BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT

FINANCIAL AUDIT
December 31, 2024



BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT PO BOX 308 CADIZ, KY 42211

FINANCIAL AUDIT

DECEMBER 31, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion & Analysis	4
Financial Statements	
- Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund - Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund - Statement of Cash Flows	9 10 11
Notes to Financial Statements	13 - 35
Required Supplementary Information	
 Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Schedule of Required Contributions - Pension Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability Schedule of Required Contributions - Other Post-Employment Benefits 	37 38 39 40
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	41
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	42

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Barkley Lake Water District PO Box 308 Cadiz, Kentucky 42211

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Barkley Lake Water District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of Barkley Lake Water District as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Barkley Lake Water District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, Barkley Lake Water District implemented new Governmental Accounting Standards for the year ended December 31, 2024. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

To the Board of Commissioners August 12, 2025 Page 2 of 3

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Barkley Lake Water District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Barkley Lake Water District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubts shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
 the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Barkley Lake Water District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Barkley Lake Water District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

To the Board of Commissioners August 12, 2025 Page 3 of 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion & Analysis, Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Required Contributions - Pension, Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Other Post-Employment Benefits, Schedule of Required Contributions - Other Post-Employment Benefits, and Notes to the Required Supplementary Information on pages 37 through 41, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 12, 2025, on our consideration of Barkley Lake Water District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Barkley Lake Water District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hopkinsville, Kentucky August 12, 2025

Colhoun & Company

BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2024

The Barkley Lake Water District ("District") offers Management's Discussion and Analysis to provide an overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2024. To fully understand the entire scope of the District's financial activities, this information should be read in conjunction with the financial statement provided in this document.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of December 31, 2024, by \$6,209,880 (Net Position).
- The District's total net position increased by \$572,124 during the year compared to a \$190,521 increase in the prior year.
- The District's operating revenues increased by \$27,762 over the prior year from \$3,327,069 to \$3,354,831.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Barkley Lake Water District's basic financial statements include a statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, statement of cash flows, and notes to the financial statements.

The District's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Statement of net position. The statement of net position presents the financial position of the District. It presents information on the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. The statement of net position can be found on page 9 of this report.

Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, not when they are received. Expenses are recognized when incurred, not when they are paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position is on page 10 of this report.

Statement of cash flows. The statement of cash flows presents information on the effects changes in assets and liabilities have on cash during the course of the fiscal year and can be found on page 11-12 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the District's financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 13-35 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information. In addition to basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information which can be found on pages 37-41.

OVERVIEW OF THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$6,209,880 as of December 31, 2024.

The District's overall financial position and operations for the past two years are summarized as follows:

	2024	2023
Assets		
Current Assets	\$ 4,297,194	\$ 4,450,610
Capital Assets	13,449,543	13,028,549
Noncurrent Assets	43,507	32,873
Total Assets	17,790,244	17,512,032
Deferred Outflows of Resources	308,395	277,051
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	233,915	468,463
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	388,500	366,000
Long-term Liabilities	10,247,390	10,068,777
Total Liabilities	10,869,805	10,903,240
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,018,954	1,248,087
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,498,211	4,140,286
Restricted	2,168,742	2,555,857
Unrestricted	(457,073)	(1,058,387)
Total Net Position	\$ 6,209,880	\$ 5,637,756

The District's investments in capital assets (e.g., land and construction in progress, buildings, plants and facilities, machinery and equipment, system studies and mapping and infrastructure), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding is \$4,498,211. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets are reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the District's net position \$2,168,742 represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. These resources are to be used for debt restrictions and customer deposits.

The District's unrestricted net assets as of December 31, 2024, is a deficit of \$457,073.

Analysis of the District's Operations – Overall the District had an increase in net position of \$572,124.

The following table provides a summary of the District's operations for the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

	2024	2023
Revenues		
Operating Revenues	\$ 3,354,831	\$ 3,327,069
Investment Income	49,151	31,674
Federal Interest Subsidy	17,753	5,953
Bond Issuance Costs	(900)	(450)
Tap on Fees	72,750	95,160
Total Revenues	3,493,585	3,459,406
Expenses		
Salaries, Wages and Benefits	1,055,557	978,426
Purchased Power	176,019	176,168
Chemicals	196,927	179,717
Materials and Supplies	290,522	829,461
Contract Services	101,480	113,652
Transportation Expense	44,077	40,721
Insurance	51,220	57,257
Miscellaneous	27,552	25,816
Bad Debt Expense	12,094	4,749
Taxes	69,965	60,093
Interest Expense	231,333	260,046
Depreciation and Amortization	664,715	664,142
- ·r	2,921,461	3,390,248
Change in Net Position	572,124	69,158
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated	5,637,756	5,568,598
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 6,209,880	\$ 5,637,756

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The District's investment in capital assets for business-type activities as of December 31, 2024, amounts to \$13,449,543 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, plants and facilities, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure.

	Bala January		Additions (Eliminations)		Balance December 31, 2024	
Nondepreciable Assets	January	1, 2021				<u> </u>
•	\$	27,522	\$		\$	127,522
Land		-	Ψ	989,477	Ψ	1,169,285
Construction in Progress	_	79,808		707,477	-	1,107,203
Total Nondepreciable Assets		307,330	vi——	989,477		1,296,807
Depreciable Assets						
Buildings	10,5	509,134		277		10,509,134
Pumping Equipment	,	760,154		-		760,154
Transmission Lines	13,0	061,223		53,970		13,115,193
Meters	1,4	199,603		-		1,499,603
Plant Equipment	•	171,165		: - :		471,165
Office Equipment		98,962				98,962
Vehicles	·	347,774		42,263		390,037
Total Depreciable Assets	26,	748,015		96,233		26,844,248
Accumulated Depreciation	(14,	026,797)		(664,715)	e <u></u>	(14,691,512)
Net Depreciable Assets	12,	721,218		(568,482)		12,152,736
Net Capital Assets	\$ 13,	028,548	\$	420,995	\$	13,449,543

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the District placed in service assets totaling \$96,233. These assets included a new vehicle and completed line project. The District has construction in progress of \$1,169,285 as of December 31, 2024. The projects in progress includes new meters and transmission lines.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 8 of this report.

Long-term and other debt

At the end of the current year, the Barkley Lake Water District had total debt of \$8,585,897. Long-term debt at December 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2024		Additions (Payments)			Current Maturities	
Bond Series 2005 Bond Series 2008C Bond Series 2010A Bond Series 2010B Bond Series 2012E Bond Series 2014	\$	1,497,000 790,000 729,000 4,645,000 812,390 35,100	\$ (35,500) (65,000) (15,000) (235,000) (14,500) (1,000)	\$	1,461,500 725,000 714,000 4,410,000 797,890 34,100	\$	37,000 70,000 15,500 250,000 15,000 1,000
Compensated Absences Notes from Direct Borrowings Customer Deposits Net Pension Liability	\$	8,508,490 167,771 376,491 1,503,388 10,556,140	(366,000) 14,323 443,407 5,780 (18,210) \$ 79,300	\$	8,142,490 182,094 443,407 382,271 1,485,178 10,635,440	\$	388,500

The District has a new debt agreement with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority to help fund the new meter project. The total amount of the debt will be \$500,000. As of December 31, 2024, \$443,407 has been received.

Interest expense of \$231,233 was incurred during the year ended December 31, 2024.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Notes 10 of this report.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designated to provide a general overview of the Barkley Lake Water District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions or requests for additional information may be addressed to Scott Bridges, Chairman, Barkley Lake Water District, 1420 Canton Road, Cadiz, Kentucky 42211.

BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2024

Assets

Cu	rren	1	A	99	ets

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$ 796,086
Accounts Receivable	479,417
Other Receivables	1,061
Inventory	427,110
Prepaid Expenses	42,057
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	2,551,463
Cush and Cush Equivalents 13000000	·
Total Current Assets	4,297,194
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital Assets	
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	12,152,736
Non-depreciable Capital Assets	1,296,807
Non-depreciable Capital Missels	
Total Capital Assets	13,449,543
Other Assets	
Utility Deposit	525
Net Other Post -Employment Benefits Asset	42,982
Total Other Assets	43,507
Total Noncurrent Assets	13,493,050
10001100100110110	
Total Assets	17,790,244
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	211,263
Deferred Outflows - Other-Post Employment Benefits	94,693
Deferred Loss on Refunding Bonds	2,439
Deterred 2000 on Returning Donas	710.7
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	308,395

Liabilities

Current Liabilities

N 11	11 660
Accounts Payable	41,668 58,869
Payroll Liabilities	30,009
Accrued Expenses:	31,100
Overpayment on Accounts Receivable	11,120
Taxes	91,158
Interest	•
Current Maturities of Long-Term Debt	388,500
Total Current Liabilities	622,415
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Compensated Absence	182,094
Customers' Deposits	382,721
SRF Loan	443,407
Bonds Payable	7,753,990
Net Pension Liability	1,485,178
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	10,247,390
Total Liabilities	10,869,805
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	202,886
Deferred Inflows - Other Post-Employment Benefits	448,194
Deferred Gain on Refunding Bonds	367,874
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,018,954
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,498,211
Restricted Net Position	2,168,742
Unrestricted Net Position	(457,073)
Total Net Position	\$ 6,209,880

BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Operating Revenues

Charges for Services Miscellaneous Revenue	\$ 3,315,641 39,190
Total Operating Revenues	3,354,831
Operating Expenses	
Salaries, Wages and Benefits	1,055,557
Purchased Power	176,019
Chemicals	196,927
Materials and Supplies	290,522
Contract Services	101,480
Transportation Expense	44,077
Insurance	51,220
Miscellaneous	27,552
Bad Debt Expense	12,094
Taxes	69,965
Depreciation and Amortization	664,715
Total Operating Expenses	2,690,128
Operating Income (Loss)	664,703
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest Revenue	49,151
Federal Interest Subsidy	17,753
Bond Issuance Costs	(900)
Interest Expense	(231,333)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(165,329)
Net Income Before Capital Contributions	499,374
Capital Contributions	
Tap-on Fees	72,750
Total Capital Contributions	72,750
Change in Net Position	572,124
Net Position, Beginning of Year, Restated	5,637,756
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 6,209,880
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BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Receipts from Customers	\$3,344,542
Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(1,099,472)
Paid to Employees for Services	(1,301,063)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	944,007
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Acquisition and Construction of Property, Plant and Equipment	(1,085,709)
Proceeds from Federal Interest Subsidy	17,753
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt	(366,000)
Proceeds from Issuance of Long-Term Debt	443,407
Bond Issuance Costs	(900)
Contributed Capital	72,750
Interest Paid on Debt	(253,318)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	_(1,172,017)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest Income	49,151
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	49,151
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	(178,859)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	3,526,408
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$3,347,549

BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Reconciliation of Operating Activities to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Operating Income (Loss)	\$	664,703
Adjustments - Operating Activities		
Depreciation and Amortization		664,715
Pension Contributions		(274,893)
(Increase) Decrease in		
Accounts Receivable		(21,081)
Other Receivable		4,362
Inventory		16,761
Prepaid Insurance		(25,575)
Increase (Decrease) in		
Accounts Payable		(125,164)
Overpayment on Accounts Payable		3,737
Accrued Taxes		825
Payroll Liabilities		15,064
Compensated Absence		14,323
Customer Deposits Payable	-	6,230
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	944,007

There were no non-cash investing, capital, or financing transactions in the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Activity

The Barkley Lake Water District is a county water district supported by funds derived from the sale of water and is operated by a District Board. The District is authorized under Kentucky Revised Statutes and constitutes a governmental subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The District is located in Cadiz, Kentucky and primarily serves the Trigg County, Kentucky area.

b. Principles Determining Scope of Reporting Entity

The District's financial report includes only the funds of the District. The District has no oversight responsibility for any other governmental entity and is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncement. The District's Board members are appointed by the County Judge Executive, a publicly elected official, and they have decision making authority, the authority to set rates, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

c. Basis of Accounting

The District is presented as an enterprise fund. The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Grants and similar items are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The District follows all pronouncements of the Government Accounting Standards Board and has elected to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989 which do not conflict with GASB pronouncements.

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are charges to customers for water services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

d. Revenue Recognition

Operating revenues are recognized in the period that water is supplied to participants and others. All other revenues are reflected in non-operating income when earned.

e. Taxes on Income

The Barkley Lake Water District is exempt from paying income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

f. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The estimated revenues from unbilled receivables at year-end are reflected in these financial statements.

g. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of twelve months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Unrestricted and restricted cash are reflected in total cash and cash equivalents.

h. Accounts Receivable

The direct write-off method was used for recording uncollectible accounts. No allowance for uncollectible accounts was deemed necessary. The District grants credit to customers, substantially all of who are residents of Trigg County. The balance of accounts receivable at December 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$479,417, and \$458,336, respectively.

i. Inventory

Inventories consist of materials and supplies and are stated at cost which is determined by the first-in, first-out method. Inventory at December 31, 2024 totaled \$427,110.

j. Right to Use Assets

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 87 related to right to use lease assets. The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

k. Capital Assets

The utility plant is carried at cost. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$7,500. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is recognized in net operating income during that period. The cost of maintenance and repairs is charged to expense as incurred; significant betterments are capitalized. Contributions from customers for the purpose of purchasing service connections to the utility plant are recorded as contributions when they are received. Depreciation on contributed assets is recorded as an expense in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position – proprietary fund.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

k. Capital Assets, Continued

Capital assets are depreciated over the following useful lives:

Buildings	10 - 50 Years	Pumping Equipment	5 - 10 Years
Transmission Lines	5 - 50 Years	Meters	5 - 10 Years
Plant Equipment	5 - 10 Years	Office Equipment	5 - 10 Years
Vehicles	5 Years		

1. Use of Restricted / Unrestricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the District's policy is to apply restricted resources first.

m. Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s), and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has items that qualify for reporting in this category. The deferred loss on refunding bonds of \$2,439 represents the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt on the 2012E refunding. It will be recognized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the new debt. Additionally, the District has deferred outflows of resources of \$211,263 for the year ended December 31, 2024 that relate to pensions as required by GASB Statement No. 68. As of December 31, 2024, the District has \$94,693 in deferred outflows of resources that relate to other post-employment benefits as required by GASB Statement No. 75.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s), and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has a deferred gain on bond refunding's in the amount of \$367,874. The District has deferred inflows of resources of \$202,886 for the year ended December 31, 2024 that relate to pensions as required by GASB Statement No. 68. As of December 31, 2024, the District has \$448,194 in deferred inflows of resources that relate to other post-employment benefits as required by GASB Statement No. 75.

n. Compensated Absences

Sick leave is accumulated and will be paid to employees retiring on good terms from the District. Sick leave is forfeitable for employees terminating other than by retirement. Due to the implementation of GASB 101, the District has recorded a compensated absence for sick leave in the amount of \$123,098.

In accordance with the District's policy on vacation pay, the District has accrued a liability for pay, which has been earned but not taken by employees. The District is currently liable for compensated absences of \$58,996 at December 31, 2024.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

o. Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net liability related to pension and other post-employment benefits, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and other post-employment benefits, and pension and other post-employment benefits expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) Non-Hazardous and additions to / deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

p. Proprietary Fund Net Position

Proprietary fund net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by any outstanding debt that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted Net Position – consists of net position with constraints placed on their use by either external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or by state enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – consists of all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

q. Non-Exchange Transactions

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, and, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must be available before it can be recognized.

r. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement and Disclosures defines fair value as the price that would be received upon sale of an asset or paid upon transfer of a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and the principal or most advantageous market for that asset or liability. The fair value should be calculated based on assumptions that market participants would use on pricing the asset or liability, not on assumptions specific to the entity.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

r. Fair Value of Financial Instruments, Continued

Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, accounts payable, payroll liabilities, and accrued expenses - The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheets for these items are a reasonable estimate of the fair value.

Bonds Payable and Customers' Deposits - The carrying amount approximates fair value.

s. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated by management through the date of August 12, 2025, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Material subsequent events, if any, are disclosed in a separate footnote to these financial statements.

2. Bank Accounts

a. Unrestricted Cash

Current revenues are deposited daily in the Revenue Fund, which earns interest at the passbook rate. Disbursements from this fund are made into the following funds as required by the bond covenants and are more fully described in subsequent paragraphs and notes:

- (1) Operation and Maintenance Fund
- (2) Bond Sinking Fund and Reserve Restricted Cash
- (3) Depreciation Fund Restricted Cash

On or before the twentieth day of each month, there is to be withdrawn from the Revenue Fund and deposited to the Operation and Maintenance Fund, an amount sufficient to pay the current expenses of operating and maintaining the plant pursuant to the annual budget. This fund is reported on the balance sheet as cash for general use.

b. Restricted Cash

Customers' deposits are maintained in a separate account as described in Note 3.

The requirement to maintain separate and special bank accounts was established by the historical bond issues as well as the Bond Series of 2010B, 2012E, 2014, 2020I and 2020A/2020B. The bond covenants require additional sums to be deposited in the Bond Sinking Fund and Depreciation Fund as described in Notes 4 and 6.

Construction accounts related to current expansion have been established to account for project funding as described in Note 7.

3. Customers' Deposits Fund

A separate fund has been established by the District and is to be maintained as long as a liability exists to customers for meter deposits held by the District.

3. Customers' Deposits Fund, Continued

As of December 31, 2024, the composition of the customer deposit fund is as follows:

Cash in Bank - Checking	\$ 538,788

As of December 31, 2024, the District's liability for customers' deposit was:

Meter Deposits	\$ 376,822
Interest Payable	4,952
Final Bill Payables	947

Total Customers' Deposit Liability \$ 382,721

4. Bond Sinking Fund and Sinking Fund Reserve

The bond ordinance of 1969 established this fund solely for the purpose of paying the principal and interest on all bonds. The ordinance requires that the monthly amount deposited equals one-sixth of the next succeeding interest installment, one-twelfth of the principal of all bonds maturing on the next November 1st.

The composition of the Bond Sinking and Reserve Funds is as follows:

Cash in Bank - Sinking Fund	\$ 17,500
Cash in Bank - System Refunding	415,952
Cash in Bank - Regions Refunding	345,647
Cash in Bank - Regions Refunding	60,357
Certificate of Deposit - Sinking Fund	99,646
Total Bond Sinking and Reserve Funds	\$ 939,102

5. Health Flex Account

The District established a health flex account to reimburse employees for medical expenses. As of December 31, 2024, the health flex bank account had a balance of \$7,767.

6. Depreciation Fund

This fund was established by the bond ordinance of 1969. The ordinance requires Barkley Lake Water District to make monthly contributions to this fund after observing the priority of deposits into the Water System Bond and Interest Sinking Fund (Bond Sinking Fund and Reserve). The following bond ordinances require monthly deposits until a maximum amount is accumulated:

Issue	Month	ly Deposit	Maximu	m Requirement
2010B	\$	755	\$	90,600
2012E	\$) .	\$	*
2014	\$	295	\$	35,400
2020I	\$	12	\$	
2020A / 2020B	\$	350	\$	42,000

The maximum required level of funding for all bond resolutions is \$168,000. The Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2012E require the maintaining of a Depreciation Fund but do not modify the method or level of funding. As of December 31, 2024, the depreciation cash and certificates of deposit total \$884,444. Bond Series 2020I ratified and confirmed that prior bond legislation related to required monthly deposits for current, paid off, and refunded bonds shall continue in force and inure to the security and benefits of the bonds.

As further security for the bond owners and for the benefit of the District, in addition to the monthly transfers required to be made there shall be deposited all proceeds of connection fees collected from potential customers to aid in the financing of the cost of future extensions, additions and improvements to the District, plus the proceeds of any property damage insurance (not otherwise used to replace damaged or destroyed property); and any such amounts or proceeds so deposited shall be used solely and only for the purposes intended. The funds in the Depreciation fund can be expended for the purpose of paying the cost of unusual or extraordinary maintenance, repairs, renewals or replacements, and the cost of construction additions and improvements to the system.

7. Construction Funds

Expansion projects currently in construction are funded through the construction account with a December 31, 2024 year-end balance of \$181,362. Initial funding was obtained through the 2008 bond issue.

8. Deposits and Investments

State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U.S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Kentucky or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of deposits. The District's deposits, including certificates of deposit, were insured or collateralized as required by State statutes at their highest daily balance during the year.

Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that a government will not be able to recover its deposits, investments, or collateral from the bank in the event of bank failure. The District does not have a policy addressing custodial credit risk.

7. Deposits and Investments, Continued

The District is exposed to custodial credit risk at various points throughout the year. The District's deposits not covered by depository insurance are collateralized by pledged securities held by the financial institution.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the District held balances at three financial institutions. The highest cash day for one institution consisted of a bank balance totaling \$3,159,866. That balance was covered by \$500,000 Federal Deposit Insurance and by pledged securities of \$2,638,315. The deposits were under collateralized during the year ended December 31, 2024 by \$21,551.

The second institution had a high cash day balance of \$406,004. The funds are fully unsecured. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the second institutions' deposits were undercollateralized by \$406,004.

The third institution had a high cash day balance of \$74,427. The funds are fully secured by \$250,000 Federal Deposit Insurance.

8. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024:

		Balance						Balance
	Jar	nuary 1, 2024	Additio	ns_	Elimin	ations	Decer	nber 31, 2024
Depreciable Assets								
Buildings - Water Plant	\$	10,474,079	\$	-	\$	140	\$	10,474,079
Buildings - General Plant		35,055		77				35,055
Pumping Equipment		760,154		(**);		3.€3		760,154
Transmission Lines		13,061,223	53,	970		:#S		13,115,193
Meters		1,499,603		-				1,499,603
Plant Equipment		471,165						471,165
Office Equipment		98,962		₩0		- - -		98,962
Vehicles		347,774	42,	263		-		390,037
Total Depreciable Assets		26,748,015	96,	233_		<u> </u>		26,844,248
Accumulated Depreciation								
Buildings - Water Plant		5,118,806	210,	190		025		5,328,996
Buildings - General Plant		13,929	1,	909		1.5		15,838
Pumping Equipment		49,075	21,	521		: :		70,596
Transmission Lines		7,068,633	310,	521		36		7,379,154
Meters		1,037,942	72,	098		=		1,110,040
Plant Equipment		414,016	12,	675		=		426,691
Office Equipment		73,742	11,	552		7		85,294
Vehicles	_	250,654	24,	249				274,903
Total Accumulated Depreciation		14,026,797	664,	715		- :		14,691,512
Net Depreciable Assets		12,721,218	(568,	482)				12,152,736
Non-Depreciable Assets								
Land		127,522		-		*		127,522
Construction in Progress		179,808	1,043,	,447_	5	3,970	-	1,169,285
Total Non-Depreciable Assets		307,330	1,043,	,447	5	3,970	: 	1,296,807
Net Capital Assets	_\$	13,028,548	\$ 474	,965	\$ 5	3,970	\$	13,449,543

Depreciation charged to expense was \$664,715 for the year ended December 31, 2024.

9. Interest Expense

The District incurred interest costs in 2024 of \$231,333. The entire amount has been recognized as a current non-operating expense.

10. Long-Term Debt

The original amount of each bond issue, the bond issue dates, interest rates, and maturity dates are summarized below:

Issue	Original Amount		Original Amount Interest Rates	
2010B	\$	1,837,000	3.000%	2049
2012E	\$	1,465,000	2.200% - 3.550%	2033
2014	\$	825,000	2.750%	2055
2020I	\$	5,070,000	3.200%	2050
2020A	\$	854,890	2.125%	2060
2020B	\$	38,100	1.875%	2059

Changes in the long-term liability accounts during the year are summarized below:

I	3alaı	nce as Restated	ì					Balance	(Current
	Jan	uary 1, 2024	P	roceeds	Re	payments	Dece	mber 31, 2024	Am	ount Due
Revenue Bonds 2010B	\$	1,497,000	\$		\$	35,500	\$	1,461,500	\$	37,000
Revenue Bonds 2012E		790,000		Ē		65,000		725,000		70,000
Revenue Bonds 2014		729,000		⊆		15,000		714,000		15,500
Revenue Bonds 2020I		4,645,000		90		235,000		4,410,000		250,000
Revenue Bonds 2020A		812,390		×:		14,500		797,890		15,000
Revenue Bonds 2020B		35,100		-		1,000		34,100		1,000
Total Bond Obligation		8,508,490		2 0		366,000		8,142,490		388,500
Compensated Absences		167,771		68,382		54,059		182,094		± €
Notes from Direct Borrowing	5	: = 0		443,407		=		443,407		¥
Customer Deposits		376,491		50,461		44,231		382,721		=
Net Pension Liability		1,503,388		120		18,210		1,485,178		-
	\$	10,556,140	\$	562,250	\$	482,500	\$	10,635,890	\$	388,500
	_								1	

10. Long-Term Debt, Continued

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District at December 31, 2024 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Maturity	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 388,500	\$ 236,203	\$ 624,703
2026	400,500	218,816	619,316
2027	422,500	200,725	623,225
2028	305,000	185,145	490,145
2029	317,500	172,484	489,984
2030-2034	1,697,500	692,501	2,390,001
2035-2039	1,332,000	493,544	1,825,544
2040-2044	1,235,500	342,394	1,577,894
2045-2049	1,408,000	174,287	1,582,287
2050-2054	455,000	39,018	494,018
2055-2059	151,100	12,818	163,918
2060-2064	29,390	625	30,015
	\$ 8,142,490	\$ 2,768,560	\$ 10,911,050

Amortized bond premiums totaling \$367,874 consist of bond premiums incurred in securing the 2012E and the 2020I revenue bonds issued by the District. The bond premiums are amortized over the life of the bond and, for financial statement purposes, are classified as a deferred gain on refunding bonds. Estimated future amortization for the succeeding five years is as follows:

Year Ended I	Dece	mber 31
2025	\$	14,619
2026		14,619
2027		14,619
2028		14,619
2029		14,619
Thereafter		294,779
Total	\$	367,874

Revenue Bonds 2014

By a resolution of the Commission on August 26, 2014, the District authorized an \$825,000 Bond Anticipation note through Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation, Interim Finance Program. The Interim financing was for the Cerulean Area Water System Improvements and was secured through a bond issuance in 2015. The District issued \$825,000 of revenue bonds (Series 2014). These bonds carry an interest rate of 2.75% and mature between January 1, 2015 and January 1, 2035.

10. Long-Term Debt, Continued

Revenue Bonds 2012E

The District completed a current refunding of the 1976 and 1993 bond issues, dated August 29, 2012. The par amount of the 2012E refunding issue is \$1,465,000 and it has a total debt service requirement of \$2,031,446. The combined remaining total debt service requirement of the 1976 and 1993 bond issues at the date of refunding was \$2,271,305, which produces a cash flow savings of \$197,120. The net present value of the economic gain on the combined refunding of 1976 and 1993 bond issues is \$185,180.

Revenue Bonds 2010B

The District issued \$1,837,000 Series 2010B bonds through the Build America Bond Program that provides 35% in federal subsidies on the total interest requirements. The interest is paid directly to the District's bond escrow account on a semi-annual basis corresponding with the interest payment dates to the bond holders. Total subsidy payments received at December 31, 2024 were \$17,753.

Revenue Bonds 2020I

The District completed a current refunding of the 2008C and 2010A bond issues, through the Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation (KRWFC) dated December 29, 2020. The par amount of the 2020I refunding issue is \$5,070,000. The combined remaining debt service requirements of the 2008C and 2010A bond issues at the dates of refunding was \$5,463,776. The economic gain resulting from the transaction is a premium of \$403,116.

Revenue Bonds 2020A and 2020B

By a resolution of the Commission on August 10, 2020, the District authorized an \$892,990 Bond Resolution for the purpose of financing the cost of the construction of extensions, additional and improvements to the existing waterworks system of the District. The District issued \$854,890 of Series 2020A Bonds and \$38,100 of Series 2020B Bonds. These bonds carry an interest rate of 2.125% and 1.875%, respectively, and mature between January 1, 2021 and December 31, 2060.

All the Revenue Bonds are payable solely from, and secured by, a first pledge of the water revenues. So long as any of the bonds are outstanding and unpaid, the District shall continuously be maintained and operated in good condition. Rates and charges for services rendered will be imposed and collected so that gross revenues will be sufficient at all times, to provide for the payment of the operation and maintenance of the water plant, and to maintain the Depreciation and Sinking Funds described in Notes 4 and 6.

If there is any default in the payment of the principal or interest on any of the outstanding bonds, and suit is filed by a holder of said bond, any court having jurisdiction may appoint a receiver to administer the District with the power to charge and collect rates. These collected rates shall be sufficient to provide for the payment of the outstanding bonds, and the operating and maintenance expenses. The income and revenues shall be in conformity with the bond resolution, and the provisions of the applicable laws of Kentucky.

The plant may be sold, or otherwise disposed of only as a whole or substantially as a whole and then only if the proceeds to be realized therefore, together with any monies in the Sinking Fund are sufficient fully to redeem at the then current redemption prices all outstanding bonds and other obligations payable from the net revenues of the District. The bond covenants require that the rates for all utility services rendered by the District must be reasonable.

10. Long-Term Debt, Continued

The District must maintain adequate public liability insurance including fire, windstorm, and hazards covered by a standard extended coverage policy. The net revenues of the District will be equal to 120% of the maximum annual principal, interest and Sinking Fund requirements of all outstanding bonds. Net revenues are defined to be gross revenues less current expenses of the District. Current expenses include all reasonable and necessary costs of operating, repairing, maintaining, and insuring the District, but shall exclude any allowance for depreciation, payments into the Depreciation Fund for extensions, improvements and extraordinary repairs and maintenance, and payments into the Bond Fund and the Debt Service Reserve. The bond covenant also requires the District be audited within 150 days of year-end. The requirements that the District maintain a 1.20 times debt coverage ratio was met for the year ended December 31, 2024. The requirement that the District be audited within 150 days of year-end was not met, however an extension was approved for the additional time needed.

Direct Borrowings

On February 2, 2024, the District entered into an agreement with Kentucky Infrastructure Authority to fund the water meter replacement project. The total cost of the project shall not exceed \$1,353,124, without prior authorization of the Authority, of which the Authority loan shall provide \$500,000 of the funding. As of December 31, 2024, \$443,507 of the \$500,000 has been received. The loan will be payable in four annual installments.

11. Pension Plan

Plan Description: All eligible District employees participate in the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan established by the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.520 and administered by the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA). Section 61.645 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Board of Trustees of KPPA. The KPPA issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided: The CERS plan supports three benefit tiers: Tier 1, Tier 2 and Tier 3. Employees under Tier 1 started participation before September 1, 2008. Employees beginning participation between September 1, 2008 and December 31, 2013 are Tier 2 plan members. Tier 3 members began participating on or after January 1, 2014. All Tiers provide for retirement, disability, health insurance, and death benefits to plan members.

Tier 1: A member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits if any of the following have been met:

- Any age with 27 years of service
- Age 65 with 48 months of service
- Money purchase for age 65 with less than 48 months, based on contributions and interest.

Additionally, there are some provisions allowing for early retirement after 25 years of service or after 60 months of service and being 55 years of age. Retirement benefits paid to members are based on the average of the highest 5 fiscal years (must contain at least 48 months of service), multiplied by the applicable benefit factor based on participation entry date, multiplied by the years of service.

11. Pension Plan, Continued

Tier 2: A member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits if any of the following have been met:

- Age 57 and age plus earned service years must equal 87
- Age 65 with 5 years of earned service

Additionally, there are some provisions allowing for early retirement after 25 years of service or after 60 years of age with 5 years of service. Retirement benefits paid to members are based on the 5 complete fiscal years immediately preceding retirement (each year must contain 12 months), multiplied by the applicable benefit factor based on service credit, multiplied by the years of service.

Tier 3: A member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits if any of the following have been met:

- Age 57 and age plus earned service years must equal 87
- Age 65 with 5 years of earned service

Tier 3 is a Cash Balance Plan, which is a new benefit tier within the Defined Benefit plan. In the Cash Balance Plan, the employee and employer will make set contributions. The retirement benefit will be based upon the accumulated account balance at the time of retirement.

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both components.

Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's spouse will receive a \$10,000 lump sum payment plus a monthly payment of 75% of the decedent's final average pay. Any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's final average rate of pay not to exceed a total child benefit of 25% while the spouse is alive. Five years' service is required for nonservice related disability benefits.

Contributions: Under Tier 1, members contribute 5% of annual compensation and the employer pays the contractually required contribution rate for each year. Under Tier 2, members contribute 6% of annual compensation, 5% to the defined benefit pension and 1% as a health insurance contribution, and the employer pays the contractually required contribution rate for each year. Under Tier 3, members contribute 6% of annual compensation, 5% to the defined benefit pension and 1% as a health insurance contribution, and the employer pays the contractually required contribution rate for each year. The contractually required contribution rate for the year ended December 31, 2024 was 23.34% from January 1, 2024 through June 30, 2024, which includes a 0% contribution for insurance provided by the Program and a 23.34% contribution for pensions, and 19.71% from July 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024, which includes a 0% contribution for insurance provided by the Program and a 19.71% contribution for pensions. Contributions related to the pension plan only, excluding insurance, from the District were \$181,402 for the year ended December 31, 2024.

11. Pension Plan, Continued

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension Liability: At December 31, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$1,485,178 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. At the June 30, 2024 measurement date, the District's proportion was 0.024834%, an increase of 0.001404% from the prior year.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the District's total payroll for all employees was \$867,668. Total covered payroll was \$844,551. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$34,509. At December 31, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Out	eferred flows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	**	\$	95,489	
Change between expected and actual experience		71,885		·=	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		170		67,101	
Changes in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		54,044		40,296	
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		85,334		(<u>a)</u>	
Total	\$	211,263	\$	202,886	

The total Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows recognized in relation to the pension at December 31, 2024 are \$211,263 and \$202,886, respectively. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions less the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

11. Pension Plan, Continued

Year Ended De	ecember 31,
2025	\$ (67,284)
2026	48,315
2027	(36,707)
2028	(21,281)
2029	· ·
Total	\$ (76,957)
Total	+ (+0,5++)

Actuarial Assumptions: For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024 was performed by GRS Retirement Consulting. The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2024 were based on an actuarial valuation date as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2023) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Subsequent to the actuarial valuation date (June 30, 2023), but prior to the measurement date, the KRS Board of Trustees reviewed investment trends, inflation, and payroll growth historical trends. Based on this review the Board adopted the following updated actuarial assumptions that were used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024, which were also used to determine the Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability as of June 30, 2024:

Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	2.00%
Salary Increases	3.30% - 10.30%, varies by service
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%

The mortality table used for active members was a Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Non-Hazardous System, and the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the Hazardous System, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023. The mortality table used for the disabled members was Pub-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

Long-term rate of return: The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized below. The current long term inflation assumption is 2.50% per annum. The long-term expected rates of return on Pension Plans' investments were applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

11. Pension Plan, Continued

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Public Equity	50.00%	4.15%
Private Equity	10.00%	9.10%
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	2.85%
Specialty Credit	10.00%	3.82%
Cash	0.00%	1.70%
Real Estate	7.00%	4.90%
Real Return	13.00%	5.35%
Expected Real Return	100.00%	4.69%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		2.50%
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		7.19%
•		

Discount Rate: The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.5% assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018). The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The discount rate has not changed since the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of CERS Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate selected, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rates.

				Current		
	1%	% Decrease (5.5%)	Di	scount Rate (6.5%)	10	% Increase (7.5%)
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$	1,914,638	\$	1,485,178	\$	1,128,840

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KRS financial report.

12. Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan

Plan Description: All eligible District employees participate in the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan established by the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.520 and administered by the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA). Section 61.645 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Board of Trustees of KPPA. KPPA issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov.

12. Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan, Continued

Benefits Provided: CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1 participation began before July 1, 2003. Members are eligible for benefits if they are the recipient of a retirement allowance. The percentage of the member premium paid by the retirement system is based on the number of years of service as indicated below:

Less than 4 years	0%
4-9 years	25%
10-14 years	50%
15-19 years	75%
20 or more years	100%

Tier 2 participation began on or after July 1, 2003, but before September 1, 2008. Members are eligible for benefits if they are the recipient of a retirement allowance with at least 120 months of service at retirement. The retirement system provides a monthly contribution of \$10 for each year of earned service. The monthly contribution is increased by 1.5% each July.

Tier 3 participation began on or after September 1, 2008. Benefits are identical to Tier 2, except Tier 3 members are required to have at least 180 months of service in order to be eligible.

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both components. The projections of the sharing of benefit-related costs are based on an established pattern of practice.

Contributions: Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier. Tier 1 members contribute 0% of gross salary. Tier 2 and 3 members both contribute 1% of gross salary.

Employer contribution rates for the fiscal year were adopted by the Board of KPPA based on actuarially recommended rates. The District's contributions for the year ended December 31, 2024, were \$0.

Pension Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits

Other Post-Employment Benefits Asset: At June 30, 2024, the District reported an asset of \$42,982 for its proportionate share of net liability associated with the other post-employment benefits. The net other post-employment benefits liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total other post-employment benefits liability used to calculate the net other post-employment benefits asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's portion of the net other post-employment benefits liability was based on the District's contributions to the other post-employment benefits plan during the year ending June 30, 2024, relative to the contributions of all members for the year ended June 30, 2024. At the June 30, 2024 measurement date, the District's proportion was 0.024848%, an increase of 0.001419% from the prior year.

12. Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan, Continued

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the District's total payroll for all employees was \$867,668. The total covered payroll was \$844,551. Covered payroll refers to all compensation paid by the District to active employees covered by the Plan. Employees contribute 1% from covered payroll for the insurance fund.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the District recognized income related to other post-employment benefits of \$128,000. At December 31, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Out	eferred flows of sources	In	Deferred flows of esources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	=	\$	39,224
Change between expected and actual experience		23,806		338,185
Change of assumptions		38,947		30,328
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proprtionate share of contributions		20,289		40,457
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	11,651		all plan
	\$	94,693		448,194

Deferred outflows of resources resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended D	ecember 31,
2025	\$ (149,887)
2026	(117,314)
2027	(96,860)
2028	(1,052)
2029	<u> </u>
Total	\$ (365,113)

12. Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan, Continued

Actuarial assumptions: The actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024, was performed by Gabriel Roeder Smith (GRS). The total OPEB liability, new OPEB liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2024, were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2023) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, using the generally accepted actuarial principles. The following actuarial assumptions were used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024:

Inflation 2.50% Payroll Growth Rate 2.00%

Salary Increases 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.50%

Healthcare Trend Rates

Pre-65 Initial trend starting at 7.10% at January 1, 2026, and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 14

years

Post-65 Initial trend starting at 8% in 2026, then gradually decreasing to

an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 9 years

Mortality

Pre-retirement PUB-2010 General mortality table projected with the ultimate

rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base

year of 2010

Post-retirement (non-

disabled)

System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020

mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023

Post-retirement (disabled) PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with rates multiplied by

150% for both make and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base

year of 2010

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table below. The current long term inflation assumption of 2.50% per annum for both the non-hazardous and hazardous system.

12. Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan, Continued

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Public Equity	50.00%	4.15%
Private Equity	10.00%	9.10%
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	2.85%
Specialty Credit	10.00%	3.82%
Cash	0.00%	1.70%
Real Estate	7.00%	4.90%
Real Return	13.00%	5.35%
Expected Real Return	100.00%	4.69%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		2.50%
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		7.19%
•		

Discount Rate: The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 5.99% assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation. The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.50%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.97%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2024. Current assets, future contributions, and investment earnings are projected to be sufficient to pay the projected benefit payments from the retirement system. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the system's actuarially determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the system's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefits payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

Sensitivity of CERS Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 5.99%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rates.

			Current		
	 6 Decrease (4.99%)	Di	scount Rate (5.99%)	1	% Increase (6.99%)
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 58,117	\$	(42,982)	\$	(127,986)

Sensitivity of CERS Proportionate Share of Collective Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following table presents the District's proportionate share of collective net OPEB asset, calculated using the discount rate selected, as well as what the District's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

12. Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan, Continued

				Current		
			Hea	Ithcare Cost		
	1%	Decrease		Trend	1%	6 Increase
District's Proportionate Share of Collective						
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(103,410)	\$	(42,982)	\$	27,412

OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Kentucky Retirement Systems financial report. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis used by the OPEB plan.

13. Commitments and Contingencies

The District participates in federal and state assisted grant programs for construction of water lines. These programs are subject to review by grantors or their representatives. As of December 31, 2024 there were no material questioned or disallowed costs as a result of grant audits. As construction is completed, amounts due from state grant funds are recognized and are recorded as contributed capital.

14. Commercial Insurance

It is the policy of the District to purchase commercial insurance for the risks of losses to which it is exposed. These risks include general liability, property and casualty, employee health and accident coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

15. New GASB Standards

As of December 31, 2024, the GASB has issued the following statements required to be adopted by the District.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, was issued in June 2022. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance the accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absence, was issued in June 2022. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. The primary objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model by amending certain previously required disclosures. The District recognized a net position restatement of \$123,363 to record the beginning sick time accrual as of January 1, 2024.

16. Prior Period Adjustment

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the District made a prior period adjustment due to the implementation of GASB 101, Compensated Absences (See Note 15). This implementation resulted in an overstatement of net position in the amount of \$121,363. Accordingly, this amount has been adjusted to restate the net position as of the beginning of the current fiscal year.

The total adjustments to beginning net position are as follows:

Beginning Net Position as Previously Reported at December 31, 2023	\$ 5,759,119
Prior Period Adjustment-To record prior year accrued sick leave	(121,363)
Net Position as Restated, January 1, 2024	\$ 5,637,756



BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

Non-Hazardous	2024		2023	7	2022	2021		2020		2019		2018	2017	İ	12	2016	7	2015
Total Net pension Liability (Asset) for County Employee Retirement System	\$ 5,980,423,768		\$ 6,416,508,407	\$ 7,22	\$ 7,229,013,496	\$ 6,375,784,388		\$ 7,669,917,211		\$7,033,044,552	\$6,0	\$6,090,304,793	\$5,853,307,463	,463	\$4,923	\$4,923,618,237	\$4,299	\$4,299,525,565
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0 024834%	vo.	0.023430%		0 025272%	0 026976%	%92	0.025843%	3%	0.025014%		0.029299%	0.020	0.02679%		0 02887%		0.02688%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,485,178	69	1,503,388	S	1,826,916	\$ 1,719,932	932 8	1,982,137	\$ 121	1,759,246	ы	1,784,398	\$ 1,568	1,568,101	-	1,421,206	69	1,155,890
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 844,551	649	710,835	80	695,484	\$ 693,077	110	159'299	\$ 159	643,710	64)	673,054	\$ 697	697,564	69	650,755	69	649,895
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered-Employee Payroll	175.85%	~	211,50%		262 68%	248	248 16%	296.88%	%88	273.30%		265.12%	224	224,80%		218 39%		177.86%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	61,61%	~	57.48%		52,42%		57.33%	47.	47.81%	50 45%		53.54%	72	53 30%		\$5.50%		%16 65

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BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

Non-Hazardous	ļ	2024		2023		2022		2021	``	2020	7	2019	7	2018	2	2017		2016	7	2015
Contractually Required Contribution	69	181,402	64	166,192	69	160,523	69	140,139	64	128,856	40	114,832	64	103,018	69	99,289	64	86,839	69	81,301
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(181,402)	ļ	(166,192)		(160,523)		(140,139)		(128,856)	\sim	(114,832)		(03,018)		(99,289)		(86,839)		81,301)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	69		69		69	1	S	İ	S		60	j	649	1	6-9	İ	S		69	1
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	69	844,551	69	710,835	69	695,484	69	693,077	69	667,651		643,710	89	73,054	59	697,564	69	650,755	9	649,895
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		21.48%	_	23.37%		23.08%		20.22%		19.30%		17.84%		15.31%		14.23%		13.34%		12.51%

BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE NET OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31

Non-Hazardous		2024		2023		2022	7	2021	ā	2020	2019	6	20	2018
Total Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability (Asset) for County Employee Retirement System	\$ (17	2,980,142)	\$ (1)	\$ (172,980,142) \$ (138,066,692) \$1,973,513,617	\$1,97	3,513,617	\$1,914	\$1,914,449,967	\$2,414	\$2,414,695,884	\$ 1,681,954,950		\$1,775,	\$1,775,480,122
District's Proportion of the Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability (Asset)	J	0.024848%		0.023429%	J	0.025267%	0	0.026970%	0	0.025835%	0.0	0.025007%	0'0	0.029298%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability (Asset)	64	(42,982)	6-9	(32,348)	69	498,648	€9	516,327	649	623,837	€	420,606	69	520,180
District's Covered Payroll	69	844,551	64	710,835	64	695,484	643	693,077	6 9	667,651	9	643,710	6/9	673,054
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll		%60'5-		-4,55%		71.70%		74,50%		93.44%		65.34%		77.29%
Plan Fidicuary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Net Position		104.89%		104.23%		%56 09		62.91%		51.67%		60,44%		57.62%

Note: This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS NET OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

Non-Hazardous		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	7	2018	2017
Contractually Required Other Post-Employment Benefits Contribution (Implicit Subsidy Omitted)	€	¥.	∽	11,631	€9	26,373	∽	36,468	6/3	31,780	6 ∕9	32,275	€	\$ 33,424 \$ 34,231	\$ 34,231
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Other Post-Employment Benefits Contribution			ļ	(11,631)		(26,373)		(36,468)		(31,780)		(32,275)		(33,424)	(34,231)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	84		6-5		69	•	643	١	64	1	643	ij	643		-
District's Covered Payroll	€	844,551	64	710,835 \$	∽	695,484	64	\$ 693,077	69	667,651 \$ 643,710	€9	543,710	9	673,054	\$697,564
Contributions as a Percentage of Barkley Lake Water District's Covered Payroll		0.00%		1.70%		3.79%		5.26%		4.76%		5.01%		4.97%	4.91%

Note: This is a 10-year schedule, However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

1. Changes of Benefit Terms

House Bill 506 passed during the 2023 legislative session reinstated the partial lump-sum option form of payment for member who retire on or after January 1, 2024 and also adjusted the minimum required separation period before a retiree may become reemployed and continue to receive their retirement allowance to one month under all circumstances.

2. Changes of Assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions in the valuation pension.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners Barkley Lake Water District PO Box 308 Cadiz, Kentucky 42211

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the business-type activities of Barkley Lake Water District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Barkley Lake Water District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 12, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Barkley Lake Water District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Barkley Lake Water District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Barkley Lake Water District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Barkley Lake Water District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

To the Board of Commissioners August 12, 2025 Page 2 of 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Barkley Lake Water District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Barkley Lake Water District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Barkley Lake Water District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Colhound Company
Hopkinsville, Kentucky
August 12, 2025