# KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY CASE NO. 2004-00103 FORECASTED TEST PERIOD FILING REQUIREMENTS EXHIBIT NO. 28

# **Description of Filing Requirement:**

Annual Reports to Stockholders, 1999 - 2003

# Response:

Please see attached. The Company has not yet completed its stockholders report for 2003. A copy will be provided when available.

For electronic version, see KAW APP EX28 043004.pdf



Financial Statements and Other Information

**December 31,1999 and 1998** 

An American Water System Company 2300 Richmond Road Lexington, Kentucky 40502

#### **Board of Directors**

J. James Barr, President and Chief Executive Officer American Water Works Company, Inc.

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G. C. Smith, Retired Vice President American Water Works Company, Inc.

Ellen C. Wolf, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer American Water Works Company, Inc.

Daniel L. Kelleher, Senior Vice President American Water Works Service Company, Inc.

Chris E. Jarrett, (elected Chairman of the Board) Kentucky American Water Company, April 2000

> R. W. Mundy, II, President Kentucky-American Water Company

> > W. L. Rouse, Jr. Investments

W. T. Young, Jr. W. T. Young Storage, Inc.

Paul W. Ware Retired Chairman, Penn Fuel Gas, Inc. (Retiring from the Board of Directors, April 2000)

Elizabeth H. Gemmill, Esq.
Managing Trustee of the Warwick Foundation

Lindsey W. Ingram, Jr., Esq. Stoll, Keenon and Park LLP

#### Officers

President	RW.	Mundy, II
Vice President	N. O. J	Rowe
Vice President & Treasurer		
Comptroller	. <b>E.</b> J. G	rubb
Secretary	H. a 1	Miller Ir



PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Thirty South Seventeenth Street
Philadelphia PA 19103-4094
Telephone (215) 575 5000

## **Report of independent Accountants**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of Kentucky-American Water Company

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheet and the related statements of income and retained earnings, of cash flows, of capitalization and of common stockholder's equity, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kentucky-American Water Company (a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc.) at December 31, 1999 and 1998, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for the opinion expressed above.

Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP January 28, 2000

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

#### KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Balance Sheet (Dollars in thousands)

Assets

Assets		
	Deсеп 1999	iber 31, <u>1998</u>
Property, plant and equipment Utility plant - at original cost less accumulated depreciation Utility plant acquisition adjustments, net	\$ 183,732 185	\$ 174,619 173
Cliny part acquisitor adjustments, not	183,917	174,792
Nonutility property	250	2/12
current assets Cash and cash equivalents	508	1,392
Customer accounts receivable	1,415	1,403
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(50) 1,902	(54) 1,795
Unbilied revenues Miscellaneous receivables	828	379
Materials and supplies	524	514
Mher	328	377
	5,455	5,806
Regulatory and other long-term assets		6.000
Regulatory asset - inwme taxes recoverable through rates	4,222 3,133	3,883 3,095
Deferred programmedmaintenance Preliminary survey and investigation	4,154	567
Debt and preferred stock expense	414	457
Other	2,055	1,112
	13,978	9,114
	\$ 203,600	\$ 189,954
Capitalization end Liabilities		
Capitalization Common stock	\$ 36,569	\$ 36,569
Paid in <b>capital</b>	21	21
Retained earnings	21,686	20,252
Total wmmon stockholder's equity	58,276	56,842
Preferred stock without mandatory redemption requirements	1,570	1,570
Preferred stock with mandatory redemption requirements	5,468	5,516
Long-term debt	63,000	67,000
Total capitalization	128,314	130,928
Current liabilities		
Bank debt-pendingissuance of securities	5,716 4,000	•
Current portion of long-term debt Accounts payable	2,686	1,922
Taxes accrued	175	240
interest accrued	832	808
Wages and benefits accrued	352	308 284
Tax collection payable Other	236 1,187	771
Guid.	15,184	4,333
Developers and other lane, term Pali William	· · ·	
Regulatory and other long-term liabilities  Customer advances for construction	9,679	8,145
Deferred income taxes	23,594	21,708
Deferred investmenttax credits	1,896	1,981
Accrued pension expense	1;472	1,255 299
Accrued postretirement benefits expense Other	299 457	451
	37,397	33,839
Contributions in aid of construction	22,705	20,854
Commitments and contingencies		
Committee of the Control of the Cont	\$ 203,600	\$ 189,954
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#### KENTUCKY-AMERICANWATER COMPANY Statement of Income (Dollars in thousands)

(= ====================================	<b>For</b> the Y <b>1999</b>	ears Ended 1998
Operating revenues	\$ 39,104	\$ 37,744
		· - /
Operating expenses Operation and maintenance	16,262	15,481
Depreciation and amortization	4,817	4,451
Taxes on operating income	.,	.,
General	1,711	1,577
State income	1,017	965
Federalincome	3,819	3,599
	27,626	26,073
Utility operating income	11,478	11,671
Other income		
Allowance for other funds used during construction	720	394
Miscellaneous other income	62_	163
	12,260	12,228
Other deductions Miscellaneous other deductions	358	275
Taxes on other income and deductions	556	2/3
State income	(24)	(8)
Federal income	(92)	(30)
	242	237
Income before interest charges	12,018	11,991
income before interest charges	12,010	11,001
Interest charges	5.400	5.005
Interest on long-term debt	5,192	5,205
Amortization of debt expense	42 25	44 87
Interest on bank debt Other interest	25 6	6
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	(381)	(209)
g .	4,884	5,133
Net income	\$ 7,134	\$ 6,858
Statement of Retained Earnings		
Detained comings at he signife a styres	\$ 20,252	\$ 18,626
Retained earnings at beginning of year  Net income	7,134	6,858
Net IIICOME		
	27,386	25,484
Dividends	540	E 177
Preferred stock	543 5 457	547
Common stock	5,157	4,685
	5,700	5,232
Retained earnings at end of year	\$ 21,686	\$ 20,252

#### KENTUCKY-AMERICANWATER COMPANY Statement of Cash Flows (Dollars in thousands)

	For the Years Ended	
	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 7,134	\$ 6,858
Adjustments		
Depreciation and amortization	4.816	4,451
Amortization, other	568	923
Provision for deferred income taxes	1,774	1,599
Amortization of deferred investment tax credits	(85)	(85)
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	151	173
Deferred programmed maintenance	(338)	(430)
Allowance for other funds used during construction	(720)	(394)
Pension accrual in excess of funding	217	199
Other, net	(1,035)	(397)
Changes in current assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	(167)	(131)
Unbilied revenues	(107)	26
Other current assets	(409)	(420)
Accounts payable	764	415
Taxes accrued	47	88
Other current liabilities	436_	(646)
Net cash provided by operating activities	13,046	12,229
Cash flows from investing activities		
Construction expenditures	(18,386)	(14,137)
Allowance for other funds used during construction	720	394
Cost of removal, net of salvage	(158)	(175)
Water system acquisition		(483)
Net cash used in investing activities	(17,824)	(14.401)
Cash <b>flows</b> from financing activities		
Proceeds from sale of common stock	•	6,000
Proceeds from long-term debt issuance		9,000
Repayment of long-term debt		(6,000)
Net repayment under line-of-credit agreement	5,716	(3,248)
Dividends paid	(5,700)	(5,232)
Customer advances and contributions, net of refunds	3,926	2,721
Debt issuance cost	-	(95)
Redemption of preferred stock	(48)	(AR)
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>3,</u> 894	8,098
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(884)	926
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,392	466
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<b>\$</b> 508	¢ 1 200
Cash paid during the year for:	<b>A</b> 4 - 4 -	<b>#</b> 5544
Interest, net of capitalized amount	\$ 4,818	\$ 5,244
Income taxes	\$ 2,996	\$ 3,086

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Statement of Capitalization (Dollars in thousands)

	Call Price <u>Per Share</u>	Decen <u>1999</u>	nber 31, <u>1<b>998</b></u>
Common Stockholder's Equity			
Common stock • no par value, authorized 2,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding 1,567,391 shares in 1999 and 1998, respectively		\$ 36,569	\$ 36,569
Paid-in capital		21	21
Retained earnings		21,686	20,252
		58,276	56,842
Preferred Stocks - \$100 par value, authorized 25,000 shares			
Without mandatory redemption requirements			
Cumulative preferred stock			
5.75% series, 4.700 shares	\$ 101.00	470	470
5.5% series, 5,000 shares	\$ 100.50	500	500
5% series, 6.000 shares	\$ 100.00	600	600
	•	1,570	1,570
Med. I a de la companya de la compan			
With mandatory redemption requirements			
Cumulative preferred stock 80 and 160 shares issued and outstanding			
4.5% series, 80 and 160 shares outstanding in 1999 and 1998 respectively	\$ 101.00	8	16
7.9% series, 9,600 and 10,000 shares issued and outstanding	0.400.00	060	1,000
in 1999 and 1998, respectively	\$ 100.00	960 4.500	4,500
8.47% series. 45.000 shares issued and outstanding	\$ 100.00	4,500	
		5,468	5,516
Long-Term Debt			
General mortgage bonds.			4.000
9.83% series due 2000		4,000	4,000
8.36% series due 2001		13,000	13,000
7.21% series due 2002		13,000	13,000
6.79% series due 2005		5,500	5,500
9.37% series due 2019		8,000	8,000
6.96% series due 2023		7,000	7,000
7.15% series due 2027		7,500	7,500
6.99% series due 2028		9,000	9,000
		67,000	67,000
Less: Current portion of long-term debt		4,000	
Long-term debt net of current maturities		63,000	67,000
Total capitalization		\$ 128.314	\$ 130,928

#### KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Statement of Common Stockholder's Equity (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Commo	n Stock	Paid-in	Retained	Common Stockholder's
	Shares	par value	Capital	Earnings	Equity
Balance at December 31,1997	1,397,082	\$ 30,569	\$ 21	\$ 18,626	\$ 49,216
Net income	-	-	_	6,858	6,858
Sale of common stock	170,309	6,000	•	•	6,000
Dividends					
Preferred stock	-		-	(547)	(547)
Common stock, \$2.99 per share		<del></del>		(4,685)	(4,685)
Balance at December 31,1998	1,567,391	36,569	21	20,252	56,842
Net income	-	-	-	7,134	7,134
Dividends					
Preferred stock	· -	-	-	(543)	(543)
Common stock, \$3.29 per share		<u> </u>		(5,157)	(5,157)
Balance at December 31,1999	1,567,391	\$ 36,569	\$_21	\$ 21,686	\$ 58,276

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

### Note 1 - Organization and Operation

Kentucky-American Water Company (the Company) provides water service to approximately 96,000 customers and wastewater service to approximately 80 customers. These services are provided in 7 communities located in 7 counties in the state of Kentucky. As a public utility operating in Kentucky, the Company operates under rules and regulations prescribed by the Kentucky Public Service Commission (the Commission). The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc. (American).

# Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### Regulation

The Company has incurred various costs and received various credits which have been reflected as regulatory assets and liabilities on its balance sheet. Accounting for such costs and credits as regulatory assets and liabilities is in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 71, "Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation" (SFAS No. 71). This statement sets forth the application of generally accepted accounting principles for companies whose rates are established by or are subject to approval by an independent third-party regulator. Under SFAS No. 71, regulated companies defer costs and credits on the balance sheet as regulatory assets and liabilities when it is probable that those costs and credits will be recognized in the rate setting process in a period different from the period in which they would have been reflected in income by an unregulated Company. These deferred regulatory assets and liabilities are then reflected in the income statement in the period in which the same amounts are reflected in the rates charged for service.

#### **Properfy**, **Plant** and Equipment

Additions to utility plant and replacements of retirement units of property are capitalized. Costs include material, direct labor and such indirect items as engineering and supervision, payroll taxes and benefits, transportation and an allowance for funds used during construction. Repairs, maintenance and minor replacements of property are charged to current operations. The

#### **Notes to Financial Statements (continued)**

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

cost of property units retired in the ordinary course of business plus removal cost (net of salvage) is charged to accumulated depreciation. The cost of property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight line method. The depreciation rates, based on the average balance of depreciable property, were 2.54% in 1999 and 2.50% in 1998.

In accordance with the Commission's regulations, depreciation on contributed facilities is charged to contributions in aid of construction. Such depreciation amounted to \$542 in 1999 and \$488 in 1998.

Utility plant acquisition adjustments include the difference between the purchase price of utility plant and its original cost (less accumulated depreciation) when first devoted to public service. Commission approved utility plant acquisition adjustments have been amortized to income over 10 years.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Substantially all of the Company's cash is invested in interest bearing accounts. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents held at December 31, 1999 were \$0 and 1998 were \$996.

#### Materials and Supplies

Materials and supplies are stated at average cost.

#### Regulatory and Other Long-Term Assets

The Company has recorded a regulatory asset for the additional revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse. These temporary differences are primarily related to the difference between book and tax depreciation on property placed in service before the adoption by the Commission of full normalization for rate making purposes. The regulatory assets for income taxes recoverable through rates is net of the reduction expected in future revenues as deferred taxes previously provided, attributable to the difference between the state and federal income tax rates under prior law and the current statutory rates, teverse over the average remaining service lives of the related assets.

Programmed maintenance costs are deferred and amortized to current operations on a straight-line basis over a period ranging between 5 and 15 years, as authorized by the Commission in their determination of rates charged for service.

Expense of rate proceedings is deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis over two years as authorized by the Commission in their determination of rates charged for service.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements (continued)**

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

Preliminary survey and investigation charges generally relate to future construction projects. Management believes that these costs will ultimately be recovered through rates.

Debt expense is amortized on a straight-line basis over the lives of the respective issues. Call premiums on the redemption of long-term debt, as well as unamortized debt expense, are deferred and amortized to the extent they will be recovered through future service rates. Expenses of preferred stock issues without sinking fund provisions are amortized over 30 years from the date of issue; expenses of issues with sinking fund provisions are charged to operations as shares are retired.

#### Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities at December 31, 1999 and 1998 include payables to banks of \$634 and \$146, respectively which represent checks issued but not presented to the banks for payment, net of the related bank balance.

## Advances and Contributions in Aid of Construction

The Company may receive advances and contributions to fund construction necessary to extend service to new areas. As determined by the Commission, advances for construction are refundable for limited periods of time as new customers begin to receive service. Amounts which are no longer refundable are reclassified to contributions in aid of construction.

Utility plant funded by contributions is excluded from rate base and is not depreciated for rate-making purposes. Generally, advances and contributions received during the period of January 1,1987 through June 12,1996 have been included in taxable income and the related property is depreciable for tax purposes. As a result of a tax law change, advances and contributions received subsequent to June 12, 1996 are excluded from taxable income.

#### Recognition of Revenues

Water service revenues for financial reporting purposes include amounts billed to customers on a cycle basis and unbilled amounts based on estimated usage from the date of the latest meter reading to the end of the accounting period.

# Income Taxes

The Company, American and affiliates participate in a consolidated federal income tax return. Federal income tax expense for financial reporting purposes is provided on a separate return basis, except that the federal income tax rate applicable to the consolidated group is applied to separate company taxable income and the benefit of net operating losses, if any, is recognized currently.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

Certain income and expense items are accounted for in different time periods for financial reporting than for income tax reporting purposes. Deferred income taxes have been provided on the difference between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and the amounts at which they are carried in the financial statements. These deferred income taxes are based on the enacted tax rates anticipated to be in effect when such temporary differences are expected to reverse. Regulatory assets and liabilities are recognized for the effect on revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse.

Investment tax credits have been deferred and are being amortized to income over the average estimated service lives of the related assets.

Allowance for Funds Used During Construction (AFUDC)

AFUDC is a noncash adjustment to income with a corresponding charge to utility plant which represents the cost of borrowed funds and a return on equity funds devoted to plant under construction. AFUDC is recorded to the extent permitted by the Commission.

#### Environmental Costs

Environmental expenditures that relate to current operations or provide a future benefit are expensed or capitalized, as appropriate. Remediation costs that relate to an existing condition caused by past operations are accrued when it is probable that these costs will be incurred and can be reasonably estimated. There were no remediation costs accrued at December 31, 1999 or 1998.

#### Asset Impairment

Long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangible assets held and used by the Company are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets, on a separate entity basis, may not be recoverable. If the sum of the future cash flows expected to result from the use of the assets and their eventual disposition is less than the carrying amount of the assets, an impairment loss is recognized. Measurement of an impairment loss is based on the fair value of the assets. A regulatory asset is charged to earnings if and when future recovery in rates of that asset is no longer probable.

## Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to conform previously reported data to the current presentation.

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## **Notes to Financial Statements (continued)**

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

#### Note **3** - Utility Plant

The components of utility plant at December 31 are as follows:

	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>
Water plant		
Sources of supply	\$ 6,777	\$ 6,778
Treatment and pumping	43,738	41,747
Transmission and distribution	110,753	102,848
Services, meters, and fire hydrants	39,775	36,752
General structures and equipment	14,513	13,066
Construction work in progress	6,774	8,400
	222,330	209,591
Less - accumulated depreciation	(38,598)	(34,972)
	\$ 183,732	\$ 174,619

#### Note 4 Preferred Stocks

Preferred stock agreements have annual sinking fund payments of \$48 in 2000 and \$40 in 2001 through 2004. The sinking fund payments on the 4.5% series of \$8 is mandatory. The 7.9% series sinking fund payment of \$40 is at the option of the Company.

Preferred stock agreements contain provisions for redemption at various prices on thirty days notice at the Company's discretion, except for the 8.47% series which is not callable prior to December 1,2001.

In the event of voluntary liquidation of the Company, the 5.5% series is redeemable at \$100.50 per share; the other issues are redeemable at \$100 per share.

In the event of involuntary liquidation of the Company, or government acquisition, all classes of preferred stocks are redeemable at \$100 per share. All of the outstanding shares of the 8.47% series shall be redeemed on December 1,2036 at \$100 per share.

# Note 5 • Long-Term Debt

Maturities of long-term debt will amount to \$4,000 in 2000, \$13,000 in 2001, \$13,000 in 2002 and zero in 2003 and 2004.

The general mortgage bond indentures contain clauses restricting the declaration of common stock dividends and other distributions on capital stock if common stockholder's equity falls below a specified amount. There were no restrictions at December 31, 1999.

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollarsin thousands, except per share amounts)

The general mortgage bonds are issuable in series. No bonds senior to the general mortgage bonds may be issued so long as general mortgage bonds are outstanding. The amount of bonds authorized is unlimited as long as long-term debt does not exceed 65% of capitalization. Long-term debt is secured by utility plant.

### Note 6 - Compensating Balances and Bank Debt

At December 31, 1999 the Company maintained a bank line of credit of \$13,840. The total of the unused line of credit at December 31, 1999 was \$8,124. The Company has historically financed short-term cash requirements by borrowings from banks which are repaid with the proceeds of long-term financings. Borrowings under this line of credit are payable on demand and bear interest at variable rates. The agreement with the bank has no compensating balance requirement.

The maximum amount of short-term bank borrowings outstanding during 1999 was \$5,716, and the average amount outstanding during the year was \$367. The weighted average annual interest rate on these borrowings during 1999 was 6.7%, and the interest rate at December 31, 1999 was 6.25%.

## Note 7 - Financings

During 1998 the Company completed the following financings:

<u>Date</u>	<b>Proceeds</b>	<u>Issue</u>
6/17/98	\$3,000	General mortgage bonds, 6.99% series due 6/1/28
6/17/98	\$6,000	General mortgage bonds, 6.99% series due 6/1/28
6/17/98	\$6,000	Common stock, 170,309 shares, no par value

The general mortgage bonds were sold to institutional investors at a price equal to the principal amount. The common stock was issued to American.

# **Notes to Financial Statements (continued)**

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

# Note 8 - General Taxes

Components of general tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

	<u>1999</u>	<u> 1998</u>
Gross receipts and franchise	\$ 65	\$ 66
Property and capital stock	1,198	1,089
Payroll	448	422
	\$ 1,711	\$ 1,577

### Note 9 - Income Taxes

Components of income tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

	•	<u> 1999</u>	]	<u> 1998</u>
State income taxes: Current	\$	592	\$	586
Deferred Non-current		401		371
	\$	993	\$	957
Federal income taxes: Current Deferred	\$ 2	2,439	\$ 2	2,426
Current Non-current Amortization of deferred investment tax credits	]	4 1,369 (85)	]	1 1,227 (85)
	\$ 3	3,727	\$ 3	3,569

## **Notes to Financial Statements (continued)**

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

A reconciliation of income tax expense at the statutory federal income tax rate to the actual income tax expense is as follows:

	<u> 1999</u>	<u>1998</u>
Income tax at statutory rate	\$4,149	\$ 3,984
Increases (decreases) resulting from		
State taxes, net of federal income taxes	646	622
Flow through differences	44	31
Amortization of investment tax credits	(85)	(85)
Other, net	(34)	(26)
Actual income tax expense	\$4,720	\$4,526

The following table provides the components of the net deferred tax liability at December 31:

	<u> 1999</u>	<u>1998</u>
Deferred tax assets: Advances and contributions	\$ 12,883	\$ 11,517
Deferred investment credits	765	800
Other	875	822
	\$ 14,523	\$ 13,139
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Utility plant, principally due to depreciation differences	34,686	31,697
Income taxes recoverable through rates	1,704	1,567
other	1,727	1,583
	\$ 38,117	\$ 34,847
Net deferred tax liabilities	\$23,594	\$ 21,708

No valuation allowances were required on deferred **tax** assets at December 31, 1999 and 1998.

#### Note 10 - Rate Matters

As necessary, the Company applies to the Commission for changes in the rates charged for service. The rate increase request is based on the level of operating expenses and capital costs that are expected to be in effect when the rates become effective. The revenues requested are based on forcasted sales, operating expenses and investments for the test year selected by the Company.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements (continued)**

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

Note 11 - Employee Benefit Plans

Employees' Stock Ownership Plan

The Company participates in an Employees' Stock Ownership Plan which provides for beneficial ownership of American common stock by all employees of American and its subsidiaries who are not represented by a bargaining unit. Each participating employee can elect to contribute an amount that does not exceed 2% of his or her wages for the preceding year. In addition to the employee's participation, the Company makes a contribution equivalent to 112 of 1% of each participant's qualified compensation for the preceding year and matches 100% of the contribution by each participant. The Company expensed contributions of \$54 in 1999 and \$56 for 1998 that it made to the plan. The trustee of the plan may purchase shares of American common stock from American at the prevailing market price, on the open market, or from a qualified stockholder.

Savings Plan for Employees

The Company participates in a 401(k) Savings Plan for Employees sponsored by American. All Associates can make contributions that are invested at the direction of the employee in one or more funds including a fund consisting entirely of American common stock. During 1999 and 1998, the Company matched 50% of the first 4% of each employee's wages contributed to the plan. The Company expensed matching contributions to the plan totaling \$82 for 1999 and \$84 for 1998. All of the Company's matching contributions are invested in the fund of American common stock. The trustee of the plan may purchase shares of American common stock from American at the prevailing market price from American, on the open market, or in a private transaction.

## Note 12 - Postretirement and Postemployment Benefits

Pension Benefits

The Company participates in a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all employees of American and its subsidiaries. Benefits under the plan are based on the employee's years of service and average annual compensation for those 60 consecutive months of employment which yield the highest average. Pension cost of the Company is based on an allocation from American of the total cost related to the plan. Information regarding accumulated and projected benefit obligations is not prepared at the subsidiary level. The Company's policy is to contribute at least the minimum amount required under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. The Company made no contributions to the plan in 1999 or 1998. The Company accrued pension costs of \$217 in 1999 and \$199 in 1998.

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#### KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

# Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions

The Company participates in an American plan that provides certain life insurance benefits for retired employees and certain health care benefits for retired employees and their dependents. Substantially all employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach retirement age while still working for the Company. Retirees and their dependents under age 65 can elect either a comprehensive medical plan under which covered expenses are paid at 80% after an annual deductible has been satisfied or, a managed care plan that requires copayments. Employees who elect to retire prior to attaining age 65 are required to make contributions toward their medical coverage until attaining age 65. Retirees and their dependents age 65 and over are covered by a Medicare supplement plan. Costs to the Company for postretirement benefits other than pensions are based on an allocation from American of the total cost related to the plan. Information regarding accumulated and projected benefit obligations is not prepared at the subsidiary level. The Company made contributions to trust funds established for these postretirement benefits of \$578 in 1999 and \$478 in 1998. The Company's policy is to fund postretirement benefits costs accrued.

#### **Note 13 -** Related **Party** Transactions

American Water Works Service Company, Inc. (Service Company), an affiliate, provides certain management services to the Company (administration, accounting, data processing, engineering, etc.) and other operating water companies in the American Water Works System on an at-cost, not-for-profit basis in accordance with a management and service agreement. Purchases of such services by the Company were accounted for as follows:

	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>
Included in operation and maintenance expense as a charge against income Capitalized in various balance sheet accounts	\$ 931 236	\$ 963 212
	\$ 1,167	\$ 1,175

The Company has three operating agreements with American Anglian Environmental Technologies, Inc. (AAET), an affiliate, for the lease of granular activated carbon at one of the Company's water treatment plants. The agreements provide for AAET to regenerate the spent carbon and return it to the water treatment plant where it originated. Under the terms of the agreement, AAET will provide carbon for a period of thirty-six months beginning in March 1997, 1998 and 1999. The carbon is scheduled for replacement at thirty-six month intervals and is warranted to perform to specific standards during that period. The Company paid \$74 in 1999 and \$69 in 1998 under these agreements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements (continued)**

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

#### **Note 14 - Fair Values of Financial Instruments**

The following methods and assumptions were used by the Company in estimating its fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

*Current assets and current liabilities:* The carrying amount reported in the balance sheet for current assets and current liabilities approximates their fair value.

*Preferred stocks with mandatory redemption requirements and long-term debt:* The fair values of the Company's preferred stocks with mandatory redemption requirements and long-term debt are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on the Company's current incremental financing rates for similar types of securities.

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments at December 31 are as follows:

	1999		1998			
	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value		
Preferred stock with mandatory redemption requirements	\$ 5,468	\$ 5,118	\$ 5,516	\$ 6,237		
Long-term debt, including current maturities	67,000	62,701	67,000	70,902		

#### **Note 15 - Operating Leases**

The Company has entered into operating leases involving certain equipment. Rental expenses under operating leases were \$85 for 1999 and \$93 for 1998. The operating leases for the equipment expire over the next 5 years. Certain leases have renewal options from one year to the useful life of the equipment.

At December 31, 1999, the minimum annual future rental commitments under operating leases that have initial or remaining noncancellable lease terms in excess of one year are \$84 in 2000, \$68 in 2001 and \$47 in 2002, **\$3** in 2003 and \$2 in 2004.

# **Note 16 - Commitments and Contingencies**

The Company's construction program for 2000 is estimated to cost approximately \$13,250. Commitments have been made in connection with certain projects included in this program.

The Company is routinely involved in legal actions. In the opinion of management, none of these matters will have a material adverse effect, if any, on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.

**Kentucky-American Water Company** 

Other Information

# **Report of Independent Accountants**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of Kentucky-American Water Company

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Historical Review is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information, except for that portion marked "unaudited," on which we express no opinion, has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements; and, in our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

January 28,2000 Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Kentucky-American Water Company Historical Review (Dollars in thousands, except per customer amounts) For the Years Ended December 31,1999

		1999		<u>1998</u>		1997		1996		1995		<u> 1994</u>		<u>1989</u>
Utility plant (excluding CWIP) Accumulated depreciation	;	215,556 (38,597)		201,191 (34,972)		\$ 191,534 (30,895)		178,692 (27,669)		\$ 164,133 (24,908)		\$ 158,001 (22,071)	:	116,922 (13,343
Net <b>utility</b> plant	5	176,959	3	166,219	3	\$ 160,639		151,023		\$ 139,225		135,930	3	103,579
Net plant per customer* Construction expenditures Total assets Capitalization at year end	*	•	\$ \$		\$	1,785 12,721 178,479	9	1,736 12,949 170,509	;	1,657 12,532 161,861	5	1,638 9,249 151,788	\$	•
Common equity Preferred stock Long-term debt -	\$	58,276 7,038	\$	56,842 7,086	\$	49,216 7,134	\$	45,394 7,182	\$	44,112 .7,230	4	39,316 7,278	\$	26,984 3,518
includes current portion	-	67,000 132,314	_	67,000 130,928		64,000		62,500 115,076		62,500	-	60,000	-	46,280 76,782
Customers served	_	102,014	*	130,326	4	120,330	*	110,070		113,042	4	100,094	4	10,162
Residential * Commercial * Industrial * Fire service *		87 8 - 1		84 8 - 1		81 7 1		78 7 1 1		76 7 - 1		75 7 - 1		67 7 -
1 110 3011100	-	96	_	93	-	90	_	87	-	84	-	83	_	75
Water sales (gallons) Residential  Commercial  Industrial  Public and other		5,959 4,336 1,067 1,998	_	5,720 4,251 1,144 1,860	_	5,357 4,075 1,081 1,759	•	5,584 4,181 981 1,772	_	5,339 4,120 981 1,780		5,295 4,199 905 1,801		4,601 3,640 783 1,651
Annual tales per customer (gallons) <sup>*</sup> Operating <b>revenues</b>	_	139		140		136		144		145		147		143
Water service Residential Commercial Industrial Fire service Public and other Wastewater service Other water revenues	\$	19,534 10,302 1,728 2,446 4,050 28 1,016	\$	18,866 10,063 1,848 2,368 3,057 29 1,513	\$	17,437 9,451 1,704 2,281 2,945 - 1,431	\$	16,083 9,126 1,596 2,171 3,244	\$	15,709 9,125 1,591 2,115 3,235	\$	15,014 8,899 1,425 1,990 3,116	\$	10,344 5,189 828 1,602 1,901
	\$	39,104	\$	37,744	\$	35,249	\$	32,664	\$	32,087	\$	30,643	\$	20,015
Annual revenue per customer* Net income Coverage ratios	\$	407 7,134	\$ \$	406 6,858	\$	392 6,047	\$	375 5,437	\$ \$	382 5,357	\$ \$	3 <del>6</del> 9 4,607	\$ \$	268 2.130
On long-term debt interest before income taxes * On total interest before		3.2		3.2		3.0		2.7		2.7		2.5		2.0
income taxes* On total Red charges including preferred dividends		3.1		3.1		2.9		2.8		2.6		2.4		1.7
Before <b>income</b> taxes * After income taxes *		2.8 2.0		2.8 2.0		2.6 1.9		<b>2.5</b> 1.9		2.4 1.8		2.2 1.7		1.6 1.3

\* Unaudited





A Constant La Asea Of Change

# **OUR VISION**

Be the water resource manager of choice throughout the United States; By providing unsurpassed water, wastewater and other water resource management services and products to customers, communities and industry; So as to protect bublic health and safety, enhance the quality of life, and promote economic prosperity.

# **STRATEGIES**

Own, acquire and invest in regulated water and wastewater utilities that demonstrate the ability to consistently earn rates of return that exceed the cost of capital invested.

Deliver profitable water, wastewater and other water resource management services for communities and industries.

Deliver water, wastewater and water resource products and facilities needed or desired by customers, communities and industries in a manner that enhances shareholder value.

# **OUR MISSION**

Continually build
ever-increasing value for
our shareholders and our
customers in the business of
water resource management.

# **OUR VALUES**

We believe in, and will not compromise

Our integrity

Our respect for our customers, associates and investors

Our commitment to the family of the water, services and products we deliver and the environment in which we live

The role of private enterprise in the management of the water resources of this nation

# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of Kentucky-American Water Company

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheet and the related statements of income and retained earnings, of cash flows, of capitalization and of common stockholder's equity, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kentucky-American Water Company (a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc.) at December 31, 2000 and 1999, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

January 29, 2001

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

PricavatuhouseCoopers LLP

#### KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

An American Water Works Company 2300 Richmond Road Lexington, Kentucky 40502

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

J. James Barr, President and Chief Executive Officer American Water Works Company, Inc.

Elizabeth H. Gemmill, Esq. Managing Trustee of the Warwick Foundation

Lindsey W. Ingram, Jr., Esq. Stoll, Keenon and Park LLP

Chris E. Jarrett, Chairman of the Board Kentucky-American Water Company

Daniel L. Kelleher, Senior Vice President American Water Works Service Company, Inc.

Roy W. Mundy, H, President Kentucky-American Water Company

W. L. Rouse, Jr. Rouse Companies

G. C. Smith, Director American Water Works Company, Inc.

Ellen C. Wolf, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer American Water Works Company, Inc.

W. T. Young, Jr. W. T. Young, Inc.

#### **OFFICERS**

President	R. W. Mundy, II
Vice President	
Vice President & Treasurer	
Comptroller	T R. Bailey
Secretary	H. A Miller, Jr.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY - BALANCE SHEET (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

	Dec	ember 31,
	2000	1999
Property, plant and equipment		
Utility plant - at original cost less accumulated depreciation	\$ 189,424	\$ 183 <i>,</i> 732
Utility plant acquisition adjustments, net	138	185
	189,562	183,917
Nonutility property	250_	250
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	803	508
Customer accounts receivable	1,768	1,415
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	( 56 )	(50
Prepaid Tax	641	165
Unbilled revenues	2,085	1,902
Miscellaneous receivables	356	828
Materials and supplies	431	524
Other	321_	328
	6.349	
Regulatory and other long-term assets		
Regulatory asset - income taxes recoverable through rotes	4,405	4,222
Deferred programmed maintenance	3,340	3,133
Preliminary survey and investigation	343	4,154
Debt and preferred stock expense	835	414
Other	5,856	2,055
	14,779	13,978
	\$ 210,940	\$ 203,765

# KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY - BALANCE SHEET (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

CAPITALIZATION AND L	IABILITIES	
	De:	cember 31, 1999
	2000	
Capitalization		
Common stock	\$ 36,569	\$ 36,569
Paid-incapital	21	21
Retained earnings	22,730	21,686
Total common stockholder's equity	59,320	58,276
Preferred stock without mandatory redemption requirements	1,570	1,570
Preferred stock with mandatory redemption requirements	5,420	5,468
Long-term debt	42,000	63,000
Total capitalization	108,310	128,314
Current liabilities		
Notes Payable to Affiliated Company	20,830	5,716
Current portion of long-term debt	13,000	4,000
Accounts payable	1,762	1,240
Taxes accrued	242	340
Interest accrued	688	832
Wages and benefits accrued	473	352
Tax collection payable	256	236
Other	421	2,633
	37.672	15.349
Regulatory and other long-term liabilities		
Customer advances for construction	9,795	9,679
Deferred income taxes	27,271	23,594
Deferred investment tax credits	1,811	1,896
Accrued pension expense	977	1,4 <b>7</b> 2
Accrued posfretirement benefits expense	299	299
Other	595	457
	40.748	37 307
Contributions in aid of construction	24,210	22,705
	\$ 210,940 <u></u>	\$ 203,765

The accompanying notes ore on integral port of these financial statements.



# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY - STATEMENT OF INCOME (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

	For the Young	ears Ended 1999
Operating revenues	\$ 38,720	\$ 39,104
Operating expenses		
Operation and maintenonce	15,467	16,262
Depreciation and amortization	5,184	4,817
Taxes on operating income		_
General	1,762	1.71 1
State income	942	1,017
Federal income	3,520	3,819
	26,875	27,626
Utility operating income	11,845	11,478
Other income		
Allowance for other funds used during construction	397	720
Miscellaneous other income	12_	62_
	12,254	12,260
Other deductions		
Miscellaneous other deductions	1,786	358
Taxes on other income and deductions		
State income	(1461	(24)
Federal income	<u>(568)</u>	(92)
	1,072	242_
Income before interest charges	11,182	12,018
Interest charges		
	- 100	5.400
interest on long-term debt	5,123 42	5,192 42
Amortization of debt expense	538	25
Interest on bank debt	30	6
Other interest	(210)	(381)
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	5,523	4,884
		\$ 7,134
Net income	\$_5.650_	<del>φ 7,134</del>
STATEMENT OF RETAINED		£ 00 050
Retained earnings at beginning of year	\$ 21,686	\$ 20,252
Net income	5,659	7,134
	27,345_	27,386
Dividends		
Preferred stock	540	543
Common stock	4,075	5,157
	4,6 15	5,700
Retained earnings at end of year	\$ 22,730	\$ 21,686
<i>,</i>		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY - STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

	For the Yo 2000	ears Ended 1999
sh flows <b>from</b> operating activities		
Net income	\$ 5,659	\$ <i>7</i> ,134
Adjustments		
Depreciation and omortizotion	5,184	4,817
Amortizotion. other	594	568
Provision for deferred income taxes	3,610	1 <i>,77</i> 4
Amortization of deferred investment tax credits	( 85 )	( 85
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	201	151
Deferred programmed maintenance	( 539 )	{ 338
Allowance far other funds used during construction	( 397 )	( <i>7</i> 20
Pension accrual in excess of (less than) funding	( 495 )	217
Other, net	( 439 )	( 1,090
Changes in current assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	(548)	(167
Unbilled revenuer	(183)	(107
Other current assets	572	(409
Accounts payable	522	(682
Taxes accrued	(98)	100
Other current liabilities	(2,216)	1,883
Other current liabilities		
Net cash provided by operating activities	11,342	13,046
sh flows from investing activities		
Construction expenditures	(11,829)	( 18,386
Allowance for other funds used during construction	397	720
Cost of removal, net af salvage	313	[ 158
Net cash used in inverting activities	(11,119)	( 17,824
sh flows from financing activities		
Repayment of long-term debt	{ 12,000 }	
Net borrowing under line-okredit agreement	15,114	5,716
Dividends paid	( 4,615 )	( 5,700
Customer advancer and contributions, net of refunds	1,621	3,926
Redemption of preferred stock	( 48 [	(48
Net cash provided by financing activities	72	3,894
t increase in cash and cash equivalents	295	(884)
sh and cash equivalents at beginning of yea!	508	1,392
rh and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 803	\$ 508
sh paid during the year for:		
sh paid during the year for: Interest, net of capitalized amount	\$ 5,835	\$ 4,818

The accompanying notes ore on integrol port of these financial statements.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY - STATEMENT OF CAPITALIZATION (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

	Call Price	December 31,			
	Per Share	2000	1999		
ommon Stockholder's Equity					
Common stock - no par value, authorized 2,000,000 shares,					
issued and outstanding 1,567,391 shares in 2000 and 1999, r	espectively	\$ 36,569	\$ 36,569		
Paid-in capital		21	21		
Retained earnings		22,730	21,686		
		59,320	58,276		
referred Stocks - \$100 par value, authorized 25,000 sh	ares				
Without mandatory redemption requirements					
Cumulative preferred stock					
5.75% series, 4,700 shares	\$101.00	470	470		
5.5% series, 5,000 shares	\$100.50	500	500		
5% series, 6,000 shares	\$100.00	600	600		
		1,570	1,570		
With mandatory redemption requirements		<del></del>			
Cumulative preferred stock					
4.5% series, 0 and 80 shares outstanding in 2000 and					
1999 respectively	\$101.00		8		
7.9% series, 9,200 and 9,600 shares issued and	·				
outstanding in 2000 and 1999, respectively	\$100.00	920	960		
8.47% series, 45,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$100.00	4,500	4,500		
5. 1. 70 50.105, 10,000 61.10.100 100.000 61.10 61.10 101.101.10	*******	5,420	5,468		
ng-Term Debt					
General mortgage bonds,					
9.83% series due 2000			4,000		
8.36% series due 2001		13,000	13,000		
7.21% series due 2002		13,000	13,000		
6.79% series due 2005		<i>5,5</i> 00	5,500		
9.37% series due 2019		-	8,000		
6.96% series due 2023		7,000	<i>7,</i> 000		
7.15% series due 2027		7,500	7,500		
6.99% series due 2028		9,000	9,000		
		55,000	67,000		
Less: Current portion of long-term debt		12,000	4.000		
Long-term debt net of current maturities		42,000	63,000		
Total capitalization		\$ 108,310	\$ 128,314		

# KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY - STATEMENT OF COMMON STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPI IN SHARE AMOUNTS)

	COMMON STOCK			COL	MMON
	Shares	Par Value	Paid-in Capital	Retained earnings	Stockholder's Equity
Balance at December 31, 1998	\$1,567,391	\$36,569	\$ 21	\$20,252	\$56,842
Net income	-	-	•	7,134	<i>7</i> ,134
Sale of common stock Dividends	-	-	•	-	-
Preferred stock				( 543 )	( 543 )
Common stock, \$3.29 per share			. <u></u> .	(5,157)	(5,157)
Balance at December 31, 1999	1,567,391	36,569	21	21,686	58,276
Net income				5,659	5,659
Dividends				1.5.40.1	15401
Preferred stock Common stock, \$2.60 per share				( 540 ) ( 4,075 )	( 540 ) ( 4,075 )
Balance at December 31, 2000	\$1,567,391	\$36,569	\$ 21	\$22,730	\$59,320

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Notes To Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

## NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION

Kentucky-American Water Company (the Company) provides water service to approximately 99,000 customers and wastewater service to approximately 87 customers. These services are provided in seven communities located in seven counties in the state of Kentucky. As a public utility operating in Kentucky, the Company operates under rules and regulations prescribed by the Kentucky Public Service Commission (the Commission). The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc. (American).

#### NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### Regulation

The Company has incurred various costs and received various credits which have been reflected as regulatory assets and liabilities on its balance sheet. Accounting for such costs and credits as regulatory assets and liabilities is in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 71, "Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation" (SFAS No. 71). This statement sets forth the application of generally accepted accounting principles for companies whose rates are established by or are subject to approval by an independent third-party regulator. Under SFAS No. 71, regulated companies defer costs and credits on the balance sheet as regulatory assets and liabilities when it is probable that those costs and credits will be recognized in the rate setting

# Notes To Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

# NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

process in a period different from the period in which they would have been reflected in income by an unregulated Company. These deferred regulatory assets and liabilities are then reflected in the income statement in the period in which the same amounts are reflected in the rates charged for service.

#### Property, Plant and Equipment

Additions to utility plant and replacements of retirement units of property are capitalized. Costs include material, direct labor and such indirect items as engineering and supervision, payroll taxes and benefits, transportation and an allowance for funds used during construction. Repairs, maintenance and minor replacements of property are charged to current operations. The cost of property units retired in the ordinary course of business plus removal cost (net of salvage) is charged to accumulated depreciation. The cost of property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight line method. The depreciation rates, based on the average balance of depreciable property, were 2.61% in 2000 and 2.54% in 1999.

In accordance with the Commission's regulations, depreciation on contributed facilities is charged to contributions in aid of construction. Such depreciation amounted to \$580 in 2000 and \$542 in 1999.

Utility plant acquisition adjustments include the difference between the purchase price of utility plant and its original cost (less accumulated depreciation) when first devoted to public service. Commission approved utility plant acquisition adjustments have been amortized to income over 10 years.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Substantially all of the Company's cash is invested in interest bearing accounts. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents held at December 31,2000 or 1999.

#### Materials and Supplies

Materials and supplies are stated at average cost.

#### Regulatory and Other Long-Term Assets

The Company has recorded a regulatory asset for the additional revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse. These temporary differences are primarily related to the difference between book and tax depreciation on property placed in service before the adoption by the Commission of full normalization for rate making purposes. The regulatory assets for income taxes recoverable through rates is net of the reduction expected in future revenues as deferred taxes previously provided, attributable to the difference between the state and federal income tax rates under prior law and the current statutory rates, reverse over the average remaining service lives of the related assets.

Programmed maintenance co ts are deferred and amortized to current operations on a straight-line basis over a period ranging between 5 and 15 years, as authorized by the Commission in their determination of rates charged for service.

Preliminary survey and investigation charges generally relate to future construction projects. Management believes that these costs will ultimately be recovered through rates.

Debt expense is amortized on a straight-line basis over the lives of the respective issues. Call premiums on the redemption of long-term debt, as well as unamortized debt expense, are deferred and amortized to the extent they will be recovered through future service rates. Expenses of preferred stock issues without sinking fund provisions are amortized over 30 years from the date of issue; expenses of issues with sinking fund provisions are charged to operations as shares are retired.

#### Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities at December 31, 2000 and 1999 include payables to banks of \$0 and \$634, respectively, which represent checks issued but not presented to the banks for payment, net of the related bank balance.





# NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Advances and Contributions in Aid of Construction

The Company may receive advances and contributions to fund construction necessary to extend service to new areas. As determined by the Commission, advances for construction are refundable for limited periods of time as new customers begin to receive service. Amounts which are no longer refundable are reclassified to contributions in aid of construction.

Utility plant funded by contributions is excluded from rate base and is not depreciated for rate-making purposes. Generally, advances and contributions received during the period of January 1,1987 through June 12,1996 have been included in taxable income and the related property is depreciable for tax purposes. As a result of a tax law change, advances and contributions received subsequent to June 12, 1996 are excluded from taxable income.

On January 11, 2001, the Internal Revenue Service issued regulations that excluded Lateral service lines from its definition of contributions in aid of construction that are not included in taxable income. These customer connection fees are defined as the cost of installing a connection or service line from the Company's main lines to the lines owned by the customer. The regulations were effective immediately, and the Company is now paying tax on money or property received for these connections.

#### Recognition of Revenues

Water service revenues for financial reporting purposes include amounts billed to customers on a cycle basis and unbilled amounts based on estimated usage from the date of the latest meter reading to the end of the accounting period.

#### Income Taxes

The Company, American and affiliates participate in a consolidated federal income tax return. Federal income tax expense for financial reporting purposes is provided on a separate return basis, except that the federal income tax rate applicable to the consolidated group is applied to separate company taxable income and the benefit of net operating losses, if any, is recognized currently.

Certain income and expense items are accounted for in different time periods for financial reporting than for income tax reportingpurposes. Deferred income taxes have been provided on the difference between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and the amounts at which they are carried in the financial statements. These deferred income taxes are based on the enacted tax rates anticipated to be in effect when such temporary differences are expected to reverse. Regulatory assets and liabilities are recognized for the effect on revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse.

Investment tax credits have been deferred and are being amortized to income over the average estimated service lives of the related assets.

## Allowance for Funds Used During Construction (AFUDC)

AFUDC is a noncash adjustment to income with a corresponding charge to utility plant which represents the cost of borrowed funds and a return on equity funds devoted to plant under construction. A N D C is recorded to the extent permitted by the Commission.

#### **Environmental Costs**

Environmental expenditures that relate to current operations or provide a future benefit are expensed or capitalized, as appropriate. Remediation costs that relate to an existing condition caused by past operations are accrued when it is probable that these costs will be incurred and can be reasonably estimated. There were no remediation costs accrued at December 31, 2000 or 1999.

#### Asset Impairment

Long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangible assets held and used by the Company are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets, on a separate entity basis, may not be recoverable. If the sum of the future cash flows expected to result from the use



# Notes To Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

## NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

of the assets and their eventual disposition is less than the carrying amount of the assets, an impairment loss is recognized. Measurement of an impairment loss is based on the fair value of the assets. A regulatory asset is charged to earnings if and when future recovery in rates of that asset is no longer probable.

In 2001, the Company will adopt Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133 "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" (SFAS 133), as amended. This statement establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments and hedging activities. SFAS 133 was issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) in June of 1998 and requires that an entity recognize all derivatives as either assets or liabilities in the statement of financial position and measure those instruments at fair value.

This adoption of this new accounting standard is not expected to have a significant effect on the Company's financial position or results or operations. The Company's contracts that meet the definition of a derivative are for normal purchases and normal sales, are expected to result in a physical delivery, and are of quantities expected to be used or sold over a reasonable period in the normal course of business. The Company has no hedging activities.

#### Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to conform previously reported data to the current presentation.

## NOTE 3 - UTILITY PLANT

The components of utility plant at December 31 are as follows:

	2000	1999
Water plant		
Sources of supply	\$ 6,914	\$ 6,777
Treatment and pumping	44,316	43,738
Transmission and distribution	117,374	110 <i>,75</i> 3
Services, meters, and fire hydrants	42,843	39 <i>,77</i> 5
General structures and equipment	15,430	14,513
Construction work in progress	5,309	6,774
	232,186	222,330
Less - accumulated depreciation	(42,762)	(38,598)
	\$189,424	\$183,732

### NOTE 4 - PREFERRED STOCKS

Preferred stock agreements have annual sinking fund payments of \$40 in 2001 through 2005. The 7.9% series sinking fund payment of \$40 is at the option of the Company.

Preferred stock agreements contain provisions for redemption at various prices on thirty days notice at the Company's discretion, except for the 8.47% series which is not callable prior to December 1, 2001.

In the event of involuntary liquidation of the Company, or government acquisition, all classes of preferred stocks are redeemable at \$100 per share. All of the outstanding shares of the 8.47% series shall be redeemed on December 1, 2036 at \$100 per share.



# Notes To Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

# NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Maturities of long-term debt will amount to \$13,000 in 2001 and 2002, \$0 in 2003 and 2004, and \$5,500 in 2005.

The general mortgage bond indentures contain clauses restricting the declaration of common stock dividends and other distributions on capital stock if common stockholder's equity falls below a specified amount. There were no restrictions at December 31, 2000.

The general mortgage bonds are issuable in series. No bonds senior to the general mortgage bonds may be issued so long as general mortgage bonds are outstanding. The amount of bonds authorized is unlimited as long as long-term debt does not exceed 65% of capitalization. Long-term debt is secured by utility plant.

## NOTE 6 - AFFILIATE BORROWINGS AND BANK DEBT

Between January and June of 2000, the Company maintained an uncommitted line of credit with a financial institution and also maintained a line of credit with one bank. On June 29, 2000, the Company eliminated these lines of credit and obtained a line of credit through American Water Capital Corp. (AWCC), an affiliate (see Note 13: Related Party Transaction). AWCC is a special purpose corporation that will serve as the primary funding vehicle for the Company. AWCC has a 364-day \$600 million revolving credit agreement with a group of 12 domestic and international banks. No compensating balances are required under the agreement. AWCC may also issue commercial paper, and the revolving credit agreement also supports these borrowings.

At December 31, 2000 and 1999, there were \$20,830 and \$5,716 of short-term borrowings outstanding, respectively. The weighted average annual interest rate on these borrowings was 6.97% and 6.70%, respectively. The unused line of credit at December 31, 2000 was \$1,010.

# NOTE 7 - GENERAL TAXES

Components of general tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

j					2000	1999
	Gross receipts and franch	iise		\$	80	\$ 65
	Property and capital stock	and the state of t			1.239	1.198
Ų.					443	448
	Payroll			Adam ta San T	1,762	\$1,711
					1,7 02	ΨΙ// ΙΙ.

#### NOTE 8 - INCOME TAXES

Components of income tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

	2000	1999
State income taxes:	<b>¢</b> 7	\$ 592
Current	Ф / 700	5 392 401
Deferred	789	
Non-current	\$ <i>7</i> 96	\$ 993
<u> </u>	en e	
Federal income taxes:	*	
Current	\$ 216	\$ 2,439
Deferred		
Current	-	. 4
Non-current	2,821	1,369
Amortization of deferred investment tax credits	(85)	(85)
	2,952	3,727



### Notes To Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

A reconciliation of income tax expense at the statutory federal income tax rate to the actual income tax expense is as follows:

	2000	1999
Income tax at statutory rate \$	3,293	\$ 4,149
Increases (decreases) resulting from	Alexandria Santan	
State taxes, net of federal income taxes	51 <i>7</i>	646
Flow through differences	58	44
Amortization of investment tax credits	( 85 )	(85)
Other, net	(35)	(34)
Actual income tax expense	\$3,748	\$4,720

The following table provides the components of the net deferred tax liability at December 31:

	2000	1999	
Deferred tax assets:			
Advances and contributions	\$13,533	\$12,883	
Deferred investment credits	<i>7</i> 31	765	
Other	648	875	
	\$14,912	\$14,523	
Deferred tax liabilities:			
Utility plant, principally due to depreciation differences	36,791	34,686	
Income taxes recoverable through rates	1, <i>77</i> 8	1,704	
Other	3,614	1,727	, '
	\$42,183	\$38,11 <i>7</i>	
Net deferred tax liabilities	\$27,271	\$23,594	
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No valuation allowances were required on deferred tax assets at December 31, 2000 and 1999.

#### NOTE 9 - RATE MATTERS

As necessary, the Company applies to the Commission for changes in the rates charged for service. The rate increase request is based on the level of operating expenses and capital costs that are expected to be in effect when the rates become effective. The revenues requested are based on forecasted sales, operating expenses and investments for the test year selected by the Company.

The Company has received approval from the Commission to increase its rates for service as follows:

Effective Dates	Requested Annual Estimated Annual	Estimated Revenue
	Effect on Revenues	Realized in 2000
11/27/2000	\$2,171 \$2,171	\$208

On April 28, 2000, the Company filed a rate application with the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Kentucky ("Commission"), requesting \$5.034 million in additional annual revenues that was subsequently revised to \$4.685 million or 11.69%.

On December 12, 2000, the Commission issued an Order adjusting its original Order dated November 27, 2000. The Adjusted Order corrected errors in certain elements of cost of service used in calculating the rates and reduced the approved annual increase from \$2.518 million to \$2.171 million or an increase in rates of 5.43%.

Both the Company and Attorney General's Office have filed petitions and received Commission approval for rehearing on specific issues, addressed in their respective petitions. The Commission has issued a procedural schedule

### Notes To Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

identifying the time frame for filing; (1) written testimony, (2) submitting requests for information, (3) responding to information requests, (4) requests for a hearing, and (5) written briefs. The written briefs are to be filed no later than April 30, 2001.

The rates, producing the \$2.171 million increase in annual revenues, were effective for service rendered on and after November 27, 2000. Revenues realized in 2000 from this increase are estimated at \$.208 million.

#### NOTE TO - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

#### Employees' Stock Ownership Plan

The Company participates in an Employees' Stock Ownership Plan which provides for beneficial ownership of American common stock by all employees of American and its subsidiaries who are not represented by a bargaining unit. Each participating employee can elect to contribute an amount that does not exceed 2% of his or her wages for the preceding year. In addition to the employee's participation, the Company makes a contribution equivalent to 1/2 of 1% of each participant's qualified compensation for the preceding year and matches 100% of the contribution by each participant. The Company expensed contributions of \$69 in 2000 and \$54 for 1999 that it made to the plan. The trustee of the plan may purchase shares of American common stock from American at the prevailing market price, on the open market, or from a qualified stockholder.

#### Savings Plan for Employees

The Company participates in a 401(k) Savings Plan for Employees sponsored by American. All Associates can make contributions that are invested at the direction of the employee in one or more funds including a fund consisting entirely of American common stock. During 2000 and 1999, the Company matched 50% of the first 4% of each employee's wages contributed to the plan. The Company expensed matching contributions to the plan totaling \$83 for 2000 and \$82 for 1999. All of the Company's matching contributions are invested in the fund of American common stock. The trustee of the plan may purchase shares of American common stock from American at the prevailing market price from American, on the open market, or in a private transaction.

#### NOTE 11 - POSTRETIREMENT AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### Pension Benefits

The Company participates in a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all employees of American and its subsidiaries. Benefits under the plan are based on the employee's years of service and average annual compensation for those 60 consecutive months of employment which yield the highest average. Pension cost of the Company is based on an allocation from American of the total cost related to the plan. Information regarding accumulated and projected benefit obligations is not prepared at the subsidiary level. The Company's policy is to contribute at least the minimum amount required under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. The Company made no contributions to the plan in 2000 or 1999. The Company accrued pension costs of \$119 in 2000 and \$217 in 1999.

During 2000 the Company recognized a net settlement gain of \$523 relating to the transfer of annuities from the Plan to a separate third-party life insurance company.

#### **Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions**

The Company participates in an American plan that provides certain life insurance benefits for retired employees and certain health care benefits for retired employees and their dependents. Substantially all employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach retirement age while still working for the Company. Retirees and their dependents under age 65 can elect either a comprehensive medical plan under which covered expenses are paid at 80% after an annual deductible has been satisfied or, a managed care plan that requires copayments. Employees who elect to retire prior to attaining age 65 are required to make contributions toward their medical coverage until attaining age 65. Retirees and their dependents age 65 and over are covered by a Medicare supplement plan. Costs to the Company for postretirement benefits other than pensions are based on an allocation from American of the total cost related to the plan. Information regarding accumulated and projected benefit obligations is not prepared at the subsidiary level. The Company made contributions to trust funds established for these postretirement benefits of \$499 in 2000 and \$578 in 1999. The Company's policy is to fund postretirement benefits costs accrued.



### Notes To Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

#### NOTE 12 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company provides certain billing, inserting, and information services at cost to AWWS, which amounted to \$1,429 in 2000. At December 31, 2000, no amounts were receivable from this affiliate for these services.

The Company began providing workspace and information support system support for associates for the Southeast Region of AWWS in 2000. Charges for direct costs and indirect overhead costs associated with these associates are billed to AWWS on an at-cost, not-for-profit basis, which amounted to \$9 in 2000. At December 31, 2000, net amounts receivable from this affiliate for these services were \$1.

Some of the company's associates have performed services at cost to AWWS relating to the establishment by American of consolidated customer and shared administrative service centers. The total amount of these services was \$115 in 2000. At December 31, 2000, net amounts receivable from this affiliate for these services were \$14.

The Company has three operating agreements with American Water Services (AWS), an affiliate, for the lease of granular activated carbon at one of the Company's water treatment plants. The agreements provide for AWS to regenerate the spent carbon and return it to the water treatment plant where it originated. Under the terms of the agreement, AWS will provide carbon for a period of thirty-six months beginning in March 1998, 1999 and 2000. The carbon is scheduled for replacement at thirty-six month intervals and is warranted to perform to specific standards during that period. The Company paid \$75 in 2000 and \$74 in 1999 under these agreements.

On June 29, 2000 the Company obtained a line of credit through American Water Capital Corporation (AWCC), an affiliate. The company paid AWCC \$39 for fees, \$23 for preliminary costs of long-term financings and \$443 for interest on short-term borrowings.

#### NOTE 13 - FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following methods and assumptions were used by the Company in estimating its fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

Current assets and current liabilities: The carrying amount reported in the balance sheet for current assets and current liabilities approximates their fair value.

Preferred stocks with mandatory redemption requirements and long-term debt: The fair values of the Company's preferred stocks with mandatory redemption requirements and long-term debt are estimated using discounted cash flow analysis based on the Company's current incremental financing rates for similar types of securities.

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments at December 31 are as follows:

	2000 0	ARRYING	1999 C	ARRYING
Preferred stock with mandatory	Amount	Fair Value	Amount	Fair Value
	F 400			# F110
redemption requirements	\$ 5,420	\$ 5,504	\$ 5,468	\$ 5,118
Long-term debt, including current maturities	55,000	52,135	67,000	62, <i>7</i> 01

#### NOTE 14 - OPERATING LEASES

The Company has entered into operating leases involving certain equipment. Rental expenses under operating leases were \$81 for 2000 and \$85 for 1999. The operating leases for the equipment expire over the next 3 years. Certain leases have renewal options from one year to the useful life of the equipment.

At December 31, 2000, the minimum annual future rental commitments under operating leases that have initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms in excess of one year are \$66 in 2001, \$43 in 2002, \$3 in 2003, \$2 in 2004 and \$0 in 2005.

#### NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company's construction program for 2001 is estimated to cost approximately \$14,331. Commitments have been made in connection with certain projects included in this program.

The Company is routinely involved in legal actions. In the opinion of management, none of these matters will have a material adverse effect, if any, on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.



### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY - HISTORICAL REVIEW

[DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT PER CUSTOMER AMOUNTS) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

	2000	1000	1000	1		1275	199
Itility plant (excluding CWIP)	\$ 226,877	\$ 215,556	\$ 201,191	\$ 191,534	\$ 178,692	\$ 164,133	\$ 121,78
Accumulated depreciation	{ 42,762 }	( 38,597 )	( 34,972 )	( 30,895 )	( 27,669 )	( 24,908 )	(14,45
let utility plant	\$ 184,115	\$ 1 <i>7</i> 6,959	\$ 166,219	\$ 160,639	\$ 151,023	\$ 139,225	\$ 107,32
Net plant per customer*	\$ 1,860	\$ 1,806	\$ 1,787	\$ 1 <i>,</i> 785	\$ 1,736	\$ 1,6 <i>57</i>	
Construction expenditures	\$ 11,829	\$ 18,386	\$ 14,137	\$ 12,721	\$ 12,949	\$ 12,532	\$ 6,50
otal assets	\$ 210,299	\$ 203,600	\$ 189,954	\$ 178,479	\$ 170,509	\$ 161,861	\$ 119,54
Capitalization ot year end							
Common equity	\$ 59,320	\$ 58,276	\$ 56,842	\$ 49,216	\$ 45,394	\$ 44,112	\$ 31,1
Preferred stock	6,990	7,038	7,086	7,134	<i>7</i> ,182	<i>7</i> ,230	3,47
Long-term debt -							
includes current portion	55,000	67,000	67,000	64,000	62,500	62,500	50,10
	\$ 121,310	\$ 132,314	\$ 130,928	\$ 120,350	\$ 115,076	\$ 113,842	\$ 84,7
Sustomers sewed (000)  Residential *	89	87	84	81	78	76	
Commercial *	8	8	8	7	7	7	
Industrial *				1	1		
Fire service & other *	2	1	1	1	1	1	
	99	96	93	90	87	84	7
Vater sales (million gallons)							
Residential *	5,825	5,959	5,720	5,357	5,584	5,339	4,74
Commercial •	4,234	4,336	4,251	4,075	4,181	4,120	3,80
Industrial *	973	1,067	1,144	1,081	981	981	85
Public and other*	1,822	1,998	1,860	1,759	1,772	1,780	1,68
	12,854	13,360	12,975	12,272	12,518	12,220	11,08
					_		



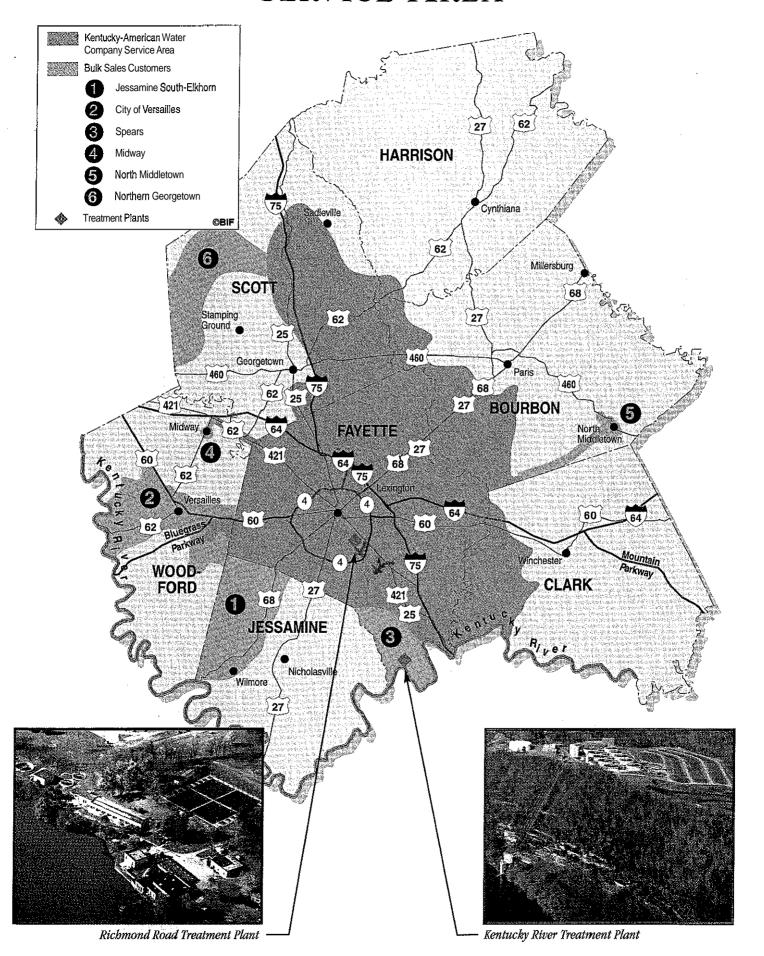
### KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY - HISTORICAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT PER CUSTOMER AMOUNTS) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

		2000	1000	1000	1997	٠.	1996	1995	 1990
Operating revenues									
Water service									
Residential	\$	19 <i>,577</i>	\$ 19,534	\$ 18,866	\$ 1 <i>7,4</i> 37	\$	16,083	\$ 1 <i>5,7</i> 09	\$ 11,628
Commercial		10,155	10,302	10,063	9,451		9,126	9,125	6,463
Industrial		1,583	1,728	1,848	1,704		1,596	1,591	1,068
Fire service		2,519	2,446	2,368	2,281		2,171	2,115	1,694
Public and other		3 <i>,</i> 739	4,050	3,0 <i>57</i>	2,945		3,244	3,235	2,364
Wastewater service		31	28	29	-		-	_	-
Other water revenues		1,116	1,016	1,513	1,431		444	312	153
	\$	38 <i>,</i> 720	\$ 39,104	\$ 37,744	\$ 35,249	\$	32,664	\$ 32,08 <i>7</i>	\$ 23,370
Annual revenue per customer*	\$	391	\$ 407	\$ 406	\$ 392	\$	375	\$ 382	\$ 308
Net income	\$	5,659	\$ <i>7</i> ,134	\$ 6,858	\$ 6,047	\$	5,437	\$ 5,357	\$ 3,312
Coverage ratios									
On long-term debt interest before income taxer *		2.9	3.2	3.2	3.0		2.7	2.7	2.1
On total interest before income taxer*		2.6	3.1	3.1	2.9		2.8	2.6	2.1
On total fixed charges including pr	eferred	dividends							
Before income taxes *		2.3	2.8	2.8	2.6		2.5	2.4	2.0
After income taxes *		1.7	2.0	2.0	1.9		1.9	1.8	1.6

<sup>\*</sup> Unaudited

# KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY SERVICE AREA





**Financial Statements** 

December 31, 2001 and 2000

An American Water System Company 2300 Richmond Road Lexington, Kentucky 40502

#### **Board of Directors**

J. James Barr, President & Chief Executive Officer American Water Works Company, Inc.

> G. C. Smith, Director American Water Works Company, Inc.

Ellen C. Wolf, Vice President & Chief Financial Officer American Water Works Company, Inc.

Daniel L. Kelleher, Senior Vice President American Water Works Service Company, Inc.

Chris E. Jarrett, Chairman of the Board Kentucky-American Water Company

R. W. Mundy, II, President Kentucky-American Water Company

W. L. Rouse, Jr. Rouse Companies

W. T. Young, Jr. W. T. Young, Inc.

Elizabeth H. Gemmill, Esq., Managing Trustee Warwick Foundation

Lindsey W. Ingram, Jr., Esq. Stoll, Keenon and Park LLP

#### Officers

President	Roy W. Mundy II
Vice President	Nick O. Rowe
Vice President, Treasurer and Comptroller	Michael A. Miller
Vice President and Secretary	Herbert A. Miller, Jr.
Assistant Treasurer	Roy L. Ferrell, Sr.
Assistant Treasurer	James R. Hamilton
Assistant Treasurer and Assistant Secretary	Nancy M. Strickland
Assistant Secretary	Stephen N. Chambers
Assistant Comptroller	Thomas R. Bailey
Assistant Comptroller	
Assistant Comptroller	Jonathan G. Easlick
Assistant Comptroller	
Assistant Comptroller	F r S. Impagliazzo
Assistant Comptroller	Benjamin J. Tartaglia, Jr
Assistant Comptroller	-



PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Two Commerce Square, Suite 1700 2001 Market Street Philadelphia PA 19103-7042 Telephone (267) 330 3000 Facsimile (267) 330 3300

#### **Report of Independent Accountants**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of Kentucky-American Water Company

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheet and the related statement of income, of retained earnings, of cash flows, of capitalization and of common stockholder's equity present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kentucky-American Water Company (a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc.) at December 31,2001 and 2000, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

February 1,2002

ricewaterhouse Coopers LLP

### Balance Sheet (Dollars in thousands)

	Decer	nber 31,
Assets	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Property, plant and equipment		
Utility plant - at original cost less accumulated depreciation	\$ 200,792	\$ 189,424
Utility plant acquisition adjustments, net	359	138
	201,151	189,562
Non utility property	250	250
Current assets		
Cash Customer accounts receivable	1,453 1,568	803 1,768
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(58)	(56)
Unbilled revenues	2,137	2,085
Prepaid tax Materials and supplies	361	641 431
Deferred vacation pay	252	219
Other	258	458
	5 971	6 349
Regulatory and other long-term assets		
Deferred business service project expense	1,360	164
Regulatory asset-income taxes recoverable through rates  Debt and preferred stock expense	4,523 871	4,405 835
Deferred programmed maintenance	3,193	3,340
Preliminary survey and investigation	430	179
Other	5,802	5,856
	16,179	14,779
	\$ 223,551	\$ 210,940
Capitalization and Liabilities Capitalization		
Common stock	\$ 36,569	\$ 36,569
Paid-in capital	21 24,407	21 22,730
Retained earnings		
Total common stockhoider's equity	60,997	59,320
Preferred stock With mandatory redemption requirements	5,380	5,420
Without mandatory redemption requirements	1,570	1,570
Long-term debt	44,500	42,000
Total capitalization	112,447	108,310
Current liabilities	04.000	50.000
Affiliate borrowings Current portion of long-term debt	24,668 13,000	20,830 13,000
Accounts payable	967	1,762
Taxes accrued	261	242
Interest accrued Tax collections payable	853 215	688 256
Accrued vacation pay	252	219
Other	2,035	675
	42,251	37,672
Regulatory and other long-term liabilities	0.005	0.705
Customer advances for construction  Deferred income taxes	9,365 28,192	9,795 27,271
Deferred income taxes  Deferred investment tax credits	1,726	1,811
Accrued pension expense	1,362	977
Accrued postretirement benefits expense	299 392	299 595
Other		
	41,336	40,748
Contributions in aid of construction	27,517	24,210
	\$ 223,551	\$ 210,940

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### Statement of Income (Dollars in thousands)

	Years Endec	d December 31, 2000
Operating revenues	\$ 41,478	\$ 38,720
Operating expenses Operation and maintenance Depreciation and amortization General Taxes	17,800 5,981 1,831 25,612	15,467 5,184 1,762 22,413
Utility operating income	15,866	16,307
Other income (deductions) Allowance for other funds used during construction Miscellaneous other income Miscellaneous other deductions	300 785 	397 12 (1,786)
Income before interest charges and income taxes	16,951	14,930
Interest charges Interest on long-term debt Interest on bank debt Amortization of debt expense Other interest Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	4,767 486 79 55 (149)	5,123 538 42 30 (210)
Income before income taxes	11.713	9.407
Provision for income taxes Federal income taxes State income taxes Net income	3,711 992 \$ 7,010	3,374 374 \$ 5,659
Consolidated Statement of Retained Earnings (Dollars in thousands)	ψ 7,010	Ψ 0,000
Retained earnings at beginning of year  Net income	\$ 22,730 7,010 29,740	\$ 21,686 5,659 27,345
Dividends Preferred stock Common stock  Retained earnings at end of year	537 4,796 5,333 \$ 24,407	540 4,075 4,615 \$ 22,730
. totaling at one of your		<u> </u>

### Statement of Cash Flows (Dollars in thousands)

	Year	s Ended [ <b>2001</b>		mber 31, 2000
Cash flows from operating activities	\$	7,010	\$	5,659
Net income Adjustments	Ψ	.,0.0	_	0,000
Depreciation and amortization		5,981		5,184
Amortization, other		1,031		594
Provision for deferred income taxes		899		3,610
Amortization of deferred investment tax credits		(85)		(85)
Provision for losses on accounts receivable		200		201
Allowance for other funds used during construction		(300)		(397)
Pension expense in excess of funding		385		(495)
Deferred regulatory assets		(1,212)		(375)
Other, net		(3,071)		(603)
Changes in current assets and liabilities		2		(548)
Accounts receivable		(52)		(183)
Unbilled revenues  Materials and supplies		70		93
Other current assets		167		479
Accounts payable		(795)		522
Taxes accrued		69		(98)
Interest accrued		165		(144)
Other current liabilities		1,352		(2,072)
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	11,816	1	1,342
Cash flows from investing activities				00
Construction expenditures		(13,794)	(1	1,829)
Allowance for other funds used during construction		300 289		397 313
Cost of removal, net of salvage		(1,686)		313
Payment for acquisition of public service district assets				
Net cash used in investing activities		(14,891)	(1	1,119)
Cash flows from financing activities		15,500		_
Proceeds from long-term debt issuance		3,837	1	15,114
Net borrowings (repayments) under line-of-credit agreen <sup>1ent</sup> Repayment of long-term debt		(13,000)		12,000)
Customer advances and contributions, net of refunds		2,878	•	1,621
Redemption of preferred stock		(40)		(48)
Dividends paid		(5,333)	-	(4,615)
Debt issuance cost		(117)		
Net cash provided by financing activities		3,725	_	72
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		650		295
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	_	803	_	508
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,453	\$	803
Cash paid during the year for: Interest, net of capitalized amount	\$	5,144	\$	5,835
Income taxes	\$	3,240	\$	704

### Statement of Capitalization (Dollars in thousands)

(Dollars III tilousalius)	Call Price	Decem	nber 31,
	Per Share	200 <u>1</u>	2000
Common stockholder's equity			
Common stock - no par value, authorized			
2,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding 1,567,391 shares			
in 2001 and 2000		\$ 36,569	36,569
Paid in capital		21	21
Retained earnings		24,407	22,730
		60,997	59,320
Preferred stocks - \$100 par value, authorized 25,000 shares			
Without mandatory redemption requirements			
Cumulative preferred stock			
5.75% series, 4,700 shares issued and outstanding	\$ 101.00	470	470
5.5% series, 5,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$ 100.50	500	500
5.% series, 6,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$ 101.00	600	600
		1,570	1,570
With mandatory redemption requirements			
Cumulative preferred stock			
7.9% series, 8,800 and 9,200 shares issued and outstanding			
in 2001 and 2000, respectively	\$ 100.00	880	920
8.47% series, 45,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$ 100.00	4,500	4,500
		5,380	5,420
Long-term debt			
General mortgage bonds			
8.36% series due 2001		-	13,000
7.21% series due 2002		13,000	13,000
6.79% series due 2005		5,500	5,500
6.96% series due 2023		7,000	7,000
7.15% series due 2027		7,500	7,500
6.99% series due 2028		9,000	9,000
Senior notes			
6.87% series due 2011		15,500	. +
		57,500	55,000
Less: Current portion of long-term debt and capital lease obligation		13,000	13,000
Long-term debt net of current maturities		44,500	42,000
Total capitalization		\$ 112.447	\$ 108,310

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### Statement of Common Stockholder's Equity (Dollars in thousands)

	Commor	n Stock	Paid-in	Retained	Stockholder's
	Shares	Par Value	Capital	Earnings	Equity
Balance at December 31,1999	1,567,391	\$ 36,569	\$ 21	\$ 21,686	\$ 58,276
Net income Sale of common stock				5,659	5,659
Dividends					
Preferred stock				(540)	(540)
Common stock, \$2.60 per share				(4,075)	(4,075)
Balance at December 31,2000	1,567,391	36,569	21	22,730	59,320
Net income				7.010	7,010
Sale of common stock					
Dividends					
Preferred stock				(537)	(537)
Common stock, \$3.06 per share				(4,796)	<u>(4,796)</u>
Balance at December 31,2001	1,567,391	\$ 36,569	<u>\$ 21</u>	\$ 24.407	\$ 60.997

## Notes to Financial Statements (Dollars in thousands)

#### Note 1 - Organization and Operation

Kentucky-American Water Company (the Company) provides water service to approximately 103,000 customers and wastewater service to approximately 88 customers. These services are provided in 10 communities located in 10 counties in the state of Kentucky. As a public utility operating in Kentucky, the Company functions under rules and regulations prescribed by the Kentucky Public Service Commission (the Commission). The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc. (American).

#### **Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies**

Use & Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### Regulation

The Company has incurred various costs and received various credits, which have been reflected as regulatory assets and liabilities on its balance sheet. Accounting for such costs and credits as regulatory assets and liabilities is in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 71, "Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation" (SFAS No. 71). This statement sets forth the application of generally accepted accounting principles for those companies whose rates are established by or are subject to approval by an independent third-party regulator. Under SFAS No. 71, regulated companies defer costs and credits on the balance sheet as regulatory assets and liabilities when it is probable that those costs and credits will be recognized in the rate-making process in a period different from the period in which they would have been reflected in income by an unregulated company. These deferred regulatory assets and liabilities are then reflected in the income statement in the period in which the same amounts are reflected in the rates charged for service.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in thousands)

Property, Plant and Equipment

Additions to utility plant and replacements of retirement units of property are capitalized. Costs include material, direct labor and such indirect items as engineering and supervision, payroll taxes and benefits, transportation and an allowance for funds used during construction. The costs incurred to acquire and internally develop computer software for internal use are capitalized as a unit of property. Repairs, maintenance and minor replacements of property are charged to current operations. The cost of property units retired in the ordinary course of business plus removal cost (net of salvage) is charged to accumulated depreciation. The cost of property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method. The depreciation rates, based on the average balance of depreciable property, were 2.69% in 2001 and 2.61% in 2000.

In accordance with the Commission's regulations, depreciation on contributed facilities is charged to contributions in aid of construction. Such depreciation amounted to \$642 in 2001 and \$580 in 2000.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Substantially all of the Company's cash is invested in interest bearing accounts. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents held at December 31,2001 or 2000.

*Materials and Supplies* 

Materials and supplies are stated at average cost.

Regulatory and long-Term Assets

Deferred business services project expenses consist of reengineering and start-up activities for consolidated customer and shared administrative service centers that are being established by American. These costs are being deferred as it is expected that these costs will be recovered in the rates charged for utility service in the future.

The Company has deferred the cost of increased security measures that were implemented to secure facilities after the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001. These costs are being deferred as it is expected that these costs will be recovered in the rates charged for utility service in the future.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in thousands)

The Company has recorded a regulatory asset for the additional revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse. These temporary differences are primarily related to the difference between book and tax depreciation on property placed in service before the adoption by the Commission of full normalization for rate-making purposes.

The regulatory asset for income taxes recoverable through rates is net of the reduction expected in future revenues as deferred taxes previously provided, attributable to the difference between the state and federal income tax rates under prior law and the current statutory rates, reverse over the average remaining service lives of the related assets.

Debt, expense is amortized over the lives of the respective issues. Call premiums on the redemption of long-term debt, as well as unamortized debt expense, are deferred and amortized to the extent they will be recovered through future service rates. Expenses of preferred stock issues without sinking fund provisions are amortized over 30 years from the date of issue; expenses of issues with sinking fund provisions are charged to operations as shares are retired.

Preliminary survey and investigation charges generally relate to future construction projects. Management believes these costs will ultimately be recovered through rates.

Programmed maintenance costs are deferred and amortized to current operations on a straight-line basis over a period ranging between five and fifteen years, as authorized by the Commission in their determination of rates charged for service.

#### Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities at December 31,2001 and 2000 include payables of \$929 and \$0, respectively, which represent checks issued but not presented to the bank for payment.

#### Advances and Contributions in Aid of Construction

The Company may receive advances and contributions to fund construction necessary to extend service to new areas. As determined by the Commission, advances for construction are refundable for limited periods of time as new customers begin to receive service. Amounts which are no longer refundable are reclassified to contributions in aid of construction.

Utility plant funded by advances and contributions is excluded from rate base and is not depreciated for rate-making purposes. Generally, advances and contributions received during the period of January 1, 1987 through June 12, 1996 have been included in taxable income and the related property is depreciable for tax purposes. As a result of a tax law change, advances and

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in thousands)

contributions received subsequent to June 12, 1996 are excluded from taxable income and the related property is not depreciable for tax purposes.

On January 11,2001 the Internal Revenue Service issued regulations that excluded lateral service lines from its definition of contributions in aid of construction that are not included in taxable income. These customer connection fees are defined as the cost of installing a connection or service line from the Company's main lines to the lines owned by the customer. The regulations were effective immediately, but the Company does not have customer connection fees.

#### Recognition of Revenues

Water service revenues for financial reporting purposes include amounts billed to customers on a cycle basis and unbilled amounts based on estimated usage from the date of the latest meter reading to the end of the accounting period.

#### Income Taxes

The Company, its parent and affiliates participate in a consolidated federal income tax return. Federal income tax expense for financial reporting purposes is provided on a separate return basis, except that the federal income tax rate applicable to the consolidated group is applied to separate company taxable income and the benefit of net operating losses, if any, is recognized currently.

Certain income and expense items are accounted for in different time periods for financial reporting than for income tax reporting purposes. Deferred income taxes have been provided on the difference between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and the amounts at which they are carried in the financial statements. These deferred income taxes are based on the enacted tax rates anticipated to be in effect when such temporary differences are expected to reverse. Regulatory assets and liabilities are recognized for the effect on revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse.

Investment tax credits have been deferred and are being amortized to income over the average estimated service lives of the related assets.

Allowance for Funds Used During Construction (AFUDC)

AFUDC is a non-cash adjustment to income with a corresponding charge to utility plant, which represents the cost of borrowed funds and a return on equity funds devoted to plant under construction. AFUDC is recorded to the extent permitted by the Commission.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in thousands)

#### **Environmental Costs**

Environmental expenditures that relate to current operations or provide a future benefit are expensed or capitalized as appropriate. Remediation costs that relate to an existing condition caused by past operations are accrued when it is probable that these costs will be incurred and can be reasonably estimated. There were no remediation costs accrued at December 31,2001 and 2000.

#### **Asset Impairment**

Long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangible assets held and used by the Company are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets, on a separate entity basis, may not be recoverable. If the sum of the future cash flows expected to result from the use of the assets and their eventual disposition is less than the carrying amount of the assets, an impairment loss is recognized. Measurement of an impairment loss would be based on the fair value of the assets. A regulatory asset is charged to earnings if and when future recovery in rates of that asset is no longer probable.

#### New Accounting Standards

On January 1,2001, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" (SFAS 133), as amended. This statement establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments and hedging activities. SFAS 133 was issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) in June of 1998 and requires that an entity recognize all derivatives as either assets or liabilities in the statement of financial position and measure those instruments at fair value. This new accounting standard did not have any effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations. The Company's contracts that meet the definition of a derivative are for normal purchases and normal sales, are expected to result in a physical delivery, and are of quantities expected to be used or sold over a reasonable period in the normal course of business. The Company has no hedging activities.

In June of 2001, the FASB issued Statements of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, "Business Combinations" (SFAS 141) and No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" (SFAS 142). SFAS 141 requires all business combinations initiated after June 30,2001 to be accounted for using the purchase method. Under SFAS 142, goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives are no longer amortized but are reviewed annually (or more frequently if impairment indicators arise) for impairment. Separable intangible assets that are not deemed to have indefinite lives will continue to be amortized over their useful lives. The amortization

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in thousands)

provisions of SFAS 142 apply to goodwill and intangible assets acquired after June 30, 2001. With respect to goodwill and intangible assets acquired prior to July 1,2001, the Company is required to adopt SFAS 142 effective January 1,2002. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that adoption of the provisions of SFAS 142 that are effective January 1,2002 will have on its results of operations and financial position.

Also in June of 2001, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations," (SFAS 143) on the accounting for obligations associated with the retirement of long-lived assets. SFAS 143 requires a liability to be recognized in the financial statements for retirement obligations meeting specific criteria. Measurement of the initial obligation is to approximate fair value with an equivalent amount recorded as an increase in the value of the capitalized asset.

The asset will be depreciable in accordance with normal depreciation policy and the liability will be increased, with a charge to the income statement, until the obligation is settled. SFAS 143 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15,2002. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that adoption of the provisions of SFAS 143 will have on its results of operations and financial position.

In August of 2001, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets," (SFAS 144) that replaces Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed of." SFAS 144 requires that one accounting model be used for long-lived assets to be disposed of by sale and broadens discontinued operations to include more disposal transactions. Under SFAS 144, operating losses of discontinued operations are recognized in the period in which they occur, instead of accruing future operating losses before they occur. SFAS 144 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15,2001. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that adoption of the provisions of SFAS 144 will have on its results of operations and financial position.

#### Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to conform previously reported data to the current presentation.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in thousands)

#### **Note 3 - Utility Plant**

The components of utility plant at December 31 are as follows:

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Water plant		
Sources of supply	\$ 6,926	\$ 6,914
Treatment and pumping	45,017	44,316
Transmission and distribution	125,485	117,374
Services, meters, and fire hydrants	47,024	42,843
General structures and equipment	16,167	15,430
Construction work in progress	8,954	5,309
	249,573	232,186
Less - accumulated depreciation	48,781	42,762
	\$ 200,792	\$ 189,424

#### Note 4 - Preferred Stocks

Preferred stock agreements have annual minimum sinking fund payments of \$40 in 2002 through 2006. The 7.9% series sinking fund payment of \$40 is at the option of the Company.

#### Note 5 - Long-Term Debt

Maturities of long-term debt will amount to \$13,000 in 2002, \$0 in 2003 and 2004, \$5,500 in 2005, and \$0 in 2006.

The general mortgage bond indentures, as supplemented, contain clauses restricting the declaration of common stock dividends and other distributions on capital stock if common stockholder's equity falls below a specified amount. There were no restrictions at December 31, 2001.

The general mortgage bonds are issuable in series. No bonds senior to the general mortgage bonds may be issued so long as the general mortgage bonds are outstanding. The amount of bonds authorized is unlimited as long as long-term debt does not exceed 65% of capitalization. Long-term debt is secured by utility plant.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in thousands)

#### Note 6 - Affiliate Borrowings

During 2001, the Company maintained a line of credit through American Water Capital Corp. (AWCC), an affiliate (see Note 13: Related Party Transaction). AWCC is a special purpose corporation that serves as the primary funding vehicle for the Company. AWCC has a 364-day \$500 million revolving credit agreement with a group of 10 domestic and international banks. No compensating balances are required under the agreement. AWCC also issues commercial paper, and the revolving credit agreement also supports these borrowings.

At December 31,2001 and 2000, there were \$24,668 and \$20,830 of short-term borrowings outstanding, respectively. The weighted average annual interest rate on these borrowings was 5.60% and 6.97% respectively. The unused line of credit at December 31,2001 was \$0.

#### Note 7 - Financings

During 2001 and 2000 the Company completed the following financings:

Date	Proceeds	Issue
03/29/01	\$15,500	Senior Note, 6.87% due 2011

The senior note is unsecured and was issued to AWCC for the principal amount. AWCC provided the funding for this note by itself issuing \$140 million of senior notes to institutional investors at a price equal to the principal amount.

## Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in thousands)

#### **Note 8 - General Taxes**

Components of general tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Gross receipts and franchise	\$ 74	\$ 80
Property and capital stock	1,313	1,239
Payroll	444	443
	\$ 1,831	\$ 1,762

#### **Note 9 - Income Taxes**

Components of income tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

	<u>.</u>	2001	2	<u>2000</u>	
State income taxes:					
Current	\$	782	\$	7	
Deferred					
Non-current		210		789	
	\$	992	\$	796	
Federal income taxes:					
Current	\$ 3	3,107	\$	216	
Deferred					
Non-current		689	2	2,821	
Amortization of deferred investment tax credits	<del></del>	(85)		(85)	
	\$ 3	3,711	\$ 2	2,952	

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in thousands)

A reconciliation of income tax expense at the statutory federal income tax rate to the actual income tax expense is as follows:

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Income tax at statutory rate of 35%	\$ 4,100	\$ 3,293
Increases (decreases) resulting from -		
State taxes, net of federal income taxes	645	517
Flow though differences	72	58
Amortization of investment tax credits	(85)	(85)
Other, net	(29)	(35)
Actual income tax expense	\$ 4,703	\$ 3,748

The following table provides the components of the net deferred tax liability at December 31:

	2001	<u>2000</u>
Deferred tax assets:		
Advances and contributions	\$ 14,697	\$ 13,533
Deferred investment credits	697	731
Other	806	648
	\$ 16,200	\$ 14,912
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Utility plant, principally due to depreciation differences	\$39,052	\$ 36,791
Income taxes recoverable through rates	1,826	1,778
Other	3,514	3,614
	44,392	42,183
Net deferred tax liability	\$ 28,192	\$ 27,271

No valuation allowances were required on deferred tax assets at December 31,2001 and 2000.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in thousands)

#### **Note 10 - Rate Matters**

As necessary, the Company applies to the Commission for changes in the rates charged for service. The rate increase request is based on the level of operating expenses and capital costs that are expected to be in effect when the rates become effective. The revenues requested are based on forecasted sales, operating expenses and investments for the test year selected by the Company.

The Company has received approval from the Commission to increase its rates for service as follows:

Effective	Requested Annual	Estimated Annual Effect on Revenues Granted	Estimated Revenue
Dates	Effect on Revenues		Realized in 2001
05/09/01	\$4,685	\$2,568	\$2,368

On April 28,2000, the Company filed a rate application with the Public Service Commission of the commonwealth of Kentucky ("Commission"), requesting \$5.034 million in additional annual revenues that was subsequently revised to \$4.685 million or 11.69%.

On December 12,2000, the Commission issued an Order adjusting its original Order dated November 27,2000. The adjusted order corrected errors in the initial ruling and reduced the allowed revenue increase from \$2.518 million to \$2.171 million to be effective for service rendered on and after November 27,2000. Revenues realized in 2000 from this increase are estimated at \$.208 million.

On May 9,2001, a final decision was issued which addressed appeals from reconsideration made by the Company and the State Attorney General. The final decision adjusted the authorized revenue increase from \$2.171 to \$2.568 million or 6.42% of total operating revenues.

Proposed Asset Protection Charge Tariff

On November 28,2001, the Company filed an application with the Commission seeking an asset protection charge tariff. The charge is comprised of two elements: (1) the projected annual increase in operating expenses since the last general rate case for the protection of assets, and (2) the revenue recovery of the capital expenditures made for the protection of assets since the last general rate case.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in thousands)

#### Note 11 - Employee Benefit Plans

Employees'Stock Ownership Plan

The Company participates in an Employees' Stock Ownership Plan sponsored by American, which provides for beneficial ownership of American common stock by all associates who are not included in a bargaining unit. Each participating associate can elect to contribute an amount that does not exceed 2% of their wages. In addition to the associate's participation, the Company makes a contribution equivalent to ½% of each participant's qualified compensation, and matches 100% of the contribution by each participant. The Company expensed contributions of \$62 for 2001 and \$69 for 2000 that it made to the plan.

Savings Planfor Employees

The Company participates in a 401(k) Savings Plan for Employees sponsored by American. All Associates can make contributions that are invested at their direction in one or more funds including a fund consisting entirely of American common stock. The Company matches 50% of the first 4% of each associate's wages contributed to the plan. The company expensed matching contributions to the plan totaling \$85 for 2001 and \$83 for 2000. All of the Company's matching contributions are invested in the fund of American common stock.

#### **Note 12 - Postretirement Benefits**

Pension Benefits

The Company participates in a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan sponsored by American covering substantially all associates. Benefits under the plan are based on the associate's years of service and average annual compensation for those 60 consecutive months of employment, which yield the highest average. Pension cost of the Company is based on an allocation from American of the total cost related to the plan. Information regarding accumulated and projected benefit obligations is not prepared at **the** subsidiary level. The Company's funding policy is to contribute at least the minimum amount required under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. The Company made no contribution to the plan in 2001 or 2000.

In addition, during 2000, the Company recognized a settlement gain of \$523 relating to the transfer of annuities from the plan to a separate third-party life insurance company. This settlement gain has been recognized as a decrease in deferred pension costs and accrued pension costs.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in thousands)

#### Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions

The Company participates in an American plan that provides certain life insurance benefits for retired associates and certain health care benefits for retired associates and their dependents. Substantially all associates may become eligible for these benefits if they reach retirement age while still working for the Company. Retirees and their dependents under age 65 are covered by a point-of-service managed care plan that requires co-payments or an HMO. Associates who elect to retire prior to attaining age 65 are generally required to make contributions towards their medical coverage until attaining age 65. Retirees and their dependents age 65 and over are covered by a Medicare supplement plan. Costs of the Company are based on an allocation from American of the total cost related to the plan. Information regarding accumulated and projected benefit obligations is not prepared at the subsidiary level. The Company made contributions to trust funds established for these postretirement benefits of \$561 in 2001 and \$499 in 2000. The Company's policy is to fund postretirement benefits costs accrued.

#### Note 13 - Related Party Transactions

American Water Works Service Company, Inc. (AWWS), an affiliate, provides certain management services to the Company (administration, accounting, data processing, engineering, etc.) and other operating water companies in the American Water Works System on an at-cost, not-for-profit basis in accordance with a management and service agreement. Purchases of such services by the Company were accounted for as follows:

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Included in operation and maintenance expense as a charge against income Capitalized in various balance sheet accounts	\$ 1,535 765_	\$ 1,185 244
	\$ 2,300	\$ 1,429

The Company provided workspace and information support system support for associates of the Southeast Region of AWWS. Charges for direct costs and indirect overhead costs associated with these associates are billed to AWWS on an at-cost, not for profit basis, which amounted to \$43 in 2001 and \$9 in 2000. At December 31,2001, net amounts receivable from this affiliate for these services were \$4.

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in thousands)

Some of the Company's associates have performed services at cost to AWWS relating to the establishment by American of consolidated customer and shared administrative service centers. The total amount of these services was \$217 in 2001 and \$115 in 2000. At December 31,2001, net amounts receivable from this affiliate for these services were \$11.

The Company has three operating agreements with American Water Services, (AWS) Inc., an affiliate, for the lease of granular activated carbon (GAC) at one of the Company's water treatment plants. The agreements provide for AWS to regenerate the spent material and return it to the water treatment plant where it originated. Under the terms of the agreements, AWS will provide carbon for a period of thirty-six months beginning in March 1999,2000, and 2001. The carbon is scheduled for replacement at thirty-six month intervals and is warranted to perform to specific standards during that period. The Company paid \$82 in 2001 and \$75 in 2000 to AWS under these agreements.

The Company maintains a line of credit through American Water Capital Corp. (AWCC), an affiliate. The company paid AWCC fees of \$47 in 2001 and \$39 in 2000, preliminary costs of long-term financings of \$117 in 2001 and \$23 in 2000 and interest on borrowings of \$486 in 2001 and \$443 in 2000.

#### **Note 14 -** Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The following methods and assumptions were used by the Company in estimating its fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

Current assets and current liabilities: The carrying amount reported in the balance sheet for current assets and current liabilities approximates their fair value.

Preferred stocks with mandatory redemption requirements and long-term debt: The fair values of the Company's preferred stocks with mandatory redemption requirements and long-term debt are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on the Company's current incremental financing rates for similar types of securities

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in thousands)

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments at December 31 are as follows:

	20	001	2000			
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value		
Preferred stock with mandatory redemption requirements  Long-term debt, including current maturities other than obligations under	\$ 5,380	\$ 5,805	\$ 5,420	\$ 5,504		
capital leases	57,500	55,961	55,000	52,135		

#### **Note 15 - Operating Leases**

The Company has entered into operating leases involving certain facilities and equipment. Rental expenses under operating leases were \$134 in 2001 and \$81 for 2000. The operating leases for their equipment expire over the next six years.

At December 31,2001, the minimum annual future rental commitments under operating leases that have initial or remaining non-cancellable lease terms in excess of one year are \$61 in 2003, \$51 in 2004, \$50 in 2005, and \$34,000 in 2006.

#### Note 16 - Commitments and Contingencies

The Company's construction program for 2002 is estimated to cost approximately \$16,633. Commitments have been made in connection with certain projects included in this program.

The Company is routinely involved in legal actions. In the opinion of management, none of these matters will have a material adverse effect, if any, on the financial position or results of operations of the Company.

**Other Information** 



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#### **Report of Independent Accountants**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of Kentucky-American Water Company

Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP

In our opinion, the accompanying Historical Review, except for that portion marked "audited", on which we express no opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements, taken as a whole, of Kentucky-American Water Company (a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc.) for the years ended December 31,2001 and 2000, which are covered by our reported dated February 1,2002 presented in the first section of this document. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Historical Review is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information, except for that portion marked "audited" has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements.

February 1,2002

Historical Review

(Dollars in thousands, except per customer amounts)

For the years ended December 31,	2	001		2000		1999		1998	1997	 1991
Utility plant (excluding CWIP)	\$	240,619	\$	226,877	\$	215,556	\$	201,191	\$ 191,534	\$ 125,976
Accumulated depreciation		(48,781)	_	(42,762)		(38,597)	_	(34,972)	 (30,895)	 (15,913
Net utility plant	\$	191,838	\$	184,115	\$	176,959	\$	166,219	\$ 160,639	\$ 110,063
Net plant per customer *	\$	1,859	\$	1,860	\$	1,806	\$	1,787	\$ 1,785	\$ 1,412
Construction expenditures	\$	13,794	\$	11,829	\$	18,386	\$	14,137	\$ 12,721	\$ 12,891
Total assets	\$	223,551	\$	210,299	\$	203,600	\$	189,954	\$ 178,479	\$ 128,602
Capitalization at year end										
Common equity	\$	60,997	\$	59,320	\$	58,276	\$	56,842	\$ 49,216	\$ 32,307
Preferred stack		6,950		6,990		7,038		7,086	7,134	3,422
Long-term debt - includes current portion		57,500		55,000		67,000		67,000	 64,000	 42,540
	\$	125,447	\$	121,310	\$	132,314	\$	130,928	\$ 120,350	\$ 78,269
Customers served										
Residential *		93		89		87		84	81	70
Commerciai *		8		8		8		8	7	7
Industrial *		-		-		-		-	1	-
Fire service &Other'	_	2		2		1		1	1	 1
	_	103		99		96		93	90	 78
Water sales (gallons)										
Residential *		5,916		5,825		5,959		5,720	5,357	4,848
Commercial *		4,256		4,234		4,336		4,251	4,075	3,902
Industrial *		901		973		1,067		1,144	1,081	841
Public and other *		1,803		1,822	_	1,998		1,860	 1,759	 1,787
		12,876	_	12,854	_	13,360	_	12,975	 12,272	 11,378
Annual sales per customer (gallons)^		125		130		139		140	136	146
Operating revenues										
Water service										
Residential	\$	21,512	\$	19,577	\$	19,534	\$	18,866	\$ 17,437	\$ 12,642
Commercial		10,789		10,155		10,302		10,063	9,451	7,671
Industrial		1,587		1,583		1,728		1,848	1,704	1,195
Fire service		2,567		2,519		2,446		2,368	2,281	1,724
Public and other		3,980		3,739		4,050		3,057	2,945	2,821
Wastewater service		31		31		28		29	-	-
Other water revenues		1,012		1,116		1,016	_	1,513	 1,431	 163
	\$	41,478	\$	38,720	\$	39,104	\$	37,744	\$ 35,249	\$ 26,216
Annual revenue per customer *	\$	402	\$	391	\$	407	\$	406	\$ 392	\$ 336
Net income			\$	5.659	\$	7.134	\$	6.858	\$ 6.047	\$ 4.411
Coverage ratios										
On long-term debt interest before income taxes *		3.4		2.9		3.2		3.2	3.0	2.7
On total interest before income taxes *		3.0		2.6		3.1		3.1	2.9	2.3
On total fixed charges including preferred dividends										
Before income taxes *		2.7		2.3		2.8		2.8	2.6	2.2
After income taxes *		2.0		1.7		2.0		2.0	1.9	1.7

# 

Kentucky-American Water Company

**Financial Statements** 

December 31, 2002 and 2001



PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Two Commerce Square, Suite 1700 2001 Market Street Philadelphia PA 19103-7042 Telephone (267) 330 3000 Facsimile (267) 330 3300

#### Report of Independent Accountants

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders Kentucky-American Water Company

Dicentulous Coopers LCP

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheets and the related statements of income, of capitalization, of retained earnings and stockholders' equity and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kentucky-American Water Company (a whollyowned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc.) at December 31,2002 and 2001, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

February 6,2003

#### KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Balance Sheet

(Dollars in thousands)

	December 3				
Assets		<u>2002</u>	<u> 2</u>	001	
Property, plant 2nd equipment					
Utility plant - at original cost less accumulated depreciation Utility plant acquisition adjustments, net	\$	206,484 450	\$ 20	359 359	
		206,934	20	01,151	
N CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR		250		250	
Non utility property					
Current assets Cash		699		1,453	
Customer accounts receivable		1,799		1,568	
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(67)		(58)	
Unbilled revenues		2,118		2,137	
Accounts receivable - associated companies		200		72	
Materials and supplier		465		361	
Deferred vacation pay		320		252	
Other		640	-	215	
		6,174		6,000	
Regulatory and other long-term assets		1,455		1,360	
Deferred business service project expense		4,69.7		4,523	
Regulatory asset-income taxes recoverable through rates		786		871	
Debt and preferred stock expense		2,741		3,193	
Deferred programmed maintenance		150		430	
Preliminary survey and investigation		8,305		5,802	
Other		18,134		16,179	
	\$	231,492	\$ 22	23,580	
Capitalization and Liabilities					
Capitalization	\$	36,569	<b>s</b> :	36,569	
Common stock	J	21		21	
Paid-in capital Retained earnings		25,178		24,407	
Total common stockholder's equity		61,768	•	60,997	
Preferred stock		5.740		£ 20N	
With mandatory redemption requirements		5,340		5,380 1,570	
Without mandatory redemption requirements		1,570		44,500	
Long-term debt		68,500		14,500	
Total capitalization		137,178	1	12,447	
Current liabilities		14,649		24,668	
Notes payable - associated companies		-		13,000	
Current portion of long-term debt		421		998	
Accounts payable		102		27	
Accounts payable - associated companies		89		250	
Taxes accrued		1,457		853	
Interest accrued Tar collections pay able		315		215	
Accrued vacation pay		320		252	
Other	-	1,388		2,035	
		18,741		42,298	
Regulatory and other long-term liabilities		11,047		9,365	
Customer advances for construction		31,233		28,174	
Deferred income taxes		1,642		1,726	
Deferred investment tax credits		1,675		1,362	
A corned pension expense		299		299	
Accrued postretirement benefits expense Other		540		392	
		46,436		41,318	
Contributions in aid of construction					
Commitments and contingencies					
	\$	231,492	<b>\$</b> 2	23,580	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# **KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Statement of Income**

(Dollars **in** thousands)

# Years Ended December 31,

Operating revenues	\$ 43,627	\$ 41,478
Operating expenses		
Operation and maintenance	20,046	17,800
Depreciation and amortization	6,373	5,981
General taxes	2,201	1,831
	28,620	25,612
Utility operating income	15,007	15,866
Other income (deductions)		
Allowance for other funds used during construction	441	300
Miscellaneous other income	9	785
Miscellaneous other deductions	(\$57)	
Income before interest charges and income taxes	14,900	16,951
Interest charges		
Interest on long-term debt	4,691	4,767
Interest on bank debt	252	486
Amortization of debt expense	87	79
Other interest	14	55
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	(211)	(149)
Income before income taxes	10,067	11,713
Provision for income tares		
Federal income taxes	3,186	3,711
State income taxes	859	992
Net income	6,022	7,010
Dividends on preferred stock	534	537
Net income to common stock	\$ 5,488	\$ 6,473

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# **Statement of Cash Flows**

(Dollars **in** thousands)

(Dollars <b>in</b> thousands)	Years Ended 2002	ded December 31, 2001		
Cash flaws from operating activities	,			
Net income	\$ 6,022	\$ 7,010		
Adjustments:				
Depreciation and amortization	6,373	5,981		
Amortization, other	1,840	1,031		
Provision for deferred income taxes	3,038	899		
Amortization of deferred investment tax credits	(85)	. (85)		
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	258	200		
Allowance for other funds used during construction	(441)	(300)		
Pension expense in excess of funding	313	385		
Deferred regulatory assets	(95)	(1,212)		
Other, net	(2,165)	(3,071)		
Changes in current assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable	(608)	2		
Unbilled revenues	. 19	(52)		
Materials and supplies	(104)	70		
Other current assets	(493)	167		
Accounts payable	(502)	(795)		
Taxes accrued	(161)	69		
Interest accrued	604	165		
Other current liabilities	(479)	1,352		
Net cash provided by operating activities	13,334	11,816		
Cash flows from investing activities				
Construction expenditures	(13,904)	(13,794)		
Allowance for other funds used during construction	441	300		
Cost of removal, net of salvage	(400)	289		
Payment for acquisition of public service district assets		(1,686)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(13,863)	(14,891)		
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from long-term debt issuance	24,000	15,500		
Net borrowings (repayments) under line-of-credit agreement	(10,019)	3,837		
Repayment of long-term debt	(13,000)	(13,000)		
Customer advances and contributions, net of refunds	4,088	2,878		
Redemption of preferred stock	(40)	(40)		
Dividends paid	(5,251)	(5,333)		
Debt issuance cost	(3)	(117)		
Net cash provided by financing activities	(225)	3,725		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(754)	650		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,453	803		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 699	\$ 1.453		
Cash paid during the year for:	E 4050	¢ £ 144		
Interest, net of capitalized amount	\$ 4,353	\$ 5,144		
Income taxes	\$ 1,217	\$ 3,240		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# **KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Statement of Capitalization**

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Donars in thousands, except per site	Call Price			31,	
	Per Share		<u> 2002</u>		2001
Common stockholder's equity					
Common stockholder's equity  Common stock - no par value, authorized					
2,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding 1,567,391 shares					
in 2002 and 2001		\$	36,569	\$	36,569
Paid in capital			21		21
Retained earnings			25,178		24,407
realined carmings			61.768		60.997
			01.700		00.557
Preferred stocks • \$100 par value, authorized 25,000 shares					
Without mandatory redemption requirements					
Cumulative preferred stock	* ***		150		450
5.75% series, 4,700 shares issued and outstanding	\$ 101.00		470		470
5.5% series, 5,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$ 100.50		500		500
5.% series, 6,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$ 101.00		600		600
			1,570		1,570
With mandatory redemption requirements					
Cumulative preferred stock					
7.9% series, 8,400 and 8,800 shares issued and outstanding					
in 2002 and 2001, respectively	\$ 100.00		840		880
8.47% series, 45,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$ 100.00		4,500		4,500
			5,340		5.380
Long-term debt					
General mortgage bonds					
7.21% series due 2002			-		13,000
6.79% series due 2005			5,500		5,500
6.96% series due 2023			7,000		7,000
7.15% series due 2027			7,500		7,500
6.99% series due 2028			9,000		9,000
Notes payable to affiliate					
5.65% series due 2007			24,000		-
6.87% series due2011			15,500		15,500
			68,500		57,500
Less: Current portion of long-term debt			-		13,000
Long-term debt net of current maturities			68,500		44,500
Total capitalization		\$ 1	37,178	\$	112,447

# **KENTUCKY-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY Statement of Retained Earnings and Stockholders' Equity**

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Common Stock		Common Stock		Paid-in	Retained	Stockholders'
	Shares	Par Value	Capital	Earnings	Equity		
Balance at December 31, 2000	1,567,391	\$ 36,569	\$ 21	\$ 22,730	\$ 59,320		
Net income				7,010	7,010		
Dividends							
Preferred stock	-	-		(537)	(537)		
Common stock, \$2.60 per share			<del></del>	(4,796)	(4,796)		
Balance at December 31, 2001	1,567,391	36,569	21	24,407	60,997		
Net income			-	6,022	6,022		
Dividends							
Preferred stock			-	(534)	(534)		
Common stock, \$3.06 per share			<u> </u>	(4,717)	(4,717)		
Balance at December 31, 2002	1,567,391	\$ 36,569	\$ 21	\$ 25,178	\$ 61,768		

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31,2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

# Note 1 - Organization and Operation

Kentucky-American Water Company (the Company) provides water service to approximately 105,000 customers and wastewater service to approximately 84 customers. These services are provided in 10 communities located in 10 counties in the state of Kentucky. As a public utility operating in Kentucky, the Company functions under rules and regulations prescribed by the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Kentucky (the Commission). The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc. (American).

# **Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies**

# Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### Regulation

The Company has incurred various costs and received various credits, which have been reflected as regulatory assets and liabilities on its balance sheet. Accounting for such costs and credits as regulatory assets and liabilities is in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 71, "Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation" (SFAS No. 71). This statement sets forth the application of generally accepted accounting principles for those companies whose rates are established by or are subject to approval by an independent third-party regulator. Under SFAS No. 71, regulated companies defer costs and credits on the balance sheet as regulatory assets and liabilities when it is probable that those costs and credits will be recognized in the rate-making process in a period different from the period in which they would have been reflected in income by an unregulated company. These deferred regulatory assets and liabilities are then reflected in the income statement in the period in which the same amounts are reflected in the rates charged for service.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31,2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

# Note 2 (continued)

# Property, Plant and Equipment

Additions to utility plant and replacements of retirement units of property are capitalized. Costs include material, direct labor and such indirect items as engineering and supervision, payroll taxes and benefits, transportation and an allowance for funds used during construction. The costs incurred to acquire and internally develop computer software for internal use are capitalized as a unit of property. Repairs, maintenance and minor replacements of property are charged to current operations. The cost of property units retired in the ordinary course of business plus removal cost (net of salvage) is charged to accumulated depreciation. The cost of property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method. The depreciation rates, based on the average balance of depreciable property, were 2.63 % in 2002 and 2.69% in 2001.

In accordance with the Commission's regulations, depreciation on contributed facilities is charged to contributions in aid of construction. Such depreciation amounted to \$784 in 2002 and \$642 in 2001.

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

Substantially all of the Company's cash is invested in interest bearing accounts. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents held at December 31,2002 or 2001.

# Materials and Supplies

Materials and supplies are stated at average cost.

# Regulatory and Long-Term Assets

Deferred business services project expenses consist of reengineering and start-up activities for consolidated customer and shared administrative service centers that are being established by American. These costs are being deferred as it is expected that these costs will be recovered in the rates charged for utility service in the future.

The Company has deferred \$1,703 related to the cost of increased security measures that were implemented to secure facilities after the terrorist attacks on September 11,2001. These costs are being deferred as it is expected that these costs will be recovered in the rates charged for utility service in the future.

The Company has recorded a regulatory asset for the additional revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse. These temporary differences are primarily related to the difference between book and

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31,2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

# Note 2 (continued)

tax depreciation on property placed in service before the adoption by the Commission of full normalization for rate-making purposes.

The regulatory asset for income taxes recoverable through rates is net of the reduction expected in future revenues as deferred taxes previously provided, attributable to the difference between the state and federal income tax rates under prior law and the current statutory rates, reverse over the average remaining service lives of the related assets.

Debt expense is amortized over the lives of the respective issues. Call premiums on the redemption of long-term debt, as well as unamortized debt expense, are deferred and amortized to the extent they will be recovered through future service rates. Expenses of prefened stock issues without sinking fund provisions are amortized over 30 years from the date of issue; expenses of issues with sinking fund provisions are charged to operations as shares are retired.

Preliminary survey and investigation charges generally relate to future construction projects. Management believes these costs will ultimately be recovered through rates.

Programmed maintenance costs are deferred and amortized to current operations on a straight-line basis over a period ranging between five and fifteen years, as authorized by the Commission in their determination of rates charged for service.

#### Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities at December 31,2002 and 2001 include payables of \$600 and \$929, respectively, which represent checks issued but not presented to the bank for payment.

## Advances and Contributions in Aid of Construction

The Company may receive advances and contributions to fund construction necessary to extend service to new areas. As determined by the Commission, advances for construction **are** refundable for limited periods of time as new customers begin to receive service. Amounts which are no longer refundable are reclassified to contributions in aid of construction.

Utility plant funded by advances and contributions is excluded from rate base and is not depreciated for rate-making purposes. Generally, advances and contributions received during the period of January 1, 1987 through June 12, 1996 have been included in taxable income and the related property is depreciable for tax purposes. As a result of a tax law change, advances and contributions received subsequent to June 12, 1996 are excluded from taxable income and the related property is not depreciable for tax purposes.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31,2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

# Note 2 (continued)

On January 11,2001 the Internal Revenue Service issued regulations that excluded lateral service lines from its definition of contributions in aid of construction that are not included in taxable income. These customer connection fees are defined as the cost of installing a connection or service line from the Company's main lines to the lines owned by the customer. The regulations were effective immediately, but the Company does not have customer connection fees.

# Recognition of Revenues

Water service revenues for financial reporting purposes include amounts billed to customers on a cycle basis and unbilled amounts based on estimated usage from the date of the latest meter reading to the end of the accounting period.

#### Income Taxes

The Company, its parent and affiliates participate in a consolidated federal income tax retum. Federal income tax expense for financial reporting purposes is provided on a separate retum basis, except that the federal income tax rate applicable to the consolidated group is applied to separate company taxable income and the benefit of net operating losses, if any, is recognized currently.

Certain income and expense items are accounted for in different time periods for financial reporting than for income tax reporting purposes. Deferred income taxes have been provided on the difference between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and the amounts at which they are carried in the financial statements. These deferred income taxes are based on the enacted tax rates anticipated to be in effect when such temporary differences are expected to reverse. Regulatory assets and liabilities are recognized for the effect on revenues expected to be realized as the tax effects of temporary differences previously flowed through to customers reverse.

Investment tax credits have been deferred and are being amortized to income over the average estimated service lives of the related assets.

## Allowance for Funds Used During Construction (AFUDC)

AFUDC is a non-cash adjustment to income with a corresponding charge to utility plant, which represents the cost of borrowed funds and a return on equity funds devoted to plant under construction. AFUDC is recorded to the extent permitted by the Commission.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31,2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

# Note 2 (continued)

#### Environmental Costs

Environmental expenditures that relate to current operations or provide a future benefit are expensed or capitalized as appropriate. Remediation costs that relate to an existing condition caused by past operations are accrued when it is probable that these costs will be incurred and can be reasonably estimated. There were no remediation costs accrued at December 31,2002 and 2001.

#### Asset Impairment

Long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangible assets held and used by the Company are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets, on a separate entity basis, may not be recoverable. If the sum of the future cash flows expected to result from the use of the assets and their eventual disposition is less than the carrying amount of the assets, an impairment loss is recognized. Measurement of an impairment loss would be based on the fair value of the assets. A regulatory asset is charged to earnings if and when future recovery in rates of that asset is no longer probable.

# Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to conform previously reported data to the current presentation.

# **Note 3 - Utility Plant**

The components of utility plant at December 31 are as follows:

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Water plant		
Sources of supply	\$ 7,344	\$ 6,926
Treatment and pumping	45,561	45,017
Transmission and distribution	133,231	125,485
Services, meters, and fire hydrants	50,763	47,024
General structures and equipment	16,605	16,167
Construction work in progress	7,223	8,954
	260,727	249,573
Less - accumulated depreciation	(54,243)	(48,781)
	\$206 484	¢ 200 702

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31,2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

# Note 3 (continued)

Depreciation expense amounted to \$5,620 in 2002 and \$5,374 in 2001.

#### Note 4 - Preferred Stocks

Preferred stock agreements have annual minimum sinking fund payments of \$40 in 2003 through 2007. The 7.9% series sinking fund payment of \$40 is at the option of the Company.

# Note 5 - Long-Term Debt

Maturities of long-term debt will amount to \$0 in 2003 and 2004, \$5,500 in 2005, \$0 in 2006 and \$24,000 in 2007.

The general mortgage bond indentures, as supplemented, contain clauses restricting the declaration of common stock dividends and other distributions on capital stock if common stockholder's equity falls below a specified amount. There were no restrictions at December 31, 2002.

The general mortgage bonds are issuable in series. No bonds senior to the general mortgage bonds may be issued so long as the general mortgage bonds are outstanding. The amount of bonds authorized is unlimited as long as long-term debt does not exceed 65% of capitalization. Long-term debt is secured by utility plant.

The senior notes are unsecured and were issued to American Water Capital Corp. (AWCC) for the principal amount. AWCC provided the funding for this note by itself issuing senior notes to institutional investors at a price equal to the principal amount.

#### **Note 6 - Affiliate Borrowings**

During 2002, the Company maintained a line of credit through AWCC, an affiliate (see Note 12). AWCC has a 364-day \$500 million revolving credit agreement with a group of 11 domestic and international banks. No compensating balances are required under the agreement. AWCC also issues commercial paper, and the revolving credit agreement also supports these borrowings.

At December 31,2002 and 2001, there were \$14,649 and \$24,668 of short-term borrowings outstanding, respectively. The weighted average annual interest rate on these

# Notes to Financial Statements December **31,2002** and **2001**(Dollars in thousands)

# Note 6 (continued)

borrowings was 2.27% and 5.60% respectively. The unused line of credit at December 31,2002 was \$7,851.

# Note 7 - General Taxes

Components of general tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Gross receipts and franchise	\$ 75	\$ 74
Property and capital stock	1,685	1,313
Payroll	441	444
	\$2,201	\$1,831

# Note 8 - Income Taxes

Components of income tax expense for the years presented in the statement of income are as follows:

	2	2002	2	2001
State income taxes: Current	\$	407	\$	782
Deferred				
Non-current		452		210
	\$	859	\$	992
Federal income taxes:				
Current	\$	685	\$ 3	3,107
Deferred				
Non-current	2	2,586		689
Amortization of deferred investment tax credits		(85)		(85)
	<u>\$ 3</u>	3,186	\$3	3,711

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31,2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

# **Note 8 (continued)**

A reconciliation of income tax expense at the statutory federal income tax rate to the actual income tax expense is as follows:

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Income tax at statutory rate of 35%	\$3,523	\$4,100
Increases (decreases) resulting from •		
State taxes, net of federal income taxes	558	645
Flow through differences	10	72
Amortization of investment tax credits	(85)	(85)
Other, net	39	(29)
Actual income tax expense	\$4,045	\$4,703

The following table provides the components of the net deferred tax liability at December 31:

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
<b>Deferred</b> tax assets:		
Advances and contributions	\$ 4,038	\$ 3,927
Deferred investment credits	662	731
Deferred OPEB	121	121
Other - Pension	676	550
Other	1,111	2,164
	6,608	7,493
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Utility plant, principally due to depreciation differences	31,571	29,342
Utility plant acquisition adustments	182	145
Income taxes recoverable through rates	1,031	1,013
Deferred security costs	687	120
Deferred financial and customer service costs	222	184
Other	4,148	4,863
	37,841	35,667
Net deferred tax liability	\$ 31,233	<b>ድ</b> ንዩ 1 <i>71</i>

No valuation allowances were required on deferred tax assets at December 31,2002 and 2001, as management believes it is more likely than not that these assets will be realized.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31,2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

#### **Note 9 - Rate Matters**

As necessary, the Company applies to the Commission for changes in the rates charged for service. The rate increase request is based on the level of operating expenses and capital costs that are expected to be in effect when the rates become effective. The revenues requested are based on forecasted sales, operating expenses and investments for the test year selected by the Company.

The Company has received approval from the Commission to increase its rates for service as follows:

Effective Dates	Requested Annual Effect on Revenues	Estimated Annual Effect on Revenues Granted	Estimated Revenue Realized in 2001
05/09/01	\$4,685	\$2,568	\$2,368

On April 28,2000, the Company filed a rate application with the Commission, requesting \$5.034 million in additional annual revenues that was subsequently revised to \$4.685 million or 11.69%.

On December 12,2000, the Commission issued an Order adjusting its original Order dated November 27,2000. The adjusted order corrected errors in the initial ruling and reduced the allowed revenue increase from \$2.518 million to \$2.171 million to be effective for service rendered on and after November 27,2000.

On May 9,2001, a final decision was issued which addressed appeals from reconsideration made by the Company and the State Attorney General. The final decision adjusted the authorized revenue increase from \$2.171 to \$2.568 million or 6.42% of total operating revenues.

# **Note 10 - Employee Benefit Plans**

Employees' Stock Ownership Plan

The Company participates in an Employees' Stock Ownership Plan sponsored by American, which provides for beneficial ownership of American common stock by all associates who are not included in a bargaining unit. Each participating associate can elect to contribute an amount that does not exceed 2% of their wages. In addition to the associate's participation, the Company makes a contribution equivalent to ½% of each participant's qualified compensation,

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

#### Note 10 (continued)

and matches 100% of the contribution by each participant. The Company expensed contributions of \$59 for 2002 and \$62 for 2001 that it made to the plan. See Note 16 regarding the sale of American's common stock.

# Savings Plan for Employees

The Company participates in a 401(k) Savings Plan for Employees sponsored by American. All Associates can make contributions that are invested at their direction in one or more funds including a fund consisting entirely of American common stock. The Company matches 50% of the first 4% of each associate's wages contributed to the plan. The Company expensed matching contributions to the plan totaling \$93 for 2002 and \$85 for 2001. All of the Company's matching contributions are invested in the fund of American common stock. See Note 16 regarding the sale of American's common stock.

#### **Note 11 - Postretirement Benefits**

# Pension Benefits

The Company participates in a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan sponsored by American covering substantially all associates. Benefits under the plan are based on the associate's years of service and average annual compensation for those 60 consecutive months of employment, which yield the highest average. Pension cost of the Company is based on an allocation from American of the total cost related to the plan. Information regarding accumulated and projected benefit obligations is not prepared at the subsidiary level. The Company's funding policy is to contribute at least the minimum amount required under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. The Company made contributions to the plan of \$216 in 2002 and no contributions in 2001.

#### Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions

The Company participates in an American plan that provides certain life insurance benefits for retired associates and certain health care benefits for retired associates and their dependents. Substantially all associates may become eligible for these benefits if they reach retirement age while still working for the Company. Retirees and their dependents under age 65 are covered by a point-of-service managed care plan that requires co-payments or an HMO. Associates who elect to retire prior to attaining age 65 are generally required to make contributions towards their medical coverage until attaining age 65. Retirees and their dependents age 65 and over are covered by a Medicare supplement plan. Costs of the Company are based on an allocation from American of the total cost related to the plan.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31,2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

# Note 11 (continued)

Information regarding accumulated and projected benefit obligations is not prepared at the subsidiary level. The Company made contributions to trust funds established for these postretirement benefits of \$560 in 2002 and \$561 in 2001. The Company's policy is to fund postretirement benefits costs accrued.

# **Note 12 - Related Party Transactions**

American Water Works Service Company, Inc. (AWWS), an affiliate, provides certain management services to the Company (administration, accounting, data processing, engineering, etc.) and other operating water companies in the American Water Works System on an at-cost, not-for-profit basis in accordance with a management and service agreement. Purchases of such services by the Company were accounted for as follows:

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Included in operation and maintenance expense		
as a charge against income	\$2,532	\$1,535
Capitalized in various balance sheet accounts	654	765
	\$3,186	\$2,300

The Company provided workspace and information system support for associates of the Southeast Region of AWWS. Charges for direct costs and indirect overhead costs associated with these associates are billed to AWWS on an at-cost, not for profit basis, which amounted to \$15 in 2002 and \$43 in 2001. At December 31,2002, there was no outstanding receivable from this affiliate for these services.

Some of the Company's associates have performed services at cost to AWWS relating to the establishment by American of consolidated customer and shared administrative service centers. The total amount of these services was \$148 in 2002 and \$217 in 2001. At December 31,2002, net amounts receivable from this affiliate for these services were \$47.

The Company has three operating agreements with American Water Services, Inc. (AWS), an affiliate, for the lease of granular activated carbon at one of the Company's water treatment plants. The agreements provide for AWS to regenerate the spent material and return it to the water treatment plant where it originated. Under the terms of the agreements, AWS will provide carbon for a period of thirty-six months beginning in each of March 1999,2000, and

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31,2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

#### Note 12 (continued)

2001. The carbon is scheduled for replacement at thirty-six month intervals and is warranted to perform to specific standards during that period. The Company paid \$87 in 2002 and \$82 in 2001 to AWS under these agreements.

The Company maintains a line of credit through AWCC, an affiliate. The company paid AWCC fees of \$61 in 2002 and \$47 in 2001, preliminary costs of long-term financings of \$3 in 2002 and \$117 in 2001 and interest on borrowings of \$252 in 2002 and \$486 in 2001.

# **Note 13 - Fair Values of Financial Instruments**

The following methods and assumptions were used by the Company in estimating its fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

Current assets and current liabilities: The carrying amount reported in the balance sheet for current assets and current liabilities approximates their fair value.

Preferred stocks with mandatory redemption requirements and long-term debt: The fair values of the Company's preferred stocks with mandatory redemption requirements and long-term debt are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on the Company's current incremental financing rates for similar types of securities.

The canying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments at December 31 are as follows:

	20	2002		001
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Preferred stock with mandatory redemption requirements  Long-term debt, including current	\$ 5,340	\$ 5,287	\$ 5,380	\$ 5,805
maturities maturities	68,500	69,256	57,500	55,961

# **Note 14 - Operating Leases**

The Company has entered into operating leases involving certain facilities and equipment. Rental expenses under operating leases were \$176 in 2002 and \$134 in 2001. The operating leases for their equipment expire over the next six years.

# Notes to Financial Statements December 31,2002 and 2001

(Dollars in thousands)

#### Note 14 (continued)

At December 31,2002, the minimum annual future rental commitments under operating leases that have initial or remaining non-cancellable lease terms in excess of one year are \$120 in 2004, \$81 in 2005, \$38 in 2006 and \$22 in 2007.

# **Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies**

The Company's construction program for 2003 is estimated to cost approximately \$13,123. Commitments have been made in connection with certain projects included in this program.

In connection with the merger of American with RWE Aktiengesellschaft (RWE, see Note 16), the Company is subject to an order from the Commission that requires that no rate filings will be submitted until March 2004.

The Company is routinely involved in legal actions. In the opinion of management, none of these matters will have a material adverse effect, if any, on the financial position or results of operations of the Company.

# Note 16 - Subsequent Event - Merger with RWE Aktiengesellschaft

On September 16, 2001, American entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Agreement) with RWE and Thames Water Aqua Holdings GmbH (Thames), which is RWE's holding company for its global water business, to merge with a subsidiary of RWE and become a wholly owned indirect subsidiary of RWE. The transaction was approved at a special meeting of the stockholders of American on January 17, 2002. On January 10, 2003, Apollo Acquisition Company, a Delaware corporation, merged (the Merger) with and into American, pursuant to the Agreement, with American surviving the Merger. Pursuant to the Agreement, each issued and outstanding share of common stock, par value \$1.25 per share, of American has been canceled and converted into the right to receive \$46.00 in cash without interest, plus a stub period dividend of \$0.2153333 per share. As a result of the Merger, American became a wholly owned subsidiary of Thames Water Aqua US Holdings, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Thames.