# KENERGY CORP.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019 and 2018

# KENERGY CORP. CONTENTS

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Kenergy Corp. Henderson, Kentucky

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Kenergy Corp., which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the statements of revenue and expenses, changes in members' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kenergy Corp. as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in members' equity and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 10, 2020, on our consideration of Kenergy Corp.'s internal control over financial reporting and our tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Kenergy Corp.'s internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Alexander Thompson Arnold PLLC

Owensboro, Kentucky March 10, 2020

## Kenergy Corp. Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2019 and 2018

<u>ASSETS</u>	 2019	 2018
Utility Plant, Net	\$ 204,881,907	\$ 203,886,001
Investments	 6,617,892	 6,652,949
<u>Current Assets:</u> Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable, Less Allowance For	3,523,599	1,408,073
Doubtful Accounts: 2019 \$316,245 and 2018 \$343,824	20,482,857	28,555,296
Materials and Supplies	1,766,550	1,707,761
Accrued Utility Revenue	7,962,168	8,455,044
Other Current Assets	 467,627	 781,882
Total Current Assets	 34,202,801	 40,908,056
Other Assets	 3,056,915	 3,442,316
Total Assets	\$ 248,759,515	\$ 254,889,322
MEMBERS' EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
Members' Equity:		
Memberships	\$ 224,785	\$ 223,215
Patronage Capital	65,670,913	66,889,565
Other	 11,385,774	 10,188,097
Total Members' Equity	 77,281,472	 77,300,877
Long-Term Debt, Net of Current Portion	 128,933,216	 128,214,922
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	25,160,341	31,824,086
Consumer Deposits	5,422,693	5,342,796
Current Maturities of Long-Term Debt	7,375,231	8,051,733
Notes Payable	-	-
Other Current and Accrued Liabilities	 1,770,404	 1,497,720
Total Current Liabilities	 39,728,669	 46,716,335
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	 82,979	 165,071
Deferred Credits	 2,733,179	 2,492,117
Total Members' Equity and Liabilities	\$ 248,759,515	\$ 254,889,322

## Kenergy Corp. Statements of Revenue and Expenses For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019		2018	
Operating Revenue	\$	393,029,574	\$	403,336,058
Operating Expenses				
Cost of Power		352,421,358		360,756,775
Distribution Operation		4,213,017		4,795,582
Distribution Maintenance		8,591,985		8,936,835
Customer Accounts		3,392,505		3,371,929
Consumer Service and Information		313,631		302,349
Administrative and General		3,959,547		4,280,311
Depreciation and Amortization		13,441,792		13,067,480
Taxes		624,155		587,258
Other Deductions		67,669		79,663
Total Operating Expenses		387,025,659		396,178,182
Operating Margin Before Interest Expense		6,003,915		7,157,876
Interest on Long-Term Debt		5,168,629		5,374,548
Other Interest Expense		133,074		115,727
Total Interest Expense		5,301,703		5,490,275
Operating Margin		702,212		1,667,601
Non-operating Margin				
Investment Income		1,948,916		2,286,301
Other Income (Expense)		(50,725)		24,568
Net Margin Before Operating Margins Assigned by				
Associated Organizations		2,600,403		3,978,470
Operating Margin Assigned by Associated Organizations		196,308		268,222
Net Margin	\$	2,796,711	\$	4,246,692

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.  $\ensuremath{4}$ 

# KENERGY Statements of Changes in Members' Equity For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

			Patronage		
	_	nberships	Capital	Other	Total
Balance, January 1, 2018	\$	231,865	\$ 66,083,415	\$ 9,147,862	\$ 75,463,142
Increase (Decrease) in Membership Fees		(8,650)	-	-	(8,650)
Net Margin		-	4,246,692	-	4,246,692
Patronage Capital Retired		-	(3,440,542)	-	(3,440,542)
Retired Capital Credits - (Loss)		-		1,040,235	1,040,235
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$	223,215	\$ 66,889,565	\$ 10,188,097	\$ 77,300,877
Increase (Decrease) in Membership Fees		1,570	-	-	1,570
Net Margin		-	2,796,711	-	2,796,711
Patronage Capital Retired		-	(4,015,363)	-	(4,015,363)
Retired Capital Credits - Gain				1,197,677	1,197,677
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$	224,785	\$ 65,670,913	\$ 11,385,774	\$ 77,281,472

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.  $\ensuremath{5}$ 

# Kenergy Corp. Statements of Cash Flows For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

	 2019	 2018
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Net Margin	\$ 2,796,711	\$ 4,246,692
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Margin to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation and Amortization Charged to Operations	13,814,467	13,401,162
Noncash Assigned Capital Credits	(105,332)	(268,222)
Changes In:	(100,002)	(200,222)
Accounts Receivable	8,054,276	(6,537,685)
Materials and Supplies	(58,789)	53,121
Other Current Assets	807,130	1,287,730
Accounts Payable	(6,663,745)	5,705,457
Other Current and Accrued Liabilities	272,684	(756,116)
Other Items, Net	 150,687	 179,344
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	 19,068,089	 17,311,483
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		(44.004.700)
Capital Expenditures, Net	(14,473,607)	(11,901,702)
(Increase) Decrease in: Other Investment, Excluding		
Assigned Capital Credits	 215,470	 130,711
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	 (14,258,137)	 (11,770,991)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:		
Additional Deposits, Net of Refunds	123,198	(5,856)
Proceeds From Long-Term Debt	8,000,000	8,000,000
Interest Income Added to Cushion of Credit Balance	(1,706,269)	(2,118,328)
Interest Expense Paid From Prior Note Payments	729,496	1,738,384
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt	(7,995,971)	(8,554,755)
Principal payments paid from prior year note payments	1,014,536	2,804,459
Principal Payments Paid On Long Term Debt-Early Retirement	(15,862,215)	-
Principal Payments Paid From Prior Note Payments-Early Retirement	15,862,215	-
Patronage Capital Retired Payment-Cushion of Credit	(2,859,416)	(2,403,372)
Principal Payments on Short-Term Notes Payable	-	(1,100,000) (6,000,000)
Philipa Payments on Short-Term Notes Payable	 	 (0,000,000)
Net Cash Used by Financing Activities	 (2,694,426)	 (7,639,468)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,115,526	(2,098,976)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	 1,408,073	 3,507,049
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 3,523,599	\$ 1,408,073
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:		
Interest Paid, Net of Amounts Capitalized	\$ 5,217,608	\$ 6,393,251

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.  $\ensuremath{\mathbf{6}}$ 

#### NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Nature of Business

Kenergy Corp. (Kenergy) is a nonprofit electric distribution cooperative association which provides electric power to approximately 58,104 residential, commercial and industrial customer accounts located in fourteen western Kentucky counties.

#### Basis of Accounting

The accounting policies of Kenergy reflect those prescribed by the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Utilities Service (RUS) and the Kentucky Public Service Commission (KPSC), which conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in all material respects.

#### Revenues

Revenues are accrued when services are rendered based on rates authorized by the KPSC.

#### Utility Plant

Utility plant is stated at original cost, net of contributions, which is the cost when first dedicated to public service. Kenergy capitalizes supervisory and overhead costs applicable to construction projects.

Maintenance and repairs of property units and renewals of minor items of property are charged to maintenance expense accounts. The costs of replacing complete property units are charged to utility plant accounts and the original cost of distribution plant property units retired and cost of removal, net of salvage value, are charged to accumulated depreciation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on the basis of the estimated useful lives of assets at straight-line rates, which for December 31, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

Distribution Plant	1.90% to 7.50%
General Plant	2.00% to 20.00%

Kenergy uses the composite method of depreciation for distribution plant and the unit method of depreciation for general plant.

#### Investments

As more fully described in the following notes, Kenergy's investment in a generation and transmission corporation is recorded at estimated net realizable value. All other investments of Kenergy are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, money market funds, and investments with an original maturity of three months or less. The carrying amount reported in the balance sheet for cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value. As of December 31, 2019 all accounts were fully collateralized.

### NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Investments in Associated Organizations

Investments in associated organizations include patronage capital, capital term certificates, and other investments. Patronage capital investments are stated at cost plus undistributed allocated equities from other cooperatives. Capital term certificates and other investments are carried at cost which approximates market.

#### Materials and Supplies

Materials and supplies inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market using the average cost method.

#### Revenue Recognition

Effective January 1, 2019, the Cooperative changed its accounting methods for revenue recognition as a result of implementing the requirements in the Financial Accounting Standard Board's Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*.

The new revenue recognition guidance requires the recognition of revenue when promised goods or services are transferred to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Cooperative expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Cooperative adopted the requirements of the new revenue recognition guidance as of January 1, 2019, utilizing the cumulative effect transition method. The adoption of the new revenue recognition guidance did not have any material effect on the Cooperative's financial statement.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTE 2 - UTILITY PLANT

Utility plant at December 31, 2019 and 2018 consists of the following:

	2019	2018
Distribution Plant	\$314,524,482	\$304,860,739
General Plant	26,748,555	26,551,349
	341,273,037	331,412,088
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(137,450,979)	(128,178,793)
Construction in Progress	1,059,849	652,706
Total Utility Plant	\$204,881,907	\$203,886,001

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$13,583,580 and \$13,170,275 respectively. These amounts include depreciation of transportation charged to operating accounts.

Interest capitalized during 2019 and 2018 related to construction of utility plant was \$0 and \$0, respectively.

#### **NOTE 3 – INVESTMENTS**

### Generation and Transmission Corporation:

Kenergy purchases electric power from Big Rivers Electric Corporation, a generation and transmission cooperative association, and EDF Trading North America, LLC, beginning January 1, 2015 (For the two smelter loads, see Note 6). The membership of Big Rivers is comprised of Kenergy and two other distribution cooperatives.

The following is a summary at December 31, 2019 and 2018 of financial information pertaining to Big Rivers:

	 2019	 2018
Balance Sheet Data Assets:	UNAUDITED	AUDITED
Current Assets	\$ 135,038,767	\$ 138,315,251
Noncurrent Assets	1,216,517,233	1,224,570,332
Total Assets	\$ 1,351,556,000	\$ 1,362,885,583
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities	\$ 65,035,813	\$ 70,024,449
Noncurrent Liabilities	763,356,112	787,045,410
Total Liabilities	 828,391,925	 857,069,859
Equity:	\$ 523,164,075	\$ 505,815,724
Income Statement Data		
Revenues	\$ 378,726,944	\$ 380,205,041
Operating Margin	\$ 10,979,958	\$ 9,604,413
Net Margin	\$ 16,714,625	\$ 15,229,825

Big Rivers Electric Corporation experienced significant operating losses in prior years and had a net equities deficiency of (\$154,601,580) as of December 31, 2008.

On July 16, 2009, Big Rivers Electric Corporation completed a transaction referred to as the "unwind" with E.ON US. Under the unwind agreement, Big Rivers assumed from E.ON US full responsibility for operating three generation facilities and the obligation to provide power to two aluminum smelters through Kenergy Corp. E.ON US provided cash payments, asset transfers, and other benefits to Big Rivers Electric Corporation, which resulted in Big Rivers realizing income of \$537,978.261 in 2009. These funds allowed Big Rivers to reduce its debt by \$140,180,652, provide \$252,855,791 in rate stabilization funds, and to increase its equity position to \$379,391,541 from a deficit of (\$154,601,580).

Under the Big Rivers Joint Plan of Reorganization in 1998, member cooperatives of Big Rivers were required to charge down their previously allocated capital credits to zero. After evaluating the key issues related to the unwind, Kenergy has elected to continue valuing the non-cash allocations at zero for financial reporting purposes, a practice which it has followed since 1998 when Big Rivers Electric Corporation emerged from bankruptcy protection. As of December 31, 2009, the non-cash allocations from Big Rivers to Kenergy represented 69% of the total allocations. Big Rivers, which allocates margins on the tax basis, has not made any allocations for the years ended December 31, 2010-2018 due to tax losses in those years.

#### NOTE 3 – INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Generation and Transmission Corporation:

Kenergy Corp. will continue to record memorandum entries in its patronage capital records to reflect the value of allocations received from Big Rivers (Refer to Note 12 - Income Tax Status. See Note 6 for discussion on the contract termination notices of the two smelters.).

#### Other Investments:

The more significant other investments are as follows:

Capital Term Certificates (CTC's) of the National Rural Utilities Cooperative Finance Corporation are carried at cost which approximates market. The investment at December 31, 2019 and 2018 totaled \$2,528,878. The CTCs mature in varying amounts from 2020 to 2080 and bear interest at 0%, 3%, and 5% per year.

Investment in CoBank, an international cooperative bank, is a required investment, which is carried at cost and totaled \$1,847,170 and \$1,939,762 at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Under the terms of this Loan Base Capital Plan, Kenergy's investment in CoBank (stock and allocated surplus from CoBank) is required to be 10% of Kenergy's average loan balance due to CoBank for the past five years accumulated through equity issued as a patronage return.

Kenergy's primary insurance carrier, Federated Rural Electric Insurance Exchange (Federated), insures electric cooperatives across the nation by offering property, general liability, automobile, crime, umbrella liability, cyber liability, director, officer and manager liability, and workers' compensation coverage. As a member-owned cooperative, Federated allocates its net margins to its members each year as patronage, and Kenergy carries its investment at cost. Kenergy's investment in Federated totaled \$964,242 and \$965,103 at December 31, 2019 and 2018.

A summary of investments for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	2019		2018
Patronage Capital Credits			
Investments in CoBank	\$ 1,847,170	\$	1,939,762
Investments Federated	964,242		965,103
Other Investments	1,254,502		1,196,748
	4,065,914		4,101,613
Other Assets	23,100		22,458
Capital Term Certificates	2,528,878		2,528,878
	\$ 6,617,892	\$	6,652,949

# NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-Term Debt at December 31<sup>st</sup> consisted of:

	2019	2018
First mortgage notes payable to: RUS in quarterly and monthly installments of varying amounts through 2038 Interest rate term fixed to principle maturity:		
4.125% notes Laddered interest rate terms of 1-	\$ 1,080,370	\$ 1,145,252
7 years at an average rate of 1.72% at December 31, 2019	34,238,375	36,148,759
Unapplied note prepayments-5%	(25,398,150) 9,920,595	<u>(41,298,127)</u> (4,004,116)
	0,020,000	(1,001,110)
CoBank in quarterly and monthly installments of varying amounts through 2033: Interest rate term fixed to principle maturity: 3.70% average rate at December		
31, 2019 Laddered interest rate terms of	2,673,569	4,617,501
1 to 5 years, average rate of 2.89% at December 31, 2019	5,299,861	5,960,769
	7,973,430	10,578,270
Federal Financing Bank in quarterly installments of varying amounts through December 2052 Interest rate term fixed to maturity:		
Average interest rate of 3.00% Interest rate term fixed for 6 years	\$ 88,400,533	\$ 98,521,907
Average interest rate of 2.38%	6,186,346	6,359,542
	94,586,879	104,881,449
CFC in quarterly installments with a Level debt service note maturing 2038 3.92% interest rate fixed to maturity		
	23,827,543	24,811,052
Total Long-Term Debt	<u>23,827,543</u> 136,308,447	<u>24,811,052</u> 136,266,655
Less Current Maturities	7,375,231	8,051,733
Long-Term Debt, Net of Current Portion	\$ 128,933,216	\$ 128,214,922

## NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Aggregate maturities of long-term debt at December 31, 2019 are:

	Amounts
2020	\$ 7,375,231
2021	6,946,844
2022	6,639,025
2023	6,717,529
2024	6,919,221
Thereafter	101,710,597
	\$ 136,308,447

Substantially all assets are pledged as security for the long-term debt to the Rural Utilities Service, Federal Financing Bank, CoBank, and the National Rural Utility Cooperative Finance Corporation (CFC).

## NOTE 5 – SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

Kenergy has unsecured line of credit agreements with financial institutions permitting short-term borrowings for general corporate purposes totaling \$35,000,000. Rates for such borrowings are variable. There was \$0 and outstanding under these agreements at December 31, 2019 and 2018. The rate at December 31, 2019 was 2.85%.

## NOTE 6 – MAJOR CUSTOMER CONCENTRATIONS

Operating revenue for December 31, 2019 and 2018 includes approximately \$196.7 million and \$194.7 million, respectively, attributable to sales of power to two aluminum smelting customers. Accounts receivable from these customers totaled \$9.5 and \$16.4 million at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. On August 20, 2012 and January 31, 2013 the two smelters provided one-year notices of termination of their contracts. On January 15, 2013, Big Rivers Electric Corp. (see Note 3) filed for a \$74 million. On June 28, 2013 Big Rivers filed for a second rate increase of \$70 million in Case No. 2013-00199. On April 25, 2014 the KPSC issued an order allowing \$36 million. Annual depreciation on the Coleman station of \$6,192,660 and the Wilson station of \$20,175,771 is being recorded as a deferred asset rather than as an expense. It is the KPSC's intent that the amount recorded as a deferred asset will be considered for amortization at some future point in time if and when the facilities are needed to serve customers, are sold, or are permanently closed. These rate increases were necessary to mitigate the loss of revenues from the two smelters as they purchase power on the open market. The loss of these two loads has no material impact on Kenergy's margins. Big Rivers has indicated that it intends to file an accounting change with the KPSC in 2020 to begin amortizing the regulatory assets without an increase in base rates.

Operating revenue also includes sales of power to six other large industrial customers, totaling approximately 14.4% and 14.5% of Kenergy's operating revenue for 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### NOTE 7 – COST OF POWER & RATE MATTERS

Kenergy presently purchases all of its non-smelter power and energy requirements from Big Rivers Electric Corporation (Big Rivers) under wholesale power contracts which expire in 2043. Accounts payable under Big Rivers' contracts were \$13.0 million and \$13.5 million at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Beginning January 1, 2015, Kenergy purchases its power requirements for the two smelters from EDF Trading North America, LLC.

### NOTE 8 – RETIREMENT PLANS

### NRECA Retirement and Security Program

All eligible employees of Kenergy participate in the National Rural Electric Cooperative Association (NRECA) sponsored Retirement Security Plan (RS Plan), a defined benefit pension plan qualified under Section 401 and tax-exempt under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. It is considered a multi-employer plan under the accounting standards. The plan sponsor's Employee Identification Number is 53-0116145 and the Plan Number is 333.

A unique characteristic of a multi-employer plan compared to a single employer plan is that all plan assets are available to pay benefits of any plan participant. Separate asset accounts are not maintained for participating employers. This means that assets contributed by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers.

The plan assets of the former GREC plan were transferred to NRECA on January 7, 2014. In May 2014, Kenergy paid NRECA \$651,370 for the difference between plan assets and the benefit obligation that occurred between October 31, 2010 and January 1, 2014.

Kenergy contributions to the RS Plan in 2019 and 2018 represent less than 5 percent of the total contributions made to the RS Plan by all participating employers. Kenergy made contributions of \$2,191,777 in 2019 and \$1,955,939 in 2018, which equals the amount accrued for pension expense. There have been no significant changes that affect the comparability of 2019 and 2018 contributions.

For the RS Plan, a "zone status" determination is not required, and therefore not determined, under the Pension Protection Act (PPA) of 2006. In addition, the accumulated benefit obligations and plan assets are not determined or allocated separately by individual employer. In total, the RS Plan was over 80 percent funded on January 1, 2019 and over 80 percent funded on January 1, 2018 based on the PPA funding target and PPA actuarial value of assets on those dates.

Because the provisions of the PPA do not apply to the RS Plan, funding improvement plans and surcharges are not applicable. Future contribution requirements are determined each year as part of the actuarial valuation of the plan and may change as a result of plan experience.

At the December 2012 meeting of the I&FS Committee of the NRECA Board of Directors, the Committee approved an option to allow participating cooperatives in the RS Plan to make a contribution prepayment and reduce future required contributions. The prepayment amount is a cooperative's share, as of January 1, 2013, of future contributions required to fund the RS Plan's unfunded value of benefits earned to date using RS Plan actuarial valuation assumptions. After making the prepayment, for most cooperatives the billing rate is reduced by approximately 25%, retroactive to the January 1st of the year in which the amount is paid to the RS Plan. The 25% differential in billing rates is expected to continue for approximately 15 years from January 1, 2013. However, changes in interest rates, asset returns and other plan experience different from expected, plan assumption changes and other factors may have an impact on the differential in billing rates and the 15-year period. On April 30, 2013, Kenergy made a prepayment of \$1,394,196 into the program, which will be included in pension expense over ten years.

## **Retirement Savings Plan**

The Retirement Savings Plan is available to all eligible Kenergy employees. The plan allows participants to make contributions by salary reduction, pursuant to Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Kenergy will match the contributions of each participant, up to 3% of the participant's base compensation. Kenergy contributed \$0 and \$293,557 for 2019 and 2018, respectively. Participants vest immediately in their contributions and the contributions of Kenergy. Effective January 1, 2019, Kenergy ceased to match the participant's contributions.

#### NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED

#### Deferred Compensation Plan

The Kenergy Corp. 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan allows designated senior management personnel the opportunity to make salary deferral contributions into a retirement plan once they reach the IRS limit on voluntary contributions into their 401(k) plan.

### NOTE 9 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – FAIR VALUES

FASB ASC 820 "Fair Value Measurement," requires Kenergy to disclose estimated fair values of its financial instruments. Fair value estimates, methods, and assumptions are set forth below for Kenergy's financial instruments:

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other current assets, accounts payable, and other current liabilities approximate fair value because of the short-term maturity of those instruments. In management's opinion, the carrying value of long-term debt also approximates fair value.

Kenergy's financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash and trade accounts receivable. Kenergy had cash deposits in a financial institution in excess of the amount insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) at December 31, 2018. During 2019 Kenergy enrolled in an insured cash sweep program that moves cash deposits in excess of the FDIC limit to other banks so all of the cash enrolled in the program is FDIC insured. Kenergy routinely assesses the financial strength of its customers and, as a consequence, believes that its trade accounts receivable credit risk exposure is limited.

## NOTE 10 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In previous years, Big Rivers provided billing, safety training, and other services to its three distribution cooperative members for which it was not reimbursed, and Big Rivers reimbursed its members for economic development costs. In 2013, Big Rivers began reimbursing Kenergy for certain billing and IT services which were previously incurred by Big Rivers.

Services requested for reimbursement from Big Rivers during the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 totaled \$850,197 and \$858,527 respectively, of which \$73,960 and \$58,963, respectively, was included in accounts receivable. These amounts do not include the cost of computer programming, safety training and postage provided but not quantified.

#### NOTE 11 – INCOME TAX STATUS

Kenergy is exempt from federal and state income taxes under section 501(c)(12) of the Internal Revenue Code and, accordingly, the accompanying financial statements include no provision for such taxes. When applying the 85 percent test of IRC 501(c)(12), Kenergy excludes the Big Rivers Electric Corporation non-cash allocations from gross income.

ASC 740-10, *Income Taxes*, provides guidance for reporting uncertainty in income taxes. Kenergy has performed an evaluation of uncertain tax positions for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and determined that no material uncertain tax positions qualify for either recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

#### NOTE 12 - LIMITATIONS ON DISTRIBUTIONS

Without the prior written approval of RUS, Kenergy shall not in any calendar year make any Distributions (exclusive of any Distributions to the estates of decreased natural patrons) to its members, stockholders or consumers except as follows:

If, after giving effect to any such Distribution, the Equity of the Borrower shall be greater than or equal to 20% of its Total Assets and the aggregate of all Distributions made during that calendar year when added to such Distribution shall be less than or equal to 25% of the prior year's margins.

If, after giving effect to any such Distribution, the Equity of the Borrower shall be greater than 30% of its Total Assets, or;

Provided however, that in no event shall Kenergy make any Distributions if there is unpaid, when due, any installment of principal of (premium, if any) or interest on any of its payment obligations secured by the mortgage, if the borrower is otherwise in default hereunder or if, after giving effect to any such Distribution, the Borrower's current and accrued assets would be less than its current and accrued liabilities.

#### NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Kenergy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Kenergy carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss, including workers' compensation, general liability and property loss insurance. As is customary in the utility industry, Utility Plant is not insured with the exception of substations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in December 31, 2019 and 2018.

#### NOTE 14 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been considered and evaluated through March 10, 2020 the date these financial statements were available to be issued.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Kenergy Corp. Henderson, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Kenergy Corp., as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 10, 2020.

## Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Kenergy Corp.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Kenergy Corp.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Kenergy Corp.'s internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Kenergy Corp.'s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Alexander Thompson Arnold, PLLC

Alexander Thompson Arnold, PLLC Owensboro, Kentucky March 10, 2020



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH ASPECTS OF CONTRACTUAL AGREEMENTS AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRIC BORROWERS

To the Board of Directors Kenergy Corp. Henderson, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Kenergy Corp. which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of revenue and expense, changes in members' equity, and changes in cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 10, 2020.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 10, 2020, on our consideration of Kenergy Corp.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. No reports other than the reports referred to above have been furnished to management.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Kenergy Corp. failed to comply with the terms, covenants, provisions, or conditions of their loan, grant, and security instruments as set forth in 7 CFR Part 1773, *Policy on Audits of Rural Utilities Service Borrowers*, § 1773.33 and clarified in the RUS policy memorandum dated February 7, 2014, insofar as they relate to accounting matters as enumerated below. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of noncompliance.

Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding Kenergy Corp.'s noncompliance with the above-referenced terms, covenants, provisions, or conditions of the contractual agreements and regulatory requirements, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. In connection with our audit, we noted no matters regarding Kenergy Corp.'s accounting and records to indicate that Kenergy Corp. did not:

- Maintain adequate and effective accounting procedures;
- Utilize adequate and fair methods for accumulating and recording labor, material, and overhead costs, and distribution of these costs to construction, retirement, and maintenance or other expense accounts;
- Reconcile continuing property records to the controlling general ledger plant accounts;
- Clear construction accounts and accrue depreciation on completed construction;
- Record and properly price the retirement of the plant;
- Seek approval of the sale, lease or transfer of capital assets and disposition of proceeds for the sale or lease of plant, material, or scrap;
- Maintain adequate control over materials and supplies;

- Prepare accurate and timely Financial and Operating Reports;
- Obtain written RUS approval to enter into any contract for the management, operation, or maintenance of the borrower's system if the contract covers all or substantially all of the electric system;
- Disclose material related party transactions in the financial statements, in accordance with requirements for related parties in generally accepted accounting principles;
- Record depreciation in accordance with RUS requirements (See RUS Bulletin 183-1, Depreciation Rates and Procedures);
- Comply with the requirements for the detailed schedule of deferred debits and deferred credits; and;
- Comply with the requirements for the detailed schedule of investments.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, management, and the RUS and supplemental lenders and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Alexander Thompson Arnold PLLC

Alexander Thompson Arnold PLLC Owensboro, Kentucky March 10, 2020