## GREEN-TAYLOR WATER DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners of Green-Taylor Water District Greensburg, KY

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Green-Taylor Water District, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud of error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities Green-Taylor Water District, as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of District's proportionate share of net pension and OPEB liabilities, and schedules of required contributions on pages 3 through 6 and pages 22 through 28 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express and opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 20, 2022 on our consideration of Green-Taylor Water District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Green-Taylor Water District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wise, Buckner, Sprowles & Associates, PLLC Wise, Buckner, Sprowles & Associates, PLLC Campbellsville, KY
July 20, 2022

#### GREEN-TAYLOR WATER DISTRICT

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#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

Green-Taylor Water District is presenting the following discussion and analysis in order to provide an overall review of the utility's financial activities for the years ending December 31, 2021 and 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the utility's financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements in order to enhance their understanding of the utility's financial performance.

#### **2021 HIGHLIGHTS**

During 2021, Green-Taylor Water District has been working to update pump stations, install new lines to unserved customers and start the process on refurbishing some of our water tanks. Customer growth was up a little from the prior year as Covid-19 restrictions lifted. Green-Taylor staff and board of directors worked hard to replace old equipment and vehicles with new ones while trying to eliminate any unnecessary spending yet still focusing on supplying our customers with the best quality of drinking water within the system.

The Green-Taylor water district was able to apply and receive some of the cleaner drinking water monies from the state, this will help to better serve our community. Overall, the Green-Taylor district has and will continue to make strides to provide the best quality water and at the lowest cost manageable for its customers. We plan to continue the multiple infrastructure projects we have to update our system to make sure our assets are here for the years to come.

#### **Required Financial Statements**

The Financial Statements of the District report information utilizing the full accrual basis of accounting. The Financial Statements conform to accounting principles which are generally accepted in the United States of America. The statements of Net Position include information on the District's assets and liabilities and provide information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to Districts creditors (liabilities). The Statement of Revenues, Expense and Changes in Net Position identify the District's revenues and expenses for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. This statement normally provides information on the District's operations and can be used to determine whether the District has recovered all of its actual and projected costs through user fees and other charges. The third financial statement is the Statements of Cash Flows. This statement provides information on the District's cash receipts, cash payments and changes in cash resulting from operations, investments and financing activities. From the Statements of Cash Flows, the reader can obtain information on the source and use of cash and the change in the cash and cash equivalents balance.

#### **Financial Analysis of the District**

The Statements of Net Position includes all of the utility's assets and liabilities and provides information about the nature and amount of investments in resources and the obligations to creditors. This statement provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the utility.

A summary of the District's Statements of Net Position is presented below.

ASSETS	2021	2020
Cash and Investments	\$ 2,029,180	\$ 1,673,484
Other Assets	627,618	573,470
Capital Assets	11,020,899	11,370,227
Total Assets	13,677,697	13,617,181
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension	99,534	245,032
Pension Contribution	104,942	106,867
OPEB	229,446	256,562
OPEB Contribution	39,289	37,217
Discount on Debt Refunding	35,407	38,903
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	508,618	684,581
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities	499,018	452,358
Long-term Liabilities	5,282,588	5,887,705
Total Liabilities	5,781,606	6,340,063
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
OPEB	215,856	102,746
Pension	262,124	35,769
Premium in Debt Refunding	160,605	166,340
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	638,585	304,855
NET POSITION		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	9,011,899	9,361,227
Restricted	1,360,915	970,720
Unrestricted	(2,606,690)	(2,675,103)
Total Net Position	\$ 7,766,124	\$ 7,656,844

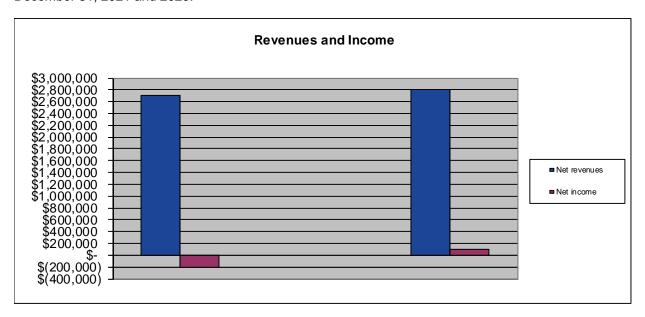
Net Position increased \$109,280 from 2020 to 2021.

#### 2021 Operating Results

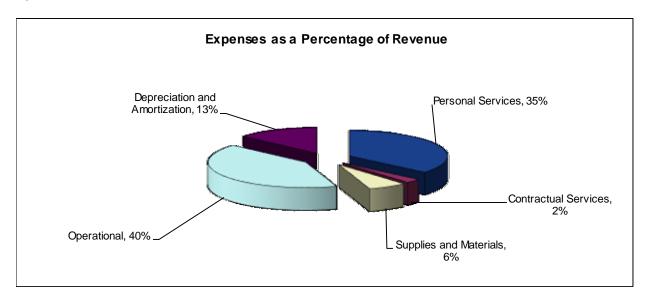
Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position:

	2021	2020
Operating Revenues	\$ 2,797,690	\$ 2,696,502
Other Revenues	68,196	69,952
Total Revenues	2,865,886	2,766,454
Operating Expenses	2,342,170	2,537,241
Depreciation and Amortization	362,609	357,644
Non-operating Expenses	127,942	114,034
Total Expenses	2,832,721	3,008,919
Income/(Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants	33,165	(242,465)
Grants	5,290	8,989
Capital Contributions	70,825	 50,725
Change in Net Position	109,280	(182,751)
Beginning Net Position	7,656,844	7,839,595
Ending Net Position	\$ 7,766,124	\$ 7,656,844

The following chart shows the difference between net revenues and net income for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.



The following pie chart shows expenses as a percentage of revenue for the year ended December 31, 2021.



#### **Capital Assets**

The net book value of the District's capital assets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are \$11,020,899 and \$11,370,227.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR END

	2021	2020
Land	\$ 50,235	\$ 50,235
Construction in Progress	2,199,361	2,170,330
Buildings	179,495	179,495
Plant & Equipment	16,085,052	16,134,967
Total Capital Assets	18,514,143	18,535,027
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(7,493,244)	(7,164,800)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 11,020,899	\$ 11,370,227

#### **Debt Outstanding**

At year-end, the District had \$3,707,859 in notes outstanding versus \$3,882,859 last year. Long-term debt outstanding decreased \$175,000, from 2020 to 2021.

#### **Financial Contact**

The District's financial statements are designed to provide the District's customers, commissioners, creditors and other interested parties with a general overview of the District's financial operations and financial condition. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the District's Manager, Andrew Tucker at (270) 932-4947 or 250 Industrial Park Road, Greensburg, KY 42743.

### GREEN-TAYLOR WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 668,265	\$ 527,764
Customer & Other Accounts Receivable, net	454,173	452,398
Inventory	153,114	94,695
Prepaid Expenses	20,293	26,339
Interest Receivable	38	38
Restricted Cash & Investments	1,360,915	1,145,720
Total Current Assets	2,656,798	2,246,954
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Capital Assets:		
Land & Construction in Progress	2,249,596	2,220,566
Other Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	8,771,303	9,149,661
Total Non-Current Assets	11,020,899	11,370,227
TOTAL ASSETS	13,677,697	13,617,181
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	00.504	0.45.000
CERS - Pension CERS - Pension Contributions	99,534 104,942	245,032
CERS - Pension Contributions CERS - OPEB	229,446	106,867 256,562
CERS - OPEB Contributions	39,289	37,217
Discount on Debt Refunding	35,407	38,903
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	508,618	684,581
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable - Trade	183,047	111,371
Accrued & Withheld Taxes	28,800	26,097
Accrued Payroll & Employee Benefits	-	27,883
Customer Deposits Deferred Revenue	92,232	96,632 11,272
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:		11,212
Interest Payable	4,939	4,103
Current Portion - Revenue Bonds	190,000	175,000
Total Current Liabilities	499,018	452,358
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES  Long-Term Liabilities (Excluding Current Portion):		
Net Pension Liability	1,357,277	1,658,006
Net OPEB Liability	407,452	521,840
Non-Current Portion - Notes Payable Non-Current Portion - Revenue Bonds	1,698,859	1,698,859
Total Non-Current Liabilities	1,819,000	2,009,000
	5,282,588	5,887,705
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,781,606	6,340,063
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	045.050	400.740
CERS - OPEB CERS - Pension	215,856 262,124	102,746 35,769
Premium on Debt Refunding	160,605	166,340
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	638,585	304,855
NET POSITION		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	9,011,899	9,186,227
Restricted	1,360,915	1,145,720
Unrestricted	(2,606,690)	(2,675,103)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 7,766,124	\$ 7,656,844

## GREEN-TAYLOR WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services Service Charges and Other	\$ 2,657,498 140,192	\$ 2,613,180 83,322
Total Operating Revenues	2,797,690	2,696,502
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Contractual Services Supplies & Materials Depreciation & Amortization Personal Service Operational	65,729 171,622 362,609 977,923 1,126,896	43,186 137,206 357,644 1,261,873 1,094,976
Total Operating Expenses	2,704,779	2,894,885
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	92,911	(198,383)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest Income Interest Expenses and Fiscal Charges Bond Issuance Costs Gain on Disposal of Asset Other income	25,659 (127,942) 2,240 18,714 21,583	24,258 (114,034) 2,240 22,561 20,893
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	(59,746)	(44,082)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE GRANTS & CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	33,165	(242,465)
Grants Capital Contributions	5,290 70,825	8,989 50,725
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	109,280	(182,751)
NET POSITION  Beginning of Year	7,656,844	7,839,595
End of Year	\$ 7,766,124	\$ 7,656,844

### GREEN-TAYLOR WATER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash Received From Customers Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods & Services Net Customer Deposits Received and Returned	\$ 2,784,644 (912,025) (1,344,944) (4,400)	\$ 2,674,924 (1,008,415) (1,269,172) 4,695
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	523,275	402,032
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Principal Paid on Debt Proceeds from Debt Interest Paid on Debt Acquisition of Capital Assets and Construction in Progress Proceeds from Disposal of Capital Assets Contributed Capital Capital Grants	(175,000) - (121,368) (34,568) 40,000 70,825 5,290	(105,000) 76,905 (166,875) (180,663) 33,400 50,725 8,989
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Financing Acitivities	(214,821)	(282,519)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Other Income Interest	21,583 25,659	20,893 24,258
Net Cash Provided (Used) From Investing Activities	47,242	45,151
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents	355,696	164,664
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	1,673,484 \$ 2,029,180	1,508,820 \$ 1,673,484
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 668,265 1,360,915 \$ 2,029,180	\$ 527,764 1,145,720 \$ 1,673,484

### GREEN-TAYLOR WATER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021	 2020
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income/(Loss)	\$ 92,911	\$ (198,383)
ADJUSTMENT TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Depreciation and Amortization Change in Assets & Liabilities	362,609	357,644
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(1,775)	(21,579)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory	(58,419)	17,480
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	6,046	(1,960)
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows	172,467	26,882
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	71,676	(9,323)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued and Withheld Taxes	2,703	5,022
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Payroll	(27,883)	11,879
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits	(4,400)	4,695
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Revenue	(11,272)	-
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	(300,729)	124,240
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Liability	(114,388)	155,140
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows	 333,729	 (69,705)
Total Reconciling Adjustments	430,364	600,415
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 523,275	\$ 402,032

#### NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF ENTITY

Reporting Entity - The Green-Taylor Water District Commissioners have financial accountability and control over all activities related to the water district. The district's primary source of income is derived from water sales. The district also receives funding from federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding source entities.

#### NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> - The accounts of Green-Taylor Water District are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise) fund. The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The Generally Accepted Accounting Principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to eternal users for goods or services and the activity in financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of net revenues.

The proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Operating income reported by the District includes revenues and expenses related to the continuing operation of water services for its customers. Operating revenues are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses are costs of providing the services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

Non-exchange revenues, including intergovernmental revenues and grants, are reported when all eligibility have been met. Fees and charges and other exchanges revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

<u>Cash Equivalents and Investments</u> – The District considers all highly liquid investments with a remaining maturity of 90 days or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Investments are presented at fair value. Short-term investments generally mature or are otherwise available for withdrawal in less than one year.

Accounts Receivable – Receivables include amounts due from customers for water services. These receivables are due at the time the services are billed. Billing is completed monthly and accounts are considered past due on the twenty first day after the end of each billing period. Accounts receivable are presented net of uncollectable accounts. The allowance amount is estimated using a percentage of accounts past due more than 30 days. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the allowance for doubtful accounts was \$255,472 and \$251,010 respectively.

<u>Inventory</u> – Inventories are generally used for construction, operation and maintenance work rather than for resale. Materials and supplies inventory consists principally of spare parts that are recorded when purchased and expensed when used. Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market value. Cost is generally determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

<u>Capital Assets and Related Depreciation</u> - The utility plant and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the plant's estimated useful life of 40 years. The office building is depreciated on a straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of 50 years. Machinery, office equipment and service vehicles are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life ranging from 5 to 10 years.

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u> - Long-term debt and other obligations are reported as district liabilities. Bond Issue Costs are being expensed during the period incurred.

<u>Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEB's (OPEB)</u> – For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Kentucky Retirement System (CERS) and addition to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis they are reported by CERS.

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reports at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

#### NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Revenues and Expenses - Revenues and expenses are distinguished between operating and non-operating items. Operating revenues generally result from providing services and producing, and delivering goods in connection with the District's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

<u>Charges for Services</u> - District billings are rendered and recorded monthly based on metered usage.

<u>Capital Contributions</u> - Cash and capital assets are contributed to the District by external parties. The value of property contributed to the District is reported as revenue on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets.

<u>Net Position</u> - Net position comprises the various net earnings from operating income, non-operating revenues and expenses, and capital contributions. Net position is classified in the following three components:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt—this component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted—this component of net assets consists of constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Unrestricted net assets*—this component of net assets consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

#### NOTE 3: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

A comparison of the District's cash and investments is shown below:

	2021	2020
Unrestricted:		
Cash	\$ 668,265	\$ 527,764
Total Unrestricted	668,265	527,764
Restricted:		
Cash	1,360,915	945,720
U.S. Treasury	-	-
	1,360,915	945,720
Certificates of Deposit and Savings		200,000
Total Restricted	1,360,915	1,145,720
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,029,180	\$1,673,484

There are three categories of credit risk that apply to the government's bank balance:

- 1. Insured or collateralized with securities held by the government or by the government's agent in the government's name.
- 2. Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or the government's agent in the government's name.
- 3. Uncollateralized.

NOTE 3: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED

	BANK AMOUNT		
	2021	2020	
Insured (FDIC) or Collateral Held by Pledging Bank's Securities in District's name	\$ 3,517,960	\$ 2,074,416	
Uninsured or Uncollateralized			
Total (Memorandum Only)	\$ 3,517,960	\$ 2,074,416	

The carrying amounts of the District's deposits at December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$2,029,180 and \$1,673,484, respectively and the bank balances were \$2,049,840 and \$1,662,461 respectively. The difference between the bank balance and the carrying amount represents outstanding checks and deposits in transit. Of the bank balances for each year, all was insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized by the pledging financial institutions.

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was as follows:

		Balance					Е	Balance
		12/31/20	Additions		Deletions		12/31/21	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land and Land Rights	\$	50,235	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,235
Contruction in Progress		2,170,331		29,030		-		2,199,361
Total Capital Assets Not Being								
Depreciated		2,220,566		29,030		-	:	2,249,596
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Buildings		179,495		=		=		179,495
Utility Plant	•	15,532,180		-		-	1	5,532,180
Service Equipment		541,450		5,538		55,453		491,535
Office Furniture and Equipment		61,337		-		-		61,337
Total Capital Assets Being							•	
Depreciated	\$ 1	16,314,462	\$	5,538	\$	55,453	\$ 10	6,264,547
Accumulated Depreication								
Buildings	\$	111,295	\$	5,620	\$	-	\$	116,915
Utility Plant		6,821,647		345,240		-	-	7,166,887
Service Equipment		176,314		8,920		34,166		151,068
Office Furniture and Equipment		55,545		2,829				58,374
Total Accumulated Depreciation		7,164,801		362,609		34,166		7,493,244
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated,								
Net		9,149,661		(357,071)		21,287		3,771,303
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ ^	1,370,227	\$	(328,041)	\$	21,287	\$1	1,020,899

The District's depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$362,609.

#### NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

	Balance 12/31/19		Additions [		Balance 12/31/19 Additions Deletions				Balance 2/31/20
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:									
Land and Land Rights	\$	50,235	\$	_	\$	_	\$	50,235	
Construction in Progress		2,061,640		108,691		-	:	2,170,331	
Total Capital Assets Not Being									
Depreciated		2,111,875		108,691		-	:	2,220,566	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:									
Buildings		179,495		-		-		179,495	
Utility Plant	1	5,532,180		-		-	1	5,532,180	
Service Equipment		501,994		71,972		32,516		541,450	
Office Furniture and Equipment		61,337		-		-		61,337	
Total Capital Assets Being					•			,	
Depreciated	\$ 1	6,275,006	\$	71,972	\$	32,516	\$ 1	6,314,462	
Accumulated Depreication									
Buildings	\$	105,740	\$	5,555	\$	-	\$	111,295	
Utility Plant		6,481,132		340,515		-		6,821,647	
Service Equipment		189,191		8,801		21,678		176,314	
Office Furniture and Equipment		52,772		2,773		-		55,545	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		6,828,835		357,644		21,678		7,164,801	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated,									
Net		9,446,171		(285,672)		10,838		9,149,661	
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1	1,558,046	\$	(176,981)	\$	10,838	\$ 1	1,370,227	
: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS									
e Bonds with principal payments	are (	detailed as	follo	ows:					

#### NOTE 5:

Revenue Bonds with principal payments are detailed as follows:

	2021	2020
2019 Series B Refinancing of 1995, 1996, 2004 and 2004A Revenue Bonds, original amount \$2,289,000, maturing January 1, 2043, with a rate of 2.74%, principal payments commencing January 1, 2021.	\$ 2,009,000	2,184,000
Kentucky Infrastructure Authority Loan, F18-005, original amount \$1,963,390, maturing December 2049, with interest payments due semi-annualy June and December, at a rate of 1.75%	1,698,859	1,698,859
Total Debt	3,707,859	3,882,859
Payments Due in Less Than One Year	190,000	175,000
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 3,517,859	\$ 3,707,859

#### NOTE 5: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

	F	Principal		Interest			Total
2022	\$	252,921	\$	115,54	7	\$	368,468
2023		257,921		104,82	1		362,742
2024		272,921		93,59	4		366,515
2025		287,921		81,61	9		369,540
2026		302,921		68,89	3		371,814
2027-2031		789,605		215,99	6	1	,005,601
2032-2036		629,605		112,58	0		742,185
2037-2041		424,605		55,82	8		480,433
2042-2046		363,605		40,66	9		404,274
2047-2051		125,834		7,07	5		132,909
	\$	3,707,859	\$	896,62	2	\$4	1,604,481

Long-Term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	12/31/2020					12/31/2021	Due in
	Balance	Add	itions	R	eductions	Balance	 ne Year
Revenue Bonds	\$ 2,184,000	\$	-	\$	175,000	\$ 2,009,000	\$ 190,000
Net Pension Liability	1,658,006		-		300,729	1,357,277	-
Net OPEB Liability	521,840		-		114,388	407,452	-
Notes Payable	1,698,859				-	1,698,859	 -
	\$ 6,062,705	\$		\$	590,117	\$ 5,472,588	\$ 190,000

#### NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Green-Taylor Water District is exposed to various risks and losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these instances.

The District did not have settled claims that exceeded the District's commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

#### NOTE 7: PENSION PLAN

### General information about the County Employees retirement system Hazardous & Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description – Employees of the Green-Taylor Water District are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS")

Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from <a href="http://kyret.ky.gov/">http://kyret.ky.gov/</a>.

#### NOTE 7: PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Benefits provided – CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death, and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years service or 65 years old At least 5 years of service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87 At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tion 2	Doutinination data	After December 24, 2012
Tier 3	Participation date Unreduced retirement	After December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and the hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for non-service related disability benefits.

Contributions – Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	Required contribution
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance

The District's contribution requirement for CERS for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019 was \$79,141, \$79,647, and \$89,223 from the District and \$25,801, \$27,220, and \$31,204 from employees. The total covered payroll for CERS during the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019 was \$524,936, \$544,405, and \$564,084.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$1,357,277 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.021288 percent.

#### NOTE 7: PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$176,066. At December 31, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 15,586	\$ 13,173
Changes of assumptions	18,216	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	52,653	233,556
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	13,079	15,395
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	104,942	
Total	\$ 204,476	\$ 262,124

\$104,942 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:				
2022	(15,183)			
2023	(49,649)			
2024	(41,109)			
2025	(56,650)			
2026	-			
Thereafter	-			

Actuarial assumptions—the total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS
Inflation	2.30%
Projected salary increases	3.05%
Investment rate of return, net of	
investment expense & inflation	6.25%

For CERS, Mortality rates for the period after service retirement are according to the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all retired employees and beneficiaries as of December 31, 2006 and the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all other employees. The Group Annuity Mortality Table set forward five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

#### NOTE 7: PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2005 through 2008, is outlined in a report dated August 25, 2009. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Discount rate—for CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 7.50%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of CERS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table present the net pension liability of the Green-Taylor Water District, calculated using the discount rates selected by CERS, as well as what the Green-Taylor Water District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
District's proportionate share of			
net pension liability	1,740,772	1,357,277	1,039,944

Pension plan fiduciary net positions—detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the financial report of CERS.

The County Employee's Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

#### NOTE 8: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan - CERS

#### Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description - Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the Kentucky Retirement Systems' Insurance Fund, a component of the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

#### NOTE 8: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN - CONTINUED

Benefits provided – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The Kentucky Retirement Systems' Insurance Fund offers coverage for eligible members receiving benefits from KERS, CERS, and SPRS. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. The Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance based on years of service.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, for Tier 1 plan members (those participating prior to September 1, 2008) 4.70% of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed, all of which is paid by the District. For Tier 2 plan members (those participating on, or after September 1, 2008 and before January 1, 2014 an additional 1% of the gross annual payroll is contributed by the plan member. Tier 3 plan members (those whose participation began after January 1, 2014) also contribute an additional 1% of their annual payroll into a Cash Balance Plan. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$407,452 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for CERS. The net OPEB liability for the plan was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.021283 percent.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company recognized OPEB expense of \$63,766. At December 31, 2021, the Company reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 64,072	\$ 121,652
Changes of assumptions	108,023	379
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	20,529	84,269
Changes in proportion and differences between Company contributions and proportionate share of contributions	36,822	9,556
Company contributions subsequent to the measurement date	39,289	
Total	\$ 268,735	\$ 215,856

#### NOTE 8: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN - CONTINUED

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$39,289 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the Company's OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended D	ecember 31:
2022	21,339
2023	11,627
2024	4,641
2025	(24,017)
2026	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation as of: June 30, 2016

Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal

Asset valuation method: 20% of the difference between the market value of

assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is

recognized

Amortization method: Level percent of pay

Amortization period: 27 years, closed

Payroll growth rate: 4.00% Investment return: 7.50% Inflation: 3.25%

Salary increases: 4.00%, average

Mortality: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2013

with Scale BB (set back 1 year for females)

Healthcare trend rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 7.50% and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00% over a

period of 5 years.

Healthcare trend rates (Post-65) Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00% over a

period of 2 years.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2016 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### NOTE 8: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN - CONTINUED

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

CERS – The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back for one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

Discount rate – For CERS, the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 5.20% for CERS Non-hazardous assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contributions rate of projected compensation over the remaining 26 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 6.56%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2021. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the CAFR.

Sensitivity of CERS proportionate share of net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table present the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each OPEB system, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage- point higher than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
CERS	4.20%	5.20%	6.20%	
District's proportionate share of				
net OPEB liability	559,429	407,452	282,730	

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the City and the Campbellsville Water and Sewer Company's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the City and the Campbellsville Water and Sewer Company's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase		
CERS	4.20%	5.20%	6.20%		
District's proportionate share of					
net OPEB liability	293,317	407,452	545,215		

#### NOTE 9: SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The District's management has evaluated subsequent events through July 20, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



## GREEN-TAYLOR WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BUDGET TO ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Final		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for Services	\$ 2,664,068	\$ 2,657,498	\$ (6,570)
Service Charges and Other	145,760	140,192	(5,568)
Total Operating Revenues	2,809,828	2,797,690	(12,138)
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Contractual Services	56,417	65,729	(9,312)
Supplies & Materials	265,378	171,622	93,756
Depreciation & Amortization	364,311	362,609	1,702
Personal Service	866,534	977,923	(111,389)
Operational	1,092,088	1,126,896	(34,808)
Total Operating Expenses	2,644,728	2,704,779	(60,051)
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	165,100	92,911	(72,189)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest Income	24,330	25,659	1,329
Interest Expenses and Fiscal Charges	(113,616)	(127,942)	(14,326)
Miscellaneous Non-Utility Expense	-	2,240	2,240
Other Income	47,200	40,297	(6,903)
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	(42,086)	(59,746)	(17,660)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	123,014	33,165	(89,849)
Grants	-	5,290	5,290
Capital Contributions	69,490	70,825	1,335
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	192,504	109,280	(83,224)
NET POSITION			
Beginning of Year		7,656,844	7,656,844
End of Year	\$ -	\$ 7,766,124	\$ 7,573,620

## GREEN-TAYLOR WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE CERS NET PENSION LIABILITY December 31, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.021288%	0.021617%	0.021808%	0.019834%	0.016529%	0.018440%	0.017980%	0.017693%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	1,357,277	1,658,006	1,533,766	1,207,951	967,493	908,107	788,456	574,000
District's covered-employee payroll	524,936	544,405	564,084	523,566	434,294	422,789	431,084	412,119
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	258.56%	304.55%	271.90%	230.72%	222.77%	214.79%	182.90%	139.28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.33%	47.81%	50.45%	53.54%	53.30%	55.50%	59.97%	66.80%

#### GREEN-TAYLOR WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO CERS December 31, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 104,942	\$ 106,867	\$ 89,223	\$ 71,182	\$ 56,141	\$ 55,093	\$ 54,410	\$ 54,907
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(104,942)	(106,867)	(89,223)	(71,182)	(56,141)	(55,093)	(54,410)	(54,907)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 524,936	\$ 544,405	\$ 564,084	\$ 523,566	\$ 434,294	\$ 422,789	\$ 431,084	\$ 412,119
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	19.99%	19.63%	15.82%	13.60%	12.93%	13.03%	12.62%	13.32%

## GREEN-TAYLOR WATER DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - CERS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2009: A new benefit tier for members who first participate on or after September 1, 2008 was introduced which included the following changes:

- 1. Tiered Structure for benefit accrual rates
- 2. New retirement eligibility requirements
- 3. Different rules for the computation of final average compensation

2014: A cash balance plan was introduced for member whose participation date in on or after January 1, 2014.

#### NOTE 2 – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTION

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2006: The assumptions were updated as the result of an experience study for the five year period ending June 30, 2005

2007: Amortization bases have been combined and will be amortized over a single 30 year closed period beginning June 30, 2007.

2009: The assumptions were updated as the result of an experience study for the three year period ending June 30, 2008

2013: The amortization period of the unfunded accrued liability was reset to a closed 30 year period.

#### 2015:

- 1. The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- 2. The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- 3. The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%.
- 4. Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%.
- 5. The mortality table used for active members if RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).
- 6. For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.
- 7. The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

# GREEN-TAYLOR WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE CERS NET OPEB LIABILITY December 31, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.021283%	0.021611%	0.021802%	0.019833%	0.016529%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 407,452	\$ 521,840	\$ 366,700	\$ 352,131	\$ 332,289
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 524,936	\$ 544,405	\$ 564,084	\$ 523,566	\$ 434,294
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of it covered-employee payroll	77.62%	95.86%	65.01%	67.26%	76.51%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	62.91%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	52.40%

### GREEN-TAYLOR WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO CERS - OPEB

December 31, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 37,929	\$ 37,217	\$ 35,311	\$ 23,105	\$ 19,036	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(37,929)	(37,217)	(35,311)	(23,105)	(19,036)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 524,936	\$ 544,405	\$ 564,084	\$ 523,566	\$ 434,294	
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	7.23%	6.84%	6.26%	4.41%	4.38%	

## GREEN-TAYLOR WATER DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – CERS OPEB For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP – participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the state will only finance, via its KEHP "Shared Responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

#### NOTE 2 - METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine the contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2021.

Valuation date June 30, 2016
Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level Percent of Payroll

Amortization period 30 years, Open

Asset valuation method Five-year smoothed value

Inflation3.00%Real Wage Growth0.50%Wage Inflation3.50%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.50% - 7.20%

Discount Rate 8.00%

Healthcare cost trend rates:

Under 65 7.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

by FY 2023

Ages 65 and Older 5.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

by FY 2020

Medicare Part B Premiums 1.02% for FY 2017 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2029

Under age 65 claims The current premium charged by KEHP is used as

the basae cost and is projected forward using only the health care trend assumption (no implicit rate

subsidy is recognized).

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners of Green-Taylor Water District Greensburg, KY

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Green-Taylor Water District, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Green-Taylor Water District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 20, 2022.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Green-Taylor Water District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Green-Taylor Water District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of Green-Taylor Water District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Green-Taylor Water District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wise, Buckner, Sprowles & Associates, PLLC Wise, Buckner, Sprowles & Associates, PLLC Campbellsville, KY

July 20, 2022