EAST CASEY COUNTY WATER DISTRICT Liberty, Kentucky

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2022 and 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Commissioners East Casey County Water District Liberty, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the East Casey County Water District (the District), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the East Casey County Water District, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the East Casey County Water District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the East Casey County Water District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the pension and OPEB schedules on pages 20-26 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RFH, PLLC Lexington, Kentucky March 29, 2023

EAST CASEY COUNTY WATER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31,

ASSETS Current coacts	2022	2021
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments - certificates of deposit Customer accounts receivable, net Grant receivable Accrued interest receivable	\$ 479,557 641,361 205,382 53,801 303	\$ 522,187 631,275 151,972 - 303
Total current assets	 1,380,404	 1,305,737
Restricted assets Investments - certificates of deposit	 38,630	 38,630
Capital assets Land	101,814	101,814
Property, plant and equipment, net Construction-in-progress	 11,115,668 2,014	 11,363,467 2,014
Total capital assets	 11,219,496	 11,467,295
Total assets	 12,638,530	 12,811,662
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows - pension Deferred outflows - OPEB	 48,589 67,193	 48,932 95,090
Total deferred outflows of resources	 115,782	 144,022
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 12,754,312	\$ 12,955,684
Current liabilities Accounts payable Taxes payable Customer deposits payable Accrued interest payable Current portion of long-term debt Total current liabilities	\$ 142,997 11,764 33,825 6,341 183,505	\$ 100,323 11,693 32,900 6,684 178,019 329,619
Noncurrent liabilities Net pension liability Net OPEB liability KIA revolving loan payable Bonds payable Total noncurrent liabilities	 676,204 184,563 626,758 1,916,619 3,404,144	 627,506 188,382 675,681 2,052,475 3,544,044
Total liabilities	 3,782,576	 3,873,663
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	00 000	06.400
Deferred inflows - pension Deferred inflows - OPEB	 28,230 78,088	 96,490 91,439
Total deferred inflows of resources	 106,318	 187,929
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for reserves Unrestricted	 8,492,614 38,630 334,174	 8,561,120 38,630 294,342
Total net position	 8,865,418	 8,894,092
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 12,754,312	\$ 12,955,684

EAST CASEY COUNTY WATER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

for the years ended December 31,

<u> </u>	·	2022	2021
OPERATING INCOME			
Water sales	\$	2,106,412	\$ 1,918,826
Late charges		48,691	32,502
Other revenue		16,084	14,566
Total operating income		2,171,187	1,965,894
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Water purchases		985,351	901,747
Salaries		247,878	260,445
Employee benefits		154,720	176,977
Taxes		19,904	23,103
Office expense and postage		43,811	40,989
Insurance		31,144	30,682
Transportation expense		34,912	30,181
Line upkeep		129,106	85,799
Contract labor		95,697	29,202
Utilities and telephone		119,115	105,095
Legal and professional		32,134	23,493
Miscellaneous		37,777	27,487
Regulatory commission expenses		2,935	3,745
Total operating expenses		1,934,484	1,738,945
Operating income before depreciation		236,703	226,949
Depreciation expense		(322,201)	(316,265)
OPERATING (LOSS)		(85,498)	(89,316)
Non-operating income (expenses)			
Interest income		11,288	11,235
Interest expense		(77,934)	(82,166)
Long-term debt service costs		(7,631)	(8,064)
Grant income		53,801	-
Gain on disposal of assets		7,259	14,200
(LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		(98,715)	(154,111)
Capital Contributions			
Tap fees		48,255	43,610
Other		21,786	850
Change in net position		(28,674)	(109,651)
Net position, beginning of year		8,894,092	9,003,743
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	8,865,418	\$ 8,894,092

EAST CASEY COUNTY WATER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS for the years ended December 31,

		2022		2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	0 447 777	•	4 004 000
Receipts from customers	\$	2,117,777	\$	1,961,608
Payment to suppliers		(1,391,524)		(1,288,994)
Payment for employee services and benefits		(506,787)		(457,625)
Net cash provided by operating activities		219,466		214,989
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Principal payments		(179,293)		(174,229)
Interest payments		(78,277)		(82,509)
Long-term debt service costs		(7,631)		(8,064)
Additions to capital assets		(75,397)		(95,371)
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets		7,259		14,200
Tap fees		48,255		43,610
Other capital contributions		21,786		2,670
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities		(263,298)		(299,693)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(40.000)		
Redemption of certificates of deposit		(10,086)		104,107
Interest income		11,288		11,282
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,202		115,389
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(42,630)		30,685
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		522,187		491,502
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	479,557	\$	522,187
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Operating (loss)	\$	(85,498)	\$	(89,316)
Noncash items included in operating income:				
Depreciation		322,201		316,265
Changes in net pension liability		(19,219)		5,924
Changes in net OPEB liability		10,727		3,075
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in receivables		(53,410)		(4,286)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		43,669		(15,689)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		925		(250)
Increase (decrease) in taxes/other payables		71		(734)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	219,466	\$	214,989
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:				
Non-cash capital and related financing information:				
Amortization on bond premium	\$	1,273	\$	1,273

1. ORGANIZATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The East Casey County Water District (the District) was created and organized as a public body corporate in Casey County, Kentucky, pursuant to Chapter 74 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, by the Casey County Fiscal Court to operate a water distribution system. The District is regulated by the Kentucky Public Service Commission.

The net position of the District is classified into three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. The restricted net position consists of reserves for depreciation costs relating to the construction, replacement, extension, additions and/or improvements to the system. These reserves are discussed in note 4.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District defines cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, cash in bank and certificates of deposit with original maturities of 90 days or less.

The District records revenue as billed to its customers on monthly meter reading cycles. At the end of each year, water service which has been rendered from the latest date of each meter reading to the year end is unbilled.

The District reports all revenues and expenses as operating, except interest income, interest expense, amortization, capital contributions and gains and losses on sales of capital assets.

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date of donation. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

The allowance for uncollectible accounts at December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$909,278 and \$906,308, respectively. The District charges all uncollected accounts directly against current earnings. Charges against earnings for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$2,970 and \$50,673, respectively.

Investments consist of certificates of deposit with original maturities of 90 days or longer. Investments are recorded at cost, which approximates fair value.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

1. ORGANIZATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases which establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. GASB Statement No. 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. In addition, GASB 87 requires the lessee to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The District implemented GASB 87 during the year ending December 31, 2022. These changes were incorporated in the District's December 31, 2022, financial statements and had no effect on the net position of fund balances of the District.

The District has evaluated and considered the need to recognize or disclose subsequent events through March 29, 2023, which represents the date that these financial statements were available for issuance. Subsequent events past this date, as they pertain to the year ended December 31, 2022, have not been evaluated by the District.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

KRS 66.480 authorizes the District to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which have a physical presence in Kentucky and are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4). The Statute also authorizes investment in mutual funds, exchange traded funds, individual equity securities and high-quality corporate bonds that are managed by a professional investment manager and subject to additional requirements outlined in KRS 66.480. The District does not have a formal investment policy but follows Kentucky Revised Statutes for investing funds.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. In order to anticipate market changes and provide a level of security for all funds, the collateralization level shall be one hundred percent of the market value of the principal, plus accrued interest.

The East Casey County Water District deposits at December 31, 2022 and 2021, were entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance or by collateral held by the custodial banks in the District's name. The bank balances of the District's deposits were \$1,168,621 and \$1,196,940 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, \$500,000 and \$500,000, respectively, of the District's deposits were covered by Federal Depository Insurance, and \$668,621 and \$696,940, respectively, were covered by collateral held by the custodial banks in the District's name.

3. PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the District at December 31, 2022:

	Balance 12/31/2021	Additions	Additions Deductions	
Capital assets not depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 101,814 2,014	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 101,814 2,014
Totals	103,828			103,828
Capital assets that are depreciated: Property, plant and equipment	19,009,338	74,402	(39,986)	19,043,754
Less accumulated depreciation	7,645,871	322,201	(39,986)	7,928,086
Totals	11,363,467	(247,799)		11,115,668
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 11,467,295</u>	<u>\$ (247,799)</u>	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ 11,219,496</u>

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the District at December 31, 2021:

	Balance 12/31/2020	Additions Deductions		Balance 12/31/2021
Capital assets not depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 101,814 2,014	\$ - 	\$ - -	\$ 101,814 2,014
Totals	103,828			103,828
Capital assets that are depreciated: Property, plant and equipment	18,912,972	96,366		19,009,338
Less accumulated depreciation	7,329,606	316,265		7,645,871
Totals	11,583,366	(219,899)		11,363,467
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 11,687,194</u>	\$ (219,899)	\$ -	<u>\$ 11,467,295</u>

4. LONG-TERM DEBT

In December 2014, the Kentucky Bond Corporation issued Series 2014E Revenue Bonds for the District to refund all prior outstanding bonds. This issue contained a premium in the amount of \$30,552, which has been reported with bonds payable and is being amortized over the term of the debt. The new issue will reduce debt service payments by \$753,224 and has a net economic gain of \$149,472. This issue requires annual premium payments which began in February 2016. The bonds bear interest at an average rate of 3.63%.

4. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The District has obtained a Federally Assisted Drinking Water Revolving Loan from the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority to fund the Various Waterline Extensions Project. The project was completed during 2016, and no draws have been made since. At project completion in 2016, final loan less forgiveness amounts totaled \$1,004,250. Loan repayments began during 2016. The loan has a stated interest rate of 1% to be repaid over 20 years.

The annual requirements to amortize all direct borrowings outstanding as of December 31, 2022, are as follows:

Year Ending	Principal		Interest		Fees	Payment
2023	\$ 183,505	\$	75,179	\$	7,186	\$ 265,870
2024	184,412		70,651		6,727	261,790
2025	189,491		66,105		6,265	261,861
2026	194,991		61,417		5,791	262,199
2027	186,747		56,409		5,303	248,459
2028-2032	917,743		207,448		19,514	1,144,705
2033-2037	736,286		87,267		8,657	832,210
2038-2039	 113,339		4,578		793	 118,710
	 2,706,514	<u>\$</u>	629,054	<u>\$</u>	60,236	\$ 3,395,804
Premium on refunding	 20,368					
	\$ 2,726,882					

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Interest Rate	Balance January 1, 2022		ı	Issued		nyments	_	Balance ember 31, 2022
Direct borrowings	0.000/	Φ.	0.400.447	Φ.		Φ.	400 500	Φ.	0.000.004
KY Bond Corporation Premium on Refunding	3.63%	\$	2,160,417 21.641	\$	-	\$	129,583 1,273	\$	2,030,834 20,368
KIA Revolving Loan	1.00%		724,117				48,437		675,680
Total direct borrowings			2,906,175		-		179,293		2,726,882
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability			627,506 188,382		48,698 <u>-</u>		- 3,819		676,204 184,563
Total long-term liabilities		\$	3,722,063	\$	48,698	\$	183,112	\$	3,587,649

4. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	Interest Rate	Balance January 1, 2021		Issued		Payments		Balance ember 31, 2021
Direct borrowings KY Bond Corporation Premium on Refunding KIA Revolving Loan	3.63% 1.00%	\$	2,285,417 22,914 772,073	\$	- - <u>-</u>	\$	125,000 1,273 47,956	\$ 2,160,417 21,641 724,117
Total direct borrowings			3,080,404		-		174,229	2,906,175
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability			751,422 236,495		- <u>-</u>		123,916 48,113	 627,506 188,382
Total long-term liabilities		<u>\$</u>	4,068,321	\$	_	\$	346,258	\$ 3,722,063

Depreciation Reserve - Per the assistance agreement with KIA, the District is required to maintain a depreciation reserve in the amount of \$38,630. The District met this requirement at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

5. RETIREMENT PLAN

The East Casey County Water District is a participating employer of the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS). Under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Public Pensions Authority administers the CERS. The plan issues publicly available financial statements which may be downloaded from the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority's website.

Plan Description – CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) are provided at the discretion of state legislature.

Contributions – For the year ended December 31, 2022, plan members were required to contribute 5% of wages for non-hazardous job classifications. Employees hired after September 2008 are required to contribute an additional 1% to cover the cost of medical insurance that is provided through CERS. Participating employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545 (33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last proceeding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial basis adopted by the Board.

5. RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

For the year ended December 31, 2022, participating employers contributed 26.95% through June 30th and 26.79% thereafter, of each non-hazardous employee's wages, which is equal to the actuarially determined rate set by the Board. The contributions are allocated to both the pension and insurance trust. The insurance trust is more fully described in Note 6. Plan members contributed 22.78% through June 30th and 23.40% thereafter to the pension trust for non-hazardous job classifications for the year ended December 31, 2022. Administrative costs of Kentucky Public Pensions Authority are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

Plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, are required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own account. Plan members contribute 5% of wages to their own account and 1% to the health insurance fund. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Board based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of each member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. For non-hazardous members, their account is credited with a 4% employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

The District contributed \$57,205 for the year ended December 31, 2022, or 100% of the required contribution for non-hazardous job classifications. The District contributed \$52,763 for the year ended December 31, 2021, or 100% of the required contribution for non-hazardous job classifications.

Benefits – CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service.

For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers based on hire date:

Tier 1 Participation date Before September 1, 2008

Unreduced retirement 27 years service or 65 years old and 1 month of service

Reduced retirement At least 5 years service and 55 years old or

25 years service and any age

Tier 2 Participation date September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013

Unreduced retirement At least 5 years service and 65 years old

or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal to 87+

Tier 3 Participation date After December 31, 2013

Unreduced retirement At least 5 years service and 65 years old or

age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal to 87+

Reduced retirement Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

5. RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources – At December 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$676,204 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 and was rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was .00935 percent, which was a decrease of .00049 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$40,158. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$58,686. At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outfl	erred ows of ources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual results	\$	723	\$	6,022	
Changes of assumptions		-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Plan					
investments		17,336		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between District					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,808		22,208	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		28,722			
Total	\$	48,589	\$	28,230	

The \$28,722 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources as of December 31, 2022 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

\$ (11,780)
\$ (10,111)
\$ (5,682)
\$ 19,210
\$ \$

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.30%

Salary increases 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment rate of return 6.25%, net of Plan investment expense, including inflation

5. RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

The mortality table used for active members was a Pub-2010 General Mortality table, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumption used in the June 30, 2022 valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2021) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. As of December 31, 2022, the target allocation and best estimates of nominal real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.15%
Fixed Income	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.28%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	10.00%	2.28%
Cash	0.00%	-0.91%
Inflation Protected	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real Return	13.00%	4.07%
Total	100.00%	4.28%
Long term inflation assumption		2.30%
Expected nominal return for portfolio		6.58%

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining closed 29-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarial determined contribution rate is adjusted to reflect the phase in of anticipated gains on actuarial value of assets over the first four years of the projection period. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate.

5. RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount rate	share of i	roportionate net pension bility
1% decrease	5.25%	\$	845,169
Current discount rate	6.25%	\$	676,204
1% increase	7.25%	\$	536,453

Payable to the Pension Plan – At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the District reported a payable of \$5,929 and \$6,305, respectively, for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the years then ended, respectively. The payable includes both the pension and insurance contribution allocation.

6. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Plan Description – As more fully described in Note 5, the District participates in the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS). CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. In addition to retirement benefits, the plan provides for health insurance benefits to plan members (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). OPEB benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

Contributions – As more fully described in Note 5, plan members contribute to CERS for non-hazardous job classifications. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the employer's contribution was 4.17% through June 30th and 3.39% thereafter to the insurance trust for non-hazardous job classifications. Employees hired after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute an additional 1% to cover the cost of medical insurance that is provided through CERS. Participating employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last proceeding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial basis adopted by the Board. The contribution rates are equal to the actuarially determined rate set by the Board. Administrative costs of Kentucky Public Pensions Authority are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the District contributed \$9,375, or 100% of the required contribution for non-hazardous job classifications. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the District contributed \$13,759, or 100% of the required contribution for non-hazardous job classifications.

Benefits - CERS provides health insurance benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries.

6. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Insurance eligibility Benefit	Before July 1, 2003 10 years of service credit required Set percentage of single coverage health insurance based on service credit accrued at retirement
Tier 1	Participation date Insurance eligibility Benefit	Before September 1, 2008 but after July 1, 2003 10 years of service credit required Set dollar amount based on service credit accrued, increased annually
Tier 2	Participation date Insurance eligibility Benefit	After September 1, 2008 and before December 31, 2013 15 years of service credit required Set dollar amount based on service credit accrued, increased annually
Tier 3	Participation date Insurance eligibility Benefit	After December 31, 2013 15 years of service credit required Set dollar amount based on service credit accrued, increased annually

OPEB Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources – At December 31, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of \$184,563. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 and was rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share at June 30, 2022 was .00935 percent, which was a decrease of .00049 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$24,383. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$22,799. At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Out	eferred flows of sources	Inf	eferred lows of sources
Differences between expected and actual results	\$	18,578	\$	42,325
Changes of assumptions		29,190		24,052
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Plan investments		7,491		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,118		11,711
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		<u> 10,816</u>		
Total	\$	67,193	\$	78,088

6. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

The \$10,816 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2023. This includes an adjustment of \$6,654 related to the implicit subsidy, which is required to be recognized as a deferred outflow of resources. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in expense as follows:

Year ending December 31,

2023	\$ (3,947)
2024	\$ (3,860)
2025	\$ (13,018)
2026	\$ (886)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Non-hazardous

Inflation 2.30%

Salary increases 3.30 to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment rate or return 6.25%, net of Plan investment expense, including

inflation

Healthcare Trend Rates

Pre – 65 Initial trend starting at 6.20% at January 1, 2024, and

gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

over a period of 13 years.

Post – 65 Initial trend starting at 9.00% at January 1, 2024, then

gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

over a period of 13 years.

The mortality table used for active members was a Pub-2010 General Mortality table, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumption used in the June 30, 2022 valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2021) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

6. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.15%
Fixed Income	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.28%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	10.00%	2.28%
Cash	0.00%	-0.91%
Inflation Protected	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real Return	13.00%	4.07%
Total	100.00%	4.28%
Long term inflation assumption		2.30%
Expected nominal return for portfolio	•	6.58%

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was 5.70% for non-hazardous classifications. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 23-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. As of June 30, 2022, the discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 –Year Municipal GO AA Index". However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Discount rate	Proportionate share of net OPEB liability
1% decrease	4.70%	\$ 246,731
Current discount rate	5.70%	\$ 184,563
1% increase	6.70%	\$ 133,171

6. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	sha	ortionate re of net B liability
1% decrease	\$	137,218
Current trend rate	\$	184,563
1% increase	\$	241,415

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In addition to its general liability insurance, the District also carries commercial insurance for all other risks of loss such as worker's compensation and employee health and accident coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

8. COVID-19 PANDEMIC

Since 2020, various restrictions have been placed on travel and business across the United States in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The duration and pervasiveness of these restrictions are uncertain as of the date of these financial statements. The District is continuously evaluating the impact of COVID-19 and related responses on the operations and finances of the District. Restrictions placed on the District could negatively impact the District's revenue and expenses for an unknown period of time. At this time, a specific estimate of the impact could not reasonably be determined due to a number of unknown factors regarding the severity and duration of the event.



EAST CASEY COUNTY WATER DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY **Last Nine Years**

Reporting Year End (Measurement Date)	December (June 30	. , .	December 31, 2015 (June 30, 2015)		December 31, 2016 (June 30, 2016)		December 31, 2017 (June 30, 2017)		December 31, 2018 (June 30, 2018)		ember 31, 2019 une 30, 2019)	December 31, 2020 (June 30, 2020)			cember 31, 2021 June 30, 2021)	cember 31, 2022 June 30, 2022)
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension		0.00977%		0.00971%	0.00963%		0.01012%		0.00991%		0.01012%		0.00980%		0.00984%	0.00935%
liability (asset)	\$	317,000	\$	417,568	\$ 474,260	\$	592,296	\$	603,671	\$	711,955	\$	751,422	\$	627,506	\$ 676,204
District's covered employee payroll	\$	224,206	\$	229,730	\$ 240,266	\$	257,062	\$	245,659	\$	255,348	\$	250,947	\$	251,398	\$ 258,551
District's share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		141.39%		181.76%	197.39%		230.41%		245.74%		278.82%		299.43%		249.61%	261.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		66.80%		59.97%	55.50%		53.32%		53.54%		50.45%		47.81%		57.33%	52.42%

Notes: The above schedule will present 10 years of historical data, once available.

EAST CASEY COUNTY WATER DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION Last Ten Calendar Years

		2013		2013		2013		2014		2015	2016		2017	2018		2019	2020		2021		2022
Contractually required employer contribution Contributions relative to contractually	\$	27,976	\$	29,813	\$	29,587	\$ 34,089	\$	34,090	\$ 38,922	\$	45,071	\$ 47,899	\$	52,763	\$	57,205				
required employer contribution		27,976	_	29,813	_	29,587	 34,089	_	34,090	 38,922	_	45,071	 47,899	_	52,763	_	57,205				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$ <u>-</u>	\$		\$ <u> </u>	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	<u>-</u>				
District's covered employee payroll Employer contributions as a percentage	\$	225,527	\$	224,349	\$	236,962	\$ 257,403	\$	239,758	\$ 253,314	\$	253,713	\$ 248,183	\$	260,445	\$	247,777				
of covered-employee payroll		12.40%		13.29%		12.49%	13.24%		14.22%	15.37%		17.76%	19.30%		20.26%		23.09%				

EAST CASEY COUNTY WATER DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY Last Seven Years

Reporting Year End (Measurement Date)		mber 31, 2016 ne 30, 2016)	cember 31, 2017 June 30, 2017)	ecember 31, 2018 (June 30, 2018)	ecember 31, 2019 (June 30, 2019)	ember 31, 2020 une 30, 2020)	cember 31, 2021 June 30, 2021)	ember 31, 2022 une 30, 2022)
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.01012%	0.01012%	0.00991%	0.01012%	0.00979%	0.00984%	0.00935%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB								
liability (asset)	\$	159,562	\$ 203,427	\$ 175,968	\$ 170,231	\$ 236,495	\$ 188,382	\$ 184,563
District's covered employee payroll	\$	240,266	\$ 257,062	\$ 245,659	\$ 255,348	\$ 250,947	\$ 251,398	\$ 258,551
District's share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a								
percentage of its covered employee payroll		66.41%	79.14%	71.63%	66.67%	94.24%	74.93%	71.38%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage								
of the total OPEB liability	ur	navailable	52.39%	57.62%	60.44%	51.67%	62.91%	60.95%

Notes:

The above schedule will present 10 years of historical data, once available.

EAST CASEY COUNTY WATER DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB Last Ten Calendar Years

		2013		2013		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	2020		2021	2022			
Contractually required employer contribution Contributions relative to contractually	\$	15,362	\$	11,174	\$	11,147	\$	12,068	\$	11,304	\$	12,627	\$	12,709	\$ 11,814	\$	13,759	\$	9,375						
required employer contribution		15,362		11,174		11,147		12,068		11,304	_	12,627		12,709	 11,814	_	13,759		9,375						
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>						
District's covered employee payroll Employer contributions as a percentage	\$	225,527	\$	224,349	\$	236,962	\$	257,403	\$	239,758	\$	253,314	\$	253,713	\$ 248,183	\$	260,445	\$	247,777						
of covered-employee payroll		6.81%		4.98%		4.70%		4.69%		4.71%		4.98%		5.01%	4.76%		5.28%		3.78%						

EAST CASEY COUNTY WATER DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2022

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Contributions

Contractually required employer contributions reported on the Schedule of Contributions - Pensions exclude the portion of contributions paid to CERS but allocated to the insurance fund of the CERS. The insurance contributions are reported on the Schedule of Contributions - OPEB.

Payroll

The District's covered payroll reported on the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability is for the corresponding measurement date of the net liabilities and differs from the District's calendar year payroll as reported on the Schedule of Contributions for Pension and OPEB.

2. CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

December 31, 2022 - Pension and OPEB

There were no changes in assumptions in the valuation of pension. The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, for OPEB:

• The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was changed from 6.30% to 6.20%. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was changed from 6.30% to 9.00%.

December 31, 2021 - Pension and OPEB

There were no changes in assumptions in the valuation of pension. The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, for OPEB:

• The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was changed from 6.40% to 6.30%. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was changed from 2.90% to 6.30%.

December 31, 2020 - Pension and OPEB

There were no changes in assumptions in the valuation of pension. The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, for OPEB:

• The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was changed from 7% to 6.40%. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was changed from 5% to 2.90%.

December 31, 2019 - Pension and OPEB

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for both pension and OPEB:

• The assumed rate of salary increases was increased from 3.05% to 3.3% to 10.3% on average for non-hazardous and 3.05% to 3.55% to 19.05% on average for hazardous.

EAST CASEY COUNTY WATER DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2022

2. CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2018 - Pension and OPEB

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2018 for either pension or OPEB.

December 31, 2017 - Pension and OPEB

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017, for both pension and OPEB:

- The assumed rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 6.25%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.3%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4% to 2%

December 31, 2016 - Pension and OPEB

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2016 for either pension or OPEB.

December 31, 2015 - Pension

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

- The assumed rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.5%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.5% to 3.25%.
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1% to .75%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.5% to 4%.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).
- For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females).
- For Disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.
- The assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were updated to reflect experience more accurately.

December 31, 2014 - Pension

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2014.

EAST CASEY COUNTY WATER DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2022

2. CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED

December 31, 2013 - Pension

The following assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the initial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013:

- The assumed rate of return was 7.75%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was 3.5%.
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was 1%.
- Payroll growth assumption was 4.5%.
- Mortality rates were based on the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all retired members and beneficiaries as of June 30, 2006. The 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table was used for all other members.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners East Casey County Water District Liberty, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the East Casey County Water District (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, that we consider to be material weaknesses (2022-001 and 2022-002).

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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East Casey County Water District's Responses to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the East Casey County Water District's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The East Casey County Water District's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RFH, PLLC Lexington, Kentucky March 29, 2023

EAST CASEY COUNTY WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES December 31, 2022

FINDING:

2022-001 - Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Recurring) (Material)

Criteria

The District is required to have internal controls in place that enable it to prepare complete financial statements, including note disclosures, in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Condition:

Management engaged the auditor to prepare cash to accrual adjustments and draft financial statements, including the related notes to the financial statements. Management reviewed, approved and accepted responsibility for the adjustments and the financial statements prior to their issuance.

Cause:

The District lacks personnel with the expertise to prepare cash to accrual adjustments and draft the financial statements, including related note disclosures, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Effect:

Management engaged the auditor to prepare cash to accrual adjustments and draft financial statements, including the related notes to the financial statements. Management reviewed, approved and accepted responsibility for the adjustments and the financial statements prior to their issuance.

Recommendation:

We recommend management review the costs and benefits involved to retain a consultant with the required expertise to prepare the financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting.

Response

This is an ongoing finding. Management has determined that it is more cost effective to continue to engage the auditor to adjust the books to the accrual basis and to draft the financial statements and related notes. Management has reviewed and accepts responsibility for the adjustments and financial statements.

2022-002 - Customer Deposit and Cut-Off Policies (Recurring) (Material)

Criteria

Internal controls within the District should ensure that policies and procedures are in place and consistently applied to reduce the amount of uncollectible charges and bad debt write-offs the District incurs.

Condition:

Historically the District has written off significant customer charges as uncollectible. In the current year the District accumulated approximately \$2,970 of customer charges that were deemed uncollectible.

Cause:

At the present time, the District refunds customer deposits annually, regardless of a customer's payment history. In addition, we noted that customer cut-offs are not consistently performed and are often performed after substantial accumulation of past due account as a result of the District being behind on performing shut-offs. Approvals for payment plans and decisions not to cut a customer off are also not adequately documented.

EAST CASEY COUNTY WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES December 31, 2022

2022-002 - Customer Deposit and Cut-Off Policies (Recurring) (Material) (Continued)

Effect:

The District's deposit policy does not allow for sufficient deposits to remain on hand to cover bad debts. This leaves the District vulnerable to customers who do not pay. In addition, the inconsistent application of cut-off procedures and lack of appropriate approval and documentation of determinations not to cut a customer off means the District could often be providing water to customers who will never pay.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the District revise its customer deposit policy to provide itself with assurance of at least partial coverage of final billings, especially for customers who have a history of late or non-payment. While the District amended its cut-off policy, we recommend that the District enforce the cut-off policy. We recommend that when payment plans are established, as well as decisions not to disconnect a customer, it be approved by management and that the approval for these policy exceptions be properly documented.

Response:

The District agrees with your recommendation, representing the best case scenario and will attempt to follow your recommendation.