BRANDENBURG TELEPHONE COMPANY FINANCIAL REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Brandenburg Telephone Company Brandenburg, Kentucky

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Brandenburg Telephone Company, which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Brandenburg Telephone Company as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Prior Period Adjustment

As described in Note 11 to the financial statements, the Company discovered a departure from generally accepted accounting principles in its regulatory accounting for depreciation of fixed assets. Accordingly, the Company has restated accumulated depreciation as of January 1, 2019, with a corresponding cumulative effect adjustment to retained earnings. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Louisville, Kentucky

Jones. Male & Mattingly Pic

March 24, 2021

BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,142,469	\$ 8,756,582
Accounts receivable	1,135,047	1,194,932
Income tax receivable	2,224,137	1,179,665
Due from affiliate	19,160,755	18,648,364
Materials and supplies, at average cost -		
based on the lower of cost or net realizable value	4,082,482	4,042,336
Prepaid insurance	30,276	26,798
Total current assets	34,775,166	33,848,677
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Portfolio investments, available-for-sale	2,916,241	2,820,518
Investment in nonregulated	10,893,610	9,386,825
Total non-current assets	13,809,851	12,207,343
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		
Telephone plant under construction	976,672	384,087
Telecommunications plant	68,680,283	64,836,550
•	69,656,955	65,220,637
Less accumulated depreciation	50,941,072	49,959,689
•	18,715,883	15,260,948
	\$ 67,300,900	\$ 61,316,968

BALANCE SHEETS (Continued) December 31, 2020 and 2019

	2020		 2019	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	756,206	\$ 370,697	
Customer deposits		20,837	18,306	
Other current and accrued liabilities		606,721	 824,081	
Total current liabilities		1,383,764	 1,213,084	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Pension accrual		1,139,950	183,709	
Deferred tax liability		2,774,657	 1,555,841	
Total non-current liabilities		3,914,607	 1,739,550	
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY				
Common stock, \$50 par value; authorized shares,				
100,000; issued and outstanding shares, 100,000		5,000,000	5,000,000	
Retained earnings		56,762,551	51,191,624	
Accumulated other comprehensive income:				
Unrealized gains on securities		47,887	5,457	
Pension unrecognized gain		192,091	 2,167,253	
Total stockholder's equity		62,002,529	 58,364,334	
	\$	67,300,900	\$ 61,316,968	

STATEMENTS OF INCOME Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Operating revenues:		
Local network service	\$ 1,921,828	\$ 2,209,973
Network access service	10,531,359	10,550,899
Long distance network	371,182	501,676
Miscellaneous revenue	827,907	1,403,212
Collection recoveries	17,627	13,011
Total operating revenues	13,669,903	14,678,771
Operating expenses:		
Plant specific operations expense	3,936,841	3,600,992
Plant non-specific	1,769,403	1,573,230
Depreciation	2,059,531	1,681,914
Customer operations expense	1,881,927	1,815,888
Corporate operation expense	1,865,611	2,881,534
Other taxes	552,562	426,385
Total operating expenses	12,065,875	11,979,943
Operating income	1,604,028	2,698,828
Other income:		
Interest income	126,808	189,626
Other operating gains	372,592	385,459
PPP loan forgiveness	1,675,200	
Total other income	2,174,600	575,085
Income before income taxes	3,778,628	3,273,913
Income taxes	1,112,690	1,565,947
Net income before nonregulated income	2,665,938	1,707,966
Nonregulated income	2,904,989	2,312,587
Net income	\$ 5,570,927	\$ 4,020,553

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Net income	\$ 5,570,927	\$ 4,020,553
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Defined benefit plan	(1,980,619)	970,162
Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	47,887	(13,634)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(1,932,732)	956,528
Total comprehensive income	\$ 3,638,195	\$ 4,977,081

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

		Common Stock		Retained Earnings	Co	Other omprehensive come (Loss)		Total
Balance, January 1, 2019, as previously reported	\$	5,000,000	\$	43,744,735	\$	1,216,182	\$	49,960,917
	7	2,000,000	T	, ,	T	-,,	7	
Prior period adjustment			-	3,426,336				3,426,336
Balance at January 1, 2019		5,000,000		47,171,071		1,216,182		53,387,253
Net income				4,020,553				4,020,553
Change in unrealized (loss) on securities available-for-sale net of tax (benefit) of \$4,545						(13,634)		(13,634)
Change in pension accrual net of tax expense of \$323,387						970,162		970,162
01 \$325,307						770,102		770,102
Balance at December 31, 2019		5,000,000		51,191,624		2,172,710		58,364,334
Net income				5,570,927				5,570,927
Change in unrealized gain on securities available-for-sale net of tax expense of \$15,962						47,887		47,887
Change in pension accrual net of tax (benefit)						47,007		47,007
of \$67,492						(1,980,619)		(1,980,619)
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	5,000,000	\$	56,762,551	\$	239,978	\$	62,002,529

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

	2020		2019	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		_		
Net income	\$	5,570,927	\$	4,020,553
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net				
cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		2,059,531		1,681,914
PPP loan forgiveness		(1,675,200)		
Deferred tax provisions		1,179,268		1,077,007
Change in assets and liabilities, net of the effects of				
investing activities:				
Accounts receivable		59,885		(18,197)
Income tax receivable		(1,044,472)		(287,710)
Due from affiliate		(512,391)		(779,838)
Materials inventory		(40,146)		930,403
Prepaid insurance		(3,478)		1,374
Accounts payable		385,509		59,488
Customer deposits		2,531		1,291
Other current and accrued liabilities		(217,359)		323,685
Net cash provided by operating activities		5,764,605		7,009,970
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of property and equipment		(6,569,100)		(5,655,482)
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment		21,967		17,375
Nonregulated activities		(1,506,785)		807,419
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(8,053,918)		(4,830,688)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
PPP loan proceeds		1,675,200		
Net cash provided by financing activities		1,675,200		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(614,113)		2,179,282
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Beginning of year		8,756,582		6,577,300
End of year	\$	8,142,469	\$	8,756,582
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION				
Income taxes paid	\$	571,950	\$	488,940

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Company maintains its records in accordance with practices prescribed or permitted by the Kentucky Public Service Commission and the Rural Utilities Service (RUS) which conforms to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States in all material respects. The significant policies are as follows:

Nature of operations

The Brandenburg Telephone Company is a telephone company that offers business and residential telephone service to customers located in Meade, Hardin and Breckinridge counties in Kentucky. Brandenburg Telephone Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Brandenburg Communications Corporation.

Telephone plant

Telephone plant in service is stated at original cost, which is the cost when first dedicated to public service. Such cost includes applicable supervisory and overhead cost.

The cost of maintenance and repairs, including renewals of minor items of property, is charged to operating expense. The cost of depreciable property units, as distinguished from minor items, is charged to utility plant. The cost of removal, net of any salvage value, is charged to accumulated depreciation. Gain or loss on the sale of assets is recognized as income in the year in which the assets are sold.

Depreciation

Provision has been made for depreciation for financial statement purposes on the basis of estimated useful lives of assets (as prescribed by the Public Service Commission of Kentucky) using the straight-line method.

Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers temporary investments having original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Company maintains its cash balances, which may exceed the federally insured limit, with several financial institutions. Management believes that credit risk related to the accounts is minimal.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at net realizable value. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered necessary because probable uncollectible accounts are immaterial. Accounts are written off as uncollectible at the time management determines the collection is unlikely. The Company's policy is not to accrue interest on accounts receivable.

Telecommunications Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized when earned. Bills are sent to customers on credit the first of each month with local service being billed a month in advance of service. Sales are concentrated in a portion of three (3) central Kentucky counties. Payments are due 10 days from the date of billing. If payment has not been made, then customers are subject to disconnect on the 21st day after the billing date.

Interstate revenues are recognized on the cost basis recovery method. Compensation for intrastate/interlata service is received through tariffed access charges as filed with the FCC. These access charges are billed to the interlata long distance carrier and retained by the Company.

Income taxes

Income tax expense is the total of the current year income tax due or refundable and the change in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are the expected future tax amounts for the temporary differences between carrying amounts and tax bases of assets and liabilities, computed using enacted tax rates.

The Company's accounting policy provides that a tax expense/benefit from an uncertain tax position may be recognized when it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination, including resolutions of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits. Management believes the Company has no uncertain tax positions resulting in an accrual of tax expense or benefit.

The Company recognizes interest accrued related to uncertain tax positions in interest expense and penalties in operating expenses. The Company did not recognize any interest or penalties during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

The Company's income tax returns are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service and the Kentucky Department of Revenue until the expiration of the related statutes of limitations on those tax returns. In general, the tax returns have a three year statute of limitations for federal and a four year statute of limitations for state.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Comprehensive income

Comprehensive income is the total of (1) net income plus (2) all other changes in net assets arising from non-owner sources, which are referred to as other comprehensive income. Other comprehensive income includes defined benefit plan pension plan income (expenses) and unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-securities, net of deferred tax expense (benefit).

Subsequent events

Brandenburg Telephone Company has evaluated subsequent events through March 24, 2021, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2. Pension Plan

The Company sponsors a defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees. The plan calls for benefits to be paid to eligible employees at retirement based primarily upon years of service with the Company and compensation rates near retirement.

The following illustrates the pension plan for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	2020	2019
Denofit abligation at haginning of your	\$ 39,928,332	¢ 22 602 112
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	, , ,	\$ 33,692,112
Service cost	1,171,351	885,155
Interest cost	1,267,403	1,377,558
Benefits paid	(1,243,632)	(1,159,896)
Actuarial (gain) loss	5,437,044	5,133,403
Benefit obligation at end of year	\$ 46,560,498	\$ 39,928,332
	2020	2019
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$ 39,744,623	\$ 32,666,888
Actual return on plan assets	5,919,557	8,237,631
Employer contributions	1,000,000	
Benefits paid	(1,243,632)	(1,159,896)
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$ 45,420,548	\$ 39,744,623
	2020	2019
Reconciliation of funded status:		
Funded status	\$ (1,139,950)	\$ (183,709)
Unrecognized actuarial (gain) loss		
Unrecognized transition (asset) obligation		
Unrecognized prior service cost		
Net amount recognized at year end	\$ (1,139,950)	\$ (183,709)
\mathcal{E}	, , ,	

Note 2. Pension Plan (Continued)

Amounts recognized in the statements of financial position consists of:

		2020		2019
Noncurrent assets	\$		\$	
Noncurrent liabilities	Ψ	(1,139,950)	Ψ	(183,709)
Net amount recognized at year end	\$	(1,139,950)	\$	(183,709)
Amounts not yet reflected in net periodic benefit cost and comprehensive income:	in	cluded in ac	cum	ulated other
		2020		2019
Transition (obligation) asset	\$		\$	
Prior service credit (cost)				(1,172)
Accumulated gain (loss)		259,583		2,510,904
Accumulated other comprehensive income before taxes		259,583		2,509,732
Cumulative employer contributions in excess of				
net periodic benefit cost		(1,399,533)		(2,693,441)
Net amount recognized in statements of financial position	\$	(1,139,950)	\$	(183,709)
Components of net periodic benefit cost:				
Service cost	\$	1,171,351	\$	885,155
Interest cost		1,267,403		1,377,558
Expected return on plan assets		(2,733,834)		(2,240,681)
Amortization of prior service cost		1,172		6,334
Amortization of transitional obligation				
Recognized acturial (gain) loss				
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	(293,908)	\$	28,366
Weight-average assumptions as of December 31:				
Discount rate		3.23%		4.17%
Expected return on plan assets		7.00%		7.00%
		5 000/		5 000/

Rate of compensation increase

5.00%

5.00%

Note 2. Pension Plan (Continued)

The following is an analysis of plan assets by category at measurement dates December 31:

	2020	2019
Cash	2%	2%
Debt securities	22%	22%
Equity securities	76%	76%
	100%	100%

Benefits expected to be paid in each of the next five years and in the aggregate for the five years thereafter are:

Fiscal year		
2021	\$	1,561,671
2021	Ψ	1,641,542
2023		1,748,788
2024		1,910,424
2025		1,864,777
2026-2030		9,438,096

To develop the expected long-term rate of return on assets assumption, the Company considered the historical returns and the future expectations for returns for each asset class, as well as the target asset allocation of the pension portfolio. This resulted in the selection of the 7.00% long-term rate of return on assets assumption.

The Plan's investments measured at fair value on a recurring basis is as follows:

Fair value measurements using;

December 31, 2020	Fair value	Unadjusted quoted prices (Level 1)	Significant othe observable input (Level 2)	
Common stocks	\$ 34,629,782	\$ 34,629,782	\$	
Corporate bonds	6,665,709			6,665,709
U.S. government securities	1,059,385			1,059,385
Foreign obligations	1,169,055			1,169,055
State & municipal	1,029,374			1,029,374
Total	44,553,305	\$ 34,629,782	\$	9,923,523
Cash accounts	867,243			
Total	\$ 45,420,548			

Note 2. Pension Plan (Continued)

Fair value measurements using;

	Fair value	Unadjusted quoted prices (Level 1)	obse	rvable inputs (Level 2)
December 31, 2019				
Common stocks Corporate bonds	\$ 30,516,526 5,495,171	\$ 30,516,526	\$	 5,495,171
U.S. government securities	794,150			794,150
Foreign obligations	1,356,022			1,356,022
State & municipal	951,062			951,062
Total	39,112,931	\$ 30,516,526	\$	8,596,405
Cash accounts Total	\$ 39,744,623			
10141	Ψ 37,111,023			

U.S. GAAP provides a framework for fair value measurements. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The methodology for measuring fair value specifies a three-tier hierarchy of valuation techniques based upon whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are based on quoted prices or identical assets or liabilities (Level 1), significant other observable inputs (Level 2), or significant other unobservable inputs that reflects a company's own assumptions of market participant valuation (Level 3).

Level 1 Fair Value Measurements

The fair values of common stock are based on quoted market prices.

Level 2 Fair Value Measurements

The fair value of corporate bonds, U.S. Government securities, foreign obligations and state and municipal securities for which quoted market prices are not available are valued on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings. Investments in certain restricted common stocks are valued at the quoted market price of the issuer's unrestricted common stock less an appropriate discount.

Note 3. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Company maintains cash and cash equivalents at several banks. The total cash balances at each bank are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. A summary of total insured and uninsured amounts held at these financial institutions at December 31, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

	2020	2019	
	.		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,142,469	\$ 8,756,582	
Less: balance insured by FDIC	1,000,000	1,000,000	
Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 7,142,469	\$ 7,756,582	

Note 4. Portfolio Investments

The Company has classified all portfolio debt investments as available-for-sale. Available-for-sale investments are stated at fair value with unrealized gains and losses included in stockholder's equity. The cost of investments sold is based on the specific identification method.

The cost and fair market values of marketable debt securities available-for-sale at December 31, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

	2020	2019
Municipal handa		
Municipal bonds: Amortized cost	\$ 2,852,392	\$ 2,813,245
Gross unrealized gain	63,849	7,273
Gross unicanzea gam	03,049	1,213
Fair value	\$ 2,916,241	\$ 2,820,518

At December 31, 2020, maturities of investments classified as available-for-sale were as follows:

	Amortized	
	cost	Fair value
Less than one year One through five years After five years	\$ 2,852,392 	\$ 2,916,241
	\$ 2,852,392	\$ 2,916,241

Note 4. Portfolio Investments (Continued)

Total

Total

Cash accounts

		Fair value	
		measurements using;	
December 31, 2020	Fair value	Unadjusted quoted prices (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)
Municipal bonds	\$ 2,916,241	\$	\$ 2,916,241
Total	2,916,241	\$	\$ 2,916,241
Cash accounts	22,127		
Total	\$ 2,938,368		
			ir value ments using;
	F . 1	Unadjusted quoted prices	Significant other observable inputs
December 31, 2019	Fair value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)
Municipal bonds	\$ 2,785,297	\$	\$ 2,785,297

The fair value of municipal bonds and agency securities for which quoted market prices are not available are valued on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.

\$ 2,820,518

2,785,297

35,221

2,785,297

Note 5. Nonregulated Investments

Investments in nonregulated activities consist of the following:

	2020	2019	
Due from affiliate	\$ 10,756,801	\$ 8,585,186	
Inventory	273,171	269,944	
Land and land improvements	330,989	330,989	
Other equipment	128,633	128,633	
Other receivables	4,800	112,343	
Fiber optic, mobile telephone and			
internet equipment	3,988,773	3,617,937	
Total nonregulated investments	15,483,167	13,045,032	
Less:			
Accumulated depreciation	3,203,032	3,020,171	
Accounts payable	51,704	50,665	
Accrued expenses	1,334,821	587,371	
	\$ 10,893,610	\$ 9,386,825	

Following is a summary of net income from nonregulated investments for the year ending December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	2020	2019
Income	6,159,176	5,323,842
Expenses	3,254,187	3,011,255
	\$ 2,904,989	\$ 2,312,587

Income tax expense related to these activities totaled \$691,717 in 2020 and \$584,508 in 2019.

Note 6. Telecommunications Plant

	2020	2019	
Land	\$ 1,026,121	\$ 1,026,121	
Buildings	9,719,708	9,613,786	
Digital electronic equipment	2,731,451	2,731,451	
Toll and subscriber carriers	4,981,157	4,711,764	
Poles, cable and wire	39,450,465	37,418,116	
Furniture and office equipment	5,636,457	4,520,269	
Embedded accounts	300,712	300,712	
Vehicles and other work equipment	4,834,212	4,514,331	
Telephone plant in service	\$ 68,680,283	\$ 64,836,550	

The Company provides depreciation on a straight-line basis at annual rates which will amortize the depreciable property over its estimated useful life. Such provision as a percentage of the average balance of the telephone plant in service was 6.9% in both 2020 and 2019.

Note 7. Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes consists of the following:

	2020	 2019
Current:		
Federal income tax expense	\$ (210,124)	\$ 238,698
State income tax expense	143,546	250,242
Deferred:		
Federal deferred tax expense	1,047,215	946,429
State deferred tax expense	132,053	 130,578
Total income tax expense	\$ 1,112,690	\$ 1,565,947

Note 7. Income Taxes (Continued)

The Company and its parent file a consolidated federal income tax return. Income tax expense in the Company's income statement has been allocated an amount equal to the income tax that would have been applicable on a separate return basis.

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amount of the Company's assets and liabilities for financial reporting basis and the amounts used for income tax purposes. The principal sources of temporary differences are different depreciation methods used for financial accounting and tax purposes, as well as pension expense.

Deferred federal and state tax assets and liabilities in the accompanying balance sheets include the following:

	 2020	2019
Deferred tax assets (liability), non-current:		
Federal	\$ (2,778,236)	\$ (1,707,710)
State	3,579	151,869
Total deferred tax assets (liability)	\$ (2,774,657)	\$ (1,555,841)

Note 8. Related Party Transactions

Brandenburg Telephone Company has certificates of deposit at Meade County Bank and West Point Bank at December 31, 2020 and 2019, as follows:

Bank	2020	2019
Meade County Bank	\$ 1,071,834	\$ 1,049,526
West Point Bank	965,419	932,393

Note 8. Related Party Transactions (Continued)

In addition, the Company has money market and operating accounts in the following banks:

	December 31,		
	2020	2019	
Operating accounts: Meade County Bank First State Bank West Point Bank	\$ 1,133,924 1,092,853 1,070,737	\$ 1,251,533 1,176,173 1,578,855	
Total operating accounts	\$ 3,297,514	\$ 4,006,561	
Money market accounts: First State Bank River City Bank	\$ 1,002,246 1,779,579	\$ 1,001,149 1,763,203	
Total money market accounts	\$ 2,781,825	\$ 2,764,352	

Meade County Bank, West Point Bank, River City Bank, First State Bank and Brandenburg Telephone Company are related by common ownership.

During 2001, Brandenburg Telecom, LLC (the Corporation), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Brandenburg Communications Corporation was formed. The Company provides telecommunication services in Elizabethtown, Kentucky and other areas outside the franchise territory of Brandenburg Telephone Company. Brandenburg Telephone Company provided the Corporation with funding to assist the Corporation's organizational expenditures. The Company also pays for administrative, labor and employee benefits costs for Brandenburg Telecom, LLC. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the amount due to the Company was \$19,160,755 and \$18,648,364, respectively.

Note 9. Risks and Uncertainties

In April of 2020, local, U.S., and world governments have encouraged self-isolation to curtail the spread of the global pandemic, coronavirus disease (COVID-19), by mandating temporary work stoppage in many sectors and imposing limitations on travel and size and duration of group meetings. Most industries are experiencing disruption to business operations and the impact of reduced consumer spending. There is unprecedented uncertainty surrounding the duration of the pandemic, its potential economic ramifications, and any government actions to mitigate them. Accordingly, while management cannot quantify the financial and other impact to the Company as of March 24, 2021, management believes that a material impact on the Company's financial position and results of future operations is reasonably possible.

Note 10. Revenue Recognition

Nature of goods and services

The following is a description of principal activities from which the Company generates its revenues.

Telecommunications revenues – The Company's regulated sources of revenue are local network services, network access services (interstate and intrastate/interlata), carrier billing, and other service charges. The Company's nonregulated sources of revenue are customer premises and equipment, internet activities, long distance services, video services, and security/surveillance/bus systems.

Significant judgments

Revenues from sales of equipment are recognized when control has transferred to the customer. Telecommunication service revenues are recognized as the related service is provided. Services are deemed to be highly interrelated when the method and timing of transfer and performance risk are the same. Highly interrelated services that are determined to not be distinct have been grouped into a single performance obligation. Each month of services promised is a performance obligation. The series of monthly service performance obligations promised over the course of the contract are combined into a single performance obligation for purposes of the allocation.

The Company has made judgments regarding transaction price, including but not limited to issues relating to variable consideration, time value of money and returns. When determined to be significant in the context of the contract, these items are considered in the valuation of transaction price at contract inception or modification, as appropriate.

Multiple performance obligations

The Company sells bundled service and equipment offerings. In these instances, the Company recognizes its revenue based on the relative standalone selling prices for each distinct service or equipment performance obligation or bundles thereof. The Company estimates the standalone selling price of the device or accessory to be its retail price excluding discounts. The Company estimates the standalone selling price of telecommunication service to be the price offered to customers on month-to-month contracts.

Note 10. Revenue Recognition (Continued)

From time to time, the Company may offer certain promotions to incentivize customers to switch to, or to purchase additional services from the Company. Under these types of promotions, an eligible customer may receive an incentive in the form of a discount off additional services purchased shown as a credit to the customer's monthly bill.

Disaggregation of revenue

In the following table, revenue for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is disaggregated by type of service and timing of revenue recognition. Telecommunication service revenues are recognized over time and equipment sales at a point in time.

		2020		2019
Regulated income:				
Local network services	\$	1,921,829	9	5 2,209,973
Network access services	Ψ	10,531,359	4	10,550,899
Carrier billing and collections		162,907		159,829
Long distance services		371,182		501,676
Miscellaneous		213,304		727,950
Directory revenue		469,322		528,444
Breetery revenue	\$	13,669,903	-	
	<u>Ψ</u>	15,005,505	_	7 11,070,771
Nonregulated income:				
Housewire outlet revenue	\$	220,541	9	S 218,367
Internet activities		4,106,740		3,545,066
Lease revenue		787,027		693,853
Sales revenue		75,819		32,060
Miscellaneous		630,339		519,010
Lease fiber optic revenue		338,710		315,486
•	\$	6,159,176	5	5 5,323,842

Contract cost liabilities:

Contract cost liabilities include customer deposits. The balance in contract liabilities was \$20,837, \$18,036 and \$17,015 as of December 31, 2020, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Note 11. Prior Period Adjustment

A change in regulatory accounting policies for fixed assets resulted in an overstatement of depreciation from past years. Accordingly, an adjustment of \$4,568,449 was made during 2020 to record an increase in income from past years as of the beginning of the year ended December 31, 2019. A corresponding entry was made to decrease the accumulated depreciation previously reported by the same amount. Deferred taxes were also adjusted by \$1,142,112 resulting in a decrease in deferred tax expense. The effect on the restatement had no effect on net earnings for 2019.

Note 12. Paycheck Protection Program Loans

In April 2020, the Company applied for and was granted a forgivable loan of \$1,675,200 from the United States Small Business Administration (SBA) Paycheck Protection Program (PPP). Under the CARES Act, subject to limitations, as defined, the loan may be partially or fully forgiven, depending on specified actual payroll and other qualified costs for the covered period following receipt of the loan. Any amount not forgiven will be payable in 24 monthly installments of principal and interest at 1.00% and will be unsecured. The Company accounted for the loan proceeds as debt in accordance with ASC 470. The Company submitted their application for forgiveness to the SBA and were notified in December 2020 that the entire amount of the loan was forgiven. As such, the Company, in compliance with guidance from RUS, have recognized the forgiveness of debt as other income for the qualified costs that were incurred during the covered period of the loan.