Western Pulaski County Water District

Financial Statements

December 31, 2019 and 2018

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4 - 6
Statements of Net Position	7 - 8
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	9
Statements of Cash Flows	10
Notes to Financial Statements	11 - 26
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – CERS	27
Schedule of the District's Pension Contributions – CERS	28
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – CERS	29
Schedule of the District's OPEB Contributions – CERS	30
Supplementary Information:	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position – Budget and Actual December 31, 2019	31
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	32 - 33

CAMPBELL, MYERS AND RUTLEDGE, PLLC

Cindy L. Greer, CPA R. Brent Billingsley, CPA

Skip R. Campbell, CPA = L. Joe Rutledge, CPA = Ryan A. Mosier, CPA = Jenna B. Glass, CPA = Van Shepard, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Western Pulaski County Water District Somerset, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Western Pulaski County Water District, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud of error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of Western Pulaski County Water District as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4-6 and the Pension and OPEB Liability Schedules on pages 27-30 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position – Budget and Actual for 2019 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position – Budget and Actual for 2019 is presented for purposes of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position – Budget and Actual are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2020 on our consideration of the Western Pulaski County Water District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Western Pulaski County Water District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Campbell, Myers & Rutledge, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants Glasgow, Kentucky

June 25, 2020

WESTERN PULASKI COUNTY WATER DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Western Pulaski County Water District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

For the year ended December 31, 2019 total operating and non-operating revenues (including capital contributions) were \$3,639,953 an increase of \$557,798 from prior year, primarily due to an increase in water rates and grant revenue.

Total operating and non-operating expenses amounted to \$3,103,379 for the year ended December 31, 2019, a decrease of \$39,638, attributable mostly to the actuarial pension and OPEB expense determined by Kentucky Retirement Systems, as well as an increase in capitalized wages.

Total assets and deferred outflows increased by \$1,619,598, and total liabilities and deferred inflows increased by \$1,083,024. These changes resulted in an increase in net position of \$536,574

During 2019, the District paid off interim financing from Citizens National Bank with a Rural Development Bond and finished Phase I of construction on the Big Clifty Water Improvement Project.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This report consists of this Management's Discussion and Analysis report, the Independent Auditor's Report, Financial Statements and Supplementary Information. The financial statements include notes which explain in detail some of the information included in the financial statements.

Required Financial Statements

The financial statements of Western Pulaski County Water District report information of the District using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short and long-term financial information about its activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all of Western Pulaski County Water District's assets and liabilities and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to District creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for evaluation of the capital structure of Western Pulaski County Water District and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the District.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. This statement measures the success of Western Pulaski County Water District's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the District has successfully recovered all its costs through its user fees and other charges, profitability and credit worthiness.

WESTERN PULASKI COUNTY WATER DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The final required financial statement is the Statement of Cash Flows. The statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing and financing activities and provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in the cash balance during the reporting period.

Western Pulaski County Water District Summary of Net Position December 31, 2019 and 2018

Accesto		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Assets Total Current Assets	\$	2,907,410	\$	2,543,555
Total Restricted Assets	φ	702,568	φ	631,220
Net Capital Assets		15,513,291		14,236,885
Total Assets		19,123,269		17,411,660
		,,		,,
Deferred Outflows		234,969		326,980
Liabilities				
Total Current Liabilities		753,344		892,189
Total Long-term Liabilities		8,647,015		7,478,477
Total Liabilities		9,400,359		8,370,666
Deferred Inflows		148,689		95,358
Net Position				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		7,715,618		7,517,199
Restricted for equipment replacement		427,211		402,044
Restricted for debt retirement		275,357		229,176
Unrestricted		1,391,004		1,124,197
Total Net Position	\$	9,809,190	\$	9,272,616

The largest portion (79%) of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets still outstanding.

Restricted net position (7%) represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The balance (14%) of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens, consumers and creditors.

WESTERN PULASKI COUNTY WATER DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Summary of Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Total operating revenues	\$ 3,385,440	\$ 2,999,184
Total operating expenses	 2,918,177	 2,995,583
Operating income (loss)	467,263	3,601
Total non-operating revenue (expense)	 (155,194)	 (116,386)
Income before capital contributions	312,069	(112,785)
Capital contributions	 224,505	 51,923
Increase (decrease) in net position	536,574	(60,862)
Net position, beginning of year, restated 2018	 9,272,616	 9,333,478
Net position, end of year	\$ 9,809,190	\$ 9,272,616

Net position increased by \$536,574 from the prior year.

Capital Asset Changes

At December 31, 2019, the District had invested \$15,513,291 in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. This amount represents a net increase of \$1,276,406 from the previous year due to construction projects during the year related to the Big Clifty Water Improvement Project.

Budgetary Highlights

The Western Pulaski County Water District adopts an annual operating budget after careful considerations of prior year and anticipated current year operations. The operating budget includes proposed expenses and the means to finance them. The District's operating budget remains in effect the entire year and is not revised. A budgetary comparison and analysis is presented on page 32 of this report.

Debt Administration

At December 31, 2019, the District had \$7,797,673 in outstanding debt, an increase of \$1,274,444 from the prior year's balance of \$5,624,998. The District incurred \$185,202 in interest expense associated with long term debt, \$42,315 was capitalized interest associated with construction.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our customers and creditors with a general overview of Western Pulaski County Water District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional information, please contact the Western Pulaski County Water District at 2128 West Highway 80, Somerset, KY or by phone (606) 679-1569.

WESTERN PULASKI COUNTY WATER DISTRICT Statements of Net Position December 31, 2019 and 2018

Assets

		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Current Assets			
Cash	\$	2,422,066	\$ 2,037,289
Accounts receivable		385,699	371,347
Prepaid assets		9,309	7,648
Inventory		90,336	 127,271
Total Current Assets		2,907,410	 2,543,555
Non-current Assets			
Restricted Assets			
Cash - Depreciation fund		427,211	402,044
Cash - Bond and interest		275,357	 229,176
Total Restricted Assets		702,568	 631,220
Capital Assets			
Construction in progress		-	806,005
Land and land rights		494,938	494,938
Utility plant in service		24,528,186	22,057,480
Equipment	,	732,178	702,544
Accumulated depreciation		10,242,011)	 (9,824,082)
Net Capital Assets		15,513,291	 14,236,885
Total Non-current Assets		16,215,859	 14,868,105
Total Assets		19,123,269	 17,411,660
Deferred Outflows			
Outflows relating to net pension and OPEB liabilities		234,969	 326,980

WESTERN PULASKI COUNTY WATER DISTRICT Statements of Net Position, Concluded December 31, 2019 and 2018

		1114		_
L	ab	1111	[Ie	S
				-

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 144,003	\$ 167,277
Construction accounts payable	-	196,457
Customer deposits	254,557	237,023
Accrued liabilities	22,289	19,125
Accrued interest	93,995	75,807
Current maturities of long-term debt	 238,500	 196,500
Total Current Liabilities	 753,344	 892,189
Long-term Liabilities		
Accrued compensated absences	25,489	18,360
Long-term debt, less current maturities	7,559,173	6,326,729
Net OPEB liability	239,796	289,751
Net pension liability	 822,557	 843,637
Total Long-term Liabilities	 8,647,015	 7,478,477
Total Liabilities	 9,400,359	 8,370,666
Deferred Inflows		
Inflows relating to net pension and OPEB liabilities	 148,689	 95,358
Net Position		
Net Position		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	7,715,618	7,517,199
Restricted for equipment replacement	427,211	402,044
Restricted for debt retirement	275,357	229,176
Unrestricted	 1,391,004	 1,124,197
Total Net Position	\$ 9,809,190	\$ 9,272,616
I OTAL NET POSITION	\$ 9,809,190	\$ 9,272,616

WESTERN PULASKI COUNTY WATER DISTRICT Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

		<u>2019</u>		2018
Operating revenues:				
Residential water sales	\$	3,080,651	\$	2,721,381
Commercial water sales	•	196,758		162,404
Miscellaneous service revenues		108,031		115,399
Total operating revenues		3,385,440		2,999,184
Operating expenses:				
Water purchases		1,356,514		1,321,510
Utilities		77,642		88,972
Transmission and distribution expense		105,826		44,815
Meter readers		100,445		99,872
Office expense		61,819		66,108
Transportation expenses		26,282		27,675
Insurance		53,890		55,489
Directors' fees		12,000		12,400
Employees' salaries and wages		291,123		344,683
Employees' pensions and benefits		171,204		144,339
Actuarial pension and OPEB expense		74,307		226,436
Payroll taxes		33,423		30,764
Depreciation and amortization		446,529		409,689
PSC tax assessment		5,866		5,843
Professional fees		56,088		68,604
Bad debts		12,631		11,566
Miscellaneous		32,588		36,818
Total operating expenses		2,918,177		2,995,583
Operating income (loss)		467,263		3,601
Non-operating revenue (expenses):				
Rents from water property		15,480		23,470
Interest income		14,528		7,578
Interest expense on long-term debt		(185,202)		(147,434)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)		(155,194)		(116,386)
Income/(loss) before capital contributions		312,069		(112,785)
Capital contributions				
Grant revenue		109,770		-
Tap fees		114,735		51,923
Total capital contributions		224,505		51,923
Increase (decrease) in net position		536,574		(60,862)
Net position:				
Beginning of year 2018, restated		9,272,616		9,333,478
End of year	\$	9,809,190	\$	9,272,616
The accompanying notes are an integral part			_	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

WESTERN PULASKI COUNTY WATER DISTRICT Statement of Cash Flows December 31, 2019 and 2018

Cash flows from operating activities:Cash receipts from customers\$ 3,388,622 \$ 3,009,441Cash payments to employees for services(1,907,850)Cash payments to employees for services(467,198)Net cash provided by (used) in operating activities1,013,574Principal paid on long-term debt(2,292,031)Proceeds interim financing and RD bond3,566,475Additions to capital assets(1,722,935)Interest paid on long-term debt(167,014)(1167,014)(150,163)Additions to capital assets(1,722,935)Interest paid on long-term debt(196,457)22,488(1,722,935)Grant revenue109,770Tap fees114,735Stows from investing activities:Rental income15,480Cash and cash provided by (used) in financing activitiesNet cash provided by (used) in investing activitiesCash and cash equivalents, beginning of yearCash and cash equivalents, end of yearAdjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:Depreciation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:Depreciation and amortizationChash gerina and tash equivalentsCash and cash equivalents, end of yearCash and cash provided by operating activities: Depreci			<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services(1,907,850)(1,921,635)Cash payments to employees for services(467,198)(503,525)Net cash provided by (used) in operating activities1,013,574584,281Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:Principal paid on long-term debt(2,292,031)(192,500)Proceeds interim financing and RD bond3,566,4751,090,731Interest paid on long-term debt(167,014)(150,163)Additions to capital assets(1,722,935)(1,413,383)Increase (decrease) in construction payable(196,457)32,488Grant revenue109,770144,73551,923Net cash provided by (used) in financing activities(587,457)(580,904)Cash flows from investing activities:Rental income15,48023,470Interest income14,5287,578Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,00831,048Reconciliation of operating income tonet cash provided by operating activities:2,668,5092,634,084Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Changes in assets and liabilities:(1ncrease) decrease in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB7,4307226,436Increase (decrease) in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB7,53420,831	Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash payments to employees for services(467,198)(503,525)Net cash provided by (used) in operating activities1,013,574584,281Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:(2,292,031)(192,500)Proceeds interim financing and RD bond3,566,4751,090,731Interest paid on long-term debt(167,014)(150,163)Additions to capital assets(1,722,935)(1,413,383)Increase (decrease) in construction payable(196,457)32,488Grant revenue109,770-Tap fees114,73551,923Net cash provided by (used) in financing activities(587,457)(580,904)Cash flows from investing activities:(587,457)(580,904)Rental income15,48023,470Interest income14,5287,578Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,00831,048Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents456,12534,425Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:\$ 467,263\$ 3,601Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:(14,352)(10,574)Depreciation and amortization446,529409,689(10,574)Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in incounts receivable(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in incounts receivable(1,661)582(Increase) decrease in incounts payable<	Cash receipts from customers	\$	3,388,622	\$ 3,009,441
Net cash provided by (used) in operating activities $1,013,574$ $584,281$ Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal paid on long-term debt $(2,292,031)$ $(192,500)$ Proceeds interim financing and RD bond $3,566,475$ $1,090,731$ Interest paid on long-term debt $(167,014)$ $(150,163)$ Additions to capital assets $(1,722,935)$ $(1,413,383)$ Increase (decrease) in construction payable $(196,457)$ $32,488$ Grant revenue $109,770$ -Tap fees $114,735$ $51,923$ Net cash provided by (used) in financing activities $(587,457)$ $(580,904)$ Cash flows from investing activities: Rental income $15,480$ $23,470$ Interest income $15,480$ $23,470$ Interest income $14,528$ $7,578$ Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities $30,008$ $31,048$ Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities $30,008$ $31,048$ Net cash equivalents, beginning of year $2,668,509$ $2,634,084$ Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: 	Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(1,907,850)	(1,921,635)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:Principal paid on long-term debt(2,292,031)(192,500)Proceeds interim financing and RD bond3,566,4751,090,731Interest paid on long-term debt(167,014)(150,163)Additions to capital assets(1,722,935)(1,413,383)Increase (decrease) in construction payable(196,457)32,488Grant revenue109,770-Tap fees114,73551,923Net cash provided by (used) in financing activities(587,457)(580,904)Cash flows from investing activities:15,48023,470Interest income14,5287,578Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,00831,048Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year2,668,5092,634,084Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year2,668,5092,634,084\$Cash provided by operating activities:0perating income to net cash provided by operating activities:467,263\$3,601Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization446,529409,689409,689Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Incre	Cash payments to employees for services		(467,198)	 (503,525)
Principal paid on long-term debt $(2,292,031)$ $(192,500)$ Proceeds interim financing and RD bond $3,566,475$ $1,090,731$ Interest paid on long-term debt $(167,014)$ $(150,163)$ Additions to capital assets $(1,722,935)$ $(1,413,383)$ Increase (decrease) in construction payable $(196,457)$ $32,488$ Grant revenue $109,770$ $-$ Tap fees $114,735$ $51,923$ Net cash provided by (used) in financing activities $(587,457)$ $(580,904)$ Cash flows from investing activities: $14,528$ $7,578$ Rental income $14,528$ $7,578$ Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities $30,008$ $31,048$ Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents $456,125$ $34,425$ Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year $2,668,509$ $2,634,084$ Cash and cash equivalents, end of year $$3,124,634$ $$2,668,509$ Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization $446,529$ $409,689$ Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable $(14,352)$ $(10,574)$ (Increase) decrease in inventory $36,935$ $(103,271)$ Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB $74,307$ $226,436$ Increase (decrease) in actounts payable $(23,274)$ $35,597$ Increase (decrease) in accounts payable $(23,274)$ $35,597$ Increase (decrease) in accounts payable $(23,274)$ $35,597$ I	Net cash provided by (used) in operating activities		1,013,574	 584,281
Proceeds interim financing and RD bond3,566,4751,090,731Interest paid on long-term debt(167,014)(150,163)Additions to capital assets(1,722,935)(1,413,383)Increase (decrease) in construction payable(196,457)32,488Grant revenue109,770-Tap fees114,73551,923Net cash provided by (used) in financing activities(587,457)(580,904)Cash flows from investing activities:(587,457)(580,904)Rental income15,48023,470Interest income14,5287,578Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,00831,048Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents456,12534,425Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year2,668,5092,634,084Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Changes in acset and liabilities:Depreciation and amortization446,529409,689Changes in assets and liabilities:(10,574)(10,574)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets(1,661)582(103,271)(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in actured ipabilities10,293<	Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	5:		
Interest paid on long-term debt(167,014)(150,163)Additions to capital assets(1,722,935)(1,413,383)Increase (decrease) in construction payable(196,457)32,488Grant revenue109,770-Tap fees114,73551,923Net cash provided by (used) in financing activities(587,457)(580,904)Cash flows from investing activities:Rental income15,48023,470Interest income14,5287,578Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,00831,048Net cash provided by (used) in investing activitiesCash and cash equivalents, beginning of year2,668,5092,634,084Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:467,263\$ 3,601Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:467,263\$ 3,601Changes in assets and liabilities:(1,661)582(10,574)(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets(1,661)582(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597 <td>Principal paid on long-term debt</td> <td></td> <td>(2,292,031)</td> <td>(192,500)</td>	Principal paid on long-term debt		(2,292,031)	(192,500)
Additions to capital assets(1,722,935)(1,413,383)Increase (decrease) in construction payable(196,457)32,488Grant revenue109,770-Tap fees114,73551,923Net cash provided by (used) in financing activities(587,457)(580,904)Cash flows from investing activities:Rental income15,48023,470Interest income14,5287,578Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,00831,048Net cash provided by (used) in investing activitiesCash and cash equivalents, beginning of year2,668,5092,634,084Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Cash provided by operating activities:0perating income to467,263\$ 3,601Adjustments to reconcile operating income to446,529409,689409,689Changes in assets and liabilities:(1,661)582(10,574)(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in accound liabilities10,2931,390	Proceeds interim financing and RD bond		3,566,475	1,090,731
Increase (decrease) in construction payable(196,457)32,488Grant revenue109,770-Tap fees114,73551,923Net cash provided by (used) in financing activities(587,457)(580,904)Cash flows from investing activities:Rental income15,48023,470Interest income14,5287,578Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,00831,048Net cash provided by (used) in investing activitiesCash and cash equivalents, beginning of year2,668,5092,634,084Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 467,263\$ 3,601Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization446,529409,689Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(12,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(12,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in accured liabilities10,2931,390	Interest paid on long-term debt		(167,014)	(150,163)
Grant revenue109,770Tap fees114,735Net cash provided by (used) in financing activities(587,457)Cash flows from investing activities:(587,457)Rental income15,480Interest income14,528Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,008Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,008Static cash and cash equivalents456,125Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year2,668,509Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization\$ 467,263Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(14,352)(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets(1,661)(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(Increase) decrease in accounts prepaid74,307(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(Increase) decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,43810,293Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)10,2931,390	Additions to capital assets		(1,722,935)	(1,413,383)
Tap fees114,73551,923Net cash provided by (used) in financing activities(587,457)(580,904)Cash flows from investing activities:15,48023,470Interest income14,5287,578Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,00831,048Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents456,12534,425Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year2,668,5092,634,084Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:\$ 467,263\$ 3,601Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:\$ 467,263\$ 3,601Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in accurd liabilities17,53420,831Increase (decrease) in accurd liabilities10,2931,390	Increase (decrease) in construction payable		(196,457)	32,488
Net cash provided by (used) in financing activities(587,457)(580,904)Cash flows from investing activities: Rental income15,48023,470Interest income14,5287,578Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,00831,048Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year456,12534,425Cash and cash equivalents, end of year2,668,5092,634,084Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization\$ 467,263\$ 3,601Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization446,529409,689Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in accuuel liabilities10,2931,390	Grant revenue		109,770	-
Cash flows from investing activities: Rental income Interest income15,480 23,470Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,008Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,008Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year456,125Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year2,668,509Cash and cash equivalents, end of year3,124,634Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634Cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization\$ 467,263Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization\$ 446,529Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in prepaid assets(14,352)(Increase) decrease in inventory\$ 6,935(Increase) decrease in inventory\$ 6,935(Increase) decrease in inventory\$ 6,935(Increase) (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB7 4,3071ncrease (decrease) in accounts payable\$ 2,274(Increase) (decrease) in accounts payable\$ 2,274(Increase) (decrease) in accounts payable\$ 2,274(Increase) (decrease) in accounts payable\$ 17,534(Depsilies)\$ 17,534(Depsilies)\$ 10,293(Increase) (decrease) in accrued liabilities\$ 10,293(Increase) (decrease) in accrued liabilities\$ 10,293(Increase) (decrease) in accrued liabilities\$ 10,293(Increase) (dec	Tap fees		114,735	51,923
Cash flows from investing activities: Rental income Interest income15,480 23,470Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,008Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,008Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year456,125Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year2,668,509Cash and cash equivalents, end of year3,124,634Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634Cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization\$ 467,263Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization\$ 446,529Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in prepaid assets(14,352)(Increase) decrease in inventory\$ 6,935(Increase) decrease in inventory\$ 6,935(Increase) decrease in inventory\$ 6,935(Increase) (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB7 4,3071ncrease (decrease) in accounts payable\$ 2,274(Increase) (decrease) in accounts payable\$ 2,274(Increase) (decrease) in accounts payable\$ 2,274(Increase) (decrease) in accounts payable\$ 17,534(Depsilies)\$ 17,534(Depsilies)\$ 10,293(Increase) (decrease) in accrued liabilities\$ 10,293(Increase) (decrease) in accrued liabilities\$ 10,293(Increase) (decrease) in accrued liabilities\$ 10,293(Increase) (dec	Net cash provided by (used) in financing activities		(587,457)	 (580,904)
Rental income15,48023,470Interest income14,5287,578Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,00831,048Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents456,12534,425Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year2,668,5092,634,084Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization\$ 467,263\$ 3,601Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: 			,	,
Interest income14,5287,578Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,00831,048Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year456,12534,425Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$3,124,634\$2,668,5092,634,084Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$3,124,634\$2,668,509Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization\$467,263\$3,601Adjustments to reconcile operating activities: Depreciation and amortization446,529409,689Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in prepaid assets(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets(1,661)582(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(14,307)226,436Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in customer deposits17,53420,831Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities10,2931,390	Cash flows from investing activities:			
Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities30,00831,048Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year456,12534,425Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year2,668,5092,634,084Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization\$ 467,263\$ 3,601Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization446,529409,689Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in prepaid assets (Increase) decrease in inventory(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (Increase) (decrease) in accounts payable (23,274)22,6436Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (Increase) (decrease) in accounts payable (10,2931,390	Rental income		15,480	23,470
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year456,12534,425Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year2,668,5092,634,084Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss)\$ 467,263\$ 3,601Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization446,529409,689Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in inventory(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in inventory Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (Increase) (decrease) in accounts payable (Increase) (decrease) in accounts payable (23,274)7,234 (23,274)20,831 (10,293Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities10,2931,390	Interest income		14,528	7,578
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year2,668,5092,634,084Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization\$ 467,263\$ 3,601Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization\$ 446,529409,689Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in inventory(14,352)(10,574)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (23,274)74,307226,4361ncrease (decrease) in accounts payable (23,274)(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities10,2931,390	Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities		30,008	 31,048
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year2,668,5092,634,084Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization\$ 467,263\$ 3,601Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: 				
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 3,124,634\$ 2,668,509Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss)\$ 467,263\$ 3,601Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization\$ 446,529409,689Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in inventory(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in inventory Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (23,274)74,307226,436(Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities(17,53420,8311ncrease (decrease) in accrued liabilities10,2931,390			-	-
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss)\$ 467,263\$ 3,601Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization446,529409,689Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets(1,661)582(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in customer deposits17,53420,831Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities10,2931,390	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		2,668,509	 2,634,084
net cash provided by operating activities:Operating income (loss)\$ 467,263 \$ 3,601Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization446,529 409,689Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets(1,661)582(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in customer deposits17,53420,831Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities10,2931,390	Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	3,124,634	\$ 2,668,509
Operating income (loss)\$ 467,263 \$ 3,601Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization446,529 409,689Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 	Reconciliation of operating income to			
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization446,529409,689Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets(1,661)582(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in customer deposits17,53420,831Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities10,2931,390	net cash provided by operating activities:			
net cash provided by operating activities:446,529409,689Depreciation and amortization446,529409,689Changes in assets and liabilities:(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets(1,661)582(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in customer deposits17,53420,831Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities10,2931,390	Operating income (loss)	\$	467,263	\$ 3,601
Depreciation and amortization446,529409,689Changes in assets and liabilities:(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets(1,661)582(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in customer deposits17,53420,831Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities10,2931,390	Adjustments to reconcile operating income to			
Changes in assets and liabilities:(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets(1,661)582(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in customer deposits17,53420,831Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities10,2931,390	net cash provided by operating activities:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(14,352)(10,574)(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets(1,661)582(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in customer deposits17,53420,831Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities10,2931,390	Depreciation and amortization		446,529	409,689
(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets(1,661)582(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in customer deposits17,53420,831Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities10,2931,390	Changes in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in inventory36,935(103,271)Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in customer deposits17,53420,831Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities10,2931,390	(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(14,352)	(10,574)
Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB74,307226,436Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in customer deposits17,53420,831Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities10,2931,390	(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets		(1,661)	582
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable(23,274)35,597Increase (decrease) in customer deposits17,53420,831Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities10,2931,390	(Increase) decrease in inventory		36,935	(103,271)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits17,53420,831Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities10,2931,390	Increase (decrease) in actuarial pension/OPEB		74,307	226,436
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities 10,293 1,390	Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(23,274)	35,597
	Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		17,534	20,831
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities\$ 1,013,574\$ 584,281	Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		10,293	 1,390
	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,013,574	\$ 584,281

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. Page 10

Note 1 – Description of Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

The Western Pulaski County Water District was organized under KRS 74.010 to provide water service to the residents of Western Pulaski County. The District's commissioners are appointed by the Pulaski County Judge-Executive.

The District grants credit to customers, substantially all of whom are local residents and commercial businesses in Western Pulaski County.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The term *measurement focus* is used to denote what is being measured and reported in the District's financial statements. The District is accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included in the Statement of Net Position.

The term *basis of accounting* is used to determine when a transaction or event is recognized on the District's financial statements. The District uses the full accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred, even though actual payment or receipt may not occur until after the period ends.

Financial Statement Presentation

The District has elected under GASB Statement *No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Activities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting,* to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as any applicable pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the Accounting Principles Board, or any Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of a proprietary fund type, specifically an enterprise fund. The activities of this fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise the District's assets, liabilities, net position, revenues and expenses. Enterprise Funds account for activities; (i) that are financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity, (ii) that are required by laws or regulations that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues, or (iii) that the pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

The District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 34 "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments." GASB 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities which includes a statement of net position, a statement of activities and changes in net position and a statement of cash flows. It requires the classification of net position into three components: (i) invested in capital position, net of related debt, (ii) restricted, and (iii) unrestricted.

Note 1 – Description of Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

These classifications are defined as follows:

- <u>Invested in capital assets, net of related debt</u> This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- <u>Restricted</u> This component of net position consists of constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Unrestricted net position</u> This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Use of Restricted Funds

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Receivables

The District uses the direct write-off method to account for bad debts. No allowance for bad debts has been provided, as no material write-offs are expected for receivables as of December 31, 2019 or 2018. The direct write-off method does not significantly depart from generally accepted accounting principles.

Capital Assets

The utility plant in service is stated at cost. The cost of current repairs, maintenance, and minor replacements is charged to expense as incurred. Depreciation has been provided over estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. Depreciation expense for the years ending December 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$446,529 and \$409,689 respectively.

The estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

Utility plant 40 - 62.5 years Equipment 10 - 25 years

Cash and Investments

The District considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Investments are reported at fair market value. The District has adopted no formal investment policy.

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other obligations are reported as liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first in, first out method. Inventory in the Proprietary Funds consists of expendable supplies held for future consumption or capitalization. The cost is recorded as an expense or capital addition as inventory items are consumed.

Note 1 – Description of Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Concluded

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues that result from the ongoing principal operations of the District. Operating revenues consist primarily of charges for services. Nonoperating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing type of activities and result from nonexchange transactions.

Capital Contributions

Transmission and distribution system assets contributed to the District by installers are capitalized at the installers' costs and recorded as capital contributions when received. Also included in capital contributions are various grants received for infrastructure and payments received from customers for tap fees.

Income Taxes

The District is exempt from federal and state income taxes.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or other events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are significant transactions or other events within the control of management that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. If such items exist during the reporting period, they are reported separately in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Bond and Interest Redemption Fund

The ordinances authorizing the bond issues require monthly deposits of one-twelfth of the annual bond principal requirement and one-sixth of the semi-annual interest requirement. For the years ended December 31, 2019 the District had complied with this requirement.

Use of Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Depreciation Fund

The ordinances authorizing the various bond issues of the District require annual transfers of \$38,580 into a depreciation fund until the maximum requirement of \$394,740 is reached. These funds can be used for capital improvements, expansions and extraordinary repairs. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 the District had funds in excess of the required amount.

Compensated Absences

Full time employees with 1-3 years of service receive 1 week of paid vacation, 4-6 years, 2 weeks of vacation, 7-10 years, 3 weeks of vacation and 11 years or more, 4 weeks. Unused vacation time may be carried over from one calendar year to another with a maximum of 4 weeks accrued. Upon retirement or termination, employees are compensated for any currently accrued vacation pay.

Note 2 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 was as follows:

<u>2019</u>	Balanc	e	 Additions	 Deletions	 Balance
Capital Assets not being depreciated					
Land and rights	\$ 4	94,938	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 494,938
Construction in progress	8	06,005	-	(806,005)	-
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	1,3	00,943	 -	 (806,005)	 494,938
Capital Assets being depreciated					
Transmission and distribution lines	6,7	99,768	-	-	6,799,768
Line extensions	9,9	13,411	1,609,354	-	11,522,765
Meter installations	2,4	76,327	309,043	(28,600)	2,756,770
Services	5	68,482	-	-	568,482
Communication radios		9,106	-	-	9,106
Office equipment	2	07,799	11,834	-	219,633
Equipment and tools		80,308	-	-	80,308
Office building	2	55,572	-	-	255,572
Buildings	2	27,695	-	-	227,695
Distribution reservoir	1,2	62,945	-	-	1,262,945
Hydrants		20,147	-	-	20,147
Electric pumping equipment	5	33,133	580,909	-	1,114,042
Vehicles	4	05,331	17,800	-	423,131
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	22,7	60,024	 2,528,940	 (28,600)	 25,260,364
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(9,8	24,082)	 (446,529)	 28,600	 (10,242,011)
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 14,2	36,885			\$ 15,513,291

	Beginning			Ending
2018	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital Assets not being depreciated				
Land and rights	\$ 494,938	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 494,938
Construction in progress	879,246	1,143,230	(1,216,471)	806,005
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	1,374,184	1,143,230	(1,216,471)	1,300,943
Capital Assets being depreciated				
Transmission and distribution lines	6,799,768	-	-	6,799,768
Line extensions	9,913,411	-	-	9,913,411
Meter installations	2,366,189	149,188	(39,050)	2,476,327
Services	568,482	-	-	568,482
Communication radios	9,106	-	-	9,106
Office equipment	207,799	-	-	207,799
Equipment and tools	62,743	17,565	-	80,308
Office building	255,572	-	-	255,572
Buildings	227,695	-	-	227,695
Distribution reservoir	46,477	1,216,468	-	1,262,945
Hydrants	20,147	-	-	20,147
Electric pumping equipment	533,133	-	-	533,133
Vehicles	301,928	103,403	-	405,331
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	21,312,450	1,486,624	(39,050)	22,760,024
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(9,453,443) (409,689)	39,050	(9,824,082)
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 13,233,191			\$ 14,236,885

<u>Capitalization of Interest</u>: Interest costs incurred during construction are capitalized. Interest capitalized for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$42,315 and \$19,510 respectively.

Note 3 – Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the	following bonds payable	at December 31	, 2019 and 2018:
--------------------------------	-------------------------	----------------	------------------

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Series 2002A Water Revenue Bonds issued through Rural Development of the USDA in the amount of \$900,000; due in annual installments on January 1, through 2042; interest rate of 4.5% due semi-annually on January 1 and July 1.	\$ 706,000	\$ 724,000
Series 2002B Water Revenue Bonds issued through Rural Development of the USDA in the amount of \$550,000; due in annual installments on January 1, through 2042; interest rate of 4.5% due semi-annually on January 1 and July 1.	429,000	440,000
Series 2010 Water Revenue Bonds issued through Rural Development of the USDA in the amount of \$911,000; due in annual installments on January 1, through 2049; interest rate of 2.25% due semi-annually on January 1 and July 1.	788,000	805,000
Series 2012E Water Revenue Bonds issued through Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation in the amount of \$2,080,000; (to refund Series 2001A and 2001B revenue bonds) due in annual installments on July 1, through 2035; interest rate of 2.2 - 3.7% due semi-annually on January 1 and July 1.	1,305,000	1,430,000
Series 2013 Water Revenue Bonds issued through Rural Development of the USDA in the amount of \$1,400,000; due in annual installments on January 1, through 2053; interest rate of 2.25% due semi-annually on January 1 and July 1.	1,302,000	1,327,500
Series 2018 Water Revenue Bonds issued through Rural Development of the USDA in the amount of \$2,225,000; due in annual installments on January 1, through 2057; interest rate of 2.50% due semi-annually on January 1 and July 1.	2,225,000	
Total Bonds Payable:	\$ 6,755,000	\$ 4,726,500

Long-term debt consists of the following notes not yet finalized at December 31, 2019 and 2018:

KIA F16-003 Loan issued through Kentucky Infrastructure Authority of the Federally Assisted Drinking Water Revolving Loan Fund for Water System Improvements project not to exceed \$3,304,000; interest of 1.75% due monthly suceeding date of initial draw of funds. A loan servicing fee of .25% of the annual outstanding balance shall be payable as part of each interest payment. Principal payments due June 1 and December 1 upon final draw of loan funds.	\$ <u>2019</u> 1,042,673	\$ <u>2018</u> 1,042,673
Interim financing through Citizens National Bank not to exceed \$2,500,000 interest rate of 4% due monthly immediately suceeding date of initial draw of funds. A certificate of deposit at Citizens National Bank in the amount of \$1,000,000 is held as collateral, as well as all furniture, fixtures and equipment of the District.		 754,056
Total Notes Payable:	\$ 1,042,673	\$ 1,796,729

Note 3 – Long-Term Debt, Concluded

	Principal	 Interest		Total
2020	\$ 238,500	\$ 189,403	\$	427,903
2021	247,000	187,559		434,559
2022	255,000	179,884		434,884
2023	259,000	171,934		430,934
2024	266,500	163,886		430,386
2025-2029	988,000	710,894		1,698,894
2030-2034	1,020,500	561,772		1,582,272
2035-2039	960,500	398,322		1,358,822
2040-2044	895,500	251,075		1,146,575
2045-2049	760,500	151,060		911,560
2050-2054	604,000	67,228		671,228
2055-2057	 260,000	 9,826		269,826
	\$ 6,755,000	\$ 3,042,843	\$	9,797,843

Principal and interest maturities of long-term debt are as follows:

Long-term debt activity for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 was as follows:

Debt	Balance January 1, 2019	Additions	Debt Payments and Reductions	Balance December 31, 2019	Amount Due within One Year
RD 2002A	\$ 724,000	\$ -	\$ (18,000)	\$ 706,000	\$ (18,000)
RD 2002B	440,000	-	(11,000)	429,000	(11,000)
RD 2010	805,000	-	(17,000)	788,000	(17,500)
KRWFC 2012E	1,430,000	-	(125,000)	1,305,000	(130,000)
RD 2013	1,327,500	-	(25,500)	1,302,000	(26,000)
KIA F16-003	1,042,673	-	-	1,042,673	-
RD 2019	-	2,225,000	-	2,225,000	(36,000)
CNB Interim Financing	754,056	1,341,475	(2,095,531)) –	-
	\$ 6,523,229	\$ 3,566,475	\$ (2,292,031)	\$ 7,797,673	\$ (238,500)
	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>, </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	Balance		Debt Payments	Balance	Amount Due
Debt	January 1, 2018	Additions	and Reductions	December 31, 2018	within One Year
RD 2002A	\$ 740,000	\$-	\$ (16,000)	\$ 724,000	\$ (18,000)
RD 2002B	450,000	- -	(10,000)		(11,000)
RD 2010	821,500	-	(16,500)	805,000	(17,000)
KRWFC 2012E	1,555,000	-	(125,000)	1,430,000	(125,000)
RD 2013	1,352,500	-	(25,000)	1,327,500	(25,500)
KIA F16-003	705,998	336,675	-	1,042,673	-
CNB Interim Financing	-	754,056	-	754,056	-
-	\$ 5,624,998	\$ 1,090,731	\$ (192,500)	\$ 6,523,229	\$ (196,500)

<u>Arbitrage</u>

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of all tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years. The District performed calculations of excess investment earnings on various bonds and at December 31, 2019 and does not expect to incur a liability.

Note 4 – Cash and Investments

The carrying amount of the District's cash deposits was \$3,124,634 and \$2,668,509 for the years ending December 31, 2019 and 2018 respectively and the bank balance was \$3,248,627 and \$2,687,890. The difference between book and bank balances primarily represents checks that have been issued, but have not cleared the bank. All of the District's deposits were either insured by FDIC or by collateral pledged by the financial institution. The District does not have a formal investment policy.

Note 5 – Pension Plan

Governments providing defined benefit pensions are required to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. Cost-sharing governmental employers, such as the District, are required to report a net pension liability, pension expense and pension-related assets and liabilities based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all governments in the plan.

The District participates in the County Employee Retirement System (CERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). CERS is a defined benefit plan created by the Kentucky General Assembly. The Plan covers substantially all full-time employees. The Plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the State legislature. Benefits fully vest upon reaching five years of service and are established by the state statute. Benefits of CERS members are calculated on the basis of age, final average salary, and service credit. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years service or 65 years old At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date Unreduced retirement	After December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Note 5 – Pension Plan, Continued

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components.

CERS issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained from Kentucky Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601 or on-line at <u>www.kyret.ky.gov</u>

Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. There have been no changes in actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2017. However, during the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. Benefits paid to the spouses of deceased members have been increased from 25% of the member's final rate of pay to 75% of the member's average pay. If the member does not have a surviving spouse, benefits paid to surviving dependent children have been increased from 10% of the member's final pay rate to 50% of the average pay for one child, 65% of average pay for two children, or 75% of average pay for three children. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined using these updated provisions.

Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	Required Contribution
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance

At December 31, 2019, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS.

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability \$822,557

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was .013506%.

Note 5 – Pension Plan, Continued

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$142,411. At December 31, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred Outflows of Resources		eferred flows of sources
Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	ce \$	14,941	\$	12,040
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		21,300		48,112
Changes in assumptions		44,766		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		24,954		31,141
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		65,969		-
	\$	171,930	\$	91,293

The 2019 CERS employer contributions are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions will be amortized and recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net Defe	Net Deferred Outflows			
Year Ended	(nflows)			
12/31/2020	\$	34,454			
12/31/2021		(15,372)			
12/31/2022		(4,414)			
12/31/2023		-			
12/31/2024		-			
	\$	14,668			
	-				

Actuarial assumptions—Prior to the measurement date the KRS Board of Trustees reviewed investment trends, inflation and payroll growth historical trends. Based on this review the Board adopted the following updated actuarial assumptions which were used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Inflation	2.30%	2.30%
Projected salary increases	3.05%	3.05%
Investment rate of return, net of investment		
expense and inflation	6.25%	6.25%

Note 5 – Pension Plan, Continued

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

Long term rate of return: The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2013, is outlined in a report dated April 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Large Cap	5.0%	4.50%
US Mid Cap	6.0%	4.50%
US Small Cap	6.5%	5.50%
International Developed	12.5%	6.50%
Emerging Markets	5.0%	7.25%
Global Bonds	4.0%	3.00%
Global IG Credit	2.0%	3.75%
High Yield	7.0%	5.50%
EMD	5.0%	6.00%
Illiquid Private	10.0%	8.50%
Private Equity	10.0%	6.50%
Real Estate	5.0%	9.00%
Absolute Return	10.0%	5.00%
Real Return	10.0%	7.00%
Cash	2.0%	1.50%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

The following table presents the allocation and long-term expected return on plan assets:

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%.

Note 5 – Pension Plan, Concluded

Projected cash flows: The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 25-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarial determined contribution rate is adjusted to reflect the phase in of anticipated gains on actuarial value of assets over the first four years of the projection period.

Municipal bond rate: The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate.

Periods of projected benefit payments: Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2117.

The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by CERS, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower and 1-percentage point higher than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	<u>1% Increase</u>	
CERS	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$1,035,514	\$822,557	\$644,136

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of CERS.

Non-hazardous plan members are required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. The Western Pulaski County Water District is required to contribute at actuarially determined rates. The pension contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 16.22% and 19.30% for the year ended June 30, 2020 for non-hazardous employees' annual creditable compensation. The OPEB contribution rate was 5.26% for the year ended June 30, 2019 and 4.76% for the year ended June 30, 2020. The contribution requirements of the plan members of the Western Pulaski County Water District, are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees of KRS.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the District's total covered payroll was approximately \$373,000. The District contributed approximately \$66,000 for pension and \$19,000 for OPEB benefits and employees contributed approximately \$21,000 for pension and OPEB benefits.

Note 6 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Kentucky Retirement Systems provides participants their proportionate share of the OPEB unfunded liability calculated by Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co (GRS) to be used in financial reports. KRS issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained from Kentucky Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601 or on-line at <u>www.kyret.ky.gov.</u>

Plan Description: The Kentucky Retirement Systems' Insurance Fund is a cost sharing multipleemployer defined benefit Other Post-Employment Benefit plan for members that cover all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous and hazardous duty positions of any state departments, board, agency, county, District, school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate.

Benefits Provided: The plan was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from KERS, CERS and SPRS. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. KRS submits the premium payments to DEI. The Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan.

There have been no changes in actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2017 (other than the blended discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability). However, during the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. The system shall now pay 100% of the insurance premium for spouses and children of all active members who die in the line of duty. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 is determined using these updated provisions.

Contributions: The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance. As a result of House Bill 290, medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participating on, or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 10 years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on, or after July 1, 2003, earn \$10 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to maximum dollar amount. Hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn \$15 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount.

Note 6 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB), Continued

Upon death of a hazardous employee, the employee's spouse receives \$10 per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's earned hazardous service. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually, which is currently 1.5%, based upon Kentucky Revised Statutes. See chart for current values for Dollar Contribution. This benefit is not protected under the inviolable contract provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute 16.652, 61.692 and 78.852. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce this benefit if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands. The amount of contribution paid by the Insurance Fund is based on years of service. For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Dollar Contribution for Fiscal Year 2018			Portion Paid by Insurance Fund		
For Member participation date on or after July 1, 2003			As of June 30, 2018		
				% Paid by	
<u>System</u>	(in who	ole dollars)	Years of service	Insurance Fund	
KERS Non-hazardous	\$	13.38	20+ years	100.00%	
KERS Hazardous	\$	20.07	15-19 years	75.00%	
CERS Non-hazardous	\$	13.38	10-14 years	50.00%	
CERS Hazardous	\$	20.07	4-9 years	25.00%	
SPRS	\$	20.07	Less than 4 years	0.00%	

Future contributions are projected in accordance with the Board's current funding policy, which includes the requirement that each participating employer in the System contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate, which is determined using a closed funding period (25 years as of June 30, 2018) and the actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the Board of Trustees. The fully insured premiums KRS pays for the CERS health insurance plans are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing it to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. Current assets, future contributions, and investment earnings are projected to be sufficient to pay the projected benefit payments from the retirement system. However, the cost associated with the implicit subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The distributions from the retiree health insurance trust pay the employers' portion of the blended premiums, not the employers' portion of the underlying retiree claims costs. As a result, the benefit payments and contribution amounts need to include an adjustment related to the implicit subsidy. Participating employers adjust their contributions by the implicit subsidy in order to determine the total employer contribution for GASB 75 purposes.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KRS financial statements.

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$239,796 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportionate share was .013506%.

Note 6 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB), Continued

As a result of its requirement to contribute to the Plan, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$16,881 for the year ended December 31, 2019 and reported deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 ed Inflows
Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the OPEB liability	\$	-	\$ 26,087
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB investments		-	16,517
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		47,891	554
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions			
		-	14,238
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the OPEB liability		15,148	-
	\$	63,039	\$ 57,396

The deferred outflows resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in expense as follows:

	Net Deferred							
Year Ended	Outflows/(Inflow	ws)						
12/31/2020	\$ (1	,858)						
12/31/2021	(*	1,858)						
12/31/2022		1,350						
12/31/2023	(4	4,788)						
12/31/2024	(2	2,351)						
Total	\$ (9	9,505)						

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability and sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year end, June 30, 2018 using generally accepted actuarial principles. The KRS Board of Trustees adopted the following updated actuarial assumptions used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018:

Assumed investment return	6.25%
Inflation factor	2.30%
Payroll growth	2.00%

Note 6 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB), Continued

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2013 with Scale BB (set back 1 year for females).

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
US Large Cap	5.00%	4.50%
US Mid Cap	6.00%	4.50%
US Small Cap	6.50%	5.50%
International Developed	12.50%	6.50%
Emerging Markets	5.00%	7.25%
Global Bonds	4.00%	3.00%
Global IG Credit	2.00%	3.75%
High Yield	7.00%	5.50%
EMD	5.00%	6.00%
Illiquid Private	10.00%	8.50%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.50%
Real Estate	5.00%	9.00%
Absolute Return	10.00%	5.00%
Real Return	10.00%	7.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.50%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

Discount Rate: The single discount rate of 5.85% for Non-hazardous employees was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018. The single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.62% as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2017. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a discount rate 1% lower or 1% higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	1% Decrease		count Rate	1% Increase	
CERS-Discount Rate	4.85%		5.85%		6.85%	
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	311,457	\$	239,796	\$	178,755

Note 6 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB), Concluded

Healthcare Trend Rate: The initial trend rate for participants under 65 years of age starts at 7.5% and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 5.0% over a period of 5 years. For those over 65 years of age the trend rate starts at 5.5% and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 5.0% over a period of 2 years. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	<u>1%</u>	Decrease	C	Healthcare Cost Current <u>Trend Rate</u>	<u>1%</u>	o Increase
Healthcare Cost Trent Rate	4	4.85%		5.85%		6.85%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	178,531	\$	239,796	\$	312,011

Note 7 – Deferred Inflows/Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. At December 31, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows related to the pension and OPEB liabilities in the amount of \$234,969.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At December 31, 2019 the District reported deferred inflows related to the pension and OPEB liabilities in the amount of \$148,689.

Note 8 – Commitments

The District began the Water System Improvements and Replacements Project in 2017 that includes the construction of the Big Clifty Creek Area Water Main Transmission as well as Hickory Nut Water Storage Tank. The Hickory Nut Water Storage Tank project was completed in October 2018. Phase I of the Big Clifty Project was completed in December 2019. The Kentucky Infrastructure Authority granted approval of Ioan funds not to exceed \$3,304,000, as of December 31, 2018, the District had drawn \$1,042,673, no additional KIA Ioan funds were drawn in 2019. The USDA Rural Development approved bond funds in the amount of \$2,225,000 and grant funds in the amount of \$854,000. As of December 31, 2019, the District had issued the Rural Development Bond and had received \$109,770 of the grant funds available.

Note 9 - Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through June 25, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Required Supplementary Information

WESTERN PULASKI COUNTY WATER DISTRICT Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability County Employees Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years as of December 31st **

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
District's portion of the net pension liability	0.01351%	0.01441%	0.01207%	0.01152%	0.01198%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 822,557	\$ 843,637	\$ 594,353	\$ 495,402	\$ 388,639
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 373,000	\$ 337,000	\$ 345,000	\$ 340,000	\$ 260,000
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	220.52%	250.34%	172.28%	145.71%	149.48%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	53.54%	53.30%	55.50%	59.97%	66.80%

** Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

WESTERN PULASKI COUNTY WATER DISTRICT Schedule of the District's Pension Contributions County Employees Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years as of December 31st **

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 65,969	\$ 52,091	\$ 65,000	\$ 62,000	\$ 46,000
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(65,969)	(52,091)	(65,000)	(62,000)	(46,000)
	<u>\$ -</u>				
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 373,000	\$ 337,000	\$ 345,000	\$ 340,000	\$ 260,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	17.69%	15.46%	18.84%	18.24%	17.69%

**Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

WESTERN PULASKI COUNTY WATER DISTRICT Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability County Employees Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years as of December 31st **

	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
District's portion of the net OPEB liability		0.01351%	0.01441%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	239,796	\$ 289,751
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	373,000	\$ 337,000
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		64.29%	85.98%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		57.62%	52.40%

** Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

WESTERN PULASKI COUNTY WATER DISTRICT Schedule of the District's OPEB Contributions County Employees Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years as of December 31st **

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 19,016	\$ 17,364
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (19,016)	 (17,364)
	\$ 	\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 373,000	\$ 337,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	5.10%	5.15%
**Cabadula is intended to about information for tan years		

**Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Supplementary Information

WESTERN PULASKI COUNTY WATER DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	riginal and nal Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Operating revenues:				
Water sales	\$ 3,100,000	\$ 3,277,409	\$	177,409
Miscellaneous service revenues	 116,900	 108,031		(8,869)
Total operating revenues	 3,216,900	 3,385,440		168,540
Operating expenses:				
Salaries and wages	409,600	303,123		106,477
Purchased water	1,385,000	1,356,514		28,486
Materials and supplies	395,800	167,645		228,155
Contractual services	156,600	156,533		67
Transportation	32,600	26,282		6,318
Insurance	140,400	53,890		86,510
Other expenses	119,600	407,661		(288,061)
Depreciation	 630,000	 446,529		183,471
Total operating expenses	 3,269,600	 2,918,177		351,423
Operating income	 (52,700)	 467,263		519,963
Non-operating revenue (expenses):				
Rents from water property	40,900	15,480		(25,420)
Interest income and other	-	14,528		14,528
Interest expense on long-term debt	 (146,064)	 (185,202)		(39,138)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	 (105,164)	 (155,194)		(50,030)
Income before capital contributions	 (157,864)	 312,069		469,933
Capital contributions				
Grant proceeds	50,000	109,770		59,770
Customer contributions	 50,000	 114,735		64,735
Total capital contributions	 100,000	 224,505		124,505
Increase/(Decrease) in net position	\$ (57,864)	\$ 536,574	\$	594,438

CAMPBELL, MYERS AND RUTLEDGE, PLLC

Cindy L. Greer, CPA R. Brent Billingsley, CPA

Skip R. Campbell, CPA = L. Joe Rutledge, CPA = Ryan A. Mosier, CPA = Jenna B. Glass, CPA = Van Shepard, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Western Pulaski County Water District Somerset, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Western Pulaski County Water District, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Western Pulaski County Water District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Western Pulaski County Water District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Western Pulaski County Water District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Western Pulaski County Water District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Campbell, Myers & Rutledge, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants Glasgow, Kentucky

June 25, 2020