BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT

FINANCIAL AUDIT

December 31, 2015



BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT PO BOX 308 CADIZ, KY 42211

FINANCIAL AUDIT

DECEMBER 31, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Financial Statements	
- Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	9
- Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	10
- Statement of Cash Flows	11
Notes to the Financial Statements	13
Required Supplementary Information	
- Net Pension Liability	30
- Schedule of Required Contributions	31
- Schedule of Changes in Benefits and Assumptions	32
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	33

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Barkley Lake Water District PO Box 308 Cadiz, Kentucky 42211

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Barkley Lake Water District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Board of Commissioners May 4, 2016 Page 2 of 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of Barkley Lake Water District as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis information on pages 3 through 8, as well as the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Required Contributions on pages 30 through 32, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 4, 2016, on our consideration of Barkley Lake Water District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Barkley Lake Water District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Colhow + Company
Hopkinsville, Kentucky

May 4, 2016

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Barkley Lake Water District (District) provides a narrative overview and analysis of the District's financial statements and the activities of the District for the year ended December 31, 2015. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the accompanying financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The District's 2015 operating revenues of \$2,509,924 increased 2% from 2014, while 2015 operating expenses of \$2,442,342 increased 1% from 2014.
- The District's net position, a measure of current financial resources, increased by \$523,440. Additionally, a prior period adjustment resulting in a reduction of Net Position \$733,358 was recorded, resulting in a December 31, 2015 balance of \$7,937,865.
- The District's unrestricted cash available for operating expenses was \$1,554,814 at December 31, 2015.
- The District's investment in utility plant, net of depreciation, including the construction in progress, was \$15,939,842 at December 31, 2015.

Overview of Financial Statements

Barkley Lake Water District is a self-reporting proprietary fund. The District's basic financial statements include a statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position, statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements. The District does not include financial information of any other entity, nor is it included in the financial information of any other entity.

The District's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position presents the financial position of the District. It represents information on the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, not when they are received. Expenses are recognized when incurred, not when they are paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Statement of Cash Flows

The statement of cash flows presents information on the effects changes in assets and liabilities have on cash during the course of the fiscal year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Overview of the District's Financial Position and Results of Operations

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$7,937,865 at December 31, 2015.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets of \$4,787,610 (e.g. water tanks, land and improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment and distribution systems) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its customers; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be liquidated to service these liabilities.

The District's restricted net position totaled \$2,289,567 at December 31, 2015 and consisted of cash restricted for debt service and construction.

Unrestricted net position totaled \$860,688 at December 31, 2015.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets. The District's overall financial position and operations for the year ended December 31, 2015 as compared to December 31, 2014 are as follows:

Net Position

	2015	2014
Assets		
Current Assets	\$ 3,745,070	\$ 4,021,098
Capital Assets	15,939,842	15,583,104
Noncurrent Assets	775,036	815,350
Total Assets	20,459,948	20,419,552
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred Loss on Refunding Bonds	16,435	18,587
Deferred Outflow of Resources Related to Pension	254,536	321
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	270,971	18,587
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	399,559	792,774
Long-term Liabilities	12,393,495	11,497,582
Total Liabilities	12,793,054	12,290,356
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,787,610	4,156,806
Restricted - Expendable	2,289,567	2,949,808
Unrestricted	860,688	1,041,169
Total Net Position	\$ 7,937,865	\$ 8,147,783

Change in Net Position

	2015	2014
Revenues		
Operating Revenues	\$ 2,509,924	\$ 2,457,020
Non-Operating Revenues	353,985	45,621
Capital Contributions	496,811	183,065
Total Revenues	3,360,720	2,685,706
Expenses		
Operating Expenses	2,442,342	2,411,085
Non-Operating Expenses	394,938	386,872
Total Expenses	2,837,280	2,797,957
Change in Net Position	523,440	(112,251)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	8,147,783	8,260,034
Net Position, Prior Period Adjustment	(733,358)	
Net Position, Beginning of Year as Restated	7,414,425	8,260,034
Net Position, Ending of Year	\$ 7,937,865	\$ 8,147,783

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets, net of depreciation as of December 31, 2015 was as follows:

	Balance		Additions		Balance	
	Janua	ary 1, 2015	(Eli	minations)	December 31, 2015	
Nondepreciable Assets						
Land	\$	117,522	\$	9.5E	\$	117,522
Construction in Progress		757,690		(234,192)		523,498
Total Nondepreciable Assets		875,212		(234,192)		641,020
Depreciable Assets						
Buildings	1	0,478,823		12		10,478,823
Pumping Equipment		23,034		(1,600)		21,434
Transmission Lines	1	1,102,029		1,003,046		12,105,075
Meters		1,652,734		61,325		1,714,059
Plant Equipment		524,204		8,282		532,486
Office Equipment		115,148		12		115,148
Vehicles		279,143		(2,600)		276,543
Total Depreciable Assets	2	24,175,115		1,068,453		25,243,568
Accumulated Depreciation	((9,467,223)		(477,523)		(9,944,746)
Net Depreciable Assets	1	4,707,892		590,930		15,298,822
Net Capital Assets	\$ 1	5,583,104	\$	356,738	\$	15,939,842

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the District continued work on the Cerulean project and an additional \$995,380 was charged to construction in progress. Total construction in progress at year end was \$523,498. Depreciation expense for the year was \$647,998. The District complete work on the Cerulean Water Project and the Pete Light Hill Project during the year, all costs were capitalized when completed.

Long-term Debt

Debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2015 was as follows:

	Balance		Additions	Balance		Current	
	Jar	nuary 1, 2015	(Payments)	De	cember 31, 2015	M	aturities
Bond Series 2005	\$	1,067,000	\$ (18,000)	\$	1,049,000	\$	18,500
Bond Series 2008C		2,495,000	(110,000)		2,385,000		110,000
Bond Series 2010A		3,956,500	(47,000)		3,909,500		49,000
Bond Series 2010B		1,762,985	(25,500)		1,737,485		26,500
Bond Series 2012E		1,325,000	(75,000)		1,250,000		50,000
Bond Series 2014			825,000		825,000		12
Bond Anticipation		825,000	(825,000)		2		-
Premium on Bond 2012E		13,400	(718)		12,682		718
	-	11,444,885	(276,218)		11,168,667		254,718
Compensated Absences		23,441	(5,706)		17,735		-
Customer Deposits		305,474	447		305,921		-
Net Pension Liability			1,155,890		1,155,890		
	\$	11,773,800	\$ 874,413	\$	12,648,213	\$	254,718

Interest expense of \$389,544 was paid during the year ended December 31, 2015.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Barkley Lake Water District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions or requests for additional information may be addressed to Scott Bridges, Chairman, Barkley Lake Water District, P.O. Box 308, Cadiz, Kentucky 42211.

BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2015

Assets

Cu	rren	+ A	ssets
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Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,554,814
Accounts Receivable	391,425
Other Receivables	13,579
Inventory	250,009
Prepaid Expenses	20,187
Restricted Cash	1,515,056
Restricted Casil	1,515,050
Total Current Assets	3,745,070
Noncurrent Assets	
Restricted Cash	774,511
Total Restricted Cash	774,511
Total Restricted Cash	771,311
Capital Assets	
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	15,298,822
Non-depreciable Capital Assets	641,020
Total Capital Assets	15,939,842
Other Assets	
Utility Deposit	525
Total Other Assets	525
Total Noncurrent Assets	16,714,878
· ·	AO 450 040
Total Assets	20,459,948
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred Loss on Refunding Bonds	16,435
Deferred Outflow of Resources Related to Pension	254,536
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	270,971

Liabilities

Current Liabilities

Accounts Payable	24,887
Payroll Liabilities	11,262
Accrued Expenses:	
Taxes	6,462
Interest	102,230
Current Maturities of Long-Term Debt	254,718
Total Current Liabilities	399,559
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Compensated Absence	17,735
Customers' Deposits	305,921
Bonds Payable	10,913,949
Aggregate Net Pension Liability	1,155,890
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	12,393,495
Total Liabilities	12,793,054
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,787,610
Restricted - Expendable	2,289,567
Unrestricted	860,688
Total Net Position	\$ 7,937,865

BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND **NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

2,496,048 13,876

2,509,924

17,855

56,739

523,440

Operating revenues	
Charges for Services Miscellaneous Revenue	\$
Total Operating Revenues	

Operating Revenues

Miscellaneous

Change in Net Position

Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)

Operating Expenses	
Salaries, Wages and Benefits	1,146,570
Purchased Power	180,068
Chemicals	99,561
Materials and Supplies	161,608
Contract Services	44,449
Transportation Expense	47,865
Insurance	39,629

Taxes	56,739
Depreciation and Amortization	647,998
Total Operating Expenses	2,442,342

Operating Income (Loss)	67,582
	

Interest Revenue	11,884
Federal Interest Subsidy	14,136
Gain on Disposal of Asset	327,965
Bond Issuance Costs	(5,394)
Interest Expense	(389,544)
1	<u> </u>

Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	(40,953)
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Capital Contributions	
Contributed Capital	496,811
Total Capital Contributions	496,811
1	

Net Position, Beginning of Year	8,147,783
Net Position, Prior Period Adjustment	(733,358)
Net Position, Beginning of Year as Restated	7,414,425
	-

Net Position, End of Year	_\$	7,937,865
	-	

BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Received from Customers	\$2,473,512
Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(944,905)
Paid to Employees	(1,017,519)
Net Cash Provided (used) by Operating Activities	511,088
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Acquisition and Construction of Property, Plant and Equipment	(1,097,054)
Proceeds from Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	420,282
Proceeds from Capital Grants	483,857
Proceeds from Federal Interest Subsidy	17,226
Payment of Debt Issuance Costs	(5,394)
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt	(275,500)
Interest Paid on Debt	(388,610)
Net Cash Provided (used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(845,193)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest Income	11,884
Net Cash Provided (used) by Investing Activities	11,884
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	(322,221)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	4,166,602
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$3,844,381

BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Reconciliation of Operating Activities to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Operating Income (Loss)	\$	67,582
Adjustments - Operating Activities		
Depreciation and Amortization		647,998
Bad Debt		9,958
Pension Contributions		152,981
Adjustment		4,491
(Increase) Decrease in		
Accounts Receivable		(47,644)
Other Receivable		(625)
Inventory		50,086
Prepaid Insurance		2,168
Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date		(869)
Increase (Decrease) in		
Accounts Payable		(353,251)
Accrued Taxes		827
Payroll Liabilities		(17,355)
Compensated Absence		(5,706)
Tenant Deposits Payable	_	447
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	511,088
Non-Cash Activities		
Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	
Investing Activities	\$	

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Activity

The Barkley Lake Water District is a county water district supported by funds derived from the sale of water and is operated by a District Board. The District is authorized under Kentucky Revised Statutes and constitutes a governmental subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The District is located in Cadiz, Kentucky and primarily serves the Trigg County, Kentucky area.

b. Principles Determining Scope of Reporting Entity

The District's financial report includes only the funds of the District. The District has no oversight responsibility for any other governmental entity and is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncement. The District's Board members are appointed by the County Judge Executive, a publicly elected official, and they have decision making authority, the authority to set rates, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

c. Basis of Accounting

The District is presented as an enterprise fund. The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows or resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Grants and similar items are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The District follows all pronouncements of the Government Accounting Standards Board, and has elected to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989 which do not conflict with GASB pronouncements.

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are charges to customers for water services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

d. Revenue Recognition

Operating revenues are recognized in the period that water is supplied to participants and others. All other revenues are reflected in non-operating income when earned.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

e. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The estimated revenues from unbilled receivables at year-end are reflected in these financial statements

f. Taxes on Income

The Barkley Lake Water District is exempt from paying income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code.

g. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Unrestricted and restricted cash are reflected in total cash and cash equivalents.

h. Accounts Receivable

The direct write-off method was used for recording uncollectible accounts. No allowance for uncollectible accounts was deemed necessary. The District grants credit to customers, substantially all of who are residents of Trigg County. The balance of accounts receivable at December 31, 2015 was \$391,425.

i. Inventory

Inventories consist of materials and supplies and are stated at cost which is determined by the first-in, first-out method. Inventory at December 31, 2015 totaled \$250,009.

j. Capital Assets

The utility plant is carried at cost. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is recognized in income during that period. The cost of maintenance and repairs is charged to income as incurred; significant betterments are capitalized. Contributions from customers for the purpose of purchasing service connections to the utility plant are recorded as contributions when they are received. Depreciation on contributed assets is recorded as an expense in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position – proprietary fund.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

j. Capital Assets, Continued

Capital assets are depreciated over the following useful lives:

Buildings	10 - 50 Years	Pumping Equipment	5 - 10 Years
Transmission Lines	5 - 50 Years	Meters	5 - 10 Years
Plant Equipment	5 - 10 Years	Office Equipment	5 - 10 Years

Vehicles 5 Years

k. Use of Restricted / Unrestricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the District's policy is to apply restricted resources first.

1. Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s), and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The deferred loss on refunding bonds of \$16,435 represents the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt on the 2008 and 2012E refunding. It will be recognized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the new debt. Additionally, the District has deferred outflows of resources of \$254,536 for the year ended December 31, 2015 that relate to pensions as required by GASB Statement No. 68.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s), and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

m. Compensated Absences

Sick leave is accumulated and will be paid to employees retiring on good terms from the District. Sick leave is forfeitable for employees terminating other than by retirement. Due to the uncertainty involved, no provision for unpaid sick leave has been reflected in the financial statements.

In accordance with the District's policy on vacation pay, the District has accrued a liability for pay, which has been earned but not taken by employees. The District is currently liable for compensated absences of \$17,735 at December 31, 2015.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

n. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) Non-Hazardous and additions to / deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

o. Proprietary Fund Net Position

Proprietary fund net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by any outstanding debt that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted Net Position – consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use by either external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or by state enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – consists of all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

p. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement and Disclosures, defines fair value as the price that would be received upon sale of an asset or paid upon transfer of a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and the principal or most advantageous market for that asset or liability. The fair value should be calculated based on assumptions that market participants would use on pricing the asset or liability, not on assumptions specific to the entity.

Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, accounts payable, payroll liabilities, and accrued expenses - The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheets for these items are a reasonable estimate of the fair value.

Bonds Payable and Customers' Deposits - The carrying amount approximates fair value.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

q. Date of Management's Review

In preparing the financial statements, management has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through May 4, 2016, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

2. Bank Accounts

a. Unrestricted Cash

Current revenues are deposited daily in the Revenue Fund, which earns interest at the passbook rate. Disbursements from this fund are made into the following funds as required by the bond covenants and are more fully described in subsequent paragraphs and notes:

- (1) Operation and Maintenance Fund
- (2) Bond Sinking Fund and Reserve Restricted Cash
- (3) Depreciation Fund Restricted Cash

On or before the twentieth day of each month, there is to be withdrawn from the Revenue Fund and deposited to the Operation and Maintenance Fund, an amount sufficient to pay the current expenses of operating and maintaining the plant pursuant to the annual budget. This fund is reported on the balance sheet as cash for general use.

b. Restricted Cash

Customers deposits are maintained in a separate account as described in Note 3.

The requirement to maintain separate and special bank accounts was established by the historical bond issues as well as the Bond Series of 2005, 2008, 2010A, 2010B, 2012E and 2014. The bond covenants require additional sums to be deposited in the Bond Sinking Fund and Depreciation Fund as described in Notes 4 and 5.

Construction accounts related to current expansion have been established to account for project funding as described in Note 6.

3. Customers' Deposits Fund

A separate fund has been established by the District and is to be maintained as long as a liability exists to customers for meter deposits held by the District.

At December 31, 2015 the composition of the customer deposit fund is as follows:

Cash in Bank - Checking Certificates of Deposit	\$ 156,250 306,055
Total Customers' Deposit	\$ 462,305

3. Customers' Deposits Fund, Continued

At December 31, 2015 the District's liability for customers' deposit was:

Meter Deposits	\$	304,474
Interest Payable		3,169
Final Bill Payables	·	(1,722)
Total Customers' Deposit Liability	\$	305,921

4. Bond Sinking Fund and Sinking Fund Reserve

The bond ordinance of 1969 established this fund solely for the purpose of paying the principal and interest on all bonds. The ordinance requires that the monthly amount deposited equals one-sixth of the next succeeding interest installment, one-twelfth of the principal of all bonds maturing on the next November 1st to a maximum of \$449,731.

The composition of the Bond Sinking and Reserve Funds is as follows:

Cash in Bank - Sinking Fund	\$ 17,421
Cash in Bank - System Refunding	175,306
Cash in Bank - Sinking Fund	105,933
Cash in Bank - Regions Refunding	61,115
Cash in Bank - Regions Refunding	49,370
Certificate of Deposit - Sinking Fund	99,646
Total Bond Sinking and Reserve Funds	\$ 508,791

5. Depreciation Fund

This fund was established by the bond ordinance of 1969. The ordinance requires Barkley Lake Water District to make monthly contributions to this fund after observing the priority of deposits into the Water System Bond and Interest Sinking Fund (Bond Sinking Fund and Reserve). The following bond ordinances require monthly deposits until a maximum amount is accumulated:

Issue	Month	Monthly Deposit		m Requirement
2005	\$	540	\$	64,800
2008C		(4)		90
2010A		1,755		210,600
2010B		755		90,600
2012E		-		= 3
2014		295		35,400

. Depreciation Fund, Continued

The maximum required level of funding all bond resolutions is \$401,400. The Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008C and 2012E require the maintaining of a Depreciation Fund but do not modify the method or level of funding. As of December 31, 2015, the depreciation cash and certificates of deposit totaled \$1,294,413.

As further security for the bond owners and for the benefit of the District, in addition to the monthly transfers required to be made there shall be deposited all proceeds of connection fees collected from potential customers to aid in the financing of the cost of future extensions, additions and improvements to the District, plus the proceeds of any property damage insurance (not otherwise used to replace damaged or destroyed property); and any such amounts or proceeds so deposited shall be used solely and only for the purposes intended. The funds in the Depreciation fund can be expended for the purpose of paying the cost of unusual or extraordinary maintenance, repairs, renewals or replacements, and the cost of construction additions and improvements to the system.

6. Construction Funds

Expansion projects currently in construction are funded through the construction accounts as detailed below. Initial funding was obtained through the 2008 bond issue.

Cash in Bank - Construction	\$	16,572
Cash in Bank - Regions Construction		7,486
	-	
Total Construction Funds	\$	24,058

7. Deposits and Investments

State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U.S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Kentucky or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of deposits. The District's deposits, including certificates of deposit, were insured or collateralized as required by State statutes at their highest daily balance during the year.

Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that a government will not be able to recover its deposits, investments, or collateral from the bank in the event of bank failure. The District does not have a policy addressing custodial credit risk.

The District is exposed to custodial credit risk at various points throughout the year. The District's deposits not covered by depository insurance are collateralized by pledged securities held by the financial institution.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the District held balances at two financial institutions. The highest cash day for one institution consisted of a bank balance totaling \$3,801,530. That balance was covered by \$500,000 Federal Deposit Insurance and the remainder by pledged securities of \$4,754,290. The deposits were over collateralized by \$1,022,760.

7. Deposits and Investments, Continued

The second institution had a highest cash day balance of \$223,904. That balance was covered by \$250,000 Federal Deposit Insurance. Additionally, the funds in excess of \$250,000 are secured by perfected liens on the Bank's securities in an amount not less than 105% of the total excess deposits. However, no such excess deposits existed during 2015 as the balance never exceeded \$250,000.

8. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015:

	Jar	Balance nuary 1, 2015	Additions	Eliminations	Balance nber 31, 2015
Depreciable Assets					
Buildings - Water Plant Buildings - General Plant Pumping Equipment Transmission Lines Meters Plant Equipment Office Equipment Vehicles	\$	10,474,080 4,743 23,034 11,102,029 1,652,734 524,204 115,148 279,143	\$ - 1,252,032 61,325 17,890	\$ 1,600 248,986 9,608 2,600	\$ 10,474,080 4,743 21,434 12,105,075 1,714,059 532,486 115,148 276,543
Total Depreciable Assets	-	24,175,115	1,331,247	262,794	 25,243,568
Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings - Water Plant Buildings - General Plant Pumping Equipment Transmission Lines Meters Plant Equipment Office Equipment Vehicles Total Accumulated Depreciation		3,024,422 1,291 23,034 4,377,464 1,387,664 337,682 99,356 216,310	250,969 316 - 286,348 61,072 27,104 5,452 16,739 648,000	(1,600) (156,667) (9,608) (2,600) (170,475)	3,275,391 1,607 21,434 4,507,145 1,448,736 355,178 104,808 230,449
Net Depreciable Assets		14,707,892	683,247	92,319	 15,298,820
Non-Depreciable Assets					
Land Construction in Progress	·	117,522 757,690	995,380	1,229,572	117,522 523,498
Total Non-Depreciable Assets	_	875,212	995,380	1,229,572	 641,020
Net Capital Assets	\$	15,583,104	\$1,678,627	\$1,321,891	\$ 15,939,840

Depreciation charged to expense was \$647,998 at December 31, 2015.

9. Interest Expense

The District incurred interest costs in 2015 of \$389,544. The entire amount has been recognized as a current non-operating expense.

10. Long-term Debt

The original amount of each bond issue, the bond issue dates, interest rates, and maturity dates are summarized below:

Issue	Original Amount		riginal Amount Interest Rates		
2005	\$	1,185,000	4.000% - 6.000%	2044	
2008C		3,060,000	2.350% - 4.550%	2037	
2010A		4,002,000	3.375%	2051	
2010B		1,837,000	3.000%	2049	
2012E		1,465,000	2.200% - 3.550%	2033	
2014		825,000	2.750%	2055	

Changes in the long-term liability accounts during the year are summarized below:

	Balance							Balance		Current
	Jan	uary 1, 2015	Proceeds		Proceeds Re		December 31, 2015		Amount Due	
Revenue Bonds 2005	\$	1,067,000	\$	2	\$	18,000	\$	1,049,000	\$	18,500
Revenue Bonds 2008C		2,495,000		-		110,000		2,385,000		110,000
Revenue Bonds 2010A		3,956,500		,=		47,000		3,909,500		49,000
Revenue Bonds 2010B		1,762,985		-		25,500		1,737,485		26,500
Revenue Bonds 2012E		1,325,000				75,000		1,250,000		50,000
Revenue Bonds 2014		:=0		825,000		((♠)		825,000		**
Bond Anticipation Note		825,000				825,000		-		5.0
Premium on Bond 2012E		13,400		-		718		12,682	74	718
Total Bond Obligation		11,444,885		825,000		1,101,218		11,168,667		254,718
Compensated Absences		23,441				5,706		17,735		30
Customer Deposits		305,474		39,088		38,641		305,921		*
Net Pension Liability		(2年)		1,155,890		-		1,155,890		
	\$	11,773,800	\$	2,019,978	\$	1,145,565	\$	12,648,213	\$	254,718

10. Long-term Debt, Continued

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District at December 31, 2015 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Maturity	F	Principal	Interest	Total	
2016	\$	254,000	\$ 391,461	\$	645,461
2017		280,500	382,800		663,300
2018		290,000	373,120		663,120
2019		305,000	362,844		667,844
2020		318,500	351,675		670,175
2021-2025		1,767,500	1,574,417		3,341,917
2026-2030		1,750,000	1,237,181		2,987,181
2031-2035		1,638,500	934,414		2,572,914
2036-2040		1,402,000	657,345		2,059,345
2041-2045		1,444,000	419,103		1,863,103
2046-2050		1,370,985	178,002		1,548,987
2051-2054		335,000	14,860		349,860
	\$	11,155,985	\$ 6,877,222	\$	18,033,207

By a resolution of the Commission on August 26, 2014, the District authorized an \$825,000 Bond Anticipation note through Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation, Interim Finance Program. The Interim financing was for the Cerulean Area Water System Improvements and was secured through a bond issuance in 2015. The District issued \$825,000 of revenue bonds (Series 2014). These bonds carry an interest rate of 2.75% and mature between January 1, 2015 and January 1, 2035.

The District issued \$4,002,000 of revenue bonds (Series 2010A) for the purpose of financing construction projects. The bonds carry an interest rate of 3.375% and mature between November 1, 2014 and November 1, 2051.

The District completed a current refunding of the 1976 and 1993 bond issues, dated August 29, 2012. The par amount of the 2012E refunding issue is \$1,465,000 and it has a total debt service requirement of \$2,031,446. The combined remaining total debt service requirement of the 1976 and 1993 bond issues at the date of refunding was \$2,271,305, which produces a cash flow savings of \$197,120. The net present value of the economic gain on the combined refunding of 1976 and 1993 bond issues is \$185,180.

The District issued the Series 2010B bonds through the Build America Bond Program that provides 35% in federal subsidies on the total interest requirements. The interest is paid directly to the District's bond escrow account on a semi-annual basis corresponding with the interest payment dates to the bond holders. Total subsidy payments received at December 31, 2015 were \$14,136.

10. Long-term Debt, Continued

All the Revenue Bonds are payable solely from, and secured by, a first pledge of the water revenues. So long as any of the bonds are outstanding and unpaid, the District shall continuously be maintained and operated in good condition. Rates and charges for services rendered will be imposed and collected so that gross revenues will be sufficient at all times, to provide for the payment of the operation and maintenance of the water plant, and to maintain the Depreciation and Sinking Funds described in Notes 4 and 5.

If there is any default in the payment of the principal or interest on any of the outstanding bonds, and suit is filed by a holder of said bond, any court having jurisdiction may appoint a receiver to administer the District with the power to charge and collect rates. These collected rates shall be sufficient to provide for the payment of the outstanding bonds, and the operating and maintenance expenses. The income and revenues shall be in conformity with the bond resolution, and the provisions of the applicable laws of Kentucky.

The plant may be sold, or otherwise disposed of only as a whole or substantially as a whole and then only if the proceeds to be realized therefore, together with any monies in the Sinking Fund are sufficient fully to redeem at the then current redemption prices all outstanding bonds and other obligations payable from the net revenues of the District. The bond covenants require that the rates for all utility services rendered by the District must be reasonable.

The District must maintain adequate public liability insurance including fire, windstorm, and hazards covered by a standard extended coverage policy. The net revenues of the District will be equal to 120% of the maximum annual principal, interest and Sinking Fund requirements of all outstanding bonds. Net revenues are defined to be gross revenues less current expenses of the system. Current expenses includes all reasonable and necessary costs of operating, repairing, maintaining, and insuring the System, but shall exclude any allowance for depreciation, payments into the Depreciation Fund for extensions, improvements and extraordinary repairs and maintenance, and payments into the Bond Fund and the Debt Service Reserve. The bond covenant also requires the District be audited within 130 days of year-end. The requirements that the District maintain a 1.20 times debt coverage ratio was met for the year ended December 31, 2015. The requirement that the District be audited within 130 days of year-end was met.

11. Employee Benefits

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description: CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan established by the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.520 and administered by the Kentucky Retirement System (KRS). Section 61.645 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Board of Trustees of KRS. KRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://kyret.ky.gov/Investments%20Annual%20Reports/2014-cafr.pdf.

11. Employee Benefits, Continued

Benefits provided: The CERS plan supports three benefit tiers: Tier 1, Tier 2 and Tier 3. Employees under Tier 1 started participation before September 1, 2008. Employees beginning participation between September 1, 2008 and December 31, 2013 are Tier 2 plan members. Tier 3 members began participating on or after January 1, 2014. All Tiers provide for retirement, disability, health insurance, and death benefits to plan members.

Tier 1: A member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits if any of the following have been met:

- Any age with 27 years of service
- Age 65 with 48 months of service
- Money purchase for age 65 with less than 48 months, based on contributions and interest.

Additionally, there are some provisions allowing for early retirement after 25 years of service or after 60 months of service and being 55 years of age. Retirement benefits paid to members are based on the average of the highest 5 fiscal years (must contain at least 48 months of service), multiplied by the applicable benefit factor based on participation entry date, multiplied by the years of service.

Tier 2: A member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits if any of the following have been met:

- Age 57 and age plus earned service years must equal 87
- Age 65 with 5 years of earned service

Additionally, there are some provisions allowing for early retirement after 25 years of service or after 60 years of age with 5 years of service. Retirement benefits paid to members are based on the 5 complete fiscal years immediately preceding retirement (each year must contain 12 months), multiplied by the applicable benefit factor based on service credit, multiplied by the years of service.

Tier 3: A member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits if any of the following have been met:

- Age 57 and age plus earned service years must equal 87
- Age 65 with 5 years of earned service

Tier 3 is a Cash Balance Plan, which is a new benefit tier within the Defined Benefit plan. In the Cash Balance Plan, the employee and employer will make set contributions. The retirement benefit will be based upon the accumulated account balance at the time of retirement.

11. Employee Benefits, Continued

Contributions: Under Tier 1, members contribute 5% of annual compensation and the employer pays the contractually required contribution rate for each year. Under Tier 2, members contribute 6% of annual compensation, 5% to the defined benefit pension and 1% as a health insurance contribution, and the employer pays the contractually required contribution rate for each year. Under Tier 3, members contribute 6% of annual compensation, 5% to the defined benefit pension and 1% as a health insurance contribution, and the employer pays the contractually required contribution rate for each year. The contractually required contribution rate for the year ended December 31, 2015 was 17.67% from January to June and 17.06% from July to December. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$112,674 for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2015, the District reported a liability of \$1,155,890 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportion was 0.02688%. As this is the first year of measurement, there is no increase or decrease in proportion share to be disclosed.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$152,981. At December 31, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	 d Outflows of esources
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 10,360
Net difference between expected and actual	0.604
experience	9,604
Changes in actuarial assumptions	116,524
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension	
Liability	57,566
City contributions subsequent to the measurement	
date	60,482
Total	\$ 254,536

11. Employee Benefits, Continued

The total Deferred Outflows recognized in relation to the pension at December 31, 2015 are \$254,536. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,								
2016	\$ 46,763							
2017	46,763							
2018	22,137							
2019	20,842							
Total	\$ 136,505							

Mortality rates were based on the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all retired members and beneficiaries as of June 30, 2006 and the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all other members.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 7.50%. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KRS financial report.

12. Commitments and Contingencies

The District participates in federal and state assisted grant programs for construction of water lines. These programs are subject to review by grantors or their representatives. As of December 31, 2015 there were no material questioned or disallowed costs as a result of grant audits. As construction is completed, amounts due from state grant funds are recognized and are recorded as contributed capital.

13. Commercial Insurance

It is the policy of the District to purchase commercial insurance for the risks of losses to which it is exposed. These risks include general liability, property and casualty, employee health and accident coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

14. New GASB Standards

In the year ended December 31, 2015, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". This statement, in conjunction with GASB Statement No. 67, "Financial Reporting for Pension Plans" reflect substantial improvements to the accounting and financial reporting of pensions by state and local governments and pension plans. Statement No. 67 addresses financial reporting for state and local government pension plans, while Statement No. 68 addresses the measurement and recording of pension costs, including those for participants in the multi-employer plans.

The guidance contained in these Statements will change how governments calculate and report the costs and obligations associated with pension in important ways. It is designed to improve the decision / usefulness of reported pension information and to increase the transparency, consistency, and comparability of pension information across governments.

Under the pension standards now in effect, cost-sharing employers have not been required to present actuarial information about pensions. Instead, information has been required to be presented in the pension plan's own financial statements for all of the participating governments combined. Through its research, the GASB concluded that the needs of users of information regarding cost-sharing employers do not differ significantly from those interested in single and agent employers. Therefore, the GASB believes it is important to give users of the financial statements of cost-sharing employers access to better, more transparent financial information. Consequently, under the new standards the GASB is requiring that cost-sharing governments report a net pension liability, pension expense, and pension related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all the governments in the plan.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 required the District to record their proportionate share of the net pension liabilities of the cost-sharing defined benefit plan in which they participate. This amount, \$1,155,890, was a material amount to the financial statements of the District. They were also required to record current activity related to the plan that included deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources. See Note 11 for further detail related to the plan.

In the year ended December 31, 2015, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68". This statement requires that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. The implementation of this standard resulted in a prior period adjustment of \$59,613 to the beginning net position.

15. Prior Period Adjustment

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the District made prior period adjustments due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 71, as described in Note 14, New GASB Standards above, which require the restatement of the December 31, 2015 net position in Governmental Activities. Additionally, an adjustment was recorded to appropriately reflect the beginning balance of the customer deposit liability. The result is a decrease in Net Position at January 1, 2015 of \$733,358. This change is in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

	Governmental Activities		
Beginning Net Position as Previously Reported at December 31, 2014	\$ 8,147,783		
Prior Period Adjustment - Implementation of GASB 68 and GASB 71			
Net Pension Liability (As of 12/31/14)	(799,806)		
Deferred Outflows - Contributions after Pension Measurement Date June			
30, 2015	59,613		
Prior Period Adjustment - Customer Deposits	6,835		
Total Prior Period Adjustment	(733,358)		
Net Position as Restated, January 1, 2015	\$ 7,414,425		



BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

Hazardous	2015	 2014
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.02688%	0.02465%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,155,890	\$ 799,806
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 649,895	\$ 619,402
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered-Employee Payroll	177.86%	129.13%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	59.97%	66.80%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

Hazardous	_	2015	2014		
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	112,889	\$	112,674	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	_	(112,889)		(112,674)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	_\$	2	_\$	28	
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	619,402	_\$	649,895_	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll		18.23%		17.34%	

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

BARKLEY LAKE WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN BENEFITS AND ASSUMPTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

County Employee Retirement System

Changes of benefits terms - None

Changes of assumptions – The following changes were adopted by the Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

- The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%.
- The Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%.
- The mortality table used for active members is RP-200 Combine Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 5-% for males and 30% for females).
- For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (setback for one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.
- Assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners Barkley Lake Water District PO Box 308 Cadiz, Kentucky 42211

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Barkley Lake Water District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Barkley Lake Water District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 4, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Barkley Lake Water District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Barkley Lake Water District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Barkley Lake Water District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Board of Commissioners May 4, 2016 Page 2 of 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Barkley Lake Water District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Calhoun & Company Hopkinsville, Kentucky

May 4, 2016