CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT

December 31, 2024

CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-3
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Consolidated balance sheets Consolidated statements of revenue and comprehensive income Consolidated statements of changes in members' equities Consolidated statements of cash flows Notes to consolidated financial statements	4 5 6 7 8-21
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	22
Consolidating balance sheet Consolidating statements of revenue and comprehensive income Schedule of deferred debits and deferred credits	23 24 25
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH <i>GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</i>	26-27



Jones, Nale & Mattingly PLC

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Fleming-Mason Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary Flemingsburg, Kentucky

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Fleming-Mason Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary, which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related consolidated statements of revenue and comprehensive income, changes in members' equities, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Fleming-Mason Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Fleming-Mason Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Fleming-Mason Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the consolidated financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fleming-Mason Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Fleming-Mason Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we have identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 7, 2025, on our consideration of the Fleming-Mason Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fleming-Mason Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Fleming-Mason Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary's internal control over financial reporting control over financial reporting or on compliance.

Jones. Male & Mattingly Pic

Louisville, Kentucky April 7, 2025

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2024 and 2023

ASSETS	2024	2023
Utility Plant, at original cost:		
In service	\$ 132,825,214	\$ 129,065,873
Under construction	232,554	534,521
	133,057,768	129,600,394
Less accumulated depreciation	52,303,027	50,613,864
-	80,754,741	78,986,530
Investments in Associated Organizations	59,916,705	59,268,875
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	810,478	712,044
Accounts receivable, less allowance for credit losses		
in 2024 of \$109,530 and 2023 of \$109,991	9,043,578	9,010,993
Other receivables	1,806,320	1,108,661
Pension asset	204,365	
Material and supplies, at average cost	747,386	758,650
Other current assets	291,173	120,012
Total current assets	12,903,300	11,710,360
Deferred Debits	684,919	1,098,144
Total assets	\$ 154,259,665	\$ 151,063,909
MEMBERS' EQUITIES AND LIABILITIES		
Members' Equities:		
Memberships	\$ 262,785	\$ 259,115
Patronage capital	79,537,796	77,936,367
Other equities	984,961	983,611
Accumulated other comprehensive gain (loss)	1,357,458	(306,393)
Total members' equities	82,143,000	78,872,700
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Long-term debt, less current portion	44,793,398	47,640,619
Pension liability		1,520,175
Accumulated postretirement benefits	2,299,226	2,299,790
Total long-term liabilities	47,092,624	51,460,584
Current Liabilities:		
Notes payable	8,300,000	4,600,000
Current portion of long-term debt	2,740,111	2,651,111
Accounts payable	8,269,684	7,856,693
Consumer deposits	1,864,666	1,820,676
Accrued expenses	3,845,657	3,797,290
Total current liabilities	25,020,118	20,725,770
Deferred Credits	3,923	4,855
Total member's equities and liabilities	\$ 154,259,665	\$ 151,063,909

The Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

Other electric revenues $1,135,927$ $1,$ B9,128,978B9,Operating ExpensesCost of power $72,212,765$ $74,$ Distribution - operations $1,675,942$ $1,4$ Distribution - maintenance $4,174,623$ $4,2$ Consumer accounts $1,413,906$ $1,4$ Consumer accounts $122,460$ $329,850$ in 2023 charged to clearing accounts $4,447,626$ Sales $81,744$ 4 Administrative and general $1,707,739$ $1,7$ Depreciation, excluding \$351,440 in 2024 and $3329,850$ in 2023 charged to clearing accounts $4,447,626$ Sales $81,744$ $4,47,626$ $4,27$ Taxes, other than income $76,085$ $1,787,266$ Interest on long-term debt $1,787,266$ $1,67,5942$ Other deductions $17,265$ $90,77,739$ Total cost of electric service $88,110,515$ $90,755,756$ Operating Margins $1,018,463$ $(1,4,79,739,75,75,75,75,75,75,75,75,75,75,75,75,75,$	_	2024	2023
Other electric revenues $1,135,927$ $1,$ B9,128,978B9,Operating ExpensesCost of power $72,212,765$ $74,$ Distribution - operations $1,675,942$ $1,4$ Distribution - maintenance $4,174,623$ $4,2$ Consumer accounts $1,413,906$ $1,4$ Consumer accounts $122,460$ $329,850$ in 2023 charged to clearing accounts $4,447,626$ Sales $81,744$ $329,850$ in 2023 charged to clearing accounts $4,447,626$ Sales $1,707,739$ $1,7$ Depreciation, excluding \$351,440 in 2024 and $3329,850$ in 2023 charged to clearing accounts $4,447,626$ Sales $81,744$ $4,447,626$ $4,27$ Taxes, other than income $76,085$ $1,787,266$ Interest on long-term debt $1,787,266$ $1,7265$ Other deductions $17,265$ $90,755$ Total cost of electric service $88,110,515$ $90,755$ Operating Margins $1,018,463$ $(1,4)$ Interest income $49,895$ 236 Other nonoperating income 236 236 Employee retention credit $$ $$ Gain (loss) on sale of equipment $425,056$ $1,708,985$ Other associated organizations $332,957$ $332,957$ Other Comprehensive Income $1,708,985$ $758,013$ Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss $15,555$ $75,555$ Pension plan anturating ain $1,708,985$ $758,013$ Postretirement actuarial gain $$			
Operating Expenses $89,128,978$ $89,$ Operating Expenses $72,212,765$ $74,$ Distribution - operations $1,675,942$ $13,$ Distribution - maintenance $4,174,623$ $42,$ Consumer accounts $1,413,906$ $14,$ Customer services $122,460$ 53 Sales $81,744$ 4 Administrative and general $1,707,739$ $14,$ Depreciation, excluding $3351,440$ in 2024 and $56,085$ $1122,460$ Sales, other than income $76,085$ $1,787,266$ $14,$ Interest on long-term debt $1,787,266$ $14,$ Other interest expense $393,094$ $50,094$ $50,094$ Other deductions $17,265$ $90,$ Total cost of electric service $88,110,515$ $90,$ Operating Margins (Deficit) $1,018,463$ $(1,4,12,094)$ Interest income $49,895$ 236 Cother nonoperating income 236 Employee retention credit $$ Gain (loss) on sale of equipment $425,030$ Automage Capital Credits $332,957$ Generation and transmission $425,056$ Other associated organizations $332,957$ Met Margins $1,822,406$ 0 Other Comprehensive Income $15,555$ Pension plan anortization of net actuarial loss $15,555$ Pension plan actuarial gain $$ Postretirement actuarial gain $$ Postretirement actuarial gain $$ Postretirement actuarial gain $$ <td></td> <td></td> <td>+))</td>			+))
Operating Expenses72,212,76574,Distribution - operations1,675,9421,4Distribution - maintenance4,174,6234,2Consumer accounts1,413,9061,4Customer services122,4601Sales81,7441,707,7391,7Depreciation, excluding \$351,440 in 2024 and \$329,850 in 2023 charged to clearing accounts4,447,6264,2Taxes, other than income76,0851Interest on long-term debt1,787,2661,4Other interest expense393,0942Other deductions17,26590,Total cost of electric service88,110,51590,Operating Margins (Deficit)1,018,463(1,4Nonoperating Margins49,895236Employee retention credit236Employee retention credit236Cain (loss) on sale of equipment $(4,201)$ 2Vet Margins1,822,4060Other Comprehensive Income1,822,4060Pension plan anturaial gain1,708,9852Postretirement actuarial gain2Postretirement actuarial gain2Postretirement actuarial gain2Postretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)0	electric revenues		1,105,179
Cost of power $72,212,765$ $74,$ Distribution - operations $1,675,942$ $1,3$ Distribution - maintenance $4,174,623$ $4,2$ Consumer accounts $1,413,906$ $1,4$ Customer services $122,460$ Sales $81,744$ Administrative and general $1,707,739$ Depreciation, excluding \$351,440 in 2024 and $$329,850$ in 2023 charged to clearing accounts $$329,850$ in 2023 charged to clearing accounts $4,447,626$ Taxes, other than income $76,085$ Interest on long-term debt $1,787,266$ Other interest expense $393,094$ Other deductions $17,265$ Total cost of electric service $88,110,515$ Operating Margins (Deficit) $1,018,463$ Interest income $49,895$ Other nonoperating income 236 Employee retention credit $$ Gain (loss) on sale of equipment $(4,201)$ $45,930$ 22 Patronage Capital Credits $332,957$ Generation and transmission $425,056$ 0 ther associated organizations $332,957$ $758,013$ $1,4$ Net Margins $1,822,406$ Other Comprehensive Income $1,708,985$ Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss $15,555$ Pension plan actuarial gain $$ Postretirement actuarial gain $$ Postretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain) $(60,689)$	_	89,128,978	89,145,058
Distribution - operations $1,675,942$ $1,4$ Distribution - maintenance $4,174,623$ $4,174,623$ $4,174,623$ Consumer accounts $1,413,906$ $1,413,906$ $1,413,906$ Customer services $122,460$ $122,460$ Sales $81,744$ $1,707,739$ $1,707,739$ Administrative and general $1,707,739$ $1,707,739$ Depreciation, excluding \$351,440 in 2024 and $$329,850$ in 2023 charged to clearing accounts $4,447,626$ $\$2329,850$ in 2023 charged to clearing accounts $4,447,626$ $4,178,7266$ Taxes, other than income $76,085$ $1,787,266$ Interest on long-term debt $1,787,266$ $1,60$ Other interest expense $393,094$ 50 Other deductions $17,265$ $90,17,265$ Total cost of electric service $88,110,515$ $90,17,265$ Operating Margins $1,618,463$ $(1,4)$ Nonoperating Margins $1,618,463$ $(1,4)$ Nonoperating Margins $45,930$ $22,366$ Employce retention credit $$ $$ Gain (loss) on sale of equipment $(4,201)$ $45,930$ Other associated organizations $332,957$ $23,758,013$ Other Comprehensive Income $1,822,406$ 60 Pension plan actuarial gain $1,708,985$ $758,013$ Postretirement atuarial gain $1,708,985$ $758,013$ Postretirement atuarial gain $$ $236,060,0689$	xpenses		
Distribution - maintenance $4,174,623$ $4,174,623$ $4,174,623$ $4,174,623$ $4,174,623$ $4,174,623$ $4,174,623$ $4,174,623$ $4,174,623$ $4,174,623$ $4,174,623$ $1,173,906$ $1,173,906$ $1,173,906$ $1,12,2460$ $1,12,2460$ $1,12,2460$ $1,172,739$ $1,170,739$ $1,170,739$ $1,170,739$ $1,170,739$ $1,170,739$ $1,170,739$ $1,170,739$ $1,170,739$ $1,170,739$ $1,170,739$ $1,172,266$ $1,178,7266$ $1,178,7266$ $1,178,7266$ $1,178,7266$ $1,178,7266$ $1,178,7266$ $1,172,655$ Other interest expense393,094 $3,172,655$ $1,12655$ $1,12655$ $1,12655$ $1,12655$ $1,12655$ $1,12655$ $1,12655$ $1,12655$ $1,12655$ $1,126,1265$ $1,126,126,126$ $1,126,126,126,126$ $1,126,126,126,126,126,126,126,126,126,12$	f power	72,212,765	74,100,617
Consumer accounts1,413,9061,4Customer services122,460Sales $81,744$ Administrative and general1,707,739Depreciation, excluding \$351,440 in 2024 and $$329,850$ in 2023 charged to clearing accounts $$329,850$ in 2023 charged to clearing accounts $4,447,626$ Taxes, other than income76,085Interest on long-term debt $1,787,266$ Other interest expense393,094Other interest expense393,094Other deductions $17,265$ Total cost of electric service $88,110,515$ 90,90,Operating Margins (Deficit) $1,018,463$ Interest income49,895Other nonoperating income236Employee retention creditGain (loss) on sale of equipment $(4,201)$ 425,0561,Other associated organizations332,957758,0131,4Net Margins $1,822,406$ Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss $15,555$ Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss $15,555$ Postretirement atuarial gain $$ Postretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain) $$	ution - operations	1,675,942	1,834,039
Customer services $122,460$ Sales $81,744$ Administrative and general $1,707,739$ Depreciation, excluding \$351,440 in 2024 and $$329,850$ in 2023 charged to clearing accounts $$329,850$ in 2023 charged to clearing accounts $4,447,626$ Taxes, other than income $76,085$ Interest on long-term debt $1,787,266$ Other interest expense $393,094$ Other deductions $17,265$ Total cost of electric service $88,110,515$ Operating Margins $1,018,463$ Interest income $49,895$ Other nonoperating income 236 Employee retention credit $$ Gain (loss) on sale of equipment $(4,201)$ At5,930 22 Patronage Capital Credits $332,957$ Generation and transmission $425,056$ Other associated organizations $332,957$ Other Comprehensive Income $1,708,985$ Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss $15,555$ Pension plan actuarial gain $1,708,985$ Postretirement atorial gain $$ Postretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain) $(60,689)$	ution - maintenance	4,174,623	4,284,878
Sales81,744Administrative and general1,707,739Depreciation, excluding \$351,440 in 2024 and\$329,850 in 2023 charged to clearing accounts\$329,850 in 2023 charged to clearing accounts4,447,626Taxes, other than income76,085Interest on long-term debt1,787,266Other interest expense393,094Other deductions17,265Total cost of electric service88,110,515Operating Margins1,018,463Interest income49,895Other nonoperating income236Employee retention creditGain (loss) on sale of equipment(4,201)45,9302Patronage Capital Credits332,957Generation and transmission425,056Other associated organizations332,957Other Comprehensive Income1,822,406Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Pension plan actuarial gain1,708,985Postretirement atourial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)	mer accounts	1,413,906	1,466,369
Administrative and general1,707,7391,707,739Depreciation, excluding \$351,440 in 2024 and\$329,850 in 2023 charged to clearing accounts4,447,6264,777,739Taxes, other than income76,08576,08576,085Interest on long-term debt1,787,2661,477,2661,477,265Other interest expense393,094577,2657041Other deductions17,26590,90,Operating Margins (Deficit)1,018,463(1,677,399)Nonoperating Margins1,018,463(1,677,399)Interest income49,895236Other nonoperating income236Employee retention creditGain (loss) on sale of equipment(4,201)Generation and transmission425,056Other associated organizations332,957Total organizations332,957Other Comprehensive Income1,822,406Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Pension plan atuarial gain1,708,985Postretirement actuarial gainPostretirement atuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)	ner services	122,460	120,273
Depreciation, excluding \$351,440 in 2024 and \$329,850 in 2023 charged to clearing accounts $4,447,626$ $4,57$ Taxes, other than income $76,085$ $76,085$ $76,085$ Interest on long-term debt $1,787,266$ $1,6666$ Other interest expense $393,094$ $5666666666666666666666666666666666666$		81,744	91,405
\$329,850 in 2023 charged to clearing accounts $4,447,626$ $4,37$ Taxes, other than income $76,085$ Interest on long-term debt $1,787,266$ $1,4$ Other interest expense $393,094$ $393,094$ $393,094$ Other deductions $17,265$ $90,766$ Total cost of electric service $88,110,515$ $90,766$ Operating Margins (Deficit) $1,018,463$ $(1,4)$ Nonoperating Margins $1,018,463$ $(1,4)$ Interest income $49,895$ $45,930$ Other nonoperating income 236 $$ Employee retention credit $$ $45,930$ Other associated organizations $332,957$ $332,957$ Other associated organizations $332,957$ $332,957$ Net Margins $1,822,406$ 0 Other Comprehensive Income $1,708,985$ $1,708,985$ Postretirement actuarial gain $$ $37,98,985$ Postretirement actuarial gain $$ $37,98,985$	istrative and general	1,707,739	1,720,152
Taxes, other than income76,085Interest on long-term debt1,787,2661,4Other interest expense393,0943Other deductions17,26590,Total cost of electric service88,110,51590,Operating Margins (Deficit)1,018,463(1,4)Nonoperating Margins1,1018,463(1,4)Interest income49,895(1,4)Other nonoperating income236Employee retention creditGain (loss) on sale of equipment(4,201)45,9302Patronage Capital Credits332,957Other associated organizations332,957758,0131,4Net Margins1,822,406Other Comprehensive Income15,555Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Postretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)	iation, excluding \$351,440 in 2024 and		
Interest on long-term debt $1,787,266$ $1,60$ Other interest expense $393,094$ $393,094$ $393,094$ Other deductions $17,265$ $17,265$ Total cost of electric service $88,110,515$ $90,$ Operating Margins (Deficit) $1,018,463$ $(1,01,018,463)$ Nonoperating Margins $1,018,463$ $(1,01,018,463)$ Interest income $49,895$ $49,895$ Other nonoperating income 236 Employee retention credit $$ Gain (loss) on sale of equipment $(4,201)$ $45,930$ 22 Patronage Capital Credits $332,957$ Generation and transmission $425,056$ Other associated organizations $332,957$ $758,013$ $1,5$ Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss $15,555$ Pension plan actuarial gain $1,708,985$ Postretirement actuarial gain $$ Postretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain) $(60,689)$	9,850 in 2023 charged to clearing accounts	4,447,626	4,335,041
Other interest expense393,094393,094Other deductions17,265Total cost of electric service88,110,51590,Operating Margins (Deficit)1,018,463Interest income49,895Other nonoperating income236Employee retention creditGain (loss) on sale of equipment(4,201)45,9302Patronage Capital Credits332,957Other associated organizations332,957758,0131,4Net Margins1,822,406Other Comprehensive Income15,555Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Postretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)	other than income	76,085	69,655
Other deductions17,265Total cost of electric service88,110,515Operating Margins (Deficit)1,018,463Interest income49,895Other nonoperating income236Employee retention creditGain (loss) on sale of equipment(4,201)45,9302Patronage Capital Credits332,957Other associated organizations332,957Net Margins1,822,406Other Comprehensive Income15,555Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Postretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)Construction of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)	t on long-term debt	1,787,266	1,613,861
Total cost of electric service88,110,51590,Operating Margins (Deficit)1,018,463(1,018,463Nonoperating Margins1,018,463(1,018,463Interest income49,895(1,018,463Other nonoperating income236Employee retention creditGain (loss) on sale of equipment(4,201)45,9302Patronage Capital Credits332,957Other associated organizations332,957758,0131,4Net Margins1,822,406Other Comprehensive Income15,555Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Pension plan actuarial gainPostretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)	nterest expense	393,094	503,625
Operating Margins (Deficit)1,018,463(1,018,463)Nonoperating Margins Interest income49,895(1,018,463)(1,018,463)Other nonoperating income236236Employee retention credit(4,201)Gain (loss) on sale of equipment(4,201)(45,930)(200)Patronage Capital Credits Generation and transmission425,0561,1Other associated organizations332,957(200)Net Margins1,822,406(000)Other Comprehensive Income Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Pension plan actuarial gain Postretirement actuarial gain(200)Postretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)(200)	leductions	17,265	21,614
Nonoperating Margins Interest income49,895Other nonoperating income236Employee retention creditGain (loss) on sale of equipment(4,201)45,9302Patronage Capital Credits425,056Generation and transmission425,056Other associated organizations332,957758,0131,4Net Margins1,822,406Other Comprehensive Income15,555Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Postretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)Context Context Con	al cost of electric service	88,110,515	90,161,529
Interest income49,895Other nonoperating income236Employee retention creditGain (loss) on sale of equipment(4,201)45,9302Patronage Capital Credits425,056Generation and transmission425,056Other associated organizations332,957758,0131,2Net Margins1,822,406Other Comprehensive Income1,5555Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Pension plan actuarial gainPostretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)	largins (Deficit)	1,018,463	(1,016,471)
Other nonoperating income236Employee retention creditGain (loss) on sale of equipment(4,201)45,930Patronage Capital CreditsGeneration and transmission425,056Other associated organizations332,957758,0131,4Net Margins1,822,406Other Comprehensive Income15,555Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Pension plan actuarial gainPostretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)	ng Margins		
Employee retention creditGain (loss) on sale of equipment(4,201)45,9302Patronage Capital Credits425,056Generation and transmission425,056Other associated organizations332,957758,0131,4Net Margins1,822,406Other Comprehensive Income15,555Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Pension plan actuarial gain1,708,985Postretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)		49,895	44,049
Gain (loss) on sale of equipment(4,201)A5,9303Patronage Capital Credits425,056Generation and transmission425,056Other associated organizations332,957332,9573758,0131,4Net Margins1,822,406Other Comprehensive Income15,555Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Pension plan actuarial gainPostretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)	nonoperating income	236	91
Gain (loss) on sale of equipment(4,201)A5,9303Patronage Capital Credits425,056Generation and transmission425,056Other associated organizations332,957332,9573758,0131,4Net Margins1,822,406Other Comprehensive Income15,555Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Pension plan actuarial gainPostretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)	yee retention credit		110,050
Patronage Capital Credits Generation and transmission425,056Other associated organizations332,9572758,0131,4Net Margins1,822,406Other Comprehensive Income Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Pension plan actuarial gain1,708,985Postretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)		(4,201)	45,962
Generation and transmission425,0561,1Other associated organizations332,9573758,0131,2Net Margins1,822,4060Other Comprehensive Income1,822,4060Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,55515,555Pension plan actuarial gain1,708,9851,708,985Postretirement actuarial gain3Postretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)	_	45,930	200,152
Other associated organizations332,957332,957758,0131,4Net Margins1,822,406Other Comprehensive IncomePension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Pension plan actuarial gain1,708,985Postretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)	Lapital Credits		
758,0131,4Net Margins1,822,406Other Comprehensive Income1,822,406Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Pension plan actuarial gain1,708,985Postretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)	ition and transmission	425,056	1,136,936
Net Margins1,822,406Other Comprehensive IncomePension plan amortization of net actuarial lossPension plan actuarial gain1,708,985Postretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)	associated organizations	332,957	320,139
Other Comprehensive IncomePension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Pension plan actuarial gain1,708,985Postretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)		758,013	1,457,075
Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Pension plan actuarial gain1,708,985Postretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)	s	1,822,406	640,756
Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss15,555Pension plan actuarial gain1,708,985Postretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)	orehensive Income		
Pension plan actuarial gain1,708,985Postretirement actuarial gainPostretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)(60,689)		15,555	45,084
Postretirement actuarial gain 2 Postretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain) (60,689)			53,339
	irement actuarial gain		379,372
1,663,851	•	(60,689)	
		1,663,851	477,795
Net Margins and Comprehensive Income \$ 3,486,257 \$ 1,1	s and Comprehensive Income	\$ 3,486,257	\$ 1,118,551

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF REVENUE AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

The Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

			P_8	Patronage Capital				Accumulated Other	Total
	Memberships	Assigned	Unassigned	Prior Deficits	Retirements	Total	Other Equities	Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Members' Equities
Balance - December 31, 2022 Allocate margins	\$ 254,935	<pre>\$ 84,460,966 3,085,267</pre>	\$ 3,292,751 \$ (3,292,751)		(1,816,296) \$(8,385,175) \$ 207,484	77,552,246 \$ 	982,097	\$ (784,188) \$	78,005,090
Comprehensive income: Net margins			640,756			640,756			640,756
Amortization of actuarial loss Actuarial gain							ľ	45,084 53,339	98,423
Postretirement benefit obligation Actuarial gain								379,372	379,372
Total comprehensive income	100								1,118,551
Net cnange in memoersnips Refunds of capital credits	4,180				(256,635)	(256,635)			4,180 (256,635)
Other equities							1,514		1,514
Balance - December 31, 2023 Allocate margins	259,115	87,546,233 433,934	640,756 (640,756)	(1,608,812) 206,822	(8, 641, 810)	77,936,367 	983,611	(306,393)	78,872,700
Comprehensive income: Net margins			1,822,406			1,822,406			1,822,406
Fension plan Amortization of actuarial loss Actuarial gain							ľ	15,555 1,708,985	1,724,540
Amortization							1	(60, 689)	(60, 689)
Total comprehensive income Net change in membershins	3.670								3,486,257 3.670
Refunds of capital credits					(220,977)	(220,977)			(220,977)
Other equities							1,350		1,350

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITIES Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

The Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

Jones, Nale & Mattingly PLC

- 9 -

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

		2024		2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net margins	\$	1,822,406	\$	640,756
Adjustments to reconcile net margins to net cash provided	*	-,,	*	,
by operating activities:				
Depreciation:				
Charged to expense		4,447,626		4,335,041
Charged to clearing accounts		351,440		329,850
Patronage capital credits assigned		(758,013)		(1,457,075)
Gain (loss) on disposition of general plant		4,201		(45,962)
Amortization of pension plan actuarial adjustment		15,555		45,084
Pension plan actuarial adjustment		1,708,985		53,339
Amortization of postretirement actuarial gain		(60,689)		
Postretirement actuarial adjustment				379,372
Change in assets and liabilities, net of the effects				,
of investing and financing activities:				
Receivables, net		(730,244)		57,038
Material and supplies		11,264		(67,587)
Other current assets		(171,161)		88,110
Deferred debits		413,225		260,219
Accounts payable		412,991		(759,515)
Consumer deposits		43,990		1,163,630
Pension liability		(1,724,540)		(98,423)
Accumulated postretirement benefits		(564)		(364,068)
Accrued expenses		48,367		258,801
Deferred credits		(932)		(99,454)
Net cash provided by operating activities		5,833,907		4,719,156
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Plant additions		(5,858,833)		(5,967,404)
Plant removal costs		(727,670)		(688,588)
Salvage recovered from retired plant		15,025		304,418
Receipts from other investments, net		110,183		130,857
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(6,461,295)		(6,220,717)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Net increase in memberships		3,670		4,180
Refund of patronage capital to members		(220,977)		(256,635)
Increase in other equities		1,350		1,514
Proceeds from long-term debt				7,157,000
Payments on long-term debt		(2,758,221)		(2,610,920)
Short-term borrowings (repayments)		3,700,000		(3,200,000)
Net cash provided by financing activities		725,822		1,095,139
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		98,434		(406,422)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		712,044		1,118,466
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	810,478	\$	712,044
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION Cash payments for interest	\$	2,117,809	\$	2,099,441

The Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

FLEMING-MASON ENERGY COOPERATIVE, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies

Description of business

Fleming-Mason Energy Cooperative, Inc. (Fleming-Mason) maintains its records in accordance with the policies prescribed or permitted by the Kentucky Public Service Commission (PSC) and the United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Utilities Service (RUS), which conform in all material respects with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The significant accounting policies are as follows:

Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Fleming-Mason Energy Cooperative, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary, FM Utility Resources, LLC (FMUR). All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Business activity

Fleming-Mason provides distribution electric service to residential, business, and commercial consumers in eight counties in eastern Kentucky. FMUR provides utility right-of-way services exclusively for Fleming-Mason.

Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

Utility plant

Utility plant is stated at original cost, which is the cost when first dedicated to public service. Such amount includes applicable supervisory and overhead cost including any construction period interest and taxes. There was no interest required to be capitalized during the year.

The cost of maintenance and repairs, including renewals of minor items of property, is charged to operating expense. The cost of replacement of depreciable property units, as distinguished from minor items, is charged to utility plant. The units of property replaced or retired, including cost of removal, net of any salvage value, is charged to accumulated depreciation. FMUR's fixed assets consist primarily of vehicles and tree trimming equipment.

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Utility plant (continued)

Utility plant consists of the following as of December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	2023
Distribution plant	\$ 120,181,992	\$ 116,884,817
General plant	12,384,035	11,921,870
Subtotal electric plant	132,566,027	128,806,687
Vehicles	253,760	253,760
Equipment	5,427	5,426
Subtotal subsidiary plant	259,187	259,186
Utility Plant, at original cost	\$ 132,825,214	\$ 129,065,873

Depreciation

Provision has been made for depreciation on the basis of the estimated lives of assets, using the straight-line method. Depreciation rates range from 1.44% to 10.00%, for a composite rate of 3.53% for distribution plant. General plant rates are as follows:

Structures and improvements	2.50%
Transportation equipment	10.00 - 20.00%
Other general plant	5.00 - 10.00%

FMUR's depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the useful lives of its assets.

Cash and cash equivalents

Fleming-Mason considers all short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Fleming-Mason maintains its cash balances, which may exceed the federally insured limit, with several financial institutions. These financial institutions have strong credit ratings and management believes that credit risk related to the accounts is minimal.

Accounts receivable and allowance for credit losses

Fleming-Mason operates in the electric services distribution industry, and its accounts receivable are primarily derived from the sales of electric energy. Accounts receivable are stated at net realizable value and are usually collected within thirty days. The balance in accounts receivable as of December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022 was \$9,043,578, \$9,010,993, and \$8,961,474, respectively.

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accounts receivable and allowance for credit losses (continued)

Fleming-Mason uses the allowance method to account for uncollectible accounts receivable. Management maintains an allowance for potential credit losses based on its assessment of the current status of the customer accounts using a pooled basis approach where similar characteristics exist (See Note 3). The allowance estimate is derived from a review of Fleming-Mason's historical losses based on the aging of receivables. The estimate is adjusted for management's assessment of current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts regarding future events, and any other factors deemed relevant by Fleming-Mason.

Fleming-Mason writes off receivables when there is information that indicates the debtor is facing significant financial difficulty and there is no possibility of recovery. Subsequent recoveries are credited to the allowance for credit losses.

Materials and supplies

Fleming-Mason values materials and supplies at the lower of average cost or net realizable value.

Deferred debits and credits

Regulatory requirements authorized by the PSC allow the electric supplier to impose a fuel adjustment surcharge upon Fleming-Mason. In turn, Fleming-Mason is required to pass on the fuel surcharge to the consumer. Due to regulatory requirements in calculating the surcharge Fleming-Mason may experience an over or under recovery of the fuel adjustment surcharge.

Similarly, the PSC has an environmental cost recovery mechanism that allows the electric supplier to recover certain costs incurred in complying with the Federal Clean Air Act as amended and those federal, state, and local environmental requirements which apply to coal combustion wastes and byproducts from facilities utilized for the production of energy from coal. In turn, Fleming-Mason is required to pass on this environmental cost recovery mechanism to the consumer.

Taxes

Fleming-Mason is required to collect, on behalf of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, sales taxes based on six percent of gross sales from non-residential consumers, a three percent school tax from certain counties on most gross sales, and franchise fees in certain cities. Fleming-Mason's policy is to exclude taxes from revenue when collected and expenses when paid and instead, record collection and payment of taxes through a liability account.

Cost of power

Fleming-Mason is one of 16 members of East Kentucky Power Cooperative (East Kentucky). Under a wholesale power agreement, Fleming-Mason is committed to purchase its electric power and energy requirements from East Kentucky until 2068. The rates charged by East Kentucky are subject to approval of the PSC. The cost of purchased power is recorded monthly during the period in which the energy is consumed, based upon billings from East Kentucky. There are certain surcharges, clauses, and credits that East Kentucky includes to Fleming-Mason that are passed on to consumers using a methodology prescribed by the PSC.

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Advertising

Fleming-Mason expenses advertising costs as incurred. Advertising expenses were zero and \$328 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Comprehensive income (loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) includes both net margin and other comprehensive income (loss). Other comprehensive income (loss) represents the changes in funded status of the accumulated pension benefit obligation and the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation.

Risk management

Fleming-Mason and FMUR are exposed to various forms of losses of assets associated with, but not limited to, fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, workers compensation, etc. Each of these areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance.

Credit risk

Fleming-Mason grants credit to residents within its service territory. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to accounts receivables are limited due to its large number of customers.

Environmental contingency

Fleming-Mason from time to time is required to work with and handle PCBs, herbicides, automotive fluids, lubricants, and other hazardous materials in the normal course of business. As a result, there is the possibility that environmental conditions may arise which would require Fleming-Mason to incur cleanup costs. The likelihood of such an event, or the amount of such costs, if any, cannot be determined at this time. However, management does not believe such costs, if any, would materially affect Fleming-Mason's financial position or its future cash flows.

Income tax status

Fleming-Mason qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(12) of the Internal Revenue Code. However, income from certain activities not directly related to Fleming-Mason's tax-exempt purpose is subject to taxation as unrelated business income. Fleming-Mason is responsible for reporting unrelated business income associated with its wholly owned subsidiary FMUR.

Fleming-Mason's accounting policy provides that a tax expense/benefit from an uncertain tax position may be recognized when it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination, including resolutions of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits. Fleming-Mason has no uncertain tax positions resulting in an accrual of tax expense or benefit.

Fleming-Mason recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense and penalties in operating expenses. Fleming-Mason did not recognize any interest or penalties during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Income tax status (continued)

Fleming-Mason's Federal Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax is subject to possible examination by taxing authorities until the expiration of related statutes of limitations on the return, which is generally three years.

Pension accounting

In May 2017, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued ASU 2017-07, *Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost*. The standard specifies how the amount of pension costs and costs for post-retirement benefits other than pensions (PBOP) should be presented on the income statement under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and what components of those costs are eligible for capitalization in assets. This standard is effective for years beginning after December 15, 2018. The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) issued Docket No. AI18-1-000 that allowed jurisdictional public utilities to continue to record PBOP costs in their entirety, less amounts capitalized, without change. Pension and PBOP costs are made up of several components: service cost, interest cost, actual return on plan assets, gain or loss, amortization of prior service cost or credit, and amortization of FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Subtopic 715-30. Though pension and PBOP costs are computed using the aggregate total of these various components, the Commission's longstanding policy is to consider the amount as a singular cost to the employer. This cost is calculated based on ASC 715 and reported as an expense under net margins from continuing operations.

Subsequent events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through April 7, 2025, the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2. Revenue Recognition

Revenue from contracts

Fleming-Mason is engaged in the distribution and sale of electricity to residential and commercial customers in eight counties in eastern Kentucky. Revenue from these activities is generated from tariffs approved by the PSC. Fleming-Mason satisfies their performance obligation upon the delivery of electricity to customers. Revenue is recognized over-time as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by Fleming-Mason. The amount of revenue recognized is the billed volume of electricity multiplied by a tariff rate per-unit of energy, plus any applicable fixed or additional regulatory charges. Customers are billed monthly and outstanding amounts are typically due within 20 days of the date of the bill.

Note 2. Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Significant judgements

Fleming-Mason has multiple billing cycles that process customer bills on approximately the same day each month. The amounts billed are based on actual meter readings of kilowatt hours used for the billing period. The amount of revenue recorded each month represent a full month of kilowatt hour usage. There are no significant judgements for over or under-billed revenues because each month's revenue is based on actual meter readings. This method of revenue recognition presents fairly, Fleming-Mason's transfer of electricity to customers as the amount recognized is based on actual volumes delivered and the tariff rate per-unit of energy plus any applicable fixed charges as set by the PSC.

Performance obligations

Fleming-Mason customers generally have no minimum purchase commitments. Fleming-Mason recognizes revenue as each performance obligation is satisfied. Performance obligations are limited to the service requested and received to date. Accordingly, there is no unsatisfied performance obligation to recognize as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Disaggregation of revenue

The following table shows revenues from contracts with customers disaggregated by customer class for the years ended December 31:

	2024		2023
Large industrial	\$ 45,976,440	\$	49,079,202
Residential	37,195,780		34,575,999
Small commercial	4,453,618		4,024,166
Public lights	367,214		360,512
Rent from electric property	591,848		514,840
Other	544,078		590,339
Total	\$ 89,128,978	\$	89,145,058

Note 2. Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Contract assets and liabilities

Contract assets include under recovered fuel adjustment surcharges and environmental cost recovery mechanisms which are included in deferred debits on the consolidated balance sheets. Contract liabilities include over recovered fuel adjustment surcharges and consumer deposits. Over recovered fuel adjustment surcharges are included in deferred credits on the consolidated balance sheets. The balances in contract assets and liabilities were as follows as of December 31:

	 2024	 2023	 2022
Contract assets	\$ 655,604	\$ 1,090,724	\$ 1,347,119
Contract liabilities	\$ 1,864,666	\$ 1,820,676	\$ 755,279

Note 3. Allowance for Credit Losses

The allowance for credit losses for accounts receivable and the related activity are as follows:

	2024		 2023
Beginning balance	\$ 109,991		\$ 100,015
Provision for credit losses		26,631	41,299
Write-offs	(56,968)		(67,575)
Recoveries	29,876		 36,252
Ending balance	\$	109,530	\$ 109,991

Note 4. Investments in Associated Organizations

Investments in associated organizations consist of the following as of December 31:

	2024		 2023
East Kentucky, patronage capital	\$	56,849,994	\$ 56,424,937
CFC, CTC's		802,777	803,660
CFC, patronage capital		282,237	290,720
Others		1,981,697	 1,749,558
	\$	59,916,705	\$ 59,268,875

Fleming-Mason records patronage capital assigned by associated organizations in the year in which such assignments are received. The Capital Term Certificates (CTCs) of CFC are recorded at cost. The CTCs were purchased from CFC as a condition of obtaining long-term financing. The CTCs bear interest ranging from zero to 5.00% and are scheduled to mature at varying times from 2025 to 2080.

Note 5. Investment in Subsidiary

Fleming-Mason is a 100% owner of a subsidiary, FM Utility Resources, LLC, which is engaged in utility right-of-way services exclusively for Fleming-Mason. In March 2020, Fleming-Mason loaned \$284,514 to FM Utility Resources, LLC. The loan is payable over 10 years at an interest rate of 3.25% per annum. The principal balance outstanding was \$160,797 and \$188,446 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The activity of the investment in subsidiary is as follows for the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 and is eliminated in consolidation:

	2024	2023
Beginning balance	(5,034)	(5,034)
Net income		
Ending balance	(5,034)	(5,034)

Note 6. Patronage Capital

Under provisions of the long-term debt agreement, return to patrons of capital contributed by them is limited to amounts which would not allow the total equities and margins to be less than 30.00% of total assets, except that distributions may be made to estates of deceased patrons. The debt agreement provides, however, that should such distributions to estates not exceed 25.00% of the net margins for the next preceding year, Fleming-Mason may distribute the difference between 25.00% and the payments made to such estates. Fleming-Mason's equity as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 were 53.25% and 52.21% of total assets, respectively.

Note 7. Long-Term Debt

All assets, except vehicles, are pledged as collateral on the long-term debt to RUS, Federal Financing Bank (FFB), CoBank and CFC under a joint mortgage agreement. The long-term debt is due in quarterly and monthly installments of varying amounts through 2053. RUS assesses 12.5 basis points to administer the FFB loans. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, there were zero FFB loan funds unadvanced.

Long-term debt consists of the following as of December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	2024		2023
FFB, 1.38% to 4.73% fixed rate notes	\$ 40,873,355		\$ 42,392,327
RUS, Economic Development loan, no interest	166,667		277,778
CFC, 2.42% to 6.04% fixed rate notes	514,634		648,128
CoBank, 3.26% fixed rate note	5,978,853	_	6,973,497
	47,533,509		50,291,730
Less current portion	2,740,111		2,651,111
	\$ 44,793,398	_	\$ 47,640,619

Note 7. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Fleming-Mason is participating in a RUS sponsored program which provides economic development funds to businesses in Fleming-Mason's service area. Fleming-Mason serves as a conduit for these funds and is contingently liable if the recipient fails to repay the loan. As of December 31, 2024, the annual principal portion of long-term debt outstanding for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

2025	\$ 2,740,111
2026	2,716,341
2027	2,746,281
2028	2,807,460
2029	2,820,438
Thereafter	33,702,878
	\$ 47,533,509

Note 8. Short-Term Notes Payable

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, Fleming-Mason has a short-term line of credit of \$10,000,000 available from CFC and a short-term line of credit of \$5,000,000 available from CoBank. The outstanding balance under the CFC line of credit was \$8,300,000 and \$4,600,000 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The variable interest rate was 6.50% and 7.25% as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The CFC line of credit as of December 31, 2024 and 2023. There were no outstanding balances on the CoBank line of credit as of December 31, 2024 and 2023. The CoBank line of credit had variable interest rates of 6.72% and 7.21% as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and matures in August 2025.

Note 9. Pension Plan

Fleming-Mason has a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all employees who meet minimum age and service requirements. The plan has a pay-related pension benefit formula. Fleming-Mason's policy is to fund such plans in accordance with the requirements of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA). The plan was measured as of December 31, 2024 and 2023. There have been no significant changes that affect the comparability of 2024 and 2023.

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

The following is an assessment of the noncontributory defined benefit plan:

	2024	2023
Change in Benefit Obligation:		
Beginning of year	\$ 11,447,087	\$ 10,276,937
Service cost	451,241	361,493
Interest cost	560,617	543,019
Actuarial (gain) loss	(1,421,471)	493,684
Benefits paid	(228,046)	(228,046)
End of year	10,809,428	11,447,087
Change in Plan Assets:		
Beginning of year	7,404,423	6,256,297
Actual return on assets	839,405	776,172
Employer contributions	350,000	600,000
Benefits paid	(228,046)	(228,046)
End of year	8,365,782	7,404,423
Funded status of plan (deficit)	\$ (2,443,646)	\$ (4,042,664)
Accumulated benefit obligation in plan	\$ 8,181,466	\$ 8,532,952

The amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets are as follows:

	2024			2023
Unrecognized actuarial gain (loss)		204,365	\$	(1,520,175)
Pension asset (liability)	\$	204,365	\$	(1,520,175)
Accrued expenses		(2,648,011)		(2,522,489)
	\$	(2,443,646)	\$	(4,042,664)

Amounts included in other comprehensive income:

	2024	2023		
Amortization of net actuarial loss	\$ 15,555	\$	45,084	
Actuarial gain	\$ 1,708,985	\$	53,339	

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

The net periodic pension benefit cost was calculated as follows:

	2024			2023		
Service cost	\$	451,241	\$	361,493		
Interest cost		560,617	543,019			
Expected return on plan assets		(599,738)		(474,074)		
Amortization of actuarial loss		15,555		45,084		
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	427,675	\$	475,522		

Assumptions used to develop the projected benefit obligation are as follows:

	2024	2023
Discount rate	5.50%	5.00%
Rate of increase in compensation level	3.00%	3.50%
Expected long-term rate of return on assets	8.00%	8.00%

The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets for determining net periodic pension cost for each fiscal year is chosen from the best range determined by applying anticipated long-term returns for various asset categories to the target asset allocation of the plan, as well as taking into account historical returns.

The general investment objectives are to invest in a diversified portfolio, comprised of debt investments, equity investments, and fixed income investments. The diversification is designed to minimize the risk of large losses while maximizing total return within reasonable prudent levels of risk. The investment objectives specify a targeted investment allocation for the pension plan of approximately 50.00% equities. The remaining may be allocated among fixed income or cash equivalent investments. The plan's investments are reported at fair value as follows as of December 31:

		Fair value measurements using:				
		U	Unadjusted		nificant other	
		qu	quoted prices		ervable inputs	
December 31, 2024	 Fair Value	(Level 1)			(Level 2)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 250,973	\$	250,973	\$		
Stocks	6,608,968		6,608,968			
Investment grade debt instruments	 1,505,841				1,505,841	
	\$ 8,365,782	\$	6,859,941	\$	1,505,841	

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

		Fair value measurements using:				
		Unadjusted		Significant other		
		qu	oted prices	observable inputs		
December 31, 2023	 Fair Value	(Level 1)		(Level 2)		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 222,133	\$	222,133	\$		
Stocks	5,849,494		5,849,494			
Investment grade debt instruments	 1,332,796				1,332,796	
	\$ 7,404,423	\$	6,071,627	\$	1,332,796	

Expected retiree pension benefit payments are projected to be as follows: 2025 - \$227,870; 2026 - \$227,639; 2027 - \$227,129; 2028 - \$226,676; 2029 - \$227,277.

Fleming-Mason expects to contribute approximately \$400,000 during the year ending December 31, 2025. However, Fleming-Mason reserves the right to contribute more or less depending on other considerations and circumstances.

Note 10. Postretirement Benefits

Fleming-Mason sponsors a defined benefit plan that provides medical insurance coverage to retired employees. Eligible participants are limited to employees hired prior to March 5, 1993. The plan calls for benefits to be paid at retirement based primarily upon years of service with Fleming-Mason. For measurement purposes, an annual rate of increase of 6.00% in 2024, then decreasing by .25% per year until 3.00% per year, in the per capita cost of covered healthcare benefit was assumed. The discount rate used in determining the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation was 5.50% and 4.50% in 2024 and 2023, respectively. There have been no significant changes that affect the comparability of 2024 and 2023 other than the previously mentioned change in discount rate.

The funded status of the plan was as follows as of December 31:

	2024			2023
Projected benefit obligation	\$	(2,299,226)	\$	(2,299,790)
Plan assets at fair value				
Funded status	\$	(2,299,226)	\$	(2,299,790)

Note 10. Postretirement Benefits (Continued)

The components of net periodic postretirement benefit cost are as follows as of and for the years ended December 31:

		2024		2023	
Benefit obligation - beginning of period	\$	2,299,790	\$	2,663,858	
Actuarial adjustment				(379,372)	
Net periodic benefit cost:					
Service cost		98,267		128,560	
Interest cost		71,228		60,878	
Net period cost		169,495		189,438	
Benefits payments to participants		(170,059)		(174,134)	
Benefit obligation - end of period	\$	2,299,226	\$	2,299,790	
Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets con Unrecognized actuarial gain Accumulated postretirement benefits	nsist o <u>\$</u> \$	f: 1,153,093 2,299,226	\$ \$	1,213,782 2,299,790	
Amounts included in other comprehensive income:					
Actuarial gain	\$		\$	379,372	
Amortization of net actuarial (gain)	\$	(60,389)	\$		
Effect of 1% increase in the health care trend: Postemployment benefit obligation Net periodic benefit cost	\$ \$	2,391,000 176,000			

Projected retiree benefit payments for the next five years are expected to be as follows: 2025 - \$164,000; 2026 - \$167,100; 2027 - \$156,100; 2028 - \$143,800; 2029 - \$0.

Note 11. Major Customer Concentration

One industrial customer accounted for approximately 20% of electric revenues for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. Accounts receivable from this customer included 17% of the total accounts receivable balance as of December 31, 2024 and 2023. Fleming-Mason has a contract in place with the customer. Management does not expect the business relationship to change with this customer.

In addition, Fleming-Mason bills and collects steam charges for East Kentucky to the customer. There are no margins realized from this arrangement with East Kentucky, therefore, the amounts are not reflected in operating revenues or cost of power.

Note 12. Related Party Transactions

Several of the Directors of Fleming-Mason, its President and CEO, and another employee, serve on the Boards of Directors of various associated organizations.

Note 13. Commitments

Fleming-Mason has various other agreements outstanding with local contractors. Under these agreements, the contractors will perform certain construction and maintenance work at specified hourly rates or unit cost, or on an as needed basis. The duration of these contracts are one to three years.

Note 14. Contingencies

Fleming-Mason, on occasion, is involved in litigation arising in the normal course of business. While the results of such litigation cannot be predicted with certainty, management, based upon advice of counsel, believes that the outcome will not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial statements.



Jones, Nale & Mattingly PLC

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

To the Board of Directors Fleming-Mason Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary Flemingsburg, Kentucky

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Fleming-Mason Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, and our report thereon dated April 7, 2025, which expressed an unmodified opinion on those consolidated financial statements, appears on pages 1 - 3. Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The consolidating supplementary information shown on pages 23 and 24, and the schedule of deferred debits and deferred credits shown on page 25, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

Jones. Male : Mattingly Pic

Louisville, Kentucky April 7, 2025

CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2024

	Fleming-Mason	Fl	FM Utility			
ASSETS	Energy		esources	El	iminations	Consolidated
Utility Plant, at original cost: In service	\$ 132,566,027	\$	259,187	\$		\$ 132,825,214
Under construction	232,554	ψ		φ		232,554
	132,798,581		259,187			133,057,768
Less accumulated depreciation	52,153,479		149,548			52,303,027
	80,645,102		109,639			80,754,741
Investments and Other Assets:						
Associated organizations	59,916,705					59,916,705
Investment in Subsidiary	(5,034)				5,034	59,910,705
Note receivable, less current portion	132,238				(132,238)	
	60,043,909				(127,204)	59,916,705
Current Assets:	760 439		50.040			010 470
Cash and cash equivalents	760,438		50,040			810,478
Accounts receivable, less allowance for credit losses in 2024 of \$109,530	0.042.579					0.042.579
Other receivables	9,043,578 1,814,265				(16 762)	9,043,578
Current portion of note receivable	28,559		8,818		(16,763) (28,559)	1,806,320
Pension asset	204,365				(28,559)	204,365
Material and supplies, at average cost	747,386					747,386
Other current assets	291,173					291,173
Total current assets	12,889,764		58,858		(45,322)	12,903,300
	12,009,704		50,050		(13,322)	12,703,500
Deferred Debits	684,919					684,919
Total assets	\$ 154,263,694	\$	168,497	\$	(172,526)	\$ 154,259,665
MEMBERS' EQUITIES AND LIABILITIES						
Members' Equities:						
Capital investment	\$	\$	(5,034)	\$	5,034	\$
Memberships	262,785					262,785
Patronage capital	79,537,796					79,537,796
Other equities	984,961					984,961
Accumulated other comprehensive gain	1,357,458					1,357,458
Total members' equities	82,143,000		(5,034)		5,034	82,143,000
Long-Term Debt						
Long-term debt, less current portion	44,793,398		132,238		(132,238)	44,793,398
Accumulated postretirement benefits	2,299,226				(152,250)	2,299,226
Total long-term liabilities	47,092,624		132,238		(132,238)	47,092,624
Current Liabilities:	0.200.000					0.200.000
Notes payable	8,300,000				(29.550)	8,300,000
Current portion of long-term debt Accounts payable	2,740,111		28,559		(28,559)	2,740,111
	8,278,502		7,945		(16,763)	8,269,684
Consumer deposits Accrued expenses	1,864,666		4,789			1,864,666
Total current liabilities	3,840,868		41,293		(45,322)	3,845,657 25,020,118
rotal current naonities	23,024,147		41,293		(43,322)	23,020,118
Deferred Credits	3,923					3,923
Total members' equities and liabilities	\$ 154,263,694	\$	168,497	\$	(172,526)	\$ 154,259,665

	Fleming-Mason Energy	FM Utility Resources	Eliminations	Consolidated	
Operating Revenues					
Sale of electric energy	\$ 87,993,051	\$	\$	\$ 87,993,051	
Other electric revenues	1,135,927			1,135,927	
Contract services		340,489	(340,489)		
	89,128,978	340,489	(340,489)	89,128,978	
Operating Expenses					
Cost of power	72,212,765			72,212,765	
Distribution - operations	1,675,942			1,675,942	
Distribution - maintenance	4,213,524	301,588	(340,489)	4,174,623	
Consumer accounts	1,413,906		(310,105)	1,413,906	
Customer services	122,460			122,460	
Sales	81,744			81,744	
Administrative and general	1,707,739			1,707,739	
Depreciation, excluding \$351,440 charged	,,			,,.	
to clearing accounts	4,414,515	33,111		4,447,626	
Taxes, other than income	76,085			76,085	
Interest on long-term debt	1,787,266	5,790	(5,790)	1,787,266	
Other interest expense	393,094			393,094	
Other deductions	17,265			17,265	
Total cost of electric service	88,116,305	340,489	(346,279)	88,110,515	
Operating Income	1,012,673		5,790	1,018,463	
Non-monsting Mansing					
Nonoperating Margins Interest income	55,685		(5,790)	49,895	
Other nonoperating margins	236		(3,790)	236	
Gain on sale of equipment	(4,201)			(4,201)	
Gain on sale of equipment	51,720		(5,790)	45,930	
Patronage Capital Credits					
Generation and transmission	425,056			425,056	
Other associated organizations	332,957			332,957	
	758,013			758,013	
Net Margins	1,822,406			1,822,406	
Other Comprehensive Income					
Pension plan amortization of net actuarial loss	15,555			15,555	
Pension plan actuarial gain	1,708,985			1,708,985	
Postretirement amortization of net actuarial (gain)	(60,689)			(60,689)	
	1,663,851			1,663,851	
Net Margins and Comprehensive Income	\$ 3,486,257	\$	\$	\$ 3,486,257	

CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF REVENUE AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Year Ended December 31, 2024

	 2024	2023		RUS Approval
Deferred Debits				
Preliminary survey costs	\$ 29,315	\$	7,420	§1767, account #183
Environmental surcharge	302,624		859,345	§1767, account #186
Fuel adjustment surcharge	352,980		231,379	§1767, account #186
Total deferred debits	\$ 684,919	\$	1,098,144	
Deferred Credits				
Consumer energy prepayments	\$ 3,923	\$	4,855	§1767, account #253

SCHEDULE OF DEFERRED DEBITS AND DEFERRED CREDITS December 31, 2024 and 2023



Jones, Nale & Mattingly PLC

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors Fleming-Mason Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary Flemingsburg, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the consolidated financial statements of Fleming-Mason Energy Cooperative, Inc. and Subsidiary (the Cooperative), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2024 and the related consolidated statements of revenue and comprehensive income, changes in members' equities and cash flows for the year then ended, and related notes to the consolidated financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 7, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the consolidated financial statements, we considered the Cooperative's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Cooperative's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Cooperative's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's consolidated financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Cooperative's consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the consolidated financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jones. Male & Mattingly Pic

Louisville, Kentucky April 7, 2025