SANDY HOOK WATER DISTRICT

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AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page	,
Independent Auditor's Report	1	
Statement of Net Position	4	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	6	
Statement of Cash Flows	8	
Notes to the Financial Statements	10	
Required Supplemental Information:		
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of the Districts' Pension Contributions Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability Schedule of the Districts' OPEB Contributions	33 34 35 36	
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	37	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	39	
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	40	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	41	
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with Uniform Guidance	43	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	46	

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Sandy Hook Water District Sandy Hook, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Sandy Hook Water District (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the District, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of the District's Pension Contributions, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of the District's OPEB Contributions listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who

To the Board of Commissioners Sandy Hook Water District Sandy Hook, Kentucky

considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 26, 2024, on our consideration of Sandy Hook Water District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sandy Hook Water District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Sandy Hook Water District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Morgan and Associates, LLC West Liberty, Kentucky April 26, 2024

SANDY HOOK WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2023

ASSETS

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CURRENT ASSETS

Cash - Unrestricted	\$ 403,838
Cash - Restricted	328,924
Accounts Receivable	97,719
Prepaid Expenses	 7,145
Total Current Assets	837,626
NONCURRENT ASSETS	
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	
Land	206,998
Construction in Progress	4,443,069
Land Improvements	2,176
Buildings and Building Improvements	583,846
Wells and Springs	251,721
Electric Pumping Equipment	14,930
Transmission and Distribution	5,115,265
Treatment Plant	6,164
Transportation Equipment	9,857
Total Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciaiton	 10,634,026
Cash - Restricted	 266,452
Total Noncurrent Assets	 10,900,478
TOTAL ASSETS	11,738,104
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	136,922
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	17,704

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

SANDY HOOK WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2023

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

CURRENT LIABILITIES

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Accrued Interest	39,702
Due to City of Sandy Hook	47,979
Accrued Taxes	5,422
Accrued Salaries	5,157
Unearned Revenues	6,381
Accrued Retirement	6,379
Accrued Health Insurance	5,623
Accounts Payable	15,473
Accounts Payable - Construction	50,982
Bonds Payable	57,000
Total Current Liabilities	240,098
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	
Bonds Payable	3,919,482
Compensated Absenses	13,279
Total Long-Term Liabilities	3,932,761
OTHER LIABILITIES	
Net Pension Liabilities	513,577
Net OPEB Liabilities	(11,051)
Customer Deposits	20,236
Total Other Liabilities	522,762
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,695,621
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	124,874
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	203,344
NET POSITION	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for:	6,606,562
Debt Service	280,124
Depreciation Reserve	237,334
Construction	821
Sewer Collections	47,979
Unrestricted	(303,929)
TOTAL NET POSITION	6,868,891
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 11,892,730

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

SANDY HOOK WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSTION For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

OPERATING REVENUES

Water Sales Service Revenues Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ 949,314 11,015 29,917
Total Operating Revenues	 990,246
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Water Expenses Depreciation	211,674
Dues and Subscriptions	9,547
Legal and Accounting Services	11,500
Miscellaneous	16,219
Office Supplies	2,903
Purchased Water	9,810
Payroll Taxes	7,943
Postage and Freight	7,838
Professional Services	3,997
Insurance	80,341
Workers Comp	4,296
Repairs and Maintenance	78,436
Retirement	18,931
OPEB	(20,033)
Salaries and Wages	298,666
Supplies and Testing	58,254
Taxes and Licenses	500
Telephone and Utilities	80,205
Travel and Automobile	 13,590
Total Operating Expenses	 894,617
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	95,629

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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SANDY HOOK WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

NON OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)

Rural Development Project Funds Interest Expense Interest Income		2,298,095 (130,778) 2,394
Total Non Operating Revenues (Expenses)		2,169,711
Net Change in Net Position		2,265,340
Net Position - Beginning (Restated)		4,603,551
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	6,868,891

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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SANDY HOOK WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Payments from Customers Payments from Sewer Collection Fees Miscellaneous Revenue Payments to Vendors Payments for Payroll and Related Expenses	\$ 950,830 8,811 31,332 (301,776) (418,883)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	270,314
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Capital Asset Additions Grant Proceeds Loan Proceeds Interest Paid on Debt Payments on Capital Debt	 (3,857,307) 2,298,095 2,910,000 (113,656) (1,370,885)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(133,753)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Cash Received from Interest	 2,394
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	 2,394
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	138,955
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	 860,259
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$ 999,214

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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SANDY HOOK WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

Reconciliation of Net Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:

Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 95,629
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income to	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	211,674
Changes in Assets/Liabilities:	
Accounts Receivable	2,008
Accounts Payable	4,146
Accrued Retirement	6,379
Accrued Insurance	5,623
Accrued Taxes	791
Accrued Salaries and Wages	3,546
Compensated Absenses	2,279
Due to City of Sandy Hook	5,605
Customer Deposits	(1,280)
Net Pension Liability	(60,262)
OPEB Liability	(167,698)
Deferred Inflows	140,049
Deferred Outflows	 21,825
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 270,314
Supplementary Information	

Interest Expensed

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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130,778

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Sandy Hook Water District (the District) is presented to assist in understanding the District's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the District's management, who are responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies, as applied to the aforementioned financial statements, conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

Regulatory Requirements

The District is subject to the regulatory authority of the Kentucky Public Service Commission ("PSC") pursuant to KRS 278.040.

Organization & Activity

The District was created in accordance with Chapter 74 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes in 1957. The purpose of the District is to provide water services to residents in Sandy Hook, Kentucky and the surrounding area.

Financial Reporting Entity

The District complies with GASB Statements No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" and No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units." These Statements establish standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. They define component units as legally separate organizations for which the officials of the primary government are financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with a primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District is not considered a component unit of any other governmental unit for financial reporting purposes.

The District considered all potential component units in determining what organizations should be included in its financial statements. Based on an evaluation of the established criteria, management determined that there were no component units to include in the District's financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The District's financial statements are presented on the full accrual basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

All activities of the District are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise reporting) entity. Proprietary entities are used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expense, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the District is determined by its measurement focus. The transactions of the District are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the Statement of Net Position. Net Position is segregated into "invested in capital assets, net of related debt;" "restricted;" and "unrestricted" components.

The District's various bond resolutions or ordinances require the establishment of certain accounts, which are referred to as "funds". These required accounts are maintained as part of accounting records of the Water Fund. They include the Sinking Fund (Debt Service), Revenue Fund and Depreciation Reserve Fund (Repairs and Maintenance). These are not "funds" as the term is used in generally accepted accounting principles, but are separate "accounts" used to delineate the accounting and reporting for bond related money and repayment security requirements. The balances and activity that occur in these various accounts represent specific segments of the Water Utility enterprise fund as reported in the District's financial statements.

The enterprise fund used by the District distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with the District's ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services that are provided to them. The District also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water system. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Budgeting

In accordance with Kentucky Revised Statute 65.065, the District is required to submit a balanced budget to the Elliott County Fiscal Court prior to December 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them for the upcoming year. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. All appropriations lapse at calendar year end.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

No allowance for doubtful accounts has been established. The District considers all receivables to be fully collectible based on their strict cut-off policy. If amounts become uncollectible, the amounts due are offset by any customer deposit held and the balance charged to operations when that determination is made.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Accounts Receivables

Accounts receivables are stated at face amount and include billed and unbilled receivables due as of December 31, 2023. Unbilled receivables represent income earned during the current year, but not yet billed to the customer. The billing mailed on December 28, 2023 was for customer usage from approximately November 26 through December 25, 2023. The entire amount is considered accounts receivable as of December 31, 2023. The billing mailed on January 27, 2024 was for usage from approximately December 26, 2023 through January 25, 2024. Approximately five days of this billing is considered unbilled receivables at December 31, 2023.

Deposits and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the District to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Property, Plant and Equipment

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, e.g., water distribution systems, and similar items, are reported as a component of noncurrent assets in the basic financial statements. Capital assets are generally defined by the District as being those assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

The reported value excludes the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate.

Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations. Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives in years.

The depreciation expense provided on proprietary fund assets during the period ended December 31, 2023 is \$211,674

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents consist of unrestricted and restricted cash on hand, demand and savings deposits and certificates of deposit.

Federal Income Tax

The District is exempt from federal income tax since it is a governmental entity. Accordingly, the financial statements include no provision for income taxes.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Inventory and Prepaid Items

The District maintains an inventory of supplies to make minor repairs to the water district systems. It is the policy of the water district to expense the items as they are purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. An example of a prepaid item for the District is property and liability insurance premiums.

Restricted Net Position

Some of the District's assets have certain constraints that have been placed on how they can be used. By definition, restricted assets are cash or other assets, whose use in whole or in part are restricted for specific purposes bound by virtue of contractual agreements, legal requirements or enabling legislation.

Certain proceeds of the District's revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The "debt service" accounts are used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months. The "depreciation reserve" account is used to report resources set aside to meet unexpected contingencies or to fund asset renewals, replacements and extensions.

The District collects sewer revenues on behalf of the City of Sandy Hook. The amount owed to the City of Sandy Hook as of December 31, 2023 is reported as a component of restricted net position. The amount owed the City of Sandy Hook includes current collections due and unearned sewer revenues.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that effect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE B -- RESTRICTIONS ON CASH

Bond Sinking Fund

Deposits into a Bond Sinking Fund are required to be made monthly in order to accumulate funds for payment of bond principle and interest. At December 31, 2023, \$134,904 was required to be on deposit to meet payments of interest and principal due on bonds at January 1, 2024. The balance in this account at December 31, 2023 was \$280,124.

Depreciation Reserve

The Depreciation Reserve Account is being maintained as required in various bond documents. The District was required to deposit \$210 per month into the account. At December 31, 2023, \$85,510 was the required balance of the Depreciation Reserve account. The District had \$225,613 in this account for the purpose of maintaining the water system.

NOTE B – RESTRICTIONS ON CASH (Continued)

Restricted Cash Accounts

The District is required to maintain special deposit accounts for customer deposits and long-term debt obligations. The following is a listing of restricted cash accounts of the District:

Construction Account	\$	821
Customer Deposit Fees Account		29,118
Short Lived Asset Account		11,673
Sewer Revenue Held for the City of Sandy Hook		47,979
Bond and Interest Sinking Fund		280,124
Depreciation Reserve Fund		225,661
Total Restricted Cash Accounts	_\$	595,376

NOTE C – NET POSITION

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets;
- Restricted net position resulting from constraints placed on net position by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and
- Unrestricted net position those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net position or invested in capital assets.

NOTE D – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, became effective in fiscal year 2016 which requires the measurement of certain assets and liabilities at fair value using a consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and accepted valuation techniques.

The carrying amount of the following financial instruments approximate fair value because of the short maturity of the instruments: cash equivalents and accounts receivable.

NOTE E – INSURANCE COVERAGE

The District is exposed to various risks of loss. The District carries commercial insurance for risks of loss. As of December 31, 2023, there were no known losses for which an accrual was considered necessary and no estimated claims that have been incurred, but not reported. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

NOTE F – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The primary government-maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the District and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. As of December 31, 2023, these requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of December 31, 2023, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

NOTE G – PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT

The District's major classes of utility capital assets and accumulated depreciation are shown below:

	Balance 12/31/2022		Additions		Disposals		Balance 2/31/2023
Land	\$	206,998	\$		\$	\$	206,998
Construction in Progress - Plant		655,479		3,787,590			4,443,069
Construction in Progress - Lines		591,217		82,446	673,663		0
Land Improvements		16,320					16,320
Building & Building Improvements		916,761		7,535	35,001		889,295
Wells and Springs		328,896		30,729	35,992		323,633
Transmission and					,		
Distribution		7,945,362		673,663	·		8,619,025
Treatment Plant		420,514					420,514
Electric Pumping Equipment		46,595					46,595
Miscellaneous Equipment		140,627			59,177		81,450
Furniture and Fixtures		3,896			3,896		0
Transportation Equipment		108,326	<u> </u>		·····		108,326
Total	1	1,380,991		4,581,963	807,729	1	5,155,225

	Balance 12/31/2022				Disposals	Balance 12/31/2023
Accumulated Depreciation:						
Land Improvements	13,754		388			14,142
Buildings & Building Improvements	321,177		19,274		35,001	305,450
Wells and Springs (Restated)	98,642		9,266		35,992	71,916
Transmission & Distribution	3,333,505		170,255			3,503,760
Treatment Plant	413,252		1,097			414,349
Electric Pumping Equipment	30,427		1,234			31,661
Miscellaneous Equipment	133,753		6,874		59,177	81,450
Furniture and Fixtures	3,896				3,896	0
Transportation Equipment	95,185		3,286			98,471
Total	4,443,591		211,674		134,066	4,521,199
Fixed Assets Net of A/D	\$ 6,937,400	\$	4,370,289	_\$	673,663	\$10,634,026

NOTE G – PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

NOTE H – SHORT TERM DEBT

Interim Financing

On September 1, 2022, the Sandy Hook Water District (District) entered a loan agreement and note in the amount of \$2,901,000 with Rural Water Financing Agency (RWFA) to be held for the District by a Trustee for the purpose of interim financing for the construction of a water treatment plant and waterline replacement. The District has obtained a commitment for permanent financing for the project from the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development. The District will proceed with the project drawing on the funds with properly submitted requests, pledging to RWFA all right, title and interest in and to monies to be received pursuant to the permanent financing. Interest will accrue at 4.50%. Principal and interest will be due at the maturity date of October 1, 2024 or receipt of permanent financing, whichever comes first. As of December 31, 2023, the District has drawn \$1,306,385 on the funds held in trust. No principal or interest payments are required as of December 31, 2022. During 2023, the District drew an additional \$1,594,615, totaling \$2,901.000 in interim financing. At December 31, 2023, interim financing was paid in full including \$69,690 in interest with financing from Rural Development loans. (See Note I #6 and #7.)

NOTE I – LONG TERM DEBT

Other Debt

1. Waterworks Revenue Series 1988

On May 25, 1988, the District entered into an agreement with Rural Development to issue \$237,000 in Waterworks Revenue Bonds for the purpose of financing the cost of the construction of extensions, additions, and improvements to the existing waterworks system of the District payable from gross revenues. Semiannual interest payments at a rate of 6.25% are required on January 1 and June 1 with principal amount due each January 1. Upon default in the payment of any principal or interest payment on this Bond, or upon failure by the District to comply with any other provision of this Bond or with any provision of the Current Bond Resolution, the registered owner may, at his option, institute all rights and

NOTE I – LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

Other Debt (Continued)

1. Waterworks Revenue Series 1988 (Continued)

remedies provided by law or by said Current Bond Resolution. As of December 31, 2023, the principal balance outstanding was \$75,000. Debt service requirements for year ending December 31, 2023, and thereafter are as follows:

Year Ended December 31	 Scheduled Principal		cheduled Interest
2024	\$ 13,000	\$	4,281
2025	14,000		3,438
2026	15,000		2,531
2027	16,000		1,563
2028	17,000		531
Totals	\$ 75,000	\$	12,344

2. Waterworks Revenue Bond Series 1991

On July 24, 1991, the District entered into an agreement with Rural Development to issue \$316,000 in Waterworks Revenue Bonds for the purpose of the construction of extensions, additions, and improvements to the existing waterworks system of the District payable from gross revenues. Semiannual interest payments at a rate of 5% are required on January 1 and June 1 with principal amount due each January 1. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, and upon the filing of a suit by any Owner of said Bonds, any court having jurisdiction of the action may appoint a receiver to administer said System on behalf of the District with power to charge and collect rates sufficient to provide for the payment of operating and maintenance expenses and for the payment of principal of and interest on the prior Bonds and the Current Bonds and to provide and apply the income and revenues in conformity with the Resolution and with the laws of the commonwealth of Kentucky. As of December 31, 2023, the principal balance outstanding was \$107,000. Debt service requirements for year ending December 31, 2023, and thereafter are as follows:

Year Ended	Scheduled		Sc	heduled
December 31		Principal		nterest
2024	\$	13,000	\$	5,350
2025		14,000		4,700
2026		15,000		4,000
2027		15,000		3,250
2028		16,000		2,500
2029-2030		34,000		2,550
Totals	\$	107,000	\$	22,350

NOTE I – LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

Other Debt (Continued)

3. Waterworks Revenue Bonds Series 1995

On April 27, 1995, the District entered into an agreement with Rural Development to issue \$259,000 in Waterworks Revenue Bonds for the purpose of the construction of extensions, additions, and improvements to the existing waterworks system of the District payable from gross revenues. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, and upon the filing of a suit by any Owner of said Bonds, any court having jurisdiction of the action may appoint a receiver to administer said System on behalf of the District with power to charge and collect rates sufficient to provide for the payment of operating and maintenance expenses and for the payment of principal of and interest on the prior Bonds and the Current Bonds and to provide and apply the income and revenues in conformity with the Resolution and with the laws of the commonwealth of Kentucky. Semiannual interest payments at a rate of 4.5% are required on January 1 and June 1 with principal amount due each January 1. As of December 31, 2023, the principal balance outstanding was \$125,000. Debt service requirements for year ending December 31, 2023, and thereafter are as follows:

Year Ended	S	cheduled	Sc	heduled
December 31		Principal	l	nterest
2024	\$	9,000	\$	5,626
2025		9,500		5,220
2026		10,000		4,792
2027		10,000		4,342
2028		10,500		3,892
2029-2033		61,500		11,860
2034		14,500		652
T●tals	\$	125,000	\$	36,384

4. Waterworks Revenue Bonds Series 2001

On June 20, 2001, the District entered into an agreement with Rural Development to issue \$495,000 Waterworks Revenue Bonds for the purpose of the construction of extensions, additions, and improvements to the existing waterworks system of the District payable from gross revenues. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, and upon the filing of a suit by any Owner of said Bonds, any court having jurisdiction of the action may appoint a receiver to administer said System on behalf of the District with power to charge and collect rates sufficient to provide for the payment of operating and maintenance expenses and for the payment of principal of and interest on the prior Bonds and the Current Bonds and to provide and apply the income and revenues in conformity with the Resolution and with the laws of the commonwealth of Kentucky. Semiannual interest payments at a rate of 4.5% are required on January 1 and June 1 with principal amount due each January 1. As of December 31, 2023, the principal balance outstanding was \$333,500. Debt service requirements for year ending December 31, 2023, and thereafter are as follows:

18

NOTE I – LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Other Debt (Continued)

4. Waterworks Revenue Bonds Series 2001

Year Ended December 31	Scheduled Principal				S	cheduled Interest
2024	\$	12,500	\$	15,008		
2025		13,000		14,446		
2026		13,500		13,860		
2027		14,000		13,252		
2028		15,000		12,622		
2029-2033		84,500		52,472		
2034-2038		105,500		31,636		
2039-2041		75,500		6,908		
Totals	\$	333,500	\$	160,204		

5. Waterworks Revenue Bonds Series 2014

On July 21, 2014, the District entered into an agreement with Rural Development to issue \$504,000 Waterworks Revenue bonds for the purpose of the construction of extensions, additions and improvements to the existing waterworks system of the District payable from gross revenues. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, and upon the filing of a suit by any Owner of said Bonds, any court having jurisdiction of the action may appoint a receiver to administer said System on behalf of the District with power to charge and collect rates sufficient to provide for the payment of operating and maintenance expenses and for the payment of principal of and interest on the prior Bonds and the Current Bonds and to provide and apply the income and revenues in conformity with the Resolution and with the laws of the commonwealth of Kentucky. Semiannual interest payments at a rate of 2.75% are required on January 1 and June 1 with principal amount due each January 1. As of December 31, 2023, the principal balance outstanding was \$434,982. Debt service requirements for year ending December 31, 2023, and thereafter are as follows:

Year Ended	Se	Scheduled		cheduled
December 31	F	Principal		Interest
2024	\$	9,500	\$	11,859
2025		10,000		11,591
2026		10,000		11,316
2027		10,500		11,034
. 2028		10,500		10,746
2029-2033		57,500		49,135
2034-2038		66,000		40,659
2039-2043		75,500		30,945
2044-2048		87,500		19,767
2049-2053		97,982		6,889
Totals	\$	434,982	\$	203,941

NOTE I – LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Other Debt (Continued)

6. Waterworks Revenue Bonds Series 2023A

On July 13, 2023, the District entered into an agreement with Rural Development to issue \$1,712,000 Waterworks Revenue bonds for the purpose of the construction of extensions, additions and improvements to the existing waterworks system of the District payable from gross revenues. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, and upon the filing of a suit by any Owner of said Bonds, any court having jurisdiction of the action may appoint a receiver to administer said System on behalf of the District with power to charge and collect rates sufficient to provide for the payment of operating and maintenance expenses and for the payment of principal of and interest on the prior Bonds and the Current Bonds and to provide and apply the income and revenues in conformity with the Resolution and with the laws of the commonwealth of Kentucky. Semiannual interest payments at a rate of 1.50% are required on January 1 and June 1 with principal amount due each January 1. The principal payments will commence January 1, 2025, with interest only payments in 2024. As of December 31, 2023, the principal balance outstanding was \$1,721,000. Debt service requirements for year ending December 31, 2023, and thereafter are as follows:

Year Ended December 31	 Scheduled Principal	cheduled Interest
2024	\$	\$ 25,073
2025	33,000	25,568
2026	33,500	25,069
2027	34,000	24,563
2028	34,500	24,049
2029-2033	180,000	112,274
2034-2038	193,000	98,303
2039-2043	208,500	83,254
2044-2048	224,000	67,036
2049-2053	242,000	49,575
2054-2058	260,500	30,732
2059-2063	278,000	10,463
Totals	\$ 1,721,000	\$ 575,959

7. Waterworks Revenue Bonds Series 2023B

On July 13, 2023, the District entered into an agreement with Rural Development to issue \$1,180,000 Waterworks Revenue bonds for the purpose of the construction of extensions, additions and improvements to the existing waterworks system of the District payable from gross revenues. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, and upon the filing of a suit by any Owner of said Bonds, any court having jurisdiction of the action may appoint a receiver to administer said System on behalf of the District with power to charge and collect rates sufficient to provide for the payment of operating and maintenance expenses and for the payment of principal of and interest on the prior Bonds and the Current Bonds and to provide and apply the income and revenues in conformity with the Resolution and with the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Semiannual interest payments at a rate of 1.125% are required on January 1

NOTE I – LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Other Debt (Continued)

7. Waterworks Revenue Bonds Series 2023B (Continued)

and June 1 with principal amount due each January 1. The principal payments will commence January 1, 2025, with interest only payments in 2024. As of December 31, 2023, the principal balance outstanding was \$1,180,000. Debt service requirements for year ending December 31, 2023, and thereafter are as follows:

Year Ended December 31	Scheduled Principal		-	cheduled Interest
2024	\$		\$	12,894
2025		24,500		13,156
2026		24,500		12,897
2027		25,000		12,618
2028		25,000		12,353
2029-2033		130,000		57,328
2034-2038		137,500		49,799
2039-2043		145,000		41,835
2044-2048		153,500		33,430
2049-2053		162,500		24,496
2054-2058		171,500		15,090
2059-2063		181,000		5,138
Totals	\$	1,180,000	\$	291,034

8. Long Term Debt Maturity in the Aggregate

Year Ended December 31		Scheduled Principal		Scheduled Interest
2024	\$	57,000	\$	80,091
2024	Ψ	118,000	Ψ	78,119
2026		121,500		74,465
2027		124,500		70,622
2028		128,500		66,693
2029-2033		547,500		285,619
2034-2038		516,500		221,049
2039-2043		504,500		162,942
2044-2048		465,000		120,233
2049-2053		502,482		80,960
2054-2058		432,000		45,822
2059-2063		459,000		15,601
Totals	\$	3,976,482	\$	1,302,216

9. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Beginning Balance		AdditionsR		Re	Ending Reductions Balance		Due Within One Year		
Business-type Activities:										
Revenue Bonds	\$	1,130,982	\$	2,901,000	\$	55,500	\$	3,976,482	\$	57,000
Business-type Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$	1,130,982	\$	2,901,000	\$	55,500	\$	3,976,482	\$	57,000

The total interest expense incurred by the District during the current fiscal year was \$130,778.

NOTE J- RETIREMENT

General Information about the Retirement Plan

The District has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.520 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Public Pension Authority (KPPA). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of the plan members under certain circumstances. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute five (5) percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute six (6) percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: 5% will go to the member's account and 1% will go to the KPPA insurance fund. The District's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 26.95 percent for the first six months of 2022 and 26.79 percent for the last six months of 2022.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own account. Members contribute 5% (nonhazardous) of their annual creditable compensation and 1% to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Board based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a 4% (nonhazardous) employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

The District's contribution for calendar year 2021 was \$56,738, 2022 was \$60,493, and 2023 was \$64,975.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five (5) years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must meet the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months credit.

NOTE J– RETIREMENT (Continued)

General Information about the Retirement Plan (Continued)

CERS also provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For member participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Years of Service	% Paid by Insurance Fund	% Paid by Member through Payroll Deduction				
20 or more	100%	0%				
15-19	75%	25%				
10-14	50%	50%				
4-9	25%	75%				
Less than 4	0%	100%				

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the KPPA's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Pension Authority, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, by telephone at (502) 564-4646 or at www.kyret.ky.gov.

Pension Liabilities

At December 31, 2023, the District has a liability of \$513,577 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for non-hazardous retirement. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2023, the District's proportion was .008004%.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$18,931. At December 31, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTE J – RETIREMENT (Continued)

Pension Liabilities (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS

NON-HAZARDOUS		red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Liability Experience	\$	26,587	\$	1,396	
Assumption Changes				47,070	
Investment Experience		55,481		62,486	
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		2,221		13,922	
District Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date		52,633			
Total	\$	136,922	\$	124,874	

The \$52,633 (non-hazardous) of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2023. The collective amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Non-Hazardous				
2024	\$	(28,791)			
2025	\$	(18,287)			
2026	\$	11,465			
2027	\$	(4,972)			
2028	\$	0			
Thereafter	\$	0			

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions for Determining the Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability

For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation as for June 30, 2023, was performed by Gabriel Roeder Smith (GRS). The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2023 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2022) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

24

NOTE J – RETIREMENT (Continued)

Pension Liabilities (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions for Determining the Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table below.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Fixed Income	20.00%	
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	2.45%
Specialty Credit	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Inflation Protected	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	5015.00%
Expected Real Return	100%	5.75%
Long Term Inflation Assumption	2.50%	
Expected Nominal Return for Po	8.25%	

Single Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

A single discount rate of 6.50% was used to measure the total pension liability for the non-hazardous plan for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments for each plan. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the non-hazardous plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were separately projected and were each sufficient to finance all the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for each plan.

NOTE J – RETIREMENT (Continued)

Pension Liabilities (Continued)

Single Discount Rate (Continued)

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate for each plan must include an assumption regarding actual employer contributions made each future year. Except where noted below, future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each pension plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy. The assumed future employer contributions reflect the provision of House Bill 362 (passed during the 2018 legislative session) which limit the increases to the employer contribution rates to 12% over the prior fiscal year through June 30, 2028.

The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of percent, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate for non-hazardous:

		1%	Current		1%		
	Decrease Discount		Increase				
NON-HAZARDOUS	(5.50%)		Rate (6.50%)		(7.50%)		
	*						
District's Net Pension Liability	\$	648,422	\$	513,577	\$	401,516	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine the Actuarially Determined Contributions Effective for Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021

Determined by the Actuarial Valuation as of:	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of the assets is recognized
Amortization Method:	Level Percent of Pay
Amortization Period:	30-year closed period at June 30, 2019
	Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be amortized overseparate closed 20-year amortization bases
Payroll Growth Rate:	2.00%
Investment Return:	6.25%
Inflation:	2.30%
Salary Increases:	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Mortality:	System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience
Phase-In Provision:	from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019 Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018

NOTE K – POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

At December 31, 2023, the net OPEB liability and the related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

NOTE K -- POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Plan Description

Employees of the District are provided hospital and medical insurance through the Kentucky Public Pension Authority's (KPPA) Insurance Fund (Insurance Fund), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The KRS was created by state stature under Kentucky Revised Statue Section 61.645. The KPPA Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration the KPPA. The KPPA issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Pension Authority, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601; or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions to Determine the Total OPEB Liability and the Net OPEB Liability

For financial reporting the actuarial valuation as for June 30, 2023, was performed by Gabriel Roeder Smith (GRS). The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2023 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2022) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Senate Bill 209 passed during the 2022 legislative session and increased the insurance dollar contribution for members hired on or after July 1, 2003 by \$5 for each year of service a member attains over certain thresholds, depending on a member's retirement eligibility requirement. This increase in the insurance dollar contribution does not increase by 1.5% annually and is only payable for non-Medicare retirees. Additionally, it is only payable when the member's applicable insurance fund is at least 90% funded. The increase is first payable January 1, 2023. Senate Bill 209 also allows members receiving the insurance dollar contribution to participate in a medical insurance reimbursement plan that would provide the reimbursement of premiums for health plans other than those administered by KPPA.

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 is determined using these updated provisions. There were no other material plan provision changes and it is the opinion of GRS that the procedures are reasonable and appropriate, and comply with applicable requirements under GASB Statement No. 75.

Based on the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation report, the actuarial methods and assumptions used to calculate the required contributions are below:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method	June 30, 2021 Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of the assets is recognized
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Pay
Remaining Amortization Period	30-year closed period at June 30, 2019 (<i>Gains/losses incurring</i> after 2019 will be amortized over separate closed 20-year amortization bases)
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Investment Return	6.25%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Mortality	System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019

NOTE K – POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions to Determine the Total OPEB Liability and the Net OPEB Liability (Continued)

Healthcare Trend Rates	
Pre – 65	Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023 and gradually
	decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13
	years. The 2022 premiums were known at the time of the
	valuation and were incorporated into the liability measurement.
Post – 65	Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023 and gradually
	decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13
	years. The 2022 premiums were known at the time of the
	valuation and were incorporated into the liability measurement.

Single Discount Rate

Single discount rates of 5.93% for the CERS non-hazardous insurance plan was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023. The single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.50% and a municipal bond rate of 3.86%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index) as of June 30, 2023. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, each plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected separately and were sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance pan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the plan's actuarially determined contributions, and it is the understanding of GRS that any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plan's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plan's trust.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding actual employer contributions made each future year. Future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each insurance plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the tables below. The current long-term assumption is 2.30% per annum for nonhazardous.

NOTE K – POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	.5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Fixed Income	20.00%	
Core Fixed Inconme	10.00%	2.45%
Specialty Credit	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Inflation Protected	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%
Expected Real Return	100%	5.75%
Long Term Inflation Assumption	1	2.50%
Expected Nominal Return for Po	rtfolio	8.25%

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

The deferred inflows and outflows of resources and OPEB Expense columns included in the Schedule of OPEB Amounts by Employer include only certain categories of deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The Schedule of OPEB Amounts by Employer does not include deferred inflows/outflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contributions or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 is based on the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation rolled forward. Deferred inflows and outflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB to Changes in the Discount Rate

The net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (4.93%) or one percentage point higher (6.93%) follows:

NON-HAZARDOUS	 Decrease D3%)	nt Discount e (5.93%)	 6 Increase (6.93%)
District's OPEB Liability	\$ 20,738	\$ (11,051)	\$ (37,670)

NOTE K-POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates follows:

NON-HAZARDOUS	1% Decrease		Current	Trend Rate	1 % Increase		
District's OPEB Liability	\$	(35,420)	\$	(11,051)	\$	18,884	

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$(11,051) (non-hazardous) for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability and OPEB expense was determined using the employers' actual contributions for fiscal year June 30, 2023. This method is to be reflective of the employers' long-term contribution effort. At December 31, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.008004%, non-hazardous.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$7,377 nonhazardous. At December 31, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

SCHEDULE OF DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS

NON-HAZARDOUS	 Outflows sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Liability Experience	\$ 7,704	\$	156,911	
Changes in assumptions	21,747		15,156	
Investment Experience	20,681		23,246	
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	5,499		8,031	
District Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	(37,927)			
Total	\$ 17,704	\$	203,344	

The \$(37,927) (non-hazardous) of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTE K-POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

	Non-Hazardous						
2024	\$	(34,506)					
2025	\$	(46,506)					
2026	\$	(36,608)					
2027	\$	(30,093)					
2028	\$	0					
Thereafter	\$	0					

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five year period. Those changes in net OPEB liability that are recorded as deferred outflows or inflows of resources that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual expense are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified OPEB plan and recorded as a component of OPEB expense beginning with the period in which they are incurred.

NOTE L – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through April 26, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE M – CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

Construction in Progress at December 31, 2023 was \$642,981 for water treatment plant expenses.

NOTE N – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the District's policy to permit its employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave because the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the District. The unused vacation or annual leave is considered a vested employee benefit.

In recognition of the resulting obligation, the District has accrued a liability for earned but unused vacation leave, having determined that payment of such compensation is probable and having developed a reasonable estimate based upon current salary costs and annual leave balances as of December 31, 2023. The liability for compensated absences at December 31, 2023 was \$13,279.

NOTE O – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Accumulated Depreciation increased by \$40,000.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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## SANDY HOOK WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIBILITY December 31, 2023

|                                                                                                                            | Non-Hazardous |            |            |            |            |            |            |            |            |            |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (Actuarial Valuation Report Year)                                                                                          | 2014          | 2015       | 2016       | 2017       | 2018       | 2019       | 2020       | 2021       | 2022       | 2023       |
| District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability                                                                         | 0.006757%     | 0.007350%  | 0.007220%  | 0.007193%  | 0.007120%  | 0.008640%  | 0.008534%  | 0.008593%  | 0.007938%  | 0.008004%  |
| District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension<br>Liability (Asset)                                                     | \$ 219.000    | \$ 316,014 | \$ 355.356 | \$ 329.031 | \$ 433.630 | \$ 567.989 | \$ 654.551 | \$ 547.871 | \$ 573.839 | \$ 513.577 |
| District's Covered-Employee Payroll                                                                                        | \$ 154.733    | \$ 168.911 | \$ 169.858 | \$ 172.294 | \$ 174.062 | \$ 200.455 | \$ 218.595 | \$ 219.487 | \$ 214.140 | \$ 227.049 |
| District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension<br>Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered-<br>Employee Payroll | 141.53%       | 187.09%    | 209.21%    | 190.97%    | 249.12%    | 283.35%    | 299.44%    | 249.61%    | 267.97%    | 226.20%    |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability                                                 | 66.80%        | 59.97%     | 55.50%     | 53.30%     | 57.62%     | 50.45%     | 47.81%     | 57.33%     | 52.42%     | 57.48%     |

## Note:

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This schedule covers the ten (10) most recent fiscal years; however, the information available as of the implementation of GASB 68.

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## SANDY HOOK WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS December 31, 2023

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|                                                                              | Non-Hazardous |            |             |            |           |             |             |           |           |             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------|-------------|------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| (Actuarial Valuation Report Year)                                            | 2014          | 2015       | 2016        | 2017       | 2018      | 2019        | 2020        | 2021      | 2022      | 2023        |
| Contractually Required Pension<br>Contribution                               | \$ 21.298     | \$ 21.846  | \$ 20.515   | \$ 24.431  | \$ 25.552 | \$ 33.042   | \$ 42.189   | \$ 42.361 | \$ 50.003 | \$ 54.370   |
| Pension Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution | 21.367        | 21.536     | 20.515      | 24,431     | 25.552    | 33.042      | 42.189      | 42.361    | 50.003    | 54.370      |
| Pension Contribution Deficiency (Excess)                                     | \$ (69)       | \$ 310     | <u>\$</u> 0 | \$ 0       | \$ 0      | <u>\$</u> 0 | <u>\$</u> 0 | \$ 0      | \$ 0      | <u>\$</u> 0 |
| District's Covered-Employee Payroll                                          | \$154.733     | \$ 168.911 | \$169.858   | \$ 172.294 | \$174.062 | \$ 200.455  | \$218.595   | \$219.487 | \$214.140 | \$227.049   |
| Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll            | 13.76%        | 12.93%     | 12.08%      | 14.18%     | 14.68%    | 16.48%      | 19.30%      | 19.30%    | 23.35%    | 23.95%      |

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This schedule covers the ten (10) most recent fiscal years; the information available as of the implementation of GASB 68.

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# SANDY HOOK WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIBILITY December 31, 2023

|                                                                                                                 | Non-Hazardous |            |            |            |            |            |             |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| (Actuarial Valuation Report Year)                                                                               | 2017          | 2018       | 2019       | 2020       | 2021       | 2022       | 2023        |
| District's Proportion of the OPEB Liability (Asset)                                                             | 0.006825%     | 0.007119%  | 0.008740%  | 0.008531%  | 0.008591%  | 0.007937%  | 0.800400%   |
| District's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability (Asset)                                                    | \$ 137.206    | \$ 129,361 | \$ 135,801 | \$ 205,998 | \$ 164,470 | \$ 156.638 | \$ (11.051) |
| District's Covered-Employee Payroll                                                                             | \$ 172,294    | \$ 174,062 | \$ 200,455 | \$ 218,595 | \$ 219,487 | \$ 214,140 | \$ 227,049  |
| District's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability (Asset) as<br>a Percentage of Its Covered-Employee Payroll | 79.63%        | 74.32%     | 67.75%     | 94.24%     | 74.93%     | 73.15%     | -4.867%     |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB<br>Liability                                      | 53.30%        | 57.62%     | 65.26%     | 51.67%     | 62.91%     | 60.95%     | 60.95%      |

### Note:

This schedule will eventually cover the ten (10) most recent fiscal years; however, this is the information available as of the implementation of GASB 75.

# SANDY HOOK WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS December 31, 2023

|                                                                              | Non-Hazardous |           |           |             |           |             |             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|
| (Actuarial Valuation Report Year)                                            | 2017          | 2018      | 2019      | 2020        | 2021      | 2022        | 2023        |
| Contractually Required OPEB Contribution                                     | \$ 8,720      | \$ 10,032 | \$ 10.715 | \$ 10,405   | \$ 10,448 | \$ 9,153    | \$ 7,877    |
| OPEB Contributions in Relation to the<br>Contractually Required Contribution | 8,720         | 10,032    | 10,715    | 10,405      | 10,448    | 9,153       | 7,877       |
| OPEB Contribution Deficiency (Excess)                                        | \$ 0          | \$ 0      | \$ 0      | <u>\$</u> 0 | <u> </u>  | <u>\$ 0</u> | <u>\$</u> 0 |
| District's Covered-Employee Payroll                                          | \$172,294     | \$174,062 | \$200,455 | \$218,595   | \$219,487 | \$214,140   | \$227,049   |
| OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of<br>Covered-Employee Payroll            | 5.06%         | 5.76%     | 5.35%     | 4.76%       | 4.76%     | 4.27%       | 3.47%       |

# Note:

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This schedule will eventually cover the ten (10) most recent fiscal years; however, this is the information available as of the implementation of GASB 75.

# SANDY HOOK WATER DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2023

### Note 1. General Information

### **Contributions**

Contractually required employer contributions reported on the Schedule of the District's Pension Contribution exclude the portion of contributions paid to CERS but allocated to the insurance fund of the CERS. The insurance contributions are reported on the Schedule of the District's OPEB Contributions.

# Payroll

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The District's covered payroll reported on the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability is for the corresponding measurement date of the net liabilities and differs from the District's calendar year payroll as reported in the financial statements.

Note 2. Changes in Assumptions

December 31, 2022 – Pension and OPEB

No changes in assumptions as of June 30, 2022.

December 31, 2021 – Pension and OPEB

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, for OPEB:

• The initial healthcare trend rated for pre-65 was changed from 6.40% to 6.30%. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was changed from 2.90% to 6.30%.

December 31, 2020 – Pension and OPEB

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, for OPEB:

• The initial healthcare trend rated for pre-65 was changed from 7% to 6.40%. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was changed from 5% to 2.90%, which increases to 6.30% in 2023.

December 31, 2019 – Pension and OPEB

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for pension and OPEB:

• The assumed rate of salary increases was increased from 3.50% to 3.3% to 10.3% on average for non-hazardous.

December 31, 2018 – Pension and OPEB

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2018 for either pension or OPEB.

SANDY HOOK WATER DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2023

Note 2. Changes in Assumptions (Continued)

December 31, 2017 – Pension

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

- The assumed rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 6.25%.
- The assumed rated of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.3%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4% to 2%.

December 31, 2016 – Pension and OPEB

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2016 for either pension or OPEB.

December 31, 2015 – Pension

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

- The assumed rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.5%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.5% to 3.25%.
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1% to .75%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.5% to 4%.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).
- For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females).
- For Disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.
- The assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were updated to reflect experience more accurately.

December 31, 2014 – Pension

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the vlation performed as of June 30, 2014.

December 31, 2013 – Pension

- The assumed rate of return was 7.75%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was 3.5%.
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was 1%.
- Payroll growth assumption was 4.5%.
- Mortality rates were based on the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all retired member and beneficiaries as of June 30, 2006. The 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table was used for all other members.

SANDY HOOK WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Total Federal Expenditures	
U. S. Department of Agriculture			
Water and Waste Disposal for Rual Communities			
Rural Development Loans	10.760	\$ 2,901,000	
Rural Development Grants	10.760	2,345,112	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		\$ 5,246,112	

SANDY HOOK WATER DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS December 31, 2023

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Sandy Hook Water District under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Sandy Hook Water District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Sandy Hook Water District.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

Sandy Hook Water District does not use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

Morgan and Associates, LLC

Brenda K. Morgan, CPA

749 Broadway Street P.O. Box 428 West Liberty, KY 41472 Phone: (606) 743-1884 Fax: (606) 743-1895 www.bkmorgancpa.com

Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Commissioners Sandy Hook Water District Sandy Hook, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Sandy Hook Water District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Sandy Hook Water District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Sandy Hook Water District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Sandy Hook Water District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Sandy Hook Water District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Sandy Hook Water District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

mogan and associates, uc

Morgan and Associates, LLC West Liberty, Kentucky April 26, 2024

Morgan and Associates, LLC

Brenda K. Morgan, CPA

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Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance For Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance Required By The Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Commissioners Sandy Hook Water District Sandy Hook, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Sandy Hook Water District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Sandy Hook Water District's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023. Sandy Hook Water District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Sandy Hook Water District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Sandy Hook Water District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Sandy Hook Water District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Sandy Hook Water District's federal programs.

Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance For Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance Required By The Uniform Guidance

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Sandy Hook Water District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Sandy Hook Water District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Sandy Hook Water District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Sandy Hook Water District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Sandy Hook Water District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance For Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance Required By The Uniform Guidance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

mogan and associates, uc

Morgan and Associates, LLC West Liberty, Kentucky April 26, 2024

SANDY HOOK WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The Auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of Sandy Hook Water District were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Sandy Hook Water District were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. There were no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over major federal award programs disclosed during the audit and reported in the *Independent Auditor's* Report On Compliance For Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance Required By The Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The Auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Sandy Hook Water District expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. There are no audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516 (a).
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included:
 - United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development Loans Rural Development Grants

Assistance Listing #10.760 Assistance Listing #10.760

- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Sandy Hook Water District was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

FINDINGS—FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

NONE

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS—MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

NONE

SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDING

NONE

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

THIS SCHEDULE IS NOT NECESSARY

46