COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In the Matter of:

THE APPLICATION OF SOUTH KENTUCKY RURAL)	
ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE CORPORATION)	CASE NO.
FOR APPROVAL OF MASTER POWER)	2018-00050
PURCHASE AND SALE AGREEMENT AND)	
TRANSACTIONS THEREUNDER)	

RESPONSES TO ATTORNEY GENERAL'S INITIAL DATA REQUESTS

OF

JOINT INTERVENORS BIG SANDY RURAL ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE CORPORATION BLUE GRASS ENERGY COOPERATIVE CORPORATION CLARK ENERGY COOPERATIVE, INC. CUMBERLAND VALLEY ELECTRIC INC. FARMERS RURAL ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE CORPORATION FLEMING-MASON ENERGY COOPERATIVE, INC. INTER-COUNTY ENERGY COOPERATIVE CORPORATION LICKING VALLEY RURAL ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE CORPORATION NOLIN RURAL ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE CORPORATION

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COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

ASHLEY R. FORKNER
Notary Public
State at Large
Kentucky
My Commission Expires May 3, 2018

DISTRIBUTION COOPERATIVES

IN THE MATTER OF: THE APPLICATION OF SOUTH KENTUCKY RURAL ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE CORPORATION FOR APPROVAL OF MASTER POWER PURCHASE AND SALE AGREEMENT AND TRANSACTIONS THEREUNDER CASE NO. 2018-00050

Response to Attorney General's Initial Data Request, Item 1

April 27, 2018

1	Item 1) Refer to the direct testimony of Mr. John Wolfram, page 8, wherein
2	he states "South Kentucky failed to adequately consider the long-term costs of
3	membership in PJM." Identify these costs and provide a discussion of them
4	including any cost estimates Mr. Wolfram may have prepared.
5	a. Does Mr. Wolfram believe South Kentucky ("SKRECC")
6	adequately estimated its anticipated exposure to costs for
7	PJM Sub-Regional and supplemental transmission projects?
8	Response) Please see the response to South Kentucky's Request for
9	Information to the Distribution Cooperatives, Item 8.
10	a. No. South Kentucky made no mention of these types of projects in its
11	Application, and to the extent that the costs of such projects are included in
12	PJM's Transmission Enhancement charge, South Kentucky underestimated
13	these costs, as noted in Wolfram Direct, pages 8-9.
14	Witness) John Wolfram.

DISTRIBUTION COOPERATIVES

IN THE MATTER OF: THE APPLICATION OF SOUTH KENTUCKY RURAL ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE CORPORATION FOR APPROVAL OF MASTER POWER PURCHASE AND SALE AGREEMENT AND TRANSACTIONS THEREUNDER CASE NO. 2018-00050

Response to Attorney General's Initial Data Request, Item 2

April 27, 2018

1	Item 2) Refer to the direct testimony of Mr. John Wolfram, page 16,
2	numerical paragraph 3. Discuss the cost impact on SKRECC if EKPC exits
3	PJM, including the costs SKRECC could incur in obtaining services from a new
4	market participant to replace those EKPC would have performed.
5	a. Refer to numerical paragraph 4.
6	i. Provide an explanation of additional risks or costs that
7	may be associated with the proposed shortfall of the
8	arrangement in the event Morgan Stanley continually
9	fails to deliver.
10	ii. Confirm that as proposed, Morgan Stanley is not
11	subject to Commission jurisdiction.
12	Response) By exiting PJM, EKPC would reacquire functional control of its
13	transmission system from PJM, and EKPC would no longer be performing the
14	PJM-related activities for its Owner Members that South Kentucky listed in
15	response to EKPC 2-4. One would expect EKPC to increase the cost of its agency

16	agreement with South Kentucky due to the loss of economies of scale. It is not
17	assumed that after exiting PJM, EKPC would terminate the agency agreement
18	because the MOU does not condition EKPC's performance of agency-related
19	services upon EKPC's continued membership in PJM. See MOU Paragraph
20	5(E)(vii).
21	The important issue, however, relates less to the agency agreement and
22	more to the reasons for potential EKPC exit. If circumstances in PJM change to
23	such an extent that EKPC elects to exit PJM, then whatever those adverse
24	conditions are, South Kentucky would have to cope with them for the duration of
25	the Transaction term. It is not possible to reasonably estimate these cost
26	impacts, but they would likely be substantial if the changed circumstances made
27	it economically advantageous for EKPC to consider withdrawing from PJM.
28	(a)(i) If Morgan Stanley continually fails to deliver, South Kentucky will
29	be responsible for ensuring the delivery of energy from the PJM market. This
30	replacement power would likely be acquired in the PJM balancing market.
31	Morgan Stanley may be contractually obligated to pay the replacement cost for
32	this energy, but it does not appear to be responsible for the additional
33	administrative burdens associated with securing the replacement power. Acting
34	as an agent for South Kentucky in this regard, EKPC could see an increased
35	burden for the functions related to the balancing market, reconciliation, and
36	settlements as a result of Morgan Stanley's failure to deliver. This increased

37	administrative burden would come as an unexpected expense to EKPC, which
38	could impact the cost of the agency agreement with South Kentucky.

- (a)(ii) To the best of my knowledge, as proposed Morgan Stanley is not 39 subject to Commission jurisdiction.
- John Wolfram. 41 Witness)

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DISTRIBUTION COOPERATIVES

IN THE MATTER OF: THE APPLICATION OF SOUTH KENTUCKY RURAL ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE CORPORATION FOR APPROVAL OF MASTER POWER PURCHASE AND SALE AGREEMENT AND TRANSACTIONS THEREUNDER CASE NO. 2018-00050

Response to Attorney General's Initial Data Request, Item 3 April 27, 2018

1	Item 3)	Refe	erence the direct testimony of Mr. John Wolfram generally.
2		a.	Has South Kentucky adequately assessed the risk of additional
3			environmental expense under the proposed transaction(s)?
4	·		Include in your response a discussion of risks that could arise
5			if the generation plants from which Morgan-Stanley procures
6			its power face coal ash remediation costs.
7		b.	$Confirm\ that\ it\ is\ Mr.\ Wolfram's\ estimation,\ if\ the\ proposed$
8			transaction is approved, the average retail residential bill in
9			the EKPC system will receive an increase of 1.6%, all else
10			equal.
11		c.	DoesMr.~Wolfram~believe~the~propose~transaction~will~more
12			likely than not be cost-beneficial to SKRECC's customers? If
13			not, why not?
14		d.	Does Mr. Wolfram believe that it is improper or ill-advised
15			for the Commission to approve a PPA or a transaction similar

Case No. 2018-00050 Response to Attorney General's Initial Data Request, Item 3 Witness: John Wolfram Page 1 of 4

16	to the one proposed whereby it has no jurisdiction over the		
17	agreement after its approval?		
18	i. Is Mr. Wolfram aware of any other PPAs or		
19	transaction similar to the one proposed whereby		
20	the Commission has no jurisdiction throughout the		
21	term? If so, provide a citation to same.		
22	Response)		
23	a) No. South Kentucky presumes that any change in environmental law		
24	would have no impact under the Transaction relative to the status quo; see the		
25	response of South Kentucky to AG 1.5. However, without any knowledge of the		
26	unit(s) that will source the Transaction, it is unreasonable to assert that any		
27	changes in environmental laws or regulations will equivalently impact the		
28	Transaction and EKPC under the status quo.		
29	South Kentucky asserted in response to AG 2-2(a) that such additional		
30	environmental expense "does not include, however, capital investment or		
31	expenditures incurred by a utility to comply with the Clean Air Act or mandates		
32	affecting coal combustion wastes and by products from coal fired facilities."		
33	However, this is not obvious from the language in the Application, Financial		
34	Capacity Confirmation, Exhibit 8 page 7, Section 23, and in the Firm Physical		
35	Energy Confirmation in Exhibit 7, pages 5-6, Section 18, which define those		
36	costs as follows:		

37	" "Additional Environmental Costs" means:
38	
39	(i) any and all fees, licenses, charges, green tags, certificates, expenses
40	and products (including but not limited to any charges or products
41	required on a per unit-of-energy-output, per-unit-of-energy-input, per-
42	weight of pollutant, cap and trade or other basis) and all losses, costs and
43	liabilities with respect thereto, imposed or required by a Governmental
44	Authority with respect to this Transaction or supplied hereunder; and
45	
46	(ii) any and all Taxes and all costs and liabilities with respect thereto,
47	imposed or required by a Governmental Authority with respect to this
48	Transaction or supplied hereunder; in each case, only to the extent such
49	Additional Environmental Costs result from or are attributable to a
50	Change in Law with respect to any Environmental Law or Tax Law and
51	directly cause the price of Product paid by SKRECC to be increased."
52	
53	It is not evident to me that this definition precludes the inclusion of costs needed
54	to comply with mandates affecting coal combustion wastes and by-products from
55	coal fired facilities, including any new requirements for coal ash remediation.
56	For this reason I do not think this risk has been adequately assessed.
50	1 of this reason I do not think this risk has been adoquately assessed.
57	b) If all else were equal, and under the assumptions outlined in Wolfram
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
58	Direct page 23, the average residential bill in the EKPC system would increase
59	by 1.6%. From a practical standpoint, the amount of and timing of rate impacts
60	of the Transaction on the EKPC Owner Members will vary.
61	c) In Mr. Wolfram's opinion, South Kentucky did not provide sufficient
62	information or analysis to determine whether the proposed Transaction is more
63	likely than not to be cost-beneficial to its customers. There are numerous factors
64	in the analysis that are suspect and there are many risks that are not
- -	
65	adequately considered, particularly given the proposed 20-year term of the

66	Transaction. These issues are summarized in the Direct Testimony of John
67	Wolfram on pages 24-27. Because of the shortcoming in South Kentucky's
68	analysis, it is unclear whether or not the benefits of the Transaction are likely to
69	outweigh the costs for South Kentucky's members.
70	d) Mr. Wolfram is not an attorney, but he understands that KRS
71	278.040(2) gives the Commission exclusive jurisdiction over the regulation of
72	rates and service of utilities in the Commonwealth. Accordingly, Mr. Wolfram
73	thinks it would be preferable for the Commission to have continued jurisdiction
74	over the Transaction if it is approved, particularly given the proposed 20-year
75	term of the Transaction.

76 i) No.

77 Witness) John Wolfram.