KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY CASE NO. 2007-00143 FORECASTED TEST PERIOD FILING REQUIREMENTS EXHIBIT NO. 28

Description of Filing Requirement:

Annual Reports to Stockholders, 2002 – 2006

Response:

Please see attached.

For electronic version, see KAW_APP_EX28_043007.pdf

Kentucky-American Water Company

Financial Statements

December 31, 2002 and 2001



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Report of Independent Accountants

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders Kentucky-American Water Company

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In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheets and the related statements of income, of capitalization, of retained earnings and stockholders' equity and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kentucky-American Water Company (a whollyowned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc.) at December 31, 2002 and 2001, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

February 6, 2003

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Balance Sheet

(Dollars in thousands)

	December 31,	
Assets	<u>2002</u>	2001
Property, plant and equipment		
Utility plant - at original cost less accumulated depreciation Utility plant acquisition adjustments, net	\$ 206,484 450	\$ 200,792 359
	206,934	201,151
Non utility property	250	250
Current assets		
Cash	699	1,453
Customer accounts receivable	1,799	1,568
Allowance for uncollectible accounts Unbilled revenues	(67) 2.118	(58) 2,137
Accounts receivable - associated companies	200	72
Materials and supplies	465	361
Deferred vacation pay	320	252
Other	640	215
	6,174	6,000
Regulatory and other long-term assets Deferred business service project expense	1,455	1,360
Regulatory asset-income taxes recoverable through rates	4,697	4,523
Debt and preferred stock expense	786	871
Deferred programmed maintenance	2,741	3.193
Preliminary survey and investigation	150	430
Other	8,305	5,802
	18,134	16,179
Capitalization and Liabilities	\$ 231,492	\$ 223,580
Capitalization		
Common stock	\$ 36,569	\$ 36,569
Paid-in capital Retained earnings	21 25,178	21 24,407
Total common stockholder's equity	61,768	60.997
Preferred stock		
With mandatory redemption requirements	5.340	5,380
Without mandatory redemption requirements	1,570	1,570
Long-term debt	68,500	44,500
Total capitalization	137,178	112,447
Current liabilities		
Notes payable - associated companies	14,649	24,668
Current p ortion of long-term debt Accounts payable	421	13,000 998
Accounts payable - associated companies	102	27
Taxes accrued	89	250
Interest accrued	1,457	853
Tax collections payable	315	215
Accrued vacation pay	320	252 2.035
Other	1,388	2,035
	18,741	42,298
Regulatory and other long-term liabilities Customer advances for construction	11,047	9,365
Deferred income taxes	31.233	28,174
Deferred investment tax credits	1,642	1,726
Accrued pension expense	1,675	1,362
Accrued postretirement benefits expense	299	299
Other	540	392
	46,436	41,318
Contributions in aid of construction	29,137	27,517
Commitments and contingencies	***************************************	***************************************
	\$ 231,492	\$ 223,580

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Income

(Dollars in thousands)

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2002	<u>2001</u>
Operating revenues	\$ 43,627	\$ 41,478
Operating expenses		
Operation and maintenance	20,046	17,800
Depreciation and amortization	6,373	5,981
General taxes	2,201	1,831
	28,620	25,612
Utility operating income	15,007	15,866
Other income (deductions)		
Allowance for other funds used during construction	441	300
M iscellaneous other income	9	785
M iscellaneous other deductions	(557)	
Income before interest charges and income taxes	14,900	16,951
Interest charges		
Interest on long-term debt	4,691	4,767
Interest on bank debt	252	486
Amortization of debt expense	87	79
Other interest	14	55
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	(211)	(149)
Income before income taxes	10,067	11,713
Provision for income taxes		
Federal income taxes	3,186	3,711
State income taxes	859	992
Net income	6,022	7,010
Dividends on preferred stock	534	537
Net income to common stock	\$ 5,488	\$ 6,473

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Statement of Cash Flows

(Dollars in thousands)

(Years Ended 2002	December 31, <u>2001</u>
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 6,022	\$ 7,010
Adjustments:	ć 2.72	7 O.D.1
Depreciation and amortization	6,373	5,981
Amortization, other	1,840	1,031
Provision for deferred income taxes	3,038	899
Amortization of deferred investment tax credits Provision for losses on accounts receivable	(85) 258	(85) 200
Allowance for other funds used during construction	(441)	(300)
Pension expense in excess of funding	313	385
Deferred regulatory assets	(95)	(1,212)
Other, net	(2,165)	(3,071)
Changes in current assets and liabilities:	(-,/	(-,-,-,
Accounts receivable	(608)	2
Unbilled revenues	19	(52)
Materials and supplies	(104)	70
Other current assets	(493)	167
Accounts payable	(502)	(795)
Taxes accrued	(161)	69
Interest accrued	604	165
Other current liabilities	(479)	1,352
Net cash provided by operating activities	13,334	11,816
Cash flows from investing activities		
Construction expenditures	(13,904)	(13,794)
Allowance for other funds used during construction	441	300
Cost of removal, net of salvage	(400)	289
Payment for acquisition of public service district assets		(1,686)
Net cash used in investing activities	(13,863)	(14,891)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from long-term debt issuance	24,000	15,500
Net borrowings (repayments) under line-of-credit agreement	(10,019)	3,837
Repayment of long-term debt	(13,000)	(13,000)
Customer advances and contributions, net of refunds	4,088	2,878
Redemption of preferred stock	(40)	(40)
Dividends paid	(5,251)	(5,333)
Debt issuance cost	(3)	(117)
Net cash provided by financing activities	(225)	3,725
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(754)	650
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,453	803
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 699	\$ 1,453
Cash paid during the year for: Interest, net of capitalized amount	\$ 4,353	\$ 5,144
Income taxes	\$ 1,217	\$ 3,240

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Capitalization

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Call Price	Dece	mber 31,
	Per Share	2002	2001
Common stockholder's equity			
Common stock - no par value, authorized			
2,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding 1,567,391 shares			
in 2002 and 2001		\$ 36,569	\$ 36,569
Paid in capital		21	21
Retained earnings		25,178	24,407
		61,768	60,997
Preferred stocks - \$100 par value, authorized 25,000 shares			
Without mandatory redemption requirements			
Cumulative preferred stock			
5.75% series, 4,700 shares issued and outstanding	\$ 101.00	470	470
5.5% series, 5,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$ 100.50	500	500
5 % series, 6,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$ 101.00	600	600
		1,570	1,570
With mandatory redemption requirements			
Cumulative preferred stock			
7.9% series, 8,400 and 8,800 shares issued and outstanding			
in 2002 and 2001, respectively	\$ 100.00	840	880
8 47% series, 45,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$ 100.00	4,500	4,500
		5,340	5,380
Long-term debt			
General mortgage bonds			
7.21% series due 2002		-	13,000
6.79% series due 2005		5,500	5,500
6.96% series due 2023		7,000	7,000
7.15% series due 2027		7,500	7,500
6.99% series due 2028		9,000	9,000
Notes payable to affiliate			
5.65% series due 2007		24,000	•
6.87% series due 2011		15,500	15,500
		68,500	57,500
Less: Current portion of long-term debt		-	13,000
Long-term debt net of current maturities		68,500	44,500
Total capitalization		\$ 137,178	\$ 112,447

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Statement of Retained Earnings and Stockholders' Equity

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Common Stock		Paid-in	Retained	Stockholders'
	Shares	Par Value	Par Value Capital Earn		Equity
Balance at December 31, 2000	1,567,391	\$ 36,569	\$ 21	\$ 22,730	\$ 59,320
Net income		-	-	7,010	7,010
Dividends					
Preferred stock		-	-	(537)	(537)
Common stock, \$2.60 per share	**************************************	<u></u>	***************************************	(4,796)	(4,796)
Balance at December 31, 2001	1,567,391	36,569	21	24,407	60,997
Net income	-	-	-	6,022	6,022
Dividends					
Preferred stock	-	-	~	(534)	(534)
Common stock, \$3.06 per share	_	-		(4,717)	(4,717)
Balance at December 31, 2002	1,567,391	\$ 36,569	\$ 21	\$ 25,178	\$ 61,768

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 1 - Organization and Operation

Kentucky-American Water Company (the Company) provides water service to approximately 105,000 customers and wastewater service to approximately 84 customers. These services are provided in 10 communities located in 10 counties in the state of Kentucky. As a public utility operating in Kentucky, the Company functions under rules and regulations prescribed by the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Kentucky (the Commission). The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc. (American).

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Regulation

The Company has incurred various costs and received various credits, which have been reflected as regulatory assets and liabilities on its balance sheet. Accounting for such costs and credits as regulatory assets and liabilities is in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 71, "Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation" (SFAS No. 71). This statement sets forth the application of generally accepted accounting principles for those companies whose rates are established by or are subject to approval by an independent third-party regulator. Under SFAS No. 71, regulated companies defer costs and credits on the balance sheet as regulatory assets and liabilities when it is probable that those costs and credits will be recognized in the rate-making process in a period different from the period in which they would have been reflected in income by an unregulated company. These deferred regulatory assets and liabilities are then reflected in the income statement in the period in which the same amounts are reflected in the rates charged for service.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 2 (continued)

Property, Plant and Equipment

Additions to utility plant and replacements of retirement units of property are capitalized. Costs include material, direct labor and such indirect items as engineering and supervision, payroll taxes and benefits, transportation and an allowance for funds used during construction. The costs incurred to acquire and internally develop computer software for internal use are capitalized as a unit of property. Repairs, maintenance and minor replacements of property are charged to current operations. The cost of property units retired in the ordinary course of business plus removal cost (net of salvage) is charged to accumulated depreciation. The cost of property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method. The depreciation rates, based on the average balance of depreciable property, were 2.63 % in 2002 and 2.69% in 2001.

In accordance with the Commission's regulations, depreciation on contributed facilities is charged to contributions in aid of construction. Such depreciation amounted to \$784 in 2002 and \$642 in 2001.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Substantially all of the Company's cash is invested in interest bearing accounts. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents held at December 31, 2002 or 2001.

Materials and Supplies

Materials and supplies are stated at average cost.

Regulatory and Long-Term Assets

Deferred business services project expenses consist of reengineering and start-up activities for consolidated customer and shared administrative service centers that are being established by American. These costs are being deferred as it is expected that these costs will be recovered in the rates charged for utility service in the future.

The Company has deferred \$1,703 related to the cost of increased security measures that were implemented to secure facilities after the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001. These costs are being deferred as it is expected that these costs will be recovered in the rates charged for utility service in the future.

The Company has recorded a regulatory asset for the additional revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse. These temporary differences are primarily related to the difference between book and

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 2 (continued)

tax depreciation on property placed in service before the adoption by the Commission of full normalization for rate-making purposes.

The regulatory asset for income taxes recoverable through rates is net of the reduction expected in future revenues as deferred taxes previously provided, attributable to the difference between the state and federal income tax rates under prior law and the current statutory rates, reverse over the average remaining service lives of the related assets.

Debt expense is amortized over the lives of the respective issues. Call premiums on the redemption of long-term debt, as well as unamortized debt expense, are deferred and amortized to the extent they will be recovered through future service rates. Expenses of preferred stock issues without sinking fund provisions are amortized over 30 years from the date of issue; expenses of issues with sinking fund provisions are charged to operations as shares are retired.

Preliminary survey and investigation charges generally relate to future construction projects. Management believes these costs will ultimately be recovered through rates.

Programmed maintenance costs are deferred and amortized to current operations on a straight-line basis over a period ranging between five and fifteen years, as authorized by the Commission in their determination of rates charged for service.

Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities at December 31, 2002 and 2001 include payables of \$600 and \$929, respectively, which represent checks issued but not presented to the bank for payment.

Advances and Contributions in Aid of Construction

The Company may receive advances and contributions to fund construction necessary to extend service to new areas. As determined by the Commission, advances for construction are refundable for limited periods of time as new customers begin to receive service. Amounts which are no longer refundable are reclassified to contributions in aid of construction.

Utility plant funded by advances and contributions is excluded from rate base and is not depreciated for rate-making purposes. Generally, advances and contributions received during the period of January 1, 1987 through June 12, 1996 have been included in taxable income and the related property is depreciable for tax purposes. As a result of a tax law change, advances and contributions received subsequent to June 12, 1996 are excluded from taxable income and the related property is not depreciable for tax purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 2 (continued)

On January 11, 2001 the Internal Revenue Service issued regulations that excluded lateral service lines from its definition of contributions in aid of construction that are not included in taxable income. These customer connection fees are defined as the cost of installing a connection or service line from the Company's main lines to the lines owned by the customer. The regulations were effective immediately, but the Company does not have customer connection fees.

Recognition of Revenues

Water service revenues for financial reporting purposes include amounts billed to customers on a cycle basis and unbilled amounts based on estimated usage from the date of the latest meter reading to the end of the accounting period.

Income Taxes

The Company, its parent and affiliates participate in a consolidated federal income tax return. Federal income tax expense for financial reporting purposes is provided on a separate return basis, except that the federal income tax rate applicable to the consolidated group is applied to separate company taxable income and the benefit of net operating losses, if any, is recognized currently.

Certain income and expense items are accounted for in different time periods for financial reporting than for income tax reporting purposes. Deferred income taxes have been provided on the difference between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and the amounts at which they are carried in the financial statements. These deferred income taxes are based on the enacted tax rates anticipated to be in effect when such temporary differences are expected to reverse. Regulatory assets and liabilities are recognized for the effect on revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse.

Investment tax credits have been deferred and are being amortized to income over the average estimated service lives of the related assets.

Allowance for Funds Used During Construction (AFUDC)

AFUDC is a non-cash adjustment to income with a corresponding charge to utility plant, which represents the cost of borrowed funds and a return on equity funds devoted to plant under construction. AFUDC is recorded to the extent permitted by the Commission.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 2 (continued)

Environmental Costs

Environmental expenditures that relate to current operations or provide a future benefit are expensed or capitalized as appropriate. Remediation costs that relate to an existing condition caused by past operations are accrued when it is probable that these costs will be incurred and can be reasonably estimated. There were no remediation costs accrued at December 31, 2002 and 2001.

Asset Impairment

Long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangible assets held and used by the Company are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets, on a separate entity basis, may not be recoverable. If the sum of the future cash flows expected to result from the use of the assets and their eventual disposition is less than the carrying amount of the assets, an impairment loss is recognized. Measurement of an impairment loss would be based on the fair value of the assets. A regulatory asset is charged to earnings if and when future recovery in rates of that asset is no longer probable.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to conform previously reported data to the current presentation.

Note 3 - Utility Plant

The components of utility plant at December 31 are as follows:

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Water plant		
Sources of supply	\$ 7,344	\$ 6,926
Treatment and pumping	45,561	45,017
Transmission and distribution	133,231	125,485
Services, meters, and fire hydrants	50,763	47,024
General structures and equipment	16,605	16,167
Construction work in progress	7,223	8,954
	260,727	249,573
Less - accumulated depreciation	(54,243)	(48,781)
	\$206,484	\$200,792

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 3 (continued)

Depreciation expense amounted to \$5,620 in 2002 and \$5,374 in 2001.

Note 4 - Preferred Stocks

Preferred stock agreements have annual minimum sinking fund payments of \$40 in 2003 through 2007. The 7.9% series sinking fund payment of \$40 is at the option of the Company.

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt

Maturities of long-term debt will amount to \$0 in 2003 and 2004, \$5,500 in 2005, \$0 in 2006 and \$24,000 in 2007.

The general mortgage bond indentures, as supplemented, contain clauses restricting the declaration of common stock dividends and other distributions on capital stock if common stockholder's equity falls below a specified amount. There were no restrictions at December 31, 2002.

The general mortgage bonds are issuable in series. No bonds senior to the general mortgage bonds may be issued so long as the general mortgage bonds are outstanding. The amount of bonds authorized is unlimited as long as long-term debt does not exceed 65% of capitalization. Long-term debt is secured by utility plant.

The senior notes are unsecured and were issued to American Water Capital Corp. (AWCC) for the principal amount. AWCC provided the funding for this note by itself issuing senior notes to institutional investors at a price equal to the principal amount.

Note 6 - Affiliate Borrowings

During 2002, the Company maintained a line of credit through AWCC, an affiliate (see Note 12). AWCC has a 364-day \$500 million revolving credit agreement with a group of 11 domestic and international banks. No compensating balances are required under the agreement. AWCC also issues commercial paper, and the revolving credit agreement also supports these borrowings.

At December 31, 2002 and 2001, there were \$14,649 and \$24,668 of short-term borrowings outstanding, respectively. The weighted average annual interest rate on these

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 6 (continued)

borrowings was 2.27% and 5.60% respectively. The unused line of credit at December 31, 2002 was \$7,851.

Note 7 - General Taxes

Components of general tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Gross receipts and franchise	\$ 75	\$ 74
Property and capital stock	1,685	1,313
Payroll	441	444
	\$2,201	\$1,831

Note 8 - Income Taxes

Components of income tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

		<u> 2002</u>	,	2001
State income taxes:				
Current	\$	407	\$	782
Deferred				
Non-current	-	452	-	210
	\$	859	\$	992
Federal income taxes:				
Current	\$	685	\$3	3,107
Deferred				
Non-current	2	2,586		689
Amortization of deferred investment tax credits		(85)		(85)
	\$ 3	3,186	\$ 3	3,711

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 8 (continued)

A reconciliation of income tax expense at the statutory federal income tax rate to the actual income tax expense is as follows:

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Income tax at statutory rate of 35%	\$3,523	\$4,100
Increases (decreases) resulting from -		
State taxes, net of federal income taxes	558	645
Flow through differences	10	72
Amortization of investment tax credits	(85)	(85)
Other, net	39	(29)
Actual income tax expense	\$4,045	\$4,703
The following table provides the components of the net de	ferred tax liability at Decen	nber 31:

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Deferred tax assets:		
Advances and contributions	\$ 4,038	\$ 3,927
Deferred investment credits	662	731
Deferred OPEB	121	121
Other - Pension	676	550
Other	1,111	2,164
	6,608	7,493
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Utility plant, principally due to depreciation differences	31,571	29,342
Utility plant acquisition adustments	182	145
Income taxes recoverable through rates	1,031	1,013
Deferred security costs	687	120
Deferred financial and customer service costs	222	184
Other	4,148	4,863
	37,841	35,667
Net deferred tax liability	\$ 31,233	\$28,174

No valuation allowances were required on deferred tax assets at December 31, 2002 and 2001, as management believes it is more likely than not that these assets will be realized.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 9 - Rate Matters

As necessary, the Company applies to the Commission for changes in the rates charged for service. The rate increase request is based on the level of operating expenses and capital costs that are expected to be in effect when the rates become effective. The revenues requested are based on forecasted sales, operating expenses and investments for the test year selected by the Company.

The Company has received approval from the Commission to increase its rates for service as follows:

Effective Dates	Requested Annual Effect on Revenues	Estimated Annual Effect on Revenues Granted	Estimated Revenue Realized in 2001
05/09/01	\$4,685	\$2,568	\$2,368

On April 28, 2000, the Company filed a rate application with the Commission, requesting \$5.034 million in additional annual revenues that was subsequently revised to \$4.685 million or 11.69%.

On December 12, 2000, the Commission issued an Order adjusting its original Order dated November 27, 2000. The adjusted order corrected errors in the initial ruling and reduced the allowed revenue increase from \$2.518 million to \$2.171 million to be effective for service rendered on and after November 27, 2000.

On May 9, 2001, a final decision was issued which addressed appeals from reconsideration made by the Company and the State Attorney General. The final decision adjusted the authorized revenue increase from \$2.171 to \$2.568 million or 6.42% of total operating revenues.

Note 10 - Employee Benefit Plans

Employees' Stock Ownership Plan

The Company participates in an Employees' Stock Ownership Plan sponsored by American, which provides for beneficial ownership of American common stock by all associates who are not included in a bargaining unit. Each participating associate can elect to contribute an amount that does not exceed 2% of their wages. In addition to the associate's participation, the Company makes a contribution equivalent to ½% of each participant's qualified compensation,

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 10 (continued)

and matches 100% of the contribution by each participant. The Company expensed contributions of \$59 for 2002 and \$62 for 2001 that it made to the plan. See Note 16 regarding the sale of American's common stock.

Savings Plan for Employees

The Company participates in a 401(k) Savings Plan for Employees sponsored by American. All Associates can make contributions that are invested at their direction in one or more funds including a fund consisting entirely of American common stock. The Company matches 50% of the first 4% of each associate's wages contributed to the plan. The Company expensed matching contributions to the plan totaling \$93 for 2002 and \$85 for 2001. All of the Company's matching contributions are invested in the fund of American common stock. See Note 16 regarding the sale of American's common stock.

Note 11 - Postretirement Benefits

Pension Benefits

The Company participates in a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan sponsored by American covering substantially all associates. Benefits under the plan are based on the associate's years of service and average annual compensation for those 60 consecutive months of employment, which yield the highest average. Pension cost of the Company is based on an allocation from American of the total cost related to the plan. Information regarding accumulated and projected benefit obligations is not prepared at the subsidiary level. The Company's funding policy is to contribute at least the minimum amount required under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. The Company made contributions to the plan of \$216 in 2002 and no contributions in 2001.

Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions

The Company participates in an American plan that provides certain life insurance benefits for retired associates and certain health care benefits for retired associates and their dependents. Substantially all associates may become eligible for these benefits if they reach retirement age while still working for the Company. Retirees and their dependents under age 65 are covered by a point-of-service managed care plan that requires co-payments or an HMO. Associates who elect to retire prior to attaining age 65 are generally required to make contributions towards their medical coverage until attaining age 65. Retirees and their dependents age 65 and over are covered by a Medicare supplement plan. Costs of the Company are based on an allocation from American of the total cost related to the plan.

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 11 (continued)

Information regarding accumulated and projected benefit obligations is not prepared at the subsidiary level. The Company made contributions to trust funds established for these postretirement benefits of \$560 in 2002 and \$561 in 2001. The Company's policy is to fund postretirement benefits costs accrued.

Note 12 - Related Party Transactions

American Water Works Service Company, Inc. (AWWS), an affiliate, provides certain management services to the Company (administration, accounting, data processing, engineering, etc.) and other operating water companies in the American Water Works System on an at-cost, not-for-profit basis in accordance with a management and service agreement. Purchases of such services by the Company were accounted for as follows:

	2002	<u>2001</u>
Included in operation and maintenance expense		
as a charge against income	\$2,532	\$1,535
Capitalized in various balance sheet accounts	654	765
	\$3,186	\$2,300

The Company provided workspace and information system support for associates of the Southeast Region of AWWS. Charges for direct costs and indirect overhead costs associated with these associates are billed to AWWS on an at-cost, not for profit basis, which amounted to \$15 in 2002 and \$43 in 2001. At December 31, 2002, there was no outstanding receivable from this affiliate for these services.

Some of the Company's associates have performed services at cost to AWWS relating to the establishment by American of consolidated customer and shared administrative service centers. The total amount of these services was \$148 in 2002 and \$217 in 2001. At December 31, 2002, net amounts receivable from this affiliate for these services were \$47.

The Company has three operating agreements with American Water Services, Inc. (AWS), an affiliate, for the lease of granular activated carbon at one of the Company's water treatment plants. The agreements provide for AWS to regenerate the spent material and return it to the water treatment plant where it originated. Under the terms of the agreements, AWS will provide carbon for a period of thirty-six months beginning in each of March 1999, 2000, and

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 12 (continued)

2001. The carbon is scheduled for replacement at thirty-six month intervals and is warranted to perform to specific standards during that period. The Company paid \$87 in 2002 and \$82 in 2001 to AWS under these agreements.

The Company maintains a line of credit through AWCC, an affiliate. The company paid AWCC fees of \$61 in 2002 and \$47 in 2001, preliminary costs of long-term financings of \$3 in 2002 and \$117 in 2001 and interest on borrowings of \$252 in 2002 and \$486 in 2001.

Note 13 - Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The following methods and assumptions were used by the Company in estimating its fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

Current assets and current liabilities: The carrying amount reported in the balance sheet for current assets and current liabilities approximates their fair value.

Preferred stocks with mandatory redemption requirements and long-term debt: The fair values of the Company's preferred stocks with mandatory redemption requirements and long-term debt are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on the Company's current incremental financing rates for similar types of securities.

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments at December 31 are as follows:

	20	002	2001		
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	
Preferred stock with mandatory redemption requirements Long-term debt, including current	\$ 5,340	\$ 5,287	\$ 5,380	\$ 5,805	
maturities	68,500	69,256	57,500	55,961	

Note 14 - Operating Leases

The Company has entered into operating leases involving certain facilities and equipment. Rental expenses under operating leases were \$176 in 2002 and \$134 in 2001. The operating leases for their equipment expire over the next six years.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 14 (continued)

At December 31, 2002, the minimum annual future rental commitments under operating leases that have initial or remaining non-cancellable lease terms in excess of one year are \$120 in 2004, \$81 in 2005, \$38 in 2006 and \$22 in 2007.

Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies

The Company's construction program for 2003 is estimated to cost approximately \$13,123. Commitments have been made in connection with certain projects included in this program.

In connection with the merger of American with RWE Aktiengesellschaft (RWE, see Note 16), the Company is subject to an order from the Commission that requires that no rate filings will be submitted until March 2004.

The Company is routinely involved in legal actions. In the opinion of management, none of these matters will have a material adverse effect, if any, on the financial position or results of operations of the Company.

Note 16 - Subsequent Event - Merger with RWE Aktiengesellschaft

On September 16, 2001, American entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Agreement) with RWE and Thames Water Aqua Holdings GmbH (Thames), which is RWE's holding company for its global water business, to merge with a subsidiary of RWE and become a wholly owned indirect subsidiary of RWE. The transaction was approved at a special meeting of the stockholders of American on January 17, 2002. On January 10, 2003, Apollo Acquisition Company, a Delaware corporation, merged (the Merger) with and into American, pursuant to the Agreement, with American surviving the Merger. Pursuant to the Agreement, each issued and outstanding share of common stock, par value \$1.25 per share, of American has been canceled and converted into the right to receive \$46.00 in cash without interest, plus a stub period dividend of \$0.2153333 per share. As a result of the Merger, American became a wholly owned subsidiary of Thames Water Aqua US Holdings, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Thames.

Kentucky-American Water Company

Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002



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Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders Kentucky-American Water Company

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheets and the related statements of income, of capitalization, of retained earnings and stockholders' equity and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kentucky-American Water Company (a whollyowned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc.) at December 31, 2003 and 2002, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 143, Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations, in 2003.

February 27, 2004

Priewatuhonse Coopers LLP

Balance Sheet

December 31, 2003 and 2002

(Dollars in thousands)

Assets

	December 31,			
		2003		2002
Property, plant and equipment				
Utility plant - at original cost less accumulated depreciation	\$	214,834	\$	206,485
Utility plant acquisition adjustments, net		428		450
Non-utility property		250		250
		215,512	*****	207,185
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		1,002		699
Customer accounts receivable		1,851		1,799
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(71)		(67)
Unbilled revenues		2,466		2,118
Accounts receivable - associated companies		118		207
Other accounts receivable		1,052		523
Federal income tax refund due from affiliated company		2,251		-
Materials and supplies		443		465
Deferred vacation pay		471		320
Other		146_		312
		9,729		6,376
Regulatory and other long-term assets				
Deferred programmed maintenance expense		2,396		2,741
Regulatory asset-income taxes recoverable through rates		4,785		4,697
Debt and preferred stock expense		692		786
Deferred business service project expense		1,334		1,455
Deferred security costs		2,655		1,703
Preliminary survey & investigation		147		150
Other		6,223		6,601
		18,232		18,133
	\$	243,473	\$	231,694

Balance Sheet

December 31, 2003 and 2002

(Dollars in thousands)

Capital and Liabilities

·		December 31,		
		2003		2002
Capitalization	-			
Common stock	\$	36,569	\$	36,569
Paid in capital		.30		21
Retained earnings		26,305		25,178
Total common stockholder's equity	***************************************	62,904		61,768
Preferred stock without mandatory redemption requirements		1,553		1,570
Preferred stock with mandatory redemption requirements		4,500		5,340
Long-term debt		68,500		68,500
Total capitalization		137,457		137,178
Current liabilities				
Notes payable-associated companies		15,995		14,649
Accounts payable		2,734		421
Accounts payable - associated companies		1,238		110
Accrued interest		1,457		1,457
Accrued taxes		2,186		283
Tax/sewer collections payable		439		315
Accrued vacation pay		471		320
Other		352_		1,388
		24,872		18,943
Regulatory and other long-term liabilities				
Deferred income taxes		32,547		31,233
Customer advances for construction		12,507		11,047
Deferred investment tax credits		1,556		1,642
Accrued pension expense		2,368		1,675
Accrued postretirement benefit expense		498		300
Other		415_		539
		49,891		46,436
Contributions in aid of construction		31,253		29,137
Commitments and contingencies	***************************************			
	\$	243,473		231,694

Statement of Income

December 31, 2003 and 2002

(Dollars in thousands)

	December 31,			
		2003	2002	
Operating revenues	\$	42,800	_\$	43,627
Operating expenses				
Operation and maintenance		22,089		21,302
Depreciation and amortization		5,223		5,117
General taxes		2,596		2,201
	·····	29,908		28,620
Utility operating income		12,892		15,007
Other income (deductions)				
Allowance for other funds used during construction		445		441
Gain on disposition of property		1		-
Other income (deductions), net	***************************************	(327)		(548)
		119		(107)
Income before interest charges and income taxes		13,011		14,900
Interest charges				
Interest on long-term debt		4,447		4,691
Interest on short-term debt		181		252
Amortization of debt expense		78		87
Other interest				14
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction		(210)		(211)
		4,496		4,833
Income before income taxes		8,515		10,067
Provision for income taxes		3,474		4,045
Net income		5,041		6,022
Dividends on preferred stock		513		534
Net income to common stock	\$	4,528	\$	5,488

Statement of Capitalization

December 31, 2003 and 2002

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Call Price		Decei	r 31,	
	Per Share		2003	<u> </u>	2002
Common Stockholder's Equity		m	36.560	•	76.50
Common stock - no par value, authorized 2,000,000 shares		\$	36,569	\$	36,569
1,567,391 shares issued and outstanding in 2003 and 2002			20		0.1
Paid- in capital			30		21
Retained earnings			26,305	• ••••••	25,178
			62,904		61,768
Preferred Stock - \$100 par value					
Without mandatory redemption requirements:					
Cumulative preferred stocks					
5.75% series, 4,642 shares issued and outstanding in 2003	\$101.00				
and 4,700 shares issued and outstanding in 2002			464		470
5.50% series, 4,947 shares issued and outstanding in 2003	\$100.50				
and 5,000 shares issued and oustanding in 2002			495		500
5.00% series, 5,939 shares issued and outstanding in 2003	\$101.00				
and 6,000 shares issued and outstanding in 2002			594		600
			1,553		1,570
With mandatory redemption requirements:					
Cumulative preferred stocks					
7.90% series, 8,400 shares issued and outstanding in 2002,	\$100.00		-		840
all redeemed in 2003					
8.47% series, 45,000 shares issued and oustanding in 2003					
and 2002	\$100.00		4,500		4,500
			4,500		5,340
Long-Term Debt					
General mortgage bonds					
6.79% series due 2005			5,500		5,500
6.96% series due 2023			7,000		7,000
7.15% series due 2027			7,500		7,500
6.99% series due 2028			9,000		9,000
Notes payable to affiliate					
5.65% series due 2007			24,000		24,000
6.87% series due 2011			15,500		15,500
			68,500		68,500
Less: Current portion of long-term debt			**		
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	-		68,500		68,500
Total Capitalization	=	\$	137,457	\$	137,178

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Statement of Retained Earnings and Stockholder's Equity December 31, 2003 and 2002

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Commo	on Stock	Paid-in	Retained	
	Shares	Par Value	Capital	Earnings	Total
Balance at December 31, 2001	1,567,391	\$ 36,569	\$ 21	\$ 24,407	\$ 60,997
Net income	<u></u>	_		6,022	6,022
Dividends paid					
Preferred stock	••	-	₩.	(534)	(534)
Common stock, \$3.01 per share			***	(4,717)	(4,717)
Balance at December 31, 2002	1,567,391	36,569	21	25,178	61,768
Net income	_	-		5,041	5,041
Dividends paid					
Preferred stock	-	-	_	(513)	(513)
Common stock, \$2.17 per share	_	-	••	(3,401)	(3,401)
Capital contribution by stockholder	-		9	-	9
Balance at December 31, 2003	1,567,391	\$ 36,569	\$ 30	\$ 26,305	\$ 62,904

Note 1: Organization and Operation

Kentucky-American Water Company (the Company) provides water service to approximately 108,000 customers and wastewater service to approximately 89 customers. These services are provided in 18 communities located in 10 counties in the state of Kentucky. As a public utility operating in Kentucky, the Company functions under rules and regulations prescribed by the Kentucky Public Service Commission (the Commission). The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc. (American). Effective January 10, 2003, American was acquired by Thames Water Aqua US Holdings, Inc, which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of RWE Aktiengesellschaft (RWE).

Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Regulation

The Company has incurred various costs and received various credits, which have been reflected as regulatory assets and liabilities on its balance sheet. Accounting for such costs and credits as regulatory assets and liabilities is in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 71, "Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation." This statement sets forth the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for those companies whose rates are established by or are subject to approval by an independent third-party regulator.

Under SFAS No. 71, regulated companies defer costs and credits on the balance sheet as regulatory assets and liabilities when it is probable that those costs and credits will be recognized in the rate-making process in a period different from the period in which they would have been reflected in income by an unregulated company. These deferred regulatory assets and liabilities are then reflected in the income statement in the period in which the same amounts are reflected in the rates charged for service.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Additions to utility plant and replacements of retirement units of property are capitalized. Costs include material, direct labor and such indirect items as engineering and supervision, payroll taxes and benefits, transportation and an allowance for funds used during construction. Repairs and maintenance are charged to current operations.

Note 2 (continued):

When a unit of property is retired or replaced, the recorded value of such unit is credited to the asset account and that value, including the cost of removal, is charged to accumulated depreciation. Effective January 1, 2003, the Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." In accordance with SFAS No. 143, removal cost (net of salvage) of \$1,301 and \$1,256 has been recorded as operation and maintenance expense for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively, to remove retirement costs from depreciation expense, where they were previously reported.

The cost of property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line average remaining life method. The composite depreciation rate, which includes recovery of removal cost (net of salvage), amounted to 2.81% in 2003 and 2.63% in 2002. In 2003, the Company changed its definition of a unit of property to be capitalized to conform to the accounting policy consistently applied by American's subsidiaries. As a result of this change, an additional \$78 of property was capitalized during 2003.

Computer software is either purchased or developed in-house. The purchase price or development costs are capitalized as a unit of property.

In accordance with the Commission's regulations, depreciation on contributed facilities is charged to contributions in aid of construction. Such depreciation amounted to \$876 in 2003 and \$784 in 2002.

Utility plant acquisition adjustments represent the difference between the fair value of plant at the date of purchase and its original cost when first devoted to public service (less accumulated depreciation) and is amortized to expense over 10-year or 40-year periods.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Substantially all of the Company's cash is invested in interest bearing accounts. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents held at December 31, 2003 or 2002.

Materials and Supplies

Materials and supplies are stated at average cost.

Regulatory and Long-Term Assets and Liabilities

Programmed maintenance costs are deferred and amortized to current operations on a straight-line basis over a period ranging between five and fifteen years, as authorized by the Commission in their determination of rates charged for service.

The Company has recorded a regulatory asset for the additional revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse. These temporary differences are primarily related to the difference between book and

Note 2 (continued):

tax depreciation on property placed in service before the adoption by the Commission of full normalization for rate-making purposes.

The regulatory asset for income taxes recoverable through rates is net of the reduction expected in future revenues as deferred taxes previously provided, attributable to the difference between the state and federal income tax rates under prior law and the current statutory rates, reverse over the average remaining service lives of the related assets.

Debt expense is amortized over the lives of the respective issues. Call premiums on the redemption of long-term debt, as well as unamortized debt expense, are deferred and amortized to the extent they will be recovered through future service rates. Expenses of preferred stock issues without sinking fund provisions are amortized over 30 years from the date of issue; expenses of issues with sinking fund provisions are charged to operations as shares are retired.

Deferred business services project expenses consist of reengineering and start-up activities for consolidated customer and shared administrative service centers that are being established by American. The costs for the customer service center are being deferred and are expected to be recovered in rates charged for utility service in the future. The shared administrative service center costs are being written off at the level of savings until the unamortized portion is recovered in rates.

The Company has deferred the cost of increased security measures that were implemented to secure facilities after the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001. These costs are being deferred as it is expected that these costs will be recovered in the rates charged for utility service in the future.

Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities at December 31, 2002 includes payables of \$600 which represents checks issued but not presented to the bank for payment.

Advances and Contributions in Aid of Construction

The Company may receive advances and contributions to fund construction necessary to extend service to new areas. As determined by the Commission, advances for construction are refundable for limited periods of time as new customers begin to receive service. Amounts that are no longer refundable are reclassified to contributions in aid of construction.

Utility plant funded by advances and contributions is excluded from rate base and is not depreciated for rate-making purposes. Generally, advances and contributions received during the period of January 1, 1987 through June 12, 1996 have been included in taxable income and the related property is depreciable for tax purposes. As a result of a tax law change, advances and contributions received subsequent to June 12, 1996 are excluded from taxable income and the related property is not depreciable for tax purposes.

Note 2 (continued):

Recognition of Revenues

Water and wastewater service revenues for financial reporting purposes include amounts billed to customers on a cycle basis and unbilled amounts based on estimated usage from the date of the latest meter reading to the end of the accounting period.

Income Taxes

The Company, its parent and affiliates participate in a consolidated federal income tax return. Federal income tax expense for financial reporting purposes is provided on a separate return basis, except that the federal income tax rate applicable to the consolidated group is applied to separate company taxable income and the benefit of net operating losses, if any, is recognized currently.

Certain income and expense items are accounted for in different time periods for financial reporting than for income tax reporting purposes. Deferred income taxes have been provided on the difference between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and the amounts at which they are carried in the financial statements. These deferred income taxes are based on the enacted tax rates anticipated to be in effect when such temporary differences are expected to reverse. Regulatory assets and liabilities are recognized for the effect on revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse.

Investment tax credits have been deferred and are being amortized to income over the average estimated service lives of the related assets.

Allowance for Funds Used During Construction (AFUDC)

AFUDC is a non-cash adjustment to income with a corresponding charge to utility plant, which represents the cost of borrowed funds and a return on equity funds devoted to plant under construction. AFUDC is recorded to the extent permitted by the Commission.

Environmental Costs

Environmental expenditures that relate to current operations or provide a future benefit are expensed or capitalized as appropriate. Remediation costs that relate to an existing condition caused by past operations are accrued when it is probable that these costs will be incurred and can be reasonably estimated. There were no remediation costs accrued at December 31, 2003 and 2002.

Asset Impairment

Long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangible assets held and used by the Company are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets, on a separate entity basis, may not be recoverable. If the sum of the future cash flows expected to result from the use of the assets and their eventual disposition is less than the carrying amount of the assets, an impairment loss is recognized. Measurement of

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2003 and 2002

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 2 (continued):

an impairment loss would be based on the fair value of the assets. A regulatory asset is charged to earnings if and when future recovery in rates of that asset is no longer probable.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to conform to previously reported data to the current presentation.

Note 3: Utility Plant

The components of utility plant at December 31 are as follows:

	2003		2003 20	
Sources of supply	\$	7,711	\$	7,344
Treatment and pumping		47,129		45,561
Transmission and distribution		140,433		133,231
Services, meters and fire hydrants		54,791		50,763
General structures and equipment		19,636		16,605
Construction work in progress		4,417		7,223
		274,117		260,727
Less: accumulated depreciation		(59,283)		(54,242)
	\$	214,834	\$	206,485

Depreciation expense amounted to \$4,522 in 2003 and \$4,364 in 2002.

Note 4: Preferred Stocks

There are no sinking fund payments through 2008.

The preferred stock agreement contains provisions for redemption at various prices, at any time, upon not less than 30 days' notice at the Company's discretion at the redemption price then applicable to the shares to be redeemed, together with accrued dividends to the redemption date. The redemption prices to which there shall be added in each case accrued dividends to the redemption date, for shares of the 7.9% Series, preferred stock shall be at \$100.00 per share if redeemed on or after July 1, 1988.

Note 5: Long-Term Debt

Maturities of long-term debt will amount to \$5,500 in 2005 and \$24,000 in 2007. There are no maturities in 2004, 2006, or 2008.

Note 5 (continued):

The general mortgage bond indentures, as supplemented, contain clauses restricting the declaration of common stock dividends and other distributions on capital stock if common stockholder's equity falls below a specified amount. There were no restrictions at December 31, 2003.

The general mortgage bonds are issuable in series. No bonds senior to the general mortgage bonds may be issued so long as the general mortgage bonds are outstanding. The amount of bonds authorized is unlimited as long as long-term debt does not exceed 65% of capitalization. Long-term debt is secured by utility plant.

The senior notes are unsecured and were issued to American Water Capital Corporation (AWCC), an affiliate, for the principal amount. AWCC provided the funding for this note by itself issuing senior notes to institutional investors at a price equal to the principal amount.

Note 6: Affiliate Borrowings

The Company maintains a line of credit through AWCC for \$22,500. The Company may borrow from, or invest in, the line of credit. Effective November 1, 2003, AWCC has a 364-day, \$550 million revolving credit agreement with RWE. Prior to November 1, 2003, AWCC had a 364-day, \$500 million revolving credit agreement with a group of 11 domestic and international banks and issued commercial paper, which was supported by the revolving credit agreement. No compensating balances are required under the agreements.

At December 31, 2003 and 2002, there were \$14,880 and \$14,649 of short-term borrowings outstanding, respectively. The weighted average annual interest rate on these borrowings was 1.270% and 2.272%, respectively. The unused line of credit at December 31, 2003 was \$7,620.

In addition, at December 31, 2003, notes payable-associated companies includes payables of \$1,115 which represents checks issued but not presented to the bank for payment.

Note 7: General Taxes

Components of general tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

	 2003	 2002
Gross receipts and franchise	\$ 86	\$ 75
Property and capital stock	2,081	1,685
Payroll	429	441
-	\$ 2,596	\$ 2,201

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 8: Income Taxes

Components of income tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

	***************************************	2003	2002		
State income taxes:					
Current	\$	467	\$	407	
Deferred					
Current		-		_	
Non-current		269		452	
		736		859	
Federal income taxes:					
Current		1,711		685	
Deferred					
Current		-		_	
Non-current		1,112		2,586	
Amortization of deferred investment tax credits	***************************************	(85)		(85)	
		2,738		3,186	
Total income taxes	\$	3,474	\$	4,045	

A reconciliation of income tax expense at the statutory federal income tax rate to the actual income tax expense is as follows:

		2003	 2002
Federal income tax at statutory rate of 35%	\$	2,980	\$ 3,523
Increases (decreases) resulting from -			
State taxes, net of federal income taxes		48.3	558
Flow through difference		56	10
Amortization of investment tax credits		(85)	(85)
Other, net		40_	39
	_\$	3,474	\$ 4,045

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 8 (continued):

The following table provides the components of the net deferred tax liability at December 31:

	2003			2002
Deferred tax assets:				
Advances and contributions	\$	4,115	\$	4,038
Deferred investment tax credits		628		662
Other		1,866		1,908
		6,609		6,608
Deferred tax liabilities:				
Utility plant, principally due to				
depreciation differences		33,130		31,571
Income taxes recoverable through rates		1,004		1,031
Deferred security costs		1,072		687
Other		3,950		4,552
		39,156	•••••••	37,841
Net deferred tax liabilities	\$	32,547	\$	31,233

No valuation allowances were required on deferred tax assets at December 31, 2003 and 2002 as management believes it is more likely than not that these assets will be realized.

Note 9: Rate Matters

As necessary, the Company applies to the Commission for changes in the rates charged for service. The rate increase request is based on the level of operating expenses and capital costs that are expected to be in effect when the rates become effective. The revenues requested are based on forecasted sales, operating expenses and investments for the test year selected by the Company.

In connection with the merger of American with RWE, the Company is subject to an order from the Commission that requires that no rate filings will be submitted until March 2004.

Note 10: Employee Benefit Plans

Employees' Investment Plan

The Company previously participated in an Employees' Stock Ownership Plan that was merged into and replaced by the Employees' Investment Plan.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2003 and 2002 (Dollars in thousands)

Note 10 (continued):

The Employees' Investment Plan is sponsored by American, and generally all employees who are not included in a bargaining unit may participate by electing to contribute an amount that does not exceed 2% of their wages. In addition to the employees' participation, the Company made contributions equivalent to 1/2% of each participant's qualified compensation, and matches 100% of the contribution by each participant. The Company expensed contributions of \$52 for 2003 that it made to the Employees' Investment Plan and \$59 for 2002 that it made to the Employees' Stock Ownership Plan.

Savings Plan for Employees

The Company participates in a 401(k) Savings Plan for Employees sponsored by American. All employees can make contributions that are invested at their direction in one or more funds. The Company matches 50% of the first 5% of each associate's wages contributed to the plan. The Company expensed matching contributions to the plan totaling \$82 for 2003 and \$93 for 2002. All of the Company's matching contributions are invested in one or more funds at the direction of the employee.

Note 11: Postretirement Benefits

Pension Benefits

The Company participates in a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan sponsored by American covering substantially all associates. Benefits under the plan are based on the associate's years of service and average annual compensation for those 60 consecutive months of employment that yield the highest average. Pension cost of the Company is based on an allocation from American of the total cost related to the plan. Information regarding accumulated and projected benefit obligations is not prepared at the subsidiary level.

The Company's funding policy is to contribute at least the minimum amount required under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. The Company made contributions to the American plan of \$410 in 2003 and \$216 in 2002.

Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions

The Company participates in an American plan that provides certain life insurance benefits for retired associates and certain health care benefits for retired associates and their dependents. Substantially all associates may become eligible for these benefits if they reach retirement age while still working for the Company. Retirees and their dependents under age 65 are covered by a point-of-service managed care plan that requires co-payments or an HMO. Associates who elect to retire prior to attaining age 65 are generally required to make contributions towards their medical coverage until attaining age 65. Retirees and their dependents age 65 and over are covered by a Medicare supplement plan. Costs of the Company are based on an allocation from American of the total cost related to the plan.

Note 11 (continued):

Information regarding accumulated and projected benefit obligations is not prepared at the subsidiary level. The Company made contributions to trust funds established for these postretirement benefits of \$794 in 2003 and \$560 in 2002. The Company's policy is to fund postretirement benefits costs accrued.

Note 12: Related Party Transactions

American Water Works Service Company, Inc. (AWWS), an affiliate, provides certain management services to the Company (administration, accounting, data processing, engineering, etc.) and other operating water companies in the American system on an at-cost, not-for-profit basis in accordance with a management and service agreement.

Purchases of such services by the Company were accounted for as follows:

	P10000000	 2002	
Included in operation and maintenance			
expense as a charge against income	\$	3,046	\$ 2,532
Capitalized in various balance sheet accounts		240	 654
	\$	3,286	\$ 3,186

The Company provided workspace, information system support, human resources and loss control services for associates of the Southeast Region of AWWS. Charges for direct costs and indirect overhead costs associated with these associates are billed to AWWS on an at-cost, not for profit basis, which amounted to \$24 in 2003 and \$15 in 2002. At December 31, 2003, net amounts receivable from this affiliate for these services were \$0.

Some of the Company's associates have performed services at cost to AWWS relating to the establishment by American of consolidated customer and shared administrative service centers. The total amount of these services was \$0 in 2003 and \$148 in 2002. At December 31, 2003, net amounts receivable from this affiliate for these services were \$0.

Costs associated with blueprinting of business processes involved with the Business Change Program amounted to \$30. This was billed to AWS in 2003.

The Company has three operating agreements with American Water Services, Inc. (AWS), an affiliate, for the lease of granular activated carbon at one of the Company's water treatment plants. The agreements provide for AWS to regenerate the spent material and return it to the water treatment plant where it originated. Under the terms of the agreements, AWS will provide carbon for a period of thirty-six months beginning in each of March 1999, 2000, and 2001. The carbon is scheduled for replacement at thirty-six month intervals and is warranted to

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2003 and 2002

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 12 (continued):

perform to specific standards during that period. The Company paid \$95 in 2003 and \$87 in 2002 to AWS under these agreements.

The Company maintains a line of credit through AWCC. The company paid AWCC fees of \$41 in 2003 and \$62 in 2002, preliminary costs of long-term financings of \$0 in 2003 and \$17 in 2002 and interest on borrowings of \$181 in 2003 and \$252 in 2002.

Note 13: Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The Company used the following methods and assumptions in estimating its fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

Current assets and current liabilities: The carrying amount reported in the balance sheet for current assets and current liabilities approximates their fair value.

Preferred stocks with mandatory redemption requirements and long-term debt: The fair values of the Company's preferred stocks with mandatory redemption requirements and long-term debt are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on the Company's current incremental financing rates for similar types of securities.

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments at December 31 are as follows:

		2003			2002					
	Carrying Amount		Fair Value					arrying .mount		Fair Value
Preferred stock with mandatory redemption requirements	\$	4,500	\$	4,282	\$	5,340	\$	5,287		
Long-term debt, including current maturities and	,									
excluding capital leases	\$	68,500	\$	70,057	\$	68,500	\$	69,256		

Note 14: Operating Leases

The Company has entered into operating leases involving certain facilities and equipment. Rental expenses under operating leases were \$125 in 2003 and \$176 in 2002. The operating leases for their equipment expire over the next six years.

Note 14 (continued):

At December 31, 2003, the minimum annual future rental commitments under operating leases that have initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year are \$116 in 2004, \$114 in 2005, \$75 in 2006, \$44 in 2007 and \$6 in 2008.

Note 15: Commitments and Contingencies

The Company's construction program for 2004 is estimated to cost approximately \$18,549. Commitments have been made in connection with certain projects included in this program.

The Company is routinely involved in legal actions. In the opinion of management, none of these matters will have a material adverse effect, if any, on the financial position or results of operations of the Company.

Kentucky-American Water Company

Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003



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Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of Kentucky-American Water Company

Pricewaterhouse Copers LLP

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheets and the related statements of income, of capitalization, of changes in stockholder's equity and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kentucky-American Water Company (a wholly owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc.) at December 31, 2004 and 2003, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, the 2003 financial statements have been restated.

March 25, 2005

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2004 and 2003 (Dollars in thousands)

Assets				
	2004		•	estated) 2003
Property, plant and equipment	-			
Utility plant - at original cost less accumulated depreciation	\$	229,107	\$	220,343
Utility plant acquisition adjustments, net		408		428
Non-utility property		250		250
		229,765		221,021
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		584		1,002
Customer accounts receivable		1,067		1,851
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(170)		(71)
Unbilled revenues		1,913		2.466
Accounts receivable - associated companies		30		118
Other accounts receivable		623		1,052
Notes receivable-associated companies		1,819		-
Federal income tax refund due from affiliated company		1,439		2,251
Materials and supplies		536		443
Deferred vacation pay		103		471
Other		2,078		1,549
		10,022		11,132
Regulatory and other long-term assets				
Deferred programmed maintenance expense		2,140		2.396
Regulatory asset-income taxes recoverable through rates		4,686		4.785
Debt and preferred stock expense		613		692
Deferred business service project expense		-		1.334
Deferred security costs		•		2,655
Deferred rate proceedings		951		6
Preliminary survey & investigation		135		147
Other		3,152		4,814
	*********	11,677		16,829
	\$	251,464	\$	248,982

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2004 and 2003

(Dollars in thousands)

Capital and Liabilities				
	2004		(Restati 2003	
Capitalization	MANAGEMENT			
Common stock	\$	36,569	\$	36,569
Paid-in capital		30		30
Retained earnings		23,672		26,475
Total common stockholder's equity		60,271		63,074
Preferred stock without mandatory redemption requirements		1,549		1.553
Preferred stock with mandatory redemption requirements		4,500		4,500
Long-term debt		77,000		68,500
Total capitalization		143,320		137,627
Current liabilities				
Notes payable - associated companies		-		15.995
Current portion of long-term debt		5,500		-
Accounts payable		4,260		2,734
Accounts payable - associated companies		1,107		1,238
Accrued interest		1,459		1,457
Accrued taxes		1,627		1,967
Tax/server collections payable		866		439
Accrued vacation pay		103		471
Other		723		352
		15,645		24,653
Regulatory and other long-term liabilities				
Deferred income taxes		33.119		32,596
Customer advances for construction		15.777		12,507
Deferred investment tax credits		1,461		1,556
Regulatory liability - cost of removal		6.212		5,509
Accrued pension expense		3,192		2,368
Accrued postretirement benefit expense		300		498
Other		215		415
		60,276		55,449
Contributions in aid of construction		32,223		31,253
Commitments and contingencies				
	\$	251,464	_\$_	248,982

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Statements of Income

For the Years Ended December 31, 2004 and 2003

(Dollars in thousands)

	2004	2003
Operating revenues	\$ 42,455	\$ 42,800
Operating expenses		
Operation and maintenance	28,820	21,771
Depreciation and amortization	6,305	5,541
General taxes	2,812	2,596
	37,937	29,908
Utility operating income	4,518	12,892
Other income (deductions)		
Allowance for other funds used during construction	116	445
Gain on disposition of property	200	1
Other deductions, net	(399)	(327)
	(83)	119
Income before interest charges and income taxes	4,435	13,011
Interest charges		
Interest on long-term debt	5,001	4,447
Interest on short-term debt	65	181
Amortization of debt expense	79	78
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	(58)	(210)
	5,087	4,496
(Loss) income before income taxes	(652)	8,515
Provision for income taxes	(207)	3,474
Net (loss) income	(445)	5.041
Dividends on preferred stock	448	513
(Loss) income to common stock	\$ (893)	\$ 4,528

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 2004 and 2003 (Dollars in thousands)

	:	2004	2	:003
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net (loss) income	2	(445)	\$	5.041
Adjustments:				
Depreciation and amortization		6,305		5,541
Removal costs net of salvage		1,059		983
Amortization, other		706		959
Provision for deferred income taxes		634		1,381
Amortization of deferred investment tax credits		(96)		(85)
Provision for losses on accounts receivable		450		184
Allowance for other funds used during construction		(116)		(445)
Deferred security costs		2,655		(952)
Deferred business services project expenses		1,078		(27)
Gain on disposition of property		(200)		(1)
Other, net		338		1,344
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		433		(232)
Unbilled revenues		553		(348)
Materials and supplies		(93)		22
Federal income tax refund due from affiliated company		812		(2.251)
Other current assets		356		(1,828)
Accounts payable		1,526		2,313
Accrued interest		2		
Accrued taxes		(340)		1,903
Other current liabilities		299		367
Net cash provided by operating activities		15,916	***************************************	13,869
Cash flows from investing activities				
Construction expenditures		(15,284)		(14.718)
Allowance for other funds used during construction		116		445
Removal costs from property, plant and equipment retirements,				
net of salvage		(356)		(330)
Proceeds from the disposition of property, plant and equipment		200		}
Net investment in notes receivable-associated companies	***************************************	(1,819)		-
Net cash used in investing activities		(17,143)		(14,602)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		14.000		
Net (repayments) borrowings of notes payable-associated companies		(15,995)		1,346
Customer advances and contributions, net of refunds		5,166		4.452
Capital contribution by stockholder				9
Redemption of preferred stock		(2)		(857)
Dividends paid		(2,360)		(3,914)
Net cash provided by financing activities		809		1,036
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(418)		303
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,002		699
Cash and eash equivalents at end of year	S	584	\$	1,002
·	ACMINISTRATION OF THE PERSONS ASSESSMENT		ESATIONAL CON	
Cash paid during the year for: Interest, net of capitalized amount	5	5,006	\$	4,418
•	\$	300	S	2,623
Income taxes	<u> </u>	700)	2,023

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Capitalization December 31, 2004 and 2003

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Call Price Per Share		2004		2004		2004		7004		7884 20		2003
Common stockholder's equity													
Common stock - no par value, authorized 2,000,000 shares 1.567,391 shares issued and outstanding in 2004 and 2003		\$	36,569	\$	36,569								
Paid-in capital			30		30								
Retained comings			23,672		26,475								
			60,271		63,074								
Preferred stocks - \$100 par value													
Without mandatory redemption requirements: Cumulative preferred stocks													
5 75% series, 4,642 shares outstanding in 2004 and 2003	\$ 101.00		464		464								
5 50% series, 4,947 shares outstanding in 2004 and 2003	\$ 100 50		495		495								
5 00% series, 5,896 shares outstanding in 2004 and	\$ 101 00												
5,939 shares outstanding in 2003			590		594								
			1,549		1,553								
With mandatory redemption requirements: Cumulative preferred stocks		and a reserve		***************************************									
8 47% series, 45,000 shares outstanding in 2004 and 2003 due for redemption 2036 or anytime before that date	\$ 102 00		4,500		4,500								
due for redemption 2000 of anythic before that date	\$ 102.00												
Long-term debt		********	4,500		4,500								
General mortgage bonds													
6.79% series due 2005			5.500		5.500								
6.96% series due 2023			7,000		7,000								
7 15% scries due 2027			7,500		7,500								
6.99% series due 2028			9.000		9,000								
Notes payable to affiliate			2.000		2,000								
5 65% series due 2007			24,000		24,000								
6.87% series due 2011			15,500		15,500								
4 75% series due 2014			14,000		15,500								
			82,500	***************************************	68,500								
Less: Current portion of long-term debt			(5,500)		,								
, ,													
Long-term debt, net of current maturities			77,000		68,500								
Total capitalization		\$	143,320	\$	137,627								

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. -5 -

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Statements of Changes in Stockholder's Equity For the Years Ended December 31, 2004 and 2003 (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Commo	n S to	ck	Paid-in Capital		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		R	etained	
	Shares	Pa	r Value			Capital Earnings		 Total								
Balance at December 31, 2002, as previously reported	1,567.391	\$	36,569	\$	21	\$	25,178	\$ 61.768								
Restatement adjustment, see Note 3							170	170								
Balance at December 31, 2002, as restated	1.567,391		36.569		21		25,348	61,938								
Net income Dividends paid	-		-		-		5,041	5,041								
Preferred stock	•						(513)	(513)								
Common stock, \$2 17 per share	-		-		-		(3,401)	(3.401)								
Capital contribution by stockholder					9			 9								
Balance at December 31, 2003	1,567,391		36,569		30		26,475	63,074								
Net income	NA .		-		-		(445)	(445)								
Preferred stock redemption discount Dividends paid	-		~		-		2	2								
Preferred stock	-				-		(448)	(448)								
Common stock, \$1 22 per share							(1,912)	 (1,912)								
Balance at December 31, 2004	1,567,391	\$	36,569	\$	30	S	23,672	\$ 60,271								

Note 1: Organization and Operation

Kentucky-American Water Company (the Company) provides water service to approximately 111,000 customers and wastewater service to approximately 83 customers. These services are provided in 18 communities located in 10 counties in the state of Kentucky. As a public utility operating in Kentucky, the Company functions under rules and regulations prescribed by the Kentucky Public Service Commission (the Commission). The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc. (American). Effective January 10, 2003, American was acquired by Thames Water Aqua US Holdings, Inc, which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of RWE Aktiengesellschaft (RWE)

Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Regulation

The Company has incurred various costs and received various credits, which have been reflected as regulatory assets and liabilities on its balance sheet. Accounting for such costs and credits as regulatory assets and liabilities is in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 71, "Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation." This statement sets forth the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for those companies whose rates are established by or are subject to approval by an independent third-party regulator

Under SFAS No 71, regulated companies defer costs and credits on the balance sheet as regulatory assets and liabilities when it is probable that those costs and credits will be recognized in the rate-making process in a period different from the period in which they would have been reflected in income by an unregulated company. These deferred regulatory assets and liabilities are then reflected in the income statement in the period in which the same amounts are reflected in the rates charged for service.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Additions to utility plant and replacements of retirement units of property are capitalized. Costs include material, direct labor and such indirect items as engineering and supervision, payroll taxes and benefits, transportation and an allowance for funds used during construction. Repairs and maintenance are charged to current operations.

Note 2 (continued):

When a unit of property is retired, the recorded value of such unit is credited to the asset account and charged to accumulated depreciation.

The cost of property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line average remaining life method. The composite depreciation rate amounted to 2.75% in 2004 and 2.81% in 2003. In 2003, the Company changed its definition of a unit of property to be capitalized to conform to the accounting policy consistently applied by American's subsidiaries.

Computer software is either purchased or developed in-house. The purchase price or development costs are capitalized as a unit of property. Software costs totaling \$221 and \$3,257, were capitalized during 2004 and 2003, respectively.

In accordance with the Commission's regulations, depreciation on contributed facilities is charged to contributions in aid of construction. Such depreciation amounted to \$926 in 2004 and \$876 in 2003

Utility plant acquisition adjustments represent the difference between the fair value of plant at the date of purchase and its original cost when first devoted to public service (less accumulated depreciation) and are amortized to expense over 10-year or 40-year periods.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Substantially all of the Company's cash is invested in interest-bearing accounts. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents held at December 31, 2004 or 2003.

Customer Accounts Receivable

Customer accounts receivable represent amounts billed to the Company's water and wastewater customers on a cycle basis.

Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The allowance for uncollectible accounts reflects the Company's best estimate of probable losses in the customer accounts receivable balances. The allowance is based on known troubled accounts, historical experience and other available evidence. Customer accounts are written off based upon approved regulatory or legislative requirements

Materials and Supplies

Materials and supplies are stated at average cost.

Regulatory and Long-Term Assets and Liabilities

Programmed maintenance costs are deferred and amortized to current operations on a straight-line basis over a period ranging between five and fifteen years, as authorized by the Commission in their determination of rates charged for service. The Company has recorded a

Note 2 (continued):

regulatory asset for the additional revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse. These temporary differences are primarily related to the difference between book and tax depreciation on property placed in service before the adoption by the Commission of full normalization for rate-making purposes.

The regulatory asset for income taxes recoverable through rates is net of the reduction expected in future revenues as deferred taxes previously provided, attributable to the difference between the state and federal income tax rates under prior law and the current statutory rates, reverse over the average remaining service lives of the related assets.

Debt expense is amortized over the lives of the respective issues. Call premiums on the redemption of long-term debt, as well as unamortized debt expense, are deferred and amortized to the extent they will be recovered through future service rates. Expenses of preferred stock issues without sinking fund provisions are amortized over 30 years from the date of issue; expenses of issues with sinking fund provisions are charged to operations as shares are retired.

The Company has recorded a regulatory liability for costs associated with the removal of property, plant and equipment in accordance with SFAS 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." Retirement costs are recovered through customer rates during the life of the associated asset. Removal costs, net of salvage, of \$1,059 and \$983 are recorded in operation and maintenance expense as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively

Advances and Contributions in Aid of Construction

The Company may receive advances and contributions to fund construction necessary to extend service to new areas. As determined by the Commission, advances for construction are refundable for limited periods of time as new customers begin to receive service. Amounts that are no longer refundable are reclassified to contributions in aid of construction.

Utility plant funded by advances and contributions is excluded from rate base and is not depreciated for rate-making purposes. Generally, advances and contributions received during the period of January 1, 1987 through June 12, 1996 have been included in taxable income and the related property is depreciable for tax purposes. As a result of a tax law change, advances and contributions received subsequent to June 12, 1996 are excluded from taxable income and the related property is not depreciable for tax purposes.

Recognition of Revenues

Water and wastewater service revenues for financial reporting purposes include amounts billed to customers on a cycle basis and unbilled amounts based on estimated usage from the date of the latest meter reading to the end of the accounting period.

Note 2 (continued):

Income Taxes

The Company, its parent and affiliates participate in a consolidated federal income tax return. Federal income tax expense for financial reporting purposes is provided on a separate return basis, except that the federal income tax rate applicable to the consolidated group is applied to separate company taxable income and the benefit of net operating losses, if any, is recognized currently.

Certain income and expense items are accounted for in different time periods for financial reporting than for income tax reporting purposes. Deferred income taxes have been provided on the difference between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and the amounts at which they are carried in the financial statements. These deferred income taxes are based on the enacted tax rates anticipated to be in effect when such temporary differences are expected to reverse. Regulatory assets and liabilities are recognized for the effect on revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse.

Investment tax credits have been deferred and are being amortized to income over the average estimated service lives of the related assets

Allowance for Funds Used During Construction (AFUDC)

AFUDC is a non-cash adjustment to income with a corresponding charge to utility plant, which represents the cost of borrowed funds and a return on equity funds devoted to plant under construction. AFUDC is recorded to the extent permitted by the Commission.

Environmental Costs

Environmental expenditures that relate to current operations or provide a future benefit are expensed or capitalized as appropriate. Remediation costs that relate to an existing condition caused by past operations are accrued when it is probable that these costs will be incurred and can be reasonably estimated. There were no remediation costs accrued at December 31, 2004 and 2003.

Asset Impairment

Long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangible assets held and used by the Company are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets, on a separate entity basis, may not be recoverable. If the sum of the undiscounted future cash flows expected to result from the use of the assets and their eventual disposition is less than the carrying amount of the assets, an impairment loss is recognized. Measurement of an impairment loss would be based on the fair value of the assets. A regulatory asset is charged to earnings if and when future recovery in rates of that asset is no longer probable.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004 and 2003 (Dollars in thousands)

Note 2 (continued):

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to conform to previously reported data to the current presentation.

Note 3: Restatement of Prior Period Financial Statements

In 2004, the Company discovered an error in its current and deferred state tax payable accounts. As a result, accrued taxes and deferred income taxes were improperly reported in periods prior to 2004. The Company recorded adjustments to properly state the retained earnings balance at December 31, 2003 and 2002 and accrued taxes and deferred income taxes at December 31, 2003. The impact of these adjustments is as follows:

	2003	2003
	(As Originally Reported)	(Re state d)
Balance Sheet:		
Accrued taxes	2.186	1.967
Deferred income taxes	32,547	32,596
Retained earnings	26.305	26.475
	2002	2002
	(As Originally Reported)	(Restated)
Balance Sheet:		24A-11211
Retained earnings	25.178	25.348

Note 4: Utility Plant

The components of utility plant at December 31 are as follows:

		2004		
Sources of supply	S	8,018	\$	7,711
Treatment and pumping		47,714		47.129
Transmission and distribution		146,911		140,433
Services, meters and fire hydrants		59.255		54,791
General structures and equipment		20.678		19,636
Construction work in progress		6,346		4,417
		288,922		274,117
Less: accumulated depreciation		(59,815)		(53,774)
	2	229,107	\$	220,343

Depreciation expense amounted to \$6,523 in 2004 and \$5,717 in 2003.

Note 5: Preferred Stocks

There are no sinking fund payments through 2009.

The preferred stock agreement contains provisions for redemption at various prices, at any time, upon not less than 30 days' notice at the Company's discretion at the redemption price then applicable to the shares to be redeemed, together with accrued dividends to the redemption date. The redemption prices to which there shall be added in each case accrued dividends to the redemption date, for shares of the 7 9% Series, preferred stock shall be at \$100.00 per share if redeemed on or after July 1, 1988.

Note 6: Long-Term Debt

Maturities of long-term debt will amount to \$5,500 in 2005 and \$24,000 in 2007. There are no maturities in 2006, 2008, or 2009.

The general mortgage bond indentures, as supplemented, contain clauses restricting the declaration of common stock dividends and other distributions on capital stock if common stockholder's equity falls below a specified amount. There were no restrictions at December 31, 2004.

The general mortgage bonds are issuable in series. No bonds senior to the general mortgage bonds may be issued so long as the general mortgage bonds are outstanding. The amount of bonds authorized is unlimited as long as long-term debt does not exceed 65% of capitalization. Long-term debt is collateralized by utility plant.

The senior notes are unsecured and were issued to American Water Capital Corporation (AWCC), an affiliate, for the principal amount. AWCC provided the funding for this note by itself issuing senior notes to institutional investors at a price equal to the principal amount.

Note 7: Affiliate Borrowings

The Company maintains a line of credit through AWCC for \$15,000. The Company may borrow from, or invest in, the line of credit. Effective November 1, 2003, AWCC has a 364-day, \$550 million revolving credit agreement with RWE. Effective November 1, 2004 this line of credit has been extended to October 31, 2005. Prior to November 1, 2003, AWCC had a 364-day, \$500 million revolving credit agreement with a group of 11 domestic and international banks and issued commercial paper, which was supported by the revolving credit agreement. No compensating balances are required under the agreements.

At December 31, 2004, there were \$1,046 of investments, and at December 31, 2003 there were \$14,880 of short-term borrowings outstanding. The weighted average annual interest

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004 and 2003 (Dollars in thousands)

Note 7 (continued):

rate on these balances was 1.139% and 1.270%, respectively. The unused line of credit at December 31, 2004 was \$15,000

In addition, notes receivable-associated companies includes is offset by payables of \$1,046 at December 31, 2004 and notes payable-associated companies includes payables of \$1,114 at December 31, 2003. These payables represent checks issued but not presented to the bank for payment.

Note 8: General Taxes

Components of general tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

	2	2003		
Gross receipts and franchise	\$	95	\$	86
Property and capital stock		2,328		2,081
Payroll	***************************************	389		429
	\$	2,812	\$	2,596

Note 9: Income Taxes

Components of income tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

	2	2004	2003		
State income taxes:					
Current	\$	399	\$	467	
Deferred					
Non-current		(406)		269	
		(7)	***********	736	
Federal income taxes:					
Current		(1,144)		1,711	
Deferred					
Non-current		1.040		1,112	
Amortization of deferred investment tax credits	<u> </u>	(96)		(85)	
		(200)		2,738	
Total income taxes	\$	(207)	\$	3,474	

Note 9 (continued):

A reconciliation of income tax expense at the statutory federal income tax rate to the actual income tax expense is as follows:

	2	004	2003		
Federal income tax at statutory rate of 35%	\$	(228)	\$	2,980	
Increases (decreases) resulting from -					
State taxes, net of federal income taxes		(5)		483	
Flow through difference		81		56	
Amortization of investment tax credits		(96)		(85)	
Non-deductible items		46		11	
Other, net		(5)		29	
	_\$	(207)	\$	3,474	

The following table provides the components of the net deferred tax liability at December 31:

	2004			2003
Deferred tax assets:				
Advances and contributions	\$	4.181	\$	4,115
Deferred investment tax credits		627		628
Other		1,045		1,866
		5,853		6,609
Deferred tax liabilities:				
Utility plant, principally due to				
depreciation differences		35,728		33,130
Income taxes recoverable through rates		997		1,004
Defened security costs		(4)		1,072
Other		2,251		3,999
		38,972		39,205
Net deferred tax liability	\$	33,119	S	32,596

No valuation allowances were required on deferred tax assets at December 31, 2004 and 2003 as management believes it is more likely than not that these assets will be realized.

Note 10: Rate Matters

On April 30, 2004, the Company filed a petition and tariffs with the Kentucky Public Service Commission to increase its authorized revenues by \$7,297. The rate petition was predicated on a forecasted test-year ending November 30, 2005. The rate increase was driven by several cost of service element increases above those approved in the 2000 rate petition as approved by the Commission in its Order of November 27, 2000: 1) increased rate base of \$17,078 (\$3,724 revenue requirement) and 2) \$4,242 of increased O&M expenses primarily related to increased management fees, labor benefit costs, recovery of on-going and deferred security expenses, increased general taxes offset by lower interest costs.

The Commission held hearings on the petition during the week of December 10, 2004, and briefs and reply briefs were filed during January 2005. On February 28, 2005 the Commission issued its Order authorizing an overall increase in revenue of \$4,283. The order permits an increase in billed tariffs of \$3,611 and the creation of an activation fee which is expected to produce \$672 annually. The Commission's order rejected rate recovery for deferred security costs and business service transitions costs. The Company filed a petition for rehearing requesting that the Commission reconsider its position on allocating consolidated federal income tax losses unrelated to the Company's operations, and recognition of the deferred expenses related to security costs and business service costs. On March 30, 2005 the Commission denied the Company's petition for rehearing. On April 27, 2005 the Company made a filing with the Franklin County Circuit Court appealing the Commission's decision regarding federal income taxes, deferred security cost, and deferred business service costs The Company has assessed the status of eventual rate recovery of its deferred business service project expense and additional security costs and determined that rate recovery is not likely. Based on this assessment the Company has expensed \$3,904 in 2004 related to deferred business services and additional security costs previously deferred.

Note 11: Employee Benefit Plans

Employees' Investment Plan

The Company previously participated in an Employees' Stock Ownership Plan that was merged into and replaced by the Employees' Investment Plan

The Employees' Investment Plan is sponsored by American, and generally all non-bargaining unit employees who were active in the Employees' Stock Ownership Plan on or before January 10, 2003 may participate by electing to contribute an amount that does not exceed 2% of their wages. In addition to the employees' participation, the Company made contributions equivalent to 1/2% of each participant's qualified compensation, and matches 100% of the contribution by each participant. The Company expensed contributions of \$36 for 2004 that it made to the Employees' Investment Plan.

This plan is being discontinued as of May 22, 2005.

Kentucky-American Water Company

(a subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc.)

Financial Statements

As of and for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004



Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP
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Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of Kentucky-American Water Company

Procenterhouse Copus LLP

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheets and the related statements of operations, of capitalization, of changes in common stockholder's equity and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kentucky-American Water Company (a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc.) at December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 150, Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity, in 2005.

March 24, 2006

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2005 and 2004

(Dollars in thousands)

Assets

		2005	2004
Property, plant and equipment			
Utility plant - at original cost less accumulated depreciation	\$	246,335	\$ 229,107
Utility plant acquisition adjustments, net		338	408
Non-utility property		250	250
		246,923	 229,765
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		130	584
Customer accounts receivable		1,282	1,067
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(259)	(170)
Unbilled revenues		2,478	1,913
Other accounts receivable		591	623
Notes receivable-associated companies		-	1,819
Federal income tax refund due from affiliated company			1,439
Materials and supplies		426	536
Other		461	145
	***************************************	5,109	 7,956
Long-term assets			
Regulatory assets		10,674	13,108
Preliminary survey & investigation		135	135
Other		85	500
	***************************************	10,894	 13,743
	\$	262,926	\$ 251,464

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2005 and 2004

(Dollars in thousands)

Capital and Liabilities

Capitalization Common stockholder's equity \$ 63,706 \$ Preferred stock without mandatory redemption requirements 1,469	60,271 1,549 4,500
·	1,549
Preferred stock without mandatory redemption requirements 1,469	
	4,500
Preferred stock with mandatory redemption requirements	
Long-term debt (excluding current portion):	
Preferred stock with mandatory redemption requirements 4,500	-
Long-term debt 77,000	77,000
Total capitalization 146,675	143,320
Current liabilities	
Notes payable - associated companies 9,308	-
Current portion of long-term debt -	5,500
Accounts payable 2,086	4,260
Accounts payable - associated companies 554	1,107
Accrued interest 1,366	1,459
Accrued taxes 1,880	1,627
Other 2,975	1,846
18,169	15,799
Long-term liabilities	
Deferred income taxes 33,993	33,119
Customer advances for construction 16,448	15,777
Deferred investment tax credits 1,388	1,461
Regulatory liability - cost of removal 6,561	6,212
Accrued pension expense 3,680	3,192
Accrued postretirement benefit expense 300	300
Other30	61
62,400	60,122
Contributions in aid of construction 35,682	32,223
Commitments and contingencies	<u> </u>
\$ 262,926 \$:	251,464

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Statements of Operations For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

(Dollars in thousands)

		2005		2004
Operating revenues	\$	50,120	\$	42,455
Operating expenses				
Operation and maintenance		27,524		29,509
Depreciation and amortization		5,835		5,616
General taxes		2,737		2,812
Gain on disposition of property				(200)
	~ ·	36,096		37,737
Operating income		14,024		4,718
Other income (deductions)				
Allowance for other funds used during construction		347		116
Other deductions, net	•	(318)		(399)
		29		(283)
Income before interest charges and income taxes		14,053		4,435
Interest charges				
Interest on long-term debt		5,369		5,001
Interest on short-term debt		184		65
Amortization of debt expense		77		79
Other interest		4		
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction		(148)		(58)
	\ 	5,486	·	5,087
Income (loss) before income taxes		8,567		(652)
Income taxes provision (benefit)		3,354		(207)
Net income (loss)		5,213		(445)
Dividends on preferred stock		80		448
Income (loss) to common stock	\$	5,133	\$	(893)

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

(Dollars in thousands)

	200	5		2004
Cash flows from operating activities			***************************************	
Net income (loss)	\$	5,213	\$	(445)
Adjustments:		·		
Depreciation and amortization		5,835		5.616
Removal costs net of salvage		1.128		1.059
Amortization, other		2,311		2,217
Provision for deferred income taxes		1,982		634
Amortization of deferred investment tax credits		(73)		(96)
Provision for losses on accounts receivable		477		450
Allowance for other funds used during construction		(347)		(116)
Deferred security costs				2,655
Deferred business services project expenses		_		1.078
Gain on disposition of property		_		(200)
Other, net		(120)		(1,198)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		(/		
Accounts receivable		(603)		433
Unbilled revenues		(565)		553
Materials and supplies		110		(93)
Federal income tax refund due from affiliated company		1,439		812
Other current assets		(284)		916
Accounts payable		(2,174)		1,526
Accrued taxes	,	253		(340)
Other current liabilities		483		455
				15,916
Net cash provided by operating activities		5,065		13,710
Cash flows from investing activities				
Construction expenditures	(1	9,182)		(15.284)
Allowance for other funds used during construction		347		116
Acquisition	(2,635)		-
Removal costs from property, plant and equipment retirements,				
net of salvage		(774)		(356)
Proceeds from the disposition of property, plant and equipment		-		200
Net investment in notes receivable-associated companies		1,819		(1,819)
Net cash used in investing activities	(2	0,425)		(17,143)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		_		14,000
Repayment of long-term debt		(5.500)		
• •		9,308		(15.995)
Net borrowings (repayments) of notes payable-associated companies		2,956		5,166
Customer advances and contributions, net of refunds		(54)		(2)
Redemption of preferred stock	,			(2,360)
Dividends paid		1,804)		
Net cash provided by financing activities		4,906		809
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(454)		(418)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		584		1,002
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	130	\$	584
Cash paid during the year for:				
Interest, net of capitalized amount	\$	5,502	\$	5,006
Income taxes, net of refunds	\$	450	S	300
the second forming transfer will substitute with				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Capitalization

December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	C	all Price				
	Pe	r Share		2005		2004
Stockholder's equity						
Common stock - no par value, authorized 2,000,000 shares			\$	36.569	\$	36,569
1,567,391 shares issued and outstanding in 2005 and 2004						
Paid-in capital				56		30
Retained earnings				27,081		23,672
Preferred stocks - \$100 par value						
Cumulative preferred stocks without mandatory redempti 5.75% series, 3,918 shares outstanding in 2005 and	on rec	qu iremen	ts:			
4,642 shares outstanding in 2004	\$	101.00		392		464
5.50% series, 4,889 shares outstanding in 2005 and	\$	100.50		489		495
4,947 shares outstanding in 2004						
5.00% series, 5,866 shares outstanding in 2005 and	\$	100.00				
5,896 shares outstanding in 2004				588		590
Cumulative preferred stocks with mandatory redemption	requir	ements				
8.47% series, 45,000 shares outstanding in 2004	\$	100.00		•		4,500
Total stockholder's equity				65,175		66,320
Long-term debt						
Preferred stocks - \$100 par value						
Cumulative preferred stocks with mandatory redemption	requir	ements:				
8.47% series, 45,000 shares outstanding in 2005,						
due for redemption 2036	\$	100.00		4,500		*
			**********	4,500	************	-
General mortgage bonds						
6.79% series redeemed in 2005				-		5,500
6.96% series due 2023				7,000		7.000
7.15% series due 2027				7,500		7,500
6.99% series due 2028				9,000		9,000
Notes payable to affiliate						
5.65% series due 2007				24,000		24,000
6.87% series due 2011				15,500		15.500
4.75% series due 2014				14,000		14,000
				77,000		82,500
Less: Current portion of long-term debt				-		(5,500)
Long-term debt, net of current maturities			***************************************	77,000		77,000
Total capitalization			\$	146,675	\$	143,320

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Statements of Changes in Common Stockholder's Equity For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Commo	n Stock	Paid-in	Retained	
	Shares	Par Value	Capital	Earnings	Total
Balance at December 31, 2003	1,567,391	\$ 36,569	\$ 30	\$ 26,475	\$ 63,074
Net loss	-	MA	-	(445)	(445)
Preferred stock redemption discount		-	••	2	2
Dividends paid					
Preferred stock	-		~	(448)	(448)
Common stock, \$1.22 per share				(1,912)	(1,912)
Balance at December 31, 2004	1,567,391	36,569	30	23,672	60,271
Net income	-	-	-	5,213	5,213
Cain on redemption of preferred stock	-	••	26	_	26
Dividends paid					
Preferred stock	-	-	-	(80)	(80)
Common stock, \$1.10 per share	·	**************************************		(1,724)	(1,724)
Balance at December 31, 2005	1,567,391	\$ 36,569	\$ 56	\$ 27,081	\$ 63,706

Note 1: Organization and Operation

Kentucky-American Water Company (the Company) provides water service to approximately 113,000 (unaudited) customers and wastewater service to approximately 711 (unaudited) customers. These services are provided in 12 (unaudited) communities located in 10 (unaudited) counties in the state of Kentucky. As a public utility operating in Kentucky, the Company functions under rules and regulations prescribed by the Kentucky Public Service Commission (the Commission). The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc. (American). American is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Thames Water Aqua US Holdings, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of RWE Aktiengesellschaft (RWE).

Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Regulation

The Company has incurred various costs and received various credits, which have been reflected as regulatory assets and liabilities on its balance sheet. Accounting for such costs and credits as regulatory assets and liabilities is in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 71, "Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation" This statement sets forth the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for those companies whose rates are established by or are subject to approval by an independent third-party regulator.

Under SFAS No. 71, regulated companies defer costs and credits on the balance sheet as regulatory assets and liabilities when it is probable that those costs and credits will be recognized in the rate-making process in a period different from the period in which they would have been reflected in income by an unregulated company. These deferred regulatory assets and liabilities are then reflected in the income statement in the period in which the same amounts are reflected in the rates charged for service.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Additions to utility plant and replacements of retirement units of property are capitalized. Costs include material, direct labor and such indirect items as engineering and supervision, payroll taxes and benefits, transportation and an allowance for funds used during construction. Repairs and maintenance are charged to current operations.

Note 2 (continued):

When units of property are replaced, retired or abandoned, the recorded value thereof is credited to the asset account and such value, together with the net cost of removal, is charged to accumulated depreciation. To the extent the Company recovers cost of removal or other retirement costs through rates after the retirement of costs are incurred, a regulatory asset is recorded. In some cases, the Company recovers retirement costs through rates during the life of the associated asset and before the costs are incurred. There amounts result in a regulatory liability being reported based on the amounts previously recovered through customer rates. Removal costs, net of salvage, of \$1,128 and \$1,059 are recorded in operation and maintenance expense as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

The cost of property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line average remaining life method. The composite depreciation rate amounted to 2.85% in 2005 and 2.75% in 2004.

Computer software is either purchased or developed in-house. The purchase price or development costs are capitalized as a unit of property. Software costs totaling \$560 and \$221, were capitalized during 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Utility plant acquisition adjustments represent the difference between the fair value of plant at the date of purchase and its original cost when first devoted to public service (less accumulated depreciation) and are amortized to expense over the remaining useful lives of the corresponding purchased plant assets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Substantially all of the Company's cash is invested in interest-bearing accounts. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents held at December 31, 2005 or 2004.

Accounts Receivable

The majority of the Company's accounts receivable are due from trade customers. Customer accounts receivable represent amounts billed to the Company's water and wastewater customers on a cycle basis. When customers request extended payment terms, credit is extended based upon Commission guidelines and generally, collateral is not required.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Dollars in thousands)

Note 2 (continued):

Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The Company maintains allowance for uncollectible accounts for estimated probable losses resulting from the inability of the Company's customers to make required payments. The Company continues to assess the adequacy of the reserves for doubtful accounts based on financial condition of the Company's customers and other external factors that may impact collectibility. Accounts outstanding longer than the payment terms are considered past due. The Company considers a number of factors in determining the allowance for uncollectible accounts, including the length of time trade accounts receivable are past due, the customer's current ability to pay their obligations to the Company, the Company's previous loss history, approved regulatory or legislative requirements. The Company writes off accounts receivable when they become uncollectible.

Materials and Supplies

Materials and supplies are stated at average cost.

Advances and Contributions in Aid of Construction

The Company may receive advances and contributions to fund construction necessary to extend service to new areas. As determined by the Commission, advances for construction are refundable for limited periods of time as new customers begin to receive service. Amounts that are no longer refundable are reclassified to contributions in aid of construction. Utility plant funded by advances and contributions is excluded from rate base and is not depreciated.

Recognition of Revenues

Water and wastewater service revenues for financial reporting purposes include amounts billed to customers on a cycle basis and unbilled amounts based on estimated usage from the date of the latest meter reading to the end of the accounting period. Other operating revenues are recognized when services are performed.

Income Taxes

The Company, its parent and affiliates participate in a consolidated federal income tax return. Federal income tax expense for financial reporting purposes is provided on a separate return basis.

Certain income and expense items are accounted for in different time periods for financial reporting than for income tax reporting purposes. Deferred income taxes have been provided on the difference between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and the amounts at which they are carried in the financial statements. These deferred income taxes are based on the enacted tax rates anticipated to be in effect when such temporary differences are expected to reverse. Regulatory assets and liabilities are recognized for the effect on revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse.

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005 and 2004

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 2 (continued):

Investment tax credits have been deferred and are being amortized to income over the average estimated service lives of the related assets.

Allowance for Funds Used During Construction (AFUDC)

AFUDC is a non-cash adjustment to income with a corresponding charge to utility plant, which represents the cost of borrowed funds and a return on equity funds devoted to plant under construction. AFUDC is recorded to the extent permitted by the Commission.

Environmental Costs

Environmental expenditures that relate to current operations or provide a future benefit are expensed or capitalized as appropriate. Remediation costs that relate to an existing condition caused by past operations are accrued when it is probable that these costs will be incurred and can be reasonably estimated. There were no remediation costs accrued at December 31, 2005 and 2004.

Asset Impairment

Long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangible assets held and used by the Company are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets, on a separate entity basis, may not be recoverable. If the sum of the undiscounted future cash flows expected to result from the use of the assets and their eventual disposition is less than the carrying amount of the assets, an impairment loss is recognized. Measurement of an impairment loss would be based on the fair value of the assets. A regulatory asset is charged to earnings if and when future recovery in rates of that asset is no longer probable.

Mandatorily Redeemable Preferred Stock

On May 15, 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) approved Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity" (SFAS 150). SFAS 150 establishes standards for classifying and measuring certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity. SFAS 150 requires that an issuer classify a financial instrument that is within its scope as a liability (or an asset in some circumstances). The Company adopted SFAS 150 as of January 1, 2005.

Effective January 1, 2005, the Company's mandatorily redeemable preferred stock was classified as a liability and recorded at the present value of redemption amounts, using the rates implicit in the stock agreements at inception. Additionally, beginning January 1, 2005, any change in the redemption value of the Company's mandatorily redeemable preferred stock or dividend payments to their holders, which previously reduced retained earnings, have been recorded as increases or decreases to interest expense. In accordance with SFAS 150, which specifically prohibits the restatement of financial statements prior to its adoption, prior period amounts have not been reclassified.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005 and 2004 (Dollars in thousands)

Note 2 (continued):

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to conform to previously reported data to the current presentation.

Note 3: Utility Plant

The components of utility plant at December 31 are as follows:

	Range of Remaining	,		
	<u>Useful Lives</u>	2005		 2004
Land and other non-depreciable assets		\$	4,637	\$ 4,468
Sources of supply	30 to 90 Years		7,580	7,683
Treatment and pumping	25 to 56 Years		50,992	47,563
Transmission and distribution	18 to 85 Years		150,222	143,024
Services, meters and fire hydrants	20 to 98 Years		63,769	59,255
General structures and equipment	5 to 61 Years		23,151	20,583
Wastewater	20 Years		3,382	-
Construction work in progress	-		11,481	 6,346
			315,214	288,922
Less: accumulated depreciation			(68,879)	 (59,815)
		\$	246,335	\$ 229,107

Depreciation expense amounted to \$6,828 in 2005 and \$6,523 in 2004.

Note 4: Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

The regulatory assets represent costs that are expected to be fully recovered from customers in future rates while regulatory liabilities represent amounts that are expected to be refunded to customers in future rates or amounts recovered from customers in advance of incurring the costs. Except for income taxes, regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities are excluded from the Company's rate base and do not earn a return. The components of regulatory assets are as follows:

	2005		7	2004	
Income taxes recoverable through rates	\$	3,693	\$	4,686	
Bluegrass water project, source of supply		1,998		2,055	
Programmed maintenance expense		1,761		2,140	
Bluegrass water project, pipeline		1,746		2,101	
Rate proceedings		782		951	
Debt and preferred stock expense		536		613	
Other	***************************************	158		562	
		10,674	\$	13,108	

Note 4 (continued):

The regulatory asset for income taxes recoverable through rates is net of the reduction expected in future revenues as deferred taxes previously provided, attributable to the difference between the state and federal income tax rates under prior law and the current statutory rates, reverse over the average remaining service lives of the related assets. The Company has recorded a regulatory asset for the additional revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse. These temporary differences are primarily related to the difference between book and tax depreciation on property placed in service before the adoption by the Commission of full normalization for rate-making purposes.

The Company has recorded a regulatory liability to defer the income impact of the state of Kentucky's income tax rate change from 8.25% to 7.00% effective for 2005. The income impact results from the application of the 7.00% tax rate against the Company's previously recorded deferred tax liabilities, which were established at 8.25%. The Company has recorded a deferred tax rate change liability of \$926 which it is amortizing straight-line over thirty-five years.

The Company has recorded a regulatory asset for the Bluegrass water project source of supply costs in the amount of \$2,283 to be amortized over a forty year period. Approval was granted per the Commission order dated December 12, 2000.

Programmed maintenance costs are deferred and amortized to current operations on a straight-line basis over a period ranging between five and fifteen years, as authorized by the Commission in their determination of rates charged for service.

The Company has recorded a regulatory asset for the Bluegrass water project pipeline costs in the amount of \$3,551 with a ten year amortization period which was approved by the Commission per order dated November 27, 2000.

Expense of rate proceedings is deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis over three years as authorized by the Commission in their determination of rates charged for service

Debt expense is amortized over the lives of the respective issues. Call premiums on the redemption of long-term debt, as well as unamortized debt expense, are deferred and amortized to the extent they will be recovered through future service rates. Expenses of preferred stock issues without sinking fund provisions are amortized over 30 years from the date of issue; expenses of issues with sinking fund provisions are charged to operations as shares are retired.

Note 5: Preferred Stocks

There are no sinking fund payments through 2010.

Preferred stock agreements contain provisions for redemption at various prices on thirty days notice at the Company's discretion. In the event of voluntary liquidation, the 5.75% series is redeemable at \$101.00 per share. The 5.50% series is redeemable at \$100.50 per share and the 5.00% series redeemable at \$100.00 per share. The 8.47% series is redeemable at \$100.00, plus make whole premium. In the event of involuntary liquidation or governmental acquisition, all classes are redeemable at \$100 per share. Upon redemption the price must be increased by accrued dividends to the date of redemption.

In 2005, certain shareholders offered shares of preferred stock for sale back to the Company. Thirty shares of the 5.00% series were purchased for \$2. Fifty-eight shares of the 5.50% series were purchased for \$4 and 724 of the 5.75% series were purchased for \$51.

Note 6: Long-Term Debt

The general mortgage bonds are issuable in series. No bonds senior to the general mortgage bonds may be issued so long as the general mortgage bonds are outstanding. The amount of bonds authorized is unlimited as long as long-term debt does not exceed 65% of capitalization. General mortgage bonds are collateralized by utility plant.

The general mortgage bond indentures, as supplemented, contain clauses restricting the declaration of common stock dividends and other distributions on capital stock if common stockholder's equity falls below a specified amount. There were no restrictions at December 31, 2005.

The senior notes payable to affiliate are unsecured and were issued to American Water Capital Corporation (AWCC), an affiliate, for the principal amount. AWCC provided the funding for these notes by itself issuing senior notes to institutional investors at a price equal to the principal amount.

Maturities of long-term debt will amount to \$24,000 in 2007. There are no maturities in 2006, 2008, 2009 or 2010.

Note 7: Short-term Borrowings

The Company maintains a line of credit through AWCC for \$12,000. The Company may borrow from, or invest in, the line of credit. The line was decreased by \$3,000 during 2005, per an amendment to the agreement with AWCC. No compensating balances are required under the agreements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005 and 2004

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 7 (continued):

At December 31, 2005 there were \$9,308 of short-term borrowings outstanding. At December 31, 2004, the Company had invested \$1,819 with AWCC. The weighted average annual interest rates on these balances were 3.36% and 1.14% in 2005 and 2004, respectively. The unused short-term line of credit at December 31, 2005 was \$2,692.

Note 8: General Taxes

Components of general tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

	***************************************	2005		
Gross receipts and franchise	\$	32	\$	95
Property and capital stock		2,322		2,328
Payroll		380		389
Miscellaneous		3		_
	\$	2,737	\$	2,812

Note 9: Income Taxes

Components of income tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

		2005	2004		
State income taxes:					
Current	\$	81	\$	399	
Defened					
Current		(15)			
Non-current		523		(406)	
		589		(7)	
Federal income taxes:					
Current		1.364		(1,144)	
Deferred					
Current		(212)			
Non-current		1,686		1,040	
Amortization of deferred investment tax credits	·····	(73)		(96)	
	***************************************	2,765		(200)	
Total income taxes	_\$	3,354	_\$	(207)	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2005 and 2004

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 9 (continued):

A reconciliation of income tax expense at the statutory federal income tax rate to the actual income tax expense is as follows:

•		2005	2004		
Federal income tax at statutory rate of 35%	\$	2,999	\$	(228)	
Increases (decreases) resulting from-					
State taxes, net of federal income taxes		382		(5)	
Flow through difference		135		81	
Amortization of investment tax credits		(73)		(96)	
Non-deductible items		•		46	
Other, net		(89)	****	(5)	
	\$	3,354	\$	(207)	

The following table provides the components of the net deferred tax liability at December 31:

Befored toy accese.	 2005	2004		
Deferred tax assets:				
Advances and contributions	\$ 4,229	\$	4,181	
Deferred investment tax credits	549		627	
Other	 1,386		1,045	
	 6,164		5,853	
Deferred tax liabilities:				
Utility plant, principally due to				
depreciation differences	36,174		35,728	
Income taxes recoverable through rates	503		997	
Deferred security costs	1,111		(4)	
Other	 2,369		2,251	
	 40,157		38,972	
Net deferred tax liability	\$ 33,993		33,119	

No valuation allowances were required on deferred tax assets at December 31, 2005 and 2004 as management believes it is more likely than not that these assets will be realized.

Note 10: Rate Matters

On April 30, 2004, the Company filed a petition and tariffs with the Kentucky Public Service Commission to increase its authorized revenues by \$7,297. The rate petition was predicated on a forecasted test-year ending November 30, 2005.

Note 10 (continued):

The rate increase was driven by several cost of service element increases above those approved in the 2000 rate petition as approved by the Commission in its Order of November 27, 2000: 1) increased rate base of \$17,078 (\$3,724 revenue requirement) and 2) \$4,242 of increased O&M expenses primarily related to increased management fees, labor benefit costs, recovery of on-going and deferred security expenses, increased general taxes offset by lower interest costs.

The Commission held hearings on the petition during the week of December 10, 2004, and briefs and reply briefs were filed during January 2005. On February 28, 2005 the Commission issued its Order authorizing an overall increase in revenue of \$4,283. The order permits an increase in billed tariffs of \$3,611 and the creation of an activation fee which is expected to produce \$672 annually. The Commission's order rejected rate recovery for deferred security costs and business service transitions costs. The Company filed a petition for rehearing requesting that the Commission reconsider its position on allocating consolidated federal income tax losses unrelated to the Company's operations, and recognition of the deferred expenses related to security costs and business service costs. On March 30, 2005 the Commission denied the Company's petition for rehearing. On April 27, 2005 the Company made a filing with the Franklin County Circuit Court appealing the Commission's decision regarding federal income taxes, deferred security cost and deferred business service costs. The Company assessed the status of eventual rate recovery of its deferred business service project expense and additional security costs and determined that rate recovery is not likely. Based on this assessment the Company expensed \$3,904 in 2004 related to deferred business services and additional security costs previously deferred.

Note 11: Employee Benefit Plans

Employees' Investment Plan

The Company previously participated in an Employees' Stock Ownership Plan that was merged into and replaced by the Employees' Investment Plan.

The Employees' Investment Plan is sponsored by American, and generally all non-bargaining unit employees who were active in the Employees' Stock Ownership Plan on or before January 10, 2003 may participate by electing to contribute an amount that does not exceed 2% of their wages. In addition to the employees' participation, the Company made contributions equivalent to 1/2% of each participant's qualified compensation, and matches 100% of the contribution by each participant. The Company expensed contributions of \$29 for 2005 and \$36 for 2004 that it made to the Employees' Investment Plan.

This plan was discontinued as of May 22, 2005.

Note 11 (continued):

Savings Plan for Employees

The Company participates in a 401(k) Savings Plan for Employees sponsored by American. All employees can make contributions that are invested at their direction in one or more funds. The Company matches 50% of the first 5% of each employee's wages contributed to the plan. The Company expensed matching contributions to the plan totaling \$78 for 2005 and \$72 for 2004. All of the Company's matching contributions are invested in one or more funds at the direction of the employee.

Note 12: Postretirement Benefits

Pension Benefits

The Company participates in a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan sponsored by American covering substantially all employees. Benefits under the plan are based on the employee's years of service and average annual compensation for those 60 consecutive months of employment that yield the highest average. Pension cost of the Company is based on an allocation from American of the total cost related to the plan. Information regarding accumulated and projected benefit obligations is not prepared at the subsidiary level.

The Company's funding policy is to contribute at least the minimum amount required under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. The Company made contributions to the American plan of \$506 in 2005 and \$359 in 2004.

Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions

The Company participates in an American plan that provides certain life insurance benefits for retired employees and certain health care benefits for retired employees and their dependents. Substantially all employees, except non-bargaining unit employees hired on or after January 1, 2002, may become eligible for these benefits if they reach retirement age while still working for the Company. Retirees and their dependents under age 65 are covered by a point-of-service managed care plan that requires co-payments or an HMO. Employees who elect to retire prior to attaining age 65 are generally required to make contributions towards their medical coverage until attaining age 65. Retirees and their dependents age 65 and over are covered by a Medicare supplement plan. Costs of the Company are based on an allocation from American of the total cost related to the plan.

Information regarding accumulated and projected benefit obligations is not prepared at the subsidiary level. The Company made contributions to trust funds established for these postretirement benefits of \$894 in 2005 and \$824 in 2004. The Company's policy is to fund postretirement benefits costs accrued.

Note 13: Related Party Transactions

American Water Works Service Company, Inc. (AWWS), a subsidiary of American, provides certain management services to the Company (administration, accounting, data processing, engineering, etc.) and other operating water companies in the American system on an at-cost, not-for-profit basis in accordance with a management and service agreement.

Purchases of such services by the Company were accounted for as follows:

expense as a charge against income			2004		
Included in operation and maintenance					
expense as a charge against income	\$	5,892	\$	5,773	
Capitalized primarily in utility plant		1,217	**********	818	
	\$	7,109	\$	6,591	

The Company provided workspace, information system support, human resources and loss control services for associates of AWWS. Charges for direct costs and indirect overhead costs associated with these associates are billed to AWWS on an at-cost, not for profit basis, which amounted to \$43 in 2005 and \$157 in 2004.

The Company has three operating agreements with American Water Services, Inc. (AWS), a subsidiary of American, for the lease of granular activated carbon at one of the Company's water treatment plants. The agreements provide for AWS to regenerate the spent material and return it to the water treatment plant where it originated. Under the terms of the agreements, AWS will provide carbon for a period of thirty-six months. The carbon is scheduled for replacement at thirty-six month intervals and is warranted to perform to specific standards during that period. The Company paid \$97 in 2005 and \$96 in 2004 to AWS under these agreements.

The Company maintains a line of credit through AWCC. The Company paid AWCC fees of \$24 in 2005 and \$25 in 2004 and interest on borrowings of \$184 in 2005 and \$64 in 2004.

Note 14: Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The Company used the following methods and assumptions in estimating its fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

Current assets and current liabilities: The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet for current assets and current liabilities approximate their fair value.

Note 14 (continued):

Preferred stocks with mandatory redemption requirements and long-term debt: The fair values of the Company's preferred stocks with mandatory redemption requirements and long-term debt are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on the Company's current incremental financing rates for similar types of securities.

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments at December 31 are as follows:

	2005			2004				
Preferred stock with mandatory redemption requirements Long-term debt, including current maturities	Carrying Amount		Fair Value			arrying Amount		Fair Value
•	\$	4,500	\$	4,692	\$	4,500	\$	4,210
•	\$	77,000	\$	79,567	\$	82,500	\$	86,231

Note 15: Operating Lease

The Company has entered into operating leases involving certain facilities and equipment. Rental expenses under operating leases were \$35 in 2005 and \$35 in 2004. The operating leases for equipment expire over the next three years.

At December 31, 2005, the minimum annual future rental commitments under operating leases that have initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year are \$23 in 2006, \$19 in 2007, \$12 in 2008, and none thereafter.

Note 16: Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments have been made in connection with certain construction programs.

The Company is routinely involved in legal actions. In the opinion of management, none of these matters is expected to have a material adverse effect, if any, on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.

Note 17: Acquisitions

On September 15, 2005, the Company completed its acquisition of the Owenton Borough Water Authority for \$2,635. The acquired operations provided water and sewer service to approximately 1,744 (unaudited) customers at the time of acquisition. In 2005, during the period owned, the Company recorded \$252 in operating revenue.

Kentucky-American Water Company (a subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc.) Financial Statements

As of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005



PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Two Commerce Square, Suite 1700
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Philadelphia, PA 19103-7042
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Facsimile (267) 330 3300

Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of Kentucky-American Water Company

Procentehouse Copers LLP

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheets and the related statements of income, of capitalization, of changes in common stockholder's equity and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kentucky-American Water Company (a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc.) at December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

March 16, 2007

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2006 and 2005 (Dollars in thousands)

A	eco	ŧ.
-/1	5.54	

	2006	2005
Property, plant and equipment		
Utility plant - at original cost less accumulated depreciation	\$ 263,467	\$ 246,335
Utility plant acquisition adjustments, net	348	338
Non-utility property	250_	250
	264,065	246,923
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	79	130
Customer accounts receivable	2,453	1,282
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(261)	(259)
Unbilled revenues	2,510	2,478
Other accounts receivable	603	591
Materials and supplies	516	426
Other	68	461
	5,968	5,109
Long-term assets		
Regulatory assets	9,603	10,680
Other	151	214
	9,754	10,894
	\$ 279,787	\$ 262,926

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2006 and 2005

(Dollars in thousands)

Capital and Liabilities

		2006		2005
Capitalization			***************************************	
Common stockholder's equity	\$	72,972	\$	63,706
Preferred stock without mandatory redemption requirements		1,466		1,469
Long-term debt (excluding current portion):				
Preferred stock with mandatory redemption requirements		4,500		4,500
Long-term debt		49,900		77,000
Total capitalization	Tarananana	128,838		146,675
Current liabilities				
Notes payable - associated companies		6,674		9,308
Current portion of long-term debt		27,100		_
Accounts payable		5,511		2,086
Accrued taxes		4,317		1,880
Other		4,166		4,895
		47,768		18,169
Long-term liabilities				
Deferred income taxes		35,168		33,993
Customer advances for construction		16,493		16.448
Deferred investment tax credits		1,303		1,388
Regulatory liability - cost of removal		7,597		6,561
Accrued pension expense		2,382		3.680
Accrued postretirement benefit expense		343		300
Other		60		30
		63,346		62,400
Contributions in aid of construction		39,835		35,682
Commitments and contingencies	-			_
	<u>\$</u>	279,787	\$	262,926

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY **Statements of Income** For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

(Dollars in thousands)

	2006		2006 20	
Operating revenues	_\$	49,010	\$	50,120
Operating expenses				
Operation and maintenance		27,957		27,524
Depreciation		7,891		6,828
Amortization		(1,151)		(993)
General taxes		2,860		2,737
	****	37,557		36,096
Operating income	***************************************	11,453		14,024
Other income (deductions)				
Allowance for other funds used during construction		274		347
Other deductions, net		(406)		(318)
	-	(132)	***************************************	29
Income before interest deductions and income taxes	***************************************	11,321		14,053
Interest deductions (income)				
Interest on long-term debt		5,111		5,369
Interest on short-term debt		409		184
Amortization of debt expense		7.3		77
Other interest		65		4
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction		(117)		(148)
		5,541	***********************	5,486
Income before income taxes		5,780		8,567
Provision for income taxes		2,430		3,354
Net income		3,350		5,213
Dividends on preferred stock	************	79	**********	80_
Income to common stock	\$	3,271	\$	5,133

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY **Statements of Cash Flows** For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

(Dollars in thousands)

		2006		2005
Cash flows from operating activities	_		_	
Net income	\$	3,350	\$	5,213
Adjustments:				
Depreciation and amortization		6,740		5,835
Removal costs net of salvage		1,227		1,128
Amortization, other		1,701		2,311
Provision for deferred income taxes		1,334		1,982
Amortization of deferred investment tax credits		(85)		(73)
Provision for losses on accounts receivable		405		477
Allowance for other funds used during construction		(274)		(347)
Other, net		(1,915)		(120)
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		(1,574)		(603)
Unbilled revenues		(32)		(565)
Federal income tax refund due from affiliated company		•		1,439
Other current assets		291		(174)
Accounts payable		3,425		(2,174)
Accrued taxes		2,437		253
Other current liabilities		(729)		483
Net cash provided by operating activities		16,301		15,065
Cash flows from investing activities				
Construction expenditures		(25,103)		(19,182)
Allowance for other funds used during construction		274		347
Acquisition		-		(2,635)
Removal costs from property, plant and equipment retirements,				(, , /
net of salvage		(174)		(774)
Net investment in notes receivable-associated companies		-		1,819
Net cash used in investing activities		(25,003)		(20,425)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Repayment of long-term debt				(5,500)
Net borrowings (repayments) of notes payable-associated companies		(2,634)		9,308
Customer advances and contributions, net of refunds		5,372		2,956
Capital contribution by stockholder		8,000		-,
Redemption of preferred stock		(3)		(54)
Dividends paid		(2,084)		(1,804)
Net cash provided by financing activities		8,651		4,906
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	*******	(51)		(454)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		130		584
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	S	79	\$	130
·				
Cash paid during the year for:	•	(100	ø	£ £03
Interest, not of capitalized amount	<u>\$</u>	6,190	\$	5,502
Income taxes, net of refunds	\$	128	\$	450

Statements of Capitalization December 31, 2006 and 2005

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

		all Price er Share		2006		2005
		I Share		2000	***************************************	2003
Stockholder's equity						
Common stock - no par value, authorized 2,000,000 shares			\$	36,569	\$	36,569
1,567,391 shares issued and outstanding in 2006 and 2005						
Paid-in capital				8,056		56
Retained earnings				28,347		27,081
Total common stockholder's equity				72,972		63,706
Preferred stocks - \$100 par value						
Cumulative preferred stocks without mandatory redemption i	equire	ements:				
5.75% series, 3,918 shares outstanding in 2006 and 2005	\$	101.00		392		392
5.50% series, 4,883 shares outstanding in 2006 and	\$	100.50				
4,889 shares outstanding in 2005				488		489
5.00% series, 5,866 shares outstanding in 2006 and	\$	100.00				
5,866 shares outstanding in 2005				586		588
.,			<u>,</u>	1,466		1,469
Long-term debt						
Preferred stocks - \$100 par value						
Cumulative preferred stocks with mandatory redemption requ	uireme	ents:				
8 47% series, 45,000 shares outstanding in 2006,						
due for redemption 2036	\$	100.00		4,500		4,500
				4,500		4,500
General mortgage bonds						
6.96% series due 2023				7,000		7,000
7.15% series due 2027				7,500		7,500
6.99% series due 2028				9,000		9,000
Notes payable to affiliate						ŕ
5.65% series due 2007				24,000		24,000
6 87% series due 2011				15,500		15,500
4.75% series due 2014				14,000		14,000
				77,000		77,000
Less: Current portion of long-term debt				(27,100)		-
Long-term debt, net of current maturities				49,900		77,000
Total capitalization			\$	128,838	S	146,675

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Statements of Changes in Common Stockholder's Equity For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Common Stock		Paid-in	Paid-in Retained	
	Shares	Par Value	Capital	Earnings	Total
Balance at December 31, 2004	1,567,391	\$ 36,569	\$ 30	\$ 23,672	\$ 60,271
Net loss	_	-	-	5,213	5,213
Gain on redemption of preferred stock Dividends paid	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	26	**	26
Preferred stock	-	-	-	(80)	(80)
Common stock, \$1.10 per share		***************************************	_	(1,724)	(1,724)
Balance at December 31, 2005	1,567,391	36,569	56	27,081	63,706
Net income	~	-	-	3,350	3,350
Dividends paid					
Preferred stock	-	-	~	(79)	(79)
Common stock, \$1 28 per share	•	-	_	(2,005)	(2,005)
Capital contribution by stockholder	_	-	8,000	-	8,000
Balance at December 31, 2006	1,567,391	\$ 36,569	\$ 8,056	\$ 28,347	\$ 72,972

Note 1: Organization and Operation

Kentucky-American Water Company (the Company) provides water service to approximately 115,820 (unaudited) customers and wastewater service to approximately 703 (unaudited) customers. These services are provided in 12 communities located in 10 counties in the state of Kentucky. As a public utility operating in Kentucky, the Company functions under rules and regulations prescribed by the Kentucky Public Service Commission (the Commission). The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc. (American). American is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Thames Water Aqua US Holdings, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of RWE Aktiengesellschaft (RWE).

Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates

Regulation

The Company has incurred various costs and received various credits, which have been reflected as regulatory assets and liabilities on its balance sheet. Accounting for such costs and credits as regulatory assets and liabilities is in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 71, "Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation." This statement sets forth the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for those companies whose rates are established by or are subject to approval by an independent third-party regulator.

Under SFAS No. 71, regulated companies defer costs and credits on the balance sheet as regulatory assets and liabilities when it is probable that those costs and credits will be recognized in the rate-making process in a period different from the period in which they would have been reflected in income by an unregulated company. These deferred regulatory assets and liabilities are then reflected in the income statement in the period in which the same amounts are reflected in the rates charged for service.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Additions to utility plant and replacements of retirement units of property are capitalized. Costs include material, direct labor and such indirect items as engineering and supervision, payroll taxes and benefits, transportation and an allowance for funds used during construction. Repairs and maintenance are charged to current operations.

Note 2 (continued):

When units of property are replaced, retired or abandoned, the recorded value thereof is credited to the asset account and such value, together with the net cost of removal, is charged to accumulated depreciation. To the extent the Company recovers cost of removal or other retirement costs through rates after the retirement of costs are incurred, a regulatory asset is recorded. In some cases, the Company recovers retirement costs through rates during the life of the associated asset and before the costs are incurred. These amounts result in a regulatory liability being reported based on the amounts previously recovered through customer rates. Removal costs, net of salvage, of \$1,227 and \$1,128 are recorded in operation and maintenance expense as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

The cost of property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line average remaining life method.

Computer software is either purchased or developed in-house. The purchase price or development costs are capitalized as a unit of property. Software costs totaling \$133 and \$560, were capitalized during 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Utility plant acquisition adjustments represent the difference between the fair value of plant at the date of purchase and its original cost when first devoted to public service (less accumulated depreciation) and are amortized to expense over the remaining useful lives of the corresponding purchased plant assets. The range of remaining lives is from 4 to 39 years.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Substantially all of the Company's cash is invested in interest-bearing accounts. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents held at December 31, 2006 or 2005.

Accounts Receivable

The majority of the Company's accounts receivable are due from trade customers. Customer accounts receivable represent amounts billed to the Company's water and wastewater customers on a cycle basis. When customers request extended payment terms, credit is extended based upon Commission guidelines and generally, collateral is not required.

Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The Company maintains allowance for uncollectible accounts for estimated probable losses resulting from the inability of the Company's customers to make required payments. Accounts outstanding longer than the payment terms are considered past due. The Company considers a number of factors in determining the allowance for uncollectible accounts, including the length of time trade accounts receivable are past due and the Company's previous loss history. The Company writes-off accounts receivable when they become uncollectible

KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006 and 2005

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 2 (continued):

The change in the Company's allowance for 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

		2006	2005		
Balance as of January 1	\$	259	\$	170	
Provision charged to expense		405		477	
Accounts written-off		(465)		(437)	
Recoveries of accounts previously written-off	,	62	***************************************	49	
Balance as of December 31	\$ 261		\$	259	

Materials and Supplies

Materials and supplies are stated at cost. Cost is determined using the average cost method.

Advances and Contributions in Aid of Construction

The Company may receive advances and contributions to fund construction necessary to extend service to new areas. As determined by the Commission, advances for construction are refundable for limited periods of time as new customers begin to receive service. Amounts that are no longer refundable are reclassified to contributions in aid of construction.

Utility plant funded by advances and contributions is excluded from rate base. The Company depreciates contributed property and amortizes contributions in aid of construction at the composite rate of the related property. For the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, cash advances and contributions were \$8,429 and \$6,777, and non-cash advances and contributions were \$0 and \$3,219, respectively.

Recognition of Revenues

Water and wastewater service revenues for financial reporting purposes include amounts billed to customers on a cycle basis and unbilled amounts based on estimated usage from the date of the latest meter reading to the end of the accounting period. Other operating revenues are recognized when services are performed.

Income Taxes

The Company, its parent and affiliates participate in a consolidated federal income tax return. Federal income tax expense for financial reporting purposes is provided on a separate return basis.

Note 2 (continued):

Certain income and expense items are accounted for in different time periods for financial reporting than for income tax reporting purposes. Deferred income taxes have been provided on the difference between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and the amounts at which they are carried in the financial statements. These deferred income taxes are based on the enacted tax rates anticipated to be in effect when such temporary differences are expected to reverse. Regulatory assets and liabilities are recognized for the effect on revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse.

Investment tax credits have been deferred and are being amortized to income over the average estimated service lives of the related assets.

Allowance for Funds Used During Construction (AFUDC)

AFUDC is a non-cash adjustment to income with a corresponding charge to utility plant, which represents the cost of borrowed funds and a return on equity funds devoted to plant under construction. AFUDC is recorded to the extent permitted by the Commission.

Environmental Costs

Environmental expenditures that relate to current operations or provide a future benefit are expensed or capitalized as appropriate. Remediation costs that relate to an existing condition caused by past operations are accrued when it is probable that these costs will be incurred and can be reasonably estimated. There were no remediation costs accrued at December 31, 2006 and 2005.

Asset Impairment

Long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangible assets held and used by the Company are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets, on a separate entity basis, may not be recoverable. If the sum of the undiscounted future cash flows expected to result from the use of the assets and their eventual disposition is less than the carrying amount of the assets, an impairment loss is recognized. Measurement of an impairment loss would be based on the fair value of the assets. A regulatory asset is charged to earnings if and when future recovery in rates of that asset is no longer probable.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to conform previously reported data to the current presentation.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2006 and 2005

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 3: Utility Plant

The components of utility plant at December 31 are as follows:

	Range of Remainin	g				
	<u>Useful Lives</u>		2006	2005		
Land and other non-depreciable assets	-	\$	4,758	\$	4,637	
Sources of supply	30 to 90 Years		9,238		7,580	
Treatment and pumping	25 to 56 Years		51,224		50,992	
Transmission and distribution	18 to 85 Years		164,275		150,222	
Services, meters and fire hydrants	20 to 98 Years		69,230		63,769	
General structures and equipment	3 to 61 Years		25,294		23,151	
Wastewater	5 to 50 Years		3,504		3,382	
Construction work in progress	<u></u>	***************************************	11,772		11,481	
			339,295		315,214	
Less: accumulated depreciation		V10733	(75,828)	***************************************	(68,879)	
		\$	263,467		246,335	

Note 4: Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

The regulatory assets represent costs that are expected to be fully recovered from customers in future rates while regulatory liabilities represent amounts that are expected to be refunded to customers in future rates or amounts recovered from customers in advance of incurring the costs. Except for income taxes, regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities are excluded from the Company's rate base and do not earn a return. The components of regulatory assets are as follows:

	 2006	2005		
Income taxes recoverable through rates	\$ 3,611	\$	3.693	
Bluegrass water project, source of supply	1,970		1,998	
Programmed maintenance expense	1,468		1,761	
Bluegrass water project, pipeline	1,391		1,746	
Rate proceedings	421		782	
Debt and preferred stock expense	463		536	
Other	 279	_	164	
	\$ 9,603	\$	10,680	

The regulatory asset for income taxes recoverable through rates is net of the reduction expected in future revenues as deferred taxes previously provided, attributable to the difference between the state and federal income tax rates under prior law and the current statutory rates, reverse over the average remaining service lives of the related assets.

Note 4 (continued):

The Company has recorded a regulatory asset for the additional revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse. These temporary differences are primarily related to the difference between book and tax depreciation on property placed in service before the adoption by the Commission of full normalization for rate-making purposes.

The Company has recorded a regulatory asset for the Bluegrass water project source of supply costs in the amount of \$2,283 to be amortized over a forty year period. Approval was granted per the Commission order dated May 9, 2001.

Programmed maintenance costs are deferred and amortized to current operations on a straight-line basis over a period ranging between five and fifteen years, as authorized by the Commission in their determination of rates charged for service.

The Company has recorded a regulatory asset for the Bluegrass water project pipeline costs in the amount of \$3,551 with a ten year amortization period which was approved by the Commission per order dated November 27, 2000.

Expense of rate proceedings is deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis over three years as authorized by the Commission in their determination of rates charged for service.

Debt expense is amortized over the lives of the respective issues. Call premiums on the redemption of long-term debt, as well as unamortized debt expense, are deferred and amortized to the extent they will be recovered through future service rates. Expenses of preferred stock issues without sinking fund provisions are amortized over 30 years from the date of issue; expenses of issues with sinking fund provisions are charged to operations as shares are retired.

Note 5: Preferred Stocks

There are no sinking fund payments through 2011.

Preferred stock agreements contain provisions for redemption at various prices on thirty days notice at the Company's discretion. In the event of voluntary liquidation, the 5.75% series is redeemable at \$101.00 per share. The 5.50% series is redeemable at \$100.50 per share and the 5.00% series redeemable at \$100.00 per share. The 8.47% series is redeemable at \$100.00, plus make whole premium. In the event of involuntary liquidation or governmental acquisition, all classes are redeemable at \$100 per share. Upon redemption the price must be increased by accrued dividends to the date of redemption.

In 2006, certain shareholders offered shares of preferred stock for sale back to the Company. Six shares of the 5.5% series were purchased.

Note 5 (continued):

In 2005, certain shareholders offered shares of preferred stock for sale back to the Company. Thirty shares of the 5.00% series were purchased for \$2. Fifty-eight shares of the 5.50% series were purchased for \$4 and 724 of the 5.75% series were purchased for \$51.

Note 6: Long-Term Debt

The general mortgage bonds are issuable in series. No bonds senior to the general mortgage bonds may be issued so long as the general mortgage bonds are outstanding. The amount of bonds authorized is limited only to the extent that long-term debt cannot exceed 65% of total capitalization. General mortgage bonds are collateralized by utility plant.

The general mortgage bond indentures, as supplemented, contain clauses restricting the declaration of common stock dividends and other distributions on capital stock if common stockholder's equity falls below a specified amount. There were no restrictions at December 31, 2006.

The senior notes payable to affiliate are unsecured and were issued to American Water Capital Corporation (AWCC), an affiliate, for the principal amount. The indenture for the 6.87% series note has a sinking fund provision that requires an annual retirement of \$3,100 from 2007 through 2011.

Maturities of long-term debt, excluding sinking fund payments, will amount to \$24,000 in 2007. There are no maturities in 2008, 2009, 2010 or 2011. The Company plans to issue general mortgage bonds through American Water Capital Corporation (AWCC), a subsidiary of American, to retire the \$24,000 debt maturing in 2007.

Note 7: Short-term Borrowings

The Company maintains a line of credit through AWCC for \$12,000. The Company may borrow from, or invest in, the line of credit. No compensating balances are required under the agreements.

At December 31, 2006 and 2005 there were \$6,674 and \$9,308 of short-term borrowings outstanding, respectively. The weighted average annual interest rates on these balances were 6.07% and 3.36% in 2006 and 2005, respectively. The unused short-term line of credit at December 31, 2006 was \$5,326.

During 2006, the Company received a capital contribution of \$8,000 from American, primarily used to pay down short term debt.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2006 and 2005

(Dollars in thousands)

Note 8: General Taxes

Components of general tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

	***************************************	2006	 2005
Property		2,377	2,354
Payroll		480	380
Miscellaneous		3	 3
	\$	2,860	\$ 2,737

Note 9: Income Taxes

Components of income tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

	2	2006	2005		
State income taxes:					
Current	\$	120	\$	81	
Deferred					
Current		22		(15)	
Non-current		293		523	
		435		589	
Federal income taxes:					
Ситтепт		1,061		1,364	
Deferred					
Current		106		(212)	
Non-current		913		1,686	
Amortization of deferred investment tax credits		(85)		(73)	
		1,995		2,765	
Total income taxes	\$	2.430	\$	3,354	

Note 9 (continued):

A reconciliation of income tax expense at the statutory federal income tax rate to the actual income tax expense is as follows:

		2006	2005		
Federal income tax at statutory rate of 35%	\$	2,023	\$	2,999	
Increases (decreases) resulting from -					
State taxes, net of federal income taxes		283		382	
Flow through difference		121		135	
Amortization of investment tax credits		(85)		(73)	
Other, net		88		(89)	
	\$	2,430	\$	3,354	

The following table provides the components of the net deferred tax liability at December 31:

	 2006	2005		
Deferred tax assets:				
Advances and contributions	\$ 3,929	\$	4,229	
Deferred investment tax credits	506		540	
Other	 995		1,599	
	 5,430		6,368	
Deferred tax liabilities:				
Utility plant, principally due to				
depreciation differences	36,878		36,174	
Income taxes recoverable through rates	432		494	
Deferred security costs	1,106		1,111	
Other	 2,182		2,582	
	 40,598		40,361	
Net deferred tax liability	\$ 35,168	\$	33,993	

No valuation allowances were required on deferred tax assets at December 31, 2006 and 2005 as management believes it is more likely than not that deferred tax assets will be realized.

Note 10: Rate Matters

As necessary, the Company applies to the Commission for changes in the rates charged for service. The rate increase request is based on the level of operating expenses and capital costs that are expected to be in effect when the rates become effective. The revenues requested are based on forecasted sales, operating expenses and investments for the test year selected by the Company.

The Company received approval from the Commission to increase its annual rates by \$4,283 for water service effective February 28, 2005.

Note 11: Employee Benefit Plans

Employees' Investment Plan

The Company previously participated in an Employees' Stock Ownership Plan that was merged into and replaced by the Employees' Investment Plan.

The Employees' Investment Plan is sponsored by American, and generally all non-bargaining unit employees who were active in the Employees' Stock Ownership Plan on or before January 10, 2003 may participate by electing to contribute an amount that does not exceed 2% of their wages In addition to the employees' participation, the Company made contributions equivalent to 1/2% of each participant's qualified compensation, and matches 100% of the contribution by each participant. The Company expensed contributions of \$29 for 2005 that it made to the Employees' Investment Plan.

This plan was discontinued as of May 22, 2005.

Savings Plan for Employees

The Company maintains 401(k) Savings Plans that allow employees to save for retirement on a tax-deferred basis. Employees can make contributions that are invested at their direction in one or more funds. The Company makes matching contributions based on a percentage of an employee's contribution, subject to certain limitation. Due to the elimination of participants in the defined benefit pension plan, on January 1, 2006 the Company began providing an additional 5.25% of base pay defined contribution benefit for union employees hired on or after January 1, 2001 and non-union employees hired on or after January 1, 2006. The Company expensed contributions to the plan totaling \$79 for 2006 and \$78 for 2005. All of the Company's contributions are invested in one or more funds at the direction of the employee.

Note 12: Postretirement Benefits

Pension Benefits

The Company participates in a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan sponsored by American covering employees hired before January 1, 2006. Benefits under the plan are based on the employee's years of service and average annual compensation for those 60 consecutive months of employment that yield the highest average. Pension cost of the Company is based on an allocation from American of the total cost related to the plan. Information regarding accumulated and projected benefit obligations is not prepared at the subsidiary level.

The Company's funding policy is to contribute at least the minimum amount required under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. The Company made contributions to the American plan of \$1,358 in 2006 and \$506 in 2005.

Note 12 (continued):

Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions

The Company participates in an American plan that provides certain life insurance benefits for retired employees and certain health care benefits for retired employees and their dependents. Employees, except non-bargaining unit employees hired on or after January 1, 2002, may become eligible for these benefits if they reach retirement age while still working for the Company. Retirees and their dependents under age 65 are covered by a point-of-service managed care plan that requires co-payments or an HMO. Employees who elect to retire prior to attaining age 65 are generally required to make contributions towards their medical coverage until attaining age 65. Retirees and their dependents age 65 and over are covered by a Medicare supplement plan. Costs of the Company are based on an allocation from American of the total cost related to the plan.

Information regarding accumulated and projected benefit obligations is not prepared at the subsidiary level. The Company made contributions to trust funds established for these postretirement benefits of \$812 in 2006 and \$894 in 2005. The Company's policy is to fund postretirement benefits costs accrued.

Note 13: Related Party Transactions

American Water Works Service Company, Inc. (AWWS), a subsidiary of American, provides certain management services to the Company (administration, accounting, data processing, engineering, etc.) and other operating water companies in the American system on an at-cost, not-for-profit basis in accordance with a management and service agreement.

Purchases of such services by the Company were accounted for as follows:

	2006			2005		
Included in operation and maintenance						
expense as a charge against income	S	7,556	\$	5,892		
Capitalized primarily in utility plant		545	-	1,217		
	\$	8,101	\$	7,109		

The Company provided workspace, information system support, human resources and loss control services for associates of AWWS. Charges for direct costs and indirect overhead costs associated with these associates are billed to AWWS on an at-cost, not for profit basis, which amounted to \$23 in 2006 and \$43 in 2005.

Note 13 (continued):

The Company has three operating agreements with American Water Services, Inc. (AWS), a subsidiary of American, for the lease of granular activated carbon at one of the Company's water treatment plants. Under the terms of the agreements, AWS will provide carbon for a period of thirty-six months. The Company paid \$100 in 2006 and \$97 in 2005 to AWS under these agreements.

The Company maintains a line of credit through AWCC (See Note 7). The Company paid AWCC fees of \$24 in 2006 and \$24 in 2005 and interest on borrowings of \$406 in 2006 and \$184 in 2005.

Note 14: Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The Company used the following methods and assumptions in estimating its fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

Current assets and current liabilities: The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet for current assets and current liabilities approximate their fair value.

Preferred stocks with mandatory redemption requirements and long-term debt: The fair values of the Company's preferred stocks with mandatory redemption requirements and long-term debt are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on the Company's current incremental financing rates for similar types of securities.

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments at December 31 are as follows:

	2006			2005				
		Carrying Amount		Fair Value		arrying Amount	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Fair Value
Preferred stock with mandatory redemption requirements	\$	4,500	\$	5,795	\$	4,500	\$	4,692
Long-term debt, including current maturities	\$	77,000	\$	80,170	\$	77,000	\$	79,567

Note 15: Operating Lease

The Company has entered into operating leases involving certain facilities and equipment. Rental expenses under operating leases were \$28 in 2006 and \$35 in 2005. The operating leases for equipment expire over the next two years.

At December 31, 2006, the minimum annual future rental commitments under operating leases that have initial or remaining non-cancellable lease terms in excess of one year are \$22 in 2007, \$14 in 2008, and none thereafter.

Note 16: Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments have been made in connection with certain construction programs.

The Company is routinely involved in legal actions. In the opinion of management, none of these matters is expected to have a material adverse effect, if any, on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.

Note 17: Acquisitions

On September 15, 2005, the Company completed its acquisition of the Owenton Borough Water Authority for \$2,635. The acquired operations provided water and sewer service to approximately 1,744 (unaudited) customers at the time of acquisition. The Company recorded operating revenue of \$1,035 in 2006 and \$252 in 2005 during the period owned.