CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT

December 31, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Shelby Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary Shelbyville, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Shelby Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary, which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of revenue and comprehensive income, changes in members' equities, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Shelby Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Shelby Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Shelby Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the consolidated financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Shelby Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Shelby Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we have identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 16, 2022, on our consideration of Shelby Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Shelby Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Shelby Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Louisville, Kentucky

Jones. Male : Mattingly Pic

March 16, 2022

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2021 and 2020

ASSETS	2021	2020
Utility Plant, at original cost:		
In service	\$ 111,004,457	\$ 106,012,648
Under construction	1,749,923	1,199,075
Chack construction	112,754,380	107,211,723
Less accumulated depreciation	25,338,608	23,579,941
Less accumulated depreciation	87,415,772	83,631,782
	<u> </u>	00,001,702
Investments:		
Associated organizations	29,965,415	29,431,108
Goodwill	368,414	368,414
Total investments	30,333,829	29,799,522
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,694,073	2,958,296
Accounts receivable, less allowance for	2,094,073	2,930,290
2021 of \$367,508 and 2020 of \$457,172	4 604 774	1 567 261
Unbilled revenue	4,604,774	4,567,264
	705 151	174,218
Material and supplies, at average cost	795,151	632,794
Prepayments and other current assets	368,945	284,461
Total current assets	8,462,943	8,617,033
Deferred Debits	1,961,420	61,637
Total assets	\$ 128,173,964	\$ 122,109,974
MEMBERS' EQUITIES AND LIABILITIES		
Members' Equities:		
Patronage capital and retained earnings	\$ 47,968,046	\$ 46,321,689
Other equities	4,524,614	3,409,197
Accumulated other comprehensive income	282,490	306,710
Total members' equities	52,775,150	50,037,596
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Long-term debt, less current portion	64,245,727	61,545,016
Accumulated postretirement benefits	1,377,720	1,451,357
Total long-term liabilities	65,623,447	62,996,373
•	03,023,117	02,770,373
Current Liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	2,639,182	2,956,175
Accounts payable	4,261,323	3,381,771
Consumer deposits	1,679,202	1,585,663
Accrued expenses	693,942	639,016
Total current liabilities	9,273,649	8,562,625
Consumer Advances for Construction	501,718	513,380
Total members' equities and liabilities	\$ 128,173,964	\$ 122,109,974

The Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF REVENUE AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
Operating Revenues	\$ 49,720,766	\$ 44,603,394
Operating Expenses		
Cost of power and propane	34,654,645	30,353,584
Distribution - operations	2,874,004	2,716,446
Distribution - maintenance	2,333,609	2,750,879
Consumer accounts	660,511	645,809
Customer service and information	353,701	384,267
Administrative and general	1,147,199	924,055
Depreciation, excluding \$195,651 in 2021 and		
\$211,862 in 2020 charged to clearing accounts	3,976,592	3,771,155
Taxes, other than income	65,888	69,819
Interest on long-term debt	2,044,854	2,096,517
Other interest	23,124	26,655
Other deductions	9,666	32,687
Total cost of electric and propane service	48,143,793	43,771,873
Operating Margins	1,576,973	831,521
Nonoperating Margins		
Interest income	38,105	45,688
Unrelated business income tax	(105,094)	(82,193)
Gain (loss) on sale of equipment	55,493	(42,559)
Other nonoperating margins	1,715	
PPP loan forgiveness	927,488	
	917,707	(79,064)
Patronage Capital Credits		
Generation and transmission	382,897	1,171,818
Other associated organizations	169,172	100,511
· ·	552,069	1,272,329
Net Margins	3,046,749	2,024,786
Other Comprehensive Income		
Postretirement benefits (expense)	(14,788)	(18,042)
Net Margins and Comprehensive Income	\$ 3,031,961	\$ 2,006,744

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITIES Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

				Pa	tronage Capital			Other		cumulated Other Comprehensive	Total Members'
	 Assigned	:	Assignable	<u> </u>	Retirements	Inassigned	<u>Total</u>	<u>Equities</u>	Income		<u>Equities</u>
Balance - December 31, 2019	\$ 51,190,207	\$	3,015,192	\$	(10,418,485)	\$ 1,144,298	\$ 44,931,212	\$ 3,114,000	\$	324,752	\$ 48,369,964
Comprehensive income:											
Net margins			2,024,786				2,024,786				2,024,786
Assigned margins	2,676,619		(3,015,192)			320,812	(17,761)	17,761			
Amortization										(18,042)	(18,042)
Total comprehensive income											2,006,744
Refunds of capital credits					(616,548)		(616,548)				(616,548)
Other equities								277,436			277,436
Balance - December 31, 2020	53,866,826		2,024,786		(11,035,033)	1,465,110	46,321,689	3,409,197		306,710	50,037,596
Comprehensive income:											
Net margins			3,046,749				3,046,749				3,046,749
Assigned margins	1,675,736		(2,024,786)			349,050					
Amortization			, , ,			*				(14,788)	
Adjustments										(9,432)	(24,220)
Total comprehensive income											3,022,529
Refunds of capital credits					(302,119)		(302,119)				(302,119)
Other equities					(1,098,273)		(1,098,273)	1,115,417			17,144
Balance - December 31, 2021	\$ 55,542,562	\$	3,046,749	\$	(12,435,425)	\$ 1,814,160	\$ 47,968,046	\$ 4,524,614	\$	282,490	\$ 52,775,150

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021		2020	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net margins	\$	3,046,749	\$ 2,024,786	
Adjustments to reconcile net margins to net cash provided				
by operating activities:				
Depreciation				
Charged to expense		3,976,592	3,771,155	
Charged to clearing accounts		195,651	211,862	
Patronage capital credits		(552,069)	(1,272,329)	
(Gain) loss on disposition of plant		(55,493)	42,559	
Amortization of postretirement actuarial adjustment		(14,788)	(18,042)	
PPP loan forgiveness		(927,488)		
Change in assets and liabilities, net of the effects of				
investing and financing activities:				
Receivables, net		(37,510)	(221,076)	
Unbilled revenue		174,218	(117,190)	
Material and supplies		(162,357)	93,732	
Prepayments		(84,484)	(7,382)	
Deferred debits		(1,899,783)		
Payables		879,552	(358,589)	
Consumer deposits		93,539	(31,110)	
Accrued expenses		54,926	8,297	
Consumer advances for construction		(11,662)	(15,919)	
Accumulated postretirement benefits		(73,637)	 (12,017)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		4,601,956	4,098,737	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Increase in NISC conversion costs			(61,637)	
Plant additions		(7,265,638)	(5,555,659)	
Plant removal costs		(669,530)	(755,972)	
Salvage recovered from retired plant		28,399	89,664	
Receipts from investments, net		14,359	244,720	
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(7,892,410)	 (6,038,886)	
		(1,722 , 1,7	 (-,,	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		1 115 417	205 107	
Other equities		1,115,417	295,197	
Advances of long-term debt		5,800,000	5,727,488	
Payments on long-term debt		(2,488,794)	(2,339,248)	
Retirement of patronage capital		(1,400,392)	 (634,308)	
Net cash provided by financing activities		3,026,231	 3,049,129	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(264,223)	1,108,980	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		2,958,296	1,849,316	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,694,073	\$ 2,958,296	
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION				
Cash payments for interest	\$	2,075,908	\$ 2,141,519	
Deferred debits in accounts payable	\$	1,362,912	\$ 32,046	

The Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies

Description of business

Shelby Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary (Shelby Energy) maintains its records in accordance with the policies permitted by the Kentucky Public Service Commission (PSC) and the United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Utilities Service (RUS), which conform in all material respects with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The more significant of these policies are as follows:

Principals of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Shelby Energy and its wholly-owned subsidiary Shelby Propane Plus, LLC (Propane Plus). Shelby Energy owns 100% of the member units of Propane Plus. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Business activity

Shelby Energy provides distribution electric service to residential, business, and commercial consumers in 10 counties in central Kentucky. Propane Plus sells propane and related accessories to residential and commercial customers in central Kentucky. Shelby Energy provides overall business oversight to Propane Plus.

Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

Utility plant

Electric plant is stated at original cost, which is the cost when first dedicated to public service. Such amount includes applicable supervisory and overhead cost including any construction period interest and taxes. There was no interest required to be capitalized during the year.

The cost of maintenance and repairs, including renewals of minor items of property, is charged to operating expense. The cost of replacement of depreciable property units, as distinguished from minor items, is charged to electric plant. The units of property replaced or retired, including cost of removal net of any salvage value, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Propane Plus's fixed assets consist primarily of propane tanks located on customers' premises, bulk tanks, trucks used for delivery, and buildings and office equipment.

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Utility plant (continued)

The major classifications of utility plant in service consist of the following as of December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	2021	2020
Distribution plant	\$ 102,818,876	\$ 98,244,977
General plant	4,818,219	4,498,185
Subtotal electric plant	107,637,095	102,743,162
Propane tanks on customer premises	1,238,896	1,193,012
Bulk tanks	587,909	447,229
Delivery and other trucks	903,458	1,027,752
Land and buildings	487,121	484,826
Office and other equipment	149,978	116,667
Subtotal propane plant	3,367,362	3,269,486
Utility plant, at original cost	\$ 111,004,457	\$ 106,012,648

Depreciation

Provision has been made for depreciation on the basis of the estimated lives of assets, using the straight-line method. Distribution plant depreciation is based on a composite rate of 3.51% per annum. General plant rates are as follows:

Structures and improvements	2.50%
Transportation equipment	10.50 - 20.00%
Other general plant	5.00 - 14.00%

Propane Plus's depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the useful lives of its assets.

Goodwill

Goodwill was recorded in connection with the purchase of the remaining 50% interest of Propane Plus from an unrelated party on June 30, 2000. The excess of the payment price over the value of assets acquired has been recorded as goodwill. Propane Plus tests goodwill for impairment when a triggering event occurs that indicates the fair value of the entity may be below its carrying value. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, management does not believe an impairment exists.

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Shelby Energy considers all short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Shelby Energy maintains cash deposits in financial institutions in excess of the amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the financial institutions reported deposits in excess of the \$250,000 FDIC insured limit several times during the audit period. Deposits in excess of the FDIC limit are 100% secured with collateral at the financial institution.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable consists of amounts due for sales of electric energy and propane. Accounts receivable are recorded at their net realizable value consisting of the carrying amount less an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Shelby Energy and Propane Plus use the allowance method to account for uncollectible accounts receivable balances. Management charges off uncollectible receivables to the allowance when it is determined the amounts will not be realized.

Materials and supplies

Shelby Energy and Propane Plus value materials and supplies at the lower of average cost or net realizable value.

Propane inventory

Propane Plus purchases all of its propane requirements from unrelated parties through Kentucky Propane Plus, LLC. Propane is delivered to bulk tanks owned by Propane Plus, then delivered to customers on an as needed basis. Propane is valued at the lower of average cost or net realizable value.

Deferred debits

Regulatory requirements authorized by the Kentucky Public Service Commission allow the electric supplier to impose a fuel adjustment surcharge upon the Cooperative. In turn, the Cooperative is required to pass on the fuel surcharge to the consumer. Due to regulatory requirements in calculating the surcharge the Cooperative may experience an over or under recovery of the fuel adjustment surcharge.

Similarly, the Kentucky Public Service Commission has an environmental cost recovery mechanism that allows the electric supplier to recover certain costs incurred in complying with the Federal Clean Air Act as amended and those federal, state, and local environmental requirements which apply to coal combustion wastes and byproducts from facilities utilized for the production of energy from coal. In turn, the Cooperative is required to pass on this environmental cost recovery mechanism to the consumer.

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Taxes

Shelby Energy and Propane Plus are required to collect, on behalf of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, sales taxes based on 6 percent of gross sales from non-residential consumers, a 3 percent school tax from certain counties on most gross sales, and franchise fees in certain cities. Shelby Energy's policy is to exclude taxes from revenue when collected and expenses when paid and instead, record collection and payment of taxes through a liability account.

Cost of power

Shelby Energy is one of 16 members of East Kentucky Power Cooperative (East Kentucky). Under a wholesale power agreement, Shelby Energy is committed to purchase its electric power and energy requirements from East Kentucky until 2051. The rates charged by East Kentucky are subject to approval of the PSC. The cost of purchased power is recorded monthly, during the period in which the energy is consumed, based upon billings from East Kentucky. There are certain surcharges, clauses, and credits that East Kentucky includes to Shelby Energy that are passed on to consumers using a methodology prescribed by the PSC.

Advertising

Shelby Energy and Shelby Propane expense advertising costs as incurred. Advertising expense totaled \$21,380 and \$22,257 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Comprehensive income

Comprehensive income includes both net margin and other comprehensive income. Other comprehensive income represents the change in funded status of the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation.

Risk management

Shelby Energy and Propane Plus are exposed to various forms of losses of assets associated with, but not limited to, fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, workers compensation, etc. Each of these areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance.

Credit risk

Shelby Energy grants credit to residents within its service territory. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to accounts receivables are limited due to its large number of customers.

Income tax status

Shelby Energy qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(12) of the Internal Revenue Code. However, income from certain activities not directly related to Shelby Energy's tax-exempt purpose is subject to taxation as unrelated business income. Shelby Energy is responsible for reporting unrelated business income associated with its wholly owned subsidiary Propane Plus, a limited liability company.

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Income tax status (continued)

Shelby Energy's accounting policy provides that a tax expense/benefit from an uncertain tax position may be recognized when it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination, including resolutions of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits. Shelby Energy has no uncertain tax positions resulting in an accrual of tax expense or benefit.

Shelby Energy's Federal Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax is subject to possible examination by taxing authorities until the expiration of related statutes of limitations on the return, which is generally three years.

Management services

Propane Plus is one of 4 propane companies that contracts with an individual who manages the day to day operations of each propane company and arranges for the purchase of bulk propane. Propane Plus shares the cost equally for the labor, benefits, and other costs of this manager.

Pension accounting

In May 2017, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued ASU 2017-07, *Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost*. The standard specifies how the amount of pension costs and costs for post-retirement benefits other than pensions (PBOP) should be presented on the income statement under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and what components of those costs are eligible for capitalization in assets. This standard is effective for years beginning after December 15, 2018. The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) issued Docket No. AI18-1-000 that allowed jurisdictional public utilities to continue to record PBOP costs in their entirety, less amounts capitalized, without change. Pension and PBOP costs are made up of several components: service cost, interest cost, actual return on plan assets, gain or loss, amortization of prior service cost or credit, and amortization of FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Subtopic 715-30. Though pension and PBOP costs are computed using the aggregate total of these various components, the Commission's longstanding policy is to consider the amount as a singular cost to the employer. This cost is calculated based on ASC 715 and reported as an expense under net margins from continuing operations.

Recent accounting pronouncements

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*. The standard requires all leases with lease terms over 12 months to be capitalized as a right-of-use asset and lease liability on the balance sheet at the date of lease commencement. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating. This distinction will be relevant for the pattern of expense recognition in the statement of revenue and comprehensive income. This standard will be effective for the year ending December 31, 2022.

Note 1. Revenue Recognition

Recent accounting pronouncements (continued)

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments-Credit Losses*. The standard requires a financial asset (including trade receivables) measured at amortized cost basis to be presented at the net amount expected to be collected. Thus, the statement of revenue and comprehensive income will reflect the measurement of credit losses for newly recognized financial assets as well as the expected increases or decreases of expected credit losses that have taken place during the period. This standard will be effective for the year ending December 31, 2023.

Shelby Energy is currently in the process of evaluating the impact of the adoption of these ASUs on the consolidated financial statements.

Subsequent events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 16, 2022, the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2. Revenue Recognition

Revenue from contracts

Shelby Energy is engaged in the distribution and sale of electricity to residential and commercial customers in 10 counties in central Kentucky. Revenue from these activities is generated from tariffs approved by the PSC. Shelby Energy satisfies their performance obligation upon the delivery of electricity to customers. Revenue is recognized over-time as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by Shelby Energy. The amount of revenue recognized is the billed volume of electricity multiplied by a tariff rate per-unit of energy, plus any applicable fixed or additional regulatory charges. Customers are billed monthly and outstanding amounts are typically due within 15 days of the date of the bill. Revenue for pole attachments are invoiced at the end of the year. The performance obligation is satisfied ratably over the time of the contract. These amounts are recorded as a receivable at the time of invoicing.

Propane Plus is primarily engaged in the sale of propane to residential and commercial customers in central Kentucky. Propane Plus has standard prices for regular customers but also enters into contracts with some customers for an agreed-upon fixed price per gallon. Customers request propane as needed, and Propane Plus recognizes revenue at the point in time when the propane is delivered. The amount of revenue recognized is the volume of propane delivered multiplied by the price per gallon. Customers are billed at the point of sale and outstanding amounts are typically due within 30 days of the date of the bill.

Note 2. Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Significant judgements

Shelby Energy recognizes unbilled electric revenue as a result of customers' bills being generated throughout the month rather than at the end of the month. Unbilled revenues for the month are calculated by taking the difference between the billing register and the estimated sales based on the kilowatt hours of electricity purchased less an estimated amount of line loss based on the prior 12 months. Any difference between estimated and actual revenues is adjusted the following month when the previous unbilled estimate is reversed and actual billings are generated. This method of revenue recognition presents fairly, Shelby Energy's transfer of electricity to customers as the amount recognized is based on actual and estimated volumes delivered and the tariff rate per-unit of energy and any applicable fixed charges as set by the PSC. Propane Plus recognizes revenue at the point when customer orders are delivered, therefore, there are no unbilled or overbilled amounts to recognize.

Performance obligations

Shelby Energy and Propane Plus customers generally have no minimum purchase commitments. Shelby Energy and Propane Plus recognize revenue as each performance obligation is satisfied. Performance obligations are limited to the service requested and received to date. Accordingly, there are no unsatisfied performance obligations to recognize as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Disaggregation of revenue

The following table shows Shelby Energy and Propane Plus revenues from contracts with customers disaggregated by customer class, for the years ended December 31:

	2021	 2020
Residential	\$ 28,242,894	\$ 25,436,200
Large Industrial	9,377,911	9,424,872
Commercial	8,303,477	6,877,500
Public Lights	63,008	57,967
Other	809,892	532,500
Propane	2,923,584	 2,274,355
Total	\$ 49,720,766	\$ 44,603,394

Contract assets and liabilities

Contract assets include unbilled revenues, fuel adjustment surcharges, and environmental cost recovery mechanisms. Contract liabilities include consumer deposits. The balances in contract assets and liabilities were as follows as of December 31:

	2021		2020	 2019
Contract assets	\$	1,961,420	\$ 174,218	\$ 57,028
Contract liabilities	\$	1,679,202	\$ 1,585,663	\$ 1,616,773

Note 3. Investments in Associated Organizations

Investments in associated organizations consist of the following as of December 31:

	2021			2020
East Kentucky, patronage capital	\$	27,805,885		\$ 27,422,988
CFC CTCs		592,627		596,599
CFC patronage capital		387,972		366,744
CFC member capital securities		50,000		50,000
Other associated organizations	1,021,493		874,895	
Economic development loans		107,438		119,882
Total	\$	29,965,415		\$ 29,431,108

Shelby Energy records patronage capital assigned by associated organizations in the year in which such assignments are received. The Capital Term Certificates (CTCs) of CFC are recorded at cost. The CTCs were purchased from CFC as a condition of obtaining long-term financing. The CTCs bear interest ranging from zero to 5.00% and are scheduled to mature at varying times from 2025 to 2080. Shelby Energy purchased \$25,000 of CFC member capital securities in April 2014 and \$25,000 of CFC member capital securities in November 2020. The securities bear interest at 5.00% and mature 30 years from the issue date and are callable by CFC, in whole or in part, at any time after ten years from the issue date at 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed together with accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date.

Note 4. Patronage Capital

Under provisions of the long-term debt agreement, return to patrons of capital contributed by them is limited to amounts which would not allow the total equities and margins to be less than 30.00% of total assets, except that distributions may be made to estates of deceased patrons. The debt agreement provides, however, that should such distributions to estates not exceed 25.00% of the net margins for the next preceding year, Shelby Energy may distribute the difference between 25.00% and the payments made to such estates. Shelby Energy's members' equity at December 31, 2021 and 2020 was 41.25% and 41.01% of total assets, respectively.

Note 5. Long-Term Debt

All assets of Shelby Energy, except vehicles, are pledged as collateral on the long-term debt to RUS, Federal Financing Bank (FFB), and CFC under a joint mortgage agreement. The long-term debt is due in quarterly and monthly installments of varying amounts through 2052. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, there was \$5,319,000 and \$11,119,000 of FFB loan funds unadvanced, respectively. These funds will be used for future plant additions.

In May 2020, Shelby Energy applied for and was granted a forgivable loan of \$927,488 from the United States Small Business Administration (SBA) Paycheck Protection Program (PPP). Under the CARES Act, subject to limitations as defined, the loan may be partially or fully forgiven, depending on specified actual payroll and other qualified costs for the covered period following receipt of the loan. Shelby Energy accounted for the loan proceeds as debt in accordance with ASC 470. Shelby Energy submitted its application for forgiveness to the SBA and was notified in January 2021 that the entire loan was forgiven. As such, in compliance with guidance from RUS, Shelby Energy has recognized the forgiveness of debt as nonoperating income.

Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Long-term debt consists of the following as of December 31:

	 2021	_	2020
Citizens Union Bank, 1.00% fixed rate note RUS, 2.00% to 4.50% fixed rate notes	\$ 1,275,381		\$ 927,488 1,372,790
FFB, 0.05% to 4.79% fixed rate notes	50,532,975		46,165,292
CFC: 3.65% to 6.65% fixed rate notes	755,882		1,714,950
Refinanced RUS loans, 3.40% to 5.05% fixed rate notes	14,320,671	_	14,320,671
	66,884,909		64,501,191
Less current portion	 2,639,182	_	2,956,175
Long-term portion	\$ 64,245,727	_	\$ 61,545,016

As of December 31, 2021, the annual principal portion of long-term debt outstanding for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

2022	\$ 2,639,182
2023	2,749,385
2024	2,829,743
2025	2,902,866
2026	2,984,621
Thereafter	52,779,112
	\$ 66,884,909

Note 6. Short-Term Borrowings

Shelby Energy has a short-term line of credit of \$6,000,000 available from CFC. There were no advances against the line of credit as of December 31, 2021 and 2020. The line of credit matures in December 2023. Additionally, in January 2022, Shelby Energy obtained a non-revolving line of credit from CFC for \$3,500,000. This line of credit matures in December 2023 and its only use is for the construction work plan.

Note 7. Pension Plans

All eligible employees of Shelby Energy participate in the NRECA Retirement and Security Plan (RS Plan), a defined benefit pension plan qualified under section 401 and tax exempt under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. It is a multiemployer plan under the accounting standards. The Plan sponsor's identification number is 53-0116145 and the Plan Number is 333. Eligible employees include employees hired prior to September 2, 2009. Non-eligible employees are those hired after September 2, 2009. A unique characteristic of a multiemployer plan compared to a single employer plan is that all plan assets are available to pay benefits of any plan participant. Separate asset accounts are not maintained for participating employers. This means that assets contributed by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers.

Note 7. Pension Plans (Continued)

Shelby Energy's contributions to the RS Plan in 2021 and 2020 represent less than 5.00% of the total contributions made to the plan by all participating employers. Shelby Energy made contributions to the plan of \$140,789 in 2021 and \$155,716 in 2020. There have been no significant changes that affect the comparability of 2021 and 2020. Employees hired after September 2, 2009 can only participate in the NRECA 401(k) plan. Employer contributions to the 401(k) plan amounted to \$191,239 for 2021 and \$192,463 for 2020.

In the RS Plan, a zone status determination is not required, and therefore not determined, under the Pension Protection Act (PPA) of 2006. In addition, the accumulated benefit obligations and plan assets are not determined or allocated separately by individual employer. In total, the RS Plan was over 80.00% funded at January 1, 2021 and 2020 based on the PPA funding target and PPA actuarial value of assets on those dates. Because the provisions of the PPA do not apply to the RS Plan, funding improvement plans and surcharges are not applicable. Future contribution requirements are determined each year as part of the actuarial valuation of the plan and may change as a result of plan experience.

At the December 2012 meeting of the I&FS Committee of the NRECA Board of Directors, the Committee approved an option to allow participating cooperatives in the Retirement Security (RS) Plan (a defined benefit multiemployer pension plan) to make a prepayment and reduce future required contributions. The prepayment amount is a cooperative share, as of January 1, 2013, of future contributions required to fund the RS Plan's unfunded value of benefits earned to date using Plan actuarial valuation assumptions. The prepayment amount will typically equal approximately 2.5 times a cooperative's annual RS Plan required contribution as of January 1, 2013. After making the prepayment, for most cooperatives the billing rate is reduced by approximately 25.00%, retroactive to January 1, 2013. The 25.00% differential in billing rates is expected to continue for approximately 15 years. However, changes in interest rates, asset returns and other plan experience different from that expected, plan assumptions changes, and other factors may have an impact on the differential in billing rates and the 15 year period. During the year ended December 31, 2013 Shelby Energy made the prepayment contribution.

Propane Plus has a profit-sharing plan of 14.00% of net profits before the pension amount, where managers receive 5.00%, assistant managers receive 1.50%, employees receive 5.00%, and the chief operating officer receives the remaining 2.50%. The pension contribution for 2021 was \$18,177 and 2020 was \$12,946.

Note 8. Postretirement Benefits

Shelby Energy sponsors a noncontributory defined benefit plan that provides medical insurance coverage to retired employees hired prior to July 1, 1996. Employees hired after July 1, 1996 are not eligible to participate. The plan calls for benefits to be paid at retirement based primarily upon years of service with Shelby Energy. For measurement purposes, an annual rate of increase of 6.00% in 2021, then decreasing by .25% per year until 4.00% per year, in the per capita cost of covered healthcare benefit was assumed. The discount rate used in determining the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation was 3.50% and 4.50% in 2021 and 2020, respectively. There have been no significant changes that affect the comparability of 2021 and 2020.

Note 8. Postretirement Benefits (Continued)

The funded status of the plan was as follows as of December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	 2021	 2020
Projected benefit obligation	\$ (1,377,720)	\$ (1,451,357)
Plan assets at fair value		
Funded status (deficit)	\$ (1,377,720)	\$ (1,451,357)

The components of net periodic postretirement benefit cost are as follows as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	2021		 2020		
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$	1,451,357	\$ 1,463,374		
Actuarial adjustment		9,352			
Components of net periodic benefit cost:					
Service cost		2,772	61,777		
Interest cost		49,643	 65,581		
Net periodic benefit cost		52,415	127,358		
Benefits paid		(135,404)	(139,375)		
Benefit obligation at end of year	\$	1,377,720	\$ 1,451,357		
Amounts recognized in the balance sheet consists of: Accumulated Postretirement Benefits	\$	1,377,720	\$ 1,451,357		
Amounts included in other comprehensive income: Unrecognized actuarial gain	\$	282,490	\$ 306,710		
Effect of 1% increase in the health care trend: Postemployment benefit obligation Net periodic benefit cost	\$ \$	1,467,000 56,000			

Projected retiree benefit payments for the next five years are expected to be as follows: 2022 - \$142,000; 2023 - \$150,000; 2024 - \$112,000; 2025 - \$92,000; 2026 - \$87,000.

Note 9. Commitments

Shelby Energy has various agreements outstanding with local contractors. Under these agreements, the contractors will perform certain construction, maintenance, and other work at specified hourly rates or unit cost, or on an as needed basis. The duration of these contracts are one to three years.

Note 10. Related Party Transactions

Several of the Directors of Shelby Energy, its President and CEO, and another employee are on the boards of directors of various associated organizations.

Note 11. Labor Force

Approximately 35.00% of Shelby Energy's labor force is subject to a collective bargaining agreement. A three-year agreement was negotiated and approved with the International Brotherhood of Electric Workers (IBEW) for the period of September 2021 through September 2024 between Shelby Energy and the International Brotherhood of Electric Workers (IBEW).

Note 12. Environmental Contingency

Shelby Energy from time to time is required to work with and handle PCBs, herbicides, automotive fluids, lubricants, and other hazardous materials in the normal course of business. As a result, there is the possibility that environmental conditions may arise which would require Shelby Energy to incur cleanup costs. The likelihood of such an event, or the amount of such costs, if any, cannot be determined at this time. However, management does not believe such costs, if any, would materially affect Shelby Energy's financial position or its future cash flows.

Note 13. Contingencies

Shelby Energy, on occasion, is involved in litigation arising in the normal course of business. While the results of such litigation cannot be predicted with certainty, management, based upon advice of counsel, believes that the final outcome will not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Note 14. Uncertainties

Local, U.S., and world governments have encouraged self-isolation to curtail the spread of the global pandemic, coronavirus disease (COVID-19), by mandating temporary work stoppage in many sectors and imposing limitations on travel and size and duration of group meetings. Most industries are experiencing disruption to business operations and the impact of reduced consumer spending. There is unprecedented uncertainty surrounding the duration of the pandemic, its potential economic ramifications, and any government actions to mitigate them. Accordingly, while management cannot quantify the financial and other impact to Shelby Energy and Propane Plus as of March 16, 2022, management believes that a material impact on Shelby Energy and Propane Plus's financial position and results of future operations is reasonably possible.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

To the Board of Directors Shelby Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary Shelbyville, Kentucky

Jones, Male & Mattingly Pic

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Shelby Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, and our report thereon dated March 16, 2022, which expressed an unmodified opinion on those consolidated financial statements, appears on pages 1 - 3. Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The consolidating supplementary information shown on pages 21 and 22 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The consolidating information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

Louisville, Kentucky

March 16, 2022

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CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2021

<u>Assets</u>	Shelby Energy	Propane Plus	Eliminations	Consolidated
Utility Plant, at original cost:				
In service	\$ 107,637,095	\$ 3,367,362	\$	\$ 111,004,457
Under construction	1,749,923			1,749,923
	109,387,018	3,367,362		112,754,380
Less accumulated depreciation	23,408,706	1,929,902		25,338,608
	85,978,312	1,437,460		87,415,772
Investments:				
Associated organizations	29,965,415			29,965,415
Goodwill, net of amortization		368,414		368,414
Investment in Subsidiary	3,405,139		(3,405,139)	
Total investments	33,370,554	368,414	(3,405,139)	30,333,829
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	1,482,000	1,212,073		2,694,073
Accounts receivable, less allowance for Energy of \$351,508 and	1,102,000	1,212,073		2,00 1,075
Propane of \$16,000	4,325,163	279,611		4,604,774
Material and supplies, at average cost	593,163	201,988		795,151
Prepayments and other current assets	313,300	55,645		368,945
Total current assets	6,713,626	1,749,317		8,462,943
Deferred Debits	1,961,420			1,961,420
Total assets	\$ 128,023,912	\$ 3,555,191	\$ (3,405,139)	\$ 128,173,964
Members' Equities and Liabilities				
Members' Equities:				
Capital investment	\$	\$ 487,677	\$ (487,677)	\$
Patronage capital and retained earnings	47,968,046	2,917,462	(2,917,462)	47,968,046
Other equities	4,524,614			4,524,614
Accumulated other comprehensive income	282,490			282,490
Total members' equities	52,775,150	3,405,139	(3,405,139)	52,775,150
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Long-term debt, less current portion	64,245,727			64,245,727
Accumulated postretirement benefits	1,377,720			1,377,720
Total long-term liabilities	65,623,447			65,623,447
Current Liabilities:				
Current portion of long-term debt	2,639,182			2,639,182
Accounts payable	4,261,323			4,261,323
Consumer deposits	1,626,807	52,395		1,679,202
Accrued expenses	596,285	97,657		693,942
Total current liabilities	9,123,597	150,052		9,273,649
Consumer Advances for Construction	501,718			501,718
Total members' equities and liabilities	\$ 128,023,912	\$ 3,555,191	\$ (3,405,139)	\$ 128,173,964
*				

CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Sh	elby Energy	Pr	opane Plus	Eli	<u>iminations</u>	<u>C</u>	onsolidated
Operating Revenues	\$	46,797,182	\$	2,923,584	\$		\$	49,720,766
Operating Expenses								
Cost of power and propane		33,493,466		1,161,179				34,654,645
Distribution - operations		2,240,666		633,338				2,874,004
Distribution - maintenance		2,333,609						2,333,609
Consumer accounts		498,325		162,186				660,511
Customer service and information		353,701						353,701
Administrative and general		961,563		185,636				1,147,199
Depreciation, excluding \$195,651								
charged to clearing accounts		3,703,179		273,413				3,976,592
Taxes, other than income		55,124		10,764				65,888
Interest on long-term debt		2,044,854						2,044,854
Other interest		23,124						23,124
Other deductions		9,666						9,666
Total cost of service		45,717,277		2,426,516				48,143,793
Operating Margins		1,079,905		497,068				1,576,973
Nonoperating Margins								
Interest income		35,688		2,417				38,105
Unrelated business income tax		(105,094)						(105,094)
Gain (loss) on sale of equipment		(34,479)		89,972				55,493
Other nonoperating margins		1,715						1,715
PPP loan forgiveness		927,488						927,488
Earnings from subsidiary		589,457				(589,457)		
		1,414,775		92,389		(589,457)		917,707
Patronage Capital Credits								
Generation and transmission		382,897						382,897
Other associated organizations		169,172						169,172
		552,069						552,069
Net Margins		3,046,749		589,457		(589,457)		3,046,749
Other Comprehensive Income								
Postretirement benefits (expense)	-	(14,788)	-					(14,788)
Net Margins and Comprehensive Income	\$	3,031,961	\$	589,457	\$	(589,457)	\$	3,031,961



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Shelby Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary Shelbyville, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the consolidated financial statements of Shelby Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary (the Corporation), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2021 and the related consolidated statements of revenue and comprehensive income, changes in members' equities and cash flows for the year then ended, and related notes to the consolidated financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 16, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the consolidated financial statements, we considered the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's consolidated financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Jones. Male & Mattingly Pic

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Corporation's consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Louisville, Kentucky

March 16, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH ASPECTS OF CONTRACTUAL AGREEMENTS AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRIC BORROWERS

To the Board of Directors Shelby Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary Shelbyville, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the consolidated financial statements of Shelby Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary (the Corporation), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2021, and the related consolidated statements of revenue and comprehensive income, changes in members' equities, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 16, 2022. In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 16, 2022, on our consideration of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. No reports other than the reports referred to above and our schedule of findings and recommendations related to our audit have been furnished to management.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Corporation failed to comply with the terms, covenants, provisions, or conditions of their loan, grant, and security instruments as set forth in 7 CFR Part 1773, *Policy on Audits of Rural Utilities Service Borrowers and Grantees*, §1773.33, insofar as they relate to accounting matters as enumerated below. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Corporation's noncompliance with the above-referenced terms, covenants, provisions, or conditions of the contractual agreements and regulatory requirements, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. In connection with our audit, we noted no matters regarding the Corporation's accounting and records to indicate that the Corporation did not:

- Maintain adequate and effective accounting procedures;
- Utilize adequate and fair methods for accumulating and recording labor, material, and overhead costs, and the distribution of these costs to construction, retirement, and maintenance or other expense accounts;
- Reconcile continuing property records to the controlling general ledger plant accounts;
- Clear construction accounts and accrue depreciation on completed construction;
- Record and properly price the retirement of plant;
- Seek approval of the sale, lease, or transfer of capital assets and disposition of proceeds for the sale or lease of plant, material, or scrap;
- Maintain adequate control over material and supplies;

- Prepare accurate and timely Financial and Operating Reports;
- Obtain written RUS approval to enter into any contract for the management, operation, or maintenance of the borrower's system if the contract covers all or substantially all of the electric system;
- Disclose material related party transactions in the consolidated financial statements, in accordance with requirements for related parties in generally accepted accounting principles;
- Record depreciation in accordance with RUS requirements ("See RUS Bulletin 183-1, Depreciation Rates and Procedures");
- Comply with the requirements for the detailed schedule of deferred debits and deferred credits, which are listed below; and
- Comply with the requirements for the detailed schedule of investments, which are listed below.

The deferred debits are as follows:

Environmental surcharge	\$ 769,997		
Fuel adjustment surcharge	 1,191,423		
	\$ 1,961,420		

The deferred credits are as follows:

Consumer advances for construction \$ 501,718

Shelby Energy is a 100% owner of a subsidiary, Shelby Propane Plus, LLC, which is engaged in the distribution sales of propane gas in and around the areas in which Shelby Energy provides electric service. The activity of the subsidiary is as follows for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	<u>Investment</u>
Beginning balance	\$ 2,884,575
Net income	589,457
Distributions	(68,893)
Ending balance	\$ 3,405,139

The purpose of this report is solely to communicate, in connection with the audit of the consolidated financial statements, on compliance with aspects of contractual agreements and the regulatory requirements for electric borrowers based on the requirements of 7 CFR Part 1773, *Policy on Audits of Rural Utilities Service Borrowers and Grantees*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jones. Male: Mattingly Pic

Louisville, Kentucky March 16, 2022