	30
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	3,921	132	132
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	3,733	125	125
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,279	126	125
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	3,051	53	53
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	3,741	68	68
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	4,980	167	167
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,358	41	41
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,899	53	53
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	3,884	130	130
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,375	97	97
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	753	28	28
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	9,791	165	165
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	3,902	215	215
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	3,738	64	64
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,198	47	47
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,031	71	71
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,161	49	49
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	806	33	33
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,637	63	63
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,169	20	20
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,160	77	77
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,183	49	49
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,789	69	69
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	796	32	32
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	908	42	42
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,439	94	94
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,496	69	69
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,023	121	121
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,420	60	60
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	278	13	13
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,715	125	125
	Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	672	31	31

Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,372	56	56
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,166	54	54
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,106	131	131
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,399	94	93
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	4,373	156	155
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,561	64	64
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,471	60	60
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,176	48	48
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,049	124	124
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,053	48	48
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	442	19	19
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,655	59	59
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,267	87	87
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,050	84	84
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,590	91	91
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,096	61	61
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,633	103	103
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,085	38	38
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,768	65	65
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,905	73	73
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,060	125	125
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	469	56	55
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,792	61	61
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,513	98	98
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,566	141	141
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,115	51	51
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	297	14	14
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,027	47	47
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,723	116	116
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	620	22	22
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,070	0	0
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,373	83	83
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	401	48	47
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	423	17	17
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	786	31	31
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	322	13	13
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,162	46	46
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,612	100	100
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,088	45	45
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,108	51	51
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	990	41	41
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	391	46	46
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	4,825	166	166
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,669	102	102
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,491	69	69
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,356	279	279
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,153	136	136

Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,675	109	109
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	3,495	2,103	2,101
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,921	75	75
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,302	76	76
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,571	86	86
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,868	76	76
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,034	38	38
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	7,566	4,554	4,549
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,955	1,779	1,777
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	7,767	272	271
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,136	134	134
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,197	55	55
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	515	20	20
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,021	37	37
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,118	132	132
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,133	87	87
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	6,023	332	332
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,177	63	63
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	5,268	193	193
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,476	58	58
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,561	61	61
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	5,967	250	249
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,284	126	126
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,734	71	71
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,811	155	155
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,965	116	115
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,216	0	0
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,208	48	48
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,219	50	50
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,636	101	101
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,887	79	79
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,637	64	64
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,077	80	80
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	6,264	215	215
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	3,057	169	168
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	857	35	35
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	956	0	0
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,153	0	0
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,265	0	0
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	278	0	0
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	689	0	0
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	924	0	0
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	729	0	0
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,914	105	105
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,793	99	99
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,924	1	1
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,393	88	88

Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,413	101	101
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	3,297	113	113
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,099	82	82
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	69	2	2
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,765	113	113
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,883	77	77
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,433	93	93
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,236	57	57
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,035	41	41
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	601	24	24
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	426	50	50
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	952	40	40
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,432	61	61
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	514	24	24
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,438	57	57
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,215	67	67
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,248	76	75
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	7,081	248	247
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	985	42	42
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,045	124	123
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,769	74	73
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	786	31	31
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,000	71	71
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	3,063	107	107
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	239	11	11
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,485	83	83
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,616	53	53
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,092	43	43
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	349	41	41
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	402	16	16
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,374	40	40
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	665	28	28
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,161	46	46
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,344	49	49
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,092	73	73
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,378	91	91
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,771	99	99
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,636	104	104
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,631	0	0
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,669	112	112
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,017	82	82
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,614	53	53
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,162	45	45
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	807	37	37
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,684	69	69
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	802	32	32
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,827	66	66

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Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	933	28	28
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	4,207	154	154
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	529	63	63
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,587	87	87
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	378	45	45
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,058	43	43
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,477	81	81
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,087	45	45
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	435	17	17
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	947	37	37
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,075	44	44
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	496	20	20
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,065	95	95
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,194	47	47
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,144	0	0
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,695	103	103
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	3,299	116	115
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,816	70	70
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,857	62	62
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	692	27	27
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,400	88	88
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,048	124	124
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,799	52	52
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	3,106	108	108
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	448	0	0
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,282	53	53
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,711	56	56
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,019	42	41
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	712	0	0
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,645	59	59
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	3,627	128	128
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,235	57	57
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	587	24	24
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,065	49	49
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	183	7	7
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,051	43	43
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	451	18	18
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,587	68	68
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	5,246	186	186
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	3,338	139	139
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,819	65	65
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,392	100	100
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	445	16	16
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	4,783	175	175
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,304	88	88
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,593	65	65
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,864	52	52

Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	810	27	27
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	599	24	24
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,329	29	29
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	482	20	20
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,086	72	72
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,772	102	102
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,763	65	65
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,966	71	70
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,705	67	67
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	2,667	104	104
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,062	0	0
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,873	76	76
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	663	28	28
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	985	0	0
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,293	153	153
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,155	39	39
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	749	25	25
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,742	71	71
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,514	179	179
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	705	83	83
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	4,454	174	173
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	3,599	138	138
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,160	46	46
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	189	8	8
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	793	0	0
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	715	29	29
Non-Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	667	26	26
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	771	35	35
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	417	19	19
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	631	29	29
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	914	42	42
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	386	18	18
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	813	37	37
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	380	17	17
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	359	15	15
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	374	15	15
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	380	18	17
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	360	17	17
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	726	33	33
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	941	43	43
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	837	39	38
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	950	44	44
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	371	15	15
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	805	37	37
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	352	16	16
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	386	18	18
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14

Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	952	44	44
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	832	38	38
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	912	42	42
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	386	18	18
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	802	34	34
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,041	48	48
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	824	38	38
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	477	19	19
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	551	25	25
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	347	16	16
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	386	15	15
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	363	15	15
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	885	41	41
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	377	15	15
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	801	34	34
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	766	35	35
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	384	18	18
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	326	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	815	38	37
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	465	21	21
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	826	38	38
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	761	35	35
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	821	38	38
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	795	34	34
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,037	48	48
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	567	26	26
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	442	20	20
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	917	36	36
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	777	33	33
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	356	15	15
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	381	18	18
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	835	38	38
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	345	16	16
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	805	32	32
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	637	29	29
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	804	34	34
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	347	16	16
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	734	34	34
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	567	26	26
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	919	36	36
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	800	34	34
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	819	38	38
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	386	18	18

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Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	707	30	30
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	673	27	27
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	731	29	29
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	825	38	38
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	734	34	34
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	825	38	38
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	612	26	26
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	347	16	16
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	325	15	15
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	347	16	16
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	576	25	24
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	418	19	19
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	326	13	13
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	350	16	16
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	397	16	16
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	388	15	15
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	493	20	20
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	326	13	13
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	816	38	38
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	546	22	22
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	517	21	21
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	618	25	25
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	666	27	27
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	323	15	15
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	710	29	29
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	614	25	25
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	316	13	13
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	316	13	13
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	376	15	15
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	622	25	25
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	316	13	13
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	316	13	13
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	530	22	22
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	316	13	13
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	353	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	595	24	24
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	369	17	17
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	705	32	32
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	419	19	19
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	303	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	326	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	660	30	30
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	561	26	26
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	999	43	43

Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	617	28	28
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	930	43	43
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	734	29	29
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	425	17	17
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	307	13	13
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	595	24	24
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	996	46	46
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	444	18	18
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	922	42	42
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	377	15	15
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	295	12	12
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	617	28	28
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	419	17	17
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	456	18	18
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,056	45	45
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	419	17	17
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	317	13	13
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	770	33	33
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	991	46	46
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	285	12	12
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	542	25	25
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	350	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	514	21	21
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	285	12	12
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	1,099	51	51
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	285	12	12
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	339	13	13
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	963	44	44
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	542	25	25
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	285	12	12
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	479	20	20
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	440	20	20
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	526	24	24
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	625	25	25
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	470	19	19
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	285	12	12
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	526	24	24
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	285	12	12
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	635	25	25
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	655	26	26
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	834	33	33
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	298	12	12

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Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	277	11	11
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	277	11	11
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	341	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	480	20	20
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	490	20	20
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	697	32	32
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	283	12	12
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	635	25	25
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	631	25	25
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	283	12	12
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	966	44	44
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	764	30	30
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	802	32	32
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	822	32	32
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	414	16	16
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	298	12	12
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	353	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	632	25	25
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	381	15	15
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	257	10	10
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	257	10	10
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	257	10	10
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	257	10	10
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	373	15	15
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	527	21	21
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	308	12	12
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	308	12	12
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	348	14	14
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	525	21	21
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	531	21	21
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	370	15	15
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	584	24	24
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	269	11	11
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	788	31	31
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	470	19	19
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	308	12	12
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	526	21	21
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	251	10	10
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	251	10	10
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	308	12	12
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	308	12	12
Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	517	20	20

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	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	585	23	23
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	591	23	23
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	308	12	12
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	498	20	20
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	462	19	19
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	251	10	10
	Union	401(k) Match 50% up to 5%	251	10	10
			<u>\$589,125</u>	<u>\$31,584</u>	<u>\$31,550</u>

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-15)

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S SECOND REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

Witness: John R. Wilde

16. Refer to the Direct Testimony of Mr. John Wilde (“Wilde Direct”) at page 7, line 22 through page 8, line 8, and the response to Staff 2-65, which states that “The 2017 federal income tax return was completed in October of 2018, EADIT estimates as of 12/31/2017 are known with greater certainty, and ADIT and EADIT amounts in our accounting recordings now reflect the book to tax differences as claimed on tax returns through 12/31/2017.”
- a. Provide the excess ADIT at December 31, 2017 and the related regulatory liabilities for each temporary difference, including, but not limited to the separate temporary differences for accelerated tax depreciation and repair allowance.
 - b. Provide the amount of the repair allowance deduction for each tax year 2008 through 2018.
 - c. Confirm that the Company is required under GAAP to amortize the excess ADIT deemed “protected” and that it did so starting in January 2018.
 - d. Indicate whether the amortization of the excess ADIT regulatory liabilities deemed “protected” in 2018 were taken to income or deferred to new or different regulatory liability accounts. Describe the Company’s accounting for the amortization of these excess ADIT amounts for each temporary difference.
 - e. Provide the amortization of the excess ADIT regulatory liability by temporary difference deemed “protected” for each month January through December 2018 recorded on the Company’s accounting books and forecast for each month thereafter through June 2020. Provide the calculation of these amortization amounts, including all assumptions, data, calculations, and electronic spreadsheets in live format with all formulas intact. Also provide the actual monthly journal entries for January through December 2018, including any related deferrals of the amortization expense to new or different regulatory liability accounts.

Response:

- a. See response and attachment to KAW_R_PSCDR3_NUM018. The details around accelerated tax depreciation and repairs will not be available until the software updates have been completed.
- b. The tax method of accounting that KYAW uses to claim tax repair deductions in excess of repair deduction claimed for book purposes is focused on the calculation

and carrying of the tax repair deduction in excess of the book repair deduction. The tax method of accounting that KYAW applied in claiming tax repairs in excess of book repairs applies to property placed in service between 2001-2018, and would be applicable to ADIT balances as of 12/31/2018. However, excess ADIT related to TCJA would be only applicable 2001-2017 vintage property.

We do not have the tax repair cumulative book to tax differences, nor resulting ADIT or excess ADIT balances, carved out of plant related amounts. That will be done as a function of setting up our ARAM record in PowerTax, and we will have a break-out of the cumulative book tax difference for tax repairs related to 2001-2018 property in mid-April.

- c. It is KYAW's belief that that the stated action is not a requirement of GAAP because GAAP allows the deferral of and the amortization of excess ADIT balances to follow the treatment ordered by the applicable utility regulatory Commission, subject to normalization requirements.
- d. Pending KYAW beginning to normalize excess ADIT into customer rates and provision for income taxes with the appropriate offset to ratebase or cost of capital, KYAW has estimated the balance of excess ADIT subject to normalization and deferred that amount to a regulatory liability. No amortization of the excess ADIT has begun.
- e. As stated above amortization of excess ADIT has not begun. It is our intent to calculate the amortization pursuant to ARAM by mid-April, and update the record in this case at that time.

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-16)

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S SECOND REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

Witness: John R. Wilde

18. Refer to Wilde Direct at page 11, lines 1–5.
- a. Confirm that the Consent Agreement addresses only the ADIT due to the repair allowance deduction without consideration of excess ADIT resulting from subsequent tax law changes, such as the TCJA.
 - b. Confirm that the Consent Agreement does not address excess ADIT resulting from subsequent tax law changes, such as the TCJA.
 - c. Confirm that the Consent Agreement repeatedly states that if there are subsequent changes in the law, e.g., final or proposed regulations, that are inconsistent with the conclusions reached in this letter ruling, the method of accounting utilized as a result of the letter ruling will no longer be regarded as a proper method of accounting and would be subject to change.
 - d. Confirm that the TCJA does not require normalization accounting for the excess ADIT repair allowance. If the Company disagrees, then provide a copy of all authoritative support and research relied on for your conclusion.
 - e. Identify all other utilities that consider the excess ADIT repair allowance to be “protected” or otherwise subject to the normalization requirements under §167 or §168 of the IRC.

Response:

- a. Kentucky-American cannot confirm the assumption that the Consent Agreement “addresses only the ADIT due to the repair allowance deduction without consideration of excess ADIT resulting from subsequent tax law changes, such as the TCJA,” as it does not believe the Consent Agreement makes this distinction. To the contrary, the language of the Consent Agreement is that a normalization method “within the meaning of §168(i)(9)” must be used. The TCJA states precisely what does not qualify as such a normalization method: “[a] normalization method of accounting shall not be treated as being used with respect to any public utility property for purposes of section 167 or 168 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 if the taxpayer, in computing its cost of service for ratemaking purposes and reflecting operating results in its regulated books of accounts, reduces the excess tax reserve more rapidly or to a greater extent than such reserve would be reduced under the average rate assumption method.” TCJA, §13001(d)(1). Identical language is found in §203(e)(1) of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, and so it was the law when the IRS

included this condition in the Consent Agreement. The language from the Consent Agreement thus brings within it these provisions of the TCJA and the Tax Reform Act of 1986.

- b. Kentucky-American cannot confirm the assumption that the Consent Agreement “does not address excess ADIT resulting from subsequent tax law changes, such as the TCJA,” as it does not believe the Consent Agreement makes this distinction. See response to (a) above.
- c. The Consent Agreement is a writing that speaks for itself. Please see the contents of the Consent Agreement for confirmation of what it states.
- d. While the TCJA standing alone may not require normalization accounting for the excess ADIT repair allowance, the Consent Agreement, together with the TCJA, does.
- e. All 16 utility affiliates of American Water Works are subject to the terms of the Consent Agreement, including the requirement that a normalization method “within the meaning of §168(i)(9)” must be used with respect to excess repairs ADIT.

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-17)

**KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S FIRST REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

Witness: John R. Wilde

- 31.** Reference the Direct Testimony of Mr. John R. Wilde ("Wilde Direct"), in regards to the Company's reflection of the excess ADIT and the amortization thereof in the filing related to both the tax rate reduction associated with the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act and the reduction in the state income tax rate from 6% to 5%. Do the cited amounts reflected on page 8 for the estimated protected and unprotected excess ADIT match the amounts that were recorded as a regulatory liability on the books at December 31, 2017? If not explain why not.

Response:

The amount quoted in Mr. Wilde's Direct Testimony related to the federal rate change does not tie to the amount recorded as a regulatory liability on the books at December 31, 2017 for two reasons:

First, during discovery in proceeding 2018-00042, a formula error was discovered and lowered the amount. Second, the amount provided in the testimony is the actual re-measurement of deferred taxes without gross up to the deferred tax equivalent. The amount recorded on the books as a regulatory liability is with the gross up and includes the adjustment for the formula error.

Regarding the amount quoted for the state rate change, the announcement of the state rate change was made in April 2018. Therefore, nothing was booked at December 31, 2017.

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-18)

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

Witness: John R. Wilde

66. Refer to Wilde Testimony, page 8 lines 6–7. Provide the estimated ADIT regulatory liability associated with the tax deduction for repairs in excess of book repairs.

Response:

This is an amount that we as of yet have not isolated out of the overall plant related ADIT or EADIT balance.

ADIT and EADIT are the product of the underlying cumulative book to tax difference, and care is needed to isolate out any plant related ADIT or EADIT balance insuring that you also correctly align it to the associated book to tax difference.

In converting a tax method of accounting for repairs that was different from books, a cumulative adjustment is made known as a “481a” adjustment to essentially bring your book to tax differences and ADIT balances in line with what would have been the result had you been following that method for all vintages it was applied to. That 481a adjustment includes accelerated tax depreciation and bonus deductions claimed prior to the change in method offset by the repair adjustment that would then be applied. For ARAM you have to separate out the accelerated tax depreciation component of that adjustment from the gross tax repair deduction the company would have been entitled to. Because our tax repairs method originally adopted in 2008 was subsequently refined based on additional IRS guidance, more than one instance of a 481a adjustment occurred, impacting vintages dating back to 2001. The 481a as calculated by the consultant doing the tax repair analysis and work-papers did split the 481a adjustment up between its components, so we have the data. However, Kentucky-American was not using ARAM or the PowerTax Deferred Tax Module, and it did not need or have the capability to load the 481a adjustment at the level of precision now needed to address the requirements of the TCJA. The workpapers provided by the consultant to execute our tax repairs method changes in preparing tax returns for the applicable year are one source of the information we are using to build out the ARAM record in PowerTax.

In addition, the ADIT and book to tax difference that is created in claiming the gross repairs deduction on a tax return reverses based on book depreciation deductions. So to appropriately isolate the ADIT related to tax repairs you need to know the cumulative repair deduction including the relevant portion of the 481a adjustment (described above) and the cumulative book depreciation that has occurred over time. In order to calculate the book depreciation associated with a tax repair deduction, the cumulative repair deduction and accumulated book depreciation must be in a record that is unique to the vintage of plant it relates to and the book depreciation group that will define the life over

which it will reverse. The level of detail for ADIT and EADIT that is required to use ARAM is inherent in how data is populated and structured in the PowerTax Deferred Tax Module. The straight line on tax basis functionality in the PowerTax Deferred Tax Module is what allows the correct amount of ADIT, EADIT, or underlying cumulative book to tax difference to be isolated out my adjustment identifier and be carried, and normalized as a discrete record.

When the TCJA was enacted, Kentucky-American, having used the Reverse South Georgia Method (RSGM) of accounting for prior changes in law, did not have the need for all the granularity afforded by the PowerTax Deferred Tax Module. RSGM as a method normalizes the entire balance of plant related EADIT over the composite average life of all plant the EADIT relates to. Therefore, the Company could execute those calculations in One Source Tax Provision with the supporting schedules in Excel spreadsheets without having to incur the cost or complexity of maintaining the PowerTax Deferred Tax Module.

Kentucky-American will have a precise method of isolating out the ADIT and EADIT related to tax repairs in mid-April 2019; if we are able to do so earlier we will update our answer to this request.

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-19)

**KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

Witness: John R. Wilde

- 68.** Provide the revenue requirement impact of amortizing the excess state ADIT using amortization periods of five, ten, and fifteen years.

Response:

Estimate of the state regulatory liability (ADIT excess grossed up to its deferred tax equivalent) is \$1,410,549. Please see attached revenue requirement impact.

Kentucky-American Water Company
Revenue Requirement Impact of Excess State ADIT Amortization

Net Liability	(\$1,058,617)
Gross Liability	(\$1,410,549)
Pretax return	10.01%
Expense Gross Up	101.13%

		Years									
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<u>5 Year</u>											
a	Amortization	(\$282,110)	(\$282,110)	(\$282,110)	(\$282,110)	(\$282,110)					
b	Change to Rate Base	\$105,862	\$317,585	\$529,309	\$741,032	\$952,755					
c = b x pretax return	Pretax Rate of Return	\$10,597	\$31,790	\$52,984	\$74,177	\$95,371					
d = a+c	Revenue Requirement Before Uncollectibles and PSC fees	(\$271,513)	(\$250,320)	(\$229,126)	(\$207,933)	(\$186,739)					
e = d*expense gross up	Revenue Requirement After Uncollectibles and PSC fees	(\$274,572)	(\$253,140)	(\$231,707)	(\$210,275)	(\$188,843)					
<u>10 Year</u>											
a	Amortization	(\$141,055)	(\$141,055)	(\$141,055)	(\$141,055)	(\$141,055)	(\$141,055)	(\$141,055)	(\$141,055)	(\$141,055)	(\$141,055)
b	Change to Rate Base	\$52,931	\$158,793	\$264,654	\$370,516	\$476,378	\$582,239	\$688,101	\$793,963	\$899,824	\$1,005,686
c = b x pretax return	Pretax Rate of Return	\$5,298	\$15,895	\$26,492	\$37,089	\$47,685	\$58,282	\$68,879	\$79,476	\$90,072	\$100,669
d = a+c	Revenue Requirement Before Uncollectibles and PSC fees	(\$135,757)	(\$125,160)	(\$114,563)	(\$103,966)	(\$93,369)	(\$82,773)	(\$72,176)	(\$61,579)	(\$50,982)	(\$40,386)
e = d*expense gross up	Revenue Requirement After Uncollectibles and PSC fees	(\$137,286)	(\$126,570)	(\$115,854)	(\$105,138)	(\$94,421)	(\$83,705)	(\$72,989)	(\$62,273)	(\$51,557)	(\$40,841)
<u>15 Year</u>											
a	Amortization	(\$94,037)	(\$94,037)	(\$94,037)	(\$94,037)	(\$94,037)	(\$94,037)	(\$94,037)	(\$94,037)	(\$94,037)	(\$94,037)
b	Change to Rate Base	\$35,287	\$105,862	\$176,436	\$247,011	\$317,585	\$388,160	\$458,734	\$529,309	\$599,883	\$670,457
c = b x pretax return	Pretax Rate of Return	\$3,532	\$10,597	\$17,661	\$24,726	\$31,790	\$38,855	\$45,919	\$52,984	\$60,048	\$67,113
d = a+c	Revenue Requirement Before Uncollectibles and PSC fees	(\$90,504)	(\$83,440)	(\$76,375)	(\$69,311)	(\$62,246)	(\$55,182)	(\$48,117)	(\$41,053)	(\$33,988)	(\$26,924)
e = d*expense gross up	Revenue Requirement After Uncollectibles and PSC fees	(\$91,524)	(\$84,380)	(\$77,236)	(\$70,092)	(\$62,948)	(\$55,804)	(\$48,659)	(\$41,515)	(\$34,371)	(\$27,227)

Kentucky-American Water Company
Revenue Requirement Impact of Excess State ADIT Amortization

Net Liability (\$1,058,617)
 Gross Liability (\$1,410,549)
 Pretax return 10.01%
 Expense Gross Up 101.13%

		11	12	13	14	15
<u>5 Year</u>						
a	Amortization					
b	Change to Rate Base					
c = b x pretax return	Pretax Rate of Return					
d = a+c	Revenue Requirement Before Uncollectibles and PSC fees					
e = d*expense gross up	Revenue Requirement After Uncollectibles and PSC fees					
<u>10 Year</u>						
a	Amortization					
b	Change to Rate Base					
c = b x pretax return	Pretax Rate of Return					
d = a+c	Revenue Requirement Before Uncollectibles and PSC fees					
e = d*expense gross up	Revenue Requirement After Uncollectibles and PSC fees					
<u>15 Year</u>						
a	Amortization	(\$94,037)	(\$94,037)	(\$94,037)	(\$94,037)	(\$94,037)
b	Change to Rate Base	\$741,032	\$811,606	\$882,181	\$952,755	\$1,023,330
c = b x pretax return	Pretax Rate of Return	\$74,177	\$81,242	\$88,306	\$95,371	\$102,435
d = a+c	Revenue Requirement Before Uncollectibles and PSC fees	(\$19,859)	(\$12,795)	(\$5,730)	\$1,334	\$8,399
e = d*expense gross up	Revenue Requirement After Uncollectibles and PSC fees	(\$20,083)	(\$12,939)	(\$5,795)	\$1,349	\$8,493

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-20)

Kentucky Utilities
Case No. 2018-00294
Rate Case Expenses
Base Period: Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2018
Forecasted Test Period: Twelve Months Ended April 30, 2020

KU FR_16(8)(f)

Schedule F-7

Account No.	Description of Expense	Total Utility
Total Estimated Kentucky Rate Case Expenses		
182	Legal	\$ 1,034,473
182	Consultants	255,891
182	Newspaper Advertising	1,738,637
Total Estimated Kentucky Rate Case Expenses		\$ 3,029,001

Account No.	Description of Expenses	Base Period		Forecasted Test Period			
		Total Utility	Jurisdiction %	Total Jurisdiction	Total Utility	Jurisdiction %	Total Jurisdiction
Regulatory Commission Expenses							
928	FERC Annual Charge	410,966	88.026%	361,759	441,708	94.101%	415,651
928	Rate Case Amortization	1,272,256	100.000%	1,272,256	1,547,426	100.000%	1,547,426
928	Virginia Rate Case	158,788	0.000%	-	43,333	0.000%	-
928	Miscellaneous	178,009	100.000%	178,009	25,483	100.000%	25,483
Totals		2,020,019		1,812,024	2,057,951		1,988,560

Louisville Gas & Electric
Case No. 2018-00295
Rate Case Expenses
Base Period: Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2018
Forecasted Test Period: Twelve Months Ended April 30, 2020

LGE FR_16(8)(f)

Schedule F-7

Account No.	Description of Expense	Utility
-------------	------------------------	---------

Total Estimated Kentucky Rate Case Expenses

182	Legal	\$ 926,449
182	Consultants	\$ 239,023
182	Newspaper Advertising	\$ 908,617
Total Estimated Kentucky Rate Case Expenses		\$ 2,074,089

Electric

182	Legal	\$ 705,654
182	Consultants	185,234
182	Newspaper Advertising	689,401
Total Estimated Kentucky Electric Rate Case Expenses		\$ 1,580,289

Gas

182	Legal	\$ 220,796
182	Consultants	53,789
182	Newspaper Advertising	219,216
Total Estimated Kentucky Gas Rate Case Expenses		\$ 493,800

Account No.	Description of Expenses	<u>Base Period</u>	<u>Forecasted Test Period</u>
		Total Utility	Total Utility
<u>Regulatory Commission Expenses</u>			
928	FERC Annual Charge	418,412	441,708
928	Rate Case Amortization - Electric	745,805	787,814
928	Rate Case Amortization - Gas	192,268	251,882
928	Miscellaneous - Electric	279,977	314,893
928	Miscellaneous - Gas		
Totals		1,636,462	1,796,296

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-21)

Kentucky Power Company
Amortization of Rate Case Expense
Test Year Ended 2/28/2017
W19

<u>Line No.</u> (1)	<u>Description</u> (2)	<u>Amount</u> (3)
	Estimated Cost:	
1	Legal Expense	\$510,000
2	Other Professional Services	\$210,000
3	Publication Notices and Correspondence	\$640,000
4	KPCo Overtime and Out of Pocket Costs	<u>\$15,000</u>
5	Total Estimated Costs (Ln 1 + Ln 2 + Ln 3 + Ln 4)	\$1,375,000
6	Number of Years of Amortization	<u>3</u>
7	Annual Average Rate Case Costs (Ln 5 / Ln 6)	\$458,333
8	Less: Rate Case Expense in Test Year	<u>\$81,734</u>
9	Adjustment to Test Year O&M Expense (Ln 7- Ln 8)	\$376,599
10	Allocation Factor - SPECIFIC	<u>1.000</u>
11	KPSC Jurisdiction Amount (Ln 9 X Ln 10)	<u><u>\$376,599</u></u>

Witness: John A. Rogness

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-22)

DUKE ENERGY KENTUCKY, INC.
 CASE NO. 2017-00321
 RATE CASE EXPENSE
 FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

DATA: BASE PERIOD "X" FORECASTED PERIOD
 TYPE OF FILING: "X" ORIGINAL UPDATED REVISED
 WORK PAPER REFERENCE NO(S):

SCHEDULE F-6
 PAGE 1 OF 1
 WITNESS RESPONSIBLE:
 S. E. LAWLER

COMPARISON OF PROJECTED EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE CURRENT CASE TO PRIOR RATE CASES

LINE NO.	ITEM OF EXPENSE	CASE NO.	CASE NO.	CASE NO.	JUSTIFICATION OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGE	
		2017-00321	2009-00202 (GAS)	2006-00172 (ELEC)		
		ESTIMATE	ACTUAL	ESTIMATE	ACTUAL	ESTIMATE
1	Legal	186,690	7,324	15,000	11,268	35,000
2	Depreciation Study	75,000	35,146	50,000	55,772	40,000
3	Demolition Study	80,000			21,366	
4	Consultants	0	19,442	25,000	78,391	25,000
5	Rate of Return Studies	80,000	54,717	60,000	45,478	70,000
6	Cost of Service Studies	0	0	0	0	0
7	Publish Legal Notice	81,000	22,315	80,000	81,463	16,000
8	Transportation, Lodging, Meals	80,000	0	20,000	7,990	40,000
9	Miscellaneous	20,000	17,580	10,000	(99,728)	9,000
10	Total	<u>602,690</u>	<u>156,524</u>	<u>260,000</u>	<u>202,000</u>	<u>235,000</u>

SCHEDULE OF RATE CASE EXPENSE AMORTIZATION

RATE CASE	TOTAL TO BE AMORTIZED	OPINION / ORDER DATE	AMORTIZATION PERIOD	AMOUNT AMORTIZED TO DATE	AMORT. DURING FORECASTED PERIOD
Current Case	602,690	-	5 YEAR	0	120,538
2006-00172	235,000	12/21/2006	3 YEAR	235,000	0
State Fuel Hearings and Other					0
Total Rate Case Expense Amortization			To WPD-2.17a <-----		<u>120,538 (A)</u>

(A) Represents rate case expense included on Schedule C-2, as adjusted.

DUKE ENERGY KENTUCKY, INC.
CASE NO. 2018-00261
RATE CASE EXPENSE
FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

DATA: BASE PERIOD "X" FORECASTED PERIOD
TYPE OF FILING: "X" ORIGINAL UPDATED REVISED
WORK PAPER REFERENCE NO(S):

SCHEDULE F-6
PAGE 1 OF 1
WITNESS RESPONSIBLE:
S. E. LAWLER

COMPARISON OF PROJECTED EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE CURRENT CASE TO PRIOR RATE CASES							
LINE NO.	ITEM OF EXPENSE	CASE NO.	CASE NO.		CASE NO.		JUSTIFICATION OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGE
		2018-00261 ESTIMATE	2017-00321 (ELEC) ACTUAL	ESTIMATE	2009-00202 (GAS) ACTUAL	ESTIMATE	
1	Legal	266,000	232,206	186,690	7,324	15,000	
2	Depreciation Study	75,000	56,066	75,000	35,146	50,000	
3	Demolition Study	9,500	86,653	80,000			
4	Consultants	0	0	0	19,442	25,000	
5	Rate of Return Studies	80,000	66,572	80,000	54,717	60,000	
6	Cost of Service Studies	0	0	0	0	0	
7	Publish Legal Notice	100,000	211,937	81,000	22,315	80,000	
8	Transportation, Lodging, Meals	35,000	39,357	80,000	0	20,000	
9	Miscellaneous	10,000	6,548	20,000	17,580	10,000	
10	Total	<u>575,500</u>	<u>699,339</u>	<u>602,690</u>	<u>156,524</u>	<u>260,000</u>	

SCHEDULE OF RATE CASE EXPENSE AMORTIZATION

RATE CASE	TOTAL TO BE AMORTIZED	OPINION / ORDER DATE	AMORTIZATION PERIOD	AMOUNT AMORTIZED TO DATE	AMORT. DURING FORECASTED PERIOD
CURRENT CASE	575,500	-	5 YEAR	0	115,100
CASE NO. 2009-00202	260,000	12/29/2009	3 YEAR	260,000	0
State Fuel Hearings and Other					0
Total Rate Case Expense Amortization			To WPD-2.16a <-----		<u>115,100</u> (A)

(A) Represents rate case expense included on Schedule C-2, as adjusted.

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-23)

Atmos Energy Corporation, Kentucky/Mid-States Division
Kentucky Jurisdiction Case No. 2018-00281
Projected Rate Case Expense

Data: Base Period Forecasted Period
 Type of Filing: Original Updated Revised
 Workpaper Reference No(s).

FR 16(8)(f)
 Schedule F-6
 Witness: Waller

Line No.	Description	Amount
1	Consulting	
2	Class Cost Study - P. Raab	\$ 13,650
3	Depreciation Study - D. Watson	\$ 23,064
4	Cost of Capital - Vander Weide, J. H.	16,200
5	sub-total	<u>\$ 52,914</u>
6		
7	Legal Fees	
8	(J. Hughes/R. Hutchinson)	164,184
9		
10	Employee Expense	
11	(airfare, lodging, meals, etc.)	23,813
12		
13	Miscellaneous Expense	
14	(printing, advertising, etc.)	<u>96,393</u>
15		
16	Total Projected Rate Case Expense	<u>\$ 337,304</u>
17		
18	Three (3) Year Amortization of Rate Case Expenses	<u>\$ 112,434.56</u>

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-24)

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S FIRST REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

Witness: Scott W. Rungren

54. Provide all data and supporting workpapers for KAWC's requested cost of short-term debt. If the cost of short-term debt includes commitment fees or other fees over and above the pure cost of short-term debt, separate out such additional fees.

Response:

The Excel file containing the requested work papers was filed in response to PSC 1-1.

The file name is "KAWC_2018_Rate Case_-_Capital Structure.xlsx". Within that file, see tab "Sch J WPs", Excel row 448, in columns S to AF.

The projected monthly short-term rates used to compute the thirteen-month average rate in the above-referenced file are projected one-month LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate) rates taken from Bloomberg on October 5, 2018, with the addition of a spread of 0.19.

The spread was calculated by the subtracting the actual spot commercial paper rate on October 5, 2018, which was 2.28 percent, from the average one-month commercial paper rate for American Water on October 5, 2018, which was 2.47 percent. The difference of 0.19 was used as the projected spread to add to the projected one-month LIBOR rates from Bloomberg to arrive at the projected American Water short-term rates.

EXHIBIT ____ (LK-25)

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
CASE NO. 2018-00358
COMMISSION STAFF'S SECOND REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

Witness: Scott W. Rungren

93. Refer to the application, the Direct Testimony of Scott W. Rungren (Rungren Testimony), page 7, line 19. Provide any updates to the expected interest rate of 4.55 percent for the issuance of the \$16 million in long-term debt.

Response:

Based on Bloomberg data as of January 11, 2019, the forward curve analysis indicates that the projected rate for a 30-year Treasury at May 15, 2019, the estimated issuance date for KAWC's \$16 million debt issuance, is 3.10%. Adding the 1.12 percent spread at which American Water Capital Corp. ("AWCC"), KAWC's financing affiliate, is expected to issue above the 30-year Treasury rate results in an overall updated interest rate of 4.22 percent.