

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY
BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In the Matter of:

APPLICATION OF KENTUCKY)	
UTILITIES COMPANY FOR AN)	CASE NO. 2012-00221
ADJUSTMENT OF ITS ELECTRIC)	
RATES)	

PETITION OF KENTUCKY UTILITIES COMPANY
FOR CONFIDENTIAL PROTECTION

Kentucky Utilities Company (“KU”) hereby petitions the Kentucky Public Service Commission (“Commission”) pursuant to 807 KAR 5:001, Section 7 and KRS 61.878(1) to grant confidential protection for the items described herein, which KU seeks to provide in response to the Attorney General’s Initial Requests for Information. The specific Requests for Information for which KU seeks confidential protection are: 47, 87, 89, 90, 91, 92, 95, 97, 98, 104, 115, 162, 167, 174, 179, 184, and 201. In support of this Petition, KU states as follows:

1. On June 29, 2012, KU filed with the Commission an application proposing changes in its base rate tariffs. On July 31, 2012, the Attorney General issued his First Set of Data Requests to KU.

Confidential or Proprietary Commercial Information (KRS 61.878(1)(c))

2. The Kentucky Open Records Act exempts from disclosure certain commercial information. KRS 61.878(1)(c). To qualify for this exemption and, therefore, maintain the confidentiality of the information, a party must establish that the material is of a kind generally recognized to be confidential or proprietary, and the disclosure of which would permit an unfair commercial advantage to competitors of the party seeking confidentiality.

3. Request No. 47 asks KU to provide a copy of the Ventyx report. The “Ventyx report” refers to a depreciation-related document titled “An Economic Life Assessment Study of

Generating Assets LG&E and KU,” which was completed by Ventyx, an ABB Company. KU is providing the report in response, but confidential protection is merited for the commercially sensitive matter. Specifically, the report contains the proprietary methodologies Ventyx uses in its analyses. The report is also subject to a confidentiality agreement between Ventyx and KU whereby KU must receive authorization to disclose the document. KU has received permission to disclose the document confidentially, but as of August 14, 2012, has not received permission to file a public version of the document. Ventyx has agreed to review the document, identify the material it considers proprietary, and allow KU to file a public version with the confidential material redacted.¹ Publicly disclosing the report without the confidential, proprietary information redacted will allow Ventyx’s competitors to review and analyze the methodologies and analyses that Ventyx utilizes in its work, thereby conferring an unfair commercial advantage on the competitors. Moreover, because KU and the vendor consider the information confidential and proprietary, they entered into a confidentiality agreement to recognize the proprietary nature of the work. For KU, public disclosure of such information would allow future vendors to see the terms upon which KU commonly does business and could affect future bids. For Ventyx, the methodologies and terms it employs in the study are proprietary information that should not be disclosed to its competitors.

4. Request No. 87 asks KU to provide details related to “major plant construction projects representing plan additions costing more than \$5 million during 2009, 2010, 2011, and 2012.” Request No. 201 asks KU to “provide any and all internal studies and correspondence from 2008-2012, inclusive, concerning FASB Statement No. 143, FIN 47, and FERC Order No. 631 in RM-02-7-000.” Included in response to both of these requests are documents containing

¹ KU expects to supplement its response to Request No. 47 with a public version of the document by August 15, 2012.

confidential and proprietary information. Much of this confidential material is contained within documents such as Authorization for Investment Proposals and memoranda prepared for the Investment Committee. These documents include detailed cost analyses and assumptions, references to third-party vendors, copies of contracts and invoices, internal business processes and other material that, if disclosed, will place KU at a disadvantage by allowing vendors to review KU's past and upcoming spending plans, and the timing thereof. Public disclosure allows vendors to submit bids based upon past practices that are confidential and proprietary.

5. Request No. 167 asks KU to provide invoices from and information related to the organizations for which KU is a member, including the formula used to compute the amount of dues, as well as partial or complete credit card numbers. The information requested is confidential, proprietary, and personal in nature; therefore, confidential protection is merited. The organizations for which KU is a member set their dues using formulae that are confidential and proprietary to the organizations. Additionally, the invoices submitted by the organizations contain confidential and private information such as account numbers. Therefore, KU is also requesting confidential protection under KRS 61.878(1)(a) for this request as account information has been recognized by the Attorney General to be confidential.

6. Request No. 174 asks KU to provide information related to settlements resulting from claims against KU. Publicly disclosing the amounts KU settles claims for, while also stating the type of claims, would allow potential counterparties and their counsel to have detailed information about KU's settlement practices—practices which are confidential to KU and its legal counsel. Additionally, KU, and counterparties, generally consider the settlement agreements they enter into as confidential.² Requiring public disclosure of settlement agreements, even without identifying the parties involved, could allow the public to easily

surmise the identity of KU's counterparty by researching or recollecting past news events. Therefore, public disclosure would also violate the personal expectation of privacy embodied by KRS 61.878(1)(a) for "information of a personal nature where the public disclosure thereof would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy."

7. Request No. 179 asks KU to provide information related to fees for lines of credit. This financial information is considered confidential by both KU and the third-party financial institution. Publicly releasing information about the third-parties KU does business with on financial matters will discourage financial institutions from transacting business with KU. Additionally, publicly releasing the fees KU is charged by financial institutions will provide nonparty financial institutions with confidential and proprietary information regarding how much to charge KU and how much their competitors are charging.

8. In response to Request No. 184, KU is supplying documents that contain a number of different corporations' bank account and routing information throughout, as well as partial or complete credit card numbers. Because such information is confidential and proprietary information of those companies, the public disclosure of which could harm KU by making such companies unwilling to do further business with KU, KU requests confidential protection for the documents containing such information. In addition to seeking protection for such information under this provision of the Open Records Act, KU further seeks protection for this information under KRS 61.878(1)(a), which protects sensitive personal information. The Kentucky Attorney General has consistently held that bank account numbers are information deserving confidential protection under that provision.³

² Cf. Kentucky Rule of Evidence 408 (making compromises and offers of compromise inadmissible).

³ See, e.g., 99-ORD-34 at 6 ("[D]epositor information ... is well recognized as confidential information[.]"); 94-ORD-91 ("[T]his Office has consistently held that social security numbers, as well as other numerical identifiers such as bank account numbers, may be excluded from public inspection, pursuant to KRS 61.878(1)(a)[.]").

Confidential Personal Information (KRS 61.878(1)(a))

9. Request No. 162 asks KU to “list by customer and amount and by year for the period 2008 through 2011 any uncollectible accounts which have been written off and which exceeded \$1,000.00.” KU is supplying such information, but seeks confidential protection for private, customer-identifying information (i.e., customer names and account numbers) contained in their responses. KU believes protecting such information is particularly important in this time of ever-increasing identity theft.

Confidential Information Protected from Disclosure by Federal or State Law (KRS 61.878(1)(k) and (l))

10. Request Nos. 89-92, 95, 97, 98, 104, and 115 ask KU to provide copies of federal and state tax returns, as well as supporting tax information, schedules, calculations, and descriptions for the years 2009, 2010, and 2011. Tax-related documents and information merit confidential protection. KRS 61.878(1)(k) exempts from public disclosure “all public records or information the disclosure of which is prohibited by federal law or regulation.” Under 26 U.S.C. § 6103(a), state officials are prohibited from publicly disclosing any federal income tax return or its contents. Therefore, federal income tax returns and their content fall within the exemption provided by KRS 61.878(1)(k) and are exempt from disclosure. KRS 61.878(1)(l) exempts from the Kentucky Open Records Act “public records or information the disclosure of which is prohibited or restricted or otherwise made confidential by enactment of the General Assembly.” KRS 131.190(1) requires that all income tax information filed with the Kentucky Department of Revenue be treated in a confidential manner. Thus, state income tax returns and the information they contain are also confidential in nature and are protected from disclosure by KRS

61.878(1)(l). The Commission has previously kept such information confidential in LG&E's and KU's base rate cases.⁴

11. The information for which KU is seeking confidential treatment is not known outside of the Company, and it is not disseminated within KU except to those employees with legitimate business need to know the information.

12. To satisfy the provisions of the Commission's June 22, 2012 Order in this proceeding concerning electronic filing procedures, KU will timely file with the Commission one copy of the Confidential Information in paper medium and one copy of the Confidential Information in electronic medium on a DVD, except in cases where the Confidential Information exceeds 1,000 pages for that question. For those attachments for which the Confidential Information exceeds 1,000 pages, KU is filing simultaneously herewith a Motion to Deviate which requests that the Commission allow the Confidential Information to be filed only in electronic medium on a DVD due to the voluminous nature of the Confidential Information in paper medium. KU, in accordance with the Commission's June 22, 2012 Order, is also providing a copy of the redacted material. For those individual attachments for which the entire attachment is confidential, KU is marking the header or footer of the document with the word "CONFIDENTIAL" and only a slipsheet referencing confidentiality will appear in the public record as the proposed method of an "other reasonable means" to comply with the Commission's June 22, 2012 Order. For those attachments to responses for which only a portion of the material

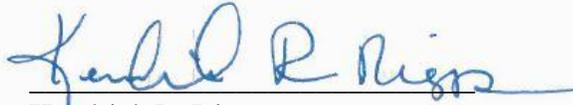
⁴ See, e.g., *In the Matter of Application of Kentucky Utilities Company for an Adjustment of Base Rates*, Case No. 2008-00251, and *In the Matter of Application of Louisville Gas and Electric Company for an Adjustment of Its Electric and Gas Base Rates*, Case No. 2008-00252, Letter from Executive Director Stumbo (Oct. 22, 2008).

is confidential, the Confidential Information is redacted from the public version and highlighted in the confidential version.⁵

WHEREFORE, Kentucky Utilities Company respectfully requests that the Commission grant confidential protection for the information described herein.

Dated: August 14, 2012

Respectfully submitted,



Kendrick R. Riggs
W. Duncan Crosby III
Barry L. Dunn
Stoll Keenon Ogden PLLC
2000 PNC Plaza
500 West Jefferson Street
Louisville, Kentucky 40202-2828
Telephone: (502) 333-6000

Allyson K. Sturgeon
Senior Corporate Attorney
LG&E and KU Energy LLC
220 West Main Street
Louisville, Kentucky 40202
Telephone: (502) 627-2088

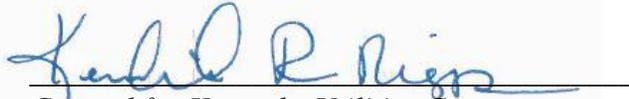
Robert M. Watt III
Lindsey W. Ingram III
Monica H. Braun
Stoll Keenon Ogden PLLC
300 West Vine Street, Suite 2100
Lexington, KY 40507-1801

Counsel for Kentucky Utilities Company

⁵ The only exception to this process is the attachment in response to Request No. 201, which has a both a confidential portion and public portion. Because the confidential attachment is voluminous, it is designated confidential by having the word "CONFIDENTIAL" in the header of footer of each page. A slip sheet at the end of the public portion notes that the remainder of the attachment is confidential and has been provided under seal.

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

In accordance with Ordering Paragraph No. 10 of the Commission's June 22, 2012 Order, this is to certify that Kentucky Utilities Company's August 14, 2012 electronic filing of the Petition for Confidential Protection is a true and accurate copy of the same document being filed in paper medium; that the electronic filing has been transmitted to the Commission on August 14, 2012; that there are currently no parties that the Commission has excused from participation by electronic means in this proceeding; and that an original and two copies in paper medium of the Petition are being hand delivered to the Commission on August 14, 2012.



Counsel for Kentucky Utilities Company