

**LATE FILED EXHIBIT 1  
ATTACHMENT 2**

The attached document is the Louisiana PSC ordered SQM dated June 27, 2001. This SQM Report Structure contains MSA levels of reporting for CLEC Specific data for the Provisioning and Maintenance metrics.

The other key difference between the KY SQM and LA SQM are the number of measures added to the SQM since the initial LA SQM was developed in the collaborative workshops held with the LA PSC Staff, the CLECs, and BellSouth. The following measurements that are part of the GA SQM and attached KY SQM are not in the LA SQM:

*% Completions/Attempts without Notice or < 24 hrs. Notice, Service Order Accuracy, Mean Time to Notify CLEC of Network Outages, Recurring Charge Completeness, Non-Recurring Charge Completeness, Average Database Update Interval, Percent Database Update Accuracy, Percent NXXs and LRNs Loaded by LERG Effective Date, Timeliness of Documents Associated with Change, Change Management Documentation Average Delay Days, Notification of CLEC Interface Outages, Percentage of BFR/NBR Requests Processed Within 30 Business Days, and Percentage of Quotes Provided for Authorized BFR/NBR Requests Processed Within X (10/30/60) Business Days.*

However, the LA SQM does contain two new LNP measurements, *LNP – Average Time out of Service for LNP Conversions*, and *LNP- Percentage of Time BellSouth Applies the 10-digit Trigger Prior to the LNP Order Due Date*.

# **ATTACHMENT 2**

# **BellSouth Service Quality Measurement Plan (SQM)**

**Louisiana Performance Metrics**

**Measurement Descriptions  
Version 1.00**

**Issue Date: June 27, 2001**

## Introduction

The BellSouth Service Quality Measurement Plan (SQM) describes in detail the measurements produced to evaluate the quality of service delivered to BellSouth's customers both wholesale and retail. The SQM was developed to respond to the requirements of the Communications Act of 1996 Section 251 (96 Act) which required BellSouth to provide non-discriminatory access to Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLEC)<sup>1</sup> and their Retail Customers. The reports produced by the SQM provide regulators, CLECs and BellSouth the information necessary to monitor the delivery of non-discriminatory access.

This plan results from the many divergent forces evolving from the 96 Act. The 96 Act, the Georgia Public Service Commission (GPSC) Order (Orders of 12/30/97 and 1/12/01 in Docket 7892-U), LCUG 1-7.0, the FCC's NPRM (CC Docket 98-56 RM9101 04/17/98), the Louisiana Public Service Commission (LPSC) Orders (Docket U-22252 Subdocket C 04/19/98 and 02/21/01), numerous arbitration cases, LPSC sponsored collaborative workshops (10/98-02/00), and proceedings in Alabama, Mississippi, North Carolina and Tennessee have influenced and continue to influence the SQM.

The SQM and the reports flowing from it must change to reflect the dynamic requirements of the industry. New measurements are added as new products, systems, and processes are developed and fielded. New products and services are added as the markets for them develop and the processes stabilize. The measurements are also changed to reflect changes in systems, correct errors, and respond to both 3<sup>rd</sup> Party audit requirements and regulatory requirements.

This document is intended for use by someone with knowledge of telecommunications industry, information technologies and a functional knowledge of the subject areas covered by the BellSouth Performance Measurements and the reports that flow from them.

Once it is approved, the most current copy of this document can be found on the web at URL: <https://pmap.bellsouth.com> in the Help folder.

## Report Publication Dates

Each month, SQM reports will be posted to BellSouth's SQM web site (<https://www.pmap.bellsouth.com>) by 8:00 A.M. EST on the 20th day of each month or the first business day after the 21st. Validated SQM reports will be posted by 8:00 A.M. on the last day of the month. Reports not posted by this time will be considered late for SEEM payment purposes. SEEM reports will be posted on the same day as the SQM validated reports. Validated SEEM reports will be posted on the 15th of the following month. Payments due will also be paid on the 15th of the following month. For instance: May data will be posted in SQM reports on June 20. Validated SQM reports and preliminary SEEM reports will be posted on the last day of June. Final validated SEEM reports will be posted and payments mailed on July 15th.

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*1. Alternative Local Exchange Companies (ALEC) and Competing Local Providers (CLP) are referred to as Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLEC) in this document.*

## Report Delivery Methods

CLEC SQM and SEEM reports will be considered delivered when posted to the web site. The Louisiana Public Service Commission (LPSC) will be given access to the web site. In addition, a copy of the Monthly State Summary reports will be filed with the LPSC as soon as possible after the last day of each month.

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## Section 1: Operations Support Systems (OSS)

### OSS-1: Average Response Time and Response Interval (Pre-Ordering/Ordering)

#### Definition

Average response time and response intervals are the average times and number of requests responded to within certain intervals for accessing legacy data associated with appointment scheduling, service & feature availability, address verification, request for Telephone numbers (TNs), and Customer Service Records (CSRs).

#### Exclusions

None

#### Business Rules

The average response time for retrieving pre-order/order information from a given legacy system is determined by summing the response times for all requests submitted to the legacy systems during the reporting period and dividing by the total number of legacy system requests for that month.

The response interval starts when the client application (LENS or TAG for CLECs and RNS or ROS for BellSouth) submits a request to the legacy system and ends when the appropriate response is returned to the client application. The number of accesses to the legacy systems during the reporting period which take less than 2.3 seconds, the number of accesses which take more than 6 seconds, and the number of accesses which are less than or equal to 6.3 seconds are also captured.

#### Calculation

**Response Time** = (a - b)

- a = Date & Time of Legacy Response
- b = Date & Time of Legacy Request

**Average Response Time** = c ÷ d

- c = Sum of Response Times
- d = Number of Legacy Requests During the Reporting Period

#### Report Structure

- Not CLEC Specific
- Not Product/Service Specific
- Regional Level

#### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Legacy Contract (per reporting dimension)</li> <li>• Response Interval</li> <li>• Regional Scope</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Legacy Contract (per reporting dimension)</li> <li>• Response Interval</li> <li>• Regional Scope</li> </ul>



**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>RSAG – Address</b> (Regional Street Address Guide-Address) – stores street address information used to validate customer addresses. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system.</li> <li>• <b>RSAG – TN</b> (Regional Street Address Guide-Telephone number) – contains information about facilities available and telephone numbers working at a given address. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system.</li> <li>• <b>ATLAS</b> (Application for Telephone Number Load Administration and Selection) – acts as a warehouse for storing telephone numbers that are available for assignment by the system. It enables CLECs and BellSouth service reps to select and reserve telephone numbers. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system.</li> <li>• <b>COFFI</b> (Central Office Feature File Interface) – stores information about product and service offerings and availability. CLECs query this legacy system.</li> <li>• <b>DSAP</b> (DOE Support Application) – provides due date information. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system.</li> <li>• <b>HAL/CRIS</b> (Hands-Off Assignment Logic/Customer Record Information System) – a system used to access the Business Office Customer Record Information System (BOCRIS). It allows BellSouth servers, including LENS, access to legacy systems. CLECs query this legacy system.</li> <li>• <b>P/SIMS</b> (Product/Services Inventory Management System) - provides information on capacity, tariffs, inventory and service availability. CLECs query this legacy system.</li> <li>• <b>OASIS</b> (Obtain Available Services Information Systems) - Information on feature and rate availability. BellSouth queries this legacy system.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parity + 4 seconds.</li> </ul>

OSS-1: Average Response Time and Response Interval (Pre-Ordering/Ordering)

**Table 1: Legacy System Access Times For RNS**

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec.	> 6 sec.	≤ 6.3 sec.	Avg. Sec.	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	x	x	x	x
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	x	x	x	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	x	x	x	x	x
DSAP	DSAP	Schedule	x	x	x	x	x
CRIS	CRSACCTS	CSR	x	x	x	x	x
OASIS	OASISCAR	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x	x
OASIS	OASISLPC	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x	x
OASIS	OASISMTN	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x	x
OASIS	OASISBIG	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x	x

**Table 2: Legacy System Access Times For R0S**

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec.	> 6 sec.	≤6.3 sec.	Avg. sec.	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	x	x	x	x
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	x	x	x	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	x	x	x	x	x
DSAP	DSAP	Schedule	x	x	x	x	x
CRIS	CRSOCSR	CSR	x	x	x	x	x
OASIS	OASISBIG	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x	x

**Table 3: Legacy System Access Times For LENS<sup>1</sup>**

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec.	> 6 sec.	≤6.3 sec.	Avg. sec.	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	x	x	x	x
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	x	x	x	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	x	x	x	x	x
DSAP	DSAP	Schedule	x	x	x	x	x
HAL	HAL/CRIS	CSR	x	x	x	x	x
COFFI	COFFI/USOC	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x	x
P/SIMS	PSIMS/ORB	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x	x

Note<sup>1</sup>: CLEC specific data is not available in this measure. Queries of this sort do not have company specific signatures.

**Table 4: Legacy System Access Times For TAG<sup>2</sup>**

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec.	> 6 sec.	≤6.3 sec.	Avg. sec.	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	x	x	x	x
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	x	x	x	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	x	x	x	x	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-MLH	TN	x	x	x	x	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-DID	TN	x	x	x	x	x
DSAP	DSAP	Schedule	x	x	x	x	x
CRIS	CRSECSRL	CSR	x	x	x	x	x
CRIS	CRSECSR	CSR	x	x	x	x	x

Note<sup>2</sup>: CLEC specific data is not available in this measure. Queries of this sort do not have company specific signatures.

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No <sup>3</sup>	Tier I	
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

Note<sup>3</sup>: Remedies will not apply until the conclusion of the 3rd Party Audit to determine “Parity by Design”.

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>RSAG – Address</b> (Regional Street Address Guide-Address) – stores street address information used to validate customer addresses. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system.</li> <li>• <b>RSAG – TN</b> (Regional Street Address Guide-Telephone number) – contains information about facilities available and telephone numbers working at a given address. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system.</li> <li>• <b>ATLAS</b> (Application for Telephone Number Load Administration and Selection) – acts as a warehouse for storing telephone numbers that are available for assignment by the system. It enables CLECs and BellSouth service reps to select and reserve telephone numbers. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system.</li> <li>• <b>COFFI</b> (Central Office Feature File Interface) – stores information about product and service offerings and availability. CLECs query this legacy system.</li> <li>• <b>DSAP</b> (DOE Support Application) – provides due date information. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system.</li> <li>• <b>HAL/CRIS</b> (Hands-Off Assignment Logic/Customer Record Information System) – a system used to access the Business Office Customer Record Information System (BOCRIS). It allows BellSouth servers, including LENS, access to legacy systems. CLECs query this legacy system.</li> <li>• <b>P/SIMS</b> (Product/Services Inventory Management system) – provides information on capacity, tariffs, inventory and service availability. CLECs query this legacy system.</li> <li>• <b>OASIS</b> (Obtain Available Services Information Systems) – Information on feature and rate availability. BellSouth queries this legacy system.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parity + 4 seconds</li> </ul>

OSS-1: Average Response Time and Response Interval (Pre-Ordering/Ordering)

**SEEM OSS Legacy Systems**

System	BellSouth	CLEC
<b>Telephone Number/Address</b>		
RSAG-ADDR	RNS, ROS	TAG, LENS
RSAG-TN	RNS, ROS	TAG, LENS
ATLAS	RNS, ROS	TAG, LENS
<b>Appointment Scheduling</b>		
DSAP	RNS, ROS	TAG, LENS
<b>CSR Data</b>		
CRSACCTS	RNS	
CRSOCSR	ROS	
HAL/CRIS		LENS
CRSECSRL		TAG
CRSECSR		TAG
<b>Service/Feature Availability</b>		
OASISBIG	RNS, ROS	

System	BellSouth	CLEC
<b>Service/Feature Availability</b>		
PSIMS/ORB		LENS

OSS-1: Average Response Time and Response Interval (Pre-Ordering/Ordering)

## OSS-2: Interface Availability (Pre-Ordering/Ordering)

### Definition

Percent of time applications are functionally available as compared to scheduled availability. Calculations are based upon availability of applications and interfacing applications utilized by CLECs for pre-ordering and ordering. “Functional Availability” is defined as the number of hours in the reporting period that the applications/interfaces are available to users. “Scheduled Availability” is defined as the number of hours in the reporting period that the applications/interfaces are scheduled to be available.

Scheduled availability is posted on the Interconnections web site: ([www.interconnection.bellsouth.com/oss/oss\\_hour.html](http://www.interconnection.bellsouth.com/oss/oss_hour.html))

### Exclusions

- CLEC-impacting troubles caused by factors outside of BellSouth’s purview, e.g., troubles in customer equipment, troubles in networks owned by telecommunications companies other than BellSouth, etc.
- Degraded service, e.g., slow response time, loss of non-critical functionality, etc.

### Business Rules

This measurement captures the functional availability of applications/interfaces as a percentage of scheduled availability for the same systems. Only full outages are included in the calculations for this measure. Full outages are defined as occurrences of either of the following:

- Application/interfacing application is down or totally inoperative
- Application is totally inoperative for customers attempting to access or use the application. This includes transport outages when they may be directly associated with a specific application.

Comparison to an internal benchmark provides a vehicle for determining whether or not CLECs and retail BellSouth entities are given comparable opportunities for use of pre-ordering and ordering systems.

### Calculation

**Interface Availability (Pre-Ordering/Ordering) = (a ÷ b) X 100**

- a = Functional Availability
- b = Scheduled Availability

### Report Structure

- Not CLEC Specific
- Not Product/Service Specific
- Regional Level

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Legacy Contract Type (per reporting dimension)</li> <li>• Regional Scope</li> <li>• Hours of Downtime</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Legacy Contract Type (per reporting dimension)</li> <li>• Regional Scope</li> <li>• Hours of Downtime</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Regional Level</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ≥ 99.5%</li> </ul>

**OSS Interface Availability**

Application	Applicable to	% Availability
EDI	CLEC	x
TAG	CLEC	x
LENS	CLEC	x
LEO	CLEC	x
LESOG	CLEC	x
LNP Gateway	CLEC	x
COG	CLEC	Under Development
SOG	CLEC	Under Development
DOM	CLEC	Under Development
DOE	CLEC/BST	x
SONGS	CLEC/BST	x
ATLAS/COFFI	CLEC/BST	x
BOCRIS	CLEC/BST	x
DSAP	CLEC/BST	x
RSAG	CLEC/BST	x
SOCS	CLEC/BST	x
CRIS	CLEC/BST	x

OSS-2: Interface Availability (Pre-Ordering/Ordering)

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No <sup>1</sup>	Tier I	
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

Note<sup>1</sup>: Remedies will not apply until the conclusion of the 3rd Party Audit to determine “Parity by Design”.

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Regional Level	• ≥ 99.5%

**SEEM OSS Interface Availability**

Application	Applicable to	% Availability
EDI	CLEC	x
HAL	CLEC	x
LENS	CLEC	x
LEO Mainframe	CLEC	x
LESOG	CLEC	x
PSIMS	CLEC	x
TAG	CLEC	x

## OSS-3: Interface Availability (Maintenance & Repair)

### Definition

Percent of time applications are functionally available as compared to scheduled availability. Calculations are based upon availability of applications and interfacing applications utilized by CLECs for maintenance and repair. “Functional Availability” is defined as the number of hours in the reporting period that the applications/interfaces are available to users. “Scheduled Availability” is defined as the number of hours in the reporting period that the applications/interfaces are scheduled to be available.

Scheduled availability is posted on the Interconnection web site: ([www.interconnection.bellsouth.com/oss/oss\\_hour.html](http://www.interconnection.bellsouth.com/oss/oss_hour.html))

### Exclusions

- CLEC-impacting troubles caused by factors outside of BellSouth's purview, e.g., troubles in customer equipment, troubles in networks owned by telecommunications companies other than BellSouth, etc.
- Degraded service, e.g., slow response time, loss of non-critical functionality, etc.

### Business Rules

This measurement captures the functional availability of applications/interfaces as a percentage of scheduled availability for the same systems. Only full outages are included in the calculations for this measure. Full outages are defined as occurrences of either of the following:

- Application/interfacing application is down or totally inoperative.
- Application is totally inoperative for customers attempting to access or use the application. This includes transport outages when they may be directly associated with a specific application.

Comparison to an internal benchmark provides a vehicle for determining whether or not CLECs and retail BST entities are given comparable opportunities for use of maintenance and repair systems.

### Calculation

**OSS Interface Availability** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Functional Availability
- b = Scheduled Availability

### Report Structure

- Not CLEC Specific
- Not Product/Service Specific
- Regional Level

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Availability of CLEC TAFI</li> <li>• Availability of LMOS HOST, MARCH, SOCS, CRIS, PREDICTOR, LNP and OSPDM</li> <li>• ECTA</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Availability of BellSouth TAFI</li> <li>• Availability of LMOS HOST, MARCH, SOCS, CRIS, PREDICTOR, LNP and OSPDM</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Regional Level</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>\geq 99.5\%</math></li> </ul>

**OSS Interface Availability (M&R)**

OSS Interface	% Availability
BellSouth TAFI	x
CLEC TAFI	x
CLEC ECTA	x
<b>BellSouth &amp; CLEC</b>	x
CRIS	x
LMOS HOST	x
LNP	x
MARCH	x
OSPCM	x
PREDICTOR	x
SOCS	x

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable



## OSS-4: Response Interval (Maintenance & Repair)

### Definition

The response intervals are determined by subtracting the time a request is received on the BellSouth side of the interface from the time the response is received from the legacy system. Percentages of requests falling into each interval category are reported, along with the actual number of requests falling into those categories.

### Exclusions

None

### Business Rules

This measure is designed to monitor the time required for the CLEC and BellSouth interface system to obtain from BellSouth's legacy systems the information required to handle maintenance and repair functions. The clock starts on the date and time when the request is received on the BellSouth side of the interface and the clock stops when the response has been transmitted through that same point to the requester.

**Note:** The OSS Response Interval BellSouth Total Report is a combination of BellSouth Residence and Business Total.

### Calculation

**OSS Response Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Query Response Date and Time
- b = Query Request Date and Time

**Percent Response Interval** (per category) = (c ÷ d) X 100

- c = Number of Response Intervals in category "X"
- d = Number of Queries Submitted in the Reporting Period

where, "X" is ≤ 4, > 4 - ≤ 10, ≤ 10, > 10, or > 30 seconds.

### Report Structure

- Not CLEC Specific
- Not Product/Service Specific
- Regional Level

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Transaction Intervals</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BellSouth Business and Residential Transactions Intervals</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Regional Level</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parity</li> </ul>

**Legacy System Access Times for M&R**

System	BellSouth & CLEC	Count				
		≤ 4	> 4 - ≤ 10	≤ 10	> 10	> 30
CRIS	x	x	x	x	x	x
DLETH	x	x	x	x	x	x
DLR	x	x	x	x	x	x
LMOS	x	x	x	x	x	x
LMOSupd	x	x	x	x	x	x
LNP	x	x	x	x	x	x
MARCH	x	x	x	x	x	x
OSPCM	x	x	x	x	x	x
Predictor	x	x	x	x	x	x
SOCS	x	x	x	x	x	x
NIW	x	x	x	x	x	x

OSS-4: Response Interval (Maintenance &amp; Repair)

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

## OSS-5A: Loop Makeup - Response Time – Manual

### Definition

This report measures the average interval and percent within the interval from the submission of a Manual Loop Makeup Service Inquiry (LMUSI) to the distribution of Loop Makeup information back to the CLEC.

### Exclusions

- Inquiries, which are submitted electronically.
- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation.
- Weekend hours from 5:00PM Friday until 8:00AM Monday are excluded from the interval calculation.
- Canceled Inquiries.

### Business Rules

The CLEC Manual Loop Makeup Service Inquiry (LMUSI) process includes inquiries submitted via mail or FAX to BellSouth's Complex Resale Support Group (CRSG).

This measurement combines three intervals:

1. From receipt of the Service Inquiry for Loop Makeup to hand off to the Service Advocacy Center (SAC) for "Look-up."
2. From SAC start date to SAC complete date.
3. From SAC complete date to date the Complex Resale Support Group (CRSG) distributes loop makeup information back to the CLEC.

The "Receive Date" is defined as the date the Manual LMUSI is received by the CRSG. It is counted as day Zero. LMU "Return Date" is defined as the date the LMU information is sent back to the CLEC from BellSouth. The interval calculation is reset to Zero when a CLEC initiated change occurs on the Manual LMU request.

**Note:** The Loop Make Up Service Inquiry Form does not require the CLEC to furnish the type of Loop. The CLEC determines whether the loop makeup will support the type of service they wish to order or not and qualifies the loop. If the loop makeup will support the service, a firm order LSR is submitted by the CLEC.

### Calculation

**Response Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time LMUSI returned to CLEC
- b = Date and Time the LMUSI is received

**Average Interval** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Response Intervals
- d = Total Number of LMUSIs received within the reporting period

**Percent within interval** = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Total LMUSIs received within the interval
- f = Total Number of LMUSIs processed within the reporting period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- Geographic Scope
  - State
  - Region
- Interval for manual LMUs:
  - 0 – ≤ 1 day
  - >1 – ≤ 2 days
  - >2 – ≤ 3 days
  - 0 – ≤ 3 days
  - >3 – ≤ 6 days

>6 – ≤ 10 days

> 10 days

- Average Interval in days

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Number of Inquiries</li> <li>• SI Intervals</li> <li>• State and Region</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Loops</li> </ul>	Benchmark <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 95% ≤ 3 Business Days</li> </ul>

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

### SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Loops</li> </ul>	Benchmark <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 95% ≤ 3 Business Days</li> </ul>

## OSS-5B: Loop Make Up - Response Time - Electronic

### Definition

This report measures the average interval and the percent within the interval from the electronic submission of a Loop Makeup Service Inquiry (LMUSI) to the distribution of Loop Makeup information back to the CLEC.

### Exclusions

- Manually submitted inquiries
- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation
- Canceled Requests
- Scheduled OSS Maintenance

### Business Rules

The response interval starts when the CLEC's Mechanized Loop Makeup Service Inquiry (LMUSI) is submitted electronically through the Operational Support Systems interface, LENS, TAG or RoboTAG. It ends when BellSouth's Loop Facility Assignment and Control System (LFACS) responds electronically to the CLEC with the requested Loop Makeup data via LENS, TAG or RoboTAG Interfaces.

**Note:** The Loop Make Up Service Inquiry Form does not require the CLEC to furnish the type of Loop. The CLEC determines whether the loop makeup will support the type of service they wish to order or not and qualifies the loop. If the loop makeup will support the service, a firm order LSR is submitted by the CLEC. EDI is not a pre-ordering system, and, therefore, is not applicable in this measure.

### Calculation

**Response Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time LMUSI returned to CLEC
- b = Date and Time the LMUSI is received

**Average Interval** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all response intervals
- d = Total Number of LMUSIs received within the reporting period

**Percent within interval** = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Total LMUSIs received within the interval
- f = Total Number of LMUSIs processed within the reporting period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- Geographic Scope
  - State
  - Region
- Interval for electronic LMUs:
  - 0 – ≤ 1 minute
  - >1 – ≤ 5 minutes
  - 0 – ≤ 5 minutes
  - > 5 – ≤ 8 minutes
  - > 8 – ≤ 15 minutes
  - > 15 minutes
- Average Interval in minutes

**Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Legacy Contract</li> <li>• Response Interval</li> <li>• Regional Scope</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Loop</li> </ul>	Benchmark <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 90% ≤ 5 Minutes</li> <li>• 90% ≤ 1 Minutes After 6 Months</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Loop</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 90% ≤ 5 Minutes</li> <li>• 90% ≤ 1 Minutes After 6 Months</li> </ul>

## Section 2: Ordering

### O-1: Percent Flow-Through Service Requests (Summary)

#### Definition

The percentage of Local Service Requests (LSR) and LNP Local Service Requests (LNP LSRs) submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued, without manual intervention.

#### Exclusions

- Fatal Rejects
- Auto Clarification
- Manual Fallout
- CLEC System Fallout
- Scheduled OSS Maintenance

#### Business Rules

The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI and LENS), that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued, without manual intervention. These LSRs can be divided into two classes of service: Business and Residence, and two types of service: Resale, and Unbundled Network Elements (UNE). The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs which are submitted manually (for example, fax and courier) or are not designed to flow through (for example, Manual Fallout.)

#### Definitions:

**Fatal Rejects:** Errors that prevent an LSR, submitted electronically by the CLEC, from being processed further. When an LSR is submitted by a CLEC, LEO/LNP Gateway will perform edit checks to ensure the data received is correctly formatted and complete. For example, if the PON field contains an invalid character, LEO/LNP Gateway will reject the LSR and the CLEC will receive a Fatal Reject.

**Auto-Clarification:** Clarifications that occur due to invalid data within the LSR. LESOG/LAUTO will perform data validity checks to ensure the data within the LSR is correct and valid. For example, if the address on the LSR is not valid according to RSAG, or if the LNP is not available for the NPA NXX requested, the CLEC will receive an Auto-Clarification.

**Manual Fallout:** Planned Fallout that occur by design. Certain LSRs are designed to fallout of the Mechanized Order Process due to their complexity. These LSRs are manually processed by the LCSC. When a CLEC submits an LSR, LESOG/LAUTO will determine if the LSR should be forwarded to LCSC for manual handling. Following are the categories for Manual Fallout:

1. Complex\*
2. Special pricing plans
3. Some Partial migrations
4. New telephone number not yet posted to BOCRIS
5. Pending order review required
6. CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in CRIS
7. Expedites (requested by the CLEC)
8. Denials-restore and conversion, or disconnect and conversion orders
9. Class of service invalid in certain states with some types of service
10. Low volume such as activity type "T" (move)
11. More than 25 business lines, or more than 15 loops
12. Transfer of calls option for the CLEC end users
13. Directory Listings (Indentions and Captions)

\* See “LSR Flow-Through Matrix” following O-3A for a list of services, including complex services, and whether LSRs issued for the services are eligible to flow through.

**Total System Fallout:** Errors that require manual review by the LCSC to determine if the error is caused by the CLEC, or is due to BellSouth system functionality. If it is determined the error is caused by the CLEC, the LSR will be sent back to the CLEC for clarification. If it is determined the error is BellSouth caused, the LCSC representative will correct the error, and the LSR will continue to be processed.

**Z Status:** LSRs that receive a supplemental LSR submission prior to final disposition of the original LSR.

### Calculation

**Percent Flow Through** =  $a \div [b - (c + d + e + f)] \times 100$

- a = The total number of LSRs that flow through LESOG/LAUTO and reach a status for a FOC to be issued
- b = the number of LSRs passed from LEO/LNP Gateway to LESOG/LAUTO
- c = the number of LSRs that fall out for manual processing
- d = the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification
- e = the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs
- f = the number of LSRs that receive a Z status.

**Percent Achieved Flow Through** =  $a \div [b - (c + d + e)] \times 100$

- a = the number of LSRs that flow through LESOG/LAUTO and reach a status for a FOC to be issued.
- b = the number of LSRs passed from LEO/LNP Gateway to LESOG/LAUTO
- c = the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification
- d = the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs
- e = the number of LSRs that receive Z status

### Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
  - Region

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Number of LSRs Received, by Interface, by CLEC                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- TAG</li> <li>- EDI</li> <li>- LENS</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Total Number of Errors by Type, by CLEC                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Fatal Rejects</li> <li>- Auto Clarification</li> <li>- CLEC Caused System Fallout</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Total Number of Errors by Error Code</li> <li>• Total Fallout for Manual Processing</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Number of Errors by Type                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- BellSouth System Error</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark <sup>a</sup>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Residence</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Benchmark: 90%, After 6 Months 95%</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Business</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Benchmark: 80%, After 6 Months 90%</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Benchmark: 80%, After 6 Months 90%</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LNP (Standalone)</li> <li>• UNE Loop with LNP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Benchmark: 80%, After 6 Months 90%</li> </ul>



a. Benchmarks do not apply to the "Percent Achieved Flow Through."

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark <sup>a</sup>
• Residence	• Benchmark: 90%, After 6 Months 95%
• Business	• Benchmark: 80%, After 6 Months 90%
• UNE	• Benchmark: 80%, After 6 Months 90%
• LNP (Standalone)	• Benchmark: 80%, After 6 Months 90%

a. Benchmarks do not apply to the "Percent Achieved Flow Through."

## O-2: Percent Flow-Through Service Requests (Detail)

### Definition

A detailed list, by CLEC, of the percentage of Local Service Requests (LSR) and LNP Local Service Requests (LNP LSRs) submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued, without manual or human intervention.

### Exclusions

- Fatal Rejects
- Auto Clarification
- Manual Fallout
- CLEC System Fallout
- Scheduled OSS Maintenance

### Business Rules

The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued, without manual intervention. These LSRs can be divided into two classes of service: Business and Residence, and two types of service: Resale, and Unbundled Network Elements (UNE). The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs, which are submitted manually (for example, fax and courier) or are not designed to flow through (for example, Manual Fallout.)

#### Definitions:

**Fatal Rejects:** Errors that prevent an LSR, submitted electronically by the CLEC, from being processed further. When an LSR is submitted by a CLEC, LEO/LNP Gateway will perform edit checks to ensure the data received is correctly formatted and complete. For example, if the PON field contains an invalid character, LEO/LNP Gateway will reject the LSR and the CLEC will receive a Fatal Reject.

**Auto-Clarification:** Clarifications that occur due to invalid data within the LSR. LESOG/LAUTO will perform data validity checks to ensure the data within the LSR is correct and valid. For example, if the address on the LSR is not valid according to RSAG, or if LNP is not available for the NPA NXXX requested, the CLEC will receive an Auto-Clarification.

**Manual Fallout:** Planned Fallout that occur by design. Certain LSRs are designed to fallout of the Mechanized Order Process due to their complexity. These LSRs are manually processed by the LCSC. When a CLEC submits an LSR, LESOG/LAUTO will determine if the LSR should be forwarded to LCSC for manual handling. Following are the categories for Manual Fallout:

1. Complex\*
2. Special pricing plans
3. Some Partial migrations
4. New telephone number not yet posted to BOCRIS
5. Pending order review required
6. CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in CRIS
7. Expedites (requested by the CLEC)
8. Denials-restore and conversion, or disconnect and conversion orders
9. Class of service invalid in certain states with some types of service
10. Low volume such as activity type "T" (move)
11. More than 25 business lines, or more than 15 loops
12. Transfer of calls option for the CLEC end users
13. Directory Listings (Indentions and Captions)

\* See "LSR Flow-Through Matrix" following O-3A for a list of services, including complex services, and whether LSRs issued for the services are eligible to flow through.

**Total System Fallout:** Errors that require manual review by the LCSC to determine if the error is caused by the CLEC, or is due to BellSouth system functionality. If it is determined the error is caused by the CLEC, the LSR will be sent back to the CLEC for clarification. If it is determined the error is BellSouth caused, the LCSC representative will correct the error, and the LSR will continue to be processed.

**Z Status:** LSRs that receive a supplemental LSR submission prior to final disposition of the original LSR.

### Calculation

**Percent Flow Through** =  $a \div [b - (c + d + e + f)] \times 100$

- a = The total number of LSRs that flow through LESOG/LAUTO and reach a status for a FOC to be issued
- b = the number of LSRs passed from LEO/LNP Gateway to LESOG/LAUTO
- c = the number of LSRs that fall out for manual processing
- d = the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification
- e = the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs
- f = the number of LSRs that receive a Z status.

**Percent Achieved Flow Through** =  $a \div [b - (c + d + e)] \times 100$

- a = the number of LSRs that flow through LESOG/LAUTO and reach a status for a FOC to be issued.
- b = the number of LSRs passed from LEO/LNP Gateway to LESOG/LAUTO
- c = the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification
- d = the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs
- e = the number of LSRs that receive Z status

### Report Structure

Provides the flow through percentage for each CLEC (by alias designation) submitting LSRs through the CLEC mechanized ordering process. The report provides the following:

- CLEC (by alias designation)
- Number of fatal rejects
- Mechanized interface used
- Total mechanized LSRs
- Total manual fallout
- Number of auto clarifications returned to CLEC
- Number of validated LSRs
- Number of BellSouth caused fallout
- Number of CLEC caused fallout
- Number of Service Orders Issued
- Base calculation
- CLEC error excluded calculation

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Number of LSRs Received, by Interface, by CLEC                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- TAG</li> <li>- EDI</li> <li>- LENS</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Total Number of Errors by Type, by CLEC                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Fatal Rejects</li> <li>- Auto Clarification</li> <li>- CLEC Errors</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Total Number of Errors by Error Code</li> <li>• Total Fallout for Manual Processing</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Number of Errors by Type                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- BellSouth System Error</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Residence</li> <li>• Business</li> <li>• UNE</li> <li>• LNP (Standalone)</li> <li>• UNE Loop with LNP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Diagnostic</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

## O-3: Flow-Through Error Analysis

### Definition

An analysis of each error type (by error code) that was experienced by the LSRs that did not flow through or did not reach a status for a FOC to be issued.

### Exclusions

Each Error Analysis is error code specific, therefore exclusions are not applicable.

### Business Rules

The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued. The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs which are submitted manually (for example, fax and courier).

### Calculation

Total for each error type.

### Report Structure

Provides an analysis of each error type (by error code). The report is in descending order by count of each error code and provides the following:

- Error Type (by error code)
- Count of each error type
- Percent of each error type
- Cumulative percent
- Error Description
- CLEC Caused Count of each error code
- Percent of aggregate by CLEC caused count
- Percent of CLEC caused count
- BellSouth Caused Count of each error code
- Percent of aggregate by BellSouth caused count
- Percent of BellSouth by BellSouth caused count.

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Number of LSRs Received</li> <li>• Total Number of Errors by Type (by Error Code)                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- CLEC Caused Errors</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Number of Errors by Type (by Error Code)                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- BellSouth System Error</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Diagnostic</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

## O-3A: CLEC LSR Information

### Definition

A list with the flow through activity of LSRs by CC, PON and Ver, issued by each CLEC during the report period.

### Exclusions

- Fatal Rejects
- LSRs submitted manually

### Business Rules

The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued. The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs which are submitted manually (for example, fax and courier).

### Calculation

NA

### Report Structure

Provides a list with the flow through activity of LSRs by CC, PON and Ver, issued by each CLEC during the report period with an explanation of the of the columns and content. This report is available on a CLEC specific basis. The report provides the following for each LSR.

- CC
- PON
- Ver
- Timestamp
- Type
- Err #
- Note or Error Description

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Record of LSRs Received by CC, PON and Ver</li> <li>• Record of Timestamp, Type, Err # and Note or Error Description for each LSR by CC, PON and Ver</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

<b>SEEM Disaggregation</b>	<b>SEEM Analog/Benchmark</b>
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable



**LSR Flow-Through Matrix**

Product	F/T <sup>3</sup>	Complex Service	Complex Order	Planned F allout For Manual Handling <sup>1</sup>	EDI	TAG <sup>2</sup>	LENS <sup>4</sup>	Comments
2 wire analog DID trunk port	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
2 wire analog port	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	N	
2 wire ISDN digital line side port	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
2 wire ISDN digital loop	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Y	Y	N	
3 Way Calling	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
4 wire analog voice grade loop	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Y	Y	N	
4 wire DS0 & PRI digital loop	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
4 wire DS1 & PRI digital loop	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
4 wire ISDN DSI digital trunk ports	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Accupulse	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
ADSL	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	N	
Area Plus	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Basic Rate ISDN	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N	
Call Block	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Call Forwarding-Variable	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Call Return	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Call Selector	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Call Tracing	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Call Waiting	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Call Waiting Deluxe	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Caller ID	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
CENTREX	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
DID WITH PBX ACT W	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	N	Y	
DID ACT W	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	N	Y	
Digital Data Transport	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Directory Listing Indentions	No	No	No	Yes	Y	Y	Y	
Directory Listings Captions	No	No	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	Y	
Directory Listings (simple)	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
DS3	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
DS1 Loop	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Y	Y	N	
DS0 Loop	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Y	Y	N	
Enhanced Caller ID	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
ESSX	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Flat Rate/Business	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	

**LSR Flow-Through Matrix**

Product	F/T <sup>3</sup>	Complex Service	Complex Order	Planned F allout For Manual Handling <sup>1</sup>	EDI	TAG <sup>2</sup>	LENS <sup>4</sup>	Comments
Flat Rate/Residence	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
FLEXSERV	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Frame Relay	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
FX	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Ga. Community Calling	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
HDSL	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	N	
Hunting MLH	No	C/S <sup>4</sup>	C/S	Yes	Y	Y	N	
Hunting Series Completion	Yes	C/S	C/S	No	Y	Y	Y	
INP to LNP Conversions	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N	
LightGate	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Line Sharing	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	N	
Local Number Portability	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Y	Y	N	
LNP with Complex Listing	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N	
LNP with Partial Migration	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N	
LNP with Complex Services	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N	
Loop+INP	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	N	
Loop+LNP	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	N	
Measured Rate/Bus.	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Measured Rate/Res.	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Megalink	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Megalink-T1	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Memory Call	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Memory Call Ans. Svc.	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Multiserv	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Native Mode LAN Interconnection (NMLI)	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Off-Prem Stations	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Optional Calling Plan	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Package/Complete Choice and area plus	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Pathlink Primary Rate ISDN	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Pay Phone Provider	No	No	No	NA	N	N	N	
PBX Standalone ACT A,C, D	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N	
PBX Trunks	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N	
Port/Loop Combo	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Port/Loop PBX	No	No	No	Yes	Y	Y	N	
Preferred Call Forward	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	

**LSR Flow-Through Matrix**

Product	F/T <sup>3</sup>	Complex Service	Complex Order	Planned F allout For Manual Handling <sup>1</sup>	EDI	TAG <sup>2</sup>	LENS <sup>4</sup>	Comments
RCF Basic	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Remote Access to CF	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Repeat Dialing	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Ringmaster	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Smartpath	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
SmartRING	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Speed Calling	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Synchronet	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N	
Tie Lines	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Touchtone	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Unbundled Loop-Analog 2W, SL1, SL2	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
WATS	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
XDSL	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	N	
XDSL Extended LOOP	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Collect Call Block	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
900 Call Block	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
3rd Party Call Block	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Three Way Call Block	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
PIC/LPIC Change	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
PIC/LPIC Freeze	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	

**Note<sup>1</sup>:** Planned Fallout for Manual Handling denotes those services that are electronically submitted and are not intended to flow through due to the complexity of the service.

**Note<sup>2</sup>:** The TAG column includes those LSRs submitted via Robo TAG.

**Note<sup>3</sup>:** For all services that indicate 'No' for flow-through, the following reasons, in addition to errors or complex services, also prompt manual handling: Expedites from CLECs, special pricing plans, denials restore and conversion or disconnect and conversion both required, partial migrations (although conversions-as-is flow through for issue 9), class of service invalid in certain states with some TOS e.g. government, or cannot be changed when changing main TN on C activity, low volume e.g. activity type T=move, pending order review required, more than 25 business lines, CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in CRIS, Directory listings – Indentions, Directory listings – Captions, transfer of calls option for CLEC end user – new TN not yet posted to BOCRIS. Many are unique to the CLEC environment.

**Note<sup>4</sup>:** Services with C/S in the Complex Service and/or the Complex Order columns can be either complex or simple.

**Note<sup>5</sup>:** EELs are manually ordered.

## O-4: Percent Rejected Service Requests

### Definition

Percent Rejected Service Request is the percent of total Local Service Requests (LSRs) received which are rejected due to error or omission. An LSR is considered valid when it is submitted by the CLEC and passes edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete.

### Exclusions

- Service Requests canceled by the CLEC prior to being rejected/clarified
- Scheduled OSS Maintenance

### Business Rules

**Fully Mechanized:** An LSR is considered “rejected” when it is submitted electronically but does not pass LEO edit checks in the ordering systems (EDI, LENS, TAG, LEO, LESOG, LNP Gateway and LAUTO) and is returned to the CLEC without manual intervention. There are two types of “Rejects” in the Mechanized category:

A **Fatal Reject** occurs when a CLEC attempts to electronically submit an LSR but required fields are either not populated or incorrectly populated and the request is returned to the CLEC before it is considered a valid LSR.

*Fatal rejects are reported in a separate column, and for informational purposes ONLY. Fatal rejects are excluded from the calculation of the percent of total LSRs rejected or the total number of rejected LSRs.*

An **Auto Clarification** occurs when a valid LSR is electronically submitted but rejected from LESOG or LAUTO because it does not pass further edit checks for order accuracy.

**Partially Mechanized:** A valid LSR, which is electronically submitted (via EDI, LENS, TAG) but cannot be processed electronically and “falls out” for manual handling. It is then put into “clarification” and sent back (rejected) to the CLEC.

**Total Mechanized:** Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs electronically submitted by the CLEC.

**Non-Mechanized:** LSRs which are faxed or mailed to the LCSC for processing and “clarified” (rejected) back to the CLEC by the BellSouth service representative.

**Interconnection Trunks:** Interconnection Trunks are ordered on Access Service Requests (ASRs). ASRs are submitted to and processed by the Local Interconnection Service Center (LISC). Trunk data is reported separately.

### Calculation

**Percent Rejected Service Requests** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total Number of Rejected Service Requests in the Reporting Period
- b = Total Number of Service Requests Received in the Reporting Period

### Report Structure

- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
  - State
  - Region
- Product Specific Percent Rejected
- Total Percent Rejected

**Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Number of LSRs</li> <li>• Total Number of Rejects</li> <li>• State and Region</li> <li>• Total Number of ASRs (Trunks)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Mechanized, Partially Mechanized and Non-Mechanized <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Resale - Residence</li> <li>• Resale - Business</li> <li>• Resale – Design (Special)</li> <li>• Resale PBX</li> <li>• Resale Centrex</li> <li>• Resale ISDN</li> <li>• LNP (Standalone)</li> <li>• INP (Standalone)</li> <li>• UNE Loop with LNP</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop With INP Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop With INP Non-Design</li> <li>• UNE Digital Loop &lt; DS1</li> <li>• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1</li> <li>• UNE Loop + Port Combinations</li> <li>• Switch Ports</li> <li>• UNE Combination Other</li> <li>• UNE xDSL (ADSL, HDSL, UCL)</li> <li>• UNE ISDN Loop</li> <li>• Line Sharing</li> <li>• UNE Other Design</li> <li>• UNE Other Non-Design</li> <li>• Local Interoffice Transport</li> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Diagnostic</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

## O-5: Reject Interval

### Definition

Reject Interval is the average reject time from receipt of an LSR to the distribution of a Reject. An LSR is considered valid when it is submitted by the CLEC and passes edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete.

### Exclusions

- Service Requests canceled by CLEC prior to being rejected/clarified.
- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation.
- LSRs which are identified and classified as “Projects”
- The following hours for Partially mechanized and Non-mechanized LSRs are excluded from the interval calculation:

Residence Resale Group – Monday through Saturday 7:00PM until 7:00AM  
From 7:00 PM Saturday until 7:00 AM Monday

Business Resale, Complex, UNE Groups – Monday through Friday 6:00PM until 8:00AM  
From 6:00 PM Friday until 8:00 AM Monday.

The hours excluded will be altered to reflect changes in the Center operating hours. The LCSC will accept faxed LSRs only during posted hours of operation.

The interval will be the amount of time accrued from receipt of the LSR until normal closing of the center if an LSR is worked using overtime hours.

In the case of a Partially Mechanized LSR received and worked after normal business hours, the interval will be set at one (1) minute.

- For ASRs processed in the Local Interconnection Service Center (LISC), all hours outside of Monday - Friday, 8:00-4:30 CST, should be excluded.
- Scheduled OSS Maintenance

### Business Rules

**Fully Mechanized:** The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS or TAG) until the LSR is rejected (date and time stamp or reject in EDI, TAG or LENS). Auto Clarifications are considered in the Fully Mechanized category.

**Partially Mechanized:** The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS or TAG) until it falls out for manual handling. The stop time on partially mechanized LSRs is when the LCSC Service Representative clarifies the LSR back to the CLEC (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS or TAG).

**Total Mechanized:** Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs which are electronically submitted by the CLEC.

**Non-Mechanized:** The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR (date and time stamp of FAX or date and time mailed LSR is received in the LCSC) until notice of the reject (clarification) is returned to the CLEC via LON (date and time stamp from FAX Server).

**Interconnection Trunks:** Interconnection Trunks are ordered on Access Service Requests (ASRs). ASRs are submitted to and processed by the Local Interconnection Service Center (LISC). Trunk data is reported separately.

### Calculation

**Reject Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time of Service Request Rejection
- b = Date and Time of Service Request Receipt

**Average Reject Interval** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Reject Intervals
- d = Number of Service Requests Rejected in Reporting Period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific

- CLEC Aggregate
- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized
- Geographic Scope
  - State
  - Region
- Mechanized:
  - 0 - ≤ 4 minutes
  - >4 - ≤ 8 minutes
  - >8 - ≤ 12 minutes
  - >12 - ≤ 60 minutes
  - 0 - ≤ 1 hour
  - >1 - ≤ 4 hours
  - >4 - ≤ 8 hours
  - >8 - ≤ 12 hours
  - >12 - ≤ 16 hours
  - >16 - ≤ 20 hours
  - >20 - ≤ 24 hours
  - >24 hours
- Partially Mechanized:
  - 0 - ≤ 1 hour
  - >1 - ≤ 4 hours
  - >4 - ≤ 8 hours
  - >8 - ≤ 10 hours
  - 0 - ≤ 10 hours
  - >10 - ≤ 18 hours
  - 0 - ≤ 18 hours
  - >18 - ≤ 24 hours
  - 0 - ≤ 24 hours
  - >24 hours
- Non-mechanized:
  - 0 - ≤ 1 hour
  - >1 - ≤ 4 hours
  - >4 - ≤ 8 hours
  - >8 - ≤ 12 hours
  - >12 - ≤ 16 hours
  - >16 - ≤ 20 hours
  - >20 - ≤ 24 hours
  - 0 - ≤ 24 hours
  - > 24 hours
- Trunks:
  - ≤ 4 days
  - >4 - ≤ 8 days
  - >8 - ≤ 12 days
  - >12 - ≤ 14 days
  - >14 - ≤ 20 days
  - >20 days

**Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reject Interval</li> <li>• Total Number of LSRs</li> <li>• Total Number of Rejects</li> <li>• State and Region</li> <li>• Total Number of ASRs (Trunks)</li> </ul>	Not Applicable

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

O-5: Reject Interval

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Resale - Residence</li> <li>• Resale - Business</li> <li>• Resale – Design (Special)</li> <li>• Resale PBX</li> <li>• Resale Centrex</li> <li>• Resale ISDN</li> <li>• LNP (Standalone)</li> <li>• INP (Standalone)</li> <li>• UNE Loop with LNP</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop With INP Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop With INP Non-Design</li> <li>• UNE Digital Loop &lt; DS1</li> <li>• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1</li> <li>• UNE Loop + Port Combinations</li> <li>• Switch Ports</li> <li>• UNE Combination Other</li> <li>• UNE xDSL (ADSL, HDSL, UCL)</li> <li>• UNE ISDN Loop</li> <li>• Line Sharing</li> <li>• UNE Other Design</li> <li>• UNE Other Non-Design</li> <li>• Local Interoffice Transport</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fully Mechanized:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 97% ≤ 1 Hour</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Partially Mechanized:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 85% ≤ 24 hours</li> <li>- 85% ≤ 10 Hours After 6 Months</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Non-Mechanized: - 85% ≤ 24 hours</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Trunks: 85% ≤ 4 Days</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fully Mechanized</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 97% ≤ 1 hour</li> </ul>



## O-6: Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness

### Definition

Interval for Return of a Firm Order Confirmation (FOC Interval) is the average response time from receipt of valid LSR to distribution of a Firm Order Confirmation.

### Exclusions

- Rejected LSRs
- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation.
- LSRs which are identified and classified as “Projects”
- The following hours for Partially Mechanized and Non-mechanized LSRs are excluded from the interval calculation:

Residence Resale Group – Monday through Saturday 7:00PM until 7:00AM

From 7:00 PM Saturday until 7:00 AM Monday.

Business Resale, Complex, UNE Groups – Monday through Friday 6:00PM until 8:00AM

From 6:00 PM Friday until 8:00 AM Monday.

The hours excluded will be altered to reflect changes in the Center operating hours. The LCSC will accept faxed LSRs only during posted hours of operation.

The interval will be the amount of time accrued from receipt of the LSR until normal closing of the center if an LSR is worked using overtime hours.

In the case of a Partially Mechanized LSR received and worked after normal business hours, the interval will be set at one (1) minute.

- For ASRs processed in the Local Interconnection Service Center (LISC), all hours outside of Monday - Friday, 8:00-4:30 CST, should be excluded.
- Scheduled OSS Maintenance

### Business Rules

- **Fully Mechanized:** The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS or TAG) until the LSR is processed, appropriate service orders are generated and a Firm Order Confirmation is returned to the CLEC (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS or TAG.)
- **Partially Mechanized:** The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS, or TAG) which falls out for manual handling until appropriate service orders are issued by a BellSouth service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS) to SOCS and a Firm Order Confirmation is returned to the CLEC (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS or TAG.)
- **Total Mechanized:** Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs which are electronically submitted by the CLEC.
- **Non-Mechanized:** The elapsed time from receipt of a valid paper LSR (date and time stamp of FAX or date and time paper LSRs received in LCSC) until appropriate service orders are issued by a BellSouth service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS) to SOCS and a Firm Order Confirmation is sent to the CLEC via LON (date and time stamp of FAX Server.)
- **Interconnection Trunks:** Interconnection Trunks are ordered on Access Service Requests (ASRs). ASRs are submitted to and processed by the Local Interconnection Service Center (LISC). Trunk data is reported separately.

### Calculation

**Firm Order Confirmation Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date & Time of Firm Order Confirmation
- b = Date & Time of Service Request Receipt)

**Average FOC Interval** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all FOC Intervals
- d = Total Number of Service Requests Confirmed in Reporting Period

**FOC Interval Distribution** (for each interval) = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Service Requests Confirmed in interval
- f = Total Service Requests Confirmed in the Reporting Period

### Report Structure

- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized
  - CLEC Specific
  - CLEC Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
  - State
  - Region
- Fully Mechanized:
  - 0 - ≤ 15 minutes
  - >15 - ≤ 30 minutes
  - >30 - ≤ 45 minutes
  - >45 - ≤ 60 minutes
  - >60 - ≤ 90 minutes
  - >90 - ≤ 120 minutes
  - >120 - ≤ 180 minutes
  - 0 - ≤ 3 hours
  - >3 - ≤ 6 hours
  - >6 - ≤ 12 hours
  - >12 - ≤ 24 hours
  - >24 - ≤ 48 hours
  - >48 hours
- Partially Mechanized:
  - 0 - ≤ 4 hours
  - >4 - ≤ 8 hours
  - >8 - ≤ 10 hours
  - 0 - ≤ 10 hours
  - >10 - ≤ 18 hours
  - 0 - ≤ 18 hours
  - >18 - ≤ 24 hours
  - 0 - ≤ 24 hours
  - 0 - ≤ 36 hours
  - >24 - ≤ 48 hours
  - >48 hours
- Non-Mechanized
  - 0 - ≤ 4 hours
  - >4 - ≤ 8 hours
  - >8 - ≤ 12 hours
  - >12 - ≤ 16 hours
  - >16 - ≤ 20 hours
  - >20 - ≤ 24 hours
  - >24 - ≤ 36 hours
  - 0 - ≤ 36 hours
  - >36 - ≤ 48 hours
  - >48 hours
- Trunks:
  - 0 - ≤ 5 days
  - >5 - ≤ 10 days
  - 0 - ≤ 10 days
  - 0 - ≤ 14 days
  - >10 - ≤ 15 days
  - >15 - ≤ 20 days
  - 0 - ≤ 20 days
  - >20 days

**Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Interval for FOC</li> <li>• Total Number of LSRs</li> <li>• State and Region</li> <li>• Total Number of ASRs (Trunks)</li> </ul>	Not Applicable

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	Retail Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Resale - Residence</li> <li>• Resale - Business</li> <li>• Resale – Design (Special)</li> <li>• Resale PBX</li> <li>• Resale Centrex</li> <li>• Resale ISDN</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop With INP Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop With INP Non-Design</li> <li>• UNE Digital Loop &lt; DS1</li> <li>• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1</li> <li>• UNE Loop + Port Combinations</li> <li>• Switch Ports</li> <li>• UNE Combination Other</li> <li>• UNE xDSL (ADSL, HDSL, UCL)</li> <li>• UNE ISDN Loop</li> <li>• Line Sharing</li> <li>• UNE Other Design</li> <li>• UNE Other Non-Design</li> <li>• Local Interoffice Transport</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mechanized: - 95% ≤ 3 Hours</li> <li>• Partially Mechanized:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 85% ≤ 24 hours</li> <li>- 85% ≤ 18 Hours (05/01/01)</li> <li>- 85% ≤ 10 Hours (08/01/01)</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Non-Mechanized: - 85% ≤ 36 hours</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LNP (Standalone)</li> <li>• INP Standalone</li> <li>• UNE Loop with LNP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mechanized: 95% ≤ 1 Hour</li> <li>• Partially Mechanized:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 85% ≤ 36 Hours</li> <li>- 85% ≤ 10 Hours After 6 Months</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Non-Mechanized: 85% ≤ 36 Hours</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Trunks: - 85% ≤ 20 Days</li> <li>• Trunks: - 85% ≤ 14 Days After 6 Months</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

<b>SEEM Disaggregation</b>	<b>SEEM Analog/Benchmark</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Fully Mechanized</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 95% ≤ 3 Hours</li></ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Partially Mechanized</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 85% ≤ 36 Hours</li><li>• 85% ≤ 10 Hours After 6 Months</li></ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Non-Mechanized</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 85% ≤ 36 Hours</li></ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• IC Trunks</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 85% ≤ 20 Days</li><li>• 85% ≤ 14 Days After 6 Months</li></ul>

## O-7: Service Inquiry with LSR Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) Response Time Manual<sup>1</sup>

### Definition

This report measures the interval and the percent within the interval from the submission of a Service Inquiry (SI) with Firm Order LSR to the distribution of a Firm Order Confirmation (FOC).

### Exclusions

- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation.
- Weekend hours from 5:00PM Friday until 8:00AM Monday are excluded from the interval calculation of the Service Inquiry.
- Canceled Requests
- Electronically Submitted Requests
- Scheduled OSS Maintenance

### Business Rules

This measurement combines four intervals:

1. From receipt of Service Inquiry with LSR to hand off to the Service Advocacy Center (SAC) for Loop 'Look-up'.
2. From SAC start date to SAC complete date.
3. From SAC complete date to the Complex Resale Support Group (CRSG) complete date with hand off to LCSC.
4. From receipt of SI/LSR in the LCSC to Firm Order Confirmation.

### Calculation

**FOC Timeliness Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) for SI with LSR returned to CLEC
- b = Date and Time SI with LSR received

**Average Interval** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all FOC Timeliness Intervals
- d = Total number of SIs with LSRs received in the reporting period

**Percent Within Interval** = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Total number of Service Inquiries with LSRs received by the CRSG to distribution of FOC by the Local Carrier Service Center (LCSC)
- f = Total number of Service Inquiries with LSRs received in the reporting period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- Geographic Scope
  - State
  - Region
- Intervals
  - 0 – ≤ 3 days
  - > 3 – ≤ 5 days
  - 0 – ≤ 5 days
  - > 5 – ≤ 7 days
  - > 7 – ≤ 10 days
  - > 10 – ≤ 15 days
  - >15 days
- Average Interval measured in days

1. See O-9 for FOC Timeliness

**Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Number of Requests</li> <li>• SI Intervals</li> <li>• State and Region</li> </ul>	

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• xDSL (includes UNE unbundled ADSL, HDSL and UNE Unbundled Copper Loops)</li> <li>• Unbundled Interoffice Transport</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 95% Returned ≤ 5 Business days</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

## O-8: Speed of Answer in Ordering Center

### Definition

Measures the average time a customer is in queue.

### Exclusions

None

### Business Rules

The clock starts when the appropriate option is selected (i.e., 1 for Resale Consumer, 2 for Resale Multiline, and 3 for UNE-LNP, etc.) and the call enters the queue for that particular group in the LCSC. The clock stops when a BellSouth service representative in the LCSC answers the call. The speed of answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a CLEC call into the BellSouth automatic call distributor (ACD) until a service representative in BellSouth's Local Carrier Service Center (LCSC) answers the CLEC call.

### Calculation

**Speed of Answer in Ordering Center** =  $(a \div b)$

- a = Total seconds in queue
- b = Total number of calls answered in the Reporting Period

### Report Structure

Aggregate

- CLEC – Local Carrier Service Center
- BellSouth
  - Business Service Center
  - Residence Service Center

**Note:** Combination of Residence Service Center and Business Service Center data under development

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mechanized tracking through LCSC Automatic Call Distributor</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mechanized tracking through BellSouth Retail center support system.</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Aggregate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC – Local Carrier Service Center</li> <li>• BellSouth                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Business Service Center</li> <li>- Residence Service Center</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parity with BellSouth Business Service Center</li> </ul>

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

<b>SEEM Disaggregation</b>	<b>SEEM Analog/Benchmark</b>
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable



## O-9: LNP-Percent Rejected Service Requests

### Definition

Percent Rejected Service Request is the percent of total Local Service Requests (LSRs) which are rejected due to error or omission. An LSR is considered valid when it is electronically submitted by the CLEC and passes LNP Gateway edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete, i.e., fatal rejects are excluded.

### Exclusions

- Service Requests canceled by the CLEC
- Scheduled OSS Maintenance

### Business Rules

An LSR is considered “rejected” when it is submitted electronically but does not pass edit checks in the ordering systems (EDI, TAG, LNP Gateway, and LAUTO) and is returned to the CLEC without manual intervention.

**Fully Mechanized:** There are two types of “Rejects” in the Fully Mechanized category:

A **Fatal Reject** occurs when a CLEC attempts to electronically submit an LSR (via EDI or TAG) but required fields are not populated correctly and the request is returned to the CLEC.

*Fatal rejects are reported in a separate column, and for informational purposes ONLY. They are not considered in the calculation of the percent of total LSRs rejected or the total number of rejected LSRs.*

An **Auto Clarification** is a valid LSR which is electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but is rejected from LAUTO because it does not pass further edit checks for order accuracy. Auto Clarifications are returned without manual intervention.

**Partially Mechanized:** A valid LSR which is electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but cannot be processed electronically due to a CLEC error and “falls out” for manual handling. It is then put into “clarification”, and sent back (rejected) to the CLEC.

**Total Mechanized:** Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized rejects.

**Non-Mechanized:** A valid LSR which is faxed or mailed to the BellSouth LCSC.

### Calculation

**LNP-Percent Rejected Service Requests** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Number of Service Requests Rejected in the Reporting Period
- b = Number of Service Requests Received in the Reporting Period

### Report Structure

- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LNP (Standalone)</li> <li>• UNE Loop With LNP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Diagnostic</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

## O-10: LNP-Reject Interval Distribution & Average Reject Interval

### Definition

Reject Interval is the average reject time from receipt of an LSR to the distribution of a Reject. An LSR is considered valid when it is electronically submitted by the CLEC and passes LNP Gateway edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete, i.e., fatal rejects are excluded.

### Exclusions

- Service Requests canceled by the CLEC
- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation.
- LSRs which are identified and classified as “Projects”.
- The following hours for Partially mechanized and Non-mechanized LSRs are excluded from the interval calculation:

Residence Resale Group – Monday through Saturday 7:00PM until 7:00AM  
From 7:00 PM Saturday until 7:00 AM Monday

Business Resale, Complex, UNE Groups – Monday through Friday 6:00PM until 8:00AM  
From 6:00 PM Friday until 8:00 AM Monday.

The hours excluded will be altered to reflect changes in the Center operating hours. The LCSC will accept faxed LSRs only during posted hours of operation.

The interval will be the amount of time accrued from receipt of the LSR until normal closing of the center if an LSR is worked using overtime hours.

In the case of a Partially Mechanized LSR received and worked after normal business hours, the interval will be set at one (1) minute.

- Scheduled OSS Maintenance

### Business Rules

The Reject interval is determined for each rejected LSR processed during the reporting period. The Reject interval is the elapsed time from when BellSouth receives a LSR until that LSR is rejected back to the CLEC. Elapsed time for each LSR is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of rejected LSRs to produce the reject interval distribution.

An LSR is considered “rejected” when it is submitted electronically but does not pass edit checks in the ordering systems (EDI, TAG, LNP Gateway, and LAUTO) and is returned to the CLEC without manual intervention.

**Fully Mechanized:** There are two types of “Rejects” in the Fully Mechanized category:

A **Fatal Reject** occurs when a CLEC attempts to electronically submit an LSR but required fields are not populated correctly and the request is returned to the CLEC.

*Fatal rejects are reported in a separate column, and for informational purposes ONLY. They are not considered in the calculation of the percent of total LSRs rejected or the total number of rejected LSRs.*

An **Auto Clarification** is a valid LSR which is electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but is rejected from LAUTO because it does not pass further edit checks for order accuracy. Auto Clarifications are returned without manual intervention.

**Partially Mechanized:** A valid LSR which is electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but cannot be processed electronically due to a CLEC error and “falls out” for manual handling. It is then put into “clarification”, and sent back to the CLEC.

**Total Mechanized:** Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized rejects.

**Non-Mechanized:** A valid LSR which is faxed or mailed to the BellSouth LCSC.

## Calculation

$$\text{Reject Interval} = (a - b)$$

- a = Date & Time of Service Request Rejection
- b = Date & Time of Service Request Receipt

$$\text{Average Reject Interval} = (c \div d)$$

- c = Sum of all Reject Intervals
- d = Total Number of Service Requests Rejected in Reporting Period

$$\text{Reject Interval Distribution} = (e \div f) \times 100$$

- e = Service Requests Rejected in reported interval
- f = Total Number of Service Requests Rejected in Reporting Period

## Report Structure

Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- State, Region
- Fully Mechanized:
  - 0 - ≤ 4 minutes
  - > 4 - ≤ 8 minutes
  - > 8 - ≤ 12 minutes
  - > 12 - ≤ 60 minutes
  - 0 - ≤ 1 hour
  - > 1 - ≤ 4 hours
  - > 4 - ≤ 8 hours
  - > 8 - ≤ 12 hours
  - > 12 - ≤ 16 hours
  - > 16 - ≤ 20 hours
  - > 20 - ≤ 24 hours
  - > 24 hours
- Partially Mechanized:
  - 0 - ≤ 1 hour
  - > 1 - ≤ 4 hours
  - > 4 - ≤ 8 hours
  - > 8 - ≤ 10 hours
  - 0 - ≤ 10 hours
  - > 10 - ≤ 18 hours
  - 0 - ≤ 18 hours
  - > 18 - ≤ 24 hours
  - > 24 hours
- Non-Mechanized:
  - 0 - ≤ 1 hour
  - > 1 - ≤ 4 hours
  - > 4 - ≤ 8 hours
  - > 8 - ≤ 12 hours
  - > 12 - ≤ 16 hours
  - > 16 - ≤ 20 hours
  - > 20 - ≤ 24 hours
  - 0 - ≤ 24 hours
  - > 24 hours
- Average Interval in Days

**Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Reject Interval</li> <li>• Total Number of LSRs</li> <li>• Total number of Rejects</li> <li>• State and Region</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LNP (Standalone)</li> <li>• UNE Loop With LNP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mechanized: <math>97\% \leq 1\text{ Hour}</math></li> <li>• Partially Mechanized:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <math>85\% \leq 24\text{ Hours}</math></li> <li>- <math>85\% \leq 10\text{ Hours After 6 Months}</math></li> </ul> </li> <li>• Non-Mechanized: <math>85\% \leq 24\text{ Hours}</math></li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

## O-11: LNP-Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness Interval Distribution & Firm Order Confirmation Average Interval

### Definition

Interval for Return of a Firm Order Confirmation (FOC Interval) is the average response time from receipt of a valid LSR to distribution of a firm order confirmation.

### Exclusions

- Rejected LSRs
- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation.
- LSRs which are identified and classified as “Projects”.
- The following hours for Partially Mechanized and Non-mechanized LSRs are excluded from the interval calculation:

Residence Resale Group – Monday through Saturday 7:00PM until 7:00AM

From 7:00 PM Saturday until 7:00 AM Monday.

Business Resale, Complex, UNE Groups – Monday through Friday 6:00PM until 8:00AM

From 6:00 PM Friday until 8:00 AM Monday.

The hours excluded will be altered to reflect changes in the Center operating hours. The LCSC will accept faxed LSRs only during posted hours of operation.

The interval will be the amount of time accrued from receipt of the LSR until normal closing of the center if an LSR is worked using overtime hours.

In the case of a Partially Mechanized LSR received and worked after normal business hours, the interval will be set at one (1) minute.

- Scheduled OSS Maintenance.

### Business Rules

- **Fully Mechanized:** The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS or TAG) until the LSR is processed, appropriate service orders are generated and a Firm Order Confirmation is returned to the CLEC via EDI, LENS or TAG.
- **Partially Mechanized:** The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS, or TAG) which falls out for manual handling until appropriate service orders are issued by a BellSouth service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS) to SOCS and a Firm Order Confirmation is returned to the CLEC via EDI, LENS, or TAG.
- **Total Mechanized:** Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs which are electronically submitted by the CLEC.
- **Non-Mechanized:** The elapsed time from receipt of a valid paper LSR (date and time stamp of FAX or date and time paper LSRs received in LCSC) until appropriate service orders are issued by a BellSouth service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS) to SOCS and a Firm Order Confirmation is sent to the CLEC via LON.

### Calculation

**Reject Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date & Time of Firm Order Confirmation
- b = Date & Time of Service Request Receipt)

**Average Reject Interval** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Reject Intervals
- d = Total Number of Service Requests Confirmed in Reporting Period

**FOC Interval Distribution** (for each interval) = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Service Requests Confirmed in interval
- f = Total Service Requests Confirmed in the Reporting Period

**Report Structure**

Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- State and Region
- Fully Mechanized:
  - 0 - ≤15 minutes
  - > 15 - ≤ 30 minutes
  - > 30 - ≤ 45 minutes
  - > 45 - ≤ 60 minutes
  - 0 - ≤ 60 minutes
  - > 60 - ≤ 90 minutes
  - > 90 - ≤ 120 minutes
  - > 120 - ≤ 180 minutes
  - 0 - ≤ 3 hours
  - > 3 - ≤ 6 hours
  - > 6 - ≤ 12 hours
  - > 12 - ≤ 24 hours
  - > 24 - ≤ 48 hours
  - > 48 hours
- Partially Mechanized:
  - 0 - ≤ 4 hours
  - > 4 - ≤ 8 hours
  - 0 - ≤ 10 hours
  - > 8 - ≤ 10 hours
  - 0 - ≤ 18 hours
  - > 10 - ≤ 18 hours
  - > 18 - ≤ 24 hours
  - 0 - ≤ 24 hours
  - > 24 - ≤ 48 hours
  - 0 - ≤ 36 hours
  - > 48 hours
- Non-Mechanized:
  - 0 - ≤ 4 hours
  - > 4 - ≤ 8 hours
  - > 8 - ≤ 12 hours
  - > 12 - ≤ 16 hours
  - > 16 - ≤ 20 hours
  - > 20 - ≤ 24 hours
  - > 24 - ≤ 36 hours
  - 0 - ≤ 36 hours
  - > 36 - ≤ 48 hours
  - > 48 hours

**Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Total Number of LSRs</li> <li>• Total Number of FOCs</li> <li>• State and Region</li> </ul>	Not Applicable

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LNP (Standalone)</li> <li>• UNE Loop With LNP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mechanized: 95% ≤ 1 Hour</li> <li>• Partially Mechanized:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 85% ≤ 36 hours</li> <li>- 85% ≤ 10 hrs. After 6 Months</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Non-Mechanized: 85% ≤ 36 hours</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>



## O-12: Firm Order Confirmation and Reject Response Completeness

### Definition

A response is expected from BellSouth for every Local Service Request transaction (version). More than one response or differing responses per transaction is not expected. Firm Order Confirmation and Reject Response Completeness is the corresponding number of Local Service Requests received to the combination of Firm Order Confirmation and Reject Responses.

### Exclusions

- Service Requests canceled by the CLEC prior to FOC or Rejected/Clarified.
- Scheduled OSS Maintenance

### Business Rules

**Mechanized** – The number of FOCs or Auto Clarifications sent to the CLEC from LENS, EDI, TAG in response to electronically submitted LSRs (date and time stamp in LENS, EDI, TAG).

**Partially Mechanized** – The number of FOCs or Rejects sent to the CLEC from LENS, EDI, TAG in response to electronically submitted LSRs (date and time stamp in LENS, EDI, TAG), which fall out for manual handling by the LCSC personnel.

**Total Mechanized** – The number of the combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs

**Non-Mechanized** – The number of FOCs or Rejects sent to the CLEC via FAX Server in response to manually submitted LSRs (date and time stamp in FAX Server).

#### For CLEC Results:

Firm Order Confirmation and Reject Response Completeness is determined in two dimensions:

Percent responses is determined by computing the number of Firm Order Confirmations and Rejects transmitted by BellSouth and dividing by the number of Local Service Requests (all versions) received in the reporting period.

Percent of multiple responses is determined by computing the number of Local Service Request unique versions receiving more than one Firm Order Confirmation, Reject or the combination of the two and dividing by the number of Local Service Requests (all versions) received in the reporting period.

### Calculation

**Firm Order Confirmation/Reject Response Completeness** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total Number of Service Requests for which a Firm Order Confirmation or Reject is Sent
- b = Total Number of Service Requests Received in the Report Period

**Firm Order Confirmation/Reject Response Completeness (Single Response)** =  $[(a + b) \div c] \times 100$

- a = Total Number of Single Firm Order Confirmations Per LSR Version
- b = Total Number of Single Reject Responses Per LSR Version
- c = Total Number of Service Requests (All Versions) responded to in the Reporting Period

### Report Structure

Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized

- State and Region
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Specific

**Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reject Interval</li> <li>• Total Number of LSRs</li> <li>• Total Number of rejects</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Resale - Residence</li> <li>• Resale - Business</li> <li>• Resale – Design (Special)</li> <li>• Resale PBX</li> <li>• Resale Centrex</li> <li>• Resale ISDN</li> <li>• LNP (Standalone)</li> <li>• INP (Standalone)</li> <li>• UNE Loop with LNP</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop With INP Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop With INP Non-Design</li> <li>• UNE Digital Loop &lt; DS1</li> <li>• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1</li> <li>• UNE Loop + Port Combinations</li> <li>• Switch Ports</li> <li>• UNE Combination Other</li> <li>• UNE xDSL (ADSL, HDSL, UCL)</li> <li>• UNE ISDN Loop</li> <li>• Line Sharing</li> <li>• UNE Other Design</li> <li>• UNE Other Non-Design</li> <li>• Local Interoffice Transport</li> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 95% Returned</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

## O-13: Acknowledgement Message Timeliness

### Definition

This measurement provides the response interval from the time an LSR is electronically submitted via EDI or TAG until an acknowledgement notice is sent by the system.

### Exclusions

None

### Business Rules

The process includes EDI & TAG system functional acknowledgements for all Local Service Requests (LSRs) which are electronically submitted by the CLEC. The start time is the receipt time of the LSR at BellSouth's side of the interface (gateway). The end time is when the acknowledgement is transmitted by BellSouth at BellSouth's side of the interface (gateway). If more than one CLEC uses the same ordering center, an Acknowledgement Message will be returned to the "Aggregator", however, BellSouth will not be able to determine which specific CLEC this message represented.

### Calculation

**Response Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time Acknowledgement Notices returned to CLEC
- b = Date and Time LSRs electronically submitted by the CLEC via EDI or TAG respectively

**Average Response Interval** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Response Intervals
- d = Total number of electronically submitted LSRs received, from CLECs via EDI or TAG respectively, in the Reporting Period.

### Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- Geographic Scope
  - State
  - Region
- Electronically Submitted LSRs
  - 0 – ≤10 minutes
  - > 10 – ≤20 minutes
  - > 20 – ≤30 minutes
  - 0 – ≤ 30 minutes
  - > 30 – ≤45 minutes
  - > 45 – ≤60 minutes
  - > 60 – ≤120 minutes
  - > 120 minutes
- Average interval for electronically submitted LSRs in minutes

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Record of Functional Acknowledgements</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EDI</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EDI – 90% ≤ 30 minutes</li> <li>• EDI – 95% ≤ 30 minutes After 6 Months</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TAG</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TAG – 95% ≤ 30 minutes</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

## O-14: Acknowledgement Message Completeness

### Definition

This measurement provides the percent of LSRs received via EDI or TAG, which are acknowledged electronically.

### Exclusions

Manually submitted LSRs

### Business Rules

EDI and TAG send Functional Acknowledgements for all LSRs, which are electronically submitted by a CLEC. If more than one CLEC uses the same ordering center, an Acknowledgement Message will be returned to the "Aggregator", however, BellSouth will not be able to determine which specific CLEC this message represented. The Acknowledgement Message is returned prior to the determination of whether the LSR will be partially mechanized or fully mechanized.

### Calculation

**Acknowledgement Completeness** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total number of Functional Acknowledgements returned in the reporting period for LSRs electronically submitted by EDI or TAG respectively
- b = Total number of electronically submitted LSRs received in the reporting period by EDI or TAG respectively

### Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- Geographic Scope
  - State
  - Region

**Note:** Acknowledgement message is generated before the system recognizes whether this message (LSR) will be partially or fully mechanized.

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Record of functional acknowledgements</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EDI</li> <li>• TAG</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Benchmark: 100%</li> </ul>

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

<b>SEEM Disaggregation</b>	<b>SEEM Analog/Benchmark</b>
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

## Section 3: Provisioning

### P-1: Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals

#### Definition

When delays occur in completing CLEC orders, the average period that CLEC orders are held for BellSouth reasons, pending a delayed completion, should be no worse for the CLEC when compared to BellSouth delayed orders. Calculation of the interval is the total days orders are held and pending but not completed that have passed the currently committed due date; divided by the total number of held orders. This report is based on orders still pending, held and past their committed due date at the close of the reporting period. The distribution interval is based on the number of orders held and pending but not completed over 15 and 90 days. (Orders reported in the  $\geq 90$  day interval are also included in the  $\geq 15$  day interval.)

#### Exclusions

- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- Disconnect (D) & From (F) orders
- Orders with appointment code of 'A' for Rural orders

#### Business Rules

**Mean Held Order Interval:** This metric is computed at the close of each report period. The held order interval is established by first identifying all orders, at the close of the reporting interval, that both have not been reported as completed in SOCS and have passed the currently committed due date for the order. For each such order, the number of calendar days between the earliest committed due date on which BellSouth had a company missed appointment and the close of the reporting period is established and represents the held order interval for that particular order. The held order interval is accumulated by the standard groupings, unless otherwise noted, and the reason for the order being held. The total number of days accumulated in a category is then divided by the number of held orders within the same category to produce the mean held order interval. The interval is by calendar days with no exclusions for Holidays or Sundays.

CLEC Specific reporting is by type of held order (facilities, equipment, other), total number of orders held, and the total and average days.

**Held Order Distribution Interval:** This measure provides data to report total days held and identifies these in categories of  $>15$  days and  $> 90$  days. (Orders counted in  $\geq 90$  days are also included in  $> 15$  days).

#### Calculation

**Mean Held Order Interval** =  $a \div b$

- a = Sum of held-over-days for all Past Due Orders with a BellSouth missed appointment from the earlier BellSouth missed appointment
- b = Number of Past Due Orders Held and Pending But Not Completed and past the committed due date

**Held Order Distribution Interval** (for each interval) =  $(c \div d) \times 100$

- c = Number of Orders Held for  $\geq 15$  days or # of Orders Held for  $\geq 90$  days
- d = Total # of Past Due Orders Held and Pending But Not Completed

#### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Circuit Breakout  $< 10$ ,  $\geq 10$  (except trunks)
- State

**Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number and PON (PON)</li> <li>• Order Submission Date (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Committed Due Date (DD)</li> <li>• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Hold Reason</li> <li>• Total line/circuit count</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• BellSouth Order Number</li> <li>• Order Submission Date</li> <li>• Committed Due Date</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Hold Reason</li> <li>• Total line/circuit count</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design with NP	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design with NP <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop-Non-Design <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS - Excluding Switch-Based Orders) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>
• 2W Analog Loop w/LNP Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop w/LNP Non-Design <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>
• 2W Analog Loop w/INP Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop w/INP Non-Design <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1



SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Loop + Port Combinations                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch Out</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch</li> <li>- Dispatch In</li> <li>- Switch-Based</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence and Business                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch Out</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch</li> <li>- Dispatch In</li> <li>- Switch-Based</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Switch Ports</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Combo Other                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Dispatch Out and Dispatch In)                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ADSL Provided to Retail</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE ISDN</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail ISDN BRI</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Line Sharing</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ADSL Provided to Retail</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Other Design</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Design</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Other Non-Design</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence and Business</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

## P-2: Average Jeopardy Notice Interval & Percentage of Orders Given Jeopardy Notice

### Definition

When BellSouth can determine in advance that a committed due date is in jeopardy for facility delay, it will provide advance notice to the CLEC.

The interval is from the date/time the notice is released to the CLEC/BellSouth systems until 5pm on the commitment date of the order. The Percent of Orders is the percentage of orders given jeopardy notices for facility delay in the count of orders confirmed in the report period.

### Exclusions

- Orders held for CLEC end user reasons
- Disconnect (D) & From (F) orders
- Orders with Jeopardy Notice when jeopardy is identified after 5pm and on the due date (technician on premise has attempted to provide service but must refer to Engineering or Cable Repair for facility jeopardy).

### Business Rules

When BellSouth can determine in advance that a committed due date is in jeopardy for facility delay, it will provide advance notice to the CLEC. The number of committed orders in a report period is the number of orders that have a due date in the reporting period. Jeopardy notices for interconnection trunks results are usually zero as these trunks seldom experience facility delays. The Committed due date is considered the Confirmed due date. This report measures dispatched orders only. If an order is originally sent as non-dispatch, and it is determined there is a facility delay, the order is converted to a dispatch code so the facility problem can be corrected. It will remain coded dispatched until completion.

### Calculation

**Jeopardy Interval** = a - b

- a = Date and Time of Jeopardy Notice
- b = Date and Time of Scheduled Due Date on Service Order

**Average Jeopardy Interval** = c ÷ d

- c = Sum of all jeopardy intervals
- d = Number of Orders Notified of Jeopardy in Reporting Period

**Percent of Orders Given Jeopardy Notice** = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Number of Orders Given Jeopardy Notices in Reporting Period
- f = Number of Orders Confirmed (due) in Reporting Period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Dispatch Orders
- Mechanized Orders
- Non-Mechanized Orders
- State

**Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number and PON</li> <li>• Date and Time Jeopardy Notice sent</li> <li>• Committed Due Date</li> <li>• Service Type</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• BellSouth Order Number</li> <li>• Date and Time Jeopardy Notice sent</li> <li>• Committed Due Date</li> <li>• Service Type</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design with NP	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design with NP <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop-Non-Design <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS - Excluding Switch-Based Orders) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>
• 2W Analog Loop w/LNP Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop w/LNP Non-Design <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>
• 2W Analog Loop w/INP Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop w/INP Non-Design <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul>
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch Out</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch</li> <li>- Dispatch In</li> <li>- Switch-Based</li> </ul>	• Retail Residence and Business <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch Out</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch</li> <li>- Dispatch In</li> <li>- Switch-Based</li> </ul>

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Switch Ports</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Combo Other                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Dispatch Out and Dispatch In)                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ADSL Provided to Retail</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE ISDN</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail ISDN BRI</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Line Sharing</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ADSL Provided to Retail</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Other Design</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Design</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Other Non-Design</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence and Business</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

## P-3: Percent Missed Installation Appointments

### Definition

“Percent missed installation appointments” monitors the reliability of BellSouth commitments with respect to committed due dates to assure that the CLEC can reliably quote expected due dates to their retail customer as compared to BellSouth. This measure is the percentage of total orders processed for which BellSouth is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates and reported for Total misses and End User Misses.

### Exclusions

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders Test Orders, etc.)
- Disconnect (D) & From (F) orders
- End User-Caused Misses

### Business Rules

Percent Missed Installation Appointments (PMI) is the percentage of orders with completion dates in the reporting period that are past the original committed due date. Missed Appointments caused by end-user reasons will be included and reported separately. The first commitment date on the service order that is a missed appointment is the missed appointment code used for calculation whether it is a BellSouth missed appointment or an End User missed appointment. The “due date” is any time on the confirmed due date. Which means there cannot be a cutoff time for commitments, as certain types of orders are requested to be worked after standard business hours. Also, during Daylight Savings Time, field technicians are scheduled until 9PM in some areas and the customer is offered a greater range of intervals from which to select.

### Calculation

$$\text{Percent Missed Installation Appointments} = (a \div b) \times 100$$

- a = Number of Orders with Completion date in Reporting Period past the Original Committed Due Date
- b = Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Report in Categories of <10 lines/circuits ≥ 10 lines/circuits
- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch
- State

**Report Explanation:** The difference between End User MA and Total MA is the result of BellSouth caused misses. Here, Total MA is the total percent of orders missed either by BellSouth or CLEC end user. The End User MA represents the percentage of orders missed by the CLEC or their end user.

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number and PON (PON)</li> <li>• Committed Due Date (DD)</li> <li>• Completion Date (CMPLTN DD)</li> <li>• Status Type</li> <li>• Status Notice Date</li> <li>• Standard Order Activity</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• BellSouth Order Number</li> <li>• Committed Due Date (DD)</li> <li>• Completion Date (CMPLTN DD)</li> <li>• Status Type</li> <li>• Status Notice Date</li> <li>• Standard Order Activity</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design with NP	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design with NP - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders) - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop-Non-Design - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS - Excluding Switch-Based Orders) - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• 2W Analog Loop w/LNP Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop w/LNP Non-Design - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders) - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• 2W Analog Loop w/INP Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop w/INP Non-Design - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders) - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations - Dispatch Out - Non-Dispatch - Dispatch In - Switch-Based	• Retail Residence and Business - Dispatch Out - Non-Dispatch - Dispatch In - Switch-Based
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Dispatch Out and Dispatch In) - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	X

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Resale POTS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Retail Residence and Business (POTS)</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Resale Design</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Retail Design</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>UNE Loop + Port Combinations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Retail Residence and Business</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>UNE Loops</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Retail Residence and Business Dispatch</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>UNE xDSL</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ADSL Provided to Retail</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>UNE Line Sharing</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ADSL Provided to Retail</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>

## P-4: Average Completion Interval (OCI) & Order Completion Interval Distribution

### Definition

The “average completion interval” measure monitors the interval of time it takes BellSouth to provide service for the CLEC or its own customers. The “Order Completion Interval Distribution” provides the percentages of orders completed within certain time periods. This report measures how well BellSouth meets the interval offered to customers on service orders.

### Exclusions

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.) Orders may be N, C, or T.
- Disconnect (D&F) orders (Except “D” orders associated with LNP Standalone)
- “L” Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)
- End User-Caused misses

### Business Rules

The actual completion interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. The completion interval is the elapsed time from when BellSouth issues a FOC or SOCS date time stamp receipt of an order from the CLEC to BellSouth’s actual order completion date. The clock starts when a valid order number is assigned by SOCS and stops when the technician or system completes the order in SOCS. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed. Orders that are worked on zero due dates are calculated with a .33-day interval (8 hours) in order to report a portion of a day interval. These orders are issued and worked/completed on the same day. They can be either flow through orders (no field work-non-dispatched) or field orders (dispatched).

The interval breakout for UNE and Design is: 0-5 = 0 ≤ 5, 5-10 = >5 ≤ 10, 10-15 = >10 ≤ 15, 15-20 = >15 ≤ 20, 20-25 = >20 ≤ 25, 25-30 = >25 ≤ 30, and > 30.

### Calculation

**Completion Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Completion Date
- b = FOC/SOCS Date/Time Stamp (Application Date)

**Average Completion Interval** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Completion Intervals
- d = Count of Orders Completed in Reporting Period

**Order Completion Interval Distribution** (for each interval) = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Service Orders Completed in “X” days
- f = Total Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Dispatch / Non-Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks
- Residence & Business reported in day intervals = 0,1,2,3,4,5,5+
- UNE and Design reported in day intervals = 0-5 = 0 - ≤5, 5-10 = >5 - ≤10, 10-15 = >10 - ≤15, 15-20 = >15 - ≤20, 20-25 = >20 - ≤25, 25-30 = >25 - ≤30, and > 30
- All Levels are reported <10 line/circuits; ≥ 10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- ISDN Orders included in Non-Design
- State



**Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Company Name</li> <li>• Order Number (PON)</li> <li>• Application Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Completion Date (Cmpltn_DT)</li> <li>• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• BellSouth Order Number</li> <li>• Application Date &amp; Time</li> <li>• Order Completion Date &amp; Time</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design with NP	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design with NP	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop-Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS - Excluding Switch-Based Orders)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• 2W Analog Loop w/LNP Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop w/LNP Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• 2W Analog Loop w/INP Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop w/INP Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Loop + Port Combinations                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch Out</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch</li> <li>- Dispatch In</li> <li>- Switch-Based</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence and Business                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch Out</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch</li> <li>- Dispatch In</li> <li>- Switch-Based</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Switch Ports</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Combo Other                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Dispatch Out and Dispatch In)                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL) without conditioning</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 7 Days</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL) with conditioning</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 14 Days</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE ISDN</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail ISDN BRI</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Line Sharing</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ADSL Provided to Retail</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Other Design</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Design</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Other Non-Design</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence and Business</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Resale POTS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Resale Design</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Design</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Loop + Port Combinations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence and Business</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Loops</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE xDSL without conditioning</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 7 Days (average)</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE xDSL with conditioning</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 14 Days (average)</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Line Sharing</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ADSL provided to Retail</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>

## P-5: Average Completion Notice Interval

### Definition

The Completion Notice Interval is the elapsed time between the BellSouth reported completion of work and the issuance of a valid completion notice to the CLEC.

### Exclusions

- Cancelled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- D&F orders (Exception: "D" orders associated with LNP Standalone)

### Business Rules

Measurement on interval of completion date and time entered by a field technician on dispatched orders, and 5PM start time on the due date for non-dispatched orders; to the release of a notice to the CLEC/BellSouth of the completion status. The field technician notifies the CLEC the work was complete and then he/she enters the completion time stamp information in his/her computer. This information switches through to the SOCS systems either completing the order or rejecting the order to the Work Management Center (WMC). If the completion is rejected, it is manually corrected and then completed by the WMC. The notice is returned on each individual order.

The start time for all orders is the completion stamp either by the field technician or the 5PM due date stamp; the end time for mechanized orders is the time stamp the notice was transmitted to the CLEC interface (LENS, EDI, OR TAG). For non-mechanized orders, the end timestamp will be timestamp of order update to C-SOTS system.

### Calculation

**Completion Notice Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time of Notice of Completion
- b = Date and Time of Work Completion

**Average Completion Notice Interval** = c ÷ d

- c = Sum of all Completion Notice Intervals
- d = Number of Orders with Notice of Completion in Reporting Period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Mechanized Orders
- Reporting intervals in Hours; 0, 1-2, 2-4, 4-8, 8-12, 12-24, ≥24 plus Overall Average Hour Interval (The categories are inclusive of these time intervals: 0-1 = ≤1, 1-2 = >1 - ≤2; 2-4 = >2 - ≤4, etc.)
- Reported in categories of <10 line / circuits; ≥10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- State

**Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number (so_nbr)</li> <li>• Work Completion Date (cmpltn_dt)</li> <li>• Work Completion Time</li> <li>• Completion Notice Availability Date</li> <li>• Completion Notice Availability Time</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• BellSouth Order Number (so_nbr)</li> <li>• Work Completion Date (cmpltn_dt)</li> <li>• Work Completion Time</li> <li>• Completion Notice Availability Date</li> <li>• Completion Notice Availability Time</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design with NP	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design with NP - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders) - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop-Non-Design - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS - Excluding Switch-Based Orders) - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• 2W Analog Loop w/LNP Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop w/LNP Non-Design - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders) - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• 2W Analog Loop w/INP Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop w/INP Non-Design - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders) - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Loop + Port Combinations                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch Out</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch</li> <li>- Dispatch In</li> <li>- Switch-Based</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence and Business                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch Out</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch</li> <li>- Dispatch In</li> <li>- Switch-Based</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Switch Ports</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Combo Other                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Dispatch Out and Dispatch In)                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Dispatch</li> <li>- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ADSL Provided to Retail</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE ISDN</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail ISDN BRI</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Line Sharing</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ADSL Provided to Retail</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Other Design</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Design</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Other Non-Design</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence and Business</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
YES	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Resale POTS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Resale Design</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Design</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Loop + Port Combinations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence and Business</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Loops</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE xDSL</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ADSL Provided to Retail</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Line Sharing</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ADSL Provided to Retail</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>

## P-6: Coordinated Customer Conversions Interval (≤ 15 Minutes and > 15 Minutes)

### Definition

This report measures the average time it takes BellSouth to disconnect an unbundled loop from the BellSouth switch and cross connect it to CLEC equipment. This measurement applies to service orders with INP and with LNP, and where the CLEC has requested BellSouth to provide a coordinated cut over.

### Exclusions

- Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement.
- Delays due to CLEC following disconnection of the unbundled loop
- Unbundled Loops where there is no existing subscriber loop and loops where coordination is not requested.

### Business Rules

When the service order includes INP, the interval includes the total time for the cut over including the translation time to place the line back in service on the ported line. When the service order includes LNP, the interval only includes the total time for the cut over (the port of the number is controlled by the CLEC).

### Calculation

**Coordinated Customer Conversions Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Completion Date and Time for Cross Connection of a Coordinated Unbundled Loop
- b = Disconnection Date and Time of an Coordinated Unbundled Loop

**Percent Coordinated Customer Conversions** (for each interval) = (c ÷ d) X 100

- c = Total number of Coordinated Customer Conversions for each interval
- d = Total Number of Unbundled Loop with Coordinated Conversions (items) for the reporting period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate
- The interval breakout is 0-5 = 0 - ≤5, 5-15 = >5 - ≤15, ≥15 = 15 and greater, plus Overall Average Interval.

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number</li> <li>• Committed Due Date (DD)</li> <li>• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Cut over Start Time</li> <li>• Cut over Completion Time</li> <li>• Portability Start and Completion Times (INP orders)</li> <li>• Total Conversions (Items)</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• No BellSouth Analog Exists</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Unbundled Loops with INP</li> <li>• Unbundled Loops with LNP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 95% ≤ 15 minutes (98% ≤ 15 minutes After 6 Months)</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Unbundled Loops</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>95% ≤ 15 minutes (98% ≤ 15 minutes After 6 Months)</li> </ul>

## P-6A: Coordinated Customer Conversions – Hot Cut Timeliness % Within Interval and Average Interval

### Definition

This category measures whether BellSouth begins the cut over of an unbundled loop on a coordinated and/or a time specific order at the CLEC requested start time. It measures the percentage of orders where the cut begins within 15 minutes of the requested start time of the order and the average interval.

### Exclusions

- Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement.
- Delays caused by the CLEC
- Unbundled Loops where there is no existing subscriber loop and loops where coordination is not requested.
- All unbundled loops on multiple loop orders after the first loop.

### Business Rules

This report measures whether BellSouth begins the cut over of an unbundled loop on a coordinated and/or a time specific order at the CLEC requested start time. The cut is considered on time if it starts 15 minutes before or after the requested start time. Using the scheduled time and the actual cut over start time, the measurement will calculate the percent within interval and the average interval. If a cut involves multiple lines, the cut will be considered “on time” if the first line is cut within the interval. ≤ 15 minutes includes intervals that began 15:00 minutes or less before the scheduled cut time and cuts that began 15 minutes or less after the scheduled cut time; >15 minutes, ≤ 30 minutes includes cuts within 15:00 – 30:00 minutes either prior to or after the scheduled cut time; >30 minutes includes cuts greater than 30:00 minutes either prior to or after the scheduled cut time.

### Calculation

$$\% \text{ within Interval} = (a \div b) \times 100$$

- a = Total Number of Coordinated Unbundled Loop Orders for the interval
- b = Total Number of Coordinated Unbundled Loop Orders for the reporting period

$$\text{Interval} = (c - d)$$

- c = Scheduled Time for Cross Connection of a Coordinated Unbundled Loop Order
- d = Actual Start Date and Time of a Coordinated Unbundled Loop Order

$$\text{Average Interval} = (e \div f)$$

- e = Sum of all Intervals
- f = Total Number of Coordinated Unbundled Loop Orders for the reporting period.

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific (MSA)
  - CLEC Aggregate
- Both categories above are reported in intervals of early, on time and late cuts
- ≤ 15 minutes
  - > 15 minutes - ≤ 30 minutes
  - > 30 minutes - ≤ 60 minutes
  - > 60 minutes - ≤ 120 minutes
  - > 120 minutes - ≤ 180 minutes
  - > 180 minutes - ≤ 240 minutes
  - ≤ 240 minutes
  - > 240 minutes
  - Overall Average Interval



**Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number (so_nbr)</li> <li>• Committed Due Date (DD)</li> <li>• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Cut over Scheduled Start Time</li> <li>• Cut over Actual Start Time</li> <li>• Total Conversions Orders</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• No BellSouth Analog exists</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Product Reporting Level                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- SL1 Time Specific</li> <li>- SL1 Non-Time Specific</li> <li>- SL2 Time Specific</li> <li>- SL2 Non-Time Specific</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 95% Within + or – 15 minutes of Scheduled Start Time</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- UNE Loops</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 95% Within + or – 15 minutes of Scheduled Start time</li> </ul>

## P-6B: Coordinated Customer Conversions – Average Recovery Time - % Service Loss

### Definition

Measures the time between notification and resolution by BellSouth of a service outage found that can be isolated to the BellSouth side of the network. The time between notification and resolution by BellSouth must be measured to ensure that CLEC customers do not experience unjustifiable lengthy service outages during a Coordinated Customer Conversion. This report measures outages associated with Coordinated Customer Conversions prior to service order completion.

### Exclusions

- Cut overs where service outages are due to CLEC caused reasons
- Cut overs where service outages are due to end-user caused reasons

### Business Rules

Measures the outage duration time related to Coordinated Customer Conversions from the initial trouble notification until the trouble has been restored and the CLEC has been notified. The duration time is defined as the time from the initial trouble notification until the trouble has been restored and the CLEC has been notified. The interval is calculated on the total outage time for the circuits divided by the total number of outages restored during the report period to give the average outage duration.

### Calculation

**Recovery Time** = (a - b)

- a = Date & Time That Trouble is Closed by CLEC
- b = Date & Time Initial Trouble is Opened with BellSouth

**Average Recovery Time** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all the Recovery Times
- d = Number of Troubles Referred to BellSouth

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Company Name</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number (so_nbr)</li> <li>• Committed Due Date (DD)</li> <li>• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• CLEC Acceptance Conflict (CLEC_CONFLICT)</li> <li>• CLEC Conflict Resolved (CLEC_CON_RES)</li> <li>• CLEC Conflict MFC (CLEC_CONFLICT_MFC)</li> <li>• Total Conversion Orders</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Unbundled Loops with INP</li> <li>• Unbundled Loops with LNP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Diagnostic</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

## P-6C: Hot Cut Conversions - % Provisioning Troubles Received Within 7 days of a completed Service Order

P-6C: Hot Cut Conversions - % Provisioning Troubles Received Within 7 days of a completed Service Order

### Definition

Percent Provisioning Troubles received within 7 days of a completed service order associated with a Coordinated and Non-Coordinated Hot Cut Conversion. Measures the quality and accuracy of Hot Cut Conversion Activities.

### Exclusions

- Any order canceled by the CLEC
- Troubles caused by Customer Provided Equipment

### Business Rules

Measures the quality and accuracy of completed service orders associated with Coordinated and Non-Coordinated Hot Cut Conversions. The first trouble report received on a circuit ID within 7 days following a service order completion is counted in this measure. Subsequent trouble reports are measured in Repeat Report Rate. Reports are calculated searching in the prior report period for completed Coordinated and Non-Coordinated Hot Cut Conversion service orders and following 7 days after the completion of the service order for a trouble report issue date.

### Calculation

**% Provisioning Troubles within 7 days of service order completion** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = The sum of all Hot Cut Circuits with a trouble within 7 days following service order(s) completion
- b = The total number of Hot Cut service order circuits completed in the previous report calendar month

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate
- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number (so_nbr)</li> <li>• PON</li> <li>• Order Submission Date (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Order Submission Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Status Type</li> <li>• Status Notice Date</li> <li>• Standard Order Activity</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> <li>• Total conversion circuits</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• No BellSouth Analog exists</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Loop Design</li> <li>• UNE Loop Non-Design</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Diagnostic</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

## P-6D: Coordinated Customer Conversions – Hot Cuts requiring > 15 Minutes to Cut

### Definition

This report measures the average time it takes BellSouth to disconnect an unbundled loop from the BellSouth switch and cross connect it to CLEC equipment. This measurement applies to service orders with INP and with LNP, and where the CLEC has requested BellSouth to provide a coordinated cut over.

### Exclusions

- Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement.
- Delays due to CLEC following disconnection of the unbundled loop.
- Unbundled Loops where there is no existing subscriber loop and loops where coordination is not requested.

### Business Rules

When the service order includes INP, the interval includes the total time for the cut over including the translation time to place the line back in service on the ported line. When the service order included LNP, the interval only includes the total time for the cut over (the port of the number is controlled by the CLEC).

### Calculation

Coordinated Customer Conversion Interval = (a - b)

- a = Completion Date and Time for Cross Connection of Coordinated Unbundled Loop
- b = Disconnection Date and Time of a Coordinated Unbundled Loop

Percent Coordinated Customer Conversions = (c ÷ d) X 100

- c = Total number of Coordinated Customer Conversion greater than 15 minutes
- d = Total number of Unbundled Loop with Coordinated Conversions (items) for the reporting period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number</li> <li>• Committed Due Date (DD)</li> <li>• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Cut Over Start Time</li> <li>• Cut Over Completion Time</li> <li>• Portability Start and Completion Times (INP orders)</li> <li>• Total Conversions (Items)</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• No BellSouth Analog Exists.</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SWM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Unbundled Loops with INP</li> <li>• Unbundled Loops with LNP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Diagnostic</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

## P-7: % Provisioning Troubles within 5 days of Service Order Completion

### Definition

Percent Provisioning Troubles within 5 days of Service Order Completion measures the quality and accuracy of Service order activities.

### Exclusions

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.) Orders types may be N, C, or T.
- D & F orders
- Trouble reports caused and closed out to Customer Provided Equipment (CPE)

### Business Rules

Measures the quality and accuracy of completed orders. The first trouble report from a service order after completion is counted in this measure. Subsequent trouble reports are measured in Repeat Report Rate. Reports are calculated searching in the prior report period for completed service orders and following 5 days after completion of the service order for a trouble report issue date.

D & F orders are excluded as there is no subsequent activity following a disconnect.

**Note:** Standalone LNP historical data is not available in the maintenance systems (LMOS and WFA).

### Calculation

**% Provisioning Troubles within 5 days of Service Order Activity** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Trouble reports on all completed orders 5 days following service order(s) completion
- b = All Service Orders completed in the previous report calendar month

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; ≥10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- Dispatch / Non-Dispatch (except trunks)
- State

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number and PON</li> <li>• Order Submission Date (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Order Submission Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Status Type</li> <li>• Status Notice Date</li> <li>• Standard Order Activity</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• BellSouth Order Number</li> <li>• Order Submission Date</li> <li>• Order Submission Time</li> <li>• Status Type</li> <li>• Status Notice Date</li> <li>• Standard Order Activity</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Resale Residence</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence</li> </ul>



<b>SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation</b>	<b>SQM Retail Analog/Benchmark</b>
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• 2W Analog Loop Design with NP	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design with NP - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders) - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop-Non-Design - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS - Excluding Switch-Based Orders) - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• 2W Analog Loop w/LNP Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop w/LNP Non-Design - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders) - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• 2W Analog Loop w/INP Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop w/INP Non-Design - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders) - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Loop ≥ DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations - Dispatch Out - Non-Dispatch - Dispatch In - Switch-Based	• Retail Residence and Business - Dispatch Out - Non-Dispatch - Dispatch In - Switch-Based
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including Dispatch Out and Dispatch In) - Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Local Interconnection Trunks

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale POTS	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence and Business
• UNE Loops	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• UNE xDSL	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Local Interconnection Trunks

## P-8: Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT)

### Definition

This report measures the total service order cycle time from receipt of a valid service order request to the return of a completion notice to the CLEC Interface.

### Exclusions

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- D (Disconnect - Except "D" orders associated with LNP Standalone.) and F (From) orders. (From is disconnect side of a move order when the customer moves to a new address).
- "L" Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)
- Orders with CLEC/Subscriber caused delays or CLEC/Subscriber requested due date changes.

### Business Rules

The interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. This measurement combines three reports: FOC Timeliness, Average Order Completion Interval and Average Completion Notice Interval. For UNE XDSL Loop, this measurement combines Service Inquiry Interval (SI), FOC Timeliness, Average Completion Interval, and Average Completion Notice Interval.

This interval starts with the receipt of a valid service order request and stops when a completion notice is sent to the CLEC Interface (LENS, TAG OR EDI) and the BellSouth Legacy Systems. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed. Orders that are worked on zero due dates are calculated with a .33 day interval (8 hours) in order to report a portion of a day interval. These orders are issued and worked/completed on same day. They can be either flow through orders (no field work-non-dispatched) or field orders (dispatched).

Reporting is by Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized and Non-Mechanized receipt of LSRs.

### Calculation

**Total Service Order Cycle Time** = (a - b)

- a = Service Order Completion Notice Date
- b = Service Request Receipt Date

**Average Total Service Order Cycle Time** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Total Service Order Cycle Times
- d = Total Number Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period

**Total Service Order Cycle Time Interval Distribution** (for each interval) = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Total Number of Service Requests Completed in "X" minutes/hours
- f = Total Number of Service Requests Received in Reporting Period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Fully Mechanized; Partially Mechanized; Non-Mechanized
- Report in categories of <10 line/circuits; ≥ 10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- Dispatch / Non-Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks
- Intervals 0-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-25, 25-30, ≥ 30 Days. The interval breakout is: 0-5 = 0 - ≤5, 5-10 = >5 - ≤10, 10-15 = >10 - ≤15, 15-20 = >15 - ≤20, 20-25 = >20 - ≤25, 25-30 = >25 - <30, ≥30 = 30 and greater
- State

**Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Interval for FOC</li> <li>• CLEC Company Name (OCN)</li> <li>• Order Number (PON)</li> <li>• Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Completion Date (CMLPTN_DT)</li> <li>• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• BellSouth Order Number</li> <li>• Order Submission Date &amp; Time</li> <li>• Order Completion Date &amp; Time</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Resale Residence</li> <li>• Resale Business</li> <li>• Resale Design</li> <li>• Resale PBX</li> <li>• Resale Centrex</li> <li>• Resale ISDN</li> <li>• LNP (Standalone)</li> <li>• UNE Loop with LNP</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop Design</li> <li>• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design</li> <li>• UNE Switch ports</li> <li>• UNE Digital Loops &lt; DS1</li> <li>• UNE Digital Loops ≥ DS1</li> <li>• UNE Loop + Port Combinations</li> <li>• UNE Combo Other</li> <li>• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)</li> <li>• UNE ISDN</li> <li>• UNE Line Sharing</li> <li>• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)</li> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Diagnostic</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

## P-9: LNP-Percent Missed Installation Appointments

### Definition

“Percent missed installation appointments” monitors the reliability of BellSouth commitments with respect to committed due dates to assure that CLECs can reliably quote expected due dates to their retail customer as compared to BellSouth. This measure is the percentage of total orders processed for which BellSouth is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates and reported for total misses and End User Misses.

### Exclusions

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable

### Business Rules

Percent Missed Installation Appointments (PMI) is the percentage of total orders processed for which BellSouth is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates. Missed Appointments caused by end-user reasons will be included and reported in a separate category. The first commitment date on the service order that is a missed appointment is the missed appointment code used for calculation whether it is a BellSouth missed appointment or an End User missed appointment. The “due date” is any time on the confirmed due date, which means there cannot be a cutoff time for commitments as certain types of orders are requested to be worked after standard business hours. Also, during Daylight Savings Time, field technicians are scheduled until 9PM in some areas and the customer is offered a greater range of intervals from which to select.

### Calculation

**LNP Percent Missed Installation Appointments** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Number of Orders with Completion date in Reporting Period past the Original Committed Due Date
- b = Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
  - State/Region
- Report in Categories of <10 lines/circuits ≥ 10 lines/circuits

**Report explanation:** Total Missed Appointments is the total percent of orders missed either by BellSouth or the CLEC end user. End User MA represents the percentage of orders missed by the CLEC end user. The difference between End User Missed Appointments and Total Missed Appointments is the result of BellSouth caused misses.

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number and PON (PON)</li> <li>• Committed Due Date (DD)</li> <li>• Completion Date (CMPLTN DD)</li> <li>• Status Type</li> <li>• Status Notice Date</li> <li>• Standard Order Activity</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• BellSouth Order Number</li> <li>• Committed Due Date (DD)</li> <li>• Completion Date (CMPLTN DD)</li> <li>• Status Type</li> <li>• Status Notice Date</li> <li>• Standard Order Activity</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>LNP (Standalone)</li> <li>UNE Loop with LNP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Retail Residence &amp; Business (POTS)</li> <li>Retail Residence &amp; Business</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>LNP (Standalone)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>95% Met</li> </ul>

## P-10A: LNP – Average Disconnect Timeliness Interval & Disconnect Timeliness Interval Distribution

### Definition

Disconnect Timeliness is defined as the interval between the time ESI Number Manager receives the valid ‘Number Ported’ message from NPAC (signifying the CLEC ‘Activate’) until the time the Disconnect is completed in the Central Office switch. This interval effectively measures BellSouth responsiveness by isolating it from impacts that are caused by CLEC related activities.

### Exclusions

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable.

### Business Rules

The Disconnect Timeliness interval is determined for each telephone number on the LSR after the last telephone number has been ported during the reporting period. The Disconnect Timeliness interval is the elapsed time from BellSouth’s receipt of a valid ‘Number Ported’ message on the last telephone number ported until each telephone number is disconnected in the Central Office switch. The CLEC provides the “Number Ported” message (signifying the CLEC “Activate”) in the ESI number Manager interface. Elapsed time for each ported number is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the total number of selected telephone numbers disconnected in the reporting period.

### Calculation

**Disconnect Timeliness Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Completion Date and Time in Central Office switch for each number on disconnect order
- b = Valid ‘Number Ported’ message received date & time

**Average Disconnect Timeliness Interval** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Disconnect Timeliness Intervals
- d = Total Number of disconnected numbers completed in reporting period

**Disconnect Timeliness Interval Distribution** (for each interval) = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Disconnected numbers completed in “X” days
- f = Total disconnect numbers completed in reporting period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
  - State, Region

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Order Number</li> <li>• Telephone Number / Circuit Number</li> <li>• Committed Due Date</li> <li>• Receipt Date / Time (ESI Number Manager)</li> <li>• Date / Time of Recent Change Notice</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation:	SQM Analog/Benchmark:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>LNP (Standalone)</li> <li>UNE Loop with LNP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>95% ≤ 12 Hours</li> <li>95% ≤ 15 Minutes After 6 Months</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>LNP (Standalone)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>95% ≤ 12 hours</li> </ul>



## P-10B: LNP – Average Time of Out of Service for LNP Conversions

### Definition

Average time to facilitate the LNP activation request in BellSouth’s network.

### Exclusions

- CLEC-caused errors
- NPAC caused errors unless caused by BellSouth
- Stand Alone LNP Orders with more than 500 number activations

### Business Rules

The Start time is the Receipt of the NPAC broadcast activation message in BellSouth’s LSMS. The End time is when the Provisioning event is successfully completed in BellSouth’s network as reflected in BellSouth’s LSMS. Calculate the total minutes of difference between the start time and end time in minutes for LNP activations during the reporting period.

### Calculation

Time Out of Service = (a - b)

- a = LNP Conversion Stop Time
- b = LNP Conversion Start Time

Average Out of Service Time for LNP Conversions = (c ÷ d) X 100

- c = Sum of all “Time out of Service” measures for the reporting period
- d = Total number of LNP activations for the reporting period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
  - State, Region

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LNP (Standalone)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 95% within 60 Minutes unless a different industry guideline is established that will override the benchmark referenced here.</li> </ul>

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

### SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Level of Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

## P-10C: LNP – Percentage of Time BellSouth Applies the 10-digit Trigger Prior to the LNP Order Due Date

P-10C: LNP – Percentage of Time BellSouth Applies the 10-digit Trigger Prior to the LNP Order Due Date

### Definition

Percentage of time BellSouth applies 10-digit trigger for LNP TNs prior to the due date.

### Exclusions

Excludes CLEC or Customer caused misses or delays.

### Business Rules

Obtain number of LNP TNs where the 10-digit trigger was applicable prior to due date, and the total number of LNP TNs where the 10-digit trigger was applicable.

### Calculation

Percentage of 10-digit applications =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Count of LNP TNs for which 10-digit trigger was applicable prior to due date
- b = Total LNP TNs for which 10-digit triggers were applied

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
  - State, Region

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• LNP (Standalone)	• 95%

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

### SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

## P-11: LNP-Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT)

### Definition

Total Service Order Cycle Time measures the interval from receipt of a valid service order request to the completion of the final service order associated with that service request.

### Exclusions

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable
- "L" appointment coded orders (indicating the customer has requested a later than offered interval)
- "S" missed appointment coded orders (indicating subscriber missed appointments), except for "SP" codes (indicating subscriber prior due date requested). This would include "S" codes assigned to subsequent due date changes.

### Business Rules

The interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. This measurement combines three reports: FOC Timeliness, Average Order Completion Interval and Average Completion Notice Interval.

This interval starts with the receipt of a valid service order request and stops when a completion notice is sent to the CLEC Interface (LENS, TAG OR EDI). Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed. Orders that are worked on zero due dates are calculated with a .33 day interval (8 hours) in order to report a portion of a day interval. These orders are issued and worked/completed on same day. They can be either flow through orders (no field work-non-dispatched) or field orders (dispatched).

Reporting is by Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized and Non-Mechanized receipt of LSRs.

### Calculation

**Total Service Order Cycle Time** = (a - b)

- a = Service Order Completion Notice Date
- b = Service Request Receipt Date

**Average Total Service Order Cycle Time** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Total Service Order Cycle Times
- d = Total Number Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period

**Total Service Order Cycle Time Interval Distribution** (for each interval) = (e ÷ f) X 100

- e = Total Number of Service Orders Completed in "X" minutes/hours
- f = Total Number of Service Orders Received in Reporting Period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate
- Fully Mechanized; Partially Mechanized; Non-Mechanized
- Report in categories of <10 line/circuits; ≥ 10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- Dispatch / No Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks
- Intervals 0-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-25, 25-30, ≥ 30 Days. The interval breakout is: 0-5 = 0 - 4.99, 5-10 = 5 - 9.99, 10-15 = 10 - 14.99, 15-20 = 15 - 19.99, 20-25 = 20 - 24.99, 25-30 = 25 - 29.99, ≥ 30 = 30 and greater
- State/Region

**Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Interval for FOC</li> <li>• CLEC Company Name (OCN)</li> <li>• Order Number (PON)</li> <li>• Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LNP (Standalone)</li> <li>• UNE Loop with LNP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Diagnostic</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

## Section 4: Maintenance & Repair

### M&R-1: Missed Repair Appointments

#### Definition

The percent of trouble reports not cleared by the committed date and time.

#### Exclusions

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request
- BellSouth trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble

#### Business Rules

The negotiated commitment date and time is established when the repair report is received. The cleared time is the date and time that BellSouth personnel clear the trouble and closes the trouble report in his/her Computer Access Terminal (CAT) or workstation. If this is after the Commitment time, the report is flagged as a “Missed Commitment” or a missed repair appointment. When the data for this measure is collected for BellSouth and a CLEC, it can be used to compare the percentage of the time repair appointments are missed due to BellSouth reasons. (No access reports are not part of this measure because they are not a missed appointment.)

**Note:** Appointment intervals vary with force availability in the POTS environment. Specials and Trunk intervals are standard interval appointments of no greater than 24 hours.

#### Calculation

**Percentage of Missed Repair Appointments** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Count of Customer Troubles Not Cleared by the Quoted Commitment Date and Time
- b = Total Trouble reports closed in Reporting Period

#### Report Structure

- Dispatch / Non-Dispatch
- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- State/Region

#### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Company Name</li> <li>• Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp; CAUSE_DESC)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• BellSouth Company Code</li> <li>• Submission Date &amp; Time</li> <li>• Completion Date</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only)</li> <li>• Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone) (Not Available in Maintenance)	• Not Applicable
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS) (Excludes Switch-Based Feature Troubles)
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence and Business
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Service < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Service ≥ DS1
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Local Interconnection Trunks
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	X

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale POTS	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence and Business
• UNE Loops	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• UNE xDSL	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Local Interconnection Trunks

## M&R-2: Customer Trouble Report Rate

### Definition

Percent of initial and repeated customer direct or referred troubles reported within a calendar month per 100 lines/circuits in service.

### Exclusions

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.
- BellSouth trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service.
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble.

### Business Rules

Customer Trouble Report Rate is computed by accumulating the number of maintenance initial and repeated trouble reports during the reporting period. The resulting number of trouble reports are divided by the total “number of service” lines, ports or combination that exist for the CLECs and BellSouth respectively at the end of the report month.

### Calculation

**Customer Trouble Report Rate** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Count of Initial and Repeated Trouble Reports closed in the Current Period
- b = Number of Service Access Lines in service at End of the Report Period

### Report Structure

- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch
- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- State/Region

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Company Name</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Date (CMLPTN_DT)</li> <li>• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp; CAUSE_DESC)</li> <li>• # Service Access Lines in Service at the end of period</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• BellSouth Company Code</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Date</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only)</li> <li>• Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)</li> <li>• # Service Access Lines in Service at the end of period</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• LNP (Standalone) (Not Available in Maintenance)	• Not Applicable
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS) (Excludes Switch-Based Feature Troubles)
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence and Business
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Service < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Service ≥ DS1
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Local Interconnection Trunks
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale POTS	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence and Business
• UNE Loops	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• UNE xDSL	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Local Interconnection Trunks



## M&R-3: Maintenance Average Duration

### Definition

The Average duration of Customer Trouble Reports from the receipt of the Customer Trouble Report to the time the trouble report is cleared.

### Exclusions

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request
- BellSouth trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble

### Business Rules

For Average Duration the clock starts on the date and time of the receipt of a correct repair request. The clock stops on the date and time the service is restored and the BellSouth or CLEC customer is notified (when the technician completes the trouble ticket on his/her CAT or work systems).

### Calculation

**Maintenance Duration** = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time of Service Restoration
- b = Date and Time Trouble Ticket was Opened

**Average Maintenance Duration** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Total of all maintenance durations in the reporting period
- d = Total Closed Troubles in the reporting period

### Report Structure

- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch
- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- State/Region

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Tickets (LINE_NBR)</li> <li>• CLEC Company Name</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp; CAUSE_DESC)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Tickets</li> <li>• BellSouth Company Code</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Date</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Time</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Date</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Time</li> <li>• Total Duration Time</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (Non-Design/Non-Special Only)</li> <li>• Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Resale Residence</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Retail Residence</li> </ul>

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone) (Not Available in Maintenance)	• Not Applicable
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS) (Excludes Switch-Based Feature Troubles)
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence and Business
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Service < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Service ≥ DS1
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Local Interconnection Trunks
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale POTS	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence and Business
• UNE Loops	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• UNE xDSL	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Local Interconnection Trunks

## M&R-4: Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days

### Definition

Closed trouble reports on the same line/circuit as a previous trouble report received within 30 calendar days as a percent of total troubles closed.

### Exclusions

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.
- BellSouth trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service.
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble.

### Business Rules

Includes Customer trouble reports received within 30 days of an original Customer trouble report

### Calculation

**Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Count of closed Customer Troubles where more than one trouble report was logged for the same service line within a continuous 30 days
- b = Total Trouble Reports Closed in Reporting Period

### Report Structure

- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch
- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- State/Region

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Tickets (LINE_NBR)</li> <li>• CLEC Company Name</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>• Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days (TOT_REPEAT)</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp; CAUSE_DESC)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Tickets</li> <li>• BellSouth Company Code</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Date</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Time</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Date</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Time</li> <li>• Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only)</li> <li>• Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone) (Not Available in Maintenance)	• Not Applicable
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS) (Excludes Switch-Based Feature Troubles)
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence and Business
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Service < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Service ≥ DS1
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Local Interconnection Trunks
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale POTS	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence and Business
• UNE Loops	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• UNE xDSL	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Local Interconnection Trunks

## M&R-5: Out of Service (OOS) > 24 Hours

### Definition

For Out of Service Troubles (no dial tone, cannot be called or cannot call out) the percentage of Total OOS Troubles cleared in excess of 24 hours. (All design services are considered to be out of service).

### Exclusions

- Trouble Reports canceled at the CLEC request
- BellSouth Trouble Reports associated with administrative service
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) Troubles or CLEC Equipment Troubles.

### Business Rules

Customer Trouble reports that are out of service and cleared in excess of 24 hours. The clock begins when the trouble report is created in LMOS/WFA and the trouble is counted if the elapsed time exceeds 24 hours.

### Calculation

**Out of Service (OOS) > 24 hours** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total Cleared Troubles OOS > 24 Hours
- b = Total OOS Troubles in Reporting Period

### Report Structure

- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch
- CLEC Specific (MSA)
- BellSouth Aggregate
- CLEC Aggregate
- State/Region

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Tickets</li> <li>• CLEC Company Name</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>• Percentage of Customer Troubles out of Service &gt; 24 Hours (OOS&gt;24_FLAG)</li> <li>• Service type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp; CAUSE-DESC)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Tickets</li> <li>• BellSouth Company Code</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Date</li> <li>• Ticket Submission time</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Date</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Time</li> <li>• Percent of Customer Troubles out of Service &gt; 24 Hours</li> <li>• Service type</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (Non-Design/Non-Special only)</li> <li>• Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale Residence	• Retail Residence
• Resale Business	• Retail Business
• Resale Design	• Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
• Resale Centrex	• Retail Centrex

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone) (Not Available in Maintenance)	• Not Applicable
• 2W Analog Loop Design	• Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS) (Excludes Switch-Based Feature Troubles)
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	• Retail Residence and Business
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Service < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop ≥ DS1	• Retail Digital Service ≥ DS1
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	• ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business
• Local Interconnection Trunks	• Local Interconnection Trunks
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

## M&R-6: Average Answer Time – Repair Centers

### Definition

This measures the average time a customer is in queue.

### Exclusions

None

### Business Rules

The clock starts when a CLEC Representative or BellSouth customer makes a choice on the Repair Center's menu and is put in queue for the next repair attendant. The clock stops when the repair attendant answers the call (abandoned calls are not included).

**Note:** The Total Column is a combined BellSouth Residence and Business number.

### Calculation

**Answer Time for BellSouth Repair Centers** = (a - b)

- a = Time BellSouth Repair Attendant Answers Call
- b = Time of entry into queue after ACD Selection

**Average Answer Time for BellSouth Repair Centers** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Answer Times
- d = Total number of calls by reporting period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Average Answer Time</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BellSouth Average Answer Time</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog / Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Region. CLEC/BellSouth Service Centers and BellSouth Repair Centers are regional.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For CLEC, Average Answer Times in UNE Center and BRMC are comparable to the Average Answer Times in the BellSouth Repair Centers.</li> </ul>

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

<b>SEEM Disaggregation</b>	<b>SEEM Analog/Benchmark</b>
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

M&amp;R-6: Average Answer Time – Repair Centers



## Section 5: Billing

### B-1: Invoice Accuracy

#### Definition

This measure provides the percentage of accuracy of the billing invoices rendered to CLECs during the current month.

#### Exclusions

- Adjustments not related to billing errors (e.g., credits for service outage, special promotion credits, adjustments to satisfy the customer)
- Test Accounts

#### Business Rules

The accuracy of billing invoices delivered by BellSouth to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree of billing accuracy comparative to BellSouth bills rendered to retail customers of BellSouth. CLECs request adjustments on bills determined to be incorrect. The BellSouth Billing verification process includes manually analyzing a sample of local bills from each bill period. The bill verification process draws from a mix of different customer billing options and types of service. An end-to-end auditing process is performed for new products and services. Internal measurements and controls are maintained on all billing processes.

#### Calculation

$$\text{Invoice Accuracy} = [(a - b) \div a] \times 100$$

- a = Absolute Value of Total Billed Revenues during current month
- b = Absolute Value of Billing Related Adjustments during current month

#### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
  - Region
  - State

#### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Invoice Type                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- UNE</li> <li>- Resale</li> <li>- Interconnection</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Total Billed Revenue</li> <li>• Billing Related Adjustments</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Retail Type                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- CRIS</li> <li>- CABS</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Total Billed Revenue</li> <li>• Billing Related Adjustments</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Product / Invoice Type                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Resale</li> <li>- UNE</li> <li>- Interconnection</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Invoice Accuracy is comparable to BellSouth Invoice Accuracy</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	X

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC State</li> <li>• BellSouth State</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parity with Retail</li> </ul>

## B-2: Mean Time to Deliver Invoices

### Definition

Bill Distribution is calculated as follows: CRIS BILLS-The number of workdays is reported for CRIS bills. This is calculated by counting the Bill Period date as the first work day. Weekends and holidays are excluded when counting workdays. J/N Bills are counted in the CRIS work day category for the purposes of the measurement since their billing account number (Q account) is provided from the CRIS system.

CABS BILLS-The number of calendar days is reported for CABS bills. This is calculated by counting the day following the Bill Period date as the first calendar day. Weekends and holidays are included when counting the calendar days.

### Exclusions

Any invoices rejected due to formatting or content errors.

### Business Rules

This report measures the mean interval for timeliness of billing records delivered to CLECs in an agreed upon format. CRIS-based invoices are measured in business days, and CABS-based invoices in calendar days.

### Calculation

**Invoice Timeliness** = (a - b)

- a = Invoice Transmission Date
- b = Close Date of Scheduled Bill Cycle

**Mean Time To Deliver Invoices** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Invoice Timeliness intervals
- d = Count of Invoices Transmitted in Reporting Period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
  - Region
  - State

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Invoice Type                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- UNE</li> <li>- Resale</li> <li>- Interconnection</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Invoice Transmission Count</li> <li>• Date of Scheduled Bill Close</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Invoice Type                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- CRIS</li> <li>- CABS</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Invoice Transmission Count</li> <li>• Date of Scheduled Bill Close</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Product / Invoice Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Resale</li> <li>• UNE</li> <li>• Interconnection</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CRIS-based invoices will be released for delivery within six (6) business days.</li> <li>• CABS-based invoices will be released for delivery within eight (8) calendar days.</li> <li>• CLEC Average Delivery Intervals for both CRIS and CABS Invoices are comparable to BellSouth Average delivery for both systems.</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	X

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC State                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- CRIS</li> <li>- CABS</li> </ul> </li> <li>• BellSouth Region</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parity with Retail</li> </ul>

## B-3: Usage Data Delivery Accuracy

### Definition

This measurement captures the percentage of recorded usage that is delivered error free and in an acceptable format to the appropriate Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC). These percentages will provide the necessary data for use as a comparative measurement for BellSouth performance. This measurement captures Data Delivery Accuracy rather than the accuracy of the individual usage recording.

### Exclusions

None

### Business Rules

The accuracy of the data delivery of usage records delivered by BellSouth to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree of accuracy comparative to BellSouth bills rendered to their retail customers. If errors are detected in the delivery process, they are investigated, evaluated and documented. Errors are corrected and the data retransmitted to the CLEC.

### Calculation

**Usage Data Delivery Accuracy** =  $(a - b) \div a \times 100$

- a = Total number of usage data packs sent during current month
- b = Total number of usage data packs requiring retransmission during current month

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
  - Region

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Record Type                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- BellSouth Recorded</li> <li>- Non-BellSouth Recorded</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Record Type</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Region</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Usage Data Delivery Accuracy is comparable to BellSouth Usage Data Delivery Accuracy</li> </ul>

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

<b>SEEM Disaggregation</b>	<b>SEEM Analog/Benchmark</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• CLEC State</li><li>• BellSouth Region</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Parity with Retail</li></ul>

## B-4: Usage Data Delivery Completeness

### Definition

This measurement provides percentage of complete and accurately recorded usage data (usage recorded by BellSouth and usage recorded by other companies and sent to BellSouth for billing) that is processed and transmitted to the CLEC within thirty (30) days of the message recording date. A parity measure is also provided showing completeness of BellSouth messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. BellSouth delivers its own retail usage from recording location to billing location via CMDS as well as delivering billing data to other companies. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.

### Exclusions

None

### Business Rules

The purpose of these measurements is to demonstrate the level of quality of usage data delivered to the appropriate CLEC. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.

### Calculation

**Usage Data Delivery Completeness** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during current month that are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date
- b = Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during the current month

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Region

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Record Type                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- BellSouth Recorded</li> <li>- Non-BellSouth Recorded</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Record Type</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Region</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Usage Data Delivery Completeness is comparable to BellSouth Usage Data Delivery Completeness</li> </ul>

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure	
	Tier I
	Tier II
	Tier III

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

<b>SEEM Disaggregation</b>	<b>SEEM Analog/Benchmark</b>
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable



## B-5: Usage Data Delivery Timeliness

### Definition

This measurement provides a percentage of recorded usage data (usage recorded by BellSouth and usage recorded by other companies and sent to BellSouth for billing) that is delivered to the appropriate CLEC within six (6) calendar days from the receipt of the initial recording. A parity measure is also provided showing timeliness of BellSouth messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.

### Exclusions

None

### Business Rules

The purpose of this measurement is to demonstrate the level of timeliness for processing and transmission of usage data delivered to the appropriate CLEC. The usage data will be mechanically transmitted or mailed to the CLEC data processing center once daily. The Timeliness interval of usage recorded by other companies is measured from the date BellSouth receives the records to the date BellSouth distributes to the CLEC. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.

### Calculation

**Usage Data Delivery Timeliness Current month** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total number of usage records sent within six (6) calendar days from initial recording/receipt
- b = Total number of usage records sent

### Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Region

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Record Type                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- BellSouth Recorded</li> <li>- Non-BellSouth Recorded</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Record Type</li> </ul>

### SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Region</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Usage Data Delivery Timeliness is comparable to BellSouth Usage Data Delivery Timeliness</li> </ul>

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

<b>SEEM Disaggregation</b>	<b>SEEM Analog/Benchmark</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Region</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• CLEC Usage Data Delivery Timeliness is comparable to BellSouth Usage Data Delivery Timeliness</li></ul>

## B-6: Mean Time to Deliver Usage

### Definition

This measurement provides the average time it takes to deliver Usage Records to a CLEC. A parity measure is also provided showing timeliness of BellSouth messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.

### Exclusions

None

### Business Rules

The purpose of this measurement is to demonstrate the average number of days it takes BellSouth to deliver Usage data to the appropriate CLEC. Usage data is mechanically transmitted or mailed to the CLEC data processing center once daily. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.

### Calculation

**Mean Time to Deliver Usage** =  $(a \times b) \div c$

- a = Volume of Records Delivered
- b = Estimated number of days to deliver
- c = Total Record Volume Delivered

**Note:** Any usage record falling in the 30+ day interval will be added using an average figure of 31.5 days.

### Report Structure

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Region

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Record Type                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- BellSouth Recorded</li> <li>- Non-BellSouth Recorded</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Record Type</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Region</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mean Time to Deliver Usage to CLEC is comparable to Mean Time to Deliver Usage to BellSouth</li> </ul>

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

## Section 6: Operator Services And Directory Assistance

### OS-1: Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Toll

#### Definition

Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answered by a toll operator.

#### Exclusions

None

#### Business Rules

The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BellSouth customers.

#### Calculation

**Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer - Toll** =  $a \div b$

- a = Total queue time
- b = Total calls answered

**Note:** Total queue time includes time that answered calls wait in queue as well as time abandoned calls wait in queue prior to abandonment.

#### Report Structure

- Reported for the aggregate of BellSouth and CLECs
  - State

#### Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)

- For the items below, BellSouth's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP
- Month
- Call Type (Toll)
- Average Speed of Answer

#### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• None</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Parity by Design</li></ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

## OS-2: Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered within “X” Seconds – Toll

### Definition

Measurement of the percent of toll calls that are answered in less than thirty seconds

### Exclusions

None

### Business Rules

The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BellSouth customers.

### Calculation

The Percent Answered within “X” Seconds measurement for toll is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within “X” seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.

### Report Structure

- Reported for the aggregate of BellSouth and CLECs
  - State

### Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)

- For the items below, BellSouth’s Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP
- Month
- Call Type (Toll)
- Average Speed of Answer

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation:	SQM Analog/Benchmark:
• None	• Parity by Design

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

### SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

## DA-1: Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Directory Assistance (DA)

### Definition

Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answered by a DA operator.

### Exclusions

None

### Business Rules

The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BellSouth customers.

### Calculation

**Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Directory Assistance (DA) =  $a \div b$**

- a = Total queue time
- b = Total calls answered

**Note:** Total queue time includes time that answered calls wait in queue as well as time abandoned calls wait in queue prior to abandonment.

### Report Structure

- Reported for the aggregate of BellSouth and CLECs
  - State

### Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)

- For the items below, BellSouth's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP
- Month
- Call Type (DA)
- Average Speed of Answer

### SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	• Parity by Design

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	



**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

<b>SEEM Disaggregation</b>	<b>SEEM Analog/Benchmark</b>
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

DA-1: Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Directory Assistance (DA)

## DA-2: Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered within “X” Seconds – Directory Assistance (DA)

### Definition

Measurement of the percent of DA calls that are answered in less than twenty seconds.

### Exclusions

None

### Business Rules

The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BellSouth customers.

### Calculation

The Percent Answered within “X” Seconds measurement for DA is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within “X” seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.

### Report Structure

- Reported for the aggregate of BellSouth and CLECs
  - State

### Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)

- For the items below, BellSouth’s Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP.
- Month
- Call Type (DA)
- Average Speed of Answer

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	• Parity by Design

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

### SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

## Section 7: E911

### E-1: Timeliness

#### Definition

Measures the percent of batch orders for E911 database updates (to CLEC resale and BellSouth retail records) processed successfully within a 24-hour period.

#### Exclusions

- Any resale order canceled by a CLEC
- Facilities-based CLEC orders

#### Business Rules

The 24-hour processing period is calculated based on the date and time processing starts on the batch orders and the date and time processing stops on the batch orders. Mechanical processing starts when SCC (the BellSouth E911 vendor) receives E911 files containing batch orders extracted from the BellSouth Service Order Control System (SOCS). Processing stops when SCC loads the individual records to the E911 database. The E911 database includes updates to the Automatic Location Identification (ALI) database. The system makes no distinction between CLEC resale records and BellSouth retail records.

#### Calculation

$$\text{E911 Timeliness} = (a \div b) \times 100$$

- a = Number of batch orders processed within 24 hours
- b = Total number of batch orders submitted

#### Report Structure

Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BellSouth retail updates

- State
- Region

#### Data Retained

- Report month
- Aggregate data

#### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	• Parity by Design

#### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

<b>SEEM Disaggregation</b>	<b>SEEM Analog/Benchmark</b>
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

E-1: Timeliness

## E-2: Accuracy

### Definition

Measures the percent of E911 telephone number (TN) record updates (to CLEC resale and BellSouth retail records) processed successfully for E911 (including the Automatic Location Identification (ALI) database).

### Exclusions

- Any resale order canceled by a CLEC
- Facilities-based CLEC orders

### Business Rules

Accuracy is based on the number of records processed without error at the conclusion of the processing cycle. Mechanical processing starts when SCC (the BellSouth E911 vendor) receives E911 files containing telephone number (TN) records extracted from BellSouth's Service Order Control System (SOCS). The system makes no distinction between CLEC resale records and BellSouth retail records.

### Calculation

$$\text{E911 Accuracy} = (a \div b) \times 100$$

- a = Number of record individual updates processed with no errors
- b = Total number of individual record updates

### Report Structure

Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BellSouth retail updates

- State
- Region

### Data Retained

- Report month
- Aggregate data

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	• Parity by Design

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

### SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

## E-3: Mean Interval

### Definition

Measures the mean interval processing of E911 batch orders (to update CLEC resale and BellSouth retail records) including processing against the Automatic Location Identification (ALI) database.

### Exclusions

- Any resale order canceled by a CLEC
- Facilities-based CLEC orders

### Business Rules

The processing period is calculated based on the date and time processing starts on the batch orders and the date and time processing stops on the batch orders. Data is posted in 4-hour increments up to and beyond 24 hours. The system makes no distinction between CLEC resale records and BellSouth retail records.

### Calculation

$$\text{E911 Interval} = (a - b)$$

- a = Date and time of batch order completion
- b = Date and time of batch order submission

$$\text{E911 Mean Interval} = (c \div d)$$

- c = Sum of all E911 Intervals
- d = Number of batch orders completed

### Report Structure

Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BellSouth retail updates

- State
- Region

### Data Retained

- Report month
- Aggregate data

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	• Parity by Design

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

### SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

## Section 8: Trunk Group Performance

### TGP-1: Trunk Group Performance – Aggregate

#### Definition

The Trunk Group Performance report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average trunk group blocking data for each hour of each day of the reporting cycle, for both CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups.

#### Exclusions

- Trunk groups for which valid data is not available for an entire study period
- Duplicate trunk group information
- Trunk groups blocked due to CLEC network/equipment failure
- Trunk groups blocked due to CLEC delayed or refused orders
- Trunk groups blocked due to CLEC lack of informing BellSouth within a reasonable time frame
- Final groups actually overflowing, not blocking

#### Business Rules

The purpose of the Trunk Group Performance Report is to provide trunk blocking measurements on CLEC and BellSouth trunk groups for comparison only. It is not the intent of the report that it be used for network management and/or engineering.

##### Monthly Average Blocking:

- The reporting cycle includes both business and non-business days in a calendar month.
- Monthly average blocking values are calculated for each trunk group for each of the 24 time consistent hours across a reporting cycle.

##### Aggregate Monthly Blocking:

- Used to compare aggregate blocking across trunk groups which terminate traffic at CLEC points of presence versus BellSouth switches.
- Aggregate monthly blocking data is calculated for each hour of the day across all trunk groups assigned to a category.

##### Trunk Categorization:

This report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average blocking data for each hour of a day. Therefore, for each reporting cycle, 24 blocking data points are generated for two aggregate groups of selected trunk groups. These groups are CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups. In order to assign trunk groups to each aggregate group, all trunk groups are first assigned to a category. A trunk group's end points and the type of traffic that is transmitted on it define a category. Selected categories of trunk groups are assigned to the aggregate groups so that trunk reports can be generated. The categories to which trunk groups have been assigned for this report are as follows.

##### CLEC Affecting Categories:

	Point A	Point B
Category 1:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth Access Tandem
Category 3:	BellSouth End Office	CLEC Switch
Category 4:	BellSouth Local Tandem	CLEC Switch
Category 5:	BellSouth Access Tandem	CLEC Switch
Category 10:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth Local Tandem
Category 16:	BellSouth Tandem	BellSouth Tandem

**BellSouth Affecting Categories:**

	Point A	Point B
Category 9:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth End Office

**Calculation**
**Monthly Average Blocking:**

- For each hour of the day, each day's raw data are summed across all valid measurements days in a report cycle for blocked and attempted calls.
- The sum of the blocked calls is divided by the total number of calls attempted in a reporting period.

**Aggregate Monthly Blocking:**

- For each hour of the day, the monthly sums of the blocked and attempted calls from each trunk group are separately aggregated over all trunk groups within each assigned category.
- The total blocked calls is divided by the total call attempts within a group to calculate an aggregate monthly blocking for each assigned group.
- The result is an aggregate monthly average blocking value for each of the 24 hours by group.
- The difference between the CLEC and BellSouth affecting trunk groups are also calculated for each hour.

**Report Structure**

- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
  - State
  - MSA

**Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Trunk Groups</li> <li>• Number of Trunk Groups by CLEC</li> <li>• Hourly blocking per trunk group</li> <li>• Hourly usage per trunk group</li> <li>• Hourly call attempts per trunk group</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Trunk Groups</li> <li>• Aggregate Hourly blocking per trunk group</li> <li>• Hourly usage per trunk group</li> <li>• Hourly call attempts per trunk group</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC aggregate</li> <li>• BellSouth aggregate</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage exceeds BellSouth blockage by more than 0.5% using trunk groups 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, 16 for CLECs and 9 for BellSouth.</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	X



**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

<b>SEEM Disaggregation</b>	<b>SEEM Analog/Benchmark</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• CLEC aggregate</li><li>• BellSouth aggregate</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage exceeds BellSouth blockage by more than 0.5% using trunk groups 1,3,4,5,10,16 for CLECs and 9 for BellSouth.</li></ul>

## TGP-2: Trunk Group Performance-CLEC Specific

### Definition

The Trunk Group Performance report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average trunk group blocking data for each hour of each day of the reporting cycle, for both CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups.

### Exclusions

- Trunk groups for which valid data is not available for an entire study period
- Duplicate trunk group information
- Trunk groups blocked due to CLEC network/equipment failure
- Trunk groups blocked due to CLEC delayed or refused orders
- Trunk groups blocked due to CLEC lack of informing BellSouth within a reasonable time frame
- Final groups actually overflowing, not blocking

### Business Rules

The purpose of the Trunk Group Performance Report is to provide trunk blocking measurements on CLEC and BellSouth trunk groups for comparison only. It is not the intent of the report that it be used for network management and/or engineering.

#### Monthly Average Blocking:

- The reporting cycle includes both business and non-business days in a calendar month.
- Monthly average blocking values are calculated for each trunk group for each of the 24 time consistent hours across a reporting cycle.

#### Aggregate Monthly Blocking:

- Used to compare aggregate blocking across trunk groups which terminate traffic at CLEC points of presence versus BellSouth switches.
- Aggregate monthly blocking data is calculated for each hour of the day across all trunk groups assigned to a category.

#### Trunk Categorization:

- This report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average blocking data for each hour of a day. Therefore, for each reporting cycle, 24 blocking data points are generated for two aggregate groups of selected trunk groups. These groups are CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups. In order to assign trunk groups to each aggregate group, all trunk groups are first assigned to a category. A trunk group's end points and the type of traffic that is transmitted on it define a category. Selected categories of trunk groups are assigned to the aggregate groups so that trunk reports can be generated. The categories to which trunk groups have been assigned for this report are as follows.

#### CLEC Affecting Categories:

	Point A	Point B
Category 1:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth Access Tandem
Category 3:	BellSouth End Office	CLEC Switch
Category 4:	BellSouth Local Tandem	CLEC Switch
Category 5:	BellSouth Access Tandem	CLEC Switch
Category 10:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth Local Tandem
Category 16:	BellSouth Tandem	BellSouth Tandem

#### BellSouth Affecting Categories:

	Point A	Point B
Category 9:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth End Office

### Calculation

#### Monthly Average Blocking:

- For each hour of the day, each day's raw data are summed across all valid measurements days in a report cycle for blocked and attempted calls.
- The sum of the blocked calls is divided by the total number of calls attempted in a reporting period.

#### Aggregate Monthly Blocking:

- For each hour of the day, the monthly sums of the blocked and attempted calls from each trunk group are separately aggregated over all trunk groups within each assigned category.
- The total blocked calls is divided by the total call attempts within a group to calculate an aggregate monthly blocking for each assigned group.
- The result is an aggregate monthly average blocking value for each of the 24 hours by group.
- The difference between the CLEC and BellSouth affecting trunk groups are also calculated for each hour.

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
  - State

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Trunk Groups</li> <li>• Number of Trunk Groups by CLEC</li> <li>• Hourly blocking per trunk group</li> <li>• Hourly usage per trunk group</li> <li>• Hourly call attempts per trunk group</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Trunk Groups</li> <li>• Aggregate Hourly blocking per trunk group</li> <li>• Hourly usage per trunk group</li> <li>• Hourly call attempts per trunk group</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC trunk group</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage exceeds BellSouth blockage by more than 0.5% using trunk groups 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, 16 for CLECs and 9 for BellSouth.</li> </ul>

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

### SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC trunk group</li> <li>• BellSouth trunk group</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage exceeds BellSouth blockage by more than 0.5% using trunk groups 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, 16 for CLECs and 9 for BellSouth.</li> </ul>

## TGP-3: Trunk Group Service Report

### Definition

A report of the percent blocking above the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) on all final trunk groups between CLEC Points of Termination and BellSouth end offices or tandems.

### Exclusions

- Trunk groups for which valid traffic data is not available
- High use trunk groups

### Business Rules

Traffic trunking data measurements are validated and processed by the Network Information Warehouse (NIW) on an hourly basis for every day of the report period. The traffic load sets, including offered load and observed blocking ratio (calls blocked divided by calls attempted), are averaged, and the busy hour is selected. The busy hour average data for each trunk group is captured for reporting purposes. The number of trunk groups with blocking greater than the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) is reported. The MBT for CTTG is 2% and the MBT for all other trunk groups is 3%.

### Calculation

Measured blocking =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total number of blocked calls
- b = Total number of attempted calls

### Report Structure

MSA

- BellSouth Aggregate
- CTTG
- Local
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Administered CLEC Trunk
- CLEC Administered CLEC Trunk
- CLEC Specific
- BellSouth Administered CLEC Trunk
- CLEC Administered CLEC Trunk

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Total trunk groups</li> <li>• Total trunk groups for which data is available</li> <li>• Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT</li> <li>• Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Total trunk groups</li> <li>• Total trunk groups for which data is available</li> <li>• Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT</li> <li>• Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT</li> </ul>

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BellSouth Aggregate</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BellSouth Retail Trunk Blockage</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark:
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

## TGP-4: Trunk Group Service Detail

### Definition

A detailed list of all final trunk groups between CLEC Points of Presence and BellSouth end offices or tandems, and the actual blocking performance when the blocking exceeds the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) for the trunk groups.

### Exclusions

- Trunk groups for which valid traffic data is not available
- High use trunk groups

### Business Rules

Traffic trunking data measurements are validated and processed by the Network Information Warehouse (NIW) on an hourly basis for every day of the report period. The traffic load sets, including offered load and observed blocking ratio (calls blocked divided by calls attempted), are averaged for a 20 day period, and the busy hour is selected. The busy hour average data for each trunk group is captured for reporting purposes. Although all trunk groups are available for reporting, the report highlights those trunk groups with blocking greater than the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) and the number of consecutive monthly reports that the trunk group blocking has exceeded the MBT. The MBT for CTTG is 2% and the MBT for all other trunk groups is 3%.

### Calculation

Measured blocking =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total number of blocked calls
- b = Total number of attempted calls

### Report Structure

- BellSouth Specific/CLEC Specific
- Traffic Identity
- TGSN
- Tandem
- End Office
- Description
- Observed Blocking
- Busy Hour
- Number Trunks
- Valid study days
- Number reports
- Remarks

### Data Retained

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Total trunk groups</li> <li>• Total trunk groups for which data is available</li> <li>• Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT</li> <li>• Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT</li> <li>• Traffic identify, TGSN, end points, description, busy hour, valid study days, number reports</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Total trunk groups</li> <li>• Total trunk groups for which data is available</li> <li>• Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT</li> <li>• Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT</li> <li>• Traffic identify, TGSN, end points, description, busy hour, valid study days, number reports</li> </ul>

**SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific Detail</li> <li>• BellSouth Local Detail</li> <li>• BellSouth CTTG Detail</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BellSouth Retail Trunk Blockage</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

## Section 9: Collocation

### C-1: Collocation Average Response Time

#### Definition

Measures the average time (counted in calendar days) from the receipt of a complete and accurate collocation application (including receipt of application fee if required) to the date BellSouth returns a response electronically or in writing. Within the prescribed number of calendar days after having received a bona fide application for physical collocation, BellSouth must respond as to whether space is available or not.

#### Exclusions

Any application canceled by the CLEC

#### Business Rules

The clock starts on the date that BellSouth receives a complete and accurate collocation application accompanied by the appropriate application fee if required. The clock stops on the date that BellSouth returns a response. The clock will restart upon receipt of changes to the original application request.

#### Calculation

**Response Time** = (a - b)

- a = Request Response Date
- b = Request Submission Date

**Average Response Time** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Response Times
- d = Count of Responses Returned within Reporting Period

#### Report Structure

- Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate
- Aggregate of all CLECs

#### Data Retained

- Report period
- Aggregate data

#### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Space Availability <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 - 10 Applications</li> <li>• 11 - 20 Applications</li> <li>• &gt; 20 Applications</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 95% ≤ 10 calendar days</li> <li>• 95% ≤ 15 calendar days</li> <li>• 5 additional calendar days for every 5 additional applications received within 5 business days</li> </ul>



SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Full Price Quote <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 - 10 Applications</li> <li>• 11 - 20 Applications</li> <li>• &gt; 20 Applications</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 95% ≤ 30 calendar days</li> <li>• 95% ≤ 35 calendar days</li> <li>• 5 additional calendar days for every 5 additional applications received within 5 business days</li> </ul>

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not Applicable</li> </ul>

## C-2: Collocation Average Arrangement Time

### Definition

Measures the average time (counted in calendar days) from receipt of a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order (including receipt of appropriate fee if required) to the date BellSouth completes the collocation arrangement and notifies the CLEC.

### Exclusions

- Any Bona Fide firm order canceled by the CLEC
- Any Bona Fide firm order with a CLEC-negotiated interval longer than the benchmark interval.

### Business Rules

The clock starts on the date that BellSouth receives a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order accompanied by the appropriate fee. The clock stops on the date that BellSouth completes the collocation arrangement and notifies the CLEC.

### Calculation

**Arrangement Time** = (a - b)

- a = Date Collocation Arrangement is Complete
- b = Date Order for Collocation Arrangement Submitted

**Average Arrangement Time** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Arrangement Times
- d = Total Number of Collocation Arrangements Completed during Reporting Period.

### Report Structure

- Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate
- Aggregate of all CLECs

### Data Retained

- Report period
- Aggregate data

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Ordinary Physical Collocation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Initial: ≤ 120 calendar days</li> <li>• ≤ 90 calendar days After 6 Months</li> </ul>
• Extraordinary Physical Collocation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Initial: ≤ 180 calendar days</li> <li>• ≤ 120 calendar days After 6 Months</li> </ul>
• Virtual Collocation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ≤ 50 calendar days</li> </ul>

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

<b>SEEM Disaggregation</b>	<b>SEEM Analog/Benchmark:</b>
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable

## C-3: Collocation Percent of Due Dates Missed

### Definition

Measures the percent of missed due dates for both virtual and physical collocation arrangements.

### Exclusions

Any Bona Fide firm order canceled by the CLEC

### Business Rules

Percent Due Dates Missed is the percent of total collocation arrangements which BellSouth is unable to complete by end of the BellSouth committed due date. The clock starts on the date that BellSouth receives a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order accompanied by the appropriate fee if required. The arrangement is considered a missed due date if it is not completed on or before the committed due date.

### Calculation

$$\% \text{ of Due Dates Missed} = (a \div b) \times 100$$

- a = Number of Completed Orders that were not completed within BellSouth Committed Due Date during Reporting Period
- b = Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period

### Report Structure

- Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate
- Aggregate of all CLECs

### Data Retained

- Report period
- Aggregate data

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• State</li> <li>• Virtual</li> <li>• Physical</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>95\% \leq</math> Committed Due Date</li> </ul>

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	X

### SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All Collocation Arrangements</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>95\% \leq</math> Committed Due Date.</li> </ul>

## Section 10: Change Management

### CM-1: Timeliness of Change Management Notices

#### Definition

Measures whether CLECs receive required software release notices on time to prepare for BellSouth interface/system changes so CLEC interfaces are not impaired by change.

#### Exclusions

- Changes to release dates for reasons outside BellSouth control, such as the system software vendor changes. For example: a patch to fix a software problem.
- Type 6 Change Requests (Defects/Expedites), as defined by the Change Control Process (CCP)

#### Business Rules

This metric is designed to measure the percent of change management notices sent to the CLECs according to notification standards and time frames set forth in the Change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSouth and the CLECs to manage requested changes to the BellSouth Local Interfaces.

The clock starts on the notification date. The clock stops on the software release date. When project events occur (scope changes, analysis information, etc.), the software release date may change. A revised notification would be required and the clock would restart. Based on release constraints for defects/expedites, notification may be less than the agreed upon interval in the CCP for new features.

#### Calculation

**Timeliness of Change Management Notices** =  $(a \div b) \times 100$

- a = Total number of Change Management Notifications Sent Within Required Time frames
- b = Total Number of Change Management Notifications Required

#### Report Structure

- BellSouth Aggregate

#### Data Retained

- Report Period
- Notice Date
- Release Date

#### SQM Level of Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark:
• Region	• 98% ≥ 30 days of Release

**SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Region</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>98% ≥ 30 days of Release</li> </ul>

## CM-2: Change Management Notice Average Delay Days

### Definition

Measures the average delay days for change management system release notices sent outside the time frame set forth in the Change Control Process.

### Exclusions

- Changes to release dates for reasons outside BellSouth control, such as the system vendor
- Type 6 Change Requests (Defects/Expedites), as defined by the Change Control Process

### Business Rules

This metric is designed to measure the percent of change management notices sent to the CLECs according to notification standards and time frames set forth in the Change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSouth and the CLECs to manage requested changes to the BellSouth Local Interfaces.

The clock starts on the notification due date. The clock stops on the software release date. When project events occur (scope changes, analysis information, etc.), the software release date may change. A revised notification would be required and the clock would restart. Based on release constraints for defects/expedites, notification may be less than the agreed upon interval in the CCP for new features.

### Calculation

**Change Management Notice Delay Days** = (a - b)

- a = Date Notice Sent
- b = Date Notice Due

**Change Management Notice Average Delay Days** = (c ÷ d)

- c = Sum of all Change Management Notice Delay Days
- d = Total Number of Notices Sent Late

### Report Structure

- BellSouth Aggregate

### Data Retained

- Report Period
- Notice Date
- Release Date

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation:	SQM Analog/Benchmark:
• Region	• > 8 Days

### SEEM Measure

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	
	Tier III	

**SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

<b>SEEM Disaggregation</b>	<b>SEEM Analog/Benchmark</b>
• Not Applicable	• Not Applicable



## Appendix A: Reporting Scope

### A-1: Standard Service Groupings

See individual reports in the body of the SQM.

### A-2: Standard Service Order Activities

These are the generic BellSouth/CLEC service order activities which are included in the Pre-Ordering, Ordering, and Provisioning sections of this document. It is not meant to indicate specific reporting categories.

#### Service Order Activity Types

- Service Migrations Without Changes
- Service Migrations With Changes
- Move and Change Activities
- Service Disconnects (Unless noted otherwise)
- New Service Installations

#### Pre-Ordering Query Types

- Address
- Telephone Number
- Appointment Scheduling
- Customer Service Record
- Feature Availability
- Service Inquiry

#### Maintenance Query Types

TAFI - TAFI queries the systems below

- CRIS
- March
- Predictor
- LMOS
  - DLR
  - DLETH
  - LMOSupd
- LNP
- NIW
- OSPCM
- SOCS

#### Report Levels

- CLEC RESH
- CLEC State
- CLEC Region
- Aggregate CLEC State

- Aggregate CLEC Region
- BellSouth State
- BellSouth Region

## Appendix B: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms

### Symbols used in calculations

- $\Sigma$  A mathematical symbol representing the sum of a series of values following the symbol.
- A mathematical operator representing subtraction.
- + A mathematical operator representing addition.
- $\div$  A mathematical operator representing division.
- < A mathematical symbol that indicates the metric on the left of the symbol is less than the metric on the right.
- $\leq$  A mathematical symbol that indicates the metric on the left of the symbol is less than or equal to the metric on the right.
- > A mathematical symbol that indicates the metric on the left of the symbol is greater than the metric on the right.
- $\geq$  A mathematical symbol that indicates the metric on the left of the symbol is greater than or equal to the metric on the right.
- () Parentheses, used to group mathematical operations which are completed before operations outside the parentheses.

### A

**ACD:** Automatic Call Distributor - A service that provides status monitoring of agents in a call center and routes high volume incoming telephone calls to available agents while collecting management information on both callers and attendants.

**Aggregate:** Sum total of all items in like category, e.g. CLEC aggregate equals the sum total of all CLECs' data for a given reporting level.

**ALEC:** Alternative Local Exchange Company = FL CLEC

**ADSL:** Asymmetrical Digital Subscriber Line

**ASR:** Access Service Request - A request for access service terminating delivery of carrier traffic into a Local Exchange Carrier's network.

**ATLAS:** Application for Telephone Number Load Administration System - The BellSouth Operations System used to administer the pool of available telephone numbers and to reserve selected numbers from the pool for use on pending service requests/service orders.

**ATLASTN:** ATLAS software contract for Telephone Number.

**Auto Clarification:** The number of LSRs that were electronically rejected from LESOG and electronically returned to the CLEC for correction.

### B

**BFR:** Bona Fide Request

**Billing:** The process and functions by which billing data is collected and by which account information is processed in order to render accurate and timely billing.

**BOCRIS:** Business Office Customer Record Information System (Front-end to the CRIS database.)

**BRI:** Basic Rate ISDN

**BRC:** Business Repair Center – The BellSouth Business Systems trouble receipt center which serves business and CLEC customers.

**BellSouth:** BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.

## **C**

**CABS:** Carrier Access Billing System

**CCC:** Coordinated Customer Conversions

**CCP:** Change Control Process

**Centrex:** A business telephone service, offered by local exchange carriers, which is similar to a Private Branch Exchange (PBX) but the switching equipment is located in the telephone company Central Office (CO).

**CKTID:** A unique identifier for elements combined in a service configuration

**CLEC:** Competitive Local Exchange Carrier

**CLP:** Competitive Local Provider = NC CLEC

**CM:** Change Management

**CMDS:** Centralized Message Distribution System - Telcordia administered national system used to transfer specially formatted messages among companies.

**COFFI:** Central Office Feature File Interface - Provides information about USOCs and class of service. COFFI is a part of DOE/SONGS. It indicates all services available to a customer.

**COG:** Corporate Gateway - Telcordia product designed for the electronic submission of xDSL Local Service Requests.

**CRIS:** Customer Record Information System - The BellSouth proprietary corporate database and billing system for non-access customers and services.

**CRSACCTS:** CRIS software contract for CSR information

**CRSG:** Complex Resale Support Group

**C-SOTS:** CLEC Service Order Tracking System

**CSR:** Customer Service Record

**CTTG:** Common Transport Trunk Group - Final trunk groups between BellSouth & Independent end offices and the BellSouth access tandems.

**CWINS Center:** Customer Wholesale Interconnection Network Services Center (formerly the UNE Center).

## **D**

**DA:** Directory Assistance

**Design:** Design Service is defined as any Special or Plain Old Telephone Service Order which requires BellSouth Design Engineering Activities.

**Dispatch:** Orders/troubles requiring physical work by a BellSouth employee.

**Dispatch In:** Orders/troubles requiring physical work by a inside (central office) technician.

**Dispatch Out:** Orders/troubles requiring physical work by an outside technician.

**Disposition & Cause:** Types of trouble conditions, e.g. No Trouble Found, Central Office Equipment, Customer Premises Equipment, etc.

**DLETH:** Display Lengthy Trouble History - A history report that gives all activity on a line record for trouble reports in LMOS.

**DLR:** Detail Line Record - All the basic information maintained on a line record in LMOS, e.g. name, address, facilities, features etc.

**DS-0:** The worldwide standard speed for one digital voice signal (64000 bps).

**DS-1:** 24 DS-0s (1.544Mb/sec., i.e. carrier systems)

**DOE:** Direct Order Entry System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Service Representatives to input business service orders in BellSouth format.

**DOM:** Delivery Order Manager - Telcordia product designed for the electronic submission of xDSL Local Service Requests.

**DSAP:** DOE (Direct Order Entry) Support Application - The BellSouth Operations System which assists a Service Representative or similar carrier agent in negotiating service provisioning commitments for non-designed services and Unbundled Network Elements.

**DSAPDDI:** DSAP software contract for schedule information.

**DSL:** Digital Subscriber Line

**DUI:** Database Update Information

## **E**

**E911:** Provides callers access to the applicable emergency services bureau by dialing a 3-digit universal telephone number.

**EDI:** Electronic Data Interchange - The computer-to-computer exchange of inter and/or intra-company business documents in a public standard format.

**ESSX:** BellSouth Centrex Service

## **F**

**Fatal Reject:** LSRs electronically rejected from LEO, which checks to see if the LSR has all the required fields correctly populated.

**Flow-Through:** In the context of this document, LSRs submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through to the BellSouth OSS without manual or human intervention.

**FOC:** Firm Order Confirmation - A notification returned to the CLEC confirming that the LSR has been received and accepted, including the specified commitment date.

**FX:** Foreign Exchange

## **G**

## **H**

**HAL:** “Hands Off” Assignment Logic - Front end access and error resolution logic used in interfacing BellSouth Operations Systems such as ATLAS, BOCRIS, LMOS, PSIMS, RSAG and SOCS.

**HALCRIS:** HAL software contract for CSR information

**HDSL:** High Density Subscriber Loop/Line

## **I**

**ILEC:** Incumbent Local Exchange Company

**ISDN:** Integrated Services Digital Network

**IPC:** Interconnection Purchasing Center

## **L**

**LAN:** Local Area Network

**LAUTO:** The automatic processor in the LNP Gateway that validates LSRs and issues service orders.

**LCSC:** Local Carrier Service Center - The BellSouth center which is dedicated to handling CLEC LSRs, ASRs, and Pre-ordering transactions along with associated expedite requests and escalations.

**Legacy System:** Term used to refer to BellSouth Operations Support Systems (see OSS)

**LENS:** Local Exchange Negotiation System - The BellSouth LAN/web server/OS application developed to provide both preordering and ordering electronic interface functions for CLECs.

**LEO:** Local Exchange Ordering - A BellSouth system which accepts the output of EDI, applies edit and formatting checks, and reformats the Local Service Requests in BellSouth Service Order format.

**LERG:** Local Exchange Routing Guide

**LESOG:** Local Exchange Service Order Generator - A BellSouth system which accepts the service order output of LEO and enters the Service Order into the Service Order Control System using terminal emulation technology.

**LFACS:** Loop Facilities Assessment and Control System

**LIDB:** Line Information Database

**LISC:** Local Interconnection Service Center - The center that issues trunk orders.

**LMOS:** Loop Maintenance Operations System - A BellSouth Operations System that stores the assignment and selected account information for use by downstream OSS and BellSouth personnel during provisioning and maintenance activities.

**LMOS HOST:** LMOS host computer

**LMOSupd:** LMOS updates

**LMU:** Loop Make-up

**LMUS:** Loop Make-up Service Inquiry

**LOOPS:** Transmission paths from the central office to the customer premises.

**LRN:** Location Routing Number

**LSR:** Local Service Request – A request for local resale service or unbundled network elements from a CLEC.

## **M**

**Maintenance & Repair:** The process and function by which trouble reports are passed to BellSouth and by which the related service problems are resolved.

**MARCH:** BellSouth Operations System which accepts service orders, interprets the coding contained in the service order image, and constructs the specific switching system Recent Change command messages for input into end office switches.

## **N**

**NBR:** New Business Request

**NC:** “No Circuits” - All circuits busy announcement.

**NIW:** Network Information Warehouse

**NMLI:** Native Mode LAN Interconnection

**NP:** Number Portability - In the context of this document, the capability for a subscriber to retain his current telephone number as he transfers to a different local service provider. Includes Interim Number Portability (INP) and Local Number Portability (LNP).

**NPA:** Numbering Plan Area

**NXX:** The “exchange” portion of a telephone number.

## **O**

**OASIS:** Obtain Availability Services Information System - A BellSouth front-end processor, which acts as an interface between COFFI and RNS. This system takes the USOCs in COFFI and translates them to English for display in RNS.

**OASISBSN:** OASIS software contract for feature/service

**OASISCAR:** OASIS software contract for feature/service

**OASISLPC:** OASIS software contract for feature/service

**OASISMTN:** OASIS software contract for feature/service

**OASISNET:** OASIS software contract for feature/service

**OASISOCP:** OASIS software contract for feature/service

**ORDERING:** The process and functions by which resale services or unbundled network elements are ordered from BellSouth as well as the process by which an LSR or ASR is placed with BellSouth.

**OSPCM:** Outside Plant Contract Management System - Provides Scheduling Information.

**OSS:** Operations Support System - A support system or database which is used to mechanize the flow or performance of work. The term is used to refer to the overall system consisting of hardware complex, computer operating system(s), and application which is used to provide the support functions.

**OUT OF SERVICE:** Customer has no dial tone and cannot call out.

## **P**

**PMAP:** Performance Measurement Analysis Platform

**PMQAP:** Performance Measurement Quality Assurance Plan

**PON:** Purchase Order Number

**POTS:** Plain Old Telephone Service

**PREDICTOR:** The BellSouth Operations system which is used to administer proactive maintenance and rehabilitation activities on outside plant facilities, provide access to selected work groups (e.g. RRC & BRC) to Mechanized Loop Testing and switching system I/O ports, and provide certain information regarding the attributes and capabilities of outside plant facilities.

**Preordering:** The process and functions by which vital information is obtained, verified, or validated prior to placing a service request.

**PRI:** Primary Rate ISDN

**Provisioning:** The process and functions by which necessary work is performed to activate a service requested via an LSR or ASR and to initiate the proper billing and accounting functions.

**PSIMS:** Product/Service Inventory Management System - A BellSouth database Operations System which contains availability information on switching system features and capabilities and on BellSouth service availability. This database is used to verify the availability of a feature or service in an NXX prior to making a commitment to the customer.

**PSIMSORB:** PSIMS software contract for feature/service.

## **Q**

## **R**

**RNS:** Regional Negotiation System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Consumer Services to input service orders in BellSouth format.

**ROS:** Regional Ordering System



**RRC:** Residence Repair Center - The BellSouth Consumer Services trouble receipt center which serves residential customers.

**RSAG:** Regional Street Address Guide - The BellSouth database, which contains street addresses validated to be accurate with state and local governments.

**RSAGADDR:** RSAG software contract for address search.

**RSAGTN:** RSAG software contract for telephone number search.

## **S**

**SAC:** Service Advocacy Center

**SEEM:** Self Effectuating Enforcement Mechanism

**SOCS:** Service Order Control System - The BellSouth Operations System which routes service order images among BellSouth drop points and BellSouth Operations Systems during the service provisioning process.

**SOG:** Service Order Generator - Telcordia product designed to generate a service order for xDSL.

**SOIR:** Service Order Interface Record - any change effecting activity to a customer account by service order that impacts 911/E911

**SONGS:** Service Order Negotiation and Generation System.

**SWO:** Switch Based Orders/Troubles - Orders/troubles requiring no physical work.

## **T**

**TAFI:** Trouble Analysis Facilitation Interface - The BellSouth Operations System that supports trouble receipt center personnel in taking and handling customer trouble reports.

**TAG:** Telecommunications Access Gateway – TAG was designed to provide an electronic interface, or machine-to-machine interface for the bi-directional flow of information between BellSouth's OSSs and participating CLECs.

**TN:** Telephone Number

**Total Manual Fallout:** The number of LSRs which are entered electronically but require manual entering into a service order generator.

## **U**

**UNE:** Unbundled Network Element

**UCL:** Unbundled Copper Link

**USOC:** Universal Service Order Code

## **V**

## **W**

**WATS:** Wide Area Telephone Service

**WFA:** Work Force Administration

**WMC:** Work Management Center

**WTN:** Working Telephone Number.

**X**

**Y**

**Z**

## Appendix C: BellSouth Audit Policy

### C-1: BellSouth's Internal Audit Policy

BellSouth's internal efforts to make certain that the reports produced by the PMAP platform are of the highest accuracy has been formalized into a Performance Measurements Quality Assurance Plan (PMQAP) that documents and augments existing quality assurance processes integral to the production and validation of Performance Measurements data.

The plan consists of three sections:

1. Change Control addresses the quality assurance steps involved in the introduction of new measurements and changes to existing measurements.
2. Production addresses the quality assurance steps used to create monthly SQM reports.
3. Monthly Validation addresses the quality assurance steps used to ensure accurate posting of monthly results.

The BellSouth PMQAP will ensure that BellSouth effectively and consistently provides accurate performance measurements data for the activities included in the SQM. The BellSouth Internal Audit department will audit this plan and its quality assurance steps annually, beginning in 4Q01.

### C-2: BellSouth's External Audit Policy

If a CLEC detects potential discrepancies between its internally generated data and the data relied upon by BellSouth in the reporting process, for good cause shown, the affected CLEC should be permitted to audit the data collection, computation and reporting process of BellSouth within fifteen days of a written request, and the costs will be borne by the requesting CLEC.

An annual comprehensive audit of the BellSouth performance measurements for both BellSouth and CLECs will occur for each of the next five years. An independent third party will conduct the audit. The results of the audit will be made available to all parties. The cost of the audit will be borne by BellSouth. The Louisiana Public Service Commission and BellSouth will make the selection of the independent third party auditor. The scope of the audit will be determined by the Louisiana Public Service Commission and BellSouth with input from the CLECs, and the audit be conducted on all CLEC data. The results of all audits shall be filed with Commission.

These comprehensive audits are intended to provide the basis for the PSCs and CLECs to determine that the SQM and PMAP produce accurate data that reflects each State's Order for performance measurements. Once this has been verified by an initial audit, the BellSouth PMQAP will provide the basis for future audits.