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Taylor County Rural Electric
Cooperative Corporation
Campbellsville, Kentucky
Audited Financial Statements
May 31, 2018 and 2017

Alan M. Zumstein Certified Public Accountant 1032 Chetford Drive Lexington, Kentucky 40509

CONTENTS

Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 2
Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheets	3
Statements of Revenue and Comprehensive Income	4
Statements of Changes in Member's Equities	5
Statements of Cash Flows	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7 - 11
Supplementary Information:	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	12 - 13
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Aspects of Contractual Agreements and Regulatory Requirements for Electric Borrowers	14 - 15

ALAN M. ZUMSTEIN CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
Taylor County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation
Campbellsville, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Taylor County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation, which comprise the balance sheets as of May 31, 2018 and 2017, and the related statements of revenue and comprehensive income, changes in equities, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audits. I conducted my audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

To the Board of Directors
Taylor County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Taylor County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation as of May 31, 2018 and 2017, and the results of their operations and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued a report dated August 1, 2018, on my consideration of Taylor County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Alan M. Zumstein, CPA August 1, 2018

Taylor County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation Balance Sheets, May 31, 2018 and 2017

Assets	2018	2017
Electric Plant, at original cost:		
In service	\$ 89,395,217	\$ 86,441,425
Under construction	278,268	266,841
	89,673,485	86,708,266
Less accumulated depreciation	31,074,522	29,140,948
	58,598,963	57,567,318
Investments in Associated Organizations	28,311,605	27,304,678
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,341,109	2,906,346
Accounts receivable, less allowance for	200 0	
2018 of \$83,153 and 2017 of \$108,194	790,069	477,653
Other receivables	334,047	357,792
Material and supplies, at average cost	637,885	631,108
Other current assets	434,361	189,913
	4,537,471	4,562,812
Total	\$ 91,448,039	\$ 89,434,808
Members' Equities and Liabilities		
Members' Equities:		
Patronage capital	\$ 64,151,349	\$ 62,560,244
Other equities	407,146	401,364
Comprehensive income	(2,607,101)	(2,816,645)
	61,951,394	60,144,963
Long Term Debt	17,928,555	18,428,699
Accumulated Postretirement Benefits	4,738,457	4,746,808
Current Liabilities:		
Notes payable	2,365,000	1,750,000
Accounts payable	621,678	481,022
Consumer deposits	1,476,740	1,488,843
Current portion of long term debt	1,290,000	1,267,000
Accrued expenses	475,003	472,818
	6,228,421	5,459,683
Consumer Advances	601,212	654,655
Total	\$ 91,448,039	\$ 89,434,808

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Taylor County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation Statements of Revenue and Comprehensive Income for the years ended May 31, 2018 and 2017

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Operating Revenues		
Sales of electric energy	\$47,574,831	\$ 45,341,830
Other revenues	740,527	715,952
	48,315,358	46,057,782
Operating Expenses:		
Cost of power	37,555,043	35,757,796
Distribution - operations	2,029,980	1,912,874
Distribution - maintenance	1,897,145	1,981,602
Consumer accounts	1,111,705	1,110,055
Customer services	55,124	7,313
Administrative and general	1,540,167	1,533,995
Depreciation, excluding \$160,805 in 2018 and		
\$163,406 in 2017 charged to clearing accounts	2,839,602	2,809,702
Taxes	57,091	54,062
Interest on long-term debt	658,555	619,669
Other interest	90,302	48,575
Total cost of electric service	47,834,714	45,835,643
Operating margins	480,644	222,139
Nonoperating Margins		
Interest income	201,340	237,171
Others	(7,771)	6,547
	193,569	243,718
Patronage Capital Credits		
G&T capital credits	939,573	2,328,012
Others	157,361	139,101
	1,096,934	2,467,113
Net Margins	1,771,147	2,932,970
Comprehensive Income:		
Accumulated postretirement benefits	209,544	209,544
Net Comprehensive Income	\$ 1,980,691	\$ 3,142,514

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Taylor County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation Statement of Changes in Members' Equities for the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2018

				Patronage Capital			Other	Comprehensive	Total Members'
	Memberships	Assigned	Unassigned	Retirements	Assignable	Total	Equities	Income	Equities
Balance - May 31, 2016 Allocate margins Comprehensive income:	\$ 278,460	\$ 278,460 \$ 58,996,498 2,222,434	\$ 4,274,467 325,367	\$ (4,530,959)	\$ 1,087,968 (2,547,801)	\$ 59,827,974	\$ 120,578	\$ (3,026,189) \$ 57,200,823	\$ 57,200,823
Net margins Postretirement benefit obligation	gation				2,932,970	2,932,970			2,932,970
Amortization Adjustments Total comprehensive income	ome							209,544	209,544 3,142,514
Net change in memberships Refunds to estates Other equities	(278,460)			(200,700)		(200,700)	280,786		(278,460) (200,700) 280,786
Balance - May 31, 2017 Allocate margins	ı	61,218,932 2,222,434	4,599,834 325,367	(4,731,659)	1,473,137 (2,547,801)	62,560,244	401,364	(2,816,645)	60,144,963
Comprehensive income: Net margins Postretirement benefit obligation	gation				1,771,147	1,771,147			1,771,147
Amortization Adjustments Total comprehensive income	ome							209,544	209,544
Net change in memberships Refunds to estates Other equities	,			(180,042)		(180,042)	5,782		(180,042)
Balance - May 31, 2018	· •	\$ 63,441,366	\$ 4,925,201	\$ (4,911,701) \$ 696,483	\$ 696,483	\$ 64,151,349	\$ 407,146	\$ 407,146 \$ (2,607,101) \$ 61,951,394	61,951,394

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Taylor County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended May 31, 2018 and 2017

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net margins	\$ 1,771,147	\$ 2,932,970
Adjustments to reconcile to net cash provided	Ψ 1,771,147	\$ 2,932,970
by operating activities:		
Depreciation:		
Charged to expense	2,839,602	2,809,702
Charged to clearing accounts	160,805	163,406
Patronage capital credits and dividends	(1,096,934)	(2,467,113)
Accumulated postretirement benefits	201,193	230,491
Change in assets and liabilities:	201,193	230,491
Receivables	(288,671)	(168,545)
Material and supplies	(6,777)	90,741
Other assets	(244,448)	(8,068)
Payables	140,656	139,530
Consumer deposits and advances	(65,546)	(107,530)
Accrued expenses	2,185	
reorded expenses		14,520
	3,413,212	3,630,104
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Plant additions	(3,748,558)	(3,879,056)
Plant removal costs	(360,272)	(334,706)
Salvage recovered from retired plant	76,778	13,789
Receipts from other investments, net	90,007	82,211
	(3,942,045)	(4,117,762)
12 4 302 10 10	(5,5 12,6 15)	(1,117,702)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Net increase in memberships	-	(278,460)
Increase in other equities	5,782	280,786
Retirements of capital credits	(180,042)	(200,700)
Short term borrowings, net	615,000	1,750,000
Advances of long term debt	The second secon	-
Payments on long term debt	(1,248,237)	(1,267,166)
Advance payments on long term debt	771,093	4,492
	(36,404)	288,952
Net increase in cash	(565,237)	(198,706)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,906,346	3,105,052
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 2,341,109	\$ 2,906,346
Supplemental cash flows information:		
Interest paid on long-term debt	\$ 658,555	\$ 619,669

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Taylor County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation ("Taylor County") maintains its records in accordance with the policies prescribed or permitted by the Kentucky Public Service Commission ("PSC") and the United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Utilities Service ("RUS"), which conform in all material respects with generally accepted accounting principles. The more significant of these policies are as follows:

Electric Plant Electric plant is stated at original cost, which is the cost when first dedicated to public service. Such amount includes applicable supervisory and overhead cost including any construction period interest and taxes. There was no interest required to be capitalized during the year.

The cost of maintenance and repairs, including renewals of minor items of property, is charged to operating expense. The cost of replacement of depreciable property units, as distinguished from minor items, is charged to electric plant. The units of property replaced or retired, including cost of removal, net of any salvage value, is charged to accumulated depreciation for distribution plant. Gain or loss is recognized on disposition of general plant items. Electric plant consists of:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Distribution plant	\$84,822,605	\$81,727,313
General plant	4,572,612	4,714,112
Total	\$89,395,217	\$86,441,425

Depreciation Provision has been made for depreciation on the basis of the estimated lives of assets, using the straight-line method. Depreciation rates are as follows:

Distribution plant	3%
Structures and improvements	2%
Transportation equipment	16%
Other general plant items	6% - 16%

Cash and Cash Equivalents Taylor County considers all short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Off Balance Sheet Risk Taylor County maintains its cash balances, which may exceed the federally insured limit, with several financial institutions. These financial institutions have strong credit ratings and management believes that the credit risk related to the accounts is minimal.

Revenue Taylor County utilizes an Automated Meter Reading ("AMR") process where meters are remotely read on the 1st day of each month. All consumers are required to pay a refundable deposit, which may be waived under certain circumstances. Taylor County's sales are concentrated in a six county area of southeastern Kentucky. Consumers must pay their bill within 20 days of billing, then are subject to disconnect after another 10 days. Accounts are written off when they are deemed to be uncollectible. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is based on the aging of receivables. There were no customers whose individual account balance exceeded 10% of outstanding accounts receivable at May 31, 2018 or 2017.

Sales Taxes Taylor County is required to collect, on behalf of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, sales taxes based on 6 percent of gross sales from non-residential consumers, a 3 percent school tax from certain counties on most gross sales, and franchise fees in certain cities. Taylor County' policy is to exclude taxes from revenue when collected and expenses when paid and instead, record collection and payment of taxes through a liability account.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Cost of Power Taylor County is one of sixteen (16) members of East Kentucky Power Cooperative ("East Kentucky"). Under a wholesale power agreement, Taylor County is committed to purchase its electric power and energy requirements from East Kentucky until 2051. The rates charged by East Kentucky are subject to approval of the PSC. The cost of purchased power is recorded monthly during the period in which the power bill is received, rather that the period of actual usage, based upon billings from East Kentucky. The cost of power purchased for May but not recorded was \$2,782,785 for 2018 and \$2,234,146 for 2017.

Fair Value Measurements The Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topic of the FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal, or most advantageous, market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Fair Values Measurements Topic establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. This hierarchy requires entities to maximize the use of observable inputs when possible. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities

Level 2: Quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active or financial instruments for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Prices or valuations that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measure and unobservable.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The carrying amounts of Taylor County's cash and cash equivalents, other receivables, inventories, accounts payable, accrued expenses, and liabilities approximate fair value due to their short maturity. Investments in associated organizations are not considered a financial instrument because they represent nontransferable interests in associated organizations. Other assets and liabilities are not considered financial instruments because they represent activities specifically related to Taylor County. Long term debt cannot be traded in the market, and is specifically for electric cooperatives and, therefore, a value other than its outstanding principal cannot be determined.

Taylor County may, and also does, invest idle funds in local banks. These investments are classified as held-to-maturity in accordance with provisions of the *Financial Instruments Topic* of FASB ASC 320. Held-to-maturity securities are presented at amortized cost. The fair value of held-to-maturity securities approximates cost at 2018 and 2017.

Risk Management Taylor County is exposed to various forms of losses of assets associated with, but not limited to, fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, workers compensation, etc. Each of these areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance.

Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Advertising Taylor County expenses advertising costs as incurred.

Income Tax Status Taylor County is exempt from federal and state income taxes under provisions of Section 501(c)(12). Accordingly, the financial statements for Taylor County include no provision for income taxes. Taylor County's accounting policy provides that a tax expense/benefit from an uncertain tax position may be recognized when it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination, including resolutions of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits. Management believes Taylor County has no uncertain tax positions resulting in an accrual of tax expense or benefit. Taylor County recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense and penalties in operating expenses. Taylor County did not recognize any interest or penalties during the years ended May 31, 2018 and 2017. Taylor County's income tax return is subject to possible examination by taxing authorities until the expiration of related statues of limitations on the return, which is generally three years.

Comprehensive Income Comprehensive income includes both net margin and other comprehensive income. Other comprehensive income represents the change in funded status of the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation.

Commitments Taylor County has various other agreements outstanding with local contractors. Under these agreements, the contractors will perform certain construction and maintenance work at specified hourly rates or unit cost, or on an as needed basis. The duration of these contracts are one to two years.

Subsequent Events Management has evaluated subsequent events through August 1, 2018, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no significant subsequent events to report.

Note 2. Investments in Associated Organizations

Investments in associated organizations consist of:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
East Kentucky, patronage capital	\$27,034,075	\$26,094,501
CoBank	650,535	628,838
Others	626,995	581,339
Total	\$28,311,605	\$27,304,678

Taylor County records patronage capital assigned by associated organizations in the year in which such assignments are received. Investments and purchases from National Bank for Cooperatives ("CoBank") are a condition of borrowing loan funds.

Note 3. Patronage Capital

Under provisions of the long-term debt agreement, return to patrons of capital contributed by them is limited to amounts which would not allow the total equities and margins to be less than 30% of total assets, except that distributions may be made to estates of deceased patrons. The debt agreement provides, however, that should such distributions to estates not exceed 25% of the net margins for the next preceding year, Taylor County may distribute the difference between 25% and the payments made to such estates. At May 31, 2018, the equities and margins were 68% of total assets.

Note 4. Long Term Debt

All assets, except vehicles, are pledged as collateral on the long term debt to RUS, Federal Financing Bank (FFB), and CoBank under a joint mortgage agreement. First mortgage notes consist of:

	2018	<u>2017</u>
RUS, 0.75% to 5.375%	\$5,386,412	\$5,713,064
Advance payments, earns 5.0%	(3,306,565)	(4,077,658)
	2,079,847	1,635,406
FFB, 1.738% and 3.306%	10,616,796	10,933,705
CoBank, 2.91% to 6.78%	4,320,070	4,571,729
Refinance RUS loans, 4.52%	2,201,842	2,554,859
,	6,521,912	7,126,588
	19,218,555	19,695,699
Less current portion	1,290,000	1,267,000
Long term portion	\$17,928,555	\$18,428,699

The long term debt payable to RUS and CoBank are due in quarterly and monthly installments of varying amounts through 2039. RUS assess 125 basis points to administer the FFB loans. During August 2010, Taylor County refinanced \$5.42 million of RUS loans with lower interest rate loans from CoBank.

As of May 31, 2018, annual current principal due for the next five years are as follows: 2019 - \$1,290,000; 2020 - \$1,330,000; 2021 - \$1,370,000; 2022 - \$1,400,000; 2023 - \$1,420,000.

Note 5. Short Term Borrowings

Taylor County has executed short term line of credit agreements in the amount of \$3,000,000 each with CoBank and with National Rural Utilities, Cooperative Finance Corporation ("CFC"). At May 31, 2018 Taylor County had advances against the CoBank line of credit in the amount of \$2,365,000 at an interest rate of 3.94%.

Note 6. Pension Plan

Effective January 1, 1995, Taylor County implemented a Retirement Savings Plan for all employees who are eligible to participate in Taylor County's benefit programs. The plan allows participants to make contributions by salary reduction, pursuant to Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Taylor County makes contributions for each participant equal to 10% of participants' base compensation with employees required to make a minimum contribution of 3% of base wages. Taylor County contributed \$304,102 in 2018 and \$291,747 in 2017. Participants vest immediately in their contributions and the contributions of Taylor County. There were no changes in the plan that would affect the comparability of the prior year.

Note 7. Postretirement Benefits

Taylor County sponsors a defined benefit plan that provides medical insurance coverage for qualified retired employees and their spouses. Qualified employees are those hired prior to December 1, 2005. Taylor County pays all the premiums for qualified retirees and their dependents. For measurement purposes, an annual rate of increase of 5% in 2018, then decreasing by 0.5% per year until 5% per year, in the per capita cost of covered health care benefit was assumed. The discount rate used in determining the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation was 4.5% in 2018 and 2017. There were no changes in the plan that would affect the comparability of the prior year.

Note 7. Postretirement Benefits, continued

The funded status of the plan is as follows:

•	2018	<u>2017</u>
Projected benefit obligation	(4,738,457)	(\$4,746,808)
Plan assets at fair value	-	
Total	(\$4,738,457)	(\$4,746,808)
The components of net periodic postretirement benefit cost are	as follows:	
	2018	<u>2017</u>
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$4,746,808	\$4,725,861
Components of net periodic benefit cost:		
Service cost	142,562	142,845
Interest cost	213,418	213,135
Net periodic benefit cost	355,980	355,980
Benefits paid	(364,331)	(335,033)
Actuarial adjustments	_	-
Benefit obligation at end of year	\$4,738,457	\$4,746,808
Amounts included in accumulated comprehensive income:		
Unrecognized actuarial gain (loss)	(\$2,607,101)	(\$2,816,645)
Effect of 1% increase in the health care trend:		
Postemployment benefit obligation	\$5,050,000	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$379,000	

Projected retiree benefit payments for the next five years are expected to be as follows: 2019 - \$405,000; 2020 - \$395,000; 2021 - \$380,000; 2022 - \$370,000; 2023 - \$360,000.

Note 8. Related Party Transactions

Several of the Directors of Taylor County and its General Manager & CEO are on the Boards of Directors of various associated organizations.

Note 9. Environmental Contingency

Taylor County from time to time is required to work with and handle PCBs, herbicides, automotive fluids, lubricants, and other hazardous materials in the normal course of business. As a result, there is the possibility that environmental conditions may arise which would require Taylor County to incur cleanup costs. The likelihood of such an event, or the amount of such costs, if any, cannot be determined at this time. However, management does not believe such costs, if any, would materially affect Taylor County's financial position or its future cash flows.

Note 10. Contingencies

Taylor County is involved in litigation arising in the normal course of business. While the results of such litigation cannot be predicted with certainty, management, based upon advice of counsel, believes that the final outcome will not have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

ALAN M. ZUMSTEIN CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

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MEMBER

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Directors
Taylor County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation
Campbellsville, Kentucky

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Taylor County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation ("Cooperative"), which comprise the balance sheets as of May 31, 2018 and 2017, and the related statements of revenue and comprehensive income, members' equities and cash flows for the years then ended, and related notes to the financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated August 1, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Cooperative's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Cooperative's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Cooperative's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Cooperative's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations,

To the Board of Directors
Taylor County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation

contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing on internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Alan M. Zumstein

Alan M. Zumstein, CPA August 1, 2018

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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Aspects of Contractual Agreements and Regulatory Requirements for Electric Borrowers

Board of Directors Taylor County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation Campbellsville, Kentucky

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Taylor County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation ("Cooperative"), which comprise the balance sheet as of May 31, 2018, and the related statements of revenue and comprehensive income, patronage capital, and changes in cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated August 1, 2018. In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued my report dated August 1, 2018, on my consideration of the Cooperative's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. No reports other than the reports referred to above and my schedule of findings and recommendations related to my audit have been furnished to management.

In connection with my audit, nothing came to my attention that caused me to believe that the Cooperative failed to comply with the terms, covenants, provisions, or conditions of their loan, grant, and security instruments as set forth in 7 CFR Part 1773, *Policy on Audits of Rural Utilities Service Borrowers*, §1773.33 and clarified in the RUS policy memorandum dated February 7, 2013, insofar as they relate to accounting matters as enumerated below. However, my audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of noncompliance. Accordingly, had I performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to my attention regarding the Cooperative's noncompliance with the above-referenced terms, covenants, provisions, or conditions of the contractual agreements and regulatory requirements, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. In connection with my audit, I noted no matters regarding the Cooperative's accounting and records to indicate that the Cooperative did not:

- Maintain adequate and effective accounting procedures;
- Utilize adequate and fair methods for accumulating and recording labor, material, and overhead costs, and the distribution of these costs to construction, retirement, and maintenance or other expense accounts;
- Reconcile continuing property records to the controlling general ledger plant accounts:
- Clear construction accounts and accrue depreciation on completed construction;
- Record and properly price the retirement of plant;

Board of Directors

Taylor County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation

- Seek approval of the sale, lease, or transfer of capital assets and disposition of proceeds for the sale or lease of plant, material, or scrap;
- Maintain adequate control over material and supplies;
- Prepare accurate and timely Financial and Operating Reports;
- Obtain written RUS approval to enter into any contract for the management, operation, or maintenance of the borrower's system if the contract covers all or substantially all of the electric system;
- Disclose material related party transactions in the financial statements, in accordance with requirements for related parties in generally accepted accounting principles;
- Record depreciation in accordance with RUS requirements ("See RUS Bulletin 183-1, Depreciation Rates and Procedures");
- Comply with the requirements for the detailed schedule of deferred debits and deferred credits, which are listed below; and
- Comply with the requirements for the detailed schedule of investments, of which there were none.

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Consumer advances for construction

\$601,212

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, management, RUS, and supplemental lenders and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distributions is not limited.

Alan Zumstein

Alan M. Zumstein, CPA August 1, 2018