INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

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# YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Oldham County Water District Buckner, Kentucky

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Oldham County Water District as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Oldham County Water District, as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of a Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, during the year ended December 31, 2019, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 84, Fiduciary Activities, Statement 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements and Statement 90, Majority Equity Interests – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 to 8, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB liabilities on pages 32 and 33 and schedule of contributions on pages 34 and 35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Heatland CPAs and advisors Plec

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 6 2020, on our consideration of Oldham County Water District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Oldham County Water District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Heartland CPAs and Advisors, PLLC

Elizabethtown, Kentucky

March 6, 2020



# OLDHAM COUNTY WATER DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

The discussion and analysis of Oldham County Water District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to review the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of 2019 by \$34 million (net position). Of this amount, \$6.8 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to customers and creditors. The District's total net position increased by \$1.6 million in 2019. This represents a 5.0% change from the 2018 balance.
- The ending cash and investment balance for the District was \$10.8 million. The balance at December 31, 2018, was \$10.6 million. This reflects an increase in cash and investments during the year of \$285 thousand.
- The District invested approximately \$2.2 million in capital assets during the year.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The basic financial statements report information about the District using full accrual accounting methods as utilized by similar business activities in the private sector. The basic financial statements include a statement of net position; a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position; a statement of cash flows; and notes to the basic financial statements.

The **statement of net position** presents the financial position of the District on a full accrual historical cost basis. The statement presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position are one indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

While the statement of net position provides information about the nature and amount of resources and obligations at year-end, the *statement of revenues*, *expenses*, *and changes in fund net position* presents the results of the District's activities over the course of the year and information as to how the net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. This statement also provides certain information about the District's recovery of its costs. Rate setting policies use different methods of cost recovery not fully provided for by generally accepted accounting principles. The primary objectives of the rate model are to improve equity among customer classes and to ensure that capital costs are allocated on the basis of long-term capacity needs, ensuring that growth pays for growth.

The **statement of cash flows** presents changes in cash and cash equivalents, resulting from operational, financing, and investing activities. This statement presents cash receipts and cash disbursement information, without consideration of the earnings event, when an obligation arises, or depreciation of capital assets.

The **notes to the basic financial statements** provide required disclosures and other information that are essential to a full understanding of material data provided in the statements. The notes present information about the District's accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies and subsequent events, if any.

#### **ENTITY-WIDE FINANCIAL ANAYLSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$34.1 million and \$32.5 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

The largest portion of the District's net position (61%) reflects its investment in infrastructure and capital assets (e.g., land and land rights, plant and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its customers; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

(Table 1)
Summary of Net Position
as of December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Assets		
Current and		
Other Assets	\$ 16,789,474	\$ 16,262,832
Capital Assets	34,044,407	32,950,570
Total Assets	50,833,881	49,213,402
Deferred Outflows of Resources	804,531	577,384
Long-term liabilities	16,035,475	15,962,993
Other Liabilities	1,149,036	1,040,923
Total Liabilities	17,184,511	17,003,916
Deferred Inflows of Resources	344,623	291,870
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	20,939,387	19,370,632
Restricted	6,374,393	5,620,222
Unrestricted	6,795,498	7,504,146
Total Net Position	\$ 34,109,278	\$ 32,495,000

Unrestricted net position, the portion of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations (without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements), decreased by 9.4% from \$7.5 million to \$6.8 million at December 31, 2019. Restricted net position increased \$754 thousand (13%). Net investment in capital assets increased by \$1.6 million (8.1%).

(Table 2)
Changes in Net Position
Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019			2018
OPERATING REVENUES: Water sales Other operating income	\$	4,905,894 101,359	\$	4,960,257 109,022
Total operating revenues		5,007,253		5,069,279
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Water supply		221,803		172,300
Water treatment		643,279		541,898
Transmission and distribution		1,184,460		934,993
Customer accounts		768,769		589,681
General and administrative		691,273		642,517
Depreciation		978,744		958,570
Total operating expenses		4,488,328		3,839,959
OPERATING INCOME		518,925		1,229,320
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Investment income		284,533		125,779
Other income		271,947		216,710
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		31,712		(18,713)
Interest expense		(462,668)		(490,201)
Amortization of bond discount and expense		6,918	·	6,140
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		132,442		(160,285)
Capital contributions		962,911	8:	471,875
Increase in net position	\$	1,614,278	\$	1,540,910
Net position, beginning of year		32,495,000		30,954,090
Net position, end of year	\$	34,109,278	\$	32,495,000

Operating revenue decreased 1.2% while operating expenses grew by 17% compared to the prior year. Investment income increased by 126% and interest expense on long-term debt decreased by 5.6% compared to the prior year. The District continues to receive capital contributions through the State of Kentucky, the Federal government, customers and individual developers.

# **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

# **Capital Assets**

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the District had \$34 million and \$33 million invested in a variety of capital assets, as reflected in the following tables:

(Table 3)
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)
as of December 31, 2019 and 2018

		2019		2018
Non-Depreciable Assets:				
Land and land rights	\$	2,845,138	\$	2,617,138
Construction in progress		61,360		46,044
Depreciable Assets:				
Plant and equipment	N-	31,137,909	11	30,287,388
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	\$	34,044,407	\$	32,950,570

(Table 4)
Changes in Capital Assets
Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019			2018
Beginning balance	\$	32,950,570	\$	33,302,776
Additions		2,181,324		625,077
Retirements		(108,743)		(18,713)
Depreciation		(978,744)		(958,570)
Ending balance	\$	34,044,407	\$	32,950,570

#### Debt

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the District had \$12.3 million and \$12.5 million, in revenue bonds outstanding and other loans of \$823 thousand and \$1.1 million. A total of \$494 thousand is due within the 2019 calendar year.

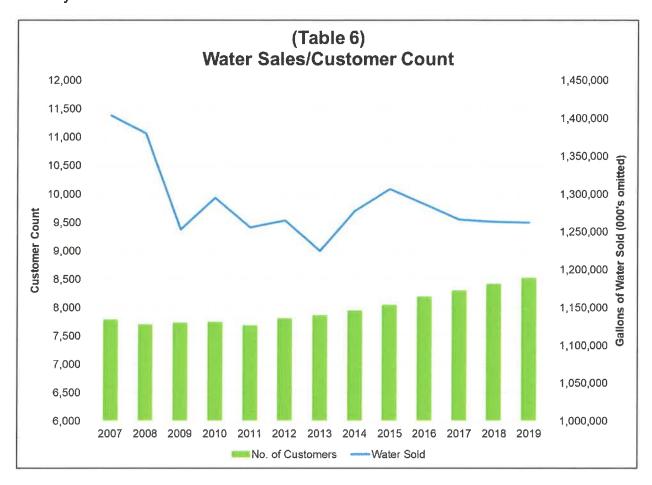
# (Table 5) Outstanding Debt as of December 31, 2019 and 2018

	 2019	 2018
Revenue bonds	\$ 12,340,100	\$ 12,508,100
Loans	822,500	1,122,500
Unamortized discount	(94,740)	(102,684)
Unamortized premium	 37,160	 52,022
	\$ 13,105,020	\$ 13,579,938

#### **District Challenges for the Future**

The District continues to be financially sound. However, the current state and national financial climate requires the District to remain prudent.

Economic factors and increased water saving fixtures are a contributing factor to the 142 million or 10% decline in gallons of water sold from twelve years prior (2007), primarily driven by the retail water consumption, while the District's customer count has rose by 735 or 9% during these twelve years.



As the District serves more customers, infrastructure ages, and water consumption falls, the District will continue to use careful planning and monitoring of finances to provide quality services to its customers. Included in this planning and monitoring is examining the rate charged for water usage to determine when any increase will be necessary to continue providing quality services.

# **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives and spends. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Lacey Cunningham, Finance & Administrative Manager, P.O. Box 51, Buckner, Kentucky 40031, (502) 222-1690.



# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

# DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018	
<u>ASSETS</u>	-		
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash	\$ 1.850.982	\$ 2,388,173	
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 1,850,982 422,574	\$ 2,388,173 623,237	
Prepaid expenses	40,294	39,386	
Materials and supplies	447,574	458,824	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	2,761,424	3,509,620	
NONCURRENT ASSETS:			
Restricted cash	4,330,407	3,630,662	
Investments Restricted investments	4,661,522 2,072,075	4,539,403 2,017,606	
Regulatory asset - CERS pension	2,322,058	1,942,882	
Regulatory asset - CERS OPEB	641,988	622,659	
Non-depreciable capital assets	2,906,498	2,663,182	
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	31,137,909	30,287,388	
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	48,072,457	45,703,782	
TOTAL ASSETS	50,833,881	49,213,402	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferrred outflows of resources - CERS pension	550,489	434,052	
Deferrred outflows of resources - CERS OPEB	254,042	143,332	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	804,531	577,384	
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	104,682	48,879	
Accrued vacation	56,623	53,930	
Tax collections Other collections	13,926 146,716	11,818 141,410	
Accrued payroll and taxes	79,892	60,890	
Other accrued expenses	48,886	48,375	
Accrued interest	204,811	207,621	
Bonds and loans payable	493,500	468,000	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,149,036	1,040,923	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: Net pension liability	2,763,283	2,207,248	
Net OPEB liability	660,672	643,807	
Bonds and loans payable	12,611,520	13,111,938	
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	16,035,475	15,962,993	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	17,184,511	17,003,916	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferrred intflows of resources - CERS pension	109,265	169,686	
Deferrred intflows of resources - CERS OPEB	235,358	122,184	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	344,623_	291,870	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	20,939,387	19,370,632	
Restricted for debt service	2,515,479	2,457,734	
Restricted for depreciation Unrestricted	3,858,914	3,162,488	
TOTAL NET POSITION	6,795,498 \$ 34,109,278	7,504,146 \$ 32,495,000	
TOTALTET OUTTON	Ψ 07,103,210	Ψ 32,430,000	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

# YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

	2019			2018	
OPERATING REVENUES: Water sales Other operating income	\$	4,905,894 101,359	\$	4,960,257 109,022	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		5,007,253		5,069,279	
OPERATING EXPENSES: Water supply Water treatment Transmission and distribution Customer accounts General and administrative Depreciation		221,803 643,279 1,184,460 768,769 691,273 978,744		172,300 541,898 934,993 589,681 642,517 958,570	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		4,488,328	-	3,839,959	
OPERATING INCOME		518,925		1,229,320	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Investment income Other income Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets Interest expense Amortization of bond discount and premium TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		284,533 271,947 31,712 (462,668) 6,918 132,442		125,779 216,710 (18,713) (490,201) 6,140 (160,285)	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		962,911		471,875	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,614,278		1,540,910	
NET POSITION, beginning of year		32,495,000		30,954,090	
NET POSITION, end of year	\$	34,109,278	\$	32,495,000	

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

# YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

		2019	_	2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	œ.	E 207 046	ው	E 04E 00E
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$	5,207,916 (1,270,886)	\$	5,045,905 (932,082)
Payments to employees		(2,142,933)		(1,937,076)
1 dynicina to employees		(2,142,000)	-	(1,007,070)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		1,794,097		2,176,747
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Principal payments on bonds		(168,000)		(160,000)
Principal payments on notes		(300,000)		(527,500)
Acquisition of capital assets		(1,224,207)		(292,717)
Contributions in aid of construction		108,750		140,442
Interest paid		(418,138)		(443,242)
Sale of capital assets		37,500	-	<u> </u>
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(1,964,095)		(1,283,017)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of investments		(176,588)		(2,904,133)
Other income		224,607		168,821
Investment income		284,533	-	125,779
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		332,552		(2,609,533)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		162,554		(1,715,803)
CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH, beginning of year		6,018,835		7,734,638
CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH, end of year	\$	6,181,389	\$	6,018,835
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED				
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	ው	E40 00E	φ	4 220 220
Operating income  Adjustments to reconcile net operating income to net	\$	518,925	\$	1,229,320
cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		978,744		958,570
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		200,663		(23,374)
(Increase) in prepaids		(908)		(5,148)
(Increase) decrease in materials and supplies		11,250		(10,801)
Increase in accounts payable		55,803		3,439
Increase in accrued vacation		2,693		7,670
Increase in other liabilities		26,927	0	17,071
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	1,794,097	\$	2,176,747

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018**

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Brief history - The Oldham County Water District was created by the order of the county Judge/Executive of Oldham County, Kentucky, on April 16, 1979. The order approved the merger of the existing Ohio River – Oldham Water District and the Oldham County Water District No. 3. The waterworks system of the District is owned and operated by the District under the provisions of Chapters 74 and 106 and Sections 96.350 through 96.510, inclusive, of the Kentucky Revised Statutes.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The District follows the accounting policies and procedures set forth by the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners and the guidance provided by the American Water Works Association in *Water Utility Accounting* and is regulated by the Kentucky Public Service Commission. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

These financial statements present the District's financial activities. As defined by GASB No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units the criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity involve those cases where the District or its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or to impose specific financial burdens on the District or the nature and significance of the relationship between the District and the organization is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be incomplete. Applying this definition, the District does not include any component units in its reporting entity.

#### B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

All activities of the District are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise) fund. The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The GAAP applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues.

# OLDHAM COUNTY WATER DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

#### C. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied. The proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Nonexchange revenues, including intergovernmental revenues and grants, are reported when all eligibility requirements have been met. Fees and charges and other exchange revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Because the District's rates are regulated by the Kentucky Public Service Commission the District accounts for the financial effects of regulation in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 62, Paragraphs 476-500, Regulated Operations. Accordingly, certain costs and income may be capitalized as a regulatory asset or liability that would otherwise be charged to expense or revenues. Regulatory assets and liabilities are recorded when it is probable that future rates will permit recovery.

#### D. FINANCIAL STATEMENT AMOUNTS

- Cash and cash equivalents The District has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand and demand deposits. The District considers all highly liquid debt instruments (including restricted assets) purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.
- 2. Restricted Assets Restricted assets consist of deposit accounts.
- 3. Materials and supplies Materials and supplies is composed of items used in the capital construction process.
- 4. Accounts Receivable The allowance method is used to record uncollectible accounts. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, accounts receivable was stated net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$31,094 and \$27,595. Bad debt expense for 2019 was \$-0- and 2018 was \$11,428. The District does not believe there is any credit risk associated with these receivables due to the large customer base and small individual account balances.
- 5. Capital Assets Capital assets and construction in progress with a life extending beyond one operating cycle are recorded at historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Assets acquired through contributions from developers or other customers are capitalized at their estimated fair market value, if available, or at engineers' estimated fair market value or cost to construct at the date of the contribution. Maintenance and repairs, which do not significantly extend the value or life of property, plant and equipment, are expensed as incurred. Assets are depreciated on the straight-line method. Depreciation on plant and equipment is calculated using the following estimated useful lives ranging from 10 to 62.5 years.
- 6. Compensated absences The District accrues unpaid vacation when earned by the employee.

(Continued next page)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT4

#### DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

- 7. Defining Operating Revenues and Expenses The District distinguishes between operating and non-operating revenue and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses consist of charges for services and the costs of providing those services, including depreciation and excluding interest cost. All other revenues and expenses are reported as non-operating.
- 8. Net Position Net position is divided into three components:
  - a. Net investment in capital assets consist of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets.
  - b. Restricted net position consist of net position that is restricted by the District's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by grantors (both federal, state and local) and by other contributors.
  - c. Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.
- 9. Use of Restricted Resources When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the District's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources.
- 10. Amortization Bond discounts and premiums are being amortized using the interest method over the life of each respective bond issue.
- 11. Capital Contributions Contributions are recognized in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position when earned. Contributions include capacity fees, capital grants, and other supplemental support by other utilities and industrial customers and federal, state and local grants in support of system improvements.
- 12. Long-term Obligations Long-term obligations are reported at face value, net of applicable premiums and discounts. Premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Issuance costs are expensed as incurred.
- 13. Use of Estimates Preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- 14. Restatement During the year ended December 31, 2018, the District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 62, Paragraphs 476-500, Regulated Operations were followed. The District presents comparative financial statements so the restatement was made through the December 31, 2017 amounts. The effect of the restatement was to record a regulatory asset of \$613,140, deferred outflows of resources of \$120,129, deferred inflows of resources of \$28,905 and a net OPEB liability of \$704,364. There was no effect on beginning net position or the change in net position.

(Continued next page)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018**

15. Pensions and OPEB – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, net OPEB liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS except that CERS's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The District's rates are regulated by the Kentucky Public Service Commission. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 62, Paragraphs 476-500, Regulated Operations, which requires that the effects of the rate-making process be recorded in the financial statements, the District has elected to record a regulatory asset for the net pension liability, net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB. Accordingly, the District recognizes the actuarially determined contribution as the current year pension and OPEB expense.

16. Impact Of Recently Issued Accounting Principles

#### Recently Issued And Adopted Accounting Principles

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The statement was adopted during the year and did not have an effect on the District's financial statements.

In April 2018, the GASB issued Statement 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The statement was adopted during the year and did not have an effect on the District's financial statements.

In August 2018, the GASB issued Statement 90, *Majority Equity Interests – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61.* This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The statement was adopted during the year and did not have an effect on the District's financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

#### Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement 87, *Leases*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In January 2020, the GASB Issued Statement 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2020, except for the provisions applicable to Statement 87 and Implementation Guide 2019-3 which are effective upon issuance. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS

Custodial Credit Risk—Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned or that the District will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, \$12,843,955 and \$12,325,698 of the District's bank balance of \$13,093,955 and \$12,575,698 was exposed to custodial credit risk. For 2019 and 2018, of the amount exposed to custodial credit risk, the entire amount was collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution. The District's policy is to have all deposited fully secured by FDIC or pledged securities.

#### NOTE 3 - RESTRICTED CASH

The District has restricted cash for various purposes including debt service and future construction. The following schedule represents restricted cash at December 31, 2019 and 2018:

Restricted For	Dece	December 31, 2019		mber 31, 2018
Debt service	\$	2,515,479	\$	2,457,734
Depreciation fund		3,858,914	-	3,162,488
	\$	6,374,393	\$	5,620,222

For the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the restricted cash includes \$2,072,075 and \$2,017,606 which is reported in the Statement of Net Position as restricted investments due to presentation differences between GASBS 3 and 9.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018**

# NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 follows.

	Balance at December 31, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Balance at December 31, 2019
Non-Depreciable Assets: Land and land rights Construction in progress	\$ 2,617,138 46,044	\$ 230,000 102,271	\$ (2,000) (86,955)	\$ 2,845,138 61,360
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	2,663,182	332,271	(88,955)	2,906,498
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Plant and equipment	47,213,199	1,849,053	(26,985)	49,035,267
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated at historical cost	47,213,199	1,849,053	(26,985)	49,035,267
Less: accumulated depreciation	(16,925,811)	(978,744)	7,197	(17,897,358)
Total Other Capital Assets, net	30,287,388	870,309	(19,788)	31,137,909
Net capital assets	\$ 32,950,570	\$ 1,202,580	\$ (108,743)	\$ 34,044,407

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 follows.

	Balance at December 31, 2017			Additions	Re	tirements	Balance at December 31, 2018		
Non-Depreciable Assets: Land and land rights Construction in progress	\$	2,617,138 18,893	\$	- 27,151	\$	-	\$	2,617,138 46,044	
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		2,636,031		27,151		-^		2,663,182	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Plant and equipment		46,851,126	_	597,926		(235,853)		47,213,199	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated at historical cost		46,851,126		597,926		(235,853)		47,213,199	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(16,184,381)		(958,570)		217,140		(16,925,811)	
Total Other Capital Assets, net		30,666,745		(360,644)		(18,713)		30,287,388	
Net capital assets	\$	33,302,776	\$	(333,493)	\$	(18,713)	\$	32,950,570	

During the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the District capitalized no interest and expensed \$462,668 and \$490,20 of interest costs.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018**

#### NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The construction costs of the District's water facilities have been financed by issuance of revenue bonds authorized under Kentucky Revised Statutes and loans through the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority. All assets of the District are pledged as collateral for these bonds and loans. Information relating to the outstanding bond issues is summarized below:

#### Long-term debt

Bond Issue	Interest Rate	Face Amount	Amount Due 12/31/2019	Amount Due 12/31/2018
2010 Series A 2010 Series B	3.75% 3.13%	\$4,243,100 9,000,000	\$ 3,839,100 8,501,000 12,340,100	\$ 3,898,100 8,610,000 12,508,100
I		_		
Loan lssue	Interest Rate	Face Amount	Amount Due 12/31/2019	Amount Due 12/31/2018
Issue	Rate	Amount	12/31/2019	12/31/2018

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

		Salance at ember 31, 2018	Add	ditions	_R	eductions	Balance at ember 31, 2019	 ount Due Within One Year
Long-term debt payable:								
Revenue bonds	\$	12,508,100	\$	_	\$	(168,000)	\$ 12,340,100	\$ 176,000
Loans		1,122,500		-		(300,000)	822,500	317,500
Unamortized discount		(102,684)		-		7,944	(94,740)	-
Unamortized premium	**	52,022		100	_	(14,862)	 37,160	 
Total long-term debt payable	\$	13,579,938	\$	<u>-</u>	_\$_	(474,918)	\$ 13,105,020	\$ 493,500

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance at ember 31, 2017	Additio	ns_	_R	eductions	Balance at ember 31, 2018		nount Due Within One Year
Long-term debt payable:								
Revenue bonds	\$ 12,668,100	\$ -		\$	(160,000)	\$ 12,508,100	\$	168,000
Loans	1,650,000	-			(527,500)	1,122,500		300,000
Unamortized discount	(113,298)	-			10,614	(102,684)		-
Unamortized premium	 68,776			_	(16,754)	 52,022	_	
Total long-term debt payable	\$ 14,273,578	\$ -	_	\$	(693,640)	\$ 13,579,938	\$	468,000

Bond and loan maturities in each of the next five years and in five year increments thereafter are as follows at December 31, 2019:

	Bor	nds	Loa	ans		Interest to be paid by Federal
Year	Principal	Interest	_Principal_	_Interest_	Total	Government
2020	\$ 176,000	\$ 408,857	\$317,500	\$39,083	\$ 941,440	\$ 50,120
2021	183,000	402,543	335,000	24,160	944,703	49,158
2022	192,000	396,369	170,000	8,203	766,572	48,298
2023	202,000	389,876	-	-	591,876	47,393
2024	211,000	383,424	-	-	594,424	46,567
2025-2029	1,210,000	1,802,148	-	-	3,012,148	216,496
2030-2034	1,515,000	1,576,933	-	-	3,091,933	184,789
2035-2039	1,899,000	1,285,377	-	-	3,184,377	141,774
2040-2044	2,381,000	930,755	-	-	3,311,755	91,693
2045-2049	2,987,100	489,955	-	-	3,477,055	30,227
2050-2052	1,384,000	87,562			1,471,562	
	\$12,340,100	\$8,153,799	\$822,500	\$71,446	\$ 21,387,845	\$ 906,515

Under covenants of the bond ordinances, certain funds have been established. These funds and their current financial requirements are presented as follows:

#### Bond and Interest Redemption Funds

There is to be a monthly deposit of an amount equal to 1/12 of the next ensuing principal payment due and 1/6 of the next ensuing interest payment due for the 2010 Series A and 2010 Series B.

#### Depreciation Fund

This fund receives, on a monthly basis, \$27,425 until the balance reaches \$747,000. The fund was fully funded at December 31, 2019 and 2018. This fund also receives the proceeds from the sale of any property or equipment. This fund may be used to purchase new or replacement property and equipment.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

#### **NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLAN**

#### Plan Description

The District participates in the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. CERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Under the provisions of KRS Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS) administers the CERS. The CERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about CERS' fiduciary net position. CERS' report may be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

#### Benefits Provided

The system provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to system members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of members under certain circumstances. Prior to July 1, 2009, cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) were provided annually equal to the percentage increase in the annual average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the most recent calendar year, not to exceed 5% in any plan year. Effective July 1, 2009, and on July 1 of each year thereafter, the COLA is limited to 1.5% provided the recipient has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA. If the recipient has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA, the increase shall be reduced on a pro-rata basis for each month the recipient has not been receiving benefits in the 12 months preceding the effective date of the COLA. The Kentucky General Assembly has the authority to increase, suspend or reduce COLAs. Senate Bill 2 of 2013 eliminated all future COLAs unless the State Legislature so authorizes on a biennial basis and either (1) the system is over 100% funded or (2) the Legislature appropriates sufficient funds to pay the increased liability for the COLA. No COLA has been granted since July 1, 2011.

#### Contributions

For the calendar year ended December 31, 2019, plan members were required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the calendar year ended December 31, 2019, was 16.22 percent of creditable compensation from January 1 to June 30 and 19.30 percent of creditable compensation from July 1 to December 31. The District's contractually required contribution rate for the calendar year ended December 31, 2018, was 14.48 percent of creditable compensation from January 1 to June 30 and 16.22 percent of creditable compensation from July 1 to December 31. Contributions to the pension plan for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 from the District were \$201,182 and \$145,797. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the District owed \$21,366 and \$16,316 to the plan for contributions for December.

#### <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$2,763,283 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.036242 percent, which was an increase of .003048 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$201,182 and \$145,797. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the District reported its proportionate share of the CERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred			Deferred
		Outflows		Inflows
2019	of I	Resources	of F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions	\$	70,555 279,676 53,044	\$	11,676 - 97,589
and proportionate share of contributions		147,214		
	\$	550,489	\$	109,265
		Deferred Dutflows	_	eferred Inflows
2018	(			
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	(	Dutflows		Inflows
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions	of I	Outflows Resources 71,994 215,712	of F	Inflows Resources 32,309
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	of I	Outflows Resources 71,994 215,712	of F	Inflows Resources 32,309

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#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Pension Expense Amount
2020	\$ 261,710
2021	128,078
2022	48,276
2023	3,160
	\$ 441,224

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation using standard roll-forward techniques was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

**Actuarial Assumptions:** 

Discount Rate	6.25 percent
Inflation	2.30 percent

Salary increases 3.30 percent to 10.30 percent, including inflation 6.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back for one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table below.

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# OLDHAM COUNTY WATER DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018**

		Long-term
Asset	Target	Expected Real
Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
US Equity	18.75%	4.30%
Non-US Equity	18.75%	4.80%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	2.60%
Core Bonds	13.50%	1.35%
Cash	1.00%	20.00%
Real Estate	5.00%	4.85%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.97%
Real Return	15.00%	4.10%
Total	100.00%	

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the Measurement Date was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 24 year (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarial determined contribution rate is adjusted to reflect the phase in of anticipated gains on actuarial value of assets over the first four years of the projection period. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018**

# Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net Pension Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current		1%	
	Decrease (5.25%)		Di:	scount Rate (6.25%)	Increase (7.25%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	3,456,084	\$	2,763,283	\$ 2,185,841	

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, which has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan, is available in the separately issued CERS financial report. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions and employer matching contributions are recognized in the fiscal year due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

#### NOTE 8 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

#### Plan Description

The District participates in the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. CERS provides other post-employment benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems (KERS) administers CERS. CERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.The Kentucky Retirement Systems' Insurance Fund (Insurance Fund) was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from CERS. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. KRS submits the premium payments to DEI. The Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance.

#### Benefits provided

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, KRS pays a percentage of the monthly premium for single coverage based upon the service credit accrued at retirement. Members participating on or after July 1, 2003, and before September 1, 2008, are required to earn at least 10 years of service credit in order to be eligible for insurance benefits at retirement. Members participating on or after September 1, 2008 are required to earn at least 15 years of service credit in order to be eligible for insurance benefits at retirement. The monthly health insurance contribution will be \$10 for each year of earned service increased by the CPI prior to July 1, 2009, and by 1.5% annually from July 1, 2009.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018**

#### Contributions

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008, were required to contribute 0% of their annual creditable compensation. Those members who began participating on, or after, September 1, 2008 and before January 1, 2014 were required to contribute 1% of their annual creditable compensation. Those members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014 were required to contribute 1% of their annual creditable compensation but their contribution is not credited to their account and is not refundable. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board.

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the calendar year ended December 31, 2019, was 5.26 percent of creditable compensation from January 1 to June 30 and 4.76 percent of creditable compensation from July 1 to December 31. The District's contractually required contribution rate for the calendar year ended December 31, 2018, was 4.70 percent of creditable compensation from January 1 to June 30 and 5.26 percent of creditable compensation from July 1 to December 31. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$56,606 for the period ended December 31, 2019 and \$47,299 for the year ended December 31, 2018. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the District owed \$5,270 and \$5,292 to the plan for contributions for December.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$660,672 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.039280 percent, which was an increase of .003019 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$56,606 and \$47,299. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the District reported its proportionate share of the CERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

2019	C	Deferred Dutflows Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions	\$	195,499 4,352	\$	199,340 1,307 33,696
and proportionate share of contributions	\$	54,191 254,042	\$	1,015 235,358
	C	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
2018	C			
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	C	Outflows		Inflows
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions	of F	Outflows Resources	of F	Inflows Resources 75,027 1,487

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31	E	OPEB xpense mount
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Thereafter	\$	5,570 5,570 14,900 (2,997) (4,230) (129)
	\$	18,684

(Continued next page)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

#### Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation.

Projected salary increases 3.05% to 11.55%, including inflation

Inflation rate 2.30% Real Wage Growth 2.00%

Healthcare Trend Rate:

Pre-65 Initial trend starting at 7.25% at January 1, 2019,

and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate

of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.

Post-65 Initial trend starting at 5.10% at January 1, 2019,

and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate

of 4.05% over a period of 11 years.

Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.13% Discount Rate 5.68%

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back for one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table below.

# OLDHAM COUNTY WATER DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018**

		Long-term
Asset	Target	Expected Real
Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
US Equity	18.75%	4.30%
Non-US Equity	18.75%	4.80%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	2.60%
Core Bonds	13.50%	1.35%
Cash	1.00%	20.00%
Real Estate	5.00%	4.85%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.97%
Real Return	15.00%	4.10%
Total	100.00%	

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 5.68% assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 24 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.13%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 —Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 28, 2019. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the CAFR.

# Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net OPEB Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.68%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.68%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.68%) than the current rate:

	1%		Current		Current		
	Decrease (4.68%)		Decrease Discount Rate		count Rate	li	ncrease
			(5.68%)		(6.68%)		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	885,029	\$	660,672	\$	475,817	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018**

Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Collective Net OPEB Liability To Changes In The Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

	1%			Current		1%
		Decrease	Discount Rate		Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	491,345	\$	660,672	\$	866,001

<u>OPEB plan fiduciary net position</u> – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position, which has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan, is available in the separately issued CERS financial report. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions and employer matching contributions are recognized in the fiscal year due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

#### NOTE 9 - CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

The following schedule details the sources of capital contributions for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018:

Source	2019		2018
Developers Customers	\$	854,161 108,750	\$ 332,360 139,515
	\$	962,911	\$ 471,875

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018**

#### NOTE 10 - RENTAL AGREEMENTS

The District has entered into agreements to lease space on its water towers to various telephone customers. Rental income during the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$113,077 and \$110,202. The following schedule represents future payments to be received.

Year		Amount					
2020	\$ 103,715						
2021		100,224					
2022		16,739					
2023		16,739					
	\$	237,417					

#### NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District was insured for workers' compensation, general liability and automobile liability coverage under a retrospectively rated commercial policy. Any settlements did not exceed coverage for each of the past three years.

#### NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the basic financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

The District has construction commitments for ongoing projects.

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the District at risk for a substantial loss.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018**

# NOTE 13 - RECLASSIFICATIONS

During 2019, the District made reclassifications from accounts previously reported as other operating income to other income (non-operating). The reclassifications as presented in the comparative 2018 financial statements are as follows:

Account #	Account Name		Amount			
415-01	Contract Services - Sewer Billing Fees	\$	44,108			
415-02	Contract Services - Garbage Billing Fees		879			
421-00	Nonutility Income		3			
426-12	Miscellaneous Other Income		13,629			
472-01	Rents from Water Property		110,202			
	Total Reclassification	\$	168,821			
Other operating in	ncome as previously presented	\$	277,843			
Reclassification			(168,821)			
		\$	109,022			
Other income as	previously presented	\$	47,889			
Reclassification			168,821			
		\$	216,710			

During 2019, the Districted reclassified account 129-05 Meter Deposit Savings from Unrestricted to Restricted Cash. The reclassification as presented in the comparative 2018 financial statements is as follows:

Unrestricted cash as previously presented Reclassification	\$ 3,602,615 28,047
	\$ 3,630,662
Restricted cash as previously presented Reclassification	\$ 2,416,220 (28,047)
	\$ 2,388,173



SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE CERS NET PENSION LIABILITY

December 31, 2019

	2019	2018	2017
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.039290%	0.036242%	0.035037%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,763,283	\$ 2,207,248	\$ 2,050,823
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 1,062,616	\$ 908,025	\$ 869,703
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	260.0%	243.1%	235.8%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	50.45%	53.54%	53.30%
ā.	2016	2015	
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.034977%	0.036791%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,722,114	\$ 1,581,840	
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 824,735	\$ 872,018	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	208.8%	181.4%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	55.50%	59.97%	

<sup>\*</sup> Calendar year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only five years are shown.

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE CERS NET OPEB LIABILITY

December 31, 2019

	2019		=	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.039280%	(	0.036261%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	660,672	\$	643,807
Covered payroll	\$	1,062,616	\$	908,025
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll		62.2%		70.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		60.44%		57.62%

<sup>\*</sup> Calendar year 2018 was the year of implementation, therefore, only two years are shown.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO CERS PENSION

December 31, 2019

	2019		2019 2018		2017	
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	201,182	\$	145,797	\$	127,995
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		201,182		145,797		127,995
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	_	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	1,130,932	\$	945,862	\$	899,670
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.79%		15.41%		14.23%
		2016	-	2015		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	109,171	\$	109,845		
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		109,171		109,845		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$			
Covered payroll	\$	824,784	\$	866,501		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		13.24%		10.62%		

<sup>\*</sup> Calendar year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only five years are shown.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO CERS OPEB

December 31, 2019

	2019		,	2018	
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	56,606	\$	47,299	
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	56,606		56,606		47,299
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	<u>.</u>	
Covered payroll	\$ 1	,130,932	\$	945,862	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		5.00%		5.00%	

<sup>\*</sup> Calendar year 2018 was the year of implementation, therefore, only two years are shown.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### **CERS PENSION**

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms from 2015 through 2019.

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

**2015** – The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%. The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%. The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%. Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%. The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

The assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal and disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

**2016 and 2017** – No changes.

**2018** – The assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%. The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service. The payroll growth assumption (applicable for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.00% to 2.00%.

**2019** – Annual salary increases and annual rates of retirement, disability, withdrawal and mortality were updated based on the 2018 experience study and the percent of disabilities assumed to occur in the line of duty was updated from 0% to 2% for non-hazardous members.

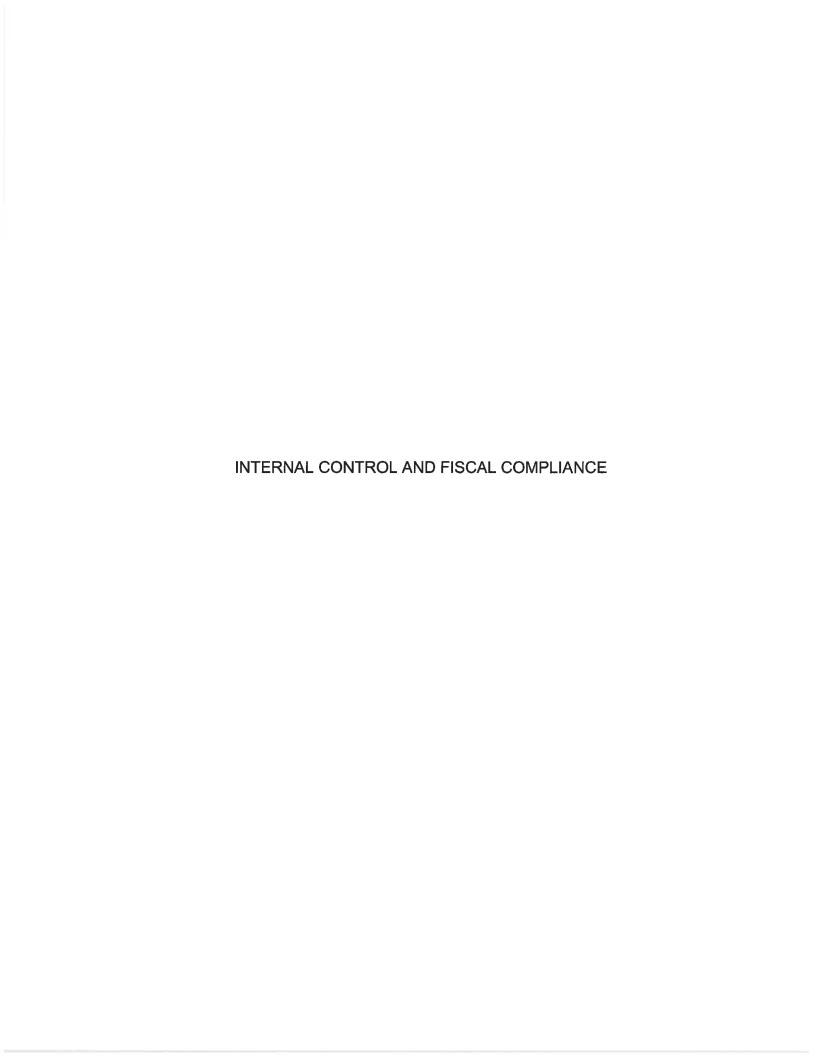
#### **CERS OPEB**

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2018 or 2019.

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

**2018** – The assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%. The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service. The payroll growth assumption (applicable for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.00% to 2.00%.

**2019** – The discount rate was changed from 5.85% to 5.68%. Annual salary increases and annual rates of retirement, disability, withdrawal and mortality were updated based on the 2018 experience study and the percent of disabilities assumed to occur in the line of duty was updated from 0% to 2% for non-hazardous members.





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTINGAND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Oldham County Water District Buckner, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Oldham County Water District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 6 2020.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Oldham County Water District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Oldham County Water District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Oldham County Water District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Oldham County Water District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Heartland CPAs and Advisors, PLLC

Heatland CIAS and advisors, PLLC

Elizabethtown, Kentucky

March 6, 2020