2014 Ibbotson® SBBI® Market Report Long-Horizon Expected Equity Risk Premium and Size Premium As of December 31, 2013

Equity Risk Premium

Table 10

Long-horizon expected equity risk premium (historical): Large company stock total returns minus long-term government bond income returns ¹	6.96%
Long-horizon expected equity risk premium (supply-side): historical equity risk premium minus price-to-earnings ratio calculated using three-year average earnings	6.12%

Size Premia (market capitalization in millions)²

Decile	Smallest Company		Largest Company	Size Premium (Return in Excess of CAPM)
Mid-Cap (3-5)	2,432.888	_	9,196.480	1.14%
Low-Cap (6-8)	636.747	_	2,431.229	1.87
Micro-Cap (9-10)	2.395	_	632.770	3.84

Breakdown of Deciles 1-10

1 – Largest	21,753.411	_	428,699.798	-0.33%	
2	9,196.656	_	21,739.006	0.80	
3	5,572.648	_	9,196.480	0.93	
4	3,581.547	-	5,569.840	1.19	
5	2,432.888	_	3,573.079	1.72	
6	1,622.997	-	2,431.229	1.75	
7	1,056.204	-	1,621.792	1.75	
8	636.747	-	1,055.320	2.48	
9	339.522	-	632.770	2.76	
10 – Smallest	- 2.395	-	338.829	6.01	

¹ Expected equity risk premium is based on the difference of historical arithmetic mean returns for 1926-2013. Large company stocks are represented by the S&P 500.

² Return in excess of CAPM estimation. Mid-Cap stocks are defined here as the aggregate of size-deciles 3–5 of the NYSE/AMEX/NASDAQ; Low-Cap stocks are defined here as the aggregate of size-deciles 6–8 of - return in excess or LARYM estimation. Nuiv-Lap stocks are defined here as the aggregate of size-deciles 3–- 5 of the NYSE/AMEX/NASDAU; Low-Lap stocks are defined here as the aggregate of size-deciles 3–- 6 of the NYSE/AMEX/NASDAU. The betas used in CAPM estimation were estimated from CRSP NYSE/AMEX/NASDAQ; decile portfolio monthly total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill, January 1926– December 2013. Calculated (or Derived) based on data from CRSP US Stock Database and CRSP US Indices Database ©2014 Center for Research in Security Prices (CRSP®), The University of Chicago Booth School of Business. Used with permission.