CONTRACT DOCUMENTS and SPECIFICATIONS

Water System Improvements

Contract No. 2 250,000 GALLON ELEVATED WATER STORAGE TANK

FOR THE

GARRARD COUNTY WATER ASSOCIATION

Lancaster, Garrard County, Kentucky



Kentucky Engineering Group, PLLC

P.O. Box 1034

Versailles, Kentucky 40383

August, 2017
KEG Project No. 16039



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DIVISION 00 CONTRACT DOCUMENTS



ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS



SECTION 00100 ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS

Garrard County Water Association 315 Lexington Street Lancaster. Kentucky 40444

Separate sealed Bids for the construction of **Water System Improvements - Contract 2 – 250,000 Gallon Elevated Water Storage Tank** including the construction of a 250,000 gallon elevated water storage tank, demolition of three (3) existing water storage tanks and all related appurtenances as shown on the DRAWINGS and described in the SPECIFICATIONS will be received by Garrard County Water Association at the office of Garrard County Water Association at 315 Lexington Street, Lancaster, Kentucky 40444 until **2:00 p.m., (EST Local Time) Wednesday, September 6, 2017**, and then at said office publicly opened and read aloud.

Bids will be received for a single prime Contract. Bids shall be on a unit price basis, with additive alternate bid items as indicated in the Bid Form.

The Contract Documents may be examined at the following locations:

KENTUCKY ENGINEERING GROUP, PLLC., PO Box 1034, Versailles, Kentucky 40383

Phone: 859.251.4127

Garrard County Water Association, 315 Lexington Street, Lancaster, Kentucky 40444

Phone: 859.792.4501

Copies of the Contract Documents may be obtained from <u>LYNN IMAGING - Lexington</u> located at <u>328</u> <u>Old Vine Street, Lexington, KY 40507, 859-255-1021</u>, upon receipt of a non-refundable amount of \$300.00 for each complete set of documents.

All bids must be made on required Bid Form and must be fully completed and executed with original signatures and corporate seals. All bidders must be listed as plan holder by the plan distributor.

The contract is being funded by USDA-Rural Development.

Bidders must comply with President's Executive Orders No. 11246 and No. 11375 and any amendments or supplements to those Executive Orders. Attention of bidders is particulary called to the requirements as to conditions of employment to be observed under the contract, Section 3, Segregated Facility, Section 109 and E.O. 11246.

Bidders must certify they do not and will not maintain or provide for their employees any facilities that are segregated or based on race, color, creed or national origin. Bidders must comply with 41 CFR 60-4 in regard to affirmative action and to insure equal opportunity to females and minorities, and all that are applicable. Minorities and small businesses are encouraged to submit bids on this project.

The Garrard County Water Association, reserves the right to waive any bidding informalities and to reject any or all bids, for any reason. The right is reserved by the Owner, in the exercise of its sole judgment to reject any or all Bids, and to re-advertise and award the Contract in the regular manner or to waive any informalities, irregularities, mistakes, errors, or omissions in any Bid received and to accept any Bid deemed to be responsive to this invitation and favorable to interests of the Owner.

The sealed bid for this project shall be clearly marked on the outside of the envelope: "Sealed Bid for **Contract 2 – 250,000 Gallon Elevated Water Storage Tank"** for the Garrard County Water Association, Kentucky. The bid may be mailed to: Garrard County Water Association, 315 Lexington Street, Lancaster, Kentucky 40444. A certified check or Bid Bond payable to the Garrard County Water Association in the amount of five (5) percent of the Bid shall accompany the Bid.

Bill C. Doolin, President	Date:
Garrard County Water Association	

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

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ARTICLE 1 -- DEFINED TERMS

1.01 Terms used in these Instructions to Bidders have the meanings indicated in the General Conditions and Supplementary Conditions. The term "Bidder" means one who submits a Bid directly to Owner, as distinct from a subbidder, who submits a bid to a Bidder. The term "Successful Bidder" means the lowest, qualified, responsible, and responsive Bidder to whom Owner (on the basis of Owner's evaluation as hereinafter provided) makes an award. The term "Bidding Documents" includes the Advertisement or Invitation to Bid, Instructions to Bidders, the Bid Form, and the proposed Contract Documents (including all Addenda issued prior to receipt of Bids).

ARTICLE 2 – COPIES OF BIDDING DOCUMENTS

- 2.01 Complete sets of the Bidding Documents must be obtained from the Issuing Office in the number and format stated in the advertisement or invitation to bid. Bids from anyone not on the Engineer's Plan Holders List will not be opened.
- 2.02 Complete sets of Bidding Documents shall be used in preparing Bids; neither Owner nor Engineer assumes any responsibility for errors or misinterpretations resulting from the use of incomplete sets of Bidding Documents.
- 2.03 Owner and Engineer, in making copies of Bidding Documents available on the above terms, do so only for the purpose of obtaining Bids for the Work and do not authorize or confer a license for any other use.

ARTICLE 3 – QUALIFICATIONS OF BIDDERS

- 3.01 To demonstrate Bidder's qualifications to perform the Work, Bidder shall submit with its Bid written evidence establishing its qualifications such as financial data, previous experience, and present commitments, and the additional information listed in the Bid Form.
- 3.02 A Bidder's failure to submit required qualification information within the times indicated may disqualify Bidder from receiving an award of the Contract.
- 3.03 No requirement in this Article 3 to submit information will prejudice the right of Owner to seek additional pertinent information regarding Bidder's qualifications.
- 3.04 Bidder is advised to carefully review those portions of the Bid Form requiring Bidder's representations and certifications.

ARTICLE 4 – SITE AND OTHER AREAS; EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS; EXAMINATION OF SITE; OWNER'S SAFETY PROGRAM; OTHER WORK AT THE SITE

4.01 Site and Other Areas

A. The Site is identified in the Bidding Documents. By definition, the Site includes rights-of-way, easements, and other lands furnished by Owner for the use of the Contractor. Any additional lands required for temporary construction facilities, construction equipment, or storage of materials and equipment, and any access needed for such additional lands, are to be obtained and paid for by Contractor.

4.02 Existing Site Conditions

- A. Subsurface and Physical Conditions; Hazardous Environmental Conditions
 - If there are reports and/or additional information concerning site conditions available, they will be included as Appendices to the Bidding Documents.
 - Geotechnical Report: If a Geotechnical Report is available, it will be included as an appendix to the Bidding Documents. The Geotechnical Report describes certain select subsurface conditions that are anticipated to be encountered by Contractor during construction in specified locations.

The Conditions in the Geotechnical Report are intended to reduce uncertainty and the degree of contingency in submitted Bids. However, Bidders cannot rely solely on the said Conditions. Bids should be based on a comprehensive approach that includes an independent review and analysis of the Report, all other Contract Documents, Technical Data, other available information, and observable surface conditions. Not all potential subsurface conditions are reported.

Nothing in the report is intended to relieve Bidders of the responsibility to make their own determinations regarding construction costs, bidding strategies, and Bid prices, nor of the responsibility to select and be responsible for the means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction, and for safety precautions and programs incident thereto.

- B. Underground Facilities: Information and data shown or indicated in the Bidding Documents with respect to existing Underground Facilities at or contiguous to the Site are set forth in the Contract Documents and are based upon information and data furnished to Owner and Engineer by owners of such Underground Facilities, including Owner, or others.
- C. Adequacy of Data: Provisions concerning responsibilities for the adequacy of data furnished to prospective Bidders with respect to subsurface conditions, other physical conditions, and Underground Facilities, and possible changes in the Bidding Documents due to differing or unanticipated subsurface or physical conditions appear in Paragraphs 5.03, 5.04, and 5.05 of the General Conditions. Provisions concerning responsibilities for the adequacy of data furnished to prospective Bidders with respect to a Hazardous Environmental Condition at the Site, if any, and possible changes in the Contract Documents due to any Hazardous Environmental Condition uncovered or revealed at the Site which was not shown or indicated in the Drawings or Specifications or identified in the Contract Documents to be within the scope of the Work, appear in Paragraph 5.06 of the General Conditions.

4.03 Site Visit and Testing by Bidders

- A. Bidder shall conduct the required Site visit during normal working hours, and shall not disturb any ongoing operations at the Site.
- B. Bidder is not required to conduct any subsurface testing, or exhaustive investigations of Site conditions.
- C. On request, and to the extent Owner has control over the Site, and schedule permitting, the Owner will provide Bidder access to the Site to conduct such additional examinations, investigations, explorations, tests, and studies as Bidder deems necessary for preparing and submitting a successful Bid. Owner will not have any obligation to grant such access if doing

- so is not practical because of existing operations, security or safety concerns, or restraints on Owner's authority regarding the Site.
- D. Bidder shall comply with all applicable Laws and Regulations regarding excavation and location of utilities, obtain all permits, and comply with all terms and conditions established by Owner or by property owners or other entities controlling the Site with respect to schedule, access, existing operations, security, liability insurance, and applicable safety programs.
- E. Bidder shall fill all holes and clean up and restore the Site to its former condition upon completion of such explorations, investigations, tests, and studies.

4.04 Owner's Safety Program

A. Site visits and work at the Site may be governed by an Owner safety program. As the General Conditions indicate, if an Owner safety program exists, it will be noted in the Supplementary Conditions.

4.05 Other Work at the Site

A. Reference is made to Article 8 of the Supplementary Conditions for the identification of the general nature of other work of which Owner is aware (if any) that is to be performed at the Site by Owner or others (such as utilities and other prime contractors) and relates to the Work contemplated by these Bidding Documents. If Owner is party to a written contract for such other work, then on request, Owner will provide to each Bidder access to examine such contracts (other than portions thereof related to price and other confidential matters), if any.

ARTICLE 5 – BIDDER'S REPRESENTATIONS

- 5.01 It is the responsibility of each Bidder before submitting a Bid to:
 - A. examine and carefully study the Bidding Documents, and any data and reference items identified in the Bidding Documents;
 - B. visit the Site, conduct a thorough, alert visual examination of the Site and adjacent areas, and become familiar with and satisfy itself as to the general, local, and Site conditions that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work;
 - C. become familiar with and satisfy itself as to all Laws and Regulations that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work;
 - D. carefully study all: (1) reports of explorations and tests of subsurface conditions at or adjacent to the Site and all drawings of physical conditions relating to existing surface or subsurface structures at the Site that have been identified in the Bidding Documents, especially with respect to Technical Data in such reports and drawings, and (2) reports and drawings relating to Hazardous Environmental Conditions, if any, at or adjacent to the Site that have been identified in the Bidding Documents, especially with respect to Technical Data in such reports and drawings;
 - E. consider the information known to Bidder itself; information commonly known to contractors doing business in the locality of the Site; information and observations obtained from visits to the Site; the Bidding Documents; and the Site-related reports and drawings identified in the Bidding Documents, with respect to the effect of such

- information, observations, and documents on (1) the cost, progress, and performance of the Work; (2) the means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction to be employed by Bidder; and (3) Bidder's safety precautions and programs;
- F. agree, based on the information and observations referred to in the preceding paragraph, that at the time of submitting its Bid no further examinations, investigations, explorations, tests, studies, or data are necessary for the determination of its Bid for performance of the Work at the price bid and within the times required, and in accordance with the other terms and conditions of the Bidding Documents;
- G. become aware of the general nature of the work to be performed by Owner and others at the Site that relates to the Work as indicated in the Bidding Documents;
- H. promptly give Engineer written notice of all conflicts, errors, ambiguities, or discrepancies that Bidder discovers in the Bidding Documents and confirm that the written resolution thereof by Engineer is acceptable to Bidder;
- determine that the Bidding Documents are generally sufficient to indicate and convey understanding of all terms and conditions for the performance and furnishing of the Work; and
- J. agree that the submission of a Bid will constitute an incontrovertible representation by Bidder that Bidder has complied with every requirement of this Article, that without exception the Bid and all prices in the Bid are premised upon performing and furnishing the Work required by the Bidding Documents.

ARTICLE 6 - PRE-BID CONFERENCE

6.01 No pre-bid conference is scheduled for this project.

ARTICLE 7 – INTERPRETATIONS AND ADDENDA

- 7.01 All questions about the meaning or intent of the Bidding Documents are to be submitted to Engineer in writing via email to rcarr@kyengr.com. Interpretations or clarifications considered necessary by Engineer in response to such questions will be issued by Addenda delivered to all parties recorded as having received the Bidding Documents. Questions received less than seven days prior to the date for opening of Bids may not be answered. Only questions answered by Addenda will be binding. Oral and other interpretations or clarifications will be without legal effect.
- 7.02 Addenda may be issued to clarify, correct, supplement, or change the Bidding Documents.

ARTICLE 8 - BID SECURITY

- 8.01 A Bid must be accompanied by Bid security made payable to Owner in an amount of five (5) percent of Bidder's maximum Bid price (determined by adding the base bid and all alternates) and in the form of a certified check, bank money order, or a Bid bond (on the form included in the Bidding Documents) issued by a surety meeting the requirements of Paragraphs 6.01 and 6.02 of the General Conditions.
- 8.02 The Bid security of the apparent Successful Bidder will be retained until Owner awards the contract to such Bidder, and such Bidder has executed the Contract Documents, furnished the

required contract security, and met the other conditions of the Notice of Award, whereupon the Bid security will be released. If the Successful Bidder fails to execute and deliver the Contract Documents and furnish the required contract security within 15 days after the Notice of Award, Owner may consider Bidder to be in default, annul the Notice of Award, and the Bid security of that Bidder will be forfeited. Such forfeiture shall be Owner's exclusive remedy if Bidder defaults.

- 8.03 The Bid security of other Bidders that Owner believes to have a reasonable chance of receiving the award may be retained by Owner until the earlier of seven days after the Effective Date of the Contract or 91 days after the Bid opening, whereupon Bid security furnished by such Bidders will be released.
- 8.04 Bid security of other Bidders that Owner believes do not have a reasonable chance of receiving the award will be released within seven days after the Bid opening.

ARTICLE 9 – CONTRACT TIMES

9.01 The number of days within which, or the dates by which, the Work is to be <u>substantially</u> completed and ready for <u>final</u> payment are set forth in the Agreement.

ARTICLE 10 - LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

10.01 Provisions for liquidated damages, if any, for failure to timely attain Substantial Completion, or completion of the Work in readiness for final payment, are set forth in the Supplemental General Conditions and referred to in the Agreement.

ARTICLE 11 - SUBSTITUTE AND "OR-EQUAL" ITEMS

- 11.01 The Contract for the Work, if awarded, will be on the basis of materials and equipment specified or described in the Bidding Documents, and those "or-equal" or substitute or materials and equipment subsequently approved by Engineer prior to the submittal of Bids and identified by Addendum. No item of material or equipment will be considered by Engineer as an "or-equal" or substitute unless written request for approval has been submitted by Bidder and has been received by Engineer at least 15 days prior to the date for receipt of Bids in the case of a proposed substitute and 5 days prior in the case of a proposed "or-equal". Each such request shall comply with the requirements of Paragraphs 7.04 and 7.05 of the General Conditions. The burden of proof of the merit of the proposed item is upon Bidder. Engineer's decision of approval or disapproval of a proposed item will be final. If Engineer approves any such proposed item, such approval will be set forth in an Addendum issued to all prospective Bidders. Bidders shall not rely upon approvals made in any other manner. Substitutes and "or-equal" materials and equipment may be proposed by Contractor in accordance with Paragraphs 7.04 and 7.05 of the General conditions after the Effective Date of the contract.
- All prices that Bidder sets forth in its Bid shall be based on the presumption that the Contractor will furnish the materials and equipment specified or described in the Bidding Documents, as supplemented by Addenda. Any assumptions regarding the possibility of post-Bid approvals of "or-equal" or substitution requests are made at Bidder's sole risk.
- 11.03 If an award is made, Contractor shall be allowed to submit proposed substitutes and "or-equals" in accordance with the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 12 - SUBCONTRACTORS, SUPPLIERS, AND OTHERS

- 12.01 If required by the bid documents, the Bidder shall submit to Owner a list of the Subcontractors or Suppliers proposed for the major portions of the Work. If requested by Owner, such list shall be accompanied by an experience statement with pertinent information regarding similar projects and other evidence of qualification for each such Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity. If Owner or Engineer, after due investigation, has reasonable objection to any proposed Subcontractor, Supplier, individual, or entity, Owner may, before the Notice of Award is given, request apparent Successful Bidder to submit an acceptable substitute.
- 12.02 If apparent Successful Bidder declines to make any such substitution, Owner may award the Contract to the next lowest Bidder that proposes to use acceptable Subcontractors, Suppliers, or other individuals or entities. Declining to make requested substitutions will constitute grounds for forfeiture of the Bid security of any Bidder. Any Subcontractor, Supplier, individual, or entity so listed and against which Owner or Engineer makes no written objection prior to the giving of the Notice of Award will be deemed acceptable to Owner and Engineer subject to subsequent revocation of such acceptance as provided in Paragraph 7.06 of the General Conditions.
- 12.03 Subsequent to the submittal of the Bid, Owner may not require the Successful Bidder or Contractor to retain any Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity against which Contractor has reasonable objection.
- 12.04 The Contractor shall not award work to Subcontractor(s) in excess of the limits stated in SGC 7.06.

ARTICLE 13 - PREPARATION OF BID

- 13.01 The Bid Form is included with the Bidding Documents.
 - A. All blanks on the Bid Form shall be completed in ink and the Bid Form signed in ink. Erasures or alterations shall be initialed in ink by the person signing the Bid Form. A Bid price shall be indicated for each section, Bid item, alternate, adjustment unit price item, and unit price item listed therein.
 - B. If the Bid Form expressly indicates that submitting pricing on a specific alternate item is optional, and Bidder elects to not furnish pricing for such optional alternate item, then Bidder may enter the words "No Bid" or "Not Applicable."
- 13.02 A Bid by a corporation shall be executed in the corporate name by a corporate officer (whose title must appear under the signature), accompanied by evidence of authority to sign. The corporate address and state of incorporation shall be shown.
- 13.03 A Bid by a limited liability company shall be executed in the name of the firm by a member or other authorized person and accompanied by evidence of authority to sign. The state of formation of the firm and the official address of the firm shall be shown.
- 13.04 A Bid by an individual shall show the Bidder's name and official address.

- 13.05 A Bid by a joint venture shall be executed by an authorized representative of each joint venturer in the manner indicated on the Bid Form. The official address of the joint venture shall be shown.
- 13.06 All names shall be printed in ink below the signatures.
- 13.07 The Bid shall contain an acknowledgment of receipt of all Addenda, the numbers of which shall be filled in on the Bid Form.
- 13.08 Postal and e-mail addresses and telephone number for communications regarding the Bid shall be shown.
- 13.09 The Bid shall contain evidence of Bidder's authority and qualification to do business in the state where the Project is located, or Bidder shall covenant in writing to obtain such authority and qualification prior to award of the Contract and attach such covenant to the Bid. Bidder's state contractor license number, if any, shall also be shown on the Bid Form. 11.8. The Bid price shall include such amounts as the Bidder deems proper for overhead and profit on account of any cash allowances named in the Contract Documents as provided in Paragraph 11.02 of the General Conditions.

The Bid price shall include such amounts as the Bidder deems proper for overhead and profit on account of any cash allowances named in the Contract Documents as provided in Paragraph 11.02 of the General Conditions.

13.10 Each Bid must be submitted on the prescribed form and accompanied by the submittals listed in the Bid Form.

ARTICLE 14 – BASIS OF BID

14.01 Unit Price

- A. Bidders shall submit a bid on a unit price basis for each item of work listed in the bid schedule.
- B. The total of all estimated prices will be the sum of the products of the estimated quantity of each item and the corresponding unit price. The final quantities and contract price will be determined in accordance with paragraph 11.03 of the general conditions.
- C. Discrepancies between the multiplication of units of work and unit prices will be resolved in favor of the unit prices. Discrepancies between the indicated sum of any column of figures and the correct sum thereof will be resolved in favor of the correct sum. Discrepancies between words and figures will be resolved in favor of the words.
- 14.02 The bid price shall include such amounts as the bidder deems proper for overhead and profit on account of cash allowances, if any, named in the contract documents as provided in paragraph 11.02 of the general conditions.
- 14.03 Bid prices will be compared after resolution of discrepancies, if any, as described above.

ARTICLE 15 - SUBMITTAL OF BID

- 15.01 With each copy of the Bidding Documents, a Bidder is furnished one separate unbound copy of the Bid Form, and, if required, the Bid Bond Form. The unbound copy of the Bid Form is to be completed and submitted with the Bid security and the other documents required to be submitted under the terms of Article 7 of the Bid Form.
- 15.02 A Bid shall be received no later than the date and time prescribed and at the place indicated in the advertisement or invitation to bid and shall be enclosed in a plainly marked package with the Project title (and, if applicable, the designated portion of the Project for which the Bid is submitted), the name and address of Bidder, and shall be accompanied by the Bid security and other required documents. If a Bid is sent by mail or other delivery system, the sealed envelope containing the Bid shall be enclosed in a separate package plainly marked on the outside with the notation "BID ENCLOSED."
- 15.03 Bids received after the date and time prescribed for the opening of bids, or not submitted at the correct location or in the designated manner, will not be accepted and will be returned to the Bidder unopened.

ARTICLE 16 - MODIFICATION AND WITHDRAWAL OF BID

- 16.01 A Bid may be withdrawn by an appropriate document duly executed in the same manner that a Bid must be executed and delivered to the place where Bids are to be submitted prior to the date and time for the opening of Bids. Upon receipt of such notice, the unopened Bid will be returned to the Bidder.
- 16.02 If a Bidder wishes to modify its Bid prior to Bid opening, Bidder must withdraw its initial Bid in the manner specified in Paragraph 16.01 and submit a new Bid prior to the date and time for the opening of Bids.
- 16.03 If within 24 hours after Bids are opened any Bidder files a duly signed written notice with Owner and promptly thereafter demonstrates to the reasonable satisfaction of Owner that there was a material and substantial mistake in the preparation of its Bid, that Bidder may withdraw its Bid, and the Bid security will be returned. Thereafter, if the Work is rebid, that Bidder will be disqualified from further bidding on the Work.

ARTICLE 17 – OPENING OF BIDS

17.01 Bids will be opened at the time and place indicated in the advertisement or invitation to bid and, unless obviously non-responsive, read aloud publicly. An abstract of the amounts of the base Bids and major alternates, if any, will be made available to Bidders after the opening of Bids.

ARTICLE 18 – BIDS TO REMAIN SUBJECT TO ACCEPTANCE

18.01 All Bids will remain subject to acceptance for the period of time stated in the Bid Form, but Owner may, in its sole discretion, release any Bid and return the Bid security prior to the end of this period.

ARTICLE 19 – EVALUATION OF BIDS AND AWARD OF CONTRACT

- 19.01 Owner reserves the right to reject any or all Bids, including without limitation, nonconforming, nonresponsive, unbalanced, or conditional Bids. Owner will reject the Bid of any Bidder that Owner finds, after reasonable inquiry and evaluation, to not be responsible. If Bidder purports to add terms or conditions to its Bid, takes exception to any provision of the Bidding Documents, or attempts to alter the contents of the Contract Documents for purposes of the Bid, then the Owner will reject the Bid as nonresponsive; provided that Owner also reserves the right to waive all minor informalities not involving price, time, or changes in the Work.
- 19.02 If Owner awards the contract for the Work, such award shall be to the responsible Bidder submitting the lowest responsive Bid.
- 19.03 In evaluating Bids, Owner will consider whether or not the Bids comply with the prescribed requirements, and such alternates, unit prices, and other data, as may be requested in the Bid Form or prior to the Notice of Award.
- 19.04 In evaluating whether a Bidder is responsible, Owner will consider the qualifications of the Bidder and may consider the qualifications and experience of Subcontractors and Suppliers proposed for those portions of the Work for which the identity of Subcontractors and Suppliers must be submitted as provided in the Bidding Documents.
- 19.05 Owner may conduct such investigations as Owner deems necessary to establish the responsibility, qualifications, and financial ability of Bidders and any proposed Subcontractors or Suppliers.

ARTICLE 20 - BONDS AND INSURANCE

20.01 Article 6 of the General Conditions, as may be modified by the Supplementary Conditions, sets forth Owner's requirements as to performance and payment bonds and insurance. When the Successful Bidder delivers the Agreement (executed by Successful Bidder) to Owner, it shall be accompanied by required bonds and insurance documentation.

ARTICLE 21 - SIGNING OF AGREEMENT

21.01 When Owner issues a Notice of Award to the Successful Bidder, it shall be accompanied by the unexecuted counterparts of the Agreement along with the other Contract Documents as identified in the Agreement. Within 15 days thereafter, Successful Bidder shall execute and deliver the required number of counterparts of the Agreement (and any bonds and insurance documentation required to be delivered by the Contract Documents) to Owner. Within ten days thereafter, Owner shall deliver one fully executed counterpart of the Agreement to Successful Bidder, together with printed and electronic copies of the Contract Documents as stated in Paragraph 2.02 of the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 22 – NOT USED

ARTICLE 23 – NOT USED

ARTICLE 24 – POWER OF ATTORNEY

24.01 Attorneys-in-fact who sign Bid Bonds or Contract Bonds must file with each bond a certified and effective dated copy of their power of attorney.

ARTICLE 25 – LAWS AND REGULATIONS

25.01 The Bidder's attention is directed to the fact that all applicable State Laws, municipal ordinance, and the rules and regulations of all authorities having jurisdiction over construction of the Project shall apply to the Contract throughout, and they will be deemed to be included in the Contract the same as though herein written out in full.

ARTICLE 26 – SAFETY STANDARDS AND ACCIDENT PREVENTION

- 26.01 With respect to all Work performed under this contract, the Contractor shall:
 - A. Comply with the safety standards provisions of applicable laws, building and construction codes and the "Manual of Accident Prevention in Construction" published by the Associated General Contractors of America, the requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (Public Law 91-596), and the requirements of Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1518 as published in the "Federal Register", Volume 36, No. 75, Saturday, April 17, 1971.
 - B. Exercise every precaution at all times for the prevention of accidents and the protection of persons (including employees) and property.
 - C. Maintain at his/her office or other well-known place at the job site, all articles necessary for giving first aid to the injured, and shall make standing arrangements for the immediate removal to a hospital or doctor's care of persons (including employees), who may be injured on the job site before the employer has made a standing arrangement for removal of injured persons to a hospital or a doctor's care.

ARTICLE 27 – WAGE RATE REQUIREMENTS

27.01 If the contract price is in excess of \$100,000, provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act at 29 CFD 5.5(b) apply.

BID FORMS



BID FORM

GARRARD COUNTY WATER ASSOCIATION

WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS CONTRACT NO. 2 – 250,000 GALLON ELEVATED WATER STORAGE TANK

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ARTICLE 1 – BID RECIPIENT

1.01 This Bid is submitted to:

GARRARD COUNTY WATER ASSOCIATION

315 Lexington Street

Lancaster, Kentucky 40444

1.02 The undersigned Bidder proposes and agrees, if this Bid is accepted, to enter into an Agreement with Owner in the form included in the Bidding Documents to perform all Work as specified or indicated in the Bidding Documents for the prices and within the times indicated in this Bid and in accordance with the other terms and conditions of the Bidding Documents.

ARTICLE 2 – BIDDER'S ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

2.01 Bidder accepts all of the terms and conditions of the Instructions to Bidders, including without limitation those dealing with the disposition of Bid security. This Bid will remain subject to acceptance for 90 days after the Bid opening, or for such longer period of time that Bidder may agree to in writing upon request of Owner.

ARTICLE 3 – BIDDER'S REPRESENTATIONS

- 3.01 In submitting this Bid, Bidder represents that:
 - A. Bidder has examined and carefully studied the Bidding Documents, and any data and reference items identified in the Bidding Documents, and hereby acknowledges receipt of the following Addenda:

Addendum No.	Addendum, Date
	·

- B. Bidder has visited the Site, conducted a thorough, alert visual examination of the Site and adjacent areas, and become familiar with and satisfied itself as to the general, local, and Site conditions that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work.
- C. Bidder is familiar with and has satisfied itself as to all Laws and Regulations that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work.
- D. Bidder has carefully studied all: (1) reports of explorations and tests of subsurface conditions at or adjacent to the Site and all drawings of physical conditions relating to existing surface or subsurface structures at the Site that have been identified in the Supplementary Conditions, especially with respect to Technical Data in such reports and drawings, and (2) reports and drawings relating to Hazardous Environmental Conditions, if any, at or adjacent to the Site that have been identified in the Supplementary Conditions, especially with respect to Technical Data in such reports and drawings.
- E. Bidder has considered the information known to Bidder itself; information commonly known to contractors doing business in the locality of the Site; information and

observations obtained from visits to the Site; the Bidding Documents; and any Site-related reports and drawings identified in the Bidding Documents, with respect to the effect of such information, observations, and documents on (1) the cost, progress, and performance of the Work; (2) the means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction to be employed by Bidder; and (3) Bidder's safety precautions and programs.

- F. Bidder agrees, based on the information and observations referred to in the preceding paragraph, that no further examinations, investigations, explorations, tests, studies, or data are necessary for the determination of this Bid for performance of the Work at the price bid and within the times required, and in accordance with the other terms and conditions of the Bidding Documents.
- G. Bidder is aware of the general nature of work to be performed by Owner and others at the Site that relates to the Work as indicated in the Bidding Documents.
- H. Bidder has given Engineer written notice of all conflicts, errors, ambiguities, or discrepancies that Bidder has discovered in the Bidding Documents, and confirms that the written resolution thereof by Engineer is acceptable to Bidder.
- I. The Bidding Documents are generally sufficient to indicate and convey understanding of all terms and conditions for the performance and furnishing of the Work.
- J. The submission of this Bid constitutes an incontrovertible representation by Bidder that Bidder has complied with every requirement of this Article, and that without exception the Bid and all prices in the Bid are premised upon performing and furnishing the Work required by the Bidding Documents.

ARTICLE 4 - BIDDER'S CERTIFICATION

4.01 Bidder certifies that:

- A. This Bid is genuine and not made in the interest of or on behalf of any undisclosed individual or entity and is not submitted in conformity with any collusive agreement or rules of any group, association, organization, or corporation;
- B. Bidder has not directly or indirectly induced or solicited any other Bidder to submit a false or sham Bid;
- C. Bidder has not solicited or induced any individual or entity to refrain from bidding; and
- D. Bidder has not engaged in corrupt, fraudulent, collusive, or coercive practices in competing for the Contract. For the purposes of this Paragraph 4.01.D:
 - "corrupt practice" means the offering, giving, receiving, or soliciting of any thing of value likely to influence the action of a public official in the bidding process;
 - "fraudulent practice" means an intentional misrepresentation of facts made (a) to influence the bidding process to the detriment of Owner, (b) to establish bid prices at artificial non-competitive levels, or (c) to deprive Owner of the benefits of free and open competition;
 - "collusive practice" means a scheme or arrangement between two or more Bidders, with or without the knowledge of Owner, a purpose of which is to establish bid prices at artificial, non-competitive levels; and

4. "coercive practice" means harming or threatening to harm, directly or indirectly, persons or their property to influence their participation in the bidding process or affect the e execution of the Contract.

ARTICLE 5 - BASIS OF BID

- 5.01 Bidder will complete the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents for the following unit price(s):
 - Notes: 1. Bids shall include sales tax, where required, and all other applicable taxes and fees.
 - 2. All specific cash allowances are included in the price(s) set forth and have been computed in accordance with the General Conditions.

Item No.	Description	Unit	Estimated Quantity	Bid Unit Price	Bid Price
1	250,000 Gallon Elevated Water Storage Tank & Foundation with all appurtenances. Complete In Place	LS	1		
2	Site Grading, Access Road & Site Restoration. Complete In Place	LS	1		
3	Piping, Valves, Vault, Hydrant, Fittings. Complete In Place	LS	1		
4	Chain Link Security Fence & Gate. Complete In Place.	LS	1		
5	Existing Manse Tank Demolition	LS	1		
6	Existing Burdette Knob Tank Demolition	LS	1		
7	Existing Harmons Lick Tank Demolition	LS	1		
Total o	of All Unit Price Bid Items				\$

Bidder acknowledges that (1) each Bid Unit Price includes an amount considered by Bidder to be adequate to cover Contractor's overhead and profit for each separately identified item, and (2) estimated quantities are not guaranteed, and are solely for the purpose of comparison of Bids, and final payment for all unit price Bid items will be based on actual quantities, determined as provided in the Contract Documents.

Total Bid Price	\$

ARTICLE 6 - TIME OF COMPLETION

6.01 Bidder agrees that the Work will be substantially complete within <u>240</u> calendar days after the date when the Contract Times commence to run as provided in Paragraph 4.01 of the General Conditions, and will be completed and ready for final payment in accordance with Paragraph 15.06 of the General Conditions within <u>270</u> calendar days after the date when the Contract Times commence to run.

6.02 Bidder accepts the provisions of the Agreement as to liquidated damages. Contractor and Owner recognize that time is of the essence of this Agreement and that Owner will suffer financial loss if the Work is not completed within the times specified in Paragraph 6.01 above, plus any extensions thereof allowed in accordance with Article 15 of the General Conditions. The parties also recognize the delays, expense, and difficulties involved in proving in a legal or arbitration proceeding the actual loss suffered by Owner if the Work is not completed on time. Accordingly, instead of requiring any such proof, Owner and Contractor agree that as liquidated damages for delay (but not as a penalty), Contractor shall pay Owner \$500 for each day that expires after the time specified in Paragraph 6.01 for Substantial Completion until the Work is substantially complete. After Substantial Completion, if Contractor shall neglect, refuse, or fail to complete the remaining Work within the Contract Time or any proper extension thereof granted by Owner, Contractor shall pay Owner \$500 for each day that expires after the time specified in Paragraph 6.01 for completion and readiness for final payment until the Work is completed and ready for final payment.

ARTICLE 7 – ATTACHMENTS TO THIS BID

- 7.01 The following documents are submitted with and made a condition of this Bid:
 - A. Required Bid security SECTION 00430 EJCDC C-430;
 - B. List of Proposed Subcontractors;
 - C. List of Proposed Suppliers;
 - D. List of Project References;
 - E. Evidence of authority to do business in the state of the Project; or a written covenant to obtain such license within the time for acceptance of Bids;
 - F. Contractor's License No.: [or] Evidence of Bidder's ability to obtain a State Contractor's License and a covenant by Bidder to obtain said license within the time for acceptance of Bids;
 - G. Required Bidder Qualification Statement with supporting data.

ARTICLE 8 – DEFINED TERMS

8.01 The terms used in this Bid with initial capital letters have the meanings stated in the Instructions to Bidders, the General Conditions, and the Supplementary Conditions.

ARTICLE 9 – BID SUBMITTAL

BIDDER: [Indicate correct name of bidding entity]
By: [Signature]
[Printed name] (If Bidder is a corporation, a limited liability company, a partnership, or a joint venture, attach evidence of authority to sign.)
Attest: [Signature]
[Printed name]
Title:
Submittal Date:
Address for giving notices:
Telephone Number:
Fax Number:
Contact Name and e-mail address:
Bidder's License No.: (where applicable)
(

NOTE TO USER: Use in those states or other jurisdictions where applicable or required.

QUALIFICATIONS STATEMENT

Prepared by



Issued and Published Jointly by









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QUALIFICATIONS STATEMENT

THE INFORMATION SUPPLIED IN THIS DOCUMENT IS CONFIDENTIAL TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAWS AND REGULATIONS

1.	SUBMITTED BY:	
	Official Name of Firm:	
	Address:	
2.	SUBMITTED TO:	
3.	SUBMITTED FOR:	
	Owner: <u>G</u>	arrard County Water Association
	Project Name:	Contract 2 – 250,000 Gallon Elevated Water Storage Tank
	TYPE OF WORK:	Contract 2 — including construction of a 250,000 gallon elevated water storage tank, demolition of three (3) existing water storage tanks and all related appurtenances
	CONTRACTOR'S CONTACT IN	FORMATION
	Contact Person:	
	Title:	
	Phone:	
	Email:	

4.	AFFILIA	ATED COMPANIES:	
	Name:		
	Addres	ss:	
5.	TYPE O	F ORGANIZATION:	
		SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP	
		Name of Owner:	
		Doing Business As:	
		Date of Organization:	
		<u>PARTNERSHIP</u>	
		Date of Organization:	
		Type of Partnership:	
		Name of General Partner(s):	
		CORPORATION	
		State of Organization:	
		Date of Organization:	·
		Executive Officers:	
		- President:	
		- Vice President(s):	
		- Treasurer:	
		- Secretary:	liferations Statement

LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY	
State of Organization:	
Date of Organization:	
Members:	·
-	
·	
JOINT VENTURE	
Sate of Organization:	
Date of Organization:	
Form of Organization:	
Joint Venture Managing Partner	
- Name:	
- Address:	
Joint Venture Managing Partner	
- Name:	
- Address:	
Joint Venture Managing Partner	
- Name:	
- Address:	

6.	LICENSING			
		Jurisdiction:		
		Type of License:		
		License Number:		
		Jurisdiction:		
		Type of License:		
		License Number:		
7.	CERTIFICATIO	NS		CERTIFIED BY:
		Disadvantage Business Ent	erprise:	
		Minority Business Enterpri	se:	
		Woman Owned Enterprise	::	
		Small Business Enterprise:		
		Other ():	
8.	BONDING IN	FORMATION		
		Bonding Company:		
		Address:		
		Bonding Agent:		
		Address:		
		Contact Name:		
		Phone:		
		Aggregate Bonding Capaci	ty:	
		Available Bonding Capacit	v as of date of th	is submittal:

9.	FINANCIAL INFORMATION					
	Financial Institution:					
	Address:					
	Account Manager:					
	Phone:					
	INCLUDE AS AN ATTACHMENT AN AUDITED BALANCE SHEET FOR EACH OF THE LAST 3 YEARS					
10.	CONSTRUCTION EXPERIENCE:					
	Current Experience:					
	List on Schedule A all uncompleted projects currently under contract (If Joint Venture list each participant's projects separately).					
	Previous Experience:					
	List on Schedule B all projects completed within the last 5 Years (If Joint Venture list each participant's projects separately).					
	Has firm listed in Section 1 ever failed to complete a construction contract awarded to it?					
	□YES □ NO					
	If YES, attach as an Attachment details including Project Owner's contact information.					
	Has any Corporate Officer, Partner, Joint Venture participant or Proprietor ever failed to complete a construction contract awarded to them in their name or when acting as a principal of another entity?					
	☐ YES ☐ NO					
	If YES, attach as an Attachment details including Project Owner's contact information.					
	Are there any judgments, claims, disputes or litigation pending or outstanding involving the firm listed in Section 1 or any of its officers (or any of its partners if a partnership or any of the individual entities if a joint venture)?					
	□YES □ NO					
	If YES, attach as an Attachment details including Project Owner's contact information.					
	EJCDC® C-451, Qualifications Statement.					

11.	SAFETY PROGRAM:		
	Name of Contractor's Safety Officer:		-
	Include the following as attachments:		

Provide as an Attachment Contractor's (and Contractor's proposed Subcontractors and Suppliers furnishing or performing Work having a value in excess of 10 percent of the total amount of the Bid) OSHA No. 500- Log & Summary of Occupational Injuries & Illnesses for the past 5 years.

Provide as an Attachment Contractor's (and Contractor's proposed Subcontractors and Suppliers furnishing or performing Work having a value in excess of 10 percent of the total amount of the Bid) list of all OSHA Citations & Notifications of Penalty (monetary or other) received within the last 5 years (indicate disposition as applicable) - IF NONE SO STATE.

Provide as an Attachment Contractor's (and Contractor's proposed Subcontractors and Suppliers furnishing or performing Work having a value in excess of 10 percent of the total amount of the Bid) list of all safety citations or violations under any state all received within the last 5 years (indicate disposition as applicable) - IF NONE SO STATE.

Provide the following for the firm listed in Section V (and for each proposed Subcontractor furnishing or performing Work having a value in excess of 10 percent of the total amount of the Bid) the following (attach additional sheets as necessary):

Workers' compensation Experience Modification Rate (EMR) for the last 5 years:

YI	EAR	EMR
Yi	EAR	EMR
Total Recordable Fr	equency Rate (TRFR) fo	or the last 5 years
YI	EAR	TRFR
YI	EAR	TRFR
YI	EAR	TRFR
YI	EAR	TRFR

TRFR

YEAR

	00420-9							
Total number of man-hours worked for the	last 5 Years:							
YEAR TOTAL NUMBER OF MAN-HOURS								
YEAR TOTAL NUMBER OF MAN-HOURS								
	YEAR TOTAL NUMBER OF MAN-HOURS YEAR TOTAL NUMBER OF MAN-HOURS							
YEAR TOTAL NUMBER C								
TEAN								
Provide Contractor's (and Contractor's proposed performing Work having a value in excess of 10 Away From Work, Days of Restricted Work Activate particular industry or type of Work to be pe Contractor's proposed Subcontractors and Supp	percent of the total amount of the Bid) Days vity or Job Transfer (DART) incidence rate for rformed by Contractor and each of							
YEAR D	DART							
YEAR	DART							
	DART							
***************************************	DART DART							
EQUIPMENT:								
MAJOR EQUIPMENT:								
List on Schedule C all pieces of major equipment av	ailable for use on Owner's Project.							

12.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION SUBMITTED HEREWITH, INCLUDING ANY ATTACHMENTS, IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF.
NAME OF ORGANIZATION:
BY:
TITLE:
DATED:
NOTARY ATTEST:
SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME
THIS DAY OF, 20
NOTARY PUBLIC - STATE OF
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES:
REQUIRED ATTACHMENTS
1. Schedule A (Current Experience).
2. Schedule B (Previous Experience).
3. Schedule C (Major Equipment).
4. Audited balance sheet for each of the last 3 years for firm named in Section 1.
5. Evidence of authority for individuals listed in Section 7 to bind organization to an agreement.
6. Resumes of officers and key individuals (including Safety Officer) of firm named in Section 1.
7. Required safety program submittals listed in Section 13.
8. Additional items as pertinent.

SCHEDULE A

CURRENT EXPERIENCE

Project Name	Owner's Contact Person	Design Engineer	Contract Date	Type of Work	Status	Cost of Work
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				

SCHEDULE B

PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE (Include ALL Projects Completed within last 5 years)

Project Name	Owner's Contact Person	Design Engineer	Contract Date	Type of Work	Status	Cost of Work
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				

SCHEDULE B

PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE (Include ALL Projects Completed within last 5 years)

Project Name	Owner's Contact Person	Design Engineer	Contract Date	Type of Work	Status	Cost of Work
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				
	Name: Address: Telephone:	Name: Company: Telephone:				

SCHEDULE C - LIST OF MAJOR EQUIPMENT AVAILABLE

ITEM	PURCHASE DATE	CONDITION	ACQUIRED VALUE



BID BOND

BIDDER	(Name and Address):		
URETY	(Name, and Address of Principal	Place of Business):	
)WNEF	R (Name and Address): Garrard C	ounty Water Associ	ation
	315 Lexing	gton Street	
	Lancaster	, Kentucky 40444	
ID			
Bic	Due Date:		
De	scription: Water System Improve	ments - Contract N	o. 2 – 250,000 Gallon Water Storage Tank
SOND			
	nd Number:		
	te:		
	nal sum		\$
		(Words)	(Figures)
urety	and Bidder, intending to be legall	y bound hereby, su	bject to the terms set forth below, do each cause
his Bid	Bond to be duly executed by an	authorized officer,	agent, or representative.
BIDDEF	R	SUR	
		(Seal)	(Seal)
3idder'	s Name and Corporate Seal	Sure	ety's Name and Corporate Seal
	s Name and Corporate Seal	Sure By:	
	Signature		* *
			ety's Name and Corporate Seal
	Signature		Signature (Attach Power of Attorney)
зу:	Signature Print Name		Signature (Attach Power of Attorney) Print Name Title
зу:	Signature Print Name	By:	Signature (Attach Power of Attorney) Print Name Title
зу:	Signature Print Name Title	By:	Signature (Attach Power of Attorney) Print Name Title
Зу: Attest:	Signature Print Name Title Signature	By:	Signature (Attach Power of Attorney) Print Name Title Signature Title Title



assigns to pay to Owner upon default of Bidder the penal sum set forth on the face of this Bond. Payment of the penal sum is the extent of Bidder's and Surety's liability. Recovery of such penal sum under the terms of this Bond shall be Owner's sole and exclusive remedy upon default of Bidder.

- 2. Default of Bidder shall occur upon the failure of Bidder to deliver within the time required by the Bidding Documents (or any extension thereof agreed to in writing by Owner) the executed Agreement required by the Bidding Documents and any performance and payment bonds required by the Bidding Documents.
- 3. This obligation shall be null and void if:
 - 3.1 Owner accepts Bidder's Bid and Bidder delivers within the time required by the Bidding Documents (or any extension thereof agreed to in writing by Owner) the executed Agreement required by the Bidding Documents and any performance and payment bonds required by the Bidding Documents, or
 - 3.2 All Bids are rejected by Owner, or
 - 3.3 Owner fails to issue a Notice of Award to Bidder within the time specified in the Bidding Documents (or any extension thereof agreed to in writing by Bidder and, if applicable, consented to by Surety when required by Paragraph 5 hereof).
- 4. Payment under this Bond will be due and payable upon default of Bidder and within 30 calendar days after receipt by Bidder and Surety of written notice of default from Owner, which notice will be given with reasonable promptness, identifying this Bond and the Project and including a statement of the amount due.
- 5. Surety waives notice of any and all defenses based on or arising out of any time extension to issue Notice of Award agreed to in writing by Owner and Bidder, provided that the total time for issuing Notice of Award including extensions shall not in the aggregate exceed 120 days from the Bid due date without Surety's written consent.
- 6. No suit or action shall be commenced under this Bond prior to 30 calendar days after the notice of default required in Paragraph 4 above is received by Bidder and Surety and in no case later than one year after the Bid due date.
- 7. Any suit or action under this Bond shall be commenced only in a court of competent jurisdiction located in the state in which the Project is located.
- 8. Notices required hereunder shall be in writing and sent to Bidder and Surety at their respective addresses shown on the face of this Bond. Such notices may be sent by personal delivery, commercial courier, or by United States Registered or Certified Mail, return receipt requested, postage pre-paid, and shall be deemed to be effective upon receipt by the party concerned.
- 9. Surety shall cause to be attached to this Bond a current and effective Power of Attorney evidencing the authority of the officer, agent, or representative who executed this Bond on behalf of Surety to execute, seal, and deliver such Bond and bind the Surety thereby.
- 10. This Bond is intended to conform to all applicable statutory requirements. Any applicable requirement of any applicable statute that has been omitted from this Bond shall be deemed to be included herein as if set forth at length. If any provision of this Bond conflicts with any applicable statute, then the provision of said statute shall govern and the remainder of this Bond that is not in conflict therewith shall continue in full force and effect.
- 11. The term "Bid" as used herein includes a Bid, offer, or proposal as applicable.

USDA Form RD 400-6 (Rev. 4-00)

COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

This statement relates to a proposed contract with <u>Garrard County Water Association</u>
(Name of borrower or grantee)
who expects to finance the contract with assistance from either the Rural Housing Service (RHS), Rural Business-Cooperative Service (RBS), or the Rural Utilities Service (RUS) or their successor agencies, United States Department of Agriculture (whether by a loan, grant, loan insurance, guarantee, or other form of financial assistance). I am the undersigned bidder or prospective contractor, I represent that:
1. I have, have not, participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to Executive 11246 (regarding equal employment opportunity) or a preceding similar Executive Order.
2. If I have participated in such a contract or subcontract, I have, have not, filed all compliance reports that have been required to file in connection with the contract or subcontract.
If the proposed contract is for \$50,000 or more and I have 50 or more employees, I also represent that:
3.
4. If I have participated in such a contract or subcontract, I have, have not developed and placed on file at each establishment affirmative action programs as required by the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.
I understand that if I have failed to file any compliance reports that have been required of me, I am not eligible and will not be eligible to have my bid considered or to enter into the proposed contract unless and until I make an arrangement regarding such reports that is satisfactory to either the RHS, RBS or RUS, or to the office where the reports are required to be filed.
I also certify that I do not maintain or provide for my employees any segregated facilities at any of my establishments, and that I do not permit my employees to perform their services at any location, under my control, where segregated facilities are maintained. I certify further that I will not maintain or provide for my employees any segregated facilities at any of my establishments, and that I will not permit my employees to perform their services at any location, under my control, where segregated facilities are maintained. I agree that a breach of this certification is a violation of the Equal Opportunity clause in my contract. As used in this certification, the term "segregated facilities" means any waiting rooms, work areas, restrooms and wash rooms, restaurants and other eating areas time clocks, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees which are segregated by explicit directive or are in fact segregated on the basis of race, creed, color, or national origin, because of habit, local custom, or otherwise. I further agree that (except where I have obtained identical certifications for proposed subcontractors for specific time periods) I will obtain identical certifications from proposed subcontractors prior to the award of subcontracts exceeding \$10,000 which are not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity clause; that I will retain such certifications in my files; and that I will forward the following notice to such proposed subcontractors (except where the proposed

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays the valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0575-0018. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 10 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

subcontractors have submitted identical certifications for specific time periods): (See Reverse).

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE SUBCONTRACTORS OF REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTIFICATIONS OF NON-SEGREGATED FACILITIES

A certification of Nonsegregated Facilities, as required by the May 9, 1967, order (32F.R. 7439, may 19, 1967) on Elimination of Segregated Facilities, by the Secretary of Labor, must be submitted prior to the award of a subcontract exceeding \$ 10,000 which is not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity clause. The certification may be submitted either for each subcontract or for all subcontracts during a period (i.e., quarterly, semiannually, or annually).

NOTE:	ΓE: The penalty for making false statements in offers is prescribed in 18 U.S.C	. 1001.
Date		
Dute	(Signature of Bidder or I	Prospective Contractor)
	Address (including Zip Code)	

CERTIFICATION FOR CONTRACTS, GRANTS AND LOANS

The undersigned certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

- 1. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant or Federal loan, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant or loan.
- 2. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant or loan, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form LLL, "Disclosure of Lobbying Activities," in accordance with its instructions.
- 3. The undersigned shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including contracts, subcontracts, and subgrants under grants and loans) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

(name)	(date)
	<u> </u>
(title)	

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion - Lower Tier Covered Transactions

This certification is required by the regulations implementing Executive Order 12549, Debarment and Suspension, 7 CFR part 3017, Section 3017.510, Participants' responsibilities. The regulations were published as Part IV of the January 30, 1989, <u>Federal Register</u> (pages 4722-4733). Copies of the regulations may be obtained by contacting the Department of Agriculture agency with which this transaction originated.

(BEFORE COMPLETING CERTIFICATION, READ INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE)

- (1) The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency.
- Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

Garrard County Wa	er Association	
Organization Nan	ne	PR/Award Number or Project Name
Name(s) and Title	e(s) of Authorized Representative(s)	
Signature(s)		Dat

Instructions for Certification

- 1. By signing and submitting this form, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out on the reverse side in accordance with these instructions.
- 2. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- 3. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- 4. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "lower tier covered transaction," "participant," "person," "primary covered transaction," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- 5. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this form that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.
- 6. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this form that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transaction and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.
- 7. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the Nonprocurement List.
- 8. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 9. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 5 of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

AGREEMENT FORMS





NOTICE OF AWARD

Date of Iss	uance:		
Owner:	Garrard County Water Association	Owner's Contract No.:	Contract No. 2
Engineer:	Kentucky Engineering Group, PLLC	Engineer's Project No.:	16039
Project:	Water System Improvements	Contract Name:	250,000 Gallon Elevated Water Storage Tank
Bidder:			
Bidder's A	ddress:		
TO BIDDE	R:		
	e notified that Owner has accepted your Bid tract, and that you are the Successful Bidder a] for the
Contract 1	- Water System Improvements		·
Co Bio You m 1. 2.	o] unexecuted counterparts of the Agreem ntract Documents accompanies this Notice dder electronically. [revise if multiple copies at a set of the Drawings will be delivered sepust comply with the following conditions pred Deliver to Owner [5] counterparts of the Deliver with the executed Agreement(s) the and insurance documentation as specified Articles 2 and 6. Other conditions precedent (if any):	nent accompany this Notice of Award, or has been to ccompany the Notice of Awarately from the other Concedent within 15 days of the Agreement, fully execute Contract security [e.g., pd in the Instructions to E	ansmitted or made available to ward] Intract Documents. The date of this Notice of Award: The date of this Notice of Award:
	e to comply with these conditions within the t Notice of Award, and declare your Bid securit	•	Owner to consider you in default,
Within counterpa	ten days after you comply with the above co rt of the Agreement, together with any additi 2.02 of the General Conditions.	nditions, Owner will retur	•
Owner:	Garrard County Water Association		
By: Title:	Authorized Signature		
Copy: En	gineer		

This document has important legal consequences; consultation with an attorney is encouraged with respect to its use or modification. This document should be adapted to the particular circumstances of the contemplated Project and the controlling Laws and Regulations.

AGREEMENT BETWEEN OWNER AND CONTRACTOR FOR CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT (STIPULATED PRICE)

Prepared by



Issued and Published Jointly by







Endorsed by





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(800) 548-2723

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INTRODUCTION

This Agreement between Owner and Contractor for Construction Contract (Stipulated Price) ("Agreement") has been prepared for use with the Suggested Instructions to Bidders for Construction Contracts ("Instructions to Bidders") (EJCDC® C-200, 2013 Edition); the Suggested Bid Form for Construction Contracts ("Bid Form") (EJCDC® C 410, 2013 Edition); and the Standard General Conditions of the Construction Contract ("General Conditions") (EJCDC® C-700, 2013 Edition). Their provisions are interrelated, and a change in one may necessitate a change in the others. See also the Guide to the Preparation of Supplementary Conditions (EJCDC® C-800, 2013 Edition), and the Commentary on the 2013 EJCDC Construction Documents (EJCDC® C-001, 2013 Edition).

In construction contracting, as a general matter the "agreement" is the legal instrument executed (signed) by the project owner and the construction contractor, binding the parties to the terms of the contract. See CSI Project Delivery Practice Guide (2011), Section 11.1.2, p. 210, and CSI Construction Specification Practice Guide (2011), Section 5.1, p. 75. This EJCDC Agreement form serves that basic function, by identifying the parties and Contract Documents, and establishing the Contract Price and Contract Times. This Agreement form is specifically intended for stipulated price (fixed price) contracts—that is, contracts in which Owner and Contractor identify specific lump sums and unit prices as Contractor's compensation for performing the Work. For construction contracts in which the Contract Price is primarily based on costs incurred during construction, users should select EJCDC® C-525, Agreement between Owner and Contractor for Construction Contract (Cost-Plus).

This Agreement form is drafted to be flexible enough to be used on projects that are competitively bid, and for public and private contracts that are negotiated or awarded through a proposal process or otherwise. On competitively bid projects, the following documentary information would typically be made available to bidders:

- Bidding Requirements, which include the Advertisement or invitation to bid, the Instructions to
 Bidders, and the Bid Form that is suggested or prescribed, all of which provide information and
 guidance for all Bidders, and Bid Form supplements (if any) such as Bid Bond and Qualifications
 Statement.
- Contract Documents, which include the Agreement, performance and payment bonds, the General Conditions, the Supplementary Conditions, the Drawings, and the Specifications.
- Documents referred to in the Supplementary Conditions or elsewhere as being of interest to bidders for reference purposes, but which are not Contract Documents.

Together, the Bidding Requirements and the Contract Documents are referred to as the Bidding Documents. (The terms "Bidding Documents," "Bidding Requirements," and "Contract Documents" are defined in Article 1 of the General Conditions.) The Bidding Requirements are not Contract Documents because much of their substance pertains to the relationships prior to the award of the Contract and has little effect or impact thereafter. Many contracts are awarded without even going through a bidding process, and thus have no Bidding Requirements, illustrating that the bidding items are typically superfluous to the formation of a binding and comprehensive construction contract. In some cases, however, a bid or proposal will contain numerous line items and their prices; in such case the actual bid or proposal document may be attached as an exhibit to the Agreement to avoid extensive rekeying.

Suggested provisions are accompanied by "Notes to User" and bracketed notes and prompts to assist in preparing the Agreement. The provisions have been coordinated with the other forms produced by EJCDC. Much of the language should be usable on most projects, but modifications and additional provisions will often be necessary. When modifying the suggested language or writing additional provisions, the user must check the other documents thoroughly for conflicts and coordination of terms, and make appropriate revisions in all affected documents.

All parties involved in construction projects benefit significantly from a standardized approach in the location of subject matter throughout the documents. Experience confirms the danger of addressing the same subject matter in more than one location; doing so frequently leads to confusion and unanticipated legal consequences. When preparing documents for a construction project, careful attention should be given to the guidance provided in EJCDC® N-122/AIA® A521, Uniform Location of Subject Matter (2012 Edition), available at no charge from the EJCDC website, www.ejcdc.org, and from the websites of EJCDC's sponsoring organizations.

CSI MasterFormat[™] (50-Division format) designates Document "00 52 XX" for various forms of the owner-contractor agreement. If this format is used, the first page of the Agreement would be numbered 00 52 13-1 (or other appropriate third pair of numbers, in accordance with MasterFormat[™]).

Instructions and restrictions regarding the use of this document are set out in the License Agreement that accompanied the document at the time of purchase. To prepare the Agreement for inclusion in a Project Manual or for use in a specific contractual engagement, (1) remove the cover pages and this Introduction, (2) fill in Project-specific information and make revisions to the Agreement, following the guidance in the Notes to Users and bracketed notes and prompts, and the advice of legal counsel, and (3) delete the Notes to Users and bracketed notes and prompts.

AGREEMENT BETWEEN OWNER AND CONTRACTOR FOR CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT (STIPULATED PRICE)

THIS A	GREEMENT is by and between Garrard County Water Association	("Owner") and
		_ ("Contractor").
Owner	r and Contractor hereby agree as follows:	
ARTIC	LE 1 – WORK	
1.01	Contractor shall complete all Work as specified or indicated in the Contract Work is generally described as follows:	Documents. The
ARTIC	LE 2 – THE PROJECT	
2.01	The Project, of which the Work under the Contract Documents is a part, is gene follows: Contract 2 — including a 250,000 gallon elevated water storage tant three (3) existing water storage tanks and all related appurtenances	
ARTIC	LE 3 – ENGINEER	
3.01	The part of the Project that pertains to the Work has been designed by <u>Kentuck Group, PLLC</u> .	y Engineering
3.02	The Owner has retained <u>Kentucky Engineering Group, PLLC</u> ("Engineer") to representative, assume all duties and responsibilities, and have the rights and a to Engineer in the Contract Documents in connection with the completion accordance with the Contract Documents.	uthority assigned
ARTIC	CLE 4 – CONTRACT TIMES	
4.01	Time of the Essence	
	A. All time limits for Milestones, if any, Substantial Completion, and complete for final payment as stated in the Contract Documents are of the essence of	
4.02	Contract Times: Days	
	A. The Work will be substantially completed within <u>240</u> days after the Contract Times commence to run as provided in Paragraph 4.01 of the Ge and completed and ready for final payment in accordance with Paragra General Conditions within <u>270</u> days after the date when the Contract to run.	neral Conditions, aph 15.06 of the
4.03	Liquidated Damages	
	A. Contractor and Owner recognize that time is of the essence as stated i	n Paragraph 4.01

above and that Owner will suffer financial and other losses if the Work is not completed and Milestones not achieved within the times specified in Paragraph 4.02 above, plus any extensions thereof allowed in accordance with the Contract. The parties also recognize the

delays, expense, and difficulties involved in proving in a legal or arbitration proceeding the actual loss suffered by Owner if the Work is not completed on time. Accordingly, instead of requiring any such proof, Owner and Contractor agree that as liquidated damages for delay (but not as a penalty):

1. Substantial Completion: Contractor shall pay Owner \$__500_ for each day that expires after the time (as duly adjusted pursuant to the Contract) specified in Paragraph 4.02.A above for Substantial Completion until the Work is substantially completed.

ARTICLE 5 - CONTRACT PRICE

- 5.01 Owner shall pay Contractor for completion of the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents the amounts that follow, subject to adjustment under the Contract:
 - For all Work, at the prices stated in Contractor's Bid, attached hereto as an exhibit.

ARTICLE 6 – PAYMENT PROCEDURES

- 6.01 Submittal and Processing of Payments
 - A. Contractor shall submit Applications for Payment in accordance with Article 15 of the General Conditions. Applications for Payment will be processed by Engineer as provided in the General Conditions.
- 6.02 Progress Payments; Retainage
 - A. Owner shall make progress payments on account of the Contract Price on the basis of Contractor's Applications for Payment on or about the TBD day of each month during performance of the Work as provided in Paragraph 6.02.A.1 below, provided that such Applications for Payment have been submitted in a timely manner and otherwise meet the requirements of the Contract. All such payments will be measured by the Schedule of Values established as provided in the General Conditions (and in the case of Unit Price Work based on the number of units completed) or, in the event there is no Schedule of Values, as provided elsewhere in the Contract.
 - Prior to Substantial Completion, progress payments will be made in an amount equal
 to the percentage indicated below but, in each case, less the aggregate of payments
 previously made and less such amounts as Owner may withhold, including but not
 limited to liquidated damages, in accordance with the Contract
 - a. 95 percent of Work completed (with the balance being retainage). If the Work has been 50 percent completed as determined by Engineer, and if the character and progress of the Work have been satisfactory to Owner and Engineer, then as long as the character and progress of the Work remain satisfactory to Owner and Engineer, there will be no additional retainage; and
 - b. <u>100</u> percent of cost of materials and equipment not incorporated in the Work (with the balance being retainage).
 - B. Upon Substantial Completion, Owner shall pay an amount sufficient to increase total payments to Contractor to 95 percent of the Work completed, less such amounts set off by Owner pursuant to Paragraph 15.01.E of the General Conditions, and less 5 percent of Engineer's estimate of the value of Work to be completed or corrected as shown on the punch list of items to be completed or corrected prior to final payment.

16039/8.11.2017 AGREEMENT

6.03 Final Payment

A. Upon final completion and acceptance of the Work in accordance with Paragraph 15.06 of the General Conditions, Owner shall pay the remainder of the Contract Price as recommended by Engineer as provided in said Paragraph 15.06.

ARTICLE 7 – INTEREST

7.01 All amounts not paid when due shall bear interest at the rate of <u>3.5</u> percent per annum.

ARTICLE 8 – CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATIONS

- 8.01 In order to induce Owner to enter into this Contract, Contractor makes the following representations:
 - A. Contractor has examined and carefully studied the Contract Documents, and any data and reference items identified in the Contract Documents.
 - B. Contractor has visited the Site, conducted a thorough, alert visual examination of the Site and adjacent areas, and become familiar with and is satisfied as to the general, local, and Site conditions that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work.
 - C. Contractor is familiar with and is satisfied as to all Laws and Regulations that may affect cost, progress, and performance of the Work.
 - D. Contractor has considered the information known to Contractor itself; information commonly known to contractors doing business in the locality of the Site; information and observations obtained from visits to the Site; the Contract Documents; and the Site-related reports and drawings identified in the Contract Documents, with respect to the effect of such information, observations, and documents on (1) the cost, progress, and performance of the Work; (2) the means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction to be employed by Contractor; and (3) Contractor's safety precautions and programs.
 - E. Based on the information and observations referred to in the preceding paragraph, Contractor agrees that no further examinations, investigations, explorations, tests, studies, or data are necessary for the performance of the Work at the Contract Price, within the Contract Times, and in accordance with the other terms and conditions of the Contract.
 - F. Contractor is aware of the general nature of work to be performed by Owner and others at the Site that relates to the Work as indicated in the Contract Documents.
 - G. Contractor has given Engineer written notice of all conflicts, errors, ambiguities, or discrepancies that Contractor has discovered in the Contract Documents, and the written resolution thereof by Engineer is acceptable to Contractor.
 - H. The Contract Documents are generally sufficient to indicate and convey understanding of all terms and conditions for performance and furnishing of the Work.
 - Contractor's entry into this Contract constitutes an incontrovertible representation by Contractor that without exception all prices in the Agreement are premised upon performing and furnishing the Work required by the Contract Documents.

16039/8.11.2017

ARTICLE 9 – CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

9.01	Con	tent	s
	A.	The	Contract Documents consist of the following:
		1.	This Agreement (pages 1 to, inclusive).
		2.	Performance bond (pages to, inclusive).
		3.	Payment bond (pages to, inclusive).
		4.	Other bonds.
			a (pages to, inclusive).
			NOTE(S) TO USER:
			Such other bonds might include maintenance or warranty bonds intended to manage risk after completion of the Work.
		5.	General Conditions (pages to, inclusive).
		6.	Supplementary Conditions (pages to, inclusive).
		7.	Specifications as listed in the table of contents of the Project Manual.
		8.	Drawings (not attached but incorporated by reference) consisting of sheets with each sheet bearing the following general title: [or] the Drawings listed on the attached sheet index.
		9.	Addenda (numbers to, inclusive).
		10.	Exhibits to this Agreement (enumerated as follows):
			a. Contractor's Bid (pages to, inclusive).
		11.	The following which may be delivered or issued on or after the Effective Date of the Contract and are not attached hereto:
			Character Outland

- a. Change Orders
- B. The documents listed in Paragraph 9.01.A are attached to this Agreement (except as expressly noted otherwise above).
- C. There are no Contract Documents other than those listed above in this Article 9.
- D. The Contract Documents may only be amended, modified, or supplemented as provided in the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 10 - MISCELLANEOUS

10.01 Terms

A. Terms used in this Agreement will have the meanings stated in the General Conditions and the Supplementary Conditions.

10.02 Assignment of Contract

A. Unless expressly agreed to elsewhere in the Contract, no assignment by a party hereto of any rights under or interests in the Contract will be binding on another party hereto without the written consent of the party sought to be bound; and, specifically but without

limitation, money that may become due and money that is due may not be assigned without such consent (except to the extent that the effect of this restriction may be limited by law), and unless specifically stated to the contrary in any written consent to an assignment, no assignment will release or discharge the assignor from any duty or responsibility under the Contract Documents.

10.03 Successors and Assigns

A. Owner and Contractor each binds itself, its successors, assigns, and legal representatives to the other party hereto, its successors, assigns, and legal representatives in respect to all covenants, agreements, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents.

10.04 Severability

A. Any provision or part of the Contract Documents held to be void or unenforceable under any Law or Regulation shall be deemed stricken, and all remaining provisions shall continue to be valid and binding upon Owner and Contractor, who agree that the Contract Documents shall be reformed to replace such stricken provision or part thereof with a valid and enforceable provision that comes as close as possible to expressing the intention of the stricken provision.

10.05 Contractor's Certifications

- A. Contractor certifies that it has not engaged in corrupt, fraudulent, collusive, or coercive practices in competing for or in executing the Contract. For the purposes of this Paragraph 10.05:
 - "corrupt practice" means the offering, giving, receiving, or soliciting of any thing of value likely to influence the action of a public official in the bidding process or in the Contract execution;
 - "fraudulent practice" means an intentional misrepresentation of facts made (a) to influence the bidding process or the execution of the Contract to the detriment of Owner, (b) to establish Bid or Contract prices at artificial non-competitive levels, or (c) to deprive Owner of the benefits of free and open competition;
 - 3. "collusive practice" means a scheme or arrangement between two or more Bidders, with or without the knowledge of Owner, a purpose of which is to establish Bid prices at artificial, non-competitive levels; and
 - 4. "coercive practice" means harming or threatening to harm, directly or indirectly, persons or their property to influence their participation in the bidding process or affect the execution of the Contract.

10.06 Other Provisions

A. Owner stipulates that if the General Conditions that are made a part of this Contract are based on EJCDC® C-700, Standard General Conditions for the Construction Contract, published by the Engineers Joint Contract Documents Committee®, and if Owner is the party that has furnished said General Conditions, then Owner has plainly shown all modifications to the standard wording of such published document to the Contractor, through a process such as highlighting or "track changes" (redline/strikeout), or in the Supplementary Conditions.

16039/8.11.2017 AGREEMENT

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Owner and Contractor have	signed this Agreement.			
This Agreement will be effective on (which is the Effective Date of the Contract).				
OWNER:	CONTRACTOR:			
Garrard County Water Association				
Ву:	Ву:			
Title: President	Title:			
	(If Contractor is a corporation, a partnership, or a joint venture, attach evidence of authority to sign.)			
Attest:	Attest:			
Title:	Title:			
Address for giving notices:	Address for giving notices:			
315 Lexington Street				
Lancaster, KY 40444				
	License No.:			
	(where applicable)			
(If Owner is a corporation, attach evidence of authority to sign. If Owner is a public body, attach evidence of authority to sign and resolution or other documents authorizing execution of this Agreement.)	NOTE TO USER: Use in those states or other jurisdictions where applicable or required.			



NOTICE TO PROCEED

	NOTIC	E IO FROCEED		
Owner:	Garrard County Water Association	Owner's Contract No.:	Contract No. 2	
Contractor:		Contractor's Project No.:		
Engineer:	Kentucky Engineering Group, PLLC	Engineer's Project No.:	16039	
Project:	Water System Improvements	Contract Name:	250,000 Gallon Elevated Water Storage Tank	
		Effective Date of Contract:		
TO CONTR	ACTOR:			
	ereby notifies Contractor that the Co , 20]. [see Paragraph of			
be done at the is days to achi for final pays	e, Contractor shall start performing its the Site prior to such date. In accordant and the date of readiness seve Substantial Completion is	nce with the Agreement, [t s for final payment is, and the num must comply with the follo	he date of Substantial Completion] <i>or</i> [the number of ober of days to achieve readiness	
[Note any a	access limitations, security procedures,	or other restrictions]		
Owner:	Garrard County Water Associatio	n		
By:	Authorized Signature			
Title: Date Issued	President d:			
Copy: Engi	neer			

BONDS & CERTIFICATIONS



SECTION 00600

INSURANCE CERTIFICATE

Certificate of Insurance shall be provided in accordance with the General Conditions, this Division, Section 00710.

END OF SECTION



PERFORMANCE BOND

CONTRACTOR (name and address):	SURETY (name and address of principal place of business):
OWNER (name and address):	
Garrard County Water Association	
315 Lexington Street	
Lancaster, Kentucky 40444	
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT	
Effective Date of the Agreement:	
Amount:	
Description (name and location):	
BOND	
Bond Number:	
Date (not earlier than the Effective Date of the Agreement of Amount:	f the Construction Contract):
Modifications to this Bond Form: None	See Paragraph 16
Troument of the Bond Total Troum	
CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL	SURETY
Contractor's Name and Corporate Seal	Surety's Name and Corporate Seal (seal)
By:	By:
Signature	Signature (attach power of attorney)
Print Name	Print Name
Title	Title
Attest:	Attest:
Signature	Signature
Title	Title
	itional parties, such as joint venturers. (2) Any singular
reference to Contractor, Surety, Owner, or other party	shall be considered plural where applicable.
	, Performance Bond Engineers, American Council of Engineering Companies,
and American Society of Civil En	

- 1. The Contractor and Surety, jointly and severally, bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns to the Owner for the performance of the Construction Contract, which is incorporated herein by reference.
- 2. If the Contractor performs the Construction Contract, the Surety and the Contractor shall have no obligation under this Bond, except when applicable to participate in a conference as provided in Paragraph 3.
- 3. If there is no Owner Default under the Construction Contract, the Surety's obligation under this Bond shall arise after:
 - The Owner first provides notice to the Contractor and the Surety that the Owner is considering declaring a Contractor Default. Such notice shall indicate whether the Owner is requesting a conference among the Owner, Contractor, and Surety to discuss the Contractor's performance. If the Owner does not request a conference, the Surety may, within five (5) business days after receipt of the Owner's notice, request such a conference. If the Surety timely requests a conference, the Owner shall attend. Unless the Owner agrees otherwise, any conference requested under this Paragraph 3.1 shall be held within ten (10) business days of the Surety's receipt of the Owner's notice. If the Owner, the Contractor, and the Surety agree, the Contractor shall be allowed a reasonable time to perform the Construction Contract, but such an agreement shall not waive the Owner's right, if any, subsequently to declare a Contractor Default;
 - 3.2 The Owner declares a Contractor Default, terminates the Construction Contract and notifies the Surety; and
 - 3.3 The Owner has agreed to pay the Balance of the Contract Price in accordance with the terms of the Construction Contract to the Surety or to a contractor selected to perform the Construction Contract.
- 4. Failure on the part of the Owner to comply with the notice requirement in Paragraph 3.1 shall not constitute a failure to comply with a condition precedent to the Surety's obligations, or release the Surety from its obligations, except to the extent the Surety demonstrates actual prejudice.
- 5. When the Owner has satisfied the conditions of Paragraph 3, the Surety shall promptly and at the Surety's expense take one of the following actions:
 - 5.1 Arrange for the Contractor, with the consent of the Owner, to perform and complete the Construction Contract;
 - 5.2 Undertake to perform and complete the Construction Contract itself, through its agents or independent contractors;
 - 5.3 Obtain bids or negotiated proposals from qualified contractors acceptable to the Owner for a contract for performance and completion of the Construction Contract, arrange for a contract to be prepared for execution by the

- Owner and a contractor selected with the Owners concurrence, to be secured with performance and payment bonds executed by a qualified surety equivalent to the bonds issued on the Construction Contract, and pay to the Owner the amount of damages as described in Paragraph 7 in excess of the Balance of the Contract Price incurred by the Owner as a result of the Contractor Default; or
- 5.4 Waive its right to perform and complete, arrange for completion, or obtain a new contractor, and with reasonable promptness under the circumstances:
 - 5.4.1 After investigation, determine the amount for which it may be liable to the Owner and, as soon as practicable after the amount is determined, make payment to the Owner; or
 - 5.4.2 Deny liability in whole or in part and notify the Owner, citing the reasons for denial.
- 6. If the Surety does not proceed as provided in Paragraph 5 with reasonable promptness, the Surety shall be deemed to be in default on this Bond seven days after receipt of an additional written notice from the Owner to the Surety demanding that the Surety perform its obligations under this Bond, and the Owner shall be entitled to enforce any remedy available to the Owner. If the Surety proceeds as provided in Paragraph 5.4, and the Owner refuses the payment or the Surety has denied liability, in whole or in part, without further notice the Owner shall be entitled to enforce any remedy available to the Owner.
- 7. If the Surety elects to act under Paragraph 5.1, 5.2, or 5.3, then the responsibilities of the Surety to the Owner shall not be greater than those of the Contractor under the Construction Contract, and the responsibilities of the Owner to the Surety shall not be greater than those of the Owner under the Construction Contract. Subject to the commitment by the Owner to pay the Balance of the Contract Price, the Surety is obligated, without duplication for:
 - 7.1 the responsibilities of the Contractor for correction of defective work and completion of the Construction Contract:
 - 7.2 additional legal, design professional, and delay costs resulting from the Contractor's Default, and resulting from the actions or failure to act of the Surety under Paragraph 5; and
 - 7.3 liquidated damages, or if no liquidated damages are specified in the Construction Contract, actual damages caused by delayed performance or non-performance of the Contractor.
- 8. If the Surety elects to act under Paragraph 5.1, 5.3, or 5.4, the Surety's liability is limited to the amount of this Bond.
- 9. The Surety shall not be liable to the Owner or others for obligations of the Contractor that are unrelated to the Construction Contract, and the Balance of the Contract Price shall not be reduced or set off on account of any such unrelated

obligations. No right of action shall accrue on this Bond to any person or entity other than the Owner or its heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns.

- 10. The Surety hereby waives notice of any change, including changes of time, to the Construction Contract or to related subcontracts, purchase orders, and other obligations.
- 11. Any proceeding, legal or equitable, under this Bond may be instituted in any court of competent jurisdiction in the location in which the work or part of the work is located and shall be instituted within two years after a declaration of Contractor Default or within two years after the Contractor ceased working or within two years after the Surety refuses or fails to perform its obligations under this Bond, whichever occurs first. If the provisions of this paragraph are void or prohibited by law, the minimum periods of limitations available to sureties as a defense in the jurisdiction of the suit shall be applicable.
- 12. Notice to the Surety, the Owner, or the Contractor shall be mailed or delivered to the address shown on the page on which their signature appears.
- 13. When this Bond has been furnished to comply with a statutory or other legal requirement in the location where the construction was to be performed, any provision in this Bond conflicting with said statutory or legal requirement shall be deemed deleted herefrom and provisions conforming to such statutory or other legal requirement shall be deemed incorporated herein. When so furnished, the intent is that this Bond shall be construed as a statutory bond and not as a common law bond.

14. Definitions

14.1 Balance of the Contract Price: The total amount payable by the Owner to the Contractor under the Construction Contract after all proper adjustments have been

made including allowance for the Contractor for any amounts received or to be received by the Owner in settlement of insurance or other claims for damages to which the Contractor is entitled, reduced by all valid and proper payments made to or on behalf of the Contractor under the Construction Contract.

- 14.2 Construction Contract: The agreement between the Owner and Contractor identified on the cover page, including all Contract Documents and changes made to the agreement and the Contract Documents.
- 14.3 Contractor Default: Failure of the Contractor, which has not been remedied or waived, to perform or otherwise to comply with a material term of the Construction Contract.
- 14.4 Owner Default: Failure of the Owner, which has not been remedied or waived, to pay the Contractor as required under the Construction Contract or to perform and complete or comply with the other material terms of the Construction Contract.
- 14.5 Contract Documents: All the documents that comprise the agreement between the Owner and Contractor.
- 15. If this Bond is issued for an agreement between a contractor and subcontractor, the term Contractor in this Bond shall be deemed to be Subcontractor and the term Owner shall be deemed to be Contractor.
- 16. Modifications to this Bond are as follows:



PAYMENT BOND

	SURETY (name and address of principal place of business):
OWNER (name and address) Garrard County Water Association 315 Lexington Street Lancaster, Kentucky 40444	
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT	
Effective Date of the Agreement: Amount: Description (name and location):	
BOND	
Bond Number: Date (not earlier than the Effective Date of the Agreement Amount: Modifications to this Bond Form: None	t of the Construction Contract): See Paragraph 18
	II we have all the table to the form the below the control
Surety and Contractor, intending to be legally bour cause this Payment Bond to be duly executed by an CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL	
cause this Payment Bond to be duly executed by an CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL	authorized officer, agent, or representative. SURETY
cause this Payment Bond to be duly executed by ar	authorized officer, agent, or representative.
cause this Payment Bond to be duly executed by an CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL	SURETY Surety's Name and Corporate Seal
cause this Payment Bond to be duly executed by an CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL(seal)	authorized officer, agent, or representative. SURETY(seal)
CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL Contractor's Name and Corporate Seal By:	SURETY Surety's Name and Corporate Seal By:
CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL	SURETY

- The Contractor and Surety, jointly and severally, bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns to the Owner to pay for labor, materials, and equipment furnished for use in the performance of the Construction Contract, which is incorporated herein by reference, subject to the following terms.
- 2. If the Contractor promptly makes payment of all sums due to Claimants, and defends, indemnifies, and holds harmless the Owner from claims, demands, liens, or suits by any person or entity seeking payment for labor, materials, or equipment furnished for use in the performance of the Construction Contract, then the Surety and the Contractor shall have no obligation under this Bond.
- 3. If there is no Owner Default under the Construction Contract, the Surety's obligation to the Owner under this Bond shall arise after the Owner has promptly notified the Contractor and the Surety (at the address described in Paragraph 13) of claims, demands, liens, or suits against the Owner or the Owner's property by any person or entity seeking payment for labor, materials, or equipment furnished for use in the performance of the Construction Contract, and tendered defense of such claims, demands, liens, or suits to the Contractor and the Surety.
- 4. When the Owner has satisfied the conditions in Paragraph 3, the Surety shall promptly and at the Surety's expense defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the Owner against a duly tendered claim, demand, lien, or suit.
- 5. The Surety's obligations to a Claimant under this Bond shall arise after the following:
 - 5.1 Claimants who do not have a direct contract with the Contractor,
 - 5.1.1 have furnished a written notice of nonpayment to the Contractor, stating with substantial accuracy the amount claimed and the name of the party to whom the materials were, or equipment was, furnished or supplied or for whom the labor was done or performed, within ninety (90) days after having last performed labor or last furnished materials or equipment included in the Claim; and
 - 5.1.2 have sent a Claim to the Surety (at the address described in Paragraph 13).
 - 5.2 Claimants who are employed by or have a direct contract with the Contractor have sent a Claim to the Surety (at the address described in Paragraph 13).
- If a notice of non-payment required by Paragraph 5.1.1 is given by the Owner to the Contractor, that is

- sufficient to satisfy a Claimant's obligation to furnish a written notice of non-payment under Paragraph 5.1.1.
- 7. When a Claimant has satisfied the conditions of Paragraph 5.1 or 5.2, whichever is applicable, the Surety shall promptly and at the Surety's expense take the following actions:
 - 7.1 Send an answer to the Claimant, with a copy to the Owner, within sixty (60) days after receipt of the Claim, stating the amounts that are undisputed and the basis for challenging any amounts that are disputed; and
 - 7.2 Pay or arrange for payment of any undisputed amounts.
 - 7.3 The Surety's failure to discharge its obligations under Paragraph 7.1 or 7.2 shall not be deemed to constitute a waiver of defenses the Surety or Contractor may have or acquire as to a Claim, except as to undisputed amounts for which the Surety and Claimant have reached agreement. If, however, the Surety fails to discharge its obligations under Paragraph 7.1 or 7.2, the Surety shall indemnify the Claimant for the reasonable attorney's fees the Claimant incurs thereafter to recover any sums found to be due and owing to the Claimant.
- 8. The Surety's total obligation shall not exceed the amount of this Bond, plus the amount of reasonable attorney's fees provided under Paragraph 7.3, and the amount of this Bond shall be credited for any payments made in good faith by the Surety.
- 9. Amounts owed by the Owner to the Contractor under the Construction Contract shall be used for the performance of the Construction Contract and to satisfy claims, if any, under any construction performance bond. By the Contractor furnishing and the Owner accepting this Bond, they agree that all funds earned by the Contractor in the performance of the Construction Contract are dedicated to satisfy obligations of the Contractor and Surety under this Bond, subject to the Owner's priority to use the funds for the completion of the work.
- 10. The Surety shall not be liable to the Owner, Claimants, or others for obligations of the Contractor that are unrelated to the Construction Contract. The Owner shall not be liable for the payment of any costs or expenses of any Claimant under this Bond, and shall have under this Bond no obligation to make payments to or give notice on behalf of Claimants, or otherwise have any obligations to Claimants under this Bond.
- 11. The Surety hereby waives notice of any change, including changes of time, to the Construction Contract or to related subcontracts, purchase orders, and other obligations.

- 12. No suit or action shall be commenced by a Claimant under this Bond other than in a court of competent jurisdiction in the state in which the project that is the subject of the Construction Contract is located or after the expiration of one year from the date (1) on which the Claimant sent a Claim to the Surety pursuant to Paragraph 5.1.2 or 5.2, or (2) on which the last labor or service was performed by anyone or the last materials or equipment were furnished by anyone under the Construction Contract, whichever of (1) or (2) first occurs. If the provisions of this paragraph are void or prohibited by law, the minimum period of limitation available to sureties as a defense in the jurisdiction of the suit shall be applicable.
- 13. Notice and Claims to the Surety, the Owner, or the Contractor shall be mailed or delivered to the address shown on the page on which their signature appears. Actual receipt of notice or Claims, however accomplished, shall be sufficient compliance as of the date received.
- 14. When this Bond has been furnished to comply with a statutory or other legal requirement in the location where the construction was to be performed, any provision in this Bond conflicting with said statutory or legal requirement shall be deemed deleted herefrom and provisions conforming to such statutory or other legal requirement shall be deemed incorporated herein. When so furnished, the intent is that this Bond shall be construed as a statutory bond and not as a common law bond.
- 15. Upon requests by any person or entity appearing to be a potential beneficiary of this Bond, the Contractor and Owner shall promptly furnish a copy of this Bond or shall permit a copy to be made.

16. Definitions

- 16.1 **Claim:** A written statement by the Claimant including at a minimum:
 - 1. The name of the Claimant;
 - The name of the person for whom the labor was done, or materials or equipment furnished;
 - A copy of the agreement or purchase order pursuant to which labor, materials, or equipment was furnished for use in the performance of the Construction Contract;
 - A brief description of the labor, materials, or equipment furnished;
 - The date on which the Claimant last performed labor or last furnished materials or equipment for use in the performance of the Construction Contract;
 - The total amount earned by the Claimant for labor, materials, or equipment furnished as of the date of the Claim;
 - The total amount of previous payments received by the Claimant; and

- 8. The total amount due and unpaid to the Claimant for labor, materials, or equipment furnished as of the date of the Claim.
- 16.2 **Claimant:** An individual or entity having a direct contract with the Contractor or with a subcontractor of the Contractor to furnish labor, materials, or equipment for use in the performance of the Construction Contract. The term Claimant also includes any individual or entity that has rightfully asserted a claim under an applicable mechanic's lien or similar statute against the real property upon which the Project is located. The intent of this Bond shall be to include without limitation in the terms of "labor, materials, or equipment" that part of the water, gas, power, light, heat, oil, gasoline, telephone service, or rental equipment used in the Construction Contract, architectural and engineering services required for performance of the work of the Contractor and the Contractor's subcontractors, and all other items for which a mechanic's lien may be asserted in the jurisdiction where the labor, materials, or equipment were furnished.
- 16.3 Construction Contract: The agreement between the Owner and Contractor identified on the cover page, including all Contract Documents and all changes made to the agreement and the Contract Documents.
- 16.4 Owner Default: Failure of the Owner, which has not been remedied or waived, to pay the Contractor as required under the Construction Contract or to perform and complete or comply with the other material terms of the Construction Contract.
- 16.5 Contract Documents: All the documents that comprise the agreement between the Owner and Contractor.
- 17. If this Bond is issued for an agreement between a contractor and subcontractor, the term Contractor in this Bond shall be deemed to be Subcontractor and the term Owner shall be deemed to be Contractor.
- 18. Modifications to this Bond are as follows:

EJCDC≣	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	Contractor's A	pplication for	Payment No.		
ENGINEERS JOINT CONTRA		Application		Application Date:		
DOCUMENTS COMMITTEE		Period:				
To Garrard County (Owner):	Water Association	From (Contractor):		Via (Engineer):	Kentucky Engineering Grou	ip, PLLC
Project: Water System In	nprovements	Contract:				
Owner's Contract No.:	2	Contractor's Project No.:		Engineer's Project No.:	16039	
	Application For Payment Change Order Summary		_			
Approved Change Orders			1. ORIGINAL CONTR	RACT PRICE	\$	
Number	Additions	Deductions	2. Net change by Chan	ge Orders	\$	
			3. Current Contract Pr	rice (Line 1 ± 2)	\$	
			4. TOTAL COMPLET	ED AND STORED TO I	DATE	
			(Column F total on I	Progress Estimates)	s	•
			5. RETAINAGE:			
			a.		_ Work Completed \$	
			b.		Stored Material \$	
			c. Total	Retainage (Line 5.a + Li	ine 5.b)\$	
			6. AMOUNT ELIGIBI	LE TO DATE (Line 4 - L	.ine 5.c)\$	
TOTALS			7. LESS PREVIOUS P	AYMENTS (Line 6 from	n prior Application) \$	
NET CHANGE BY			8. AMOUNT DUE TH	IS APPLICATION	\$	
CHANGE ORDERS			9. BALANCE TO FINI	SH, PLUS RETAINAGE	Ε	
			(Column G total on I	Progress Estimates + Line	e 5.c above) \$	
			,			
Contractor's Certification						
	certifies, to the best of its knowledge, the yments received from Owner on account		Payment of:	S		
have been applied on accour	nt to discharge Contractor's legitimate of			(Line 8 or other	r - attach explanation of the o	ther amount)
the Work covered by prior A	Applications for Payment; als and equipment incorporated in said \(\)	Work or otherwise listed in or				
covered by this Application	for Payment, will pass to Owner at time	of payment free and clear of all	is recommended by:			
	encumbrances (except such as are cover any such Liens, security interest, or en			Kentucky Engine	ering Group, PLLC	(Date)
	tany such Liens, security interest, or en this Application for Payment is in acco					
and is not defective.			Payment of:	<u> </u>		
				(Line 8 or other	r - attach explanation of the o	ther amount)
			is approved by:			
				Trimble County V	Water District No.1	(Date)
Contractor Signature		T	-			
By:		Date:	Approved by:			

Rural Development

(Date)

		•		



Change Or	rder No.	
-----------	----------	--

Date of Issuance:		Effec	tive Date:	
Owner: Garrard County Water Ass	ociation		er's Contract No.:	
Contractor:			ractor's Project N	
Engineer: Kentucky Engineering Gro	=	_	neer's Project No.	
Project: Water System Improvemen	nts	Conti	ract Name:	Contract 2
The Contract is modified as follows up	on execution of th	nis Change Orde	er:	
Description:				
· · · · · · ·				
Attachments: [List documents supporting	na chanael			
Ticcaeimiento. [2100 accamento supportin	ng enunger			
CHANGE IN CONTRACT P	RICE	С	HANGE IN CONT	RACT TIMES
		1		ones if applicable]
Original Contract Price:		Original Cont		
\$		Ready for Fin	al Payment:	
[In average] [Decreases] from proviously		[In average] [D	annagal fuama mua	days or dates
[Increase] [Decrease] from previously Change Orders No to No:	approved	Orders No		viously approved Change
change orders No to No				
\$				
		Ĵ	, <u></u>	days
Contract Price prior to this Change Ord	ler:		es prior to this Ch	
\$		Ready for Fin	al Payment:	
[Ingressed [Degreesed of this Change O	ndow.	[Ingressed [D	ogrand of this Cl	days or dates
[Increase] [Decrease] of this Change Or	ider:		ecrease] of this Cl	nange Order:
\$			al Payment:	
				days or dates
Contract Price incorporating this Chan	ge Order:			ved Change Orders:
		Substantial C		
\$		Ready for Fin	al Payment:	
DECOMMENDED.	ACCE	POTED		days or dates
RECOMMENDED:		EPTED:	D	ACCEPTED:
By: Engineer (if required)	By: Owner (Au	ıthorized	By: Contr	actor (Authorized
Tiple:	•		mu. I	•
Date:	Date		Date	
			Date	
Approved by Funding Agency (if				
applicable)				
By:		Date:		
Title:				

EJCDC* C-941, Change Order.



CERTIFICATE OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

Owner: Contractor: Engineer:	Garrard County Water Kentucky Engineering		Contrac	s Contract No.: ctor's Project No.: er's Project No.:	16039
Project:	Water System Improve	-	•	ct Name:	Contract No.2
This [prel	iminary] [final] Certifi	cate of Substantial	Completion appl	ies to:	
	Work		☐ The follow	ving specified por	tions of the Work:
		Date of Substantia	l Completion		
and Engine thereof des Completion	er, and found to be subs ignated above is hereby	stantially complete. r established, subject tial Completion in t	The Date of Subst to the provisions he final Certifica	antial Completion of the Contract p te of Substantial	res of Owner, Contractor, of the Work or portion pertaining to Substantial Completion marks the the Contract.
and the fail		s on such list does n			may not be all-inclusive, ontractor to complete all
insurance, as amende	and warranties upon Ov	vner's use or occupa endments of contract	ncy of the Work sl ual responsibilities	hall be as provide s recorded in this	ntenance, heat, utilities, ed in the Contract, except Certificate should be the Conditions.]
Amendmen responsibil		one follows			
Amendmer Contractor responsibil	s ities:	one follows:			
The followi	ng documents are attac	hed to and made a pa	art of this Certifica	te: [punch list; otl	hers]
	cate does not constitute Contractor's obligation				ract Documents, nor is it
EXECU	TED BY ENGINEER:	RECEIV	/ED:	R	ECEIVED:
Ву:	thorized signature)	By:	orized Signature)	By:	or (Authorized Signature)
•	9	•	,		

EJCDC° C-625, Certificate of Substantial Completion.

Prepared and published 2013 by the Engineers Joint Contract Documents Committee.

Page 1 of 1

CERTIFICATE OF OWNER'S ATTORNEY AND AGENCY CONCURRENCE

CERTFICATE OF OWNER'S ATTORNEY

PROJECT NAME: Water System Improve Storage Tank	ments – Contract No. 2 – 250,000 Gallon Elevated Water
Storage rank	
CONTRACTOR NAME:	
representative of	, the duly authorized and acting legal, do hereby certify as ontract(s) and performance and payment bond(s) and the f the opinion that each of the aforesaid agreements is the proper parties thereto acting through their duly presentatives have full power and authority to execute said parties named thereon; and that the foregoing agreements gations upon the parties executing the same in accordance his thereof.
Name	Date
	e costs of this Contract, and without liability for any concurs in the form, content, and execution of this
Agency Representative	Date
Name	

GENERAL CONDITIONS



This document has important legal consequences; consultation with an attorney is encouraged with respect to its use or modification. This document should be adapted to the particular circumstances of the contemplated Project and the controlling Laws and Regulations.

STANDARD GENERAL CONDITIONS OF THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT

Prepared by



Issued and Published Jointly by







Endorsed by





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ARTICLE 1 - DEFINITIONS AND TERMINOLOGY

1.01 Defined Terms

- A. Wherever used in the Bidding Requirements or Contract Documents, a term printed with initial capital letters, including the term's singular and plural forms, will have the meaning indicated in the definitions below. In addition to terms specifically defined, terms with initial capital letters in the Contract Documents include references to identified articles and paragraphs, and the titles of other documents or forms.
 - Addenda—Written or graphic instruments issued prior to the opening of Bids which clarify, correct, or change the Bidding Requirements or the proposed Contract Documents.
 - Agreement—The written instrument, executed by Owner and Contractor, that sets
 forth the Contract Price and Contract Times, identifies the parties and the Engineer,
 and designates the specific items that are Contract Documents.
 - Application for Payment—The form acceptable to Engineer which is to be used by Contractor during the course of the Work in requesting progress or final payments and which is to be accompanied by such supporting documentation as is required by the Contract Documents.
 - 4. Bid—The offer of a Bidder submitted on the prescribed form setting forth the prices for the Work to be performed.
 - 5. Bidder—An individual or entity that submits a Bid to Owner.
 - Bidding Documents—The Bidding Requirements, the proposed Contract Documents, and all Addenda.
 - 7. Bidding Requirements—The advertisement or invitation to bid, Instructions to Bidders, Bid Bond or other Bid security, if any, the Bid Form, and the Bid with any attachments.
 - Change Order—A document which is signed by Contractor and Owner and authorizes an addition, deletion, or revision in the Work or an adjustment in the Contract Price or the Contract Times, or other revision to the Contract, issued on or after the Effective Date of the Contract.
 - 9. Change Proposal—A written request by Contractor, duly submitted in compliance with the procedural requirements set forth herein, seeking an adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times, or both; contesting an initial decision by Engineer concerning the requirements of the Contract Documents or the acceptability of Work under the Contract Documents; challenging a set-off against payments due; or seeking other relief with respect to the terms of the Contract.
 - 10. Claim—(a) A demand or assertion by Owner directly to Contractor, duly submitted in compliance with the procedural requirements set forth herein: seeking an adjustment of Contract Price or Contract Times, or both; contesting an initial decision by Engineer concerning the requirements of the Contract Documents or the acceptability of Work under the Contract Documents; contesting Engineer's decision regarding a Change Proposal; seeking resolution of a contractual issue that Engineer has declined to address; or seeking other relief with respect to the terms of the Contract; or (b) a demand or assertion by Contractor directly to Owner, duly submitted in compliance with the procedural requirements set forth herein, contesting Engineer's decision

- regarding a Change Proposal; or seeking resolution of a contractual issue that Engineer has declined to address. A demand for money or services by a third party is not a Claim.
- 11. Constituent of Concern—Asbestos, petroleum, radioactive materials, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), hazardous waste, and any substance, product, waste, or other material of any nature whatsoever that is or becomes listed, regulated, or addressed pursuant to (a) the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. §§9601 et seq. ("CERCLA"); (b) the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act, 49 U.S.C. §§5101 et seq.; (c) the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. §§6901 et seq. ("RCRA"); (d) the Toxic Substances Control Act, 15 U.S.C. §§2601 et seq.; (e) the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. §§1251 et seq.; (f) the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. §§7401 et seq.; or (g) any other federal, state, or local statute, law, rule, regulation, ordinance, resolution, code, order, or decree regulating, relating to, or imposing liability or standards of conduct concerning, any hazardous, toxic, or dangerous waste, substance, or material.
- 12. Contract—The entire and integrated written contract between the Owner and Contractor concerning the Work.
- 13. Contract Documents—Those items so designated in the Agreement, and which together comprise the Contract.
- 14. *Contract Price*—The money that Owner has agreed to pay Contractor for completion of the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents. .
- Contract Times—The number of days or the dates by which Contractor shall: (a) achieve Milestones, if any; (b) achieve Substantial Completion; and (c) complete the Work.
- 16. *Contractor*—The individual or entity with which Owner has contracted for performance of the Work.
- 17. Cost of the Work—See Paragraph 13.01 for definition.
- 18. *Drawings*—The part of the Contract that graphically shows the scope, extent, and character of the Work to be performed by Contractor.
- 19. Effective Date of the Contract—The date, indicated in the Agreement, on which the Contract becomes effective.
- 20. Engineer—The individual or entity named as such in the Agreement.
- 21. Field Order—A written order issued by Engineer which requires minor changes in the Work but does not change the Contract Price or the Contract Times.
- 22. Hazardous Environmental Condition—The presence at the Site of Constituents of Concern in such quantities or circumstances that may present a danger to persons or property exposed thereto. The presence at the Site of materials that are necessary for the execution of the Work, or that are to be incorporated in the Work, and that are controlled and contained pursuant to industry practices, Laws and Regulations, and the requirements of the Contract, does not establish a Hazardous Environmental Condition.

- 23. Laws and Regulations; Laws or Regulations—Any and all applicable laws, statutes, rules, regulations, ordinances, codes, and orders of any and all governmental bodies, agencies, authorities, and courts having jurisdiction.
- 24. *Liens*—Charges, security interests, or encumbrances upon Contract-related funds, real property, or personal property.
- 25. *Milestone*—A principal event in the performance of the Work that the Contract requires Contractor to achieve by an intermediate completion date or by a time prior to Substantial Completion of all the Work.
- 26. *Notice of Award*—The written notice by Owner to a Bidder of Owner's acceptance of the Bid.
- 27. Notice to Proceed—A written notice by Owner to Contractor fixing the date on which the Contract Times will commence to run and on which Contractor shall start to perform the Work.
- 28. Owner—The individual or entity with which Contractor has contracted regarding the Work, and which has agreed to pay Contractor for the performance of the Work, pursuant to the terms of the Contract.
- 29. Progress Schedule—A schedule, prepared and maintained by Contractor, describing the sequence and duration of the activities comprising the Contractor's plan to accomplish the Work within the Contract Times.
- 30. *Project*—The total undertaking to be accomplished for Owner by engineers, contractors, and others, including planning, study, design, construction, testing, commissioning, and start-up, and of which the Work to be performed under the Contract Documents is a part.
- 31. Project Manual—The written documents prepared for, or made available for, procuring and constructing the Work, including but not limited to the Bidding Documents or other construction procurement documents, geotechnical and existing conditions information, the Agreement, bond forms, General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, and Specifications. The contents of the Project Manual may be bound in one or more volumes.
- 32. Resident Project Representative—The authorized representative of Engineer assigned to assist Engineer at the Site. As used herein, the term Resident Project Representative or "RPR" includes any assistants or field staff of Resident Project Representative.
- 33. Samples—Physical examples of materials, equipment, or workmanship that are representative of some portion of the Work and that establish the standards by which such portion of the Work will be judged.
- 34. Schedule of Submittals—A schedule, prepared and maintained by Contractor, of required submittals and the time requirements for Engineer's review of the submittals and the performance of related construction activities.
- 35. Schedule of Values—A schedule, prepared and maintained by Contractor, allocating portions of the Contract Price to various portions of the Work and used as the basis for reviewing Contractor's Applications for Payment.
- 36. Shop Drawings—All drawings, diagrams, illustrations, schedules, and other data or information that are specifically prepared or assembled by or for Contractor and

- submitted by Contractor to illustrate some portion of the Work. Shop Drawings, whether approved or not, are not Drawings and are not Contract Documents.
- 37. Site—Lands or areas indicated in the Contract Documents as being furnished by Owner upon which the Work is to be performed, including rights-of-way and easements, and such other lands furnished by Owner which are designated for the use of Contractor.
- 38. Specifications—The part of the Contract that consists of written requirements for materials, equipment, systems, standards, and workmanship as applied to the Work, and certain administrative requirements and procedural matters applicable to the Work.
- 39. *Subcontractor*—An individual or entity having a direct contract with Contractor or with any other Subcontractor for the performance of a part of the Work.
- 40. Substantial Completion—The time at which the Work (or a specified part thereof) has progressed to the point where, in the opinion of Engineer, the Work (or a specified part thereof) is sufficiently complete, in accordance with the Contract Documents, so that the Work (or a specified part thereof) can be utilized for the purposes for which it is intended. The terms "substantially complete" and "substantially completed" as applied to all or part of the Work refer to Substantial Completion thereof.
- 41. Successful Bidder—The Bidder whose Bid the Owner accepts, and to which the Owner makes an award of contract, subject to stated conditions.
- 42. *Supplementary Conditions*—The part of the Contract that amends or supplements these General Conditions.
- 43. Supplier—A manufacturer, fabricator, supplier, distributor, materialman, or vendor having a direct contract with Contractor or with any Subcontractor to furnish materials or equipment to be incorporated in the Work by Contractor or a Subcontractor.
- 44. Technical Data—Those items expressly identified as Technical Data in the Supplementary Conditions, with respect to either (a) subsurface conditions at the Site, or physical conditions relating to existing surface or subsurface structures at the Site (except Underground Facilities) or (b) Hazardous Environmental Conditions at the Site. If no such express identifications of Technical Data have been made with respect to conditions at the Site, then the data contained in boring logs, recorded measurements of subsurface water levels, laboratory test results, and other factual, objective information regarding conditions at the Site that are set forth in any geotechnical or environmental report prepared for the Project and made available to Contractor are hereby defined as Technical Data with respect to conditions at the Site under Paragraphs 5.03, 5.04, and 5.06.
- 45. Underground Facilities—All underground pipelines, conduits, ducts, cables, wires, manholes, vaults, tanks, tunnels, or other such facilities or attachments, and any encasements containing such facilities, including but not limited to those that convey electricity, gases, steam, liquid petroleum products, telephone or other communications, fiber optic transmissions, cable television, water, wastewater, storm water, other liquids or chemicals, or traffic or other control systems.
- 46. Unit Price Work—Work to be paid for on the basis of unit prices.
- 47. Work—The entire construction or the various separately identifiable parts thereof required to be provided under the Contract Documents. Work includes and is the

result of performing or providing all labor, services, and documentation necessary to produce such construction; furnishing, installing, and incorporating all materials and equipment into such construction; and may include related services such as testing, start-up, and commissioning, all as required by the Contract Documents.

48. Work Change Directive—A written directive to Contractor issued on or after the Effective Date of the Contract, signed by Owner and recommended by Engineer, ordering an addition, deletion, or revision in the Work.

1.02 Terminology

- A. The words and terms discussed in the following paragraphs are not defined but, when used in the Bidding Requirements or Contract Documents, have the indicated meaning.
- B. Intent of Certain Terms or Adjectives:
 - 1. The Contract Documents include the terms "as allowed," "as approved," "as ordered," "as directed" or terms of like effect or import to authorize an exercise of professional judgment by Engineer. In addition, the adjectives "reasonable," "suitable," "acceptable," "proper," "satisfactory," or adjectives of like effect or import are used to describe an action or determination of Engineer as to the Work. It is intended that such exercise of professional judgment, action, or determination will be solely to evaluate, in general, the Work for compliance with the information in the Contract Documents and with the design concept of the Project as a functioning whole as shown or indicated in the Contract Documents (unless there is a specific statement indicating otherwise). The use of any such term or adjective is not intended to and shall not be effective to assign to Engineer any duty or authority to supervise or direct the performance of the Work, or any duty or authority to undertake responsibility contrary to the provisions of Article 10 or any other provision of the Contract Documents.

C. Day:

1. The word "day" means a calendar day of 24 hours measured from midnight to the next midnight.

D. Defective:

- 1. The word "defective," when modifying the word "Work," refers to Work that is unsatisfactory, faulty, or deficient in that it:
 - a. does not conform to the Contract Documents; or
 - does not meet the requirements of any applicable inspection, reference standard, test, or approval referred to in the Contract Documents; or
 - c. has been damaged prior to Engineer's recommendation of final payment (unless responsibility for the protection thereof has been assumed by Owner at Substantial Completion in accordance with Paragraph 15.03 or 15.04).

E. Furnish, Install, Perform, Provide:

 The word "furnish," when used in connection with services, materials, or equipment, shall mean to supply and deliver said services, materials, or equipment to the Site (or some other specified location) ready for use or installation and in usable or operable condition.

- The word "install," when used in connection with services, materials, or equipment, shall mean to put into use or place in final position said services, materials, or equipment complete and ready for intended use.
- The words "perform" or "provide," when used in connection with services, materials, or equipment, shall mean to furnish and install said services, materials, or equipment complete and ready for intended use.
- 4. If the Contract Documents establish an obligation of Contractor with respect to specific services, materials, or equipment, but do not expressly use any of the four words "furnish," "install," "perform," or "provide," then Contractor shall furnish and install said services, materials, or equipment complete and ready for intended use.
- F. Unless stated otherwise in the Contract Documents, words or phrases that have a well-known technical or construction industry or trade meaning are used in the Contract Documents in accordance with such recognized meaning.

ARTICLE 2 – PRELIMINARY MATTERS

2.01 Delivery of Bonds and Evidence of Insurance

- A. Bonds: When Contractor delivers the executed counterparts of the Agreement to Owner, Contractor shall also deliver to Owner such bonds as Contractor may be required to furnish.
- B. Evidence of Contractor's Insurance: When Contractor delivers the executed counterparts of the Agreement to Owner, Contractor shall also deliver to Owner, with copies to each named insured and additional insured (as identified in the Supplementary Conditions or elsewhere in the Contract), the certificates and other evidence of insurance required to be provided by Contractor in accordance with Article 6.
- C. Evidence of Owner's Insurance: After receipt of the executed counterparts of the Agreement and all required bonds and insurance documentation, Owner shall promptly deliver to Contractor, with copies to each named insured and additional insured (as identified in the Supplementary Conditions or otherwise), the certificates and other evidence of insurance required to be provided by Owner under Article 6.

2.02 Copies of Documents

- A. Owner shall furnish to Contractor four printed copies of the Contract (including one fully executed counterpart of the Agreement), and one copy in electronic portable document format (PDF). Additional printed copies will be furnished upon request at the cost of reproduction.
- B. Owner shall maintain and safeguard at least one original printed record version of the Contract, including Drawings and Specifications signed and sealed by Engineer and other design professionals. Owner shall make such original printed record version of the Contract available to Contractor for review. Owner may delegate the responsibilities under this provision to Engineer.

2.03 Before Starting Construction

A. *Preliminary Schedules*: Within 10 days after the Effective Date of the Contract (or as otherwise specifically required by the Contract Documents), Contractor shall submit to Engineer for timely review:

- a preliminary Progress Schedule indicating the times (numbers of days or dates) for starting and completing the various stages of the Work, including any Milestones specified in the Contract;
- 2. a preliminary Schedule of Submittals; and
- 3. a preliminary Schedule of Values for all of the Work which includes quantities and prices of items which when added together equal the Contract Price and subdivides the Work into component parts in sufficient detail to serve as the basis for progress payments during performance of the Work. Such prices will include an appropriate amount of overhead and profit applicable to each item of Work.

2.04 Preconstruction Conference; Designation of Authorized Representatives

- A. Before any Work at the Site is started, a conference attended by Owner, Contractor, Engineer, and others as appropriate will be held to establish a working understanding among the parties as to the Work and to discuss the schedules referred to in Paragraph 2.03.A, procedures for handling Shop Drawings, Samples, and other submittals, processing Applications for Payment, electronic or digital transmittals, and maintaining required records.
- B. At this conference Owner and Contractor each shall designate, in writing, a specific individual to act as its authorized representative with respect to the services and responsibilities under the Contract. Such individuals shall have the authority to transmit and receive information, render decisions relative to the Contract, and otherwise act on behalf of each respective party.

2.05 Initial Acceptance of Schedules

- A. At least 10 days before submission of the first Application for Payment a conference, attended by Contractor, Engineer, and others as appropriate, will be held to review for acceptability to Engineer as provided below the schedules submitted in accordance with Paragraph 2.03.A. Contractor shall have an additional 10 days to make corrections and adjustments and to complete and resubmit the schedules. No progress payment shall be made to Contractor until acceptable schedules are submitted to Engineer.
 - The Progress Schedule will be acceptable to Engineer if it provides an orderly
 progression of the Work to completion within the Contract Times. Such acceptance
 will not impose on Engineer responsibility for the Progress Schedule, for sequencing,
 scheduling, or progress of the Work, nor interfere with or relieve Contractor from
 Contractor's full responsibility therefor.
 - Contractor's Schedule of Submittals will be acceptable to Engineer if it provides a workable arrangement for reviewing and processing the required submittals.
 - Contractor's Schedule of Values will be acceptable to Engineer as to form and substance if it provides a reasonable allocation of the Contract Price to the component parts of the Work.

2.06 Electronic Transmittals

A. Except as otherwise stated elsewhere in the Contract, the Owner, Engineer, and Contractor may transmit, and shall accept, Project-related correspondence, text, data, documents, drawings, information, and graphics, including but not limited to Shop Drawings and other submittals, in electronic media or digital format, either directly, or through access to a secure Project website.

- B. If the Contract does not establish protocols for electronic or digital transmittals, then Owner, Engineer, and Contractor shall jointly develop such protocols.
- C. When transmitting items in electronic media or digital format, the transmitting party makes no representations as to long term compatibility, usability, or readability of the items resulting from the recipient's use of software application packages, operating systems, or computer hardware differing from those used in the drafting or transmittal of the items, or from those established in applicable transmittal protocols.

ARTICLE 3 – DOCUMENTS: INTENT, REQUIREMENTS, REUSE

3.01 Intent

- A. The Contract Documents are complementary; what is required by one is as binding as if required by all.
- B. It is the intent of the Contract Documents to describe a functionally complete project (or part thereof) to be constructed in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- C. Unless otherwise stated in the Contract Documents, if there is a discrepancy between the electronic or digital versions of the Contract Documents (including any printed copies derived from such electronic or digital versions) and the printed record version, the printed record version shall govern.
- D. The Contract supersedes prior negotiations, representations, and agreements, whether written or oral.
- E. Engineer will issue clarifications and interpretations of the Contract Documents as provided herein.

3.02 Reference Standards

- A. Standards Specifications, Codes, Laws and Regulations
 - 1. Reference in the Contract Documents to standard specifications, manuals, reference standards, or codes of any technical society, organization, or association, or to Laws or Regulations, whether such reference be specific or by implication, shall mean the standard specification, manual, reference standard, code, or Laws or Regulations in effect at the time of opening of Bids (or on the Effective Date of the Contract if there were no Bids), except as may be otherwise specifically stated in the Contract Documents.
 - 2. No provision of any such standard specification, manual, reference standard, or code, or any instruction of a Supplier, shall be effective to change the duties or responsibilities of Owner, Contractor, or Engineer, or any of their subcontractors, consultants, agents, or employees, from those set forth in the part of the Contract Documents prepared by or for Engineer. No such provision or instruction shall be effective to assign to Owner, Engineer, or any of their officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, or subcontractors, any duty or authority to supervise or direct the performance of the Work or any duty or authority to undertake responsibility inconsistent with the provisions of the part of the Contract Documents prepared by or for Engineer.

3.03 Reporting and Resolving Discrepancies

A. Reporting Discrepancies:

- 1. Contractor's Verification of Figures and Field Measurements: Before undertaking each part of the Work, Contractor shall carefully study the Contract Documents, and check and verify pertinent figures and dimensions therein, particularly with respect to applicable field measurements. Contractor shall promptly report in writing to Engineer any conflict, error, ambiguity, or discrepancy that Contractor discovers, or has actual knowledge of, and shall not proceed with any Work affected thereby until the conflict, error, ambiguity, or discrepancy is resolved, by a clarification or interpretation by Engineer, or by an amendment or supplement to the Contract Documents issued pursuant to Paragraph 11.01.
- 2. Contractor's Review of Contract Documents: If, before or during the performance of the Work, Contractor discovers any conflict, error, ambiguity, or discrepancy within the Contract Documents, or between the Contract Documents and (a) any applicable Law or Regulation, (b) actual field conditions, (c) any standard specification, manual, reference standard, or code, or (d) any instruction of any Supplier, then Contractor shall promptly report it to Engineer in writing. Contractor shall not proceed with the Work affected thereby (except in an emergency as required by Paragraph 7.15) until the conflict, error, ambiguity, or discrepancy is resolved, by a clarification or interpretation by Engineer, or by an amendment or supplement to the Contract Documents issued pursuant to Paragraph 11.01.
- Contractor shall not be liable to Owner or Engineer for failure to report any conflict, error, ambiguity, or discrepancy in the Contract Documents unless Contractor had actual knowledge thereof.

B. Resolving Discrepancies:

- Except as may be otherwise specifically stated in the Contract Documents, the
 provisions of the part of the Contract Documents prepared by or for Engineer shall
 take precedence in resolving any conflict, error, ambiguity, or discrepancy between
 such provisions of the Contract Documents and:
 - the provisions of any standard specification, manual, reference standard, or code, or the instruction of any Supplier (whether or not specifically incorporated by reference as a Contract Document); or
 - the provisions of any Laws or Regulations applicable to the performance of the Work (unless such an interpretation of the provisions of the Contract Documents would result in violation of such Law or Regulation).

3.04 Requirements of the Contract Documents

- A. During the performance of the Work and until final payment, Contractor and Owner shall submit to the Engineer all matters in question concerning the requirements of the Contract Documents (sometimes referred to as requests for information or interpretation—RFIs), or relating to the acceptability of the Work under the Contract Documents, as soon as possible after such matters arise. Engineer will be the initial interpreter of the requirements of the Contract Documents, and judge of the acceptability of the Work thereunder.
- B. Engineer will, with reasonable promptness, render a written clarification, interpretation, or decision on the issue submitted, or initiate an amendment or supplement to the Contract

- Documents. Engineer's written clarification, interpretation, or decision will be final and binding on Contractor, unless it appeals by submitting a Change Proposal, and on Owner, unless it appeals by filing a Claim.
- C. If a submitted matter in question concerns terms and conditions of the Contract Documents that do not involve (1) the performance or acceptability of the Work under the Contract Documents, (2) the design (as set forth in the Drawings, Specifications, or otherwise), or (3) other engineering or technical matters, then Engineer will promptly give written notice to Owner and Contractor that Engineer is unable to provide a decision or interpretation. If Owner and Contractor are unable to agree on resolution of such a matter in question, either party may pursue resolution as provided in Article 12.

3.05 Reuse of Documents

- A. Contractor and its Subcontractors and Suppliers shall not:
 - have or acquire any title to or ownership rights in any of the Drawings, Specifications, or other documents (or copies of any thereof) prepared by or bearing the seal of Engineer or its consultants, including electronic media editions, or reuse any such Drawings, Specifications, other documents, or copies thereof on extensions of the Project or any other project without written consent of Owner and Engineer and specific written verification or adaptation by Engineer; or
 - have or acquire any title or ownership rights in any other Contract Documents, reuse
 any such Contract Documents for any purpose without Owner's express written
 consent, or violate any copyrights pertaining to such Contract Documents.
- B. The prohibitions of this Paragraph 3.05 will survive final payment, or termination of the Contract. Nothing herein shall preclude Contractor from retaining copies of the Contract Documents for record purposes.

ARTICLE 4 – COMMENCEMENT AND PROGRESS OF THE WORK

- 4.01 Commencement of Contract Times; Notice to Proceed
 - A. The Contract Times will commence to run on the thirtieth day after the Effective Date of the Contract or, if a Notice to Proceed is given, on the day indicated in the Notice to Proceed. A Notice to Proceed may be given at any time within 30 days after the Effective Date of the Contract. In no event will the Contract Times commence to run later than the sixtieth day after the day of Bid opening or the thirtieth day after the Effective Date of the Contract, whichever date is earlier.

4.02 Starting the Work

A. Contractor shall start to perform the Work on the date when the Contract Times commence to run. No Work shall be done at the Site prior to such date.

4.03 Reference Points

A. Owner shall provide engineering surveys to establish reference points for construction which in Engineer's judgment are necessary to enable Contractor to proceed with the Work. Contractor shall be responsible for laying out the Work, shall protect and preserve the established reference points and property monuments, and shall make no changes or relocations without the prior written approval of Owner. Contractor shall report to Engineer whenever any reference point or property monument is lost or destroyed or

requires relocation because of necessary changes in grades or locations, and shall be responsible for the accurate replacement or relocation of such reference points or property monuments by professionally qualified personnel.

4.04 Progress Schedule

- A. Contractor shall adhere to the Progress Schedule established in accordance with Paragraph 2.05 as it may be adjusted from time to time as provided below.
 - Contractor shall submit to Engineer for acceptance (to the extent indicated in Paragraph 2.05) proposed adjustments in the Progress Schedule that will not result in changing the Contract Times.
 - 2. Proposed adjustments in the Progress Schedule that will change the Contract Times shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements of Article 11.
- B. Contractor shall carry on the Work and adhere to the Progress Schedule during all disputes or disagreements with Owner. No Work shall be delayed or postponed pending resolution of any disputes or disagreements, or during any appeal process, except as permitted by Paragraph 16.04, or as Owner and Contractor may otherwise agree in writing.

4.05 Delays in Contractor's Progress

- A. If Owner, Engineer, or anyone for whom Owner is responsible, delays, disrupts, or interferes with the performance or progress of the Work, then Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment in the Contract Times and Contract Price. Contractor's entitlement to an adjustment of the Contract Times is conditioned on such adjustment being essential to Contractor's ability to complete the Work within the Contract Times.
- B. Contractor shall not be entitled to an adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times for delay, disruption, or interference caused by or within the control of Contractor. Delay, disruption, and interference attributable to and within the control of a Subcontractor or Supplier shall be deemed to be within the control of Contractor.
- C. If Contractor's performance or progress is delayed, disrupted, or interfered with by unanticipated causes not the fault of and beyond the control of Owner, Contractor, and those for which they are responsible, then Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment in Contract Times. Contractor's entitlement to an adjustment of the Contract Times is conditioned on such adjustment being essential to Contractor's ability to complete the Work within the Contract Times. Such an adjustment shall be Contractor's sole and exclusive remedy for the delays, disruption, and interference described in this paragraph. Causes of delay, disruption, or interference that may give rise to an adjustment in Contract Times under this paragraph include but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. severe and unavoidable natural catastrophes such as fires, floods, epidemics, and earthquakes;
 - 2. abnormal weather conditions;
 - acts or failures to act of utility owners (other than those performing other work at or adjacent to the Site by arrangement with the Owner, as contemplated in Article 8); and
 - 4. acts of war or terrorism.
- Delays, disruption, and interference to the performance or progress of the Work resulting from the existence of a differing subsurface or physical condition, an Underground Facility

- that was not shown or indicated by the Contract Documents, or not shown or indicated with reasonable accuracy, and those resulting from Hazardous Environmental Conditions, are governed by Article 5.
- E. Paragraph 8.03 governs delays, disruption, and interference to the performance or progress of the Work resulting from the performance of certain other work at or adjacent to the Site.
- F. Contractor shall not be entitled to an adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times for any delay, disruption, or interference if such delay is concurrent with a delay, disruption, or interference caused by or within the control of Contractor.
- G. Contractor must submit any Change Proposal seeking an adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times under this paragraph within 30 days of the commencement of the delaying, disrupting, or interfering event.

ARTICLE 5 – AVAILABILITY OF LANDS; SUBSURFACE AND PHYSICAL CONDITIONS; HAZARDOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

5.01 Availability of Lands

- A. Owner shall furnish the Site. Owner shall notify Contractor of any encumbrances or restrictions not of general application but specifically related to use of the Site with which Contractor must comply in performing the Work.
- B. Upon reasonable written request, Owner shall furnish Contractor with a current statement of record legal title and legal description of the lands upon which permanent improvements are to be made and Owner's interest therein as necessary for giving notice of or filing a mechanic's or construction lien against such lands in accordance with applicable Laws and Regulations.
- C. Contractor shall provide for all additional lands and access thereto that may be required for temporary construction facilities or storage of materials and equipment.

5.02 Use of Site and Other Areas

- A. Limitation on Use of Site and Other Areas:
 - 1. Contractor shall confine construction equipment, temporary construction facilities, the storage of materials and equipment, and the operations of workers to the Site, adjacent areas that Contractor has arranged to use through construction easements or otherwise, and other adjacent areas permitted by Laws and Regulations, and shall not unreasonably encumber the Site and such other adjacent areas with construction equipment or other materials or equipment. Contractor shall assume full responsibility for (a) damage to the Site; (b) damage to any such other adjacent areas used for Contractor's operations; (c) damage to any other adjacent land or areas; and (d) for injuries and losses sustained by the owners or occupants of any such land or areas; provided that such damage or injuries result from the performance of the Work or from other actions or conduct of the Contractor or those for which Contractor is responsible.
 - If a damage or injury claim is made by the owner or occupant of any such land or area because of the performance of the Work, or because of other actions or conduct of the Contractor or those for which Contractor is responsible, Contractor shall (a) take immediate corrective or remedial action as required by Paragraph 7.12, or otherwise;

- (b) promptly attempt to settle the claim as to all parties through negotiations with such owner or occupant, or otherwise resolve the claim by arbitration or other dispute resolution proceeding, or at law; and (c) to the fullest extent permitted by Laws and Regulations, indemnify and hold harmless Owner and Engineer, and the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants and subcontractors of each and any of them from and against any such claim, and against all costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to any claim or action, legal or equitable, brought by any such owner or occupant against Owner, Engineer, or any other party indemnified hereunder to the extent caused directly or indirectly, in whole or in part by, or based upon, Contractor's performance of the Work, or because of other actions or conduct of the Contractor or those for which Contractor is responsible.
- B. Removal of Debris During Performance of the Work: During the progress of the Work the Contractor shall keep the Site and other adjacent areas free from accumulations of waste materials, rubbish, and other debris. Removal and disposal of such waste materials, rubbish, and other debris shall conform to applicable Laws and Regulations.
- C. Cleaning: Prior to Substantial Completion of the Work Contractor shall clean the Site and the Work and make it ready for utilization by Owner. At the completion of the Work Contractor shall remove from the Site and adjacent areas all tools, appliances, construction equipment and machinery, and surplus materials and shall restore to original condition all property not designated for alteration by the Contract Documents.
- D. Loading of Structures: Contractor shall not load nor permit any part of any structure to be loaded in any manner that will endanger the structure, nor shall Contractor subject any part of the Work or adjacent structures or land to stresses or pressures that will endanger them.

5.03 Subsurface and Physical Conditions

- A. Reports and Drawings: The Supplementary Conditions identify:
 - those reports known to Owner of explorations and tests of subsurface conditions at or adjacent to the Site;
 - 2. those drawings known to Owner of physical conditions relating to existing surface or subsurface structures at the Site (except Underground Facilities); and
 - Technical Data contained in such reports and drawings.
- B. Reliance by Contractor on Technical Data Authorized: Contractor may rely upon the accuracy of the Technical Data expressly identified in the Supplementary Conditions with respect to such reports and drawings, but such reports and drawings are not Contract Documents. If no such express identification has been made, then Contractor may rely upon the accuracy of the Technical Data (as defined in Article 1) contained in any geotechnical or environmental report prepared for the Project and made available to Contractor. Except for such reliance on Technical Data, Contractor may not rely upon or make any claim against Owner or Engineer, or any of their officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, or subcontractors, with respect to:
 - the completeness of such reports and drawings for Contractor's purposes, including, but not limited to, any aspects of the means, methods, techniques, sequences, and

- procedures of construction to be employed by Contractor, and safety precautions and programs incident thereto; or
- other data, interpretations, opinions, and information contained in such reports or shown or indicated in such drawings; or
- 3. any Contractor interpretation of or conclusion drawn from any Technical Data or any such other data, interpretations, opinions, or information.

5.04 Differing Subsurface or Physical Conditions

- A. *Notice by Contractor*: If Contractor believes that any subsurface or physical condition that is uncovered or revealed at the Site either:
 - 1. is of such a nature as to establish that any Technical Data on which Contractor is entitled to rely as provided in Paragraph 5.03 is materially inaccurate; or
 - 2. is of such a nature as to require a change in the Drawings or Specifications; or
 - 3. differs materially from that shown or indicated in the Contract Documents; or
 - is of an unusual nature, and differs materially from conditions ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in work of the character provided for in the Contract Documents;

then Contractor shall, promptly after becoming aware thereof and before further disturbing the subsurface or physical conditions or performing any Work in connection therewith (except in an emergency as required by Paragraph 7.15), notify Owner and Engineer in writing about such condition. Contractor shall not further disturb such condition or perform any Work in connection therewith (except with respect to an emergency) until receipt of a written statement permitting Contractor to do so.

- B. Engineer's Review: After receipt of written notice as required by the preceding paragraph, Engineer will promptly review the subsurface or physical condition in question; determine the necessity of Owner's obtaining additional exploration or tests with respect to the condition; conclude whether the condition falls within any one or more of the differing site condition categories in Paragraph 5.04.A above; obtain any pertinent cost or schedule information from Contractor; prepare recommendations to Owner regarding the Contractor's resumption of Work in connection with the subsurface or physical condition in question and the need for any change in the Drawings or Specifications; and advise Owner in writing of Engineer's findings, conclusions, and recommendations.
- C. Owner's Statement to Contractor Regarding Site Condition: After receipt of Engineer's written findings, conclusions, and recommendations, Owner shall issue a written statement to Contractor (with a copy to Engineer) regarding the subsurface or physical condition in question, addressing the resumption of Work in connection with such condition, indicating whether any change in the Drawings or Specifications will be made, and adopting or rejecting Engineer's written findings, conclusions, and recommendations, in whole or in part.
- D. Possible Price and Times Adjustments:
 - Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment in Contract Price or Contract
 Times, or both, to the extent that the existence of a differing subsurface or physical
 condition, or any related delay, disruption, or interference, causes an increase or

decrease in Contractor's cost of, or time required for, performance of the Work; subject, however, to the following:

- a. such condition must fall within any one or more of the categories described in Paragraph 5.04.A;
- b. with respect to Work that is paid for on a unit price basis, any adjustment in Contract Price will be subject to the provisions of Paragraph 13.03; and,
- c. Contractor's entitlement to an adjustment of the Contract Times is conditioned on such adjustment being essential to Contractor's ability to complete the Work within the Contract Times.
- 2. Contractor shall not be entitled to any adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times with respect to a subsurface or physical condition if:
 - a. Contractor knew of the existence of such condition at the time Contractor made a commitment to Owner with respect to Contract Price and Contract Times by the submission of a Bid or becoming bound under a negotiated contract, or otherwise; or
 - the existence of such condition reasonably could have been discovered or revealed as a result of any examination, investigation, exploration, test, or study of the Site and contiguous areas expressly required by the Bidding Requirements or Contract Documents to be conducted by or for Contractor prior to Contractor's making such commitment; or
 - c. Contractor failed to give the written notice as required by Paragraph 5.04.A.
- 3. If Owner and Contractor agree regarding Contractor's entitlement to and the amount or extent of any adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, then any such adjustment shall be set forth in a Change Order.
- 4. Contractor may submit a Change Proposal regarding its entitlement to or the amount or extent of any adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, no later than 30 days after Owner's issuance of the Owner's written statement to Contractor regarding the subsurface or physical condition in question.

5.05 Underground Facilities

- A. Contractor's Responsibilities: The information and data shown or indicated in the Contract Documents with respect to existing Underground Facilities at or adjacent to the Site is based on information and data furnished to Owner or Engineer by the owners of such Underground Facilities, including Owner, or by others. Unless it is otherwise expressly provided in the Supplementary Conditions:
 - Owner and Engineer do not warrant or guarantee the accuracy or completeness of any such information or data provided by others; and
 - 2. the cost of all of the following will be included in the Contract Price, and Contractor shall have full responsibility for:
 - a. reviewing and checking all information and data regarding existing Underground Facilities at the Site:
 - b. locating all Underground Facilities shown or indicated in the Contract Documents as being at the Site;

- c. coordination of the Work with the owners (including Owner) of such Underground Facilities, during construction; and
- d. the safety and protection of all existing Underground Facilities at the Site, and repairing any damage thereto resulting from the Work.
- B. Notice by Contractor: If Contractor believes that an Underground Facility that is uncovered or revealed at the Site was not shown or indicated in the Contract Documents, or was not shown or indicated with reasonable accuracy, then Contractor shall, promptly after becoming aware thereof and before further disturbing conditions affected thereby or performing any Work in connection therewith (except in an emergency as required by Paragraph 7.15), identify the owner of such Underground Facility and give written notice to that owner and to Owner and Engineer.
- C. Engineer's Review: Engineer will promptly review the Underground Facility and conclude whether such Underground Facility was not shown or indicated in the Contract Documents, or was not shown or indicated with reasonable accuracy; obtain any pertinent cost or schedule information from Contractor; prepare recommendations to Owner regarding the Contractor's resumption of Work in connection with the Underground Facility in question; determine the extent, if any, to which a change is required in the Drawings or Specifications to reflect and document the consequences of the existence or location of the Underground Facility; and advise Owner in writing of Engineer's findings, conclusions, and recommendations. During such time, Contractor shall be responsible for the safety and protection of such Underground Facility.
- D. Owner's Statement to Contractor Regarding Underground Facility: After receipt of Engineer's written findings, conclusions, and recommendations, Owner shall issue a written statement to Contractor (with a copy to Engineer) regarding the Underground Facility in question, addressing the resumption of Work in connection with such Underground Facility, indicating whether any change in the Drawings or Specifications will be made, and adopting or rejecting Engineer's written findings, conclusions, and recommendations in whole or in part.

E. Possible Price and Times Adjustments:

- Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, to the extent that any existing Underground Facility at the Site that was not shown or indicated in the Contract Documents, or was not shown or indicated with reasonable accuracy, or any related delay, disruption, or interference, causes an increase or decrease in Contractor's cost of, or time required for, performance of the Work; subject, however, to the following:
 - Contractor did not know of and could not reasonably have been expected to be aware of or to have anticipated the existence or actual location of the Underground Facility in question;
 - b. With respect to Work that is paid for on a unit price basis, any adjustment in Contract Price will be subject to the provisions of Paragraph 13.03;
 - Contractor's entitlement to an adjustment of the Contract Times is conditioned on such adjustment being essential to Contractor's ability to complete the Work within the Contract Times; and
 - d. Contractor gave the notice required in Paragraph 5.05.B.

- If Owner and Contractor agree regarding Contractor's entitlement to and the amount or extent of any adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, then any such adjustment shall be set forth in a Change Order.
- Contractor may submit a Change Proposal regarding its entitlement to or the amount or extent of any adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, no later than 30 days after Owner's issuance of the Owner's written statement to Contractor regarding the Underground Facility in question.

5.06 Hazardous Environmental Conditions at Site

- A. Reports and Drawings: The Supplementary Conditions identify:
 - 1. those reports and drawings known to Owner relating to Hazardous Environmental Conditions that have been identified at or adjacent to the Site; and
 - 2. Technical Data contained in such reports and drawings.
- B. Reliance by Contractor on Technical Data Authorized: Contractor may rely upon the accuracy of the Technical Data expressly identified in the Supplementary Conditions with respect to such reports and drawings, but such reports and drawings are not Contract Documents. If no such express identification has been made, then Contractor may rely on the accuracy of the Technical Data (as defined in Article 1) contained in any geotechnical or environmental report prepared for the Project and made available to Contractor. Except for such reliance on Technical Data, Contractor may not rely upon or make any claim against Owner or Engineer, or any of their officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, or subcontractors with respect to:
 - the completeness of such reports and drawings for Contractor's purposes, including, but not limited to, any aspects of the means, methods, techniques, sequences and procedures of construction to be employed by Contractor and safety precautions and programs incident thereto; or
 - 2. other data, interpretations, opinions and information contained in such reports or shown or indicated in such drawings; or
 - 3. any Contractor interpretation of or conclusion drawn from any Technical Data or any such other data, interpretations, opinions or information.
- C. Contractor shall not be responsible for removing or remediating any Hazardous Environmental Condition encountered, uncovered, or revealed at the Site unless such removal or remediation is expressly identified in the Contract Documents to be within the scope of the Work.
- D. Contractor shall be responsible for controlling, containing, and duly removing all Constituents of Concern brought to the Site by Contractor, Subcontractors, Suppliers, or anyone else for whom Contractor is responsible, and for any associated costs; and for the costs of removing and remediating any Hazardous Environmental Condition created by the presence of any such Constituents of Concern.
- E. If Contractor encounters, uncovers, or reveals a Hazardous Environmental Condition whose removal or remediation is not expressly identified in the Contract Documents as being within the scope of the Work, or if Contractor or anyone for whom Contractor is responsible creates a Hazardous Environmental Condition, then Contractor shall immediately: (1) secure or otherwise isolate such condition; (2) stop all Work in connection with such condition and in any area affected thereby (except in an emergency as required

by Paragraph 7.15); and (3) notify Owner and Engineer (and promptly thereafter confirm such notice in writing). Owner shall promptly consult with Engineer concerning the necessity for Owner to retain a qualified expert to evaluate such condition or take corrective action, if any. Promptly after consulting with Engineer, Owner shall take such actions as are necessary to permit Owner to timely obtain required permits and provide Contractor the written notice required by Paragraph 5.06.F. If Contractor or anyone for whom Contractor is responsible created the Hazardous Environmental Condition in question, then Owner may remove and remediate the Hazardous Environmental Condition, and impose a set-off against payments to account for the associated costs.

- F. Contractor shall not resume Work in connection with such Hazardous Environmental Condition or in any affected area until after Owner has obtained any required permits related thereto, and delivered written notice to Contractor either (1) specifying that such condition and any affected area is or has been rendered safe for the resumption of Work, or (2) specifying any special conditions under which such Work may be resumed safely.
- G. If Owner and Contractor cannot agree as to entitlement to or on the amount or extent, if any, of any adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, as a result of such Work stoppage or such special conditions under which Work is agreed to be resumed by Contractor, then within 30 days of Owner's written notice regarding the resumption of Work, Contractor may submit a Change Proposal, or Owner may impose a set-off.
- H. If after receipt of such written notice Contractor does not agree to resume such Work based on a reasonable belief it is unsafe, or does not agree to resume such Work under such special conditions, then Owner may order the portion of the Work that is in the area affected by such condition to be deleted from the Work, following the contractual change procedures in Article 11. Owner may have such deleted portion of the Work performed by Owner's own forces or others in accordance with Article 8.
- I. To the fullest extent permitted by Laws and Regulations, Owner shall indemnify and hold harmless Contractor, Subcontractors, and Engineer, and the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, and subcontractors of each and any of them from and against all claims, costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to a Hazardous Environmental Condition, provided that such Hazardous Environmental Condition (1) was not shown or indicated in the Drawings, Specifications, or other Contract Documents, identified as Technical Data entitled to limited reliance pursuant to Paragraph 5.06.B, or identified in the Contract Documents to be included within the scope of the Work, and (2) was not created by Contractor or by anyone for whom Contractor is responsible. Nothing in this Paragraph 5.06.I shall obligate Owner to indemnify any individual or entity from and against the consequences of that individual's or entity's own negligence.
- J. To the fullest extent permitted by Laws and Regulations, Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless Owner and Engineer, and the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, and subcontractors of each and any of them from and against all claims, costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to the failure to control, contain, or remove a Constituent of Concern brought to the Site by Contractor or by anyone for whom Contractor is responsible, or to a Hazardous Environmental Condition created by Contractor or by anyone for whom Contractor is responsible. Nothing in this

- Paragraph 5.06.J shall obligate Contractor to indemnify any individual or entity from and against the consequences of that individual's or entity's own negligence.
- K. The provisions of Paragraphs 5.03, 5.04, and 5.05 do not apply to the presence of Constituents of Concern or to a Hazardous Environmental Condition uncovered or revealed at the Site.

ARTICLE 6 - BONDS AND INSURANCE

6.01 Performance, Payment, and Other Bonds

- A. Contractor shall furnish a performance bond and a payment bond, each in an amount at least equal to the Contract Price, as security for the faithful performance and payment of all of Contractor's obligations under the Contract. These bonds shall remain in effect until one year after the date when final payment becomes due or until completion of the correction period specified in Paragraph 15.08, whichever is later, except as provided otherwise by Laws or Regulations, the Supplementary Conditions, or other specific provisions of the Contract. Contractor shall also furnish such other bonds as are required by the Supplementary Conditions or other specific provisions of the Contract.
- B. All bonds shall be in the form prescribed by the Contract except as provided otherwise by Laws or Regulations, and shall be executed by such sureties as are named in "Companies Holding Certificates of Authority as Acceptable Sureties on Federal Bonds and as Acceptable Reinsuring Companies" as published in Circular 570 (as amended and supplemented) by the Financial Management Service, Surety Bond Branch, U.S. Department of the Treasury. A bond signed by an agent or attorney-in-fact must be accompanied by a certified copy of that individual's authority to bind the surety. The evidence of authority shall show that it is effective on the date the agent or attorney-in-fact signed the accompanying bond.
- C. Contractor shall obtain the required bonds from surety companies that are duly licensed or authorized in the jurisdiction in which the Project is located to issue bonds in the required amounts.
- D. If the surety on a bond furnished by Contractor is declared bankrupt or becomes insolvent, or its right to do business is terminated in any state or jurisdiction where any part of the Project is located, or the surety ceases to meet the requirements above, then Contractor shall promptly notify Owner and Engineer and shall, within 20 days after the event giving rise to such notification, provide another bond and surety, both of which shall comply with the bond and surety requirements above.
- E. If Contractor has failed to obtain a required bond, Owner may exclude the Contractor from the Site and exercise Owner's termination rights under Article 16.
- F. Upon request, Owner shall provide a copy of the payment bond to any Subcontractor, Supplier, or other person or entity claiming to have furnished labor or materials used in the performance of the Work.

6.02 Insurance—General Provisions

- A. Owner and Contractor shall obtain and maintain insurance as required in this Article and in the Supplementary Conditions.
- B. All insurance required by the Contract to be purchased and maintained by Owner or Contractor shall be obtained from insurance companies that are duly licensed or

- authorized, in the state or jurisdiction in which the Project is located, to issue insurance policies for the required limits and coverages. Unless a different standard is indicated in the Supplementary Conditions, all companies that provide insurance policies required under this Contract shall have an A.M. Best rating of A-VII or better.
- C. Contractor shall deliver to Owner, with copies to each named insured and additional insured (as identified in this Article, in the Supplementary Conditions, or elsewhere in the Contract), certificates of insurance establishing that Contractor has obtained and is maintaining the policies, coverages, and endorsements required by the Contract. Upon request by Owner or any other insured, Contractor shall also furnish other evidence of such required insurance, including but not limited to copies of policies and endorsements, and documentation of applicable self-insured retentions and deductibles. Contractor may block out (redact) any confidential premium or pricing information contained in any policy or endorsement furnished under this provision.
- D. Owner shall deliver to Contractor, with copies to each named insured and additional insured (as identified in this Article, the Supplementary Conditions, or elsewhere in the Contract), certificates of insurance establishing that Owner has obtained and is maintaining the policies, coverages, and endorsements required of Owner by the Contract (if any). Upon request by Contractor or any other insured, Owner shall also provide other evidence of such required insurance (if any), including but not limited to copies of policies and endorsements, and documentation of applicable self-insured retentions and deductibles. Owner may block out (redact) any confidential premium or pricing information contained in any policy or endorsement furnished under this provision.
- E. Failure of Owner or Contractor to demand such certificates or other evidence of the other party's full compliance with these insurance requirements, or failure of Owner or Contractor to identify a deficiency in compliance from the evidence provided, shall not be construed as a waiver of the other party's obligation to obtain and maintain such insurance.
- F. If either party does not purchase or maintain all of the insurance required of such party by the Contract, such party shall notify the other party in writing of such failure to purchase prior to the start of the Work, or of such failure to maintain prior to any change in the required coverage.
- G. If Contractor has failed to obtain and maintain required insurance, Owner may exclude the Contractor from the Site, impose an appropriate set-off against payment, and exercise Owner's termination rights under Article 16.
- H. Without prejudice to any other right or remedy, if a party has failed to obtain required insurance, the other party may elect to obtain equivalent insurance to protect such other party's interests at the expense of the party who was required to provide such coverage, and the Contract Price shall be adjusted accordingly.
- Owner does not represent that insurance coverage and limits established in this Contract necessarily will be adequate to protect Contractor or Contractor's interests.
- J. The insurance and insurance limits required herein shall not be deemed as a limitation on Contractor's liability under the indemnities granted to Owner and other individuals and entities in the Contract.

6.03 Contractor's Insurance

- A. Workers' Compensation: Contractor shall purchase and maintain workers' compensation and employer's liability insurance for:
 - claims under workers' compensation, disability benefits, and other similar employee benefit acts.
 - 2. United States Longshoreman and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act and Jones Act coverage (if applicable).
 - claims for damages because of bodily injury, occupational sickness or disease, or death
 of Contractor's employees (by stop-gap endorsement in monopolist worker's
 compensation states).
 - Foreign voluntary worker compensation (if applicable).
- B. Commercial General Liability—Claims Covered: Contractor shall purchase and maintain commercial general liability insurance, covering all operations by or on behalf of Contractor, on an occurrence basis, against:
 - 1. claims for damages because of bodily injury, sickness or disease, or death of any person other than Contractor's employees.
 - 2. claims for damages insured by reasonably available personal injury liability coverage.
 - 3. claims for damages, other than to the Work itself, because of injury to or destruction of tangible property wherever located, including loss of use resulting therefrom.
- C. Commercial General Liability—Form and Content: Contractor's commercial liability policy shall be written on a 1996 (or later) ISO commercial general liability form (occurrence form) and include the following coverages and endorsements:
 - 1. Products and completed operations coverage:
 - a. Such insurance shall be maintained for three years after final payment.
 - b. Contractor shall furnish Owner and each other additional insured (as identified in the Supplementary Conditions or elsewhere in the Contract) evidence of continuation of such insurance at final payment and three years thereafter.
 - Blanket contractual liability coverage, to the extent permitted by law, including but not limited to coverage of Contractor's contractual indemnity obligations in Paragraph 7.18.
 - 3. Broad form property damage coverage.
 - 4. Severability of interest.
 - Underground, explosion, and collapse coverage.
 - 6. Personal injury coverage.
 - Additional insured endorsements that include both ongoing operations and products and completed operations coverage through ISO Endorsements CG 20 10 10 01 and CG 20 37 10 01 (together); or CG 20 10 07 04 and CG 20 37 07 04 (together); or their equivalent.

- 8. For design professional additional insureds, ISO Endorsement CG 20 32 07 04, "Additional Insured—Engineers, Architects or Surveyors Not Engaged by the Named Insured" or its equivalent.
- D. Automobile liability: Contractor shall purchase and maintain automobile liability insurance against claims for damages because of bodily injury or death of any person or property damage arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of any motor vehicle. The automobile liability policy shall be written on an occurrence basis.
- E. Umbrella or excess liability: Contractor shall purchase and maintain umbrella or excess liability insurance written over the underlying employer's liability, commercial general liability, and automobile liability insurance described in the paragraphs above. Subject to industry-standard exclusions, the coverage afforded shall follow form as to each and every one of the underlying policies.
- F. Contractor's pollution liability insurance: Contractor shall purchase and maintain a policy covering third-party injury and property damage claims, including clean-up costs, as a result of pollution conditions arising from Contractor's operations and completed operations. This insurance shall be maintained for no less than three years after final completion.
- G. Additional insureds: The Contractor's commercial general liability, automobile liability, umbrella or excess, and pollution liability policies shall include and list as additional insureds Owner and Engineer, and any individuals or entities identified in the Supplementary Conditions; include coverage for the respective officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, and subcontractors of each and any of all such additional insureds; and the insurance afforded to these additional insureds shall provide primary coverage for all claims covered thereby (including as applicable those arising from both ongoing and completed operations) on a non-contributory basis. Contractor shall obtain all necessary endorsements to support these requirements.
- H. Contractor's professional liability insurance: If Contractor will provide or furnish professional services under this Contract, through a delegation of professional design services or otherwise, then Contractor shall be responsible for purchasing and maintaining applicable professional liability insurance. This insurance shall provide protection against claims arising out of performance of professional design or related services, and caused by a negligent error, omission, or act for which the insured party is legally liable. It shall be maintained throughout the duration of the Contract and for a minimum of two years after Substantial Completion. If such professional design services are performed by a Subcontractor, and not by Contractor itself, then the requirements of this paragraph may be satisfied through the purchasing and maintenance of such insurance by such Subcontractor.
- I. General provisions: The policies of insurance required by this Paragraph 6.03 shall:
 - include at least the specific coverages provided in this Article.
 - 2. be written for not less than the limits of liability provided in this Article and in the Supplementary Conditions, or required by Laws or Regulations, whichever is greater.
 - contain a provision or endorsement that the coverage afforded will not be canceled, materially changed, or renewal refused until at least 10 days prior written notice has been given to Contractor. Within three days of receipt of any such written notice, Contractor shall provide a copy of the notice to Owner, Engineer, and each other insured under the policy.

- 4. remain in effect at least until final payment (and longer if expressly required in this Article) and at all times thereafter when Contractor may be correcting, removing, or replacing defective Work as a warranty or correction obligation, or otherwise, or returning to the Site to conduct other tasks arising from the Contract Documents.
- 5. be appropriate for the Work being performed and provide protection from claims that may arise out of or result from Contractor's performance of the Work and Contractor's other obligations under the Contract Documents, whether it is to be performed by Contractor, any Subcontractor or Supplier, or by anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them to perform any of the Work, or by anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable.
- J. The coverage requirements for specific policies of insurance must be met by such policies, and not by reference to excess or umbrella insurance provided in other policies.

6.04 Owner's Liability Insurance

- A. In addition to the insurance required to be provided by Contractor under Paragraph 6.03, Owner, at Owner's option, may purchase and maintain at Owner's expense Owner's own liability insurance as will protect Owner against claims which may arise from operations under the Contract Documents.
- B. Owner's liability policies, if any, operate separately and independently from policies required to be provided by Contractor, and Contractor cannot rely upon Owner's liability policies for any of Contractor's obligations to the Owner, Engineer, or third parties.

6.05 Property Insurance

- A. Builder's Risk: Unless otherwise provided in the Supplementary Conditions, Contractor shall purchase and maintain builder's risk insurance upon the Work on a completed value basis, in the amount of the full insurable replacement cost thereof (subject to such deductible amounts as may be provided in the Supplementary Conditions or required by Laws and Regulations). This insurance shall:
 - include the Owner and Contractor as named insureds, and all Subcontractors, and any individuals or entities required by the Supplementary Conditions to be insured under such builder's risk policy, as insureds or named insureds. For purposes of the remainder of this Paragraph 6.05, Paragraphs 6.06 and 6.07, and any corresponding Supplementary Conditions, the parties required to be insured shall collectively be referred to as "insureds."
 - 2. be written on a builder's risk "all risk" policy form that shall at least include insurance for physical loss or damage to the Work, temporary buildings, falsework, and materials and equipment in transit, and shall insure against at least the following perils or causes of loss: fire; lightning; windstorm; riot; civil commotion; terrorism; vehicle impact; aircraft; smoke; theft; vandalism and malicious mischief; mechanical breakdown, boiler explosion, and artificially generated electric current; earthquake; volcanic activity, and other earth movement; flood; collapse; explosion; debris removal; demolition occasioned by enforcement of Laws and Regulations; water damage (other than that caused by flood); and such other perils or causes of loss as may be specifically required by the Supplementary Conditions. If insurance against mechanical breakdown, boiler explosion, and artificially generated electric current; earthquake; volcanic activity, and other earth movement; or flood, are not commercially available

- under builder's risk policies, by endorsement or otherwise, such insurance may be provided through other insurance policies acceptable to Owner and Contractor.
- 3. cover, as insured property, at least the following: (a) the Work and all materials, supplies, machinery, apparatus, equipment, fixtures, and other property of a similar nature that are to be incorporated into or used in the preparation, fabrication, construction, erection, or completion of the Work, including Owner-furnished or assigned property; (b) spare parts inventory required within the scope of the Contract; and (c) temporary works which are not intended to form part of the permanent constructed Work but which are intended to provide working access to the Site, or to the Work under construction, or which are intended to provide temporary support for the Work under construction, including scaffolding, form work, fences, shoring, falsework, and temporary structures.
- cover expenses incurred in the repair or replacement of any insured property (including but not limited to fees and charges of engineers and architects).
- 5. extend to cover damage or loss to insured property while in temporary storage at the Site or in a storage location outside the Site (but not including property stored at the premises of a manufacturer or Supplier).
- 6. extend to cover damage or loss to insured property while in transit.
- allow for partial occupation or use of the Work by Owner, such that those portions of the Work that are not yet occupied or used by Owner shall remain covered by the builder's risk insurance.
- 8. allow for the waiver of the insurer's subrogation rights, as set forth below.
- provide primary coverage for all losses and damages caused by the perils or causes of loss covered.
- 10. not include a co-insurance clause.
- 11. include an exception for ensuing losses from physical damage or loss with respect to any defective workmanship, design, or materials exclusions.
- 12. include performance/hot testing and start-up.
- be maintained in effect, subject to the provisions herein regarding Substantial Completion and partial occupancy or use of the Work by Owner, until the Work is complete.
- B. Notice of Cancellation or Change: All the policies of insurance (and the certificates or other evidence thereof) required to be purchased and maintained in accordance with this Paragraph 6.05 will contain a provision or endorsement that the coverage afforded will not be canceled or materially changed or renewal refused until at least 10 days prior written notice has been given to the purchasing policyholder. Within three days of receipt of any such written notice, the purchasing policyholder shall provide a copy of the notice to each other insured.
- C. Deductibles: The purchaser of any required builder's risk or property insurance shall pay for costs not covered because of the application of a policy deductible.
- D. Partial Occupancy or Use by Owner: If Owner will occupy or use a portion or portions of the Work prior to Substantial Completion of all the Work as provided in Paragraph 15.04, then Owner (directly, if it is the purchaser of the builder's risk policy, or through Contractor) will

provide notice of such occupancy or use to the builder's risk insurer. The builder's risk insurance shall not be canceled or permitted to lapse on account of any such partial use or occupancy; rather, those portions of the Work that are occupied or used by Owner may come off the builder's risk policy, while those portions of the Work not yet occupied or used by Owner shall remain covered by the builder's risk insurance.

- E. Additional Insurance: If Contractor elects to obtain other special insurance to be included in or supplement the builder's risk or property insurance policies provided under this Paragraph 6.05, it may do so at Contractor's expense.
- F. Insurance of Other Property: If the express insurance provisions of the Contract do not require or address the insurance of a property item or interest, such as tools, construction equipment, or other personal property owned by Contractor, a Subcontractor, or an employee of Contractor or a Subcontractor, then the entity or individual owning such property item will be responsible for deciding whether to insure it, and if so in what amount.

6.06 Waiver of Rights

- All policies purchased in accordance with Paragraph 6.05, expressly including the builder's risk policy, shall contain provisions to the effect that in the event of payment of any loss or damage the insurers will have no rights of recovery against any insureds thereunder, or against Engineer or its consultants, or their officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, or subcontractors. Owner and Contractor waive all rights against each other and the respective officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, and subcontractors of each and any of them, for all losses and damages caused by, arising out of, or resulting from any of the perils or causes of loss covered by such policies and any other property insurance applicable to the Work; and, in addition, waive all such rights against Engineer, its consultants, all Subcontractors, all individuals or entities identified in the Supplementary Conditions as insureds, and the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, and subcontractors of each and any of them, under such policies for losses and damages so caused. None of the above waivers shall extend to the rights that any party making such waiver may have to the proceeds of insurance held by Owner or Contractor as trustee or fiduciary, or otherwise payable under any policy so issued.
- B. Owner waives all rights against Contractor, Subcontractors, and Engineer, and the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants and subcontractors of each and any of them, for:
 - loss due to business interruption, loss of use, or other consequential loss extending beyond direct physical loss or damage to Owner's property or the Work caused by, arising out of, or resulting from fire or other perils whether or not insured by Owner; and
 - 2. loss or damage to the completed Project or part thereof caused by, arising out of, or resulting from fire or other insured peril or cause of loss covered by any property insurance maintained on the completed Project or part thereof by Owner during partial occupancy or use pursuant to Paragraph 15.04, after Substantial Completion pursuant to Paragraph 15.03, or after final payment pursuant to Paragraph 15.06.
- C. Any insurance policy maintained by Owner covering any loss, damage or consequential loss referred to in Paragraph 6.06.B shall contain provisions to the effect that in the event of payment of any such loss, damage, or consequential loss, the insurers will have no rights of

- recovery against Contractor, Subcontractors, or Engineer, or the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, or subcontractors of each and any of them.
- D. Contractor shall be responsible for assuring that the agreement under which a Subcontractor performs a portion of the Work contains provisions whereby the Subcontractor waives all rights against Owner, Contractor, all individuals or entities identified in the Supplementary Conditions as insureds, the Engineer and its consultants, and the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, and subcontractors of each and any of them, for all losses and damages caused by, arising out of, relating to, or resulting from any of the perils or causes of loss covered by builder's risk insurance and any other property insurance applicable to the Work.

6.07 Receipt and Application of Property Insurance Proceeds

- A. Any insured loss under the builder's risk and other policies of insurance required by Paragraph 6.05 will be adjusted and settled with the named insured that purchased the policy. Such named insured shall act as fiduciary for the other insureds, and give notice to such other insureds that adjustment and settlement of a claim is in progress. Any other insured may state its position regarding a claim for insured loss in writing within 15 days after notice of such claim.
- B. Proceeds for such insured losses may be made payable by the insurer either jointly to multiple insureds, or to the named insured that purchased the policy in its own right and as fiduciary for other insureds, subject to the requirements of any applicable mortgage clause. A named insured receiving insurance proceeds under the builder's risk and other policies of insurance required by Paragraph 6.05 shall distribute such proceeds in accordance with such agreement as the parties in interest may reach, or as otherwise required under the dispute resolution provisions of this Contract or applicable Laws and Regulations.
- C. If no other special agreement is reached, the damaged Work shall be repaired or replaced, the money so received applied on account thereof, and the Work and the cost thereof covered by Change Order, if needed.

ARTICLE 7 – CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

7.01 Supervision and Superintendence

- A. Contractor shall supervise, inspect, and direct the Work competently and efficiently, devoting such attention thereto and applying such skills and expertise as may be necessary to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents. Contractor shall be solely responsible for the means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction.
- B. At all times during the progress of the Work, Contractor shall assign a competent resident superintendent who shall not be replaced without written notice to Owner and Engineer except under extraordinary circumstances.

7.02 Labor; Working Hours

A. Contractor shall provide competent, suitably qualified personnel to survey and lay out the Work and perform construction as required by the Contract Documents. Contractor shall at all times maintain good discipline and order at the Site. B. Except as otherwise required for the safety or protection of persons or the Work or property at the Site or adjacent thereto, and except as otherwise stated in the Contract Documents, all Work at the Site shall be performed during regular working hours, Monday through Friday. Contractor will not perform Work on a Saturday, Sunday, or any legal holiday. Contractor may perform Work outside regular working hours or on Saturdays, Sundays, or legal holidays only with Owner's written consent, which will not be unreasonably withheld.

7.03 Services, Materials, and Equipment

- A. Unless otherwise specified in the Contract Documents, Contractor shall provide and assume full responsibility for all services, materials, equipment, labor, transportation, construction equipment and machinery, tools, appliances, fuel, power, light, heat, telephone, water, sanitary facilities, temporary facilities, and all other facilities and incidentals necessary for the performance, testing, start up, and completion of the Work, whether or not such items are specifically called for in the Contract Documents.
- B. All materials and equipment incorporated into the Work shall be of good quality and new, except as otherwise provided in the Contract Documents. All special warranties and guarantees required by the Specifications shall expressly run to the benefit of Owner. If required by Engineer, Contractor shall furnish satisfactory evidence (including reports of required tests) as to the source, kind, and quality of materials and equipment.
- C. All materials and equipment shall be stored, applied, installed, connected, erected, protected, used, cleaned, and conditioned in accordance with instructions of the applicable Supplier, except as otherwise may be provided in the Contract Documents.

7.04 "Or Equals"

- A. Whenever an item of material or equipment is specified or described in the Contract Documents by using the name of a proprietary item or the name of a particular Supplier, the Contract Price has been based upon Contractor furnishing such item as specified. The specification or description of such an item is intended to establish the type, function, appearance, and quality required. Unless the specification or description contains or is followed by words reading that no like, equivalent, or "or equal" item is permitted, Contractor may request that Engineer authorize the use of other items of material or equipment, or items from other proposed suppliers under the circumstances described below.
 - 1. If Engineer in its sole discretion determines that an item of material or equipment proposed by Contractor is functionally equal to that named and sufficiently similar so that no change in related Work will be required, Engineer shall deem it an "or equal" item. For the purposes of this paragraph, a proposed item of material or equipment will be considered functionally equal to an item so named if:
 - a. in the exercise of reasonable judgment Engineer determines that:
 - it is at least equal in materials of construction, quality, durability, appearance, strength, and design characteristics;
 - it will reliably perform at least equally well the function and achieve the results imposed by the design concept of the completed Project as a functioning whole;

- 3) it has a proven record of performance and availability of responsive service; and
- 4) it is not objectionable to Owner.
- b. Contractor certifies that, if approved and incorporated into the Work:
 - there will be no increase in cost to the Owner or increase in Contract Times;
 and
 - 2) it will conform substantially to the detailed requirements of the item named in the Contract Documents.
- B. Contractor's Expense: Contractor shall provide all data in support of any proposed "or equal" item at Contractor's expense.
- C. Engineer's Evaluation and Determination: Engineer will be allowed a reasonable time to evaluate each "or-equal" request. Engineer may require Contractor to furnish additional data about the proposed "or-equal" item. Engineer will be the sole judge of acceptability. No "or-equal" item will be ordered, furnished, installed, or utilized until Engineer's review is complete and Engineer determines that the proposed item is an "or-equal", which will be evidenced by an approved Shop Drawing or other written communication. Engineer will advise Contractor in writing of any negative determination.
- D. Effect of Engineer's Determination: Neither approval nor denial of an "or-equal" request shall result in any change in Contract Price. The Engineer's denial of an "or-equal" request shall be final and binding, and may not be reversed through an appeal under any provision of the Contract Documents.
- E. Treatment as a Substitution Request: If Engineer determines that an item of material or equipment proposed by Contractor does not qualify as an "or-equal" item, Contractor may request that Engineer considered the proposed item as a substitute pursuant to Paragraph 7.05.

7.05 Substitutes

- A. Unless the specification or description of an item of material or equipment required to be furnished under the Contract Documents contains or is followed by words reading that no substitution is permitted, Contractor may request that Engineer authorize the use of other items of material or equipment under the circumstances described below. To the extent possible such requests shall be made before commencement of related construction at the Site.
 - Contractor shall submit sufficient information as provided below to allow Engineer to determine if the item of material or equipment proposed is functionally equivalent to that named and an acceptable substitute therefor. Engineer will not accept requests for review of proposed substitute items of material or equipment from anyone other than Contractor.
 - 2. The requirements for review by Engineer will be as set forth in Paragraph 7.05.B, as supplemented by the Specifications, and as Engineer may decide is appropriate under the circumstances.
 - Contractor shall make written application to Engineer for review of a proposed substitute item of material or equipment that Contractor seeks to furnish or use. The application:

- a. shall certify that the proposed substitute item will:
 - perform adequately the functions and achieve the results called for by the general design,
 - be similar in substance to that specified, and
 - 3) be suited to the same use as that specified.

b. will state:

- the extent, if any, to which the use of the proposed substitute item will necessitate a change in Contract Times,
- 2) whether use of the proposed substitute item in the Work will require a change in any of the Contract Documents (or in the provisions of any other direct contract with Owner for other work on the Project) to adapt the design to the proposed substitute item, and
- 3) whether incorporation or use of the proposed substitute item in connection with the Work is subject to payment of any license fee or royalty.

c. will identify:

- 1) all variations of the proposed substitute item from that specified, and
- 2) available engineering, sales, maintenance, repair, and replacement services.
- d. shall contain an itemized estimate of all costs or credits that will result directly or indirectly from use of such substitute item, including but not limited to changes in Contract Price, shared savings, costs of redesign, and claims of other contractors affected by any resulting change.
- B. Engineer's Evaluation and Determination: Engineer will be allowed a reasonable time to evaluate each substitute request, and to obtain comments and direction from Owner. Engineer may require Contractor to furnish additional data about the proposed substitute item. Engineer will be the sole judge of acceptability. No substitute will be ordered, furnished, installed, or utilized until Engineer's review is complete and Engineer determines that the proposed item is an acceptable substitute. Engineer's determination will be evidenced by a Field Order or a proposed Change Order accounting for the substitution itself and all related impacts, including changes in Contract Price or Contract Times. Engineer will advise Contractor in writing of any negative determination.
- C. Special Guarantee: Owner may require Contractor to furnish at Contractor's expense a special performance guarantee or other surety with respect to any substitute.
- D. Reimbursement of Engineer's Cost: Engineer will record Engineer's costs in evaluating a substitute proposed or submitted by Contractor. Whether or not Engineer approves a substitute so proposed or submitted by Contractor, Contractor shall reimburse Owner for the reasonable charges of Engineer for evaluating each such proposed substitute. Contractor shall also reimburse Owner for the reasonable charges of Engineer for making changes in the Contract Documents (or in the provisions of any other direct contract with Owner) resulting from the acceptance of each proposed substitute.
- E. *Contractor's Expense*: Contractor shall provide all data in support of any proposed substitute at Contractor's expense.

F. Effect of Engineer's Determination: If Engineer approves the substitution request, Contractor shall execute the proposed Change Order and proceed with the substitution. The Engineer's denial of a substitution request shall be final and binding, and may not be reversed through an appeal under any provision of the Contract Documents. Contractor may challenge the scope of reimbursement costs imposed under Paragraph 7.05.D, by timely submittal of a Change Proposal.

7.06 Concerning Subcontractors, Suppliers, and Others

- A. Contractor may retain Subcontractors and Suppliers for the performance of parts of the Work. Such Subcontractors and Suppliers must be acceptable to Owner.
- B. Contractor shall retain specific Subcontractors, Suppliers, or other individuals or entities for the performance of designated parts of the Work if required by the Contract to do so.
- C. Subsequent to the submittal of Contractor's Bid or final negotiation of the terms of the Contract, Owner may not require Contractor to retain any Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity to furnish or perform any of the Work against which Contractor has reasonable objection.
- D. Prior to entry into any binding subcontract or purchase order, Contractor shall submit to Owner the identity of the proposed Subcontractor or Supplier (unless Owner has already deemed such proposed Subcontractor or Supplier acceptable, during the bidding process or otherwise). Such proposed Subcontractor or Supplier shall be deemed acceptable to Owner unless Owner raises a substantive, reasonable objection within five days.
- E. Owner may require the replacement of any Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity retained by Contractor to perform any part of the Work. Owner also may require Contractor to retain specific replacements; provided, however, that Owner may not require a replacement to which Contractor has a reasonable objection. If Contractor has submitted the identity of certain Subcontractors, Suppliers, or other individuals or entities for acceptance by Owner, and Owner has accepted it (either in writing or by failing to make written objection thereto), then Owner may subsequently revoke the acceptance of any such Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity so identified solely on the basis of substantive, reasonable objection after due investigation. Contractor shall submit an acceptable replacement for the rejected Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity.
- F. If Owner requires the replacement of any Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity retained by Contractor to perform any part of the Work, then Contractor shall be entitled to an adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, with respect to the replacement; and Contractor shall initiate a Change Proposal for such adjustment within 30 days of Owner's requirement of replacement.
- G. No acceptance by Owner of any such Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity, whether initially or as a replacement, shall constitute a waiver of the right of Owner to the completion of the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- H. On a monthly basis Contractor shall submit to Engineer a complete list of all Subcontractors and Suppliers having a direct contract with Contractor, and of all other Subcontractors and Suppliers known to Contractor at the time of submittal.
- I. Contractor shall be fully responsible to Owner and Engineer for all acts and omissions of the Subcontractors, Suppliers, and other individuals or entities performing or furnishing any of the Work just as Contractor is responsible for Contractor's own acts and omissions.

- J. Contractor shall be solely responsible for scheduling and coordinating the work of Subcontractors, Suppliers, and all other individuals or entities performing or furnishing any of the Work.
- K. Contractor shall restrict all Subcontractors, Suppliers, and such other individuals or entities performing or furnishing any of the Work from communicating with Engineer or Owner, except through Contractor or in case of an emergency, or as otherwise expressly allowed herein.
- L. The divisions and sections of the Specifications and the identifications of any Drawings shall not control Contractor in dividing the Work among Subcontractors or Suppliers or delineating the Work to be performed by any specific trade.
- M. All Work performed for Contractor by a Subcontractor or Supplier shall be pursuant to an appropriate contractual agreement that specifically binds the Subcontractor or Supplier to the applicable terms and conditions of the Contract Documents for the benefit of Owner and Engineer.
- N. Owner may furnish to any Subcontractor or Supplier, to the extent practicable, information about amounts paid to Contractor on account of Work performed for Contractor by the particular Subcontractor or Supplier.
- O. Nothing in the Contract Documents:
 - shall create for the benefit of any such Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity any contractual relationship between Owner or Engineer and any such Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity; nor
 - 2. shall create any obligation on the part of Owner or Engineer to pay or to see to the payment of any money due any such Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity except as may otherwise be required by Laws and Regulations.

7.07 Patent Fees and Royalties

- A. Contractor shall pay all license fees and royalties and assume all costs incident to the use in the performance of the Work or the incorporation in the Work of any invention, design, process, product, or device which is the subject of patent rights or copyrights held by others. If a particular invention, design, process, product, or device is specified in the Contract Documents for use in the performance of the Work and if, to the actual knowledge of Owner or Engineer, its use is subject to patent rights or copyrights calling for the payment of any license fee or royalty to others, the existence of such rights shall be disclosed by Owner in the Contract Documents.
- B. To the fullest extent permitted by Laws and Regulations, Owner shall indemnify and hold harmless Contractor, and its officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, and subcontractors from and against all claims, costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals, and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to any infringement of patent rights or copyrights incident to the use in the performance of the Work or resulting from the incorporation in the Work of any invention, design, process, product, or device specified in the Contract Documents, but not identified as being subject to payment of any license fee or royalty to others required by patent rights or copyrights.

C. To the fullest extent permitted by Laws and Regulations, Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless Owner and Engineer, and the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants and subcontractors of each and any of them from and against all claims, costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to any infringement of patent rights or copyrights incident to the use in the performance of the Work or resulting from the incorporation in the Work of any invention, design, process, product, or device not specified in the Contract Documents.

7.08 Permits

A. Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, Contractor shall obtain and pay for all construction permits and licenses. Owner shall assist Contractor, when necessary, in obtaining such permits and licenses. Contractor shall pay all governmental charges and inspection fees necessary for the prosecution of the Work which are applicable at the time of the submission of Contractor's Bid (or when Contractor became bound under a negotiated contract). Owner shall pay all charges of utility owners for connections for providing permanent service to the Work

7.09 *Taxes*

A. Contractor shall pay all sales, consumer, use, and other similar taxes required to be paid by Contractor in accordance with the Laws and Regulations of the place of the Project which are applicable during the performance of the Work.

7.10 Laws and Regulations

- A. Contractor shall give all notices required by and shall comply with all Laws and Regulations applicable to the performance of the Work. Except where otherwise expressly required by applicable Laws and Regulations, neither Owner nor Engineer shall be responsible for monitoring Contractor's compliance with any Laws or Regulations.
- B. If Contractor performs any Work or takes any other action knowing or having reason to know that it is contrary to Laws or Regulations, Contractor shall bear all resulting costs and losses, and shall indemnify and hold harmless Owner and Engineer, and the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, and subcontractors of each and any of them from and against all claims, costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to such Work or other action. It shall not be Contractor's responsibility to make certain that the Work described in the Contract Documents is in accordance with Laws and Regulations, but this shall not relieve Contractor of Contractor's obligations under Paragraph 3.03.
- C. Owner or Contractor may give notice to the other party of any changes after the submission of Contractor's Bid (or after the date when Contractor became bound under a negotiated contract) in Laws or Regulations having an effect on the cost or time of performance of the Work, including but not limited to changes in Laws or Regulations having an effect on procuring permits and on sales, use, value-added, consumption, and other similar taxes. If Owner and Contractor are unable to agree on entitlement to or on the amount or extent, if any, of any adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times resulting from such changes, then within 30 days of such notice Contractor may submit a Change Proposal, or Owner may initiate a Claim.

7.11 Record Documents

A. Contractor shall maintain in a safe place at the Site one printed record copy of all Drawings, Specifications, Addenda, Change Orders, Work Change Directives, Field Orders, written interpretations and clarifications, and approved Shop Drawings. Contractor shall keep such record documents in good order and annotate them to show changes made during construction. These record documents, together with all approved Samples, will be available to Engineer for reference. Upon completion of the Work, Contractor shall deliver these record documents to Engineer.

7.12 Safety and Protection

- A. Contractor shall be solely responsible for initiating, maintaining, and supervising all safety precautions and programs in connection with the Work. Such responsibility does not relieve Subcontractors of their responsibility for the safety of persons or property in the performance of their work, nor for compliance with applicable safety Laws and Regulations. Contractor shall take all necessary precautions for the safety of, and shall provide the necessary protection to prevent damage, injury, or loss to:
 - 1. all persons on the Site or who may be affected by the Work;
 - 2. all the Work and materials and equipment to be incorporated therein, whether in storage on or off the Site; and
 - other property at the Site or adjacent thereto, including trees, shrubs, lawns, walks, pavements, roadways, structures, other work in progress, utilities, and Underground Facilities not designated for removal, relocation, or replacement in the course of construction.
- B. Contractor shall comply with all applicable Laws and Regulations relating to the safety of persons or property, or to the protection of persons or property from damage, injury, or loss; and shall erect and maintain all necessary safeguards for such safety and protection. Contractor shall notify Owner; the owners of adjacent property, Underground Facilities, and other utilities; and other contractors and utility owners performing work at or adjacent to the Site, when prosecution of the Work may affect them, and shall cooperate with them in the protection, removal, relocation, and replacement of their property or work in progress.
- C. Contractor shall comply with the applicable requirements of Owner's safety programs, if any. The Supplementary Conditions identify any Owner's safety programs that are applicable to the Work.
- D. Contractor shall inform Owner and Engineer of the specific requirements of Contractor's safety program with which Owner's and Engineer's employees and representatives must comply while at the Site.
- E. All damage, injury, or loss to any property referred to in Paragraph 7.12.A.2 or 7.12.A.3 caused, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, by Contractor, any Subcontractor, Supplier, or any other individual or entity directly or indirectly employed by any of them to perform any of the Work, or anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable, shall be remedied by Contractor at its expense (except damage or loss attributable to the fault of Drawings or Specifications or to the acts or omissions of Owner or Engineer or anyone employed by any of them, or anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable, and not attributable, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, to the fault or negligence of

- Contractor or any Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity directly or indirectly employed by any of them).
- F. Contractor's duties and responsibilities for safety and protection shall continue until such time as all the Work is completed and Engineer has issued a notice to Owner and Contractor in accordance with Paragraph 15.06.B that the Work is acceptable (except as otherwise expressly provided in connection with Substantial Completion).
- G. Contractor's duties and responsibilities for safety and protection shall resume whenever Contractor or any Subcontractor or Supplier returns to the Site to fulfill warranty or correction obligations, or to conduct other tasks arising from the Contract Documents.

7.13 Safety Representative

A. Contractor shall designate a qualified and experienced safety representative at the Site whose duties and responsibilities shall be the prevention of accidents and the maintaining and supervising of safety precautions and programs.

7.14 Hazard Communication Programs

A. Contractor shall be responsible for coordinating any exchange of material safety data sheets or other hazard communication information required to be made available to or exchanged between or among employers at the Site in accordance with Laws or Regulations.

7.15 Emergencies

A. In emergencies affecting the safety or protection of persons or the Work or property at the Site or adjacent thereto, Contractor is obligated to act to prevent threatened damage, injury, or loss. Contractor shall give Engineer prompt written notice if Contractor believes that any significant changes in the Work or variations from the Contract Documents have been caused thereby or are required as a result thereof. If Engineer determines that a change in the Contract Documents is required because of the action taken by Contractor in response to such an emergency, a Work Change Directive or Change Order will be issued.

7.16 Shop Drawings, Samples, and Other Submittals

- A. Shop Drawing and Sample Submittal Requirements:
 - 1. Before submitting a Shop Drawing or Sample, Contractor shall have:
 - reviewed and coordinated the Shop Drawing or Sample with other Shop Drawings and Samples and with the requirements of the Work and the Contract Documents;
 - determined and verified all field measurements, quantities, dimensions, specified performance and design criteria, installation requirements, materials, catalog numbers, and similar information with respect thereto;
 - determined and verified the suitability of all materials and equipment offered with respect to the indicated application, fabrication, shipping, handling, storage, assembly, and installation pertaining to the performance of the Work; and
 - d. determined and verified all information relative to Contractor's responsibilities for means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures of construction, and safety precautions and programs incident thereto.

- 2. Each submittal shall bear a stamp or specific written certification that Contractor has satisfied Contractor's obligations under the Contract Documents with respect to Contractor's review of that submittal, and that Contractor approves the submittal.
- 3. With each submittal, Contractor shall give Engineer specific written notice of any variations that the Shop Drawing or Sample may have from the requirements of the Contract Documents. This notice shall be set forth in a written communication separate from the Shop Drawings or Sample submittal; and, in addition, in the case of Shop Drawings by a specific notation made on each Shop Drawing submitted to Engineer for review and approval of each such variation.
- B. Submittal Procedures for Shop Drawings and Samples: Contractor shall submit Shop Drawings and Samples to Engineer for review and approval in accordance with the accepted Schedule of Submittals. Each submittal will be identified as Engineer may require.

Shop Drawings:

- a. Contractor shall submit the number of copies required in the Specifications.
- b. Data shown on the Shop Drawings will be complete with respect to quantities, dimensions, specified performance and design criteria, materials, and similar data to show Engineer the services, materials, and equipment Contractor proposes to provide and to enable Engineer to review the information for the limited purposes required by Paragraph 7.16.D.

2. Samples:

- a. Contractor shall submit the number of Samples required in the Specifications.
- b. Contractor shall clearly identify each Sample as to material, Supplier, pertinent data such as catalog numbers, the use for which intended and other data as Engineer may require to enable Engineer to review the submittal for the limited purposes required by Paragraph 7.16.D.
- 3. Where a Shop Drawing or Sample is required by the Contract Documents or the Schedule of Submittals, any related Work performed prior to Engineer's review and approval of the pertinent submittal will be at the sole expense and responsibility of Contractor.
- C. Other Submittals: Contractor shall submit other submittals to Engineer in accordance with the accepted Schedule of Submittals, and pursuant to the applicable terms of the Specifications.

D. Engineer's Review:

- 1. Engineer will provide timely review of Shop Drawings and Samples in accordance with the Schedule of Submittals acceptable to Engineer. Engineer's review and approval will be only to determine if the items covered by the submittals will, after installation or incorporation in the Work, conform to the information given in the Contract Documents and be compatible with the design concept of the completed Project as a functioning whole as indicated by the Contract Documents.
- Engineer's review and approval will not extend to means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures of construction or to safety precautions or programs incident thereto.

- 3. Engineer's review and approval of a separate item as such will not indicate approval of the assembly in which the item functions.
- 4. Engineer's review and approval of a Shop Drawing or Sample shall not relieve Contractor from responsibility for any variation from the requirements of the Contract Documents unless Contractor has complied with the requirements of Paragraph 7.16.A.3 and Engineer has given written approval of each such variation by specific written notation thereof incorporated in or accompanying the Shop Drawing or Sample. Engineer will document any such approved variation from the requirements of the Contract Documents in a Field Order.
- Engineer's review and approval of a Shop Drawing or Sample shall not relieve Contractor from responsibility for complying with the requirements of Paragraph 7.16.A and B.
- 6. Engineer's review and approval of a Shop Drawing or Sample, or of a variation from the requirements of the Contract Documents, shall not, under any circumstances, change the Contract Times or Contract Price, unless such changes are included in a Change Order.
- 7. Neither Engineer's receipt, review, acceptance or approval of a Shop Drawing, Sample, or other submittal shall result in such item becoming a Contract Document.
- 8. Contractor shall perform the Work in compliance with the requirements and commitments set forth in approved Shop Drawings and Samples, subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7.16.D.4.

E. Resubmittal Procedures:

- Contractor shall make corrections required by Engineer and shall return the required number of corrected copies of Shop Drawings and submit, as required, new Samples for review and approval. Contractor shall direct specific attention in writing to revisions other than the corrections called for by Engineer on previous submittals.
- 2. Contractor shall furnish required submittals with sufficient information and accuracy to obtain required approval of an item with no more than three submittals. Engineer will record Engineer's time for reviewing a fourth or subsequent submittal of a Shop Drawings, sample, or other item requiring approval, and Contractor shall be responsible for Engineer's charges to Owner for such time. Owner may impose a set-off against payments due to Contractor to secure reimbursement for such charges.
- 3. If Contractor requests a change of a previously approved submittal item, Contractor shall be responsible for Engineer's charges to Owner for its review time, and Owner may impose a set-off against payments due to Contractor to secure reimbursement for such charges, unless the need for such change is beyond the control of Contractor.

7.17 Contractor's General Warranty and Guarantee

A. Contractor warrants and guarantees to Owner that all Work will be in accordance with the Contract Documents and will not be defective. Engineer and its officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, and subcontractors shall be entitled to rely on Contractor's warranty and guarantee.

- B. Contractor's warranty and guarantee hereunder excludes defects or damage caused by:
 - abuse, modification, or improper maintenance or operation by persons other than Contractor, Subcontractors, Suppliers, or any other individual or entity for whom Contractor is responsible; or
 - normal wear and tear under normal usage.
- C. Contractor's obligation to perform and complete the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents shall be absolute. None of the following will constitute an acceptance of Work that is not in accordance with the Contract Documents or a release of Contractor's obligation to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents:
 - 1. observations by Engineer;
 - recommendation by Engineer or payment by Owner of any progress or final payment;
 - 3. the issuance of a certificate of Substantial Completion by Engineer or any payment related thereto by Owner;
 - 4. use or occupancy of the Work or any part thereof by Owner;
 - 5. any review and approval of a Shop Drawing or Sample submittal;
 - 6. the issuance of a notice of acceptability by Engineer;
 - 7. any inspection, test, or approval by others; or
 - 8. any correction of defective Work by Owner.
- D. If the Contract requires the Contractor to accept the assignment of a contract entered into by Owner, then the specific warranties, guarantees, and correction obligations contained in the assigned contract shall govern with respect to Contractor's performance obligations to Owner for the Work described in the assigned contract.

7.18 Indemnification

- A. To the fullest extent permitted by Laws and Regulations, and in addition to any other obligations of Contractor under the Contract or otherwise, Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless Owner and Engineer, and the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants and subcontractors of each and any of them from and against all claims, costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to the performance of the Work, provided that any such claim, cost, loss, or damage is attributable to bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death, or to injury to or destruction of tangible property (other than the Work itself), including the loss of use resulting therefrom but only to the extent caused by any negligent act or omission of Contractor, any Subcontractor, any Supplier, or any individual or entity directly or indirectly employed by any of them to perform any of the Work or anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable.
- B. In any and all claims against Owner or Engineer or any of their officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, or subcontractors by any employee (or the survivor or personal representative of such employee) of Contractor, any Subcontractor, any Supplier, or any individual or entity directly or indirectly employed by any of them to perform any of the Work, or anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable, the indemnification obligation under Paragraph 7.18.A shall not be limited in any way by any

- limitation on the amount or type of damages, compensation, or benefits payable by or for Contractor or any such Subcontractor, Supplier, or other individual or entity under workers' compensation acts, disability benefit acts, or other employee benefit acts.
- C. The indemnification obligations of Contractor under Paragraph 7.18.A shall not extend to the liability of Engineer and Engineer's officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants and subcontractors arising out of:
 - the preparation or approval of, or the failure to prepare or approve maps, Drawings, opinions, reports, surveys, Change Orders, designs, or Specifications; or
 - 2. giving directions or instructions, or failing to give them, if that is the primary cause of the injury or damage.

7.19 Delegation of Professional Design Services

- A. Contractor will not be required to provide professional design services unless such services are specifically required by the Contract Documents for a portion of the Work or unless such services are required to carry out Contractor's responsibilities for construction means, methods, techniques, sequences and procedures. Contractor shall not be required to provide professional services in violation of applicable Laws and Regulations.
- B. If professional design services or certifications by a design professional related to systems, materials, or equipment are specifically required of Contractor by the Contract Documents, Owner and Engineer will specify all performance and design criteria that such services must satisfy. Contractor shall cause such services or certifications to be provided by a properly licensed professional, whose signature and seal shall appear on all drawings, calculations, specifications, certifications, and other submittals prepared by such professional. Shop Drawings and other submittals related to the Work designed or certified by such professional, if prepared by others, shall bear such professional's written approval when submitted to Engineer.
- C. Owner and Engineer shall be entitled to rely upon the adequacy, accuracy, and completeness of the services, certifications, or approvals performed by such design professionals, provided Owner and Engineer have specified to Contractor all performance and design criteria that such services must satisfy.
- D. Pursuant to this paragraph, Engineer's review and approval of design calculations and design drawings will be only for the limited purpose of checking for conformance with performance and design criteria given and the design concept expressed in the Contract Documents. Engineer's review and approval of Shop Drawings and other submittals (except design calculations and design drawings) will be only for the purpose stated in Paragraph 7 16 D 1
- E. Contractor shall not be responsible for the adequacy of the performance or design criteria specified by Owner or Engineer.

ARTICLE 8 - OTHER WORK AT THE SITE

8.01 Other Work

A. In addition to and apart from the Work under the Contract Documents, the Owner may perform other work at or adjacent to the Site. Such other work may be performed by Owner's employees, or through contracts between the Owner and third parties. Owner

- may also arrange to have third-party utility owners perform work on their utilities and facilities at or adjacent to the Site.
- B. If Owner performs other work at or adjacent to the Site with Owner's employees, or through contracts for such other work, then Owner shall give Contractor written notice thereof prior to starting any such other work. If Owner has advance information regarding the start of any utility work at or adjacent to the Site, Owner shall provide such information to Contractor.
- C. Contractor shall afford each other contractor that performs such other work, each utility owner performing other work, and Owner, if Owner is performing other work with Owner's employees, proper and safe access to the Site, and provide a reasonable opportunity for the introduction and storage of materials and equipment and the execution of such other work. Contractor shall do all cutting, fitting, and patching of the Work that may be required to properly connect or otherwise make its several parts come together and properly integrate with such other work. Contractor shall not endanger any work of others by cutting, excavating, or otherwise altering such work; provided, however, that Contractor may cut or alter others' work with the written consent of Engineer and the others whose work will be affected.
- D. If the proper execution or results of any part of Contractor's Work depends upon work performed by others under this Article 8, Contractor shall inspect such other work and promptly report to Engineer in writing any delays, defects, or deficiencies in such other work that render it unavailable or unsuitable for the proper execution and results of Contractor's Work. Contractor's failure to so report will constitute an acceptance of such other work as fit and proper for integration with Contractor's Work except for latent defects and deficiencies in such other work.

8.02 Coordination

- A. If Owner intends to contract with others for the performance of other work at or adjacent to the Site, to perform other work at or adjacent to the Site with Owner's employees, or to arrange to have utility owners perform work at or adjacent to the Site, the following will be set forth in the Supplementary Conditions or provided to Contractor prior to the start of any such other work:
 - the identity of the individual or entity that will have authority and responsibility for coordination of the activities among the various contractors;
 - an itemization of the specific matters to be covered by such authority and responsibility; and
 - 3. the extent of such authority and responsibilities.
- B. Unless otherwise provided in the Supplementary Conditions, Owner shall have sole authority and responsibility for such coordination.

8.03 Legal Relationships

A. If, in the course of performing other work at or adjacent to the Site for Owner, the Owner's employees, any other contractor working for Owner, or any utility owner for whom the Owner is responsible causes damage to the Work or to the property of Contractor or its Subcontractors, or delays, disrupts, interferes with, or increases the scope or cost of the performance of the Work, through actions or inaction, then Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment in the Contract Price or the Contract Times, or both. Contractor

must submit any Change Proposal seeking an equitable adjustment in the Contract Price or the Contract Times under this paragraph within 30 days of the damaging, delaying, disrupting, or interfering event. The entitlement to, and extent of, any such equitable adjustment shall take into account information (if any) regarding such other work that was provided to Contractor in the Contract Documents prior to the submittal of the Bid or the final negotiation of the terms of the Contract. When applicable, any such equitable adjustment in Contract Price shall be conditioned on Contractor assigning to Owner all Contractor's rights against such other contractor or utility owner with respect to the damage, delay, disruption, or interference that is the subject of the adjustment. Contractor's entitlement to an adjustment of the Contract Times is conditioned on such adjustment being essential to Contractor's ability to complete the Work within the Contract Times.

- B. Contractor shall take reasonable and customary measures to avoid damaging, delaying, disrupting, or interfering with the work of Owner, any other contractor, or any utility owner performing other work at or adjacent to the Site. If Contractor fails to take such measures and as a result damages, delays, disrupts, or interferes with the work of any such other contractor or utility owner, then Owner may impose a set-off against payments due to Contractor, and assign to such other contractor or utility owner the Owner's contractual rights against Contractor with respect to the breach of the obligations set forth in this paragraph.
- C. When Owner is performing other work at or adjacent to the Site with Owner's employees, Contractor shall be liable to Owner for damage to such other work, and for the reasonable direct delay, disruption, and interference costs incurred by Owner as a result of Contractor's failure to take reasonable and customary measures with respect to Owner's other work. In response to such damage, delay, disruption, or interference, Owner may impose a set-off against payments due to Contractor.
- D. If Contractor damages, delays, disrupts, or interferes with the work of any other contractor, or any utility owner performing other work at or adjacent to the Site, through Contractor's failure to take reasonable and customary measures to avoid such impacts, or if any claim arising out of Contractor's actions, inactions, or negligence in performance of the Work at or adjacent to the Site is made by any such other contractor or utility owner against Contractor, Owner, or Engineer, then Contractor shall (1) promptly attempt to settle the claim as to all parties through negotiations with such other contractor or utility owner, or otherwise resolve the claim by arbitration or other dispute resolution proceeding or at law, and (2) indemnify and hold harmless Owner and Engineer, and the officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants and subcontractors of each and any of them from and against any such claims, and against all costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to such damage, delay, disruption, or interference.

ARTICLE 9 – OWNER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

9.01 Communications to Contractor

A. Except as otherwise provided in these General Conditions, Owner shall issue all communications to Contractor through Engineer.

9.02 Replacement of Engineer

A. Owner may at its discretion appoint an engineer to replace Engineer, provided Contractor makes no reasonable objection to the replacement engineer. The replacement engineer's status under the Contract Documents shall be that of the former Engineer.

9.03 Furnish Data

A. Owner shall promptly furnish the data required of Owner under the Contract Documents.

9.04 Pay When Due

A. Owner shall make payments to Contractor when they are due as provided in the Agreement.

9.05 Lands and Easements; Reports, Tests, and Drawings

- A. Owner's duties with respect to providing lands and easements are set forth in Paragraph 5.01.
- B. Owner's duties with respect to providing engineering surveys to establish reference points are set forth in Paragraph 4.03.
- C. Article 5 refers to Owner's identifying and making available to Contractor copies of reports of explorations and tests of conditions at the Site, and drawings of physical conditions relating to existing surface or subsurface structures at the Site.

9.06 Insurance

A. Owner's responsibilities, if any, with respect to purchasing and maintaining liability and property insurance are set forth in Article 6.

9.07 Change Orders

A. Owner's responsibilities with respect to Change Orders are set forth in Article 11.

9.08 Inspections, Tests, and Approvals

A. Owner's responsibility with respect to certain inspections, tests, and approvals is set forth in Paragraph 14.02.B.

9.09 Limitations on Owner's Responsibilities

A. The Owner shall not supervise, direct, or have control or authority over, nor be responsible for, Contractor's means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures of construction, or the safety precautions and programs incident thereto, or for any failure of Contractor to comply with Laws and Regulations applicable to the performance of the Work. Owner will not be responsible for Contractor's failure to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.

9.10 Undisclosed Hazardous Environmental Condition

A. Owner's responsibility in respect to an undisclosed Hazardous Environmental Condition is set forth in Paragraph 5.06.

9.11 Evidence of Financial Arrangements

A. Upon request of Contractor, Owner shall furnish Contractor reasonable evidence that financial arrangements have been made to satisfy Owner's obligations under the Contract Documents (including obligations under proposed changes in the Work).

9.12 Safety Programs

- A. While at the Site, Owner's employees and representatives shall comply with the specific applicable requirements of Contractor's safety programs of which Owner has been informed.
- B. Owner shall furnish copies of any applicable Owner safety programs to Contractor.

ARTICLE 10 – ENGINEER'S STATUS DURING CONSTRUCTION

10.01 Owner's Representative

A. Engineer will be Owner's representative during the construction period. The duties and responsibilities and the limitations of authority of Engineer as Owner's representative during construction are set forth in the Contract.

10.02 Visits to Site

- A. Engineer will make visits to the Site at intervals appropriate to the various stages of construction as Engineer deems necessary in order to observe as an experienced and qualified design professional the progress that has been made and the quality of the various aspects of Contractor's executed Work. Based on information obtained during such visits and observations, Engineer, for the benefit of Owner, will determine, in general, if the Work is proceeding in accordance with the Contract Documents. Engineer will not be required to make exhaustive or continuous inspections on the Site to check the quality or quantity of the Work. Engineer's efforts will be directed toward providing for Owner a greater degree of confidence that the completed Work will conform generally to the Contract Documents. On the basis of such visits and observations, Engineer will keep Owner informed of the progress of the Work and will endeavor to guard Owner against defective Work.
- B. Engineer's visits and observations are subject to all the limitations on Engineer's authority and responsibility set forth in Paragraph 10.08. Particularly, but without limitation, during or as a result of Engineer's visits or observations of Contractor's Work, Engineer will not supervise, direct, control, or have authority over or be responsible for Contractor's means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures of construction, or the safety precautions and programs incident thereto, or for any failure of Contractor to comply with Laws and Regulations applicable to the performance of the Work.

10.03 Project Representative

A. If Owner and Engineer have agreed that Engineer will furnish a Resident Project Representative to represent Engineer at the Site and assist Engineer in observing the progress and quality of the Work, then the authority and responsibilities of any such Resident Project Representative will be as provided in the Supplementary Conditions, and limitations on the responsibilities thereof will be as provided in Paragraph 10.08. If Owner designates another representative or agent to represent Owner at the Site who is not Engineer's consultant, agent, or employee, the responsibilities and authority and limitations thereon of such other individual or entity will be as provided in the Supplementary Conditions.

10.04 Rejecting Defective Work

A. Engineer has the authority to reject Work in accordance with Article 14.

10.05 Shop Drawings, Change Orders and Payments

- A. Engineer's authority, and limitations thereof, as to Shop Drawings and Samples, are set forth in Paragraph 7.16.
- B. Engineer's authority, and limitations thereof, as to design calculations and design drawings submitted in response to a delegation of professional design services, if any, are set forth in Paragraph 7.19.
- C. Engineer's authority as to Change Orders is set forth in Article 11.
- D. Engineer's authority as to Applications for Payment is set forth in Article 15.

10.06 Determinations for Unit Price Work

A. Engineer will determine the actual quantities and classifications of Unit Price Work performed by Contractor as set forth in Paragraph 13.03.

10.07 Decisions on Requirements of Contract Documents and Acceptability of Work

A. Engineer will render decisions regarding the requirements of the Contract Documents, and judge the acceptability of the Work, pursuant to the specific procedures set forth herein for initial interpretations, Change Proposals, and acceptance of the Work. In rendering such decisions and judgments, Engineer will not show partiality to Owner or Contractor, and will not be liable to Owner, Contractor, or others in connection with any proceedings, interpretations, decisions, or judgments conducted or rendered in good faith.

10.08 Limitations on Engineer's Authority and Responsibilities

- A. Neither Engineer's authority or responsibility under this Article 10 or under any other provision of the Contract, nor any decision made by Engineer in good faith either to exercise or not exercise such authority or responsibility or the undertaking, exercise, or performance of any authority or responsibility by Engineer, shall create, impose, or give rise to any duty in contract, tort, or otherwise owed by Engineer to Contractor, any Subcontractor, any Supplier, any other individual or entity, or to any surety for or employee or agent of any of them.
- B. Engineer will not supervise, direct, control, or have authority over or be responsible for Contractor's means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures of construction, or the safety precautions and programs incident thereto, or for any failure of Contractor to comply with Laws and Regulations applicable to the performance of the Work. Engineer will not be responsible for Contractor's failure to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- C. Engineer will not be responsible for the acts or omissions of Contractor or of any Subcontractor, any Supplier, or of any other individual or entity performing any of the Work.
- D. Engineer's review of the final Application for Payment and accompanying documentation and all maintenance and operating instructions, schedules, guarantees, bonds, certificates of inspection, tests and approvals, and other documentation required to be delivered by Paragraph 15.06.A will only be to determine generally that their content complies with the requirements of, and in the case of certificates of inspections, tests, and approvals, that the results certified indicate compliance with the Contract Documents.
- E. The limitations upon authority and responsibility set forth in this Paragraph 10.08 shall also apply to the Resident Project Representative, if any.

10.09 Compliance with Safety Program

A. While at the Site, Engineer's employees and representatives will comply with the specific applicable requirements of Owner's and Contractor's safety programs (if any) of which Engineer has been informed.

ARTICLE 11 – AMENDING THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS; CHANGES IN THE WORK

11.01 Amending and Supplementing Contract Documents

A. The Contract Documents may be amended or supplemented by a Change Order, a Work Change Directive, or a Field Order.

Change Orders:

- a. If an amendment or supplement to the Contract Documents includes a change in the Contract Price or the Contract Times, such amendment or supplement must be set forth in a Change Order. A Change Order also may be used to establish amendments and supplements of the Contract Documents that do not affect the Contract Price or Contract Times.
- Downer and Contractor may amend those terms and conditions of the Contract Documents that do not involve (1) the performance or acceptability of the Work, (2) the design (as set forth in the Drawings, Specifications, or otherwise), or (3) other engineering or technical matters, without the recommendation of the Engineer. Such an amendment shall be set forth in a Change Order.
- 2. Work Change Directives: A Work Change Directive will not change the Contract Price or the Contract Times but is evidence that the parties expect that the modification ordered or documented by a Work Change Directive will be incorporated in a subsequently issued Change Order, following negotiations by the parties as to the Work Change Directive's effect, if any, on the Contract Price and Contract Times; or, if negotiations are unsuccessful, by a determination under the terms of the Contract Documents governing adjustments, expressly including Paragraph 11.04 regarding change of Contract Price. Contractor must submit any Change Proposal seeking an adjustment of the Contract Price or the Contract Times, or both, no later than 30 days after the completion of the Work set out in the Work Change Directive. Owner must submit any Claim seeking an adjustment of the Contract Price or the Contract Times, or both, no later than 60 days after issuance of the Work Change Directive.
- 3. Field Orders: Engineer may authorize minor changes in the Work if the changes do not involve an adjustment in the Contract Price or the Contract Times and are compatible with the design concept of the completed Project as a functioning whole as indicated by the Contract Documents. Such changes will be accomplished by a Field Order and will be binding on Owner and also on Contractor, which shall perform the Work involved promptly. If Contractor believes that a Field Order justifies an adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or both, then before proceeding with the Work at issue, Contractor shall submit a Change Proposal as provided herein.

11.02 Owner-Authorized Changes in the Work

A. Without invalidating the Contract and without notice to any surety, Owner may, at any time or from time to time, order additions, deletions, or revisions in the Work. Such changes shall be supported by Engineer's recommendation, to the extent the change involves the design (as set forth in the Drawings, Specifications, or otherwise), or other engineering or technical matters. Such changes may be accomplished by a Change Order, if Owner and Contractor have agreed as to the effect, if any, of the changes on Contract Times or Contract Price; or by a Work Change Directive. Upon receipt of any such document, Contractor shall promptly proceed with the Work involved; or, in the case of a deletion in the Work, promptly cease construction activities with respect to such deleted Work. Added or revised Work shall be performed under the applicable conditions of the Contract Documents. Nothing in this paragraph shall obligate Contractor to undertake work that Contractor reasonably concludes cannot be performed in a manner consistent with Contractor's safety obligations under the Contract Documents or Laws and Regulations.

11.03 Unauthorized Changes in the Work

A. Contractor shall not be entitled to an increase in the Contract Price or an extension of the Contract Times with respect to any work performed that is not required by the Contract Documents, as amended, modified, or supplemented, except in the case of an emergency as provided in Paragraph 7.15 or in the case of uncovering Work as provided in Paragraph 14.05.

11.04 Change of Contract Price

- A. The Contract Price may only be changed by a Change Order. Any Change Proposal for an adjustment in the Contract Price shall comply with the provisions of Paragraph 11.06. Any Claim for an adjustment of Contract Price shall comply with the provisions of Article 12.
- B. An adjustment in the Contract Price will be determined as follows:
 - 1. where the Work involved is covered by unit prices contained in the Contract Documents, then by application of such unit prices to the quantities of the items involved (subject to the provisions of Paragraph 13.03); or
 - 2. where the Work involved is not covered by unit prices contained in the Contract Documents, then by a mutually agreed lump sum (which may include an allowance for overhead and profit not necessarily in accordance with Paragraph 11.04.C.2); or
 - where the Work involved is not covered by unit prices contained in the Contract Documents and the parties do not reach mutual agreement to a lump sum, then on the basis of the Cost of the Work (determined as provided in Paragraph 13.01) plus a Contractor's fee for overhead and profit (determined as provided in Paragraph 11.04.C).
- C. Contractor's Fee: When applicable, the Contractor's fee for overhead and profit shall be determined as follows:
 - a mutually acceptable fixed fee; or
 - 2. if a fixed fee is not agreed upon, then a fee based on the following percentages of the various portions of the Cost of the Work:
 - a. for costs incurred under Paragraphs 13.01.B.1 and 13.01.B.2, the Contractor's fee shall be 15 percent;
 - for costs incurred under Paragraph 13.01.B.3, the Contractor's fee shall be five percent;
 - c. where one or more tiers of subcontracts are on the basis of Cost of the Work plus a fee and no fixed fee is agreed upon, the intent of Paragraphs 11.04.C.2.a and

11.04.C.2.b is that the Contractor's fee shall be based on: (1) a fee of 15 percent of the costs incurred under Paragraphs 13.01.A.1 and 13.01.A.2 by the Subcontractor that actually performs the Work, at whatever tier, and (2) with respect to Contractor itself and to any Subcontractors of a tier higher than that of the Subcontractor that actually performs the Work, a fee of five percent of the amount (fee plus underlying costs incurred) attributable to the next lower tier Subcontractor; provided, however, that for any such subcontracted work the maximum total fee to be paid by Owner shall be no greater than 27 percent of the costs incurred by the Subcontractor that actually performs the work;

- no fee shall be payable on the basis of costs itemized under Paragraphs 13.01.B.4, 13.01.B.5, and 13.01.C;
- the amount of credit to be allowed by Contractor to Owner for any change which
 results in a net decrease in cost will be the amount of the actual net decrease in
 cost plus a deduction in Contractor's fee by an amount equal to five percent of
 such net decrease; and
- f. when both additions and credits are involved in any one change, the adjustment in Contractor's fee shall be computed on the basis of the net change in accordance with Paragraphs 11.04.C.2.a through 11.04.C.2.e, inclusive.

11.05 Change of Contract Times

- A. The Contract Times may only be changed by a Change Order. Any Change Proposal for an adjustment in the Contract Times shall comply with the provisions of Paragraph 11.06. Any Claim for an adjustment in the Contract Times shall comply with the provisions of Article 12.
- B. An adjustment of the Contract Times shall be subject to the limitations set forth in Paragraph 4.05, concerning delays in Contractor's progress.

11.06 Change Proposals

- A. Contractor shall submit a Change Proposal to Engineer to request an adjustment in the Contract Times or Contract Price; appeal an initial decision by Engineer concerning the requirements of the Contract Documents or relating to the acceptability of the Work under the Contract Documents; contest a set-off against payment due; or seek other relief under the Contract. The Change Proposal shall specify any proposed change in Contract Times or Contract Price, or both, or other proposed relief, and explain the reason for the proposed change, with citations to any governing or applicable provisions of the Contract Documents.
 - 1. Procedures: Contractor shall submit each Change Proposal to Engineer promptly (but in no event later than 30 days) after the start of the event giving rise thereto, or after such initial decision. The Contractor shall submit supporting data, including the proposed change in Contract Price or Contract Time (if any), to the Engineer and Owner within 15 days after the submittal of the Change Proposal. The supporting data shall be accompanied by a written statement that the supporting data are accurate and complete, and that any requested time or price adjustment is the entire adjustment to which Contractor believes it is entitled as a result of said event. Engineer will advise Owner regarding the Change Proposal, and consider any comments or response from Owner regarding the Change Proposal.
 - Engineer's Action: Engineer will review each Change Proposal and, within 30 days after receipt of the Contractor's supporting data, either deny the Change Proposal in whole,

approve it in whole, or deny it in part and approve it in part. Such actions shall be in writing, with a copy provided to Owner and Contractor. If Engineer does not take action on the Change Proposal within 30 days, then either Owner or Contractor may at any time thereafter submit a letter to the other party indicating that as a result of Engineer's inaction the Change Proposal is deemed denied, thereby commencing the time for appeal of the denial under Article 12.

- 3. Binding Decision: Engineer's decision will be final and binding upon Owner and Contractor, unless Owner or Contractor appeals the decision by filing a Claim under Article 12.
- B. Resolution of Certain Change Proposals: If the Change Proposal does not involve the design (as set forth in the Drawings, Specifications, or otherwise), the acceptability of the Work, or other engineering or technical matters, then Engineer will notify the parties that the Engineer is unable to resolve the Change Proposal. For purposes of further resolution of such a Change Proposal, such notice shall be deemed a denial, and Contractor may choose to seek resolution under the terms of Article 12.

11.07 Execution of Change Orders

- A. Owner and Contractor shall execute appropriate Change Orders covering:
 - changes in the Contract Price or Contract Times which are agreed to by the parties, including any undisputed sum or amount of time for Work actually performed in accordance with a Work Change Directive;
 - changes in Contract Price resulting from an Owner set-off, unless Contractor has duly contested such set-off;
 - 3. changes in the Work which are: (a) ordered by Owner pursuant to Paragraph 11.02, (b) required because of Owner's acceptance of defective Work under Paragraph 14.04 or Owner's correction of defective Work under Paragraph 14.07, or (c) agreed to by the parties, subject to the need for Engineer's recommendation if the change in the Work involves the design (as set forth in the Drawings, Specifications, or otherwise), or other engineering or technical matters; and
 - 4. changes in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or other changes, which embody the substance of any final and binding results under Paragraph 11.06, or Article 12.
- B. If Owner or Contractor refuses to execute a Change Order that is required to be executed under the terms of this Paragraph 11.07, it shall be deemed to be of full force and effect, as if fully executed.

11.08 Notification to Surety

A. If the provisions of any bond require notice to be given to a surety of any change affecting the general scope of the Work or the provisions of the Contract Documents (including, but not limited to, Contract Price or Contract Times), the giving of any such notice will be Contractor's responsibility. The amount of each applicable bond will be adjusted to reflect the effect of any such change.

ARTICLE 12 - CLAIMS

12.01 *Claims*

- A. Claims Process: The following disputes between Owner and Contractor shall be submitted to the Claims process set forth in this Article:
 - 1. Appeals by Owner or Contractor of Engineer's decisions regarding Change Proposals;
 - Owner demands for adjustments in the Contract Price or Contract Times, or other relief under the Contract Documents; and
 - Disputes that Engineer has been unable to address because they do not involve the design (as set forth in the Drawings, Specifications, or otherwise), the acceptability of the Work, or other engineering or technical matters.
- B. Submittal of Claim: The party submitting a Claim shall deliver it directly to the other party to the Contract promptly (but in no event later than 30 days) after the start of the event giving rise thereto; in the case of appeals regarding Change Proposals within 30 days of the decision under appeal. The party submitting the Claim shall also furnish a copy to the Engineer, for its information only. The responsibility to substantiate a Claim shall rest with the party making the Claim. In the case of a Claim by Contractor seeking an increase in the Contract Times or Contract Price, or both, Contractor shall certify that the Claim is made in good faith, that the supporting data are accurate and complete, and that to the best of Contractor's knowledge and belief the amount of time or money requested accurately reflects the full amount to which Contractor is entitled.
- C. Review and Resolution: The party receiving a Claim shall review it thoroughly, giving full consideration to its merits. The two parties shall seek to resolve the Claim through the exchange of information and direct negotiations. The parties may extend the time for resolving the Claim by mutual agreement. All actions taken on a Claim shall be stated in writing and submitted to the other party, with a copy to Engineer.

D. Mediation:

- At any time after initiation of a Claim, Owner and Contractor may mutually agree to mediation of the underlying dispute. The agreement to mediate shall stay the Claim submittal and response process.
- 2. If Owner and Contractor agree to mediation, then after 60 days from such agreement, either Owner or Contractor may unilaterally terminate the mediation process, and the Claim submittal and decision process shall resume as of the date of the termination. If the mediation proceeds but is unsuccessful in resolving the dispute, the Claim submittal and decision process shall resume as of the date of the conclusion of the mediation, as determined by the mediator.
- 3. Owner and Contractor shall each pay one-half of the mediator's fees and costs.
- E. Partial Approval: If the party receiving a Claim approves the Claim in part and denies it in part, such action shall be final and binding unless within 30 days of such action the other party invokes the procedure set forth in Article 17 for final resolution of disputes.
- F. Denial of Claim: If efforts to resolve a Claim are not successful, the party receiving the Claim may deny it by giving written notice of denial to the other party. If the receiving party does not take action on the Claim within 90 days, then either Owner or Contractor may at any time thereafter submit a letter to the other party indicating that as a result of the inaction,

- the Claim is deemed denied, thereby commencing the time for appeal of the denial. A denial of the Claim shall be final and binding unless within 30 days of the denial the other party invokes the procedure set forth in Article 17 for the final resolution of disputes.
- G. Final and Binding Results: If the parties reach a mutual agreement regarding a Claim, whether through approval of the Claim, direct negotiations, mediation, or otherwise; or if a Claim is approved in part and denied in part, or denied in full, and such actions become final and binding; then the results of the agreement or action on the Claim shall be incorporated in a Change Order to the extent they affect the Contract, including the Work, the Contract Times, or the Contract Price.

ARTICLE 13 - COST OF THE WORK; ALLOWANCES; UNIT PRICE WORK

13.01 Cost of the Work

- A. Purposes for Determination of Cost of the Work: The term Cost of the Work means the sum of all costs necessary for the proper performance of the Work at issue, as further defined below. The provisions of this Paragraph 13.01 are used for two distinct purposes:
 - 1. To determine Cost of the Work when Cost of the Work is a component of the Contract Price, under cost-plus-fee, time-and-materials, or other cost-based terms; or
 - To determine the value of a Change Order, Change Proposal, Claim, set-off, or other
 adjustment in Contract Price. When the value of any such adjustment is determined
 on the basis of Cost of the Work, Contractor is entitled only to those additional or
 incremental costs required because of the change in the Work or because of the event
 giving rise to the adjustment.
- B. Costs Included: Except as otherwise may be agreed to in writing by Owner, costs included in the Cost of the Work shall be in amounts no higher than those prevailing in the locality of the Project, shall not include any of the costs itemized in Paragraph 13.01.C, and shall include only the following items:
 - 1. Payroll costs for employees in the direct employ of Contractor in the performance of the Work under schedules of job classifications agreed upon by Owner and Contractor. Such employees shall include, without limitation, superintendents, foremen, and other personnel employed full time on the Work. Payroll costs for employees not employed full time on the Work shall be apportioned on the basis of their time spent on the Work. Payroll costs shall include, but not be limited to, salaries and wages plus the cost of fringe benefits, which shall include social security contributions, unemployment, excise, and payroll taxes, workers' compensation, health and retirement benefits, bonuses, sick leave, and vacation and holiday pay applicable thereto. The expenses of performing Work outside of regular working hours, on Saturday, Sunday, or legal holidays, shall be included in the above to the extent authorized by Owner.
 - 2. Cost of all materials and equipment furnished and incorporated in the Work, including costs of transportation and storage thereof, and Suppliers' field services required in connection therewith. All cash discounts shall accrue to Contractor unless Owner deposits funds with Contractor with which to make payments, in which case the cash discounts shall accrue to Owner. All trade discounts, rebates, and refunds and returns from sale of surplus materials and equipment shall accrue to Owner, and Contractor shall make provisions so that they may be obtained.

- 3. Payments made by Contractor to Subcontractors for Work performed by Subcontractors. If required by Owner, Contractor shall obtain competitive bids from subcontractors acceptable to Owner and Contractor and shall deliver such bids to Owner, who will then determine, with the advice of Engineer, which bids, if any, will be acceptable. If any subcontract provides that the Subcontractor is to be paid on the basis of Cost of the Work plus a fee, the Subcontractor's Cost of the Work and fee shall be determined in the same manner as Contractor's Cost of the Work and fee as provided in this Paragraph 13.01.
- Costs of special consultants (including but not limited to engineers, architects, testing laboratories, surveyors, attorneys, and accountants) employed for services specifically related to the Work.
- 5. Supplemental costs including the following:
 - a. The proportion of necessary transportation, travel, and subsistence expenses of Contractor's employees incurred in discharge of duties connected with the Work.
 - b. Cost, including transportation and maintenance, of all materials, supplies, equipment, machinery, appliances, office, and temporary facilities at the Site, and hand tools not owned by the workers, which are consumed in the performance of the Work, and cost, less market value, of such items used but not consumed which remain the property of Contractor.
 - c. Rentals of all construction equipment and machinery, and the parts thereof, whether rented from Contractor or others in accordance with rental agreements approved by Owner with the advice of Engineer, and the costs of transportation, loading, unloading, assembly, dismantling, and removal thereof. All such costs shall be in accordance with the terms of said rental agreements. The rental of any such equipment, machinery, or parts shall cease when the use thereof is no longer necessary for the Work.
 - d. Sales, consumer, use, and other similar taxes related to the Work, and for which Contractor is liable, as imposed by Laws and Regulations.
 - e. Deposits lost for causes other than negligence of Contractor, any Subcontractor, or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them or for whose acts any of them may be liable, and royalty payments and fees for permits and licenses.
 - f. Losses and damages (and related expenses) caused by damage to the Work, not compensated by insurance or otherwise, sustained by Contractor in connection with the performance of the Work (except losses and damages within the deductible amounts of property insurance established in accordance with Paragraph 6.05), provided such losses and damages have resulted from causes other than the negligence of Contractor, any Subcontractor, or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them or for whose acts any of them may be liable. Such losses shall include settlements made with the written consent and approval of Owner. No such losses, damages, and expenses shall be included in the Cost of the Work for the purpose of determining Contractor's fee.
 - g. The cost of utilities, fuel, and sanitary facilities at the Site.
 - h. Minor expenses such as communication service at the Site, express and courier services, and similar petty cash items in connection with the Work.

- i. The costs of premiums for all bonds and insurance that Contractor is required by the Contract Documents to purchase and maintain.
- C. Costs Excluded: The term Cost of the Work shall not include any of the following items:
 - 1. Payroll costs and other compensation of Contractor's officers, executives, principals (of partnerships and sole proprietorships), general managers, safety managers, engineers, architects, estimators, attorneys, auditors, accountants, purchasing and contracting agents, expediters, timekeepers, clerks, and other personnel employed by Contractor, whether at the Site or in Contractor's principal or branch office for general administration of the Work and not specifically included in the agreed upon schedule of job classifications referred to in Paragraph 13.01.B.1 or specifically covered by Paragraph 13.01.B.4. The payroll costs and other compensation excluded here are to be considered administrative costs covered by the Contractor's fee.
 - Expenses of Contractor's principal and branch offices other than Contractor's office at the Site.
 - 3. Any part of Contractor's capital expenses, including interest on Contractor's capital employed for the Work and charges against Contractor for delinquent payments.
 - 4. Costs due to the negligence of Contractor, any Subcontractor, or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them or for whose acts any of them may be liable, including but not limited to, the correction of defective Work, disposal of materials or equipment wrongly supplied, and making good any damage to property.
 - 5. Other overhead or general expense costs of any kind and the costs of any item not specifically and expressly included in Paragraph 13.01.B.
- D. Contractor's Fee: When the Work as a whole is performed on the basis of cost-plus, Contractor's fee shall be determined as set forth in the Agreement. When the value of any Work covered by a Change Order, Change Proposal, Claim, set-off, or other adjustment in Contract Price is determined on the basis of Cost of the Work, Contractor's fee shall be determined as set forth in Paragraph 11.04.C.
- E. Documentation: Whenever the Cost of the Work for any purpose is to be determined pursuant to this Article 13, Contractor will establish and maintain records thereof in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices and submit in a form acceptable to Engineer an itemized cost breakdown together with supporting data.

13.02 Allowances

- A. It is understood that Contractor has included in the Contract Price all allowances so named in the Contract Documents and shall cause the Work so covered to be performed for such sums and by such persons or entities as may be acceptable to Owner and Engineer.
- B. Cash Allowances: Contractor agrees that:
 - the cash allowances include the cost to Contractor (less any applicable trade discounts) of materials and equipment required by the allowances to be delivered at the Site, and all applicable taxes; and
 - Contractor's costs for unloading and handling on the Site, labor, installation, overhead, profit, and other expenses contemplated for the cash allowances have been included in the Contract Price and not in the allowances, and no demand for additional payment on account of any of the foregoing will be valid.

- C. Contingency Allowance: Contractor agrees that a contingency allowance, if any, is for the sole use of Owner to cover unanticipated costs.
- D. Prior to final payment, an appropriate Change Order will be issued as recommended by Engineer to reflect actual amounts due Contractor on account of Work covered by allowances, and the Contract Price shall be correspondingly adjusted.

13.03 Unit Price Work

- A. Where the Contract Documents provide that all or part of the Work is to be Unit Price Work, initially the Contract Price will be deemed to include for all Unit Price Work an amount equal to the sum of the unit price for each separately identified item of Unit Price Work times the estimated quantity of each item as indicated in the Agreement.
- B. The estimated quantities of items of Unit Price Work are not guaranteed and are solely for the purpose of comparison of Bids and determining an initial Contract Price. Payments to Contractor for Unit Price Work will be based on actual quantities.
- C. Each unit price will be deemed to include an amount considered by Contractor to be adequate to cover Contractor's overhead and profit for each separately identified item.
- D. Engineer will determine the actual quantities and classifications of Unit Price Work performed by Contractor. Engineer will review with Contractor the Engineer's preliminary determinations on such matters before rendering a written decision thereon (by recommendation of an Application for Payment or otherwise). Engineer's written decision thereon will be final and binding (except as modified by Engineer to reflect changed factual conditions or more accurate data) upon Owner and Contractor, subject to the provisions of the following paragraph.
- E. Within 30 days of Engineer's written decision under the preceding paragraph, Contractor may submit a Change Proposal, or Owner may file a Claim, seeking an adjustment in the Contract Price if:
 - the quantity of any item of Unit Price Work performed by Contractor differs materially and significantly from the estimated quantity of such item indicated in the Agreement;
 - 2. there is no corresponding adjustment with respect to any other item of Work; and
 - Contractor believes that it is entitled to an increase in Contract Price as a result of having incurred additional expense or Owner believes that Owner is entitled to a decrease in Contract Price, and the parties are unable to agree as to the amount of any such increase or decrease.

ARTICLE 14 – TESTS AND INSPECTIONS; CORRECTION, REMOVAL OR ACCEPTANCE OF DEFECTIVE WORK

14.01 Access to Work

A. Owner, Engineer, their consultants and other representatives and personnel of Owner, independent testing laboratories, and authorities having jurisdiction will have access to the Site and the Work at reasonable times for their observation, inspection, and testing. Contractor shall provide them proper and safe conditions for such access and advise them of Contractor's safety procedures and programs so that they may comply therewith as applicable.

14.02 Tests, Inspections, and Approvals

- A. Contractor shall give Engineer timely notice of readiness of the Work (or specific parts thereof) for all required inspections and tests, and shall cooperate with inspection and testing personnel to facilitate required inspections and tests.
- B. Owner shall retain and pay for the services of an independent inspector, testing laboratory, or other qualified individual or entity to perform all inspections and tests expressly required by the Contract Documents to be furnished and paid for by Owner, except that costs incurred in connection with tests or inspections of covered Work shall be governed by the provisions of Paragraph 14.05.
- C. If Laws or Regulations of any public body having jurisdiction require any Work (or part thereof) specifically to be inspected, tested, or approved by an employee or other representative of such public body, Contractor shall assume full responsibility for arranging and obtaining such inspections, tests, or approvals, pay all costs in connection therewith, and furnish Engineer the required certificates of inspection or approval.
- D. Contractor shall be responsible for arranging, obtaining, and paying for all inspections and tests required:
 - by the Contract Documents, unless the Contract Documents expressly allocate responsibility for a specific inspection or test to Owner;
 - 2. to attain Owner's and Engineer's acceptance of materials or equipment to be incorporated in the Work;
 - 3. by manufacturers of equipment furnished under the Contract Documents;
 - 4. for testing, adjusting, and balancing of mechanical, electrical, and other equipment to be incorporated into the Work; and
 - 5. for acceptance of materials, mix designs, or equipment submitted for approval prior to Contractor's purchase thereof for incorporation in the Work.

Such inspections and tests shall be performed by independent inspectors, testing laboratories, or other qualified individuals or entities acceptable to Owner and Engineer.

- E. If the Contract Documents require the Work (or part thereof) to be approved by Owner, Engineer, or another designated individual or entity, then Contractor shall assume full responsibility for arranging and obtaining such approvals.
- F. If any Work (or the work of others) that is to be inspected, tested, or approved is covered by Contractor without written concurrence of Engineer, Contractor shall, if requested by Engineer, uncover such Work for observation. Such uncovering shall be at Contractor's expense unless Contractor had given Engineer timely notice of Contractor's intention to cover the same and Engineer had not acted with reasonable promptness in response to such notice.

14.03 Defective Work

- A. Contractor's Obligation: It is Contractor's obligation to assure that the Work is not defective.
- B. Engineer's Authority: Engineer has the authority to determine whether Work is defective, and to reject defective Work.

- C. Notice of Defects: Prompt notice of all defective Work of which Owner or Engineer has actual knowledge will be given to Contractor.
- D. Correction, or Removal and Replacement: Promptly after receipt of written notice of defective Work, Contractor shall correct all such defective Work, whether or not fabricated, installed, or completed, or, if Engineer has rejected the defective Work, remove it from the Project and replace it with Work that is not defective.
- E. *Preservation of Warranties*: When correcting defective Work, Contractor shall take no action that would void or otherwise impair Owner's special warranty and guarantee, if any, on said Work.
- F. Costs and Damages: In addition to its correction, removal, and replacement obligations with respect to defective Work, Contractor shall pay all claims, costs, losses, and damages arising out of or relating to defective Work, including but not limited to the cost of the inspection, testing, correction, removal, replacement, or reconstruction of such defective Work, fines levied against Owner by governmental authorities because the Work is defective, and the costs of repair or replacement of work of others resulting from defective Work. Prior to final payment, if Owner and Contractor are unable to agree as to the measure of such claims, costs, losses, and damages resulting from defective Work, then Owner may impose a reasonable set-off against payments due under Article 15.

14.04 Acceptance of Defective Work

A. If, instead of requiring correction or removal and replacement of defective Work, Owner prefers to accept it, Owner may do so (subject, if such acceptance occurs prior to final payment, to Engineer's confirmation that such acceptance is in general accord with the design intent and applicable engineering principles, and will not endanger public safety). Contractor shall pay all claims, costs, losses, and damages attributable to Owner's evaluation of and determination to accept such defective Work (such costs to be approved by Engineer as to reasonableness), and for the diminished value of the Work to the extent not otherwise paid by Contractor. If any such acceptance occurs prior to final payment, the necessary revisions in the Contract Documents with respect to the Work shall be incorporated in a Change Order. If the parties are unable to agree as to the decrease in the Contract Price, reflecting the diminished value of Work so accepted, then Owner may impose a reasonable set-off against payments due under Article 15. If the acceptance of defective Work occurs after final payment, Contractor shall pay an appropriate amount to Owner.

14.05 Uncovering Work

- A. Engineer has the authority to require additional inspection or testing of the Work, whether or not the Work is fabricated, installed, or completed.
- B. If any Work is covered contrary to the written request of Engineer, then Contractor shall, if requested by Engineer, uncover such Work for Engineer's observation, and then replace the covering, all at Contractor's expense.
- C. If Engineer considers it necessary or advisable that covered Work be observed by Engineer or inspected or tested by others, then Contractor, at Engineer's request, shall uncover, expose, or otherwise make available for observation, inspection, or testing as Engineer may require, that portion of the Work in question, and provide all necessary labor, material, and equipment.

- If it is found that the uncovered Work is defective, Contractor shall be responsible for all claims, costs, losses, and damages arising out of or relating to such uncovering, exposure, observation, inspection, and testing, and of satisfactory replacement or reconstruction (including but not limited to all costs of repair or replacement of work of others); and pending Contractor's full discharge of this responsibility the Owner shall be entitled to impose a reasonable set-off against payments due under Article 15.
- 2. If the uncovered Work is not found to be defective, Contractor shall be allowed an increase in the Contract Price or an extension of the Contract Times, or both, directly attributable to such uncovering, exposure, observation, inspection, testing, replacement, and reconstruction. If the parties are unable to agree as to the amount or extent thereof, then Contractor may submit a Change Proposal within 30 days of the determination that the Work is not defective.

14.06 Owner May Stop the Work

A. If the Work is defective, or Contractor fails to supply sufficient skilled workers or suitable materials or equipment, or fails to perform the Work in such a way that the completed Work will conform to the Contract Documents, then Owner may order Contractor to stop the Work, or any portion thereof, until the cause for such order has been eliminated; however, this right of Owner to stop the Work shall not give rise to any duty on the part of Owner to exercise this right for the benefit of Contractor, any Subcontractor, any Supplier, any other individual or entity, or any surety for, or employee or agent of any of them.

14.07 Owner May Correct Defective Work

- A. If Contractor fails within a reasonable time after written notice from Engineer to correct defective Work, or to remove and replace rejected Work as required by Engineer, or if Contractor fails to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents, or if Contractor fails to comply with any other provision of the Contract Documents, then Owner may, after seven days written notice to Contractor, correct or remedy any such deficiency.
- B. In exercising the rights and remedies under this Paragraph 14.07, Owner shall proceed expeditiously. In connection with such corrective or remedial action, Owner may exclude Contractor from all or part of the Site, take possession of all or part of the Work and suspend Contractor's services related thereto, and incorporate in the Work all materials and equipment stored at the Site or for which Owner has paid Contractor but which are stored elsewhere. Contractor shall allow Owner, Owner's representatives, agents and employees, Owner's other contractors, and Engineer and Engineer's consultants access to the Site to enable Owner to exercise the rights and remedies under this paragraph.
- C. All claims, costs, losses, and damages incurred or sustained by Owner in exercising the rights and remedies under this Paragraph 14.07 will be charged against Contractor as set-offs against payments due under Article 15. Such claims, costs, losses and damages will include but not be limited to all costs of repair, or replacement of work of others destroyed or damaged by correction, removal, or replacement of Contractor's defective Work.
- D. Contractor shall not be allowed an extension of the Contract Times because of any delay in the performance of the Work attributable to the exercise by Owner of Owner's rights and remedies under this Paragraph 14.07.

ARTICLE 15 – PAYMENTS TO CONTRACTOR; SET-OFFS; COMPLETION; CORRECTION PERIOD

15.01 *Progress Payments*

A. Basis for Progress Payments: The Schedule of Values established as provided in Article 2 will serve as the basis for progress payments and will be incorporated into a form of Application for Payment acceptable to Engineer. Progress payments on account of Unit Price Work will be based on the number of units completed during the pay period, as determined under the provisions of Paragraph 13.03. Progress payments for cost-based Work will be based on Cost of the Work completed by Contractor during the pay period.

B. Applications for Payments:

- 1. At least 20 days before the date established in the Agreement for each progress payment (but not more often than once a month), Contractor shall submit to Engineer for review an Application for Payment filled out and signed by Contractor covering the Work completed as of the date of the Application and accompanied by such supporting documentation as is required by the Contract Documents. If payment is requested on the basis of materials and equipment not incorporated in the Work but delivered and suitably stored at the Site or at another location agreed to in writing, the Application for Payment shall also be accompanied by a bill of sale, invoice, or other documentation warranting that Owner has received the materials and equipment free and clear of all Liens, and evidence that the materials and equipment are covered by appropriate property insurance, a warehouse bond, or other arrangements to protect Owner's interest therein, all of which must be satisfactory to Owner.
- Beginning with the second Application for Payment, each Application shall include an
 affidavit of Contractor stating that all previous progress payments received on account
 of the Work have been applied on account to discharge Contractor's legitimate
 obligations associated with prior Applications for Payment.
- 3. The amount of retainage with respect to progress payments will be as stipulated in the Agreement.

C. Review of Applications:

- Engineer will, within 10 days after receipt of each Application for Payment, including each resubmittal, either indicate in writing a recommendation of payment and present the Application to Owner, or return the Application to Contractor indicating in writing Engineer's reasons for refusing to recommend payment. In the latter case, Contractor may make the necessary corrections and resubmit the Application.
- 2. Engineer's recommendation of any payment requested in an Application for Payment will constitute a representation by Engineer to Owner, based on Engineer's observations of the executed Work as an experienced and qualified design professional, and on Engineer's review of the Application for Payment and the accompanying data and schedules, that to the best of Engineer's knowledge, information and belief:
 - a. the Work has progressed to the point indicated;
 - b. the quality of the Work is generally in accordance with the Contract Documents (subject to an evaluation of the Work as a functioning whole prior to or upon Substantial Completion, the results of any subsequent tests called for in the Contract Documents, a final determination of quantities and classifications for

- Unit Price Work under Paragraph 13.03, and any other qualifications stated in the recommendation); and
- c. the conditions precedent to Contractor's being entitled to such payment appear to have been fulfilled in so far as it is Engineer's responsibility to observe the Work.
- 3. By recommending any such payment Engineer will not thereby be deemed to have represented that:
 - a. inspections made to check the quality or the quantity of the Work as it has been performed have been exhaustive, extended to every aspect of the Work in progress, or involved detailed inspections of the Work beyond the responsibilities specifically assigned to Engineer in the Contract; or
 - b. there may not be other matters or issues between the parties that might entitle Contractor to be paid additionally by Owner or entitle Owner to withhold payment to Contractor.
- 4. Neither Engineer's review of Contractor's Work for the purposes of recommending payments nor Engineer's recommendation of any payment, including final payment, will impose responsibility on Engineer:
 - a. to supervise, direct, or control the Work, or
 - b. for the means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures of construction, or the safety precautions and programs incident thereto, or
 - c. for Contractor's failure to comply with Laws and Regulations applicable to Contractor's performance of the Work, or
 - d. to make any examination to ascertain how or for what purposes Contractor has used the money paid on account of the Contract Price, or
 - e. to determine that title to any of the Work, materials, or equipment has passed to Owner free and clear of any Liens.
- 5. Engineer may refuse to recommend the whole or any part of any payment if, in Engineer's opinion, it would be incorrect to make the representations to Owner stated in Paragraph 15.01.C.2.
- 6. Engineer will recommend reductions in payment (set-offs) necessary in Engineer's opinion to protect Owner from loss because:
 - a. the Work is defective, requiring correction or replacement;
 - b. the Contract Price has been reduced by Change Orders;
 - c. Owner has been required to correct defective Work in accordance with Paragraph 14.07, or has accepted defective Work pursuant to Paragraph 14.04;
 - d. Owner has been required to remove or remediate a Hazardous Environmental Condition for which Contractor is responsible; or
 - e. Engineer has actual knowledge of the occurrence of any of the events that would constitute a default by Contractor and therefore justify termination for cause under the Contract Documents.

D. Payment Becomes Due:

 Ten days after presentation of the Application for Payment to Owner with Engineer's recommendation, the amount recommended (subject to any Owner set-offs) will become due, and when due will be paid by Owner to Contractor.

E. Reductions in Payment by Owner:

- In addition to any reductions in payment (set-offs) recommended by Engineer, Owner is entitled to impose a set-off against payment based on any of the following:
 - a. claims have been made against Owner on account of Contractor's conduct in the performance or furnishing of the Work, or Owner has incurred costs, losses, or damages on account of Contractor's conduct in the performance or furnishing of the Work, including but not limited to claims, costs, losses, or damages from workplace injuries, adjacent property damage, non-compliance with Laws and Regulations, and patent infringement;
 - Contractor has failed to take reasonable and customary measures to avoid damage, delay, disruption, and interference with other work at or adjacent to the Site;
 - c. Contractor has failed to provide and maintain required bonds or insurance;
 - d. Owner has been required to remove or remediate a Hazardous Environmental Condition for which Contractor is responsible;
 - e. Owner has incurred extra charges or engineering costs related to submittal reviews, evaluations of proposed substitutes, tests and inspections, or return visits to manufacturing or assembly facilities;
 - f. the Work is defective, requiring correction or replacement;
 - g. Owner has been required to correct defective Work in accordance with Paragraph 14.07, or has accepted defective Work pursuant to Paragraph 14.04;
 - the Contract Price has been reduced by Change Orders;
 - an event that would constitute a default by Contractor and therefore justify a termination for cause has occurred;
 - j. liquidated damages have accrued as a result of Contractor's failure to achieve Milestones, Substantial Completion, or final completion of the Work;
 - Liens have been filed in connection with the Work, except where Contractor has delivered a specific bond satisfactory to Owner to secure the satisfaction and discharge of such Liens;
 - I. there are other items entitling Owner to a set off against the amount recommended.
- 2. If Owner imposes any set-off against payment, whether based on its own knowledge or on the written recommendations of Engineer, Owner will give Contractor immediate written notice (with a copy to Engineer) stating the reasons for such action and the specific amount of the reduction, and promptly pay Contractor any amount remaining after deduction of the amount so withheld. Owner shall promptly pay Contractor the amount so withheld, or any adjustment thereto agreed to by Owner and Contractor, if Contractor remedies the reasons for such action. The reduction

- imposed shall be binding on Contractor unless it duly submits a Change Proposal contesting the reduction.
- 3. Upon a subsequent determination that Owner's refusal of payment was not justified, the amount wrongfully withheld shall be treated as an amount due as determined by Paragraph 15.01.C.1 and subject to interest as provided in the Agreement.

15.02 Contractor's Warranty of Title

A. Contractor warrants and guarantees that title to all Work, materials, and equipment furnished under the Contract will pass to Owner free and clear of (1) all Liens and other title defects, and (2) all patent, licensing, copyright, or royalty obligations, no later than seven days after the time of payment by Owner.

15.03 Substantial Completion

- A. When Contractor considers the entire Work ready for its intended use Contractor shall notify Owner and Engineer in writing that the entire Work is substantially complete and request that Engineer issue a certificate of Substantial Completion. Contractor shall at the same time submit to Owner and Engineer an initial draft of punch list items to be completed or corrected before final payment.
- B. Promptly after Contractor's notification, Owner, Contractor, and Engineer shall make an inspection of the Work to determine the status of completion. If Engineer does not consider the Work substantially complete, Engineer will notify Contractor in writing giving the reasons therefor.
- C. If Engineer considers the Work substantially complete, Engineer will deliver to Owner a preliminary certificate of Substantial Completion which shall fix the date of Substantial Completion. Engineer shall attach to the certificate a punch list of items to be completed or corrected before final payment. Owner shall have seven days after receipt of the preliminary certificate during which to make written objection to Engineer as to any provisions of the certificate or attached punch list. If, after considering the objections to the provisions of the preliminary certificate, Engineer concludes that the Work is not substantially complete, Engineer will, within 14 days after submission of the preliminary certificate to Owner, notify Contractor in writing that the Work is not substantially complete, stating the reasons therefor. If Owner does not object to the provisions of the certificate, or if despite consideration of Owner's objections Engineer concludes that the Work is substantially complete, then Engineer will, within said 14 days, execute and deliver to Owner and Contractor a final certificate of Substantial Completion (with a revised punch list of items to be completed or corrected) reflecting such changes from the preliminary certificate as Engineer believes justified after consideration of any objections from Owner.
- D. At the time of receipt of the preliminary certificate of Substantial Completion, Owner and Contractor will confer regarding Owner's use or occupancy of the Work following Substantial Completion, review the builder's risk insurance policy with respect to the end of the builder's risk coverage, and confirm the transition to coverage of the Work under a permanent property insurance policy held by Owner. Unless Owner and Contractor agree otherwise in writing, Owner shall bear responsibility for security, operation, protection of the Work, property insurance, maintenance, heat, and utilities upon Owner's use or occupancy of the Work.
- E. After Substantial Completion the Contractor shall promptly begin work on the punch list of items to be completed or corrected prior to final payment. In appropriate cases Contractor

- may submit monthly Applications for Payment for completed punch list items, following the progress payment procedures set forth above.
- F. Owner shall have the right to exclude Contractor from the Site after the date of Substantial Completion subject to allowing Contractor reasonable access to remove its property and complete or correct items on the punch list.

15.04 Partial Use or Occupancy

- A. Prior to Substantial Completion of all the Work, Owner may use or occupy any substantially completed part of the Work which has specifically been identified in the Contract Documents, or which Owner, Engineer, and Contractor agree constitutes a separately functioning and usable part of the Work that can be used by Owner for its intended purpose without significant interference with Contractor's performance of the remainder of the Work, subject to the following conditions:
 - At any time Owner may request in writing that Contractor permit Owner to use or occupy any such part of the Work that Owner believes to be substantially complete. If and when Contractor agrees that such part of the Work is substantially complete, Contractor, Owner, and Engineer will follow the procedures of Paragraph 15.03.A through E for that part of the Work.
 - At any time Contractor may notify Owner and Engineer in writing that Contractor considers any such part of the Work substantially complete and request Engineer to issue a certificate of Substantial Completion for that part of the Work.
 - 3. Within a reasonable time after either such request, Owner, Contractor, and Engineer shall make an inspection of that part of the Work to determine its status of completion. If Engineer does not consider that part of the Work to be substantially complete, Engineer will notify Owner and Contractor in writing giving the reasons therefor. If Engineer considers that part of the Work to be substantially complete, the provisions of Paragraph 15.03 will apply with respect to certification of Substantial Completion of that part of the Work and the division of responsibility in respect thereof and access thereto.
 - No use or occupancy or separate operation of part of the Work may occur prior to compliance with the requirements of Paragraph 6.05 regarding builder's risk or other property insurance.

15.05 Final Inspection

A. Upon written notice from Contractor that the entire Work or an agreed portion thereof is complete, Engineer will promptly make a final inspection with Owner and Contractor and will notify Contractor in writing of all particulars in which this inspection reveals that the Work, or agreed portion thereof, is incomplete or defective. Contractor shall immediately take such measures as are necessary to complete such Work or remedy such deficiencies.

15.06 Final Payment

A. Application for Payment:

 After Contractor has, in the opinion of Engineer, satisfactorily completed all corrections identified during the final inspection and has delivered, in accordance with the Contract Documents, all maintenance and operating instructions, schedules, guarantees, bonds, certificates or other evidence of insurance, certificates of inspection, annotated record documents (as provided in Paragraph 7.11), and other documents, Contractor may make application for final payment.

- 2. The final Application for Payment shall be accompanied (except as previously delivered) by:
 - a. all documentation called for in the Contract Documents;
 - b. consent of the surety, if any, to final payment;
 - c. satisfactory evidence that all title issues have been resolved such that title to all Work, materials, and equipment has passed to Owner free and clear of any Liens or other title defects, or will so pass upon final payment.
 - d. a list of all disputes that Contractor believes are unsettled; and
 - e. complete and legally effective releases or waivers (satisfactory to Owner) of all Lien rights arising out of the Work, and of Liens filed in connection with the Work.
- 3. In lieu of the releases or waivers of Liens specified in Paragraph 15.06.A.2 and as approved by Owner, Contractor may furnish receipts or releases in full and an affidavit of Contractor that: (a) the releases and receipts include all labor, services, material, and equipment for which a Lien could be filed; and (b) all payrolls, material and equipment bills, and other indebtedness connected with the Work for which Owner might in any way be responsible, or which might in any way result in liens or other burdens on Owner's property, have been paid or otherwise satisfied. If any Subcontractor or Supplier fails to furnish such a release or receipt in full, Contractor may furnish a bond or other collateral satisfactory to Owner to indemnify Owner against any Lien, or Owner at its option may issue joint checks payable to Contractor and specified Subcontractors and Suppliers.
- B. Engineer's Review of Application and Acceptance:
 - 1. If, on the basis of Engineer's observation of the Work during construction and final inspection, and Engineer's review of the final Application for Payment and accompanying documentation as required by the Contract Documents, Engineer is satisfied that the Work has been completed and Contractor's other obligations under the Contract have been fulfilled, Engineer will, within ten days after receipt of the final Application for Payment, indicate in writing Engineer's recommendation of final payment and present the Application for Payment to Owner for payment. Such recommendation shall account for any set-offs against payment that are necessary in Engineer's opinion to protect Owner from loss for the reasons stated above with respect to progress payments. At the same time Engineer will also give written notice to Owner and Contractor that the Work is acceptable, subject to the provisions of Paragraph 15.07. Otherwise, Engineer will return the Application for Payment to Contractor, indicating in writing the reasons for refusing to recommend final payment, in which case Contractor shall make the necessary corrections and resubmit the Application for Payment.
- C. Completion of Work: The Work is complete (subject to surviving obligations) when it is ready for final payment as established by the Engineer's written recommendation of final payment.
- D. Payment Becomes Due: Thirty days after the presentation to Owner of the final Application for Payment and accompanying documentation, the amount recommended by Engineer

(less any further sum Owner is entitled to set off against Engineer's recommendation, including but not limited to set-offs for liquidated damages and set-offs allowed under the provisions above with respect to progress payments) will become due and shall be paid by Owner to Contractor.

15.07 Waiver of Claims

- A. The making of final payment will not constitute a waiver by Owner of claims or rights against Contractor. Owner expressly reserves claims and rights arising from unsettled Liens, from defective Work appearing after final inspection pursuant to Paragraph 15.05, from Contractor's failure to comply with the Contract Documents or the terms of any special guarantees specified therein, from outstanding Claims by Owner, or from Contractor's continuing obligations under the Contract Documents.
- B. The acceptance of final payment by Contractor will constitute a waiver by Contractor of all claims and rights against Owner other than those pending matters that have been duly submitted or appealed under the provisions of Article 17.

15.08 Correction Period

- A. If within one year after the date of Substantial Completion (or such longer period of time as may be prescribed by the terms of any applicable special guarantee required by the Contract Documents, or by any specific provision of the Contract Documents), any Work is found to be defective, or if the repair of any damages to the Site, adjacent areas that Contractor has arranged to use through construction easements or otherwise, and other adjacent areas used by Contractor as permitted by Laws and Regulations, is found to be defective, then Contractor shall promptly, without cost to Owner and in accordance with Owner's written instructions:
 - 1. correct the defective repairs to the Site or such other adjacent areas;
 - 2. correct such defective Work;
 - 3. if the defective Work has been rejected by Owner, remove it from the Project and replace it with Work that is not defective, and
 - 4. satisfactorily correct or repair or remove and replace any damage to other Work, to the work of others, or to other land or areas resulting therefrom.
- B. If Contractor does not promptly comply with the terms of Owner's written instructions, or in an emergency where delay would cause serious risk of loss or damage, Owner may have the defective Work corrected or repaired or may have the rejected Work removed and replaced. Contractor shall pay all claims, costs, losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals and all court or arbitration or other dispute resolution costs) arising out of or relating to such correction or repair or such removal and replacement (including but not limited to all costs of repair or replacement of work of others).
- C. In special circumstances where a particular item of equipment is placed in continuous service before Substantial Completion of all the Work, the correction period for that item may start to run from an earlier date if so provided in the Specifications.
- D. Where defective Work (and damage to other Work resulting therefrom) has been corrected or removed and replaced under this paragraph, the correction period hereunder with

- respect to such Work will be extended for an additional period of one year after such correction or removal and replacement has been satisfactorily completed.
- E. Contractor's obligations under this paragraph are in addition to all other obligations and warranties. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be construed as a substitute for, or a waiver of, the provisions of any applicable statute of limitation or repose.

ARTICLE 16 - SUSPENSION OF WORK AND TERMINATION

16.01 Owner May Suspend Work

A. At any time and without cause, Owner may suspend the Work or any portion thereof for a period of not more than 90 consecutive days by written notice to Contractor and Engineer. Such notice will fix the date on which Work will be resumed. Contractor shall resume the Work on the date so fixed. Contractor shall be entitled to an adjustment in the Contract Price or an extension of the Contract Times, or both, directly attributable to any such suspension. Any Change Proposal seeking such adjustments shall be submitted no later than 30 days after the date fixed for resumption of Work.

16.02 Owner May Terminate for Cause

- A. The occurrence of any one or more of the following events will constitute a default by Contractor and justify termination for cause:
 - Contractor's persistent failure to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents (including, but not limited to, failure to supply sufficient skilled workers or suitable materials or equipment or failure to adhere to the Progress Schedule);
 - 2. Failure of Contractor to perform or otherwise to comply with a material term of the Contract Documents;
 - Contractor's disregard of Laws or Regulations of any public body having jurisdiction; or
 - 4. Contractor's repeated disregard of the authority of Owner or Engineer.
- B. If one or more of the events identified in Paragraph 16.02.A occurs, then after giving Contractor (and any surety) ten days written notice that Owner is considering a declaration that Contractor is in default and termination of the contract, Owner may proceed to:
 - 1. declare Contractor to be in default, and give Contractor (and any surety) notice that the Contract is terminated; and
 - 2. enforce the rights available to Owner under any applicable performance bond.
- C. Subject to the terms and operation of any applicable performance bond, if Owner has terminated the Contract for cause, Owner may exclude Contractor from the Site, take possession of the Work, incorporate in the Work all materials and equipment stored at the Site or for which Owner has paid Contractor but which are stored elsewhere, and complete the Work as Owner may deem expedient.
- D. Owner may not proceed with termination of the Contract under Paragraph 16.02.B if Contractor within seven days of receipt of notice of intent to terminate begins to correct its failure to perform and proceeds diligently to cure such failure.
- E. If Owner proceeds as provided in Paragraph 16.02.B, Contractor shall not be entitled to receive any further payment until the Work is completed. If the unpaid balance of the Contract Price exceeds the cost to complete the Work, including all related claims, costs,

losses, and damages (including but not limited to all fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals) sustained by Owner, such excess will be paid to Contractor. If the cost to complete the Work including such related claims, costs, losses, and damages exceeds such unpaid balance, Contractor shall pay the difference to Owner. Such claims, costs, losses, and damages incurred by Owner will be reviewed by Engineer as to their reasonableness and, when so approved by Engineer, incorporated in a Change Order. When exercising any rights or remedies under this paragraph, Owner shall not be required to obtain the lowest price for the Work performed.

- F. Where Contractor's services have been so terminated by Owner, the termination will not affect any rights or remedies of Owner against Contractor then existing or which may thereafter accrue, or any rights or remedies of Owner against Contractor or any surety under any payment bond or performance bond. Any retention or payment of money due Contractor by Owner will not release Contractor from liability.
- G. If and to the extent that Contractor has provided a performance bond under the provisions of Paragraph 6.01.A, the provisions of that bond shall govern over any inconsistent provisions of Paragraphs 16.02.B and 16.02.D.

16.03 Owner May Terminate For Convenience

- A. Upon seven days written notice to Contractor and Engineer, Owner may, without cause and without prejudice to any other right or remedy of Owner, terminate the Contract. In such case, Contractor shall be paid for (without duplication of any items):
 - completed and acceptable Work executed in accordance with the Contract Documents prior to the effective date of termination, including fair and reasonable sums for overhead and profit on such Work;
 - expenses sustained prior to the effective date of termination in performing services and furnishing labor, materials, or equipment as required by the Contract Documents in connection with uncompleted Work, plus fair and reasonable sums for overhead and profit on such expenses; and
 - other reasonable expenses directly attributable to termination, including costs incurred to prepare a termination for convenience cost proposal.
- B. Contractor shall not be paid on account of loss of anticipated overhead, profits, or revenue, or other economic loss arising out of or resulting from such termination.

16.04 Contractor May Stop Work or Terminate

- A. If, through no act or fault of Contractor, (1) the Work is suspended for more than 90 consecutive days by Owner or under an order of court or other public authority, or (2) Engineer fails to act on any Application for Payment within 30 days after it is submitted, or (3) Owner fails for 30 days to pay Contractor any sum finally determined to be due, then Contractor may, upon seven days written notice to Owner and Engineer, and provided Owner or Engineer do not remedy such suspension or failure within that time, terminate the contract and recover from Owner payment on the same terms as provided in Paragraph 16.03.
- B. In lieu of terminating the Contract and without prejudice to any other right or remedy, if Engineer has failed to act on an Application for Payment within 30 days after it is submitted, or Owner has failed for 30 days to pay Contractor any sum finally determined to be due, Contractor may, seven days after written notice to Owner and Engineer, stop the

Work until payment is made of all such amounts due Contractor, including interest thereon. The provisions of this paragraph are not intended to preclude Contractor from submitting a Change Proposal for an adjustment in Contract Price or Contract Times or otherwise for expenses or damage directly attributable to Contractor's stopping the Work as permitted by this paragraph.

ARTICLE 17 – FINAL RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES

17.01 Methods and Procedures

- A. *Disputes Subject to Final Resolution*: The following disputed matters are subject to final resolution under the provisions of this Article:
 - 1. A timely appeal of an approval in part and denial in part of a Claim, or of a denial in full; and
 - 2. Disputes between Owner and Contractor concerning the Work or obligations under the Contract Documents, and arising after final payment has been made.
- B. Final Resolution of Disputes: For any dispute subject to resolution under this Article, Owner or Contractor may:
 - 1. elect in writing to invoke the dispute resolution process provided for in the Supplementary Conditions; or
 - 2. agree with the other party to submit the dispute to another dispute resolution process; or
 - 3. if no dispute resolution process is provided for in the Supplementary Conditions or mutually agreed to, give written notice to the other party of the intent to submit the dispute to a court of competent jurisdiction.

ARTICLE 18 - MISCELLANEOUS

18.01 Giving Notice

- A. Whenever any provision of the Contract Documents requires the giving of written notice, it will be deemed to have been validly given if:
 - delivered in person, by a commercial courier service or otherwise, to the individual or to a member of the firm or to an officer of the corporation for which it is intended; or
 - 2. delivered at or sent by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, to the last business address known to the sender of the notice.

18.02 Computation of Times

A. When any period of time is referred to in the Contract by days, it will be computed to exclude the first and include the last day of such period. If the last day of any such period falls on a Saturday or Sunday or on a day made a legal holiday by the law of the applicable jurisdiction, such day will be omitted from the computation.

18.03 Cumulative Remedies

A. The duties and obligations imposed by these General Conditions and the rights and remedies available hereunder to the parties hereto are in addition to, and are not to be construed in any way as a limitation of, any rights and remedies available to any or all of them which are otherwise imposed or available by Laws or Regulations, by special warranty or guarantee, or by other provisions of the Contract. The provisions of this paragraph will be as effective as if repeated specifically in the Contract Documents in connection with each particular duty, obligation, right, and remedy to which they apply.

18.04 Limitation of Damages

A. With respect to any and all Change Proposals, Claims, disputes subject to final resolution, and other matters at issue, neither Owner nor Engineer, nor any of their officers, directors, members, partners, employees, agents, consultants, or subcontractors, shall be liable to Contractor for any claims, costs, losses, or damages sustained by Contractor on or in connection with any other project or anticipated project.

18.05 No Waiver

A. A party's non-enforcement of any provision shall not constitute a waiver of that provision, nor shall it affect the enforceability of that provision or of the remainder of this Contract.

18.06 Survival of Obligations

A. All representations, indemnifications, warranties, and guarantees made in, required by, or given in accordance with the Contract, as well as all continuing obligations indicated in the Contract, will survive final payment, completion, and acceptance of the Work or termination or completion of the Contract or termination of the services of Contractor.

18.07 Controlling Law

A. This Contract is to be governed by the law of the state in which the Project is located.

18.08 Headings

A. Article and paragraph headings are inserted for convenience only and do not constitute parts of these General Conditions.

SUPPLMENTARY CONDITIONS



RD SUPPLEMENTARY GENERAL CONDITIONS TO EJCDC GENERAL CONDITIONS

RD SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL CONDITIONS TO EJCDC GENERAL CONDITIONS

These Supplementary General Conditions amend or supplement the Standard General Conditions of the Construction Contract, EJCDC® C-700 (2013 Edition). All provisions that are not so amended or supplemented remain in full force and effect.

These revisions to the General Conditions are requirements of the funding agency, USDA Rural Development Utilities Service, and are applied in conjunction with the GRW Supplemental General Conditions.

The terms used in these Supplementary General Conditions have the meanings stated in the General Conditions. Additional terms used in these Supplementary General Conditions have the meanings stated below, which are applicable to both the singular and plural thereof.

The address system used in these Supplementary General Conditions is the same as the address system used in the General Conditions, with the prefix "SGC" added thereto.

SGC-1.01.A.8.

Add the following language to the end of Paragraph 1.01.A.8:

The Change Order form to be used on this Project is EJCDC No. C-941. Agency approval is required before Change Orders are effective.

SGC-1.01.

Add the following language at the end of the last sentence of Paragraph 1.01.A.48:

A Work Change Directive cannot change Contract Price or Contract Times without a subsequent Change Order.

SGC-1.01.

Add the following new Paragraph after Paragraph 1.01.A.48:

49. Abnormal Weather Conditions – Conditions of extreme or unusual weather for a given region, elevation, or season as determined by Engineer. Extreme or unusual weather that is typical for a given region, elevation, or season should not be considered Abnormal Weather Conditions.

SGC-1.01

Add the following new Paragraph after Paragraph 1.01.A.49:

50. Agency - The Project is financed in whole or in part by USDA Rural Utilities Service pursuant to the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 USC Section 1921 et seq.). The Rural Utilities Service programs are administered through the USDA Rural Development offices; therefore, the Agency

for these documents is USDA Rural Development.

SGC-2.02

Delete Paragraph 2.02.A in its entirety and insert the following new paragraph in its place:

A. Owner shall furnish to Contractor five copies of conformed Contract Documents incorporating and integrating all Addenda and any amendments negotiated prior to the Effective Date of the Contract (including one fully executed counterpart of the Agreement), and one copy in electronic portable document format (PDF). Additional printed copies of the conformed Contract Documents will be furnished upon request at the cost of reproduction.

SGC-4.01

Delete the following sentence from Paragraph 4.01A:

In no event will the Contract Times commence to run later than the ninetieth day after the day of Bid opening or the thirtieth day after the Effective Date of the Agreement, whichever date is earlier.

SGC-4.05

Replace the phrase "abnormal weather conditions" from Paragraph 4.05.C.2 and replace with "Abnormal Weather Conditions"

SGC-5.03

Add the following new paragraph after Paragraph 5.03B:

If any geotechnical exploration for the project was performed and reported, said report will be included as an Appendix. The geotechnical report shall be used as a reference and all recommendations included therein shall be followed in full.

SGC-5.06

Add the following new paragraph immediately after Paragraph 5.06.A.2:

3. If any Hazardous Conditions were reported, said report will be included as an Appendix.

SGC-6.03

Add the following paragraphs after Paragraph 6.03.J:

K. The insurance required by this Paragraph shall include specific coverage and be written for not less than the limits of liability and coverages tabulated in the prototype Certificate of Insurance included as Section 00 62 16, or as required by law, whichever is greater.

SGC-7.04

Amend the third sentence of Paragraph 7.04.A by deleting the following words:

Unless the specification or description contains or is followed by words reading that no like, equivalent or "or-equal" item is permitted

SGC-7.04

Amend the last sentence of Paragraph 7.04.A.1.a.3 by striking out "and", and adding a period at the end of said paragraph.

SGC-7.04

Delete Paragraph 7.04.A.1.a.4 in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

(Deleted)

SGC-7.06

Amend Paragraph 7.06.A by adding the following text to the end of the Paragraph:

The contractor shall not award work valued at more than fifty percent of the Contract Price to Subcontractor(s), without prior written approval of the Owner.

SGC-7.06

Delete Paragraph 7.06.B in its entirety and insert the following in its place.

(Deleted)

SGC-7.06

Amend the second sentence of Paragraph 7.06.E by striking out "Owner may also require Contractor to retain specific replacements; provided, however, that".

SGC-10.03.A.

The Duties, Responsibilities, and Limitations of Authority of the Resident Project Representative will be as stated in the document attached to these Supplementary General Conditions.

SGC-11.07

Add the following new paragraph immediately after Paragraph 11.07B:

11.07.C All Contract Change Orders must be concurred in by Agency before they are effective.

SGC-13.02

Delete Paragraph 13.02.C in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

(Deleted)

SGC-15.01

Amend the second sentence of Paragraph 15.01B.1 by striking out the following text: "a bill of sale, invoice or other".

SGC-15.01

Add the following new paragraph after Paragraph 15.01.B.3:

4. The Application for Payment form to be used on this Project is EJCDC No. C-620. The Agency must approve all Applications for Payment before payment is made.

SGC-15.01

Add the following language at the end of Paragraph 15.01.B.3:

No payments will be made that would deplete the retainage, place in escrow any funds that are required for retainage, or invest the retainage for the benefit of the Contractor.

SGC-15.01

Delete Paragraph 15.01.D.1 in its entirety and insert the following in its place:

The Application for Payment with Engineer's recommendations will be presented to the Owner and Agency for consideration. If both Owner and Agency find the Application for Payment acceptable, the recommended amount less any reduction under the provisions of Paragraph 15.01.E will become due twenty (20) days after the Application for Payment is presented to the Owner, and the Owner will make payment to the Contractor.

SGC-15.02

Amend Paragraph 15.02.A by striking out the following text: "no later than seven days after the time of payment by Owner" and inserting "no later than the time of payment by the Owner.":

SGC-18.11

Add the following new paragraph after Paragraph 18.10:

18.11 Tribal Sovereignty.

A. No provision of this Agreement will be construed by any of the signatories as abridging or debilitating any sovereign powers of the named Tribe; affecting the trust-beneficiary relationship between the Secretary of the Interior, Tribe and Indian landowner(s); or interfering with the government-to government relationship between the United States and the Tribe.

SGC-19 Add a new Article 19, "Federal Requirements," after Article 18.

SGC-19.01

Add the following language at the beginning of Article 18 with the title "Agency Not a Party."

A. This Contract is expected to be funded in part with funds provided by Agency. Neither Agency, nor any of its departments, entities, or employees is a party to this Contract.

SGC-19.02

Add the following language after Article 19.01.A with the title "Contract Approval."

- A. Owner and Contractor will furnish Owner's attorney such evidence as required so that Owner's attorney can complete and execute the following "Certificate of Owner's Attorney" (Exhibit GC-A) before Owner submits the executed Contract Documents to Agency for approval.
- B. Concurrence by Agency in the award of the Contract is required before the Contract is effective.

SC 19.03

Add the following language after Article 19.02.B with the title "Conflict of Interest."

A. Contractor may not knowingly contract with a supplier or manufacturer if the individual or entity who prepared the plans and specifications has a corporate or financial affiliation with the supplier or manufacturer. Owner's officers, employees, or agents shall not engage in the award or administration of this Contract if a conflict of interest, real or apparent, would be involved. Such a conflict would arise when: (i) the employee, officer or agent; (ii) any member of their immediate family; (iii) their partner or (iv) an organization that employs, or is about to employ, any of the above, has a financial interest in Contractor. Owner's officers, employees, or agents shall neither solicit nor accept gratuities, favors or anything of monetary value from Contractor or subcontractors.

SC-19.04

Add the following language after Article 19.03.A with the title "Gratuities."

- A. If Owner finds after a notice and hearing that Contractor, or any of Contractor's agents or representatives, offered or gave gratuities (in the form of entertainment, gifts, or otherwise) to any official, employee, or agent of Owner or Agency in an attempt to secure this Contract or favorable treatment in awarding, amending, or making any determinations related to the performance of this Contract, Owner may, by written notice to Contractor, terminate this Contract. Owner may also pursue other rights and remedies that the law or this Contract provides. However, the existence of the facts on which Owner bases such findings shall be an issue and may be reviewed in proceedings under the dispute resolution provisions of this Contract.
- B. In the event this Contract is terminated as provided in paragraph 19.04.A, Owner may pursue the same remedies against Contractor as it could pursue in the event of a breach of this Contract by Contractor. As a penalty, in addition to any other damages to which it

may be entitled by law, Owner may pursue exemplary damages in an amount (as determined by Owner) which shall not be less than three nor more than ten times the costs Contractor incurs in providing any such gratuities to any such officer or employee.

SC-19.05

Add the following language after Article 19.04.B with the title "Audit and Access to Records."

A. Owner, Agency, the Comptroller General of the United States, or any of their duly authorized representatives, shall have access to any books, documents, papers, and records of the Engineer which are pertinent to the Agreement, for the purpose of making audits, examinations, excerpts, and transcriptions. Engineer shall maintain all required records for three years after final payment is made and all other pending matters are closed.

SC-19.06

Add the following language after Article 18.05.A with the title "Small, Minority and Women's Businesses."

A. If Contractor intends to let any subcontracts for a portion of the work, Contractor shall take affirmative steps to assure that small, minority and women's businesses are used when possible as sources of supplies, equipment, construction, and services. Affirmative steps shall consist of: (1) including qualified small, minority and women's businesses on solicitation lists; (2) assuring that small, minority and women's businesses are solicited whenever they are potential sources; (3) dividing total requirements when economically feasible, into small tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation of small, minority, and women's businesses; (4) establishing delivery schedules, where the requirements of the work permit, which will encourage participation by small, minority and women's businesses; (5) using the services and assistance of the Small Business Administration and the Minority Business Development Agency of the U.S. Department of Commerce; (6) requiring each party to a subcontract to take the affirmative steps of this section; and (7) Contractor is encouraged to procure goods and services from labor surplus area firms.

SGC-19.07 Add the following after Article 19.06.A with the title "Anti-Kickback."

A. Contractor shall comply with the Copeland Anti-Kickback Act (18 USC 874 and 40 USC 276c) as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 3, "Contractors and Subcontractors on Public Buildings or Public Works Financed in Whole or in Part by Loans or Grants of the United States"). The Act provides that Contractor or subcontractor shall be prohibited from inducing, by any means, any person employed in the construction, completion, or repair of public facilities, to give up any part of the compensation to which they are otherwise entitled. Owner shall report all suspected or reported violations to Agency.

SGC-19.08

Add the following after Article 19.07.A with the title "Clean Air and Pollution Control Acts."

A. If this Contract exceeds \$100,000, Compliance with all applicable standards, orders, or requirements issued under section 306 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 1857(h) and 42 USC 7401et. seq.), section 508 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1368) and Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 USC 1251 et seq.), Executive Order 11738, and

Environmental Protection Agency regulations (40 CFR part 15) is required. Contractor will report violations to the Agency and the Regional Office of the EPA.

SGC-19.09

Add the following after Article 19.08 with the title "State Energy Policy."

A. Contractor shall comply with the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (P.L. 94-163). Mandatory standards and policies relating to energy efficiency, contained in any applicable State Energy Conservation Plan, shall be utilized.

SGC-19.10 Add the following after Article 19.09 with the title "Equal Opportunity Requirements."

- A. If this Contract exceeds \$10,000, Contractor shall comply with Executive Order 11246, "Equal Employment Opportunity," as amended by Executive Order 11375, "Amending Executive Order 11246 Relating to Equal Employment Opportunity," and as supplemented by regulations at 41 CFR part 60, "Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, Equal Employment Opportunity, Department of Labor."
- B. Contractor's compliance with Executive Order 11246 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative active obligations required by the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications, as set forth in 41 CFR Part 60-4 and its efforts to meet the goals established for the geographical area where the Contract is to be performed. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the Contract, and in each trade, and Contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting Contractor's goals shall be a violation of the Contract, the Executive Order, and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.
- C. Contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs within 10 working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 at any tier for construction work under the Contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address, and telephone number of the subcontractor; employer identification number; estimated dollar amount of subcontract; estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract; and the geographical area in which the Contract is to be performed.

SGC-19.11

Add the following after Article 19.10.C:

19.11 Restrictions on Lobbying.

A. Contractor and each subcontractor shall comply with Restrictions on Lobbying (Public Law 101-121, Section 319) as supplemented by applicable Agency regulations. This Law applies to the recipients of contracts and subcontracts that exceed \$100,000 at any tier under a Federal loan that exceeds \$150,000 or a Federal grant that exceeds \$100,000. If applicable, Contractor must complete a certification form on lobbying activities related to a specific Federal loan or grant that is a funding source for this Contract. Each tier certifies to the tier above that it will not and has not used Federal appropriated funds to pay any person or organization for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of

any agency, a member of Congress, or an employee of a member of Congress in connection with obtaining any Federal contract, grant, or any other award covered by 31 USC 1352. Each tier shall disclose any lobbying with non-Federal funds that takes place in connection with obtaining any Federal award. Certifications and disclosures are forwarded from tier to tier up to the Owner. Necessary certification and disclosure forms shall be provided by Owner.

SGC-19.12

Add the following after Article 19.11.A:

19.12 Environmental Requirements.

When constructing a project involving trenching and/or other related earth excavations, Contractor shall comply with the following environmental constraints:

- A. Wetlands When disposing of excess, spoil, or other construction materials on public or private property, Contractor shall not fill in or otherwise convert wetlands.
- B. Floodplains When disposing of excess, spoil, or other construction materials on public or private property, Contractor shall not fill in or otherwise convert 100 year floodplain areas delineated on the latest Federal Emergency Management Agency Floodplain Maps, or other appropriate maps, i.e., alluvial soils on NRCS Soil Survey Maps.
- C. Historic Preservation Any excavation by Contractor that uncovers an historical or archaeological artifact shall be immediately reported to Owner and a representative of Agency. Construction shall be temporarily halted pending the notification process and further directions issued by Agency after consultation with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO).
- D. Endangered Species Contractor shall comply with the Endangered Species Act, which provides for the protection of endangered and/or threatened species and critical habitat. Should any evidence of the presence of endangered and/or threatened species or their critical habitat be brought to the attention of Contractor, Contractor will immediately report this evidence to Owner and a representative of Agency. Construction shall be temporarily halted pending the notification process and further directions issued by Agency after consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.
- E. Mitigation Measures If the project had an Environmental Report, Environmental Assessment, or Environmental Impact Statement to meet the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act, compliance with the mitigation measures, if any, in that document are hereby included as a condition of this contract.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS



DIVISION 01 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



SUMMARY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Work covered by the Contract Documents.
 - 2. Sequence of Operations.
 - 3. Utility Shutdowns
 - 4. Tie-ins and Disconnections
 - 5. Temporary Systems
 - 6. Use of premises.
 - 7. Specification formats and conventions.

1.02 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A. The Contractor shall provide all material, services, labor, tools and equipment, necessary to construct this project. The following is a brief description of the major work items included in the contract:
 - 250,000 Gallon Elevated Water Storage Tank
 - Tank Foundation and Painting of Tank including signage
 - Site Work, Piping, Valves, Vault, and Electric
 - Fencing Site
 - Cathodic Protection
 - Demolition of existing Manse Tank, Burdette Knob Tank and Harmons Lick Tank

1.03 SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS

Not used

1.04 UTILITY SHUTDOWNS

- A. One-week advance notice to the Owner is required prior to performing any utility shutdown unless of an emergency in nature.
- B. Contractor shall know where all existing valves are located on the water line replacement section and shall be able to shut down expeditiously in case of line breaks.
- C. The existing water line is shown as an approximate location on the plans. The contractor shall use extreme caution while laying line not to break existing line and interrupt service to owner's existing customers.
- D. Length of shutdowns on the existing system should be pre-determined before construction by owner, engineer, and contractor.

1.05 TIE-INS AND DISCONNECTIONS

A. Contractor shall furnish all materials and shall provide excavation, de-watering, scaffolding and support operations to support tie-ins.

1.06 TEMPORARY SYSTEM (S)

A. All temporary water lines and hoses shall be depressurized and all temporary electrical lines and equipment de-energized when not in use and at the end of each workday.

1.07 SPECIFICATION FORMATS AND CONVENTIONS

A. Specification Format: The Specifications are organized into Division and Sections using the 17-division format.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

Not used

PART 3 - EXECUTION

Not used

WORK SEQUENCE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for review and acceptance a complete schedule of his proposed sequence of construction operations and payment prior to commencement of work. However, the Engineer shall not accept a construction schedule that fails to utilize the entire time allocated for the construction of the water system extension. This schedule requirement in no way prevents the Contractor from completing the project in a shorter time frame than scheduled. The construction schedule shall be submitted and approved by the Owner prior to the submittal of the first partial payment request. A revised construction schedule shall be submitted with every subsequent partial payment request. This revised schedule must be approved by the Owner prior to payment

1.02 RELATED WORK

A. Section 01010 - Summary of Work.

1.03 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Any delays caused by the Contractor shall be at his expense and at no cost to the Owner or Engineer.

OCCUPANCY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. The Contractor shall be aware that after each major portion of the project is completed, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer that those specific operations are complete and prior to replacing that portion of the work into service shall request an interim inspection of the work to be returned to or placed into service.
- B. The interim inspection requested by the Contractor shall not preclude or supersede the final inspection of the project or reduce the Contractor's responsibility for the completed portion prior to final acceptance of the work by the Owner.
- C. The Contractor shall provide all necessary temporary controls and other items required for operation of all work placed into service prior to final acceptance as required. At such time as new controls, etc. are complete and functioning, the Contractor shall remove all temporary installed items.

- END OF SECTION -

16039/5.25.2017 OCCUPANCY

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

The Contractor shall furnish all necessary labor, machinery, tools, apparatus, equipment, materials, equipment, service, other necessary supplies and perform all work, including all excavation and backfilling (without additional compensation, except where specifically set out in these specifications) at the unit or lump sum prices for the following items.

1.02 PROGRESS AND PAYMENTS SCHEDULES

- A. Within fifteen (15) days after the date of formal execution of the AGREEMENT, the Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Engineer, for approval, a construction schedule which depicts the Contractor's plan for completing the contract requirements and show work placement in dollars versus contract time. The Contractor's construction schedule must be approved by the Engineer before any payments will be made on this contract.
- B. Within fifteen (15) days after the date of formal execution of the CONTRACT AGREEMENT, the Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Engineer, for approval, a periodic estimate which depicts the Contractor's cost for completing the contract requirements and show by major unit of the project work, the Contractor's dollar value for the material and the labor (two separate amounts) to be used as a basis for the periodic payments. The Contractor's periodic estimate must be approved by the Engineer before any payments will be made on this contract.
- C. The Engineer's decision as to sufficiency and completeness of the Contractor's construction schedule and periodic estimate will be final.
- D. The Contractor must make current, to the satisfaction of the Engineer, the construction schedule and periodic estimate each time he requests a payment on this contract.
- E. The Contractor's construction schedule and periodic estimate must be maintained at the construction site available for inspection and shall be revised to incorporate approved change orders as they occur.
- F. When the Contractor requests a payment on this contract, it must be on the approved periodic estimate and be current. Further, the current periodic estimate and construction schedule (both updated and revised) shall be submitted for review and approval by the Engineer before monthly payments will be made by the Owner. The Contractor shall submit six (6) current copies of each (periodic estimate and construction schedule) when requesting payment.

1.03 CONDITIONS FOR PAYMENT

- A. The Owner will make payments for acceptable work in place and materials properly stored onsite. The value of payment shall be as established on the approved construction schedule and periodic estimate, EXCEPT the Owner will retain five percent (5%) of the work in place and a percentage as hereinafter listed for items properly stored or untested.
- B. No payment will be made for stored materials unless a proper invoice form the supplier is attached to the pay request. Further, no item whose value is less than \$1,000 will be considered as stored materials for pay purposes.

- C. Payment for pipeline items shall be limited to eighty percent (80%) of the bid price until the pipeline items have been tested and clean up has been completed and accepted by the Engineer.
- D. Payment for equipment items shall be limited to eighty-five percent (85%) of their scheduled value (materials portion only) until they are set in place. Eighty-five percent (85%) for stored materials and equipment shall be contingent on proper on-site storage as recommended by the manufacturer or required by the Engineer.
- E. Payment for equipment items set in place shall be limited to ninety percent (90%) of their scheduled value until they are ready for operation and have been certified by the manufacturer. Ninety percent (90%) payment for installed equipment shall be contingent on proper routine maintenance of the equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- F. Payment for equipment items set in place and ready for operation shall be limited to ninety-five percent (95%) of their scheduled value until all acceptance tests have been completed and the required manufacturer's pre-startup operator's training has been completed.
- G. Payment for the labor portion of equipment items will be subject only to the degree of completeness and the appropriate retainage.
- H. The retainage shall be an amount equal to 5% of said estimate. The retainage on the equipment items shall be 5% as defined hereinbefore.
- I. If at any time thereafter when the progress of the WORK is not satisfactory or determine that the Contractor is not making satisfactory progress, additional amounts may be retained.

1.04 CLAIMS FOR EXTRA WORK

- A. If the Contractor claims that any instructions by Drawings or otherwise involve extra cost, he shall give the Engineer written notice of said claim within ten (10) days after the receipt of such instructions and, in any event before proceeding to execute the work, stating clearly and in detail the basis of his claim or claims. No such claim shall be valid unless so made.
- B. Claims for additional compensation for extra work, due to alleged errors in spot elevations, contour lines or bench marks, will not be recognized unless accompanied by certified survey data, made prior to the time the original ground was disturbed, clearly showing that errors exist which resulted, or would result, in handling more material or performing more work than would reasonably be estimated from the Drawings and topographical maps issued.
- C. Any discrepancies which may be discovered between actual conditions and those represented by the topographical maps and Drawings shall at once be reported to the Engineer, and work shall not proceed, except at the Contractor's risk, until written instructions have been received by him from the Engineer.
- D. If, on the basis of the available evidence, the Engineer determines that an adjustment of the Contract Price or time is justifiable, the procedure shall then be as provided herein for "Changes in the Work".
 - E. By execution of this Contract, the Contractor warrants that he has visited the site of the proposed work and fully acquainted himself with the conditions there existing relating to construction and labor, and that he fully understands the facilities, difficulties and restrictions attending the execution of the work under this Contract. The Contractor further warrants that he has thoroughly examined and is familiar with the Drawings, Specifications and all other documents comprising the Contract. The Contractor further warrants that by execution of this Contract his failure when he was bidding on this Contract to receive or examine any form, instrument or document, or to visit the site and acquaint himself with conditions there existing, in no way relieves him from any obligation under the Contract, and the Contractor agrees that the Owner

shall be justified in rejecting any claim based on facts regarding which he should have been on notice as a result thereof.

1.05 DETERMINATION OF THE VALUE OF EXTRA (ADDITIONAL) OR OMITTED WORK

- A. The value of extra (additional) or omitted work shall be determined in one or more of the following ways:
 - 1. On the basis of the actual cost of all the items of labor (including on-the-job supervision), materials and use of equipment, plus a maximum 20% for added work or a minimum 20% for deleted work which shall cover the Contractor's general supervision, overhead and profit. In case of subcontracts, the sum of total overhead amounts of the subcontractors and Contractor, plus total profit amounts for the subcontracts and Contractor shall not exceed 25% of the cost. Subcontractors shall be limited to 15% and Contractors shall be limited to 10% for combined overhead and profit. The cost of labor shall include required insurance, taxes and fringe benefits. Contractor to provide detailed breakdown of all cost as justification of change in work. Equipment costs shall be based on current rental rates in the areas where the work is being performed, but in no case shall such costs be greater than the current rates published by the Associated Equipment Distributors, Chicago, Illinois.
 - 2. By estimate and acceptance in a lump sum.
 - 3. By unit prices named in the Contract or subsequently agreed upon.
- B. Provided, however, that the cost or estimated cost of all extra (additional) work shall be determined in advance of authorization by the Engineer and approved by the Owner.
- C. All extra (additional) work shall be executed under the conditions of the original Contract. Any claim for extension of time shall be adjusted according to the proportionate increase or decrease in the final total cost of the work unless negotiated on another basis.
- D. Except for over-runs in contract unit price items, no extra (additional) work shall be done except upon a written change Order from the Engineer, and no claim on the part of the Contractor for pay for extra (additional) work shall be recognized unless so ordered in writing by the Engineer.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 NEW ELEVATED WATER STORAGE TANK AND FOUNDATION

Payment is lump sum for the construction of one new 250,000 gallon elevated water storage tank at the location and elevation as shown on the plans, complete in place. The payment shall constitute full compensation for all insurance, mobilization, demobilization, material, equipment, supplies, all structural design and submittals for the total contract, tank testing, sandblasting, 3 coats of paint, curing, touch-ups, cost of water for testing, disinfection, tank appurtenances, interior check valves (tideflex), erection, piping, overflow structure, level indicator, hatches, ladder, cathodic protection system, safety climb system and ladder cage as shown on the plans, and all other related items necessary for the complete installation.

2.02 ELEVATED TANK FOUNDATION AND EXCAVATION

Payment is lump sum for the complete-in-place foundation for the elevated water tank as shown on the Contract Drawings. Payment to include supplying all labor and materials necessary for a complete installation, rock excavation, all excavation (unclassified), concrete, steel reinforcing, backfill, concrete

testing, related foundation items and all site grading, restoration and all other items necessary for a complete installation.

2.03 SITE GRADING, ACCESS ROAD AND SITE RESTORATION

Payment is lump sum for the complete site grading and excavated site materials for the elevated water storage tanks as shown on the Contract Drawings. Payment to include all site grading, hauling, rock removal, access road, restoration, and all other items necessary for a complete installation. This shall include placement of gravel on the proposed access road as shown on the standard details, grading, compaction and other related items. This shall also include final cleanup, seeding, and mulching.

2.04 INLET/OUTLET PIPING, VALVES, VAULT, FITTINGS

Payment is lump sum for a complete in place construction for site piping, concrete vault, interior vault piping, grip rings, yard piping, concrete headwalls, riprap, gate valves, hydrant, fittings, and other related items necessary for a complete installation as shown on the Contract Drawings.

2.05 CHAIN LINK FENCING AND GATE

Payment is lump sum for the proposed chain link fencing and gate to be installed to the dimensions shown on the Drawings. Payment to include cost of excavation, concrete, grading, materials, compaction and other related items necessary for a complete installation.

2.06 EXISTING MANSE TANK DEMOLITION

Payment is lump sum for the demolition of the existing water storage tank and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings. Payment to include cost of demolition and proper disposal of existing water storage tank, valves, valve vault, hydrant, etc. and shall also include final cleanup, seeding, and mulching.

2.07 EXISTING BURDETTE KNOB TANK DEMOLITION

Payment is lump sum for the demolition of the existing water storage tank and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings. Payment to include cost of demolition and proper disposal of existing water storage tank, valves, valve vault, hydrant, etc. and shall also include final cleanup, seeding, and mulching.

2.08 EXISTING HARMONS LICK TANK DEMOLITION

Payment is lump sum for the demolition of the existing water storage tank and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings. Payment to include cost of demolition and proper disposal of existing water storage tank valves, valve vault, hydrant, etc. and shall also include final cleanup, seeding, and mulching.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PAY ITEMS

- A. The pay items listed herein before refer to the items listed in the Bid Schedule and cover all of the pay items under the base bid for this contract.
- B. Any and all other items of work listed in the specifications or shown on the Contract Drawings for this contract shall be considered incidental to and included in those pay items.

3.02 QUANTITIES OF ESTIMATE

A. Wherever the estimated quantities of work to be done and materials to be furnished under this Contract are shown in any of the documents, including the Bid Proposal, they are given for use in comparing bids 16039/5.25.2017 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

and the right is especially reserved except as herein otherwise specifically limited, to increase or diminish them as may be deemed reasonably necessary or desirable by the Owner to complete the work contemplated by this Contract, and such increase or diminution shall not give cause for claims or liability for damages. The Engineer will not be financially responsible for any omissions from the Contract Documents and therefore not included by the Contractor in his proposal.

- B. Aerial photographs utilized for plan sheets in the Contract Documents are indicated at an approximate scale and shall not be scaled for quantity take-offs. The pipeline quantities listed in the Bid Schedule are given for use in comparing bids and may not be the actual quantities to be installed. It is the Contractor's responsibility to field verify the length and quantities of pipeline to be installed prior to the ordering of materials. Payment on unit price contracts are based on actual quantities installed. The Owner or Engineer will not be financially responsible for any shortage of pipe or overrun of pipe ordered for the pipeline quantities.
- C. The actual quantities of all materials to be used for this project shall be field verified prior to the Contractor ordering the necessary materials. The quantity listed in the bid schedule is given for use in comparing bids and may increase or diminish as may be deemed necessary or as directed by the Owner. Any such increase or diminution shall not give cause for claims or liability for damages. The Engineer or Owner will not be financially responsible for any charges incurred for restocking of materials ordered.

LABOR PROVISIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. The Contractor shall conform to all provisions of the Kentucky Department of Labor, Wage Decisions (latest revisions), relative to minimum wages and hours as they may apply to the work to be accomplished under these specifications.
 - B. In addition to the above, certain Federal laws and regulations shall govern the work and shall supplement or supplant the Kentucky Department of Labor Wage Decisions cited above, as the case may be.

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS

A. Section 3 - Part 1 Hours and Wages

1.03 WAGE RATES

Prevailing wage rates DO NOT apply to this job. The Contractor will utilize, when feasible, local labor and will pay them wages commensurate with the wages prevailing in the Community.

1.04 LABOR PREFERENCE

Where feasible, the Contractor will utilize local labor.

1.05 HOURS OF WORK

- A. Hours of work shall be as set out in Kentucky Department of Labor Wage Decisions (latest revisions); that is, not more than eight (8) hours in one calendar day, nor more than forty (40) hours in one week, except in case of emergency caused by fire, flood or damage to life and property.
- B. Any laborer, workman, mechanic, helper, assistant or apprentice working in excess of forty (40) hours per week, except in case of emergency, shall be paid not less than 1-1/2 times the wage rate. Whenever overtime work is scheduled, the Contractor shall give prior notice to the Owner.

1.06 OVERTIME WORK

A. Any overtime work (greater than 40 hours in one week) shall require the Contractor to reimburse the Owner for additional resident inspection costs at an hourly rate of \$65.00 per hour.

COORDINATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 COORDINATION OF THE WORK

The Contractor shall coordinate the work of all the crafts, trades and subcontractors engaged on the Work, and he shall have final responsibility as regards the schedule, workmanship and completeness of each and all parts of the Work.

All crafts, trades and subcontractors shall be made to cooperate with each other and with others as they may be involved in the installation of work which adjoins, incorporates, precedes or follows the work of another. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to point out areas of cooperation prior to the execution of subcontract agreements and the assignment of the parts of the Work. Each craft, trade and subcontractor shall be made responsible to the Owner, for furnishing embedded items, giving directions for doing all cutting and fitting, making all provisions for accommodating the Work, and for protecting, patching, repairing and cleaning as required to satisfactorily perform the Work.

The Contractor shall be responsible for all cutting, digging and other action of his subcontractors and workmen. Where such action impairs the safety or function of any structure or component of the Project, the Contractor shall make such repairs, alterations and additions as will, in the opinion of the Engineer, bring said structure or component back to its original design condition at no additional cost to the Owner.

Each subcontractor is expected to be familiar with the General Requirements and all sections of the Detailed Specifications for all other trades and to study all Drawings applicable to his work to the end that complete coordination between trades will be affected. Each Contractor shall consult with the Engineer if conflicts exist on the Drawings.

The Contractor shall conduct testing of water lines in a timely manner. The Contractor shall make provisions to test all water lines regardless of whether or not planned pump stations have been delivered and/or installed.

SUBMITTALS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

Shop drawings, descriptive literature, project data and samples (when samples are specifically requested) for all manufactured or fabricated items shall be submitted by the Contractor to the Engineer for examination and review in the form and in the manner required by the Engineer. All SUBMITTALS shall be furnished in at least six (6) copies and shall be checked and reviewed by the Contractor before submission to the Engineer. The review of the Drawings by the Engineer shall not be construed as a complete check but only for conformance with the design concept of the Project and for compliance with information given in the Contract Documents. Review of such drawings will not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for any errors that may exist, as the Contractor shall be responsible for the dimensions and design of adequate connections, details, and satisfactory construction of all work.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

- A. General Provision.
- B. Section 01720 Project Record Documents (As-Builts).

1.03 DEFINITIONS

The term "submittals" shall mean shop drawings, manufacturer's drawings, catalog sheets, brochures, descriptive literature, diagrams, schedules, calculations, material lists, performance charts, test reports, office and field samples, and items of similar nature which are normally submitted for the Engineer's review for conformance with the design concept and compliance with the Contract Documents.

1.04 GENERAL CONDITIONS

- A. Review by the Engineer of shop drawings or SUBMITTALS of material and equipment shall not relieve the Contractor from the responsibilities of furnishing same of proper dimension, size, quality, quantity, materials and all performance characteristics to efficiently perform the requirements and intent of the Contract Documents. Review shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for errors of any kind on the shop drawings. Review is intended only to assure conformance with the design concept of the Project and compliance with the information given in the Contract Documents.
- B. Review of shop drawings shall not be construed as releasing the Contractor from the responsibility of complying with the Specifications.

1.05 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings:
 - 1. Shop drawings shall be prepared by a qualified detailer. Details shall be identified by reference to sheet and detail numbers shown on Contract Drawings. Where applicable, show fabrication, layout, setting and erection details.
 - Shop drawings are defined as original drawings prepared by the Contractor, subcontractors, suppliers, or distributors performing work under this Contract. Shop drawings illustrate some portion of the work and show fabrication, layout, setting or

erection details of equipment, materials and components. The Contractor shall, except as otherwise noted, have prepared the number of reviewed copies required for his distribution plus two (2) which will be retained by the Engineer. Shop drawings shall be folded to an approximate size of 8-1/2" x 11" and in such manner that the title block will be located in the lower righthand corner of the exposed surface.

- B. Project data shall include manufacturer's standard schematic drawings modified to delete information which is not applicable to the Project, and shall be supplemented to provide additional information applicable to the Project. Each copy of descriptive literature shall be clearly marked to identify pertinent information as it applies to the Project.
- C. Where samples are required, they shall be adequate to illustrate materials, equipment or workmanship, and to establish standards by which completed work is judged. Provide sufficient size and quantity to clearly illustrate functional characteristics of product and material, with integrally related parts and attachment devices, along with a full range of color samples.
- D. All submittals shall be referenced to the applicable item, section and division of the Specifications, and to the applicable Drawing(s) or Drawing schedule(s).
- E. The Contractor shall review and check SUBMITTALS, and shall indicate his review by initials and date.
- F. If the submittals deviate from the Contract Drawings and/or Specifications, the Contractor shall advise the Engineer, in letter of transmittal of the deviation and the reasons therefor. All changes shall be clearly marked on the submittal with a bold red mark. Any additional costs for modifications shall be borne by the Contractor.
- G. In the event the Engineer does not specifically reject the use of material or equipment at variance to that which is shown on the Drawings or specified, the Contractor shall, at no additional expense to the Owner, and using methods reviewed by the Engineer, make any changes to structures, piping, controls, electrical work, mechanical work, etc., that may be necessary to accommodate this equipment or material. Should equipment other than that on which design drawings are based be accepted by the Engineer, shop drawings shall be submitted detailing all modification work and equipment changes made necessary by the substituted item.
- H. Additional information on particular items, such as special drawings, schedules, calculations, performance curves, and material details, shall be provided when specifically requested in the technical Specifications.
- I. Submittals for all electrically operated items (including instrumentation and controls) shall include complete wiring diagrams showing leads, runs, number of wires, wire size, color coding, all terminations and connections, and coordination with related equipment.
- J. Equipment shop drawings shall indicate all factory or shop paint coatings applied by suppliers, manufacturers and fabricators; the Contractor shall be responsible for insuring the compatibility of such coatings with the field-applied paint products and systems.
 - K. Fastener specifications of manufacturer shall be indicated on equipment shop drawings.
- L. Where manufacturers' brand names are given in the Specifications for building and construction materials and products, such as grout, bonding compounds, curing compounds, masonry cleaners, waterproofing solutions and similar products, the Contractor shall submit names and descriptive literature of such materials and products he proposes to use in this Contract.
- M. No material shall be fabricated or shipped unless the applicable drawings or submittals have been reviewed by the Engineer and returned to the Contractor.

16039/5.25.2017 SUBMITTALS

N. All bulletins, brochures, instructions, parts lists, and warranties packaged with and accompanying materials and products delivered to and installed in the Project shall be saved and transmitted to the Owner through the Engineer.

1.06 CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Verify field measurements, field construction criteria, catalog numbers and similar data.
- B. Coordinate each submittal with requirements of Work and of Contract Documents.
- C. Notify Engineer, in writing at time of submission, of deviations in submittals from requirements of Contract Documents.
- D. Begin no work, and have no material or products fabricated or shipped which required submittals until return of submittals with Engineer's stamp and initials or signature indicating review.

- END OF SECTION -

16039/5.25.2017 SUBMITTALS

CONSTRUCTION PHOTOGRAPHY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

The Contractor shall be responsible for video taping the entire project site both prior to construction and immediately after completion and acceptance of all work. Video tapes shall be produced by a videographer acceptable to the Engineer and of a professional quality.

1.02 VIDEO TAPE

The video tape shall be of a high quality VHS or DVD format. Video tapes shall show the time, date, and project location on screen during playback.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

The Contractor shall provide two copies of the project video tape or DVD with jackets. Both the video tapes or DVD's and jackets shall be clearly labeled with project name start date and completion date as shown below.

Project Name and Contract No.
Owner Name
Start Date:
Completion Date:

QUALITY CONTROL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Work of all crafts and trades shall be laid out to lines and elevations as established by the Contractor from the Drawings or from instructions by the Engineer.
- B. Unless otherwise shown, all work shall be plumb and level, in straight lines and true planes, parallel or square to the established lines and levels. The Work shall be accurately measured and fitted to tolerance as established by the best practices of the crafts and trades involved, and shall be as required to fit all parts of the Work carefully and neatly together.
- C. All equipment, materials and articles incorporated into the Work shall be new and of comparable quality as specified. All workmanship shall be first-class and shall be performed by mechanics skilled and regularly employed in their respective trades.

1.02 TESTS, INSPECTIONS, AND CERTIFICATIONS OF MATERIALS

- A. Tests, inspections and certifications of materials, equipment, subcontractors or completed work, as required by the various sections of the Specifications shall be obtained by the Contractor and all costs shall be included in the Contract Price.
 - B. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer the name of testing laboratory to be used.
- C. Contractor shall deliver written notice to the Engineer at least 24 hours in advance of any inspections or tests to be made at the Project site. All inspections, tests, samples for water quality or other procedures requiring the Engineer to attest to be conducted in the field shall be done in the presence of the Engineer or his representative.
- D. Certifications by independent testing laboratories may be by copy of the attestation(s) and shall give scientific procedures and results of tests. Certifications by persons having interest in the matter shall be by original attest properly sworn to and notarized.

TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. The Contractor shall make his own provisions for temporary electricity and water and maintain strict supervision of use of temporary utility services as follows:
 - 1. Enforce compliance with applicable standards.
 - 2. Enforce safety practices
 - 3. Prevent abuse of services.
 - 4. Pay all utility charges required.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS OF REGULATORY AGENCIES

- A. The Contractor shall obtain and pay for all permits as required by governing authorities.
- B. Obtain and pay for temporary easements required across property other than that of Owner or that is shown on the Contract Drawings.
 - C. The Contractor shall comply with applicable codes.

1.03 REMOVAL

- A. The Contractor shall completely remove temporary materials, equipment, and offices upon completion of construction.
- B. The Contractor shall repair damage caused by installation and restore to specified or original condition.

1.04 TEMPORARY LIGHTING

- A. The Contractor shall furnish and install temporary lighting required for:
 - 1. Construction needs.
 - 2. Safe and adequate working conditions.
 - 3. Public Safety.
 - 4. Security lighting.
 - 5. Temporary office and storage area lighting.
- B. Service periods for safety lighting shall be as follows:
 - 1. Within construction area: All times that authorized personnel are present.
 - 2. Public areas: At all times.

- C. Costs of Installation and Preparation: Contractor shall pay all installation, maintenance and removal costs of temporary lighting.
- D. Maintenance of temporary lighting service (replacement of bulbs, etc.) shall be the sole responsibility of the General Contractor.

1.05 TEMPORARY WATER

The Contractor shall provide the water necessary for testing and disinfection. The Contractor shall supply his own hoses, chlorine for disinfection, etc. The Owner will make available water to the Contractor at the cost of \$4.26 per 1,000 gallons.

1.06 SANITARY FACILITIES

Contractor shall provide sanitary facilities as set forth in General Provisions (GP-2.04. Sanitary Regulations).

1.07 FIELD OFFICE (Office Trailer not Required for this Contract)

The Contractor shall make his own provisions for providing the electricity, telephone, gas, water, sewer, and other utilities to his office trailer that are required or as necessary for completion of the work.

The Contractor shall be responsible for all utility charges.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

Not used.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 IMPLEMENTATION

- B. The Contractor shall provide measures to prevent soil erosion and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff and airborne dust to storm drains, adjacent areas and walkways prior to the start of any site work.
- C. Straw bale dikes, silt fencing and synthetic filter fabric shall be used as necessary to protect adjacent lands, surface waters, and vegetation to achieve environmental objectives.
- D. Provide barriers in and around excavations and subgrade construction to prevent flooding by runoff of stormwater from heavy rains.
- E. Soil deposited on pavement by construction and other contractor vehicles shall be removed and the pavement swept as required.
- F. Plan and execute construction by methods to control surface drainage from cuts and fills, from borrow and waste disposal areas. Prevent erosion and sedimentation.
- G. Minimize amount of bare soil exposed at one time.
- H. Provide temporary measures such as berms, dikes, drains, hay bales, gabions, etc., as directed by the Engineer so as to minimize siltation due to runoff.

- I. Construct fill and waste areas by selective placement to avoid erosive exposed surface of silts or clays.
- J. Periodically inspect earthwork to detect evidence of erosion and sedimentation; promptly apply corrective measures.

3.02 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

A. The Contractor shall inspect, repair, and maintain erosion and sediment control measures until final stabilization has been established.

3.03 REMOVAL OF FACILITIES

A. The Contractor shall remove the temporary facilities after final stabilization has been established. Used devices (including old straw bales) shall be disposed of as Construction & Demolition debris.

3.04 DUST CONTROL

A. Execute work by methods to minimize raising dust from construction operations. Provide positive means to prevent air-borne dust from dispersing into atmosphere.

BARRIERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

Temporary Railing: Temporary railing shall be provided around open pits and other locations where needed, to prevent accidents or injury to persons.

1.02 COST

The Contractor shall pay all costs for temporary railing.

- END OF SECTION -

16039/5.25.2017 BARRIERS

SECURITY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Provide barricades, lanterns and other such signs and signals as may be necessary to warn of the dangers in connection with open excavation and obstructions.
- B. Provide an adequate and approved system to secure the Project area at all times, especially during non-construction periods; the Contractor shall be solely responsible for taking proper security measures.

1.02 **COSTS**

Contractor shall pay all costs for protection and security systems.

ACCESS ROADS AND PARKING AREAS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. Access roads.
- B. Parking.
- C. Existing pavements and parking areas.
- D. Permanent pavements and parking areas.
- E. Maintenance.
- F. Removal, resurfacing.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

For temporary construction: Contractor's option.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 ACCESS ROADS

- A. Construct temporary all-weather access roads from public thoroughfares to serve construction area, of a width and load-bearing capacity to provide unimpeded traffic for construction purposes.
 - B. Construct temporary bridges and/or culverts to span low areas and allow unimpeded drainage.
- C. Extend and relocate as work progress requires, provide detours as necessary for unimpeded traffic flow.
 - D. Locate temporary access roads as approved by the Owner and/or the Engineer.

3.02 PARKING

 $The \ Contractor \ shall \ construct \ temporary \ parking \ areas \ to \ accommodate \ use \ of \ construction \ personnel \ in \ the \ area.$

3.03 REMOVAL, REPAIR

- A. Remove temporary materials and construction when permanent facilities are usable, as directed by the Engineer.
 - B. Repair existing permanent facilities damaged by usage to original and/or specified condition.

TRAFFIC REGULATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. Construction parking control.
- B. Flagmen.
- C. Flares and lights.
- D. Haul routes.
- E. Traffic signs and signals.
- F. Removal.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01530 Barriers.
- B. Section 01580 Project Identification and Signs.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 SIGNS, SIGNALS AND DEVICES

- A. Post-mounted and wall-mounted traffic control and informational signs as specified and required by local jurisdictions.
 - B. Automatic Traffic Control Signals: As approved by local jurisdictions.
 - C. Traffic Cones and Drums, Flares and Lights: As approved by local jurisdictions.
 - D. Flagman Equipment: As required by local jurisdictions.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 CONSTRUCTION PARKING CONTROL

- A. Control vehicular parking to prevent interference with public traffic and parking, access by emergency vehicles, and Owner's operations.
- B. Monitor parking of construction personnel's vehicles in existing facilities. Maintain vehicular access to and through parking areas.
 - C. Prevent parking on or adjacent to access roads or in nondesignated areas.

3.02 TRAFFIC CONTROL

- A. Whenever and wherever, in the Engineer's opinion, traffic is sufficiently congested or public safety is endangered, Contractor shall furnish uniformed officers to direct traffic and to keep traffic off the highway area affected by construction operations.
 - B. Contractor shall abide by City regulations governing utility construction work.
- C. Traffic control shall be provided according to the Kentucky Department of Highways Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways.

3.03 FLAGMEN

Provide trained and equipped flagmen to regulate traffic when construction operations or traffic encroach on public traffic lanes.

3.04 FLARES AND LIGHTS

Use flares and lights during hours of low visibility to delineate traffic lanes and to guide traffic.

3.05 HAUL ROUTES

- A. Consult with authorities, establish public thoroughfares to be used for haul routes and site access.
- B. Confine construction traffic to designated haul routes.
- C. Provide traffic control at critical areas of haul routes to regulate traffic and minimize interference with public traffic.

3.06 TRAFFIC SIGNS AND SIGNALS

- A. At approaches to site and on site, install appropriate signs at crossroads, detours, parking areas, and elsewhere as needed to direct construction and affected public traffic.
- B. Install and operate traffic control signals to direct and maintain orderly flow of traffic in areas under Contractor's control, and areas affected by Contractor's operations.
 - C. Relocate as work progresses, to maintain effective traffic control.

3.07 REMOVAL

Remove equipment and devices when no longer required. Repair damage caused by installation. Remove post settings to a depth of 2 feet.

- END OF SECTION -

16039/5.25.2017 TRAFFIC REGULATION

PROJECT IDENTIFICATION AND SIGNS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. The Contractor shall provide all signs required by these specifications near the site of the work. The sign shall set forth the description of the work and the names of the Owner, Engineer and Contractor as shown on the Plans or in these Specifications.
- B. The Contractor shall furnish and install two (2) sign on the Project. One sign shall conform to the specifications and painted as shown on Figure 1, 01580-2 and one sign shall conform to the specifications and painted as shown on Figure 2, 01580-3.
- C. All signs shall be erected level, plumb and in accordance with the specifications prior to the first progress meeting. Signs shall be maintained throughout the contract period as a condition for payment to the contractor.

PART 2 - PRODUCT

2.01 SIGN

The signs shall be constructed of 3/4" thick APA A-B Exterior grade or marine plywood. Posts shall be 4" x 4" of fencing type material. Prime all wood with white primer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 MAINTENANCE

The sign shall be maintained in good condition until completion of the Project.

3.02 LOCATION

The location of the project signs shall be one set at each location. The actual location of the project signs shall be determined at the pre-construction conference after the contract has been awarded.

		*	

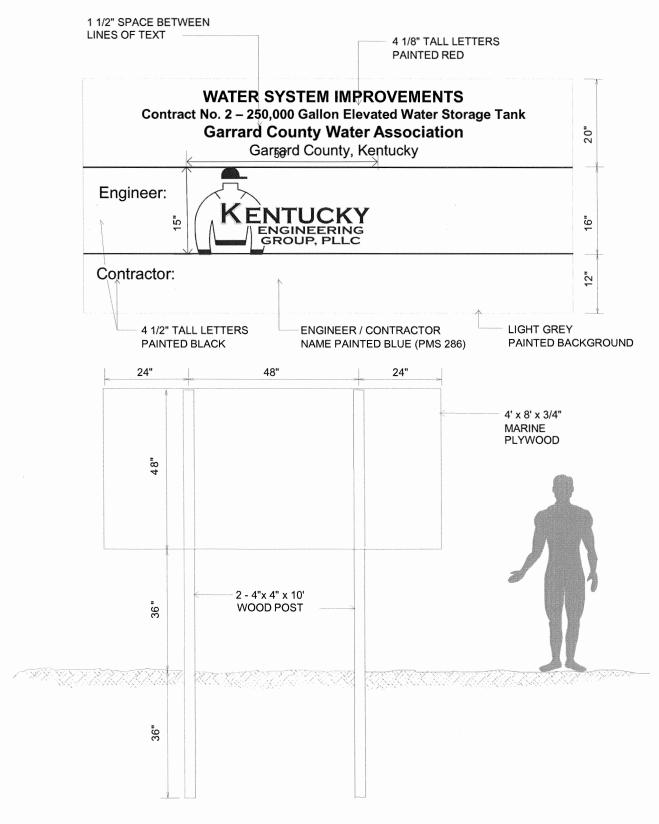
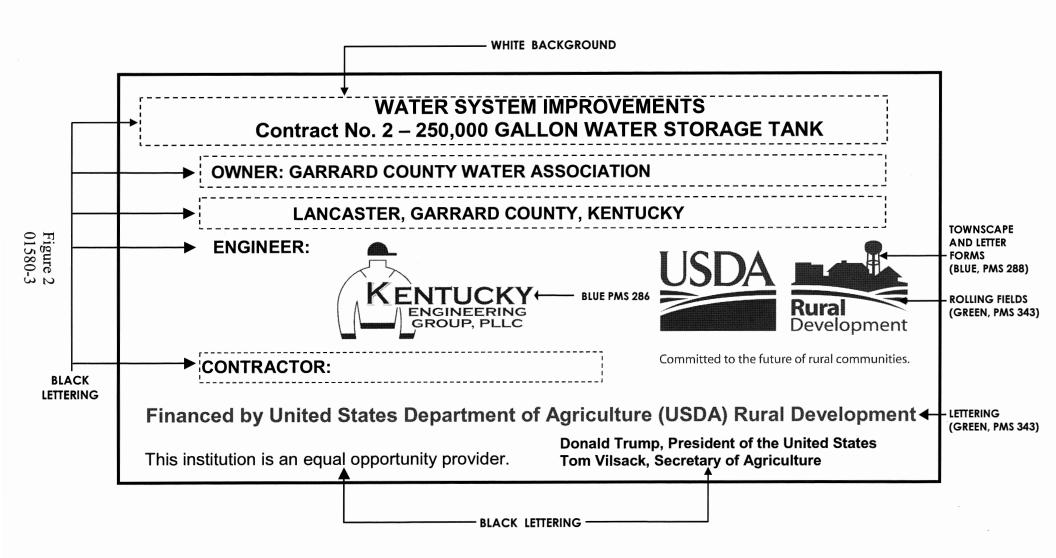


FIGURE 1 01580-2

TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION SIGN FOR USDA RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS



SIGN DIMENSIONS: 1200 mm x 2400 mm x 19 mm (approx. 4' x 8' x 3/4") PLYWOOD PANEL (APA RATED A-B GRADE-EXTERIOR)

MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 COMPLIANCE WITH SAFETY REGULATIONS

The equipment items furnished shall comply with all governing Federal and State laws regarding safety, including all requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (OSHA).

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 REFERENCES

- A. General Provisions: Section 10 Correction and Guarantee of Work, Section 13 Materials and Equipment.
 - B. Section 02600 Pipe, Fittings, and Installation
 - C. Section 02640 Valves.
- D. All material shall meet applicable American Water Works Association (AWWA), American Standard Testing Methods (ASTM), Underwriters Laboratories (UL), Factory Mutual (FM), National Sanitation Foundation (NSF) standards.

GARRARD COUNTY WATER ASSOCIATION

The following is a list of approved manufacturers for the materials to be provided on the project. All material shall meet applicable AWWA, ASTM, Underwriters Laboratories, and Factory Mutual standards. The Owner approves this list and the Owner and Engineer shall approve any deviation.

MATERIAL/ITEM	APPROVED MANUFACTURER
Air Release Valve (Water and Sewer)	Apco, ARI or Approved Equal
All Brass Fittings (AWWA brass)	Mueller, Ford, or Approved Equal
Aluminum Hatch	Bil-Co or Approved Equal
Blowoff Hydrant Assembly	American with Alpha Bases or Approved Equal
Bolted Cast Couplings	Dresser, Smith & Blair, Ford, Viking-Johnson, JCM, Powerseal or Approved Equal
Brass Nipples and Pipe	State Origin
Brass Service Saddles	Mueller, Ford or Approved Equal
Butterfly Valves (Class 150)	Mueller Lineseal III or Approved Equal
Butterfly Valves (Class 250)	Mueller Lineseal XP or Approved Equal
Casing Spacers	State Origin
Cooper Tracing Wire 14 AWG	State Origin

MATERIAL/ITEM	APPROVED MANUFACTURER
Customer Individual Pressure Reducing Valve	¾" Wilkens 600 or Approved Equal
Customer Meter	Badger Orion radio read equipment Model 25 for 3¼" service or Model 70 for 1" service or Model 170 for 2" service or Approved Equal
Customer Meter Box Cover	Ford X32 Ring and Lid or Approved Equal
Customer Meter Setter	Ford VBHH72-7W-44-33G 5/8" x ¾"tandem copper setter with special spacing for 3 ½" L PRV, 7" high 13/16" OD "S" Tube or Approved Equal
DI and Cast Iron Full Body Tapping Sleeves	Mueller, Clow, US Pipe, American Flow or Approved Equal or Approved Equal
DI Double Strap Service Saddles	Mueller, Ford, Smith & Blair, JCM or Approved Equal
DI Pipe Class 350	Griffin, Clow, US Pipe, American DI Pipe or Approved Equal
Full Circle Repair Clamps (all stainless steel)	Mueller, Smith & Blair, Ford, Powerseal, Cascade or Approved Equal
Galvanized Compression Couplings	Smith & Blair, Dresser, JCM, Powerseal or Approved Equal
Gate Valves	American Resilient Wedge w/ Alpha Restrained Joint Ends or Approved Equal
Individual Pressure Reducing Valve	¾" Wilkens 600 or Approved Equal
Manhole Ring and Cover	J. R. Hoe & Sons or Approved Equal
MJ Fittings Compact/Full Body MJ Packs	McWayne (Tyler/Union, Clow), Griffin, US Pipe, American DI Pipe or Approved Equal
Precast Concrete Manholes	Cloud, Sherman-Dixie or Approved Equal
PVC Couplings	JM Manufacturing, Harrington, Multi-Fittings or Approved Equal
PVC Pipe Class 200, 250 or C900	Diamond, JM Manufacturing, Napco, Freedom, ETI, National, Pioneer or Approved Equal
Restraint Joint Collar Fittings	Mueller, McWayne, Ford, EBBA or Approved Equal
Service Tubing – Polyethylene Tubing (CTS Service Tubing)	Domestic - 1" Endot EndoPure, SDR 9, 200 psi, blue in color or Approved Equal
Service Tubing - Type K Copper Soft	Domestic
Steel Tapping Sleeves (Check Working Pressure)	Ford, Smith & Blair, JCM, Powerseal or Approved Equal
Fire Hydrant	American with Alpha Bases or Approved Equal
Flushing Hydrant Assembly	Mueller® – Super Centurion 250, Model No. A-423 or Approved Equal
Auto Flushing Hydrant Assembly	Kupferle Eclipse Model 9400
Underground Blowoff Hydrant Assembly	Mueller Model No. A-412 or Approved Equal
Underground Detectable Tape	State Origin

TRANSPORTATION AND HANDLING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Handling and Distribution:
 - The Contractor shall handle, haul, and distribute all materials and all surplus materials on the different portions of the work, as necessary or required; shall provide suitable and adequate storage room for materials and equipment during the progress of the work, and be responsible for the protection, loss of, or damage to materials and equipment furnished by him, until the final completion and acceptance of the work.
 - 2. Storage and demurrage charges by transportation companies and vendors shall be borne by the Contractor.
- B. Storage of Materials and Equipment: All excavated materials and equipment to be incorporated in the work shall be placed so as not to injure any part of the work or the existing facilities and so that free access can be had at all times to all parts of the work and to all public utility installations in the vicinity of the work. Materials and equipment shall be kept neatly piled and compactly stored in such locations as will cause a minimum of inconvenience to public travel and adjoining owners, tenants and occupants.

- END OF SECTION -

PROJECT CLOSEOUT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

A. Liquidated Damages: Section 00700 - General Conditions-13. Failure to Complete Work on

Time

Section 00300 - Bid Forms - Time of Completion and Liquidated

Damages

B. Cleaning: Section 01710.

C. Project Record Documents: Section 01720.

1.02 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

- A. Contractor:
 - 1. Submit written certification to Engineer that project is substantially complete.
 - 2. Submit list of major items to be completed or corrected.
- B. Engineer will make an inspection within seven days after receipt of certification, together with Owner's Representative.
 - C. Should Engineer consider that work is substantially complete:
 - 1. Contractor shall prepare, and submit to Engineer, a list of items to be completed or corrected, as determined by the inspection.
 - 2. Engineer will prepare and issue a Certificate of Substantial Completion, containing:
 - a. Date of Substantial Completion.
 - b. Contractor's list of items to be completed or corrected, verified and amended by Engineer.
 - c. The time within which Contractor shall complete or correct work of listed items.
 - d. Time and date Owner will assume possession of work or designated portion thereof.
 - e. Responsibilities of Owner and Contractor for:
 - (1) Insurance
 - (2) Utilities

- (3) Operation of mechanical, electrical and other systems.
- (4) Maintenance and cleaning.
- (5) Security
- f. Signatures of:
 - (1) Engineer.
 - (2) Contractor.
 - (3) Owner.
- 3. Owner occupancy of Project or Designated Portion of Project:
 - a. Contractor shall:
 - (1) Obtain certificate of occupancy.
 - (2) Perform final cleaning in accordance with Section 01710.
 - b. Owner will occupy Project, under provisions stated in Certificate of Substantial Completion.
- 4. Contractor shall complete work listed for completion or correction, within designated time.
- D. Should Engineer consider that work is not substantially complete.
 - 1. He shall immediately notify Contractor, in writing, stating reasons.
 - 2. Contractor shall complete work, and send second written notice to Engineer, certifying that Project, or designated portion of Project is substantially complete.
 - 3. Engineer will reinspect work.

1.03 FINAL INSPECTION

- A. Contractor shall submit written certification that:
 - Contract Documents have been reviewed.
 - 2. Project has been inspected for compliance with Contract Documents.
 - 3. Work has been completed in accordance with Contract Documents.
 - 4. Equipment and systems have been tested in presence of Owner's Representative and are operational.
 - Project is completed and ready for final inspection.
- B. Engineer will make final inspection within seven (7) days after receipt of certification.
- C. Should Engineer consider that work is finally complete in accordance with requirements of Contract Documents, he shall request Contractor to make Project Closeout submittals.
 - D. Should Engineer consider that work is not finally complete:
 - 1. He shall notify Contractor, in writing, stating reasons.

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- 2. Contractor shall take immediate steps to remedy the stated deficiencies, and send second written notice to Engineer certifying that work is complete.
- 3. Engineer will reinspect work.

1.04 FINAL CLEAN UP

The Work will not be considered as completed and final payment made until all final clean up has been done by the Contractor in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer. See Section 01710 for detailed requirements.

1.05 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

Project Record Documents: To requirements of Section 01720.

1.06 FINAL APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT

Contractor shall submit final applications in accordance with requirements of GENERAL PROVISIONS.

1.07 FINAL CERTIFICATE FOR PAYMENT

- A. Engineer will issue final certificate in accordance with provisions of GENERAL PROVISIONS.
- B. Should final completion be materially delayed through no fault of Contractor, Engineer may issue a Semi-Final Certificate for Payment.

- END OF SECTION -

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CLEANING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. During its progress the work and the adjacent areas affected thereby shall be kept cleaned up and all rubbish, surplus materials, and unneeded construction equipment shall be removed and all damage repaired so that the public and property owners will be inconvenienced as little as possible.
- B. Where material or debris has washed or flowed into or been placed in existing watercourses, ditches, gutters, drains, pipes, structures, by work done under this contract, or elsewhere during the course of the Contractor's operations, such material or debris shall be entirely removed and satisfactorily disposed of during the progress of the work, and the ditches, channels, drains, pipes, structures, and work, etc., shall, upon completion of the work, be left in a clean and neat condition.
- C. On or before the completion of the work, the Contractor shall, unless otherwise especially directed or permitted in writing, tear down and remove all temporary buildings and structures built by him; shall remove all temporary works, tools, and machinery or other construction equipment furnished by him; shall remove, acceptably disinfect, and cover all organic matter and material containing organics in, under, and around privies, houses, and other buildings used by him; shall remove all rubbish from any grounds which he has occupied; and shall leave the roads and all parts of the premises and adjacent property affected by his operations in a neat and satisfactory condition.
- D. The Contractor shall thoroughly clean all materials and equipment installed by him and his subcontractors, and on completion of the work shall deliver it undamaged and in fresh and new appearing condition.
- E. The Contractor shall restore or replace, when and as directed, any public or private property damaged by his work, equipment, or employees, to a condition equal or better than that existing immediately prior to the beginning of operations. To this end the Contractor shall do as required all necessary highway or driveway, walk, and landscaping work. Suitable materials, equipment, and methods shall be used for such restoration. The restoration of existing property or structures shall be done as promptly as practicable as work progresses and shall not be left until the end of the contract period.

1.02 DESCRIPTION

- A. Related Requirements Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Project Closeout: Section 01700.
 - 2. Cleaning for Specific Products or Work: Specification Section for that work.
- B. On a continuous basis, maintain premises free from accumulations of waste, debris, and rubbish, caused by operations.
- C. At completion of Work, remove waste materials, rubbish, tools, equipment, machinery and surplus materials, and clean all sight-exposed surfaces; leave Project clean and ready for occupancy.

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1.03 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Hazards Control:
 - 1. Store volatile wastes in covered metal containers, and remove from premises daily.
 - 2. Prevent accumulation of wastes, which create hazardous conditions.
 - 3. Provide adequate ventilation during use of volatile or noxious substances.
- B. Conduct cleaning and disposal operations in compliance with local ordinances and anti-pollution laws.
 - 1. Do not burn or bury rubbish and waste materials on Project site without written permission from the Owner.
 - 2. Do not dispose of volatile wastes such as mineral spirits, oil, or fuel in open drainage ditches or storm or sanitary drains.
 - Do not dispose of wastes into streams or waterways.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Use only cleaning materials recommended by manufacturer of surface to be cleaned.
- B. Use cleaning materials only on surfaces recommended by cleaning material manufacturer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 DURING CONSTRUCTION

- A. Execute cleaning to ensure that grounds and public properties are maintained free from accumulations of waste materials and rubbish.
 - B. Wet down dry materials and rubbish to minimize blowing dust.
- C. At reasonable intervals during progress of Work, clean site and public properties, and dispose of waste materials, debris and rubbish.
 - D. Provide on-site containers for collection of waste materials, debris and rubbish.
- E. Remove waste materials, debris and rubbish from site and legally dispose of at public or private dumping areas off construction site.
 - F. The Contractor shall thoroughly clean all materials and equipment installed.

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3.02 FINAL CLEANING

- A. Employ experienced workmen, or professional cleaners, for final cleaning.
- B. In preparation for substantial completion, conduct final inspection of project area(s).
- C. Broom clean paved surfaces; rake clean other surfaces of grounds.
- D. Maintain cleaning until Project, or portion thereof, is accepted by Owner.

- END OF SECTION -

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PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

The Contractor shall obtain from the Engineer, one (1) set of prints of the Contract Drawings. These prints shall be kept and maintained in good condition at the project site and a qualified representative of the Contractor shall enter upon these prints, from day-to-day, the actual "as-built" record of the construction progress. Entries and notations shall be made in a neat and legible manner and these prints shall be delivered to the Engineer upon completion of the construction. APPROVAL FOR FINAL PAYMENT WILL BE CONTINGENT UPON COMPLIANCE WITH THIS PROVISION.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE:

- A. Section 01300 Submittals.
- B. General Provisions Kentucky Engineering Group

1.03 MAINTENANCE OF DOCUMENTS

- A. Maintain at job site, one copy of:
 - 1. Contract Drawings
 - 2. Specifications
 - 3. Addenda
 - 4. Reviewed Shop Drawings
 - 5. Change Orders
 - 6. Other Modifications to Contract
- B. Store documents in approved location, apart from documents used for construction.
- C. Provide files and racks for storage of documents.
- D. Maintain documents in clean, dry legible condition.
- E. Do not use record documents for construction purposes.
- F. Make documents available at all times for inspection by Engineer and Owner.

1.04 MARKING DEVICES

Provide colored pencil or felt-tip marking pen for all marking.

1.05 RECORDING

A. Label each document "PROJECT RECORD" in 2-inch high printed letters.

- B. Keep record documents current.
- C. Do not permanently conceal any work until required information has been recorded.
- D. Contract Drawings: Legibly mark to record actual construction:
 - 1. Horizontal and vertical location of underground utilities and appurtenances referenced to permanent surface improvements.
 - 2. Location of internal utilities and appurtenances concealed in construction referenced to visible and accessible features of structure.
 - 3. Field changes of dimension and detail.
 - 4. Changes made by Change Order or Field Order.
 - 5. Details not on original Contract Drawings.
- E. Specifications and Addenda: Legibly mark up each Section to record:
 - 1. Manufacturer, trade name, catalog number, and supplier of each product and item of equipment actually installed.
 - 2. Changes made by Change Order or Field Order.
 - 3. Other matters not originally specified.
- F. Shop Drawings: Maintain as record documents; legibly annotate Shop Drawings to record changes made after review.

1.06 SUBMITTAL

- A. At completion of project, deliver record documents to Engineer.
- B. Accompany submittal with transmittal letter, in duplicate, containing:
 - 1. Date.
 - Project Title and Number.
 - Contractor's Name and Address.
 - 4. Title and Number of each Record Document.
 - 5. Certification that each Document as Submitted is Complete and Accurate.
 - 6. Signature of Contractor, or his authorized Representative.

- END OF SECTION -

OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE DATA

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Compile product data and related information appropriate for Owner's maintenance and operation of equipment furnished under the contract. Prepare operating and maintenance data as specified.
- B. Instruct Owner's personnel in the maintenance and operation of equipment and systems as outlined herein and/or in other Divisions.
- C. In addition to maintenance and operations data, the manufacturer's printed recommended installation practice shall also be included. If not part of the operations and maintenance manual, separate written installation instructions shall be provided, serving to assist the Contractor in equipment installation.
 - D. Related Requirements Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 01300 Submittals.
 - 2. Section 01700 Project Closeout.
 - 3. Section 01720 Project Record Documents.
 - 4. Section 01740 Warranties and Bonds.
 - 5. General Provisions

1.02 MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS MANUAL

Every piece of equipment furnished and installed shall be provided with complete maintenance and operations manuals. These shall be detailed in instructions to the Owner's personnel. They shall be attractively bound for the Owner's records.

The manuals shall be submitted to the Engineer for review as to adequacy and completeness. Provide three (3) copies each.

1.03 FORM OF SUBMITTALS

- A. Prepare data in the form of an instructional manual for use by Owner's personnel.
- B. Format:
 - 1. Size: 8-1/2 x 11 in.
 - 2. Paper: 20 pound minimum, white, for typed pages.
 - 3. Text: Manufacturer's printed data, or neatly typewritten.
 - 4. Drawings:
 - a. Provide reinforced punched binder tab, bind with text.

- b. Fold large drawings to the size of the text pages where feasible.
- c. For all drawings included within manuals, furnish a 3 mil mylar copy in standard size drawings 36" x 24", 8" x 16" or 8-1/2" x 11".
- d. For flow or piping diagrams that cannot be detailed on the standard size drawings, a larger, appropriate size drawing may be submitted.
- 5. Provide fly-leaf for each separate product, or each piece of operating equipment.
 - a. Provide typed description of product, and major component parts of equipment.
 - b. Provide indexed tabs.
- Cover: Identify each volume with types or printed title "OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS". List:
 - a. Title of Project.
 - b. Identity of separate structure as applicable.
 - c. Identity of general subject matter covered in the manual.

C. Binders:

- 1. Commercial quality, durable and cleanable, 3-hole, 3" or 4" post type binders, with oil and moisture resistant hard covers.
- 2. When multiple binders are used, correlate the data into related consistent grouping.
- 3. Labeled on the front cover and side of each binder shall be the name of the Project, the Contract Number and Volume Number.

1.04 CONTENT OF MANUAL

- A. Neatly typewritten table of contents for each volume, arranged in systematic order.
 - 1. Contractor, name of responsible principal, address and telephone number.
 - 2. A list of each product required to be included, indexed to the content of the volume.
 - 3. List, with each product, the name, address and telephone number of:
 - a. Subcontractor or installer.
 - b. Maintenance contractor, as appropriate.
 - c. Identify the area of responsibility of each.
 - d. Local source of supply for parts and replacement.
 - 4. Identify each product by product name and other identifying symbols as set forth in Contract Documents.

B. Product Data:

- 1. Include only those sheets which are pertinent to the specific product. References to other sizes and types or models of similar equipment shall be deleted or lined out.
- 2. Annotate each sheet to:
 - a. Clearly identify the specific product or part installed.
 - b. Clearly identify the data applicable to the installation.
 - c. Provide a parts list for all new equipment items, with catalog numbers and other data necessary for ordering replacement parts.
 - d. Delete references to inapplicable information.
- 3. Clear and concise instructions for the operation, adjustment, lubrication, and other maintenance of the equipment including a lubrication chart.

C. Drawings:

- 1. Supplement product data with drawings as necessary to clearly illustrate:
 - a. Relations of component parts of equipment and systems.
 - b. Control and flow diagrams.
- 2. Coordinate drawings with information in Project Record Documents to assure correct illustration of completed installation.
- 3. Do not use Project Record Documents as maintenance drawings.
- D. Written text, as required to supplement product data for the particular installation:
 - 1. Organize in a consistent format under separate headings for different procedures.
 - 2. Provide a logical sequence of instructions for each procedure.
- E. Copy of each warranty, bond and service contract issued: Provide information sheet for Owner's personnel.
 - 1. Proper procedures in the event of failure.
 - Instances which might affect the validity of warranties or bonds.
- F. These manuals shall be delivered to the Engineer at the time designated by the Engineer. The manuals must be approved by the Engineer before final payment on the equipment is made.

- END OF SECTION -

WARRANTIES AND BONDS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Compile specified warranties and bonds.
- B. Compile specified service and maintenance contracts.
- C. Co-execute submittals when so specified.
- D. Review submittals to verify compliance with Contract Documents.
- E. Related requirements specified elsewhere:
 - 1. Bid Bond: Instructions to Bidders.
 - 2. Performance and Payment Bonds: General Provisions, Section 00600
 - 3. Guaranty: General Provisions.
 - 4. General Warranty of Construction: General Provisions.
 - 5. Project Closeout: Section 01700.
 - 6. Warranties and Bonds required for specific products: As listed herein.
 - 7. Provisions of Warranties and Bonds, Duration: Respective specification sections for particular products.
 - 8. Operating and Maintenance Data: Section 01730.

1.02 SUBMITTALS REQUIREMENTS

- A. Assemble warranties, bonds and service and maintenance contracts, executed by each of the respective manufacturers, suppliers and subcontractors.
 - B. Furnish two (2) original signed copies.
- C. Table of Contents: Neatly typed, in orderly sequence. Provide complete information for each item.
 - 1. Product, equipment or work item.
 - 2. Firm name, address and telephone number.
 - 3. Scope
 - 4. Date of beginning of warranty, bond or service and maintenance contract.
 - 5. Duration of warranty, bond or service and maintenance contract.

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- 6. Provide information for Owner's personnel:
 - a. Proper procedure in case of failure.
 - b. Instances which might affect the validity of warranty or bond.
- 7. Contractor name, address and telephone number.

1.03 FORM OF SUBMITTALS

- Prepare in duplicate packets.
- B. Format:
 - 1. Size 8-1/2 in. x 11 in., punch sheets for 3-ring binder: Fold larger sheets to fit into binders.
 - Cover: Identify each packet with typed or printed title "WARRANTIES AND BONDS".List:
 - a. Title of Project.
 - b. Name of Contractor.
- C. Binders: Commercial quality, three-ring, with durable and cleanable plastic covers.

1.04 TIME OF SUBMITTALS

- A. For equipment or component parts of equipment put into service during progress of construction: Submit documents within 10 days after inspection and acceptance.
- B. Otherwise, make submittals within 10 days after date of substantial completion, prior to final request for payment.
- C. For items of work, where acceptance is delayed materially beyond the Date of Substantial Completion, provide updated submittal within 10 days after acceptance, listing the date of acceptance as the start of the warranty period.

1.05 SUBMITTALS REQUIRED

 $Submit \ warranties, bonds, service \ and \ maintenance \ contracts \ as \ specified \ in \ the \ respective \ sections \ of \ the \ Specifications.$

- END OF SECTION -

DIVISION 02 - SITE WORK



SITE CLEARING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Clear site within construction limits of plant life.
- B. Remove grass and topsoil in area of access road and foundation.
- C. Remove root system of trees and shrubs.
- D. Remove surface debris

1.02 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 02228 Rock Removal.
- B. Section 02211 Rough Grading.
- C. Section 02222 Excavation.

1.03 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Conform to applicable local codes and ordinances for disposal of debris.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

Not Used.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 CLEARING

- A. Clear areas required for access to site and execution of work.
- B. Remove trees, shrubs, brush, and other vegetable matter such as snags, bark, and refuse.

3.02 PROTECTION

Reasonable care shall be taken during construction to avoid damage to vegetation. Ornamental shrubbery and tree branches shall be temporarily tied back, where appropriate, to minimize damage. Trees that receive damage to branches shall be trimmed of those branches to improve the appearance of the tree. Tree trunks receiving damage from equipment shall be treated with a tree dressing. The Contractor shall not cut or injure any trees or other vegetation outside the easement lines and outside the areas to be cleared, as indicated on the Drawings, without written permission from the Engineer. The Contractor shall be responsible for all damage done outside these lines.

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3.03 GRUBBING

From areas to be grubbed, the Contractor shall remove completely all stumps, remove to a depth of at least 24 inches below subgrade elevation all roots larger than $1\,1/2$ in. in diameter, and remove to a depth of 12 in. all roots larger than 1/2 in. in diameter. Such depths shall be measured from the existing ground surface, the proposed finished grade or subgrade, whichever is lower.

3.04 STRIPPING

All stumps, roots, foreign matter, topsoil, loam, and unsuitable earth shall be stripped from the ground surface. The topsoil and loam shall be utilized insofar as possible, for finished surfacing. Loam shall not be taken from the site.

3.05 DISPOSAL

- A. All material resulting from clearing and grubbing and not scheduled for reuse or stockpiling shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be suitably disposed of off site, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, in accordance with all applicable laws, ordinances, rules and regulations.
- B. Such disposal shall be performed as promptly as possible after removal of the material and shall not be left until the final period of cleaning up.

3.06 FENCES

Wherever fences need to be removed to provide access to the work or are damaged during the progress of work, they shall be restored or repaired to as good a condition as existed prior to construction at the Contractor's expense.

- END OF SECTION -

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PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes excavation and backfilling including the loosening, removing, refilling, transporting, storage and disposal of all materials classified as "earth" necessary to be removed for the construction and completion of all work under the Contract, and as shown on the Contract Drawings, specified or directed.

1.02 REFERENCES

- A. Materials and installation shall be in accordance with the latest revisions of the following codes, standards, and specifications, except where more stringent requirements have been specified herein:
 - 1. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
 - a. A328 Specification for Steel Sheet Piling
 - b. D698 Test Method for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft-lbf/ft³) (600 kN-m/m³)
 - c. D1556 Test Method for Density and Unit Weight of Soil in Place by the Sand-Cone Method
 - d. D1760 Specification for Pressure Treatment of Timber Products
 - e. D2922 Test Methods for Density of Soil and Soil Aggregate in Place by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth)

1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. Excavation (or Trenching)
 - 1. Grubbing, stripping, removing, storing and rehandling of all materials of every name and nature necessary to be removed for all purposes incidental to the construction and completion of all the work under construction.
 - 2. All sheeting, sheetpiling, bracing and shoring, and the placing, driving, cutting off and removing of the same.
 - 3. All diking, ditching, fluming, cofferdamming, pumping, bailing, draining, well pointing, or otherwise disposing of water.
 - 4. The removing and disposing of all surplus materials from the excavations in the manner specified.

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- 5. The maintenance, accommodation and protection of travel and the temporary paving of highways, roads and driveways.
- 6. The supporting and protecting of all tracks, rails, buildings, curbs, sidewalks, pavements, overhead wires, poles, trees, vines, shrubbery, pipes, sewers, conduits or other structures or property in the vicinity of the work, whether over- or underground or which appear within or adjacent to the excavations, and the restoration of the same in case of settlement or other injury.
- 7. All temporary bridging and fencing and the removing of same.

B. Earth

 All materials such as sand, gravel, clay, loam, ashes, cinders, pavements, muck, roots or pieces of timber, soft or disintegrated rock, not requiring blasting, barring, or wedging from their original beds, and specifically excluding all ledge or bedrock and individual boulders or masonry larger than one-half cubic yard in volume.

C. Backfill

1. The refilling of excavation and trenches to the line of filling indicated on the Contract Drawings or as directed using materials suitable for refilling of excavations and trenches; and the compacting of all materials used in filling or refilling by rolling, ramming, watering, puddling, etc., as may be required.

D. Spoil

 Surplus excavated materials not required or not suitable for backfills or embankments.

E. Embankments

1. Fills constructed above the original surface of the ground or such other elevation as specified or directed.

F. Limiting Subgrade

- 1. The underside of the pipe barrel for pipelines
- 2. The underside of footing lines for structures

G. Excavation Below Subgrade

- 1. Excavation below the limiting subgrades of structures or pipelines.
- 2. Where materials encountered at the limiting subgrades are not suitable for proper support of structures or pipelines, the Contractor shall excavate to such new lines and grades as required.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION

A. Wood Sheeting and Bracing

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- 1. Shall be sound and straight; free from cracks, shakes and large or loose knots; and shall have dressed edges where directed.
- 2. Shall conform to National Design Specifications for Stress Grade Lumber having a minimum fiber stress of 1200 pounds per square inch.
- 3. Sheeting and bracing to be left-in-place shall be pressure treated in accordance with ASTM D1760 for the type of lumber used and with a preservative approved by the Engineer.

B. Steel Sheeting and Bracing

- 1. Shall be sound
- 2. Shall conform to ASTM A328 with a minimum thickness of 3/8 inch.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 UNAUTHORIZED EXCAVATION

- A. Whenever excavations are carried beyond or below the lines and grades shown on the Contract Drawings, or as given or directed by the Engineer, all such excavated space shall be refilled with special granular materials, concrete or other materials as the Engineer may direct. All refilling of unauthorized excavations shall be at the Contractor's expense.
- B. All material which slides, falls or caves into the established limits of excavations due to any cause whatsoever, shall be removed and disposed of at the Contractor's expense and no extra compensation will be paid the Contractor for any materials ordered for refilling the void areas left by the slide, fall or cave-in.

3.02 REMOVAL OF WATER

A. General

- 1. The Contractor shall at all times provide and maintain proper and satisfactory means and devices for the removal of all water entering the excavations, and shall remove all such water as fast as it may collect, in such manner as shall not interfere with the prosecution of the work or the proper placing of pipes, structures, or other work.
- Unless otherwise specified, all excavations which extend down to or below the static groundwater elevations shall be dewatered by lowering and maintaining the groundwater beneath such excavations at all times when work thereon is in progress, during subgrade preparation and the placing of the structure or pipe thereon.
- 3. Water shall not be allowed to rise over or come in contact with any masonry, concrete or mortar, until at least 24 hours after placement, and no stream of water shall be allowed to flow over such work until such time as the Engineer may permit.
- 4. Where the presence of fine grained subsurface materials and a high groundwater table may cause the upward flow of water into the excavation with a resulting quick or unstable condition, the Contractor shall install and

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- operate a well point system to prevent the upward flow of water during construction.
- 5. Water pumped or drained from excavations, or any sewers, drains or water courses encountered in the work, shall be disposed of in a suitable manner without injury to adjacent property, the work under construction, or to pavements, roads, drives, and water courses. No water shall be discharged to sanitary sewers. Sanitary sewage shall be pumped to sanitary sewers or shall be disposed of by an approved method.
- 6. Any damage caused by or resulting from dewatering operations shall be the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

B. Work Included

- 1. The construction and removal of cofferdams, sheeting and bracing, and the furnishing of materials and labor necessary therefor.
- 2. The excavation and maintenance of ditches and sluiceways.
- 3. The furnishing and operation of pumps, well points, and appliances needed to maintain thorough drainage of the work in a satisfactory manner.

C. Well Point Systems

1. Installation

- a. The well point system shall be designed and installed by or under the supervision of an organization whose principal business is well pointing and which has at least five consecutive years of similar experience and can furnish a representative list of satisfactory similar operations.
- b. Well point headers, points and other pertinent equipment shall not be placed within the limits of the excavation in such a manner or location as to interfere with the laying of pipe or trenching operations or with the excavation and construction of other structures.
- c. Detached observation wells of similar construction to the well points shall be installed at intervals of not less than 50 feet along the opposite side of the excavation from the header pipe and line of well points, to a depth of at least 5 feet below the proposed excavation. In addition, one well point in every 50 feet shall be fitted with a tee, plug and valve so that the well point can be converted for use as an observation well. Observation wells shall be not less than 1-½ inches in diameter.
- d. Standby gasoline or diesel powered equipment shall be provided so that in the event of failure of the operating equipment, the standby equipment can be readily connected to the system. The standby equipment shall be maintained in good order and actuated regularly not less than twice a week.

2. Operation

 a. Where well points are used, the groundwater shall be lowered and maintained continuously (day and night) at a level not less than 2 feet below the bottom of the excavation. Excavation will not be permitted

- at a level lower than 2 feet above the water level as indicated by the observation wells.
- b. The effluent pumped from the well points shall be examined periodically by qualified personnel to determine if the system is operating satisfactorily without the removal of fines.
- c. The water level shall not be permitted to rise until construction in the immediate area is completed and the excavation backfilled.

3.03 STORAGE OF MATERIALS

A. Sod

1. Any sod cut during excavation shall be removed and stored during construction so as to preserve the grass growth. Sod damaged while in storage shall be replaced in like kind at the sole expense of the Contractor.

B. Topsoil

1. Topsoil suitable for final grading shall be removed and stored separately from other excavated material.

C. Excavated Materials

- 1. All excavated materials shall be stored in locations so as not to endanger the work, and so that easy access may be had at all times to all parts of the excavation. Stored materials shall be kept neatly piled and trimmed, so as to cause as little inconvenience as possible to public travel or to adjoining property holders.
- 2. Special precautions must be taken to permit access at all times to fire hydrants, fire alarm boxes, police and fire department driveways, and other points where access may involve the safety and welfare of the general public.

DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS

A. Spoil Material

3.

3.04

- 1. All spoil materials shall be disposed of as required by the local, state or federal regulations pertaining to the area or as described in the Special Provisions or on the Contract Drawings.
- 2. The surface of all spoil areas shall be graded and dressed and no unsightly mounds or heaps shall be left on completion of the work.

3.05 SHEETING AND BRACING

A. Installation

1. The Contractor shall furnish, place and maintain such sheeting, bracing and shoring as may be required to support the sides and ends of excavations in such manner as to prevent any movement which could, in any way, injure the pipe, structures, or other work; diminish the width necessary for construction; otherwise damage or delay the work of the Contract; endanger existing struc-

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tures, pipes or pavements; or cause the excavation limits to exceed the rightof-way limits.

- In no case will bracing be permitted against pipes or structures in trenches or other excavations.
- 3. Sheeting shall be driven as the excavation progresses, and in such manner as to maintain pressure against the original ground at all times. The sheeting shall be driven vertically with the edges tight together, and all bracing shall be of such design and strength as to maintain the sheeting in its proper position. Seepage which carries fines through the sheeting shall be plugged to retain the fines.
- 4. Where breast boards are used between soldier pile, the boards shall be back packed with soil to maintain support.
- 5. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for the adequacy of all sheeting and bracing.

B. Removal

- In general, all sheeting and bracing, whether of steel, wood or other material, used to support the sides of trenches or other open excavations, shall be withdrawn as the trenches or other open excavations are being refilled. That portion of the sheeting extending below the top of a pipe or structural foundation shall not be withdrawn, unless otherwise directed, before more than 6 inches of earth is placed above the top of the pipe or structural foundation and before any bracing is removed. The voids left by the sheeting shall be carefully refilled with selected material and rammed tight with tools especially adapted for the purpose or otherwise as may be approved.
- 2. The Contractor shall not remove sheeting and bracing until the work has attained the necessary strength to permit placing of backfill.

C. Left in Place

- 1. If, to serve any purpose of his own, the Contractor files a written request for permission to leave sheeting or bracing in the trench or excavation, the Engineer may grant such permission, in writing, on condition that the cost of such sheeting and bracing be assumed and paid by the Contractor.
- 2. The Contractor shall leave in place all sheeting, shoring and bracing which are shown on the Contract Drawings or specified to be left in place or which the Engineer may order, in writing, to be left in place. All shoring, sheeting and bracing shown or ordered to be left in place will be paid for under the appropriate item of the Contract. No payment allowance will be made for wasted ends or for portions above the proposed cutoff level which are driven down instead of cut-off.
- 3. In case sheeting is left in place, it shall be cut off or driven down as directed so that no portion of the same shall remain within 12 inches of the street subgrade or finished ground surface.

3.06 BACKFILLING

A. General

- 1. All excavations shall be backfilled to the original surface of the ground or to such other grades as may be shown, specified or directed.
- Backfilling shall be done with suitable excavated materials which can be satisfactorily compacted during refilling of the excavation. In the event the excavated materials are not suitable, Special Backfill as specified or ordered by the Engineer shall be used for backfilling.
- 4. Any settlement occurring in the backfilled excavations shall be refilled and compacted.

B. Unsuitable Materials

- 1. Stones, pieces of rock or pieces of pavement greater than 1 cubic foot in volume or greater than 1.5 feet in any single dimension shall not be used in any portion of the backfill.
- 2. All stones, pieces of rock or pavement shall be distributed through the backfill and alternated with earth backfill in such a manner that all interstices between them shall be filled with earth.
- 3. Frozen earth shall not be used for backfilling.

C. Compaction and Density Control

- 1. The compaction shall be as specified for the type of earthwork, i.e., structural, trenching or embankment.
 - a. The compaction specified shall be the percent of maximum dry density.
 - b. The compaction equipment shall be suitable for the material encountered.
- 2. Where required, to assure adequate compaction, in-place density test shall at the expense of the Contractor be made by an approved testing laboratory.
 - a. The moisture-density relationship of the backfill material shall be determined by ASTM D698, Method D.
 - Compaction curves for the full range of materials used shall be developed.
 - b. In-place density shall be determined by the methods of ASTM D1556 or ASTM D2922 and shall be expressed as a percentage of maximum dry density.
- 3. Where required, to obtain the optimum moisture content, the Contractor shall add, at his expense, sufficient water during compaction to assure the specified maximum density of the backfill. If, due to rain or other causes, the material exceeds the optimum moisture content, it shall be allowed to dry, assisted if necessary, before resuming compaction or filling efforts.
- 4. The Contractor shall be responsible for all damage or injury done to pipes, structures, property or persons due to improper placing or compacting of backfill.

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3.07 OTHER REQUIREMENTS

A. Drainage

 All material deposited in roadway ditches or other water courses shall be removed immediately after backfilling is completed and the section, grades and contours of such ditches or water courses restored to their original condition, in order that surface drainage will be obstructed no longer than necessary.

B. Unfinished Work

1. When, for any reason, the work is to be left unfinished, all trenches and excavations shall be filled and all roadways, sidewalks and watercourses left unobstructed with their surfaces in a safe and satisfactory condition. The surface of all roadways and sidewalks shall have a temporary pavement.

C. Hauling Material on Streets

1. When it is necessary to haul material over the streets or pavements, the Contractor shall provide suitable tight vehicles so as to prevent deposits on the streets or pavements. In all cases where any materials are dropped from the vehicles, the Contractor shall clean up the same as often as required to keep the crosswalks, streets and pavements clean and free from dirt, mud, stone and other hauled material.

D. Dust Control

- 1. It shall be the sole responsibility of the Contractor to control the dust created by any and all of his operations to such a degree that it will not endanger the safety and welfare of the general public.
- 2. Calcium chloride and petroleum products shall not to be used for dust control.

E. Test Pits

1. For the purpose of obtaining detail locations of underground obstructions, the Contractor shall make excavations in advance of the work. Payment for the excavations ordered by the Engineer will be made under an appropriate item of the Contract and shall include sheeting, bracing, pumping, excavation and backfilling.

- END OF SECTION -

16039/5.25.2017 EARTHWORK

ROUGH GRADING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Remove topsoil and stockpile for later reuse.
- B. Excavate subsoil and stockpile for later reuse as directed in Section 022110, Backfilling and Embankments.
 - C. Grade and rough contour site.

1.02 RELATED WORK

- A. Geotechnical data as indicated in Appendix A of the specifications. (None provided or available for this Contract)
 - B. Section 02228 Rock Removal.
 - C. Section 02222 Excavation.
 - D. Section 02220 Earthwork.

1.03 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

- A. Submit documents under provisions of Section 01720.
- B. Accurately record location of utilities remaining, rerouted utilities, new utilities by horizontal dimensions, elevations or inverts, and slope gradients.

1.04 PROTECTION

- A. Protect trees and other features remaining as portion of final landscaping.
- B. Protect bench marks, existing structures, fences, roads, sidewalks and other features not designated for demolition.
 - C. Protect above or below grade utilities which are to remain.
- D. Contractor shall be responsible for repairing any damage to those items not designated for demolition or removal in a manner satisfactory to the Owner at no additional cost to the Owner.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

A. Topsoil: Excavated material, graded free of roots, rocks larger than one inch, subsoil, debris, and large weeds.

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B. Subsoil: Excavated material, graded free of lumps larger than 12 inches, rocks larger than 12 inches, and debris.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Identify required lines, levels, contours, and datum.
- B. Identify known below grade utilities. Stake and flag locations.
- C. Identify and flag above grade utilities.
- D. Maintain and protect existing utilities remaining which pass through work area.
- E. Upon discovery of unknown utility or concealed conditions, discontinue affected work; notify Engineer.

3.02 TOPSOIL EXCAVATION

- A. Excavate topsoil from areas to be further excavated, and stockpile in area designated on site by the Engineer.
 - B. Do not excavate wet topsoil.
 - C. Stockpile topsoil to depth not exceeding 8 feet.

3.03 SUBSOIL EXCAVATION

- A. Excavate subsoil from indicated areas and stockpile in area designated on site. Excess subsoil may be reused according to Section 02220, Backfilling.
 - B. Do not excavate wet subsoil.
 - C. Stockpile subsoil to depth not exceeding 8 feet.
- D. When excavation through roots is necessary, perform work by hand and cut roots with a sharp axe.

3.04 TOLERANCES

Top Surface of Subgrade: Plus or minus three inches.

- END OF SECTION -

16039/5.25.2017 ROUGH GRADING

EXCAVATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Structure excavation.
- B. Shoring excavations.

1.02 RELATED WORK

- A. Geotechnical Report in Appendix A of these specifications. (5 Copies of Report Required)
- B. Section 01450 Quality Control.
- C. Section 02228 Rock Removal.
- D. Section 02211 Rough Grading.
- E. Section 02220 Backfilling and Embankments.
- F. Section 02226 Trenching.

1.03 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Protect excavations by shoring, bracing, sheet piling, underpining, or other methods required to prevent cave-in or loose soil from falling into excavation.
- B. Underpin adjacent structures which may be damaged by excavation work, including service utilities and pipe chases.
- C. Notify Engineer of unexpected subsurface conditions and discontinue affected work in area until notified to resume work.
 - D. Protect bottom of excavations and soil adjacent to and beneath foundations from frost.
 - E. Grade excavation top perimeter to prevent surface water run-off into excavation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Subsoil: Excavated material, graded free of lumps larger than 12 inches, rocks larger than 12 inches, and debris.
- B. # 57's or # 9's: Mineral aggregate graded 1/4 inch to 5/8 inch, free of soil, subsoil, clay, shale, or foreign matter.

16039/5.25.2017 EXCAVATION

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

Identify required liens, levels, contours, and datum.

3.02 EXCAVATION

- A. Excavate subsoil required for structure foundations, construction operations, and other work. All excavation shall be unclassified excavation.
- B. Contractor is responsible to adequately brace open cuts and protect workmen and equipment from cave-in.
- C. Remove lumped subsoil, boulders, and rock up to 1/3 cu. yd., measured by volume. Remove larger material under Section 02228.
 - D. Correct unauthorized excavation at no cost to Owner.
- E. Fill over-excavated areas under structure bearing surfaces in accordance with direction by Engineer.
 - F. Stockpile excavated material in area designated on site.

3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Provide for visual inspection of rock surfaces under provisions of Section 01450.

- END OF SECTION -

16039/5.25.2017 EXCAVATION

TRENCHING, BACKFILLING AND COMPACTING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes excavation and backfill as required for pipe installation or other construction in the trench, and removal and disposal of water, in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Section entitled "Earthwork" unless modified herein.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXCAVATION

- A. The trench excavation shall be located as shown on the Contract Drawings or as specified. Under ordinary conditions, excavation shall be by open cut from the ground surface. Where the depth of trench and soil conditions permit, tunneling may be required beneath cross walks, curbs, gutters, pavements, trees, driveways, railroad tracks and other surface structures. No additional compensation will be allowed for such tunneling over the price bid for open cut excavation of equivalent depths below the ground surface unless such tunnel excavation is specifically provided for in the Contract Documents.
- B. Trenches shall be excavated to maintain the depths as shown on the Contract Drawings or as specified for the type of pipe to be installed.
- C. The alignment and depth shall be determined and maintained by the use of a string line installed on batter boards above the trench, a double string line installed along side of the trench or a laser beam system.
- D. The minimum width of trench excavation shall be 6-inches on each side of the pipe hub for 21-inch diameter pipe and smaller and 12-inches on each side of the pipe hub for 24-inch diameter pipe and larger.
- E. Trenches shall not be opened for more than 300 feet in advance of pipe installation nor left unfilled for more than 100 feet in the rear of the installed pipe when work is in progress without the consent of the Engineer. Open trenches shall be protected and barricaded as required.
- F. Bridging across open trenches shall be constructed and maintained where required.

3.02 SUBGRADE PREPARATION FOR PIPE

- A. Where pipe is to be laid on undisturbed bottom of excavated trench, mechanical excavation shall not extend lower than the finished subgrade elevation at any point.
- B. Where pipe is to be laid on special granular material the excavation below subgrade shall be to the depth specified or directed. The excavation below subgrade shall be

- refilled with special granular material as specified or directed, shall be deposited in layers not to exceed 6 inches and shall be thoroughly compacted prior to the preparation of pipe subgrade.
- C. The subgrade shall be prepared by shaping with hand tools to the contour of the pipe barrel to allow for uniform and continuous bearing and support on solid undisturbed ground or embedment for the entire length of the pipe.
- D. Pipe subgrade preparation shall be performed immediately prior to installing the pipe in the trench. Where bell holes are required they shall be made after the subgrade preparation is complete and shall be only of sufficient length to prevent any part of the bell from becoming in contact with the trench bottom and allowing space for joint assembly.

3.03 STORAGE OF MATERIALS

- A. Traffic shall be maintained at all times in accordance with the applicable Highway Permits. Where no Highway Permit is required at least one-half of the street must be kept open for traffic.
- B. Where conditions do not permit storage of materials adjacent to the trench, the material excavated from a length as may be required, shall be removed by the Contractor, at his cost and expense, as soon as excavated. The material subsequently excavated shall be used to refill the trench where the pipe had been built, provided it be of suitable character. The excess material shall be removed to locations selected and obtained by the Contractor.
 - The Contractor shall, at his cost and expense, bring back adequate amounts of satisfactory excavated materials as may be required to properly refill the trenches.
- C. If directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall refill trenches with select fill or other suitable materials and excess excavated materials shall be disposed of as spoil.

3.04 REMOVAL OF WATER AND DRAINAGE

- A. The Contractor shall at all times provide and maintain proper and satisfactory means and devices for the removal of all water entering the trench, and shall remove all such water as fast as it may collect, in such manner as shall not interfere with the prosecution of the work.
- B. The removal of water shall be in accordance with the Section entitled "Earthwork".

3.05 PIPE EMBEDMENT

- A. All pipe shall be protected from lateral displacement and possible damage resulting from superimposed backfill loads, impact or unbalanced loading during backfilling operations by being adequately embedded in suitable pipe embedment material. To ensure adequate lateral and vertical stability of the installed pipe during pipe jointing and embedment operations, a sufficient amount of the pipe embedment material to hold the pipe in rigid alignment shall be uniformly deposited and thoroughly compacted on each side, and back of the bell, of each pipe as laid.
- B. Concrete cradle and encasement of the class specified shall be installed where and as shown on the Contract Drawings or ordered by the Engineer. Before any concrete is placed, the pipe shall be securely blocked and braced to prevent movement or flotation. The concrete cradle or encasement shall extend the full width of the trench as excavated unless otherwise authorized by the Engineer. Where concrete is to be placed

- in a sheeted trench it shall be poured directly against sheeting to be left in place or against a bond-breaker if the sheeting is to be removed.
- C. Embedment materials placed above the centerline of the pipe or above the concrete cradle to a depth of 12 inches above the top of the pipe barrel shall be deposited in such manner as to not damage the pipe. Compaction shall be as required for the type of embedment being installed.

3.06 BACKFILL ABOVE EMBEDMENT

- A. The remaining portion of the pipe trench above the embedment shall be refilled with suitable materials compacted as specified.
 - 1. Where trenches are within the ditch-to-ditch limits of any street or road or within a driveway or sidewalk, or shall be under a structure, the trench shall be refilled in horizontal layers not more than 8 inches in thickness, and compacted to obtain 95% maximum density, and determined as set forth in the Section entitled "Earthwork".
 - 2. Where trenches are in open fields or unimproved areas outside of the ditch limits of roads, the backfilling may be by placing the material in the trench and mounding the surface.
 - 3. Hand tamping shall be required around buried utility lines or other subsurface features that could be damaged by mechanical compaction equipment.
- B. Backfilling of trenches beneath, across or adjacent to drainage ditches and water courses shall be done in such a manner that water will not accumulate in unfilled or partially filled trenches and the backfill shall be protected from surface erosion by adequate means.
 - 1. Where trenches cross waterways, the backfill surface exposed on the bottom and slopes thereof shall be protected by means of stone or concrete rip-rap or pavement.
- C. All settlement of the backfill shall be refilled and compacted as it occurs.
- D. Temporary pavement shall be placed as specified in the Section entitled "Restoration of Surfaces".

-END OF SECTION-

ROCK REMOVAL

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes removal to the widths and depths shown on the Contract Drawings or as directed by the Engineer, including the loosening, removing, transporting, storing and disposal of all materials requiring blasting, barring, or wedging for removal from their original beds, and backfill of rock excavations with acceptable materials
- B. Use of explosives for rock removal shall be used only with prior permission from both the Engineer and Owner.
- C. Rock removal is part of and incidental to unclassified excavation. No separate payment shall be made for rock removal.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. In addition to those submittals identified in the General Provisions, the following items shall be submitted:
 - 1. Before any blasting operations begin the Contractor shall obtain all permits and licenses required.

1.03 DEFINITIONS

A. Rock

- 1. All pieces of ledge or bedrock, boulders or masonry larger than one-half cubic yard in volume.
- 2. Any material requiring blasting, barring, or wedging for removal from its original bed.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 BLASTING (Use of explosives for rock removal shall be used only with prior permission from both the Engineer and Owner.)

A. General

- 1. Handling of explosives and blasting shall be done only by experienced persons.
- 2. Handling and blasting shall be in accordance with all Federal, State and local laws, rules and regulations relating to the possession, handling, storage and transportation and use of explosives.

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- 3. All blasts in open cut shall be properly covered and protected with approved blasting mats.
- 4. Charges shall be of such size that the excavation will not be unduly large and shall be so arranged and timed that adjacent rock, upon or against which pipelines or structures are to be built, will not be shattered.
- 5. Blasting will not be permitted within 25 feet of pipelines or structures.
- 6. All existing pipes or structures exposed during excavation shall be adequately protected from damage before proceeding with the blasting.
- 7. NFPA 495 Code for Manufacture, Transportation, Storage and Use of Explosive Materials.
- 8. Commonwealth of Kentucky Department of Mines and Minerals, Laws and Regulations Governing Explosives and Blasting.

B. Repair of Damages Due to Blasting

- 1. Any injury or damage to the work or to existing pipes or structures shall be repaired or rebuilt by the Contractor at his expense.
- 2. Whenever blasting may damage adjacent rock, pipes or structures, blasting shall be discontinued and the rock removed by drilling, barring, wedging or other methods.

C. Explosives

- 1. At no time shall an excessive amount of explosives be kept at the site of the work. Such explosives shall be stored, handled and used in conformity with all applicable laws and regulations.
- 2. Accurate daily records shall be kept showing the amounts of explosives on hand, both at the site and at any storage magazine, the quantities received and issued, and the purpose for which issued.
- 3. The Contractor shall be responsible for any damage or injury to any persons, property or structures as a result of his handling, storage or use of explosives.

D. Rock Clearance in Trenches

- Ledge rock, boulders and large stones shall be removed from the sides and bottom of the trench to provide clearance for the specified embedment of each pipe section, joint or appurtenance; but in no instance shall the clearance be less than 6 inches. Additional clearance at the pipe bell or joint shall be provided to allow for the proper make-up of the joint.
- 2. At the transition from an earth bottom to a rock bottom the minimum bottom clearance shall be 12 inches for a distance of not less than 5 feet.

E. Rock Clearance at Structures

1. Concrete for structures shall be placed directly on the rock and the excavation shall be only to the elevations and grades shown on the Contract Drawings.

3.02 EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL

16039/5.25.2017 ROCK REMOVAL

- A. Rock removal and backfilling shall be performed in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Section entitled "Earthwork".
- B. The rock excavated which cannot be incorporated into the backfill material, as specified, shall be disposed of as spoil and shall be replaced with the quantity of acceptable material required for backfilling.

-END OF SECTION-

SLOPE PROTECTION AND EROSION CONTROL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. The Contractor shall do all work and take all measures necessary to control soil erosion resulting from construction operations, shall prevent the flow of sediment from the construction site, and shall contain construction materials (including excavation and backfill) within his protected working area so as to prevent damage to adjacent property.
- B. The Contractor shall not employ any construction method that violates a rule, regulation, guideline or procedure established by Federal, State or local agencies having jurisdiction over the environmental effects of construction. The Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining all associated permits.
- C. Pollutants such as chemicals, fuels, lubricants, bitumen, raw sewage and other harmful waste shall not be discharged into or alongside of any body of water or into natural or man-made channels leading thereto

D. Permits:

- 1. The Contractor shall apply for a permit (if applicable) for stormwater runoff from the construction site for the project. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to determine if the proposed construction activities will require a permit from the federal, state and local regulatory agencies.
- 2. For this project, the stormwater permitting process falls under the Kentucky Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (KPDES) permit program administered by the Kentucky Division of Water, Frankfort, Kentucky.
- 3. See attached for permits form.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

A. Temporary Slope Protection and Erosion Control:

Bales may be hay or straw, and shall be reasonably clean and free of noxious weeds and deleterious materials. Filter fabric for sediment traps shall be of suitable materials acceptable to the Engineer.

B. Permanent Slope Protection and Erosion Control:

On slopes 2H:1V and steeper, and where shown on the drawings place Type A Dumped Rock Fill with a 24-inch minimum thickness over non-woven geotextile filter fabric.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 METHODS OF CONSTRUCTION

- A. The Contractor shall use any of the acceptable methods necessary to control soil erosion and prevent the flow of sediment to the maximum extent possible. These methods shall include, but not be limited to, the use of water diversion structures, diversion ditches and settling basins.
- B. Construction operations shall be restricted to the areas of work indicated on the Drawings and to the area which must be entered for the construction of temporary or permanent facilities. The Engineer has the authority to limit the surface area of erodible earth material exposed by clearing and grubbing, excavation, borrow and fill operations and to direct the Contractor to provide immediate permanent or temporary pollution control measures to prevent contamination of the wetlands and adjacent watercourses. Such work may involve the construction of temporary berms, dikes, dams, sediment basins, slope drains, and use of temporary mulches, mats, or other control devices or methods as necessary to control erosion.
- C. Excavated soil material shall not be placed adjacent to the wetlands or watercourses in a manner that will cause it to be washed away by high water or runoff. Earth berms or diversions shall be constructed to intercept and divert runoff water away from critical areas. Diversion outlets shall be stable or shall be stabilized by means acceptable to the Engineer. If for any reason construction materials are washed away during the course of construction, the Contractor shall remove those materials from the fouled areas as directed by the Engineer.
- D. For work within easements, all materials used in construction such as excavation, backfill, roadway, and pipe bedding and equipment shall be kept within the limits of the easements.
- E. The Contractor shall not pump silt-laden water from trenches or other excavations into the wetlands, or adjacent watercourses. Instead, silt-laden water from his excavations shall be discharged within areas surrounded by baled hay or into sediment traps to ensure that only sediment-free water is returned to the watercourses. Damage to vegetation by excessive watering or silt accumulation in the discharge area shall be avoided.
 - F. Prohibited construction procedures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - Dumping of spoil material into any streams, wetlands, surface waters, or unspecified locations.
 - Indiscriminate, arbitrary, or capricious operation of equipment in wetlands or surface waters.
 - 3. Pumping of silt-laden water from trenches or excavations into surface waters, or wetlands.
 - 4. Damaging vegetation adjacent to or outside of the construction area limits.
 - 5. Disposal of trees, brush, debris, paints, chemicals, asphalt products, concrete curing compounds, fuels, lubricants, insecticides, washwater from concrete trucks or hydroseeders, or any other pollutant in wetlands, surface waters, or unspecified locations.
 - 6. Permanent or unauthorized alteration of the flow line of any stream.
 - 7. Open burning of debris from the construction work.
 - G. Any temporary working roadways required shall be clean fill approved by the Engineer. In the

event fill is used, the Contractor shall take every precaution to prevent the fill from mixing with native materials of the site. All such foreign fill materials shall be removed from the site following construction.

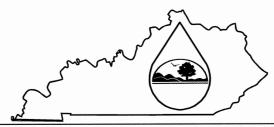
3.02 EROSION CHECKS

The Contractor shall furnish and install baled hay or straw erosion checks in all locations indicated on the Drawings, surrounding the base of all deposits of stored excavated material outside of the disturbed area, and where indicated by the Engineer. Checks, where indicated on the Drawings, shall be installed immediately after the site is cleared and before trench excavation is begun at the location indicated. Checks located surrounding stored material shall be located approximately 6 ft. from that material. Bales shall be held in place with two 2 in. by 2 in. by 3 ft. wooden stakes. Each bale shall be butted tightly against the adjoining bale to preclude short circuiting of the erosion check.

- END OF SECTION -

KPDES FORM NOI-SW

Signature:



Kentucky Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (KPDES)

Notice of Intent (NOI) for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity Under the KPDES General Permit

Submission of this Notice of Intent constitutes notice that the party identified in Section I of this form intends to be authorized by a KPDES permit issued for storm water discharges associated with industrial activity. Becoming a permittee obligates such discharger to comply with the terms and conditions of the permit.

ALL NECESSARY INFORMATI		VIDED ON THIS	FORM (See Instru	ctions on back)
I. Facility Operator Information	ON MOST BETRO	TIDED ON THIS	CIUI (See manu	CHOID OH OWA)
ar active operator information				
Name:		Phone:		
		Status of		
Address:		Owner/O	perator:	
City, State, Zip Code:				
II. Facility/Site Location Information				ptitulieje ne elitopeko pose oko Kaste
Name:				
Address:				
City, State, Zip Code:				
County:	T.			
Site Latitude:		Site Longitude:	1.	
(degrees/minutes/seconds)		(degrees/minutes/s	econds)	Logica (Service of Arthur Street Argert 1984)
III. Site Activity Information				
MS4 Operator Name:				
Receiving Water Body:				
Yes ☐ If Yes, submit with this form. Are there existing quantitative data? No ☐				
SIC or Designated Activity Code Primary	2nd	3rd		4 th
If this facility is a member of a Group App	lication, enter Group	Application Num	ber:	
If you have other existing KPDES Permits,				
IV. Additional Information Required FOR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES ONLY				
Project Start Date:		Completion Date		
Estimated Area to be disturbed (in acres):				
Is the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan in Compliance with State and/or Local Sediment and Erosion Plans? Yes No				
V. Certification: I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or				
supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the				
information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly				
responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate,				
and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine				
and imprisonment for knowing violations.				
Printed or Typed Name:				

Date:

Kentucky Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (KPDES) Instructions

Notice of Intent (NOI) for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity To Be Covered Under The KPDES General Permit

WHO MUST FILE A NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) FORM

Federal law at 40 CFR Part 122 prohibits point source discharges of stormwater associated with industrial activity to a water body of the Commonwealth of Kentucky without a Kentucky Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (KPDES) permit. The operator of an industrial activity that has such a storm water discharge must submit a NOI to obtain coverage under the KPDES Storm Water General Permit. If you have questions about whether you need a permit under the KPDES Storm Water program, or if you need information as to whether a particular program is administered by the state agency, call the **Storm Water Contact, Industrial Section, Kentucky Division of Water at (502) 564-3410.**

WHERE TO FILE NOI FORM

NOIs must be sent to the following address:

Section Supervisor Inventory & Data Management Section KPDES Branch, Division of Water Frankfort Office Park 14 Reilly Road Frankfort, KY 40601

COMPLETING THE FORM

Type or print legibly in the appropriate areas only. If you have any questions regarding the completion of this form call the Storm Water Contact, Industrial Section, at (502) 564-3410.

SECTION I - FACILITY OPERATOR INFORMATION

Give the legal name of the person, firm, public organization, or any other entity that operates the facility or site described in this application. The name of the operator may or may not be the same as the name of the facility. The responsible party is the legal entity that controls the facility's operation, rather than the plant or site manager. Do not use a colloquial name. Enter the complete address and telephone number of the operator.

Enter the appropriate letter to indicate the legal status of the operator of the facility.

F = Federal

M = Public (other than federal or state)

S = State

P = Private

SECTION II - FACILITY/SITE LOCATION INFORMATION

Enter the facility's or site's official or legal name and complete street address, including city, state, and ZIP code.

SECTION III - SITE ACTIVITY INFORMATION

If the storm water discharges to a municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4), enter the name of the operator of the MS4 (e.g., municipality name, county name) <u>and</u> the receiving water of the discharge from the MS4. (A MS4 is defined as a conveyance or system of conveyances (including roads with drainage systems, municipal streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, man-made channels, or storm drains) that is owned or operated by a state, city, town, borough, county, parish, district, association, or other public body which is designed or used for collecting or conveying storm water.)

If the facility discharges storm water directly to receiving water(s), enter the name of the receiving water.

Indicate whether or not the owner or operator of the facility has existing quantitative data that represent the characteristics and concentration of pollutants in storm water discharges. If data is available submit with this form.

List, in descending order of significance, up to four 4-digit standard industrial classification (SIC) codes that best describe the principal products or services provided at the facility or site identified in Section II of this application.

If the facility listed in Section II has participated in Part 1 of an approved storm water group application and a group number has been assigned, enter the group application number in the space provided.

If there are other KPDES permits presently issued for the facility or site listed in Section II, list the permit numbers.

SECTION IV - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES ONLY

Construction activities must complete Section IV in addition of Sections I through III. Only construction activities need to complete Section IV.

Enter the project start date and the estimated completion date for the entire development plan.

Provide an estimate of the total number of acres of the site on which soil will be disturbed (round to the nearest acre).

Indicate whether the storm water pollution prevention plan for the site is in compliance with approved state and/or local sediment and erosion plans, permits, or storm water management plans.

SECTION V - CERTIFICATION

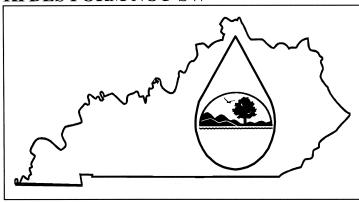
Federal statutes provide for severe penalties for submitting false information on this application form. Federal regulations require this application to be signed as follows:

For a corporation: by a responsible corporate officer, which means: (i) president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision making functions, or (ii) the manager of one or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities employing more than 250 persons or having gross annual sales or expenditures exceeding \$25 million (in second-quarter 1980 dollars), if authroity to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures;

For a partnership or sole proprietorship: by a general partner or the proprietor; or

For a municipality, state, Federal, or other public facility: by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official.

KPDES FORM NOT-SW



Kentucky Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (KPDES)

NOTICE OF TERMINATION (NOT)

of Coverage Under the KPDES General Permit for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity

Submission of this Notice of Termination constitutes notice that the party identified in Section II of this form is no longer authorized to discharge storm water associated with industrial activity under the KPDES program.

ALL NECESSARY INFORMATION MUST BE PROVIDED ON THIS FORM.

(Please see instructions on back before completing this form.)

I. PERMIT INFORMATION			
WINDER CO. W. C. A. D. W. M. C.			
KPDES Storm Water General Permit Number:			
Check here if you are no longer the Operator of the Facility:			
Check here if the Storm Water Discharge is Being Terminated:			
II. FACILITY OPERATOR INFORMATION	교로교육학교육 등에서 현실 및 전 등에 발표하고 있다. 그는 이 등에 가는 것이 있는 것이다. 		
Name:			
Address:			
City/State/Zip Code:			
Telephone Number:			
III. FACILITY/SITE LOCATION INFORMATION	an programme i all ottorio se i septembro per tropper a la monda politica de la militar e per un alla consider La filosofia		
Name:			
Address:			
City/State/Zip Code:			
Certification: I certify under penalty of law that all storm water discharges associated with industrial activity from the identified facility that are authorized by a KPDES general permit have been eliminated or that I am no longer the operator of the facility or construction site. I understand that by submitting this Notice of Termination, I am no longer authorized to discharge storm water associated with industrial activity under this general permit, and that discharging pollutants in storm water associated with industrial activity of waters of the Commonwealth is unlawful under the Clean Water Act and Kentucky Regulations where the discharge is not authorized by a KPDES permit. I also understand that the submittal of this Notice of Termination does not release an operator from liability for any violations of this permit or the Kentucky Revised Statutes.			
NAME (Print or Type)	TITLE		
SIGNATURE	DATE		

INSTRUCTIONS

NOTICE OF TERMINATION (NOT) OF COVERAGE UNDER THE KPDES GENERAL PERMIT FOR STORM WATER DISCHARGES ASSOCIATED WITH INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY

Who May File a Notice of Termination (NOT) Form

Permittees who are presently covered under the Kentucky Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (KPDES) General Permit for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity may submit a Notice of Termination (NOT) form when their facilities no longer have any storm water discharges associated with industrial activity as defined in the storm water regulations at 40 CFR 122.26 (b)(14), or when they are no longer the operator of the facilities.

For construction activities, elimination of all storm water discharges associated with industrial activity occurs when disturbed soils at the construction site have been finally stabilized and temporary erosion and sediment control measures have been removed or will be removed at an appropriate time, or that all storm water discharges associated with industrial activity from the construction site that are authorized by a KPDES general permit have otherwise been eliminated. Final stabilization means that all soil-disturbing activities at the site have been completed, and that a uniform perennial vegetative cover with a density of 70% of the cover for unpaved areas and areas not covered by permanent structures has been established, or equivalent permanent stabilization measures (such as the use of riprap, gabions, or geotextiles have been employed.

Where to File NOT Form

Send this form to the following address:

Section Supervisor Inventory & Data Management Section KPDES Branch, Division of Water 14 Reilly Road, Frankfort Office Park Frankfort, KY 40601

Completing the Form

Type or print legibly in the appropriate areas and according to the instructions given for each section. If you have questions about this form, call the Storm Water Contact, Industrial Section, at (502) 564-3410.

Section I - Permit Information

Enter the existing KPDES Storm Water General Permit number assigned to the facility or site identified in Section III. If you do not know the permit number, call the Storm Water Contact, Industrial Section at (502) 564-3410.

Indicate your reason for submitting this Notice of Termination by checking the appropriate box:

If there has been a change of operator and you are no longer the operator of the facility or site identified in Section III, check the corresponding box.

If all storm water discharges at the facility or site identified in Section III have been terminated, check the corresponding box.

Section II - Facility Operator Information

Give the legal name of the person, firm, public organization, or any other entity that operates the facility or site described in this application. The name of the operator may or may not be the same name as the facility. The operator of the facility is the legal entity which controls the facility's operation, rather than the plant or site manager. Do not use a colloquial name. Enter the complete address and telephone number of the operator.

Section III - Facility/Site Location Information

Enter the facility's or site's official or legal name and complete address, including city, state and ZIP code. If the facility lacks a street address, indicate the state, the latitude and longitude of the facility to the nearest 15 seconds, or the quater, section, township, and range (to the nearest quarter section) of the approximate center of the site.

Section IV - Certification

Federal statutes provide for severe penalties for submitting false information on this application form. Federal regulations require this application to be signed as follows:

For a corporation: by a responsible corporate officer, which means: (i) president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision making functions, or (ii) the manager of one or more manufacturing, production or operating facilities employing more than 250 persons or having gross annual sales or expenditures exceeding \$25 million (in second-quarter 1980 dollars), if authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures

For a partnership or sole proprietorship: by a general partner or the proprietor; or

For a municipality, State, Federal, or other public facility: by either a principal executive

RESTORATION OF SURFACES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes restoration and maintenance of all types of surfaces, sidewalks, curbs, gutters, culverts and other features disturbed, damaged or destroyed during the performance of the work under or as a result of the operations of the Contract.
- B. The quality of materials and the performance of work used in the restoration shall produce a surface or feature equal to the condition of each before the work began.

1.02 REFERENCES

- A. Materials and installation shall be in accordance with the latest revisions of the following codes, standards and specifications, except where more stringent requirements have been specified herein:
 - 1. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
 - a. D698 Test Method for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft-lbf/ft³) (600 kN-m/m³)

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. In addition to those submittals identified in the General Provisions, the following items shall be submitted:
 - 1. A schedule of restoration operations. After an accepted schedule has been agreed upon it shall be adhered to unless otherwise revised with the approval of the Engineer.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

- A. In general, permanent restoration of paved surfaces will not be permitted until one months' time has elapsed after excavations have been completely backfilled as specified. A greater length of time, but not more than nine months may be allowed to elapse before permanent restoration of street surfaces is undertaken, if additional time is required for shrinkage and settlement of the backfill.
- B. The replacement of surfaces at any time, as scheduled or as directed, shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility to repair damages by settlement or other failures.

3.02 TEMPORARY PAVEMENT

- A. Immediately upon completion of refilling of the trench or excavation, the Contractor shall place a temporary pavement over all disturbed areas of streets, driveways, sidewalks, and other traveled places where the original surface has been disturbed as a result of his operations.
- B. Unless otherwise specified or directed the temporary pavement shall consist of compacted run-of-crusher limestone to such a depth as required to withstand the traffic to which it will be subjected.
- C. Where concrete pavements are removed, the temporary pavement shall be surfaced with "cold patch". The surface of the temporary pavement shall conform to the slope and grade of the area being restored.
- D. For dust prevention, the Contractor shall treat all surfaces, not covered with cold patch, as frequently as may be required.
- E. The temporary pavement shall be maintained by the Contractor in a safe and satisfactory condition until such time as the permanent paving is completed. The Contractor shall immediately remove and restore all pavement as shall become unsatisfactory.

3.03 PERMANENT PAVEMENT REPLACEMENT

- A. The permanent and final repaving of all streets, driveways and similar surfaces where pavement has been removed, disturbed, settled or damaged by or as a result of performance of the Contract shall be repaired and replaced by the Contractor, by a new and similar pavement.
 - 1. The top surface shall conform with the grade of existing adjacent pavement and the entire replacement shall meet the current specifications of the local community for the particular types of pavement.
 - 2. Where the local community has no specification for the type of pavement, the work shall be done in conformity with the State Department of Transportation Standard which conforms the closest to the type of surfacing being replaced, as determined by the Engineer.

3.04 PREPARATION FOR PERMANENT PAVEMENT

- A. When scheduled and within the time specified, the temporary pavement shall be removed and a base prepared, at the depth required by the local community or Highway Permit, to receive the permanent pavement.
 - 1. The base shall be brought to the required grade and cross-section and thoroughly compacted before placing the permanent pavement.
 - 2. Any base material which has become unstable for any reason shall be removed and replaced with compacted base materials.
- B. Prior to placing the permanent pavement all service boxes, manhole frames and covers and similar structures within the area shall be adjusted to the established grade and cross-section.
- C. The edges of existing asphalt pavement shall be cut a minimum of 1 foot beyond the excavation or disturbed base whichever is greater.

1. All cuts shall be parallel or perpendicular to the centerline of the street.

3.05 ASPHALT PAVEMENT

- A. The permanent asphalt pavement replacement for streets, driveways and parking area surfaces shall be replaced with bituminous materials of the same depth and kind as the existing unless otherwise specified.
- B. Prior to placing of any bituminous pavement a sealer shall be applied to the edges of the existing pavement and other features.
- C. The furnishing, handling and compaction of all bituminous materials shall be in accordance with the State Department of Transportation Standards.

3.06 CONCRETE PAVEMENT AND PAVEMENT BASE

- A. Concrete pavements and concrete bases for asphalt, brick or other pavement surfaces shall be replaced with Class "B" Concrete, air-entrained.
- B. Paving slabs or concrete bases shall be constructed to extend 1 foot beyond each side of the trench and be supported on undisturbed soil. Where such extension of the pavement will leave less than 2 feet of original pavement slab or base, the repair of the pavement slab or base shall be extended to replace the slab to the original edge of the pavement or base unless otherwise indicated on the Contract Drawings.
- C. Where the edge of the pavement slab or concrete base slab falls within the excavation, the excavation shall be backfilled with Special Backfill compacted to 95% maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D 698 up to the base of the concrete.
- D. The new concrete shall be of the same thickness as the slab being replaced and shall contain reinforcement equal to the old pavement.
 - 1. New concrete shall be placed and cured in accordance with the applicable provisions of the State Department of Transportation Standards.

3.07 STONE OR GRAVEL PAVEMENT

- A. All pavement and other areas surfaced with stone or gravel shall be replaced with material to match the existing surface unless otherwise specified.
 - 1. The depth of the stone or gravel shall be at least equal to the existing.
 - 2. After compaction the surface shall conform to the slope and grade of the area being replaced.

3.08 CONCRETE WALKS, CURBS AND GUTTER REPLACEMENT

- A. Concrete walks, curbs and gutters removed or damaged in connection with or as a result of the construction operations shall be replaced with new construction.
 - 1. The minimum replacement will be a flag or block of sidewalk and 5 feet of curb or gutter.
- B. Walks shall be constructed of Class "B" concrete, air-entrained with KY-DOT #2 stone aggregate on a 4-inch base of compacted gravel or stone.
 - 1. The walk shall be not less than 4 inches in thickness or the thickness of the replaced walk where greater than 4 inches, shall have construction joints

spaced not more than 25 feet apart, shall have expansion joints spaced not more than 50 feet apart and shall be sloped at right angles to the longitudinal centerline approximately inch per foot of width.

- C. 1/2-inch expansion joint material shall be placed around all objects within the sidewalk area as well as objects to which the new concrete will abut, such as valve boxes, manhole frames, curbs, buildings and others.
- D. Walks shall be hand-floated and broom-finished, edged and grooved at construction joints and at intermediate intervals matching those intervals of the walk being replaced.
 - The intermediate grooves shall be scored a minimum of 1/4 of the depth of the walk.
 - 2. The lengths of blocks formed by the grooving tool, and distances between construction and expansion joints shall be uniform throughout the length of the walk in any one location.
- E. The minimum length of curb or gutter to be left in place or replaced shall be 5 feet. Where a full section is not being replaced, the existing curb or gutter shall be saw cut to provide a true edge.
 - 1. The restored curb or gutter shall be the same shape, thickness and finish as being replaced and shall be built of the same concrete and have construction and expansion joints as stated above for sidewalks.
- F. All concrete shall be placed and cured as specified in the Section for concrete.

3.09 LAWNS AND IMPROVED AREAS

- A. The area to receive topsoil shall be graded to a depth of not less than 4 inches or as specified, below the proposed finished surface.
 - 1. If the depth of existing topsoil prior to construction was greater than 4 inches, topsoil shall be replaced to that depth.
- B. The furnishing and placing of topsoil, seed and mulch shall be in accordance with the Section entitled "Topsoil and Seeding".
- C. When required to obtain germination, the seeded areas shall be watered in such a manner as to prevent washing out of the seed.
- Any washout or damage which occurs shall be regraded and reseeded until a good sod is established.
- E. The Contractor shall maintain the newly seeded areas, including regrading, reseeding, watering and mowing, in good condition.

3.10 CULTIVATED AREA REPLACEMENT

- A. Areas of cultivated lands shall be graded to a depth to receive topsoil of not less than the depth of the topsoil before being disturbed. All debris and inorganic material shall be removed prior to the placing of the topsoil.
- B. The furnishing and placing of topsoil shall be in accordance with the Section entitled "Topsoil and Seeding".
- C. After the topsoil has been placed and graded, the entire area disturbed during construction shall be cultivated to a minimum depth of 12-inches with normal farm equipment.
 - 1. Any debris or inorganic materials appearing shall be removed.
 - The removal of stones shall be governed by the adjacent undisturbed cultivated area.
- D. Grass areas shall be reseeded using a mixture equal to that of the area before being disturbed, unless otherwise specified.

3.11 OTHER TYPES OF RESTORATION

- A. Trees, shrubs and landscape items damaged or destroyed as a result of the construction operations shall be replaced in like species and size.
 - 1. All planting and care thereof shall meet the standards of the American Association of Nurserymen.
- B. Water courses shall be reshaped to the original grade and cross-section and all debris removed. Where required to prevent erosion, the bottom and sides of the water course shall be protected.
- C. Culverts destroyed or removed as a result of the construction operations shall be replaced in like size and material and shall be replaced at the original location and grade. When there is minor damage to a culvert and with the consent of the Engineer, a repair may be undertaken, if satisfactory results can be obtained.
- D. Should brick pavements be encountered in the work, the restoration shall be as set forth in the Special Provisions or as directed.

3.12 MAINTENANCE

A. The finished products of restoration shall be maintained in an acceptable condition for and during a period of one year following the date of Substantial Completion or other such date as set forth elsewhere in the Contract Documents.

-END OF SECTION-

PIPE, FITTINGS AND INSTALLATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. Furnish all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals necessary to install and test pipe and fittings as shown on the Drawings and required by the Specifications.
- B. Piping shall be located substantially as shown. The Engineer reserves the right to make such modifications in locations as may be found desirable to avoid interference between pipes or for other reasons.
- C. Wherever the word pipe or piping is used it shall mean pipe and fittings unless otherwise noted. All ductile iron pipe (D.I.P.), fittings, glands and accessories shall be of the same manufacturer unless approved otherwise.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 DUCTILE IRON PIPE (D.I.P.) AND FITTINGS

- A. Ductile iron pipe (D.I.P.) shall conform to ANSI/AWWA C150/A21.50, ANSI/AWWA C151/A21.51 Standard. The pipe shall conform to thickness class 350 unless noted otherwise. All pipe, fittings and joints should be capable of accommodating pressure up to 350 psi. Joint restraints required. <u>SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE.</u>
- B. Ductile iron mechanical joint fittings shall have a body thickness and radii of curvature conforming to ANSI A21.10 and have joints in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C111.A21.11. Fittings and joints shall be supplied with all accessories.
- C. All pipe and fittings shall be tar coated outside and shall receive a standard cement lining with bituminous seal coat on the inside in accordance with ASA Specification A21.40 (AWWA-C104).
- D. Cement mortar lining and seal coating for pipe and fittings, where applicable, shall be in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C104/A21.4. Bituminous outside coating shall be in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C151/A21.51 for pipe and ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10 for fittings.
- E. All ductile fittings shall be rated at 350 psi water working pressure plus water hammer. Ductile iron fittings shall be ductile cast-iron grade 80-60-03 per ASTM Specification A339-55.
- F. No separate pay item has been established for fittings and no determination of the number of fittings required on the job has been made. The Contractor, during the bidding phase, shall determine the number of fittings required on the job and include the cost of the fittings and installation in the unit price for pipe.
- G. Push-on type joints shall be single rubber gasket, with cast gasket socket and recessed bell with a tapered annular opening and flared socket and shall conform to ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11. Plain spigot ends shall be suitably beveled to permit easy entry into the bell, centering and compressing the gasket.

- H. Ductile iron flanged joint pipe shall conform to ANSI/AWWA C115/A 21.15 Standard and have a Class of 350. The pipe shall have a rated working pressure of 350 psi with Class 125 flanges. Gaskets shall be ring gaskets with a thickness of 1/8-inch. Flange bolts shall conform to ANSI B16.1.
- I. Flanged fittings shall meet all requirements of ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10 and have Class 125 flanges. Fittings shall accommodate a working pressure up to 350 psi and be supplied with all accessories.
- J. River crossing pipe shall be ductile iron with ball and socket type joint. The joint shall be boltless with restraint provided by a bayonet-type locking of the retainer over the bell. All pipe components shall be rugged, high strength ductile iron. The barrel is cast of 60-42-10 ductile iron in accordance with American National Standard A21.51. The bell, ball, and retainer are cast of 70-50-05 ductile iron in accordance with the applicable requirements of American National Standard A21.10. The gasket will be of high quality rubber and symmetrical in shape. The first and last section of river crossing pipe shall be furnished with mechanical joint ends suitable for connection to the remaining system piping.
- K. No separate pay item has been established for fittings and no determination of the number of fittings required on the job has been made. The Contractor, during the bidding phase, shall determine the number of fittings required on the job and include the cost of the fittings and installation in the unit price for pipe.
- L. Restraint glands or fittings shall be either "Meg-a-Lug" or "Series 100" or "Series 1200" as manufactured by EBBA Iron Sales, Inc., Eastland, Texas.

M. Restrained Joint Pipe:

- 1. Restrained joints for 4" through 16" push-on joint pipe installation is required and indicated in the project plans or specifications, restrained push-on joint pipe and fittings utilizing ductile iron components shall be provided.
- 2. Restrained joint pipe shall be ductile iron manufactured in accordance with the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C151/A21.51. Push-on joints for such pipe shall be in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11. Pipe thickness shall be designed in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C150/A21.50, and shall be based on laying conditions and internal pressures as stated in the project plans and specifications. Pipe shall be U.S. Pipe TR FLEX pipe or equal.
- 3. Restrained joint fittings shall be ductile iron in accordance with applicable requirements of ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10 with the exception of the manufacturer's proprietary design dimensions. Push-on joints for such fittings shall be in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11. Fittings shall be U.S. Pipe TR FLEX fittings or equal.
- 4. Cement mortar lining and seal coating for pipe and fittings, where applicable, shall be in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C104/A21.4. Bituminous outside coating shall be in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C151/A21.51 for pipe and ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10 for fittings.
- 5. Restrained push-on joints for pipe and fittings shall be designed for a water working pressure of 350 psi in sizes 4" through 24" and 250 psi for sizes 30" through 54".
- 6. Restrained push-on joint pipe and fittings shall be capable of being deflected after assembly.

2.02 POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) PIPE (SDR 21 AND SDR 17)

A. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe for water mains shall be Class 200 (SDR 21) or Class 250 (SDR 17) PVC pressure rated pipe as shown on the Drawings or indicated in the proposal form with either twin gasket joints or integral bell joints with rubber O-ring seals.

- B. All PVC pipe shall conform to the latest revisions of ASTM D-1784 (PVC Compounds), ASTM D-2241 (PVC Plastic Pipe, SDR) and ASTM D-2672 (Bell-End PVC Pipe). Rubber gasketed joints shall conform to ASTM D-3139. The gaskets for the PVC pipe joint shall conform to ASTM F-477 and D-1869.
- C. Couplings shall be furnished by the pipe manufacturer and shall accommodate the pipe for which they are used. Rubber gasket joints shall provide adequate expansion to allow for a 50 degree change in temperature on one length of pipe. Lubrication for rubber connected couplings shall be water soluble, non-toxic, be non-objectionable in taste and odor and have no deteriorating affect on the PVC or rubber gaskets and shall be as supplied by the pipe manufacturer. Couplings shall conform to ASTM D-3139; SDR-21, 200 psi.
- D. All pipe and couplings shall bear identification markings that will remain legible during normal handling, storage and installation, which have been applied in a manner that will not reduce the strength of the pipe or coupling or otherwise damage them. Pipe and coupling markings shall include the normal size and OD base, material code designation, dimension ratio number, ASTM Pressure Class, ASTM designation number for this standard, manufacturer's name or trademark, seal (mark) of the testing agency that verified the suitability of the pipe material for potable-water service. Each marking shall be applied at intervals of not more than 5 feet for the pipe and shall be marked on each coupling.

2.03 POLYVINYL CHLORINE (PVC) PIPE - C.I. PIPE SIZE DR14 AND DR 18

- A. Pipe shall meet the requirements of AWWA C-900 Polyvinyl Chlorine (PVC) Pressure Pipe. All Class 200 pipe shall meet the requirements of DR 14 and all Class 150 pipe shall meet the requirements of DR 18. Joints shall be integral bell or twin gasket joints with rubber O-ring seals.
- B. All pipe shall be suitable for use as a pressure conduit. Provisions must be made for expansion and contractions at each joint with an elastomeric ring. The bell shall consist of an integral wall section with a solid cross-section elastomeric ring which meets the requirements of ASTM D-1869 and F-477. The bell section shall be designed to be at least as strong as the pipe wall. Sizes and dimensions shall be as shown in this specification.
- C. Gaskets and lubricants intended for use with PVC pipe and couplings shall be made from materials that are compatible with the plastic material and with each other when used together, will not support the growth of bacteria, and will not adversely affect the potable qualities of the water that is to be transported. Gaskets and lubricants shall be supplied by the pipe manufacturer.
 - D. Physical Requirements:
 - Standard Laying Lengths Standard laying lengths shall be 20 ft. (plus or minus 1") for all sizes. The total footage of pipe of any class and size shall be furnished in standard lengths. Each length of pipe shall be tested to four times the class pressure of the pipe for minimum of 5 second. The integral bell shall be tested with the pipe.
 - 2. Pipe Stiffness The pipe stiffness using F/y for PVC class water pipe shall be as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>DR</u>	<u>F/y</u>
200	14	815
150	18	364

3. Quick Burst Test - Randomly selected tested in accordance with ASTM D-1599 shall withstand without failure pressures listed below when applied in 60 - 70 seconds. Class 150 shall have a minimum burst pressure of 755 psi and Class 200 shall have a minimum burst pressure of 986 psi at 73 degrees F. for all sizes.

- 4. Drop Impact Test Pipe shall withstand without failure at 73 degrees F. an impact of 120 ft/lbs created by a falling 12 lb missile with a 2" radius nose without visible evidence of shattering or splitting.
- E. All pipe and couplings shall bear identification markings that will remain legible during normal handling, storage and installation, which have been applied in a manner that will not reduce the strength of the pipe or coupling or otherwise damage them. Pipe and coupling markings shall include the nominal size and OD base, material code designation, dimension ratio number, AWWA Pressure Class, AWWA designation number for this standard, manufacturer's name or trademark, seal (mark) of the testing agency that verified the suitability of the pipe material for potable-water service. Each marking shall be applied at intervals of not more than 5 feet for the pipe and shall be marked on each coupling.

2.04 DUCTILE IRON MECHANICAL JOINT FITTINGS FOR PVC PIPE

- A. General: Cast-iron mechanical joints shall conform to the latest revision of ANSI A21.11 for centrifugally cast-iron water pipe.
 - 1. 3" to 12". All Working Pressures: Fittings shall conform to ASA Specification A21.10 for 250 psi water working pressure plus water hammer.
 - 2. Fittings 12" and Over, for 150 psi and Less WWP: Fittings for use on 150 psi WWP pipe shall be AWWA Class D Pattern.
 - 3. Fittings 12" and Larger, for 200 psi and Above WWP: Fittings shall be ductile iron or gray iron rated at 250 psi water working pressure plus water hammer. Ductile iron fittings only will be used with ductile iron pipe.
- B. All ductile iron fittings shall be rated at 250 psi water working pressure plus water hammer. Ductile iron fittings shall be ductile cast-iron grad 80-60-03 per ASTM Specification A33955. All fittings for connection to PVC pipe-all classes, shall be ductile iron.
- C. No separate pay item has been established for fittings and no determination of the number of fittings required on the job has been made. The Contractor, during the bidding phase, shall determine the number of fittings required on the job and include the cost of the fittings and installation in the unit price for pipe.
- D. Lining and Coating: All mechanical joint fittings shall be cement lined and bituminous seal coated per Federal Specification WW-P-42lb and ASA Specification A421.40 (AWWA C104). Bituminous outside coating shall be in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10.

2.05 HIGH-DENSITY POLYETHYLENE - AWWA APPROVED POTABLE WATER PIPE

A. General: This section is for High-density Polyethylene AWWA C906 and NSF 14 Approved Pipe for Potable Water Service in Sizes 4" to 24" DIPS (Ductile Iron Pipe Size) and defines the characteristics and properties of high-density polyethylene pipe. This specification governs the material, pipe, fittings, butt fusion, and general construction practice for HDPE piping systems.

Pipe shall have a hydrostatic design stress rating of 800 psi based on a material with a 1,600 psi at 23° hydrostatic design basis as determined in accordance with ASTM D-2837.

Fittings shall be molded or fabricated from material meeting the same standards as the pipe.

Joints shall be made by the thermal butt fusion system. All joints shall be completely watertight, airtight and as strong as or stronger than the pipe wall, in strict accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Sections of polyethylene pipe shall be joined into continuous lengths on the job site above ground. The joining

method shall be the heat fusion method and shall be performed in strict accordance with the pipe manufacturer's recommendations. The heat fusion equipment used in the joining procedures shall be capable of meeting all conditions recommended by the pipe manufacturer, including, but not limited to, temperature requirements of 400° F, alignment, and 150 psi interfacial fusion pressure.

Heat fusion joining shall be 100% efficient offering a joint weld strength equal to or greater than the tensile strength of the pipe. Socket fusion shall not be used.

- B. References: Where all or part of a Federal, ASTM, ANSI, AWWA, etc., standard specification is incorporated by reference in these Specifications, the reference standard shall be the latest edition and revision and considered a part of these specifications.
- C. Material: Materials used for the manufacture of polyethylene pipe and fittings shall be extra high molecular weight, high density PE 3408 polyethylene resin. The material shall be listed by PPI (Plastics Pipe Institute, a division of the Society of the Plastics Industry) in PPI TR-4 with a 73°F hydrostatic design basis of 1,600 psi and a 140°F hydrostatic design basis of 800 psi. The PPI listing shall be in the name of the pipe manufacturer and shall be based on ASTM D 2837 testing.
- D. Pipe and Fittings: Qualification of Manufacturers. The Manufacturer shall have manufacturing and quality assurance facilities capable of producing and assuring the quality of the pipe and fittings required by these Specifications. The Manufacturer's production facilities shall be open for inspection by the Owner or his Authorized Representative.

Pipe: Pipe supplied under this specification shall have a nominal DIPS (Ductile Iron Pipe Size) OD unless otherwise specified. The DR (Dimension Ratio) and the pressure rating of the pipe supplied shall be as shown on the drawings. The pipe shall be produced from approved HDPE pipe grade resin with the nominal physical properties as specified in the appropriate ASTM specifications for the sizes indicated. Pipe having a diameter 3" and larger will be made to the dimensions and tolerances specified in ASTM F 714.

APPROVED PIPE MANUFACTURERS:

PHILLIPS DRISCOPIPE, A Division of Phillips Petroleum Co.

The pipe shall contain no recycled compound except that generated in the manufacturer's own plant. The pipe shall be homogeneous throughout and free of visible cracks, holes, voids, foreign inclusions, or other defects that may affect the wall integrity.

Pipe Performance: The pipe will be extruded from resin meeting the specifications of ASTM D 3350 with a minimum cell classification of 345464C.

Fittings: HDPE fittings shall be in accordance with ASTM D 3261 and shall be manufactured by injection molding, a combination of extrusion and machining, or fabrication from HDPE pipe conforming to this specification. The fittings shall be fully pressure rated and provide a working pressure equal to that of the pipe with an included 2:1 safety factor. The fittings shall be manufactured from the same base resin type and cell classification as the pipe itself. The fittings shall be homogeneous throughout and free from cracks, holes, foreign inclusions, voids, or other injurious defects.

Molded Fittings. Molded fittings shall be manufactured and tested in accordance with ASTM D 3261 and shall be so marked. Molded fittings shall be tested in accordance with AWWA C906.

- 5. X-Ray Inspection. The Manufacturer shall submit samples from each molded fittings production lot to x-ray inspection.
- 6. Fabricated Fittings. Fabricated fittings shall be made by heat fusion joining specially machined shapes cut from pipe, polyethylene sheet stock or molded fittings. Fabricated fittings shall be rated for internal pressure service at least equal to the full service pressure rating of the mating pipe. Fabricated fittings shall be tested in

accordance with AWWA C906.

- 7. Polyethylene Flange Adapters. Flange adapters shall be made with sufficient throughbore length to be clamped in a butt fusion-joining machine without the use of a stub-end holder. The sealing surface of the flange adapter shall be machined with a series of small v-shaped grooves (serrations) to promote gasketless sealing, or restrain the gasket against blowout.
- E. Joining Butt Fusion: Sections of polyethylene pipe shall be joined by the butt fusion process into continuous lengths at the job site. The joining method shall be the heat fusion method and shall be performed in strict accordance with the pipe manufacturer's recommendations. The heat fusion equipment used in the joining procedures should be capable of meeting all conditions recommended by the pipe manufacturer. Properly executed electrofusion fittings may be used. Extrusion welding or hot gas welding of HDPE shall not be used for pressure pipe applications or fabrications where shear or structural strength is important. Mechanical joint adapters, flanges, unions, grooved-couplers, transition fittings, and some mechanical couplings may be used to mechanically connect HDPE pipe. Refer to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- F. Joining Other Means: Polyethylene pipe and fittings may be joined together or to other materials by means of (a) flanged connections (flange adapters and back-up rings), (b) mechanical couplings designed for joining polyethylene pipe or for joining polyethylene pipe to another material, (c) MJ Adapters or (d) electrofusion. When joining by other means, the installation instructions of the joining device manufacturer shall be observed. ID Stiffener and Restraint. A stiffener shall be installed in the bore of the polyethylene pipe when an OD compression mechanical coupling is used and when connecting plain end PE pipe to a mechanical joint pipe, fitting or appurtenance. External clamp and tie rod restraint shall be installed where PE pipe is connected to the socket of a mechanical joint pipe, fitting or appurtenance except where an MJ Adapter is used.
- G. Quality and Workmanship: The pipe and/or fitting manufacturer's production facilities shall be open for inspection by the owner or his designated agents with a reasonable advanced notice. During inspection, the manufacturer shall demonstrate that it has facilities capable of manufacturing and testing the pipe and/or fittings to standards required by this specification. Pipe which has been tested by the manufacturer and falls outside of the appropriate limits set forth in this specification will be cause for rejection.
- H. QA Records: QA/QC records shall be maintained intact for a minimum of one year from the date of production.
- I. Pipe Marking: During extrusion production, the HDPE pipe shall be continuously marked with durable printing including the following in formation:

Nominal Size
Dimension Ratio
Pressure Class, psi
Manufacturer's Name and Product Series
Cell Class
ASTM Basis
"NSF-PW"
Pipe Test Category
Plant Code & Extruder
Production Date
Operator Number (Shift Letter optional)
Resin Supplier Code

J. Pipe Packaging, Handling, & Storage: The manufacturer shall package the pipe in a manner designed to deliver the pipe to the project neatly, intact, and without physical damage. The transportation carrier shall use appropriate methods and intermittent checks to insure the pipe is properly supported, stacked, and restrained during transport such that the pipe is not nicked, gouged, or physically damaged. Pipe shall be stored on clean, level ground to prevent undue scratching or gouging. If the pipe must be stacked for storage, such stacking shall be done in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's recommendations. The pipe shall be handled in such a manner that it is not pulled over sharp objects or cut by chokers or lifting equipment. Sections of pipe having been discovered with cuts or gouges in excess of 10% of the pipe wall thickness shall be cut out and removed. The undamaged portions of the pipe shall be rejoined using the heat fusion joining method. Fused segments of pipe shall be handled so as to avoid damage to the pipe. Chains or cable type chokers must be avoided when lifting fused sections of pipe. Nylon slings are preferred. Spreader bars are recommended when lifting long fused sections.

K. Testing:

- Fusion Quality. The Contractor shall ensure the field set-up and operation of the fusion equipment, and the fusion procedure used by the Contractor's fusion operator while on site. Upon request by the Owner, the Contractor shall verify field fusion quality by making and testing a trial fusion. The trial fusion shall be allowed to cool completely; then test straps shall be cut out and bent strap tested in accordance with ASTM D 2657. If the bent strap test of the trial fusion fails at the joint, the field fusions represented by the trial fusion shall be rejected. The Contractor at his expense shall make all necessary corrections to equipment, set-up, operation and fusion procedure, and shall re-make the rejected fusions.
- Hydro-Test: Pipelines shall be tested to the requirements and specifications of the engineer of record. HDPE pressure pipe shall be tested in accordance with the specifications and requirements of the engineer of record and/or with the manufacturer's recommendations. The pressure rating of the pipe is a function of temperature at the time of hydro-test. Refer to the manufacturer's temperature related pressure ratings. At a minimum and if not specified elsewhere, hydro-test the piping system at 1.5 times the pressure rating of the pipe for 2 to 3 hours per Driscopipe Technical Note #35. If a system component such as a fabricated or mechanical fitting has a pressure rating less than that of the pipe, the piping system should be pressure tested to manufacturer's guidelines on that component.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 LAYING DEPTHS FOR WATER MAINS

In general, water mains shall be laid with a minimum cover of 36" above the top of the main, unless otherwise noted on the Drawings , i.e. for minimum separation between water main and other utilities, connections to existing mains, valve locations, or when required by Kentucky Department of Highways, i.e. ditch lines and borings shall be 42" minimum cover.

3.02 PIPE BEDDING

- A. The foundation for pipes laid in trenches shall be prepared so that the entire load of the backfill on top of the pipe will be carried uniformly on the barrel of the pipe. Pipe bells shall not carry any of the load of the backfill.
 - B. The Contractor shall use the "Undercutting Method" of pipe bedding.
- C. When the "Undercutting Method" is used in rock bottom trenches, Class I granular bedding (No.9 crushed stone aggregate) or earth shall be of such depth that the bottom of the barrel of the pipe will be at least 6" above the bottom of the trench as excavated. Pipe bedding required in this paragraph is <u>NOT</u> considered a separate pay item.

- D. In wet, yielding and mucky locations where pipe is in danger of sinking below grade or floating out of line or grade, the pipe must be weighted or secured permanently in place by such means as will prove effective. In areas where a high water table exists, the Contractor is cautioned to exercise extreme care in the placement of the backfill material to prevent floation of the pipe at any time.
- E. Where an unstable (i.e., water, mud, etc.) trench bottom is encountered, stabilization of the trench bottom is required. This is to be accomplished by undercutting the trench depth and replacing to grade with a foundation of crushed stone aggregate. The depth of the foundations dependent upon the severity of the trench bottom. The size of stone aggregate used in the foundation will be determined by the condition of the unstable material. Once the trench bottom has been stabilized, the required Class I bedding can be placed. The amount of crushed stone aggregate required to bring the top of the foundation to the trench bottom prior to the removal of the unstable material will be considered a separate pay item following negotiation between the Contractor and Owner and constitute a change order item. No compensation will be made if the instability of the trench bottom is caused by the Contractor's neglect.
- F. The Contractor shall use <u>compacted</u> earth material or Class I granular bedding (No.9 crushed stone aggregate) when the pipe is to be placed in the rock bottom trenches or in trenches with excavated rock present. This type of bedding material shall be placed 12" above and 6" below the pipe as shown on the Contract Drawings as "Class C Bedding Detail".
- G. It should be noted that no pipe shall be laid on solid or blasted rock. No rock shall be allowed to rest against the pipe once it is placed in the trench.
- H. Pipe bedding as required in Paragraphs C and D of this Article is <u>NOT</u> considered a separate pay item.

3.03 PIPE LAYING

- A. All pipe shall be laid with ends abutting and true to the lines and grades indicated on the Plans. Pipe shall be fitted and matched so that when laid in the work, it will provide a smooth and uniform invert. Supporting of pipe shall be as set out hereinbefore under "Pipe Bedding" and in no case shall the supporting of pipe on blocks be permitted.
- B. Fittings and specials for the water main shall be provided and laid as and where directed by the Engineer or as shown on the Plans.
- C. Before each piece of pipe is lowered into the trench, it shall be thoroughly swabbed out to insure its being clean. Any piece of pipe or fitting which is known to be defective shall not be laid or placed in the lines. If any defective pipe or fitting shall be discovered after the pipe is laid, it shall be removed and replaced with a satisfactory pipe or fitting without additional charge. In case a length of pipe is cut to fit in a line, it shall be so cut as to leave a smooth end at right angles tot he longitudinal axis of the pipe.
- D. The interior of the pipe, as the work progresses, shall be cleaned of dirt, jointing materials, and superfluous materials of every description. When laying of pipe is topped for any reason, the exposed end of such pipe shall be closed with a plywood plug fitted into the pipe bell so as to exclude earth or other material and precautions shall be taken to prevent flotation of pipe by runoff into trench.
- E. No backfilling (except for securing pipe in place) over pipe will be allowed until the Engineer has had an opportunity to make an inspection of the joints, alignment and grade in the section laid, but such inspection shall not relieve the Contractor of further liability in case of defective joints, misalignment caused by backfilling and other such deficiencies that are noted later.
 - F. Anchorage of Bends, Tees, Plugs and Valves:

- At all tees, plugs, caps and bends of 11-1/4 degrees and over, and at reducers or in fittings where changes in pipe diameter occur, movement shall be prevented by using suitable harness, thrust blocks or ballast. Valves shall be provided with similar protection. Thrust blocks and supports shall be as shown in the typical details, with sufficient volumes of concrete being provided; however, care shall be taken to leave weep holes unobstructed and allow for future tightening of all nearby joints. Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, thrust blocks shall be placed so that the pipe and fitting joints will be accessible for repair. Thrust blocks shall bear on undisturbed earth or rock.
- 2. Bridles, harness or pipe ballasting shall meet with the approval of the Engineer. Steel rods and clamps shall be galvanized.
- 3. No extra pay shall be allowed for work on proper anchorage of pipe, fittings or other appurtenances; such items shall be included in the unit price bid for the supported item.

3.04 HORIZONTAL DIRECTIONAL DRILLING

Horizontal directional drilling technique shall be used for installing pipes and utility lines below ground using a surface-mounted drill rig that launches and places a drill string at a shallow angle to the surface and has tracking and steering capabilities. The drill shall be advanced underground, creating a borehole along its path. As the destination is reached, the drill string is angled upwards to penetrate the surface. After the borehole has been opened, a backreamer shall be attached to the head of the drill string and the HDPE pipe shall be attached to the backreamer. The drill string shall then be retracted. During retraction, the borehole will be expanded by the backreamer and the HDPE pipe drawn into the borehole. To protect HDPE pipe against excessive pulling load, a weak-link or breakaway device shall always be used at the head of the HDPE pipe, the allowable tensile load for setting weak-link devices shall be determined using ASTM F 1804 Standard Practice for Determining Allowable Tensile Load for Polyethylene (PE) Gas Pipe During Pull-In Installation. Horizontal Directional Drilling (HDD) applications shall be installed in accordance with ASTM F1962 Standard Guide for Use of Maxi-Horizontal Directional Drilling for Placement of Polyethylene Pipe or Conduit under Obstacle, Including river Crossings, Plastic Pipe Institute (PPI) Polyethylene Pipe for Horizontal Directional Drilling, and the Mini Horizontal Directional Drilling Manual published by the North American Society of Trenchless Technology (NASTT). Additional information is available in Plexco® Literature Trenchless Technology Bulletin No. 1 - Horizontal Directional Drilling Note.

3.05 WATER MAINS PUSHED UNDER DRIVEWAYS

The Contractor may be required to tunnel or bore under a bituminous or concrete surface driveway instead of open trenching as requested by the property owner. The opening under the driveway shall be of the smallest diameter possible to accommodate the water main to minimize settlement of the driveway. Should settlement occur, the Contractor shall repair the driveway at his own expense in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer and the property owner.

3.06 JOINTING

Jointing shall be accomplished in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation.

3.07 TYPES OF CRUSHED STONE MATERIAL

Two classes of crushed stone material are mentioned in the Detailed Specifications. The Type of material used in each class is as follows:

Class I No. 9 Aggregate Class II Dense Graded Aggregate

3.08 BACKFILLING

A. Initial Backfill:

- 1. This backfill is defined as that material which is placed over the water main from the spring line in an earth trench to a point 6" above the top of the pipe or from the trench bottom in a rock trench to a point 12" above the top of the pipe. The initial backfill for Case I situations shall be earth material free of rocks, acceptable to the Engineer or Class I material (No. 9 crushed stone aggregate). The initial backfill for Case II, Case III and Case IV situations shall be <u>compacted</u> earth material or be Class I material (No.9 crushed stone aggregate).
- 2. In areas where large quantities of rock are excavated, and the excavated earth is insufficient, then the Contractor must either haul in earth or order crushed stone aggregate for backfilling over the top of the pipe. Neither earth nor the crushed stone aggregate used to fulfill the backfill requirements is considered a pay item.
- B. Final Backfill: There are four cases where the method final backfilling varies. The various cases and their trench situations are as follows:
 - 1. Case I: Areas not subject to vehicular traffic.
 - Case II: Gravel areas subject to light vehicular traffic such as residential driveways; church and commercial parking lots and entrances; and farm drives.
 - 3. Case III: City and County gravel roads; gravel and bituminous road shoulders; all bituminous surface areas such as City and County streets, residential driveways, church and commercial parking lots, and entrances; City and County road shoulders.
 - 4. Case IV: State maintained streets and roads; road shoulders for State roads and streets.
- C. In all cases, walking or working on the completed pipelines, except as may be necessary in backfilling, will not be permitted until the trench has been backfilled to a point twelve (12) inches above the top of the pipe. The method of final backfilling for each of the above cases is as follows:
 - Case I The trench shall be backfilled from a point 6" (12" for a rock trench) above the
 top of the pipe to a point 8" below the surface of the ground with earth material free
 from large rock (over one-half cubic foot in volume), acceptable to the Engineer. The
 remainder of the trench to existing grade shall be backfilled with earth material
 reasonably free of any rocks.
 - Earth backfill used in this Case is not a separate pay item but will be paid under the pay item "Water Main".
 - 2. Case II The trench shall be backfilled from a point 6" (12" for a rock trench) above the top of the pipe to a point 12" below the surface of the ground with Class I (No. 9 crushed stone aggregate) material. The trench shall be tamped to assure maximum possible compaction (approximately 80 to 85 percent of Standard Proctor density). Extreme care shall be exercised to prevent damage to the pipe during tamping operation. The remainder of the trench to existing grade shall be backfilled with Class II (dense graded aggregate) material with the material being mounded over the trench. The trench shall be tamped again to assure additional compaction. The trench may be left with a slight mound if permitted by the Engineer.

Class I material used and method of backfilling used in this case is not a separate pay item and is considered incidental to the work and will be paid for under the item "Water Main".

Class II material used in this method of backfill is not a separate pay item and will be included in the unit price per linear foot under the item "Water Main".

Sufficient stockpiles of Class II material shall be placed throughout the project area to insure <u>immediate</u> replacement by the Contractor of any settled areas. No extra payment will be made for the filling of settled areas by the Contractor.

3. Case III - The trench shall be backfilled from a point 6" (12" for a rock trench) above the top of pipe to the height indicated in the "City and County Maintained Streets, Roads and Driveway Pavement Replacement" detail with Class I (No. 9 crushed stone aggregate) material. Said material shall be tamped as described for Case II. A 12-inch layer of Class II (dense graded aggregate) material shall be placed over the compacted backfill before bituminous or concrete surface is placed as shown in the previously mentioned details. The 12-inch layer of Class II material is NOT a separate pay item but such expense will be borne by the Contractor and is considered incidental to the bid items "Bituminous Surface Replacement" and "Concrete Surface Replacement". Also considered incidental is all temporary stone required for a temporary surface between backfilling and pavement replacement.

Sufficient stockpiles of Class II material shall be placed throughout the project area to insure immediate replacement by the Contractor of any settled areas. No extra payment will be made for the filling in of settled areas by the Contractor. Class II material used in this method of backfill is paid for as a support item under item "Bituminous Surface Replacement" or "Concrete Surface Replacement" as its unit price per linear foot.

Class I material used for backfilling is not a separate pay item and is considered incidental to the bid item "Water Main".

- 4. Case IV The trench shall be backfilled from the spring line to a point one 12-inches above the top of the pipe with earth material free from rock and acceptable to the Engineer, it shall be carefully and solidly tamped by approved mechanical methods. The remainder of the trench shall be backfilled to the height indicated in the "State Maintained Streets and Roads Pavement Replacement Detail" in the Contract Drawings, with material free from rock and acceptable to the Engineer; said material shall be mechanically tamped in approximately six-inch layers to obtain the maximum possible compaction. The backfilling method is NOT a separate pay item. A 12-inch layer of dense graded aggregate shall be placed over the compacted earth backfill when a bituminous or concrete surface street or road has been trenched. The 12-inch layer of stone is not a separate pay item but such expense will be borne by the Contractor.
- D. Excavated materials from trenches and tunnels, in excess of quantity required for trench backfill, shall be disposed of by the Contractor. The Contractor may contact the Owner regarding the location of a suitable disposal site; however, if the Owner cannot recommend a site, it shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to obtain locations or permits for the disposal of the waste material. Unit prices for the various pipe sizes shall include the cost of disposing of excess excavated materials, as set forth herein, no additional compensation being allowed for hauling or overhaul.

3.09 CRUSHED STONE BACKFILL

- A. The Class I granular material used in Case II and Case III backfill situations shall be No. 9 Crushed Stone aggregate (No.9 Stone). Granular material will not be paid for as a separate bid item.
- B. The twelve inches 12-inch of crushed stone backfill that is required in "City and County Maintained Streets, Roads and Driveway Pavement Replacement" or "State Maintained Streets and Roads Pavement Replacement" will not be paid for under the provisions of this article.

3.10 BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT REPLACEMENT

- A. Sections of pavement shall be replaced as required to install the pipelines under the work of this Section. Disturbed pavement shall be reconstructed to original lines and grades with bituminous binder as detailed on the Drawings and in such manner as to leave all such surfaces in fully as good or better condition than that which existed prior to these operations.
- B. Prior to trenching, the pavement shall be scored or cut to straight edges along each side of the proposed trench to avoid unnecessary damage to the remainder of the paving. Edges of the existing pavement shall be recut and trimmed as necessary to square, straight edges after the pipe has been installed and prior to placement of the binder course.
 - C. Backfilling of trenches shall be in accordance with the applicable portions of this section.
- D. Bituminous concrete binder shall be one course construction in accordance with applicable provisions of the Kentucky Department of Highways Standard Specifications, Section 402. Placement and compaction of binder course shall be in accordance with Section 402 of the Kentucky Department of Highways Standard Specifications. Minimum thickness after compaction shall be as shown on the Drawings.

3.11 CRUSHED STONE SURFACE REPLACEMENT

The Class II granular material used in Case II backfill situations shall be dense graded aggregate (D.G.A.). Granular material will be included in the unit price per linear foot for "Water Mains".

3.12 CONCRETE SEPARATOR FOR UTILITY CROSSING OR CASING PIPE WATER/SAN. SEWER CROSSING

- A. At locations shown on the Contract Drawings, or as required by the Specifications and Contract Drawings, concrete separator shall be used when the clearance between the proposed water main and any existing non-contaminating utility pipe is one (1) foot or less. Utility pipe includes underground gas, telephone and electrical conduit, storm sewers, or any other underground utility pipe.
- B. There are two cases of non-contaminating utility crossing encasement. Case I is applicable when the proposed water main is <u>below</u> the existing utility line. Case II is applicable when the proposed water main is laid <u>above</u> the utility line. In either case, the concrete shall extend to at least the spring line of each pipe involved.
- C. When a water main crosses an existing sanitary sewer line, either above or below and less than two feet vertical or ten feet horizontal separation, the water main shall be encased as shown on the Standard Details, or as required by the Specifications and Contract Documents.
- D. Concrete shall be Class B (2500 psi) and shall be mixed sufficiently wet to permit it to flow between the pipes to form a continuous bridge. In tamping the concrete, care shall be taken not to disturb the grade of line of either pipe or damage the joints.

3.13 CONCRETE FOR CREEK CROSSING (Type B and C Creek Crossing)

- A. At locations shown on the Contract Drawings, or as required by the Specifications and Contract Drawings, concrete encasement shall be used when the water main crosses a stream or creek which is in rock or as directed by the Engineer.
- B. All creek crossings (Types B and C) shall be constructed as per the detail shown on the Contract Drawings.
- C. Concrete shall be Class B (3000 psi) and shall be mixed sufficiently wet to permit flow around the pipe and to form a continuous bed. In tamping the concrete, care shall be taken not to disturb the grade or line of the pipe or injure the joints. Concrete shall be protected from excess water.
- D. Concrete placed outside the specified limits or without authorization from the Engineer will not be subject to payment. Concrete will be paid under the pay items "Crossing Type B and Creek Crossing Type C.

3.14 TESTING OF WATER MAINS

The completed work shall comply with the provisions listed below, or similar requirements which will insure equal or better results:

- A. Before any allowable leakage calculation are preformed the pipeline being tested must pass the hydrostatically test.
- B. The pipe shall be hydrostatically tested at 1.5 times the design pressure at the point of testing. The duration of the test(s) shall be at least 2 hours during which time the pressure shall not fall more than 4 psi. The pipe shall be tested for allowable leakage according to AWWA C-600 (latest revision) concurrently with the pressure test.
- C. Where practicable, pipelines shall be tested between line valves or plugs in lengths of not more than 3000 feet. Testing shall proceed from the source of water toward the termination of the line. The line shall be tested upon the completion of the first 3000 feet. After the completion of two consecutive tests without failure, the Contractor, at his option and with the Engineer's approval, may discontinue testing until the system is complete.
 - D. Duration of test shall be not less than 2 hours.
- E. Lines which fail to meet tests shall be repaired and retested as necessary until test requirements are complied with.
- F. All pipe, fittings and other materials found to be defective under test shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense.
- G. Test pressures shall not be less than 1.5 times the working pressure at the highest point along the test section, not exceed pipe or thrust restraint design pressure, not vary more than \pm 4 psi and not exceed twice the rated pressure of the valves when the pressure boundary of the test sections include closed gate valves.
- H. Before applying the specified test pressure, air shall be expelled completely from the pipes and valves. If permanent air vents are not located at high points within the test section, the Contractor shall install corporation cocks at such points so that the air can be expelled as the line is filled with water.

3.15 LEAKAGE TEST

- A. The leakage shall be defined as the quantity of water that must be supplied to the tested section to maintain pressure within 4 psi of the specified test pressure after the air in the pipeline has been expelled and the pipe has been filled with water.
 - B. The allowable leakage shall not be greater than that determined by the following formula:

$$L = \frac{SD(P)}{133.200}^{1/2}$$

Where L is the allowable leakage in gallons per hour; S is the length of the pipeline tested; D is the nominal diameter of the pipe, in inches; and P is the average test pressure during the leakage test, in pounds per square inch gage.

C. All visible leaks are to be repaired regardless of the amount of leakage.

3.16 DISINFECTION OF WATER LINES

- A. New potable water lines shall not be placed into service, either temporarily or permanently, until they have been thoroughly disinfected in accordance with the following requirements and to the satisfaction of the OWNER.
- B. New or relocated water lines shall be thoroughly disinfected in accordance with AWWA C651, latest version, upon completion of construction and before being placed into service. After pressure testing, a solution of chlorine or chlorine compounds in such amounts shall be introduced into the section of the line being disinfected sufficient to insure a chlorine dosage of at least 50 parts per million (PPM) in the water main. Open and close all valves and cocks while chlorinating agent is in the piping system. The chlorinated water shall remain in the pipe for 24 hours. Disinfection shall be repeated until a minimum chlorine residual of 25 PPM is measured after 24 hours. Once a chlorine residual of 25 PPM is obtained after 24 hours, the water main shall be thoroughly flushed until the residual chlorine content is not greater than 1.0 PPM.
- C. Following disinfection of the line, bacteriological samples shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with the requirements of Kentucky Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Protection, 401 KAR 8:150. When the samples have been tested and reported safe from contamination, the water line may be connected to the system. The Contractor shall provide to OWNER written documentation that the water sample passed the bacteriological test and is safe.
- D. Bacteriological samples shall be taken in the following manner. A sample shall be taken in the newly-constructed line at each of the following points:
 - Within 1,200 feet downstream of each connection point between the existing and new lines:
 - 2) One (1) mile intervals; and
 - 3) Each dead end, without omitting any branch.
- E. All sampling shall be taken in the presence of the Engineer or his representative.. All bacteriological sampling and testing shall be paid for by the Contractor and included in the unit price for the bid item "water main".

3.17 DECHLORINATING OF HEAVILY CHLORINATED WATER

A. Dechlorination of heavily chlorinated water shall be in accordance with AWWA C651 and 16039/5.25.2017 PIPE FITTINGS AND INSTALLATION

shall be accomplished using sodium bisulfite, sodium thiosulfate, sodium sulfite, or calcium thiosulfate solution of a concentration sufficient to remove all chlorine to a level not to exceed 0.019 mg/l. The solution shall be applied by a metering pump directly into the chlorinated water flow stream by injection into a discharge line or into the free discharge from a hydrant. The treated water may then be conveyed to the nearest sanitary sewer, storm sewer, or local stream.

B. The feed rate (gpm) of solution shall be governed by the chlorine (ppm) concentration of the water to be dechlorinated and the rate (gpm) at which it can be discharged. Constant monitoring of the chlorine residual concentration shall be made using the colorimetric method to ensure the optimum solution feed rate.

a. Feed System

C. The dechlorinating agent shall be fed from prepared carboys utilizing a metering pump equipped with a suitable meter and valve to adjust/monitor the feed rate.

3.18 PLACEMENT OF TRACING WIRE

Detectable underground copper tracing wire shall be installed with all utility lines. Insulated copper trace wire shall be attached to the top of the pipe with adhesive tape or other suitable devices. At each hydrant, valve, and end of new pipe installation, the trace wire shall be daylighted and the ends connected together with split bolt connectors covered with waterproof tape or wrap. For long runs of pipe, the maximum unbroken length of the trace wire shall be 2500 feet. Underground splicing shall be made using brass split bolt electrical connectors. The trace wire shall be #12 AWG THWN copper.

3.19 PLACEMENT OF IDENTIFICATION TAPE

- A. The placement of detectable underground marking tape shall be installed over all utility lines. Care shall be taken to insure that the buried marking tape is not broken when installed. <u>SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE.</u>
- B. The identification tape shall bear the printed identification of the utility line below it, such as "CAUTION BURIED WATER LINE BELOW". Tape shall be reverse printed, surface printing will not be acceptable. The tape shall be visible in all types and colors of soil and provide maximum color contrast to the soil. The tape shall meet the APWA color code, and shall be two (2) inches in width. Colors are: yellow gas, green sewer, red electric, blue water, orange telephone, brown force main.
- C. The tape shall be the last equipment installed in the ditch so as to be first out. The tape shall be buried 4 6 inches below top of grade. After trench backfilling, the tape shall be placed in the backfill and allowed to settle into place with the backfill. The tape may be plowed in after final settlement, installed with a tool during the trench backfilling process, unrolled before final restoration or installed in any other way acceptable to the Owner or his agent or Engineer.

3.20 CLEAN-UP

Upon completion of the installation of the piping and appurtenances, the Contractor shall remove all debris and surplus construction materials resulting from the work. The Contractor shall grade the ground along each side of pipe trenches in a uniform and neat manner leaving the construction area in a shape as near as possible to the original ground line.

3.21 CONNECTING TO THE WATER SYSTEM

Unless otherwise directed by the OWNER, the CONTRACTOR shall connect the new water main to the existing water system. The CONTRACTOR shall notify the OWNER when the connection is to be made so that

representatives of the OWNER may operate existing valves and witness the connection. A minimum notice of at least 24 hours in advance of the connection shall be given to the UTILITY. The Contractor shall coordinate all connections and other work which require disruption of water service so as to minimize the amount of time the affected water lines are out of service.

- END OF SECTION -

SECTION 02630

TAPPED CONNECTIONS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes tapping and installing of corporation stops and valves on existing or newly installed pipes without interruption of service, as shown on the Contract Drawings, complete with connections and accessories.
- B. Installing of curb stops and boxes where specified or directed.

1.02 REFERENCES

- A. Materials and installation shall be in accordance with the latest revisions of the following codes, standards and specifications, except where more stringent requirements have been specified herein:
 - 1. American Water Works Association (AWWA)

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. In addition to those submittals identified in the General Provisions, the following items shall be submitted:
 - 1. Detail drawings for each size corporation stop, curb stop, tapping sleeve and valve, and service box.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 CORPORATION STOPS

A. Corporation stops shall be threaded to conform to AWWA C800 with standard corporation stop thread at the inlet. The outlet shall be fitted with coupling nut for flared tube service unless otherwise specified.

SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE.

2.02 CURB STOPS

- A. Curb stops shall be threaded to conform to AWWA C 800 with coupling nuts for flared tube service.
 - 1. ¾-inch shall be of the inverted new type.
 - 2. 1-inch to 2-inch shall be of the plug-type with "0" ring seals to withstand a minimum working pressure of 175 psi.
- 3. <u>SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE.</u>

16039/5.25.2017 TAPPED CONNECTIONS

2.03 SERVICE CLAMPS

- A. Service clamps shall be designed for use on the type of pipe to which the connection is being made.
 - 1. Ductile iron and asbestos-cement service clamps shall be the double strap type with neoprene gaskets.
 - 2. Polyvinyl chloride pipe service clamps shall be of a full circle design with a minimum width of 2 inches.
 - 3. Prestressed concrete pipe service clamps shall be made by or approved for use by the pipe manufacturer.
- 4. <u>SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE.</u>

2.04 SERVICE BOXES

- A. Service boxes shall be constructed of cast iron and sized for the curb stop upon which it is being installed.
 - 1. Stationary shut-off rod shall be provided unless otherwise specified.
 - 2. Boxes shall be telescopic with a minimum of 1-foot adjustment.
- 3. <u>SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE.</u>

2.05 TAPPING SLEEVES AND VALVES

- A. Tapping sleeves and valves shall be used for connections larger than 2 inches.
 - 1. Tapping sleeves shall be designed and sized in accordance with the recommendations of the manufacturer.
 - 2. Working pressure shall be 200 psi unless higher pressures are scheduled.
 - 3. The seal of the tapping sleeve shall be mechanical joint or low lead 2.5% or less. Low lead as conforming to current regulations.
 - 4. Valves for tapping sleeves shall be designed for the intended service and shall conform to the requirements of the Section entitled "Valves".
- 5. <u>SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE.</u>

16039/5.25.2017 TAPPED CONNECTIONS

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Install connections and accessories under the direction of personnel who have performed at least ten similar connections in accordance with the configuration shown on the Contract Drawings and the applicable provisions of the referenced Standards.
 - 1. Threaded taps shall be made using a machine designed for cutting, threading and inserting the corporation without interruption of service.
 - a. Teflon tape may be used on corporation threads.
 - 2. Tapping sleeve connections shall be made using a machine to cut and remove the segment through the valve without interruption of service.
- B. Service boxes shall be set plumb and shall be independently supported on two bricks so no weight will be transmitted to the curb stop or carrier pipe.
- C. Service clamps and tapping sleeves installed on prestressed concrete pipe shall be encased in a minimum of 2 inches of concrete mortar after installation.

-END OF SECTION-

16039/5.25.2017 TAPPED CONNECTIONS

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SECTION 02640

VALVES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. The Contractor shall furnish and install valves and miscellaneous piping appurtenances, as indicated on the Drawings and as herein specified.
- B. The Drawings and Specifications direct attention to certain features of the equipment, but do not purport to cover all the details of their design. The equipment furnished shall be designed and constructed equal to the high quality equipment manufactured by such firms as are mentioned hereinafter, or as permitted by the Engineer. The Contractor shall furnish and install the equipment complete in all details and ready for operation.
- C. Electrical work and equipment specified herein shall conform to the requirements of the applicable electrical sections.
 - D. Enclosures shall be of a suitable type for the atmospheres in which they are installed.
 - E. Sizes and capacities not specified herein are indicated on the Drawings.
 - F. Valves required within pre-engineered pump stations are not covered by this specification section.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 BUTTERFLY VALVES

- A. Butterfly valves and operators shall conform to the AWWA Standard Specifications for rubber seated butterfly valves, Designation C504, Class 150, except as hereinafter specified. Valves shall have a minimum 150 psi pressure rating.
- B. All butterfly valves shall be of cast iron body per ASTM A-126, Class B. Valve discs shall be of ductile iron per ASTM A-536 and provide uninterrupted 360 degree seating edge. Permanently self-lubricating body bushings shall be provided and shall be sized to withstand bearing loads. Valve shafts shall be Type 304 stainless steel with V-type packing. O-ring seals are not acceptable.
- C. Valve seats shall be full resilient seats of Buna N or Hycar and retained in the body or on the disc edge. If the resilient seat is in the body, the disc shall conform to ASTM A-436 Type 1 (Ni-Resist) or gray/ductile iron with corrosion resistant seating surface. If the resilient seat is mounted on the disc edge, it shall be securely attached with Type 304 stainless steel retaining ring or pins. The disc seating edge shall be Type 316 stainless steel.
- D. Valve operators shall be electric actuators as specified elsewhere in the specifications. The valve shaft and actuators shall be designed for both torsional and shearing stresses when the valve is operated under its greatest torque.
- E. All valves shall conform with the latest revision of AWWA Standard for Butterfly Valves for Ordinary Water Service, AWWA C504. *SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE.*

2.02 GATE VALVES AND BOXES

- A. All gate valves shall be of the resilient seat wedge, iron body, non-rising stem, fully bronze mounted with O-ring seals. Valves shall be of standard manufacture and of the highest quality both as to materials and workmanship and shall conform to the latest revisions of AWWA Specification C-500. Valves shall have a rated working pressure of 250 psi.
- B. Gate valves for buried service shall be furnished with mechanical joint end connections, unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified herein. The end connections shall be suitable to receive ductile iron or PVC pipe.
- C. All gate valves shall have the name or monogram of the manufacturer, the year the valve casting was made, the size of the valve, and the working pressure cast on the body of the valve.
- D. Buried service gate valves shall be provided with a 2" square operating nut and shall be opened by turning to the left (counterclockwise).
- E. Buried service gate valves shall be installed in a vertical position with valve box as detailed on the plans. They shall be set vertically and properly adjusted so that the cover will be in the same plane as the finished surface of the ground or street. All underground gate valves which have nuts deeper than 36 inches below the valve box top shall have extended stems with nuts located within one foot of the valve box cap.
- F. Valve boxes shall be cast iron, two-piece, screw type (as shown on the drawings) with drop-cover marked "Water". They shall be set vertically and properly adjusted so that the cover will be in the same plane as the finished surface of the ground or street. A concrete pad shall be placed around the valve box cover as shown on the drawings.
- G. The Contractor shall furnish two (2) T-operating wrenches in the lengths necessary to operate the buried gate valves for an operator of average height in a normal working position.
- H. Gate valves for installation in building, drywells, pits or vaults shall be flanged ANSI B16.1, Class 125 with handwheel operator, non-rising stem or OS&Y as indicated on the drawings.
- I. Gate valves installed with tapping sleeves shall have a mechanical joint outlet and a flanged joint connection to the sleeves.
- J. All valves shall conform with the latest revision of AWWA Standard for Gate Valves for Ordinary Water Works Service, AWWA C500. <u>SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE.</u>
 - K. All 24" or larger gate valves shall be supplied with spur gearing and grease case.
- L. All gate valves shall receive at two part thermosetting epoxy protective coating both inside and outside of the valve and shall be listed for use as with potable water by the Federal EPA. The epoxy coating shall meet or exceed ANSI/AWWA C550 Standard and ASTM D1763 Standard.

2.03 CONTROL VALVE

A. The control valve shall be a hydraulically operated, single diaphragm-actuated, solenoid controlled, globe pattern design. A 3-way solenoid pilot valve either applies upstream pressure to the upper control chamber to close the main valve or vents the upper control chamber to atmosphere allowing the main valve to open. The solenoid and a limit switch assembly on the main valve are electrically synchronized with the telemetry controls to allow the valve to open or close to fill the tank.

- B. In the event of a power failure the valve will open immediately, regardless of the operational mode of the valve at the time of the power failure.
- C. The main valve shall be a center guided diaphragm actuated globe valve design. The body and cover shall be ductile iron, ASTM A536, with stainless steel disc guide, seat and cover bearing. The internal and external surfaces of the valve body shall be fusion bonded coated. End connections shall meet the ANSI, or other internationally recognized standard required. The body shall have a replaceable non-threaded seat ring that is held in place by set screws which tighten into a body groove. This seat should be accessible and serviceable without removing the valve from the pipeline. The seat area shall have a flow opening with no stem guides, bearings or supporting ribs.
- D. The electric solenoid valve shall be a 3-way solenoid with a manual override system to allow the valve to be operated manually should electrical power be unavailable. The solenoid and limit switch shall be properly rated for the intended service. Liquid to the pilot must be filtered and a cock valve must be provided to isolate the control loop.
 - F. <u>SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE.</u>

2.04 DUAL DISK VALVE

- A. Dual Disc Check Valves shall be suitable for pressures up to 250 psig water service. The check valve shall be of the dual disc, wafer style with torsion spring induced closure. The valves shall be provided for installation between ANSI B16.1 Class 125 iron flanges.
- B. The body shall be of one piece construction incorporating a vulcanized synthetic seal. Seal design must allow for positive seating at both high and low pressures. This shall be achieved by a minimal seal contact at low pressure with progressively increased contact at higher pressures. The disc shall fully overlap the synthetic seal, preventing pressure indentations. Opening and closing of the valve must utilize a lift and

pivot action to prevent seal wear and ensure long seal life. The stop and pivot pins shall be stabilized by the use of synthetic spheres to prevent wear due to vibration during operating conditions.

- C. The valve body shall be constructed of ASTM A536 Grade 65-45-12 ductile iron. The disc shall be constructed of ASTM B584, Alloy C83600 (2"-12") cast bronze or ASTM B148, Alloy C95200 (14" and larger) cast aluminum bronze. The disc pins and stop pins shall be Type 316 stainless steel. The torsion spring shall be ASTM A313 Type 316 stainless steel up to 16 in. sizes and ASTM A313 Type 17-7 PH on 18 in. and larger sizes. The seal shall be Buna N per ASTM D2000-BG or Viton per D2000-CA.
 - D. End connections shall be full diameter threaded flanges.
- E. The valves shall be hydrostatically tested at 1.5 times their rated cold working pressure. A seat closure test at the valve rating shall be conducted to demonstrate zero leakage. The manufacturer shall provide test certificates, dimensional drawings, parts list drawings, and operation and maintenance manuals.
 - F. The exterior of the valve shall be coated with a universal alkyd primer.
 - G. <u>SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE</u>

2.05 CHECK VALVES

- A. The check valves shall be a swing check valve with flanged ends; outside lever and weight and function to prevent reverse flow. The valve shall be tight seating when closed and full ported when open. The hinged shaft shall be completely out of the water way employing a disc with a convex shape facing the normal flow. The valve shall be manufactured where the closing of the valve will not cause water hammer and minimize disc slam. The valve shall be capable of a tight seal at pressures above 5 psi.
- B. The valve body shall be cast iron with a bronze seat ring. The valve disc shall be cast iron and suspended from a non-corrosive shaft. Valves shall be rated at a minimum working pressure of 175 psi.
 - C. SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE

2.06 TAPPING VALVES AND SLEEVES

- A. Tapping valves and sleeves shall be installed in the locations shown the Contract Drawings. The valves shall be a resilient seat wedge, iron body, non-rising stem, gate valve with a mechanical joint outlet and a flanged joint connection to the sleeves. They shall be provided with a valve box, counterclockwise opening and installed as described in detail on the plans.
- B. Tapping Sleeves: Tapping sleeves of the sizes indicated for connection to existing main shall be the cast gray, ductile, or malleable-iron, split-sleeve type with flanged outlet, and with bolts, follower rings and gaskets on each end of the sleeve. Construction shall be suitable for a maximum working pressure of 200 psi. Bolts shall have hexagonal heads and nuts. Longitudinal gaskets and mechanical joints with gaskets shall be as recommended by the manufacturer of the sleeve. When using grooved mechanical tee, it shall consist of an upper housing with full locating collar for rigid positioning which engages a machine-cut hole in pipe, encasing an elastomeric gasket which conforms to the pipe outside diameter around the hole and a lower housing with positioning lugs, secured together during assembly by nuts and bolts as specified, pretorqued to 50 foot-pound.
 - C. SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE
 - D. Tapping valves shall be suitable for a maximum working pressure of 200 psi with 125 lb. flanges

2.07 CUSTOMER SERVICE PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE

- A. The individual customer service pressure reducing valve shall be hydraulically operated, spring loaded, diaphragm type control regulator. The valve shall be held open by the force of the compression spring above the diaphragm and shall maintain a constant delivery pressure downstream without shock or water hammer. Adjustments shall be made by an adjusting screw on top of the valve. Setting shall be as shown on the plans. The valve shall have a cast brass or bronze body and cover per ASTM B-62, stainless steel seat (Stainless Steel 303) and adjustment ranges of 40 to 300 psi.
- B. The individual pressure reducing valve shall be equipped with a built-in by-pass to prevent a closed system on the customer's side of the meter service.
- C. All valves shall be preceded by a strainer provided by the valve manufacturer and have a maximum working pressure the same as the pressure reducing valve.
 - D. SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE

2.08 MAIN LINE PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE

- A. The pressure reducing valve shall maintain a constant downstream pressure regardless of varying inlet pressure. This valve shall be a hydraulically operated, diaphragm actuated, globe pattern valve. It shall contain a resilient, synthetic rubber disc, having a rectangular cross section, contained on three and one-half sides by a disc retainer and forming a tight seal against a single removable seat insert. The diaphragm assembly containing a valve stem shall be fully guided at both ends by a bearing in the valve cover and integral bearing in the valve seat. This diaphragm assembly shall be the only moving part and shall form a sealed chamber in the upper portion of the vale, separating operating pressure from line pressure. The diaphragm shall consist of nylon fabric bonded with synthetic rubber and shall not be used as a seating surface. Packing glands and/or stuffing boxes are not permitted and there shall be no pistons operating the valve or pilot controls. All necessary repairs shall be possible without removing valve from the line.
- B. The main valve body and cover shall be Cast Iron per ASTM A48, and the main valve trim shall be 303 stainless steel. The valve shall come equipped with a valve position indicator. The valve shall be equipped with a flow clean strainer, closing speed control, opening speed control and flow stabilizer. The valve shall be equipped with a V-port diaphragm plug for low flow conditions or approved equal by the Engineer.
- C. The pilot control shall be a direct acting, adjustable, spring loaded, normally open, diaphragm valve, designed to permit flow when controlled pressure is less than the spring setting. The control system shall include a fixed orifice. The pilot control valve trim shall be 303 stainless steel.
 - D. The valve shall have a maximum working pressure rating as stated on the Drawings.
 - E. SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE

2.09 AIR RELEASE VALVE

- A. The valve shall have a 1" screwed inlet diameter with a 1" corporation stop and a minimum of 3/32" size orifice. The body and cover shall be constructed of cast iron while the float shall be stainless steel. All internal parts, such as lever pins, retaining rings, screws, etc. shall be of stainless steel or bronze construction. Valves shall be suitable for use in lines with an operating pressure up to 175 psi. <u>SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE</u>
- B. A service clamp shall be used to connect the air release valve to the water main. Service clamps and corporation stops shall be those as previously specified in Section 02650, except the corporation stops shall have a female IP thread outlet.
- C. The air release valve box shall be a standard meter box with dimensions of 18" I.D. and a height of 36". The valve box cover shall be a standard water meter box cover.

2.10 ALTITUDE VALVE

- A. The altitude valve shall be a hydraulically controlled, diaphragm actuated control valve that shuts off at a pre-set high level and fully opens at a pre-set low level. A high level pilot and low level pilot are adjusted to open at different settings. Should the static head rise to the closing set point, the high level pilot opens causing the main valve to close. Should the static head drop to the opening set point, the low level pilot opens causing the main valve to open. When the level is between pilot settings, both pilots are closed and the main valve remains in its last position.
- B. Valves shall be of standard manufacture and of the highest quality both as to materials and workmanship and shall conform to the latest revisions of AWWA Specification C-500. Valves shall have a rated working pressure of 250 psi.

- C. All valves shall receive at two part thermosetting epoxy protective coating both inside and outside of the valve and shall be listed for use as with potable water by the Federal EPA. The epoxy coating shall meet or exceed ANSI/AWWA C550 Standard and ASTM D1763 Standard.
 - D. Altitude valve shall be Bermad Series 700, Cla-Val Series 210, or approved equal.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Valves shall be installed as nearly as possible in the positions indicated on the Drawings consistent with conveniences of operating the handwheel or wrench. All valves shall be carefully erected and supported in their respective positions free from all distortion and strain on appurtenances during handling and installation.
- B. All material shall be carefully inspected for defects in workmanship and material, all debris and foreign material cleaned out of valve openings and seats, all operating mechanisms operated to check their proper functioning, and all nuts and bolts checked for tightness.
- C. Valves and other equipment which do not operate easily or are otherwise defective shall be repaired or replaced at the Contractor's expense.
 - D. Valves shall be set plumb and supported adequately in conformance with the instructions of the manufacturer. Valves mounted on the face of concrete shall be shimmed vertically and grouted in place. Valves in the control piping shall be installed so as to be easily accessible.
 - E. All buried valves require a concrete collar for stability. Collar shall be no less than 4" thick and poured to flow water away from the valve. The concrete valve box protector ring is top be with copper locate pen.

3.02 INTERIOR PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to furnish a complete system of pipe supports, to provide expansion joints and to anchor all piping. The pipe support system shall be installed complete with all necessary inserts, bolts, nuts, rods, washers, miscellaneous steel, and other accessories.
- B. In some instances, expansion joints have been shown on the drawings, but no attempt has been made to indicate every expansion joint for piping included under this portion of the specifications. Portions of the piping are shown on the detail drawings. Some of the piping, however, is shown only on the schematics.
- C. Reaction Anchorage and Blocking: All piping exposed in interior locations and subject to internal pressure in which flexible connectors are used shall be blocked, anchored, or harnessed, as shown on the drawings, or as directed by the Engineer to preclude separation of joints.

3.03 PAINTING

Field painting is specified in elsewhere in these specifications.

- END OF SECTION -

SECTION 02645

HYDRANT ASSEMBLY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

The Contractor shall furnish and install, where shown on the plans and additional locations as directed by the Owner, hydrant assemblies and blow-hydrants manufactured and equipped as described below.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 FLUSHING HYDRANT ASSEMBLY

- A. Hydrants shall conform in all respects to the requirements of AWWA C502. All hydrants shall have 6-inch mechanical joint shoe connection, two (2) 2-1/2" hose outlets, one (1) 4-1/2" pumper nozzle with caps. Connection threads and operation nuts shall conform to National Standard Specifications as adopted by National Board of Fire Underwriters. The hydrant shall be equipped with safety flanges designed to prevent barrel breakage when struck by a vehicle and an auxiliary gate valve.
- B. Each hydrant shall be fully bronze mounted with the main valve having a threaded bronze seat ring assembly of such design that it is easily removable by unscrewing from a threaded bronze drain ring. Bronze drain ring shall have multiple ports providing positive automatic drainage as the main valve is opened or closed. Drainage waterways shall be completely bronze to prevent rust or corrosion.
- C. Operating stems shall be equipped with anti-friction thrust bearing to reduce operating torque and assure easy opening. Stops shall be provided to limit stem travel. Stem threads shall be enclosed in a permanently sealed lubricant reservoir protected from weather and the waterway with 0-ring seals.
- D. Hydrants shall be designed for 250 psi working pressure and shop tested to 1250 psi pressure with main valve both opened and closed. Under test the valve shall not leak, the automatic drain shall function and there shall be no leakage into the bonnet. Hydrants shall have a UL/FM approved rating.
- E. Each hydrant shall be installed with an auxiliary shut-off valve and valve box; valve box cover shall be marked "WATER" as required. Hydrants shall be secured to the shut-off valve by AWWA approved restraint joints, rodding with four (4) equally spaced all thread rods and "Duc-Lugs", or other equally approved method.
- F. Inlet cover depth shall be 36" and the minimum dimension from ground to centerline of lowest opening shall be 18". Hydrants shall be supported on a poured-in-place concrete thrust block and provided with a drainage pit as indicated on Standard Detail Sheet.
- G. All hydrants shall receive two (2) field coats of Koppers Company, Inc. Glamortex enamel (red). The Owner shall be furnished with two (2) hydrant barrel wrenches, four (4) spanner wrenches and two (2) operating nut wrenches.
- H. Below ground hydrants shall be flush type with the upper barrel and nozzles contained in a cast iron box with a non locking lid.
 - I. <u>SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE</u>

HYDRANT

J. Hydrant assemblies shall include the isolation valve and both valve and hydrant shall have a UL/FM approved rating.

2.02 UNDERGROUND BLOW-OFF ASSEMBLY

- A. Blow-off hydrants shall be of non-freezing, self-draining type, with an overall length of 30". Set underground in a 30" meter box, these hydrants will be furnished with a 2½" Main Valve Opening inlet, a non-turning operating rod, 7/16 inch square operating nut, and shall open to the left. All of the working parts shall be of bronze-to-bronze design, and be serviceable from above grade with no digging. The outlet shall also be bronze and be 2-1/2" NST. Hydrants shall be lockable to prevent unauthorized use. <u>SEE SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EOUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE</u>.
- B. The Contractor shall furnish two (2) T-operating wrenches in the lengths necessary to operate the blow-off hydrants for an operator of average height in a normal working position.

2.02 BLOWOFF HYDRANT ASSEMBLY

- A. 3-inch Hydrants shall be self-draining, non-freezing, compression type with 21/6" main valve opening. Inlet connection shall be MJ. Outlet shall be 2" IP. Hydrants shall be post type <u>SEE SECTION 01600</u> <u>MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT for APPROVED MANUFACTURE</u>.
 - B. Hydrants shall have a ductile iron pipe riser with a cast iron stock top, and non-turning operating rod. Principal interior operating parts shall be brass and removable from the hydrant for servicing without excavating the hydrant.
 - C. Flushing assembly installation shall also include all excavation, backfill, thrust blocking, and #9 crushed stone.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Hydrants shall be located as shown on the drawings unless otherwise specified by the Owner. Each hydrant shall be connected to the main with a 6-inch branch line having at least as much cover as the distribution main. Hydrants shall be set plumb with pumper nozzle facing the roadway and the cast-iron valve box set flush with the finished surrounding grade. Except where approved otherwise, the backfill around hydrants shall be thoroughly compacted to the finished gradeline immediately after installation to obtain beneficial use of the hydrant as soon as practicable. All hydrants shall be provided with a shut-off valve in the hydrant lateral as shown. All hydrants shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's directions and as detailed on the Contract Drawings.
- B. Blow-off hydrants shall be located as shown on the drawings unless otherwise specified by the Utility. Each blow-off hydrant shall be connected to the main with at least as much cover as the distribution main. Blow-off hydrants shall be set plumb with nozzle facing the roadway and with the box cover set flush with the finished surrounding grade. The backfill around each hydrant shall be thoroughly compacted to the finished gradeline immediately after installation to obtain beneficial use of the hydrant as soon as practicable. All blow-off hydrants shall be provided with a shut-off valve in the lateral as shown.

- END OF SECTION -

SECTION 02700

SITE RESTORATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 CLEAN-UP

Upon completion of the installation of the water main and appurtenances, the Contractor shall remove all debris and surplus construction materials resulting from his work. The Contractor shall grade the ground along each side of the pipe trench and/or structure in a uniform and neat manner leaving the construction area in a shape as near as possible to the original ground line.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 SEEDING

A. All graded areas shall be seeded at the rate of six (6) pounds of seed per 1,000 square feet. The mixture shall consist of:

Kentucky 31 Fescue	60%
Creeping Red Fescue	20%
Annual Rye Grass	20%

B. After seed has been distributed, the Contractor shall cover areas with straw to a depth of 1-1/2". Any necessary re-seeding or repairing shall be accomplished by the Contractor before final acceptance. Seeding is not a pay item.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 SITE RESTORATION

- A. After installation of water lines, the construction site will be restored to its original condition or better. All paved streets, roads, sidewalks, curbs, etc. removed or disturbed during construction shall be replaced, and all materials and workmanship shall conform to standard practices and specifications of the Owner, and/or to the Kentucky Department of Highways requirements, and specifications, whichever applies. Gravel, cinder or dirt streets, drives and shoulders shall be replaced and sufficiently compacted to provide a surface suitable for carrying the type of traffic normally imposed at the location.
- B. All seeded areas shall be watered daily during the germination period, unless rain supplies the required moisture. The Contractor shall replace, at his own expense, trees, shrubs, etc. disturbed during construction.
- C. The Contractor shall remove from the site all equipment, unused materials and other items at his expense. The construction site shall be left in a neat, orderly condition, clear of all unsightly items, before the Work is finally accepted.

- END OF SECTION -

16039/5.25.2017 SITE RESTORATION

SECTION 02720

VAULTS AND INLETS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes valve and meter vaults, catch basins, curb inlets, surface water inlets, and similar structures, complete with frames and covers, manhole steps and appurtenances as shown on the Contract Drawings.

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Materials and installation shall be in accordance with the latest revisions of the following codes, standards and specifications, except where more stringent requirements have been specified herein:
 - 1. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
 - 2. American Association of State Highway Transportation Officials (ASHTO)

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION

A. Concrete

- 1. Cast-in-place concrete for vaults and inlets shall be as specified under the Section entitled "Concrete".
- 2. Precast concrete sections shall be in accordance with ASTM C478 for manhole sections and ASTM C913 for other structures with a minimum wall thickness of 5 inches. Units and top sections shall be designed and constructed to withstand H-20 wheel loads and shall be of the type shown.
 - a. Bell and spigot joints of precast sections shall have an appropriate "O" ring supplied by the manufacturer, or other types of joints as shown on the Contract Drawings.

B. Masonry Units

- 1. Brick shall meet the requirements of ASTM C62, Grade SW, and shall be of a hard-burned manufacture.
- 2. Concrete blocks shall conform to the requirements of ASTM C139 and shall be solid and of the size shown on the Contract Drawings.

C. Mortar

- 1. Masonry cement for mortar shall meet the requirements of ASTM C 91, Type II and shall be mixed with a graded quality sand conforming to ASTM C144.
- 2. Mix shall be one part masonry cement to three parts sand using the minimum amount of clean water required for workability.

D. Castings

16039/5.25.2017 VAULTS AND INLETS

1. Frames and covers, grates, inlets, and other castings shall be as shown on the Contract Drawings and be in accordance with ASTM A48, Class 30. All castings shall be manufactured to withstand H-20 wheel loads. Lettering shall be "Storm Sewer" or other appropriate designation cast as directed. Frames and covers shall have machined bearing surfaces.

E. Steps

- 1. Where shown or specified, steps for vaults and inlets shall be composed of ½-inch Grade 60 ASTM A615 deformed steel reinforcing bar completely encapsulated in copolymer polypropylene plastic, Type PS2-PF as manufactured by M.A. Industries, Inc., or equal.
- 2. Steps shall be installed in each vault or inlet in vertical alignment spaced 12 inches on center and shall be placed over the largest benchwall of the manhole.
- 3. Steps shall have a minimum tread width of 12 inches and shall be cast into the vault sections or other methods of installation with prior acceptance of the Engineer

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Precast Sections

- 1. Precast sections shall be installed on a flat stable subgrade with select fill as shown in contract documents and geotextile.
- 2. Prior to installation of granular material for precast manhole bases, contractor shall prepare flat, stable subgrade. Where an unstable condition exist, the Contractor shall excavate the unstable material and replace with compacted granular material as specified.
- 3. All joints shall be filled inside and out with mortar to provide a smooth and continuous surface.

B. Benchwalls and Inverts

1. Mortar surfaces of benchwalls and concrete floors shall be given a broom finish. Where inverts are required they shall be lined with a half section of pipe of the same type used for the sewer or shall be constructed of Class "C" concrete, shaped and troweled to produce a smooth circular cross-section.

C. Frames and Castings

1. Frames and castings shall be set in a full bed of mortar a maximum of 1/2" thick. Where required to adjust the frames and castings to grade there shall be installed to a maximum of four brick courses.

D. Steps

- 1. Steps shall be installed in vertical alignment spaced 12 inches on center.
- 2. In concrete sections the steps shall be cast into the section or secured with cadmium plated bolts to threaded inserts which are precast into the concrete.
- 3. In masonry construction the steps shall be built into the masonry walls.

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E. Plastering

- 1. Plaster shall be with mortar not less than 1/2 inch thick and troweled smooth.
- 2. Outside of masonry structures.
- 3. Inside and outside of brick courses under frames and castings.

F. Sumps

1. Sumps of the size specified shall be built into the floors of vaults and similar structures. Floors shall be sloped to the sump.

-- END OF SECTION --

16039/5.25.2017 VAULTS AND INLETS

SECTION 02830

CHAIN LINK FENCES AND GATES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. The Contractor shall furnish and erect the chain link fence and gates as indicated on the drawings and as herein specified.
 - B. The chain link fence shall have a top rail and bottom tension wire.
- C. The chain link fence materials and installation shall meet or exceed the standards of the Chain Link Fence Manufacturers Institute, New York, N.Y., except as otherwise specified in this section; also fence materials shall meet or exceed Fed. Spec. RR-F-191H/GEN for Fencing, Wire and Post Metal (and Gates, Chain Link Fence Fabric, and Accessories), and shall conform to the ASTM Standard Specifications hereinafter noted.
 - D. Fence framework, fabric, and accessories.
 - E. Excavation for post bases.
 - F. Concrete anchorage for posts.
 - G. Manual gates and related hardware.

1.02 RELATED WORK

Section 03310 - Structural Concrete.

1.03 REFERENCES

- A. ANSI/ASTM A123 Zinc (Hot Galvanized) Coatings of Products Fabricated from Rolled, Pressed, and Forged Steel Shapes, Plates, Bars and Strips.
 - B. ANSI/ASTM F567 Installation of Chain Link Fence.
- C. ASTM A120 Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-dipped Zinc-coated (Galvanized) Welded and Seamless, for Ordinary Uses.
 - D. ASTM C94 Ready-mixed Concrete.
 - E. FS RR-F-191 Fencing, Wire and Post, Metal, Type I or Type II.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer: Company specializing in commercial quality chain link fencing with 2 years experience.
 - B. Installation: ANSI/ASTM F567.

1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit shop drawings and product data under provisions of Section 01300.
- B. Include plan layout, grid, spacing of components, accessories, fittings, hardware, anchorages, and schedule of components.
 - C. Submit manufacturer's installation instructions under provisions of Section 01300.
 - D. Submit samples under provisions of Section 01300.
 - E. Submit the following samples illustrating each fence material and fabric finish.
 - 1. A 2" length of each type of post.
 - 2. A 2" length of each type of brace and railing.
 - 3. A 2" length of framework for gates.
 - 4. A 2" length of diagonal truss brace.
 - 5. A 2" length of tension wire.
 - 6. Each type of fitting used at terminal posts.
 - 7. Fittings used at line posts.
 - 8. Fittings for the gate leaf frame.
 - 9. Gate hinge.
 - 10. Gate latch.
 - 11. Stretcher bar, 2" length.
 - 12. Bolt and nut fastener.
 - 13. Fence fabric, 2 weaves, 2 meshes long.
 - 14. Tie.
- F. Accompanying the samples, the Contractor shall submit two statements, one on his and one on his subcontractor's letterhead that the samples submitted comply with the requirements of these Contract Documents. Samples shall be submitted for review at least 30 days before fence erection.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

Framework: ASTM A120; Schedule 40 steel pipe, standard weight, one piece without joints.

2.02 CONCRETE MIX

- A. Concrete: As specified in Section 03000.
- B. Concrete: ASTM C94; Portland Cement; 2500 min. psi at 38 days; 3" slump/1" maximum sized aggregate.

2.03 MATERIALS

- A. Type I metal fittings, posts, fence and gate framework, and all accessories shall be galvanized with a heavy coating of 1.8 oz. pure zinc spelter per sq. ft. of surface area to be coated using the hot-dip process. Type II shall be triple coated with 102 zinc, 15 MG of chromate and .3 mils cross link polyurethane.
- B. All fabrication and welding shall be done before hot-dip galvanizing. All welding shall conform to the American Welding Society standards.
- C. The chain link fence fabric shall be galvanized steel chain link fabric conforming to ASTM Standard Specification for Zinc-Coated Steel Chain Link Fence Fabric, Designation A392-74, with Class 2 zinc coating (2.0 oz. of zinc per sq. ft. of uncoated wire surface). The fabric shall be woven in 2" mesh from No. 9 gauge wire in a 6-foot width with barbed selvages top and bottom.
- D. The barbed wire shall be galvanized steel barbed wire consisting of two strands of twisted No. 12 1/2-gage wires with 4-point barbs spaced 3" apart and conforming to ASTM Standard Specification of Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Barbed Wire, Designation A121-77, with Class 3 zinc coating (minimum of 0.80 oz. of zinc per sq. ft. of uncoated wire surface for No. 12 1/2-gauge wire).
- E. The tension wire shall be No. 7-gauge coil spring steel wire with galvanized finish having minimum of 0.80 oz. of zinc coating per sq. ft. of uncoated wire surface.
- F. Tie wires for fastening fence fabric to line posts and rails shall be not less than No. 6 gauge aluminum wire.
- G. Line posts shall be 2-3/8" (2.375") outside diameter steel pipe weighing not less than 3.65 lb. per ft. for Type I or 3.117 lb. per ft. for Type II, or 1-7/8" high carbon steel H-beams weighing not less than 2.70 lb. per ft
- H. End, corner, and pull posts shall be 2-7/8" (2.875) outside diameter steel pipe weighing not less than 5.79 lb. per ft. for Type I or 4.64 lb. per ft. for Type II, or 2 1/2" square steel tube weighing not less than 5.14 lb. per ft., or 3 1/2" by 3 1/2 roll-formed, steel corner section weighing not less than 5.14 lb. per ft.
- I. Gate posts for gate leaves up to and including 6 ft., wide shall be 2-7/8" outside diameter steel pipe weighing not less than 5.79 lb. per ft., or 21/2" square steel tube weighing not less than 5.14 lb. per ft., or 31/2" by 31/2" roll-formed, steel corner section weighing not less than 5.14 lb. per ft.
- J. Gate posts for gate leaves over 6 ft. wide and up to an including 13 ft. wide shall be 4" outside diameter steel pipe weighing not less than 9.10 lb. per ft. for Type I or 3 1/2" Type II at 5.71 lb. per ft.
- K. Top railings and railings for top, middle and bottom braces between terminal posts and adjacent line posts shall be 1-5/8" outside diameter steel pipe weighing not less than 2.27 lb. per ft., or 1-5/8" by $1\ 1/4$ ", 14- gauge roll-form section.
- L. Diagonal truss braces between terminal and adjacent line posts and for gate framework shall be 3/8" diameter steel rod.

- M. Barbed wire support arms shall project outward from the top of the posts at 45 degrees and shall be capable of withstanding a 200 lb. downward pull on the outermost end of the arm, without failure. The arms shall have provision for the attachment of three strands of evenly spaced barbed wire. Arms shall be integral with post top weather caps having holes for the passage of the top rail at intermediate posts.
- N. Fittings shall be heavy duty malleable iron or pressed steel of suitable size to produce strong construction.
- O. Stretcher bars for attaching fabric to terminal posts such as end, corner, pull, or gate posts and gate frames shall be flat bars with minimum cross-section dimensions of not less than 1/4" by 3/4". The stretcher bars shall be the full height of the fabric and shall be secured with bar bands of not less than 11-gauge sheet steel, spaced approximately 15" on centers and bolted with 3/8" diameter bolts.
- P. Gate leave framework shall be 1-7/8" outside diameter steel pipe weighing not less than 2.72 lb. per ft. for Type I or 2.28 lb. per ft. for Type II.
- Q. If bolted or riveted corner fittings are not used, the gate frame shall be hot-dip galvanized after welding.
- R. Gate hinges shall be of heavy pattern of adequate strength for the gate size, with large bearing surfaces for clamping or bolting in position.
- S. The gates shall be provided with a suitable latch accessible from both sides and with provision for padlocking.
- T. Double leaf swing gates shall have a center bolt, center stop, and automatic backstops to hold leaves in open position.
- U. Gate padlocks shall have solid brass cases, hardened steel shackles, removable core cylinders, and galvanized steel chains attached to the shackle by a clevis. Padlocks shall be manufactured by Eaton Corp. Lock & Hardware Div., of Emhart Corp., Berlin, Conn.; Best Universal Lock Co., Inc., Indianapolis, Ind.; or be an acceptable equivalent product. The padlocks shall be furnished with two keys each.

2.04 FINISHES

- A. Galvanized: ANSI/ASTM A120; 1.8 oz./sq. ft. coating.
- B. Accessories: Same finish as framing and fabric.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION - ERECTION OF CHAIN LINK FENCE

- A. The fence and gates shall be erected by skilled mechanics.
- B. Post spacing shall be uniform with maximum spacing of 10 ft. in fences erected along straight lines. All posts shall be placed plumb and centered in the concrete foundations.
- C. Post foundations in earth shall be concrete cylinders with a minimum diameter of 12", crowned at grade to shed water, and shall not be less than 36" deep in the ground. Posts shall be set in the full depth of the foundations except for 6" of concrete under the posts.

- D. If foundation holes are excavated in peat or other unstable soil, the Engineer shall be notified for determination of suitable construction precautions.
- E. If solid ledge is encountered without overburden of soil, posts shall be set into the rock a minimum depth of 12" for line posts and 18" for terminal posts. Post holes shall be at least 1" greater in diameter than the post and the grout shall be thoroughly worked into the hole so as not to leave voids, and shall be crowned at the top to shed water. Where solid rock is covered by an overburden, the total setting depths shall not exceed the depths required for setting in earth, and the posts shall be grouted into the rock as described.
- F. Any change in direction of the fence line of 30 degrees or more shall be considered corners. Pull posts shall be used at any abrupt change in grade.
 - G. Maximum area of unbraced fence shall not exceed 1,500 square feet.
- H. Terminal posts shall be braced to adjacent posts with horizontal brace rails and diagonal truss rods brought to proper tension so that posts are plumb.
- I. There shall be no loose connections or sloppy fits in the fence framework. The fence framework shall withstand all wind and other forces due to the weather.
- J. Fabric shall be stretched taut and tied to posts, rails and tension wires with the bottom edge following the finished grade not more than 2" above the grade. The fabric shall be installed on the security side of the fence and shall be anchored to the framework so that the fabric remains in tension after pulling force is released. The fabric shall be attached to line posts with ties spaced at not more than 15" intervals and to rails and braces at not more than 24" intervals. The fabric shall be attached to the tension wire with hog ring ties on 24" centers.
- K. Three strands of barbed wire shall be installed on each extension arm of the line fence and at the top of each gate. The wires shall be pulled taut and fastened at each support.
- L. Gates shall be installed plumb, level, and secure for the full width of the opening and the hardware adjusted for smooth operation. Provide concrete center drop to foundation depth and drop rod retainers at center of double gate openings.

- END OF SECTION -

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SEEDING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Preparation of subgrade to receive topsoil.
- B. Spreading topsoil.
- C. Seeding and fertilizing.
- D. Seed protection on slopes.
- E. Hydroseeding.
- F. Maintaining seeded areas until acceptance.

1.02 RELATED WORK

Section 01450 - Quality Control.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

Test top soil under provisions of Section 01450.

1.04 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver grass seed in original containers showing analysis of seed mixture, percentage of pure seed, year of production, new weight, date of packaging and location of packaging. Damaged packages are not acceptable.
- B. Deliver fertilizer in waterproof bags showing weight, chemical analysis, and name of manufacturer.

1.05 EXISTING CONDITIONS

Beginning work of this Section means acceptance of existing conditions.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GROWING MEDIA

- A. Existing Topsoil: Natural, fertile agricultural soil capable of sustaining vigorous plant growth, not in frozen or muddy condition, containing not less than 6 percent organic matter, and corrected to pH value of 5.9 to 7.0. Free from subsoil, slag, clay, stones, lumps, live plants, roots, sticks, crabgrass, couchgrass, noxious weeds, and foreign matter.
- B. Fertilizer: 10-10-10 commercial type with 50 percent of the elements derived from organic sources.

2.02 **SEED**

Seed shall be proportioned by weight as follows: Kentucky 31 Fescue, 60%; Creeping Red Fescue, 20%, Annual Rye Grass, 20%.

2.03 ACCESSORIES

- A. Mulching Material: Straw from oat, wheat, rye or barley, reasonably free from seeds, foreign matter detrimental to plant life, and in dry condition.
- B. Mulching Material: Wood or wood cellulose fiber free of growth or germination inhibiting ingredients.
 - C. Establishment Blanket: Uniform, open weave jute matting.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Protect existing underground improvements from damage.
- B. Remove foreign materials, plants, roots, stones, and debris, from site. Do not bury foreign material.
 - C. Remove contaminated subsoil.
- D. Cultivate to depth of 3 inches, area to receive topsoil. Repeat cultivation areas where equipment has compacted subgrade.

3.02 SPREADING TOPSOIL

- A. Spread topsoil to depth of 6 inches over area to be seeded. Place during dry weather, and on dry unfrozen subgrade.
- B. Cultivate topsoil to depth of 6 inches with mechanical tiller. Cultivate inaccessible areas by hand. Rake until surface is smooth.
- C. Remove from site, foreign materials collected during cultivation.
- D. Grade to eliminate rough spots and low areas where ponding may occur. Maintain smooth, uniform grade.
 - E. Assure positive drainage away from buildings.
 - F. Finish ground level firm and sufficient to prevent sinkage pockets when irrigation is applied.

3.03 FERTILIZING

A. Apply fertilizer, at a rate of 15 lbs. per 1,000 sq. ft.

- B. Do not apply grass seed and fertilizer at same time in same machine.
- C. Lightly water to aid breakdown of fertilizer and to provide moist soil for seed.

3.04 **SEED**

- A. Apply seed at a rate of 6 lbs. per 1,000 sq. ft. evenly in two intersecting directions. Rake in lightly.
- B. Do not sow immediately following rain, when ground is too dry, or during windy periods.
- C. Roll seeded area with roller not exceeding 112 lbs.
- D. Apply water with fine spray immediately after each area has been sown.
- E. Seed shall be sown from March 15 to April 15 or from August 25 to September 25.

3.05 HYDROSEEDING

- A. Apply slurry at rate of 6 lbs., per 1,000 sq. ft. evenly in two intersecting direction and with hydraulic seeder.
- B. Immediately following hydroseeding, mulch areas by means of mulch blower at rate of 1,200 pounds per acre on level grades, 2,000 lbs. on slopes.
 - C. Do not seed area in excess of that which can be mulched on the same day.

3.06 SEED PROTECTION ON SLOPES

- A. Cover seeded slopes where grade is 3:1 or greater with jute matting. Roll matting down over slopes without stretching or pulling.
- B. Lay matting smoothly on soil surface, boring top end of each section in narrow 6-inch trench. Leave 12-inch overlap from top roll over bottom roll. Leave 4-inch overlap over adjacent section.
 - C. Staple outside edges and overlaps at 36-inch intervals.
 - D. Lightly dress slopes with topsoil to ensure close contact between matting and soil.
- E. In ditches, unroll matting in direction of flow. Overlap ends of strips 6 inches with upstream section on top.

3.07 MAINTENANCE PERIOD

Maintenance Period: Until final acceptance.

3.08 MAINTENANCE

- A. Maintain surfaces and supply additional topsoil where necessary, including areas affected by erosion.
 - B. Water to ensure uniform seed germination and to keep surface of soil damp.
 - C. Apply water slowly so that surface of soil will not puddle and crust.

- D. Cut grass first time when it reaches height of 2-1/2 inches (60 mm) and maintain to minimum height of 2 inches. Do not cut more than 1/3 of blade at any one mowing. Remove clippings.
- E. After first mowing, water grass sufficiently to moisten soil from 3 inches to 5 inches (76 to 127 mm) deep.
- F. Apply approved weed killer when weeds start developing during calm weather when air temperature is above 50 degrees F.
- G. Replant damaged grass areas showing root growth failure, deterioration, bare or thin spots, and eroded areas.

3.09 RESTORATION

Restore grassed areas damaged during execution of work of this Section.

3.10 ACCEPTANCE

Seeded areas will be accepted at end of maintenance period when seeded areas are properly established and otherwise acceptable.

- END OF SECTION -

DIVISION 03 - CONCRETE



CONCRETE FORMWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Formwork for cast-in-place concrete, with shoring, bracing, and anchorage.
- B. Openings for other affected work.
- C. Form accessories.
- D. Stripping forms.

1.02 WORK INSTALLED BUT FURNISHED UNDER OTHER SECTIONS

Section 03300 - Cast-in-Place Concrete

1.03 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 03210 Reinforcing Steel
- B. Section 03330 Cast-in-Place Concrete

1.03 REFERENCES

- A. ACI 301 Specifications for Structural Concrete for Buildings.
- B. ACI 347 Recommended Practice for Concrete Formwork.
- C. PS 1 Construction and Industrial Plywood.
- D. ACI 318 Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete.

1.04 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Design, engineer and construct formwork, shoring, bracing to meet design and code requirements, so that resultant concrete conforms to required shapes, lines, dimensions and tolerances.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

Construct and erect concrete formwork in accordance with ACI 301 and 347.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 FORM MATERIALS

A. Plywood; Douglas Fir species; medium density overlaid one side grade; sound, undamaged sheets with straight edges.

B. Glass fiber fabric reinforced plastic forms; matched, tight fitting, stiffened to support weight of concrete without deflection detrimental to structural tolerances and appearance of finished concrete surface.

2.02 FORMWORK ACCESSORIES

- A. Form Ties: Snap-off metal of fixed length; cone-typed; 1" break back dimension; free of defects that will leave holes no larger than 1" in diameter in concrete surface, with waterproofing washer.
- B. Form Release Agent: Colorless material which will not stain concrete, absorb moisture or impair natural bonding or color characteristics of coating intended for use on concrete. Form oil shall be placed prior to reinforced steel when possible and surplus oil on form surfaces or reinforcing steel shall be removed.
 - C. Fillets for Chamfered Corners: Wood strip type to the size and shape as shown on the Drawings.
- D. Nails, spikes, lag bolts, through bolts, anchorages: Sized as required of strength and character to maintain formwork in place while placing concrete.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION

Verify lines, levels and measurements before proceeding with formwork.

3.02 PREPARATION

Earth or rock forms not permitted.

3.03 ERECTION

- A. Provide bracing to ensure stability of formwork. Strengthen formwork liable to be overstressed by construction loads.
- B. Provide temporary ports in formwork to facilitate cleaning and inspection. Locate openings at bottom of forms to allow flushing water to drain. Close ports with tight fitting panels, flush with inside face of forms, neatly fitted so that joints will not be apparent in exposed concrete surfaces.
- C. Provide chamfer strips on external corners of all surfaces so indicated on the Drawings. Unless otherwise noted, chamfer strips shall be 1" radius with leg, polyvinyl chloride strips by Gateway Building Products, SAF-T-Grip Specialties Corp., Vinylex Corp., or equal.
- D. Concrete surfaces not exposed to view shall be formed with sound tight lumber or other material producing equivalent finish.
- E. Concrete surfaces to be exposed to view shall be formed with material that is not reactive with concrete surfaces and shall be equivalent in smoothness and appearance to that produced by new plywood panels conforming to PS 1, exterior type Grade B-B.
- F. Particular attention is directed to the requirements of paragraphs 10.2.2 and 13.3 of ACI 301. Form panels shall be provided in the maximum sizes practicable in order to minimize form joints. Wherever practicable, form joints shall occur at recessed joints. All form joints in exterior exposed to view surfaces shall be carefully caulked with an approved nonstaining caulking compound. Joints shall not be taped. Form oil or other material which will impart a stain to the concrete shall not be allowed to contact concrete surfaces.
- G. Form ties shall remain in the walls and shall be equipped with a waterseal to prevent passage of water through the walls. Particular care shall be taken to bend tie wire ends away from exposed faces of beams,

slabs and columns. In no case shall ends of tie wire project toward or touch formwork. Minimum set back of form ties shall be 1-1/2-inch from faces of wall. The hole left by removal of tie ends shall be sealed and grouted as per ACI Par. 9.3 and in accordance with the procedure described hereinafter in Section 03300 paragraph 3.01 B. Form ties will be permitted to fall within as-cast areas of architecturally treated wall surfaces (ACI Chapter 13).

3.04 APPLICATION OF RELEASE AGENT

Apply form release agent on formwork in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Apply prior to placing reinforcing steel, anchoring devices, and embedded items. Form boards shall not be wet with water prior to placing concrete.

3.05 INSERTS, EMBEDDED PARTS, AND OPENINGS

- A. Provide formed openings where required for work embedded in or passing through concrete.
- B. Coordinate work of other sections in forming and setting openings, slots, recesses, chases, sleeves, bolts, anchors, and other inserts.
- C. Install accessories in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, level and plumb. Ensure items are not disturbed during concrete placement.

3.07 FORM REMOVAL

- A. Do not remove forms and bracing until concrete has sufficient strength to support its own weight, and construction and design loads which may be imposed upon it. Remove load supporting forms when concrete has attained 75 percent of required 28-day compressive strength, provided construction is reshored immediately, and the shoring remains until the concrete attains its 28 day compressive strength.
 - B. Do not damage concrete surfaces during form removal.

3.08 CLEANING

- A. Clean forms to remove foreign matter as erection proceeds.
- B. Ensure that water and debris drain to exterior through clean out ports.
- C. During cold weather, remove ice and snow from forms. Do not use deicing salts. Do not use water to clean out completed forms, unless formwork and construction proceed within heated enclosure. Use compressed air to remove foreign matter.

- END OF SECTION -

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REINFORCING STEEL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Reinforcing steel.
- B. Shop Drawings.

1.02 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 03100 Concrete Formwork.
- B. Section 03300 Cast-in-Place Concrete.

1.03 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM A-615
- B. ASTM A-616
- C. ASTM A-617
- D. ACI 351
- E. ASTM A-120
- F. ASTM A-185

1.04 SUBMITTALS

Shop Drawings: The Contractor shall submit a complete set of shop drawings including schedules and bending drawings for all reinforcement used in the work in accordance with the "Manual of Standard Practice for Detailing Concrete Structures" (ACI 351). Approval of drawings by the Engineer is required before shipment can be made.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. The minimum yield strength of the reinforcement shall be 60,000 pounds per square inch. Bar reinforcement shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A-615, A-616, or A-617. All bar reinforcement shall be deformed.
- B. Smooth dowels shall be plain steel bars conforming to ASTM A-615, Grade 40, or steel pipe conforming to ASTM A-120, Schedule 80. Pipe, if used, shall be closed flush at each end with mortar or metal or plastic cap.
- C. Welded wire fabric shall conform to ASTM 185, welded steel wire fabric for concrete reinforcement.

16039/5.25.2017 REINFORCING STEEL

D. Reinforcement supports and other accessories in contact with the forms for members which will be exposed to view in the finished work shall have approved high density polyethylene tips so that the metal portion shall be at least one quarter of an inch from the form or surface. Supports for reinforcement, when in contact with the ground or stone fill, shall be precast stone concrete blocks. Particular attention is directed to the requirements of paragraph 5.5.3 of ACI Standard 301. These requirements apply to all reinforcement, whether in walls or other vertical elements, inclined elements or flatwork.

2.02 FABRICATION

- A. Reinforcement shall be bent cold. It shall be bent accurately to the dimensions and shapes shown on the plans and to within tolerances specified in the CRSI Manual of Standard Practice.
- B. Reinforcing shall be shipped with bars of the same size and shape, fastened securely with wire and with metal identification tags using size and mark.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PLACING AND FASTENING

- A. Before being placed in position, reinforcement shall be cleaned of loose mill and rust scale, dirt and other coatings that will interfere with development of proper bond.
- B. Reinforcement shall be accurately placed in positions shown on the drawings and firmly held in place during placement and hardening of concrete by using annealed wire ties. Bars shall be tied as required to prevent displacement under foot traffic and during casting operations, and shall be placed within tolerances allowed in Section 5.6.2 of ACI 301.
- C. Distance from the forms shall be maintained by means of stays, blocks, ties, hangers or other approved supports. (See paragraph 2.01 D) If fabric reinforcement is shipped in rolls, it shall be straightened into flat sheets before being placed.
- D. <u>Before any concrete is placed, the Engineer shall have inspected the placing of the steel reinforcement and given permission to deposit the concrete. Concrete placed in violation of this provision will be rejected and thereupon shall be removed.</u>
- E. Unless otherwise specified, reinforcement shall be furnished in the full lengths indicated on the plans. Splicing of bars, except where shown on the plans, will not be permitted without the approval of the Engineer. Where splices are made, they shall be staggered insofar as possible.
- F. Wire mesh reinforcement shall be continuous between expansion joints. Laps shall be at least one full mesh plus 2", staggered to avoid continuous lap in either direction and securely wired or clipped with standard clips.
- G. Dowels shall be installed at right angles to construction joints and expansion joints. Dowels shall be accurately aligned parallel to the finished surface, and shall be rigidly held in place and supported during placing of the concrete. One end of dowels shall be oiled or greased or dowels shall be coated with high density polyethylene with a minimum thickness of 14 mils.

- END OF SECTION -

16039/5.25.2017 REINFORCING STEEL

CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

The work in this section shall include all formwork, shoring, bracing, anchorage, concrete reinforcement and accessories for cast-in-place concrete.

1.02 GENERAL REQUIREMENT

All concrete construction shall conform to all applicable requirements of ACI 301-84 Specifications for Structural Concrete for Buildings, except as modified by the supplemental requirements specified herein.

1.03 RELATED WORK

Section 05500 - Miscellaneous Metals.

1.04 REFERENCES

- A. The Contractor shall obtain and have available in the field office at all times, the following references:
 - 1. Specifications for Structural Concrete for Buildings ACI 301-84 (latest revision).
 - 2. Field Reference Manual SP-15 (81).
 - 3. Manual of Standard Practice CRSI (latest revision).
 - 4. Placing Reinforcing Bars CRSI (latest revision).
 - 5. Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete ACI 318 (latest revision).
 - B. The following standard shall also apply to this work:
 - 1. ASTM C-143
 - 2. ASTM C-150
 - 3. ASTM C-33
 - 4. ASTM C-260
 - 5. ASTM C-494
 - 6. ASTM A-615
 - 7. ASTM D-638
 - 8. ASTM D-695
 - 9. ASTM D-570
 - 10. ASTM D-1252
 - 11. ANSI A-116.1
 - 12. ASTM A-12013. ASTM C-94
 - 14. ASTM D-2146
 - 15. Federal Specifications FF-S~325

1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. The Contractor shall submit the following data to the Engineer for review:
 - Concrete mix designs, test results and curves plotted to establish water-cement ratio if Method 1 of ACI 301 is used.
 - Proposed mix designs and all necessary substantiating data used to establish proposed mix designs if Method 2 of ACI 301 is used.
 - Mix designs for all mixes proposed or required to be used, including all mixes containing admixtures.
 - 4. A certified copy of the control records of the proposed production facility establishing the standard deviation as defined in Paragraph 3.8.2.3 of ACI 301.
- B. Certification attesting that admixtures equal or exceeds the physical requirements of ASTM C-494 for Type A admixture and, when required, for Type D admixture.
 - C. Drawings showing locations of all proposed construction joints.
 - D. Shop drawing for reinforcing steel showing bar schedules, location, and splices.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 CLASSES OF CONCRETE AND USAGE

- A. Structural concrete of the various classes required shall be proportioned by either Method 1 or 2 of ACI 301 to produce the following 28-day compressive strengths:
 - 1. Selection of Proportions for Class A Concrete:
 - a. 4,000 psi compressive for strength at 28 days.
 - b. Type I cement plus dispersing agent and air.
 - c. Maximum (water)/(cement and dispersing agent) ratio 0.50.
 - d. Minimum cement content = 564 lbs. (6.0 bags)/cu. yd. concrete.
 - e. Nominal maximum size coarse aggregate = No. 67 (3/411 maximum) or No. 57 (111 maximum). Walls with architectural treatment shall use No. 67 (3/411 maximum).
 - f. Air content = 5% plus or minus 1% by volume.
 - g. Slump = 211-311 in accordance with ASTM C-143.
 - 2. Selection of Proportions for Class B Concrete:
 - a. 3,000 psi compressive strength at 28 days.
 - b. Type I cement plus dispersing agent and air.

- c. Maximum (water)/(cement and dispersing agent) ratio 0.56.
- d. Minimum cement content = 470 lbs. (5.0 bags)/cu. yd. concrete.
- e. Nominal maximum size coarse aggregate = No. 67 (3/4" maximum) or No. 57 (111 maximum).
- f. Air content = 6% plus or minus 1% by volume.
- g. Slump 311-411 in accordance with ASTM C-143.
- B. Concrete shall be used as follows:
 - 1. Class A concrete for all concrete work except as noted below.
 - 2. Class B concrete for fill concrete and thrust blocks, and where indicated on the Drawings.
- C. All testing shall be or have been performed by a recognized independent testing laboratory.
- D. Cement for exposed concrete shall have a uniform color classification.
- E. Coarse aggregate shall conform to all requirements of ASTM C-33.
- F. Manufactured sand shall not be used as fine aggregate in concrete.

2.02 ADMIXTURES

- A. An air entraining admixture shall be used on all concrete and shall be the neutralized vinsol resin type such as Master Builders MB-VR, or Euclid Chemical Co. AIR-MIX or equal. The admixture shall meet the requirements of ASTM C-260. Certification attesting to the percent of effective solids and compliance of the material with ASTM C-260 shall be furnished, if requested.
- B. A water-reducing, set controlling admixture (non-lignin type) shall be used in all concrete. The admixture shall be a combination of polyhydroxylated polymers including catalysts and components to produce the required setting time based on job site conditions, specified early strength development, finishing characteristics required, and surface texture, as determined by the Engineer.
- C. Certification shall be furnished attesting that the admixture exceeds the physical requirements of ASTM C-494, Type A, water-reducing and normal setting admixture, and when required, for ASTM C-494, Type D, water-reducing and retarding admixture when used with local materials with which the subject concrete is composed.
- D. The admixture manufacturer, when requested, shall provide a qualified concrete technician employed by the manufacturer to assist in proportioning concrete for optimum use. He shall also be available when requested to advise on proper addition of the admixture to the concrete and on adjustment of the concrete mix proportions to meet changing job conditions.
- E. The use of admixtures to retard setting of the concrete during hot weather, to accelerate setting during cold weather, and to reduce water content without impairing workability will be permitted if the following conditions are met:

The admixture shall conform to ASTM C-494 except that the durability factor for concrete containing the admixture shall be at least 100 percent of control, the water content a maximum of 90 percent of control and length change shall not be greater than control, as defined in ASTM C-494.

- F. Where the Contractor finds it impractical to employ fully the recommended procedures for hot weather concreting, the Engineer may at his discretion require the use of a set retardant admixture for mass concrete 2.5 feet or more thick and for all concrete whenever the temperature at the time concrete is cast exceeds 80-F. The admixture shall be selected by the Contractor subject to the review of the Engineer. The admixture and concrete containing the admixture shall meet all the requirements of these Specifications. Preliminary tests of this concrete shall be required at the Contractor's expense.
- G. Admixtures shall be used in concrete design mixes in the same manner and proportions as in the field so that the effects of the admixtures are included in preliminary tests submitted to the Engineer for review prior to the start of construction.
- H. When more than one admixture is used, all admixtures shall be compatible. They should preferably be by the same manufacturer.
 - I. Calcium chloride will not be permitted as an admixture in any concrete.

2.03 REINFORCEMENT

- A. The minimum yield strength of the reinforcement shall be 60,000 pounds per square inch. Bar reinforcement shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A-615. All bar reinforcement shall be deformed.
- B. Smooth dowels shall be plain steel bars conforming to ASTM A-615, Grade 60, or steel pipe conforming to ASTM A-120, Schedule 80. Pipe, if used, shall be closed flush at each end with mortar or metal or plastic cap.
- C. Reinforcement supports and other -accessories in contact with the forms for members which will be exposed to view in the finished work shall be of stainless steel or shall have approved high-density polyethylene tips so that the metal portion shall be at least one-quarter of an inch from the form or surface. Supports for reinforcement, when in contact with the ground or stone fill, shall be precast stone concrete blocks. Particular attention is directed to the requirements of Paragraph 5.5.3 of ACI Standard 301. These requirements apply to all reinforcement, whether in walls or other vertical elements, inclined elements or flatwork.

2.04 OTHER MATERIALS

- A. Anchorage items shall be of standard manufacture and of type required to engage with the anchors to be installed therein under other sections of the Specifications and shall be subject to approval by the Engineer.
 - 1. Slots shall be galvanized dovetail-type as specified in Section "Masonry Work".
 - 2. Inserts shall be malleable iron or steel and of sturdy design adequate strength for the load to be carried. All inserts shall be galvanized. Adjustable wedge inserts shall have an integral loop or strap at the back or shall be provided with lugs to take reinforcing bars. They shall be slotted to receive a special-headed bolt not smaller than 5/8-inch in diameter and of the required length and fitted with hexagonal nut. Other inserts shall be either threaded or slotted as required by their usage. Threaded inserts shall have integral lugs to prevent running.

3. Concrete anchors shall be an approved expansion type conforming to Federal Specification FF-S-325, Groups I, II, III, or VIII and shall be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Material for anchors shall be as specified in Section 05500 - Miscellaneous Metals. Anchors shall develop ultimate shear and pull out loads of not less than the following values in Class A concrete:

BOLT DIAMETER (INCHES)	MINIMUM SHEAR (POUNDS)	MINIMUM PULL-OUT LOAD (POUNDS)
1/2	4,500	4,600
5/8	6,900	7,700
3/4	10,500	9,900

B. Epoxy bonding adhesive used to bond fresh plastic concrete to sound, hardened concrete shall meet the following specification. Contractor shall furnish a notarized certification by the manufacturer that the proposed material meets the specification.

1. Material:

The epoxy material shall consist of a 2-component system whose components conform to the following requirements:

- a. Component A Component A shall be a modified epoxy resin of the epichlorohydrin bisphenol A condensation type, containing suitable viscosity control agents and having an epoxide equivalent of 180-200.
- b. Component B The B component shall be primarily a reaction product of one mole of an aliphatic polyamine and two moles of mono functional epoxide containing compounds modified with 2, 4, 6 tri(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol.
- c. The component ratio of B to A by volume shall be as specified by the manufacturer.
- 2. Properties of Mixed Components:

a.	Solids Content	100% by weight
b.	Pot Life	25-35 min. @ 73 degrees F
C.	Tack-Free Time (thin Film)	4-51/2 hrs @ 73 degrees F
d.	Final Cure ASTM D-695 3 day (75% ultimate strength)	•
e.	Initial Viscosity (A+B)	2,000 cps. min at 73 degrees F
f.	Color Mixed	Straw

3. Properties of Cured Material (Neat Material):

a. Tensile Strength 3,000 psi min. @ 14

	ASTM D-638	days, 73 degrees F
b.	Tensile Elongation ASTM D-638, modified	1/2-2% at 14 days, 73 degrees F cure
c.	Compressive Strength ASTM D-695	12,500 psi min. at 73 degrees F cure
d.	Compressive Modulus ASTM D-695	470,000 psi min. at 28 days, 73 degrees F cure
e.	Compressive Strength ASTM D-695	5,500 psi min. at 24 days, 73 degrees F cure
f.	Water Pick-up ASTM D-570	1.5 max.

- C. Flashing reglets shall be as specified in Section 07530. Reglets shall be correctly placed into forms prior to placing concrete in formwork.
- D. Premolded expansion-joint filler strips shall conform to ASTM D-1752 and shall be 3/8-inch thick unless otherwise shown.
 - E. Joint sealants shall conform to ANSI A116.1. The following joint sealants are acceptable:
 - 1. Colma by Sika Chemical Corporation.
 - 2. Hornflex by A.C. Horn, Inc.
 - 3. Sonolastic by Sonneborn Division of Contech, Inc.
- F. Nonshrink grout shall be Embeco 885 grout by Master Builders Company, Euco Firmix grout by the Euclid Chemical Company, or equal. The approved product shall be delivered to the site of the work in the original sealed containers, each bearing the trade name of the material and the name of the manufacturer.
- G. Porous fill shall be crushed rock or gravel of such size that all will pass a 1-1/2 inch screen and not more than 5 percent will pass a No. 4 screen, free from earth, clay or other foreign substances.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 FINISHES

- A. Exposed to Public View Concrete Surfaces:
 - All concrete exposed to view in the completed structure shall be produced using materials and workmanship to such quality that only nominal finishing will be required. The provisions of paragraphs 13.3, 13.4, and 13.6 of ACI 301 shall apply to all exterior exposed to public view concrete surfaces, including the outside surfaces of tanks.
 - 2. Forms for exposed concrete surfaces shall be exterior grade, high-density overlay plywood, steel, or wood forms with smooth tempered hard-board form-liners.
 - 3. Forms shall be coated with an approved release agent before initial pour and between subsequent pours, in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions. Form boards shall not be wet water prior to placing concrete.

- 4. Recessed joints in concrete shall be formed using lacquer-coated wood battens or forms, milled to indicated profiles. Battens and corner strips shall be carefully inspected before concrete is placed and damaged pieces replaced.
- Chamfer strips shall be 1 inch radius with leg, polyvinyl chloride strips by Gateway Building Products, Saf-T-Grip Specialties Corp., Vinylex Corp., or equal.
- 6. Particular attention is directed to the requirements of paragraphs 10.2.2 and 13.3 of ACI 301. Form panels shall be provided in the maximum sizes practicable in order to minimize form joints. Wherever practicable, form joints shall occur at recessed joints. All form joints in exterior exposed to view surfaces shall be carefully caulked with an approved nonstaining caulking compound. Joints shall not be taped. Form oil or other material which will impart a stain to the concrete shall not be allowed to contact concrete surfaces.
- 7. Care shall be taken to prevent chipping of corners or other damage to concrete when forms are removed. Exposed corners and other surfaces which may be damaged by ensuing operations shall be protected from damage by boxing, corner boards or other approved means until construction is completed.
- 8. Form ties shall remain in the walls and shall be equipped with a waterseal to prevent passage of water through the walls. Particular care shall be taken to bend tie wire ends away from exposed faces of beams, slabs and columns. In no case shall ends of tie wires project toward or touch formwork. Minimum set back of form ties shall be 1-1/2-inch from faces of wall. The hole left by removal of tie ends shall be sealed and grouted as per ACI Para. 9.3 and in accordance with the procedure described hereinafter in Para. 3.01.F. Form ties will be permitted to fall within as-cast areas of architecturally treated wall surfaces (ACI Chapter 13); this does not apply to walls receiving textured decorative waterproof masonry coating.
- 9. All formed exposed to public view concrete surfaces shall have a "smooth rubbed finish". Exterior vertical surfaces shall be rubbed to one foot below grade. Interior exposed to public view vertical surfaces of liquid containers shall be rubbed to one foot below the minimum liquid level that will occur during normal operations.
- B. Patching of holes due to removal of tie ends and other repairable defective areas, shall be as follows: Entire contact area of hole shall be coated with two-part moisture insensitive epoxy bonding compound as specified in Para. 2.04.B. in accordance with manufacturer's specifications, and prior to placing of freshly mixed patching mortar. Patching mortar shall be mixed and placed in general accordance with ACI Para. 9.2.2, 9.2.3, and 13.6.
- C. For floors and slabs in which drains occur, special care shall be exercised to slope the floors uniformly to the drains. All floors with drains shall be sloped not less than 1/8 inch per foot unless otherwise shown. In all areas where quarry tile or other materials requiring more than 1/4 inch drop are to be overlaid, the concrete base slab shall be depressed as shown to provide a finished floor at the same elevation as surrounding areas.
- D. Where not otherwise specified, finishes shall be in accordance with Paragraphs 10.4 and 11.8 of ACI 301.

3.02 TESTING

All testing shall be in accordance with provisions of ACI 301. Testing services listed in ACI Sections 16.3, 16.4 and 16.5 shall be performed by a testing agency acceptable to the Engineer. Testing services of ACI Section

16.5 shall be paid for by the Contractor at his expense. Test shall be made for each 50 cubic yards of concrete and/or each day concrete is placed.

3.03 ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, the vertical surfaces of all footings shall be formed. Excavations and reinforcement for all footings shall have been inspected by the Engineer before any concrete is placed.
- B. The installation of underground and embedded items shall be inspected before slabs are placed. Pipes and conduits shall be installed below the concrete unless otherwise indicated. Fill required to raise the subgrade shall be placed as specified in Section 02211 and 02223. Porous fill not less than 6 inches in compacted thickness shall be installed under all slabs, tank bottoms, and foundations. The fill shall be leveled and uniformly compacted to a reasonably true and even surface. The surfaces shall be clean, free from frost, ice, mud and water. Waterproof paper, polyethylene sheeting of nominal 4-mil minimum thickness, or polyethylene-coated burlap shall be laid over all surfaces receiving concrete.
- C. Concrete shall be placed in layers not over 18 inches deep and each layer shall be compacted by mechanical internal-vibrating equipment supplemented by hand spading, rodding and tamping as directed. Vibrators shall not be inserted into lower courses that have begun to set.
- D. Concrete mixed in stationary mixers and transported by nonagitating equipment shall be placed in the forms within 45 minutes from the time ingredients are charged into the mixing drum. Concrete that is truck mixed or transported in truck mixers or truck agitators shall be delivered to the site of the work and discharge completed in the forms within the time specified in Paragraph 10.7 of ASTM C-94, except that when the concrete temperature exceeds 85-F, the time shall be reduced to 45 minutes. Transmit-mixed concrete that is completely mixed at the site of concrete placement or batched cement and aggregates transported to mixers shall be placed in the forms within 1-1/2 hours after cement has been added. Concrete shall be placed in the forms within 15 minutes after discharge from the mixer at the job site.
- E. If concrete is placed by pumping, no aluminum shall be used in any parts of the pumping system which contact or might contaminate the concrete. Aluminum chutes and conveyors shall not be used. -
- F. All concrete surfaces not in contact with forms shall be moist cured by the application of absorptive mats or double thicknesses of fabric kept continuously wet. Forms shall be kept continuously wet. Use of other curing methods will not be permitted unless written authorization is received from the Engineer.
- G. Formwork for beam soffits and slabs and other parts that support the weight of concrete shall remain in place until the concrete has reached its specified 28-day strength, unless otherwise specified or permitted.
- H. Column base plates, bearing plates for beams and similar structural members, machinery and equipment bases shall, after being plumbed and properly positioned, be provided with full bearing with nonshrink grout. Concrete surfaces shall be rough, clean, free of oil, grease and laitance and shall be moistened thoroughly immediately before grout is placed. Metal surfaces shall be clean and free of oil, grease and rust. Mixing and placing shall be in conformance with the material manufacturer's printed instructions.
- I. Concrete which, in the opinion of the Engineer, has excessive honeycomb, aggregate pockets or depressions will be rejected and the Contractor shall, at his own expense, remove the entire section containing such defects and replace it with acceptable concrete.
- J. Dowels shall be installed at right angles to construction joints and expansion joints. Dowels shall be accurately aligned parallel to the finished surface, and shall be rigidly held in place and supported during

placing of the concrete. One end of dowels shall be oiled or greased or dowels shall be coated with high density polyethylene with a minimum thickness of 14 mils.

- END OF SECTION -

DIVISION 04 - MASONRY



MORTAR

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

Mortar and grout for unit masonry.

1.02 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 01450 Quality Control.
- B. Section 04200 Reinforced Unit Masonry System.

1.03 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM C5 Quicklime for Structural Purposes.
- B. ASTM C91 Masonry Cement.
- C. ASTM C94 Ready-Mixed Concrete.
- D. ASTM C144 Aggregate for Masonry Mortar.
- E. ASTM C150 Portland Cement.
- F. ASTM C207 Hydrated Lime for Masonry Purposes
- G. ASTM C270 Mortar for Unit Masonry.
- H. ASTM C387 Packaged, Dry, Combined Materials for Mortar and Concrete.
 - I. ASTM C476 Grout for Reinforced and Non-Reinforced Masonry.
- J. ASTM C780 Preconstruction and Construction Evaluation of Mortars for Plain and Reinforced Unit Masonry.
- K. International Masonry Industry All-Weather Council (IMIAC) Recommended Practices and Guide Specifications for Cold Weather Masonry Construction.

1.04 MIX TESTS

Sampling and testing of grout and mortar shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Mortar and grout laboratory-proportioned and tested.

1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit product data under provisions of Section 01300.
- B. Include design mix, environmental conditions, and admixture limitations.

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C. Submit manufacturer's installation instructions under provisions of Section 01300.

1.06 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

Maintain materials and surrounding air temperature to minimum 50-F prior to, during, and 48 hours after completion of masonry work.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

A. Mortar mix can consist of any one of the following combinations:

gravel.

- 1. Portland Cement, lime and fine aggregate.
- 2. Masonry Cement and fine aggregate.
- 3. Portland Cement, masonry cement and fine aggregate.
- 4. Commercially prepared premix mortar and fine aggregate.
- B. Portland Cement: ASTM C150.
- C. Masonry Cement: ASTM C98.
- D. Mortar Aggregate: ASTM C144.
- E. Grout Course Aggregate: ASTM C404, size no. 8 or 3/811 pea
- F. Grout Fine Aggregate: ASTM C404 or C144.
- G. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C207, Type S.
- H. Quicklime: ASTM C5, non-hydraulic type.
- I. Premix Mortar: ASTM C387, using gray cement.
- J. Water: Clean and potable.

2.03 MIXES

A. Mortar for Load Bearing Walls and Partitions: ASTM C27.

Type-M.

B. Mortar for Non-Load Bearing Walls and Partitions: ASTM C270,

Type S.

- C. Pointing Mortar: ASTM C270, Type N, with maximum two percent ammonium stearate or calcium stearate per cement weight.
 - D. Grout shall conform to ASTM C476.

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2.04 MORTAR MIXING

- A. Thoroughly mix mortar ingredients in quantities needed for immediate use in accordance with ASTM C270.
- B. Add mortar colors and admixtures in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Provide uniformity of mix and coloration.
 - C. Do not use anti-freeze compounds to lower the freezing point of mortar or grout.
- D. If water is lost by evaporation, retemper within two hours of mixing. Do not retemper mortar after two hours of mixing.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. After inspection of concrete grout spaces by the Engineer, plug cleanout holes with masonry units. Brace against wet grout pressure.
 - B. Install mortar and grout in accordance with 04300.
 - C. Work grout into cores and cavities to eliminate voids.
 - D. Do not displace reinforcing steel when placing grout.
 - E. Clean concrete grout spaces of excess mortar and debris.

- END OF SECTION -

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CONCRETE UNIT MASONRY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

This section includes all the requirements for providing concrete and brick unit masonry.

1.02 STANDARDS AND CODES

Comply with provisions of the following codes, specifications and standards except where more stringent requirements are shown or specified.

- A. Building Code Requirements for Masonry Structures (ACI-530/ASCE 7/TMS 402) and Commentary.
- B. Specifications for Masonry Structures (ACI 530.1/ASCE -6/TMS 602) and Commentary.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. The Contractor shall submit for approval the concrete mix design used for the production of concrete masonry units. The concrete mix design shall indicate the replacement rate (%) of fly ash or ground granulated blast furnace slag used in place of cement.
- B. The Contractor shall deliver all submittals required under Specification Section 01610- TRANSPORTATION AND HANDLING.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MASONRY UNITS

Concrete masonry units are 40CFR247 EPA Designated Construction Products. When purchasing concrete masonry units the Contractor shall make all reasonable efforts to purchase units that contain coal flyash or ground granulated blast furnace slag as a partial replacement for Portland cement. The replacement rates (%) shall be as follows:

Flyash: ASTM C-618, Class F, except that its loss on ignition (LOI) shall not be more than 4 percent. Flyash shall be used as a direct replacement for Portland cement (one for one), ASTM C-595. A minimum of 15 percent by weight of the cementitious material in the concrete mix shall be flyash.

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Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace (GGBF) Slag: ASTM C 989, Grade 120. GGBF slag may be used as an alternate to flyash as a direct replacement for Portland cement, ASTM C-595. A minimum of 25 percent and no more than 50 percent by weight of the cementitious material in the concrete mix shall be GGBF.

A. Hollow core concrete masonry blocks shall be Grade N Type I, hollow core, load-bearing type, conforming to ASTM C-90. Moisture content shall not exceed 30 percent.

- B. Solid masonry units shall be ASTM C-145, Grade N, Type I, load bearing. Solid units shall be 100 percent solid or shall have their void space, permitted under this ASTM Standard, filled with mortar.
- C. Solid masonry units for catchbasin and manholes shall conform to ASTM C-139.
- D. Concrete brick shall conform to ASTM C-55, Grade N, Type I.
- E. Brick Masonry units shall be clay manhole bricks conforming to ASTM C-32, Grade SM. Brick shall have plain and smooth surfaces on both ends and on the face side.
- F. Lintels shall be precast, reinforced lintel units of 3000 psi minimum concrete strength, 16 inches longer than the opening they are to span. Lintels shall be reinforced as shown on the drawings or with a minimum of 2 Number 4 bars in each 4 inch wide unit.

2.02 MORTAR

- A. Portland cement shall conform to ASTM C-150, Type I, II or III.
- B. Hydrated lime shall conform to ASTM C-207, Type S.
- C. Mortar aggregates shall conform to ASTM C-144 except that not less than 3 percent of their particles by weight, nor more than 15 percent, shall pass the number 100 sieve.
- D. Mortar shall comply with the property specification for Type S mortar as specified in ASTM C-270.

2.03 REINFORCEMENT

A. Reinforcement shall be heavy grade, welded, galvanized and of the truss type with diagonal connectors. Crosswire and longitudinal wire shall be 3/16 inch in diameter.

2.04 JOINT CONTROL

A. Premolded control joint strips shall be made of solid rubber with a Shore A durometer hardness of 60 to 80, designed to fit standard sash block and maintain lateral stability in masonry wall, size and configuration as indicated.

2.05 PRODUCTS AND HANDLING

- A. Handle, store and protect masonry units in a manner to avoid chipping, breakage, or contact with the soil.
- Cementitious materials shall be stored in a dry place and kept free from dirt and debris.
- C. Packaged materials shall be stored in their original unbroken package or container.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 UNIT MASONRY CONSTRUCTION

- A. Unit masonry shall be laid plumb, true to line and in level courses on a full bed of mortar, both vertically and horizontally. All masonry work shall meet the following tolerances for completed work:
 - 1. Variation from plumb in lines and surfaces of wall, 1/4 inch in 10 feet and for external corners, expansion or control joints, 1/4 inch in 20 feet maximum.
 - 2. Variation from level, 1/4 inch in 20 feet maximum.
 - 3. Variation in cross sectional dimensions of walls, plus or minus 1/4 inch.
- B. Packing the joints after the block is placed will not be allowed. Each unit shall be adjusted to its final position while the mortar is still soft and plastic. Any unit which is disturbed after the mortar has stiffened shall be removed, the existing mortar removed and the unit relaid with fresh mortar.
- C. The wall shall be laid up in a straight uniform course with a regular running bond.
- D. Cutting of masonry units shall be done with a masonry saw.
- E. Block bond beams shall consist of bond beam units, reinforced as shown on the drawing and filled with 3000 psi concrete per Section 03300.
- F. Block reinforcing shall be continuous every second tier. Lap reinforcing a minimum of 6 inches, break only at expansion joints. Embed reinforcing completely in mortar.
- G. After the mortar has taken its initial set, all joints shall be tooled concave with the mortar thoroughly compacted and pressed against the edges of the units.

3.02 MORTAR

- A. In mixing mortar, the minimum amount of water necessary to produce a workable consistency shall be used. Mortar that has stiffened due to hydration shall not be used and shall be discarded. Mortar shall not be retempered.
- B. No admixtures will be permitted.

3.03 COLD WEATHER MASONRY CONSTRUCTION

- A. Cement, sand and water shall be heated uniformly to a temperature between 70 degrees F and 120 degrees F before mixing.
- B. Masonry units shall be heated before laying when the temperature is below 30 degrees F. Work shall only be permitted to proceed if the newly laid masonry is protected.
- C. Newly laid masonry shall be heated and protected so that the surface temperature of both sides of the wall does not drop below 40 degrees F for at least 24 hours after laying.
- D. Any masonry work which has frozen shall be removed and redone.

3.04 EXPANSION JOINTS

A. Provide vertical expansion, control and isolation joints in masonry where shown. If location of control joints is not shown, place vertical joints spaced 30 feet on centers.

3.05 CLEANING

- A. Work in as clean a manner as possible. Remove excess materials and mortar droppings daily. Remove mortar droppings on connecting or adjoining work before its final set.
- B. At completion of work, point holes in joints of exposed masonry surfaces. Fill holes with mortar and tool. Clean concrete masonry units which remain exposed in finished work, with wire brushes or other approved method.
- C. Remove, replace defective materials, correct defective workmanship, leaving masonry clean, free of efflorescence and other staining.

-END OF SECTION-

DIVISION 09 - FINISHES



PAINTING AND SANDBLASTING OF WATER TANK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

A. Surface preparation shall consist of near white blast cleaning in accordance with SSPC-SP 10 in the interior of the tank, and commercial blast cleaning in accordance with SSPC-SP 6 for the exterior of the tank including bracings, catwalks, ladders and other attachments and repairs of all pitting.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS

The Contractor shall furnish all materials, labor, equipment and appliances and shall do all tank surface preparation and field painting as specified herein.

1.03 REFERENCES.0

- A. AWWA D102 (Latest Revisions) Standards.
- B. Kentucky State Board of Health.
- C. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
- D. KY Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet.
- E. National Sanitation Foundation (NSF) Standard #61.
- F. ASTM D 16 Terminology Relating to Paint, Varnish, Lacquer, and Related Products
- G. ASTM D 4263 Indicating Moisture in Concrete by the Plastic Sheet Method
- H. ASTM F 1869 Measuring Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Subfloor Using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride.
- I. AWWA C 652 Disinfection of Water Storage Facilities.
- J. AWWA D 102 Painting Steel Water Storage Tanks.
- K. SSPC-SP 3 Power Tool Cleaning.
- L. SSPC-SP 6/NACE 3 Commercial Blast Cleaning.
- M. SSPC-SP 10/NACE 2 Near White Metal Blast Cleaning.
- N. SSPC-SP 11 Power Tool Cleaning to Bare Metal.

O. SSPC-SP 13/NACE 6 – Surface Preparation of Concrete

1.04 SUBMITTAL

- A. Color chips of finish coatings.
- B. Manufacturer's name and number for each product to be used.
- C. Performance data for substitute products.
- D. Color Selection Charts.

1.05 QUALITY CONTROL

- A. The Contractor shall do a complete painting job throughout the work in accordance with these Specifications, the paint manufacturer's current surface preparation and application instructions, and with generally accepted practices for work of high quality.
- B. All paints and painting materials not specifically specified shall be high-grade products of nationally known manufacturers of established good reputation, and shall be suitable for the intended use. Materials listed in the painting schedule without reference to a specification number, or materials not further described hereinafter, shall be products that have had a minimum of two years' satisfactory field service.
- C. All paint shall be applied under favorable conditions by skilled painters to produce smooth even coatings of all interior and exterior surfaces.
- D. Contractor to complete Holiday Detection, for all interior surfaces, in accordance with NACE International RPO188. Three copies of the results, noting any deficiencies, shall be transmitted to the Engineer.
- E. Manufacturer's Qualifications:
 - 1. Specialize in manufacture of coatings with a minimum of 10 years successful experience.
 - 2. Able to demonstrate successful performance on comparable projects.
 - 3. Single Source Responsibility: Coatings and coating application accessories shall be products of a single manufacturer.
- F. Applicator's Qualifications:
 - 1. Experienced in application of specified coatings for a minimum of 5 years on projects of similar size and complexity of this work.
 - 2. Applicator's Personnel: Employ persons trained for application of specified coatings.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

A. The paints to be used in the work shall be products of the Tnemec Company or approved equal.

The types of paint products to be used in the work shall be identified by the manufacturer's name and/or number and brought to the job site in the original sealed containers of the 16039/6.1.2017

PAINTING AND SANDBLASTING OF WATER TANK

manufacturer. All paints and paint products used on the project shall be from the same manufacturer.

- B. The products of the manufacturers other than those herein named, which are acceptable equivalents to the products specified, may be substituted, except that, insofar as possible, all paints applied to a surface shall be products of one manufacturer. Data showing equivalent performance of each paint product to be substituted for the ones specified shall be submitted in writing to the Engineer for review at least 30 calendar days before the painting is to begin, and no painting shall proceed until the substituted products have been accepted.
- C. All paints and painting materials not particularly specified shall be high-grade products of nationally known manufacturers of established good reputation, and shall be suitable for the intended use. Materials listed in the painting schedule without reference to a specification number, and not further described hereinafter, shall be products that have had a minimum of two years' satisfactory field service.
- D. All paints shall comply with the latest EPA regulations concerning volatile organic compounds (VOC).

2.02 COLORS AND FINISHES

- A. The colors of finish coatings shall be selected by the Engineer from color chips submitted by the Contractor for review. The color selection shall be in the form of a color schedule indicating the colors to be used on the various surfaces. The colors used in the final work shall be in accordance with the color schedule and shall match the selected color chips.
- B. In order to provide contrast between successive coats, each coat shall be of such tint as will distinguish it from preceding coats.

2.03 STORING AND MIXING

All painting materials shall be stored and mixed in a single place. The Contractor shall not use any plumbing fixture or pipe for mixing or for disposal of any refuse material. The Contractor shall carry to his mixing room all water necessary, and shall dump all waste outside of the structure into a suitable receptacle so as not to create hazards or damage. The Contractor will be held responsible for all damage due to his failure to observe these provisions.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 SURFACE PREPARATION

- A. General: Before any surface is painted, it shall be cleaned carefully of all dust, dirt, grease, loose rust, mill scale, old weathered paint unsuitable for top coating, efflorescence, oil, moisture, or other foreign matter and conditions detrimental to coating bond and life. All necessary special preparatory treatment shall then be applied in strict accordance with the paint manufacturer's written instructions. Where required, imperfections and holes in surfaces to be painted shall be filled in an acceptable manner.
- B. Abrasive Blast Cleaning: All interior metal surfaces shall be cleaned by abrasive blasting to near white metal corresponding to SSPC-SP10 "Near White Metal Blasting" prior to applying any paint to the surfaces. All exterior metal surfaces shall be cleaned to a "commercial" finish corresponding to SSPC-SP6 "Commercial Blast Cleaning." A surface profile of 1.5 to 2.5 mils shall

- be achieved on all abrasive blasted surfaces. Abrasive blasted surfaces shall be painted at the end of each working day and not allowed to remain unpainted until the next working day.
- C. All abrasive blasting work to be conducted on areas not previously abrasive blasted which are adjacent to areas that have previously been blasted and painted shall be done in a manner so that a minimum of six (6) inches of the painted surface is removed and will receive a fresh coat of paint at the same time as the newly blasted surface. This method shall be used for all interior and exterior surfaces.
- D. Coordination: Surface preparation and painting shall be so programmed that dust and other contaminates from the cleaning process will not fall on wet, newly painted surfaces.
- E. All surface preparation work shall comply with all NSF/ANSI Standard 61 and all state and local EPA regulations governing lead based paint removal and the levels of lead and silica to which the public can be exposed.
- F. All internal piping in vaults shall be abrasive blasted to a "commercial" finish corresponding to SSPC-SP6 "Commercial Blast Cleaning."
- G. All surface preparation work shall comply with all state and local EPA regulations governing lead based paint removal and the levels of lead and silica to which the public can be exposed.
- H. All surface areas found to have contamination or loose primer coating, (visible oil, grease or dirt) shall be spot cleaned to remove contaminants or loose coatings- SSPC SP7/NACE No. 4

3.02 APPLICATION

- A. Paint shall be used and applied as recommended by the manufacturer without being extended or modified, and with particular attention to the correct preparation and condition of surfaces to be painted.
- B. Surfaces which have been cleaned, pretreated, or otherwise prepared for painting shall be painted with the first field coat as soon as practicable after such preparation has been completed, but in any event prior to any deterioration of the prepared surface.
- C. Unless otherwise specified, stainless steel surfaces throughout the work shall not be painted.
- D. Hardware accessories, machine surfaces, plates, lighting fixtures, and similar items in place prior to surface preparation and painting, and not intended to be painted, shall be removed during painting operations and repositioned upon completion of each area or shall otherwise be protected.
- E. Paints or other finish shall not be applied to wet or damp surfaces, or when the relative humidity exceeds 80% except in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer. Exterior painting shall not be done during cold, rainy, or frosty weather, or when ambient temperature or painting surface temperature is likely to drop to 40 degrees F. Painting shall not be done unless the painting surface temperature is at least 5 degrees F above the dew point. Temperature requirements of paint manufacturer are to be observed when minimum is greater than 40 degrees F. Painting of surfaces while they are exposed to the sun shall be avoided.
- F. All paint shall be applied under favorable conditions by skilled painters and shall be brushed or rolled out carefully to a smooth, even coating without runs or sags. Each coat of paint shall be

- allowed to dry thoroughly, not only on the surface but throughout the thickness of the paint film before the next coat is applied.
- G. Finish surfaces shall be uniform in finish and color, and free from flash spots and brush marks. In all cases, the paint film produced shall be satisfactory in all respects to the Engineer.
- H. Spraying with adequate apparatus may be substituted for brush application of those paints and in those locations for which spraying is suitable.
- I. The Contractor shall not only protect his work at all times, but shall also protect all adjacent work and materials. Upon completion of the work, he shall clean up all paint spots, oil, and stains from floors, glass, hardware, and similar finished items.
- J. Shop priming of the water storage tank shall be allowed by the Contractor. The preparation of all metal surfaces prior to applying any paint shall be conducted in accordance with the specification herein.
- K. If the tank is shop primed, the Contractor shall pay for all costs and expenses for the Engineer to inspect the tank while being shop primed. Once the tank has been erected in the field, all welds, scratches, and other areas which were damaged during erection of the tank shall be abrasive blasted and primed by roller or brush application as per the specification herein.

3.03 RATES OF APPLICATION

- A. Paint shall be applied so as to obtain the coverage per gallon and the dry film thickness recommended by the manufacturer or as specified herein. The Contractor shall record, in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer, the quantities of paint used for successive coats on the various parts of the work.
- B. If paints are thinned for spraying, the film thickness after application shall be of the same as for unthinned paint applied by brush. Thinning of paint for spraying shall be in accordance with the paint manufacturer's recommendations. Deficiencies in film thickness shall be corrected by the application of another coat of paint. Excessive application rates will not be allowed. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer, immediately upon completion of the job, certification from the paint manufacturer indicating that the quantity of each coating purchased was sufficient to properly coat all surfaces. Such certification shall make reference to the square footage figures provided to the manufacturer and the Engineer by the Contractor.
- C. The paint applicator shall have available on the project site a paint film thickness measuring device capable of measuring 0-59 mils with accuracy of 2% + 0.1 mil, operating temperature range 5 degrees C to 50 degrees C and meet ASTM B499 and ISO 2178 specifications. Reference SSPC-PA2 as to how thickness readings should be taken.

3.04 PAINT TYPES AND SCHEDULE

The following types of paints shall be used throughout the work on items and surfaces indicated. All paints and painting schedules shall be in accordance with AWWA D102 (latest revisions).

A. External Painting: The Contractor shall furnish all materials and labor to paint the external surface of the tank, center riser, support legs, bracing, catwalk, ladder, and any and all exterior metal surfaces on or related to the tank. There shall be no paint applied until the abrasive blasting is complete and approved by the Owner prior to applying new paint. The painting shall conform to the following:

- 1. Primer Coat: Apply one coat of Tnemec Series 94 H2O HydroZinc or approved equal to a minimum of 2.5 to 3.5 mils dry thickness. Color Greenish Gray
- 2. Intermediate Coat: Apply one coat of Tnemec Series 66 Epoxoline or approved equal to a minimum of 2.0 to 3.0 mils dry thickness. Color To Contrast Finish Coat
- 3. Finish Coat: Apply one coat of Tnemec Series 700 Hydroflon or approved equal to a minimum of 2.5-3.5 mils dry thickness. Color To be determined by the Owner.

NOTE: THE COMBINED COATS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM DRY THICKNESS OF 7.0-10.0 MILS.

- B. Interior Painting: The Contractor shall furnish all materials and labor to paint the interior of the tank and center riser with a 3 coat epoxy system. There shall be no paint applied until the abrasive blasting is complete and approved by the Owner prior to applying new paint. The painting shall conform to the following:
 - 1. Primer Coat: Apply on coat of Tnemec Series 94H20 Hydro-Zinc or approved equal to a minimum of 2.5 to 3.5 mils dry thickness. Color Greenish Gray
 - Field Stripe Coat: Apply one coat by brush or roller of Tnemec Series 20 Pota-pox or approved equal at 3.0 mils dry film thickness on all weld seams.
 - 3. Intermediate Coat: Apply one coat of Tnemec Series 20 Pota-Pox or approved equal to a minimum of 4.0 mils dry thickness. Color To Contrast Finish Coat
 - 4. Field Finish Coat: Apply one coat of Tnemec Series 20 Pota Pox or approved equal to a minimum of 4 mils dry thickness. Color determined by owner

NOTE: THE COMBINED COATS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM DRY THICKNESS OF 10.5 MILS.

3.05 STERILIZATION

- A. Disinfection and sterilization of the interior of the tank shall not take place until the interior paint has sufficiently cured. This time shall not be less than five (5) days. Force curing may be conducted in accordance with the paint manufacturer, however, the Engineer shall be notified of the forced curing of the interior paint.
- B. The Contractor shall sterilize the tank in accordance with AWWA D05 C652-02 "Disinfection of Water Storage Facilities" and Kentucky Regulations 401 KAR 6-015. The Tank Contractor is to drain and clean all tanks after sterilization. The Owner reserves the right to delay testing and sterilization until the water is adequate for such major usage.
- C. The tank may be sterilized during preloading provided that no leaks are found which would require re-work and re-sterilization. Otherwise the spray method of sterilization will be required.
- D. Bacteriological testing of the water shall be conducted by the State Department of Health. The tank shall not be placed in service until the sample is approved by the Health Department. All results are to be mailed to the Engineer. All costs of sampling, testing, and postage shall be borne by the Contractor.
- E. All testing and sampling shall be conducted in the presence of the Engineer or his representative.

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F. If declorination is required all heavily clorinated water shall be declorinated in accordance with AWWA C651.

3.06 CURING FOR INTERIOR PAINTED SURFACE

- A. A minimum of seven days at 75 degrees F. shall be allowed for curing after application of final coat for the tank interior wet surfaces prior to flushing, sterilizing or filling with water.
- B. Rinse potable water tanks with fresh water before filling to remove any traces of solvent thus assuring coating will not impart taste, odor or color.

3.07 GUARANTY

The Contractor, in signing his proposal, guarantees to repair any and all defects due to workmanship, i.e. sags, drips, cracks, separation or unsuitable material which appear in the structures or coating system during the period of three (3) years after the date of acceptance.

3.08 CLEANUP

All construction material and debris shall be removed from the site upon completion of work.

3.09 SIGNAGE

Contractor shall provide signage on the side of tank. The signage shall read "GARRARD COUNTY WATER ASSOCIATION". Coating of paint shall be Tnemec Series 700 Hydroflon or approved equal @ 2.0-3.0 mils DFT. Shop drawings shall be provided to the engineer showing the lettering and sizing of the letters as proportional to the tank. Lettering shall be sized to maximum use of available vertical tank shell. A color chart shall also be provided with the shop drawing submittals for the owner to choose the tank and letter colors. The location of the signage will be determined in the field by the owner and the engineer's representative.

- END OF SECTION -

DIVISION 11
EQUIPMENT



SECTION 11268

RESERVOIR HYDRODYNAMIC MIXING SYSTEM (HMS)

1.0 General

- 1.1. The Hydrodynamic Mixing System (HMS) is defined as a supplemental system installed within a potable water storage reservoir which passively utilizes the energy provided by the inlet water supply (via pumped or gravity head) and generates a sufficient inlet momentum to achieve a complete homogeneous blending of the water volume within the reservoir with the inlet supply flow. Determination of Complete Homogeneous Blending shall be defined by the modeling requirements and supporting hydraulic analysis as conducted by each individual manufacturer for their specific system configuration as defined within these specifications. System submittals not providing this validation shall not be considered as a viable Hydrodynamic Mixing System (HMS) and shall not be accepted as an equivalent to this system specification.
- 1.2. The specifications in this section include all components of the Reservoir Hydrodynamic Mixing System (HMS) consisting of a bi-directional flow manifold equipped with variable orifice duckbill inlet nozzles and outlet flow check valves that are NSF61 certified. The HMS manufacturer shall be responsible for designing the system in accordance with the hydrodynamic criteria defined within these specifications and submit design calculations verifying compliance in accordance with the submittal requirements. The following is a description of the Hydrodynamic Mixing System.
- 1.3. All modeling and hydraulic and mixing calculations pertaining to the HMS shall originate from the duckbill valve manufacturer. Modeling and calculations provided by parties other than the duckbill valve manufacturer are not allowed.
- 1.4. The complete Hydrodynamic Mixing System shall be supplied by the variable orifice nozzle manufacturer to maintain single source responsibility for the system. The complete system shall be defined as all piping and appurtenances within the tank downstream of the tank penetration. Appurtenances include pipe, fittings, horizontal and vertical pipe supports, expansion joints, variable orifice duckbill check valves, and any other equipment specified within this section of the specifications. Approved manufacturer is Tideflex Technologies, Carnegie, PA 15106, or approved equal.
- 1.5. Manufacturer's and/or contractors submitting an alternative to the named Tideflex Technologies mixing system shall be responsible for obtaining any and all proprietary rights, license fees, royalties, technology licenses, and/or permissions required to provide such a system. The Manufacturer shall indemnify and hold harmless the Owner and Engineer against all claims, damages, losses, and expenses arising out of any infringement of patent rights or copyright incident relating to this system.

2.0 Referenced Standards

American National Standards Institute (ANSI)

B16.1 - Cast Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings

B16.5 - Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings

B36.10 – American National Standard Weights and Dimensions of Welded and Seamless Wrought Steel Pipe

American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)

A53 – Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamless

A234 - Standard Specification for Piping Fittings of Wrought Carbon Steel

and Alloy Steel for Moderate and High Temperature Service

A240 - Standard Specification for Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Stainless Steel

Plate, Sheet, and Strip for Pressure Vessels and for General Applications

A351 – Standard Specification for Castings, Austenitic, Austenitic-Ferritic (Duplex), for Pressure-Containing Parts

A536 - Standard Specification for Ductile Iron Castings

C110 - Ductile Iron and Gray-Iron Fittings, 3 In. through 48 In. for Water

D1330 - Standard Specification for Rubber-Sheet Gaskets

D1784 - PVC/CPVC Pipe Compounds

D1785 - PVC Pipe, Schedules 40, 80 & 120

D2466 - PVC Solvent Cement

D2855 - PVC Solvent Joints

D3261 - Butt Heat Fusion Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Fittings for Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe and Fittings

D3915 – PVC Pipe Fitting Compounds

American Iron and Steel Institute (AISI)

AISI 304 - 304 Stainless Steel Plate

AISI 316 - 316 Stainless Steel Plate

AISI 1040 - Carbon Steel Plate

American Water Works Association (AWWA)

C104 - Cement-Mortar Lining of Ductile Iron Pipe and fittings for Water

C110 - Ductile-Iron and Gray-Iron Fittings, 3 In. through 48 In. for Water

C115 - Flange Ductile Iron Pipe with Ductile Iron or Gray Iron Threaded Flanges

C200 - AWWA Standard for Steel Water Pipe 6" and Larger

C207 – Standard for Steel Pipe Flanges for Waterworks Service – Size 4 In. to 144 In.

C220 - AWWA Standard for Stainless Steel Pipe, 4" and Larger

C900 – AWWA Standard for Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Pipe, 4 In. Through 12 In. for Water Distribution

C905 – AWWA Standard for Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Pipe and Fabricated Fittings, 14 In Through 48 In. for Water Transmission and Distribution

C906 – AWWA Standard for Polyethylene (PE) Pressure Pipe and Fittings, 4 In. Through 63 In. for Water Distribution

American Water Works Association Research Foundation (AwwaRF)

Project No. E20-J08 - Physical Modeling of Mixing in Water Storage Tanks (Forthcoming)

National Sanitation Foundation (NSF)

NSF Standard 14 - Plastic Piping System Components and Related Materials

NSF Standard 61 - Drinking Water System Components - Health Effects

3.0 Variable Orifice Duckbill Inlet Nozzles

- 3.1. Inlet ports/nozzles shall be duckbill-style check valves that allow fluid to enter the reservoir during fill cycles and prevent flow in the reverse direction through the nozzle during draw periods. Inlet ports/nozzles may not be fixed-diameter ports or pipes.
- 3.2. The duckbill valves shall be NSF61 Certified. NSF61 approved/Certified materials will not be accepted in lieu of valve certification.

- 3.3. Inlet ports/nozzles shall have a variable diameter vs. flow hydraulic profile that provides a non-linear jet velocity vs. flow characteristic and a linear headloss vs. flow characteristic. The hydraulic characteristics of the duckbill valves shall be defined by "Hydraulic Code".
- 3.4. The inlet ports/nozzles shall discharge an elliptically shaped jet. The nozzle must have been modeled by an independent laboratory using Laser Induced Fluorescence (LIF).
- 3.5. Manufacturer shall have conducted independent hydraulic testing to determine headloss and jet velocity characteristics on a minimum of eight (8) sizes of duckbill valves ranging from 2" through 48". The testing must include multiple constructions (stiffness) within each size and must have been conducted for free discharge (discharge to atmosphere) and submerged conditions.
- 3.6. Manufacturer shall have conducted an independent hydraulic test where multiple valves (at least four) of the same size and construction (stiffness) were tested to validate the submitted headloss characteristics and to prove the repeatability of the manufacturing process to produce the same hydraulic characteristics.
- 3.7. Manufacturer shall have conducted independent hydraulic testing to study the flow distribution characteristics of duckbill valves installed on multiport manifolds.
- 3.8. Manufacturer to have conducted Finite Element Analysis (FEA) on various duckbill valves to determine deflection, stress, and strain characteristics under various load conditions. Modeling must have been done for flowing conditions (positive differential pressure) and reverse differential pressure.
- 3.9. Manufacturer must have conducted in-house backpressure testing on duckbill valves ranging from ¾" to 48".
- 3.10. Manufacturer shall have at least fifteen (15) years experience in the manufacturing of "duckbill" style elastomeric valves.
- 3.11. Manufacturer must have duckbill valves installed on manifold piping systems in at least 100 distribution system reservoirs.
- 3.12. Manufacturer must have representative inspection videos showing the duckbill valves discharging water into the reservoir during an initial fill (unsubmerged). Manufacturer must also have representative underwater inspection videos showing the operation of the valves when submerged. Representative videos can be submitted upon request from the engineer.
- 3.13. The duckbill style nozzles shall be one-piece elastomer matrix with internal fabric reinforcing designed to produce the required discharge velocity and minimum headloss requirements as stipulated in the Submittals section. The flange portion shall be an integral portion of the nozzle with fabric reinforcing spanning across the joint between the flange and nozzle body.
- 3.14. The elastomer used in construction of the duckbill valves must have been tested by an accredited independent laboratory that confirmed there is no degradation in the elastomer when exposed to chlorine and chloramine per the ASTM D471-98 "Standard Test Method for Rubber Property Effect of Liquids."
- 3.15. The manufacturer's name, plant location, serial number and product part number which designates nozzle size, material and construction specifications shall be bonded onto the surface of the nozzle.

4.0 Outlet Check Valves

4.1. The outlet flow valves shall be perforated disc type with elastomeric membrane.

- 4.2. The valves shall be NSF61 Certified. NSF61 approved/Certified materials will not be accepted in lieu of valve certification.
- 4.3. The perforated disc shall be fabricated of stainless steel plate with welded support gussets. The disc shall be flanged and drilled to mate with ANSI B16.1, Class 125/ANSI B16.5 Class 150 flanges. The disc shall have three (3) tapped holes used for fastening the membrane and support rod to the disc with stainless steel bolts, nuts, and lock washers. The top of the disc shall be tapped and supplied with lifting eyebolt for installation.
- 4.4. The membrane shall be circular, one piece rubber construction with fabric reinforcement. The diameter of the membrane shall allow adequate clearance between the membrane 0.D. and the pipe I.D. The membrane shall be vulcanized with a specified convex radius to produce a compression set to allow the membrane to seal against the perforated disc at low reverse differential pressure.
- 4.5. The support rod shall be stainless steel and drilled with three (3) longitudinal holes to allow fastening of rod to membrane and perforated disc.
- 4.6. When line pressure inside the valve exceeds the backpressure outside the valve, the line pressure forces the membrane to open, allowing flow to pass through the perforations in the disc. When backpressure exceeds the line pressure, the membrane seats on the perforated disc preventing backflow.
- 4.7. The valve allows flow out of the reservoir during draw cycles and prevents flow into the reservoir during fill cycles.
- 4.8. The elastomer used in construction of the membrane must have been tested by an accredited independent laboratory that confirmed there is no degradation in the elastomer when exposed to chlorine and chloramine per the ASTM D471-98 "Standard Test Method for Rubber Property Effect of Liquids."
- 4.9. The manufacturer's name, plant location, serial number and product part number which designates membrane size, material and construction specifications shall be bonded onto the surface of the membrane.

5.0 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe and Fittings

- 5.1. All PVC pipe and PVC fittings shall be a minimum Schedule 80 in accordance with ASTM D1785-83.
- 5.2. PVC pipe and fittings shall be NSF61 approved for potable water.
- 5.3. PVC pipe compounds shall be in accordance with the standards listed in Section 3.0: Referenced Standards.
- 5.4. PVC solvent and solvent joints shall be in accordance with the standards listed in Section 3.0: Referenced Standards.
- 5.5. Field solvent welding will not be allowed unless approved by the Engineer.
- 5.6. All pipe joints that are to be field connected shall be PVC Van Stone-type flanges. Flange drilling to be in accordance with ANSI B16.1/B16.5.
- 5.7. All fittings shall have the same pressure rating as the pipe unless otherwise noted.

6.0 High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) Pipe and Fittings

- 6.1. Two (2) Inches and Smaller Pipe shall be manufactured from a PE3408 resin listed with the Plastic Pipe Institute (PPI) as TR-4. The resin material will meet the specifications of ASTM D3350-99 with a cell classification of PE345464C. Pipe shall have a manufacturing standard of ASTM D2737 (CTS). Pipe shall be DR 9 (200psi WPR) unless otherwise specified on the plans. The pipe shall contain no recycled compounds except that generated in the manufacturer's own plant from resin of the same specification from the same raw material. All pipes shall be suitable for use as pressure conduits, and per AWWA C901, have nominal burst values of three (3) times the Working Pressure Rating (WPR) of the pipe. Pipe shall also have the following agency listing of NSF 14.
- 6.2. Four (4) Inches and Larger Pipe shall be manufactured from a PE3408 resin listed with the Plastic Pipe Institute (PPI) as TR-4. The resin material will meet the specifications of ASTM D3350-99 with a cell classification of PE345464C. Pipe shall have a manufacturing standard of ASTM F714. Pipe 0.D. sizes 4" to 24" shall be available in steel pipe sizes (IPS) and ductile iron pipe sizes (DIPS). Pipe 0.D. sizes 26" to 54" shall be available in steel pipe sizes (IPS). Pipe shall be DR 17 (100psi WPR) for pipe sizes up to 36" unless otherwise specified on the plans. The pipe shall contain no recycled compounds except that generated in the manufacturer's own plant from resin of the same specification from the same raw material. All pipes shall be suitable for use as pressure conduits, listed as NSF 14, and per AWWA C906 Pressure Class (PC) 100 have a nominal burst value of three and one-half (3 ½) times the Working Pressure Rating (WPR) of the pipe.
- 6.3. Pipe fittings and flanged connections, to be joined by thermal butt-fusion, shall be of the same type, grade, and class of polyethylene compound and supplied from the same raw material supplier.
- 6.4. Sidewall fusions for connections to outlet piping shall be performed in accordance with HDPE pipe and fitting manufacturer's specifications. The heating irons used for sidewall fusion shall have an inside diameter equal to the outside diameter of the HDPE pipe being fused. The size of the heating iron shall be ¼ inch larger than the size of the outlet branch being fused.
- 6.5. Field fusion welding will not be allowed unless specified or approved by the Engineer.
- 6.6. Socket fusion, hot gas fusion, threading, solvents, and epoxies will not be used to join HDPE pipe.
- 6.7. Butt Fusion Fittings Fittings shall be PE3408 HDPE, Cell Classification of PE345464C as determined by ASTM D3350-99, and approved for AWWA use. Butt Fusion Fittings shall have a manufacturing standard of ASTM D3261. Molded & fabricated fittings shall have a pressure rating equal to the pipe unless otherwise specified in the plans. Fabricated fittings are to be manufactured using Data Loggers. Temperature, fusion pressure and a graphic representation of the fusion cycle shall be part of the quality control records. All fittings shall be suitable for use as pressure conduits, and per AWWA C906, have nominal burst values of three and one-half (3 ½) times the Working Pressure Rating (WPR) of the fitting.
- 6.8. Electrofusion Fittings Fittings shall be PE3408 HDPE, Cell Classification of PE345464C as determined by ASTM D3350-99. Electrofusion Fittings shall have a manufacturing standard of ASTM F1055. Fittings shall have a pressure rating equal to the pipe unless otherwise specified on the plans. All electrofusion fittings shall be suitable for use as pressure conduits, and per AWWA C906, have nominal burst values of three and one-half (3 ½) times the Working Pressure Rating (WPR) of the fitting.
- 6.9. Flanged pipe sections for mechanical joining shall be comprised of HDPE flange adapters and Stainless Steel 304 slip-on backup rings. Flange adapters shall conform to PE3408 HDPE, Cell Classification PE345464C as determined by ASTM D3350-99.

7.0 <u>Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings</u>

- 7.1. Flanged ductile iron pipe shall be Class 53 and conform to AWWA C115 / ANSI A21.15.
- 7.2. Flanges shall be faced and drilled after being screwed onto the pipe and be 90 degrees with the longitudinal axis of the pipe.
- 7.3. Flanged ductile iron fittings shall conform to AWWA C110 / ANSI A21.10.
- 7.4. Pipe and fitting flanges shall be drilled to ANSI B16.1 Class 125 standards.
- 7.5. All flanged pipe and fittings shall be cement-mortar lined conforming to AWWA C104 / ANSI A21.4.
- 7.6. All flange pipe and fittings shall be shop-coated with an NSF61 Certified primer, 3-5 mils DFT. Paint shall be Tnemec 20 Pota-Pox or Tnemec N140 Pota-Pox Plus unless otherwise specified. Coating shall be in accordance with coating manufacturer's specifications.

8.0 <u>Carbon Steel Pipe and Fittings</u>

- 8.1. Carbon steel pipe and fittings shall conform to the associated standards listed in Section 3.0: Reference Standards.
- 8.2. Dimensions for carbon steel fittings shall conform to AWWA C110, unless otherwise specified.
- 8.3. Wall thickness for carbon steel pipe and fittings shall be specified by Schedule conforming to ANSI B36.10-1985.
- 8.4. Wall thickness and dimensions of carbon steel tubing shall be given in exact dimensions in fractions of an inch, not by gage number.
- 8.5. All flanges shall be carbon steel ring flanges conforming to AWWA C207 Class D. Flange drilling pattern shall be in accordance with ANSI B16.1/B16.5 standards.
- 8.6. Ring flanges shall be continuously welded on both sides.
- 8.7. Welding of carbon steel pipe and fittings shall be in accordance with the Reference standards.
- 8.8. All butt welds shall be fully penetrated with gas shielding to the interior and exterior of the joint.
- 8.9. Welded cross-sections shall have a thickness equal to or greater than the welded material.
- 8.10. Field welding of carbon steel pipe and fittings will not be allowed unless approved by the Engineer.
- 8.11. All welded joints shall be free of sharp edges and burrs.
- 8.12. Coating of the inside/outside of carbon steel pipe and fittings is required with an FBE coating as stated on plans.
- 8.13. Coating of the outside of carbon steel pipe and fittings shall be performed in the field, by the contractor, following installation of the manifold piping system. Surface preparation and coating procedures shall be in accordance with standards listed in Coatings specification.

9.0 Stainless Steel Pipe and Fittings

- 9.1. Stainless steel pipe and fittings shall conform to the associated standards listed in Section 3.0: Reference Standards.
- 9.2. Dimensions for stainless steel fittings shall conform to AWWA C110, unless otherwise specified.
- 9.3. Piping shall be Schedule 10s stainless steel 304L fabricated from material per ASTM-A240.
- 9.4. All flanges shall be plate ring flanges. Flange drilling pattern shall be in accordance with ANSI B16.1/B16.5 standards.
- 9.5. Ring flanges shall be continuously welded on both sides.
- 9.6. All shop welds shall be manually scrubbed or brushed with non-metallic pads or stainless steel wire brushes to remove weld discoloration. Welds to be chemically passivated with nitric or citric acid.
- 9.7. Field welding of stainless steel pipe and fittings will not be allowed unless approved by the Engineer.

10.0 Flange Gaskets

- 10.1. Flange gaskets shall be full-faced and shall be in accordance with ASTM D1330.
- 10.2. Flange gasket drilling pattern shall conform to ANSI B16.1/B16.5.
- 10.3. Flange gaskets shall be 1/8" thick.
- 10.4. Gasket material shall be EPDM.

11.0 Fasteners

- 11.1. Hex head bolts and nuts shall be stainless steel 304 conforming to ANSI/ASME B18.2.1 and ANSI/ASME B18.2.2.
- 11.2. Plastic insulating sleeve/washers shall be utilized to isolate dissimilar bolt and flange metals where required.

12.0 Pipe Supports

- 12.1. All components of the bracket assembly shall be stainless steel 304 in accordance with the associated standards.
- 12.2. The bracket assemblies shall consist of four components:
 - 12.2.1. A base plate (when required). For concrete tanks, the base plate will have four thru holes for expansion anchors.
 - 12.2.2. A top-works weldment that consists of structural channel and angle iron. The TMS piping shall rest on the angle iron. The angle iron has predrilled holes for the U-bolt.
 - 12.2.3. U-bolt with four hex nuts.

- 12.2.4. An 1/8" thick EPDM strip with a length equivalent to the circumference of the pipe. The strip shall be placed between the pipe and the angle iron and U-bolt.
- 12.3. The channel of the top-works weldment shall be field fit and modified to the required length. The channel shall then be field welded to the base plate.
- 12.4. For steel tanks, the base plate shall be field welded to the tank floor or shell. The location of the base plate shall avoid welded joints in the floor/shell plates.
- 12.5. For concrete tanks, the support shall be anchored to the concrete floor with stud type expansion anchors, the pull-out rating of the combined anchors shall be a minimum of 10 times greater than the static weight of the vertical pipe section.
- 12.6. Plastic insulating sleeve/washers shall be utilized to isolate dissimilar metals where required.

13.0 Coatings

- 13.1. Following installation of the manifold system, all carbon steel and ductile iron pipe, fittings, bolted connections, pipe supports, and appurtenances shall be coated according to the interior tank paint specification as specified by the Engineer.
- 13.2. Surface preparation and coating procedures shall be provided by the Engineer and the coating supplier.
- 13.3. **Tideflex and Waterflex Valves shall not be coated**. The valves shall either be masked or be mounted after coating of the tank and piping. Contractor to ensure masking materials are removed after coating.

14.0 Delivery, Storage, and Material Handling

- 14.1. Individual nozzles and outlet valves shall be packaged separately from the piping equipment.
- 14.2. All flanges shall be protected by using plastic inserts or plank wood, pipe sections are to be fully supported to prevent pipe deflection or damage to fittings or connections.
- 14.3. All equipment shall be shipped on pallets capable of fully supporting the pipe sections across their entire length. Pallets should be accessible for fork lift transport or strap and hoist means without causing any load to the pipe equipment.
- 14.4. All stainless steel components shall be stored separately away from any carbon steel components or other materials that could stain or deface the stainless steel finish from run-off of oxidized ferrous materials.
- 14.5. All pipe equipment should be covered and stored in areas free from contact with construction site sediment erosion to prevent accumulation of materials within the pipe and fittings.
- 14.6. Duckbill nozzles should be protected from contact with rigid objects during handling and storage. The contractor shall be responsible for replacing any duckbill nozzles or elastomeric components that are damaged after arrival on the site through installation and start-up of the system.

15.0 Submittals

- 15.1. Independent CFD Modeling Validation
 - 15.1.1. The mixing system designer/supplier must supply data or report from at least one project where an independent company conducted CFD modeling on their mixing system design and the modeling results verified the design achieved complete mixing.

15.2. Full Scale Tracer Study Validation

- 15.2.1. The mixing system designer/supplier must supply data or report from at least one project where a full scale tracer study using calcium chloride was conducted on a circular reservoir and the tracer study results verified the mixing system design achieved complete mixing.
- 15.2.2. The mixing system designer/supplier must supply data or report from at least one project where a full scale tracer study using calcium chloride was conducted on an elevated tank and the tracer study results verified the mixing system design achieved complete mixing.
- 15.3. Tideflex Inlet Nozzle and Waterflex Outlet Valve Testing and Validation
 - 15.3.1. Verification of independent hydraulic testing to determine headloss and jet velocity characteristics on a minimum of eight (8) sizes of duckbill valves ranging from 2" through 48". The testing must include multiple constructions (stiffness) within each size and must have been conducted for free discharge (discharge to atmosphere) and submerged conditions.
 - 15.3.2. Verification of Independent Laboratory Testing for Manufacturing Consistency the duckbill valve manufacturer shall provide summary documentation of a report conducted by an Independent Laboratory for hydraulic testing where multiple duckbill valves (at least four) of the same size and construction (stiffness) were tested to validate the submitted headloss characteristics and to prove the repeatability and consistency of the manufacturing process to produce the same hydraulic characteristics.
 - 15.3.3. Report of independent testing that studied the flow distribution characteristics of duckbill valves installed on multiport manifolds. The manufacturer must have been in the business of manufacturing duckbill valves at the time the report was published.
 - 15.3.4. Verification of Finite Element Analysis (FEA) of duckbill valves. The duckbill valve manufacturer shall provide summary documentation of Finite Element Analysis modeling on representative duckbill nozzle sizes to determine deflection, stress and strain characteristics under various load conditions. Modeling must have been done for flowing conditions (positive differential pressure) and reverse differential pressure.
 - 15.3.5. Verification of independent hydraulic testing to determine headloss characteristics on a minimum of three (3) sizes of perforated disc/elastomeric membrane check valves ranging from 6" through 36". Testing must have been conducted with and without the membrane installed. At least two (2) sizes shall have tested two (2) different membrane thicknesses.
 - 15.3.6. Verification of Finite Element Analysis (FEA) modeling on a perforated disc/elastomeric membrane check valve to determine stress and deflection characteristics under reverse differential pressure.

15.4. Validation of Long-term performance

15.4.1. The mixing system designer/supplier must supply at least one inspection report showing proper operation of, and no deterioration of, the duckbill valves after being in service in a water storage tank mixing application for a minimum of 10 years.

15.5. NSF61 Certification

15.5.1. Copy of the NSF61 Certified listing for the valves used in the Hydraulic Mixing System (HMS).

- 15.5.2. The valves themselves must be NSF61 certified, not just the elastomer used in construction of the valves. NSF61 approved/certified materials will not be accepted in lieu of valve certification.
- 15.5.3. The NSF61 Certification for the valves must be for a minimum volume of 2,000 gallons. Valves with NSF61 Certification for minimum volume of greater than 2,000 gallons are not acceptable.
- 15.6. Test Report on Elastomer Exposure to Chlorine and Chloramine
 - 15.6.1. Copy of test report from an accredited independent laboratory that confirmed there is no degradation in the elastomer when exposed to chlorine and chloramine per the ASTM D471-98 "Standard Test Method for Rubber Property Effect of Liquids."

15.7. System Installation Drawings

- 15.7.1. The duckbill valve manufacturer shall be responsible for providing engineering installation drawings of the complete manifold piping system as supplied by the manufacturer. These drawings shall include plan view piping arrangement, sections and elevations as required, support bracket installation details, duckbill nozzle orientation details, and all dimensions required for locating the system within the specified dimensions of the tank.
- 15.7.2. Six (6) sets of plans shall be provided to the Engineer for review and approval.
- 15.7.3. Two (2) sets of final fabrication and installation drawings shall be included with the shipment of the manifold piping equipment.

15.8. Design Calculations

- 15.8.1. All Design Calculations, curves, and reference information listed below must originate and be submitted by the duckbill valve manufacturer. **Calculations, curves, and reference information provided by contractors relating to the HMS are not allowed.** The duckbill valve manufacturer MUST include within the submittal package the following design calculations, curves, and reference information:
 - 15.8.1.1. Calculations showing the fill time required, under isothermal conditions, for the HMS system to achieve complete mix of the reservoir volume at minimum, average and peak fill rates. Complete mixing defined as 95% homogenous solution. The theory and equations used in calculating the mixing times must be from a published AWWA reference manual or paper. The reference document(s) must be submitted with the equations and calculations.
 - 15.8.1.2. Calculations showing the water level drawdown required to achieve complete mixing on the fill cycles at minimum, average, and peak flow rates.
 - 15.8.1.3. Calculations of average storage tank water age for both fill-then-draw, and simultaneous fill and draw scenarios. Theory used in calculating water age must be submitted with the calculations.
 - 15.8.1.4. A representative Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) model evaluation of the proposed HMS system configuration applied within a reservoir of similar geometry. Model output documentation shall include all design variables applied for the simulation, plot of the 3-D geometry showing the mesh definition, velocity magnitude vector and contour plots at different cross-sections throughout the water volume, simulated tracer animations showing the spatial and temporal distribution of inlet water in real time during the fill cycle.

- 15.8.1.5. Hydraulic calculations showing the resulting jet velocities of each inlet nozzle at minimum, average, and peak fill rates.
- 15.8.1.6. Hydraulic calculations showing the flow distribution among all inlet ports at minimum, average, and peak fill rates.
- 15.8.1.7. Manifold hydraulic calculations showing the total headloss of the HMS at minimum, average, and peak fill and draw rates. Headloss shall include all minor losses and headloss of nozzles and outlet check valves.
- 15.8.1.8. Hydraulic curves showing thrust vs. flow for the inlet nozzles.
- 15.8.1.9. Hydraulic curves for each outlet check valves showing headloss vs. flow.
- 15.8.1.10. Calculations showing the terminal rise height of the jets that discharge at an angle above horizontal. The terminal rise height shall be calculated assuming 10°F and 20°F colder inlet water and calculated at minimum, average and peak fill rates. The theory and equations used to calculate the terminal rise height shall be included.
- 15.8.1.11. Hydraulic curves for each inlet nozzle of Densimetric Froude number vs. flow
- 15.8.1.12. If the calculations and supporting data provided do not show compliance with the hydrodynamic requirements of the system as interpreted by the Engineer or Owner then the submittal shall be rejected.
- 15.9. Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manuals
 - 15.9.1. Within 30 days of final approval of the installation drawings, by the Engineer, the HMS valve manufacturer shall provide four (4) sets of the installation portion of the Installation, Operation and Maintenance (IOM) Manuals for the applicable system. Within 30 days of final approval, by the Engineer, of the installed system the manufacturer shall provide six (6) copies of the complete Installation, Operation and Maintenance (IOM) Manual for final review and approval.
 - 15.9.2. The manuals shall be in the following format and include the listed required information as a minimum:

Enclosed in a 3-ring binder with project title and system designation shown on the front cover and side binder.

Table of contents

Copy of design calculations for the manifold system as defined in the previous section.

Copy of complete set of the installation plans.

Copy of NSF61 Certified Listing for the valves

Parts and equipment list with specification numbers for ordering of replacement parts.

Product specification sheets for nozzles, outlet valves, expansion joints, concrete anchors, and any other specialized items supplied with the system.

Installation guidelines for the HMS manifold system.

Operational procedures for the HMS manifold system.

Guidelines for repair of system components.

Schedule for suggested periodic maintenance of the manifold system.

16.0 Installation

16.1. Installation of the manifold system shall be in accordance with the installation plans and guidelines provided by the HMS manufacturer and as specified in the installation section of the IOM manual. Refer to section on Submittals for quantities and delivery schedules of the documents.

17.0 <u>Installation Inspection and Start-Up Testing Procedures</u>

17.1. The TMS manufacturer's authorized representative shall provide one (1) day inspection to verify that the system has been installed in accordance with the design specifications and installation drawings.

17.2. Start-Up Flow Testing

- 17.2.1. Following installation of the complete manifold piping system, the contractor shall open the upstream isolation valve to allow flow into the tank through the manifold system. The isolation valve must be opened slowly to prevent surge or over-pressurization of the manifold system. The isolation valve must be fully opened to inspect the flow characteristics of the manifold system.
- 17.2.2. The contractor and factory representative shall visually inspect the entire piping system for leakage.
- 17.2.3. The contractor and factory representative shall visually inspect all of the inlet nozzles to ensure flow is being discharged into the tank through all nozzles.

18.0 Spare Parts

18.1. Spare parts are not required, unless otherwise specified.

19.0 Warranty

- 19.1. The complete manifold piping system shall be supplied by the HMS manufacturer to maintain single source responsibility for the system. The complete system shall be defined as all piping and appurtenances within the tank downstream of the tank penetration. Appurtenances include pipe, fittings, horizontal and vertical pipe supports, expansion joints, duckbill valves, and any other equipment specified within this section of the specifications.
- 19.2. All piping, pipe support brackets, joint connections, expansion joints, and anchors shall be warranted by the HMS manufacturer against failure under design conditions for a period of one (1) year from the date of final installation approval by the Engineer.
- 19.3. Inlet nozzles and outlet valves shall be warranted by the manufacturer against failure under design operating conditions for a period of one (1) year from the date of final installation approval by the Engineer. Elastomer components damaged as a result of maintenance activities, foreign debris, or excessive exposure to direct ultraviolet and thermal radiation shall be excluded warranted coverage.

End of Section

DIVISION 13 SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION



SECTION 13210

NEW ELEVATED WATER STORAGE TANK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

The work to be performed under this section consists of the furnishing of all materials, tools, equipment, labor, materials and incidentals necessary for the design, manufacture, delivery, erection, testing and painting of a new elevated steel, all-welded construction, water tank. The new tank shall be complete with all accessories specified herein and are to be erected on a foundation to be designed and constructed by the Tank Contractor. The new elevated water storage tank shall have a nominal capacity of 250,000 gallons.

1.02 RELATED WORK

- A. Division 3 Concrete
- B. Section 09870 Shop and Field Painting of Water Tower

1.03 SUBMITTALS

Each bidder is to submit with his proposal a preliminary design sketch showing sizes of supporting and bracing members, plate thickness and dimensions of the new tower, including foundation plans for the structures on which he is bidding. These preliminary sketches shall state the cubic yards of concrete and weight of steel required for each installation. After issuance of the Notice to Proceed and before beginning construction the Tower Contractor shall submit seven (7) sets of the site grading plan and detailed design drawings for the new tower and foundation which are signed and stamped by a licensed and registered structural engineer in the State of the Owner.

1.04 REFERENCES

- A. Material, design, welding, shop fabrication, erection, testing, and inspection of the proposed water storage tower shall conform to the latest edition of American Water Works Association D 100 and the latest edition of American Welding Society except as hereinafter stipulated.
- B. The following design parameters shall apply and the structures shall safely withstand the following loads acting separately or in combination:
 - 1. Weight of the structure.
 - 2. Weight of the water in the tower.
 - 3. Wind loads incurred by blowing at a minimum rate of 100 MPH from any direction.
 - 4. Earthquake Zone per current AWWA D 100, latest revision.
 - 5. Snowload minimum of 25 PSF as specified in AWWA D 100.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 FOUNDATION

The Tower Contractor shall design the foundation as recommended in the original geotechnical report or subsequent reports (Contractor to furnish any subsequent geotechnical reports to Engineer) and in conformance with AWWA D100 and all building codes. (See Geotechnical Report).

The foundation shall be designed and constructed to safely and permanently support the structure. The basis of the foundation construction shall be consistent with the soils investigation data included herein at the end of these specifications. The concrete foundation shall be constructed in accordance with ACI 301. Minimum concrete compressive strength shall be as specified in Section 03300, "Cast-In-Place Concrete".

2.02 TOWER CONTRACTOR

The Tower Contractor shall have a registered geotechnical engineer review the exposed foundation bearing surface and certify that the material is acceptable for tank foundation.

2.03 NEW TOWER

The Tower Contractor shall design the tower in accordance with AWWA D100 - Sections 3 and 5 of the latest revisions. All materials shall conform to AWWA D100 - Section 2, latest revisions. ASTM specification numbers and grade of material shall be shown on the proposal drawings.

- A. Nominal Capacity is 250,000 gallons.
- B. Style Submitted with Tower Contractor's Bid Proposal.
- C. Overflow elevation and head range as shown in the Drawings.
- D. All portions of the tower including the roof shall be of watertight construction and all material in contact with water shall be in accordance with AWWA D100.
- E. The tower shall be supported on suitable structures tubular columns thoroughly braced by tie rods and struts to provide for all loading conditions.
- F. The minimum thickness for any part of the structure shall be 3/16 inch for parts not in contact with water and 1/4 inch for parts in contact with water. All portions of the tank including the roof shall be of watertight construction.

2.04 RISERS

The diameter of the steel (wet) risers shall be not less than four (4) feet. It shall be designed to carry all loads required by AWWA D100. It shall be equipped with a minimum 18 x 24 inch elliptical access manhole and located approximately three (3) feet above the bottom of the riser.

2.05 ACCESSORIES

All accessories shall be in accordance with AWWA D100 (latest revisions).

A. Balcony: The tower shall be equipped with a balcony not less than 24 inches wide with a handrail not less than 42 inches high. The floor of the balcony shall be designed for a minimum vertical load of 1000 pounds assumed to be applied to any point. The floor shall be perforated for drainage. The handrail shall be capable of withstanding a 300 pound load applied laterally at the top rail. A 24-inch manway shall be provided and centered 30 inches above the balcony floor.

B. Ladders

- 1. The tower shall be equipped with a ladder which extends up one column from near the base and connecting with the balcony. This ladder shall be equipped with an OSHA approved safety climbing device (cable type). The first ladder rung shall be located approximately 14 feet above final grade.
- 2. There shall also be an outside tower ladder from the balcony to the roof hatch.

- 3. There shall be an inside tower ladder from the roof hatch to the inside bottom of the bowl.
- 4. There shall be an inside riser ladder from the bottom manway to the bottom of the bowl.
- 5. All ladders shall be equipped with an OSHA approved safety climbing device (cable type) and fall protection in accordance with AWWA D100.
- 6. The tower contractor shall furnish two complete sets of the appropriate belt and clamp for use with the climbing device to the Owner.
- C. Roof Hatch: Provide two access hatches on the roof of the tank. One hatch shall be 30 inch diameter and allow access from the roof to the interior of the tank. The hatch will be hinged and equipped with a hasp for locking. The hatch cover shall have a 2 inch downward edge. The second hatch will be 24 inch diameter and flanged with a removable cover so constructed that an exhaust fan may be connected for ventilation during painting operations. The openings shall have a minimum 4 inch curb.
- D. The tank vent should be centrally located on the tank roof above the maximum weir crest elevation. The tank vent shall have an intake and relief capacity sufficiently large that excessive pressure or vacuum will not develop during maximum flow rate. The vent shall be designed, constructed and screened so as to prevent the ingress of wind driven debris, insects, birds and animals. The vent shall be designed to operate when frosted over or otherwise clogged. The screens or relief material shall not be damaged by the occurrence and shall return automatically to operating position after the pressure or vacuum is relieved.
- E. Overflow Pipe: A schedule 40 steel overflow pipe shall be provided which extends from the high water level to grade at the overflow headwall. The diameter shall be as shown on the drawings and the end shall be covered with flap valve to prevent the ingress of foreign objects.
- F. Inlet/Outlet Connection: The inlet connection to the bottom of the riser shall be schedule 40, steel pipe with appropriate transition to a 150-pound class ductile iron base elbow of same diameter to which the water line from the main shall be connected. The inlet and outlet pipe shall be so designed such that the water inside the tank is recirculated (turn-over) from the daily usage of water from the tank.
- G. Level Indicator: A target style level indicator shall be installed on the side of the tank facing the access road. The float, cable, and mechanism shall be stainless steel construction.
 - H. Gaskets: The Contractor shall furnish two (2) sets of gaskets for each manway and hatch.
- I. Cathodic Protection- A passive cathodic protection system shall be designed and supplied by the tank manufacturer based upon information supplied by the Engineer or Owner.
- J. A tank identification plate shall be mounted on the tank riser pipe above the access manhole. The identification plate shall be corrosion resistant and contain the following information.
 - 1) Tank Contractor
 - 2) Contractor's project or file number
 - 3) Tank capacity
 - 4) Height to High Water Level
 - 5) Date erected

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 WELDING

All shop and field welding shall conform to AWS and AWWA D100, Section 10. The contractor shall ensure welders or welding operators are qualified in accordance with ASME Section IX or ANSI/AWS B2.1.. The Contractor shall be required to submit qualifications of welding operators in writing (triplicate) to the Engineer for approval prior to use of the operators on the job.

3.02 SHOP FABRICATION

Shop fabrication shall conform to the requirements set out in AWWA D100 - Section 9, latest revisions.

3.03 ERECTION

Tank erection shall be completed in an organized and neat manner in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and shall conform to the requirements set out in AWWA D100 - Section 10, latest revisions.

3.04 INSPECTION

Inspection shall conform to the requirements set out in AWWA D100 Section 11, latest revisions. Certified copies of mill tests on the steel used in the fabrication and shop inspection by an independent laboratory will be required at no cost to the Owner. Radiographic inspection in accordance with AWWA D100 - Appendix A, latest revision, will only be required in event of a dispute over faulty workmanship or whenever the quality of particular welded joints are questionable.

3.05 PAINTING

See Section 09870.

3.06 TESTING AND PRELOADING

- A. After the structures are completed and painted, and paint has cured, the towers shall be preloaded and tested in accordance with AWWA D100-Section 12, latest revisions. The towers shall be filled to capacity and allowed to remain in this fully loaded state for 36 hours and then totally unloaded. Any leaks which are disclosed during this time shall be repaired by chipping or melting out defective welds, rewelding and repainting and in accordance with AWWA D100 Section 11 and Appendix A, latest revisions. Tests of watertightness shall be repeated until the towers are perfectly tight and approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall guarantee the watertightness of the towers.
- B. The Contractor shall make level measurements on each foundation before and after loading to determine if differential movements have occurred. The tower legs should then be realigned, reshimmed, and completely grouted before putting the towers in service. Care shall be taken to ensure that the grout pad extends completely beneath the column base plates in order to minimize the possibility of unequal support and rocking.
- C. The Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing the necessary labor, equipment, materials, pumps, etc. to fill the tank with the initial test water. The initial water required for testing will need to be coordinated with the other contracts for this project. Cost for the initial water necessary for testing and any subsequent re-test shall be included in the price of the tank. The Contractor is responsible for the disposal of all test water.

3.07 STERILIZATION

A. Disinfection and sterilization of the interior of the towers shall not take place until the interior paint has sufficiently cured. This time shall not be less than seven (7) days. Force curing may be conducted in accordance with the paint manufacturer; however, the Engineer shall be notified of the forced curing of the interior paint.

- B. The Contractor shall sterilize the tower in accordance with AWWA D105 "Disinfection of Water Storage Facilities" and Kentucky Regulations 401 KAR 6-015. The Tower Contractor is to drain and clean all facilities after sterilization. The Owner reserves the right to delay testing and sterilization until the water is adequate for such major usage.
- C. The towers may be sterilized during preloading provided that no leaks are found which would require re-work and re-sterilization. Otherwise the spray method of sterilization will be required.
- D. Disinfection may be conducted by use of chlorine or chlorine compounds in such amounts as to produce a concentration of 50 ppm and a residual of 25 ppm at the end of 24 hours followed by thorough flushing. Bacteriological testing of the water shall be conducted by the State Department of Health. The towers shall not be placed in service until the sample is approved by the Health Department. All results are to be mailed to the Engineer. All costs of sampling, testing, and postage shall be borne by the Contractor.

3.08 GUARANTY

The Contractor, in signing his proposal, guarantees to repair any and all defects due to faulty design, workmanship, or material which may appear in the structures during the period of one year after the date of acceptance. The tank manufacturer shall also include a warranty for the tank coating for a period of five (5) years.

3.09 CLEAN UP

All construction material and debris shall be removed from the site upon completion of work.

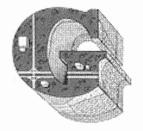
3.10 DISPOSAL OF CHLORINATED WATER

See Section 02610 - 3.18

- END OF SECTION -

GEOTECHNICAL REPORT





GREENBAUM ASSOCIATES, INC. GEOTECHNICAL & MATERIALS ENGINEERS

994 Longfield Avenue Louisville, Kentucky 40215 502/361-8447 FAX 502/361-4793

May 29, 2017

Mr. Ryan Carr, P. E. Kentucky Engineering Group, PLLC P. O. Box 1034 Versailles, KY 40383

Re:

Geotechnical Investigation 250,000 Gallon Water Storage Tank Garrard County Water Association Garrard, Kentucky Project Number 17-100G

Dear Mr. Carr:

Attached is the report of the geotechnical investigation that we carried out for the above referenced tank.

Soils at this site are stiff to very stiff, brown lean clay and are competent to support foundations designed based on an allowable net bearing capacity of up to 3,000 pounds per square foot. Bedrock is present at 10.1 to 12.0 feet depth, deep enough that soil bearing foundations should be less expensive for this size tank. Further detail is provided in the text of the report.

If you have any questions in regard to this report, please call.

Sincerely,

GREENBAUM ASSOCIATES, INC.

Sandor R. Greenbaum

Sandor R. Greenbaum, P.E. Principal Engineer

GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION

FOR

250,000 GALLON WATER STORAGE TANK
GARRARD COUNTY WATER ASSOCIATION
GARRARD COUNTY, KENTUCKY

FOR

KENTUCKY ENGINEERING GROUP, PLLC
P. O. BOX 1034
VERSAILLES, KENTUCKY 40383

BY

GREENBAUM ASSOCIATES, INC.
994 LONGFIELD AVENUE
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY 40215
MAY 29, 2017





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 - 5.1 Foundations
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 - 5.5 Limitations

APPENDIX

Important Information about your Geotechnical Engineering Report (1 sheet)

Site Location Plan (1 sheet)

Boring Location Plan (1 sheet)

Soil Description Terminology/Rock Quality Determination (1 sheet)

Test Boring Reports (3 sheets)

Classification of Soils for Engineering Reports (1 sheet)

Grain Size Distribution (1 sheet)

Atterberg Limits Test (1 sheet)

GREENBAUM ASSOCIATES, INC. GEOTECHNICAL & MATERIALS ENGINEERS

1.0 Introduction

Kentucky Engineering Group, PLLC, has been contracted to design water system improvements for the Garrard County Water Association. These improvements include a 250,000-gallon elevated water storage tank on a site on the east side of Route 1792 just south of its intersection with State Road 52 between Hyattsville and Paint Lick, Kentucky. This site is in an agricultural field just south of an existing standpipe. A site location plan is included in the appendix of this report along with a boring location plan that shows the approximate footprint of the proposed tank.

We were contracted by Kentucky Engineering Group, PLLC to carry out a geotechnical investigation directed at determining foundation support characteristics of the materials upon which this water storage tank will be supported. Work was coordinated through Mr. Ryan Carr, P. E., of Kentucky Engineering Group, PLLC.

2.0 General Geology

The soils below this site are shown by the Kentucky Geological Survey to be residuum, the residual product of weathering of the local bedrock. Bedrock is shown to the base of the Ashlock Formation, probably the Tate Member. The Tate Member is described by the Kentucky Geological Survey as:

Mudstone, muddy limestone and limestone: Mudstone, dolomitic and calcitic, grades locally to muddy limestone (95 percent), greenishgray, weathers yellowish gray; even grained, silty and micrograined, generally more calcitic in upper part; common to abundant patches and grains of dark-grayish-green clay mineral. Muddy limestone is at top of unit, makes up about 10 percent of unit on west edge of quadrangle, about 30 percent of unit on east edge of quadrangle. In even laminae and thin beds as much as 2 inches thick, grouped in sets as much as 2 feet thick. Forms irregular slopes, steeper where more limy; outcrop yields abundant platy fragments; fragments from near base are commonly silicified. Fossils scarce, chiefly bryozoans. Limestone (5 percent), chiefly medium-light-gray, mostly very fine grained: common vuggy patches, 1 to 2 inches across, of coarsely crystalline calcite; in wavy beds, about 1 inch thick, separated by partings of calcitic shale, grouped in sets 2 to 3 feet thick; forms ledge about 10 to 11 feet below top of member; fossils scarce, chiefly brachiopods. Base of unit gradational through a few inches.

GREENBAUM ASSOCIATES, INC. GEOTECHNICAL & MATERIALS ENGINEERS

3.0 Investigation

Three borings were carried out around the perimeter of the proposed tank by standard penetration procedures. Borings were terminated upon encountering refusal on bedrock. A CME-550 all-terrain-vehicle mounted drill rig was used to carry out the borings through the use of 3-¼ inch inside diameter hollow stem augers and a safety hammer. Boring locations were staked using a nylon tape form the fenceline of the existing standpipe.

The standard penetration procedure involves driving a standard 2-inch diameter split spoon in the formation at selected intervals using a 140-pound hammer falling through 30 inches. The blow counts for each 6 inches of drive, to a total of 18 inches, are recorded and the number of blows for the 12 inches after the first 6 inches is a standard measure of the condition of the soil. As the split spoon is removed from the ground, it retrieves a sample of the soil in a disturbed condition. Nevertheless, this sample is suitable for certain classification tests and is representative of the soils at the depth tested.

Soil samples were returned to the laboratory where a program of testing was carried out. This testing included a grain size analysis, an Atterberg Limits test and natural moisture determinations on most of the soil samples recovered.

Grain size determination arrives at a curve of grain size against that fraction of the soil that is finer than that particular grain size. It also allows the determination of the clay fraction, silt fraction, sand fraction, etc. in any particular soil sample. Based on this division of grain sizes, the field soils classifications are refined and the boring logs adjusted. In the case of fine grained soils, the soils are largely silt and clay; thus requiring that the soils be suspended in an aqueous medium and the rate at which the particles drop out is measured in order to arrive at the grain size distribution. Silt and clay grains are so fine that sieve analysis alone will not function in this range. The coarse fraction of this sample is separated from the fine and run through a nest of sieves in order to further detail the grain size distribution in the coarse range.

The Atterberg Limits determination arrives at those moisture contents at which the soil turns from a solid state to a plastic condition (the Plastic Limit) and then from a plastic condition to a liquid condition (The Liquid Limit). The points in question are arrived at by standard procedures that accept specific cohesive and flow properties of the soil as standards for these limits. Knowing the moisture content of the soil in relation to these limits provides a broad measure of the soil strength and soil characteristics. The arithmetic difference between these two limits is called the Plasticity Index and all three together are used for classifying the soils in a number of standard systems.

The natural moisture determination arrives at the in-situ moisture content of the soil and is useful for correlating the strength of various samples of like texture and in conjunction with the Atterberg limits, gives a strong measure of the strength range the soils are likely to be found in.

4.0 Findings

4.1 Boring Results

This site is covered by about 6 inches of topsoil. Below this, soils are moist, stiff to very stiff, brown lean clay. This soil sometimes contains ferromagnesian nodules and the deeper soils may have a brown and gray mottled coloration. Auger refusal on bedrock was encountered between 10.1 and 12.0 feet depth in the three borings.

The table below provides a tabulation of N-values in the borings as determined by the Standard Penetration Test along with depth to auger refusal.

Depth	B-1	B-2	B-3
2 – 3.5 feet	20	10	14
5 – 6.5 feet	23	12	23
10 – 11.5 ft.	14	16	
Refusal	12.0'	12.0'	10.1'

No groundwater was encountered in either boring immediately after drilling was complete, but may be present seasonally.

4.2 Laboratory Results

A sample of soil was tested and classified and was found to be lean clay. The results of this testing is summarized in the table below with more detailed results provided in the appendix of this report.

	Grain	Size Distri	bution	Atte	rberg Lir	nits	Soi Classific		
Soil Sample	Percent Sand	Percent Silt	Percent Clay	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index	Uniffed	AASHTO	
B-2 @ 2'-3.5'	9	49	42	33	19	14	CL	A-6	

4.3 Seismicity

By the 2015 edition of the Kentucky/International Building Code, this is a very dense soil and soft rock profile, site class C. The Spectral Response Acceleration Coefficients, for this area, as provided by U.S.G.S., FEMA Design Parameters are:

 $S_s = 0.186 g$

 $S_{MS} = 0.223 g$

 $S_{DS} = 0.149 g$

 $S_1 = 0.094 g$

 $S_{M1} = 0.159 g$

 $S_{D1} = 0.106 g$

5.0 Recommendations

5.1 Foundations

The proposed tank may be supported on soil bearing foundations bearing on either virgin soil or structural fill placed in accordance with section 5.3 of this report. These foundations may be designed based on an allowable net bearing capacity of up to 3,000 pounds per square foot.

Once foundation bearing surfaces are exposed, an engineer or senior engineering technician from this office should be present to view all bearing surfaces. Where soft areas are encountered, undercut will need to extend to firm material or to a level determined to be acceptable by the geotechnical engineer and should be refilled with either lean concrete (f_c ' = 2,000 psi) or open-graded stone such as Number 57 stone.

Soil bearing foundations exposed must bear at least 30 inches below finished grade in order to insulate the bearing strata from freezing. Interior foundations protected from freezing are exempt from this requirement. Continuous footings must be at least 16 inches wide and isolated footings must be at least 24 inches wide.

Settlement of foundations designed based on the above criteria should be below that which is considered acceptable for this type of construction; that is total settlement should be less than one inch and differential settlement should be less than three quarters of an inch.

For shallow foundations, friction along the base of the footing can be used to resist lateral forces. A friction coefficient of 0.35 may be used, which assumes that the footing concrete is placed directly against the natural cut faces. The coefficient of friction value recommended is an ultimate value and a minimum factor of safety of 1.5 must be applied when determining the allowable sliding resistance.

5.2 Site Preparation and Earthwork

All fill should be placed in lifts not exceeding 8 inches in uncompacted thickness and must be compacted to at least 98 percent of the soils maximum dry density as determined by the Standard Proctor (ASTM D-698). Soil moisture content should be within 2 percent of optimum as determined from the Standard Proctor.

Soil from any off-site borrow sources should be tested and approved by this office prior to being used on the site. Satisfactory borrow materials are those falling in one of the following classifications: GC, SM, SC, ML, or CL. Soil types MH, CH and OH soils and peat are unsatisfactory borrow materials.

The site should be maintained in a well-drained condition both during and after construction. Site grading should provide for drainage of surface run-off away from the tank.

Prior to fill placement all vegetation and topsoil (soil containing more than 4 percent organic content) must be removed from below the area to be filled. Where trees or bushes have been present, the entire rootball should be removed and the resulting excavation should be refilled with soil compacted as described in this section of the report.

The placement of compacted fill should be carried out by an experienced excavator with the proper materials. The excavator must be prepared to adapt his procedures, equipment and materials to the type of project, to weather conditions, and the structural requirements of the engineer. Methods and materials used in summer may not be applicable in winter; soil used in proposed fill may require wetting or drying for proper placement and compaction. Conditions may also vary during the course of a project or in different areas of this site. These needs should be addressed in the project drawings and specifications.

During freezing conditions, the fill must **not** be frozen when delivered to the site. It also must not be allowed to freeze during or after compaction. Since the ability to work the soil while keeping it from freezing depends in part on the soil type, the specifications should require the contractor to submit a sample of his proposed fill before construction starts, for laboratory testing. If the soil engineer determines that it is not suitable, it should be rejected. In general, silty sand, clayey sand, and cohesive/semi-cohesive soils should not be used as fill under freezing conditions. All frozen soil of any type should be rejected for use as compacted fill.

It is important that compacted fill be protected from freezing after it is placed. The excavator should be required to submit a plan for protecting the soil. The plan should include details on the type and amount of material (straw, blankets, extra loose fill, topsoil, etc.) proposed for use as frost protection. The need to protect the soil from freezing is ongoing throughout construction and applies both before **and** after concrete is placed, until backfilling for final frost protection is completed. Foundations placed on frozen soil can experience heaving and significant settlement, rotation, or other movement as the soil thaws. Such movement can also occur if the soil is allowed to freeze **after** the concrete is placed and then allowed to thaw. The higher the percentage of fines (clay and silt) in the fill, the more critical is the need for protection from freezing.

The contractor should be required to adjust the moisture content of the soil to within a narrow range near the optimum moisture content (as defined by the applicable Proctor or AASHTO Test). In general, fill should be placed within 2% of optimum moisture. The need for moisture control is more critical as the percentage of fines increases. Naturally occurring cohesive/semi-cohesive soil are often much wetter than the optimum. Placing and attempting to compact such soils to the specified density may be difficult. Even if compacted to the specified density, excessively wet soils may not be suitable as pavement subgrades due to pumping under applied load. This is especially true when wet cohesive/semi-cohesive soil is used as backfill in utility trenches and like situations. Excessively wet soil in thick fill sections may cause post-construction settlement beyond that estimated for fill placed at or near (±2%) the optimum moisture content.

5.3 Earth Pressures

Any retaining walls should be constructed with a drainage blanket of sand or a synthetic drainage material. Synthetic drainage media should be available from suppliers of geotextile. The wall should be drained at its base by a perforated PVC underdrain or weepholes at a spacing of not more than 10 feet. Where a relatively thin drainage blanket is used, the retaining wall should be designed based on a coefficient of active earth pressure (K_a) of 0.36 and a soil unit weight (γ_w) of 130 pounds per cubic foot. This results in an equivalent fluid pressure of 47 pounds per cubic foot. Where granular backfill completely fills the area defined by a plane extending upward from the base of the wall at a 45 degree angle, the retaining wall may be designed based on a coefficient of active earth pressure (K_a) of 0.27 and a soil unit weight (γ_w) of 130 pounds per cubic foot. This results in an equivalent fluid pressure of 35 pounds per cubic foot.

However, where the wall is restrained from movement, as in the case of building basement walls bearing against the basement slab or building frame, the wall must be designed based on the "at rest" earth pressure. The coefficient of "at rest" earth pressure (K_0) is 0.47 with a soil unit weight (γ_w) of 130 pounds per cubic foot in the case of a thin drainage blanket behind the wall, resulting in an equivalent fluid of 61 pounds per cubic foot unit weight. Where granular backfill completely fills the area defined by a plane extending upward from the base of the wall at a 45 degree angle, the retaining wall may be designed based on a coefficient of "at rest" earth pressure (K_0) of 0.43 and a soil unit weight (γ_w) of 130 pounds per cubic foot. This results in an equivalent fluid pressure of 56 pounds per cubic foot.

The table below summarizes the design earth pressures.

	Active Earth Pressure Coefficient (K _a)	Passive Earth Pressure Coefficient (K _P)	Coefficient of Earth Pressure at Rest (K ₀)	Equivalent Fluid Pressure on Cantilever Walls	Equivalent Fluid Pressure on Braced Walls
Fill Material/Local Soils	0.36	2.77	0.47	47 pcf	61 pcf
Granular Backfill	0.27	3.69	0.43	35 pcf	56 pcf

Surcharge above the wall will add additional load. A uniform surcharge must be multiplied by the appropriate coefficient of earth pressure to determine the additional load applied to the wall.

Any retaining wall design must use appropriate factors of safety. It is critical that drainage be provided as mentioned earlier in this section in order to avoid hydrostatic pressure. Hydrostatic pressure would increase pressure against the wall substantially.

5.4 Temporary Earth Slopes or Cuts

Temporary earth cuts necessary to construct foundations or utility lines should be no deeper than 4 feet without benching or sloping. Cuts deeper than this should be sloped no steeper than one horizontal to one vertical or should have benches every 2 feet of height equating to this slope. If vertical faces deeper than 4 feet are used, bracing designed for short term loads may be used. Excavations should comply with OSHA regulations. If soft soils are encountered, Greenbaum Associates, Inc. should view the cut face prior to personnel entering the excavation.

Soils at this site meet the criteria to classify at Type B soils per the OSHA guidelines.

5.5 Limitations

We strongly recommend that bearing surfaces and compaction be monitored by Greenbaum Associates, Inc. Our technicians will be available to further assist you in providing these and other normally specified quality control services. The report is preliminary until such time as these examinations are completed to confirm conditions consistent with those discovered in the investigation.

The conclusions and recommendations offered in this report are based on the subsurface conditions encountered in the borings. No warranties can be made regarding the continuity of conditions between or beyond borings. If, during construction, soil conditions are encountered that differ from those indicated in this report, a representative of Greenbaum Associates, Inc. should inspect the site to determining if design modification is required.

This study was directed at a specific elevated water storage tank at this location to be constructed within a reasonably short period after this study.

This study is directed at mechanical properties of the soils and includes no sampling, testing or evaluation for environmental considerations.

Important Information about This

Geotechnical-Engineering Report

Subsurface problems are a principal cause of construction delays, cost overruns, claims, and disputes.

While you cannot eliminate all such risks, you can manage them. The following information is provided to help.

The Geoprofessional Business Association (GBA) has prepared this advisory to help you – assumedly a client representative - interpret and apply this geotechnical-engineering report as effectively as possible. In that way, clients can benefit from a lowered exposure to the subsurface problems that, for decades, have been a principal cause of construction delays, cost overruns, claims, and disputes. If you have questions or want more information about any of the issues discussed below, contact your GBA-member geotechnical engineer. Active involvement in the Geoprofessional Business Association exposes geotechnical engineers to a wide array of risk-confrontation techniques that can be of genuine benefit for everyone involved with a construction project.

Geotechnical-Engineering Services Are Performed for Specific Purposes, Persons, and Projects

Geotechnical engineers structure their services to meet the specific needs of their clients. A geotechnical-engineering study conducted for a given civil engineer will not likely meet the needs of a civil-works constructor or even a different civil engineer. Because each geotechnical-engineering study is unique, each geotechnical-engineering study for the client. Those who rely on a geotechnical-engineering report prepared for a different client can be seriously misled. No one except authorized client representatives should rely on this geotechnical-engineering report without first conferring with the geotechnical engineer who prepared it. And no one – not even you – should apply this report for any purpose or project except the one originally contemplated.

Read this Report in Full

Costly problems have occurred because those relying on a geotechnicalengineering report did not read it *in its entirety*. Do not rely on an executive summary. Do not read selected elements only. *Read this report* in full.

You Need to Inform Your Geotechnical Engineer about Change

Your geotechnical engineer considered unique, project-specific factors when designing the study behind this report and developing the confirmation-dependent recommendations the report conveys. A few typical factors include:

- the client's goals, objectives, budget, schedule, and risk-management preferences;
- the general nature of the structure involved, its size, configuration, and performance criteria;
- · the structure's location and orientation on the site; and
- other planned or existing site improvements, such as retaining walls, access roads, parking lots, and underground utilities.

Typical changes that could erode the reliability of this report include those that affect:

- · the site's size or shape;
- the function of the proposed structure, as when it's changed from a parking garage to an office building, or from a light-industrial plant to a refrigerated warehouse;
- the elevation, configuration, location, orientation, or weight of the proposed structure;
- · the composition of the design team; or
- project ownership.

As a general rule, *always* inform your geotechnical engineer of project changes – even minor ones – and request an assessment of their impact. The geotechnical engineer who prepared this report cannot accept responsibility or liability for problems that arise because the geotechnical engineer was not informed about developments the engineer otherwise would have considered.

This Report May Not Be Reliable

Do not rely on this report if your geotechnical engineer prepared it:

- for a different client;
- for a different project;
- for a different site (that may or may not include all or a portion of the original site); or
- before important events occurred at the site or adjacent to it; e.g., man-made events like construction or environmental remediation, or natural events like floods, droughts, earthquakes, or groundwater fluctuations.

Note, too, that it could be unwise to rely on a geotechnical-engineering report whose reliability may have been affected by the passage of time, because of factors like changed subsurface conditions; new or modified codes, standards, or regulations; or new techniques or tools. If your geotechnical engineer has not indicated an "apply-by" date on the report, ask what it should be, and, in general, if you are the least bit uncertain about the continued reliability of this report, contact your geotechnical engineer before applying it. A minor amount of additional testing or analysis – if any is required at all – could prevent major problems.

Most of the "Findings" Related in This Report Are Professional Opinions

Before construction begins, geotechnical engineers explore a site's subsurface through various sampling and testing procedures. Geotechnical engineers can observe actual subsurface conditions only at those specific locations where sampling and testing were performed. The data derived from that sampling and testing were reviewed by your geotechnical engineer, who then applied professional judgment to form opinions about subsurface conditions throughout the site. Actual sitewide-subsurface conditions may differ – maybe significantly – from those indicated in this report. Confront that risk by retaining your geotechnical engineer to serve on the design team from project start to project finish, so the individual can provide informed guidance quickly, whenever needed.

This Report's Recommendations Are Confirmation-Dependent

The recommendations included in this report – including any options or alternatives – are confirmation-dependent. In other words, they are not final, because the geotechnical engineer who developed them relied heavily on judgment and opinion to do so. Your geotechnical engineer can finalize the recommendations only after observing actual subsurface conditions revealed during construction. If through observation your geotechnical engineer confirms that the conditions assumed to exist actually do exist, the recommendations can be relied upon, assuming no other changes have occurred. The geotechnical engineer who prepared this report cannot assume responsibility or liability for confirmation-dependent recommendations if you fail to retain that engineer to perform construction observation.

This Report Could Be Misinterpreted

Other design professionals' misinterpretation of geotechnicalengineering reports has resulted in costly problems. Confront that risk by having your geotechnical engineer serve as a full-time member of the design team, to:

- · confer with other design-team members,
- help develop specifications,
- review pertinent elements of other design professionals' plans and specifications, and
- be on hand quickly whenever geotechnical-engineering guidance is needed.

You should also confront the risk of constructors misinterpreting this report. Do so by retaining your geotechnical engineer to participate in prebid and preconstruction conferences and to perform construction observation.

Give Constructors a Complete Report and Guidance

Some owners and design professionals mistakenly believe they can shift unanticipated-subsurface-conditions liability to constructors by limiting the information they provide for bid preparation. To help prevent the costly, contentious problems this practice has caused, include the complete geotechnical-engineering report, along with any attachments or appendices, with your contract documents, but be certain to note conspicuously that you've included the material for informational purposes only. To avoid misunderstanding, you may also want to note that "informational purposes" means constructors have no right to rely on the interpretations, opinions, conclusions, or recommendations in the report, but they may rely on the factual data relative to the specific times, locations, and depths/elevations referenced. Be certain that constructors know they may learn about specific project requirements, including options selected from the report, only from the design drawings and specifications. Remind constructors that they may

perform their own studies if they want to, and be sure to allow enough time to permit them to do so. Only then might you be in a position to give constructors the information available to you, while requiring them to at least share some of the financial responsibilities stemming from unanticipated conditions. Conducting prebid and preconstruction conferences can also be valuable in this respect.

Read Responsibility Provisions Closely

Some client representatives, design professionals, and constructors do not realize that geotechnical engineering is far less exact than other engineering disciplines. That lack of understanding has nurtured unrealistic expectations that have resulted in disappointments, delays, cost overruns, claims, and disputes. To confront that risk, geotechnical engineers commonly include explanatory provisions in their reports. Sometimes labeled "limitations," many of these provisions indicate where geotechnical engineers' responsibilities begin and end, to help others recognize their own responsibilities and risks. *Read these provisions closely*. Ask questions. Your geotechnical engineer should respond fully and frankly.

Geoenvironmental Concerns Are Not Covered

The personnel, equipment, and techniques used to perform an environmental study – e.g., a "phase-one" or "phase-two" environmental site assessment – differ significantly from those used to perform a geotechnical-engineering study. For that reason, a geotechnical-engineering report does not usually relate any environmental findings, conclusions, or recommendations; e.g., about the likelihood of encountering underground storage tanks or regulated contaminants. Unanticipated subsurface environmental problems have led to project failures. If you have not yet obtained your own environmental information, ask your geotechnical consultant for risk-management guidance. As a general rule, do not rely on an environmental report prepared for a different client, site, or project, or that is more than six months old.

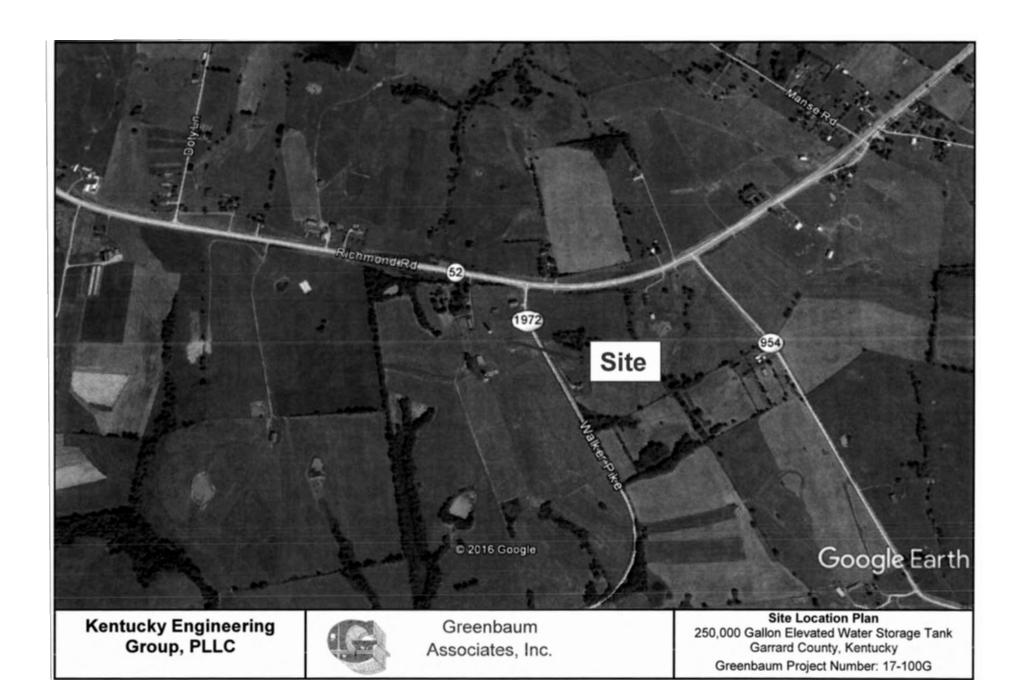
Obtain Professional Assistance to Deal with Moisture Infiltration and Mold

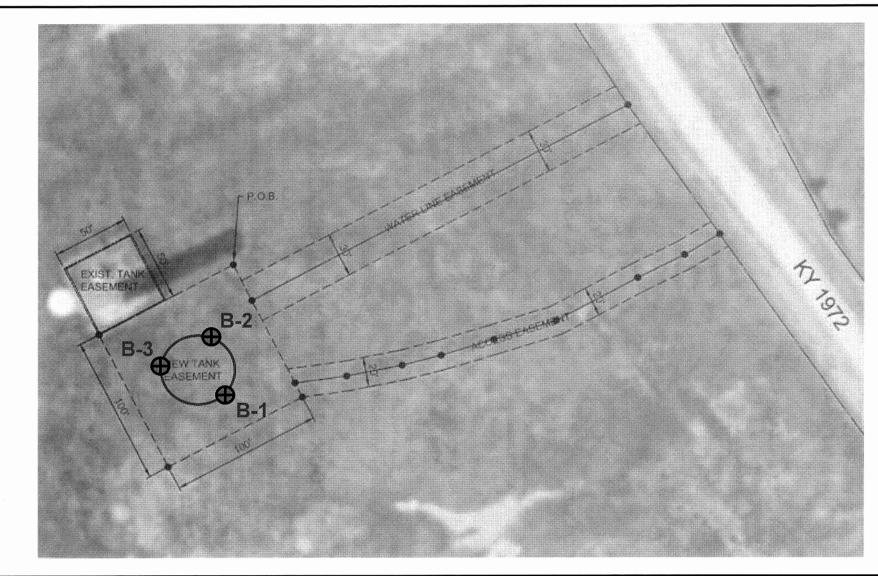
While your geotechnical engineer may have addressed groundwater, water infiltration, or similar issues in this report, none of the engineer's services were designed, conducted, or intended to prevent uncontrolled migration of moisture – including water vapor – from the soil through building slabs and walls and into the building interior, where it can cause mold growth and material-performance deficiencies. Accordingly, proper implementation of the geotechnical engineer's recommendations will not of itself be sufficient to prevent moisture infiltration. Confront the risk of moisture infiltration by including building-envelope or mold specialists on the design team. Geotechnical engineers are not building-envelope or mold specialists.



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Kentucky Engineering Group, PLLC



Greenbaum Associates, Inc.

Boring Location Plan
250,000 Gallon Elevated Water Storage Tank
Garrard County Water Association
Greenbaum Project Number: 17-100G

SOIL DESCRIPTION TERMINOLOGY

Soils are identified and classified in this report according the the Unified Classification System with the following modifiers:

RELATIVE DENSITY OF GRANULAR SOILS

CONSISTENCY OF COHESIVE SOILS

SOIL MOISTURE

Description	Blows/Foot	Description	N-value	qu (tsf)
Very Loose	0 to 4	Very Soft	0 to 2	0 to 0.25
Loose	4 to 10	Soft	3 to 4	0.26 to 0.50
Medium Dense	10 to 30	Medium Stiff	5 to 8	0.51 to 1.0
Dense	30 to 50	Stiff	9 to 15	1.1 to 2.0
Very Dense	50 to 80	Very Stiff	16 to 30	2.1 to 4.0
Extremely Dense	80+	Hard	>30	4.1 to 8.0
		Very Hard		8.1+

PARTICAL SIZES

Fine

Fines (silt and clay)

No. 200 to No. 40

Finer than No. 200

Componer	<u>nts</u>	Size or Sieve No.		Descriptive Term
Boulders		over 12 inches	Dry	Dry of Standard Proctor Optimum
Cobbles		3 to 12 inches	Damp	Moist (sand only)
Gravel -	Coarse	3 / ₄ to 3 inches	Moist	Near Standard Proctor Optimum
	Fine	No. 4 to ³ / ₄ inch	Wet	Wet of Standard Proctor Optimum
Sand -	Coarse	No. 10 to No. 4	Saturated	Free Water in Sample
	Medium	No. 40 to No. 10		

ROCK DESCRIPTION TERMINOLOGY

The Rock Quality Determination (Deere et. Al., 1969) method of determining rock quality as reported here was obtained by summing up the total length of core recovered in each run, counting only those pieces of core which are four inches (10 cm.) in length or longer and which are hard and sound. The sum is then represented as a percentage over the length of the run. If the core is broken by handling or by the drilling process, the fresh broken pieces are fitted together and counted as one piece provided that they the requisite length of four inches (10 cm.). RQD is reported as a percentage.

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN RQD AND ROCK QUALITY

RQD (%)	Description of Rock Quality
0 to 25	Very Poor
26 to 50	Poor
51 to 75	Fair
76 to 90	Good
91 to 100	Excellent



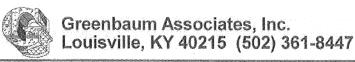
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Drilling Equ	ilpmen	t: C	:ME-	ring Location Plan Surface Elevation: Ground Station: n/a 550 with Safety Hammer Drilling Method: 3 1/4 Inch Hollow Stem Auger
Depth to wa			***************************************	
Logged By:	S. (T	nba	um Driller: M. Wells Date Logged: 5/17/17 - 5/17/17
(feet) GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLENO	RECOVERY %	RQD %	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION MATERIAL DESCRIPTION STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (blows/ft) PL MC
				Topsoil (6 inches) OL Ground 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90
				Moist, Very Stiff, Brown Lean Clay
	SPT	18		
5	SPT	18		Same, with Ferromagnesian Nodules CL
0	*********			Same, Stiff, Brown and Gray Mottled
	SPT	18		AUGED DEFLICAL AT 40 OFFET
	700000000000000000000000000000000000000			AUGER REFUSAL AT 12.0 FEET



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					ound Station: n/a	
******************************		en en en en en en en en en	-incompleteness of the contract of the contrac		Method: 3 1/4 Inch Hollow Stem Auger	
Depth to wat	······	***************************************			Rock: 0 Total Depth: 12.0	***********
Logged By:	S. (***************************************	nba	um Driller: M. Wells	Date Logged: 5/17/17 - 5/17/17	
(feet) GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE NO.	RECOVERY %	RQD %	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (blows/ft) MC PL MC PL LL 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90	
144				Topsoil (6 inches)	OL Ground	
	SPT	18		Moist, Stiff, Brown Lean Clay	CL	***
5-	SPT	18				
10-	SPT	18		Same, Very Stiff, Brown and Grey Mottled, with Ferromagnesian Nodules	CL	
	4			AUGER REFUSAL @ 12.0 FEET		



Kentucky Engineering Group, PLLC Client: HOLE No. B-3 250,000 Gal. Elev. Water Storage Tank, Garrard County, KY Project: Project No.: 17-100G Sheet 1 of 1 Boring Location: See Boring Location Plan Surface Elevation: Ground Station: n/a Drilling Equipment: CME-550 with Safety Hammer Drilling Method: 3 1/4 Inch Hollow Stem Auger Depth to water immediately: Dry Overburden: 10.1 Rock: 0 Total Depth: 10.1 Logged By: S. Greenbaum Driller: M. Wells Date Logged: 5/17/17 - 5/17/17 STANDARD PENETRATION TEST ELEVATION SAMPLE NO. RECOVERY GRAPHIC N VALUE (feet) (feet) 106 (blows/ft) MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 Ground -Topsoil (6 inches) Moist, Stiff, Brown Lean Clay with Rock Fragments 14 SPT Same, Very Stiff 23 SPT WELL AND SPT GRAPH 17-100G GPJ 08-053 GPJ 5/29/17 AUGER REFUSAL @ 10.1 FEET DRILLING METHOD SAMPLER TYPE Hole No. NX - Rock Core, 2-1/8" CU - Cuttings SS - Split Spoon HSA - Hollow Stem Auger RW - Rotary Wash ST - Shelby Tube CFA - Continuous Flight Augers RC - Rock Core B-3 HQ - Rock Core, 2-1/2" CT - Continuous Tube DC - Driving Casing

CLASSIFICATION OF SOILS FOR ENGINEERING PURPOSES ASTM D2487 and D2488 Group **Major Divisions Laboratory Classification Criteria Typical Names** Symbols Determine percentages of sand and gravel from grain-size curve. Depending Clean Gravels (Little or **Gravels** (More than half of coarse fractior $C_u = D_{60}/D_{10}$ greater than 4 Well-graded gravels, gravel-sand Coarse-grained soils (More than half of material is larger than No. symbols^b GW mixtures, little or no fines $C_u = (D_{30})^2 / (D_{10} \times D_{60})$ between 1 and 3 no fines) on percentage of fines (fraction smaller that No. 200 sieve size), coarselarger than No. 4 sieve) Poorly graded gravels, gravel-sand Not meeting all gradation requirements for dual **GP** mixtures, little or no fines Appreciable amount d Atterberg limits below GM^{a} Silty gravels, gravel-sand-silt mixtures "A" line with P. I. less Above "A" line with P than 4 . between 4 and 7 are Borderline cases GW, GP, SW, SP GM, GC, SM, SC borderline cases Atterberg limits below 200 sieve size) Clayey gravels, gravel-sand-clay GC requireing us of dual "A" line with P. I. mixtures greater than 7 symbols Sands (More than half of coarse fraction is Clean Sands (Little or $C_u = D_{60}/D_{10}$ greater than 6 Well-graded sands, gravelly sands, grained soils are classified as follows: SW $C_u = (D_{30})^2 / (D_{10} \times D_{60})$ between 1 and 3 little or no fines no fines) smaller than No. 4 sieve size) Not meeting all gradation requirements for Poorly graded sands, gravelly sands, SP little or no fines More than 12 percent Less than 5 percent Appreciable amount d Limits plotting in hatched SM^a Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures Atterberg limits above zone with P.I. between 4 of fines) "A" line or P.I. < 4 and 7 are borderline cases Atterberg limits above requireing use of dual SC Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures "A" lime with P.I. > 7 symbols Inorganic silts and very fine sands, Fine-grained soils (More than half meterial is smaller than (Liquid limit less than 50) ML silty or clayey fine sands, or clayey silts with slight plasticity Silts and clays Inorganic clays of low to medium CL plasticity, gravelly clays, sandy clays, silty clays, lean clays Organic silts and organic siltyclays of Plasticity Index (%) OL low plasticity No. 200 sieve) Inorganic silts, micaceous or (Liquid limit less that 50) MH diatomaceous fine sand or silty soils,

elastic silts

Inorganic slays of high plasticity, fat

clays

Organic clays of medium to high

plasticity, organic silts

Peat and other highly organic soils

Silts and clays

organic

Highly

CH

OH

Pt

10

CI

50 60 70 80 90 100

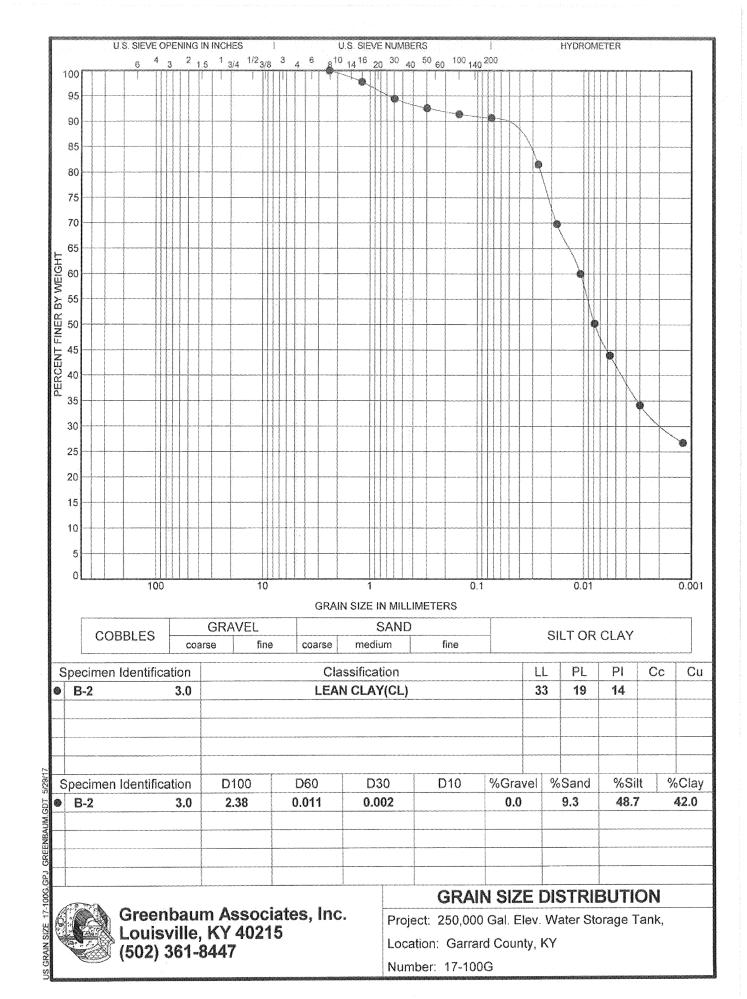
Liquid Limit (%)

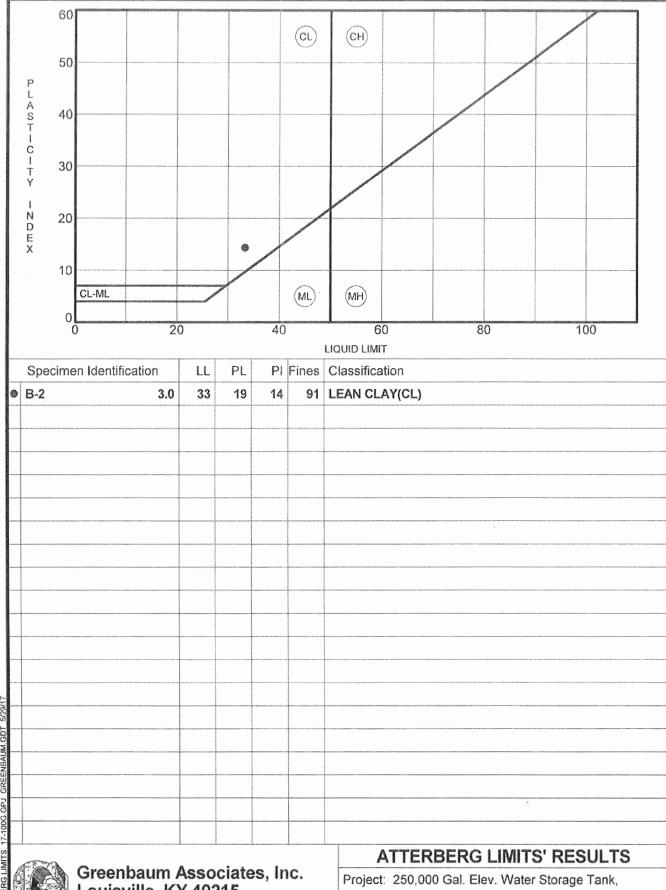
Plasticity Chart

20

^a Division of GM and SM groups into subdivisions of d and u are for roads and airfields only. Subdivision is based on Atterberg limits :suffix d used when L. L. is 28 or less and the P. I. is 6 or les; the suffix u used when L. L. is greater than 28.

^b Borderline classifications, used for soils possessing characeristics of two groups, are sesignated by combinations of group symbols. For exampls: GW-GC, well-graded gravel-sand misture with clay binder.





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Location: Garrard County, KY

Number: 17-100G