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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Commissioners Christian County Water District Hopkinsville, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Christian County Water District as of and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Christian County Water District as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the results of its operations and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the pension and postemployment benefit schedules on pages 4-14 and 50-55 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Christian County Water District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 4, 2021, on our consideration of Christian County Water District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to solely describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Christian County Water District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants Hopkinsville, Kentucky

May 4, 2021



The management of Christian County Water District offers Management's Discussion and Analysis to provide an overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2020. To fully understand the entire scope of the District's financial activities, this information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements provided in this document.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position increased by \$321,036 or 3.27% from \$9,818,400 to \$10,139,436 when compared to the previous year.
- Operating revenues decreased by \$50,656 or (1.37%) from \$3,693,548 to \$3,642,892 when compared to the previous year.
- Operating expenses (excluding depreciation) increased by \$56,304 or 1.92% from \$2,926,667 to \$2,982,971 when compared to the previous year.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of two components: (1) basic financial statements and (2) notes to basic financial statements. The basic financial statements and notes to these statements reflect the accounts and activities of the District.

Required Financial Statements

The financial statements of the District report information utilizing the full accrual basis of accounting. This method of accounting recognizes revenues when earned instead of when received and recognizes expenses when incurred rather than when paid. The financial statements conform to accounting principles which are generally accepted in the United States of America.

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position includes information on the District's assets and deferred outflows and the District's liabilities and deferred inflows with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

While the Statement of Net Position provides information about the nature and amount of resources and obligations at year-end, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents the results of the District's operations over the course of the operating cycle. This statement can be used to determine whether the District has successfully recovered all of its actual costs including depreciation through user fees and other charges. All changes in net position are reported during the period in which the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the time of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as delayed collection of operating revenues and delayed payment of current year expenses.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows provides information on the District's cash receipts, cash payments and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing and financing activities. From the Statement of Cash Flows, the reader can obtain information on the source and use of cash and the change in the cash balance for the operating cycle.

Financial Analysis of the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Over the past year, total assets and deferred outflows of the District increased by \$229,798 while total liabilities and deferred inflows decreased by \$91,238. For the current period, the operating income of the District totaled \$70,652.

Condensed Statements of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position, shown in tabular format below, represents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows and the District's liabilities and deferred inflows with the difference between them reported as net position. The District's total net position increased in the current year by \$321,036 or 3.27%.

Our analysis that follows focuses on the District's net position (shown in Table 1) and the changes in components of net position (shown in Table 2) during the year.

Analysis of Net Position

To better understand the District's actual financial positions and its ability to deliver services in future periods, the reader will need to review the various components of the net position category and obtain an understanding of how each related specifically to the business activities that we perform. For example, \$7,173,846 or 70.75% of net position represents investment in plant assets which is the lifeblood to the provision of water services. Another portion of net position, \$3,236,872 or 31.92% represents funds set aside for payment of debt, refunding of customer deposits and capital purchases.

TABLE 1
Condensed Statements of Net Position

			Change in F to FY 20	
	2020	2019	Amount	Percent
ASSETS				
Current and other				
assets	\$ 5,168,947	\$ 4,666,243	\$ 502,704	10.77%
Capital assets, net	15,951,835	16,359,748	(407,913)	-2.49%
Total assets	21,120,782	21,025,991	94,791	0.45%
Deferred outflows				
of resources	566,433	431,426	135,007	31.29%
LIABILITIES				
Long-term debt Current and other	11,033,950	10,998,612	35,338	0.32%
liabilities	368,452	419,991	(51,539)	-12.27%
Total liabilities	11,402,402	11,418,603	(16,201)	-0.14%
Deferred inflows				
of resources	145,377	220,414	(75,037)	-34.04%
NET POSITION				
Net investment in				
capital assets	7,173,846	7,195,821	(21,975)	-0.31%
Restricted	3,236,872	3,081,452	155,420	5.04%
Unrestricted	(271,282)	(458,873)	187,591	-40.88%
Total net position	\$ 10,139,436	\$ 9,818,400	\$ 321,036	3.27%

TABLE 2 Components of Net Position

to FY 2020

			2020
2020	2019	Amount	Percent
\$ 7,173,846	\$ 7,195,821	\$ (21,975)	-0.31%
1,236,639	1,185,879	50,760	4.28%
2,000,233	1,895,573	104,660	5.52%
(271,282)	(458,873)	187,591_	40.88%
\$ 10,139,436	\$ 9,818,400	\$ 321,036	3.27%
	\$ 7,173,846 1,236,639 2,000,233 (271,282)	\$ 7,173,846 1,236,639 2,000,233 (271,282) \$ 7,195,821 1,185,879 1,895,573 (458,873)	\$ 7,173,846 \$ 7,195,821 \$ (21,975) 1,236,639 1,185,879 50,760 2,000,233 1,895,573 104,660 (271,282) (458,873) 187,591

For the year ended December 31, 2020, *Net Position Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt* decreased by \$21,975 or (0.31%) compared to the previous year. The amount of this category is calculated by taking the depreciated value of our capital assets and subtracting the associated bond debt. This decrease is primarily due to a decrease in debt of \$385,938, purchases and construction of property and equipment of \$181,356 and additions to accumulated depreciation of \$589,269.

In comparing the total amount to the prior year's balance of *Net Position Restricted for Debt Service*, there was an increase of \$50,760 or 4.28%. Net Position Restricted for Capital Projects increased \$104,660 or 5.52%.

Compared to the previous year's balance, there was an increase in *Unrestricted Net Position* of \$187,591 or 40.88%. Various factors were involved in this decrease, including management's desire to cushion against fluctuations where funding sources become limited.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

Analysis of Current Assets

The textbook definition of "current assets" is balance sheet items which equal the sum of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, inventory, marketable securities, prepaid expense and other assets that could be converted to cash in less than one year. Current assets are important to any financial analysis because it is from current assets that a business funds its ongoing, day-to-day operations. A comparison of the December 31, 2020 and 2019 balances by asset classification is shown in the table below.

TABLE 3
Comparison of Current Assets

	Char					Change in	ge in FY 2019		
						to FY	2020		
		2020		2019		Amount	Percent		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	983,388	\$	626,704	\$	356,684	56.91%	ó	
Accounts receivable and									
unbilled revenues		714,725		757,965		(43,240)	-5.70%	ó	
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(238,686)		(232,389)		(6,297)	2.71%	ó	
Inventory		205,172		211,101		(5,929)	-2.81%	ó	
Prepaid expenses		4,452		6,639		(2,187)	-32.94%	ó	
	\$ ^	1,669,051	\$	1,370,020	\$	299,031	21.83%	ó	

Analysis of Noncurrent Assets

Noncurrent assets represent assets that are not reasonably expected to be realized in cash or sold or consumed during the next fiscal year. When making the distinction between whether an asset should be considered current or noncurrent, liquidity or nearness to cash is not the proper basis for determining the classification. In making this determination, any encumbrances on the use of the asset must be considered. Thus, cash investments intended for liquidation or liabilities due beyond the one-year period are noncurrent assets, as would assets segregated or restricted for the liquidation of long-term debts (including amounts due within the next operating cycle). Assets designated to be used to acquire, construct or improve capital assets would also be noncurrent. In the following table, the Noncurrent Assets of the District at December 31, 2020 and 2019 are compared to major classification. As indicated by the tabular information below, total noncurrent assets increased by \$157,420 or 5.00% compared to the previous year.

TABLE 4
Comparison of Noncurrent Assets

Change in FY 2019

				to FY	2020
	2020	 2019	/	Amount	Percent
Cash - customers' deposits	\$ 69,337	\$ 67,337	\$	2,000	2.97%
Cash - bond and interest redemption	1,080,347	1,033,473		46,874	4.54%
Cash - depreciation reserve	1,082,360	1,034,396		47,964	4.64%
Cash - bond reserve	156,292	152,406		3,886	2.55%
Investments - depreciation reserve	917,873	861,177		56,696	6.58%
	\$ 3,306,209	\$ 3,148,789	\$	157,420	5.00%

Analysis of Liabilities

In financial accounting, the term "liability" is defined as an obligation of an entity arising from past transactions or events, the settlement of which may result in the transfer or use of assets, provision of services or other yielding of economic benefits in the future. To put it in more simplistic terms, this section analyzes the various claims that creditors have against the District's assets.

TABLE 5
Comparison of Current Liabilities from Unrestricted Net Position

			Change ir to FY	
Accounts mayable and account	2020	2019	Amount	Percent
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 179,635	\$ 186,149	\$ (6,514)	-3.50%
	\$ 179,635	\$ 186,149	\$ (6,514)	-3.50%

Current Liabilities Payable from Unrestricted Assets decreased by \$6,514 when compared to the previous year's balance.

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

As indicated in Table 6, the change in net position for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 was \$321,036.

TABLE 6
Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Change in FY 2019 to FY 2020 2020 2019 Amount Percent **REVENUES** 3.642.892 3.693.548 \$ -1.37% Operating revenues (50.656)Non-operating revenues 39,070 46,876 (7,806)-16.65% Total revenues 3,681,962 3,740,424 (58,462)-1.56% **EXPENSES** Depreciation expense 589,269 586,575 2,694 0.46% Operating expenses 2,982,971 2,926,667 56,304 1.92% Non-operating expenses 266,672 304,056 (37,384)-12.30% 3,817,298 0.57% Total expenses 3,838,912 21,614 Income (loss) before grants and capital contributions (156,950)(76,874)(80,076)104.17% Grants and capital contributions 162,909 193.41% 477,986 315,077 Changes in net position 321,036 86,035 235,001 -273.15% 0.88% Net position, beginning of year 9,818,400 9,732,365 86,035 Net position, end of year \$ 10,139,436 \$ 9,818,400 321,036 3.27%

Analysis of Revenue

For the 2020 fiscal year, the *Operating Revenues* of the system were \$3,642,892. This amount represented a decrease of \$50,656 or (1.37%) compared with the previous year's total. The decrease is due to the PSC and the Governor's order which forbid late penalties and terminations of service for non-payment due to COVID-19.

Included in Non-Operating Revenues is interest income of \$39,070.

Analysis of Expenses

The Total *Operating Expenses* for FY 2020 were \$3,572,240. The amount represents an increase of \$58,998 or 1.68% more than the prior fiscal year of \$3,513,242. The major categories of *Operating Expenses* are shown in the chart below.

TABLE 7
Comparison of Operating Expenses

Change in FY 2019 to FY 2020

	2020	2019	Amount	Percent
Water purchased	\$ 1,219,214	\$ 1,234,862	\$ (15,648)	-1.27%
Depreciation	589,269	586,575	2,694	0.46%
Salaries	643,563	618,301	25,262	4.09%
Maintenance and repairs	131,515	151,264	(19,749)	-13.06%
Insurance	196,086	196,158	(72)	-0.04%
Rental expense	1,085	726	359	49.45%
Electricity for pumping	84,400	92,272	(7,872)	-8.53%
Professional services	42,831	35,950	6,881	19.14%
Office supplies and expense	159,311	174,682	(15,371)	-8.80%
Operating materials and supplies	79,740	68,743	10,997	16.00%
Payroll taxes and fringe benefits	405,695	323,296	82,399	25.49%
Transportation expenses	19,531	30,413	(10,882)	-35.78%
	\$ 3,572,240	\$ 3,513,242	\$ 58,998	1.68%

As indicated by the comparative information presented above, water purchases decreased by \$123,526 or (9.20%) compared to the prior year. This decrease can be contributed to the completion of the line installation of the Phase VIII project. Increases in water cost for construction and restoration periods are to be expected.

Capital Assets

Christian County Water District's investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2020 was \$15,951,835 (net of accumulated depreciation), as shown in the following table.

TABLE 8 Capital Assets

	2020	2019
Capital assets not depreciated		
Land and land rights	\$ 118,491	\$ 118,491
Construction in progress	3,009,188	2,990,290
Total nondepreciable historical cost	3,127,679	3,108,781
Capital assets depreciated		
Structures and improvements	1,065,122	1,065,122
Supply mains	33,672	33,672
Pumping equipment	926,702	926,702
Treatment equipment	10,700	10,700
Reservoirs	3,033,988	3,033,988
Transmission mains	15,787,811	15,738,978
Services	247,664	247,664
Meters	1,405,630	1,354,215
Hydrants	822,439	822,439
Office equipment	150,950	149,959
Vehicles	373,235	318,527
Tools and miscellaneous	475,207	468,696
Total depreciable historical cost	24,333,120	24,170,662
Total capital assets	27,460,799	27,279,443
Less accumulated depreciation	(11,508,964)	(10,919,695)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 15,951,835	\$ 16,359,748
	+ .0,00.,000	Ţ 10,000,110

As of December 31, 2020, the District's capital assets totaled \$15,951,835 which is a decrease of \$407,913 over the net capital asset balance at December 31, 2019. Capital assets had additions of \$181,356 which are offset by accumulated depreciation of \$589,269.

Long-term Debt

As of December 31, 2020, the District had \$8,777,989 (net of premium and discounts) in outstanding debt compared to \$9,163,927 as of December 31, 2019. Long-term debt activity consisted of a new bond issuance of \$1,595,000 and a reduction of principal of \$2,020,500.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt is provided in Note 5 of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND RATES

Management and the District Commissioners review the District's water rates annually. The District experienced a rate increase in June 2017. This was due to a proposed water line replacement project Phase VIII. This project replaces approximately 38 miles of aging infrastructure. The funding sources for this project are Christian County Water District, USDA Rural Development and a Community Development Block Grant (CDBG). Construction began in June 2017 and substantial completion was reached prior to December 31, 2019. The remaining issue with this line replacement project involves finalizing some lawn restoration work. Once completed, this will allow this project to close.

The proposed rate increase was approved by the Kentucky Public Service Commission (PSC) June 14, 2017. This increase, increased the current flat rate of \$16.00 per meter per month to \$19.95 per meter per month. It also increased the consumption rate from \$6.49 per 1,000 gallons to \$6.54 per 1,000 gallons. Factors which affected this increase were the recommendations of USDA-Rural Development and a review by the PSC. Following this review and concurrence by these parties, the PSC established a rate which will be paid by the Christian County Water District rate payers. Management has retained the KY Rural Water Association to perform a rate study for submission to the KY Public Service Commission for its review.

It is the current opinion of management to look at replacing aging infrastructure as the District lowers its debt service, targeting a more controlled and stable debt service ratio. These infrastructure replacement reviews are aimed at lowering our day to day costs as well as extending the life of our utility's infrastructure. Our hopes are to continue to move our utility forward, by eliminating the need for costlier emergency repairs due to failure to observe, review and question infrastructure which has surpassed its useful life. Planned, budgeted and controlled replacement is the only real option for a utility which plans to be a viable utility going forward.

ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide the District's customers, investors and other interested parties with an overview of the District's financial operations and financial condition. Should the reader have questions regarding the information included in this report, or wish to request additional financial information, please contact the Christian County Water District's General Manager at 1940 Dawson Springs Road, Hopkinsville, KY 42240.



CHRISTIAN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 983,388	\$ 626,704
Accounts receivable and unbilled revenues	714,725	757,965
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(238,686)	(232,389)
Inventory	205,172	211,101
Prepaid expenses	4,452	6,639
Total current assets	1,669,051	1,370,020
Restricted assets		
Cash - customers' deposits	69,337	67,337
Cash - bond and interest redemption account	1,080,347	1,033,473
Cash - depreciation reserve account	1,082,360	1,034,396
Cash - bond reserve account	156,292	152,406
Investments - depreciation reserve	917,873	861,177
Total restricted assets	3,306,209	3,148,789
Capital assets not being depreciated		
Land and land rights	118,491	118,491
Construction in progress	3,009,188	2,990,290
Capital assets being depreciated		
Water supply and distribution system	12,824,156	13,250,967
Total capital assets	15,951,835	16,359,748
Other assets		
Deposits	115	115
Deferred charges		
Unamortized bond issuance costs	193,572	147,319
Total assets	21,120,782	21,025,991
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amounts from pension and other postemployment		
benefits	566,433	431,426

CHRISTIAN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION, continued DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	179,635	186,149
Total current liabilities	179,635	186,149
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets		
Customers' deposits	69,337	67,337
Interest payable	108,979	158,919
Notes payable - current	8,000	7,500
Long-term debt - current portion	414,000	412,000
Total payable from restricted assets	600,316	645,756
Noncurrent liabilities Long-term debt (net of unamortized discounts and		
premiums)	8,048,989	8,429,427
Notes payable	307,000	315,000
Net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities	2,255,961	1,834,685
Compensated absences	10,501	7,586
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,622,451	10,586,698
Total liabilities	11,402,402	11,418,603
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amounts from pension and other postemployment		
benefits	145,377	220,414
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	7,173,846	7,195,821
Restricted for debt service	1,236,639	1,185,879
Restricted for capital projects	2,000,233	1,895,573
Unrestricted	(271,282)	(458,873)
Total net position	\$ 10,139,436	\$ 9,818,400

CHRISTIAN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
OPERATING REVENUES		
Water sales	\$ 3,601,759	\$ 3,601,132
Other revenues	41,133	92,416
Total operating revenues	3,642,892	3,693,548
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Water purchased	1,219,214	1,234,862
Depreciation	589,269	586,575
Salaries	643,563	618,301
Maintenance and repairs	131,515	151,264
Insurance	196,086	196,158
Rental expense	1,085	726
Electricity for pumping	84,400	92,272
Professional services	42,831	35,953
Office supplies and expense	159,311	174,679
Operating materials and supplies	79,740	68,743
Payroll taxes and fringe benefits	405,695	323,296
Transportation expenses	19,531	30,413
Total operating expenses	3,572,240	3,513,242
Operating income	70,652	180,306
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest and dividend income	39,070	46,876
Interest expense	(255,997)	(317,342)
Amortization of bond issuance costs	(33,231)	(11,135)
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	22,556	24,421
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	(227,602)	(257,180)
Income (loss) before grants and capital contributions	(156,950)	(76,874)
Grants and capital contributions	477,986	162,909
Change in net position, carried forward	321,036	86,035

CHRISTIAN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION, continued FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

Change in net position, brought forward	2020 321,036		2019 86,035
Net position, beginning of year	 9,818,400		9,732,365
Net position, end of year	\$ 10,139,436	\$	9,818,400

CHRISTIAN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers and users Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees	\$ 3,692,457 (1,939,256) (827,994)	\$ 3,696,619 (2,176,467) (686,768)
Net cash provided by operating activities	925,207	833,384
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Proceeds from grants Purchases and construction of property and equipment Proceeds from issuance of debt Principal paid on debt Tap-on fees Contributed lines Customer deposits	405,389 (181,356) 1,568,032 (2,028,000) 68,218 4,379 2,000	77,783 (328,643) - (408,000) 72,178 12,948 3,297
Interest expense	(305,937)	(317,197)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(467,275)	(887,634)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest income (expense)	(524)	6,118
Net cash used by investing activities	(524)	6,118
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	457,408	(48,132)
Cash, beginning of year	2,914,316	2,962,448
Cash, end of year	3,371,724	2,914,316
Less restricted cash Cash - customer deposits Cash - bond and interest redemption Cash - depreciation reserve Cash - bond reserve	(69,337) (1,080,347) (1,082,360) (156,292)	(67,337) (1,033,473) (1,034,396) (152,406)
Total restricted cash	(2,388,336)	(2,287,612)
Cash and cash equivalents per statement of net position	\$ 983,388	\$ 626,704

CHRISTIAN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS, continued FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020		2019	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Operating income	\$	70,652	\$	180,306
Adjustment to reconcile revenue to net cash				
provided by operating activities				
Depreciation		589,269		586,575
(Increase) decrease in				
Accounts receivable and unbilled revenues		49,537		2,553
Inventory		5,929		(45,775)
Prepaid expenses		2,187		960
Increase (decrease) in				
Accounts payable		(6,514)		(40,211)
Compensated absences		2,915		-
Deferred pension and postemployment benefits amounts		211,232		148,976
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	925,207	\$	833,384



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The District was established to construct, operate and maintain water service facilities, and to supply water to customers in Christian County, Kentucky. The District purchases its water supply from nearby city and water utilities. All of the water purchased by the District has been filtered and treated. The District operates and maintains the distribution system that supplies its end users.

There were no potential component units of the District to be evaluated for inclusion in the financial statements in accordance with standards established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

The more significant accounting policies of the Christian County Water District are as follows:

Basis of Presentation and Accounting

The District's basic financial statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Proprietary Fund Type

The District is intended to be self-supporting through user charges. All of its revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, including fixed assets and long-term debt associated with the specific activity, are accounted for within its financial statements.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration.

Income Taxes

The District is exempt from federal and state income tax under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code as the District is an adjunct of the government of Christian County, Kentucky.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid debt instruments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Investment purchases and sales are recorded as of the trade date. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date. Other investment income is recognized when earned.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Investments, continued

Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is the amount reasonably expected to be received for an investment in a current sale between a willing buyer and a willing seller. Fixed income securities, real estate investment trusts (REIT's), derivatives and common and preferred stocks are valued based on published market prices and quotations from national security exchanges and securities pricing services. International stocks are then adjusted to reflect the current exchange rate of the underlying currency. Investments, for which no national exchanges or pricing services exist, such as private equity assets, are valued at fair value by the investment partnership based on the valuation methodology outlined in the partnership agreement. Real estate may be valued by the manager or independent appraisers. Commingled assets that are not traded on a national exchange are valued by the commingled manager. The District performs due diligence reviews of the investment pricing, process and infrastructure of private equity, commingled and real estate investments to assure that the asset values provided by the managers are available.

Net appreciation (depreciation) is determined by calculating the change in the fair value of investments between the beginning of the year and the end of the year, less purchases of investments at cost, plus sales of investments at fair value. Investment expenses consist of external expenses directly related to the District's investment operations, as well as the internal administrative expenses associated with the District's investment program.

Restricted Assets

The restricted cash and investments accounts represent sinking funds for bond principal and interest payments as well as funds set aside for customer deposits and depreciation reserves.

Accounts Receivable

The District grants credit to its customers, all of whom are residents or businesses located in Christian County, Kentucky. The District's policy is to move accounts deemed uncollectible to an allowance for doubtful accounts at the end of each calendar year.

<u>Inventory</u>

Materials and supplies inventory (which consists of pipe, meters, brass fittings and other supplies) is valued at weighted average cost utilizing the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at historical cost. Interest expense incurred during a construction period is capitalized. Depreciation rates based upon estimated useful lives have been applied on the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Structures, mains and accessories Equipment, office equipment, pumping equipment, hydrants and meters

33 - 50 years

5 - 20 years

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Capital Contributions

Capital contributions represent cash and capital asset additions contributed to the District by property owners, granting agencies or real estate developers desiring services that require capital expenditures or connection to the District's system.

Impairment of Capital Assets

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 42, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries, management evaluates prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment of a capital asset has occurred. A capital asset is generally considered impaired if both (a) the decline in service utility of the capital asset is large in magnitude and (b) the event or change in circumstance is outside the normal life cycle of the capital asset. No impairment losses were recognized in the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Deferred Charges

Costs related to revenue bond issues are capitalized as deferred charges and amortized over the life of the bond issue.

Prepaid Expenses

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2020 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase, and the expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Compensated Absences

Full-time permanent employees and part-time employees with six months' continuous service are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the District. A carryover of a maximum of eight vacation days is allowed. Sick leave accrues to full-time permanent employees to a specified maximum of 120 days. For employees with hire dates prior to January 1, 1987, accrued sick leave is paid in full to the 120-day maximum upon retirement or separation after twenty years of service. For employees with a hire date subsequent to January 1, 1987, upon retirement the employee may transfer accumulated sick leave up to 120 days to the employer for retirement credit only. The District shall purchase retirement service credit in an amount equal to the unused sick leave of said employee.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Customer Deposits

The District requires all new customers who do not have an existing account to pay a security deposit of \$50. This deposit is held on the account for a year, and then the account is reviewed for good standing. If the customer owns the property and the account is in good standing for a year, the security deposit is refunded with interest determined by the Kentucky Public Service Commission. If the customer is renting the property, when the customer moves out of the property, interest is added at the same rate as determined by the Kentucky Public Service Commission, and the security deposit is then applied to the outstanding balance on the account. If the security deposit is more than the amount owed on the account, the remainder is refunded to the customer.

Pensions and Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System ("CERS") and additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net positon includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category: The deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability described in Note 7 and the OPEB liability described in Note 8.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category: The deferred inflows of resources related to the net pension liability described in Note 7 and the OPEB liability described in Note 8.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net positions are classified in the following categories:

- <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of the assets.
- <u>Restricted Net Position</u> This amount is constricted by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> This amount is the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish between operating and nonoperating items. Operating revenues generally result from providing services, producing and delivering goods in connection with the District's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through May 4, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The carrying amounts of the District's deposits with financial institutions were \$3,370,724 and \$2,913,316, and the bank balances were \$3,371,884 and \$2,930,918 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS, continued

Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy regarding custodial credit risk.

2020

The District's deposits were fully collateralized for all months of the year ending December 31, 2020.

<u>2019</u>

The District's deposits were fully collateralized for all months of the year ending December 31, 2019.

For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. KRS 66.480 permits the District to invest in U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Agency obligations, certain federal instruments, repurchase agreements, commercial bank certificates of deposit, savings and loan deposits and the Commonwealth of Kentucky investment pool.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. For the purpose of implementing Governmental Accounting Standards Statement 9, the District has defined cash and cash equivalents as cash, certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements with an original maturity when purchased of three months or less.

The District's cash and investments (unrestricted and restricted) at year-end are presented below.

	2020	2019
Cash	\$ 3,370,724	\$ 2,913,316
Investments	917,873	861,177
Petty cash	1,000	1,000

Fair Value Measurement

The District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS, continued

	Fair Value Measurements Using			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
2020				
Mortgage-backed securities	\$ 804,458	\$ -	\$ -	
Money market funds	14,370	-	-	
Certificates of deposit	99,045			
Total investments	\$ 917,873	\$ -	\$ -	
2019				
Mortgage-backed securities	\$ 157,642	\$ -	\$ -	
Money market funds	607,425	-	-	
Certificates of deposit	96,110			
Total investments	\$ 861,177	\$ -	\$ -	

NOTE 3 – DISTRICT CAPITAL ASSET AND DEPRECIATION PROCEDURES

A summary of changes in major classifications of the District capital assets in service as of December 31, 2020 follows:

	Balance December 31,	Reclassifications/	Reclassifications/	Balance December 31,
	2019	Additions	Deletions	2020
Capital assets not depreciated				
Land and land rights	\$ 118,491	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 118,491
Construction work in progress	2,990,290	18,898		3,009,188
Total capital assets not depreciated	3,108,781	18,898		3,127,679
Capital assets depreciated				
Structures and improvements	1,065,122	-	-	1,065,122
Supply mains	33,672	-	-	33,672
Pumping equipment	926,702	-	-	926,702
Water treatment equipment	10,700	-	-	10,700
Distribution reservoirs	3,033,988	-	-	3,033,988
Transmission mains	15,738,978	48,833	-	15,787,811
Services	247,664	-	-	247,664
Meters	1,354,215	51,415	-	1,405,630
Hydrants	822,439	-	-	822,439
Office equipment	149,959	991	-	150,950
Vehicles	318,527	54,708	-	373,235
Tools and miscellaneous	468,696	6,511		475,207
Total capital assets depreciated	24,170,662	162,458	-	24,333,120
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(10,919,695)	(589,269)		(11,508,964)
Total capital assets depreciated, net	13,250,967	(426,811)		12,824,156
Total capital assets	\$ 16,359,748	\$ (407,913)	\$ -	\$ 15,951,835

NOTE 3 – DISTRICT CAPITAL ASSET AND DEPRECIATION PROCEDURES, continued

A summary of changes in major classifications of the District capital assets in service as of December 31, 2019 follows:

	Balance December 31, 2018	Reclassifications/ Additions	Reclassifications/ Deletions	Balance December 31, 2019	
Capital assets not depreciated					
Land and land rights	\$ 118,491	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 118,491	
Construction work in progress	2,940,667	49,623		2,990,290	
Total capital assets not depreciated	3,059,158	49,623		3,108,781	
Capital assets depreciated					
Structures and improvements	942,361	122,761	-	1,065,122	
Supply mains	33,672	-	-	33,672	
Pumping equipment	926,702	-	-	926,702	
Water treatment equipment	10,700	-	-	10,700	
Distribution reservoirs	3,033,988	-	-	3,033,988	
Transmission mains	15,690,847	48,131	-	15,738,978	
Services	247,664	-	-	247,664	
Meters	1,294,466	59,749	-	1,354,215	
Hydrants	822,439	-	-	822,439	
Office equipment	150,615	457	(1,113)	149,959	
Vehicles	286,123	47,922	(15,518)	318,527	
Tools and miscellaneous	483,753		(15,057)	468,696	
Total capital assets depreciated	23,923,330	279,020	(31,688)	24,170,662	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(10,364,808)	(586,575)	31,688	(10,919,695)	
Total capital assets depreciated, net	13,558,522	(307,555)		13,250,967	
Total capital assets	\$ 16,617,680	\$ (257,932)	\$ -	\$ 16,359,748	

NOTE 3 - DISTRICT CAPITAL ASSET AND DEPRECIATION PROCEDURES, continued

Construction in progress amounted to \$3,001,188 and \$2,990,290 at December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The December 31 balances are represented by the following:

	2020		2019
Road line extensions	\$ 3,001,188	\$	2,982,290
Future projects research	 8,000		8,000
			_
	\$ 3,009,188	\$	2,990,290

NOTE 4 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The December 31 balances are represented by the following:

	20202		2019	
Customer accounts receivable Unbilled revenues Accounts receivable	\$	180,402 253,577	\$	185,146 299,632
arrears		280,746		273,187
	\$	714,725	\$	757,965

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT

1. Revenue Bonds

The District has issued bonds pledging income derived from operations to pay debt service. Revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

	Interest	Ame	ount
Name/Purpose	Rate	2020	2019
Waterworks Revenue Bonds Series 2008 (expansion of lines and improvements), principal due in annual installments through January 1, 2047	4.38%	\$ -	\$ 1,637,500
Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation Public Projects Revenue Bonds Series 2012C, principal due in monthly installments through January 1, 2038	2.15% - 4.15%	2,285,000	2,385,000
Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation Public Projects Revenue Bonds Series 2013B, principal due in monthly installments through February 1, 2029	2.30%-3.30%	1,050,000	1,160,000
Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation Public Projects Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2016B (refinance original system bonds), principal due in monthly installments through January 1, 2030	2.25%-3.25%	1,685,000	1,830,000
Waterworks Revenue Bonds Series 2018 (Phase VIII line expansion), principal due in annual installments through July 1, 2056	2.75%	1,744,500	1,772,500
Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation Public Projects Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 (refinance Waterworks Revenue Bonds 2008), principal due in annual installments through July 1, 2048	2.25% - 5.25%	1,595,000	
annual installments through July 1, 2040	2.20/0 - 3.20/0	1,000,000	
		\$ 8,359,500	\$ 8,785,000

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT, continued

Revenue Bond debt service requirements to maturity, including \$2,943,166 of interest, are as follows:

Year Ending			
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 414,000	\$ 244,263	\$ 658,263
2022	445,000	241,989	686,989
2023	455,500	230,146	685,646
2024	481,500	217,832	699,332
2025	492,500	203,836	696,336
2026-2030	2,425,000	765,154	3,190,154
2031-2035	1,220,500	450,148	1,670,648
2036-2040	864,500	273,515	1,138,015
2041-2045	608,000	179,116	787,116
2046-2050	531,000	95,518	626,518
2051-2055	345,500	39,545	385,045
2056	76,500	2,104	78,604
Total	\$ 8,359,500	\$ 2,943,166	\$ 11,302,666

Bond covenants for the District require the maintenance of a Bond Sinking Fund. Monthly deposits are to be made to this fund for payment of interest and principal of outstanding bonds, a sum equal to one-sixth (1/6) of the next succeeding six-month interest payment to become due on the bonds, plus a sum equal to one-twelfth (1/12) of the principal of any bonds maturing on the next succeeding principal payment date. The District was in compliance with this requirement at December 31, 2020 and 2019.

On October 13, 2020, the District issued \$1,595,000 in KRWFC Public Projects Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2020G bonds with interest rates of 2.25% - 5.25%. The District issued the bonds to refund \$1,628,647 of outstanding Series 2008 with an interest rate of 4.38% with a call premium of \$52,990. The District contributed \$40,467 from debt service funds. The net proceeds of \$1,595,000 (after payment of \$57,905 in underwriting fees and issuance costs) were transferred to an escrow agent to payoff prior bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds were considered to be decreased, and the liability was removed from the financial statements. The refund reduced total debt service payments over the next 29 years by \$495,931 with a net present value saving of 20.74%. Payments of principal and interest are paid monthly with the last principal payment scheduled for July 1, 2048.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT, continued

Other Long-term Debt

A summary of other long-term debt as of December 31 follows:

	Rate	 2020	2019
USDA Rural Development advance, principal due in annual installments through			
2043, secured by utility revenues	4.375%	\$ 315,000	\$ 322,500
		\$ 315,000	\$ 322,500

Other long-term debt service requirements to maturity, including interest of \$192,749, are as follows:

Year Ending							
December 31	F	Principal		Interest		Total	
2021	\$	8,000	\$	13,781	\$	21,781	
2022		8,500		13,431		21,931	
2023		8,500		13,059		21,559	
2024		9,000		12,688		21,688	
2025		9,500		12,294		21,794	
2026-2030		55,000		55,572		110,572	
2031-2035		68,500		41,650		110,150	
2036-2040		86,000		25,222		111,222	
2041-2043		62,000		5,052		67,052	
Total	\$	315,000	\$	192,749	\$	507,749	

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT, continued

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2020 is listed as follows:

Dondo	Balance December 31,	Newleanes	Debt Payments and	Balance December 31,
Bonds	2019	New Issues	Refunds	2020
Series 2008	\$ 1,637,500	\$ -	\$ 1,637,500	\$ -
Series 2012C	2,385,000	-	100,000	2,285,000
Series 2013B	1,160,000	-	110,000	1,050,000
Series 2016B	1,830,000	-	145,000	1,685,000
Series 2018	1,772,500	-	28,000	1,744,500
Series 2020G	-	1,595,000	, -	1,595,000
	8,785,000	1,595,000	2,020,500	8,359,500
Other Long-term Debt				
Rural Development advance	322,500		7,500	315,000
Total debt	9,107,500	1,595,000	2,028,000	8,674,500
rotal dobt	0,101,000	1,000,000	2,020,000	0,011,000
Discounts/Premiums				
Unamortized premiums	56,427	52,516	5,454	103,489
	56,427	52,516	5,454	103,489
Total debt, net of unamortized				
discounts and premiums	\$ 9,163,927	\$ 1,647,516	\$ 2,033,454	\$ 8,777,989

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT, continued

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2019 is listed as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	December 31,		Debt Payments	December 31,
Bonds	2018	New Issues	and Refunds	2019
Series 2008	\$ 1,665,500	\$ -	\$ 28,000	\$ 1,637,500
Series 2012C	2,480,000	-	95,000	2,385,000
Series 2013B	1,265,000	-	105,000	1,160,000
Series 2016B	1,975,000	-	145,000	1,830,000
Series 2018	1,800,000	_	27,500	1,772,500
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	9,185,500		400,500	8,785,000
Other Long-term Debt				
Rural Development advance	330,000	-	7,500	322,500
Total debt	9,515,500	-	408,000	9,107,500
Discounts/Premiums				
Unamortized premiums	61,408	-	4,981	56,427
·				
	61,408	-	4,981	56,427
			·	<u> </u>
Total debt, net of unamortized				
discounts and premiums	\$ 9,576,908	\$ -	\$ 412,981	\$ 9,163,927
•				

NOTE 6 – DEFERRED CHARGES

Legal and financial advisory fees, printing costs and other expenses associated with the issuance of Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation Public Projects Revenue Bonds Series, 2012C, 2013B, 2016B and 2020G are being amortized on the straight-line method over the term of the bonds. Amortization expense charged to non-operating expense was \$33,231 and \$11,135 for the years ending December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The premiums associated with the Series 1993, Series 2012C, Series 2013B, Series 2016B and Series 2020G issues are being amortized on the straight-line method over the term of the bonds. Amortization of the premiums included in interest income was \$5,454 and \$4,981 for the years ending December 31, 2020 and 2019.

NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

The District participates in the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For the purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefits terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description – The Board contributes to the Non-Hazardous CERS plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all regular full-time members of each participating county, city and school board and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the plan. CERS is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System. CERSissues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided – CERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits to Plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Prior to July 1, 2009, Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs) were provided annually equal to the percentage increase in the annual average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the most recent calendar year, not to exceed 5.00% in any plan year. After July 1, 2009, the COLAs were limited to 1.50%. No COLA has been granted since July 1, 2011. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years' service or 65 years old At least 5 years' service and 55 years old At least 25 years' service and any age
	Required contributions	5.00%
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement	September 1, 2008 – December 31, 2013 At least 5 years' service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement Required contributions	At least 10 years' service and 60 years old 5.00% + 1.00% for insurance
Tier 3	Participation date Unreduced retirement	After December 31, 2013 At least 5 years' service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement Required contributions	Not available 5.00% + 1.00% for insurance

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, continued

Contributions – Employers participating in the CERS were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contributions and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the KRS Board of Trustees on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding the July 1 of a new biennium. The KRS Board of Trustees may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the KRS Board of Trustees. For the fiscal years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, participating employers contributed 19.30% and 19.30%, respectively, of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rates set by the KRS Board of Trustees for the fiscal years June 30, 2020 and 2019 were 19.30% and 16.22%, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows or Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability:

2020		2019		
\$	1,715,914	\$	1,480,667	

The net pension liability of the plan was measured as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using general accepted actuarial principles.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the District as determined by the actuary. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District's proportion was .022372% and .021053%, respectively.

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$286,901 and \$240,491, respectively, related to CERS.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, continued

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	2020		2019	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 42,789	\$ -	\$ 37,806	\$ 6,256
Change of assumptions	67,004	-	149,860	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and difference between	74,379	31,441	28,423	52,292
District contributions and proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent to the	67,887	6,439	26,988	29,294
measurement date	58,813		54,069	
Total	\$ 310,872	\$ 37,880	\$ 297,146	\$ 87,842

The amounts of \$58,813 and \$54,069 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2021	\$ 100,840
2022	71,436
2023	24,659
2024	17,244
2025	-
Total	\$ 214,179

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, continued

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability, net pension liability and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2019) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, using generally accepted actuarial principles. There have been no changes in plan provisions since June 30, 2019 which were used to determine the total pension liability as follows:

	Measurement Period			
	2020 2019			
Inflation	2.30%	2.30%		
Projected salary increases,				
average, including inflation	3.30% to 11.55%	3.30% to 11.55%		
Investment rate of return, net of				
plan investment expense,				
including inflation	6.25%	6.25%		
Payroll growth rate	2.00%	2.00%		

The mortality table used for active members was a Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Non-Hazardous System, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

Long-term expected rate of return – The long-term expected return on plan assets was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimated ranges of expected future real returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, continued

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetical real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following tables:

Measurement Period		Long-term
2020	Target	Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
US equity	18.75%	4.50%
International equity	18.75%	5.25%
Core bonds	13.50%	-0.25%
High yield	15.00%	3.90%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.25%
Real estate	5.00%	5.30%
Real return	15.00%	3.95%
Private equity	10.00%	6.65%
Cash	1.00%	-0.75%
Total	100.00%	
Total	100.0070	
Measurement Period		l ong-term
Measurement Period 2019	Target	Long-term Expected Real Rate
2019	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate
2019 Asset Class	Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
2019 Asset Class US equity		Expected Real Rate
2019 Asset Class	Allocation 18.75%	Expected Real Rate of Return 4.30%
Asset Class US equity International equity Core bonds	Allocation 18.75% 18.75%	Expected Real Rate of Return 4.30% 4.80%
Asset Class US equity International equity Core bonds High yield	Allocation 18.75% 18.75% 13.50%	Expected Real Rate of Return 4.30% 4.80% 1.35%
Asset Class US equity International equity Core bonds	Allocation 18.75% 18.75% 13.50% 15.00%	Expected Real Rate of Return 4.30% 4.80% 1.35% 2.60%
Asset Class US equity International equity Core bonds High yield Opportunistic	Allocation 18.75% 18.75% 13.50% 15.00% 3.00%	Expected Real Rate of Return 4.30% 4.80% 1.35% 2.60% 2.97%
Asset Class US equity International equity Core bonds High yield Opportunistic Real estate	Allocation 18.75% 18.75% 13.50% 15.00% 3.00% 5.00%	Expected Real Rate of Return 4.30% 4.80% 1.35% 2.60% 2.97% 4.85%
Asset Class US equity International equity Core bonds High yield Opportunistic Real estate Real return	Allocation 18.75% 18.75% 13.50% 15.00% 5.00% 15.00%	Expected Real Rate of Return 4.30% 4.80% 1.35% 2.60% 2.97% 4.85% 4.10%

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, continued

Discount rate – The discount rates used to measure the total pension liability for the measurement periods with years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were 6.25% and 6.25%, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018). The discount rate determinations do not use a municipal bond rate. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate — The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rates selected by the pension system, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

		Current	
2020	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
District's proportionate share	Ф. 0.440.005	Ф. 4.745.044	ф. 4.004.540
of net pension liability	\$ 2,116,095	\$ 1,715,914	\$ 1,384,549
		Current	
2019	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 1,851,894	\$ 1,480,667	\$ 1,171,252

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of CERS.

Payable to the Pension and OPEB Plan – At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District reported a payable of \$15,809 and \$12,902, respectively for the outstanding amount contributions required for the years then ended. These amounts represent the employee withholding and employer match for the last month of the years then ended. The payable includes both pension and insurance (OPEB) contributions.

NOTE 8 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

General Information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous OPEB Plan

Plan description – County Employees Retirement System consists of two plans, Non-Hazardous and Hazardous. Each plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS) under the provision of Kentucky Revised Statute 61.645. The plan covers all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous and hazardous duty positions of each participating county, city and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate. The District participates in the Non-Hazardous plan. The CERS Insurance Fund is included in a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided – The KRS' Insurance Fund was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from CERS. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. KRS submits the premium payments to DEI. The Board contracts with Humana to provide healthcare benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance.

Contributions – Employers participating in the CERS Insurance Fund contribute a percentage of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rates set by the KRS board is a percentage of each employee's creditable compensation. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, required contributions were 4.76% and 4.76%, respectively, of each employee's covered payroll. Contributions from the District to the CERS Insurance Fund for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 were \$28,442 and 27,540, respectively. The KRS board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the KRS board. Employees qualifying as Tier 2 and Tier 3 of the CERS plan members contribute 1.00% of creditable compensation to an account created for the payment of health insurance benefits.

Implicit subsidy – The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing healthcare benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing healthcare benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non- Medicare eligible retirees. This implicit subsidy is included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 8 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District reported a liability of \$540,047 and \$354,018 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year end, June 30, 2020, using generally accepted actuarial principles. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District's proportion for the non-hazardous system was 0.022365% and 0.021048%, respectively.

For the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$79,358 and \$40,655, respectively. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	20	20	2019			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 90,230	\$ 90,301	\$ 2,332	\$ 106,815		
Changes of assumptions	93,936	571	104,757	701		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	28,970	11,020	-	18,056		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share						
of contributions	27,920	5,605	13,856	7,000		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	14,505		13,335			
Total	\$ 255,561	\$ 107,497	\$ 134,280	\$ 132,572		

The amounts of \$14,505 and \$13,335 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the years ending December 31, 2021 and 2020.

NOTE 8 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years Ending	
Dec 31	
2021	\$ 35,820
2022	41,133
2023	30,944
2024	27,295
2025	(1,633)
Total	\$ 133,559

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2018

Payroll Growth Rate 2.00%

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 11.55%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

Healthcare Cost Trend

Rates (Pre-65)

Initial trend starting at 7.00% and gradually decreasing to an

ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 12 years.

Healthcare Cost Trend

Rates (Post-65)

Initial trend starting at 5.00% and gradually decreasing to an

ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 10 years.

Phase-in Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate

in accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018.

The Mortality for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (male mortality rates are multiplied by 50.00% and female mortality rates are multiplied by 30.00%). The mortality table for healthy retired members and beneficiaries is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (female mortality rates are set back on year). The mortality table for disabled members is the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (male mortality rates are set back four years) is used for the period after disability retirement.

NOTE 8 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

Long-term expected rate of return – The long-term expected return on plan assets was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimated ranges of expected future real returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following tables:

Measurement Period
0000

2020		
Asset Class	Allocation	Expected
US equity	18.75%	4.50%
International equity	18.75%	5.25%
Core bonds	13.50%	-0.25%
High yield	15.00%	3.90%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.25%
Real estate	5.00%	5.30%
Real return	15.00%	3.95%
Private equity	10.00%	6.65%
Cash	1.00%	-0.75%
Total	100.00%	

Measurement Period 2019

2010		
Asset Class	Allocation	Expected
US equity	18.75%	4.30%
International equity	18.75%	4.80%
Core bonds	13.50%	1.35%
High yield	15.00%	2.60%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.97%
Real estate	5.00%	4.85%
Real return	15.00%	4.10%
Private equity	10.00%	6.65%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Total	100.00%	

NOTE 8 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

Discount rate – The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liability for the years ended December 30, 2020 and 2019 were 5.34% and 5.68% for non-hazardous and 5.30% and 5.69% for hazardous, respectively, assuming that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 25 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The single discount rates were based on the expected rates of return on the OPEB plan investments for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 of 6.25% and 6.25% and municipal bond rates of 2.45% and 3.13%, respectively, as reported in the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2020. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

Sensitivity of the Districts' proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.34% for non-hazardous and 4.30% for hazardous) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.34% for non-hazardous and 6.30% for hazardous) than the current rate:

2020	1% Decrease 4.34%		Curr	ent Discount Rate 5.34%	1% Increase 6.34%		
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	693,802	\$	540,047	\$	413,763	
2019		4.68%		5.68%		6.68%	
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	474,238	\$	354,018	\$	254,964	

NOTE 8 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

2020	1%	Decrease	Heal	Current thcare Cost end Rate	1%	1% Increase		
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	418,131	\$	540,047	\$	687,994		
2019 District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	263,285	\$	354,018	\$	464,042		

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Kentucky Retirement Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on the KRS website at www.kyret.ky.gov.

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District carries commercial insurance for these types of risk of loss, including workers' compensation. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 – GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS

Grants and contributions for the year ending December 31 were as follows:

	2020	2019
Federal grants	\$ 405,389	\$ 77,783
Tap-on fees	68,218	72,178
Contributed lines	4,379	12,948
	\$ 477,986	\$ 162,909

NOTE 11 – ADOPTION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities (GASB 84), improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how these activities should be reported. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for all state and local governments. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. GASB 84 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District has no fiduciary activities that meet the definitions of GASB No. 84.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost before the End of a Construction Period (GASB 89), the objectives of this Statement are 1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This statement establishes the criteria for accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB 89 will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District has determined there is no material financial impact of the implementation of GASB No. 89.

Recent Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87), increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition in the statements of certain leased assets and related liabilities that previously were classified as operating leases which recognized inflows or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financing arrangements for the right to use an underlying asset. GASB 87 will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. GASB No. 87 will only change the title of "capital leases" to "financed purchases" in the District's financial reporting.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. This standard will require similar recognition of the right-to-use a subscription to intangible assets and the corresponding subscription liability that is provided for long-term leases in GASB No. 87. The District will review its current IT subscription services to evaluate the impact of this standard, but since the recognized value for the intangible assets is generally the same as the corresponding subscription liability, there will be minimal financial impact for the District.

During fiscal year 2019, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, issued March 2018. Adoption of this statement did not have a significant impact on the Districts financial position or results of operations.

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

COVID-19 Pandemic

The District is assessing the effects of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, caused by a novel strain of coronavirus, on the District and its business and operations.

The degree of impact of the District's finances and operations is difficult to predict due to the evolving nature of the COVID-19 pandemic. The ultimate duration and severity of the pandemic, the ramifications of future actions that may be taken or required by governmental authorities to contain and respond to the pandemic, and the severity of an associated economic recession and extent to which a recovery may be prolonged, are not yet known. In light of the uncertainties surrounding COVID-19 pandemic and its impacts, management is unable to reasonably quantify the future finances of the District at this time.



CHRISTIAN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM DECEMBER 31, 2020

As of December 31	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's portion of net pension liability	0.022372%	0.021053%	0.021400%	0.020083%	0.023170%	0.021780%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 1,715,914	\$ 1,480,667	\$ 1,303,325	\$ 1,175,520	\$ 1,140,829	\$ 954,925
State's proportionate share of net pension liability associated with the Utility			<u> </u>			
Total	\$ 1,715,914	\$ 1,480,667	\$ 1,303,325	\$ 1,175,520	\$ 1,140,829	\$ 954,925
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 550,196	\$ 514,861	\$ 564,185	\$ 578,024	\$ 525,804	\$ 529,804
District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	311.87%	287.59%	231.01%	203.37%	216.97%	180.24%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	47.81%	50.45%	53.54%	53.30%	55.50%	59.97%

Note: Information prior to 2015 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is six months prior to the year end.

See accompanying notes to the required to supplementary information.

CHRISTIAN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM DECEMBER 31, 2020

For the year ended December 31	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 115,322	\$ 97,870	\$ 79,044	\$ 94,130	\$ 91,983	\$ 91,179
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	115,322	97,870	79,044	94,130	91,983	91,179
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 597,525	\$ 550,196	\$ 514,861	\$ 564,185	\$ 578,024	\$ 525,804
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll January to June rates July to December rates	19.30% 19.30%	16.22% 19.30%	14.48% 16.22%	13.95% 14.48%	12.42% 13.95%	12.75% 12.42%

Note: Information prior to 2015 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years.

CHRISTIAN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2020

Changes in assumptions and benefit terms

<u>2019</u>

Since the prior measurement date, the demographic and economic assumptions that affect the measurement of the total pension liability have been updated as follows:

- The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.50 to 6.25%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.30%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 3.05% to 2.00%.

<u>2020</u>

There were no changes to assumptions or benefit changes.

CHRISTIAN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM DECEMBER 31, 2020

As of December 31	2020	2019	2018		
District's proportion of the OPEB liability (asset)	0.022365%	0.021048%	0.021400%		
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 540,047	\$ 354,018	\$ 379,953		
District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 550,196	\$ 514,861	\$ 564,185		
District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	101.88%	145.43%	148.49%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%		

Note: Information prior to 2018 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is six months prior to year end.

See accompanying notes to the required to supplementary information.

CHRISTIAN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM DECEMBER 31, 2020

For the year ended December 31	2020		2019	2018		
Contractually required OPEB contribution	\$	28,442	\$ 27,540	\$	25,644	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	28,442	\$ 27,540	\$	25,644	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	597,525	\$ 550,196	\$	514,861	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll						
January to June rates		4.76%	5.26%		4.70%	
July to December rates		4.76%	4.76%		5.26%	

Note: Information prior to 2018 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying notes to the required to supplementary information.

CHRISTIAN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – OPEB DECEMBER 31, 2020 and DECEMBER 31, 2019

Changes in assumptions and benefit terms

2019

Since the prior measurement date, the demographic and economic assumptions that affect the measurement of the total OPEB liability have been updated as follows:

- The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.50% to 6.25%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.30%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 3.05% to 2.00%.

2020

There were no changes to assumptions or benefit changes.



CHRISTIAN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Loans	Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Water and Water Disposal Systems for Rural Communities Cluster:				
Loans outstanding as of January 1, 2020	10.760	\$ 3,732,500	\$ 3,732,500	
Loans issued during the year	10.760			
Water and Waste Disposal System Grant	10.760		405,389	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				4,137,889
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 3,732,500		\$ 4,137,889

CHRISTIAN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Christian County Water District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2020. The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B - LOANS

The District was awarded a loan from the United States Department of Agriculture in the amount of \$1,800,000. The repayment schedule for this loan is located in the Notes to the Financial Statements under Note 5. The balance of the loan at December 31, 2020 was \$1,744,500.

The District was awarded a loan from Waterworks Revenue Bonds Series 2008 in the amount of \$1,850,000. The repayment schedule for this loan is located in the Notes to the Financial Statements under Note 5. The balance of the loan at December 31, 2020 was \$0.

The District was awarded a loan from United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development in the amount of \$400,000. The repayment schedule for this loan is located in the Notes to the Financial Statements under Note 5. The balance of the loan at December 31, 2020 was \$315,000.

NOTE C - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS

There were no subrecipients during the fiscal year.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Commissioners Christian County Water District Hopkinsville, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Christian County Water District as of and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Christian County Water District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 4, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Christian County Water District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Christian County Water District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Christian County Water District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be a significant deficiency (2020-001).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Christian County Water District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Christian County Water District's Response to Finding

Christian County Water District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Christian County Water District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants Hopkinsville, Kentucky

May 4, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Commissioners
Christian County Water District
Hopkinsville, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Christian County Water District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Christian County Water District's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020. Christian County Water District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Christian County Water District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Christian County Water District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Christian County Water District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Christian County Water District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Christian County Water District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Christian County Water District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Christian County Water District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants Hopkinsville, Kentucky

May 4, 2021

CHRISTIAN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	_X_yes	none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	<u>X</u> _no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X_none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)	yes	<u>X</u> _no
Identification of major federal programs:		
Program Title		CFDA Number
Water and Waste Disposal System Grant		10.760
Dollar threshold to distinguish Between type A and type B programs: \$750,000		
Auditee qualified as a low risk auditee?		no

CHRISTIAN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

2020-001 Financial Reporting

Condition: There was inadequate design of internal controls over the preparation of the financial statements of the District.

Criteria: Statement on Auditing Standards (SAS 115) states that a control deficiency exists when an entity does not have controls in place which would prevent or detect a misstatement in the financial statements.

Cause: Available funds do not allow for such staffing.

Effect: There was an increased risk that controls in place might not prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements in the financial statements.

Recommendation: The District should designate an individual who possesses suitable skill, knowledge and/or experience to review the financial statements, including footnote disclosures and take responsibility for these financial statements

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: Management outsourced the preparation of their financial statements and the related notes to Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC. Management maintained responsibility for the financial statements and related notes and for the establishment of controls over the financial reporting process and acknowledged that outsourcing preparation of the financial statements and related notes does not relieve management of the responsibility for the financial statements. Management provided oversight for the financial statement preparation service by designating an individual within senior management who possesses suitable technical skill, knowledge and experience sufficient to (a) understand the financial statement preparation service enough to be able to provide general direction for the service; (b) understand the key issues the auditors identify; (c) make any required management decisions; and (d) evaluate the adequacy of, and accept responsibility for, the results of the auditors' work.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None reported

CHRISTIAN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

2019-001 Financial Reporting

Condition: There was inadequate design of internal controls over the preparation of the financial statements of the District.

Recommendation: The District should designate an individual who possesses suitable skill, knowledge and/or experience to review the financial statements, including footnote disclosures and take responsibility for these financial statements.

Current Status: The finding was repeated for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2020.