

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY
BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In the Matter of:

**APPLICATION OF KENTUCKY
UTILITIES COMPANY FOR AN
ADJUSTMENT OF BASE RATES**

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CASE NO: 2008-00251

VOLUME 2 OF 5

**RESPONSE TO FILING REQUIREMENTS listed in 807 KAR 5:001
SECTION 10(6)(l) through 807 KAR 5:001 SECTION 10(6)(q)**

Filed: July 29, 2008

Kentucky Utilities Company
Case No. 2008-00251
Historical Test Year Filing Requirements
Table of Contents

Volume Number	Description of Contents
1	Statutory Notice
1	Application
1	Financial Exhibit pursuant to 807 KAR 5:001 Section 6
1	Table of Contents
2	Response to Filing Requirements listed in 807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(1)(a)1 through 807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(k)
3	Response to Filing Requirements listed in 807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(l) through 807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(q)
3	Response to Filing Requirements listed in 807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(r) through 807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(7)(e)
4	Direct Testimony and Exhibits
5	Direct Testimony and Exhibits

Kentucky Utilities Company

Case No. 2008-00251

Historical Test Period Filing Requirements

Table of Contents

Tab #	Filing Requirement	Description	Volume No(s).	Sponsoring Witness(es)
1	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(1)(a)1	<i>A statement of the reason the adjustment is required.</i>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
2	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(1)(a)2	<i>A statement that the utility's annual reports, including the annual report for the most recent calendar year, are on file with the Commission in accordance with 807 KAR 5:006, Section 3(1).</i>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
3	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(1)(a)3	<i>If the utility is incorporated, a certified copy of the utility's articles of incorporation and all amendments thereto or all out-of-state documents of similar import. If the utility's articles of incorporation and amendments have already been filed with the commission in a prior proceeding, the application may state this fact making reference to the style and case number of the prior proceeding.</i>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
4	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(1)(a)4	<i>If the utility is a limited partnership, a certified copy of the limited partnership agreement and all amendments thereto or all out-of-state documents of similar import. If the utility's limited partnership agreement and amendments have already been filed with the commission in a prior proceeding, the application may state this fact making reference to the style and case number of the prior proceeding.</i>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
5	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(1)(a)5	<i>If the utility is incorporated or a is a limited partnership, a certificate of good standing or certificate of authorization dated within sixty (60) days of the date the application is filed.</i>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
6	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(1)(a)6	<i>A certified copy of a certificate of assumed name as required by KRS 365.015 or a statement that such a certificate is not necessary.</i>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
7	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(1)(a)7	<i>The proposed tariff in a form which complies with 807 KAR 5:011 with an effective date not less than thirty (30) days from the date the application is filed.</i>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
8	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(1)(a)8	<i>The utility's proposed tariff changes, identified in compliance with 807 KAR 5:011, shown either by: (a) Providing the present and proposed tariffs in comparative form on the same sheet side by side; or, (b) Providing a copy of the present tariff indicating proposed additions by italicized inserts or underscoring and striking over proposed deletions.</i>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
9	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(1)(a)9	<i>A statement that customer notice has been given in compliance with subsections (3) and (4) of this section with a copy of the notice.</i>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
10	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(2)	<i>Notice of Intent. Utilities with gross annual revenues greater than \$1,000,000 shall file with the commission a written notice of intent to file a rate application at least four (4) weeks prior to filing their application. The notice of intent shall state whether the rate application shall be supported by a historical test period or a fully forecasted test period. This notice shall be served upon the Attorney General, Utility Intervention and Rate Division.</i>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar

Kentucky Utilities Company

Case No. 2008-00251

Historical Test Period Filing Requirements

Table of Contents

Tab #	Filing Requirement	Description	Volume No(s).	Sponsoring Witness(es)
11	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(3)	<p><i>Form of notice to customers. Every utility filing an application pursuant to this section shall notify all affected customers in the manner prescribed herein. The notice shall include the following information:</i></p> <p><i>(a) The amount of the change requested in both dollar amounts and percentage change for each customer classification to which the proposed rate change will apply;</i></p> <p><i>(b) The present rates and the proposed rates for each customer class to which the proposed rates would apply;</i></p> <p><i>(c) Electric, gas, water and sewer utilities shall include the effect upon the average bill for each customer class to which the proposed rate change will apply;</i></p> <p><i>(d) Local exchange companies shall include the effect upon the average bill for each customer class for the proposed rate change in basic local service;</i></p> <p><i>(e) A statement that the rates contained in this notice are the rates proposed by (name of utility); however, the Public Service Commission may order rates to be charged that differ from the proposed rates contained in this notice;</i></p> <p><i>(f) A statement that any corporation, association, or person with a substantial interest in the m</i></p>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
12	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(4)(a)	<p><i>Manner of notification. Sewer utilities shall give the required typewritten notice by mail to all of their customers pursuant to KRS 278.185.</i></p>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
13	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(4)(b)	<p><i>Manner of notification. Applicants with twenty (20) or fewer customers affected by the proposed general rate adjustment shall mail the required typewritten notice to each customer no later than the date the application is filed with the commission.</i></p>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
14	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(4)(c)	<p><i>Manner of notification. Except for sewer utilities, applicants with more than twenty (20) customers affected by the proposed general rate adjustment shall give the required notice by one (1) of the following methods:</i></p> <p><i>1. A typewritten notice mailed to all customers no later than the date the application is filed with the commission;</i></p> <p><i>2. Publishing the notice in a trade publication or newsletter which is mailed to all customers no later than the date on which the application is filed with the commission; or</i></p> <p><i>3. Publishing the notice once a week for three (3) consecutive weeks in a prominent manner in a newspaper of general circulation in the utility's service area, the first publication to be made within seven (7) days of the filing of the application with the commission.</i></p>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
15	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(4)(d)	<p><i>Manner of notification. If the notice is published, an affidavit from the publisher verifying the notice was published, including the dates of the publication with an attached copy of the published notice, shall be filed with the commission no later than forty-five (45) days of the filed date of the application.</i></p>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
16	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(4)(e)	<p><i>Manner of notification. If the notice is mailed, a written statement signed by the utility's chief officer in charge of Kentucky operations verifying the notice was mailed shall be filed with the commission no later than thirty (30) days of the filed date of the application.</i></p>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
17	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(4)(f)	<p><i>Manner of notification. All utilities, in addition to the above notification, shall post a sample copy of the required notification at their place of business no later than the date on which the application is filed which shall remain posted until the commission has finally determined the utility's rates.</i></p>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar

Kentucky Utilities Company

Case No. 2008-00251

**Historical Test Period Filing Requirements
Table of Contents**

Tab #	Filing Requirement	Description	Volume No(s).	Sponsoring Witness(es)
18	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(4)(g)	<i>Manner of notification. Compliance with this subsection shall constitute compliance with 807 KAR 5:051, Section 2.</i>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
19	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(5)	<i>Notice of hearing scheduled by the commission upon application by a utility for a general adjustment in rates shall be advertised by the utility by newspaper publication in the areas that will be affected in compliance with KRS 424.300</i>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
20	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(a)	<i>A complete description and quantified explanation for all proposed adjustments, with proper support for any proposed changes in price or activity levels, and any other factors which may affect the adjustment.</i>	1	S. Bradford Rives
21	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(b)	<i>If the utility has gross annual revenues greater than \$1,000,000, the prepared testimony of each witness the utility proposes to use to support its application.</i>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
22	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(c)	<i>If the utility has gross annual revenues less than \$1,000,000, the prepared testimony of each witness the utility proposes to use to support its application or a statement that the utility does not plan to submit any prepared testimony.</i>	1	S. Bradford Rives
23	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(d)	<i>A statement estimating the effect that the new rates will have upon the revenues of the utility including, at minimum, the total amount of revenues resulting from the increase or decrease and the percentage of the increase or decrease.</i>	1	Robert M. Conroy
24	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(e)	<i>If the utility provides electric, gas, water, or sewer service the effect upon the average bill for each customer classification to which the proposed rate change will apply.</i>	1	Robert M. Conroy
25	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(f)	<i>If the utility is a local exchange company, the effect upon the average bill for each customer class for the proposed rate change in basic local service.</i>	1	Lonnie E. Bellar
26	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(g)	<i>An analysis of customers' bills in such detail that revenues from the present and proposed rates can be readily determined for each customer class.</i>	1	Robert M. Conroy
27	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(h)	<i>A summary of the utility's determination of its revenue requirements based on return on net investment rate base, return on capitalization, interest coverage, debt service coverage, or operating ratio, with supporting schedules.</i>	1	S. Bradford Rives
28	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(i)	<i>A reconciliation of the rate base and capital used to determine its revenue requirement.</i>	1	S. Bradford Rives
29	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(j)	<i>A current chart of accounts if more detailed than the Uniform System of Accounts prescribed by the commission.</i>	1	Shannon L. Charnas
30	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(k)	<i>The independent auditor's annual opinion report, with any written communication from the independent auditor to the utility which indicates the existence of a material weakness in the utility's internal controls.</i>	1	S. Bradford Rives
31	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(l)	<i>The most recent Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or Federal Communication Commission audit reports.</i>	2	Valerie L. Scott
32	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(m)	<i>The most recent Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Form 1 (electric), Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Form 2 (gas), or Automated Reporting Management Information System Report (telephone) and Public Service Commission Form T (telephone);</i>	2	Valerie L. Scott

Kentucky Utilities Company

Case No. 2008-00251

Historical Test Period Filing Requirements

Table of Contents

Tab #	Filing Requirement	Description	Volume No(s).	Sponsoring Witness(es)
33	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(n)	<i>A summary of the utility's latest depreciation study with schedules by major plant accounts, except that telecommunications utilities that have adopted the commission's average depreciation rates shall provide a schedule that identifies the current and test period depreciation rates used by major plant accounts. If the required information has been filed in another commission case a reference to that case's number and style will be sufficient.</i>	2	Shannon L. Charnas & John J. Spanos
34	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(o)	<i>A list of all commercially available or in-house developed computer software, programs, and models used in the development of the schedules and work papers associated with the filing of the utility's application. This list shall include each software, program, or model; what the software, program, or model was used for; identify the supplier of each software, program, or model; a brief description of the software, program, or model; the specifications for the computer hardware and the operating system required to run the program.</i>	2	Valerie L. Scott
35	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(p)	<i>Prospectuses of the most recent stock or bond offerings.</i>	2	S. Bradford Rives
36	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(q)	<i>Annual report to shareholders, or members, and statistical supplements covering the two (2) most recent years from the utility's application filing date.</i>	2	S. Bradford Rives
37	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(r)	<i>The monthly management reports providing financial results of operations for the twelve (12) months in the test period.</i>	3	Valerie L. Scott
38	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(s)	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission's annual report for the most recent two (2) years, Form 10-Ks and any Form 8-Ks issued within the past two (2) years, and Form 10-Qs issued during the past six (6) quarters updated as current information becomes available.</i>	3	S. Bradford Rives
39	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(t)	<i>If the utility had any amounts charged or allocated to it by an affiliate or general or home office or paid any monies to an affiliate or general or home office during the test period or during the previous three (3) calendar years, the utility shall file: 1. A detailed description of the method and amounts allocated or charged to the utility by the affiliate or general or home office for each charge allocation or payment; 2. An explanation of how the allocator for the test period was determined; and 3. All facts relied upon, including other regulatory approval, to demonstrate that each amount charged, allocated or paid during the test period was reasonable.</i>	3	Valerie L. Scott

Kentucky Utilities Company

Case No. 2008-00251

Historical Test Period Filing Requirements

Table of Contents

Tab #	Filing Requirement	Description	Volume No(s)	Sponsoring Witness(es)
40	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(u)	<i>If the utility provides gas, electric or water utility service and has annual gross revenues greater than \$5,000,000, a cost of service study based on a methodology generally accepted within the industry and based on current and reliable data from a single time period.</i>	3	W. Steven Seelye
41	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(v)	<i>Local exchange carriers with fewer than 50,000 access lines shall not be required to file cost of service studies, except as specifically directed by the commission. Local exchange carriers with more than 50,000 access lines shall file: 1. A jurisdictional separations study consistent with Part 36 of the Federal Communications Commission's rules and regulations; and 2. Service specific cost studies to support the pricing of all services that generate annual revenue greater than \$1,000,000, except local exchange access: a. Based on current and reliable data from a single time period; and b. Using generally recognized fully allocated, embedded, or incremental cost principles.</i> <i>Upon good cause shown, a utility may request pro forma adjustments for known and measurable changes to ensure fair, just and reasonable rates based on the historical test period. The following information shall be filed with applications requesting pro forma adjustments or a statement explaining why the required information does not exist and is not applicable to the utility's application:</i>	3	Lonnie E. Bellar
42	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(7)(a)	<i>(a) A detailed income statement and balance sheet reflecting the impact of all proposed adjustments;</i> <i>Upon good cause shown, a utility may request pro forma adjustments for known and measurable changes to ensure fair, just and reasonable rates based on the historical test period. The following information shall be filed with applications requesting pro forma adjustments or a statement explaining why the required information does not exist and is not applicable to the utility's application:</i>	3	Valerie L. Scott
43	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(7)(b)	<i>(b) The most recent capital construction budget containing at least the period of time as proposed for any pro forma adjustment for plant additions.</i>	3	Valerie L. Scott

Kentucky Utilities Company

Case No. 2008-00251

Historical Test Period Filing Requirements

Table of Contents

Tab #	Filing Requirement	Description	Volume No(s).	Sponsoring Witness(es)
44	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(7)(c)	<p><i>Upon good cause shown, a utility may request pro forma adjustments for known and measurable changes to ensure fair, just and reasonable rates based on the historical test period. The following information shall be filed with applications requesting pro forma adjustments or a statement explaining why the required information does not exist and is not applicable to the utility's application:</i></p> <p><i>(c) For each proposed pro forma adjustment reflecting plant additions provide the following information:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <i>1. The starting date of the construction of each major component of plant;</i> <i>2. The proposed in-service date;</i> <i>3. The total estimated cost of construction at completion;</i> <i>4. The amount contained in construction work in progress at the end of the test period;</i> <i>5. A schedule containing a complete description of actual plant retirements and anticipated plant retirements related to the pro forma plant additions including the actual or anticipated date of retirement;</i> <i>6. The original cost, cost of removal and salvage for each component of plant to be retired during the period of the proposed pro forma adjustment for plant additions;</i> <i>7. An explanation of any differences in the amounts contained in the capital construction budget;</i> <i>8. The impact on depreciation expense of all proposed pro forma adjustments for plant additions.</i> 	3	Valerie L. Scott
45	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(7)(d)	<p><i>Upon good cause shown, a utility may request pro forma adjustments for known and measurable changes to ensure fair, just and reasonable rates based on the historical test period. The following information shall be filed with applications requesting pro forma adjustments or a statement explaining why the required information does not exist and is not applicable to the utility's application:</i></p> <p><i>(d) The operating budget for each period encompassing the pro forma adjustments.</i></p>	3	Valerie L. Scott
46	807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(7)(e)	<p><i>Upon good cause shown, a utility may request pro forma adjustments for known and measurable changes to ensure fair, just and reasonable rates based on the historical test period. The following information shall be filed with applications requesting pro forma adjustments or a statement explaining why the required information does not exist and is not applicable to the utility's application:</i></p> <p><i>(e) The number of customers to be added to the test period-end level of customers and the related revenue requirements impact for all pro forma adjustments with complete details and supporting work papers.</i></p>	3	W. Steven Seelye

**Kentucky Utilities Company
Case No. 2008-00251
Historical Test Period Filing Requirements**

**Filing Requirement
807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(I)
Sponsoring Witness: Valerie L. Scott**

Description of Filing Requirement:

*The most recent Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or
Federal Communication Commission audit reports.*

Response:

The most recent Federal Energy Regulatory Commission audit report relating to KU's electric business is attached. The Federal Communication Commission does not audit KU and, therefore, no such audit reports exist.

FERC Audit Report – July 17, 2006

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20426

In Reply Refer To:
Office of Enforcement
Docket No. PA05-9-000
July 17, 2006

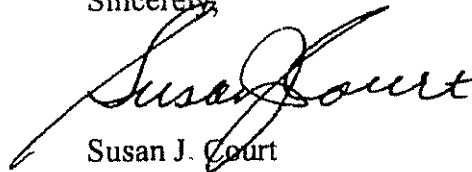
Michael S. Beer
Vice President, Federal Regulation and Policy
LG&E Energy Services, Inc.
220 West Main Street
Louisville, KY 40202

Dear Mr. Beer:

1. The Division of Audits within the Office of Enforcement (OE) has completed the audit of LG&E Energy LLC (LG&E) for the period from January 1, 2003 to December 31, 2005. The enclosed audit report explains our audit findings and recommendations.
2. On June 29, 2006, you notified us that LG&E agreed with our audit findings and recommendations. I hereby approve and direct the recommended corrective actions. A copy of your response is included as an Appendix to this audit report.
3. LG&E should file an implementation plan within 30 days of the date of this letter order and submit quarterly filings describing LG&E's progress completing each corrective action, including dates it has completed each corrective action. The filings should be made no later than 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter, beginning with the first quarter after this audit report is issued, and continuing until all the corrective actions are completed.
4. The Commission delegated the authority to act on this matter to the Director of OE under 18 C.F.R. § 375.314 (2006). This letter order constitutes final agency action. Your Company may file a request for rehearing with the Commission within 30 days of the date of this order under 18 C.F.R. § 385.713 (2006).
5. This letter order is without prejudice to the Commission's right to require hereafter any adjustments it may consider proper from additional information that may come to its attention.

6. I appreciate the courtesies extended to the auditors. If you have any questions, please contact Mr. Bryan K. Craig, Director, Division of Audits at (202) 502-8741.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Susan J. Court". The signature is written in a cursive style with a long, sweeping underline that extends to the left.

Susan J. Court
Director
Office of Enforcement

Enclosure

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION

Audit Period: January 1, 2003 through December 31, 2005

Audit of Code of Conduct, Standards of Conduct, Market-Based Rate Tariff, and MISO's Open Access Transmission Tariff at LG&E Energy LLC



Audit Report

**OFFICE OF ENFORCEMENT
DIVISION OF AUDITS**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	1
A. Overview	1
B. Summary of Compliance Findings.....	2
C. Summary of Recommendations	4
D. Actions Already Taken by LG&E.....	5
E. Implementation Plan.....	5
II. INTRODUCTION	6
A. Objectives	6
B. Scope and Methodology	7
III. CODE OF CONDUCT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.....	8
1. Functional, Physical and Operational Separation of LG&E's WMF and Affiliated Power Marketer.....	8
2. Sharing of Market Information.....	12
3. Posting of Information on Sales to Affiliates at Market-Based Rates	15
IV. STANDARDS OF CONDUCT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	19
4. Disclosures of Transmission and Customer Information.....	19
5. Standards of Conduct Training.....	24
6. Controls Used to Limit Access to System Control Centers	27
7. Organizational Charts.....	30
8. Shared Facilities	33
V. MARKET-BASED RATE TARIFF FINDING AND RECOMMENDATIONS	35
9. Electric Quarterly Report Inaccuracies	35
VI. LG&E'S VERBATIM RESPONSE.....	Appendix

I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A. Overview

The Office of Enforcement (OE)¹ has completed an audit of the operations of LG&E Energy LLC (LG&E).² For purposes of the audit, the relevant parts of LG&E's corporate structure included:

- The two utilities (Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company), each of which operates a system control center,
- LG&E's service company (LG&E Energy Services, Inc.), and
- LG&E's Marketing and Energy Affiliates, including LG&E's wholesale merchant function (WMF) and its affiliated power marketers³; LG&E's principal affiliated power marketer during the audit period was LG&E Energy Marketing, Inc. (LEM).

The audit covered the period from January 1, 2003 through December 31, 2005, and focused on LG&E's compliance with:

- LG&E's Code of Conduct, which requires the physical, operational, and functional separation of LG&E's WMF and its affiliated power marketers,
- The Commission's Standards of Conduct under Order No. 2004 and 18 C.F.R. Part 358 (2005), which requires the transmission function to operate independently from LG&E's energy marketing operations,
- LG&E's market-based rate tariff, and

¹ On April 16, 2006, the Office of Market Oversight and Investigations changed its name to the Office of Enforcement.

² On December 1, 2005, LG&E Energy LLC announced it changed its name to E.ON US.

³ *LG&E Power Mktg., Inc.*, 68 FERC ¶ 61,247 (1994); *modified on other grounds*, 69 FERC ¶ 61,153 (1994). LG&E Power Mktg.'s name was changed to LG&E Energy Marketing Inc. (LEM). *See* Notice of Name Change, Docket No. ER97-3418-000 (filed June 24, 1997).

- Midwest ISO (MISO) Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT) §28.6 Restrictions on Use of Service; §30.1 Designation of Network Resources; §30.4 Operation of Network Resources; and §30.7 Limitation on Designation of Network Resources.

B. Summary of Compliance Findings

Our audit findings are based on materials provided by LG&E in response to data requests, interviews with LG&E staff members, site visits, and a review of publicly available documents. LG&E has been very cooperative throughout the audit.

Based on our examination of the Code of Conduct, Standards of Conduct, Market-Based Rate Tariff, and MISO's OATT at LG&E, we identified nine areas of non-compliance.

Code of Conduct Compliance

- *Functional, Physical, and Operational Separation of LG&E's WMF and Affiliated Power Marketer:* LG&E's WMF and its principal affiliated power marketer (LEM) were not functionally, physically, and operationally separate to the maximum extent practical, as required by LG&E's Code of Conduct. Both WMF and LEM functionally reported to the same company officer and LEM shared physical facilities with WMF traders and with mid-office and back-office functions for the WMF. WMF and LEM operationally shared a telephone recording system to capture trading and dispatch conversations.
- *Sharing of Market Information:* LG&E's WMF shared market information with its principal affiliated power marketer (LEM) through presentations at joint staff meetings, in violation of LG&E's Code of Conduct. Also, the password access controls to the shared Energy Management System (EMS) were inconsistent with LG&E's password security policy.
- *Posting of Information on Sales to Affiliates at Market-Based Rates:* LG&E was required to post on an electronic bulletin board (EBB) information on energy sales at market-based rates from its WMF to its affiliated power marketer (LEM). LG&E's Code of Conduct required the price of such sales to be no lower than the rate charged to non-affiliates, and required simultaneous postings on an EBB of WMF's offers to sell to LEM and WMF's actual sales to LEM. Our review of LG&E's archived EBB postings disclosed that LG&E's EBB was not accessible to non-affiliated market participants for a period of time, and the information that LG&E posted on the EBB was not consistent with the requirements in LG&E's Code of Conduct.

Standards of Conduct Compliance

- *Disclosures of Transmission and Customer Information:* LG&E transmission employees improperly disclosed non-public transmission and customer information to employees of its WMF that was not contemporaneously available to the public, and failed to post in a timely manner the information disclosure on OASIS: (1) on at least three occasions, LG&E transmission employees disclosed real-time transmission system status information to LG&E Energy and Marketing affiliate employees during telephone calls concerning generation re-dispatch; (2) on at least one occasion, LG&E made transmission expansion planning information available to marketing employees; and (3) on a monthly basis through February 2005, a transmission employee sent e-mails to a marketing employee containing load data of third-party customers.
- *Standards of Conduct Training:* The scope of LG&E's Standards of Conduct training program was inconsistent with Commission regulations and with LG&E's training implementation plans. More than one year after the effective date of Order No. 2004, LG&E had failed to provide Standards of Conduct training for several hundred of the employees LG&E was required to train.
- *Controls Used to Limit Access to System Control Centers:* LG&E did not follow its posted implementation procedures to control and track access by the employees of its Marketing and Energy Affiliates to LG&E's two system control centers, including the requirement that LG&E marketing employees obtain permission from the Chief Compliance Officer (CCO) before visiting the system control centers.
- *Organizational Charts:* The organizational chart postings failed to include or accurately show: detailed organizational charts for business units engaged in the sales function; the position of LG&E's Marketing and Energy Affiliates within the corporate structure; and all of the business units that are part of LG&E's service company.
- *Shared Facilities:* LG&E did not post a list of the facilities shared by the Transmission Provider and LG&E's Marketing and Energy Affiliates as required by 18 C.F.R. § 358.4(b)(2) (2005).

Market-Based Rate Tariff Compliance

- *Electric Quarterly Report Inaccuracies:* LG&E's Electric Quarterly Report (EQR) filing for the first quarter of 2005 contained inaccurate information. LG&E inaccurately reported several sales transactions from its WMF to its affiliated power marketer (LEM) and reported invalid Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) numbers for several other customers.

C. Summary of Recommendations

Detailed recommendations are included in Sections III, IV, and V of this Audit Report that describe the compliance findings. Following is a brief summary of those recommendations. We recommend that LG&E:

- Implement its planned actions to ensure that WMF and LEM employees are functionally, physically, and operationally separate to the maximum extent practical.
- Create and implement policies and procedures to ensure that there is no exchange of market information inconsistent with LG&E's Code of Conduct, and to conduct an independent review after implementation of a new EMS system to ensure that market information (and transmission information) is not accessible to employees who should not have access to such information.
- Develop written policies and procedures regarding the use of its EBB, and develop a plan for making the EBB more accessible to non-affiliated market participants.
- Post OASIS notices for all identified disclosures of non-public transmission information. Specific recommendations include creating controls to prevent disclosure of non-public transmission and customer information as part of transmission operations, during meetings attended by transmission and marketing employees, and through e-mail exchanges of information.
- Strengthen the implementation of its training program, specifically, to develop written policies and procedures to ensure that new employees receive training, and conduct periodic reviews to ensure that all of the employees that require training are scheduled for, receive training, and are certified.
- Review and strengthen its system control center access procedures to ensure that LG&E marketing employees do not have access that differs in any way from the access available to other transmission customers.
- Revise its posted organizational charts to show the business units engaged in sales functions, the position of all Marketing and Energy Affiliates within its corporate structure, and sufficient detail to indicate that LG&E's service company is the employment mechanism for the Marketing and Energy Affiliates and the Transmission Provider.
- Revise its shared facilities postings to identify all facilities that LG&E's Marketing and Energy Affiliates share with service employees who have access to non-public transmission or customer information.

- Strengthen its written procedures to ensure that EQR filings are in compliance with Commission regulations, and to refile inaccurate EQR data identified in this Audit Report.

D. Actions Already Taken by LG&E

LG&E has already taken a number of corrective actions in response to our compliance findings to come into compliance with the Standards of Conduct and LG&E's Code of Conduct. These actions are enumerated in detail in Sections III, IV, and V of this Audit Report that describe the compliance findings.

As part of the audit scope, audit staff examined LG&E's use of network integration transmission service (NITS) for the audit period prior to April 1, 2005, the beginning of the MISO Day 2 market. After working with audit staff to perform the review of LG&E's use of NITS, LG&E committed to enhancing its "Before the Purchase System" (BPS) by creating detailed control processes to ensure its compliance with the OATT and the proper use of NITS. LG&E's BPS is a software product that determines when a bi-lateral power purchase can be reasonably expected to serve native load and can be imported using network integration transmission service. LG&E's BPS system provides traders a systematic process for determining if a purchase should be imported using NITS before purchases are made and scheduled. The BPS helps ensure LG&E's compliance with the Commission's approved uses for NITS.

E. Implementation Plan

We recommended that LG&E submit an implementation plan to the audit staff for our approval detailing LG&E's plans to comply fully with the findings and recommendations in this Audit Report. The implementation plan should describe the actions LG&E has already taken, and will take, that are consistent with and complementary to any future structural and organizational changes that LG&E may undertake.

The implementation plan should be submitted within 30 days of issuance of a Final Audit Report in this docket. In addition, LG&E shall make quarterly filings updating the audit staff of its progress on implementing the plan. The filings shall be made no later than 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter, beginning with the first quarter after this audit report is issued, and continuing until all the corrective actions are completed.

II. INTRODUCTION

A. Objectives

The overall audit objectives were to determine compliance with:

- LG&E's Code of Conduct, which requires the physical, operational, and functional separation of the utilities' WMF and its affiliated power marketers.
- The Commission's Standards of Conduct under Order No. 2004 (and prior to September 22, 2004, under Order No. 889⁴), which requires a Transmission Provider's employees engaged in transmission system operations to function independently from employees of its Marketing and Energy Affiliates.⁵ Standards of Conduct compliance was also evaluated against LG&E's own implementation procedures.⁶

⁴ *Open-Access Same-Time Information System (formerly Real-Time Information Networks) and Standards of Conduct*, Order No. 889, 61 FR 21737 (May 10, 1996), FERC Stats. & Regs., Regulations Preambles ¶ 31,035 (Apr. 24, 1996); *order on reh'g*, Order No. 889-A FR 12484 (March 14, 1997), FERC Stats. & Regs., Regulations Preambles ¶ 31,049 (March 4, 1997).

⁵ *Standards of Conduct for Transmission Providers*, Order No. 2004, 68 FR 69134 (Dec. 11, 2003), FERC Stats. & Regs., Regulations Preambles ¶ 31,155 (Nov. 25, 2003), *order on reh'g*, Order No. 2004-A, 69 FR 23562 (Apr. 29, 2004), FERC Stats. & Regs., Regulations Preambles ¶ 31,161 (April 16, 2004), *order on reh'g*, Order No. 2004-B, 69 FR 48371 (Aug. 10, 2004), FERC Stats. & Regs., Regulations Preambles ¶ 31,166 (Aug. 2, 2004), *order on reh'g*, Order No. 2004-C, 70 FR 284 (Jan. 4, 2005), FERC Stats. & Regs., Regulations Preambles ¶ 31,172 (Dec. 21, 2004), *order on reh'g*, Order No. 2004-D, 110 FERC ¶ 61,320 (2005), *appeal pending*, (D.C. Circuit Docket Nos. 04-1178, et al.)

⁶ "Joint Written Procedures Implementing Standards of Conduct for Transmission Providers as Adopted by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in Order No. 2004, Effective September 22, 2004" (hereinafter referred to as LG&E's posted implementation procedures). We found this document on April 5, 2005, posted on http://lgeenergy.com/regulatory/lgeku_compliance_procedures.pdf.

Docket No. PA05-9-000

- LG&E's market-based rate tariff.⁷
- The provisions of the MISO OATT.⁸

For purposes of evaluating compliance with the Standards of Conduct, this audit focuses primarily on the period from September 22, 2004, the effective date of Order No. 2004, to December 31, 2005. For purposes of evaluating compliance with Code of Conduct, market-based rate tariff and MISO's OATT requirements, this audit focuses primarily on the period from January 1, 2003 to December 31, 2005.

B. Scope and Methodology

The OE has completed an audit of the operations of LG&E. As part of the audit, OE conducted selective tests on data to determine LG&E's compliance with the Standards of Conduct, Code of Conduct, market-based rate tariff, and MISO's OATT requirements. Selective tests included those necessary to verify the accuracy of required informational postings on LG&E's OASIS, the effectiveness of written procedures and internal controls related to the Standards of Conduct, and compliance with all the provisions of the Standards of Conduct, LG&E's Code of Conduct, LG&E's market-based rate tariff, and the MISO OATT.

Additionally, we reviewed physical and electronic security over transmission operations and information. We discussed with LG&E personnel matters related to the corporate structure, Energy and Marketing Affiliates, local and wide area networks, shared functions, and the Standards of Conduct training received. We reviewed e-mail records and recorded conversations between LG&E's transmission operations and its Energy and Marketing Affiliates.

⁷ *Louisville Gas & Elec. Co.*, 85 FERC ¶ 61,125 (1998) (accepting for filing joint market-based rate tariff of LG&E and KU, FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 2); *LG&E Operating Cos.* Docket No. ER99-1623-000. Letter Order, Jun. 4, 1999 (accepting revised tariff sheets to Original Volume No. 2 permitting limited sales to certain affiliates); *Louisville Gas & Elec. Co.*, Letter Order, Docket No. ER02-1077-000, Apr. 16, 2002 (accepting "short form" market-based rate tariff as Original Volume No.3).

⁸ *Midwest Independent Transmission System Operator, Inc., et al.*, 84 FERC ¶ 61,231 (1998); *order on reconsideration*, 85 FERC ¶ 61,250 (1998); *order on reh'g*, 85 FERC ¶ 61,372 (1998); *order on compliance filing*, 87 FERC ¶ 61,085 (1999).

III. CODE OF CONDUCT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

1. **Functional, Physical and Operational Separation of LG&E's WMF and Affiliated Power Marketer**

LG&E's WMF and its principal affiliated power marketer (LEM) were not functionally, physically and operationally separate to the maximum extent practical, as required by LG&E's Code of Conduct. The WMF and LEM were functionally within the same LG&E business unit, and reported to the same company officer; the WMF and LEM shared physical facilities without strong controls to prevent information sharing; and the WMF and LEM shared a telephone recording system that provided LEM employees access to operational information such as WMF trading activities.

Pertinent Guidance

Section 3 of LG&E's Code of Conduct states that "(t)o the maximum extent practical, employees of the Utilities [*i.e.*, LG&E's WMF] who operate the Utilities' systems or engage in power purchasing or selling on behalf of the Utilities will be physically, operationally, and functionally separate from employees of the Marketers performing power marketing activities."⁹

Discussion

Collectively, the lack of functional, physical, and operational separation between WMF and LEM precluded LG&E from operating these entities as separate business units to the maximum extent practical as required in Section 3 of LG&E's Code of Conduct.

Functional Separation Between WMF and LEM

LG&E's WMF and its primary affiliated power marketer (LEM) were not functionally separate to the maximum extent practical since they functionally reported to the same company officer, *i.e.*, the Senior Vice President (SVP) of Energy Marketing. The employees of the two trading operations attended periodic meetings together, convened by the SVP of Energy Marketing. As described in the compliance finding "Sharing of Market Information" which follows next in this Audit Report, general market

⁹ *LG&E Power Mktg., Inc.*, 68 FERC ¶ 61,247 (1994); *modified on other grounds*, 69 FERC ¶ 61,153 (1994). LG&E Power Mktg.'s name was changed to LG&E Energy Marketing Inc. (LEM). *See* Notice of Name Change, Docket No. ER97-3418-000 (filed June 24, 1997).

information, as well as specific market information about WMF and LEM trading operations was discussed at these meetings.

According to the job description of the SVP Energy Marketing, the occupant of the position was responsible for establishing the strategic direction and management of the energy marketing, fuel procurement and trading activities for the WMF and also directs the optimization of the corporation's energy-related integrated gross margin. This job description indicates that the SVP Energy Marketing is expected to coordinate WMF and LEM activities to provide a greater return for the LG&E corporate family. This lack of functional separation between WMF and LEM was inconsistent with LG&E's Code of Conduct.

Physical Separation Between WMF and LEM

LG&E lacked sufficient physical barriers to ensure that the WMF's non-public market information was not shared with LEM. WMF operations and LEM operations were both located on the seventh floor of LG&E's headquarters building. Sharing a floor is not a violation of the Code of Conduct, as long as there are sufficient controls to ensure the physical separation of employees and operations. The physical space occupied by WMF operations were secured by a card key access system. However, LEM's operations were not secured by a card key access system, and the workspace of LEM employees (with the exception of the Director of LEM) was arranged in open carrels. WMF employees passed by LEM's workspace on their way to and from a conference room shared by the two trading operations, and the employees shared common facilities such as kitchen and restrooms. WMF and LEM employees frequently held discussions on the LEM trading floor, but LG&E asserted and the employees we interviewed confirmed that the information exchanged between WMF and LEM traders was not prohibited information—it was limited to public information regarding the market and market information about LEM.

The seventh floor also contained LG&E's risk management and energy accounting functions, both of which have access to WMF information. The risk management and energy accounting offices were not protected, e.g., through card key access, against entry by LEM personnel.

Operational Separation with Respect to Recorded Phone Calls

LG&E recorded phone calls of its traders and dispatchers for both the WMF and LEM functions on two RACAL digital tape recorder machines. Each machine recorded calls made by employees of both organizations on digital tapes. Each digital tape contained approximately 60,000 to 75,000 calls or about 21-28 days worth of recorded calls containing conversations made by both WMF employees and LEM employees.

Docket No. PA05-9-000

Each call was identified by date, time, and channel number which corresponded to a person or workstation. A recorded call varied in length from a few seconds to several minutes.

The two RACAL recorder machines and tapes were located on the seventh floor of LG&E's headquarters building in a locked room with access controlled by a LEM administrative employee. The LEM administrative employee provided access to specific tapes when WMF or LEM employees requested access to the tapes. The LEM administrative employee initially set up the machine to a channel, date and time, then instructed the WMF and LEM employees how to operate the machine to find other calls. The listening process involved searching and listening to the tape on a trial and error basis until the call was identified. The LEM administrative person did not remain in the room at all times while the WMF or LEM employees listened to the tapes, and these employees had the opportunity to access the entire contents of a tape containing both WMF and LEM recordings.

Recommendations

We recommend that LG&E:

1. Take all appropriate actions necessary to ensure that WMF employees and LEM employees are functionally and physically separate to the maximum extent practical, as required under LG&E's Code of Conduct.
2. Implement procedures to ensure that authorized access to the tape recordings are properly documented.
3. Implement procedures to separate tape recordings for WMF and LEM channels.
4. Implement controls to provide access to only one tape recording machine when WMF or LEM personnel are authorized to listen to tapes and implement controls to prevent unauthorized access to channels of historical tapes which contain recorded conversations of both WMF and LEM channels.
5. LG&E shall submit all procedures and controls to OE for approval within 30 days of issuance of a Final Audit Report in this docket.

Actions Already Taken by LG&E

After we discussed our concerns with the lack of physical separation between LEM and WMF, LEM physically moved from the seventh floor to the fourth floor of the LG&E building and LEM employees no longer have access to the seventh floor as of March 31, 2006.

LG&E also began maintaining a written log of all access to tapes and revamped its recording system so that now WMF and LEM employee conversations are recorded on separate tapes and machines. We verified that this change had been made during our site visit in October 2005. However, LG&E must still implement access controls to the tapes when WMF or LEM employees listen to tapes containing recorded conversations of both WMF and LEM channels. Also, LG&E must implement physical access controls to the recording machines if WMF or LEM employees are provided access to the secure room to listen to tapes.

The corrective actions do not solve the functional separation problem between WMF and LEM. LG&E will submit a plan to functionally separate WMF and LEM.

2. Sharing of Market Information

LG&E's WMF shared market information with LEM through presentations at joint staff meetings, in violation of LG&E's Code of Conduct. Also, password access controls to the shared Energy Management System (EMS) were insufficient and inconsistent with LG&E's password security policy.

Pertinent Guidance

Section 4 of LG&E's Code of Conduct states that "(n)o employee of the Utilities will share market information with any employee of the Marketers unless all such information is simultaneously made available to the public. The policy will not apply to market information known to be publicly available, or to market information disclosed to employees of the Marketers or the Utilities who are engaged in support functions, including human resources, information resources, data processing, finance, legal, accounting and other support personnel who do not participate in directing, organizing and executing the day-to-day business decisions of the wholesale merchant or generation functions of the Utilities or the Marketers, *provided* that such employees are prohibited from acting as conduits to pass market information obtained from the Utilities to the Marketers."¹⁰ (emphasis in original.)

LG&E's password security policy requires a password for each employee accessing LG&E's Local Area Networks (LAN) and Wide Area Networks (WAN).

Discussion

Joint Staff Meetings Between WMF and LEM

LG&E's WMF shared non-public market information with LEM through presentations at joint staff meetings, in violation of LG&E's Code of Conduct. The monthly trading meetings normally took place during the last week of each calendar month. In addition to the SVP of Energy Marketing, the managers of WMF and LEM attended, as well as staff from WMF and LEM, plus staff from the Market Analysis, Trading Controls, Operations Analysis and Fuels Management sections.

During the months of August, 2004 through May, 2005, the agendas of the Trading Meetings remained unchanged. The first item on the agenda was a presentation by the Manager of the WMF on the results of Regulated Off-System Sales (OSS) for the month, and how the results compared with the amount budgeted for that item. This

¹⁰ *Id.*

information included reforecast graphs for the calendar year-to-date, the results for the current month-to-date, the factors leading to the results (including such items as purchase power costs and transmission expenses), and a review of the profit-at-risk graph. Following this presentation by the WMF, LEM presented a report on its sales operations for the previous month and its forecasts and plans for the future.¹¹ Following LEM's presentation, the SVP of Energy Marketing dismissed the LEM employees from the meeting after which the WMF made additional reports about its operations and forecasts.

LG&E's Code of Conduct states that no employee of the WMF will share market information with any affiliated power marketer employee unless all such information is simultaneously made available to the public. Based on review of the agendas, and interviews with WMF personnel, we concluded that the WMF Off-System Sales' information presented at the beginning of the monthly meetings by the Manager of the WMF was WMF market information. This information was disclosed to LEM personnel present at the beginning of these meetings, a violation of LG&E's Code of Conduct.

Password Access to EMS Information

LG&E's WMF and LEM both use a shared EMS, partitioned into WMF generation data, LEM generation data, and LG&E transmission data. Password access controls to the shared EMS were insufficient and inconsistent with LG&E's password security policy. Prior to February 2004, LG&E permitted WMF and LEM users to access the EMS using separate group accounts and passwords, rather than using unique user accounts and passwords. The failure to require unique password access was contrary to LG&E's password security policy and increased the risk of inappropriate information access via the EMS. Specifically, group passwords are easier to disseminate and it is not possible to track the identity of individuals that use a group account to ensure that only those with appropriate clearance have accessed the EMS. Because WMF employees and LEM employees used group accounts and passwords, it was not possible to track individual access to specific account information.

¹¹ The information related to Western Kentucky Electric (WKE), LEM's sole remaining customer. In past years the information also related to LEM's contract with Oglethorpe Power Corporation (OPC).

Recommendations

We recommend that LG&E:

6. Create controls consistent with LG&E's Code of Conduct to ensure that there is no exchange of market information stemming from joint trading meetings for WMF and affiliated power marketing personnel.
7. Conduct an independent review by the internal audit department or an outside auditing firm when the new EMS is implemented in 2006 to ensure that there is no improper or unauthorized EMS screen access.
8. LG&E shall submit all controls to OE for approval within 30 days of issuance of a Final Audit Report in this docket. Also, LG&E shall submit the results of the independent review of the EMS to OE within 30 days after implementing its new EMS or issuance of a Final Audit Report in this docket, whichever is later.

Actions Already Taken by LG&E

After we discussed our concerns with LG&E about joint trading meetings between WMF and LEM, LG&E changed the agenda of the monthly trading meetings starting in June 2005. The agenda was altered so that the presentation about WMF's OSS is not made until later in the meeting, after LEM employees have left the meeting. In addition, beginning in December 2005, LG&E adopted certain process changes, including the requirement that the CCO or his designee attend all joint WMF and LEM meetings, and maintain a high-level agenda and/or minutes of each meeting.

LG&E implemented unique user accounts and passwords for its current GE/Harris EMS in February 2004. LG&E is currently developing, installing and testing a new EMS that should be operational in 2006.

3. Posting of Information on Sales to Affiliates at Market-Based Rates

LG&E's EBB was inaccessible to non-affiliated market participants, and the information on the EBB was not consistent with Commission requirements. The EBB would have been difficult for non-affiliate market participants to find, given that for some period of time it was located on a website of an LG&E affiliate that was not a party to affiliate sales. In addition, for some period of time it may not have been accessible over the internet. Moreover, the information and timing on offers to sell and actual sales to affiliates were not consistent with the specific requirements in LG&E's Code of Conduct.

Pertinent Guidance

On January 29, 1999, LG&E petitioned the Commission for blanket authority to authorize the Utilities, *i.e.*, LG&E's WMF, to sell energy at market-based rates to their power marketing affiliates. Acknowledging the Commission's concern about protecting captive ratepayers from subsidizing affiliate marketing operations, LG&E committed to adopt the safeguards the Commission approved in Detroit Edison Company.¹²

To implement these safeguards, LG&E amended its Code of Conduct to add the following requirements: "The Utilities will sell power to the Marketers at a rate that is no lower than the rate the Utilities charge to nonaffiliates; simultaneously with making an offer to sell power to the Marketers, the Utilities will make the same offer to nonaffiliates through a posting on their electronic bulletin board ("EBB"); and simultaneously with the striking of a power sales transaction with the Marketers, the Utilities will post the actual price paid on their EBB."¹³

Discussion

Accessibility of EBB Information to Market Participants

We sought to create a timeline for LG&E's EBB. LG&E's WMF made energy sales at market-based rates to LEM from 1999 through the Spring of 2005, but we could not confirm that the information posted on such sales was accessible to market participants. Based on the documentation provided to us by LG&E:

- From 1999 through December 2003, the sales information was posted on an EBB website for LG&E Power, one of LG&E's affiliated power marketers.

¹² 80 FERC ¶ 61,348 (1997).

¹³ Docket No. ER99-1623-000, Compliance Filing of Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company, filed March 4, 1999, at 2.

- In December 2003, the EBB containing the sales information migrated from the LG&E Power website to the LG&E Energy website.
- In April 2005, LG&E provided us the website address for the EBB, <http://apps.lgeenergy.com/fercgen/gensales.asp>. When we tried to access the EBB at this address, the page would not display. We subsequently asked LG&E how to access the EBB. On May 4, 2005, the internet address on LG&E Energy's website worked. We asked LG&E when this link to the EBB was made operational; LG&E informed us that it was made operational on May 1, 2005.

LG&E stated that other than LG&E's filing made in 1999 revising its Code of Conduct to post affiliate transactions on an EBB, it could not recall any occasions where it publicized the existence of the EBB. LG&E, however, could not recall a single instance when a market participant had inquired about any posting on the EBB.

Posted Offers to Sell on the EBB

LG&E's Code of Conduct required LG&E to make a simultaneous offer on the EBB to sell to non-affiliates the same product it was offering to sell to its affiliate. We concluded that the posting of offers to sell on the EBB were not consistent with the requirements of LG&E's Code of Conduct.

We reviewed archived EBB data for the audit period. Typically, each month on the first of the month, LG&E's WMF would post on the EBB an offer to sell a block of energy on an hourly basis. This monthly posting was at an asking price of \$12/MWh for virtually every month that a monthly offer was posted. LG&E stated that the asking price was set at \$12/MWh in order to induce counterparties to enter negotiations to purchase from LG&E's WMF.

We reviewed LG&E's variable costs on a generator-by-generator basis. Although prices of coal and other inputs changed over the course of the period that LG&E posted offers on the EBB, we concluded that had LG&E sold energy at \$12/MWh during any hour during which it posted an asking price of \$12/MWh, it would have been selling energy at a price less than its incremental cost. Moreover, our review of the EBB shows that WMF never sold energy to LEM at a price of \$12/MWh or less. LG&E's strategy of posting an asking price of \$12/MWh did not satisfy the Code of Conduct requirements to simultaneously offer hourly energy to non-affiliated market participants at the same price that it would offer such energy to its affiliate.

Prices of Affiliate Sales

We evaluated whether the prices at which WMF sold energy to LEM were consistent with the requirements of LG&E's Code of Conduct, *i.e.*, at a rate that is no lower than the rate that WMF sold to non-affiliated buyers. LG&E had no written procedures or other controls for its WMF traders to follow to determine an appropriate market price at which the WMF would sell to LEM. LG&E's WMF traders established the market price through telephone queries and broker quotes prior to negotiating a next-hour energy sale to LEM. We listened to recorded phone calls during hours in which WMF traders sold energy to LEM. We found no evidence that WMF traders sold energy to LEM at prices less than the market price in accordance with LG&E's Code of Conduct. However, when we reviewed the recorded phone calls, we found that WMF traders did not generally employ strong controls to establish the market price.

EBB Postings in 2001

We had specific concerns whether LG&E was properly using the EBB to post offers and sales from WMF to LEM to support a long-term sales obligation LEM had with Morgan Stanley, specifically affiliate sales in 2001. Based on the data provided to us by LG&E, we found the following EBB posting errors:

- WMF sold to LEM 50 MWh of energy during each off-peak hour during the month of May 2001 without posting offers or transactions on the EBB. We estimated these energy sales in May 2001 to total nearly 20,000 MWh, and to have generated revenues of approximately \$500,000.
- LG&E failed to post on the EBB offers or transactions when WMF sold energy to LEM to support LEM's sales to Morgan Stanley for an additional 10 days during calendar year 2001.

Recommendations

We recommend that LG&E:

9. Develop written procedures regarding the use of its EBB. Specifically, the written procedures should address how LG&E will ensure that the price at which it sells energy to its affiliate is no lower than the price at which it sells to non-affiliates, and how LG&E will post offers and sales on the EBB to make the information available to other market participants to demonstrate that its affiliate sales are at non-preferential prices.

Docket No. PA05-9-000

10. Develop a plan to ensure that the EBB is fully accessible, and that market participants know where to find the EBB on the LG&E website.
11. LG&E shall submit all procedures and plans to OE for approval within 30 days of issuance of a Final Audit Report in this docket.

Actions Already Taken by LG&E

We had numerous discussions with LG&E about the accessibility and effectiveness of its EBB postings. As of January 2006, LG&E had a link from its corporate website to the EBB. In addition, LG&E presented us plans for making the information posted on the EBB consistent with LG&E's Code of Conduct. LG&E has agreed to finalize these plans and to develop written procedures to guide trading staff on the use of the EBB within 30 days of the issuance of a Final Audit Report in this docket.

IV. STANDARDS OF CONDUCT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

4. Disclosures of Transmission and Customer Information

LG&E transmission employees improperly disclosed transmission and customer information to employees of its WMF that was not contemporaneously available to the public, and failed to post the information disclosure on OASIS.

Pertinent Guidance¹⁴

A Transmission Provider must ensure that any employee of the Marketing or Energy Affiliate is prohibited from obtaining information about the Transmission Provider's transmission system through access to information not posted on the OASIS or Internet website or that is not otherwise also available to the general public without restriction.¹⁵

An employee of the Transmission Provider may not disclose to its Marketing or Energy Affiliates any information concerning the transmission system of the Transmission Provider or the transmission system of another through non-public communications conducted off the OASIS or Internet website, through access to information not posted on the OASIS or Internet website that is not contemporaneously available to the public, or through information on the OASIS or Internet website that is not at the same time publicly available.¹⁶

A Transmission Provider may not share any information, acquired from non-affiliated transmission customers or potential non-affiliated transmission customers, or developed in the course of responding to requests for transmission or ancillary service on the OASIS or Internet website, with employees of its Marketing or Energy Affiliates,

¹⁴ Some of the incidents supporting this finding occurred under the former Order No. 889 Standards of Conduct requirements, *i.e.*, Part 37 requirements pre-September 22, 2004, Part 358 requirements thereafter. There are no significant differences in the specific requirements of Part 37 and Part 358 that bear upon the finding that LG&E improperly disclosed transmission and customer load information.

¹⁵ 18 C.F.R. § 358.5(a)(2) (2005).

¹⁶ 18 C.F.R. § 358.5(b)(1) (2005).

except to the limited extent information is required to be posted on the OASIS or Internet website in response to a request for transmission service or ancillary services.¹⁷

If an employee of the Transmission Provider discloses information in a manner contrary to the requirements of sections 358.5(b)(1) and (2), the Transmission Provider must immediately post such information on the OASIS or Internet Web site.¹⁸

Also, LG&E's posted implementation procedures provided that "any person with knowledge or concerns regarding activities that may have resulted, or could result, in a violation of the Standards of Conduct and/or Standards of Conduct Written Procedures is strongly encouraged, expected, and required to report them to the CCO without delay."

Discussion

Disclosures of Transmission Information by Telephone

On at least three occasions, once in May, 2004 and twice in November, 2004 LG&E transmission employees disclosed transmission line loading and operating status information to LG&E generation dispatchers during the course of generation re-dispatch events. LG&E's generation dispatch function is organizationally and functionally within its marketing business unit; therefore generation dispatch personnel are Energy and Marketing Affiliate employees.¹⁹ In each instance, the transmission information was disclosed through non-public communication.

LG&E identified three calls involving the disclosure of non-public transmission information relating to the loading of, line operational status, or redispatch or switching relief options for the 345 kV line Smith – Hardin County; 138 kV line Paddys Run – Paddys West; and 138 kV line Cane Run 6 – Cane Run Switching. LG&E acknowledged that the disclosed transmission information was not otherwise available to market participants through OASIS or other sources at the time that it was disclosed. We

¹⁷ 18 C.F.R. § 358.5(b)(2) (2005).

¹⁸ 18 C.F.R. § 358.5(b)(3) (2005).

¹⁹ The manager of generation dispatch reports to the Director of Trading who reports to the Senior Vice President for Energy Marketing. The generation dispatch desk is on the trading floor, located next to the workstation used by LG&E's real-time traders. Moreover, on occasion, LG&E's generation dispatchers talked to potential energy buyers and sellers on the phone and made trades if no one else on the trading floor was available to do so.

reviewed the disclosed information and determined that its disclosure to generation dispatch personnel was not necessary to ensure reliability and hence is not exempt under 18 C.F.R. § 358.5(b)(6) (2005). LG&E confirmed that the transmission information disclosed was not shared with traders, and there were no trades made by generation dispatchers in the hours subsequent to the disclosure of transmission information.

LG&E's generation dispatchers received Standards of Conduct training, and had available to them LG&E's Standards of Conduct implementation procedures, which required that improper disclosures of non-public transmission information be reported to the CCO. The generation dispatch employee did not disclose the incidents to anyone, including the CCO, so the disclosures were not posted on LG&E's OASIS after they occurred.

Disclosure of Transmission Information at a Meeting Attended by Transmission and Marketing Employees

During the audit period, we identified one meeting in which transmission personnel and marketing personnel were present at which LG&E transmission personnel disclosed non-public information regarding the status of two transmission projects. LG&E did not subsequently post the disclosures on its OASIS. At a Long Term Planning meeting that the SVP of Energy Marketing attended, the Director of Transmission discussed two transmission projects, providing information that was not publicly available in the Midwest ISO Transmission Expansion Plans ("MTEP"). These Projects were a 138/69kV transformer at VA City – Clinch River, which was a new interconnection tie-line between LG&E and American Electric Power Company, Inc., and a 138/69kV transformer at Paris substation, which was a reinforcement of the existing tie-line between LG&E and East Kentucky Power Cooperative. Each of the above two proposed projects would increase the transmission capacity between LG&E and the adjacent control area. LG&E did not post in a timely manner the disclosure on the OASIS after it occurred. We found no evidence that LG&E's Energy or Marketing Affiliates traded on this information.

Disclosure of Customer Load Data by E-Mail

On the first of the month, on a monthly basis through February 2005, a transmission employee e-mailed a marketing employee specific, non-public customer load information and failed to post in a timely manner the disclosures on OASIS.²⁰ Prior

²⁰ In *Allegheny Power Service Corporation et al, (Allegheny)* the Commission stated that the WMF may have access to control area load and not the specific load of third-party transmission customers within the same control area. See *Allegheny*, 84 FERC ¶ 61,131 at 61,729 (1998).

to August 1, 2003, the e-mails identified the date, time and LG&E's control area peak load, and load for the same date and time for LG&E, Hoosier Energy, Owensboro Municipal Utilities, Tennessee Valley Authority, and East Kentucky Power Cooperative. Beginning August 1, 2003 and continuing through February 1, 2005, the e-mails added the customer's monthly energy usage, peak load and load factor.²¹ LG&E acknowledged that this information was not publicly available. Knowledge of specific third-party load information could have been used to the advantage of LG&E's traders, although we found no evidence that this occurred.

Recommendations

We recommend that LG&E:

12. Post OASIS notices for all of the disclosures of non-public transmission information by LG&E's transmission function employees identified in this Audit Report. These postings should include the date, time, type of information disclosed, and other pertinent information.
13. Create and implement controls to prevent prospectively the disclosure of non-public transmission information to marketing employees performing generation dispatch functions and controls to ensure that any subsequent disclosure(s) are posted on OASIS consistent with Commission regulations. Such controls need to emphasize LG&E's policy that all concerns related to the Standards of Conduct should be brought to the attention of the CCO.
14. Create and implement controls to prevent prospectively the disclosure of non-public transmission information during meetings attended by both transmission and marketing employees, and controls to ensure that any subsequent disclosure(s) are posted on OASIS consistent with Commission regulations. Such controls need to emphasize LG&E's policy that all concerns related to the Standards of Conduct should be brought to the attention of the CCO.
15. Perform a review of all transmission and customer information shared through e-mail distribution in order to ensure that such information is not inappropriately shared with LG&E's Marketing and Energy Affiliate employees.

²¹ The load factor represents the ratio of the average load over a designated period of time to the peak load occurring during that period.

Docket No. PA05-9-000

16. LG&E shall submit all controls and the results of its email distribution review to OE for approval within 30 days of issuance of a Final Audit Report in this docket.

Actions Already Taken by LG&E

We discussed our concerns about the disclosure of transmission and customer information. LG&E informed us that it is developing process changes for addressing our concerns on a prospective basis, and that ultimately the process changes would be converted into formal written policies within 30 days of issuance of a Final Audit Report in this docket.

5. Standards of Conduct Training

LG&E's Standards of Conduct training program was inconsistent with Commission regulations and LG&E's own training implementation plans—more than one year after the effective date of Order No. 2004 (*i.e.*, 9/22/04), LG&E had failed to provide Standards of Conduct training for several hundred of the employees LG&E was required to train.

Pertinent Guidance

Order No. 2004 codified the training requirement as follows: "Transmission Providers shall train officers and directors as well as employees with access to transmission information or information concerning gas or electric purchases, sales, or marketing functions. The Transmission Provider shall require each employee to sign a document or certify electronically signifying that s/he has participated in the training." ²² Moreover, training was to be completed by the implementation date of Order No. 2004: "Each Transmission Provider must be in full compliance with the standards of conduct by September 22, 2004."²³

Order No. 2004 required a Transmission Provider to post its implementation procedures on its OASIS or website, specifically requiring that Transmission Providers "must explain...whether employees have been offered training on the standards of conduct, and whether employees are required to read and sign acknowledgement forms."²⁴ LG&E's posted implementation procedures have limited detail on its training program. LG&E directed us to an internal company training plan, which states (in part):

- All affected Company Personnel as well as employees of Energy and Marketing Affiliates (*i.e.*...except clerical, maintenance and field personnel) shall receive *Standards of Conduct* training prior to the September 22, 2004 implementation date.
- The initial *Standards of Conduct* training shall be conducted through interactive training programs developed and prepared by the Edison Electric Institute.²⁵

²² 18 C.F.R. § 358.4(e)(5) (2005).

²³ 18 C.F.R. § 358.4(e)(2) (2005).

²⁴ FERC Stats. & Regs, Regulations Preambles ¶ 31,155 at P 136.

²⁵ "FERC Standards of Conduct, Order Nos. 2004, 2004-A, 2004-B, Training plan, August 19, 2004, Overview."

Discussion

We reviewed LG&E's training program and compared it to the requirements in Order No. 2004, as well as LG&E's training plan. We concluded that LG&E did not provide training to all employees requiring training. As of November 2005, more than one year after the September 22, 2004 implementation date of Order No. 2004, LG&E had not provided training to all employees that fall under the definition of employees who needed to be trained, *i.e.*, "employees with access to transmission information or information concerning gas or electric purchases, sales, or marketing functions."²⁶

We could not determine the exact number of employees that required, but had not received, training. Employees that required Standards of Conduct training but did not receive training included:

- A handful of employees of the service company, *e.g.*, in business units such as Audit Services and Legal;
- Approximately 100 shared service employees, in business units such as Planning & Control;
- As many as 2,000 employees at LG&E-owned transmission and generation facilities, who had no training other than notification that new Standards of Conduct were in effect.²⁷

We discussed with LG&E the need to determine whether the employees in these business units have access to information concerning gas or electric purchases, sales or marketing functions that would trigger a training requirement under 18 C.F.R. § 358.4(e)(5) (2005), and when they do, to ensure that they have Standards of Conduct

²⁶ 18 C.F.R. § 358.4(e)(5) (2005).

²⁷ LG&E designated these employees as field and maintenance personnel and as such did not provide training to them. But the training requirement in Order No. 2004 does not hinge on whether employees are designated as field and maintenance personnel, but rather whether an employee has access to non-public transmission information or information concerning gas or electric purchases, sales or marketing functions. LG&E told us it did not make this determination with respect to its field and maintenance personnel. As such, we could not determine how many of these employees should have received training. LG&E did not assert that these employees did not have access to non-public transmission information or information concerning gas or electric purchases, sales or marketing functions.

training. LG&E agreed to review its training program, specifically to identify the additional employees that should have received training.

Recommendations

We recommend that LG&E:

17. Strengthen the implementation of its training program to ensure that on a going-forward basis, its training program is consistent with Commission requirements and its internal training plans.
18. Develop written procedures to ensure that new employees, and transferring employees that require training, receive training.
19. Conduct a review to ensure that all of the employees that have “access to transmission information or information concerning gas or electric purchases, sales, or marketing functions...” are scheduled for training, have received training, and are certified.
20. LG&E shall submit all changes to the implementation of its training program and procedures developed to OE for approval within 30 days of issuance of a Final Audit Report in this docket. Also, LG&E shall submit the results of its review of employee access to information within 30 days after issuance of a Final Audit Report in this docket.

Actions Already Taken by LG&E

We discussed LG&E’s training program with the CCO, and other LG&E officials. On November 10, 2005, LG&E submitted a letter to us outlining an enhanced training program. We reviewed LG&E’s plan and found it to be consistent with the requirements of Order No. 2004, the audit findings, and our recommended remedies.

LG&E proposed to require training for all LG&E employees who fall within the definition in 18 C.F.R. § 358.4(e)(5) (2005). LG&E proposed to use the EEI computer-based Training Program, including the certification of training completion. For employees without internet access, a paper version of the training program will be used for the training. LG&E informed us on January 11, 2006, that as of that date, it had increased the number of LG&E employees who had received training by 80%, from approximately 600 employees to approximately 1100 employees.

6. Controls Used to Limit Access to System Control Centers

LG&E did not follow its posted implementation procedures to control and track access of its marketing employees to LG&E's two system control centers, including the requirement that LG&E marketing employees obtain permission from the CCO before visiting the system control centers.

Pertinent Guidance

Order No. 2004 requires that a Transmission Provider's employees engaged in transmission system operations "must function independent from employees of its Marketing and Energy Affiliates."²⁸ Specifically, a Transmission Provider is prohibited from permitting the employees of its Marketing or Energy Affiliates from "having access to the system control center or similar facilities used for transmission operations or reliability functions that differs in any way from the access available to other transmission customers."²⁹

LG&E's posted implementation procedures provide that LG&E marketing employees must obtain permission from the CCO before visiting the system control centers: "The Chief Compliance Officer shall maintain a written record of each such decision for inspection upon request by the Commission."³⁰

LG&E's posted implementation procedures also prescribe access control to the system control centers.

The Companies shall maintain a written log book at each Transmission System Operating Center for purposes of documenting the instances in which a transmission customer, whether an employee(s) of an Energy and/or Marketing Affiliate or a representative(s) of an unaffiliated third-party, visited these facilities. The written log book should contain the: (1) name of the transmission customer; (2) the date and time of the visit; and (3) the Transmission Function Employee(s)

²⁸ 18 C.F.R. § 358.2(a) (2005).

²⁹ 18 C.F.R. § 358.4(a)(3)(ii) (2005).

³⁰ "Joint Written Procedures Implementing Standards of Conduct for Transmission Providers as Adopted by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in Order No. 2004, Effective September 22, 2004" Section IV.A.2.b.

or other Company Personnel hosting the transmission customer; (4) whether the transmission customer is an affiliate; and (5) purpose for the visit.³¹

Discussion

LG&E operates two separate system control centers. One control center, called Waterside, is located in Louisville, KY, in a building approximately two blocks from the LG&E corporate headquarters. The other control center, called Dix Dam, is located in Burgin, KY, at the site of the Dix Dam generating facility.

LG&E used card key access to restrict direct access to its system control centers. However, we found a number of problems with the controls employed to track access of visitors (including LG&E marketing employees) to LG&E's system control centers.

CCO Permission to Visit the System Control Centers

LG&E's posted implementation procedures provide that LG&E marketing employees should submit a written request to the CCO prior to visiting either one of the system control centers. Based on our review of the Waterside log sheets, on at least five occasions, two LG&E employees with marketing or marketing-related responsibilities visited the Waterside facility after September 22, 2004.³² The CCO told us that there was no record that marketing employees had sought permission to enter the control centers, and no record of CCO approval of such requests.

Controls on Visitors Entering the System Control Centers

The written log books controlling visitors to the system control centers were inconsistent with LG&E's posted implementation procedures. The logs did not collect some pertinent information that LG&E's implementation procedures required. Many of the entries on the log sheets were unintelligible to us, and some of these entries were unintelligible to LG&E personnel as well. As a result, we could not determine the full extent to which LG&E marketing employees (and non-affiliated transmission customers) had access to the system control centers and could not determine whether LG&E

³¹ *Id.*

³² One of the employees was the manager of the generation dispatch function, which staff established was part of the marketing function. The other was the manager of market policy—the position description for this individual said his department was responsible for monitoring and analyzing emerging electric markets and educating Energy Marketing staff on the implications of new market operations.

marketing employees had access in any way that differed from the access provided to non-affiliated transmission customers.

Access to Transmission Information Once Inside the System Control Centers

At both the Waterside and Dix facilities, a visitor standing at the door to the control centers had a line of sight into the control room, and was able to see transmission status information. This concern is heightened because of the relatively large number of LG&E marketing employees that visited a system control center. For example, our review of log sheets indicated that in the two year period prior to implementation of Order No. 2004, LG&E marketing employees may have made as many as 50 separate visits to the Waterside facility.

Recommendations

We recommend that LG&E:

21. Review and strengthen its system control center access procedures to ensure that its control procedures: (a) adhere to its own posted implementation procedures as it relates to CCO permission to visit control centers and maintenance of log books; (b) are followed by LG&E employees including the CCO and CCO designees; and (c) are certified in compliance with Order No. 2004 and LG&E's posted implementation procedures. LG&E shall submit all procedures to OE for approval within 30 days of issuance of a Final Audit Report in this docket.
22. Ensure that the entrances into the Waterside control room and Dix Dam control room are such that a visitor that enters the Waterside and Dix Dam facilities does not have a line of sight into the control rooms or to any workstations displaying data on transmission status.

Actions Already Taken by LG&E

LG&E informed us that on January 10, 2006, it revised its website to notify LG&E marketing employees that require access to the system control centers to seek written permission before each visit from the CCO. In addition, LG&E indicated that no later than January 13, 2006, the log books would be updated to conform to LG&E's posted implementation procedures, and temporary covers would be installed on all windows and doors that allow a line of sight into the system control centers.

7. Organizational Charts

LG&E's posted corporate and functional organizational charts (as of April 2005) failed to include or accurately show: detailed organizational charts for business units engaged in the sales function; the position of its Marketing and Energy Affiliates within the corporate structure; and sufficient detail to indicate that LG&E's service company is the employment mechanism for the Marketing and Energy Affiliates and the Transmission Provider.

Pertinent Guidance

The Order No. 2004 requirements for posting organizational charts provide that:

- (3) A Transmission Provider must post comprehensive organizational charts showing:
 - (i) The organizational structure of the parent corporation with the relative position in the corporate structure of the Transmission Provider, Marketing and Energy Affiliates;
 - (ii) For the Transmission Provider, the business units, job titles and descriptions, and chain of command for all positions, including officers and directors, with the exception of clerical, maintenance, and field positions. The job titles and descriptions must include the employee's title, the employee's duties, whether the employee is involved in transmission or sales, and the name of the supervisory employees who manage non-clerical employees involved in transmission or sales.

Further, Order Nos. 2004-A and 2004-B requires:

If a corporation uses a service company as the employment mechanism for the Transmission Provider and its Marketing or Energy Affiliates, the organizational charts should clearly specify those circumstances. Similarly, if a corporation uses both functional and structural organizational charts for its management, the organizational charts must accurately reflect its operations....³³

With respect to whether a detailed organizational chart is also required for a service company, the answer depends on the functions that the service company is

³³ FERC Stats. & Regs, Regulations Preambles ¶ 31,161 at P 163.

performing. If the service company is performing transmission functions, additional detail is required.³⁴

Discussion

LG&E's posted several organizational charts on its website at <http://lgeenergy.com/regulatory/soc.asp>³⁵ which showed a high-level organizational structure, including the holding company which owns LG&E Energy LLC, and the legal entities under LG&E Energy LLC, including notably: the operating companies (Kentucky Utilities Company and Louisville Gas and Electric Company); the service company (LG&E Energy Services, Inc.); and an LG&E marketing affiliate (LG&E Energy Marketing Inc., or LEM).

Additional posted organizational charts showed some—but not all—of the business units of the service company. The organizational charts showed a Senior Vice President (SVP) for Energy Services, with the following direct reports: Director of Transmission; SVP for Energy Marketing; VP for Regulated Generation; and VP Power Operations for Western Kentucky Energy.

However, the only business unit for which detailed organizational charts, job titles, chains of command, and job descriptions were posted was the Director of Transmission. Such detailed information was not posted for the sales functions, *i.e.*, the SVP for Energy Marketing, VP for Regulated Generation, and VP Power Operations for Western Kentucky Energy. The sales functions under the SVP for Energy Marketing included the following business units: Director of Trading; Director of Market Analysis & Valuation; Director of Non-Utility Marketing; Manager of Operations Analysis and System Implementation; Director of Corporate Fuels & By-Products; and Director of Business Information.

In addition, the posted organizational charts did not show the relative position in the corporate structure of all of LG&E's Marketing and Energy affiliates and did not clearly indicate that LG&E's service company is the employment mechanism for its Marketing and Energy Affiliates and Transmission Provider. For example:

- LG&E's postings showed one of LG&E's Marketing and Energy Affiliates, *i.e.*, LG&E Energy Marketing Inc. (LEM), as a separate corporate entity, but did not clearly indicate that LEM employees are in the service company along with transmission function employees; and

³⁴ FERC Stats. & Regs, Regulations Preambles ¶ 31,166 at P 79.

³⁵ We reviewed the organization charts on April 5, 2005.

8. Shared Facilities

LG&E did not post a list of the facilities shared by the Transmission Provider and LG&E's Marketing and Energy Affiliates as required by 18 C.F.R. § 358.4(b)(2) (2005).

Pertinent Guidance

The Commission's regulations state: "A Transmission Provider must post on its OASIS or Internet website, as applicable, a complete list of the facilities shared by the Transmission Provider and its Marketing and Energy Affiliates, including the types of facilities shared and their addresses."³⁶ This requires that when a Transmission Provider's Marketing and Energy Affiliates share facilities with any function of the Transmission Provider whose employees have access to transmission information, those shared facilities must be posted.³⁷

Discussion

LG&E's Order No. 2004 information posted on its internet website in April 2005 stated: "At this time, no facilities are shared between the Transmission Provider and its Marketing and Energy Affiliates".

LG&E believed that it was required to post a list of shared facilities only if its transmission function shares facilities with its Marketing and Energy Affiliates. Since LG&E's transmission function is housed in two buildings (the Waterside control center and the Dix Dam control center) that otherwise do not house other LG&E business units, LG&E informed us that it did not believe it had any shared facilities that required posting.

³⁶ 18 C.F.R. § 358.4(b)(2) (2005).

³⁷ Transmission Provider is defined as follows in 18 C.F.R. § 358.3 (2005):

(a) Transmission Provider means:

(1) Any public utility that owns, operates or controls facilities used for the transmission of electric energy in interstate commerce; or
(2) Any interstate natural gas pipeline that transports gas for others pursuant to subpart A of part 157 or subparts B or G of part 284 of this chapter.

(3) A Transmission Provider does not include a natural gas storage provider authorized to charge market-based rates that is not interconnected with the jurisdictional facilities of any affiliated interstate natural gas pipeline, has no exclusive franchise area, no captive rate payers and no market power.

Virtually all of LG&E's shared service employees (many of whom have access to transmission information) occupied the same building as LG&E's two primary Marketing and Energy Affiliates, *i.e.*, LG&E's WMF, and LG&E's principal affiliated power marketer (LEM). When we pointed out to LG&E that shared service employees with access to transmission information and the Marketing and Energy affiliate employees share facilities which trigger a posting requirement, LG&E agreed to revise its posting to ensure that it is consistent with 18 C.F.R. § 358.4(b)(2) (2005).

Recommendation

We recommend that LG&E:

26. Revise its shared facilities posting to include all facilities that LG&E's Marketing and Energy Affiliates share with service employees who have access to non-public transmission information.

Actions Already Taken by LG&E

After discussions with us, LG&E revised its posting with respect to shared facilities on December 13, 2005. We reviewed the revised posting in January 2006 and found that the revised posting is not consistent with the Commission's requirements. Specifically, LG&E has not identified the facilities its Marketing and Energy Affiliates share with other LG&E functions that have access to non-public transmission information.

V. MARKET-BASED RATE TARIFF FINDING AND RECOMMENDATIONS

9. Electric Quarterly Report Inaccuracies

LG&E's Electric Quarterly Report (EQR) filing for the first quarter of 2005 contained inaccurate information for its market-based rate sales. LG&E inaccurately reported several sales transactions from its WMF to its affiliated power marketer (LEM) and reported invalid Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) numbers for several other customers.

Pertinent Guidance

Order No. 2001³⁸ provided field names for the specified information required to be filed for the EQR: transaction begin date and transaction end date fields are provided for reporting the date and hour the transaction began and ended, increment peaking name field for reporting full period (FP), Peak (P), and Off-peak (OP), and class name field for reporting non-firm (NF) and firm (FP) power sales. Order No. 2001 also required the reporting of DUNS numbers for all customers in the EQR, making the power sale and the transmission reporting requirements consistent and reducing possible confusion among similarly named, but different, providers of service.

Discussion

We reviewed a sample of LG&E's EQR filing specifically for the first quarter of 2005. We found that LG&E inaccurately reported sales transactions to LEM and reported invalid Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) numbers for several other customers.

LG&E reported two "around the clock" sales to LEM on February 24, 2005 (transaction_unique_identifier 2005003000) and February 25, 2005 (transaction_unique_identifier 2005003080). LG&E sold 52 megawatts to LEM in each hour in Transaction 2005003000 for \$47.00 during the peak period and \$31.00 during the off-peak period. LG&E sold 104 megawatts to LEM in each hour in Transaction

³⁸ *Revised Public Utility Filing Requirements*, Order No. 2001, FERC Stats. & Regs., Regulations Preambles, ¶ 31,127 (2002), *order on reh'g*, Order No. 2001-A, 100 FERC ¶ 61,074 (2002), *order on reconsideration and clarification*, Order No. 2001-B, 100 FERC ¶ 61,342 (2002); Order No. 2001-C, 101 FERC ¶ 61,314 (2002); Order No. 2001-D, 102 FERC ¶ 61,334 (2003); Order No. 2001-E, 105 FERC ¶ 61,352 (2003); Order No. 2001-F, 106 FERC ¶ 61,060 (2004).

2005003080 for \$51.50 during the peak period and \$31.50 during the off-peak period. LG&E reported the off-peak period of both transactions as beginning at 12:00 AM and ending at 11:59 PM and assigned the increment peaking name as "FP" or full period rather than "OP" or off-peak. LG&E reported the peak period of these transactions as beginning at 7:00 AM and ending at 10:59 PM and assigned the increment peaking name as "FP" or full period rather than "P" or peak.

LG&E's EQR filing included 34 unique transaction identifiers where it sold energy to LEM and reported the class name of the energy sold as "NF" or non-firm. LG&E's Code of Conduct also required these sales to LEM to be posted on an EBB where LG&E reported these same sales transactions as system firm sales. When we asked LG&E to explain the discrepancy, it explained that the EQR data showing the sales as non-firm was incorrect.

LG&E reported 10 invalid DUNS numbers in its EQR for the 1st quarter 2005 for the following customers: Barbourville Water & Electric, Bardstown Municipal Light & Water, Bardwell City Utilities, Benham Electric System, City of Madisonville, City of Paris Combines Utilities, El Paso Merchant Energy L.P., El Paso Merchant Energy, LP, Owensboro Municipal Utilities, and Rainbow Energy Marketing Corp..

Recommendations

We recommend that LG&E:

27. Strengthen its written procedures to ensure all data reported in future EQR filings are in compliance with Commission regulations and reflect the correction of the errors and inconsistencies identified in this Audit Report.
28. Implement procedures to validate all customer DUNS numbers.
29. Refile all EQR reports from inception to correct the increment peaking name and the class name of power it sold to LEM.
30. LG&E shall submit all procedures to OE for approval within 30 days of issuance of a Final Audit Report in this docket.

Actions Already Taken by LG&E

LG&E advised us that it would be making corrections to its EQR filings, and that such corrections were made on January 31, 2006. We expect that the revised written procedures on EQR filings will be addressed by LG&E in its implementation plan in response to this Audit Report.

VI. IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

We recommended that LG&E submit an implementation plan to the audit staff for our approval detailing LG&E's plans to comply fully with the findings and recommendations in this Audit Report. The implementation plan should describe the actions LG&E has already taken, and will take, that are consistent with and complementary to any future structural and organizational changes that LG&E may undertake.

The implementation plan should be submitted within 30 days of issuance of a Final Audit Report in this docket. In addition, LG&E shall make quarterly filings updating the audit staff of its progress on implementing the plan. The filings shall be made no later than 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter, beginning with the first quarter after this audit report is issued, and continuing until all the corrective actions are completed.



Michael S. Beer

June 29, 2006

Mr. Bryan Craig, Director
Division of Audits
Office of Enforcement
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
888 First Street, NE
Washington, DC 20426

RE: *Louisville Gas and Electric Company, Kentucky Utilities Company*
Docket No. PA05-9-000

Dear Mr. Craig:

This letter sets forth the response of Louisville Gas and Electric Company ("LG&E") and Kentucky Utilities Company ("KU") (collectively, the "Companies") to the draft audit report issued by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's ("FERC" or the "Commission"), Office of Enforcement, Division of Audits ("FERC Audit Staff") on June 14, 2006, in the above referenced docket ("Draft Audit Report"). As requested, this response addresses: (1) whether the Companies agree or disagree with each finding and recommendation set forth in the Draft Audit Report; and (2) the corrective actions planned, or taken, and target completion dates.

I. INTRODUCTION.

The Companies agree with the findings and recommendations set forth in the Draft Audit Report. Further, the Companies appreciate the opportunity to respond to the Draft Audit Report. Encouraging, facilitating, and maintaining on-going compliance with Commission's regulatory initiatives and requirements is of the highest priority to the Companies and consistent with the core values and behaviors of E.ON U.S. LLC and its parent, E.ON AG. The operational audit of the Companies' compliance with the Standards of Conduct, the Companies' Market-Based Rate Tariffs, Market-Based Rate Tariff Code of Conduct ("LG&E Code of Conduct"), and the Open Access Transmission Tariff of the Midwest Independent Transmission System Operator, Inc. (collectively, "Audit Items") has been beneficial for the Companies as the audit process revealed several areas in which the Companies could improve their existing processes and methods.

During the course of the audit, and as discussed here, the Companies have taken and will continue to take substantial steps to improve their compliance. The Companies are committed to implementing and maintaining a comprehensive internal FERC compliance program as suggested in the

recent *Policy Statement on Enforcement*.¹¹¹ One of the core behaviors that defines the global E.ON corporate family is the “drive for excellence.” In this regard, the Companies are committed to driving for excellence in the area of FERC regulatory compliance by implementing, monitoring, and periodically evaluating the effectiveness and efficiency of existing measures designed to ensure for full compliance.

In this regard and to clearly demonstrate the Companies’ commitment to compliance, the Chairman, President, and Chief Executive Officer of the Companies has expanded the responsibilities of the Standards of Conduct Chief Compliance Officer (“CCO”) to include the LG&E Code of Conduct and the Market-Based Rate Tariffs under which the Companies and any affiliates may be operating. The CCO has been further directed to prepare and implement a detailed, comprehensive compliance program that encompasses the full range of FERC regulatory obligations, and to develop and implement a strategy for enhanced training, monitoring, and auditing the effectiveness of the overall internal FERC compliance process. The Companies’ ongoing commitment to compliance has the full support of the entire senior management team of E.ON U.S. LLC, as well as their commitment to support the development and the implementation of the broader FERC compliance program.

As noted in the *Policy Statement on Enforcement*, a thorough commitment to compliance must be ingrained in corporate culture. Such a commitment is established at the senior most levels of any organization and must flow down from management to front-office employees engaged in day-to-day operations. As noted above, E.ON U.S. LLC senior management is strongly committed to ensuring compliance with all applicable FERC regulatory obligations. The Companies believe that the establishment of a detailed and comprehensive internal FERC compliance program will demonstrate this commitment throughout the E.ON U.S. LLC corporate family and also to the Commission. Simply put, compliance with the letter and spirit of applicable FERC regulatory obligations is encouraged, expected, and required at all levels of our organization. Therefore, as the audit process concludes, E.ON U.S. LLC reiterates our commitment to strengthening and maintaining an effective and open culture of compliance. This commitment is an integral part of our corporate identity and reflects our core values and behaviors.

¹¹¹ *Enforcement of Statutes, Orders, Rules and Regulations*, 113 FERC ¶ 61,068 (2005) (“*Policy Statement on Enforcement*”).

II. RESPONSE TO PROPOSED FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

The Companies sincerely appreciate FERC Audit Staff's willingness to work with our employees and, where possible, provide guidance to help strengthen our overall compliance with the Audit Items. Prior to addressing specific comments on the proposed findings and recommendations, the Companies would like to highlight their cooperation with FERC Audit Staff as the audit progressed. We believe that the spirit in which the revised procedures for the Before-the-Purchase System were developed, as well as the guidance regarding Standards of Conduct training and for strengthening compliance with the Code of Conduct Electronic Bulletin Board ("EBB") posting requirements, are positive examples of how the operational audit process can work. The Companies look forward to working with FERC Audit Staff to finalize and implement post operational audit compliance plans in accordance with the process described in the Draft Audit Report.

As noted in Section I, above, the Companies agree with the findings and recommendations set forth in the Draft Audit Report. As discussed in Section I, above, the Companies and their parent, E.ON U.S. LLC, are committed to ensuring on-going compliance with the Audit Items, as well as other applicable FERC regulatory initiatives and requirements. The Companies were frankly unsettled by the number of non-compliance findings identified by FERC Audit Staff. We trust that our willingness to act without delay to address the identified non-compliance issues and take the necessary steps to strengthen and broaden their overall compliance program is, in fact, evidence of the priority the Companies give to compliance. These priorities will not change following the conclusion of the audit. Finally, the Companies would like to emphasize the importance of the absence of findings of intent to violate applicable rules or tariffs regarding the identified areas of non-compliance.

III. UPDATE OF CORRECTIVE ACTIONS TAKEN OR PLANNED AND TARGET COMPLETION DATES.

The Companies agree to submit an implementation plan within 30 days of the issuance of the final audit report. The implementation plan will set forth the distinct steps that the Companies have taken, and will take, to fully comply with the findings and recommendations set forth in the final audit report. In the interim, the Companies provide the following status report on the steps that they have taken during the course of the audit to comply with the findings and recommendations of FERC Audit Staff

A. CODE OF CONDUCT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

1. Functional, Physical, and Operational Separation of LG&E's Wholesale Merchant Function and Affiliated Power Marketer.

The Draft Audit Report directs the Companies to take all appropriate actions necessary to ensure that wholesale merchant function employees ("WMF") are functionally, physically, and operationally separated to the maximum extent practical, as required under the LG&E Code of Conduct, from their affiliated power marketer, LG&E Energy Marketing Inc. ("LEM"). Draft Audit Report at 8-11. As discussed below, the Companies have already implemented, or propose to implement, corrective measures designed to satisfy these requirements. While the final details of the steps taken by the Companies to achieve the appropriate degree of functional, physical and operational separation required

by the LG&E Code of Conduct will be set forth in their implementation plan, the Companies provide the following update.

a. Functional Separation Concerns.

The Draft Audit Report states that the functional separation between WMF and LEM is not consistent with the LG&E Code of Conduct. Draft Audit Report at 8-9. The Draft Audit Report cites two examples of the lack of appropriate functional separation between WMF and LEM. *Id.* at 8-9. The first example concerns meetings jointly attended by WMF and LEM personnel and the Senior Vice President, Energy Marketing (“SVP Energy Marketing”) at which certain market information about WMF and LEM trading operations was discussed. *Id.* The second example addresses certain aspects of the job description for the SVP Energy Marketing’s indicating “that the SVP Energy Marketing is expected to coordinate WMF and LEM activities to provide a greater return for the LG&E corporate family.” *Id.* at 9. The Companies agree with the findings made in the Draft Audit Report regarding the functional separation between WMF and LEM and agree to implement post-audit corrective measures to improve their compliance with the LG&E Code of Conduct functional separation requirements.

In order to ensure clear and full compliance with the functional separation requirements of the LG&E Code of Conduct, the Companies propose to implement the following corrective measures. First, the Companies propose to revise the job description of the SVP Energy Marketing. All language in the current job description indicating that SVP Energy Marketing is expected to “coordinate WMF and LEM activities to provide a greater return for the LG&E corporate family” will be deleted. As revised, the job description will require the SVP Energy Marketing to exercise his corporate oversight and management responsibilities for WMF and LEM in a manner that ensures that WMF and LEM: (1) are treated as separate and distinct businesses in accordance with the functional separation requirements of the LG&E Code of Conduct; and (2) will produce the greatest return for the E.ON U.S. corporate family on an independent and stand-alone basis. Further, the revised job description will acknowledge the SVP Energy Marketing’s obligation to comply with the No Conduit Rule set forth in the LG&E Code of Conduct.

Second, as discussed in Section III.A.1.b, below, the SVP Energy Marketing has discontinued holding monthly trading meetings that are jointly attended by WMF and LEM staff. Concurrent with the physical relocation of LEM to an enclosed work space on the Fourth (4th) Floor West section of the E.ON U.S. LLC Building located at 220 W. Main Street in Louisville, Kentucky (“E.ON Center”), the SVP Energy Marketing has implemented a process change and now meets with WMF and LEM separately on a monthly basis to discuss relevant business issues. Further, as noted in Section III.A.2.a, below, the Companies have implemented a process change that requires the CCO or his designee to attend any business meetings where both WMF and LEM staff are present. This process change squarely covers any meeting where the SVP Energy Marketing also may be present with both WMF and LEM staff.

Third, per prior discussions with FERC Audit Staff on or about February 6, 2006, the Companies commit to adhere to the chain of command for WMF and LEM in order to maintain separation between the SVP Energy Marketing and the execution of day-to-day WMF and LEM activities consistent with the SVP Energy Marketing’s status as one of most senior executives in the E.ON U.S. LLC corporate family and the Companies’ existing delegations of corporate authorities.

Together with the corrective measures designed to ensure proper physical and operational separation discussed in Sections III.A.1.b and c, below, the Companies respectfully submit that, given the relatively small size of E.ON U.S. LLC regulated and unregulated trading operations, these corrective measures will provide the functional separation required by the LG&E Code of Conduct (from both a substantive and optical perspective). The Companies will submit the specific measures for ensuring full compliance with the LG&E Code of Conduct functional separation requirements as part of their post-audit implementation plan.

b. Physical Separation Concerns

The Draft Audit Report states that the physical separation between WMF and LEM is not consistent with the LG&E Code of Conduct. Draft Audit Report at 9. The Companies agree with the findings regarding physical separation concerns and, as discussed below, have implemented a number of corrective measures that assure that the physical separation of WMF and LEM is consistent with the LG&E Code of Conduct.

As a follow-up to the discussion regarding the physical proximity of WMF and LEM in their letter to FERC Audit Staff dated January 11, 2006 ("January 11 Letter"), the Companies hereby confirm that as of March 31, 2006, LEM has been physically relocated to an enclosed work space on the 4th Floor West section of E.ON Center. The enclosed LEM work space on the 4th Floor West section of the E.ON Center is secured by a card-key reader that only permits access to LEM personnel and a limited group of support personnel that may be shared consistent with requirements of the LG&E Code of Conduct, such as the CCO and designees, internal legal counsel, Energy Marketing Accounting, Trading Controls, and Operations Analysis/System Implementation.

Neither the 4th Floor of the E.ON Center nor the enclosed LEM workspace located thereon can be accessed by WMF personnel. Conversely, neither the 7th Floor of the E.ON Center nor the enclosed WMF workspace located thereon can be accessed by LEM personnel.

A full description of the specifics regarding the key card access restrictions to the enclosed LEM work space on the 4th Floor West section, and to the WMF work space on the 7th Floor North section, of the E.ON Center will be provided in the Companies' post-audit implementation plan. Further, written procedures governing the access to the WMF and LEM workspaces for authorized E.ON U.S. LLC employees and other permitted persons will be adopted by the Companies as part of comprehensive Code of Conduct compliance program.

c. Operational Separation Concerns with Respect to Recorded Phone Calls

The Draft Audit Report states that the operational separation between WMF and LEM with respect to recorded phone calls on two (2) RACAL digital tape recorders is not consistent with the LG&E Code of Conduct. Draft Audit Report at 9-10. The Companies agree with these findings as set forth in the Draft Audit Report and have already undertaken measures to ensure compliance with the operational separation requirements of the LG&E Code of Conduct as it relates to recorded phone conversations. Further, as discussed below, the Companies propose to implement additional measures to ensure compliance with this aspect of the operational separation requirement.

In their January 11 Letter, the Companies proposed to implement certain internal controls to ensure appropriate operational separation under the LG&E Code of Conduct with respect to WMF and LEM trader telephone conversations using RACAL digital tape recorders. January 11 Letter at 5. The Companies continue to pursue the implementation of the corrective measures outlined in the January 11 Letter. However, the Companies hereby inform FERC Audit Staff that, on or about December 14, 2005, the RACAL digital tape recorders were replaced by two (2) NiceCall Focus III voice recording systems that contain technology that permit the “desktop review” of previously recorded conversations. One NiceCall Focus III machine is dedicated exclusively for use by LEM. The second machine is dedicated for use exclusively by WMF. The Companies believe that their investment in separate voice recording machines for LEM and WMF that contain “desktop review” technology is a substantial step towards achieving the operational separation required by the LG&E Code of Conduct with respect to recorded calls.

Distinct from the RACAL recorders, the NiceCall Focus III voice recording systems are operated on a stand-alone basis and are not interconnected in any way, physically or operationally. As noted above, these machines contain technology that allows traders to engage in desktop review of prior recorded calls. As discussed in greater detail in the Companies’ post-audit implementation plan, traders for WMF and LEM are assigned specific channels on the NiceCall Focus III machine assigned to their business unit and are only permitted access to those channels.^[4] In order to provide appropriate risk management and corporate oversight of trading activities, supervisory personnel within LEM and WMF are also permitted to access the recorded conversations of traders assigned to their business unit.^[5] Limited access to recorded conversations is permitted by certain “shared support” personnel that are subject to the No Conduit Rule under the LG&E Code of Conduct, such as internal legal counsel, Trading Controls, Energy Accounting, Contract Administration, and the CCO and his designees.

In two distinct respects, the Companies believe that the use of the separate NiceCall Focus III machines with “desktop review” technology will help ensure on-going compliance with the operational separation requirements of the LG&E Code of Conduct. First, “desktop review” technology eliminates the need for WMF and LEM personnel to have physical access to the work space where these machines are currently stored. Second, because different NiceCall Focus III machines are used by WMF and LEM, taken together with the fact that WMF and LEM have been physically separated as described in Section III.A.1.b, above, there is no risk of personnel from one operation gaining indirect, remote access to non-public market information on the other operation’s recorded lines.

As discussed in greater detail in their post audit implementation plan, the Companies propose to adopt a comprehensive set of written procedures designed to facilitate on-going compliance with LG&E Code of Conduct operational separation requirements as applied to recorded calls for both the new NiceCall Focus III machines and for historic conversations recorded on the RACAL tapes. The Companies will adopt these written procedures as part of comprehensive Code of Conduct compliance

^[4] Because separate NiceCall Focus III machines are used by LEM and WMF, traders for LEM may only access assigned channels on the NiceCall Focus III machine that is dedicated for use exclusively by LEM. Similarly, WMF traders may only access assigned channels on the NiceCall Focus III that is dedicated for use exclusively by WMF.

^[5] LEM supervisory personnel may only access voice recordings on the NiceCall Focus III machine dedicated for use exclusively by LEM. Similarly, WMF supervisory personnel may only access voice recordings on the NiceCall Focus III machine dedicated exclusively for use by WMF.

program. With regard to historic conversations recorded on the RACAL tapes, the Companies propose to implement internal controls consistent with those outlined in their January 11 Letter.

In that regard, the January 11 Letter proposed to implement a policy or set of procedures designed to ensure that: (1) trading personnel of one operation (whether WMF or LEM) will not have access to RACAL tapes of recorded conversations of the other; and (2) that anyone requesting access to RACAL tapes of recorded conversations must listen to such tapes in a location that does not permit access to phone conversations of the other group (*i.e.*, in their assigned work spaces). Specifically, the Companies proposed to develop a log book or another form of written record to document requests for access to historic conversations recorded on the RACAL tapes that requires the following information:

- The name of the person(s) seeking access to the RACAL tapes containing the recorded phone conversations;
- The name of their business unit (*e.g.*, WMF, LEM, legal or regulatory);
- A brief description of the recorded conversations on the RACAL tapes for which access to the tapes is sought;
- A brief description of the reasons for reviewing the recorded conversations on the RACAL tapes (*e.g.*, contract dispute, incorrect trade confirmation).

Finally, the Companies propose to include written procedures to provide for the periodic review by the CCO or his designee of the RACAL tape log book or other written record. These written procedures will be adopted as part of a comprehensive Code of Conduct compliance program

2. Sharing of Market Information.

a. Joint Staff Meetings Between WMF and LEM.

The Draft Audit Report states that the WMF shared marketing information through presentations at joint staff meetings in violation of the LG&E Code of Conduct. Draft Audit Report at 12-13. The Companies agree with these findings regarding joint staff meetings between WMF and LEM as set forth in the Draft Audit Report. As discussed below, the Companies have already undertaken significant measures to ensure compliance with the information sharing restrictions in the LG&E Code of Conduct and propose to formalize these measures in their post-audit implementation plan.

In June 2005, the Companies revised the agenda of the monthly trading meetings jointly attended by WMF and LEM personnel, as well as the SVP Energy Marketing and staff from Market Analysis, Trading Controls, Operations Analysis, and Fuels Management to address concerns raised by FERC Audit Staff regarding the sharing of WMF historical off-system sales (“OSS”) summary information during these meetings. *See* Draft Audit Report at 14. From the period June 2005 through March 31, 2006, the Companies altered the agenda so that the presentation regarding WMF’s OSS was not made until LEM employees were dismissed from the meeting. Since December 2005, the Companies have adopted certain process changes, including the requirement to have the CCO or his designee attend all

business meetings jointly attended by WMF and LEM personnel. The CCO or his designee maintains a high-level agenda and/or minutes of such joint meetings.

Please note that beginning on or about April 1, 2006, the SVP Energy Marketing discontinued scheduling and holding monthly trading meetings that are jointly attended by WMF and LEM staff. The monthly trading meetings are now held by the SVP Energy Marketing with WMF and LEM staff separately. These separate meetings are also attended by staff from Market Analysis, Trading Controls, Operations Analysis, and Fuels Management, who are shared support staff under the LG&E Code of Conduct and subject to the No Conduit Rule. In accordance with the No Conduit Rule, non-public WMF or LEM market information discussed during meeting with one business unit (*i.e.*, WMF) is not shared in meetings with the other business unit (*i.e.*, LEM) and vice versa.

As discussed in greater detail in their post-audit implementation plan, the Companies propose to adopt the process changes as part of a comprehensive Code of Conduct compliance program. In addition, the Companies propose to memorialize as part of a comprehensive Code of Conduct compliance program that monthly trading meetings discussed in the Draft Audit Report are held separately with WMF and LEM staff.

b. Password Access to EMS Information

The Draft Audit Report states that Companies password access controls to the shared Energy Management System (“EMS”) were insufficient and inconsistent with the Companies’ password security policy. Draft Audit Report at 13. Prior to February 2004, the Companies permitted WMF and LEM users to access the EMS using separate group accounts and passwords, rather than using unique user accounts and passwords. *Id.* As a consequence, the Draft Audit Report states that failure to require unique password access was contrary to the Companies’ password security policy and increased the risk of inappropriate information access via the EMS. *Id.* The Companies agree with the findings regarding password access to EMS information as set forth in the Draft Audit Report and have already taken corrective measures to address these concerns.

As noted in the Draft Audit Report, in February 2004, the Companies have implemented individual user-ids and passwords for its current GE/Harris EMS. As required by GE/Harris vendor support requirements, a common user-id still exists solely and exclusively for maintenance purposes. However, the WMF and LEM EMS users do not have access to the vendor required common user-id and may only access the EMS through their own unique user-id and password.

The Companies are in the process of installing a new Open Systems International (“OSI”) EMS. It is anticipated that the OSI EMS will become fully operational on or about December 31, 2006. As part of their post-audit operational plan, the Companies will provide an update on the status of the installation of the new OSI EMS and on a quarterly basis thereafter until the OSI EMS becomes fully operational. In addition, the Companies agree to conduct an independent review by their internal audit department or an outside audit firm when the OSI EMS is implemented to ensure that there is no unauthorized EMS screen access by WMF and LEM staff. Finally, a requirement mandating the periodic review of EMS access requirements will be adopted as part of the Companies’ existing Standards of Conduct compliance program and the proposed comprehensive Code of Conduct compliance program.

3. Posting Information on Sales to Affiliates at Market-Based Rates.

a. Accessibility of EBB Information to Market Participants.

The Draft Audit Report raised a number of concerns regarding the accessibility of the Companies' EBB to market participants. Draft Audit Report at 15-16. The Companies agree with the findings regarding the accessibility of EBB information to market participants.

As noted in the Companies' January 11 Letter, as of January 2006, a link to the EBB, entitled "LEM Transactions" was posted on the left-hand column of regulatory page of the E.ON U.S. LLC Internet site. January 11 Letter at 6 n.2. The regulatory page of the E.ON U.S. LLC Internet site can be accessed at the following web address: <http://www.eon-us.com/regulatory.asp>. Subsequently, to ensure the easiest possible ratepayer and market participant access to the EBB, the Companies posted an additional EBB link, entitled "LEM Transactions EBB," on the lower right-hand corner of the homepage of E.ON U.S. LLC Internet site. The homepage of the E.ON U.S. LLC Internet site can be accessed at the following web address: <http://www.eon-us.com/home.asp>. Accordingly, as of the date hereof, there are two (2) separate and easily accessible links on the E.ON U.S. LLC Internet site for interested parties to view the EBB.

A copy of the regulatory page and the home page of the E.ON U.S. LLC Internet site containing the existing links to the Companies' EBB on are appended hereto as Attachment A.

b. Posted Offers to Sell on the EBB.

The Draft Audit Report states that Companies' efforts to post offers to sell to LEM on the EBB were not consistent with posting requirements set forth in Paragraphs 7 and 8 of the LG&E Code of Conduct. Draft Audit Report at 16-17. The Companies agree with the findings regarding posted offers to sell on the EBB as set forth in the Draft Audit Report. As noted in their January 11 Letter, the Companies proposed to develop process changes to facilitate significantly stronger compliance with the posting requirements set forth Paragraphs 7 and 9¹ of the LG&E Code of Conduct.

A presentation generally outlining the proposed process changes was made and submitted to FERC Audit Staff on December 16, 2005. The process changes proposed in the presentation and described below are based on the Companies' understanding of existing Commission precedent addressing the need for implementing the EBB requirement when regulated utilities engage in market-based sales with unregulated affiliates. Specifically, Commission precedent is clear that when traditional public utilities engage in power sales to an affiliated power marketer, public utilities may have an incentive to favor their affiliated marketer to the detriment of captive ratepayers.^[6] Such behavior can take place when a public utility and its affiliated power marketer transact in ways that result in a

^[6] The paragraphs in the currently effective LG&E Code of Conduct originally accepted for filing by the Commission in Docket No. ER99-1623 were incorrectly numbered. There are a total of nine (9) paragraphs. The eighth and ninth paragraph of the LG&E Code of Conduct are incorrectly labeled paragraphs 9 and 10.

^[7] See *Detroit Edison Co. et al.*, 80 FERC ¶ 61,348 at 62,198 (1997); see also *Aquila, Inc.*, 101 FERC ¶ 61,331 at P 8 (2002); *FirstEnergy Corp. et al.*, 94 FERC ¶ 61,182 at 61,630 (2001); *Alliant Services Co.*, 85 FERC ¶ 61,344 at 62,335 (1998).

diversion of benefits from the public utility (and its captive ratepayers) to the affiliated power marketer (and its shareholders).^[7]

To avoid the diversion of benefits from captive ratepayers to shareholders, the Commission requires that utilities engaging in power sales to affiliated marketers must price such transactions at a rate no lower than the rate the utilities charge to non-affiliates.^[8] The requirement to “simultaneously” post offers to, and executed sales with, an affiliate marketer on an EBB is intended to provide transparency to this affiliate sales process. The purpose for providing such transparency is to allow interested third-parties (*i.e.*, ratepayers and market participants), as well as the Commission itself, to independently verify whether such affiliate transactions were priced in accordance with this standard.

As a practical business and operational matter, it is extremely difficult, if at all possible, to comply with the literal language set forth in Paragraphs 7 and 9 of the LG&E Code of Conduct, *i.e.*, mandating the simultaneous posting of: (1) offers to LEM; and (2) executed affiliate power sales transactions. Due to the pace of modern trading operations, transactions are negotiated and executed within minutes. Traders in the WMF cannot in such a short period of time: (1) survey the market and develop a credible picture of the prevailing market price for a given product; (2) negotiate with several counterparties to obtain the best sales price possible; (3) execute trades; and (4) post offers to, and executed sales with, LEM at the same time they take place.

The proposed EBB posting process changes discussed with FERC Audit Staff are intended to reflect the practical realities of engaging in real-time trading activities within a small organization. More importantly, the Companies believe that the process changes discussed with FERC Audit Staff are consistent with both the intent and spirit of the Commission’s existing precedent and policies designed to prevent affiliate abuse and self-dealing described above.

The Companies believe that addressing these operational realities in a practical manner must have been considered by the Commission when it established the simultaneous posting requirements codified in Paragraphs 7 and 9 of the LG&E Code of Conduct. Further, the Companies believe that these operational realities must have been intended when Paragraphs 7 and 9 were written. As proposed to FERC Audit Staff, the EBB posting process changes will provide ratepayers, market participants, and the Commission with a workable, easily accessible, and transparent mechanism for monitoring on a real-time basis whether sales by the Companies to LEM may result in an improper diversion of benefits from ratepayers due to the failure to price such transactions in a manner that complies with the LG&E Code of Conduct.

The Companies recognize the complexities of this particular issue and look forward to working with FERC Audit Staff to finalize these process changes as part of their post-audit implementation plan. The final process changes for posting offers to sell on the EBB will be adopted as part of a comprehensive Code of Conduct compliance program. As discussed in greater detail in the Companies’ post-audit implementation plan, E.ON U.S. LLC senior management will supervise the formal roll-out sessions for implementing the final EBB posting process changes. Specifically, the roll out and subsequent training sessions will not only discuss the purpose and application of the EBB posting

^[8] *Id*

^[9] *Id*

process, they will also emphasize the importance of this process and the need to vigilantly assure compliance therewith. After the initial roll out, the Companies propose to conduct periodic internal reviews and follow-up training to ensure on-going compliance.

c. Prices of Affiliate Sales.

The Draft Audit Report states that the Companies did not have any written procedures or other controls for WMF traders to determining whether sales to LEM were consistent with the affiliate pricing provisions set forth in Paragraph 6 of the LG&E Code of Conduct. Draft Audit Report at 17. The Draft Audit Report notes that the WMF traders established the market price for next-hour energy sales to LEM through telephone queries with potential counterparties and through broker quotes. *Id.* The Draft Audit Report further states that, although no evidence that WMF traders transacted with LEM at less than market price, WMF traders did not generally employ strong controls to establish the market prices. *Id.* The Companies agree with the findings relating to the pricing of affiliate sales as set forth in the Draft Audit Report.

The process changes for posting offers to sell on the EBB discussed in Section III.A.3.b, above, were addressed in the presentation presented to FERC Audit Staff on December 16, 2005. In relevant part, the process changes outline the steps by which WMF traders must determine whether posted offers to sell to LEM hourly or daily energy are priced no lower than prevailing market prices for each product. These procedures provide for a specific period after an offer to sell to LEM is posted on the EBB during which WMF traders must exercise commercially reasonable efforts (*i.e.*, due diligence) to survey the market and determine whether non-affiliates have any interest in pursuing an opportunity equivalent to that being offered to LEM. The WMF traders may not transact with LEM until after the specified posting period has expired. If, at the expiration of such period, an offer to sell to LEM posted on the EBB is the best and highest price available (*i.e.*, no lower than the price offered or sold to non-affiliates), the Companies may execute the sale to LEM.

As discussed in greater detail in the Companies' post-audit implementation plan, these procedures will be adopted as part of a comprehensive Code of Conduct compliance program.

d. EBB Postings in 2001.

The Draft Audit Report identifies certain concerns that took place in 2001 relating to whether, for a period of time, the EBB was properly used to post offers and sales from WMF to LEM to support a long-term sales obligation that LEM had with Morgan Stanley. Draft Audit Report at 17. The Companies agree with the findings regarding the EBB postings in 2001 as set forth in the Draft Audit Report. *E.ON U.S. LLC senior management is deeply committed to ensuring that the Companies use the EBB to properly post offers and sales to LEM in accordance with the LG&E Code of Conduct requirements.*

E.ON U.S. LLC has and will continue to commit the time and resources necessary to internal compliance measures designed to facilitate an enhanced understanding of, and compliance with, the EBB posting requirements set forth in the LG&E Code of Conduct. As discussed with FERC Staff at length and proposed in the Companies' December 16, 2005 presentation, E.ON U.S. LLC management believes that significantly enhanced compliance with the EBB posting requirements may be achieved through:

- Implementing a revised user friendly EBB offer matrix that contains key deal parameters and clearly articulates appropriate definitions and user guidelines;
- Providing formal employee training regarding the purpose, application and importance of the EBB posting process (including potential ramifications for non-compliance -- both internally and externally);
- Implementing additional internal controls designed to ensure that, when offers to LEM are made and sales are executed, all required EBB postings are timely made and consistent with the LG&E Code of Conduct; and
- Providing periodic follow-up training and reviewing the revised EBB posting process periodically to ensure that it is operating correctly.

As will be discussed in greater detail in the Companies post-audit implementation plan, because a true culture of compliance flows down from the top of corporate organizations, the Companies propose that the process changes for the EBB posting process will be formally rolled out by current E.ON U.S. LLC management. Senior management will ensure proper oversight of employee training sessions regarding the scope, application and importance of the EBB posting process. In addition, management will ensure that appropriate resources are dedicated to conduct periodic internal reviews and follow-up training to ensure on-going compliance with the EBB posting requirements.

B. STANDARDS OF CONDUCT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

As discussed in Section I above, as part of their post-audit implementation plan, the Companies propose to undertake a comprehensive review of their Standards of Conduct Written Procedures (“SCWP”) posted on the E.ON U.S. LLC Internet site, and revise and update the SCWP as necessary. The comments below respond to the specific findings and recommendations set forth in the Draft Audit Report.

1. Disclosure of Transmission and Customer Information.

a. Disclosure of Transmission Information by Telephone.

The Draft Audit Report identifies three instances where transmission function employees of the Companies disclosed non-public transmission information to regulated generation dispatchers during the course of reliability-related Transmission Line Loading Relief/generation redispatch events (“Generation Redispatch Events”). Draft Audit Report at 20-21. Because the Companies regulated generation dispatchers are organizationally and functionally housed in the WMF business unit (an Energy Affiliate), the identified transmission information was disclosed through non-public communications. *Id* at 17. The Companies agree with the factual findings regarding the disclosure of transmission information by telephone as set forth in the Draft Audit Report, subject to the following factual clarification. The identified disclosures of transmission information occurring by telephone during Generation Dispatch Events were posted on the Standards of Conduct Page of the E.ON U.S. LLC Internet site on January 13, 2006. The posting can be found at: http://www.eon-us.com/regulatory/disclosure_of_information.pdf.

In their January 11 Letter, the Companies proposed to develop certain process changes to ensure that any information disclosed by transmission function employees or by a third-party Transmission Provider are promptly reported to the CCO for evaluation and, where necessary, posted on the OASIS or the E.ON U.S. LLC Internet site. January 11 Letter at 8-9. In the intervening period, the process changes outlined below have been implemented by the Companies. These process changes govern the behavior of both transmission function employees and regulated generation dispatchers during Generation Redispatch Events and include the following concepts:

- During Generation Redispatch Events, transmission function employees are only to provide specific redispatch instructions.
- Absent emergency circumstances affecting system reliability, transmission function employees may not provide regulated generation dispatchers with information regarding the cause of the Generation Redispatch Event.
- Transmission function employees and regulated generation dispatchers are required to document and provide prompt notice to the CCO or his designee of any instance in which non-public transmission information is disclosed to regulated generation dispatchers, whether by transmission function employees or any other third party (including, but not limited to, a security coordinator or reliability authority, or another Transmission Provider).
- In the event of any disclosures of non-public transmission information by a third-party (including, but not limited to, a security coordinator or reliability authority, or another Transmission Provider), apart from notifying the CCO, transmission function employees and regulated generation dispatchers will comply with the No Conduit Rule.
- Regulated generation dispatchers should not trade on any non-public transmission information improperly disclosed to them.

As will be described in greater detail in the Companies' post-audit compliance plans, the process changes outlined above will be converted into written procedures and incorporated into the Companies' existing SCWPs and future Standards of Conduct training programs sponsored by the Companies.

b. Disclosure of Transmission Information at a Meeting Attended by Transmission and Marketing Employees.

The Draft Audit Report identifies one meeting in which transmission personnel and marketing personnel were present at which the Companies' transmission personnel disclosed non-public information regarding the status of two transmission projects. Draft Audit Report at 21. The Draft Audit Report notes that the disclosure was not posted on the OASIS in a timely manner. *Id.* As noted in the Draft Audit Report, no evidence was found that Companies' Energy or Marketing Affiliates traded on this information. *Id.* The Companies agree with the findings regarding the disclosure of transmission information at a meeting attended by transmission and marketing employees as set forth in the Draft Audit Report.

The Companies posted the non-public transmission information disclosed in the meeting identified in the Draft Audit Report on the E.ON U.S. LLC Internet site at: http://www.eon-us.com/regulatory/disclosure_of_information.pdf on March 31, 2006. Further, beginning in April 2005, the Companies adopted certain process changes in response to concerns raised by FERC Audit Staff that cross-functional business meetings between transmission function employees and employees of Energy or Marketing Affiliates (“C/F Meetings”) create the potential for the sharing of non-public transmission information. Since April 2005, the CCO or his designee has attended all identified C/F Meetings. The CCO or his designee maintains a high-level agenda and/or minutes for each meeting. The C/F Meetings include not only senior level staff meetings but also meetings attended by line level Transmission Function Employees and employees of Energy Affiliates.

In addition, the Companies propose to continue to conduct periodic “function specific” training sessions, including those with E.ON U.S. LLC senior management, to ensure that employees at all levels of the E.ON U.S. LLC organization fully understand the scope and application of the Standards of Conduct restrictions on the sharing of non-public transmission information, including the requirements to post disclosures of non-public transmission information. As discussed in greater detail in their post-audit implementation plan, the Companies propose to: (1) adopt procedures detailing the need for the CCO or his designee to be present at all C/F Meetings as described above and incorporate such procedures into its SCWPs; and (2) will provide additional information about the “function specific” training sessions.

c. Disclosure of Customer Load Data by E-Mail.

The Draft Audit Report states that a transmission function employee e-mailed a marketing employee specific, non-public customer load information on a monthly basis through February 2005. Draft Audit Report at 21. The Draft Audit Report notes that the Companies failed to post these disclosures on the OASIS in a timely manner. *Id.* The Companies agree with the findings regarding the disclosure of customer load data by e-mail as set forth in the Draft Audit Report.

As noted in the posted disclosure, the customer information at issue involved after-the-fact, monthly historic peak transmission load information. This information is used by the Midwest ISO to invoice the Companies for their Schedule 10 charges under the Midwest ISO’s Open Access Transmission Tariff (or Module B of the Day 2 TEMT). The WMF is responsible for budgeting, approving and paying the Midwest ISO invoice. The non-public customer load data disclosed via e-mail to marketing employee identified in the Draft Audit Report was posted on the E.ON U.S. LLC Internet site on March 31, 2006 at: http://www.eon-us.com/regulatory/disclosure_of_information.pdf.

Since February 2005, the Companies have implemented process changes to ensure that transmission function employees no longer provide non-public customer load information to Energy or Marketing Affiliate employees. As will be discussed in greater detail in their post-audit compliance plan, these process changes will be memorialized and incorporated into the Companies’ SCWPs. In addition, the Companies agree to perform a review of all transmission and customer information shared through e-mail distribution in order to ensure that such information is not inappropriately shared with Energy or Marketing Affiliate employees. The Companies further propose to implement new written procedures that require the periodic review of such e-mail distributions to ensure ongoing compliance with the Standards of Conduct.

2. Standards of Conduct Training

The Draft Audit Report states that the Companies' Standards of Conduct training program was inconsistent with the Commission's regulations and the Companies' SCWP and implementation plans. Draft Audit Report at 24. During the audit, FERC Audit Staff discussed the Companies' training with the CCO, his designees and other E.ON U.S. LLC officials. Subsequently, on November 10, 2005, the Companies submitted a letter outlining an enhanced Standards of Conduct training program. *Id.* FERC Audit Staff found the proposed compliance plan to be consistent with Order No. 2004 and proposed findings and recommendations. *Id.* The Companies accept the findings regarding Standards of Conduct training as set forth in the Draft Audit Report.

The 2005 edition of the Companies' Standards of Conduct training took place from November 17, 2005 through December 31, 2005. The 2005 training program required the participation of all employees in the E.ON U.S. LLC corporate family at the manager level and above, as well as employees with the words or phrases "supervisor," "team leader," or "group leader" in their job title.^[1] In addition, the Companies trained all employees in the following lines of business: (1) the Companies' Transmission Function; (2) All Energy Marketing Personnel (regulated and unregulated); (3) Information Technology; (4) Accounting and Finance; (5) Corporate Communications; (6) Legal; and (7) Regulatory. These functional areas of responsibility were selected because employees in such areas have or may have access to non-public transmission information through the Companies' financial books of account, records or contracts or real-time, day-to-day operations.

As noted in the Draft Audit Report, in 2005, the Companies significantly increased the number of employees who have received the Edison Electric Institute ("EEI")-developed, electronic Standards of Conduct training program by eighty percent (80%), from approximately 610 to approximately 1,100. The Companies are committed to further strengthening their training program to ensure that on a going-forward basis it remains consistent with Commission requirements and internal training plans. As part of this process, the Companies will memorialize new process changes for ensuring that new employees and transfers receive the appropriate Standards of Conduct training. The Companies' future Standards of Conduct training plans will be discussed in greater detail in their post-audit implementation plan.

^[1] Included within the group of employees described above are certain field personnel in the Companies' distribution function, such as managers and supervisors of substation construction crews which respond to outages that can affect the Companies integrated transmission and distribution systems. In addition, this group of employees included all managers, supervisors or above higher ranking personnel that are employed by Energy Affiliates that operate generation facilities on behalf of other investor-owned utilities

3. Controls Used to Limit Access to the System Control Centers

a. CCO Permission to Visit the System Control Centers

The Draft Audit Report states the Companies did not follow Section IV A.2 b of their posted SCWP to control and track access of its marketing employees to their Waterside and Dix Dam system control centers. Draft Audit Report at 27. The Companies agree with the findings regarding CCO permission to visit the system control centers as set forth in the Draft Audit Report. Below the Companies discuss certain corrective measures that have already been undertaken to address concerns identified by FERC Audit Staff.

As noted in the Draft Audit Report, on January 10, 2005, the Companies revised the Standards of Conduct page of the E.ON U.S. LLC website to include a link titled, "Request for Access to Transmission Control Center." The link can be found at: http://www.eon-us.com/regulatory/soc_request_access.asp. The link provides instructions for the submission of written, electronic requests by employees of Energy and Marketing seeking access to the Transmission Control Centers. Consistent with Section IV.A.2.b of the Companies' SCWP, the link directs Energy or Marketing Affiliate employees to submit the following information to the CCO as part of a request for access to the to the Transmission Control Centers:

- The proposed time and date that access to the Transmission Control Centers is required; and
- A verifiable and legitimate business purpose for seeking access to such facilities.

Consistent with Section IV.A.2.b of SCWP, the link states that the CCO shall: (1) review such requests and approve or deny them; and (2) maintain electronic copies of all forms submitted and his decision to approve or deny such requests for a period of three (3) years.

Subsequently, on February 2, 2006, the Companies posted an announcement on the E.ON U.S. LLC Intranet site prominently announcing the new "Request for Access to Transmission Control Center" link on the Standards of Conduct section of Regulatory page of the E.ON U.S. LLC Internet site. The announcement of the "Request for Access to Transmission Control Center" link was made available to all E.ON U.S. LLC employees as part of the daily "News Transmission" published on the E.ON U.S. LLC Intranet site. In addition, an e-mail blast was distributed to all employees highlighting the "Request for Access to Transmission Control Center" link as a headline story in the "News Transmission" items for February 2, 2006.

As will be discussed in greater detail in their post-audit implementation plan, the Companies will further review and strengthen its system control center access procedures as directed in the Draft Audit Report. Further, the Companies commit to internally announce on a periodic basis the "Request for Access to Transmission Control Center" link on the Standards of Conduct section of Regulatory page of the E.ON U.S. LLC Internet site.

b. Controls on Visitors Entering the System Control Centers

The Draft Audit Report states that the written log books documenting visitors' access to the Waterside and Dix Dam system control centers were inconsistent with Companies' SCWPs. Draft Audit Report at 28. Specifically, the written log books did not collect some pertinent information that was required in Section IV.A.2.b of the SCWPs. *Id.* The Companies accept the findings regarding controls on visitors entering the system control centers as set forth in the Draft Audit Report.

The Companies confirm that by January 13, 2006, the log books located at the Waterside and Dix Dam system control centers were in place and updated to contain the same fields of inquiry set forth in Section IV.A.2.b of the SCWP, which include the following:

- The name of the transmission customer;
- Date and time of the visit;
- The name of the Transmission Function Employee or other Company Personnel (as that term is defined in the SCWP) hosting the transmission customer;
- Whether the transmission customer is an affiliate; and
- The purpose of the visit.

The update of the logbooks to include these fields of inquiry ensures consistency with the Companies' existing SCWP procedures and creates an audit trail that allows for independent verification regarding whether the Companies' Energy and Marketing Affiliate employees had access to system control centers in any way that differed from non-affiliate transmission customers. The Companies agree to the recommendations set forth in the Draft Audit Report and will provide greater detail regarding additional corrective measures (if any are required) in their post-audit implementation plan.

c. Access to Transmission Information Once Inside the System Control Center.

The Draft Audit Report raises concerns that non-transmission function employee visitors to Waterside and Dix Dam system control centers could gain access through a direct, external line of sight to certain non-public transmission information posted on monitors and boards within these facilities' actual transmission system control rooms. Draft Audit Report at 29. The Companies agree with the findings regarding access to transmission information once inside the system control centers as set forth in the Draft Audit Report.

In their January 11 Letter, the Companies committed to install by January 13, 2006 certain temporary, but effective, covers on all windows on doors, or windows that serve as partitions or walls for purposes of impeding a direct view into the control rooms at Waterside and Dix Dam. The Companies hereby confirm that such temporary covers were in fact installed by January 13, 2006. Further, the Companies committed to implement a permanent solution through the use of frosted glass or another similar technique by the end of the first quarter of 2006. By this letter, the Companies hereby confirm that, prior to the end of the first quarter of 2006, permanent window frosting treatment covers were

installed all windows on doors, or windows that serve as partitions or walls for purposes of impeding a direct view into the control rooms at Waterside and Dix Dam

4. Organizational Charts

The Draft Audit Report states that Companies have not properly posted certain organizational charts showing: (1) employee information required for all business units in the sales function; (2) the position of all Energy and Marketing Affiliates with the E.ON U.S. LLC family corporate structure; and (3) that the Companies use a *service company as an employment mechanism* for the Transmission Provider and for its Energy and Marketing Affiliates. Draft Audit Report at 30-32. The Companies agree with the findings regarding the posting of organizational charts as set forth in the Draft Audit Report.

On Friday, June 16, 2006, the Companies and FERC Audit Staff held a conference call for purposes of ensuring that the Companies fully satisfied the organizational chart posting requirements and concerns articulated in the Draft Audit Report. The Companies appreciate FERC Audit Staff's cooperation and help in this process. As will be discussed in greater detail in their post-audit implementation plan, the Companies will post revised organizational charts in accordance with the directives and guidance provided by FERC Audit Staff on the June 16th call.

5. Shared Facilities

The Draft Audit Report states that the Companies did not post a list of facilities Shared by the Transmission Provider and the Companies' Energy and Marketing Affiliates. Draft Audit Report at 33. Further, the Draft Audit Report notes that virtually all of the Companies shared service Employees occupied the same building as their two primary Marketing and Energy Affiliates -- WMF and LEM. *Id.* at 34. When FERC Audit Staff pointed out that the shared services employees with access to transmission information and the Marketing and Energy Affiliate shared facilities which trigger a posting requirement, the Companies agreed to revise its posting to ensure that it is consistent with 18 C.F.R. § 358.4(b)(2) (2005). The Companies agree with the findings regarding shared facilities as set forth in the Draft Audit Report and corrected the posting.

C. **MARKET-BASED RATE TARIFF FINDING AND RECOMMENDATIONS.**

The Draft Audit Report states that, for the first quarter of 2005, the Companies' Electric Quarterly Reports ("EQRs") contained inaccurate information for its sales made pursuant to their joint market-based rate tariff. Draft Audit Report at 35. Specifically, the Companies inaccurately reported several sales transactions from its WMF to LEM and reported invalid Data Universal Numbering System ("DUNS") numbers for several other customers. The Companies accept the findings regarding EQRs as set forth in the Draft Audit Report.

As noted in the Draft Audit Report, on January 31, 2006, the Companies made certain corrections to its EQR filings. The Companies agree to implement the proposed recommendations set forth in the Draft Audit Letter regarding: (1) strengthening the Companies' written procedures to ensure that all data reported in future EQR filings are in compliance with Commission regulations and reflect the correction of errors and inconsistencies identified in the Draft Audit Report; (2) implementing procedures to

validate all customer DUNS numbers; and (3) refiling all EQR reports from inception to correct the incremental peaking name and class name of power sold to LEM. The refiling referenced in subsection (3) above has been completed.

The proposed corrective measures designed ensure the accuracy and sufficiency of the Companies' EQR reports and ensure compliance with their joint market-based rate tariff will be submitted with the Companies' post-audit implementation plan.

IV. CONCLUSION.

On behalf of E.ON U.S. LLC, I would like to thank the FERC Audit Staff for their time, effort and commitment to ensuring that the Companies are in full compliance with the Audit Items. I would like to again affirm E.ON U.S. LLC's commitment to meeting its obligations under the Standards of Conduct, the Code of Conduct, its Market-Based Rate Tariff and all other applicable FERC imposed regulatory obligations.

Sincerely,



Michael S. Beer
Vice President, Federal Regulation and Policy and
Standards of Conduct Chief Compliance Officer
E.ON U.S. LLC

on behalf of
Louisville Gas and Electric Company &
Kentucky Utilities Company

cc: Carl Coscia
Lyle Hanagami
Eliot Wessler
FERC, Office of Enforcement, Division of Audits

Steven D. Phillips
E.ON U.S. LLC

R. Michael Sweeney, Jr.
Hunton & Williams LLP

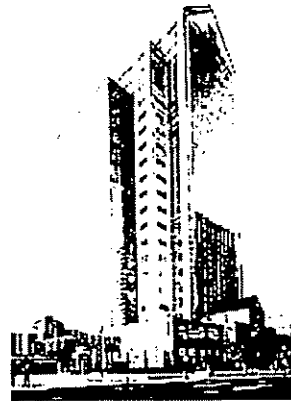
ATTACHMENT A

search



After more than three successful years as part of the E.ON family, LG&E Energy, the parent company of Louisville Gas and Electric Company, Kentucky Utilities Company and Western Kentucky Energy, is now E.ON U.S.

LG&E, KU, and WKE — the companies that customers are most familiar with — will continue to operate under their current identities. [more](#)



06.28.2006

LG&E Coal Ash Recycled; Land to be used for Green Space

LG&E

For the Home
For the Business

06.27.2006

E.ON U.S. Capital Corp. Announces Pricing Of Tender Offer and Consent Solicitation

KU/ODP

For the Home
For the Business

06.20.2006

LG&E Announces Regular Dividends On Preferred Stock

E.ON U.S. - Regulatory - LG&E/KU Standards of Conduct

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LG&E/KU Standards of Conduct

Effective September 22, 2004, E.ON U.S. and other U.S. energy companies must comply with new Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") orders requiring organizational separation between transmission and energy and marketing affiliates.

Collectively, the new orders are referred to as the Standards of Conduct and are fundamentally based on two guiding principles. First, a Transmission Provider's employees engaged in transmission system operations must function independent from the employees of its Marketing and Energy Affiliates. Secondly, a Transmission Provider must treat all transmission customers, affiliated and non-affiliated, on a non-discriminatory basis and must not operate

<http://lgeenergy.com/regulatory/soc.asp>

7/11/2006

its transmission system to preferentially benefit its marketing or energy affiliates. The Final Rule requires organizational separation of all energy and marketing affiliates, including natural gas marketing affiliates, from the electric transmission function.

The Standards of Conduct require that a Transmission Provider must post certain information on its corporate website or its OASIS. Links to all of the requisite information, whether residing here or on the LG&E/KU page of the MISO OASIS, are provided below. Please contact the Chief Compliance Officer if you have any questions.

- How to Report a Potential Violation of the Standards of Conduct
- Request for Access to Transmission Control Center
- FERC Orders - Standard of Conduct Regulation (PDF)
- FERC Orders - Order No. 2004 (PDF)
- FERC Orders - Order No. 2004-A (PDF)
- FERC Orders - Order No. 2004-B (PDF)
- LG&E/KU Compliance Procedures (PDF)
- LG&E/KU February 2004 Compliance Filing (PDF)
- Chief Compliance Officer
- Marketing & Energy Affiliate Listing (PDF)
- Shared Facilities Listing
- Notices of Employee Transfers (PDF)
- Organizational Charts - Overall Corporate Structure (PDF)
- Organizational Charts - Chain of Command (PDF)
- Organizational Charts - Transmission Chain of Command
- Organizational Charts - Energy Marketing Chain of Command
- Organizational Charts - Job Titles & Descriptions (PDF)
- Potential Merger Partners as Affiliates (none at this time)
- Disclosure of Information (PDF)
- Voluntary Consent to Disclose Information (none at this time)
- Log of Tariff Administration Matters and Discounts
- MISO OASIS
- LG&E/KU page of MISO OASIS

[Download PDF \(103K\)](#)

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[Terms of Use](#) [Contractor Health and Safety Site](#) [Wellness Site](#)

Kentucky Utilities Company
Case No. 2008-00251
Historical Test Period Filing Requirements

Filing Requirement
807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(m)
Sponsoring Witness: Valerie L. Scott

Description of Filing Requirement:

The most recent Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Form 1 (electric), Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Form 2 (gas), or Automated Reporting Management Information System Report (telephone) and Public Service Commission Form T (telephone);

Response:

KU's most recent FERC Form 1 for the year ended December 31, 2007, is attached.

KU FERC Form 1 – December 31, 2007

THIS FILING IS	
Item 1: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Initial (Original) Submission	OR <input type="checkbox"/> Resubmission No. _____

Form 1 Approved
 OMB No. 1902-0021
 (Expires 7/31/2008)
 Form 1-F Approved
 OMB No. 1902-0029
 (Expires 6/30/2007)
 Form 3-Q Approved
 OMB No. 1902-0205
 (Expires 6/30/2007)



FERC FINANCIAL REPORT

FERC FORM No. 1: Annual Report of Major Electric Utilities, Licensees and Others and Supplemental Form 3-Q: Quarterly Financial Report

These reports are mandatory under the Federal Power Act, Sections 3, 4(a), 304 and 309, and 18 CFR 141.1 and 141.400. Failure to report may result in criminal fines, civil penalties and other sanctions as provided by law. The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission does not consider these reports to be of confidential nature

Exact Legal Name of Respondent (Company) Kentucky Utilities Company	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------

Report of Independent Auditors

To the Shareholder of Kentucky Utilities Company:

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Kentucky Utilities Company as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 and the related statements of income, retained earnings and cash flows for the years then ended, included on pages 110 through 123.38 of the accompanying Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Form 1. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

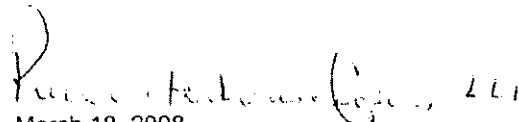
We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, these financial statements were prepared in accordance with the accounting requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts and published accounting releases, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kentucky Utilities Company as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the accounting requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts and published accounting releases.

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, Kentucky Utilities Company changed the manner in which it accounts for defined benefit pension and other postretirement benefit plans as of December 31, 2006.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors and management of Kentucky Utilities Company and for filing with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and should not be used for any other purpose.


March 18, 2008

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING FERC FORM NOS. 1 and 3-Q

GENERAL INFORMATION

I. Purpose

FERC Form No. 1 (FERC Form 1) is an annual regulatory requirement for Major electric utilities, licensees and others (18 C.F.R. § 141.1). FERC Form No. 3-Q (FERC Form 3-Q) is a quarterly regulatory requirement which supplements the annual financial reporting requirement (18 C.F.R. § 141.400). These reports are designed to collect financial and operational information from electric utilities, licensees and others subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. These reports are also considered to be non-confidential public use forms.

II. Who Must Submit

Each Major electric utility, licensee, or other, as classified in the Commission's Uniform System of Accounts Prescribed for Public Utilities and Licensees Subject To the Provisions of The Federal Power Act (18 C.F.R. Part 101), must submit FERC Form 1 (18 C.F.R. § 141.1), and FERC Form 3-Q (18 C.F.R. § 141.400).

Note: Major means having, in each of the three previous calendar years, sales or transmission service that exceeds one of the following:

- (1) one million megawatt hours of total annual sales,
- (2) 100 megawatt hours of annual sales for resale,
- (3) 500 megawatt hours of annual power exchanges delivered, or
- (4) 500 megawatt hours of annual wheeling for others (deliveries plus losses).

III. What and Where to Submit

(a) Submit FERC Forms 1 and 3-Q electronically through the forms submission software. Retain one copy of each report for your files. Any electronic submission must be created by using the forms submission software provided free by the Commission at its web site: <http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/eforms/form-1/elec-subm-soft.asp>. The software is used to submit the electronic filing to the Commission via the Internet.

(b) The Corporate Officer Certification must be submitted electronically as part of the FERC Forms 1 and 3-Q filings.

(c) Submit immediately upon publication, by either eFiling or mail, two (2) copies to the Secretary of the Commission, the latest Annual Report to Stockholders. Unless eFiling the Annual Report to Stockholders, mail the stockholders report to the Secretary of the Commission at:

Secretary
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
888 First Street, NE
Washington, DC 20426

(d) For the CPA Certification Statement, submit within 30 days after filing the FERC Form 1, a letter or report (not applicable to filers classified as Class C or Class D prior to January 1, 1984). The CPA Certification Statement can be either eFiled or mailed to the Secretary of the Commission at the address above.

The CPA Certification Statement should:

- a) Attest to the conformity, in all material aspects, of the below listed (schedules and pages) with the Commission's applicable Uniform System of Accounts (including applicable notes relating thereto and the Chief Accountant's published accounting releases), and
- b) Be signed by independent certified public accountants or an independent licensed public accountant certified or licensed by a regulatory authority of a State or other political subdivision of the U. S. (See 18 C.F.R. §§ 41.10-41.12 for specific qualifications.)

<u>Reference Schedules</u>	<u>Pages</u>
Comparative Balance Sheet	110-113
Statement of Income	114-117
Statement of Retained Earnings	118-119
Statement of Cash Flows	120-121
Notes to Financial Statements	122-123

- e) The following format must be used for the CPA Certification Statement unless unusual circumstances or conditions, explained in the letter or report, demand that it be varied. Insert parenthetical phrases only when exceptions are reported.

"In connection with our regular examination of the financial statements of _____ for the year ended on which we have reported separately under date of _____, we have also reviewed schedules _____ of FERC Form No. 1 for the year filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, for conformity in all material respects with the requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts and published accounting releases. Our review for this purpose included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

Based on our review, in our opinion the accompanying schedules identified in the preceding paragraph (except as noted below) conform in all material respects with the accounting requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts and published accounting releases."

The letter or report must state which, if any, of the pages above do not conform to the Commission's requirements. Describe the discrepancies that exist.

- (f) Filers are encouraged to file their Annual Report to Stockholders, and the CPA Certification Statement using eFiling. To further that effort, new selections, "Annual Report to Stockholders," and "CPA Certification Statement" have been added to the dropdown "pick list" from which companies must choose when eFiling. Further instructions are found on the Commission's website at <http://www.ferc.gov/help/how-to.asp>.

- (g) Federal, State and Local Governments and other authorized users may obtain additional blank copies of FERC Form 1 and 3-Q free of charge from <http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/eforms/form-1/form-1.pdf> and <http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/eforms.asp#3Q-gas>.

IV. When to Submit:

FERC Forms 1 and 3-Q must be filed by the following schedule:

- a) FERC Form 1 for each year ending December 31 must be filed by April 18th of the following year (18 CFR § 141.1), and
- b) FERC Form 3-Q for each calendar quarter must be filed within 60 days after the reporting quarter (18 C.F.R. § 141.400).

V. Where to Send Comments on Public Reporting Burden.

The public reporting burden for the FERC Form 1 collection of information is estimated to average 1,144 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data-needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. The public reporting burden for the FERC Form 3-Q collection of information is estimated to average 150 hours per response.

Send comments regarding these burden estimates or any aspect of these collections of information, including suggestions for reducing burden, to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street NE, Washington, DC 20426 (Attention: Information Clearance Officer); and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 (Attention: Desk Officer for the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission). No person shall be subject to any penalty if any collection of information does not display a valid control number (44 U.S.C. § 3512 (a)).

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- I. Prepare this report in conformity with the Uniform System of Accounts (18 CFR Part 101) (USofA). Interpret all accounting words and phrases in accordance with the USofA.
- II. Enter in whole numbers (dollars or MWH) only, except where otherwise noted. (Enter cents for averages and figures per unit where cents are important. The truncating of cents is allowed except on the four basic financial statements where rounding is required.) The amounts shown on all supporting pages must agree with the amounts entered on the statements that they support. When applying thresholds to determine significance for reporting purposes, use for balance sheet accounts the balances at the end of the current reporting period, and use for statement of income accounts the current year's year to date amounts.
- III. Complete each question fully and accurately, even if it has been answered in a previous report. Enter the word "None" where it truly and completely states the fact.
- IV. For any page(s) that is not applicable to the respondent, omit the page(s) and enter "NA," "NONE," or "Not Applicable" in column (d) on the List of Schedules, pages 2 and 3.
- V. Enter the month, day, and year for all dates. Use customary abbreviations. **The "Date of Report" included in the header of each page is to be completed only for resubmissions** (see VII. below).
- VI. Generally, except for certain schedules, all numbers, whether they are expected to be debits or credits, must be reported as positive. Numbers having a sign that is different from the expected sign must be reported by enclosing the numbers in parentheses.
- VII. For any resubmissions, submit the electronic filing using the form submission software only. Please explain the reason for the resubmission in a footnote to the data field.
- VIII. Do not make references to reports of previous periods/years or to other reports in lieu of required entries, except as specifically authorized.
- IX. Wherever (schedule) pages refer to figures from a previous period/year, the figures reported must be based upon those shown by the report of the previous period/year, or an appropriate explanation given as to why the different figures were used.

Definitions for statistical classifications used for completing schedules for transmission system reporting are as follows:

FNS - Firm Network Transmission Service for Self. "Firm" means service that can not be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions. "Network Service" is Network Transmission Service as described in Order No. 888 and the Open Access Transmission Tariff. "Self" means the respondent.

FNO - Firm Network Service for Others. "Firm" means that service cannot be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions. "Network Service" is Network Transmission Service as described in Order No. 888 and the Open Access Transmission Tariff.

LFP - for Long-Term Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Reservations. "Long-Term" means one year or longer and "firm" means that service cannot be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions. "Point-to-Point Transmission Reservations" are described in Order No. 888 and the Open Access Transmission Tariff. For all transactions identified as LFP, provide in a footnote the

termination date of the contract defined as the earliest date either buyer or seller can unilaterally cancel the contract.

OLF - Other Long-Term Firm Transmission Service. Report service provided under contracts which do not conform to the terms of the Open Access Transmission Tariff. "Long-Term" means one year or longer and "firm" means that service cannot be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions. For all transactions identified as OLF, provide in a footnote the termination date of the contract defined as the earliest date either buyer or seller can unilaterally get out of the contract.

SFP - Short-Term Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Reservations. Use this classification for all firm point-to-point transmission reservations, where the duration of each period of reservation is less than one-year.

NF - Non-Firm Transmission Service, where firm means that service cannot be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions.

OS - Other Transmission Service. Use this classification only for those services which can not be placed in the above-mentioned classifications, such as all other service regardless of the length of the contract and service FERC Form. Describe the type of service in a footnote for each entry.

AD - Out-of-Period Adjustments. Use this code for any accounting adjustments or "true-ups" for service provided in prior reporting periods. Provide an explanation in a footnote for each adjustment.

DEFINITIONS

I. Commission Authorization (Comm. Auth.) -- The authorization of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, or any other Commission. Name the commission whose authorization was obtained and give date of the authorization.

II. Respondent -- The person, corporation, licensee, agency, authority, or other Legal entity or instrumentality in whose behalf the report is made.

EXCERPTS FROM THE LAW

Federal Power Act, 16 U.S.C. § 791a-825r

Sec. 3. The words defined in this section shall have the following meanings for purposes of this Act, to wit:

(3) 'Corporation' means any corporation, joint-stock company, partnership, association, business trust, organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not, or a receiver or receivers, trustee or trustees of any of the foregoing. It shall not include 'municipalities, as hereinafter defined;

(4) 'Person' means an individual or a corporation;

(5) 'Licensee, means any person, State, or municipality Licensed under the provisions of section 4 of this Act, and any assignee or successor in interest thereof;

(7) 'municipality means a city, county, irrigation district, drainage district, or other political subdivision or agency of a State competent under the Laws thereof to carry and the business of developing, transmitting, unitizing, or distributing power;

(11) "project" means a complete unit of improvement or development, consisting of a power house, all water conduits, all dams and appurtenant works and structures (including navigation structures) which are a part of said unit, and all storage, diverting, or fore bay reservoirs directly connected therewith, the primary line or lines transmitting power there from to the point of junction with the distribution system or with the interconnected primary transmission system, all miscellaneous structures used and useful in connection with said unit or any part thereof, and all water rights, rights-of-way, ditches, dams, reservoirs, Lands, or interest in Lands the use and occupancy of which are necessary or appropriate in the maintenance and operation of such unit;

"Sec. 4. The Commission is hereby authorized and empowered

(a) To make investigations and to collect and record data concerning the utilization of the water 'resources of any region to be developed, the water-power industry and its relation to other industries and to interstate or foreign commerce, and concerning the location, capacity, development -costs, and relation to markets of power sites; ... to the extent the Commission may deem necessary or useful for the purposes of this Act."

"Sec. 304. (a) Every Licensee and every public utility shall file with the Commission such annual and other periodic or special* reports as the Commission may by rules and regulations or other prescribe as necessary or appropriate to assist the Commission in the -proper administration of this Act. The Commission may prescribe the manner and FERC Form in which such reports shall be made, and require from such persons specific answers to all questions upon which the Commission may need information. The Commission may require that such reports shall include, among other things, full information as to assets and Liabilities, capitalization, net investment, and reduction thereof, gross receipts, interest due and paid, depreciation, and other reserves, cost of project and other facilities, cost of maintenance and operation of the project and other facilities, cost of renewals and replacement of the project works and other facilities, depreciation, generation, transmission, distribution, delivery, use, and sale of electric energy. The Commission may require any such person to make adequate provision for currently determining such costs and other facts. Such reports shall be made under oath unless the Commission otherwise specifies*.10

"Sec. 309. The Commission shall have power to perform any and all acts, and to prescribe, issue, make, and rescind such orders, rules and regulations as it may find necessary or appropriate to carry out the provisions of this Act. Among other things, such rules and regulations may define accounting, technical, and trade terms used in this Act; and may prescribe the FERC Form or FERC Forms of all statements, declarations, applications, and reports to be filed with the Commission, the information which they shall contain, and the time within which they shall be filed...."

General Penalties

The Commission may assess up to \$1 million per day per violation of its rules and regulations. *See* FPA § 316(a) (2005), 16 U.S.C. § 825o(a).

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**FERC FORM NO. 1/3-Q:
REPORT OF MAJOR ELECTRIC UTILITIES, LICENSEES AND OTHER**

IDENTIFICATION

01 Exact Legal Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company		02 Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
03 Previous Name and Date of Change (if name changed during year) / /		
04 Address of Principal Office at End of Period (Street, City, State, Zip Code) 220 West Main Street, P.O. Box 32010, Louisville, KY 40232		
05 Name of Contact Person Mimi Kelly		06 Title of Contact Person Mgr - Regulatory Acct & Reprt
07 Address of Contact Person (Street, City, State, Zip Code) P.O. Box 32010, Louisville, KY 40232		
08 Telephone of Contact Person, Including Area Code (502) 627-2482	09 This Report Is (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	10 Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /

ANNUAL CORPORATE OFFICER CERTIFICATION

The undersigned officer certifies that:

I have examined this report and to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief all statements of fact contained in this report are correct statements of the business affairs of the respondent and the financial statements, and other financial information contained in this report, conform in all material respects to the Uniform System of Accounts

01 Name S. Bradford Rives	03 Signature S. Bradford Rives	04 Date Signed (Mo, Da, Yr) 03/20/2008
02 Title Chief Financial Officer		

Title 18, U S C. 1001 makes it a crime for any person to knowingly and willingly to make to any Agency or Department of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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LIST OF SCHEDULES (Electric Utility)

Enter in column (c) the terms "none," "not applicable," or "NA," as appropriate, where no information or amounts have been reported for certain pages. Omit pages where the respondents are "none," "not applicable," or "NA".

Line No	Title of Schedule (a)	Reference Page No. (b)	Remarks (c)
1	General Information	101	
2	Control Over Respondent	102	
3	Corporations Controlled by Respondent	103	
4	Officers	104	
5	Directors	105	
6	Important Changes During the Year	108-109	
7	Comparative Balance Sheet	110-113	
8	Statement of Income for the Year	114-117	
9	Statement of Retained Earnings for the Year	118-119	
10	Statement of Cash Flows	120-121	
11	Notes to Financial Statements	122-123	
12	Statement of Accum Comp Income, Comp Income, and Hedging Activities	122(a)(b)	
13	Summary of Utility Plant & Accumulated Provisions for Dep, Amort & Dep	200-201	
14	Nuclear Fuel Materials	202-203	NONE
15	Electric Plant in Service	204-207	
16	Electric Plant Leased to Others	213	NONE
17	Electric Plant Held for Future Use	214	NONE
18	Construction Work in Progress-Electric	216	
19	Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Electric Utility Plant	219	
20	Investment of Subsidiary Companies	224-225	NONE
21	Materials and Supplies	227	
22	Allowances	228-229	
23	Extraordinary Property Losses	230	NONE
24	Unrecovered Plant and Regulatory Study Costs	230	NONE
25	Transmission Service and Generation Interconnection Study Costs	231	NONE
26	Other Regulatory Assets	232	
27	Miscellaneous Deferred Debits	233	
28	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes	234	
29	Capital Stock	250-251	
30	Other Paid-in Capital	253	
31	Capital Stock Expense	254	
32	Long-Term Debt	256-257	
33	Reconciliation of Reported Net Income with Taxable Inc for Fed Inc Tax	261	
34	Taxes Accrued, Prepaid and Charged During the Year	262-263	
35	Accumulated Deferred Investment Tax Credits	266-267	
36	Other Deferred Credits	269	

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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LIST OF SCHEDULES (Electric Utility) (continued)

Enter in column (c) the terms "none," "not applicable," or "NA," as appropriate, where no information or amounts have been reported for certain pages. Omit pages where the respondents are "none," "not applicable," or "NA".

Line No.	Title of Schedule (a)	Reference Page No. (b)	Remarks (c)
37	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes-Accelerated Amortization Property	272-273	NONE
38	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes-Other Property	274-275	
39	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes-Other	276-277	
40	Other Regulatory Liabilities	278	
41	Electric Operating Revenues	300-301	
42	Sales of Electricity by Rate Schedules	304	
43	Sales for Resale	310-311	
44	Electric Operation and Maintenance Expenses	320-323	
45	Purchased Power	326-327	
46	Transmission of Electricity for Others	328-330	
47	Transmission of Electricity by ISO/RTOs	331	NONE
48	Transmission of Electricity by Others	332	
49	Miscellaneous General Expenses-Electric	335	
50	Depreciation and Amortization of Electric Plant	336-337	
51	Regulatory Commission Expenses	350-351	
52	Research, Development and Demonstration Activities	352-353	
53	Distribution of Salaries and Wages	354-355	
54	Common Utility Plant and Expenses	356	NONE
55	Amounts included in ISO/RTO Settlement Statements	397	
56	Purchase and Sale of Ancillary Services	398	
57	Monthly Transmission System Peak Load	400	
58	Monthly ISO/RTO Transmission System Peak Load	400a	NONE
59	Electric Energy Account	401	
60	Monthly Peaks and Output	401	
61	Steam Electric Generating Plant Statistics	402-403	
62	Hydroelectric Generating Plant Statistics	406-407	
63	Pumped Storage Generating Plant Statistics	408-409	NONE
64	Generating Plant Statistics Pages	410-411	NONE
65	Transmission Line Statistics Pages	422-423	
66	Transmission Lines Added During the Year	424-425	NONE

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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LIST OF SCHEDULES (Electric Utility) (continued)

Enter in column (c) the terms "none," "not applicable," or "NA," as appropriate, where no information or amounts have been reported for certain pages. Omit pages where the respondents are "none," "not applicable," or "NA".

Line No.	Title of Schedule (a)	Reference Page No. (b)	Remarks (c)
67	Substations	426-427	
68	Footnote Data	450	
	<p>Stockholders' Reports Check appropriate box:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Four copies will be submitted</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No annual report to stockholders is prepared</p>		

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Provide name and title of officer having custody of the general corporate books of account and address of office where the general corporate books are kept, and address of office where any other corporate books of account are kept, if different from that where the general corporate books are kept.

S. B. Rives
220 West Main Street
Louisville, KY 40202

2. Provide the name of the State under the laws of which respondent is incorporated, and date of incorporation. If incorporated under a special law, give reference to such law. If not incorporated, state that fact and give the type of organization and the date organized.

Kentucky August 17, 1912
Virginia December 1, 1991

3. If at any time during the year the property of respondent was held by a receiver or trustee, give (a) name of receiver or trustee, (b) date such receiver or trustee took possession, (c) the authority by which the receivership or trusteeship was created, and (d) date when possession by receiver or trustee ceased.

Not Applicable

4. State the classes or utility and other services furnished by respondent during the year in each State in which the respondent operated.

Electric Services - Kentucky
Electric Services - Tennessee
Electric Services - Virginia

5. Have you engaged as the principal accountant to audit your financial statements an accountant who is not the principal accountant for your previous year's certified financial statements?

- (1) Yes ...Enter the date when such independent accountant was initially engaged:
(2) No

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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CONTROL OVER RESPONDENT

1. If any corporation, business trust, or similar organization or a combination of such organizations jointly held control over the repondent at the end of the year, state name of controlling corporation or organization, manner in which control was held, and extent of control. If control was in a holding company organization, show the chain of ownership or control to the main parent company or organization. If control was held by a trustee(s), state name of trustee(s), name of beneficiary or beneficiaries for whom trust was maintained, and purpose of the trust

Kentucky Utilities Company (KU) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of E.ON U.S. LLC., formerly known as LG&E Energy LLC. E.ON U.S. LLC. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of E.ON AG, a German corporation, making KU a wholly-owned subsidiary of E.ON AG.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo. Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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CORPORATIONS CONTROLLED BY RESPONDENT

1. Report below the names of all corporations, business trusts, and similar organizations, controlled directly or indirectly by respondent at any time during the year. If control ceased prior to end of year, give particulars (details) in a footnote.
2. If control was by other means than a direct holding of voting rights, state in a footnote the manner in which control was held, naming any intermediaries involved.
3. If control was held jointly with one or more other interests, state the fact in a footnote and name the other interests.

Definitions

1. See the Uniform System of Accounts for a definition of control.
2. Direct control is that which is exercised without interposition of an intermediary.
3. Indirect control is that which is exercised by the interposition of an intermediary which exercises direct control.
4. Joint control is that in which neither interest can effectively control or direct action without the consent of the other, as where the voting control is equally divided between two holders, or each party holds a veto power over the other. Joint control may exist by mutual agreement or understanding between two or more parties who together have control within the meaning of the definition of control in the Uniform System of Accounts, regardless of the relative voting rights of each party

Line No.	Name of Company Controlled (a)	Kind of Business (b)	Percent Voting Stock Owned (c)	Footnote Ref. (d)
1	-- Not Applicable --			
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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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OFFICERS

1. Report below the name, title and salary for each executive officer whose salary is \$50,000 or more. An "executive officer" of a respondent includes its president, secretary, treasurer, and vice president in charge of a principal business unit, division or function (such as sales, administration or finance), and any other person who performs similar policy making functions.

2. If a change was made during the year in the incumbent of any position, show name and total remuneration of the previous incumbent, and the date the change in incumbency was made.

Line No.	Title (a)	Name of Officer (b)	Salary for Year (c)
1	CURRENT OFFICERS AT DECEMBER 31, 2007		
2	Chairman of the Board, President and		
3	Chief Executive Officer	Victor A. Staffieri	
4	Executive Vice President, General Counsel,		
5	Corporate Secretary and Chief Compliance Officer	John R. McCall	
6	Chief Financial Officer	S. Bradford Rives	
7	Senior Vice President - Energy Marketing	Martin Gallus	
8	Senior Vice President - Energy Delivery	Chris Hermann	
9	Senior Vice President - Human Resources	Paula H. Pottinger	
10	Senior Vice President - Energy Services	Paul W. Thompson	
11	Senior Vice President - Information Technology	Wendy C. Welsh	
12	Vice President - Federal Regulation and Policy	Michael S. Beer	
13	Vice President - State Regulation and Rates	Lonnie E. Bellar	
14	Vice President - Corporate Planning and Development	Kent W. Blake	
15	Vice President - Power Operations-WKE	D. Ralph Bowling	
16	Vice President - Corporate Responsibility		
17	and Community Affairs	Laura G. Douglas	
18	Vice President - Communications	R. W. Chip Keeling	
19	Vice President - Energy Delivery - Retail Business	John P. Malloy	
20	Vice President and Deputy General Counsel - Legal		
21	and Environmental Affairs	Dorothy E. O'Brien	
22	Vice President - External Affairs	George R. Siemens	
23	Vice President - Energy Delivery - Distribution		
24	Operations	Pat Greg Thomas	
25	Vice President - Regulated Generation	John N. Voyles, Jr.	
26	Treasurer	Daniel K. Arbough	
27	Controller	Valerie L. Scott	
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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 104 Line No.: 1 Column: a
Effective January 31, 2008, David S. Sinclair was promoted to Vice President - Energy Marketing.

Schedule Page: 104 Line No.: 1 Column: c
Salary information for all officers is on file in the office of the respondent.

Schedule Page: 104 Line No.: 7 Column: b
Martyn Gallus is serving in a position with an international affiliate, effective January 2008.

Schedule Page: 104 Line No.: 13 Column: b
Lonnie E. Bellar was promoted to Vice President - State Regulation and Rates effective August 20, 2007.

Schedule Page: 104 Line No.: 14 Column: b
Kent W. Blake was appointed to Vice President - Corporate Responsibility and Community Affairs effective August 1, 2007.

Schedule Page: 104 Line No.: 17 Column: b
Laura G. Douglas was promoted to Vice President and Deputy General Counsel - Legal and Environmental Affairs effective November 15, 2007.

Schedule Page: 104 Line No.: 19 Column: b
John P. Malloy was promoted to Vice President - Energy Delivery - Retail Business effective April 9, 2007.

Schedule Page: 104 Line No.: 21 Column: b
Dorothy E. O'Brien was promoted to Vice President and Deputy General Counsel - Legal and Environmental Affairs effective October 10, 2007.

Schedule Page: 104 Line No.: 24 Column: b
P. Greg Thomas was promoted to Vice President - Energy Delivery - Distribution Operations effective April 9, 2007.

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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo. Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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DIRECTORS

1. Report below the information called for concerning each director of the respondent who held office at any time during the year. Include in column (a), abbreviated titles of the directors who are officers of the respondent
2. Designate members of the Executive Committee by a triple asterisk and the Chairman of the Executive Committee by a double asterisk

Line No.	Name (and Title) of Director (a)	Principal Business Address (b)
1	CURRENT BOARD OF DIRECTORS AT DECEMBER 31, 2007	
2		
3	Victor A. Staffieri, Chairman of the Board, President	220 West Main Street, Louisville, KY 40202
4	and Chief Executive Officer	
5	John R. McCall, EVP General Counsel, Corporate	220 West Main Street, Louisville, KY 40202
6	Secretary and Chief Compliance Officer	
7	S. Bradford Rives, Chief Financial Officer	220 West Main Street, Louisville, KY 40202
8	Chris Hermann, SVP Energy Delivery	220 West Main Street, Louisville, KY 40202
9	Paul W. Thompson, SVP Energy Services	220 West Main Street, Louisville, KY 40202
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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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IMPORTANT CHANGES DURING THE QUARTER/YEAR

Give particulars (details) concerning the matters indicated below. Make the statements explicit and precise, and number them in accordance with the inquiries. Each inquiry should be answered. Enter "none," "not applicable," or "NA" where applicable. If information which answers an inquiry is given elsewhere in the report, make a reference to the schedule in which it appears.

1. Changes in and important additions to franchise rights: Describe the actual consideration given therefore and state from whom the franchise rights were acquired. If acquired without the payment of consideration, state that fact.
2. Acquisition of ownership in other companies by reorganization, merger, or consolidation with other companies: Give names of companies involved, particulars concerning the transactions, name of the Commission authorizing the transaction, and reference to Commission authorization.
3. Purchase or sale of an operating unit or system: Give a brief description of the property, and of the transactions relating thereto, and reference to Commission authorization, if any was required. Give date journal entries called for by the Uniform System of Accounts were submitted to the Commission.
4. Important leaseholds (other than leaseholds for natural gas lands) that have been acquired or given, assigned or surrendered: Give effective dates, lengths of terms, names of parties, rents, and other condition. State name of Commission authorizing lease and give reference to such authorization.
5. Important extension or reduction of transmission or distribution system: State territory added or relinquished and date operations began or ceased and give reference to Commission authorization, if any was required. State also the approximate number of customers added or lost and approximate annual revenues of each class of service. Each natural gas company must also state major new continuing sources of gas made available to it from purchases, development, purchase contract or otherwise, giving location and approximate total gas volumes available, period of contracts, and other parties to any such arrangements, etc.
6. Obligations incurred as a result of issuance of securities or assumption of liabilities or guarantees including issuance of short-term debt and commercial paper having a maturity of one year or less. Give reference to FERC or State Commission authorization, as appropriate, and the amount of obligation or guarantee.
7. Changes in articles of incorporation or amendments to charter: Explain the nature and purpose of such changes or amendments.
8. State the estimated annual effect and nature of any important wage scale changes during the year.
9. State briefly the status of any materially important legal proceedings pending at the end of the year, and the results of any such proceedings culminated during the year.
10. Describe briefly any materially important transactions of the respondent not disclosed elsewhere in this report in which an officer, director, security holder reported on Page 106, voting trustee, associated company or known associate of any of these persons was a party or in which any such person had a material interest.
11. (Reserved.)
12. If the important changes during the year relating to the respondent company appearing in the annual report to stockholders are applicable in every respect and furnish the data required by Instructions 1 to 11 above, such notes may be included on this page.
13. Describe fully any changes in officers, directors, major security holders and voting powers of the respondent that may have occurred during the reporting period.
14. In the event that the respondent participates in a cash management program(s) and its proprietary capital ratio is less than 30 percent please describe the significant events or transactions causing the proprietary capital ratio to be less than 30 percent, and the extent to which the respondent has amounts loaned or money advanced to its parent, subsidiary, or affiliated companies through a cash management program(s). Additionally, please describe plans, if any to regain at least a 30 percent proprietary ratio.

PAGE 108 INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
SEE PAGE 109 FOR REQUIRED INFORMATION.

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
IMPORTANT CHANGES DURING THE QUARTER/YEAR (Continued)			

1. None.
2. None.
3. None.
4. None of a material nature.
5. None of a material nature.
6. At December 31, 2007, the Company had obtained authorization from the SEC under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (PUHCA 2005) SEC File No. 70-10282 for the issuance of short-term debt up to \$400 million through May 31, 2008. The Federal Power Act contained an exemption from FERC approval for securities issuances approved by the SEC under PUHCA 2005. In connection with the repeal of the PUHCA of 1935, the Company also received FERC authorization under the FPA Docket No. ES07-60-000 for up to \$400 million in short-term debt through November 30, 2009. The Company's money pool balance decreased from \$106 million at September 30, 2007 to \$23 million at December 31, 2007. During the fourth quarter, the Company entered into two new long-term loans totaling \$170 million with Fidelia Corporation, an affiliated company. The first loan for \$70 million has an interest rate of 5.71% and matures in October 2019. The second loan for \$100 million has an interest rate of 5.45% and matures in December 2014. The new loans were approved by the Kentucky Public Service Commission, the Virginia State Corporation Commission, and the Tennessee Regulatory Commission. See Note 7 of Notes to Financial Statements.
7. None.
8. None of a material nature.
9. See Notes 2 and 9 of Notes to Financial Statements.
10. None
11. N/A
12. N/A
13. David A. Vogel announced his resignation as Vice President – Retail and Gas Storage Operations during March 2007. Effective during March 2007, the following appointment was made: Cord H. Landsmann, Vice President - Corporate Planning and Development. Effective during April 2007, the following appointments were made: John P. Malloy, Vice President – Energy Delivery — Retail Business; P. Gregory Thomas, Vice President – Energy Delivery – Distribution Operations; Kent W. Blake, Vice President – State Regulation and Rates. Effective during May 2007, John R. McCall was named Chief Compliance Officer in addition to his previous title of Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary. Effective August 1, 2007, Cord H. Landsmann resigned as Vice President – Corporate Planning and Development, Kent W. Blake was appointed Vice President – Corporate Planning and Development and Lonnie E. Bellar was appointed Vice President - State Regulation and Rates. Effective during October 2007, Dorothy E. O'Brien was named Vice President and Deputy General Counsel, Legal and Environmental Affairs. Effective during November 2007, Laura G. Douglas was named Vice President - Corporate Responsibility and Community Affairs. Martyn Gallus is serving in a position with an international affiliate, effective January 2008. Effective during January 2008, David S. Sinclair was appointed Vice President – Energy Marketing.
14. The Company is a participant in a cash pooling arrangement, but its proprietary capital ratio is above 30 percent.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 11	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET (ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS)

Line No.	Title of Account (a)	Ref. Page No (b)	Current Year End of Quarter/Year Balance (c)	Prior Year End Balance 12/31 (d)
1	UTILITY PLANT			
2	Utility Plant (101-106, 114)	200-201	3,867,960,512	3,680,734,487
3	Construction Work in Progress (107)	200-201	1,071,388,626	487,243,640
4	TOTAL Utility Plant (Enter Total of lines 2 and 3)		4,939,349,138	4,167,978,127
5	(Less) Accum. Prov. for Depr. Amort. Depl. (108, 110, 111, 115)	200-201	1,931,454,524	1,850,012,155
6	Net Utility Plant (Enter Total of line 4 less 5)		3,007,894,614	2,317,965,972
7	Nuclear Fuel in Process of Ref., Conv., Enrich., and Fab. (120.1)	202-203	0	0
8	Nuclear Fuel Materials and Assemblies-Stock Account (120.2)		0	0
9	Nuclear Fuel Assemblies in Reactor (120.3)		0	0
10	Spent Nuclear Fuel (120.4)		0	0
11	Nuclear Fuel Under Capital Leases (120.6)		0	0
12	(Less) Accum. Prov. for Amort. of Nucl. Fuel Assemblies (120.5)	202-203	0	0
13	Net Nuclear Fuel (Enter Total of lines 7-11 less 12)		0	0
14	Net Utility Plant (Enter Total of lines 6 and 13)		3,007,894,614	2,317,965,972
15	Utility Plant Adjustments (116)	122	0	0
16	Gas Stored Underground - Noncurrent (117)		0	0
17	OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS			
18	Nonutility Property (121)		180,296	1,027,089
19	(Less) Accum. Prov. for Depr. and Amort. (122)		0	57,926
20	Investments in Associated Companies (123)		22,502,868	17,544,087
21	Investment in Subsidiary Companies (123.1)	224-225	0	0
22	(For Cost of Account 123.1, See Footnote Page 224, line 42)			
23	Noncurrent Portion of Allowances	228-229	0	0
24	Other Investments (124)		661,140	676,140
25	Sinking Funds (125)		0	0
26	Depreciation Fund (126)		0	0
27	Amortization Fund - Federal (127)		0	0
28	Other Special Funds (128)		5,915,884	5,704,694
29	Special Funds (Non Major Only) (129)		0	0
30	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175)		0	0
31	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176)		0	0
32	TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Lines 18-21 and 23-31)		29,260,188	24,894,084
33	CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS			
34	Cash and Working Funds (Non-major Only) (130)		0	0
35	Cash (131)		321,021	5,309,005
36	Special Deposits (132-134)		10,985,556	22,807,516
37	Working Fund (135)		38,680	58,230
38	Temporary Cash Investments (136)		17,490	3,505
39	Notes Receivable (141)		0	0
40	Customer Accounts Receivable (142)		93,443,216	81,011,049
41	Other Accounts Receivable (143)		21,261,831	2,096,320
42	(Less) Accum. Prov. for Uncollectible Accl.-Credit (144)		1,939,209	1,820,192
43	Notes Receivable from Associated Companies (145)		0	0
44	Accounts Receivable from Assoc. Companies (146)		16,983,062	50,014,360
45	Fuel Stock (151)	227	41,770,628	64,221,479
46	Fuel Stock Expenses Undistributed (152)	227	0	0
47	Residuals (Elec) and Extracted Products (153)	227	0	0
48	Plant Materials and Operating Supplies (154)	227	27,370,026	25,951,429
49	Merchandise (155)	227	0	0
50	Other Materials and Supplies (156)	227	0	0
51	Nuclear Materials Held for Sale (157)	202-203/227	0	0
52	Allowances (158.1 and 158.2)	228-229	382,894	1,670,538

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 11	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET (ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS) (Continued)

Line No	Title of Account (a)	Ref Page No. (b)	Current Year End of Quarter/Year Balance (c)	Prior Year End Balance 12/31 (d)
53	(Less) Noncurrent Portion of Allowances		0	0
54	Stores Expense Undistributed (163)	227	6,454,808	6,386,539
55	Gas Stored Underground - Current (164.1)		0	0
56	Liquefied Natural Gas Stored and Held for Processing (164.2-164.3)		0	0
57	Prepayments (165)		5,293,879	5,878,487
58	Advances for Gas (166-167)		0	0
59	Interest and Dividends Receivable (171)		95,727	141,035
60	Rents Receivable (172)		0	0
61	Accrued Utility Revenues (173)		58,867,000	41,715,000
62	Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Assets (174)		16,145	0
63	Derivative Instrument Assets (175)		537,979	895,627
64	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Assets (175)		0	0
65	Derivative Instrument Assets - Hedges (176)		0	0
66	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Assets - Hedges (176)		0	0
67	Total Current and Accrued Assets (Lines 34 through 66)		281,900,733	306,339,927
68	DEFERRED DEBITS			
69	Unamortized Debt Expenses (181)		7,281,131	5,875,218
70	Extraordinary Property Losses (182.1)	230	0	0
71	Unrecovered Plant and Regulatory Study Costs (182.2)	230	0	0
72	Other Regulatory Assets (182.3)	232	82,165,251	115,016,843
73	Prelim. Survey and Investigation Charges (Electric) (183)		1,667,653	294,017
74	Preliminary Natural Gas Survey and Investigation Charges 183.1)		0	0
75	Other Preliminary Survey and Investigation Charges (183.2)		0	0
76	Clearing Accounts (184)		2,368,433	2,752,647
77	Temporary Facilities (185)		0	0
78	Miscellaneous Deferred Debits (186)	233	67,276,079	64,087,291
79	Def. Losses from Disposition of Utility Plt. (187)		0	0
80	Research, Devel. and Demonstration Expend. (188)	352-353	0	0
81	Unamortized Loss on Reaquired Debt (189)		10,173,667	10,327,192
82	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes (190)	234	50,753,516	46,004,037
83	Unrecovered Purchased Gas Costs (191)		0	0
84	Total Deferred Debits (lines 69 through 83)		216,948,864	244,357,245
85	TOTAL ASSETS (lines 14-16, 32, 67, and 84)		3,536,004,399	2,893,557,228

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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 110 Line No.: 76 Column:
The negative balance resulted from a higher level of capital additions in 2007.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (mo, da, yr) 11	Year/Period of Report end of 2007/Q4
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COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET (LIABILITIES AND OTHER CREDITS)

Line No.	Title of Account (a)	Ref. Page No (b)	Current Year End of Quarter/Year Balance (c)	Prior Year End Balance 12/31 (d)
1	PROPRIETARY CAPITAL			
2	Common Stock Issued (201)	250-251	308,139,978	308,139,978
3	Preferred Stock Issued (204)	250-251	0	0
4	Capital Stock Subscribed (202, 205)	252	0	0
5	Stock Liability for Conversion (203, 206)	252	0	0
6	Premium on Capital Stock (207)	252	0	0
7	Other Paid-In Capital (208-211)	253	90,000,000	15,000,000
8	Installments Received on Capital Stock (212)	252	0	0
9	(Less) Discount on Capital Stock (213)	254	0	0
10	(Less) Capital Stock Expense (214)	254	321,289	321,289
11	Retained Earnings (215, 215.1, 216)	118-119	1,016,489,982	854,131,028
12	Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings (216.1)	118-119	21,207,068	16,248,287
13	(Less) Required Capital Stock (217)	250-251	0	0
14	Noncorporate Proprietorship (Non-major only) (218)		0	0
15	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (219)	122(a)(b)	0	0
16	Total Proprietary Capital (lines 2 through 15)		1,435,515,739	1,193,198,004
17	LONG-TERM DEBT			
18	Bonds (221)	256-257	332,753,140	359,384,680
19	(Less) Required Bonds (222)	256-257	0	0
20	Advances from Associated Companies (223)	256-257	931,000,000	483,000,000
21	Other Long-Term Debt (224)	256-257	0	0
22	Unamortized Premium on Long-Term Debt (225)		0	0
23	(Less) Unamortized Discount on Long-Term Debt-Debit (226)		0	0
24	Total Long-Term Debt (lines 18 through 23)		1,263,753,140	842,384,680
25	OTHER NONCURRENT LIABILITIES			
26	Obligations Under Capital Leases - Noncurrent (227)		0	0
27	Accumulated Provision for Property Insurance (228.1)		0	0
28	Accumulated Provision for Injuries and Damages (228.2)		3,098,519	0
29	Accumulated Provision for Pensions and Benefits (228.3)		87,925,008	76,450,084
30	Accumulated Miscellaneous Operating Provisions (228.4)		0	0
31	Accumulated Provision for Rate Refunds (229)		0	0
32	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities		0	0
33	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedges		0	0
34	Asset Retirement Obligations (230)		30,315,059	28,481,207
35	Total Other Noncurrent Liabilities (lines 26 through 34)		121,338,586	104,931,291
36	CURRENT AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES			
37	Notes Payable (231)		0	0
38	Accounts Payable (232)		161,858,433	140,112,749
39	Notes Payable to Associated Companies (233)		23,219,454	97,043,054
40	Accounts Payable to Associated Companies (234)		48,442,227	87,173,829
41	Customer Deposits (235)		19,573,318	18,681,706
42	Taxes Accrued (236)	262-263	4,089,209	5,483,045
43	Interest Accrued (237)		1,532,755	2,081,879
44	Dividends Declared (238)		0	0
45	Matured Long-Term Debt (239)		0	0

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Rresubmission	Date of Report (mo, da, yr) 11	Year/Period of Report end of 2007/Q4
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COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET (LIABILITIES AND OTHER CREDITS) (continued)

Line No.	Title of Account (a)	Ref. Page No (b)	Current Year End of Quarter/Year Balance (c)	Prior Year End Balance 12/31 (d)
46	Matured Interest (240)		0	0
47	Tax Collections Payable (241)		3,515,457	3,344,527
48	Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Liabilities (242)		10,756,715	10,631,560
49	Obligations Under Capital Leases-Current (243)		0	0
50	Derivative Instrument Liabilities (244)		152,956	119,895
51	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities		0	0
52	Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedges (245)		0	0
53	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities-Hedges		0	0
54	Total Current and Accrued Liabilities (lines 37 through 53)		273,140,524	364,672,244
55	DEFERRED CREDITS			
56	Customer Advances for Construction (252)		2,803,337	1,972,866
57	Accumulated Deferred Investment Tax Credits (255)	266-267	54,999,112	13,023,775
58	Deferred Gains from Disposition of Utility Plant (256)		0	0
59	Other Deferred Credits (253)	269	13,436,144	7,283,142
60	Other Regulatory Liabilities (254)	278	37,721,036	35,939,373
61	Unamortized Gain on Reaquired Debt (257)		0	0
62	Accum. Deferred Income Taxes-Accel. Amort.(281)	272-277	0	0
63	Accum. Deferred Income Taxes-Other Property (282)		291,507,115	291,427,195
64	Accum. Deferred Income Taxes-Other (283)		41,789,666	38,724,658
65	Total Deferred Credits (lines 56 through 64)		442,256,410	388,371,009
66	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER EQUITY (lines 16, 24, 35, 54 and 65)		3,536,004,399	2,893,557,228

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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 112 Line No.: 28 Column:
During 2007, Workers' Compensation was reclassified from account 232 to account 228.2, as it was determined to be long-term in nature.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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STATEMENT OF INCOME

Quarterly

1. Enter in column (d) the balance for the reporting quarter and in column (e) the balance for the same three month period for the prior year.
2. Report in column (f) the quarter to date amounts for electric utility function; in column (h) the quarter to date amounts for gas utility, and in (j) the quarter to date amounts for other utility function for the current year quarter.
3. Report in column (g) the quarter to date amounts for electric utility function; in column (i) the quarter to date amounts for gas utility, and in (k) the quarter to date amounts for other utility function for the prior year quarter.
4. If additional columns are needed place them in a footnote.

Annual or Quarterly if applicable

5. Do not report fourth quarter data in columns (e) and (f)
6. Report amounts for accounts 412 and 413, Revenues and Expenses from Utility Plant Leased to Others, in another utility column in a similar manner to a utility department. Spread the amount(s) over lines 2 thru 26 as appropriate. Include these amounts in columns (c) and (d) totals.
7. Report amounts in account 414, Other Utility Operating Income, in the same manner as accounts 412 and 413 above.
8. Report data for lines 8, 10 and 11 for Natural Gas companies using accounts 404.1, 404.2, 404.3, 407.1 and 407.2.

Line No	Title of Account (a)	(Ref.) Page No. (b)	Total Current Year to Date Balance for Quarter/Year (c)	Total Prior Year to Date Balance for Quarter/Year (d)	Current 3 Months Ended Quarterly Only No 4th Quarter (e)	Prior 3 Months Ended Quarterly Only No 4th Quarter (f)
1	UTILITY OPERATING INCOME					
2	Operating Revenues (400)	300-301	1,272,548,899	1,210,019,284		
3	Operating Expenses					
4	Operation Expenses (401)	320-323	781,485,127	770,339,126		
5	Maintenance Expenses (402)	320-323	85,242,194	72,877,246		
6	Depreciation Expense (403)	336-337	115,064,736	109,639,095		
7	Depreciation Expense for Asset Retirement Costs (403.1)	336-337	199,429	296,659		
8	Amort. & Depl. of Utility Plant (404-405)	336-337	5,420,545	5,072,614		
9	Amort. of Utility Plant Acq. Adj. (406)	336-337				
10	Amort. Property Losses, Unrecov Plant and Regulatory Study Costs (407)					
11	Amort. of Conversion Expenses (407)					
12	Regulatory Debits (407.3)					
13	(Less) Regulatory Credits (407.4)		2,101,203	2,044,274		
14	Taxes Other Than Income Taxes (408.1)	262-263	18,439,077	18,603,068		
15	Income Taxes - Federal (409.1)	262-263	27,762,416	48,696,525		
16	- Other (409.1)	262-263	13,060,218	11,375,572		
17	Provision for Deferred Income Taxes (410.1)	234, 272-277	40,957,117	41,108,472		
18	(Less) Provision for Deferred Income Taxes-Cr. (411.1)	234, 272-277	47,805,346	40,437,777		
19	Investment Tax Credit Adj. - Net (411.4)	266	42,566,647	12,000,000		
20	(Less) Gains from Disp. of Utility Plant (411.6)					
21	Losses from Disp. of Utility Plant (411.7)					
22	(Less) Gains from Disposition of Allowances (411.8)		706,852	1,283,929		
23	Losses from Disposition of Allowances (411.9)					
24	Accretion Expense (411.10)		1,861,363	1,747,615		
25	TOTAL Utility Operating Expenses (Enter Total of lines 4 thru 24)		1,081,445,468	1,047,990,012		
26	Net Util Oper Inc (Enter Tot line 2 less 25) Carry to Pg 117, line 27		191,103,431	162,029,272		

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE YEAR (Continued)

9. Use page 122 for important notes regarding the statement of income for any account thereof.
10. Give concise explanations concerning unsettled rate proceedings where a contingency exists such that refunds of a material amount may need to be made to the utility's customers or which may result in material refund to the utility with respect to power or gas purchases. State for each year effected the gross revenues or costs to which the contingency relates and the tax effects together with an explanation of the major factors which affect the rights of the utility to retain such revenues or recover amounts paid with respect to power or gas purchases.
11. Give concise explanations concerning significant amounts of any refunds made or received during the year resulting from settlement of any rate proceeding affecting revenues received or costs incurred for power or gas purchases, and a summary of the adjustments made to balance sheet, income, and expense accounts.
12. If any notes appearing in the report to stockholders are applicable to the Statement of Income, such notes may be included at page 122
13. Enter on page 122 a concise explanation of only those changes in accounting methods made during the year which had an effect on net income, including the basis of allocations and apportionments from those used in the preceding year. Also, give the appropriate dollar effect of such changes
14. Explain in a footnote if the previous year's/quarter's figures are different from that reported in prior reports.
15. If the columns are insufficient for reporting additional utility departments, supply the appropriate account titles report the information in a footnote to this schedule.

ELECTRIC UTILITY		GAS UTILITY		OTHER UTILITY		Line No.
Current Year to Date (in dollars) (g)	Previous Year to Date (in dollars) (h)	Current Year to Date (in dollars) (i)	Previous Year to Date (in dollars) (j)	Current Year to Date (in dollars) (k)	Previous Year to Date (in dollars) (l)	
						1
1,272,548,899	1,210,019,284					2
						3
781,485,127	770,339,126					4
85,242,194	72,877,246					5
115,064,736	109,639,095					6
199,429	296,659					7
5,420,545	5,072,614					8
						9
						10
						11
						12
2,101,203	2,044,274					13
18,439,077	18,603,068					14
27,762,416	48,696,525					15
13,060,218	11,375,572					16
40,957,117	41,108,472					17
47,805,346	40,437,777					18
42,566,647	12,000,000					19
						20
						21
706,852	1,283,929					22
						23
1,861,363	1,747,615					24
1,081,445,468	1,047,990,012					25
191,103,431	162,029,272					26

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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE YEAR (continued)

Line No.	Title of Account (a)	(Ref.) Page No. (b)	TOTAL		Current 3 Months Ended Quarterly Only No 4th Quarter (e)	Prior 3 Months Ended Quarterly Only No 4th Quarter (f)
			Current Year (c)	Previous Year (d)		
27	Net Utility Operating Income (Carried forward from page 114)		191,103,431	162,029,272		
28	Other Income and Deductions					
29	Other Income					
30	Nonutility Operating Income					
31	Revenues From Merchandising, Jobbing and Contract Work (415)					
32	(Less) Costs and Exp. of Merchandising, Job. & Contract Work (416)					
33	Revenues From Nonutility Operations (417)		1,542,843	609,912		
34	(Less) Expenses of Nonutility Operations (417.1)					
35	Nonoperating Rental Income (418)		6,560	-385		
36	Equity in Earnings of Subsidiary Companies (418.1)	119	26,358,781	29,405,773		
37	Interest and Dividend Income (419)		2,954,429	1,457,963		
38	Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction (419.1)		3,327,705	384,044		
39	Miscellaneous Nonoperating Income (421)		3,121,445	1,966,683		
40	Gain on Disposition of Property (421.1)		1,156,882			
41	TOTAL Other Income (Enter Total of lines 31 thru 40)		38,468,645	33,823,990		
42	Other Income Deductions					
43	Loss on Disposition of Property (421.2)		480,236	82,656		
44	Miscellaneous Amortization (425)	340				
45	Donations (426.1)	340	478,457	616,224		
46	Life Insurance (426.2)		707,185	707,185		
47	Penalties (426.3)		2,004,094	62		
48	Exp. for Certain Civic, Political & Related Activities (426.4)		965,125	1,005,100		
49	Other Deductions (426.5)		1,208,224	1,601,891		
50	TOTAL Other Income Deductions (Total of lines 43 thru 49)		5,843,321	4,013,118		
51	Taxes Applic. to Other Income and Deductions					
52	Taxes Other Than Income Taxes (408.2)	262-263	11,004	22,452		
53	Income Taxes-Federal (409.2)	262-263	88,667	2,172,669		
54	Income Taxes-Other (409.2)	262-263	-183,585	51,595		
55	Provision for Deferred Inc. Taxes (410.2)	234, 272-277	2,026,463	834,249		
56	(Less) Provision for Deferred Income Taxes-Cr. (411.2)	234, 272-277	504,303	376,384		
57	Investment Tax Credit Adj.-Net (411.5)					
58	(Less) Investment Tax Credits (420)		591,310	1,081,872		
59	TOTAL Taxes on Other Income and Deductions (Total of lines 52-58)		846,936	1,622,709		
60	Net Other Income and Deductions (Total of lines 41, 50, 59)		31,778,388	28,188,163		
61	Interest Charges					
62	Interest on Long-Term Debt (427)		13,677,837	12,994,886		
63	Amort. of Debt Disc. and Expense (428)		334,935	247,830		
64	Amortization of Loss on Required Debt (428.1)		518,566	689,205		
65	(Less) Amort. of Premium on Debt-Credit (429)					
66	(Less) Amortization of Gain on Required Debt-Credit (429.1)					
67	Interest on Debt to Assoc. Companies (430)	340	41,244,367	23,619,164		
68	Other Interest Expense (431)	340	1,099,347	1,108,319		
69	(Less) Allowance for Borrowed Funds Used During Construction-Cr. (432)		955,807	262,752		
70	Net Interest Charges (Total of lines 62 thru 69)		55,919,245	38,396,652		
71	Income Before Extraordinary Items (Total of lines 27, 60 and 70)		166,962,574	151,820,783		
72	Extraordinary Items					
73	Extraordinary Income (434)					
74	(Less) Extraordinary Deductions (435)					
75	Net Extraordinary Items (Total of line 73 less line 74)					
76	Income Taxes-Federal and Other (409.3)	262-263				
77	Extraordinary Items After Taxes (line 75 less line 76)					
78	Net Income (Total of line 71 and 77)		166,962,574	151,820,783		

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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STATEMENT OF RETAINED EARNINGS

1. Do not report Lines 49-53 on the quarterly version.
2. Report all changes in appropriated retained earnings, unappropriated retained earnings, year to date, and unappropriated undistributed subsidiary earnings for the year.
3. Each credit and debit during the year should be identified as to the retained earnings account in which recorded (Accounts 433, 436 - 439 inclusive). Show the contra primary account affected in column (b)
4. State the purpose and amount of each reservation or appropriation of retained earnings.
5. List first account 439, Adjustments to Retained Earnings, reflecting adjustments to the opening balance of retained earnings. Follow by credit, then debit items in that order.
6. Show dividends for each class and series of capital stock.
7. Show separately the State and Federal income tax effect of items shown in account 439, Adjustments to Retained Earnings.
8. Explain in a footnote the basis for determining the amount reserved or appropriated. If such reservation or appropriation is to be recurrent, state the number and annual amounts to be reserved or appropriated as well as the totals eventually to be accumulated.
9. If any notes appearing in the report to stockholders are applicable to this statement, include them on pages 122-123.

Line No.	Item (a)	Contra Primary Account Affected (b)	Current Quarter/Year Year to Date Balance (c)	Previous Quarter/Year Year to Date Balance (d)
	UNAPPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 216)			
1	Balance-Beginning of Period		854,131,028	704,216,017
2	Changes			
3	Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439)			
4	FIN 48 Adjustment		355,161	
5				
6				
7				
8				
9	TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Acct. 439)		355,161	
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15	TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Acct. 439)			
16	Balance Transferred from Income (Account 433 less Account 418.1)		140,603,793	122,415,011
17	Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Acct. 436)			
18				
19				
20				
21				
22	TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Acct. 436)			
23	Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437)			
24				
25				
26				
27				
28				
29	TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Acct. 437)			
30	Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438)			
31				
32				
33				
34				
35				
36	TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Acct. 438)			
37	Transfers from Acct 216.1, Unapprop. Undistrib. Subsidiary Earnings		21,400,000	27,500,000
38	Balance - End of Period (Total 1,9,15,16,22,29,36,37)		1,016,489,982	854,131,028
	APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215)			

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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STATEMENT OF RETAINED EARNINGS

1. Do not report Lines 49-53 on the quarterly version.
2. Report all changes in appropriated retained earnings, unappropriated retained earnings, year to date, and unappropriated undistributed subsidiary earnings for the year.
3. Each credit and debit during the year should be identified as to the retained earnings account in which recorded (Accounts 433, 436 - 439 inclusive). Show the contra primary account affected in column (b)
4. State the purpose and amount of each reservation or appropriation of retained earnings.
5. List first account 439, Adjustments to Retained Earnings, reflecting adjustments to the opening balance of retained earnings. Follow by credit, then debit items in that order.
6. Show dividends for each class and series of capital stock.
7. Show separately the State and Federal income tax effect of items shown in account 439, Adjustments to Retained Earnings.
8. Explain in a footnote the basis for determining the amount reserved or appropriated. If such reservation or appropriation is to be recurrent, state the number and annual amounts to be reserved or appropriated as well as the totals eventually to be accumulated.
9. If any notes appearing in the report to stockholders are applicable to this statement, include them on pages 122-123.

Line No.	Item (a)	Contra Primary Account Affected (b)	Current Quarter/Year Year to Date Balance (c)	Previous Quarter/Year Year to Date Balance (d)
39				
40				
41				
42				
43				
44				
45	TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215)			
	APPROP. RETAINED EARNINGS - AMORT. Reserve, Federal (Account 215.1)			
46	TOTAL Approp. Retained Earnings-Amort. Reserve, Federal (Acct. 215.1)			
47	TOTAL Approp. Retained Earnings (Acct. 215, 215.1) (Total 45,46)			
48	TOTAL Retained Earnings (Acct. 215, 215.1, 216) (Total 38, 47) (216.1)		1,016,489,982	854,131,028
	UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account			
	Report only on an Annual Basis, no Quarterly			
49	Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit)		16,248,287	14,342,514
50	Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1)		26,358,781	29,405,773
51	(Less) Dividends Received (Debit)		21,400,000	27,500,000
52				
53	Balance-End of Year (Total lines 49 thru 52)		21,207,068	16,248,287

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(1) Codes to be used: (a) Net Proceeds or Payments; (b) Bonds, debentures and other long-term debt; (c) include commercial paper; and (d) identify separately such items as investments, fixed assets, intangibles, etc.
(2) Information about noncash investing and financing activities must be provided in the Notes to the Financial statements. Also provide a reconciliation between "Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period" with related amounts on the Balance Sheet
(3) Operating Activities - Other: Include gains and losses pertaining to operating activities only. Gains and losses pertaining to investing and financing activities should be reported in those activities. Show in the Notes to the Financials the amounts of interest paid (net of amount capitalized) and income taxes paid.
(4) Investing Activities: Include at Other (line 31) net cash outflow to acquire other companies. Provide a reconciliation of assets acquired with liabilities assumed in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Do not include on this statement the dollar amount of leases capitalized per the USofA General Instruction 20; instead provide a reconciliation of the dollar amount of leases capitalized with the plant cost.

Line No.	Description (See Instruction No. 1 for Explanation of Codes) (a)	Current Year to Date Quarter/Year (b)	Previous Year to Date Quarter/Year (c)
1	Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities:		
2	Net Income (Line 78(c) on page 117)	166,962,574	151,820,783
3	Noncash Charges (Credits) to Income:		
4	Depreciation and Depletion	115,264,165	109,935,754
5	Amortization of Plant	5,420,545	5,072,614
6			
7			
8	Deferred Income Taxes (Net)	-1,604,551	10,301,779
9	Investment Tax Credit Adjustment (Net)	41,975,337	10,918,128
10	Net (Increase) Decrease in Receivables	-15,534,506	-6,154,811
11	Net (Increase) Decrease in Inventory	20,963,985	-10,174,514
12	Net (Increase) Decrease in Allowances Inventory	1,287,644	-210,851
13	Net Increase (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses	-78,888,022	44,723,474
14	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Regulatory Assets	32,851,592	-81,702,098
15	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Regulatory Liabilities	1,781,663	4,314,684
16	(Less) Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction	4,283,511	646,796
17	(Less) Undistributed Earnings from Subsidiary Companies	4,958,781	1,905,773
18	Other (provide details in footnote):	18,256,233	21,169,077
19	Change in Other Deferred Debits	-3,188,788	-912,810
20	Change in Other Deferred Credits	6,153,002	-8,202,494
21			
22	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities (Total 2 thru 21)	302,458,581	248,346,146
23			
24	Cash Flows from Investment Activities:		
25	Construction and Acquisition of Plant (including land):		
26	Gross Additions to Utility Plant (less nuclear fuel)	-743,093,685	370,912,355
27	Gross Additions to Nuclear Fuel		
28	Gross Additions to Common Utility Plant		
29	Gross Additions to Nonutility Plant		
30	(Less) Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction	-4,283,511	-646,796
31	Other (provide details in footnote):	433,540	1,606,960
32			
33			
34	Cash Outflows for Plant (Total of lines 26 thru 33)	-739,243,714	-371,872,519
35			
36	Acquisition of Other Noncurrent Assets (d)		
37	Proceeds from Disposal of Noncurrent Assets (d)		
38	Loss from Disposal of Fixed Assets	-741,720	
39	Investments in and Advances to Assoc. and Subsidiary Companies		
40	Contributions and Advances from Assoc. and Subsidiary Companies		
41	Disposition of Investments in (and Advances to)		
42	Associated and Subsidiary Companies		
43			
44	Purchase of Investment Securities (a)		
45	Proceeds from Sales of Investment Securities (a)		

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da. Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(1) Codes to be used:(a) Net Proceeds or Payments;(b)Bonds, debentures and other long-term debt; (c) Include commercial paper; and (d) Identify separately such items as investments, fixed assets, intangibles, etc.
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Line No.	Description (See Instruction No. 1 for Explanation of Codes) (a)	Current Year to Date Quarter/Year (b)	Previous Year to Date Quarter/Year (c)
46	Loans Made or Purchased		
47	Collections on Loans		
48	Change in Long-Term Investments	-196,190	-165,426
49	Net (Increase) Decrease in Receivables		
50	Net (Increase) Decrease in Inventory		
51	Net (Increase) Decrease in Allowances Held for Speculation		
52	Net Increase (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses		
53	Other (provide details in footnote):		
54	Change in Restricted Cash	11,821,428	-1,209,169
55			
56	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities		
57	Total of lines 34 thru 55)	-728,360,196	-373,247,114
58			
59	Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
60	Proceeds from Issuance of:		
61	Long-Term Debt (b)	526,750,683	132,224,311
62	Preferred Stock		
63	Common Stock		
64	Other (provide details in footnote):		
65			
66	Net Increase in Short-Term Debt (c)		27,378,054
67	Other (provide details in footnote):		
68			
69			
70	Cash Provided by Outside Sources (Total 61 thru 69)	526,750,683	159,602,365
71			
72	Payments for Retirement of:		
73	Long-term Debt (b)	-107,000,000	-36,000,000
74	Preferred Stock		
75	Common Stock		
76	Other (provide details in footnote):		
77			
78	Net Decrease in Short-Term Debt (c)	-73,823,600	
79	Change in Contributed Capital	75,000,000	
80	Dividends on Preferred Stock		
81	Dividends on Common Stock		
82	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities		
83	(Total of lines 70 thru 81)	420,927,083	123,602,365
84			
85	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		
86	(Total of lines 22,57 and 83)	-4,974,532	-1,298,603
87			
88	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	5,313,043	6,611,646
89			
90	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of period	338,511	5,313,043

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 120 Line No.: 13 Column:

Previous Year to Date, as originally filed	\$ 21,439,326
Adjusted for Noncash Accrued Capital Expenditures	23,284,148

Restated Previous Year to Date	\$ 44,723,474

Schedule Page: 120 Line No.: 18 Column: b

Other operating cash flows:

Net salvage and cost of removal	\$ (2,308,564)
Depreciation charged to balance sheet accounts	597,905
Amortization of Debt Expenses	280,364
Amortization of Loss on Bonds	518,566
Net decrease in Prepayments	584,608
Net decrease in Derivative Assets	341,503
Net increase in Preliminary Survey	(1,373,637)
Net decrease in Clearing Accounts	5,121,080
Net increase in Customer Advances for Construction	830,470
Net increase in Asset Retirement Obligations	1,833,853
Net increase in Provision for Postretirement Benefits	11,474,924
Net adjustment to Retained Earnings (Effect of FIN 48)	355,161

Total	\$ 18,256,233

Schedule Page: 120 Line No.: 18 Column:

Other operating cash flows:

Net salvage and cost of removal	\$ (4,900,433)
Depreciation charged to balance sheet accounts	622,436
Amortization of Debt Expenses	247,821
Amortization of Loss on Bonds	689,205
Net decrease in Prepayments	(2,442,585)
Net increase in Derivative Assets	723,632
Net increase in Preliminary Survey	(294,017)
Net decrease in Clearing Accounts	(1,822,901)
Net increase in Other Comprehensive Income	19,336,791
Net decrease in Customer Advances for Construction	481,230
Net increase in Asset Retirement Obligations	1,682,524
Net decrease in Provision for Postretirement Benefits	6,845,374

Total	\$ 21,169,077

Schedule Page: 120 Line No.: 26 Column:

Previous Year to Date, as originally filed	\$ (347,628,207)
Adjusted for Noncash Accrued Capital Expenditures	(23,284,148)

Restated Previous Year to Date	\$ (370,912,355)

Schedule Page: 120 Line No.: 31 Column: b

Long Term Debt Mark-to-Market	\$ (433,540)
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In 2007, \$53 million of bonds were extinguished. This amount represents the fair value hedge adjustments on those bonds, as prescribed by SFAS 133, as amended.

Schedule Page: 120 Line No.: 31 Column:

Long Term Debt Mark-to-Market	\$ (1,606,960)
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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

In 2007, \$53 million of bonds were extinguished. This amount represents the fair value hedge adjustments on those bonds, as prescribed by SFAS 133, as amended.

Schedule Page: 120 Line No.: 90 Column: b

Cash and cash equivalents is comprised of the following amounts:

Cash (Acct 131)	\$ 321,021
Temporary Cash Investments (Acct 136)	17,490

Total Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$ 338,511

Schedule Page: 120 Line No.: 90 Column:

Cash and cash equivalents is comprised of the following amounts:

Cash (Acct 131)	\$ 5,309,005
Special Deposits (Accts 132-134)	533
Temporary Cash Investments (Acct 136)	3,505

Total Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$ 5,313,043

*The remaining balance of \$22,806,983 is Restricted Cash (Acct 134)

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Use the space below for important notes regarding the Balance Sheet, Statement of Income for the year, Statement of Retained Earnings for the year, and Statement of Cash Flows, or any account thereof. Classify the notes according to each basic statement, providing a subheading for each statement except where a note is applicable to more than one statement.
2. Furnish particulars (details) as to any significant contingent assets or liabilities existing at end of year, including a brief explanation of any action initiated by the Internal Revenue Service involving possible assessment of additional income taxes of material amount, or of a claim for refund of income taxes of a material amount initiated by the utility. Give also a brief explanation of any dividends in arrears on cumulative preferred stock.
3. For Account 116, Utility Plant Adjustments, explain the origin of such amount, debits and credits during the year, and plan of disposition contemplated, giving references to Commission orders or other authorizations respecting classification of amounts as plant adjustments and requirements as to disposition thereof.
4. Where Accounts 189, Unamortized Loss on Reacquired Debt, and 257, Unamortized Gain on Reacquired Debt, are not used, give an explanation, providing the rate treatment given these items. See General Instruction 17 of the Uniform System of Accounts.
5. Give a concise explanation of any retained earnings restrictions and state the amount of retained earnings affected by such restrictions.
6. If the notes to financial statements relating to the respondent company appearing in the annual report to the stockholders are applicable and furnish the data required by instructions above and on pages 114-121, such notes may be included herein.
7. For the 3Q disclosures, respondent must provide in the notes sufficient disclosures so as to make the interim information not misleading. Disclosures which would substantially duplicate the disclosures contained in the most recent FERC Annual Report may be omitted.
8. For the 3Q disclosures, the disclosures shall be provided where events subsequent to the end of the most recent year have occurred which have a material effect on the respondent. Respondent must include in the notes significant changes since the most recently completed year in such items as: accounting principles and practices; estimates inherent in the preparation of the financial statements; status of long-term contracts; capitalization including significant new borrowings or modifications of existing financing agreements; and changes resulting from business combinations or dispositions. However were material contingencies exist, the disclosure of such matters shall be provided even though a significant change since year end may not have occurred.
9. Finally, if the notes to the financial statements relating to the respondent appearing in the annual report to the stockholders are applicable and furnish the data required by the above instructions, such notes may be included herein.

PAGE 122 INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
SEE PAGE 123 FOR REQUIRED INFORMATION.

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	//	2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

INDEX OF ABBREVIATIONS

AG	Attorney General of Kentucky
ARO	Asset Retirement Obligation
BART	Best Available Retrofit Technology
CAIR	Clean Air Interstate Rule
CAMR	Clean Air Mercury Rule
CCN	Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity
Clean Air Act Company	The Clean Air Act, as amended in 1990 KU
CT	Combustion Turbines
DSM	Demand Side Management
ECR	Environmental Cost Recovery
EEI	Electric Energy, Inc.
E.ON	E.ON AG
E.ON U.S.	E.ON U.S. LLC (formerly LG&E Energy LLC and LG&E Energy Corp.)
E.ON U.S. Services	E.ON U.S. Services Inc. (formerly LG&E Energy Services Inc.)
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
EPAct 2005	Energy Policy Act of 2005
FAC	Fuel Adjustment Clause
FASB	Financial Accounting Standards Board
FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
FGD	Flue Gas Desulfurization
Fidelia	Fidelia Corporation (an E.ON affiliate)
FIN	FASB Interpretation No.
GHG	Greenhouse Gas
IBEW	International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers
IRP	Integrated Resource Plan
IRS	Internal Revenue Service
Kentucky Commission	Kentucky Public Service Commission
KIUC	Kentucky Industrial Utility Consumers, Inc.
KU	Kentucky Utilities Company
Kwh	Kilowatt hours
LG&E	Louisville Gas and Electric Company
LG&E Energy	LG&E Energy LLC (now E.ON U.S. LLC)
MISO	Midwest Independent Transmission System Operator, Inc.
MMBtu	Million British thermal units
Moody's	Moody's Investor Services, Inc.
MVA	Megavolt-ampere
Mw	Megawatts
Mwh	Megawatt hours
NOV	Notice of Violation
NOx	Nitrogen Oxide
OMU	Owensboro Municipal Utilities
OVEC	Ohio Valley Electric Corporation
PUHCA 2005	Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005
S&P	Standard & Poor's Rating Services
SCR	Selective Catalytic Reduction

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

SFAS	Statement of Financial Accounting Standards
SIP	State Implementation Plan
SO ₂	Sulfur Dioxide
TC2	Trimble County Unit 2
VDT	Value Delivery Team Process
Virginia Commission	Virginia State Corporation Commission

Kentucky Utilities Company
Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

KU, incorporated in Kentucky in 1912 and in Virginia in 1991, is a regulated public utility engaged in the generation, transmission, distribution and sale of electric energy in Kentucky, Virginia and Tennessee. KU provides electricity to approximately 506,000 customers in 77 counties in central, southeastern and western Kentucky, to approximately 30,000 customers in 5 counties in southwestern Virginia and 5 customers in Tennessee. KU's coal-fired electric generating stations produce most of KU's electricity. The remainder is generated by a hydroelectric power plant and natural gas and oil fueled CTs. In Virginia, KU operates under the name Old Dominion Power Company. KU also sells wholesale electric energy to 12 municipalities.

KU is a wholly-owned subsidiary of E.ON U.S., formerly known as LG&E Energy LLC. E.ON U.S. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of E.ON, a German corporation, making KU an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of E.ON. KU's affiliate, LG&E, is a regulated public utility engaged in the generation, transmission, distribution and sale of electric energy and the distribution and sale of natural gas in Kentucky.

Certain reclassification entries have been made to the previous years' financial statements to conform to the 2007 presentation with no impact on net assets, liabilities and capitalization or previously reported net income and cash flows.

Presentation. The accompanying financial statements are prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting in accordance with the requirements of the FERC, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The significant differences between Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and FERC reporting are as follows:

- Restricted cash is recorded in cash on the balance sheet for FERC reporting and presented as a separate line item for GAAP statements;
- Certain costs of removal obligations are recorded in accumulated depreciation for FERC reporting and recorded in regulatory liabilities for GAAP reporting;
- Long-term and short-term bonds are recorded in total in the long-term debt section for FERC reporting and are presented separately in current liabilities for the short-term portion and in long-term debt for the long-term portion for GAAP reporting; and

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

- Deferred taxes are shown gross for FERC reporting in the balance sheet (a deferred asset and a deferred liability are recorded), for GAAP reporting the deferred taxes are netted together and recorded as a liability.

Regulatory Accounting. KU is subject to SFAS No. 71, under which regulatory assets are created based on expected recovery from customers in future rates to defer costs that would otherwise be charged to expense. Likewise, regulatory liabilities are created based on expected return to customers in future rates to defer credits that would otherwise be reflected as income, or, in the case of costs of removal, are created to match long-term future obligations arising from the current use of assets. The accounting for regulatory assets and liabilities is based on specific ratemaking decisions or precedent for each item as prescribed by the FERC, the Kentucky Commission or the Virginia Commission. See Note 2, Rates and Regulatory Matters, for additional detail regarding regulatory assets and liabilities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents. KU considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash. Proceeds from bond issuances for environmental equipment (primarily related to the installation of FGDs) are held in trust pending expenditure for qualifying assets.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on the ratio of the amounts charged-off during the last twelve months to the retail revenues billed over the same period multiplied by the retail revenues billed over the last four months. Accounts with no payment activity are charged-off after four months, although collection efforts continue thereafter.

Materials and Supplies. Fuel and other materials and supplies inventories are accounted for using the average-cost method. Emission allowances are included in other materials and supplies and are not currently traded by KU. At December 31, 2007 and 2006, the emission allowances inventory was less than \$1 million and approximately \$2 million, respectively.

Other Property and Investments. Other property and investments on the balance sheets consists of KU's investment in EEI, economic development loans provided to various communities in KU's service territory, KU's investment in OVEC, funds related to KU's long-term purchased power contract with OMU and non-utility plant.

Although KU holds investment interests in OVEC and EEI, it is not the primary beneficiary, therefore, neither are consolidated into KU's financial statements. KU and 11 other electric utilities are participating owners of OVEC, located in Piketon, Ohio. OVEC owns and operates two power plants that burn coal to generate electricity, Kyger Creek Station in Ohio and Clifty Creek Station in Indiana. Pursuant to current contractual arrangements, KU's share of OVEC's output is 2.5%, approximately 55 Mw of generation capacity.

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, KU's investment in OVEC totaled less than \$1 million and is accounted for under the cost method of accounting. KU's maximum exposure to loss as a result of its involvement with OVEC is limited to the value of its investment. In the event of the inability of OVEC to fulfill its power provision requirements, KU anticipates substituting such power supply with either owned generation or market purchases

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

and believes it would generally recover associated incremental costs through regulatory rate mechanisms. See Note 9, Commitments and Contingencies, for further discussion of developments regarding KU's ownership interests and power purchase rights.

KU owns 20% of the common stock of EEI, which owns and operates a 1,162-Mw generating station in southern Illinois. Prior to 2006, KU was entitled to take 20% of the available capacity of the station under a pricing formula comparable to the cost of other power generated by KU. This contract governing the purchases from EEI terminated on December 31, 2005. Since December 31, 2005, EEI has sold power under general market-based pricing and terms. KU has not contracted with EEI for power under the new arrangements, but maintains its 20% ownership in the common stock of EEI. Replacement power for the EEI capacity has been largely provided by KU generation.

KU's investment in EEI is accounted for under the equity method of accounting and, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, totaled \$23 million and \$18 million, respectively. KU's direct exposure to loss as a result of its involvement with EEI is generally limited to the value of its investment.

Utility Plant. KU's utility plant is stated at original cost, which includes payroll-related costs such as taxes, fringe benefits and administrative and general costs. Construction work in progress has been included in the rate base for determining retail customer rates in Kentucky. KU has not recorded a significant allowance for funds used during construction.

The cost of plant retired or disposed of in the normal course of business is deducted from plant accounts and such cost is charged to the reserve for depreciation. When complete operating units are disposed of, appropriate adjustments are made to the reserve for depreciation and gains and losses, if any, are recognized.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the estimated service lives of depreciable plant. The amounts provided were approximately 3.2% in 2007 and 3.1% in 2006 of average depreciable plant. Of the amount provided for depreciation at December 31, 2007 and 2006, approximately 0.5% was related to the retirement, removal and disposal costs of long lived assets.

Unamortized Debt Expense. Debt expense is capitalized in deferred debits and amortized using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method, over the lives of the related bond issues.

Income Taxes. Income taxes are accounted for under SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes* and FIN 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an Interpretation of SFAS No. 109*. In accordance with these statements, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, as measured by enacted tax rates that are expected to be in effect in the periods when the deferred tax assets and liabilities are expected to be settled or realized. Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes, and there are transactions for which the ultimate tax outcome is uncertain. FIN 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. Uncertain tax positions are analyzed periodically and adjustments are made when events occur to warrant a change. See Note 6, Income Taxes.

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Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

Deferred Income Taxes. Deferred income taxes are recognized at currently enacted tax rates for all material temporary differences between the financial reporting and income tax bases of assets and liabilities.

Investment Tax Credits. The EPAct 2005 added Section 48A to the Internal Revenue Code, which provides for an investment tax credit to promote the commercialization of advanced coal technologies that will generate electricity in an environmentally responsible manner. KU and LG&E received an investment tax credit related to TC2, for more details see Note 6, Income Taxes. Investment tax credits prior to 2006 resulted from provisions of the tax law that permitted a reduction of KU's tax liability based on credits for construction expenditures. Deferred investment tax credits are being amortized to income over the estimated lives of the related property that gave rise to the credits.

Revenue Recognition. Revenues are recorded based on service rendered to customers through month-end. KU accrues an estimate for unbilled revenues from each meter reading date to the end of the accounting period based on allocating the daily system net deliveries between billed volumes and unbilled volumes. The allocation is based on a daily ratio of the number of meter reading cycles remaining in the month to the total number of meter reading cycles in each month. Each day's ratio is then multiplied by each day's system net deliveries to determine an estimated billed and unbilled volume for each day of the accounting period. The unbilled revenue estimates included in accounts receivable were \$59 million and \$42 million at December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Fuel Costs. The cost of fuel for generation is charged to expense as used.

Management's Use of Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent items at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accrued liabilities, including legal and environmental, are recorded when they are probable and estimable. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements. The following are recent accounting pronouncements affecting KU:

SFAS No. 160

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements*, which is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2008. The objective of this statement is to improve the relevance, comparability and transparency of financial information in a reporting entity's consolidated financial statements. The Company expects the adoption of SFAS No. 160 to have no impact on its statements of operations, financial position and cash flows.

SFAS No. 159

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial*

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

Liabilities – Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115. SFAS No. 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other assets and liabilities at fair value on an instrument-by-instrument basis (the fair value option). Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected are to be recognized in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. SFAS No. 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. SFAS No. 159 was adopted effective January 1, 2008 and had no impact on the statements of operations, financial position and cash flows.

SFAS No. 157

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, which, except as described below, is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. This statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 does not expand the application of fair value accounting to new circumstances. In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position 157-2, *Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157*, which delays the effective date of SFAS No. 157 for all nonfinancial assets and liabilities, except those that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually), to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008 and interim periods within those fiscal years. SFAS No. 157 was adopted effective January 1, 2008, except as it applies to those nonfinancial assets and liabilities, and had no impact on the statements of operations, financial position and cash flows, however, the Company will provide additional disclosures relating to its financial derivatives, AROs and pension assets as required in 2008.

FIN 48

In July 2006, the FASB issued FIN 48 which clarifies the accounting for the uncertainty of income tax positions recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109. This interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return.

The evaluation of a tax position in accordance with FIN 48 is a two-step process. The first step is recognition based on the determination of whether it is "more likely than not" that a tax position will be sustained upon examination. The second step is to measure a tax position that meets the "more likely than not" threshold. The tax position is measured as the amount of potential benefit that exceeds 50% likelihood of being realized.

FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, and was adopted effective January 1, 2007. The impact of FIN 48 on the statements of operations, financial position and cash flows was not material.

Note 2 - Rates and Regulatory Matters

KU is subject to the jurisdiction of the Kentucky Commission, the Virginia Commission, the Tennessee Regulatory Authority and the FERC in virtually all matters related to electric utility regulation, and as such, its accounting is subject to SFAS No. 71. Given its competitive position in the marketplace and the status of regulation in Kentucky and Virginia, KU has no plans or intentions to discontinue its application of SFAS No. 71.

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

Rate Case

In December 2003, KU filed an application with the Kentucky Commission requesting an adjustment in KU's rates. The revenue increase requested was \$58 million. In June 2004, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order approving an increase in KU's base rates of approximately \$46 million (7%). The rate increase took effect on July 1, 2004.

Final proceedings took place during the first quarter of 2006 concerning the sole remaining open issue relating to state income tax rates used in calculating the granted rate increase. On March 31, 2006, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order resolving this issue in KU's favor consistent with the original rate increase order.

Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

The following regulatory assets and liabilities were included in the balance sheets as of December 31:

(in millions)	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
ARO	\$ 24	\$ 22
MISO exit	20	20
FAC	17	16
Unamortized loss on bonds	10	10
ECR	11	10
Other	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
Subtotal	86	83
Pension and postretirement benefits	<u>28</u>	<u>64</u>
Total regulatory assets	<u>\$ 114</u>	<u>\$ 147</u>
Accumulated cost of removal of utility plant	\$ 310	\$ 297
Deferred income taxes – net	22	27
Other	<u>10</u>	<u>6</u>
Total regulatory liabilities	<u>\$ 342</u>	<u>\$ 330</u>

KU does not currently earn a rate of return on the FAC regulatory asset, which is a separate recovery mechanism with recovery within twelve months. No return is earned on the pension and postretirement benefits regulatory asset which represents the changes in funded status of the plans. The Company will seek recovery of this asset in future proceedings with the Kentucky and Virginia Commissions. No return is currently earned on the ARO asset. This regulatory asset will be offset against the associated regulatory liability, ARO asset and ARO liability at the time the underlying asset is retired. The MISO exit amount represents the costs relating to the withdrawal from MISO membership. KU will seek recovery of this asset in future proceedings with the Kentucky and Virginia Commissions. KU currently earns a rate of return on the remaining regulatory assets. Other regulatory assets include VDT costs, the merger surcredit and deferred storm costs. Other regulatory liabilities include DSM and MISO costs included in base rates that will be netted against costs of withdrawing from the MISO in the next rate case.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

ARO. A summary of KU's net ARO assets, regulatory assets, liabilities and cost of removal established under FIN 47, *Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations, an Interpretation of SFAS No. 143*, and SFAS No. 143, *Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations*, follows:

(in millions)	ARO Net Assets	ARO Liabilities	Regulatory Assets	Regulatory Liabilities	Accumulated Cost of Removal	Cost of Removal Depreciation
As of December 31, 2005	\$ 6	\$(27)	\$20	\$ (2)	\$ 2	\$ 1
ARO accretion	-	(1)	1	-	-	-
ARO depreciation	<u>(1)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
As of December 31, 2006	5	(28)	22	(2)	2	1
ARO accretion	-	(2)	2	-	-	-
As of December 31, 2007	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$(30)</u>	<u>\$24</u>	<u>\$ (2)</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>

Pursuant to regulatory treatment prescribed under SFAS No. 71, an offsetting regulatory credit was recorded in depreciation and amortization in the income statement of \$2 million in 2007 and 2006 for the ARO accretion and depreciation expense. KU AROs are primarily related to the final retirement of assets associated with generating units. For assets associated with AROs, the removal cost accrued through depreciation under regulatory accounting is established as a regulatory liability pursuant to regulatory treatment prescribed under SFAS No. 71. There were no FIN 47 net asset additions during 2007 or 2006. For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, KU recorded less than \$1 million of depreciation expense related to the cost of removal of ARO related assets. An offsetting regulatory liability was established pursuant to regulatory treatment prescribed under SFAS No. 71.

KU transmission and distribution lines largely operate under perpetual property easement agreements which do not generally require restoration upon removal of the property. Therefore, under SFAS No. 143, no material asset retirement obligations are recorded for transmission and distribution assets.

MISO Exit. Following receipt of applicable FERC, Kentucky Commission and other regulatory orders, KU withdrew from the MISO effective September 1, 2006. Specific proceedings regarding the costs and benefits of the MISO and exit matters had been underway since July 2003. Since the exit from the MISO, KU has been operating under a FERC-approved open access-transmission tariff. KU now contracts with the Tennessee Valley Authority to act as its transmission Reliability Coordinator and Southwest Power Pool, Inc. to function as Independent Transmission Organization, pursuant to FERC requirements.

KU and the MISO have agreed upon overall calculation methods for the contractual exit fee to be paid by the Company following its withdrawal. In October 2006, KU paid approximately \$20 million to the MISO pursuant to an invoice regarding the exit fee and made related FERC compliance filings. The Company's payment of this exit fee amount was with reservation of its rights to contest the amount, or components thereof, following a continuing review of its calculation and supporting documentation. In December 2006, KU provided notice to the MISO of its disagreement with the calculation of the exit fee. KU and the MISO have resolved their dispute regarding the calculation of the exit fee and, in November 2007, filed an application with the FERC for approval of a recalculation agreement. In March 2008, the FERC approved the parties' recalculation of the exit fee, and the approved agreement provides KU with an immediate recovery of \$1 million and will provide an estimated

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	/ /	2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

\$3 million over the next eight years for credits realized from other payments the MISO will receive, plus interest. Orders of the Kentucky Commission approving the Company's exit from the MISO have authorized the establishment of a regulatory asset for the exit fee, subject to adjustment for possible future MISO credits, and a regulatory liability for certain revenues associated with former MISO administrative charges, which may continue to be collected via base rates. The treatment of the regulatory asset and liability will be determined in KU's next rate case,

however, the Company historically has received approval to recover and refund regulatory assets and liabilities.

FAC. KU's retail rates contain an FAC, whereby increases and decreases in the cost of fuel for generation are reflected in the rates charged to retail customers. The FAC allows the Company to adjust customers' accounts for the difference between the fuel cost component of base rates and the actual fuel cost, including transportation costs. Refunds to customers occur if the actual costs are below the embedded cost component. Additional charges to customers occur if the actual costs exceed the embedded cost component. The amount of the regulatory asset or liability is the amount that has been under- or over-recovered due to timing or adjustments to the mechanism.

The Kentucky Commission requires public hearings at six-month intervals to examine past fuel adjustments, and at two-year intervals to review past operations of the fuel clause and transfer of the then current fuel adjustment charge or credit to the base charges.

In January 2008, the Kentucky Commission initiated a routine examination of KU's FAC for the six-month period May 1, 2007 through October 31, 2007. Data discovery is ongoing and a public hearing is scheduled in March 2008.

In August 2007, the Kentucky Commission initiated a routine examination of KU's FAC for the six-month period of November 1, 2006 through April 30, 2007. Data discovery has concluded and a public hearing was held in October 2007. The Kentucky Commission issued an Order in January 2008, approving the charges and credits billed through the FAC during the review period.

In December 2006, the Kentucky Commission initiated its periodic two-year review of KU's past operations of the fuel clause and transfer of fuel costs from the FAC to base rates for November 1, 2004 through October 31, 2006. In March 2007, the KIUC challenged KU's recovery of approximately \$5 million in aggregate fuel costs KU incurred during a period prior to its exit from the MISO and requested the Kentucky Commission disallow this amount. A public hearing was held in May 2007. In October 2007, the Kentucky Commission issued its Order approving the calculation and application of KU's FAC charges and fuel procurement practices and indicated that KU was in compliance with the provisions of Administrative Regulation 807 KAR 5:5056. The Kentucky Commission further approved KU's recommendation for the transfer of fuel cost from the FAC to base rates. In November 2007, the KIUC filed a petition for rehearing, claiming the Kentucky Commission misinterpreted the KIUC's arguments in the proceeding. In the same month, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order denying the KIUC's request for rehearing. An appeal was not filed by the KIUC.

In July 2006, the Kentucky Commission initiated a six-month review of the FAC for KU for the period of November 1, 2005 through April 30, 2006. The Kentucky Commission issued an Order in November 2006, approving the charges and credits billed through the FAC during the review period.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

In January 2003, the Kentucky Commission reviewed KU's FAC for the six-month period ended October 31, 2001. The Kentucky Commission ordered KU to reduce its fuel costs for purposes of calculating its FAC by less than \$1 million. At issue was the purchase of approximately 102,000 tons of coal from Western Kentucky Energy Corp., a non-regulated affiliate, for use at KU's Ghent facility. The Kentucky Commission further ordered that an independent audit be conducted to examine operational and management aspects of both KU's and LG&E's fuel procurement functions. The final report's recommendations, issued in February 2004, related to documentation and process improvements. Management Audit Action Plans were agreed upon by KU and the Kentucky Commission Staff in the second quarter of 2004, and resulted in Audit Progress Reports being filed by KU with the Kentucky Commission. In February 2007, the Kentucky Commission staff indicated that KU fully complied with all audit recommendations and that no further reports are required.

KU also employs an FAC mechanism for Virginia customers that uses an average fuel cost factor based primarily on projected fuel costs. The fuel cost factor may be adjusted annually for over or under collections of fuel costs from the previous year. In February 2007, KU filed an application with the Virginia Commission seeking approval of an increase of approximately \$4 million in its fuel cost factor to reflect higher fuel costs incurred and under-collected during 2006, and anticipated higher fuel costs to be incurred in 2007. The Virginia Commission approved KU's request in April 2007. In February 2008, KU filed an application with the Virginia Commission seeking approval of a decrease of 0.599 cents/KWh in its fuel cost factor applicable during the billing period April 2008 through March 2009. The decrease was requested because KU has fully recovered its under-recovered fuel expenses from the prior periods.

Unamortized Loss on Bonds. The costs of early extinguishment of debt, including call premiums, legal and other expenses, and any unamortized balance of debt expense are amortized using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method, over the life of either replacement debt (in the case of refinancing) or the original life of the extinguished debt.

ECR. Kentucky law permits KU to recover the costs of complying with the Federal Clean Air Act, including a return of operating expenses, and a return of and on capital invested, through the ECR mechanism. The amount of the regulatory asset or liability is the amount that has been under- or over-recovered due to timing or adjustments to the mechanism.

In September 2007, the Kentucky Commission initiated six-month and two-year reviews for periods ending October 31, 2006 and April 30, 2007, respectively, of KU's environmental surcharge. Data discovery concluded in December 2007, and all parties to the case submitted requests with the Kentucky Commission to waive rights to a hearing on this matter. The case is submitted for decision and an order is anticipated in the second quarter of 2008.

In June 2006, KU filed an application for a CCN to construct an SCR at the Ghent station and to amend its ECR plan with the Kentucky Commission seeking approval to recover investments in environmental upgrades at the Company's generating facilities. The estimated capital cost of the upgrades for the years 2008 through 2010 is approximately \$125 million, of which approximately \$115 million is for the Air Quality Control System at TC2. A final Order was issued by the Kentucky Commission in December 2006, approving all expenditures and investments as submitted. In October 2007, KU met with the Kentucky Commission and other interested parties

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

to discuss the status of the Ghent Unit 2 SCR construction. KU informed the Kentucky Commission that construction of the Ghent Unit 2 SCR was not going to commence before the CCN expired in December 2007, due to a change in the economics for the project. The CCN expired in December 2007, and KU has delayed construction of the Ghent Unit 2 SCR.

In April 2006, the Kentucky Commission initiated six-month and two-year reviews of KU's environmental surcharge for six-month periods ending July 2003, January 2004, January 2005, July 2005 and January 2006 and for the two-year period ending July 2004. A final Order was received in January 2007, approving the charges and credits billed through the ECR during the review period as well as approving billing adjustments, a roll-in to base rates, revisions to the monthly surcharge filing and the rate of return on capital.

VDT. In December 2001, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order approving a settlement agreement allowing KU to set up a regulatory asset of \$54 million for workforce reduction costs and begin amortizing it over a five-year period starting in April 2001. Some employees rescinded their participation in the voluntary enhanced severance program which, along with the non-recurring charge of \$7 million for FERC and Virginia jurisdictions, thereby decreased the charge to the regulatory asset from \$64 million to \$54 million. The Order reduced revenues by approximately \$11 million through a surcredit on bills to ratepayers over the same five-year period, reflecting a sharing (40% to the ratepayers and 60% to KU) of savings as stipulated by KU, net of amortization costs of the workforce reduction. The five-year VDT amortization period expired in March 2006.

As part of the settlement agreement in the rate case, in September 2005, KU filed with the Kentucky Commission a plan for the future ratemaking treatment of the VDT surcredit and costs. In February 2006, the AG, KIUC and KU reached a settlement agreement on the future ratemaking treatment of the VDT surcredits and costs and subsequently submitted a joint motion to the Kentucky Commission to approve the unanimous settlement agreement. Under the terms of the settlement agreement, the VDT surcredit will continue at the current level until such time as KU files for a change in base rates. The Kentucky Commission issued an Order in March 2006, approving the settlement agreement.

Merger Surcredit. As part of the LG&E Energy merger with KU Energy Corporation in 1998, KU estimated non-fuel savings over a ten-year period following the merger. Costs to achieve these savings were deferred and amortized over a five-year period pursuant to regulatory orders. In approving the merger, the Kentucky Commission adopted KU's proposal to reduce its retail customers' bills based on one-half of the estimated merger-related savings, net of deferred and amortized amounts, over a five-year period. The surcredit mechanism provides that 50% of the net non-fuel cost savings estimated to be achieved from the merger be provided to ratepayers through a monthly bill credit, and 50% be retained by KU over a five-year period. In that same order, the Kentucky Commission required KU, after the end of the five-year period, to present a plan for sharing with ratepayers the then-projected non-fuel savings associated with the merger. KU submitted this filing in January 2003, proposing to continue to share with ratepayers, on a 50%/50% basis, the estimated fifth-year gross level of non-fuel savings associated with the merger. In October 2003, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order approving a settlement agreement reached with the parties in the case. According to the Order, KU's merger surcredit would remain in place for another five-year term beginning July 1, 2003, the merger savings would continue to be shared 50% with ratepayers and 50% with shareholders and KU would file a plan for the merger surcredit six months before its expiration.

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company			2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

In December 2007, KU submitted to the Kentucky Commission its plan to allow the merger surcredit to terminate as scheduled on June 30, 2008. The Kentucky Commission has not issued a procedural schedule for this proceeding.

Deferred Storm Costs. Based on an Order from the Kentucky Commission in June 2004, KU reclassified from maintenance expense to a regulatory asset, \$4 million related to costs not reimbursed from the 2003 ice storm. These costs will be amortized through June 2009. KU earns a return of these amortized costs, which are included in KU's jurisdictional operating expenses.

Pension and Postretirement Benefits. KU adopted SFAS No. 158, *Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans*, in 2006. This statement requires employers to recognize the over-funded or under-funded status of a defined benefit pension and postretirement plan as an asset or liability in the balance sheet and to recognize through comprehensive income the changes in the funded status in the year in which the changes occur. Under SFAS No. 71, KU can defer recoverable costs that would otherwise be charged to expense or equity by non-regulated entities. Current rate recovery in Kentucky and Virginia is based on SFAS No. 87, *Employers' Accounting for Pensions*, and SFAS No. 106, *Employers' Accounting for Postretirement Benefits Other than Pensions*, both of which were amended by SFAS No. 158. Regulators have been clear and consistent with their historical treatment of such rate recovery, therefore, KU has recorded a regulatory asset representing the probable recovery of the portion of the change in funded status of the pension and postretirement plans that is expected to be recovered. The regulatory asset will be adjusted annually as prior service cost and actuarial gains and losses are recognized in net periodic benefit cost.

Accumulated Cost of Removal of Utility Plant. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, KU has segregated the cost of removal, previously embedded in accumulated depreciation, of \$310 million and \$297 million, respectively, in accordance with FERC Order No. 631. This cost of removal component is for assets that do not have a legal ARO under SFAS No. 143. For reporting purposes in the balance sheets, KU has presented this cost of removal as a regulatory liability pursuant to SFAS No. 71.

Deferred Income Taxes – Net. Deferred income taxes represent the future income tax effects of recognizing the regulatory assets and liabilities in the income statement. Deferred income taxes are recognized at currently enacted tax rates for all material temporary differences between the financial reporting and income tax bases of assets and liabilities.

DSM. KU's rates contain a DSM provision. The provision includes a rate mechanism that provides for concurrent recovery of DSM costs and provides an incentive for implementing DSM programs. The provision allows KU to recover revenues from lost sales associated with the DSM programs based on program plan engineering estimates and post-implementation evaluations.

In July 2007, KU and LG&E filed an application with the Kentucky Commission requesting an order approving enhanced versions of the existing DSM programs along with the addition of several new cost effective programs. The total annual budget for these programs is approximately \$26 million, an increase over the existing annual budget of approximately \$10 million. Data discovery concluded in November 2007, and the Community Action Council ("CAC") for Lexington-Fayette, Bourbon, Harrison and Nicholas counties and the

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

Kentucky Association for Community Action ("KACA"), filed a motion for hearing. In January 2008, the CAC and KACA filed a motion with the Kentucky Commission to withdraw the request because the parties reached a settlement. The Kentucky Commission is allowing the current tariffs to remain in effect until a final order is issued.

Other Regulatory Matters

Utility Competition in Virginia. The Commonwealth of Virginia passed the Virginia Electric Utility Restructuring Act in 1999. This act gave Virginia customers the ability to choose their electric supplier. Rates are capped at current levels through December 2010. The Virginia Commission will continue to require each Virginia utility to make annual filings of either a base rate change or an Annual Informational Filing consisting of a set of standard financial schedules. The Virginia Commission Staff will issue a Staff Report regarding the individual utility's financial performance during the historic 12-month period. The Staff Report can lead to an adjustment in rates, but through December 2010, rates are subject to the capped rate period and essentially "frozen". In April 2007, Virginia passed legislation terminating this competitive market and commencing re-regulation of utility rates in Virginia. The new act will end the cap on rates at the end of 2008, rather than through December 2010, and end customer choice for most consumers in the applicable regions of the state. Thereafter, a hybrid model of regulation is expected to apply in Virginia, whereby utility rates would be reviewed every two years and a utility's rate of return on equity shall not be set lower than the average of the rates of return for other regional utilities, with certain caps, floors or adjustments. The legislation was effective in July 2007, and also includes a 10% nonbinding goal for renewable power generation by 2022, as well as incentives for new generation, including renewables. Under the legislation, KU retains an existing exemption from customer choice and other restructuring activities as applicable to KU's limited service territory in Virginia. However, subject to future developments, KU may or may not undertake such a rate proceeding in the first six months of 2009 based on calendar year 2008 financial data under the hybrid model of regulation, or make biennial rate filings with the Virginia Commission thereafter.

Regional Reliability Council. KU has changed its regional reliability council membership from the Reliability First Corporation to the SERC Reliability Corporation ("SERC"), effective January 1, 2007. Regional reliability councils are industry consortiums that promote, coordinate and ensure the reliability of the bulk electric supply systems in North America.

TC2 CCN Application. A CCN application for construction of the new, base-load, coal fired unit TC2, which will be jointly owned by KU and LG&E, was approved by the Kentucky Commission in November 2005, and initial CCN applications for three transmission lines were approved in September 2005 and May 2006. In August 2006, KU obtained dismissal of a judicial review of such CCN approvals by certain property owners. In December 2007, the Kentucky Court of Appeals reversed and remanded the lower Court's dismissal. Both parties have filed for reconsideration of elements of the appellate court's ruling. The transmission lines are also subject to routine regulatory filings and the right-of-way acquisition process. See Note 9, Commitments and Contingencies, for further discussion regarding the TC2 air permit.

Ghent FGD Inquiry. In October 2006, the Kentucky Commission commenced an inquiry into elements of KU's planned construction of one of its three new FGDs at the Ghent generating station. The proceeding requested, and KU provided, additional information regarding configuration details, expenditures and the

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

proposed construction sequence applicable to future construction phases of the Ghent FGD project. In January 2007, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order completing its inquiry in the matter and confirming its approval of KU's construction plan. The Order also provided general guidance for jurisdictional utilities regarding applicable information and data requirements for future CCN applications and subsequent proceedings.

Market-Based Rate Authority. In July 2006, the FERC issued an Order in KU's market-based rate proceeding accepting KU's further proposal to address certain market power issues the FERC had claimed would arise upon an exit from the MISO. In particular, KU received permission to sell power at market-based rates at the interface of control areas in which it may be deemed to have market power, subject to a restriction that such power not be collusively re-sold back into such control areas. However, restrictions exist on sales by KU of power at market-based rates in the KU/LG&E and Big Rivers Electric Corporation control areas. In June 2007, the FERC issued Order No. 697 implementing certain reforms to market-based rate regulations, including restrictions similar to those previously in place for KU's power sales at control area interfaces. As a condition of receiving and retaining market-based rate authority, KU must comply with applicable affiliate restrictions set forth in the FERC's regulation.

FERC Audit Results. In July 2006, the FERC issued a final report under a routine audit that its Office of Enforcement (formerly its Office of Market Oversight and Investigations) had conducted regarding the compliance of E.ON U.S. and its subsidiaries, including KU, under the FERC's standards of conduct and codes of conduct requirements, as well as other areas. The final report contained certain findings calling for improvements in E.ON U.S. and its subsidiaries' structures, policies and procedures relating to transmission, generation dispatch, energy marketing and other practices. E.ON U.S. and its subsidiaries have agreed to certain corrective actions and have submitted procedures related to such corrective actions to the FERC. The corrective actions are in the nature of organizational and operational improvements as described above and are not expected to have a material adverse impact on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

Mandatory Reliability Standards. As a result of EPAct 2005, certain formerly voluntary reliability standards became mandatory in June 2007, and authority was delegated to various regional reliability organizations ("RRO") by the Electric Reliability Organization, which was authorized by the FERC to enforce compliance with such standards, including promulgating new standards. Failure to comply with mandatory reliability standards can subject a registered entity to sanctions, including potential fines of up to \$1 million per day as well as non-monetary penalties, depending upon the circumstances of the violation. KU is a member of the SERC, which acts as KU's RRO. The SERC is currently assessing KU's compliance with certain existing mitigation plans resulting from a prior RRO's audit of various reliability standards. While KU believes itself to be in substantial compliance with the mandatory reliability standards generally, KU cannot predict the outcome of the current SERC proceeding or of other analysis which may be conducted regarding compliance with particular reliability standards.

IRP. Integrated resource planning regulations in Kentucky require major utilities to make triennial IRP filings with the Kentucky Commission. In April 2005, KU and LG&E filed their 2005 joint IRP with the Kentucky Commission. The IRP provides historical and projected demand, resource and financial data, and other operating performance and system information. The AG and the KIUC were granted intervention in the IRP proceeding. The Kentucky Commission issued its staff report with no substantive issues noted and closed the

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

case by Order in February 2006. KU and LG&E will submit the next joint triennial filing in April 2008.

PUHCA 2005. E.ON, KU's ultimate parent, is a registered holding company under PUHCA 2005. E.ON, its utility subsidiaries, including KU, and certain of its non-utility subsidiaries, are subject to extensive regulation by the FERC with respect to numerous matters, including: electric utility facilities and operations, wholesale sales of power and related transactions, accounting practices, issuances and sales of securities, acquisitions and sales of utility properties, payments of dividends out of capital and surplus, financial matters and inter-system sales of non-power goods and services. KU believes that it has adequate authority (including financing authority) under existing FERC orders and regulations to conduct its business and will seek additional authorization when necessary.

EPAct 2005. The EPAct 2005 was enacted in August 2005. Among other matters, this comprehensive legislation contains provisions mandating improved electric reliability standards and performance; granting enhanced civil penalty authority to the FERC; providing economic and other incentives relating to transmission, pollution control and renewable generation assets; increasing funding for clean coal generation incentives; repealing the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935; enacting PUHCA 2005 and expanding FERC jurisdiction over public utility holding companies and related matters via the Federal Power Act and PUHCA 2005.

In February 2006, the Kentucky Commission initiated an administrative proceeding to consider the requirements of the EPAct 2005, Subtitle E Section 1252, Smart Metering, which concerns time-based metering and demand response, and Section 1254, Interconnections. EPAct 2005 requires each state regulatory authority to conduct a formal investigation and issue a decision on whether or not it is appropriate to implement certain Section 1252, Smart Metering standards within eighteen months after the enactment of EPAct 2005 and to commence consideration of Section 1254, Interconnection standards within one year after the enactment of EPAct 2005. Following a public hearing with all Kentucky jurisdictional electric utilities, in December 2006, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order in this proceeding indicating that the EPAct 2005 Section 1252, Smart Metering and Section 1254, Interconnection standards should not be adopted. However, all five Kentucky Commission jurisdictional utilities are required to file real-time pricing pilot programs for their large commercial and industrial customers. KU developed a real-time pricing pilot for large industrial and commercial customers and filed the details of the plan with the Kentucky Commission in April 2007. Data discovery concluded in July 2007, and no parties to the case requested a hearing. In February 2008, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order approving the real-time pricing pilot program proposed by KU for implementation within approximately eight months. KU will notify the Kentucky Commission 10 days prior to the actual implementation date and will file annual reports on the program within 90 days of each plan year-end for the 3-year pilot period.

Green Energy Riders. In February 2007, KU and LG&E filed a Joint Application and Testimony for Proposed Green Energy Riders. The AG and KIUC were granted full intervention. In May 2007, a Kentucky Commission Order was issued authorizing KU to establish Small and Large Green Energy Riders, allowing customers to contribute funds to be used for the purchase of renewable energy credits.

Home Energy Assistance Program. In July 2007, KU filed an application with the Kentucky Commission for the establishment of a new Home Energy Assistance program. During September 2007, the Kentucky Commission approved KU's new five-year program as filed, effective in October 2007. The program terminates

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

in September 2012, and is funded through a \$0.10 per month meter charge.

Depreciation Study. In December 2007, KU filed a depreciation study with the Kentucky Commission requesting a change in the depreciation rates as required by a previous Order. An adjustment to the depreciation rates is dependent on an order being received by the Kentucky Commission, the timing of which cannot currently be determined.

Note 3 - Financial Instruments

The cost and estimated fair values of KU's non-trading financial instruments as of December 31 follow:

(in millions)	<u>2007</u>		<u>2006</u>	
	<u>Carrying Value</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Carrying Value</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Long-term debt (including current portion of \$33 million)	\$333	\$333	\$360	\$360
Long-term debt from affiliate	\$931	\$996	\$483	\$487

All of the above valuations reflect prices quoted by exchanges except for the loans from affiliate which are fair valued using accepted valuation models. The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, cash surrender value of key man life insurance, accounts payable and notes payable are substantially the same as their carrying values.

Interest Rate Swaps (hedging derivatives). KU has used over-the-counter interest rate swaps to hedge exposure to market fluctuations in certain of its debt instruments. Pursuant to Company policy, use of these financial instruments has been intended to mitigate risk, earnings and cash flow volatility and was not speculative in nature. Management had designated all of the interest rate swaps as hedge instruments. Financial instruments designated as fair value hedges and the underlying hedged items are periodically marked to market with the resulting net gains and losses recorded directly into net income. Upon termination of any fair value hedge, the resulting gain or loss is recorded into net income.

KU had no outstanding interest rate swap agreements at December 31, 2007. KU was party to an interest rate swap agreement with a notional amount of \$53 million as of December 31, 2006. The interest rate swap was terminated in February 2007, when the underlying debt was defeased. Under this swap agreement, KU paid variable rates based on the London Interbank Offer Rate averaging 7.44% and received fixed rates averaging 7.92% at December 31, 2006. The swap agreement in effect at December 31, 2006 had been designated as a fair value hedge. The fair value designation was assigned because the underlying fixed rate debt had a firm future commitment. For 2007 and 2006, the effect of marking these financial instruments and the underlying debt to market resulted in pre-tax gains of less than \$1 million recorded in interest expense.

Interest rate swaps hedge interest rate risk on the underlying debt under SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, as amended, in addition to swaps being marked to market, the item being hedged must also be marked to market. Consequently, at December 31, 2006, KU's debt reflects a mark-to-market adjustment of less than \$1 million.

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

Energy Risk Management Activities (non-hedging derivatives). KU conducts energy trading and risk management activities to maximize the value of power sales from physical assets it owns. Energy trading activities are principally forward financial transactions to hedge price risk and are accounted for on a mark-to-market basis in accordance with SFAS No. 133, as amended.

The table below summarizes KU's energy trading and risk management activities:

(in millions)	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Fair value of contracts at beginning of period, net asset	\$ 1	\$ 1
Unrealized gains and losses recognized at contract inception during the period	-	-
Realized gains and losses recognized during the period	-	1
Changes in fair values attributable to changes in valuation techniques and assumptions	(1)	(2)
Other unrealized gains and losses and changes in fair values	<u>-</u>	<u>1</u>
Fair value of contracts at end of period, net asset	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>

No changes to valuation techniques for energy trading and risk management activities occurred during 2007 or 2006. Changes in market pricing, interest rate and volatility assumptions were made during both years. All contracts outstanding at December 31, 2007 and 2006, have a maturity of less than one year and are valued using prices actively quoted for proposed or executed transactions or quoted by brokers.

KU maintains policies intended to minimize credit risk and revalues credit exposures daily to monitor compliance with those policies. At December 31, 2007, 100% of the trading and risk management commitments were with counterparties rated BBB-/Baa3 equivalent or better.

KU hedges the price volatility of its forecasted electric wholesale sales with the sales of market-traded electric forward contracts for periods of less than one year. Hedge accounting treatment has not been elected for these transactions, and therefore gains and losses are shown in the statements of income in other income – net. No material pre-tax gains and losses resulted in 2007. Pre-tax gains of \$1 million resulted in 2006.

Note 4 - Concentrations of Credit and Other Risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counterparties failed to perform as contracted. Concentrations of credit risk (whether on- or off-balance sheet) relate to groups of customers or counterparties that have similar economic or industry characteristics that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic or other conditions.

KU's customer receivables and revenues arise from deliveries of electricity to approximately 506,000 customers in over 600 communities and adjacent suburban and rural areas in 77 counties in central, southeastern and western Kentucky, to approximately 30,000 customers in five counties in southwestern Virginia and 5 customers in Tennessee. For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, 100% of total revenue was derived from electric operations.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

Effective August 1, 2006, KU and its employees represented by the IBEW Local 2100 entered into a new three-year collective bargaining agreement. The new agreement provides for negotiated increases or changes to wages, benefits or other provisions and for annual wage re-openers. A wage re-opener was negotiated in July 2007. KU and its employees represented by the USWA Local 9447-01 entered into a three-year collective bargaining agreement effective August 2005, with authorized annual wage re-openers. The employees represented by these two bargaining units comprise approximately 16% of KU's workforce at December 31, 2007. Wage re-openers were negotiated in July 2006, and July 2007.

Note 5 - Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

KU has both funded and unfunded non-contributory defined benefit pension plans and other postretirement benefit plans that together cover substantially all of its employees. The healthcare plans are contributory with participants' contributions adjusted annually. KU uses December 31 as the measurement date for its plans.

Obligations and Funded Status. The following tables provide a reconciliation of the changes in the plans' benefit obligations and fair value of assets over the two-year period ending December 31, 2007, and a statement of the funded status as of December 31 for KU's sponsored defined benefit plans:

(in millions)	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Benefits	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Change in benefit obligation				
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 303	\$ 318	\$ 88	\$ 95
Service cost	6	6	2	2
Interest cost	17	17	5	5
Benefits paid, net of retiree contributions	(19)	(19)	(5)	(5)
Actuarial gain and other	(23)	(19)	(14)	(9)
Benefit obligation at end of year	<u>\$ 284</u>	<u>\$ 303</u>	<u>\$ 76</u>	<u>\$ 88</u>
Change in plan assets				
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$ 253	\$ 247	\$ 12	\$ 9
Actual return on plan assets	17	26	-	1
Employer contributions	13	-	6	7
Benefits paid, net of retiree contributions	(19)	(19)	(5)	(5)
Administrative expenses and other	-	(1)	-	-
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	<u>\$ 264</u>	<u>\$ 253</u>	<u>\$ 13</u>	<u>\$ 12</u>
Funded status at end of year	<u>\$ (20)</u>	<u>\$ (50)</u>	<u>\$ (63)</u>	<u>\$ (76)</u>

Amounts Recognized in Statement of Financial Position. The following tables provide the amounts recognized in the balance sheets and information for plans with benefit obligations in excess of plan assets as of December 31:

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

(in millions)	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Benefits	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Regulatory assets	\$ 37	\$ 59	\$ (9)	\$ 5
Accrued benefit liability (non-current)	(20)	(50)	(63)	(76)

Additional year-end information for plans with accumulated benefit obligations in excess of plan assets:

(in millions)	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Benefits	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Benefit obligation	\$ 284	\$ 303	\$ 76	\$ 88
Accumulated benefit obligation	243	258	-	-
Fair value of plan assets	264	253	13	12

Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost. The following table provides the components of net periodic benefit cost for the plans:

(in millions)	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Benefits	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Service cost	\$ 6	\$ 6	\$ 2	\$ 2
Interest cost	17	17	5	5
Expected return on plan assets	(21)	(20)	(1)	(1)
Amortization of prior service costs	1	1	-	1
Amortization of actuarial loss	2	4	-	-
Amortization of transitional obligation	-	-	-	1
Benefit cost at end of year	\$ 5	\$ 8	\$ 6	\$ 8

The assumptions used in the measurement of KU's pension benefit obligation are shown in the following table:

	2007	2006
Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31:		
Discount rate	6.66%	5.96%
Rate of compensation increase	5.25%	5.25%

The discount rate is based on the November Mercer Pension Discount Yield Curve, adjusted by the basis point change in the Moody's Corporate Aa Bond Rate in December.

The assumptions used in the measurement of KU's net periodic benefit cost are shown in the following table:

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Discount rate	5.90%	5.50%
Expected long-term return on plan assets	8.25%	8.25%
Rate of compensation increase	5.25%	5.25%

To develop the expected long-term rate of return on assets assumption, KU considered the current level of expected returns on risk free investments (primarily government bonds), the historical level of the risk premium associated with the other asset classes in which the portfolio is invested and the expectations for future returns of each asset class. The expected return for each asset class was then weighted based on the target asset allocation to develop the expected long-term rate of return on assets assumption for the portfolio.

The following describes the effects on pension benefits by changing the major actuarial assumptions discussed above:

- A 1% change in the assumed discount rate could have an approximate \$30 million positive or negative impact to the 2007 accumulated benefit obligation and an approximate \$40 million positive or negative impact to the 2007 projected benefit obligation.
- A 25 basis point change in the expected rate of return on assets would have an approximate \$1 million positive or negative impact on 2007 pension expense.

Assumed Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. For measurement purposes, a 9% annual increase in the per capita cost of covered healthcare benefits was assumed for 2007. The rate was assumed to decrease gradually to 5% by 2015 and remain at that level thereafter.

Assumed healthcare cost trend rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the healthcare plans. A 1% change in assumed healthcare cost trend rates would have resulted in an increase or decrease of less than \$1 million on the 2007 total of service and interest costs components and an increase or decrease of \$4 million in year-end 2007 postretirement benefit obligations.

Expected Future Benefit Payments and Medicare Subsidy Receipts. The following list provides the amount of expected future benefit payments, which reflect expected future service and the estimated gross amount of Medicare subsidy receipts:

(in millions)	Pension <u>Plans</u>	Other Postretirement <u>Benefits</u>	Medicare Subsidy <u>Receipts</u>
2008	\$ 18	\$ 6	\$ (1)
2009	18	7	(1)
2010	17	7	(1)
2011	17	7	(1)
2012	17	7	(1)
2013-17	90	37	(3)

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

Plan Assets. The following table shows KU's weighted-average asset allocation by asset category at December 31:

<u>Pension Plans</u>	<u>Target Range</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Equity securities	45% - 75%	57%	61%
Debt securities	30% - 50%	43%	39%
Other	0% - 10%	0%	0%
Totals		<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>

The investment policy of the pension plans was developed in conjunction with financial consultants, investment advisors and legal counsel. The goal of the investment policy is to preserve the capital of the fund and maximize investment earnings. The return objective is to exceed the benchmark return for the policy index comprised of the following: Russell 3000 Index, MSCI-EAFE Index, Lehman Aggregate and Lehman U.S. Long Government/Credit Bond Index in proportions equal to the targeted asset allocation.

Evaluation of performance focuses on a long-term investment time horizon of at least three to five years or a complete market cycle. The assets of the pension plans are broadly diversified within different asset classes (equities, fixed income securities and cash equivalents).

To minimize the risk of large losses in a single asset class, no more than 5% of the portfolio will be invested in the securities of any one issuer with the exclusion of the U.S. government and its agencies. The equity portion of the fund is diversified among the market's various subsections to diversify risk, maximize returns and avoid undue exposure to any single economic sector, industry group or individual security. The equity subsectors include, but are not limited to, growth, value, small capitalization and international.

In addition, the overall fixed income portfolio may have an average weighted duration, or interest rate sensitivity which is within +/- 20% of the duration of the overall fixed income benchmark. Foreign bonds in the aggregate shall not exceed 10% of the total fund. The portfolio may include a limited investment of up to 20% in below investment grade securities provided that the overall average portfolio quality remains "AA" or better. The below investment grade securities include, but are not limited to, medium-term notes, corporate debt, non-dollar and emerging market debt and asset backed securities. The cash investments should be in securities that either are of short maturities (not to exceed 180 days) or readily marketable with modest risk.

Derivative securities are permitted only to improve the portfolio's risk/return profile, to modify the portfolio's duration or to reduce transaction costs and must be used in conjunction with underlying physical assets in the portfolio. Derivative securities that involve speculation, leverage, interest rate anticipation, or any undue risk whatsoever are not deemed appropriate investments.

The investment objective for the postretirement benefit plan is to provide current income consistent with stability of principal and liquidity while maintaining a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. The postretirement funds are invested in a prime cash money market fund that invests primarily in a portfolio of short-term, high-quality fixed income securities issued by banks, corporations and the U.S. government.

Contributions. KU made a discretionary contribution to the pension plan of \$13 million in January 2007. After

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

this payment, KU's pension plan assets are in excess of the December 31, 2007 accumulated benefit obligation.

In addition, KU made contributions to other postretirement benefit plans of \$6 million and \$7 million in 2007 and 2006, respectively. In 2008, KU anticipates making voluntary contributions to fund the Voluntary Employee Beneficiary Association trusts to match the annual postretirement expense and funding the 401(h) plan up to the maximum amount allowed by law.

Pension Legislation. The Pension Protection Act of 2006 was enacted in August 2006. The new rules are generally effective for plan years beginning after 2008. Among other matters, this comprehensive legislation contains provisions applicable to defined benefit plans which generally (i) mandate 100% funding of current liabilities within seven years; (ii) increase tax-deduction levels regarding contributions; (iii) revise certain actuarial assumptions, such as mortality tables and discount rates; and (iv) raise federal insurance premiums and other fees for under-funded and distressed plans. The legislation also contains similar provisions relating to defined-contribution plans and qualified and non-qualified executive pension plans and other matters.

Thrift Savings Plans. KU has a thrift savings plan under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Under the plan, eligible employees may defer and contribute to the plan a portion of current compensation in order to provide future retirement benefits. KU makes contributions to the plan by matching a portion of the employee contributions. The costs of this matching were \$2 million for 2007 and 2006.

Note 6 - Income Taxes

A United States consolidated income tax return is filed by E.ON U.S.'s direct parent, E.ON US Investments Corp., for each tax period. Each subsidiary of the consolidated tax group, including KU, will calculate its separate income tax for the tax period. The resulting separate-return tax cost or benefit will be paid to or received from the parent company or its designee. KU also files income tax returns in various state jurisdictions. With few exceptions, KU is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examinations for years before 2004. Statutes of limitations related to 2004 and later returns are still open. Tax years 2005, 2006 and 2007 are under audit by the IRS with the 2007 return being examined under an IRS pilot program named "Compliance Assurance Process". This program accelerates the IRS's review to the actual calendar year applicable to the return and ends 90 days after the return is filed.

KU adopted the provisions of FIN 48 effective January 1, 2007. At the date of adoption, KU had less than \$1 million of unrecognized tax benefits, primarily related to federal income taxes. If recognized, the less than \$1 million of unrecognized tax benefits would reduce the effective income tax rate. Additions and reductions of uncertain tax positions during 2007 were less than \$1 million.

Possible amounts of uncertain tax positions for KU that may decrease within the next 12 months total less than \$1 million and are based on the expiration of statutes during 2008.

KU, upon adoption of FIN 48, adopted a new financial statement classification for interest and penalties. Prior to the adoption of FIN 48, KU recorded interest and penalties for income taxes on the income statements in income tax expense and in the taxes accrued balance sheet account, net of tax. Upon adoption of FIN 48, interest is recorded as interest expense and penalties are recorded as operating expenses on the income statement

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

and accrued expenses in the balance sheets, on a pre-tax basis. Interest of less than \$1 million was accrued for 2007 and 2006 based on IRS and Kentucky Department of Revenue large corporate interest rates for underpayment of taxes. No penalties were accrued by KU upon adoption of FIN 48 or through December 31, 2007.

Components of income tax expense are shown in the table below:

(in millions)	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Current - federal	\$ 28	\$ 51
- state	13	11
Deferred - federal – net	(5)	-
- state – net	(1)	1
Investment tax credit – deferred	43	12
Amortization of investment tax credit	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(1)</u>
Total income tax expense	<u>\$ 77</u>	<u>\$ 74</u>

Current federal income tax expense decreased and investment tax credit – deferred increased primarily due to the recording of investment tax credits of \$43 million and \$12 million at December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively, as discussed below.

In June 2006, KU and LG&E filed a joint application with the U.S. Department of Energy (“DOE”) requesting certification to be eligible for investment tax credits applicable to the construction of TC2. The EPAct 2005 added Section 48A to the Internal Revenue Code, which provides for an investment tax credit to promote the commercialization of advanced coal technologies that will generate electricity in an environmentally responsible manner. KU’s and LG&E’s application requested up to the maximum amount of “advanced coal project” credit allowed per taxpayer, or \$125 million, based on an estimate of 15% of projected qualifying TC2 expenditures. In November 2006, the DOE and the IRS announced that KU and LG&E were selected to receive the tax credit. A final IRS certification required to obtain the investment tax credit was received in August 2007. KU’s portion of the TC2 tax credit will be approximately \$100 million over the construction period and will be amortized to income over the life of the related property beginning when the facility is placed in service. Based on eligible construction expenditures incurred, KU recorded investment tax credits of \$43 million and \$12 million in 2007 and 2006, respectively, decreasing current federal income taxes.

In September 2007, KU received Order 2007-00178 from the Kentucky Commission approving the accounting of the investment tax credit. In March 2008, certain groups filed suit in federal court in North Carolina against the DOE and IRS claiming the investment tax credit program was violative of certain environmental laws and demanded relief, including suspension or termination of the program. KU is not able to predict the ultimate outcome of this proceeding.

Components of net deferred tax liabilities included in the balance sheets are shown below:

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

(in millions)	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Depreciation and other plant-related items	\$292	\$291
Regulatory assets and other	<u>40</u>	<u>37</u>
Total deferred tax liabilities	<u>332</u>	<u>328</u>
Deferred tax assets:		
Income taxes due to customers	9	10
Pensions and related benefits	17	11
Liabilities and other	<u>23</u>	<u>23</u>
Total deferred tax assets	<u>49</u>	<u>44</u>
Net deferred income tax liability	<u>\$283</u>	<u>\$284</u>
Balance sheet classification		
Current assets	\$ (2)	\$ (5)
Non-current liabilities	<u>285</u>	<u>289</u>
Net deferred income tax liability	<u>\$283</u>	<u>\$284</u>

A reconciliation of differences between the statutory U.S. federal income tax rate and KU's effective income tax rate follows:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Statutory federal income tax rate	35.0%	35.0%
State income taxes, net of federal benefit	3.4	3.9
Reduction of income tax accruals	(0.4)	(0.5)
Qualified production deduction	(1.2)	(0.4)
EEI dividend	(2.9)	(3.4)
Amortization of investment tax credit	(0.4)	(0.5)
Other differences	<u>(1.9)</u>	<u>(1.4)</u>
Effective income tax rate	<u>31.6%</u>	<u>32.7%</u>

The EEI dividend for 2007 and 2006 reflects tax benefits associated with the receipt of dividends from KU's investment in EEI. Subsequent to an EEI management decision regarding changes in the distribution of EEI's previous earnings, KU elected to provide deferred taxes for all book and tax temporary differences in this investment.

Other differences primarily relate to excess deferred taxes which reflect the benefits of deferred taxes reversing at tax rates that differ from statutory rates and various other permanent differences.

H. R. 4520, known as the "American Jobs Creation Act of 2004", allows electric utilities to take a deduction for qualified production activities income starting in 2005.

Kentucky House Bill 272, also known as "Kentucky's Tax Modernization Plan", was signed into law in March

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

2005. This bill contains a number of changes in Kentucky's tax system, including the reduction of the Corporate income tax rate from 8.25% to 7% effective January 1, 2005, and a further reduction to 6% effective January 1, 2007. As a result of the income tax rate changes, KU's deferred tax reserve amount will exceed its actual deferred tax liability attributable to existing temporary differences, since the new statutory rates are lower than rates when the deferred tax liability originated. In December 2006, KU received approval from the Kentucky Commission to establish and amortize a regulatory liability of \$11 million for these net excess deferred income tax balances. KU will amortize these depreciation-related excess deferred income tax balances under the average rate assumption method which matches the amortization of the excess deferred income taxes with the life of the timing differences to which they relate. Excess deferred income tax balances related to non-depreciation timing differences were expensed in 2006 due to their immaterial amount. There were no additional adjustments in 2007.

KU expects to have adequate levels of taxable income to realize its recorded deferred tax assets.

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, long-term debt and the current portion of long-term debt consist primarily of pollution control bonds and long-term loans from affiliated companies as summarized below

(in millions)	<u>Stated Interest Rates</u>	<u>Maturities</u>	<u>Principal Amounts</u>
Outstanding at December 31, 2007:			
Noncurrent portion	Variable – 6.33%	2010-2037	\$1,231
Current portion	Variable	2032	\$ 33
Outstanding at December 31, 2006:			
Noncurrent portion	Variable – 6.33%	2010-2036	\$ 702
Current portion	Variable – 7.92%	2007-2032	\$ 141

Pollution control series bonds are obligations of KU issued in connection with tax-exempt pollution control revenue bonds issued by various governmental entities, principally counties in Kentucky. A loan agreement obligates KU to make debt service payments to the county that equate to the debt service due from the county on the related pollution control revenue bonds. Until a series of financing transactions was completed during February 2007, the county's debt was also secured by an equal amount of KU's first mortgage bonds that were pledged to the trustee for the pollution control revenue bonds that match the terms and conditions of the county's debt, but require no payment of principal and interest unless KU defaults on the loan agreement. Proceeds from bond issuances for environmental equipment (primarily related to the installation of FGDs) are held in trust pending expenditure for qualifying assets. At December 31, 2007, and 2006, KU had \$11 million and \$23 million, respectively, of bond proceeds in trust, included in restricted cash in the balance sheets.

Several of the KU pollution control bonds are insured by monoline bond insurers whose ratings have been under pressure due to exposures relating to insurance of sub-prime mortgages. At December 31, 2007, KU had an aggregate \$333 million of outstanding pollution control indebtedness, of which \$300 million is in the form of insured auction rate securities wherein interest rates are reset either weekly or every 35 days via an auction

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

process. Beginning in late 2007, the interest rates on these insured bonds began to increase due to investor concerns about the creditworthiness of the bond insurers. In 2008, interest rates have continued to increase, and the Company has experienced "failed auctions" when there are insufficient bids for the bonds. When there is a failed auction, the interest rate is set pursuant to a formula stipulated in the indenture which can be as high as 15%. During 2007, the average rate on the auction rate bonds was 3.96%, whereas the average rate in January and February of 2008 was 4.72%. The instruments governing these auction rate bonds permit KU to convert the bonds to other interest rate modes, such as various short-term variable rates, long-term fixed rates or intermediate-term fixed rates that are reset infrequently. In the first quarter of 2008, the ratings of the Carroll County 2004 Series A bonds were downgraded from AAA to AA and subsequently to A by S&P and from Aaa to A2 by Moody's, and the Carroll County 2006 Series C bonds were downgraded from Aaa to A2 by Moody's and from AAA to A- by S&P due to downgrades of the bond insurer. In February 2008, KU issued a notice to bondholders of its intention to convert the Carroll County 2007 Series A bonds and the Trimble County 2007 Series A bonds from the auction rate mode to a fixed interest rate mode, as permitted under the loan documents. In March 2008, KU will issue notices to bondholders of its intention to convert the Carroll County 2006 Series C bonds and the Mercer County 2000 Series A bonds from the auction mode to a weekly interest rate mode, as permitted under the loan documents. KU expects to purchase such bonds and hold some or all such bonds until a later date, including potential further conversion, remarketings or refinancings. Uncertainty in markets relating to auction rate securities or steps KU has taken or may take to mitigate such uncertainty, such as additional conversions, subsequent restructurings or redemptions and refinancings, could result in KU incurring increased interest expense, transaction expenses or other costs and fees or experiencing reduced liquidity relating to existing or future pollution control financing structures. See Note 13, Subsequent Events.

All of KU's first mortgage bonds were released and terminated in February 2007. Only the tax-exempt pollution control revenue bonds issued by the counties remain. Under the provisions for certain of KU's variable-rate pollution control bonds, the bonds are subject to tender for purchase at the option of the holder and to mandatory tender for purchase upon the occurrence of certain events, causing the bonds to be classified as current portion of long-term debt in the balance sheets. The average annualized interest rate for these bonds during 2007 and 2006 was 3.72% and 3.56%, respectively.

At December 31, 2006, KU had an interest rate swap used to hedge KU's underlying debt obligations. The swap hedged specific debt issuances and, consistent with management's designation, was accorded hedge accounting treatment. The swap effectively converted the fixed rate obligation on KU's first mortgage bond Series P to variable-rate. At December 31, 2006, the remaining swap had a notional value of \$53 million. The swap was terminated in February 2007, when the underlying bond was defeased. See Note 3, Financial Instruments.

Redemptions and maturities of long-term debt for 2007 and 2006 are summarized below:

(\$ in millions)		Principal		Secured/	
<u>Year</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Unsecured</u>	<u>Maturity</u>
2007	Pollution control bonds	\$ 54	Variable	Secured	2024
2007	First mortgage bonds	\$ 54	7.92%	Secured	2007
2006	First mortgage bonds	\$ 36	5.99%	Secured	2006

Issuances of long-term debt for 2007 and 2006 are summarized below:

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

(\$ in millions)		Principal		Secured/ Unsecured	Maturity
Year	Description	Amount	Rate		
2007	Pollution control bonds	\$ 54	Variable	Unsecured	2034
2007	Pollution control bonds	\$ 18	Variable	Unsecured	2026
2007	Pollution control bonds	\$ 9	Variable	Unsecured	2037
2007	Due to Fidelia	\$ 53	5.69%	Unsecured	2022
2007	Due to Fidelia	\$ 75	5.86%	Unsecured	2037
2007	Due to Fidelia	\$ 50	5.98%	Unsecured	2017
2007	Due to Fidelia	\$100	5.96%	Unsecured	2028
2007	Due to Fidelia	\$ 70	5.71%	Unsecured	2019
2007	Due to Fidelia	\$100	5.45%	Unsecured	2014
2006	Pollution control bonds	\$ 17	Variable	Unsecured	2036
2006	Pollution control bonds	\$ 17	Variable	Unsecured	2036
2006	Due to Fidelia	\$ 50	5.675%	Unsecured	2016
2006	Due to Fidelia	\$ 50	6.33%	Unsecured	2036

In February 2007, KU completed a series of financial transactions impacting its periodic reporting requirements. The \$54 million Pollution Control Series 10 bond was refinanced and replaced with a new unsecured tax-exempt bond of the same amount maturing in 2034. The \$53 million Series P bond was defeased and replaced with an intercompany loan totaling \$53 million from Fidelia. In conjunction with the defeasance, the Company terminated the related interest rate swap. Fidelia also agreed to eliminate the second lien on its two secured loans. Pursuant to the terms of the remaining tax-exempt bonds, the first mortgage bonds were cancelled and the underlying lien on substantially all of KU's assets was released following the completion of these steps. KU no longer has any secured debt and is no longer subject to periodic reporting under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Long-term debt maturities for KU are shown in the following table:

(in millions)	
2008 - 2009	\$ -
2010	33
2011	-
2012	50
Thereafter	<u>1,181</u> (a)
Total	<u>\$1,264</u>

(a) Includes long-term debt of \$33 million classified as current liabilities because these bonds are subject to tender for purchase at the option of the holder and to mandatory tender for purchase upon the occurrence of certain events. These bonds mature in 2032. KU does not expect to pay these amounts in 2008.

Note 8 - Notes Payable and Other Short-Term Obligations

KU participates in an intercompany money pool agreement wherein E.ON U.S. and/or LG&E make funds available to KU at market-based rates (based on an index of highly rated commercial paper issues) up to \$400

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

million.

(\$ in millions)	Total Money Pool Available	Amount Outstanding	Balance Available	Average Interest Rate
December 31, 2007	\$400	\$23	\$377	4.75%
December 31, 2006	\$400	\$97	\$303	5.25%

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, E.ON U.S. maintained a revolving credit facility totaling \$150 million and \$200 million, respectively, with an affiliated company, E.ON North America, Inc., to ensure funding availability for the money pool. The balance is as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Total Available	Amount Outstanding	Balance Available	Average Interest Rate
December 31, 2007	\$150	\$ 62	\$88	4.97%
December 31, 2006	\$200	\$102	\$98	5.49%

During June 2007, KU entered into a short-term bilateral line of credit totaling \$35 million. During the third quarter of 2007, KU extended the maturity date on this facility to June 2012. There was no outstanding balance under this facility at December 31, 2007.

The covenants under this revolving line of credit include:

- The debt/total capitalization ratio must be less than 70%
- E.ON must own at least 66.667% of voting stock of KU directly or indirectly
- The corporate credit rating of the Company must be at or above BBB- and Baa3 as determined by S&P and Moody's
- A limitation on disposing of assets aggregating more than 15% of total assets as of December 31, 2006

Note 9 - Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases. KU leases office space, office equipment and vehicles and accounts for these leases as operating leases. In addition, KU reimburses LG&E for a portion of the lease expense paid by LG&E for KU's usage of office space leased by LG&E. Total lease expense was \$6 million for 2007 and 2006. The future minimum annual lease payments for operating leases for years subsequent to December 31, 2007, are shown in the following table:

(in millions)	
2008	\$ 6
2009	5
2010	3
2011	2
2012	2
Thereafter	4
Total	<u>\$22</u>

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	11	2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

Owensboro Contract Litigation. In May 2004, the City of Owensboro, Kentucky and OMU commenced a suit now removed to the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Kentucky, against KU concerning a long-term power supply contract (the "OMU Agreement") with KU. The dispute involves interpretational differences regarding issues under the OMU Agreement, including various payments or charges between KU and OMU and rights concerning excess power, termination and emissions allowances. The complaint seeks in excess of \$6 million in damages in connection with one of its claims for periods prior to 2004, plus damages in an unspecified amount for later-occurring periods on that claim and for other claims. OMU has additionally requested injunctive and other relief, including a declaration that KU is in material breach of the contract. KU has filed an answer in that court denying the OMU claims and presenting counterclaims and amended such filing in January 2007, to include further counterclaims alleging additional damages. During 2005, the FERC declined KU's application to exercise exclusive jurisdiction on matters. In July 2005, the district court resolved a summary judgment motion made by KU in OMU's favor, ruling that a contractual provision grants OMU the ability to terminate the contract without cause upon four years' prior notice, for which ruling KU retains certain rights to appeal. A motion to reconsider that ruling is presently pending before the Court. The parties are continuing various discovery proceedings, as well as settlement negotiations. A trial date has been set for October 2008. In May 2006, OMU issued a notification of its intent to terminate the OMU agreement contract in May 2010, without cause, absent any earlier relief which may be permitted by the proceeding. The Company is currently unable to determine the final outcome of this matter.

Sale and Leaseback Transaction. KU is a participant in a sale and leaseback transaction involving its 62% interest in two jointly owned CTs at KU's E.W. Brown generating station (Units 6 and 7). Commencing in December 1999, KU and LG&E entered into a tax-efficient, 18-year lease of the CTs. KU and LG&E have provided funds to fully defease the lease, and have executed an irrevocable notice to exercise an early purchase option contained in the lease after 15.5 years. The financial statement treatment of this transaction is no different than if KU had retained its ownership. The leasing transaction was entered into following receipt of required state and federal regulatory approvals.

In case of default under the lease, KU is obligated to pay to the lessor its share of certain fees or amounts. Primary events of default include loss or destruction of the CTs, failure to insure or maintain the CTs and unwinding of the transaction due to governmental actions. No events of default currently exist with respect to the lease. Upon any termination of the lease, whether by default or expiration of its term, title to the CTs reverts jointly to KU and LG&E.

At December 31, 2007, the maximum aggregate amount of default fees or amounts was \$10 million, of which KU would be responsible for 62% (approximately \$6 million). KU has made arrangements with E.ON U.S., via guarantee and regulatory commitment, for E.ON U.S. to pay KU's full portion of any default fees or amounts.

Letter of Credit. KU has provided a letter of credit totaling less than \$1 million to support certain obligations related to workers' compensation.

Purchased Power. KU has purchased power arrangements with OMU and OVEC. Under the OMU agreement, which could last through January 1, 2020, KU purchases all of the output of an approximately 400-Mw coal-fired generating station not required by OMU. The amount of purchased power available to KU during 2008-2010, which is expected to be approximately 6% of KU's total Kwh native load energy requirements, is

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

dependent upon a number of factors including the OMU units' availability, maintenance schedules, fuel costs and OMU requirements. Payments are based on the total costs of the station allocated per terms of the OMU agreement. Included in the total costs is KU's proportionate share of debt service requirements on \$246 million of OMU bonds outstanding at December 31, 2007. The debt service is allocated to KU based on its annual allocated share of capacity, which averaged approximately 39% in 2007. KU does not guarantee the OMU bonds, or any requirements therein, in the event of default by OMU.

KU has a contract for purchased power with OVEC, terminating in 2026, for various Mw capacities. KU has an investment of 2.5% ownership in OVEC's common stock, which is accounted for on the cost method of accounting. KU's share of OVEC's output is 2.5%, approximately 55 Mw of generation capacity. Future obligations for power purchases are shown in the following table:

(in millions)	
2008	\$ 23
2009	25
2010	16
2011	8
2012	9
Thereafter	<u>143</u>
Total	<u>\$ 224</u>

Construction Program. KU had approximately \$392 million of commitments in connection with its construction program at December 31, 2007.

In June 2006, KU and LG&E entered into a construction contract regarding the TC2 project. The contract is generally in the form of a lump-sum, turnkey agreement for the design, engineering, procurement, construction, commissioning, testing and delivery of the project, according to designated specifications, terms and conditions. The contract price and its components are subject to a number of potential adjustments which may serve to increase or decrease the ultimate construction price paid or payable to the contractor. The contract also contains standard representations, covenants, indemnities, termination and other provisions for arrangements of this type, including termination for convenience or for cause rights.

TC2 Air Permit. The Sierra Club and other environmental groups filed a petition challenging the air permit issued for the TC2 baseload generating unit which was issued by the Kentucky Division of Air Quality in November 2005. The filing of the challenge did not stay the permit, so the Company was free to proceed with construction during the pendency of the action. In June 2007, the state hearing officer assigned to the matter recommended upholding the air permit with minor revisions. In September 2007, the Secretary of the Kentucky Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet issued a final Order approving the hearing officer's recommendation and upholding the permit. In September 2007, KU administratively applied for a permit revision to reflect minor design changes. In October 2007, the environmental groups submitted comments objecting to the draft permit revisions and, in part, attempting to reassert general objections to the generating unit. An agency decision on the final permit revisions may occur during 2008. The Company is currently unable to determine the final outcome of this matter.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

Mine Safety Compliance Costs. In March 2006, the Mine Safety and Health Administration enacted Emergency Temporary Standards regulations and has issued additional regulations as the result of the passage of the Mine Improvement and New Emergency Response Act of 2006, which was signed into law in June 2006. At the state level, Kentucky and other states that supply coal to KU, have passed new mine safety legislation. These pieces of legislation require all underground coal mines to implement new safety measures and install new safety equipment. Under the terms of some of the coal contracts KU has in place, provisions are made to allow for price adjustments for compliance costs resulting from new or amended laws or regulations. KU has begun to receive information from the mines it contracts with regarding price adjustments related to these compliance costs and has hired a consultant to review all supplier claims for validity and reasonableness. At this time KU has not been notified of claims by all mines and is reviewing those claims it has received. An adjustment will be made to the value of the coal inventory once the amount is determinable, however, the amount cannot be estimated at this time. The Company expects to recover these costs through the FAC.

Environmental Matters. KU's operations are subject to a number of environmental laws and regulations in each of the jurisdictions in which it operates, governing, among other things, air emissions, wastewater discharges, the use, handling and disposal of hazardous substances and wastes, soil and groundwater contamination and employee health and safety.

Clean Air Act Requirements. The Clean Air Act establishes a comprehensive set of programs aimed at protecting and improving air quality in the United States by, among other things, controlling stationary sources of air emissions such as power plants. While the general regulatory framework for these programs is established at the federal level, most of the programs are implemented and administered by the states under the oversight of the EPA. The key Clean Air Act programs relevant to KU's business operations are described below.

Ambient Air Quality. The Clean Air Act requires the EPA to periodically review the available scientific data for six criteria pollutants and establish concentration levels in the ambient air sufficient to protect the public health and welfare with an extra margin for safety. These concentration levels are known as national ambient air quality standards ("NAAQS"). Each state must identify "nonattainment areas" within its boundaries that fail to comply with the NAAQS and develop a SIP to bring such nonattainment areas into compliance. If a state fails to develop an adequate plan, the EPA must develop and implement a plan. As the EPA increases the stringency of the NAAQS through its periodic reviews, the attainment status of various areas may change, thereby triggering additional emission reduction obligations under revised SIPs aimed to achieve attainment.

In 1997, the EPA established new NAAQS for ozone and fine particulates that required additional reductions in SO₂ and NO_x emissions from power plants. In 1998, the EPA issued its final "NO_x SIP Call" rule requiring reductions in NO_x emissions of approximately 85% from 1990 levels in order to mitigate ozone transport from the midwestern U.S. to the northeastern U.S. To implement the new federal requirements, Kentucky amended its SIP in 2002 to require electric generating units to reduce their NO_x emissions to 0.15 pounds weight per MMBtu on a company-wide basis. In 2005, the EPA issued the CAIR which requires additional SO₂ emission reductions of 70% and NO_x emission reductions of 65% from 2003 levels. The CAIR provides for a two-phase cap and trade program, with initial reductions of NO_x and SO₂ emissions due by 2009 and 2010, respectively, and final reductions due by 2015. The final rule is currently under challenge in a number of federal court proceedings. In 2006, Kentucky proposed to amend its SIP to adopt state requirements similar to those under the

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
Kentucky Utilities Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

federal CAIR. Depending on the level of action determined necessary to bring local nonattainment areas into compliance with the new ozone and fine particulate standards, KU's power plants are potentially subject to additional reductions in SO₂ and NO_x emissions. KU's weighted-average company-wide emission rate for SO₂ in 2007 was approximately 1.33 lbs./MMBtu of heat input, with every generating unit below its emission limit established by the Kentucky Division for Air Quality.

Hazardous Air Pollutants. As provided in the 1990 amendments to the Clean Air Act, the EPA investigated hazardous air pollutant emissions from electric utilities and submitted a report to Congress identifying mercury emissions from coal-fired power plants as warranting further study. In 2005, the EPA issued the CAMR establishing mercury standards for new power plants and requiring all states to issue new SIPs including mercury requirements for existing power plants. The EPA issued a model rule which provides for a two-phase cap and trade program with initial reductions due by 2010 and final reductions due by 2018. The CAMR provides for reductions of 70% from 2003 levels. The EPA closely integrated the CAMR and CAIR programs to ensure that the 2010 mercury reduction targets will be achieved as a "co-benefit" of the controls installed for purposes of compliance with the CAIR. The final rule is also currently under challenge in the federal courts. In February 2008, a federal appellate court issued a decision in one of the proceedings vacating the current CAMR, an outcome that may have the effect of resulting in more stringent mercury reduction rules. However, the ruling could be subject to further appeal. In 2006, Kentucky proposed to amend its SIP to adopt state requirements similar to those under the federal CAMR. In 2006, the Kentucky air agency adopted a regulation aimed at regulating additional hazardous air pollutants from sources including power plants, but it was withdrawn in 2007. To the extent those rules are final, they are not expected to have a material impact on KU's power plant operations.

Acid Rain Program. The 1990 amendments to the Clean Air Act imposed a two-phased cap and trade program to reduce SO₂ emissions from power plants that were thought to contribute to "acid rain" conditions in the northeastern U.S. The 1990 amendments also contained requirements for power plants to reduce NO_x emissions through the use of available combustion controls.

Regional Haze. The Clean Air Act also includes visibility goals for certain federally designated areas, including national parks, and requires states to submit SIPs that will demonstrate reasonable progress toward preventing future impairment and remedying any existing impairment of visibility in those areas. In 2005, the EPA issued its Clean Air Visibility Rule detailing how the Clean Air Act's BART requirements will be applied to facilities, including power plants, built between 1962 and 1974 that emit certain levels of visibility impairing pollutants. Under the final rule, as the CAIR will result in more visibility improvement than BART, states are allowed to substitute CAIR requirements in their regional haze SIPs in lieu of controls that would otherwise be required by BART. The final rule has been challenged in the courts.

Installation of Pollution Controls. Many of the programs under the Clean Air Act utilize cap and trade mechanisms that require a company to hold sufficient emissions allowances to cover its authorized emissions on a company-wide basis and do not require installation of pollution controls on every generating unit. Under cap and trade programs, companies are free to focus their pollution control efforts on plants where such controls are particularly efficient and utilize the resulting emission allowances for smaller plants where such controls are not cost effective. KU met its Phase I SO₂ requirements primarily through installation of FGD equipment on Ghent

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

Unit 1. KU's combined strategy for its Phase II SO₂ requirements, which commenced in 2000, includes the installation of additional FGD equipment, as well as using accumulated emissions allowances and fuel switching to defer certain additional capital expenditures. In order to achieve the NO_x emission reductions and associated obligations, KU installed additional NO_x controls, including SCR technology, during the 2000 to 2007 time period at a cost of \$220 million. In 2001, the Kentucky Commission granted approval to recover the costs incurred by KU for these projects through the environmental surcharge mechanism. Such monthly recovery is subject to periodic review by the Kentucky Commission.

In order to achieve the emissions reductions mandated by the CAIR and CAMR, KU expects to incur additional capital expenditures totaling approximately \$675 million during the 2008 through 2010 time period for pollution controls including FGD and SCR equipment, and additional operating and maintenance costs in operating such controls. In 2005, the Kentucky Commission granted approval to recover the costs incurred by KU for these projects through the ECR mechanism. Such monthly recovery is subject to periodic review by the Kentucky Commission. KU believes its costs in reducing SO₂, NO_x and mercury emissions to be comparable to those of similarly situated utilities with like generation assets. KU's compliance plans are subject to many factors including developments in the emission allowance and fuels markets, future legislative and regulatory enactments, legal proceedings and advances in clean air technology. KU will continue to monitor these developments to ensure that its environmental obligations are met in the most efficient and cost-effective manner.

Potential GHG Controls. In 2005, the Kyoto Protocol for reducing GHG emissions took effect, obligating 37 industrialized countries to undertake substantial reductions in GHG emissions. The U.S. has not ratified the Kyoto Protocol and there are currently no mandatory GHG emission reduction requirements at the federal level. Legislation mandating GHG reductions has been introduced in the Congress, but no federal legislation has been enacted to date. In the absence of a program at the federal level, various states have adopted their own GHG emission reduction programs. Such programs have been adopted in various states including 11 northeastern U.S. states and the District of Columbia under the Regional GHG Initiative program and California. Substantial efforts to pass federal GHG legislation are ongoing. In addition, litigation is currently pending before various courts to determine whether the EPA and the states have the authority to regulate GHG emissions under existing law. In April 2007, the U.S. Supreme Court ruled that the EPA has the authority to regulate GHG under the Clean Air Act. KU is monitoring ongoing efforts to enact GHG reduction requirements at the state and federal level and is assessing potential impacts of such programs and strategies to mitigate those impacts. KU is unable to predict whether mandatory GHG reduction requirements will ultimately be enacted. As a Company with significant coal-fired generating assets, KU could be substantially impacted by programs requiring mandatory reductions in GHG emissions, although the precise impact on the operations of KU, including the reduction targets and deadlines that would be applicable, cannot be determined prior to the enactment of such programs.

Brown New Source Review Litigation. In April 2006, the EPA issued an NOV alleging that KU had violated certain provisions of the Clean Air Act's new source review rules relating to work performed in 1997, on a boiler and turbine at KU's E. W. Brown generating station. In December 2006, the EPA issued a second NOV alleging the Company had exceeded heat input values in violation of the air permit for the unit. During 2006, KU provided data responses to the EPA with respect to the allegations in the NOVs. In March 2007, the Department of Justice filed a complaint in federal court in Kentucky alleging the same violations specified in

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

the prior NOV's. The complaint seeks civil penalties, including potential per-day fines, remedial measures and injunctive relief. In April 2007, KU filed an answer in the civil suit denying the allegations. In July 2007, a July 2009 date for trial on the merits was scheduled. The parties continue periodic settlement discussions and a \$2 million accrual has been recorded based on the current status of those discussions, however, KU cannot determine the overall outcome or potential effects of these matters, including whether substantial fines, penalties or remedial construction may result.

Section 114 Requests. In August 2007, the EPA issued administrative information requests under Section 114 of the Clean Air Act requesting new source review-related data regarding certain construction and maintenance activities at LG&E's Mill Creek 4 and Trimble County 1 generating units and KU's Ghent 2 generating unit. The Companies are complying with the information requests and are not able to predict further proceedings in this matter at this time.

Ghent Opacity NOV. In September 2007, the EPA issued an NOV alleging that KU had violated certain provisions of the Clean Air Act's operating rules relating to opacity during June and July of 2007 at Units 1 and 3 of KU's Ghent generating station. The parties have commenced initial discussions on this matter. KU is not able to estimate the outcome or potential effects of these matters, including whether substantial fines, penalties or remedial construction may result.

General Environmental Proceedings. KU has recently settled certain environmental matters. During 2005 and 2006, final judicial and administrative approvals were received regarding a consent decree relating to the October 1999 leak of approximately 38,000 gallons of diesel fuel (of which 34,000 gallons were recovered) from an underground pipeline at KU's E.W. Brown Station. Under the terms of the settlement, KU paid a civil penalty in 2006 and has agreed to construct a supplemental environmental project and maintain the project for ten years, each at a cost of less than \$1 million. During 2006, final judicial and administrative approvals were received regarding a settlement associated with a former transformer scrap-yard which had been the subject of April 2002 correspondence to KU and other potentially responsible parties. Under the terms of the settlement, the parties bore aggregate cleanup costs of approximately \$2 million, of which KU's share was less than \$1 million, which was paid in December 2006.

From time to time, KU appears before the EPA, various state or local regulatory agencies and state and federal courts regarding matters involving compliance with applicable environmental laws and regulations. Such matters include liability under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act for cleanup at various off-site waste sites and ongoing claims regarding GHG emissions from KU's generating stations. Based on analysis to date, the resolution of such matters is not expected to have a material impact on the operations of KU.

Note 10 - Jointly Owned Electric Utility Plant

KU and LG&E have begun construction of TC2, a jointly owned unit at the Trimble County site. KU and LG&E own undivided 60.75% and 14.25% interests, respectively, in TC2. Of the remaining 25% of TC2, Illinois Municipal Electric Agency ("IMEA") owns a 12.12% undivided interest and Indiana Municipal Power Agency ("IMPA") owns a 12.88% undivided interest. Each company is responsible for its proportionate share of capital cost during construction, and fuel, operation and maintenance cost

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

when TC2 begins operation, which is expected to occur in 2010.

	TC2				Total
	LG&E	KU	IMPA	IMEA	
Ownership interest	14.25%	60.75%	12.88%	12.12%	100%
Mw capacity	107	455	97	91	750

(in millions)	LG&E	KU
Construction work in progress	\$74	\$332

KU and LG&E jointly own the following CTs and related equipment:

(\$ in millions)	KU				LG&E				Total			
	Mw Capacity	(\$) Cost	(\$) Depre- ciation	(\$) Net Book Value	Mw Capacity	(\$) Cost	(\$) Depre- ciation	(\$) Net Book Value	Mw Capacity	(\$) Cost	(\$) Depre- ciation	(\$) Net Book Value
KU 47%, LG&E 53% (1)	129	51	(11)	40	146	58	(12)	46	275	109	(23)	86
KU 62%, LG&E 38% (2)	190	78	(14)	64	118	50	(10)	40	308	128	(24)	104
KU 71%, LG&E 29% (3)	228	80	(14)	66	92	32	(6)	26	320	112	(20)	92
KU 63%, LG&E 37% (4)	404	137	(17)	120	236	79	(8)	71	640	216	(25)	191
KU 71%, LG&E 29% (5)	n/a	9	(2)	7	n/a	3	-	3	n/a	12	(2)	10

- 1) Comprised of Paddy's Run 13 and E.W. Brown 5. In addition to the above jointly owned utility plant, there is an inlet air cooling system attributable to Unit 5 and units 8-11 at the E.W. Brown facility. This inlet air cooling system is not jointly owned, however, it is used to increase production on the units to which it relates, resulting in an additional 88 Mw of capacity for KU.
- 2) Comprised of units 6 and 7 at the E.W. Brown facility.
- 3) Comprised of units 5 and 6 at the Trimble County facility.
- 4) Comprised of CT Substation 7-10 and units 7, 8, 9 and 10 at the Trimble County facility.
- 5) Comprised of CT Substation 5 and 6 and CT Pipeline at the Trimble County facility.

Both KU's and LG&E's participating share of direct expenses of the jointly owned plants is included in the corresponding operating expenses on its respective income statement (e.g., fuel, maintenance of plant, other operating expense).

Note 11 - Related Party Transactions

KU, subsidiaries of E.ON U.S. and subsidiaries of E.ON engage in related party transactions. Transactions between KU and E.ON U.S. subsidiaries are eliminated upon consolidation of E.ON U.S. Transactions between KU and E.ON subsidiaries are eliminated upon consolidation of E.ON. These transactions are generally performed at cost and are in accordance with the FERC regulations under PUHCA 2005 and the applicable Kentucky Commission and Virginia Commission regulations. The significant related party transactions are disclosed below.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

Electric Purchases

KU and LG&E purchase energy from each other in order to effectively manage the load of their retail and wholesale customers. These sales and purchases are included in the statements of income as operating revenues and purchased power operating expense. KU intercompany electric revenues and purchased power expense for the years ended December 31, were as follows:

(in millions)	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Electric operating revenues from LG&E	\$46	\$77
Purchased power from LG&E	93	99

Interest Charges

See Note 8, Notes Payable and Other Short-Term Obligations, for details of intercompany borrowing arrangements. Intercompany agreements do not require interest payments for receivables related to services provided when settled within 30 days.

KU's intercompany interest income and expense for the years ended December 31, were as follows:

(in millions)	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Interest on money pool loans	\$ 6	\$ 3
Interest on Fidelia loans	35	21

Other Intercompany Billings

E.ON U.S. Services provides KU with a variety of centralized administrative, management and support services. These charges include payroll taxes paid by E.ON U.S. on behalf of KU, labor and burdens of E.ON U.S. Services employees performing services for KU and vouchers paid by E.ON U.S. Services on behalf of KU. The cost of these services is directly charged to KU, or for general costs which cannot be directly attributed, charged based on predetermined allocation factors, including the following ratios: number of customers, total assets, revenues, number of employees and other statistical information. These costs are charged on an actual cost basis.

In addition, KU and LG&E provide services to each other and to E.ON U.S. Services. Billings between KU and LG&E relate to labor and overheads associated with union employees performing work for the other utility, charges related to jointly owned CTs and other miscellaneous charges. Billings from KU to E.ON U.S. Services relate to cash received by E.ON U.S. Services on behalf of KU, primarily tax settlements, and other payments made by KU on behalf of other non-regulated businesses which are paid through E.ON U.S. Services.

Intercompany billings to and from KU for the years ended December 31, were as follows:

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

(in millions)	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
E.ON U.S. Services billings to KU	\$488	\$353
KU billings to LG&E	6	56
LG&E billings to KU	12	53
KU billings to E.ON U.S. Services	26	23

In September and December 2007, KU received capital contributions from its shareholder, E.ON U.S. in the amount of \$55 million and \$20 million, respectively.

Note 12 – Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) consisted of the following:

(in millions)	Minimum Pension Liability <u>Adjustment</u>	<u>Pre-Tax</u>	Income <u>Taxes</u>	<u>Net</u>
Balance at December 31, 2005	\$ (32)	\$ (32)	\$ 13	\$(19)
Minimum pension liability adjustment	<u>32</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>(13)</u>	<u>(19)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2006	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Balance at December 31, 2007	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Subsequent to the application of SFAS No. 158, adjustments to the minimum pension liability are recorded as regulatory assets and liabilities. As a result, there are no adjustments to the minimum pension liability recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income at December 31, 2007 or 2006.

Note 13 - Notes to Statement of Cash Flows

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information

(in millions)	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Cash paid during the period for:		
Income taxes	\$38	\$82
Interest on borrowed money	16	15
Interest to affiliated companies on borrowed money	29	20

Note 14 – Subsequent Events

On January 18, 2008, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order approving the charges and credits billed through the FAC during the review period of November 1, 2006 through April 30, 2007.

On February 1, 2008, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order approving the real-time pricing pilot program

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Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	/ /	2007/Q4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

proposed by KU, for implementation within approximately eight months, for its large commercial and industrial customers.

On January 31, 2008 and February 14, 2008, the ratings of the Carroll County 2004 Series A bonds were downgraded from AAA to AA by S&P and from Aaa to A2 by Moody's, respectively, due to downgrades of the bond insurer. On February 25, 2008, the bonds were subsequently downgraded from AA to A by S&P, due to a further downgrade of the insurer.

On February 7, 2008 and February 25, 2008, the Carroll County 2006 Series C bonds were downgraded from Aaa to A2 by Moody's and from AAA to A- by S&P, due to downgrades of the bond insurer.

On February 26, 2008, KU commenced steps, including notice to relevant parties, to convert the Carroll County 2007 Series A bonds and the Trimble County 2007 Series A bonds, from the auction rate mode to a fixed interest rate mode. Such conversions are scheduled to occur on April 4, 2008.

Beginning in late 2007, the interest rates on the insured bonds, wherein interest rates are reset either weekly or every 35 days via an auction process, began to increase due to investor concerns about the creditworthiness of the bond insurers. In 2008, interest rates have continued to increase, and the Company has experienced "failed auctions" when there are insufficient bids for the bonds. When there is a failed auction, the interest rate is set pursuant to a formula stipulated in the indenture which can be as high as 15%. During 2007, the average rate on the auction rate bonds was 3.96%, whereas the average rate in January and February of 2008 was 4.72%.

On March 4, 2008, the FERC issued an Order approving the MISO exit fee recalculation agreement which provides KU with an immediate recovery of \$1 million and an estimated \$3 million over the next eight years for credits realized from other payments the MISO will receive, plus interest.

On March 17, 2008, KU commenced steps, including notice to relevant parties, to convert the Carroll County 2006 Series C bonds from the auction rate mode to a weekly interest rate mode. Such conversion is scheduled to occur on April 16, 2008.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is:		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original	(2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	/ /	

STATEMENTS OF ACCUMULATED COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

1. Report in columns (b),(c),(d) and (e) the amounts of accumulated other comprehensive income items, on a net-of-tax basis, where appropriate.
2. Report in columns (f) and (g) the amounts of other categories of other cash flow hedges.
3. For each category of hedges that have been accounted for as "fair value hedges", report the accounts affected and the related amounts in a footnote.

Line No.	Item (a)	Unrealized Gains and Losses on Available-for-Sale Securities (b)	Minimum Pension Liability adjustment (net amount) (c)	Foreign Currency Hedges (d)	Other Adjustments (e)
1	Balance of Account 219 at Beginning of Preceding Year		(19,336,791)		
2	Preceding Qtr/Yr to Date Reclassifications from Acct 219 to Net Income		19,336,791		
3	Preceding Quarter/Year to Date Changes in Fair Value				
4	Total (lines 2 and 3)		19,336,791		
5	Balance of Account 219 at End of Preceding Quarter/Year				
6	Balance of Account 219 at Beginning of Current Year				
7	Current Qtr/Yr to Date Reclassifications from Acct 219 to Net Income				
8	Current Quarter/Year to Date Changes in Fair Value				
9	Total (lines 7 and 8)				
10	Balance of Account 219 at End of Current Quarter/Year				

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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STATEMENTS OF ACCUMULATED COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

Line No.	Other Cash Flow Hedges Interest Rate Swaps (f)	Other Cash Flow Hedges [Specify] (g)	Totals for each category of items recorded in Account 219 (h)	Net Income (Carried Forward from Page 117, Line 78) (i)	Total Comprehensive Income (j)
1			(19,336,791)		
2			19,336,791		
3					
4			19,336,791	151,820,783	171,157,574
5					
6					
7					
8					
9				166,962,574	166,962,574
10					

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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**SUMMARY OF UTILITY PLANT AND ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS
FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION**

Report in Column (c) the amount for electric function, in column (d) the amount for gas function, in column (e), (f), and (g) report other (specify) and in column (f) common function.

Line No.	Classification (a)	Total Company for the Current Year/Quarter Ended (b)	Electric (c)
1	Utility Plant		
2	In Service		
3	Plant In Service (Classified)	3,867,960,512	3,867,960,512
4	Property Under Capital Leases		
5	Plant Purchased or Sold		
6	Completed Construction not Classified		
7	Experimental Plant Unclassified		
8	Total (3 thru 7)	3,867,960,512	3,867,960,512
9	Leased to Others		
10	Held for Future Use		
11	Construction Work in Progress	1,071,388,626	1,071,388,626
12	Acquisition Adjustments		
13	Total Utility Plant (8 thru 12)	4,939,349,138	4,939,349,138
14	Accum Prov for Depr, Amort, & Depl	1,931,454,524	1,931,454,524
15	Net Utility Plant (13 less 14)	3,007,894,614	3,007,894,614
16	Detail of Accum Prov for Depr, Amort & Depl		
17	In Service:		
18	Depreciation	1,914,631,932	1,914,631,932
19	Amort & Depl of Producing Nat Gas Land/Land Right		
20	Amort of Underground Storage Land/Land Rights		
21	Amort of Other Utility Plant	16,822,592	16,822,592
22	Total In Service (18 thru 21)	1,931,454,524	1,931,454,524
23	Leased to Others		
24	Depreciation		
25	Amortization and Depletion		
26	Total Leased to Others (24 & 25)		
27	Held for Future Use		
28	Depreciation		
29	Amortization		
30	Total Held for Future Use (28 & 29)		
31	Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas)		
32	Amort of Plant Acquisition Adj		
33	Total Accum Prov (equals 14) (22,26,30,31,32)	1,931,454,524	1,931,454,524

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo. Da. Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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SUMMARY OF UTILITY PLANT AND ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS
FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION

Gas (d)	Other (Specify) (e)	Other (Specify) (f)	Other (Specify) (g)	Common (h)	Line No.
					1
					2
					3
					4
					5
					6
					7
					8
					9
					10
					11
					12
					13
					14
					15
					16
					17
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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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ELECTRIC PLANT IN SERVICE (Account 101, 102, 103 and 106)

- Report below the original cost of electric plant in service according to the prescribed accounts.
- In addition to Account 101, Electric Plant in Service (Classified), this page and the next include Account 102, Electric Plant Purchased or Sold; Account 103, Experimental Electric Plant Unclassified; and Account 106, Completed Construction Not Classified-Electric.
- Include in column (c) or (d), as appropriate, corrections of additions and retirements for the current or preceding year.
- For revisions to the amount of initial asset retirement costs capitalized, included by primary plant account, increases in column (c) additions and reductions in column (e) adjustments.
- Enclose in parentheses credit adjustments of plant accounts to indicate the negative effect of such accounts.
- Classify Account 106 according to prescribed accounts, on an estimated basis if necessary, and include the entries in column (c). Also to be included in column (c) are entries for reversals of tentative distributions of prior year reported in column (b). Likewise, if the respondent has a significant amount of plant retirements which have not been classified to primary accounts at the end of the year, include in column (d) a tentative distribution of such retirements, on an estimated basis, with appropriate contra entry to the account for accumulated depreciation provision. Include also in column (d)

Line No.	Account (a)	Balance Beginning of Year (b)	Additions (c)
1	1. INTANGIBLE PLANT		
2	(301) Organization	44,456	
3	(302) Franchises and Consents	83,453	
4	(303) Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	25,522,749	2,263,289
5	TOTAL Intangible Plant (Enter Total of lines 2, 3, and 4)	25,650,658	2,263,289
6	2. PRODUCTION PLANT		
7	A. Steam Production Plant		
8	(310) Land and Land Rights	10,478,525	
9	(311) Structures and Improvements	158,615,786	16,438,598
10	(312) Boiler Plant Equipment	1,034,700,589	131,853,704
11	(313) Engines and Engine-Driven Generators		
12	(314) Turbogenerator Units	209,776,086	2,018,971
13	(315) Accessory Electric Equipment	82,078,831	13,481,105
14	(316) Misc. Power Plant Equipment	23,306,111	522,961
15	(317) Asset Retirement Costs for Steam Production	9,249,179	
16	TOTAL Steam Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 8 thru 15)	1,528,205,107	164,315,33
17	B. Nuclear Production Plant		
18	(320) Land and Land Rights		
19	(321) Structures and Improvements		
20	(322) Reactor Plant Equipment		
21	(323) Turbogenerator Units		
22	(324) Accessory Electric Equipment		
23	(325) Misc. Power Plant Equipment		
24	(326) Asset Retirement Costs for Nuclear Production		
25	TOTAL Nuclear Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 18 thru 24)		
26	C. Hydraulic Production Plant		
27	(330) Land and Land Rights	879,312	
28	(331) Structures and Improvements	453,196	
29	(332) Reservoirs, Dams, and Waterways	7,954,452	1,072,820
30	(333) Water Wheels, Turbines, and Generators	420,536	
31	(334) Accessory Electric Equipment	85,383	
32	(335) Misc. Power Plant Equipment	101,512	
33	(336) Roads, Railroads, and Bridges	46,976	
34	(337) Asset Retirement Costs for Hydraulic Production	4,970	
35	TOTAL Hydraulic Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 27 thru 34)	9,946,337	1,072,820
36	D. Other Production Plant		
37	(340) Land and Land Rights	294,924	
38	(341) Structures and Improvements	35,982,154	
39	(342) Fuel Holders, Products, and Accessories	21,009,004	76,153
40	(343) Prime Movers	337,567,595	9,070,204
41	(344) Generators	59,334,142	
42	(345) Accessory Electric Equipment	30,952,419	30,170
43	(346) Misc. Power Plant Equipment	5,183,418	44,131
44	(347) Asset Retirement Costs for Other Production	70,990	
45	TOTAL Other Prod. Plant (Enter Total of lines 37 thru 44)	490,394,646	9,220,65
46	TOTAL Prod. Plant (Enter Total of lines 16, 25, 35, and 45)	2,028,546,090	174,608,817

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ELECTRIC PLANT IN SERVICE (Account 101, 102, 103 and 106) (Continued)

distributions of these tentative classifications in columns (c) and (d), including the reversals of the prior years tentative account distributions of these amounts. Careful observance of the above instructions and the texts of Accounts 101 and 106 will avoid serious omissions of the reported amount of respondent's plant actually in service at end of year.

7. Show in column (f) reclassifications or transfers within utility plant accounts. Include also in column (f) the additions or reductions of primary account classifications arising from distribution of amounts initially recorded in Account 102, include in column (e) the amounts with respect to accumulated provision for depreciation, acquisition adjustments, etc., and show in column (f) only the offset to the debits or credits distributed in column (f) to primary account classifications.

8. For Account 399, state the nature and use of plant included in this account and if substantial in amount submit a supplementary statement showing subaccount classification of such plant conforming to the requirement of these pages

9. For each amount comprising the reported balance and changes in Account 102, state the property purchased or sold, name of vendor or purchase, and date of transaction. If proposed journal entries have been filed with the Commission as required by the Uniform System of Accounts, give also date

Retirements (d)	Adjustments (e)	Transfers (f)	Balance at End of Year (g)	Line No.
				1
			44,456	2
			83,453	3
3,190,893			24,595,145	4
3,190,893			24,723,054	5
				6
				7
		395,739	10,874,264	8
2,223,808			172,830,576	9
8,662,429			1,157,891,864	10
				11
2,363,301			209,431,756	12
1,267,672			94,292,264	13
205,019			23,624,053	14
			9,249,179	15
14,722,229		395,739	1,678,193,956	16
				17
				18
				19
				20
				21
				22
				23
				24
				25
				26
			879,312	27
			453,196	28
2,023			9,025,249	29
43,039			377,497	30
			85,383	31
			101,512	32
			46,976	33
			4,970	34
45,062			10,974,095	35
				36
			294,924	37
			35,982,154	38
142			21,085,015	39
1,998,860			344,638,939	40
			59,334,142	41
25,576			30,957,013	42
			5,227,549	43
			70,990	44
2,024,578			497,590,726	45
16,791,869		395,739	2,186,758,777	46

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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ELECTRIC PLANT IN SERVICE (Account 101, 102, 103 and 106) (Continued)

Line No.	Account (a)	Balance Beginning of Year (b)	Additions (c)
47	3. TRANSMISSION PLANT		
48	(350) Land and Land Rights	24,509,692	
49	(352) Structures and Improvements	8,147,437	262,613
50	(353) Station Equipment	187,891,623	3,029,311
51	(354) Towers and Fixtures	63,308,079	
52	(355) Poles and Fixtures	91,302,831	8,565,894
53	(356) Overhead Conductors and Devices	129,755,652	2,783,479
54	(357) Underground Conduit	448,760	
55	(358) Underground Conductors and Devices	1,114,762	
56	(359) Roads and Trails		
57	(359.1) Asset Retirement Costs for Transmission Plant	11,027	
58	TOTAL Transmission Plant (Enter Total of lines 48 thru 57)	506,489,863	14,641,297
59	4. DISTRIBUTION PLANT		
60	(360) Land and Land Rights	3,240,943	1,635
61	(361) Structures and Improvements	4,457,894	632,246
62	(362) Station Equipment	100,792,636	3,245,726
63	(363) Storage Battery Equipment		
64	(364) Poles, Towers, and Fixtures	193,793,680	4,531,212
65	(365) Overhead Conductors and Devices	180,861,757	4,612,489
66	(366) Underground Conduit	1,728,495	
67	(367) Underground Conductors and Devices	70,302,254	2,558,496
68	(368) Line Transformers	238,783,306	11,375,630
69	(369) Services	83,111,706	13,568
70	(370) Meters	64,856,076	1,083,210
71	(371) Installations on Customer Premises	18,276,459	7,243
72	(372) Leased Property on Customer Premises		
73	(373) Street Lighting and Signal Systems	53,640,294	56,33
74	(374) Asset Retirement Costs for Distribution Plant	18,610	
75	TOTAL Distribution Plant (Enter Total of lines 60 thru 74)	1,013,864,110	28,117,791
76	5. REGIONAL TRANSMISSION AND MARKET OPERATION PLANT		
77	(380) Land and Land Rights		
78	(381) Structures and Improvements		
79	(382) Computer Hardware		
80	(383) Computer Software		
81	(384) Communication Equipment		
82	(385) Miscellaneous Regional Transmission and Market Operation Plant		
83	(386) Asset Retirement Costs for Regional Transmission and Market Oper		
84	TOTAL Transmission and Market Operation Plant (Total lines 77 thru 83)		
85	6. GENERAL PLANT		
86	(389) Land and Land Rights	2,811,100	15
87	(390) Structures and Improvements	32,731,716	281,491
88	(391) Office Furniture and Equipment	20,688,711	1,869,261
89	(392) Transportation Equipment	23,860,354	78,801
90	(393) Stores Equipment	738,677	4,390
91	(394) Tools, Shop and Garage Equipment	5,333,516	274,339
92	(395) Laboratory Equipment	3,202,203	
93	(396) Power Operated Equipment	270,943	
94	(397) Communication Equipment	16,151,737	1,087,628
95	(398) Miscellaneous Equipment	394,809	
96	SUBTOTAL (Enter Total of lines 86 thru 95)	106,183,766	3,595,925
97	(399) Other Tangible Property		
98	(399.1) Asset Retirement Costs for General Plant		
99	TOTAL General Plant (Enter Total of lines 96, 97 and 98)	106,183,766	3,595,925
100	TOTAL (Accounts 101 and 106)	3,680,734,487	223,227,119
101	(102) Electric Plant Purchased (See Instr. 8)		
102	(Less) (102) Electric Plant Sold (See Instr. 8)		
103	(103) Experimental Plant Unclassified		
104	TOTAL Electric Plant in Service (Enter Total of lines 100 thru 103)	3,680,734,487	223,227,119

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ELECTRIC PLANT IN SERVICE (Account 101, 102, 103 and 106) (Continued)

Retirements (d)	Adjustments (e)	Transfers (f)	Balance at End of Year (g)	Line No.
				47
		64,426	24,574,118	48
26,842			8,383,208	49
521,200			190,399,734	50
28,613			63,279,466	51
204,554			99,664,171	52
149,381			132,389,750	53
			448,760	54
			1,114,762	55
				56
			11,027	57
930,590		64,426	520,264,996	58
				59
		252,240	3,494,818	60
31,227			5,058,913	61
633,947			103,404,415	62
				63
408,115			197,916,777	64
394,066			185,080,180	65
182,261			1,546,234	66
27,192			72,833,558	67
1,693,660			248,465,276	68
3,215			83,122,059	69
574,434			65,364,852	70
830			18,282,872	71
				72
53,834			53,642,796	73
			18,610	74
4,002,781		252,240	1,038,231,360	75
				76
				77
				78
				79
				80
				81
				82
				83
				84
				85
		-235,143	2,575,972	86
2,736,942			30,276,265	87
3,591,762			18,966,210	88
4,934,986		-48,370	18,955,799	89
8,014			735,053	90
134,358			5,473,497	91
41,820			3,160,383	92
			270,943	93
44,753			17,194,612	94
21,218			373,591	95
11,513,853		-283,513	97,982,325	96
				97
				98
11,513,853		-283,513	97,982,325	99
36,429,986		428,892	3,867,960,512	100
				101
				102
				103
36,429,986		428,892	3,867,960,512	104

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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CONSTRUCTION WORK IN PROGRESS - - ELECTRIC (Account 107)

- Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of projects in process of construction (107)
- Show items relating to "research, development, and demonstration" projects last, under a caption Research, Development, and Demonstrating (see Account 107 of the Uniform System of Accounts)
- Minor projects (5% of the Balance End of the Year for Account 107 or \$100,000, whichever is less) may be grouped.

Line No	Description of Project (a)	Construction work in progress - Electric (Account 107) (b)
1	STEAM PRODUCTION	
2	TC2 - PROJECT - KU	272,840,730
3	GH4 FGD	124,213,968
4	GHEM SO2 COMMON	121,821,540
5	BROWN 1, 2, 3 FGD	101,697,442
6	TC2 AQCS KU	58,908,595
7	KU SOX PROGRAM - GHEM 2 FGD SYSTEM	53,641,507
8	BROWN ASH POND EXPANSION PHASE 1 - DEVELOPMENT STAGE	27,195,456
9	GH1 GENERATOR REFURBISHMENT	11,584,337
10	GHEM 3 CONTROLS MODERNIZATION	5,669,656
11	SO3 SORBENT INJECTION	4,637,577
12	GHEM 1 CONTROLS MODERNIZATION	4,605,507
13	GHEM SCR	2,736,323
14	GHEM 4 CONTROLS MODERNIZATION	2,523,551
15	BR1 CONTROLS UPGR	2,485,700
16	KU SOX PROGRAM - FGDS AT BR 1-3 AND GH 1-4	2,450,026
17	GHEM 2 CONTROLS MODERNIZATION	1,456,108
18	BR 1 COOLING TOWER REBUILD	1,110,925
19	REVISED GH4 ECONOMIZER REPLACEMENT DEVELOPMENT PROPOSAL	1,052,659
20	GH1 REHEAT OUTLET HEADER REPLACEMENT	993,792
21	FUEL SUPPLY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM	840,766
22	GR FUEL OIL TANK REPLACEMENT	808,627
23	BR3 TURBINE CONTROL UPGRADE	758,135
24	BR3 THROTTLE VALVE SEAT	565,945
25	TRIMBLE COUNTY ASH/GYPSUM PONDS	441,084
26	BR MAIN OFFICE HVAC REPLACEMENT	436,431
27	TY3 GENERATOR LEAD REPLACEMENT	390,515
28	GH4 UNDER TURBINE FIRE PROTECTION	389,358
29	BR3 BUNKER LINERS/PITS	319,791
30	GH 2B AUXILIARY TRANSFORMER	292,925
31	BR3-1 SOOTBLOWER AIR COMPRESSOR REPLACEMENT	284,977
32	BR2 RH INLET & OUTLET HDR	272,479
33	GHEM ASH POND/LANDFILL	264,651
34	BR 1-3 PULVERIZER GEARBOX REBUILD	261,921
35	GHEM SPCC COMPLIANCE MODIFICATIONS	237,026
36	TY3 GENERATOR BUSHINGS	235,264
37	BR1-2 TURBINE VIBRATION MONITOR UPGRADE	224,320
38	BR1 TURBINE SEALS	213,971
39	UMS GROUP INVESTMENT EVALUATION MODEL	168,605
40	BR1-1 SWP REBUILD	152,914
41	GP PRECIPITATOR CONTROLS UPGRADE	146,134
42	GH CONVEYOR BELT REPL	135,005
43	TOTAL	1,071,388,626

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da. Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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CONSTRUCTION WORK IN PROGRESS - - ELECTRIC (Account 107)

1. Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of projects in process of construction (107)
2. Show items relating to "research, development, and demonstration" projects last, under a caption Research, Development, and Demonstrating (see Account 107 of the Uniform System of Accounts)
3. Minor projects (5% of the Balance End of the Year for Account 107 or \$100,000, whichever is less) may be grouped.

Line No.	Description of Project (a)	Construction work in progress - Electric (Account 107) (b)
1	TY3 5-1 EL MILL CONVERSION	128,244
2	BR3 ROOF VENT FAN REPLACEMENT	117,075
3	GH SO3 ENGINEERING STUDY	108,583
4	BR1 CONTROL AIR COMPRESSOR REPLACEMENT	104,612
5	REVISED BR2 TURBINE BLADES	104,250
6	STEAM PRODUCTION MINOR	344,869
7		
8	HYDRAULIC POWER	
9	DX3 JOHNSON VALVE REFURBISHMENT	840,211
10	HYDRAULIC POWER MINOR	139,122
11		
12	OTHER PRODUCTION	
13	BR CT6 A/B CONVERSION	6,125,400
14	BR CT 11N2 VANE REPLACEMENT	1,524,046
15	TC CT9 COMPRESSOR BLADE REPLACEMENT	201,352
16	OTHER PRODUCTION MINOR	22,095
17		
18	TRANSMISSION	
19	DEVELOPMENT FOR TRIMBLE COUNTY UNIT 2	23,973,530
20	SIMPSONVILLE CONTROL CENTER	5,293,848
21	BROWN ASH POND EXPANSION, PHASE 1 - DEVELOPMENT STAGE	4,186,202
22	UNDERGROUND RELOCATION FOR THE UK CHANDLER MEDICAL CENTER	3,880,997
23	LOUDON AVE TO LANSDOWN 69KV DOUBLE CIRCUIT REBUILD	3,707,504
24	VIRGINIA CITY - CLINCH RIVER 138 KV	3,504,302
25	NORTH AMERICAN STAINLESS 345-138 KV 450 MVA TRANSFORMER	3,113,818
26	PRIORITY REPL T-LINES PWO	2,993,174
27	VIRGINIA CITY 138/69 KV TRANSFORMER ADDITION	1,724,983
28	FAWKES 138-69KV, 150 MVA	1,314,456
29	GHENT-KENTON 138 KV LINE - P2 POLE REPLACEMENT	724,169
30	NAS TAP 345 KV LINE	627,577
31	SPCC MODIFICATIONS	595,134
32	STORM DAMAGE T-LINE PWO	492,124
33	MISC SUBSTATION PROJECTS	419,764
34	RELOCATIONS TRANS LINES	357,269
35	PARAMETER UPGRADE T LINE PWO	355,889
36	LOUDON AVE - WINCHESTER 69 KV REBUILD	354,250
37	LAWRENCEBURG PRIORITY 2 POLE REPLACEMENT	304,725
38	BROWN - FAWKES 138KV	299,769
39	RELOC RING RD PROJ (345KV)	294,221
40	GHENT 345 KV BREAKER ADDITION	293,056
41	NEW FACILITIES TRANS LINE PWO	291,903
42	HWY 52 RELOCATION RICHMOND	277,093
43	TOTAL	1,071,388,626

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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CONSTRUCTION WORK IN PROGRESS - - ELECTRIC (Account 107)

1. Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of projects in process of construction (107)
2. Show items relating to "research, development, and demonstration" projects last, under a caption Research, Development, and Demonstrating (see Account 107 of the Uniform System of Accounts)
3. Minor projects (5% of the Balance End of the Year for Account 107 or \$100,000, whichever is less) may be grouped.

Line No.	Description of Project (a)	Construction work in progress - Electric (Account 107) (b)
1	EW BROWN HIGBY MILL DC 138KV RELOCATION	251,431
2	REPLACE FAILED HARLAN Y TRANSFORMER	235,050
3	TAYLOR CO TRANSFORMER	183,753
4	GHEENT - KENTON 138 KV LINE - BUTLER SWITCHES	178,610
5	DETROIT HARVESTER SECTION OF PARIS-LEX PLANT	172,900
6	KU RTU PURCHASE	114,620
7	DELVINTA 824 CARRIER ADDN	109,270
8	INST ELK CRK MINE 69 TAP	105,619
9	GARRARD COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL	100,223
10	TRANSMISSION MINOR	1,059,780
11		
12	DISTRIBUTION	
13	NEW BUS RESID-OVHD-LEXINGTON	7,882,165
14	NEW BUS SERV-UG-LEXINGTON	6,673,288
15	NEW BUS SUBD-UG-LEXINGTON	4,368,503
16	STREET LIGHTING 315	3,886,900
17	NEW BUS RESID-UG-LEXINGTON	3,449,214
18	NEW BUS COMM-UG-LEXINGTON	3,378,714
19	KU SUBSTATION SPILL PREVENTION	3,104,569
20	NEW BUS COMM-OVHD-LEXINGTON	3,017,797
21	NEW BUS RESID-OVHD-EARLINGTON	2,326,373
22	OUTDOOR LIGHTING 315	2,309,369
23	NEW ELECT SERV-OVHD-LEXINGTON	2,145,502
24	NEW BUS SERV-UG-RICHMOND	1,987,098
25	INST LEBANON JUNCTION SUB	1,791,944
26	NEW BUS RESID-OVHD-DANVILLE	1,789,573
27	NEW BUS SERV-UG-ETOWN	1,789,524
28	REP DEF EQUIP-OH-LEXINGTON	1,690,700
29	PURCHASE PROPERTY FOR INNOVATION DRIVE SUB 428-1	1,612,536
30	NEW BUS RESID-OVHD-SHELBYVILLE	1,606,496
31	NEW BUS RESID-OVHD-NORTON	1,596,806
32	NEW ELECT SERV-OVHD-EARLINGTON	1,555,195
33	NEW BUS COMM-OVHD-MAYSVILLE	1,546,853
34	NEW BUS SERV-UG-MAYSVILLE	1,545,125
35	NEW BUS SUBD-UG-RICHMOND	1,542,460
36	NEW ELECT SERVICES - OVERHEAD	1,512,588
37	W360 LTC REBUILD	1,482,848
38	STREET LIGHTING 236	1,481,121
39	NEW BUS RESID-UG-MAYSVILLE	1,469,642
40	NEW BUS SERV-UG-EARLINGTON	1,450,852
41	REP DEF EQUIP-OH-EARLINGTON	1,407,461
42	NEW BUS RESID-UG-SHELBYVILLE	1,400,577
43	TOTAL	1,071,388,626

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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CONSTRUCTION WORK IN PROGRESS -- ELECTRIC (Account 107)

1. Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of projects in process of construction (107)
2. Show items relating to "research, development, and demonstration" projects last, under a caption Research, Development, and Demonstrating (see Account 107 of the Uniform System of Accounts)
3. Minor projects (5% of the Balance End of the Year for Account 107 or \$100,000, whichever is less) may be grouped.

Line No	Description of Project (a)	Construction work in progress - Electric (Account 107) (b)
1	NEW BUS SERV-UG-DANVILLE	1,384,143
2	NEW BUS RESID-UG-DANVILLE	1,384,010
3	NEW BUS RESID-OVHD-MAYSVILLE	1,382,188
4	NEW BUS RESID-OVHD-LONDON	1,366,284
5	NEW BUS SUBD-OVHD-LEXINGTON	1,295,405
6	NEW BUS SERV-UG-SHELBYVILLE	1,273,235
7	NEW BUS RESID-OVHD-ETOWN	1,220,029
8	NEW BUS COMM-OVHD-EARLINGTON	1,205,216
9	NEW BUS COMM-OVHD-DANVILLE	1,177,878
10	NEW ELECTRIC SERV - OVERHEAD	1,058,556
11	2-12 MVA BASE TRANS RM 2-10 MVA BANES TRAN AT LEMONS MILL #723	1,052,038
12	NEW BUS SUBD-UG-SHELBYVILLE	1,048,748
13	NEW ELECT SERV-OVHD-NORTON	1,027,507
14	NEW ELECT SERV-OVHD-MAYSVILLE	1,004,224
15	DIST. LINE TRANSFORMER	988,679
16	NEW BUS COMM-OVHD-ETOWN	983,810
17	NEW ELECT SERV-OVHD-PINEVILLE	973,702
18	NEW ELECT SERV-OVHD-DANVILLE	971,698
19	PURCHASE TRANSFORMER 315	929,538
20	STREET LIGHTING 366	920,718
21	STREET LIGHTING 216	880,286
22	STREET LIGHTING 246	878,129
23	NEW BUS SUBD-UG-ETOWN	877,302
24	REP DEF EQUIP-UG-LEXINGTON	852,182
25	NEW BUS COMM-OVHD-NORTON	835,566
26	REP THIRD PARTY DAM 315	832,627
27	NEW BUS SERV-UG-LONDON	816,310
28	POLE REPAIR/REPL 246	808,571
29	KU WORST CIRCUITS CIRCUIT HARDENING	793,197
30	NEW BUS RESID-UG-LONDON	782,907
31	NEW BUS RESID-UG-EARLINGTON	774,200
32	NEW BUS COMM-UG-MAYSVILLE	760,913
33	NEW ELECT SERV-OVHD-SHELBYVILLE	746,907
34	NEW BUS SERVICE-UG-NORTON	716,037
35	SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT - EXIST CUST-LEXINGTON	715,835
36	REPLACE TAYLORSVILLE 5/7 MVA TRANSFORMER	701,353
37	PURCHASE 161X69 SPARE TRANSFORMER	693,043
38	SPARE TRANSFORMERS	676,391
39	NEW BUS RESID-UG-ETOWN	675,910
40	PUB WRK RELOC-OH-LEXINGTON	669,496
41	POLE REP/REPL 156	649,240
42	NEW BUS SUBD-OVHD-ETOWN	640,295
43	TOTAL	1,071,388,626

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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CONSTRUCTION WORK IN PROGRESS - - ELECTRIC (Account 107)

1. Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of projects in process of construction (107)
2. Show items relating to "research, development, and demonstration" projects last, under a caption Research, Development, and Demonstrating (see Account 107 of the Uniform System of Accounts)
3. Minor projects (5% of the Balance End of the Year for Account 107 or \$100,000, whichever is less) may be grouped.

Line No	Description of Project (a)	Construction work in progress - Electric (Account 107) (b)
1	NEW BUS COMM-UG-DANVILLE	637,456
2	STREET LIGHTING 156	633,398
3	REP DEF EQUIP-OH-DANVILLE	629,575
4	ADD TRANSF UNION UNDERWEAR	629,077
5	REP DEF EQUIP-OH-DANVILLE	627,797
6	PURCHASE TRANSFORMERS 236	608,085
7	OUTDOOR LIGHTING 216	601,224
8	POLE REPAIR/REPL 256	584,848
9	RP SHUN PIKE TRANSFORMER	575,804
10	POLE REPAIR REPL 315	570,538
11	RP RICHMOND 34KV	562,583
12	STREET LIGHTING 426	543,745
13	REP DEF EQUIP-OH-RICHMOND	533,217
14	ADD TRANSF HORSE CAVE INDUSTRIAL	527,463
15	DIST RELIABILITY 156	525,849
16	TROUBLE ORDERS O/H 246	523,398
17	STREET LIGHTING 256	516,787
18	NEW ELECT SERV-OVHD-LONDON	502,622
19	REP REPL ST LIGHTS 315	495,239
20	TROUBLE ORDERS 156	494,368
21	SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT - EXIST CUST EARLINGTON	487,927
22	RELOCATIONS CUST REQUEST 216	484,942
23	NEW BUS COMM-OVHD-PINEVILLE	476,411
24	CIRCUIT RELIAB O/H 315	474,465
25	STREET LIGHTING 416	470,889
26	INST CAP/REG/RECL-LEXINGTON	464,471
27	KU STORMS	461,077
28	NEW BUS COMM-UG-ETOWN	456,391
29	NEW BUSINESS RES 216	449,176
30	OUTDOOR LIGHTING 156	445,991
31	CITY OF BARDSTOWN SUB	439,554
32	STREET LIGHTING 766	429,594
33	POLE REPAIR/REPL 366	428,951
34	RP 69/34 TRANS DORCHESTER	427,674
35	NEW BUS SERV-UG-PINEVILLE	427,504
36	NEW BUS COMM-UG-NORTON	424,703
37	NEW BUS SUBD-UG-DANVILLE	421,887
38	NEW BUS IND-OVHD-DANVILLE	420,616
39	PUB WRK RELC-OH-ETOWN	418,056
40	CONSTRUCT LEBANON EAST SUB	415,132
41	REP REPL DEF ST LIGHTS 156	414,668
42	TROUBLE ORDERS O/H 256	411,500
43	TOTAL	1,071,388,626

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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CONSTRUCTION WORK IN PROGRESS -- ELECTRIC (Account 107)

1. Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of projects in process of construction (107)
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Line No.	Description of Project (a)	Construction work in progress - Electric (Account 107) (b)
1	REP REPL DEF ST LIGHTS 236	410,855
2	SYS ENH EXIST CUST ETOWN	407,951
3	ROGERS GAP DISTRIBUTION	406,447
4	REP THIRD PARTY DAM 236	387,213
5	IN 5 MVA BASE (7) NON TC TRANSFORMER AND ASSOC EQUIPMENT AT KY	370,721
6	DIST CAPACITORS KU	363,107
7	SYS ENHAN EXIST CUST DANVILLE	362,190
8	PURCHASE LAND FOR A NEW BEDFORD, KY SUBSTATION	358,096
9	TROUBLE ORDERS OVERHEAD	355,900
10	RELIABILITY O/H 156	354,960
11	TROUBLE ORDERS 216	330,953
12	REP DEF EQUIP OH-LONDON	329,451
13	REP DEF EQUIP OH-MAYSVILLE	323,113
14	SYS ENHAN EXIST CUST PINEVILLE	310,942
15	PURCHASE TRANSFORMERS 366	308,963
16	POLE REP REPL 426	308,290
17	PURCHASE TRANSFORMER 246	305,587
18	SYS ENHAN EXIST CUST LONDON	304,069
19	PUB WORK RELOC OH DANVILLE	303,909
20	REP THIRD PARTY DAM 366	301,848
21	PURCHASE TRANSFORMERS 256	301,533
22	SYS ENH NEW CUST RICHMOND	301,448
23	EL SUB ABB TRANSF REPL	291,042
24	REP REPL DEF ST LIGHTS 366	288,870
25	REP REPL DEFECTIVE EQUIP	288,461
26	OUTDOOR LIGHTING 236	288,371
27	RELOCATIONS CUST REQUEST 416	285,455
28	BROWN 1, 2, 3 FGD	284,963
29	REP REPL DEF ST LIGHTS 246	279,544
30	OUTDOOR LIGHTING 426	277,294
31	OUTDOOR LIGHTING 766	275,373
32	SYS ENHAN EXIST CUST MAYSVILLE	266,528
33	REP REPL DEF ST LIGHTS 256	262,789
34	REP THIRD PARTY DAM 256	261,218
35	RELIABILITY O/H 256	256,466
36	REP DEF EQUIP OH ETOWN	254,791
37	RELOCATIONS CUST REQUEST 766	252,317
38	NEW BUSINESS COM 426	251,139
39	REP THIRD PARTY DAM 216	250,801
40	SCM EARL SUBSTATION REP (PURCHASE S&C FUSES)	247,825
41	KU DIST PF CORRECTION	247,660
42	OUTDOOR LIGHTING 246	246,627
43	TOTAL	1,071,388,626

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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CONSTRUCTION WORK IN PROGRESS - - ELECTRIC (Account 107)

1. Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of projects in process of construction (107)
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Line No.	Description of Project (a)	Construction work in progress - Electric (Account 107) (b)
1	SYS ENHANC - EXIST CUST SHELBYVILLE	244,210
2	NEW BUSINESS RES 426	241,445
3	OAKHILL SUB BATTERY REPL	239,875
4	NEW BUS IND UG ETOWN	239,590
5	TATES CREEK RD HWY PROJ RIC	235,520
6	WINCHESTER WATER WORKS	233,677
7	SCM TRANSFORMER REWINDERS	229,669
8	NEW BUS IND UG DANVILLE	225,652
9	OUTDOOR LIGHTING 416	224,833
10	REP REPL DEF ST LIGHTS 216	223,850
11	NEW BUS COMM-UG-EARLINGTON	222,470
12	RELIABILITY RECONSTRUCTION 366 OH	221,937
13	NEW BUSINESS COM 216	220,580
14	PUB WRK RELOC-OH-LONDON	216,457
15	RELOCATIONS CUST REQUEST 236	215,416
16	STRATTON PIKE REBUILD	206,772
17	NEW BUS COMM-UG-PINEVILLE	206,768
18	TOOLS AND EQUIP 256	206,227
19	TOOLS AND EQUIP 246	204,131
20	POLE REPAIR 416	203,205
21	POLE REPAIR 236	202,139
22	PURCHASE OF METERS	201,834
23	REP/REPL DEF POL'S 426	200,909
24	RELOCATIONS CUST REQUEST 426	200,617
25	CIRCUIT HARD REL OH NORTON	198,165
26	REP/REPL DEF POL'S 256	197,966
27	HWY RELOC KY 1577	189,564
28	ETOWN STORM RESTORATION	189,401
29	INSTALL NEW 795 CIRCUIT TO NESTLE PLAN 2	188,412
30	UNION UNDERWEAR CIRCUIT WORK	187,117
31	BOGGS LANE	185,147
32	INST CAP/REG/RECL SHELBYVILLE	185,108
33	MOBILE COMPUTING INFRASTRUCTURE	181,477
34	REP DEF EQUIP OH PINEVILLE	177,782
35	PURCHASE TRANSFORMERS 766	172,552
36	INST CAP REG RECL MAYSVILLE	171,501
37	PAYNES DEPOT RD (US62) HIGHWAY	168,364
38	REP REPL DEF POL'S15	167,551
39	POLE REPAIR 216	166,635
40	DIST RELIABILITY 246	166,481
41	RELIABILITY RECONSTRUCTION 216 OH	166,245
42	NEW BUS SUBD-UG-EARLINGTON	165,561
43	TOTAL	1,071,388,626

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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CONSTRUCTION WORK IN PROGRESS -- ELECTRIC (Account 107)

1. Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of projects in process of construction (107)
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3. Minor projects (5% of the Balance End of the Year for Account 107 or \$100,000, whichever is less) may be grouped.

Line No.	Description of Project (a)	Construction work in progress - Electric (Account 107) (b)
1	HORSE CAVE RECONDUCTORING	165,066
2	OUTDOOR LIGHTING 366	164,236
3	PC INFRASTRUCTURE - KU	163,861
4	SYS ENHAN-EXIST CUST-NORTON	163,448
5	REP DEF EQUIP OH NORTON	161,820
6	NEW BUS SUBD-OVHD-RICHMOND	160,925
7	TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT 315	160,346
8	OUTDOOR LIGHTING 256	159,966
9	HORSE CAVE INDUSTRIAL SUBSTATION DISTR WORK	159,632
10	POLE REP/REPL 766	152,120
11	LEXINGTON STORM RESTORATION	152,051
12	LONDON STORM RESTORATION	151,373
13	ADD REGULATORS AT ANDOVER	146,257
14	PURCHASE TRANSFORMERS 156	142,326
15	NEW BUSINESS IND 216	140,483
16	KU DOIT MOB COMP FOR GIS	140,064
17	REP REPL DEF ST LIGHTS 426	139,533
18	PURCHASE TRANSFORMERS 216	139,263
19	SCM REPLACE BREAKERS	138,591
20	MOBILE GIS LICENSES	138,097
21	RELIABILITY RECONSTRUCTION 416 OH	137,552
22	SHELBYVILLE STORM RESTORATION	135,991
23	REP/REPL DEF POL'S 216	135,264
24	TROUBLE ORDERS 315	135,092
25	TROUBLE ORDERS 308	134,605
26	KU SUBS RTU INSTALLS FOR EKPC METERING	133,588
27	REP REPL DEF POL'S 156	132,854
28	NEW BUS SUBD-UG-LONDON	129,864
29	TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT 156	129,518
30	TROUBLE ORDERS 236	128,886
31	LON FAWN VALLEY ESTATES SUBDIVISION UG SYSTEM	127,523
32	PUB WORKS RELC OH RICHMOND	125,726
33	DIST RELIABILITY 416	124,286
34	CARLISLE 12KV CONVERSION	118,713
35	EARLINGTON - STORM RESTORATION	118,428
36	NEW BUS IND-OVHD-ETOWN	118,006
37	NEW BUS IND-OVHD-SHELBYVILLE	115,316
38	SMALLWORLD CST 4.1 UPGRADE	113,449
39	REP DEF EQUIP-UG-RICHMOND	112,691
40	INST CAP/REG/RECL-ETOWN	112,183
41	KY 519 HIGHWAY RELOCATION	110,719
42	LEXINGTON AREA IMPROVEMENTS	108,407
43	TOTAL	1,071,388,626

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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CONSTRUCTION WORK IN PROGRESS - - ELECTRIC (Account 107)

1. Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of projects in process of construction (107)
2. Show items relating to "research, development, and demonstration" projects last, under a caption Research, Development, and Demonstrating (see Account 107 of the Uniform System of Accounts)
3. Minor projects (5% of the Balance End of the Year for Account 107 or \$100,000, whichever is less) may be grouped.

Line No.	Description of Project (a)	Construction work in progress - Electric (Account 107) (b)
1	NEW BUS SUBD-UG-PINEVILLE	107,560
2	NEW BUS SUBD-OVHD-DANVILLE	106,383
3	NEW BUS SUBD-OVHD-SHELBYVILLE	106,340
4	RELOCATIONS CUST REQUEST 366	104,747
5	KU IMPLEMENT GIS REDLINING	103,715
6	RELIABILITY RECONSTRUCTION 236 OH	102,388
7	INST CAP/REG/RECL-DANVILLE	100,577
8	DISTRIBUTION MINOR	4,491,339
9		
10	COMMON MAJOR	
11	SAP FOR CCS - KU	5,924,205
12	CCS - TECHNOLOGY KU	3,804,588
13	SECOND DATA CENTER	2,337,067
14	CCS- CUSTOMER SERVICE KU	1,680,339
15	LAND MOBILE RADIO SYSTEM BUILDOUT	1,477,391
16	EAST KY SONET FIBER BACKBONE ROUTE	779,146
17	POWERPLANT SOFTWARE IMPLEMENTATION	550,039
18	WESTERN KY SONET RING UPGRADE TO OC-48	468,856
19	WESTERN KY MICROWAVE A/D CONVERSION & RECONFIG-PHASE 2	465,233
20	SERVER REPLACEMENT - KU	456,797
21	LAND MOBILE RADIO NETWORK UPGRADE DESIGN & PROCUREMENT	376,341
22	TIER C ROTATION OF DESKTOPS AND LAPTOPS KU	308,890
23	UPGRADE LEXINGTON MAN TO OC-48 USING NEXT GENERATION SONET	303,831
24	CCS- DEVELOPMENT KU	250,421
25	VOICE MAIL REPLACEMENT PROJECT	230,741
26	ORACLE FINANCIAL/MATERIAL APPLICATIONS 11.5 10.2 UPGRADE	200,441
27	PEOPLESOFT 8.9 UPGRADE	193,992
28	BLADELOGIC IMPLEMENTATION - KU	176,824
29	KU CARPET AND TILE REPLACEMENT	145,397
30	NEXTGEN SONET AT MICROWAVE SITES	141,584
31	HVAC AUTOMATION KU - ONE QUALITY	139,194
32	STORAGE NETWORK EXPANSION - KU	136,034
33	EXTEND FIBER TO GREEN RIVER	135,529
34	GIGABIT ETHERNET REPLACEMENT PROJECT (GRUP)	133,748
35	NMARKET - PJM IMPLEMENTATION	133,035
36	KU - CERUS II	129,431
37	AVAYA SYSTEM UPGRADES	123,442
38	ORACLE MOBILE CHAIN	119,964
39	PC INFRASTRUCTURE	119,930
40	BACKUP STRATEGY EXPANSION PROJECT - KU	119,641
41	CCS - KU BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE	114,683
42	CORE NETWORK INFRASTRUCTURE	113,918
43	TOTAL	1,071,388,626

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo. Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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CONSTRUCTION WORK IN PROGRESS - - ELECTRIC (Account 107)

1. Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of projects in process of construction (107)
2. Show items relating to "research, development, and demonstration" projects last, under a caption Research, Development, and Demonstrating (see Account 107 of the Uniform System of Accounts)
3. Minor projects (5% of the Balance End of the Year for Account 107 or \$100,000, whichever is less) may be grouped.

Line No.	Description of Project (a)	Construction work in progress - Electric (Account 107) (b)
1	CCS - CHANGE MGMT KU	106,568
2	NAS NETWORK ATTACHED STORAGE	103,333
3	TAPE LIBRARY REPLACEMENT	100,615
4	COMMON MINOR	2,510,515
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43	TOTAL	1,071,388,626

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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ACCUMULATED PROVISION FOR DEPRECIATION OF ELECTRIC UTILITY PLANT (Account 108)

1. Explain in a footnote any important adjustments during year.
2. Explain in a footnote any difference between the amount for book cost of plant retired, Line 11, column (c), and that reported for electric plant in service, pages 204-207, column 9d), excluding retirements of non-depreciable property.
3. The provisions of Account 108 in the Uniform System of accounts require that retirements of depreciable plant be recorded when such plant is removed from service. If the respondent has a significant amount of plant retired at year end which has not been recorded and/or classified to the various reserve functional classifications, make preliminary closing entries to tentatively functionalize the book cost of the plant retired. In addition, include all costs included in retirement work in progress at year end in the appropriate functional classifications.
4. Show separately interest credits under a sinking fund or similar method of depreciation accounting.

Section A. Balances and Changes During Year

Line No.	Item (a)	Total (c+d+e) (b)	Electric Plant in Service (c)	Electric Plant Held for Future Use (d)	Electric Plant Leased to Others (e)
1	Balance Beginning of Year	1,835,419,215	1,835,419,215		
2	Depreciation Provisions for Year, Charged to				
3	(403) Depreciation Expense	115,064,736	115,064,736		
4	(403.1) Depreciation Expense for Asset Retirement Costs	199,429	199,429		
5	(413) Exp. of Elec. Plt. Leas. to Others				
6	Transportation Expenses-Clearing	51,952	51,952		
7	Other Clearing Accounts				
8	Other Accounts (Specify, details in footnote):	1,394,696	1,394,696		
9	Fuel Stock	798,145	798,145		
10	TOTAL Deprec. Prov for Year (Enter Total of lines 3 thru 9)	117,508,958	117,508,958		
11	Net Charges for Plant Retired:				
12	Book Cost of Plant Retired	33,239,093	33,239,093		
13	Cost of Removal	6,230,725	6,230,725		
14	Salvage (Credit)	-2,125,475	-2,125,475		
15	TOTAL Net Chrgs. for Plant Ret. (Enter Total of lines 12 thru 14)	41,595,293	41,595,293		
16	Other Debit or Cr. Items (Describe, details in footnote):	3,299,052	3,299,052		
17					
18	Book Cost or Asset Retirement Costs Retired				
19	Balance End of Year (Enter Totals of lines 1, 10, 15, 16, and 18)	1,914,631,932	1,914,631,932		

Section B. Balances at End of Year According to Functional Classification

20	Steam Production	926,231,540	926,231,540		
21	Nuclear Production				
22	Hydraulic Production-Conventional	8,243,695	8,243,695		
23	Hydraulic Production-Pumped Storage				
24	Other Production	116,527,426	116,527,426		
25	Transmission	320,987,676	320,987,676		
26	Distribution	494,048,936	494,048,936		
27	Regional Transmission and Market Operation				
28	General	48,592,659	48,592,659		
29	TOTAL (Enter Total of lines 20 thru 28)	1,914,631,932	1,914,631,932		

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 219 Line No.: 8 Column: c			
Depreciation reserve for assets sold/retired not fully accrued		\$	1,646,888
Accrual for Cost of Removal and ARO Parent assets (FERC 254 and 403)			(252,192)

Total		\$	1,394,696

Schedule Page: 219 Line No.: 16 Column: c
Customer payments related to construction projects.

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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

1. For Account 154, report the amount of plant materials and operating supplies under the primary functional classifications as indicated in column (a); estimates of amounts by function are acceptable. In column (d), designate the department or departments which use the class of material.

2. Give an explanation of important inventory adjustments during the year (in a footnote) showing general classes of material and supplies and the various accounts (operating expenses, clearing accounts, plant, etc.) affected debited or credited. Show separately debit or credits to stores expense clearing, if applicable.

Line No	Account (a)	Balance Beginning of Year (b)	Balance End of Year (c)	Department or Departments which Use Material (d)
1	Fuel Stock (Account 151)	64,221,479	41,770,628	Electric
2	Fuel Stock Expenses Undistributed (Account 152)			
3	Residuals and Extracted Products (Account 153)			
4	Plant Materials and Operating Supplies (Account 154)			
5	Assigned to - Construction (Estimated)			
6	Assigned to - Operations and Maintenance			
7	Production Plant (Estimated)	16,329,989	17,778,066	Electric
8	Transmission Plant (Estimated)	2,793,056	2,910,358	Electric
9	Distribution Plant (Estimated)	6,828,384	6,681,602	Electric
10	Regional Transmission and Market Operation Plant (Estimated)			
11	Assigned to - Other (provide details in footnote)			
12	TOTAL Account 154 (Enter Total of lines 5 thru 11)	25,951,429	27,370,026	
13	Merchandise (Account 155)			
14	Other Materials and Supplies (Account 156)			
15	Nuclear Materials Held for Sale (Account 157) (Not applic to Gas Util)			
16	Stores Expense Undistributed (Account 163)	6,386,539	6,454,808	Electric
17				
18				
19				
20	TOTAL Materials and Supplies (Per Balance Sheet)	96,559,447	75,595,462	

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Allowances (Accounts 158.1 and 158.2)

1. Report below the particulars (details) called for concerning allowances.
2. Report all acquisitions of allowances at cost.
3. Report allowances in accordance with a weighted average cost allocation method and other accounting as prescribed by General Instruction No. 21 in the Uniform System of Accounts
4. Report the allowances transactions by the period they are first eligible for use: the current year's allowances in columns (b)-(c), allowances for the three succeeding years in columns (d)-(i), starting with the following year, and allowances for the remaining succeeding years in columns (j)-(k).
5. Report on line 4 the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) issued allowances. Report withheld portions Lines 36-40.

Line No.	Allowances Inventory (Account 158.1) (a)	Current Year		2008	
		No (b)	Amt (c)	No (d)	Amt (e)
1	Balance-Beginning of Year	132,805.00	1,670,538	83,343.00	
2					
3	Acquired During Year:				
4	Issued (Less Withheld Allow)				
5	Returned by EPA				
6					
7					
8	Purchases/Transfers:				
9	Share of OMU's unused				
10	Allowances	2,736.00	1,326,960		
11					
12					
13					
14					
15	Total	2,736.00	1,326,960		
16					
17	Relinquished During Year:				
18	Charges to Account 509	120,421.00	2,614,525		
19	Other:				
20	Charges to Account 549	4.00	79		
21	Cost of Sales/Transfers:				
22	Adjustment to final 2006	736.00			
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28	Total	736.00			
29	Balance-End of Year	14,380.00	382,894	83,343.00	
30					
31	Sales:				
32	Net Sales Proceeds(Assoc. Co.)				
33	Net Sales Proceeds (Other)				
34	Gains				
35	Losses				
	Allowances Withheld (Acct 158.2)				
36	Balance-Beginning of Year	1,109.00		1,109.00	
37	Add: Withheld by EPA				
38	Deduct: Returned by EPA				
39	Cost of Sales	1,109.00			
40	Balance-End of Year			1,109.00	
41					
42	Sales:				
43	Net Sales Proceeds (Assoc. Co.)				
44	Net Sales Proceeds (Other)	1,109.00	492,884		
45	Gains				
46	Losses				

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo. Da. Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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Allowances (Accounts 158.1 and 158.2) (Continued)

6. Report on Lines 5 allowances returned by the EPA. Report on Line 39 the EPA's sales of the withheld allowances. Report on Lines 43-46 the net sales proceeds and gains/losses resulting from the EPA's sale or auction of the withheld allowances.
7. Report on Lines 8-14 the names of vendors/transferrors of allowances acquire and identify associated companies (See "associated company" under "Definitions" in the Uniform System of Accounts).
8. Report on Lines 22 - 27 the name of purchasers/ transferees of allowances disposed of an identify associated companies.
9. Report the net costs and benefits of hedging transactions on a separate line under purchases/transfers and sales/transfers.
10. Report on Lines 32-35 and 43-46 the net sales proceeds and gains or losses from allowance sales.

2009		2010		Future Years		Totals		Line No.
No. (f)	Amt. (g)	No. (h)	Amt. (i)	No. (j)	Amt. (k)	No. (l)	Amt. (m)	
83,343.00		77,535.00		1,938,375.00		2,315,401.00	1,670,538	1
				155,070.00		155,070.00		2
								3
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								8
						2,736.00	1,326,960	9
								10
								11
								12
								13
						2,736.00	1,326,960	14
								15
								16
						120,421.00	2,614,525	17
								18
						4.00	79	19
								20
						736.00		21
								22
								23
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								25
								26
								27
						736.00		28
83,343.00		77,535.00		2,093,445.00		2,352,046.00	382,894	29
								30
								31
								32
								33
								34
								35
1,109.00		1,106.50		52,005.50		56,439.00		36
				4,426.00		4,426.00		37
				1,106.50		2,215.50		38
1,109.00		1,106.50		55,325.00		58,649.50		39
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				1,106.50	213,968	2,215.50	706,852	43
								44
								45
								46

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OTHER REGULATORY ASSETS (Account 182.3)

1. Report below the particulars (details) called for concerning other regulatory assets, including rate order docket number, if applicable.
2. Minor items (5% of the Balance in Account 182.3 at end of period, or amounts less than \$50,000 which ever is less), may be grouped by classes.
3. For Regulatory Assets being amortized, show period of amortization.

Line No.	Description and Purpose of Other Regulatory Assets (a)	Balance at Beginning of Current Quarter/Year (b)	Debits (c)	CREDITS		Balance at end of Current Quarter/Year (f)
				Written off During the Quarter/Year Account Charged (d)	Written off During the Period Amount (e)	
1	Ice Storm (Jul-04 to Jun-09)	1,978,992		593	791,604	1,187,388
2	Management Audit Expense	81,995		930.2	81,995	
3	SFAS 158 - Pension and Postretirement	65,509,754	5,309,091	182/228.3	43,073,215	27,744,630
4	SFAS 109 - Income Taxes	5,334,543	2,419,569	282/283	1,206,814	6,547,298
5	Asset Retirement Obligation - Electric	22,015,065	2,156,706	407.4/411	55,503	24,116,268
6	MISO Exit Fee	20,097,494				20,097,494
7	FERC Jurisdictional Pension Expenses		2,472,173			2,472,173
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44	TOTAL	115,016,843	12,357,539		45,209,131	82,165,251

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MISCELLANEOUS DEFERRED DEBITS (Account 186)

- Report below the particulars (details) called for concerning miscellaneous deferred debits.
- For any deferred debit being amortized, show period of amortization in column (a)
- Minor item (1% of the Balance at End of Year for Account 186 or amounts less than \$50,000, whichever is less) may be grouped by classes.

Line No.	Description of Miscellaneous Deferred Debits (a)	Balance at Beginning of Year (b)	Debits (c)	CREDITS		Balance at End of Year (f)
				Account Charged (d)	Amount (e)	
1	OMU Emission Allowances	1,239,660	1,333,900	158,555	1,326,960	1,246,600
2						
3	Environmental Cost Recovery	9,758,476	117,815,188	440-445	116,908,967	10,664,697
4						
5	Financing Expense	71,818	2,359,541	181	2,431,359	
6						
7	Long-Term Derivative Asset	104,951		221,427	104,951	
8						
9	KY - Fuel Adjustment Clause	12,612,000	33,551,000	440-445	29,361,000	16,802,000
10						
11	VA - Fuel Cost Component	3,459,770		440-445	2,931,514	528,256
12						
13	Merger Surcredit Settlement					
14	(Jul-98 to Jun-08)	1,604,837	196,000	440-445	1,108,892	691,945
15						
16	Regulatory Expenses	227,244		928	227,244	
17						
18	Key Man Life Insurance	34,987,025	2,590,236	421,426	707,185	36,870,076
19						
20	Customer Credit A/R		2,602,550	142	2,223,916	378,634
21						
22	Cellular Antenna Billable Chgs		37,091			37,091
23						
24	Carrollton Sale/Leaseback					
25	(Aug-06 to Jul-23)		87,022	931	18,272	68,750
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47	Misc. Work in Progress	21,510				-11,970
48	Deferred Regulatory Comm. Expenses (See pages 350 - 351)					
49	TOTAL	64,087,291				67,276,079

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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAXES (Account 190)

- Report the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for deferred income taxes.
- At Other (Specify), include deferrals relating to other income and deductions.

Line No.	Description and Location (a)	Balance of Beginning of Year (b)	Balance at End of Year (c)
1	Electric		
2	Pensions	-12,360,564	-5,904,217
3	Other Post Retirement & Employment Benefits	25,756,500	25,472,518
4	SFAS 109 Regulatory Tax Adjustments	12,288,231	11,006,692
5	SFAS 133	489,133	-283,682
6	SFAS 143	11,322,921	12,886,998
7	Other - See Notes for Detail	8,507,816	7,575,207
8	TOTAL Electric (Enter Total of lines 2 thru 7)	46,004,037	50,753,516
9	Gas		
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15	Other		
16	TOTAL Gas (Enter Total of lines 10 thru 15)		
17	Other (Specify)		
18	TOTAL (Acct 190) (Total of lines 8, 16 and 17)	46,004,037	50,753,516

Notes

	Bal. at Beg. of Year	Bal. at End of Year
ECR & VA Fuel Clause	(1,288,033)	(147,674)
Workers' Compensation	1,377,831	1,205,324
Vacation Pay	1,571,069	1,632,212
State Tax Adjustment	2,709,240	765,612
Bad Debt Reserve	708,054	754,352
Demand Side Management	744,784	702,013
Customer Advances	767,445	1,090,498
OMU Excess Amortization	828,449	751,476
Other	1,088,977	821,394
	-----	-----
Total Electric Line 7	8,507,816	7,575,207
	=====	=====
Balance of Beginning of Year	46,004,037	
Less Debits to:		
Acct 410.1	4,766,158	
Acct 410.2	97,497	
Other Balance Sheet Accounts	1,281,539	
Plus Credits to:		
Acct 411.1	10,390,370	
Acct 411.2	504,303	

Balance at End of Year	50,753,516	
	=====	

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CAPITAL STOCKS (Account 201 and 204)

1. Report below the particulars (details) called for concerning common and preferred stock at end of year, distinguishing separate series of any general class. Show separate totals for common and preferred stock. If information to meet the stock exchange reporting requirement outlined in column (a) is available from the SEC 10-K Report Form filing, a specific reference to report form (i.e., year and company title) may be reported in column (a) provided the fiscal years for both the 10-K report and this report are compatible.

2. Entries in column (b) should represent the number of shares authorized by the articles of incorporation as amended to end of year.

Line No.	Class and Series of Stock and Name of Stock Series (a)	Number of shares Authorized by Charter (b)	Par or Stated Value per share (c)	Call Price at End of Year (d)
1	Common Stock			
2	Without Par Value	80,000,000		
3	Total Common	80,000,000		
4				
5	Preferred Stock, Cumulative			
6	4.75% series, 6.53% series			
7	\$100 Stated Value	5,300,000	100.00	
8				
9				
10				
11				
12	Note:			
13	There is no Call Price for Common Stock,			
14	Without Par Value			
15				
16	The Common Stock of Kentucky Utilities Company			
17	is owned by its parent company,			
18	E.ON U.S. LLC			
19				
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CAPITAL STOCKS (Account 201 and 204) (Continued)

3. Give particulars (details) concerning shares of any class and series of stock authorized to be issued by a regulatory commission which have not yet been issued.
4. The identification of each class of preferred stock should show the dividend rate and whether the dividends are cumulative or non-cumulative.
5. State in a footnote if any capital stock which has been nominally issued is nominally outstanding at end of year.
Give particulars (details) in column (a) of any nominally issued capital stock, reacquired stock, or stock in sinking and other funds which is pledged, stating name of pledgee and purposes of pledge.

OUTSTANDING PER BALANCE SHEET (Total amount outstanding without reduction for amounts held by respondent)		HELD BY RESPONDENT				Line No.
Shares (e)	Amount (f)	AS REACQUIRED STOCK (Account 217)		IN SINKING AND OTHER FUNDS		
		Shares (g)	Cost (h)	Shares (i)	Amount (j)	
						1
37,817,878	308,139,978					2
37,817,878	308,139,978					3
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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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OTHER PAID-IN CAPITAL (Accounts 208-211, Inc.)

Report below the balance at the end of the year and the information specified below for the respective other paid-in capital accounts. Provide a subheading for each account and show a total for the account, as well as total of all accounts for reconciliation with balance sheet, Page 112. Add more columns for any account if deemed necessary. Explain changes made in any account during the year and give the accounting entries effecting such change.

- (a) Donations Received from Stockholders (Account 208)-State amount and give brief explanation of the origin and purpose of each donation.
- (b) Reduction in Par or Stated value of Capital Stock (Account 209): State amount and give brief explanation of the capital change which gave rise to amounts reported under this caption including identification with the class and series of stock to which related.
- (c) Gain on Resale or Cancellation of Reacquired Capital Stock (Account 210): Report balance at beginning of year, credits, debits, and balance at end of year with a designation of the nature of each credit and debit identified by the class and series of stock to which related.
- (d) Miscellaneous Paid-In Capital (Account 211)-Classify amounts included in this account according to captions which, together with brief explanations, disclose the general nature of the transactions which gave rise to the reported amounts.

Line No.	Item (a)	Amount (b)
1		
2	Account 211:	
3	Contributed Capital - Misc. Balance January 1, 2007	15,000,000
4	Contributed Capital September 25, 2007	55,000,000
5	Contributed Capital December 21, 2007	20,000,000
6		
7		
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40	TOTAL	90,000,000

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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CAPITAL STOCK EXPENSE (Account 214)

1. Report the balance at end of the year of discount on capital stock for each class and series of capital stock.
2. If any change occurred during the year in the balance in respect to any class or series of stock, attach a statement giving particulars (details) of the change. State the reason for any charge-off of capital stock expense and specify the account charged.

Line No.	Class and Series of Stock (a)	Balance at End of Year (b)
1	Expenses on Common Stock	321,289
2		
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22	TOTAL	321,289

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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LONG-TERM DEBT (Account 221, 222, 223 and 224)

- Report by balance sheet account the particulars (details) concerning long-term debt included in Accounts 221, Bonds, 222, Reacquired Bonds, 223, Advances from Associated Companies, and 224, Other long-Term Debt.
- In column (a), for new issues, give Commission authorization numbers and dates.
- For bonds assumed by the respondent, include in column (a) the name of the issuing company as well as a description of the bonds.
- For advances from Associated Companies, report separately advances on notes and advances on open accounts. Designate demand notes as such. Include in column (a) names of associated companies from which advances were received.
- For receivers, certificates, show in column (a) the name of the court -and date of court order under which such certificates were issued.
- In column (b) show the principal amount of bonds or other long-term debt originally issued.
- In column (c) show the expense, premium or discount with respect to the amount of bonds or other long-term debt originally issued.
- For column (c) the total expenses should be listed first for each issuance, then the amount of premium (in parentheses) or discount. Indicate the premium or discount with a notation, such as (P) or (D). The expenses, premium or discount should not be netted.
- Furnish in a footnote particulars (details) regarding the treatment of unamortized debt expense, premium or discount associated with issues redeemed during the year. Also, give in a footnote the date of the Commission's authorization of treatment other than as specified by the Uniform System of Accounts.

Line No.	Class and Series of Obligation, Coupon Rate (For new issue, give commission Authorization numbers and dates) (a)	Principal Amount Of Debt Issued (b)	Total expense, Premium or Discount (c)
1	ACCOUNT 221		
2	First Mortgage Bonds		
3	Series P, due 5/15/2007, 7.92% (defeased 02/23/2007) (3)	53,000,000	673,025
4			
5	Pollution Control Bonds		
6	Series 10, due 11/01/2024, Variable (defeased 02/23/2007) (3)	54,000,000	614,989
7	Mercer County 2000 Series A, due 5/01/2023, Variable	12,900,000	426,389
8	Carroll County 2002 Series A, due 2/01/2032, Variable	20,930,000	120,138
9	Carroll County 2002 Series B, due 2/01/2032, Variable	2,400,000	83,078
10	Muhlenberg County 2002 Series A, due 2/01/2032, Variable	2,400,000	93,078
11	Mercer County 2002 Series A, due 2/01/2032, Variable	7,400,000	92,678
12	Carroll County 2002 Series C, due 10/01/2032, Variable	96,000,000	2,128,245
13	Carroll County 2004 Series A, due 10/01/2034, Variable	50,000,000	1,200,191
14	Carroll County 2005 Series A, due 06/01/2035, Variable	13,266,950	526,451
15	Carroll County 2005 Series B, due 06/01/2035, Variable	13,266,950	529,956
16	Carroll County 2006 Series A, due 06/01/2036, Variable	16,693,620	615,642
17	Carroll County 2006 Series C, due 06/01/2036, Variable	16,693,620	604,425
18	Carroll County 2006 Series B, due 10/01/2034, Variable (3)	54,000,000	1,044,487
19	Carroll County 2007 Series A, due 02/01/2026, Variable (4)	17,875,000	416,203
20	Trimble County 2007 Series A, due 03/01/2037, Variable (4)	8,927,000	319,990
21	Long-Term Debt Marked-to-Market		
22	Interest Rate Swaps (2) (3)		
23	TOTAL ACCOUNT 221	439,753,140	9,488,965
24			
25	ACCOUNT 223:		
26	Notes Payable to Fidelity 4.55%, due 04/30/2013 - unsecured	100,000,000	
27	Notes Payable to Fidelity 5.31%, due 08/15/2013 - unsecured	75,000,000	
28	Notes Payable to Fidelity 4.24%, due 11/24/2010 - unsecured	33,000,000	
29	Notes Payable to Fidelity 4.39%, due 01/16/2012 - unsecured	50,000,000	
30	Notes Payable to Fidelity 4.735%, due 07/08/2015 - unsecured	50,000,000	
31	Notes Payable to Fidelity 5.36%, due 12/21/2015 - unsecured	75,000,000	
32	Notes Payable to Fidelity 6.33%, due 06/23/2036 - unsecured	50,000,000	
33	TOTAL	1,370,753,140	9,488,965

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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LONG-TERM DEBT (Account 221, 222, 223 and 224) (Continued)

10. Identify separate undisposed amounts applicable to issues which were redeemed in prior years.
11. Explain any debits and credits other than debited to Account 428, Amortization and Expense, or credited to Account 429, Premium on Debt - Credit.
12. In a footnote, give explanatory (details) for Accounts 223 and 224 of net changes during the year. With respect to long-term advances, show for each company: (a) principal advanced during year, (b) interest added to principal amount, and (c) principle repaid during year. Give Commission authorization numbers and dates.
13. If the respondent has pledged any of its long-term debt securities give particulars (details) in a footnote including name of pledgee and purpose of the pledge.
14. If the respondent has any long-term debt securities which have been nominally issued and are nominally outstanding at end of year, describe such securities in a footnote.
15. If interest expense was incurred during the year on any obligations retired or reacquired before end of year, include such interest expense in column (i). Explain in a footnote any difference between the total of column (i) and the total of Account 427, interest on Long-Term Debt and Account 430, Interest on Debt to Associated Companies.
16. Give particulars (details) concerning any long-term debt authorized by a regulatory commission but not yet issued.

Nominal Date of Issue (d)	Date of Maturity (e)	AMORTIZATION PERIOD		Outstanding (Total amount outstanding without reduction for amounts held by respondent) (h)	Interest for Year Amount (i)	Line No.
		Date From (f)	Date To (g)			
						1
						2
05/15/1992	02/23/2007	05/15/1992	02/23/2007		1,574,100	3
						4
						5
11/23/1994	02/23/2007	11/23/1994	02/23/2007		279,445	6
05/19/2000	05/01/2023	05/19/2000	05/01/2023	12,900,000	509,228	7
05/23/2002	02/01/2032	05/23/2002	02/01/2032	20,930,000	779,295	8
05/23/2002	02/01/2032	05/23/2002	02/01/2032	2,400,000	89,360	9
05/23/2002	02/01/2032	05/23/2002	02/01/2032	2,400,000	89,360	10
05/23/2002	02/01/2032	05/23/2002	02/01/2032	7,400,000	275,527	11
10/03/2002	10/01/2032	10/03/2002	10/01/2032	96,000,000	3,775,995	12
10/20/2004	10/01/2034	10/20/2004	10/01/2034	50,000,000	1,939,479	13
07/07/2005	06/01/2035	07/07/2005	06/01/2035	13,266,950	508,728	14
11/17/2005	06/01/2035	11/17/2005	06/01/2035	13,266,950	501,025	15
07/20/2006	06/01/2036	07/20/2006	06/01/2036	16,693,620	655,062	16
12/07/2006	06/01/2036	12/07/2006	06/01/2036	16,693,620	654,527	17
02/23/2007	10/01/2034	02/23/2007	10/01/2034	54,000,000	1,794,630	18
5/24/2007	02/01/2026	05/24/2007	02/01/2026	17,875,000	445,251	19
5/24/2007	03/01/2037	05/24/2007	03/01/2037	8,927,000	222,270	20
					-328,589	21
					-86,856	22
				332,753,140	13,677,837	23
						24
						25
04/30/2003	04/30/2013			100,000,000	4,550,000	26
08/15/2003	08/15/2013			75,000,000	3,982,500	27
11/24/2003	11/24/2010			33,000,000	1,399,200	28
01/15/2004	01/16/2012			50,000,000	2,195,000	29
07/08/2005	07/08/2015			50,000,000	2,367,500	30
12/19/2005	12/21/2015			75,000,000	4,020,000	31
06/23/2006	06/23/2036			50,000,000	3,165,000	32
				1,263,753,140	48,500,483	33

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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LONG-TERM DEBT (Account 221, 222, 223 and 224)

1. Report by balance sheet account the particulars (details) concerning long-term debt included in Accounts 221, Bonds, 222, Reacquired Bonds, 223, Advances from Associated Companies, and 224, Other long-Term Debt.
2. In column (a), for new issues, give Commission authorization numbers and dates.
3. For bonds assumed by the respondent, include in column (a) the name of the issuing company as well as a description of the bonds.
4. For advances from Associated Companies, report separately advances on notes and advances on open accounts. Designate demand notes as such. Include in column (a) names of associated companies from which advances were received.
5. For receivers, certificates, show in column (a) the name of the court -and date of court order under which such certificates were issued.
6. In column (b) show the principal amount of bonds or other long-term debt originally issued.
7. In column (c) show the expense, premium or discount with respect to the amount of bonds or other long-term debt originally issued.
8. For column (c) the total expenses should be listed first for each issuance, then the amount of premium (in parentheses) or discount. Indicate the premium or discount with a notation, such as (P) or (D). The expenses, premium or discount should not be netted.
9. Furnish in a footnote particulars (details) regarding the treatment of unamortized debt expense, premium or discount associated with issues redeemed during the year. Also, give in a footnote the date of the Commission's authorization of treatment other than as specified by the Uniform System of Accounts.

Line No.	Class and Series of Obligation, Coupon Rate (For new issue, give commission Authorization numbers and dates) (a)	Principal Amount Of Debt issued (b)	Total expense, Premium or Discount (c)
1	Notes Payable to Fidelity 5.675%, due 10/25/2016 - unsecured	50,000,000	
2	Notes Payable to Fidelity 5.69%, due 02/07/2022 - unsecured (3) (5)	53,000,000	
3	Notes Payable to Fidelity 5.86%, due 03/30/2037 - unsecured (5)	75,000,000	
4	Notes Payable to Fidelity 5.98%, due 06/20/2017 - unsecured (5)	50,000,000	
5	Notes Payable to Fidelity 5.96%, due 09/14/2028 - unsecured (5)	100,000,000	
6	Notes Payable to Fidelity 5.71%, due 10/25/2019 - unsecured (5)	70,000,000	
7	Notes Payable to Fidelity 5.45%, due 12/19/2014 - unsecured (5)	100,000,000	
8			
9			
10	TOTAL ACCOUNT 223	931,000,000	
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31			
32			
33	TOTAL	1,370,753,140	9,488,965

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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LONG-TERM DEBT (Account 221, 222, 223 and 224) (Continued)

10. Identify separate undisposed amounts applicable to issues which were redeemed in prior years.
11. Explain any debits and credits other than debited to Account 428, Amortization and Expense, or credited to Account 429, Premium on Debt - Credit.
12. In a footnote, give explanatory (details) for Accounts 223 and 224 of net changes during the year. With respect to long-term advances, show for each company: (a) principal advanced during year, (b) interest added to principal amount, and (c) principle repaid during year. Give Commission authorization numbers and dates.
13. If the respondent has pledged any of its long-term debt securities give particulars (details) in a footnote including name of pledgee and purpose of the pledge.
14. If the respondent has any long-term debt securities which have been nominally issued and are nominally outstanding at end of year, describe such securities in a footnote.
15. If interest expense was incurred during the year on any obligations retired or reacquired before end of year, include such interest expense in column (i). Explain in a footnote any difference between the total of column (i) and the total of Account 427, interest on Long-Term Debt and Account 430, Interest on Debt to Associated Companies.
16. Give particulars (details) concerning any long-term debt authorized by a regulatory commission but not yet issued.

Nominal Date of Issue (d)	Date of Maturity (e)	AMORTIZATION PERIOD		Outstanding (Total amount outstanding without reduction for amounts held by respondent) (h)	Interest for Year Amount (i)	Line No.
		Date From (f)	Date To (g)			
10/25/2006	10/25/2016			50,000,000	2,837,500	1
02/07/2007	02/07/2022			53,000,000	2,714,130	2
03/30/2007	03/30/2037			75,000,000	3,308,458	3
06/20/2007	06/20/2017			50,000,000	1,586,361	4
09/14/2007	09/14/2028			100,000,000	1,771,444	5
10/25/2007	10/25/2019			70,000,000	743,886	6
12/20/2007	12/19/2014			100,000,000	181,667	7
						8
						9
				931,000,000	34,822,646	10
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				1,263,753,140	48,500,483	33

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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 256 Line No.: 1 Column: a
Notes to FERC Form No.1 page 256:

(1) Per instruction 9 concerning the treatment of unamortized debt expense, premium or discount - Debt premium and expenses are being amortized over the lives of the related issues.

(2) As of December 31, 2007, the Company had no interest-rate swap agreements in effect.

(3) In February 2007, Kentucky Utilities Company (KU) completed a series of financial transactions impacting its secured debt. The \$54 million Pollution Control Series 10 bond was refinanced and replaced with a new unsecured tax-exempt bond of the same amount maturing in 2034. The \$53 million Series P bond was defeased and replaced with an intercompany loan totaling \$53 million from Fidelia Corporation.

KU had no outstanding interest rate swap agreements at December 31, 2007. The interest rate swap was terminated in February 2007, when the underlying debt was defeased. In conjunction with the defeasance, the Company terminated the related interest rate swap. Fidelia Corporation also agreed to eliminate the second lien on its two secured loans.

All of KU's first mortgage bonds were released and terminated in February 2007. Only the tax-exempt pollution control revenue bonds issued by the counties remain. Pursuant to the terms of the remaining tax-exempt bonds, the first mortgage bonds were cancelled and the underlying lien on substantially all of KU's assets was released following the completion of these steps. KU no longer has any secured debt and is no longer subject to periodic reporting under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

(4) In May 2007, KU issued two new variable rate Pollution Control bonds: County of Carroll 2007 Series A, due February 1, 2026 for \$17,875,000 and County of Trimble 2007 Series A, due March 1, 2037 for \$8,927,000.

(5) During 2007, the Company executed six additional long-term loans with Fidelia Corporation:

<u>Amount</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Date Issued</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>
\$ 53,000,000	5.69%	02/07/2007	02/07/2022
\$ 75,000,000	5.86%	03/30/2007	03/30/2037
\$ 50,000,000	5.98%	06/20/2007	06/20/2017
\$100,000,000	5.96%	09/14/2007	09/14/2028
\$ 70,000,000	5.71%	10/25/2007	10/25/2019
\$100,000,000	5.45%	12/20/2007	12/19/2014

Schedule Page: 256 Line No.: 23 Column: i

Total Account 427000 - 427199	\$ 14,006,426
Total Account 427202	<u>(328,589)</u>
Subtotal	13,677,837
Total Account 430003	<u>34,822,646</u>
Total	\$ 48,500,483

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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RECONCILIATION OF REPORTED NET INCOME WITH TAXABLE INCOME FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

1. Report the reconciliation of reported net income for the year with taxable income used in computing Federal income tax accruals and show computation of such tax accruals. Include in the reconciliation, as far as practicable, the same detail as furnished on Schedule M-1 of the tax return for the year. Submit a reconciliation even though there is no taxable income for the year. Indicate clearly the nature of each reconciling amount.
2. If the utility is a member of a group which files a consolidated Federal tax return, reconcile reported net income with taxable net income as if a separate return were to be filed, indicating, however, intercompany amounts to be eliminated in such a consolidated return. State names of group member, tax assigned to each group member, and basis of allocation, assignment, or sharing of the consolidated tax among the group members.
3. A substitute page, designed to meet a particular need of a company, may be used as long as the data is consistent and meets the requirements of the above instructions. For electronic reporting purposes complete Line 27 and provide the substitute Page in the context of a footnote.

Line No.	Particulars (Details) (a)	Amount (b)
1	Net Income for the Year (Page 117)	166,962,574
2		
3		
4	Taxable Income Not Reported on Books	
5	See Footnotes	2,130,470
6		
7		
8		
9	Deductions Recorded on Books Not Deducted for Return	
10	See Footnotes	19,854,667
11		
12		
13		
14	Income Recorded on Books Not Included in Return	
15	See Footnotes	22,807,531
16		
17		
18		
19	Deductions on Return Not Charged Against Book Income	
20	See Footnotes	48,855,602
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		
27	Federal Tax Net Income	218,784,578
28	Show Computation of Tax:	
29	35% Rounded	76,574,602
30	Add: Adjustments of Prior Years' Taxes to Actual and Other	-6,156,872
31	Add: Investment Tax Credits & Other	-42,566,647
32	Total	27,851,083
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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 261 Line No.: 5 Column: b

Contributions in Aid of Construction	1,300,000
Customer Advances for Construction	830,470

	2,130,470
	=====

Schedule Page: 261 Line No.: 10 Column: b

Federal Income Taxes:	
Utility Operating Income	27,762,416
Other Income and Deductions	88,667
Pensions	3,853,558
SFAS 106 (Postretirement)	509,094
Investment Tax Credit	42,566,647
Capitalized Interest	29,953,000
Loss on Reacquired Debt-Amortization	153,525
OMU Excess Amortization	1,280,704
Over/Under Collections - VA	2,931,514
Amortization of Regulatory Expenses	1,832,081
MISO Exit Fees	3,931,171
Environmental Assessment	1,000,000
Storm Damages	791,604
Non-Deductible Expenses	457,920
Penalties	1,000,000
Other	1,242,766

	119,354,667
	=====

Schedule Page: 261 Line No.: 15 Column: b

Equity in Subsidiary Earnings - EEI	17,120,000
Fuel Adjustment Clause KY & VA	5,096,221
Amortization of Investment Tax Credit	591,310

	22,807,531
	=====

Schedule Page: 261 Line No.: 20 Column: b

Tax over Book Depreciation, Net	6,515,000
Repair Allowance	955,807
Cost of Removal	7,111,000
Air Emission Fees	905,944
Merger Surcredit	691,944
SFAS 112 (Post Employment)	900,521
Current State Income Tax	4,392,271
Provision for Deferred Income Taxes	6,093,859
EEI Investment	4,958,781
AFUDC	2,127,705
Life Insurance	1,883,051
IRC 199 Manufacturing Deduction	8,032,401
Other	2,287,318

	46,855,602
	=====

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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TAXES ACCRUED, PREPAID AND CHARGED DURING YEAR

1. Give particulars (details) of the combined prepaid and accrued tax accounts and show the total taxes charged to operations and other accounts during the year. Do not include gasoline and other sales taxes which have been charged to the accounts to which the taxed material was charged. If the actual, or estimated amounts of such taxes are know, show the amounts in a footnote and designate whether estimated or actual amounts.
2. Include on this page, taxes paid during the year and charged direct to final accounts, (not charged to prepaid or accrued taxes.) Enter the amounts in both columns (d) and (e) The balancing of this page is not affected by the inclusion of these taxes.
3. Include in column (d) taxes charged during the year, taxes charged to operations and other accounts through (a) accruals credited to taxes accrued, (b) amounts credited to proportions of prepaid taxes chargeable to current year, and (c) taxes paid and charged direct to operations or accounts other than accrued and prepaid tax accounts.
4. List the aggregate of each kind of tax in such manner that the total tax for each State and subdivision can readily be ascertained.

Line No.	Kind of Tax (See instruction 5) (a)	BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		Taxes Charged During Year (d)	Taxes Paid During Year (e)	Adjustments (f)
		Taxes Accrued (Account 236) (b)	Prepaid Taxes (Include in Account 165) (c)			
1	Federal:					
2	Income	-11,303,187		27,053,661	20,848,254	
3	FICA	436,200		5,198,228	5,137,011	
4	FIN 48			456,000		
5						
6	Kentucky:					
7	Income	4,945,220		12,850,753	16,692,123	
8	Public Service Commission		832,348	1,727,606	1,790,516	
9	Sales & Use	244,274		3,266,314	2,892,280	
10	Auto License			139,615	139,615	
11						
12	Federal & Kentucky:					
13	Unemployment Insurance	31,908		99,170	94,311	
14						
15	Kentucky & Local:					
16	Property Taxes	11,128,630		10,984,271	15,657,047	
17	Miscellaneous			18,793		
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23						
24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30						
31						
32						
33						
34						
35						
36						
37						
38						
39						
40						
41	TOTAL	5,483,045	832,348	61,794,411	63,251,157	

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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TAXES ACCRUED, PREPAID AND CHARGED DURING YEAR (Continued)

5. If any tax (exclude Federal and State income taxes)- covers more then one year, show the required informallon separately for each tax year, identifying the year in column (a).
6. Enter all adjustments of the accrued and prepaid tax accounts in column (f) and explain each adjustment in a foot- note. Designate debit adjustments by parentheses.
7. Do not include on this page entries with respect to deferred income taxes or taxes collected through payroll deductions or otherwise pending transmittal of such taxes to the taxing authority.
8. Report in column (i) through (l) how the taxes were distributed. Report in column (i) only the amounts charged to Accounts 408.1 and 409.1 pertaining to electric operations. Report in column (l) the amounts charged to Accounts 408.1 and 109.1 pertaining to other utility departments and amounts charged to Accounts 408.2 and 409.2. Also shown in column (l) the taxes charged to utility plant or other balance sheet accounts.
9. For any tax apportioned to more than one utility department or account, state in a footnote the basis (necessity) of apportioning such tax.

BALANCE AT END OF YEAR		DISTRIBUTION OF TAXES CHARGED				Line No.
(Taxes accrued Account 236) (g)	Prepaid Taxes (Incl. in Account 165) (h)	Electric (Account 408.1, 409.1) (i)	Extraordinary Items (Account 409.3) (j)	Adjustments to Ret. Earnings (Account 439) (k)	Other (l)	
						1
5,097,780		27,762,416			-708,755	2
497,417		5,717,315			-519,087	3
456,000					456,000	4
						5
						6
1,103,850		13,060,218			-209,465	7
	895,258	1,727,606				8
618,308					3,266,314	9
					139,615	10
						11
						12
36,767		179,964			-80,794	13
						14
						15
6,455,854		10,864,407			119,864	16
18,793		-50,215			69,008	17
						18
						19
						20
						21
						22
						23
						24
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						31
						32
						33
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						39
						40
4,089,209	895,258	59,261,711			2,532,700	41

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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 262 Line No.: 1 Column: a

	col 1 Other	Page 117 Other Inc & Deductions 408.2 - 409.2	Other Accounts
Federal:			
Income	(708,755)	88,667	(797,422)
FICA	(519,087)		(519,087)
FIN 48	456,000		456,000
Kentucky:			
Income	(209,465)	(183,585)	(25,880)
PSC	-		-
6% Use	3,266,314		3,266,314
Auto License	139,615		139,615
Federal & Kentucky:			
Unemployment Ins	(80,794)		(80,794)
Kentucky & Local:			
Property Taxes	119,864	11,004	108,860
Miscellaneous	69,008		69,008
Total	2,532,700	(83,914)	2,616,614

Reconciliation to page 114, line 14:

Other:	
Electric Total	59,261,711
Less Federal	(27,762,416)
Less State	(13,060,218)

	18,439,077

Schedule Page: 262 Line No.: 2 Column: g

The balance of (\$5,097,780) for Federal income taxes accrued at 12/31/07 reflects an overpayment of Federal income taxes.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INVESTMENT TAX CREDITS (Account 255)

Report below information applicable to Account 255. Where appropriate, segregate the balances and transactions by utility and nonutility operations. Explain by footnote any correction adjustments to the account balance shown in column (g). Include in column (i) the average period over which the tax credits are amortized.

Line No.	Account Subdivisions (a)	Balance at Beginning of Year (b)	Deferred for Year		Allocations to Current Year's Income		Adjustments (g)
			Account No. (c)	Amount (d)	Account No. (e)	Amount (f)	
1	Electric Utility						
2	3%						
3	4%						
4	7%						
5	10%	27,461			420	27,461	
6	8%	996,314			420	563,849	
7	15%	12,000,000	411.4	42,566,647			
8	TOTAL	13,023,775		42,566,647		591,310	
9	Other (List separately and show 3%, 4%, 7%, 10% and TOTAL)						
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INVESTMENT TAX CREDITS (Account 255) (continued)

Balance at End of Year (h)	Average Period of Allocation to Income (i)	ADJUSTMENT EXPLANATION	Line No.
			1
			2
			3
			4
	25 years		5
432,465	25 years		6
54,566,647	37 years		7
54,999,112			8
			9
			10
			11
			12
			13
			14
			15
			16
			17
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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da. Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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OTHER DEFERRED CREDITS (Account 253)

- Report below the particulars (details) called for concerning other deferred credits.
- For any deferred credit being amortized, show the period of amortization.
- Minor Items (5% of the Balance End of Year for Account 253 or amounts less than \$10,000, whichever is greater) may be grouped by classes.

Line No.	Description and Other Deferred Credits (a)	Balance at Beginning of Year (b)	DEBITS		Credits (e)	Balance at End of Year (f)
			Contra Account (c)	Amount (d)		
1	Brown CT Long Term Service					
2	Agreement	3,018,272	107,232,553	1,533,787	6,153,740	7,638,225
3						
4	KU-EKPC Settlement		566		1,529,440	1,529,440
5						
6	University of Kentucky Center for					
7	Applied Energy Research Grant	220,568	232,426.1	250,000	29,432	
8						
9	Demand Side Management -					
10	Refundable Costs	1,914,614	186	1,084,713	974,763	1,804,664
11						
12	OMU - Excess Bond Funds	2,129,688	232,253,555	10,282,951	8,153,263	
13						
14	Other Def Credits - OMU Excess					
15	(Jan-04 to Nov-19)		253,555	121,583	2,053,398	1,931,815
16						
17	Deferred Compensation		232,926		451,707	451,707
18						
19	Def. Rent Payable					
20	(Aug-06 to Jul-23)		186,931	1,471	13,493	12,022
21						
22	Carrollton Sale/Leaseback					
23	(Aug-06 to Jul-23)		421	6,207	74,478	68,271
24						
25						
26						
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30						
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44						
45						
46						
47	TOTAL	7,283,142		13,280,712	19,433,714	13,436,144

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAXES - OTHER PROPERTY (Account 282)

1. Report the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for deferred income taxes relating to property not subject to accelerated amortization
2. For other (Specify), include deferrals relating to other income and deductions.

Line No.	Account (a)	Balance at Beginning of Year (b)	CHANGES DURING YEAR	
			Amounts Debited to Account 410.1 (c)	Amounts Credited to Account 411.1 (d)
1	Account 282			
2	Electric	291,427,195	32,059,651	34,034,632
3	Gas			
4				
5	TOTAL (Enter Total of lines 2 thru 4)	291,427,195	32,059,651	34,034,632
6				
7				
8				
9	TOTAL Account 282 (Enter Total of lines 5 thru 8)	291,427,195	32,059,651	34,034,632
10	Classification of TOTAL			
11	Federal Income Tax	252,507,190	26,305,695	28,887,881
12	State Income Tax	38,920,005	5,753,956	5,146,751
13	Local Income Tax			

NOTES

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo. Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAXES - OTHER PROPERTY (Account 282) (Continued)

3. Use footnotes as required.

CHANGES DURING YEAR		ADJUSTMENTS				Balance at End of Year (k)	Line No.
Amounts Debited to Account 410.2 (e)	Amounts Credited to Account 411.2 (f)	Debits		Credits			
		Account Credited (g)	Amount (h)	Account Debited (i)	Amount (j)		
							1
		182	3,695,808	182	5,750,709	291,507,115	2
							3
							4
			3,695,808		5,750,709	291,507,115	5
							6
							7
							8
			3,695,808		5,750,709	291,507,115	9
							10
			3,228,133		5,334,850	252,031,721	11
			467,675		415,859	39,475,394	12
							13

NOTES (Continued)

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAXES - OTHER (Account 283)

1. Report the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for deferred income taxes relating to amounts recorded in Account 283.
 2. For other (Specify), include deferrals relating to other income and deductions.

Line No.	Account (a)	Balance at Beginning of Year (b)	CHANGES DURING YEAR	
			Amounts Debited to Account 410.1 (c)	Amounts Credited to Account 411.1 (d)
1	Account 283			
2	Electric			
3	OMU & Other Emission Allowance	481,338	649,839	498,194
4	Loss on Reacquired Debt	4,017,277		59,721
5	SFAS 143	7,917,103	1,612,590	
6	FAC Under-Recovery	8,759,932	1,982,430	
7	MISO Exit Fees	7,818,030		2,039,086
8	Other	3,410,393	113,551	789,343
9	TOTAL Electric (Total of lines 3 thru 8)	32,404,073	4,131,308	3,380,344
10	Gas			
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17	TOTAL Gas (Total of lines 11 thru 16)			
18	Other	6,320,585		
19	TOTAL (Acct 283) (Enter Total of lines 9, 17 and 18)	38,724,658	4,131,308	3,380,344
20	Classification of TOTAL			
21	Federal Income Tax	32,691,702	3,476,575	2,858,954
22	State Income Tax	6,032,956	654,733	521,390
23	Local Income Tax			

NOTES

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo. Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAXES - OTHER (Account 283) (Continued)

3. Provide in the space below explanations for Page 276 and 277. Include amounts relating to insignificant items listed under Other.
4. Use footnotes as required.

CHANGES DURING YEAR		ADJUSTMENTS				Balance at End of Year (k)	Line No.
Amounts Debited to Account 410.2 (e)	Amounts Credited to Account 411.2 (f)	Debits		Credits			
		Account Credited (g)	Amount (h)	Account Debited (i)	Amount (j)		
							1
							2
						632,983	3
						3,957,556	4
						9,529,693	5
						10,742,362	6
						5,778,944	7
		182	383,190	182	768,268	2,898,577	8
			383,190		768,268	33,540,115	9
							10
							11
							12
							13
							14
							15
							16
							17
	1,928,966					18,249,551	18
	1,928,966		383,190		768,268	41,789,666	19
							20
	1,631,437		375,084		752,014	35,317,690	21
	297,529		8,106		16,254	6,471,976	22
							23

NOTES (Continued)

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Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 276 Line No.: 8 Column: b

Beginning Balance:	
Regulatory Expenses	712,679
Storm Damages	769,828
SFAS 109 Regulatory Tax Adjustments	1,694,130
Other	233,756

	3,410,393
	=====

Schedule Page: 276 Line No.: 8 Column: c

Debit Change Account 410.1:	
Various	(113,551)
	=====

Schedule Page: 276 Line No.: 8 Column: d

Credit Change Account 411.1:	
Regulatory Expenses	88,398
Storm Damages	307,934
Other	387,011

	783,343
	=====

Schedule Page: 276 Line No.: 8 Column: h

Debit Adjustments:	
SFAS 109 Regulatory Tax Adjustments	383,190
	=====

Schedule Page: 276 Line No.: 8 Column: j

Credit Adjustments:	
SFAS 109 Regulatory Tax Adjustments	768,268
	=====

Schedule Page: 276 Line No.: 8 Column: k

Ending Balance:	
Regulatory Expenses	624,281
Storm Damages	461,894
SFAS 109 Regulatory Tax Adjustments	2,079,208
Other	(266,806)

	2,898,577
	=====

Schedule Page: 276 Line No.: 18 Column: b

Beginning Balance:	
EEl Investment	6,320,585
	=====

Schedule Page: 276 Line No.: 18 Column: e

Debit Change Account 410.2:	
EEl Investment	1,928,966
	=====

Schedule Page: 276 Line No.: 18 Column: k

Ending Balance:	
EEl Investment	8,249,551
	=====

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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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OTHER REGULATORY LIABILITIES (Account 254)

1. Report below the particulars (details) called for concerning other regulatory liabilities, including rate order docket number, if applicable.
2. Minor items (5% of the Balance in Account 254 at end of period, or amounts less than \$50,000 which ever is less), may be grouped by classes.
3. For Regulatory Liabilities being amortized, show period of amortization.

Line No.	Description and Purpose of Other Regulatory Liabilities (a)	Balance at Beginning of Current Quarter/Year (b)	DEBITS		Credits (e)	Balance at End of Current Quarter/Year (f)
			Account Credited (c)	Amount (d)		
1	Spare Parts	1,165,344	184.6/502-514	73,984	181,046	1,272,408
2	SFAS 109 - Income Taxes	31,544,968	190/282	7,546,086	5,037,324	29,036,206
3	Asset Retirement Obligation - Electric	1,918,669			252,192	2,170,861
4	MISO Schedule 10 Charges	1,310,392			3,931,171	5,241,563
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40						
41	TOTAL	35,939,373		7,620,070	9,401,733	37,721,036

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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ELECTRIC OPERATING REVENUES (Account 400)

- 1 The following instructions generally apply to the annual version of these pages. Do not report quarterly data in columns (c), (e), (f), and (g). Unbilled revenues and MWH related to unbilled revenues need not be reported separately as required in the annual version of these pages.
- 2 Report below operating revenues for each prescribed account, and manufactured gas revenues in total.
- 3 Report number of customers, columns (f) and (g), on the basis of meters, in addition to the number of flat rate accounts; except that where separate meter readings are added for billing purposes, one customer should be counted for each group of meters added. The -average number of customers means the average of twelve figures at the close of each month.
- 4 If increases or decreases from previous period (columns (c),(e), and (g)), are not derived from previously reported figures, explain any inconsistencies in a footnote.

Line No.	Title of Account (a)	Operating Revenues Year to Date Quarterly/Annual (b)	Operating Revenues Previous year (no Quarterly) (c)
1	Sales of Electricity		
2	(440) Residential Sales	430,071,777	380,586,936
3	(442) Commercial and Industrial Sales		
4	Small (or Comm.) (See Instr. 4)	293,558,427	261,749,380
5	Large (or Ind.) (See Instr. 4)	303,223,282	285,561,727
6	(444) Public Street and Highway Lighting	9,371,014	8,539,350
7	(445) Other Sales to Public Authorities	88,231,412	80,477,305
8	(446) Sales to Railroads and Railways		
9	(448) Interdepartmental Sales		
10	TOTAL Sales to Ultimate Consumers	1,124,455,912	1,016,914,698
11	(447) Sales for Resale	140,832,475	172,722,121
12	TOTAL Sales of Electricity	1,265,288,387	1,189,636,819
13	(Less) (449 1) Provision for Rate Refunds		
14	TOTAL Revenues Net of Prov. for Refunds	1,265,288,387	1,189,636,819
15	Other Operating Revenues		
16	(450) Forfeited Discounts		
17	(451) Miscellaneous Service Revenues	1,307,911	1,391,724
18	(453) Sales of Water and Water Power		
19	(454) Rent from Electric Property	2,123,576	2,729,645
20	(455) Interdepartmental Rents		
21	(456) Other Electric Revenues	2,945,811	16,261,096
22	(456.1) Revenues from Transmission of Electricity of Others	6,774,836	
23	(457 1) Regional Control Service Revenues		
24	(457.2) Miscellaneous Revenues		
25			
26	TOTAL Other Operating Revenues	7,260,512	20,382,465
27	TOTAL Electric Operating Revenues	1,272,548,899	1,210,019,284

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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ELECTRIC OPERATING REVENUES (Account 400)

5. Commercial and Industrial Sales. Account 442, may be classified according to the basis of classification (Small or Commercial, and Large or Industrial) regularly used by the respondent if such basis of classification is not generally greater than 1000 Kw of demand (See Account 442 of the Uniform System of Accounts Explain basis of classification in a footnote.)

6 See pages 108-109. Important Changes During Period. for important new territory added and important rate increase or decreases.

7 For Lines 2,4,5,and 6, see Page 304 for amounts relating to unbilled revenue by accounts

8 Include unmetered sales. Provide details of such Sales in a footnote

MEGAWATT HOURS SOLD		AVG.NO. CUSTOMERS PER MONTH		Line No.
Year to Date Quarterly/Annual (d)	Amount Previous year (no Quarterly) (e)	Current Year (no Quarterly) (f)	Previous Year (no Quarterly) (g)	
				1
6,846,775	6,312,756	439,068	434,993	2
				3
4,773,590	4,456,951	83,047	81,452	4
6,273,138	6,318,648	1,946	1,979	5
56,455	54,521	1,503	1,512	6
1,634,506	1,553,697	7,948	7,971	7
				8
				9
19,584,464	18,696,573	533,512	527,907	10
3,640,408	4,451,582	51	41	11
23,224,872	23,148,155	533,563	527,948	12
				13
23,224,872	23,148,155	533,563	527,948	14

Line 12, column (b) includes \$ 19,473,707 of unbilled revenues.
Line 12, column (d) includes 17,924 MWH relating to unbilled revenues

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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 300 Line No.: 5 Column: b

Large category includes Industrial Lighting and Mine Power accounts.

Industrial Sales	\$258,005,472
Mine Power	\$ 45,217,810
Total Large (or Industrial)	<u>\$303,223,282</u>

Schedule Page: 300 Line No.: 5 Column: d

Large category includes Industrial Lighting and Mine Power accounts.

Industrial Sales	5,434,943
Mine Power	<u>838,195</u>
Total Large (or Industrial)	6,273,138 MWH

Schedule Page: 300 Line No.: 7 Column: b

Other category includes Other Sales to Public Authorities and Municipal Pumping accounts.

Other Sales to Public Authorities	\$83,771,460
Municipal Pumping	<u>\$ 4,459,952</u>
Total Other Sales to Public Authorities	\$88,231,412

Schedule Page: 300 Line No.: 7 Column: d

Other category includes Other Sales to Public Authorities and Municipal Pumping accounts.

Other Sales to Public Authorities	1,556,493
Municipal Pumping	<u>78,013</u>
Total Other Sales to Public Authorities	1,634,506 MWH

Schedule Page: 300 Line No.: 21 Column: b

As a result of the Company exiting the MISO, a reclassification of the MISO administrative revenues from Other Operating Revenues to a Regulatory Liability was required.

Schedule Page: 300 Line No.: 1 Column: \$

This value contains unbilled revenue of \$17,152,000 and accrued revenues of \$2,321,707. The accrued revenues represent the following:

Energy Revenue Accrual	\$(2,931,514)
FAC Accrual	\$ 4,190,000
ECR Accrual	\$ 906,221
MSR Accrual	\$ 196,000
VDT Accrual	<u>\$ (39,000)</u>
Total Accrual	\$ 2,321,707

Schedule Page: 300 Line No.: 1 Column: MWH

Unbilled revenues related to 17,924 MWH represents the net change of unbilled MWH from the previous period and could be positive or negative.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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SALES OF ELECTRICITY BY RATE SCHEDULES

- Report below for each rate schedule in effect during the year the MWh of electricity sold, revenue, average number of customer, average Kwh per customer, and average revenue per Kwh, excluding date for Sales for Resale which is reported on Pages 310-311.
- Provide a subheading and total for each prescribed operating revenue account in the sequence followed in "Electric Operating Revenues," Page 300-301. If the sales under any rate schedule are classified in more than one revenue account, List the rate schedule and sales data under each applicable revenue account subheading.
- Where the same customers are served under more than one rate schedule in the same revenue account classification (such as a general residential schedule and an off peak water heating schedule), the entries in column (d) for the special schedule should denote the duplication in number of reported customers.
- The average number of customers should be the number of bills rendered during the year divided by the number of billing periods during the year (12 if all billings are made monthly).
- For any rate schedule having a fuel adjustment clause state in a footnote the estimated additional revenue billed pursuant thereto.
- Report amount of unbilled revenue as of end of year for each applicable revenue account subheading.

Line No.	Number and Title of Rate schedule (a)	MWh Sold (b)	Revenue (c)	Average Number of Customers (d)	KWh of Sales Per Customer (e)	Revenue Per KWh Sold (f)
1	Account 440					
2	Residential Service - KY	6,396,345	39,749,977	412,332	15,513	0.0612
3	Net Metering Service RS - KY	13	879	1	13,000	0.0676
4	Outdoor Lighting - KY	25,269	3,587,786	41,666	606	0.1420
5	Residential Service - TN	129	1,963	4	32,250	0.0152
6	Full Electric Service - TN	15	323	1	15,000	0.0215
7	Outdoor Lighting - TN	3	144	3	1,000	0.0480
8	Residential Service - VA	409,272	26,400,395	25,054	16,336	0.0645
9	Outdoor Lighting - VA	3,749	544,158	4,690	799	0.1451
10	Duplicate Customers			44,683		
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23						
24						
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35						
36						
37						
38						
39	Unbilled & Other Accruals	11,980	8,045,158			0.6715
40	Total for Account 440	6,846,775	430,071,777	439,068	15,594	0.0628
41	TOTAL Billed	19,566,540	1,104,982,206	533,512	36,675	0.0565
42	Total Unbilled Rev.(See Instr. 6)	17,924	19,473,706	0	0	1.0865
43	TOTAL	19,584,464	1,124,455,912	533,512	36,709	0.0574

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo. Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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SALES OF ELECTRICITY BY RATE SCHEDULES

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- Where the same customers are served under more than one rate schedule in the same revenue account classification (such as a general residential schedule and an off peak water heating schedule), the entries in column (d) for the special schedule should denote the duplication in number of reported customers.
- The average number of customers should be the number of bills rendered during the year divided by the number of billing periods during the year (12 if all billings are made monthly).
- For any rate schedule having a fuel adjustment clause state in a footnote the estimated additional revenue billed pursuant thereto.
- Report amount of unbilled revenue as of end of year for each applicable revenue account subheading.

Line No.	Number and Title of Rate schedule (a)	MWh Sold (b)	Revenue (c)	Average Number of Customers (d)	KWh of Sales Per Customer (e)	Revenue Per KWh Sold (f)
1	Account 442					
2	General Service - KY	1,678,007	120,881,688	71,582	23,442	0.0720
3	Net Metering Service - KY	8	683	1	8,000	0.0854
4	All Electric Service - KY	24,616	1,353,714	72	341,889	0.0550
5	Outdoor Lighting - KY	48,455	551,177	18,962	2,555	0.1138
6	Small Time-of-Day Service - KY	205,277	931,419	53	3,873,151	0.0454
7	Combined Lighting & Power - KY	4,649,035	244,155,849	8,072	575,946	0.0525
8	Large Comm T.O.D. - KY	3,104,556	137,261,618	38	81,698,842	0.0442
9	Mine Power - KY	178,362	9,865,460	41	4,350,293	0.0553
10	Mine Power T.O.D. - KY	359,365	17,336,591	11	32,669,545	0.0482
11	North American Stainless - KY	375,476	20,639,004	1	375,476,000	0.0550
12	Curtailment Service		-5,617,668	2		
13	Redundant Capacity - KY		10,588	2		
14	General Service - VA	82,634	6,362,720	3,495	23,643	0.0770
15	Outdoor Lighting - VA	1,182	184,309	724	1,633	0.1559
16	Large Power Service - VA	336,303	19,300,712	241	1,395,448	0.0574
17	Curtailment Service - VA		-17,262	1		
18	Duplicate Customers			-18,305		
19						
20						
21						
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24						
25						
26						
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29						
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32						
33						
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36						
37						
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39	Unbilled & Other Accruals	3,452	10,237,107			2.9656
40	Total for Account 442	11,046,728	596,781,709	84,993	129,972	0.0540
41	TOTAL Billed	19,566,540	1,104,982,206	533,512	36,675	0.0565
42	Total Unbilled Rev.(See Instr. 6)	17,924	19,473,706	0	0	1.0865
43	TOTAL	19,584,464	1,124,455,912	533,512	36,709	0.0574

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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SALES OF ELECTRICITY BY RATE SCHEDULES

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- Provide a subheading and total for each prescribed operating revenue account in the sequence followed in "Electric Operating Revenues," Page 300-301. If the sales under any rate schedule are classified in more than one revenue account, List the rate schedule and sales data under each applicable revenue account subheading.
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- For any rate schedule having a fuel adjustment clause state in a footnote the estimated additional revenue billed pursuant thereto.
- Report amount of unbilled revenue as of end of year for each applicable revenue account subheading

Line No.	Number and Title of Rate schedule (a)	MWh Sold (b)	Revenue (c)	Average Number of Customers (d)	KWh of Sales Per Customer (e)	Revenue Per KWh Sold (f)
1	Account 444					
2	General Service - KY	3,379	338,506	911	3,709	0.1002
3	Outdoor Lighting - KY	12	1,495	9	1,333	0.1246
4	Street Lighting - KY	44,495	8,305,566	510	87,245	0.1867
5	Combined Lighting & Power - KY	6,759	390,955	33	204,818	0.0578
6	General Service - VA	57	5,162	8	7,125	0.0906
7	Street Lighting - VA	1,639	249,624	35	46,829	0.1523
8	Duplicate Customers					
9						
10						
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12						
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16						
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39	Unbilled & Other Accruals	114	79,706			0.699
40	Total for Account 444	56,455	9,371,014	1,503	37,562	0.1660
41	TOTAL Billed	19,566,540	1,104,982,206	533,512	36,675	0.0565
42	Total Unbilled Rev.(See Instr. 6)	17,924	19,473,706	0	0	1.0865
43	TOTAL	19,584,464	1,124,455,912	533,512	36,709	0.0574

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is:		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original	(2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	//	End of 2007/Q4

SALES OF ELECTRICITY BY RATE SCHEDULES

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- The average number of customers should be the number of bills rendered during the year divided by the number of billing periods during the year (12 if all billings are made monthly).
- For any rate schedule having a fuel adjustment clause state in a footnote the estimated additional revenue billed pursuant thereto.
- Report amount of unbilled revenue as of end of year for each applicable revenue account subheading.

Line No.	Number and Title of Rate Schedule (a)	MWh Sold (b)	Revenue (c)	Average Number of Customers (d)	KWh of Sales Per Customer (e)	Revenue Per KWh Sold (f)
1	Account 445					
2	Residential Service - KY	2,266	148,950	304	7,454	0.0657
3	Volunteer Fire Department - KY	564	34,079	30	18,800	0.0604
4	General Service - KY	130,448	9,379,077	4,970	26,247	0.0719
5	All Electric School - KY	103,966	5,701,905	231	450,069	0.0548
6	Outdoor Lighting - KY	6,114	747,873	2,274	2,689	0.1223
7	Combined Lighting & Power - KY	850,637	45,766,455	1,338	635,753	0.0538
8	Large Comm/T.O.D. - KY	455,856	20,386,624	6	75,976,000	0.0447
9	Floodwall Water Pumping - KY	47	1,715	8	5,875	0.0365
10	Residential Service - VA	585	38,660	49	11,939	0.0661
11	General Service - VA	13,674	1,045,590	532	25,703	0.0765
12	School Service - VA	24,474	1,178,267	159	153,925	0.0481
13	Outdoor Lighting - VA	595	92,806	243	2,449	0.1560
14	Large Power Service - VA	42,135	2,550,335	39	1,080,385	0.0605
15	Water Pumping Service - VA	767	47,341	11	69,727	0.0617
16	Duplicate Customers			2,246		
17						
18						
19						
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21						
22						
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24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30						
31						
32						
33						
34						
35						
36						
37						
38						
39	Unbilled & Other Accruals	2,378	1,111,735			0.4675
40	Total for Account 445	1,634,506	88,231,412	7,948	205,650	0.0540
41	TOTAL Billed	19,566,540	1,104,982,206	533,512	36,675	0.0565
42	Total Unbilled Rev.(See Instr. 6)	17,924	19,473,706	0	0	1.0865
43	TOTAL	19,584,464	1,124,455,912	533,512	36,709	0.0574

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 304 Line No.: 2 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$40,304,981.

Schedule Page: 304 Line No.: 3 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$92.

Schedule Page: 304 Line No.: 4 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$162,598.

Schedule Page: 304 Line No.: 10 Column: d
Number of duplicate customers included on:
Line 4 40,257
Line 7 3
Line 9 4,423

Schedule Page: 304.1 Line No.: 2 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$11,074,823.

Schedule Page: 304.1 Line No.: 3 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$50.

Schedule Page: 304.1 Line No.: 4 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$159,505.

Schedule Page: 304.1 Line No.: 5 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$312,169.

Schedule Page: 304.1 Line No.: 6 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$1,381,807.

Schedule Page: 304.1 Line No.: 7 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$31,212,431.

Schedule Page: 304.1 Line No.: 8 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$20,719,082.

Schedule Page: 304.1 Line No.: 9 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$1,149,429.

Schedule Page: 304.1 Line No.: 10 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$2,348,121.

Schedule Page: 304.1 Line No.: 11 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$2,375,982.

Schedule Page: 304.1 Line No.: 18 Column: d
Number of duplicate customers included on:
Line 5 17,619
Line 12 2
Line 13 2
Line 15 681
Line 17 1

Schedule Page: 304.2 Line No.: 2 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$21,933.

Schedule Page: 304.2 Line No.: 3 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$77.

Schedule Page: 304.2 Line No.: 4 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$286,649.

Schedule Page: 304.2 Line No.: 5 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$44,796.

Schedule Page: 304.2 Line No.: 8 Column: d
Number of duplicate customers included on:
Line 3 3

Schedule Page: 304.3 Line No.: 2 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$14,656.

Schedule Page: 304.3 Line No.: 3 Column: c
Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$3,435.

Schedule Page: 304.3 Line No.: 4 Column: c

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 11	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$854,515.

Schedule Page: 304.3 Line No.: 5 Column: c

Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$663,122.

Schedule Page: 304.3 Line No.: 6 Column: c

Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$39,376.

Schedule Page: 304.3 Line No.: 7 Column: c

Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$5,723,618.

Schedule Page: 304.3 Line No.: 8 Column: c

Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$3,153,129.

Schedule Page: 304.3 Line No.: 9 Column: c

Includes Fuel Adjustment Clause of \$737.

Schedule Page: 304.3 Line No.: 16 Column: d

Number of duplicate customers included on:

Line 6 2026

Line 13 220

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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SALES FOR RESALE (Account 447)

1. Report all sales for resale (i.e., sales to purchasers other than ultimate consumers) transacted on a settlement basis other than power exchanges during the year. Do not report exchanges of electricity (i.e., transactions involving a balancing of debits and credits for energy, capacity, etc.) and any settlements for imbalanced exchanges on this schedule. Power exchanges must be reported on the Purchased Power schedule (Page 326-327).

2. Enter the name of the purchaser in column (a). Do not abbreviate or truncate the name or use acronyms. Explain in a footnote any ownership interest or affiliation the respondent has with the purchaser.

3. In column (b), enter a Statistical Classification Code based on the original contractual terms and conditions of the service as follows: RQ - for requirements service. Requirements service is service which the supplier plans to provide on an ongoing basis (i.e., the supplier includes projected load for this service in its system resource planning). In addition, the reliability of requirements service must be the same as, or second only to, the supplier's service to its own ultimate consumers.

LF - for long-term service. "Long-term" means five years or Longer and "firm" means that service cannot be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions (e.g., the supplier must attempt to buy emergency energy from third parties to maintain deliveries of LF service). This category should not be used for Long-term firm service which meets the definition of RQ service. For all transactions identified as LF, provide in a footnote the termination date of the contract defined as the earliest date that either buyer or setter can unilaterally get out of the contract.

IF - for intermediate-term firm service. The same as LF service except that "intermediate-term" means longer than one year but Less than five years.

SF - for short-term firm service. Use this category for all firm services where the duration of each period of commitment for service is one year or less.

LU - for Long-term service from a designated generating unit. "Long-term" means five years or Longer. The availability and reliability of service, aside from transmission constraints, must match the availability and reliability of designated unit.

IU - for intermediate-term service from a designated generating unit. The same as LU service except that "intermediate-term" means Longer than one year but Less than five years.

Line No.	Name of Company or Public Authority (Footnote Affiliations) (a)	Statistical Classification (b)	FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number (c)	Average Monthly Billing Demand (MW) (d)	Actual Demand (MW)	
					Average Monthly NCP Demand (e)	Average Monthly CP Demand (f)
1	City of Barbourville	IF	184	NA	NA	NA
2	City of Bardstown	IF	185	NA	NA	NA
3	City of Bardwell	IF	186	NA	NA	NA
4	City of Benham	IF	187	NA	NA	NA
5	City of Corbin	IF	188	NA	NA	NA
6	City of Falmouth	IF	189	NA	NA	NA
7	City of Frankfort	IF	190	NA	NA	NA
8	City of Madisonville	IF	(A)	NA	NA	NA
9	City of Nicholasville	IF	(B)	NA	NA	NA
10	City of Paris	IF	83	NA	NA	NA
11	City of Providence	IF	(C)	NA	NA	NA
12	Berea College	RQ	197	0	0	0
13	City of Barbourville	RQ	184	19	19	18
14	City of Bardstown	RQ	185	34	34	33
	Subtotal RQ			0	0	0
	Subtotal non-RQ			0	0	0
	Total			0	0	0

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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SALES FOR RESALE (Account 447) (Continued)

OS - for other service. use this category only for those services which cannot be placed in the above-defined categories, such as all non-firm service regardless of the Length of the contract and service from designated units of Less than one year. Describe the nature of the service in a footnote.

AD - for Out-of-period adjustment. Use this code for any accounting adjustments or "true-ups" for service provided in prior reporting years. Provide an explanation in a footnote for each adjustment

4. Group requirements RQ sales together and report them starting at line number one. After listing all RQ sales, enter "Subtotal - RQ" in column (a). The remaining sales may then be listed in any order. Enter "Subtotal-Non-RQ" in column (a) after this Listing. Enter "Total" in column (a) as the Last Line of the schedule. Report subtotals and total for columns (9) through (k)

5. In Column (c), identify the FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number. On separate Lines, List all FERC rate schedules or tariffs under which service, as identified in column (b), is provided.

6. For requirements RQ sales and any type of-service involving demand charges imposed on a monthly (or Longer) basis, enter the average monthly billing demand in column (d), the average monthly non-coincident peak (NCP) demand in column (e), and the average monthly coincident peak (CP)

demand in column (f). For all other types of service, enter NA in columns (d), (e) and (f). Monthly NCP demand is the maximum metered hourly (60-minute integration) demand in a month. Monthly CP demand is the metered demand during the hour (60-minute integration) in which the supplier's system reaches its monthly peak. Demand reported in columns (e) and (f) must be in megawatts. Footnote any demand not stated on a megawatt basis and explain.

7. Report in column (g) the megawatt hours shown on bills rendered to the purchaser.

8. Report demand charges in column (h), energy charges in column (i), and the total of any other types of charges, including out-of-period adjustments, in column (j). Explain in a footnote all components of the amount shown in column (j). Report in column (k) the total charge shown on bills rendered to the purchaser.

9. The data in column (g) through (k) must be subtotaled based on the RQ/Non-RQ grouping (see instruction 4), and then totaled on the Last -line of the schedule. The "Subtotal - RQ" amount in column (g) must be reported as Requirements Sales For Resale on Page 401, line 23. The "Subtotal - Non-RQ" amount in column (g) must be reported as Non-Requirements Sales For Resale on Page 401, line 24.

10. Footnote entries as required and provide explanations following all required data.

MegaWatt Hours Sold (g)	REVENUE			Total (\$) (h+i+j) (k)	Line No.
	Demand Charges (\$) (h)	Energy Charges (\$) (i)	Other Charges (\$) (j)		
-1,398		-80,249		-80,249	1
-1,428		-81,963		-81,963	2
-344		-19,770		-19,770	3
-158		-9,046		-9,046	4
-1,651		-94,767		-94,767	5
-375		-21,521		-21,521	6
-9,927		-569,804		-569,804	7
-4,959		-284,628		-284,628	8
-1,624		-93,235		-93,235	9
-867		-49,754		-49,754	10
-782		-44,903		-44,903	11
-59	-1,906	-1,316	149	-3,073	12
106,416	1,673,124	2,479,493	594,169	4,746,786	13
211,645	3,058,734	4,931,333	196,131	9,186,198	14
2,058,905	30,147,988	48,310,171	11,529,793	89,987,952	
1,581,503	0	51,004,300	-159,777	50,844,523	
3,640,408	30,147,988	99,314,471	11,370,016	140,832,475	

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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SALES FOR RESALE (Account 447)

1. Report all sales for resale (i.e., sales to purchasers other than ultimate consumers) transacted on a settlement basis other than power exchanges during the year. Do not report exchanges of electricity (i.e., transactions involving a balancing of debits and credits for energy, capacity, etc.) and any settlements for imbalanced exchanges on this schedule. Power exchanges must be reported on the Purchased Power schedule (Page 326-327).

2. Enter the name of the purchaser in column (a). Do not abbreviate or truncate the name or use acronyms. Explain in a footnote any ownership interest or affiliation the respondent has with the purchaser.

3. In column (b), enter a Statistical Classification Code based on the original contractual terms and conditions of the service as follows: RQ - for requirements service. Requirements service is service which the supplier plans to provide on an ongoing basis (i.e., the supplier includes projected load for this service in its system resource planning). In addition, the reliability of requirements service must be the same as, or second only to, the supplier's service to its own ultimate consumers.

LF - for long-term service. "Long-term" means five years or Longer and "firm" means that service cannot be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions (e.g., the supplier must attempt to buy emergency energy from third parties to maintain deliveries of LF service). This category should not be used for Long-term firm service which meets the definition of RQ service. For all transactions identified as LF, provide in a footnote the termination date of the contract defined as the earliest date that either buyer or seller can unilaterally get out of the contract.

IF - for intermediate-term firm service. The same as LF service except that "intermediate-term" means longer than one year but Less than five years.

SF - for short-term firm service. Use this category for all firm services where the duration of each period of commitment for service is one year or less.

LU - for Long-term service from a designated generating unit. "Long-term" means five years or Longer. The availability and reliability of service, aside from transmission constraints, must match the availability and reliability of designated unit.

IU - for intermediate-term service from a designated generating unit. The same as LU service except that "intermediate-term" means Longer than one year but Less than five years.

Line No	Name of Company or Public Authority (Footnote Affiliations) (a)	Statistical Classification (b)	FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number (c)	Average Monthly Billing Demand (MW) (d)	Actual Demand (MW)	
					Average Monthly NCP Demand (e)	Average Monthly CP Demand (f)
1	City of Bardwell	RQ	186	2	2	2
2	City of Benham	RQ	187	2	2	1
3	City of Berea	RQ	197	25	25	25
4	City of Corbin	RQ	188	16	16	16
5	City of Falmouth	RQ	189	4	4	3
6	City of Frankfort	RQ	190	133	133	130
7	City of Madisonville-East	RQ	194	8	9	7
8	City of Madisonville-GE Sub.	RQ	192	8	8	6
9	City of Madisonville-Hosp. Sub.	RQ	161	9	10	8
10	City of Madisonville-McCoy Ave.	RQ	162	10	10	9
11	City of Madisonville-S/N	RQ	191	9	9	8
12	City of Madisonville-West	RQ	193	13	13	12
13	City of Nicholasville-#3	RQ	163	6	6	6
14	City of Nicholasville-#4 & #5	RQ	198	12	12	12
	Subtotal RQ			0	0	0
	Subtotal non-RQ			0	0	0
	Total			0	0	0

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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SALES FOR RESALE (Account 447) (Continued)

OS - for other service. use this category only for those services which cannot be placed in the above-defined categories, such as all non-firm service regardless of the Length of the contract and service from designated units of Less than one year. Describe the nature of the service in a footnote.

AD - for Out-of-period adjustment. Use this code for any accounting adjustments or "true-ups" for service provided in prior reporting years. Provide an explanation in a footnote for each adjustment.

4. Group requirements RQ sales together and report them starting at line number one. After listing all RQ sales, enter "Subtotal - RQ" in column (a). The remaining sales may then be listed in any order. Enter "Subtotal-Non-RQ" in column (a) after this Listing. Enter "Total" in column (a) as the Last Line of the schedule. Report subtotals and total for columns (9) through (k)

5. In Column (c), identify the FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number. On separate Lines, List all FERC rate schedules or tariffs under which service, as identified in column (b), is provided.

6. For requirements RQ sales and any type of-service involving demand charges imposed on a monthly (or Longer) basis, enter the average monthly billing demand in column (d), the average monthly non-coincident peak (NCP) demand in column (e), and the average monthly coincident peak (CP) demand in column (f). For all other types of service, enter NA in columns (d), (e) and (f). Monthly NCP demand is the maximum metered hourly (60-minute integration) demand in a month. Monthly CP demand is the metered demand during the hour (60-minute integration) in which the supplier's system reaches its monthly peak. Demand reported in columns (e) and (f) must be in megawatts. Footnote any demand not stated on a megawatt basis and explain.

7. Report in column (g) the megawatt hours shown on bills rendered to the purchaser.

8. Report demand charges in column (h), energy charges in column (i), and the total of any other types of charges, including out-of-period adjustments, in column (j). Explain in a footnote all components of the amount shown in column (j). Report in column (k) the total charge shown on bills rendered to the purchaser.

9. The data in column (g) through (k) must be subtotaled based on the RQ/Non-RQ grouping (see instruction 4), and then totaled on the Last -line of the schedule. The "Subtotal - RQ" amount in column (g) must be reported as Requirements Sales For Resale on Page 401, line 23. The "Subtotal - Non-RQ" amount in column (g) must be reported as Non-Requirements Sales For Resale on Page 401, line 24.

10. Footnote entries as required and provide explanations following all required data.

MegaWatt Hours Sold (g)	REVENUE			Total (\$) (h+i+j) (k)	Line No.
	Demand Charges (\$) (h)	Energy Charges (\$) (i)	Other Charges (\$) (j)		
9,499	158,924	221,331	54,612	434,867	1
6,972	142,870	162,448	36,421	341,739	2
144,197	2,214,178	3,359,735	794,485	6,368,398	3
89,064	1,437,217	2,075,191	506,064	4,018,492	4
20,278	329,015	472,487	114,695	916,198	5
811,776	11,769,522	18,914,381	4,532,619	35,216,522	6
47,657	751,356	1,110,403	266,067	2,127,826	7
51,048	686,535	1,189,418	286,124	2,162,077	8
58,522	842,649	1,363,553	328,820	2,535,022	9
52,464	873,883	1,222,411	299,058	2,395,352	10
56,433	827,272	1,314,875	328,811	2,470,958	11
79,171	1,160,243	1,844,689	453,950	3,458,282	12
33,277	543,694	775,356	185,712	1,504,762	13
60,964	1,050,701	1,420,468	334,285	2,805,454	14
2,058,905	30,147,988	48,310,171	11,529,793	89,987,952	
1,581,503	0	51,004,300	-159,777	50,844,523	
3,640,408	30,147,988	99,314,471	11,370,016	140,832,475	

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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SALES FOR RESALE (Account 447)

1. Report all sales for resale (i.e., sales to purchasers other than ultimate consumers) transacted on a settlement basis other than power exchanges during the year. Do not report exchanges of electricity (i.e., transactions involving a balancing of debits and credits for energy, capacity, etc.) and any settlements for imbalanced exchanges on this schedule. Power exchanges must be reported on the Purchased Power schedule (Page 326-327).

2. Enter the name of the purchaser in column (a). Do not abbreviate or truncate the name or use acronyms. Explain in a footnote any ownership interest or affiliation the respondent has with the purchaser.

3. In column (b), enter a Statistical Classification Code based on the original contractual terms and conditions of the service as follows: RQ - for requirements service. Requirements service is service which the supplier plans to provide on an ongoing basis (i.e., the supplier includes projected load for this service in its system resource planning). In addition, the reliability of requirements service must be the same as, or second only to, the supplier's service to its own ultimate consumers.

LF - for long-term service. "Long-term" means five years or Longer and "firm" means that service cannot be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions (e.g., the supplier must attempt to buy emergency energy from third parties to maintain deliveries of LF service). This category should not be used for Long-term firm service which meets the definition of RQ service. For all transactions identified as LF, provide in a footnote the termination date of the contract defined as the earliest date that either buyer or setter can unilaterally get out of the contract.

IF - for intermediate-term firm service. The same as LF service except that "intermediate-term" means longer than one year but Less than five years.

SF - for short-term firm service. Use this category for all firm services where the duration of each period of commitment for service is one year or less.

LU - for Long-term service from a designated generating unit. "Long-term" means five years or Longer. The availability and reliability of service, aside from transmission constraints, must match the availability and reliability of designated unit.

IU - for intermediate-term service from a designated generating unit. The same as LU service except that "intermediate-term" means Longer than one year but Less than five years.

Line No.	Name of Company or Public Authority (Footnote Affiliations) (a)	Statistical Classification (b)	FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number (c)	Average Monthly Billing Demand (MW) (d)	Actual Demand (MW)	
					Average Monthly NCP Demand (e)	Average Monthly CP Demand (f)
1	City of Nicholasville-#6 & #8	RQ	216	14	13	12
2	City of Nicholasville-#7	RQ	217	7	6	6
3	City of Paris-Bourbon Heights	RQ	83	0	0	0
4	City of Paris-Bourbon Trace 1	RQ	83	0	0	0
5	City of Paris-Bourbon Trace 2	RQ	83	0	0	0
6	City of Paris-Scott/Claysville	RQ	83	8	8	3
7	City of Paris-Vine Street	RQ	83	3	3	3
8	City of Paris-Weaver 1	RQ	83	0	0	0
9	City of Paris-Weaver 2	RQ	83	0	0	0
10	City of Paris-Weaver 3	RQ	83	0	0	0
11	City of Paris-Wilson Drug	RQ	83	0	0	0
12	City of Providence	RQ	195	4	4	3
13	City of Providence-East	RQ	196	2	2	2
14	American Electric Power Service Corp	OS	(2)	NA	NA	NA
	Subtotal RQ			0	0	0
	Subtotal non-RQ			0	0	0
	Total			0	0	0

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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SALES FOR RESALE (Account 447) (Continued)

- OS - for other service. use this category only for those services which cannot be placed in the above-defined categories, such as all non-firm service regardless of the Length of the contract and service from designated units of Less than one year. Describe the nature of the service in a footnote.
- AD - for Out-of-period adjustment. Use this code for any accounting adjustments or "true-ups" for service provided in prior reporting years. Provide an explanation in a footnote for each adjustment.
4. Group requirements RQ sales together and report them starting at line number one. After listing all RQ sales, enter "Subtotal - RQ" in column (a). The remaining sales may then be listed in any order. Enter "Subtotal-Non-RQ" in column (a) after this Listing. Enter "Total" in column (a) as the Last Line of the schedule. Report subtotals and total for columns (9) through (k)
5. In Column (c), identify the FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number. On separate Lines, List all FERC rate schedules or tariffs under which service, as identified in column (b), is provided.
6. For requirements RQ sales and any type of-service involving demand charges imposed on a monthly (or Longer) basis, enter the average monthly billing demand in column (d), the average monthly non-coincident peak (NCP) demand in column (e), and the average monthly coincident peak (CP) demand in column (f). For all other types of service, enter NA in columns (d), (e) and (f). Monthly NCP demand is the maximum metered hourly (60-minute integration) demand in a month. Monthly CP demand is the metered demand during the hour (60-minute integration) in which the supplier's system reaches its monthly peak. Demand reported in columns (e) and (f) must be in megawatts. Footnote any demand not stated on a megawatt basis and explain.
7. Report in column (g) the megawatt hours shown on bills rendered to the purchaser.
8. Report demand charges in column (h), energy charges in column (i), and the total of any other types of charges, including out-of-period adjustments, in column (j). Explain in a footnote all components of the amount shown in column (j). Report in column (k) the total charge shown on bills rendered to the purchaser.
9. The data in column (g) through (k) must be subtotaled based on the RQ/Non-RQ grouping (see instruction 4), and then totaled on the Last -line of the schedule. The "Subtotal - RQ" amount in column (g) must be reported as Requirements Sales For Resale on Page 401, line 23. The "Subtotal - Non-RQ" amount in column (g) must be reported as Non-Requirements Sales For Resale on Page 401, line 24.
10. Footnote entries as required and provide explanations following all required data.

MegaWatt Hours Sold (g)	REVENUE			Total (\$) (h+i+j) (k)	Line No.
	Demand Charges (\$) (h)	Energy Charges (\$) (i)	Other Charges (\$) (j)		
90,515	1,233,233	2,108,988	498,555	3,840,776	1
34,155	575,332	795,812	190,296	1,561,440	2
1,173		33,624	6,729	40,353	3
415		11,902	2,197	14,099	4
330		9,468	1,779	11,247	5
42,885	30,586	1,229,513	236,660	1,496,759	6
17,090	262,500	489,963	94,551	847,014	7
12		353	58	411	8
624		17,879	3,347	21,226	9
161		4,620	804	5,424	10
195		5,596	1,118	6,714	11
18,781	320,538	437,593	107,332	865,463	12
13,245	207,788	308,604	74,774	591,166	13
4,843		232,477		232,477	14
2,058,905	30,147,988	48,310,171	11,529,793	89,987,952	
1,581,503	0	51,004,300	-159,777	50,844,523	
3,640,408	30,147,988	99,314,471	11,370,016	140,832,475	

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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SALES FOR RESALE (Account 447)

1. Report all sales for resale (i.e., sales to purchasers other than ultimate consumers) transacted on a settlement basis other than power exchanges during the year. Do not report exchanges of electricity (i.e., transactions involving a balancing of debits and credits for energy, capacity, etc.) and any settlements for imbalanced exchanges on this schedule. Power exchanges must be reported on the Purchased Power schedule (Page 326-327).

2. Enter the name of the purchaser in column (a). Do not abbreviate or truncate the name or use acronyms. Explain in a footnote any ownership interest or affiliation the respondent has with the purchaser.

3. In column (b), enter a Statistical Classification Code based on the original contractual terms and conditions of the service as follows:
 RQ - for requirements service. Requirements service is service which the supplier plans to provide on an ongoing basis (i.e., the supplier includes projected load for this service in its system resource planning). In addition, the reliability of requirements service must be the same as, or second only to, the supplier's service to its own ultimate consumers.
 LF - for long-term service. "Long-term" means five years or Longer and "firm" means that service cannot be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions (e.g., the supplier must attempt to buy emergency energy from third parties to maintain deliveries of LF service). This category should not be used for Long-term firm service which meets the definition of RQ service. For all transactions identified as LF, provide in a footnote the termination date of the contract defined as the earliest date that either buyer or setter can unilaterally get out of the contract.
 IF - for intermediate-term firm service. The same as LF service except that "intermediate-term" means longer than one year but Less than five years.
 SF - for short-term firm service. Use this category for all firm services where the duration of each period of commitment for service is one year or less.
 LU - for Long-term service from a designated generating unit. "Long-term" means five years or Longer. The availability and reliability of service, aside from transmission constraints, must match the availability and reliability of designated unit.
 IU - for intermediate-term service from a designated generating unit. The same as LU service except that "intermediate-term" means Longer than one year but Less than five years.

Line No.	Name of Company or Public Authority (Footnote Affiliations) (a)	Statistical Classification (b)	FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number (c)	Average Monthly Billing Demand (MW) (d)	Actual Demand (MW)	
					Average Monthly NCP Demand (e)	Average Monthly CP Demand (f)
1	Associated Electric Coop Inc	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
2	Bluegrass Generation Company, LLC	OS	(8)	NA	NA	NA
3	BP Energy Company	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
4	Cargill Power Markets, LLC	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
5	Citigroup Energy Inc.	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
6	Cobb Electric Membership Corporation	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
7	Conectiv Energy Supply	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
8	Constellation Energy Comds. Grp. Inc.	OS	(2)	NA	NA	NA
9	DTE Energy Trading Inc.	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
10	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
11	Duke Energy Indiana, Inc.	AD	(2)	NA	NA	NA
12	Duke Energy Ohio, Inc.	AD	(2)	NA	NA	NA
13	East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
14	East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.	OS	(6)	NA	NA	NA
	Subtotal RQ			0	0	0
	Subtotal non-RQ			0	0	0
	Total			0	0	0

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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SALES FOR RESALE (Account 447) (Continued)

OS - for other service. use this category only for those services which cannot be placed in the above-defined categories, such as all non-firm service regardless of the Length of the contract and service from designated units of Less than one year. Describe the nature of the service in a footnote.

AD - for Out-of-period adjustment. Use this code for any accounting adjustments or "true-ups" for service provided in prior reporting years. Provide an explanation in a footnote for each adjustment.

4. Group requirements RQ sales together and report them starting at line number one. After listing all RQ sales, enter "Subtotal - RQ" in column (a). The remaining sales may then be listed in any order. Enter "Subtotal-Non-RQ" in column (a) after this Listing. Enter "Total" in column (a) as the Last Line of the schedule. Report subtotals and total for columns (9) through (k)

5. In Column (c), identify the FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number. On separate Lines, List all FERC rate schedules or tariffs under which service, as identified in column (b), is provided.

6. For requirements RQ sales and any type of-service involving demand charges imposed on a monthly (or Longer) basis, enter the average monthly billing demand in column (d), the average monthly non-coincident peak (NCP) demand in column (e), and the average monthly coincident peak (CP)

demand in column (f). For all other types of service, enter NA in columns (d), (e) and (f). Monthly NCP demand is the maximum metered hourly (60-minute integration) demand in a month. Monthly CP demand is the metered demand during the hour (60-minute integration) in which the supplier's system reaches its monthly peak. Demand reported in columns (e) and (f) must be in megawatts. Footnote any demand not stated on a megawatt basis and explain.

7. Report in column (g) the megawatt hours shown on bills rendered to the purchaser.

8. Report demand charges in column (h), energy charges in column (i), and the total of any other types of charges, including out-of-period adjustments, in column (j). Explain in a footnote all components of the amount shown in column (j). Report in column (k) the total charge shown on bills rendered to the purchaser.

9. The data in column (g) through (k) must be subtotaled based on the RQ/Non-RQ grouping (see instruction 4), and then totaled on the Last -line of the schedule. The "Subtotal - RQ" amount in column (g) must be reported as Requirements Sales For Resale on Page 401, line 23. The "Subtotal - Non-RQ" amount in column (g) must be reported as Non-Requirements Sales For Resale on Page 401, line 24.

10. Footnote entries as required and provide explanations following all required data.

MegaWatt Hours Sold (g)	REVENUE			Total (\$) (h+i+j) (k)	Line No.
	Demand Charges (\$) (h)	Energy Charges (\$) (i)	Other Charges (\$) (j)		
2,890		130,090		130,090	1
12		1,147		1,147	2
13		815		815	3
3,092		156,328		156,328	4
395		19,277		19,277	5
1,360		83,989		83,989	6
1		44		44	7
3,560		170,194		170,194	8
292		16,274		16,274	9
469		17,855		17,855	10
4			377	377	11
-4			-377	-377	12
7,239		498,019		498,019	13
1		23		23	14
2,058,905	30,147,988	48,310,171	11,529,793	89,987,952	
1,581,503	0	51,004,300	-159,777	50,844,523	
3,640,408	30,147,988	99,314,471	11,370,016	140,832,475	

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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SALES FOR RESALE (Account 447)

1. Report all sales for resale (i.e., sales to purchasers other than ultimate consumers) transacted on a settlement basis other than power exchanges during the year. Do not report exchanges of electricity (i.e., transactions involving a balancing of debits and credits for energy, capacity, etc.) and any settlements for imbalanced exchanges on this schedule. Power exchanges must be reported on the Purchased Power schedule (Page 326-327).

2. Enter the name of the purchaser in column (a). Do not abbreviate or truncate the name or use acronyms. Explain in a footnote any ownership interest or affiliation the respondent has with the purchaser.

3. In column (b), enter a Statistical Classification Code based on the original contractual terms and conditions of the service as follows: RQ - for requirements service. Requirements service is service which the supplier plans to provide on an ongoing basis (i.e., the supplier includes projected load for this service in its system resource planning). In addition, the reliability of requirements service must be the same as, or second only to, the supplier's service to its own ultimate consumers.

LF - for long-term service. "Long-term" means five years or Longer and "firm" means that service cannot be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions (e.g., the supplier must attempt to buy emergency energy from third parties to maintain deliveries of LF service). This category should not be used for Long-term firm service which meets the definition of RQ service. For all transactions identified as LF, provide in a footnote the termination date of the contract defined as the earliest date that either buyer or setter can unilaterally get out of the contract.

IF - for intermediate-term firm service. The same as LF service except that "intermediate-term" means longer than one year but Less than five years.

SF - for short-term firm service. Use this category for all firm services where the duration of each period of commitment for service is one year or less.

LU - for Long-term service from a designated generating unit. "Long-term" means five years or Longer. The availability and reliability of service, aside from transmission constraints, must match the availability and reliability of designated unit.

IU - for intermediate-term service from a designated generating unit. The same as LU service except that "intermediate-term" means Longer than one year but Less than five years.

Line No.	Name of Company or Public Authority (Footnote Affiliations) (a)	Statistical Classification (b)	FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number (c)	Average Monthly Billing Demand (MW) (d)	Actual Demand (MW)	
					Average Monthly NCP Demand (e)	Average Monthly CP Demand (f)
1	Fortis Energy Marketing & Trading GP	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
2	Illinois Municipal Electric Agency	OS	(5)	NA	NA	NA
3	Indiana Municipal Power Agency	OS	(5)	NA	NA	NA
4	Kansas City Power & Light	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
5	Louisville Gas & Electric Company	SF	(1)	NA	NA	NA
6	MF Global Inc.	OS		NA	NA	NA
7	Merrill Lynch Commodities, Inc.	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
8	Midwest Independent Transmission System	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
9	Midwest ISO Contingency Reserve Sharing	OS	(7)	NA	NA	NA
10	Northern Indiana Public Service Company	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
11	Owensboro Municipal Utilities	IF	(9)	NA	NA	NA
12	Owensboro Municipal Utilities	OS	(9)	NA	NA	NA
13	PJM Interconnection Association	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
14	Progress Energy Ventures Inc.	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
	Subtotal RQ			0	0	0
	Subtotal non-RQ			0	0	0
	Total			0	0	0

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo. Da. Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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SALES FOR RESALE (Account 447) (Continued)

- OS - for other service. use this category only for those services which cannot be placed in the above-defined categories, such as all non-firm service regardless of the Length of the contract and service from designated units of Less than one year. Describe the nature of the service in a footnote.
- AD - for Out-of-period adjustment. Use this code for any accounting adjustments or "true-ups" for service provided in prior reporting years. Provide an explanation in a footnote for each adjustment.
4. Group requirements RQ sales together and report them starting at line number one. After listing all RQ sales, enter "Subtotal - RQ" in column (a). The remaining sales may then be listed in any order. Enter "Subtotal-Non-RQ" in column (a) after this Listing. Enter "Total" in column (a) as the Last Line of the schedule. Report subtotals and total for columns (9) through (k)
5. In Column (c), identify the FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number. On separate Lines, List all FERC rate schedules or tariffs under which service, as identified in column (b), is provided.
6. For requirements RQ sales and any type of-service involving demand charges imposed on a monthly (or Longer) basis, enter the average monthly billing demand in column (d), the average monthly non-coincident peak (NCP) demand in column (e), and the average monthly coincident peak (CP) demand in column (f). For all other types of service, enter NA in columns (d), (e) and (f). Monthly NCP demand is the maximum metered hourly (60-minute integration) demand in a month. Monthly CP demand is the metered demand during the hour (60-minute integration) in which the supplier's system reaches its monthly peak. Demand reported in columns (e) and (f) must be in megawatts. Footnote any demand not stated on a megawatt basis and explain.
7. Report in column (g) the megawatt hours shown on bills rendered to the purchaser.
8. Report demand charges in column (h), energy charges in column (i), and the total of any other types of charges, including out-of-period adjustments, in column (j). Explain in a footnote all components of the amount shown in column (j). Report in column (k) the total charge shown on bills rendered to the purchaser.
9. The data in column (g) through (k) must be subtotaled based on the RQ/Non-RQ grouping (see instruction 4), and then totaled on the Last -line of the schedule. The "Subtotal - RQ" amount in column (g) must be reported as Requirements Sales For Resale on Page 401, line 23. The "Subtotal - Non-RQ" amount in column (g) must be reported as Non-Requirements Sales For Resale on Page 401, line 24.
10. Footnote entries as required and provide explanations following all required data.

MegaWatt Hours Sold (g)	REVENUE			Total (\$) (h+i+j) (k)	Line No.
	Demand Charges (\$) (h)	Energy Charges (\$) (i)	Other Charges (\$) (j)		
2,886		142,422		142,422	1
2,237		143,138		143,138	2
2,333		150,579		150,579	3
140		8,078		8,078	4
1,471,558		45,589,608		45,589,608	5
			-159,777	-159,777	6
1,599		87,920		87,920	7
40,129		2,403,382		2,403,382	8
65		12,086		12,086	9
4		251		251	10
-15,789		-906,237		-906,237	11
53,288		2,306,554		2,306,554	12
8,921		430,962		430,962	13
276		15,761		15,761	14
2,058,905	30,147,988	48,310,171	11,529,793	89,987,952	
1,581,503	0	51,004,300	-159,777	50,844,523	
3,640,408	30,147,988	99,314,471	11,370,016	140,832,475	

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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SALES FOR RESALE (Account 447)

1. Report all sales for resale (i.e., sales to purchasers other than ultimate consumers) transacted on a settlement basis other than power exchanges during the year. Do not report exchanges of electricity (i.e., transactions involving a balancing of debits and credits for energy, capacity, etc.) and any settlements for imbalanced exchanges on this schedule. Power exchanges must be reported on the Purchased Power schedule (Page 326-327).

2. Enter the name of the purchaser in column (a). Do not abbreviate or truncate the name or use acronyms. Explain in a footnote any ownership interest or affiliation the respondent has with the purchaser.

3. In column (b), enter a Statistical Classification Code based on the original contractual terms and conditions of the service as follows: RQ - for requirements service. Requirements service is service which the supplier plans to provide on an ongoing basis (i.e., the supplier includes projected load for this service in its system resource planning). In addition, the reliability of requirements service must be the same as, or second only to, the supplier's service to its own ultimate consumers.

LF - for long-term service. "Long-term" means five years or Longer and "firm" means that service cannot be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions (e.g., the supplier must attempt to buy emergency energy from third parties to maintain deliveries of LF service). This category should not be used for Long-term firm service which meets the definition of RQ service. For all transactions identified as LF, provide in a footnote the termination date of the contract defined as the earliest date that either buyer or setter can unilaterally get out of the contract.

IF - for intermediate-term firm service. The same as LF service except that "intermediate-term" means longer than one year but Less than five years.

SF - for short-term firm service. Use this category for all firm services where the duration of each period of commitment for service is one year or less.

LU - for Long-term service from a designated generating unit. "Long-term" means five years or Longer. The availability and reliability of service, aside from transmission constraints, must match the availability and reliability of designated unit.

IU - for intermediate-term service from a designated generating unit. The same as LU service except that "intermediate-term" means Longer than one year but Less than five years.

Line No.	Name of Company or Public Authority (Footnote Affiliations) (a)	Statistical Classification (b)	FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number (c)	Average Monthly Billing Demand (MW) (d)	Actual Demand (MW)	
					Average Monthly NCP Demand (e)	Average Monthly CP Demand (f)
1	Sempra Energy Trading Corp.	OS	(2)	NA	NA	NA
2	Southern Company Services, Inc	OS	(2)	NA	NA	NA
3	Tenaska Power Services Co	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
4	Tennessee Valley Authority	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
5	The Energy Authority	OS	(2)	NA	NA	NA
6	Transalta Energy Marketing (U.S.) Inc.	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
7	Westar Energy, Inc.	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
8	Williams Power Co. Inc.	OS	(2)	NA	NA	NA
9	Note: Negative revenues and mwh's sold					
10	result from the netting of brokered					
11	activity and represent net purchases.					
12						
13						
14						
	Subtotal RQ			0	0	0
	Subtotal non-RQ			0	0	0
	Total			0	0	0

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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SALES FOR RESALE (Account 447) (Continued)

- OS - for other service. use this category only for those services which cannot be placed in the above-defined categories, such as all non-firm service regardless of the Length of the contract and service from designated units of Less than one year. Describe the nature of the service in a footnote.
- AD - for Out-of-period adjustment. Use this code for any accounting adjustments or "true-ups" for service provided in prior reporting years. Provide an explanation in a footnote for each adjustment.
4. Group requirements RQ sales together and report them starting at line number one. After listing all RQ sales, enter "Subtotal - RQ" in column (a). The remaining sales may then be listed in any order. Enter "Subtotal-Non-RQ" in column (a) after this Listing. Enter "Total" in column (a) as the Last Line of the schedule. Report subtotals and total for columns (9) through (k)
5. In Column (c), identify the FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number. On separate Lines, List all FERC rate schedules or tariffs under which service, as identified in column (b), is provided.
6. For requirements RQ sales and any type of-service involving demand charges imposed on a monthly (or Longer) basis, enter the average monthly billing demand in column (d), the average monthly non-coincident peak (NCP) demand in column (e), and the average monthly coincident peak (CP) demand in column (f). For all other types of service, enter NA in columns (d), (e) and (f). Monthly NCP demand is the maximum metered hourly (60-minute integration) demand in a month. Monthly CP demand is the metered demand during the hour (60-minute integration) in which the supplier's system reaches its monthly peak. Demand reported in columns (e) and (f) must be in megawatts. Footnote any demand not stated on a megawatt basis and explain.
7. Report in column (g) the megawatt hours shown on bills rendered to the purchaser.
8. Report demand charges in column (h), energy charges in column (i), and the total of any other types of charges, including out-of-period adjustments, in column (j). Explain in a footnote all components of the amount shown in column (j). Report in column (k) the total charge shown on bills rendered to the purchaser.
9. The data in column (g) through (k) must be subtotaled based on the RQ/Non-RQ grouping (see instruction 4), and then totaled on the Last -line of the schedule. The "Subtotal - RQ" amount in column (g) must be reported as Requirements Sales For Resale on Page 401, line 23. The "Subtotal - Non-RQ" amount in column (g) must be reported as Non-Requirements Sales For Resale on Page 401, line 24.
10. Footnote entries as required and provide explanations following all required data.

MegaWatt Hours Sold (g)	REVENUE			Total (\$) (h+i+j) (k)	Line No.
	Demand Charges (\$) (h)	Energy Charges (\$) (i)	Other Charges (\$) (j)		
1,430		78,196		78,196	1
-3		-202		-202	2
33		1,311		1,311	3
10,690		503,743		503,743	4
686		35,506		35,506	5
151		11,905		11,905	6
134		6,724		6,724	7
81		5,721		5,721	8
					9
					10
					11
					12
					13
					14
2,058,905	30,147,988	48,310,171	11,529,793	89,987,952	
1,581,503	0	51,004,300	-159,777	50,844,523	
3,640,408	30,147,988	99,314,471	11,370,016	140,832,475	

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 310 Line No.: 8 Column: c (A) Tariff Nos. 161, 162, 191, 192, 193 and 194.
Schedule Page: 310 Line No.: 9 Column: c (B) Tariff Nos. 163, 198 and 216.
Schedule Page: 310 Line No.: 11 Column: c (C) Tariff Nos. 195 and 196.
Schedule Page: 310 Line No.: 12 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310 Line No.: 13 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310 Line No.: 14 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.1 Line No.: 1 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.1 Line No.: 2 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.1 Line No.: 3 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.1 Line No.: 4 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.1 Line No.: 5 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.1 Line No.: 6 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.1 Line No.: 7 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.1 Line No.: 8 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.1 Line No.: 9 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.1 Line No.: 10 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.1 Line No.: 11 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.1 Line No.: 12 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.1 Line No.: 13 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.1 Line No.: 14 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.2 Line No.: 1 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.2 Line No.: 2 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.2 Line No.: 3 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.2 Line No.: 4 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.2 Line No.: 5 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
Schedule Page: 310.2 Line No.: 6 Column: j All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.
FERC FORM NO. 1 (ED. 12-87)

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.

Schedule Page: 310.2 Line No.: 7 Column: j

All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.

Schedule Page: 310.2 Line No.: 8 Column: j

All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.

Schedule Page: 310.2 Line No.: 9 Column: j

All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.

Schedule Page: 310.2 Line No.: 10 Column: j

All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.

Schedule Page: 310.2 Line No.: 11 Column: j

All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.

Schedule Page: 310.2 Line No.: 12 Column: j

All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.

Schedule Page: 310.2 Line No.: 13 Column: j

All amounts in column J (other charges) for RQ's relate to a wholesale municipal fuel adjustment clause.

Schedule Page: 310.2 Line No.: 14 Column: b

Market Based Sale

Schedule Page: 310.2 Line No.: 14 Column: c

(2) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 2

Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 1 Column: b

Market Based Sale

Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 1 Column: c

(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3

Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 2 Column: b

Energy Imbalance

Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 2 Column: c

(8) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 2, Service Agreement No. 255

Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 3 Column: b

Market Based Sale

Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 3 Column: c

(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3

Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 4 Column: b

Market Based Sale

Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 4 Column: c

(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3

Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 5 Column: b

Market Based Sale

Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 5 Column: c

(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3

Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 6 Column: b

Market Based Sale

Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 6 Column: c

(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3

Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 7 Column: b

Market Based Sale

Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 7 Column: c

(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3

Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 8 Column: b

Market Based Sale

Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 8 Column: c

(2) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 2

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 9 Column: b
Market Based Sale
Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 9 Column: c
(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3
Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 10 Column: b
Market Based Sale
Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 10 Column: c
(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3
Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 11 Column: b
December 2006 correction made in 2007. Previously reported as Duke Energy Ohio, Inc.
Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 11 Column: c
(2) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 2
Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 11 Column: j
December 2006 correction made in 2007. Previously reported as Duke Energy Ohio, Inc.
Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 12 Column: b
December 2006 correction made in 2007. Should have been reported as Duke Energy Indiana, Inc.
Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 12 Column: c
(2) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 2
Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 12 Column: j
December 2006 correction made in 2007. Should have been reported as Duke Energy Indiana, Inc.
Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 13 Column: b
Market Based Sale
Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 13 Column: c
(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3
Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 14 Column: b
Energy Imbalance
Schedule Page: 310.3 Line No.: 14 Column: c
(6) East Kentucky Power Coop. OATT FERC Electric Tariff Vol. 1 Second Rev.
Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 1 Column: b
Market Based Sale
Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 1 Column: c
(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3
Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 2 Column: b
Cost Based Sale
Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 2 Column: c
(5) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 5
Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 3 Column: b
Cost Based Sale
Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 3 Column: c
(5) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 5
Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 4 Column: b
Market Based Sale
Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 4 Column: c
(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3
Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 5 Column: a
Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.
Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 5 Column: c
(1) FERC Rate Schedule No. 1. The Power Supply System Agreement, FERC Docket No. ER98-111-000
Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 6 Column: b
Financial Swap
Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 6 Column: j
Financial Swap

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	/ /	2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 7 Column: b
Market Based Sale

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 7 Column: c
(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 8 Column: b
Market Based Sale

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 8 Column: c
(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 9 Column: a

The Midwest ISO Contingency Reserve Sharing Group (MISO CRSG) is not a signatory to the CRSG contract. The MISO CRSG is the group administrator and serves as the clearing house for the CRSG billing. The CRSG group is comprised of the following members: Alliant East, Alliant West, Ameren Illinois, Ameren Missouri, Ames Municipal, Basin Electric Power Cooperative, Big Rivers, City of Springfield, City of Columbia Missouri, Consumers, Dairyland Power Cooperative, DTE Energy, Duke Energy, Duke Energy Indiana, Duke Energy Kentucky, Duke Energy Ohio, East Kentucky Power Coop, E.ON US, First Energy, GEN-SYS Energy, Great River Energy, Hastings Municipal, Heartland Consumers Power Dist, Hoosier Energy R.E.C., Hutchinson Utilities Commission, Indianapolis Power & Light Co, Lincoln Electric System, Madison Gas & Electric, Manitoba Hydro, Michigan Electric Coordinated System, MidAmerican Energy Company, Minnesota Municipal Power Agency, Minnesota Power Inc, Minnkota Power Cooperative, Missouri River Energy Services, Montana-Dakota Utilities Inc, Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska, Muscatine Power and Water, Nebraska Public Power District, Northern Indiana Public Service Co, Northwestern Energy, NSP Companies, Omaha Public Power District, Otter Tail Power Company, Rochester Public Utilities, So Minnesota Municipal Power Agency, Southern Illinois Power Coop, Upper Peninsula Power Co, Vectren, Western Area Power Administration, Willmar Municipal Utilities, Wisconsin Energy Corporation, Wisconsin Public Power Inc, and Wisconsin Public Service Corp.

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 9 Column: b
Emergency Power

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 9 Column: c
(7) MISO FERC Electric Tariff Rate Schedule No. 9

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 9 Column: g
MWH for Midwest ISO (MISO) members are excluded to avoid double-counting; MWH for MISO members are reported with the MISO as part of the energy markets invoice using the FERC Order 668 MWH netting requirement.

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 9 Column: i
Energy dollars for amount representing LMP are reported with the Midwest ISO (MISO) as part of the energy markets invoice using the FERC Order 668 MWH netting requirement.

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 10 Column: b
Market Based Sale

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 10 Column: c
(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 11 Column: c
(9) FERC Electric Tariff FPC 74

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 12 Column: b
Backup Power

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 12 Column: c
(9) FERC Electric Tariff FPC 74

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 13 Column: b
Market Based Sale

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 13 Column: c
(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 14 Column: b
Market Based Sale

Schedule Page: 310.4 Line No.: 14 Column: c
(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3

Schedule Page: 310.5 Line No.: 1 Column: b
Market Based Sale

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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 310.5 Line No.: 1 Column: c
(2) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 2
Schedule Page: 310.5 Line No.: 2 Column: b
Market Based Sale
Schedule Page: 310.5 Line No.: 2 Column: c
(2) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 2
Schedule Page: 310.5 Line No.: 3 Column: b
Market Based Sale
Schedule Page: 310.5 Line No.: 3 Column: c
(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3
Schedule Page: 310.5 Line No.: 4 Column: b
Market Based Sale
Schedule Page: 310.5 Line No.: 4 Column: c
(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3
Schedule Page: 310.5 Line No.: 5 Column: b
Market Based Sale
Schedule Page: 310.5 Line No.: 5 Column: c
(2) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 2
Schedule Page: 310.5 Line No.: 6 Column: b
Market Based Sale
Schedule Page: 310.5 Line No.: 6 Column: c
(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3
Schedule Page: 310.5 Line No.: 7 Column: b
Market Based Sale
Schedule Page: 310.5 Line No.: 7 Column: c
(3) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3
Schedule Page: 310.5 Line No.: 8 Column: b
Market Based Sale
Schedule Page: 310.5 Line No.: 8 Column: c
(2) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 2
Schedule Page: 310.5 Line No.: 9 Column: a

Negative figures represent accounting required by EITF 02-03 netting purchases and brokered revenues and represent a net purchase.

Name of Respondent		This Report Is:		Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company		(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original	(2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
ELECTRIC OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES					
If the amount for previous year is not derived from previously reported figures, explain in footnote.					
Line No.	Account (a)	Amount for Current Year (b)	Amount for Previous Year (c)		
1	1. POWER PRODUCTION EXPENSES				
2	A. Steam Power Generation				
3	Operation				
4	(500) Operation Supervision and Engineering	3,884,997	3,643,869		
5	(501) Fuel	402,527,315	377,673,157		
6	(502) Steam Expenses	9,983,115	8,783,650		
7	(503) Steam from Other Sources				
8	(Less) (504) Steam Transferred-Cr.				
9	(505) Electric Expenses	5,596,263	5,489,171		
10	(506) Miscellaneous Steam Power Expenses	7,282,652	7,451,722		
11	(507) Rents				
12	(509) Allowances	2,614,525	3,075,882		
13	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of Lines 4 thru 12)	431,888,867	406,117,451		
14	Maintenance				
15	(510) Maintenance Supervision and Engineering	4,952,714	4,592,397		
16	(511) Maintenance of Structures	5,036,929	4,535,489		
17	(512) Maintenance of Boiler Plant	27,400,811	20,380,208		
18	(513) Maintenance of Electric Plant	10,556,105	5,407,895		
19	(514) Maintenance of Miscellaneous Steam Plant	1,065,291	1,151,325		
20	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of Lines 15 thru 19)	49,011,850	36,067,314		
21	TOTAL Power Production Expenses-Steam Power (Entr Tot lines 13 & 20)	480,900,717	442,184,765		
22	B. Nuclear Power Generation				
23	Operation				
24	(517) Operation Supervision and Engineering				
25	(518) Fuel				
26	(519) Coolants and Water				
27	(520) Steam Expenses				
28	(521) Steam from Other Sources				
29	(Less) (522) Steam Transferred-Cr.				
30	(523) Electric Expenses				
31	(524) Miscellaneous Nuclear Power Expenses				
32	(525) Rents				
33	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 24 thru 32)				
34	Maintenance				
35	(528) Maintenance Supervision and Engineering				
36	(529) Maintenance of Structures				
37	(530) Maintenance of Reactor Plant Equipment				
38	(531) Maintenance of Electric Plant				
39	(532) Maintenance of Miscellaneous Nuclear Plant				
40	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 35 thru 39)				
41	TOTAL Power Production Expenses-Nuc. Power (Entr tot lines 33 & 40)				
42	C. Hydraulic Power Generation				
43	Operation				
44	(535) Operation Supervision and Engineering	8,950	10,191		
45	(536) Water for Power				
46	(537) Hydraulic Expenses				
47	(538) Electric Expenses				
48	(539) Miscellaneous Hydraulic Power Generation Expenses	30,470	32,026		
49	(540) Rents				
50	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of Lines 44 thru 49)	39,420	42,217		
51	C. Hydraulic Power Generation (Continued)				
52	Maintenance				
53	(541) Maintenance Supervision and Engineering	107,573	96,497		
54	(542) Maintenance of Structures	144,686	102,634		
55	(543) Maintenance of Reservoirs, Dams, and Waterways				
56	(544) Maintenance of Electric Plant	197,756	79,995		
57	(545) Maintenance of Miscellaneous Hydraulic Plant	5,459	15,344		
58	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 53 thru 57)	455,474	294,470		
59	TOTAL Power Production Expenses-Hydraulic Power (tot of lines 50 & 58)	494,894	336,687		

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo. Da. Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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ELECTRIC OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES (Continued)

If the amount for previous year is not derived from previously reported figures, explain in footnote.

Line No.	Account (a)	Amount for Current Year (b)	Amount for Previous Year (c)
60	D. Other Power Generation		
61	Operation		
62	(546) Operation Supervision and Engineering	74,616	161,414
63	(547) Fuel	57,591,370	45,319,989
64	(548) Generation Expenses	713,415	559,572
65	(549) Miscellaneous Other Power Generation Expenses	144,288	117,937
66	(550) Rents		
67	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 62 thru 66)	58,523,689	46,158,912
68	Maintenance		
69	(551) Maintenance Supervision and Engineering	42,895	30,947
70	(552) Maintenance of Structures	150,424	142,707
71	(553) Maintenance of Generating and Electric Plant	2,975,965	3,090,188
72	(554) Maintenance of Miscellaneous Other Power Generation Plant	252,060	124,990
73	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 69 thru 72)	3,421,344	3,388,832
74	TOTAL Power Production Expenses-Other Power (Enter Tot of 67 & 73)	61,945,033	49,547,744
75	E. Other Power Supply Expenses		
76	(555) Purchased Power	168,443,606	182,445,055
77	(556) System Control and Load Dispatching	1,552,192	1,497,716
78	(557) Other Expenses	1,666,475	1,341,453
79	TOTAL Other Power Supply Exp (Enter Total of lines 76 thru 78)	171,662,273	198,284,224
80	TOTAL Power Production Expenses (Total of lines 21, 41, 59, 74 & 79)	715,002,917	690,353,420
81	2. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES		
82	Operation		
83	(560) Operation Supervision and Engineering	916,089	809,885
84	(561) Load Dispatching	957,968	905,814
85	(561.1) Load Dispatch-Reliability		
86	(561.2) Load Dispatch-Monitor and Operate Transmission System		
87	(561.3) Load Dispatch-Transmission Service and Scheduling		
88	(561.4) Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch Services	259	2,148,397
89	(561.5) Reliability, Planning and Standards Development		
90	(561.6) Transmission Service Studies	18,891	
91	(561.7) Generation Interconnection Studies		
92	(561.8) Reliability, Planning and Standards Development Services	18	154,475
93	(562) Station Expenses	458,794	487,492
94	(563) Overhead Lines Expenses	400,237	351,588
95	(564) Underground Lines Expenses		
96	(565) Transmission of Electricity by Others	4,484,694	636,490
97	(566) Miscellaneous Transmission Expenses	6,293,929	1,961,218
98	(567) Rents	56,986	66,325
99	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 83 thru 98)	13,587,865	7,521,684
100	Maintenance		
101	(568) Maintenance Supervision and Engineering		
102	(569) Maintenance of Structures		
103	(569.1) Maintenance of Computer Hardware		
104	(569.2) Maintenance of Computer Software		
105	(569.3) Maintenance of Communication Equipment		
106	(569.4) Maintenance of Miscellaneous Regional Transmission Plant		
107	(570) Maintenance of Station Equipment	1,169,930	1,419,942
108	(571) Maintenance of Overhead Lines	3,515,529	3,230,365
109	(572) Maintenance of Underground Lines		
110	(573) Maintenance of Miscellaneous Transmission Plant	309,324	366,416
111	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 101 thru 110)	4,994,783	5,016,723
112	TOTAL Transmission Expenses (Total of lines 99 and 111)	18,582,648	12,538,407

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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ELECTRIC OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES (Continued)

If the amount for previous year is not derived from previously reported figures, explain in footnote.

Line No.	Account (a)	Amount for Current Year (b)	Amount for Previous Year (c)
113	3. REGIONAL MARKET EXPENSES		
114	Operation		
115	(575.1) Operation Supervision		
116	(575.2) Day-Ahead and Real-Time Market Facilitation		
117	(575.3) Transmission Rights Market Facilitation		
118	(575.4) Capacity Market Facilitation		
119	(575.5) Ancillary Services Market Facilitation		
120	(575.6) Market Monitoring and Compliance		
121	(575.7) Market Facilitation, Monitoring and Compliance Services	5,792	2,467,269
122	(575.8) Rents		
123	Total Operation (Lines 115 thru 122)	5,792	2,467,269
124	Maintenance		
125	(576.1) Maintenance of Structures and Improvements		
126	(576.2) Maintenance of Computer Hardware		
127	(576.3) Maintenance of Computer Software		
128	(576.4) Maintenance of Communication Equipment		
129	(576.5) Maintenance of Miscellaneous Market Operation Plant		
130	Total Maintenance (Lines 125 thru 129)		
131	TOTAL Regional Transmission and Market Op Expns (Total 123 and 130)	5,792	2,467,269
132	4. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES		
133	Operation		
134	(580) Operation Supervision and Engineering	1,337,127	1,364,286
135	(581) Load Dispatching	667,273	626,656
136	(582) Station Expenses	1,103,556	1,134,872
137	(583) Overhead Line Expenses	2,806,778	3,118,262
138	(584) Underground Line Expenses	85,185	99,121
139	(585) Street Lighting and Signal System Expenses	6,500	7,135
140	(586) Meter Expenses	6,202,616	6,205,589
141	(587) Customer Installations Expenses	815,768	1,011,068
142	(588) Miscellaneous Expenses	4,557,460	4,786,165
143	(589) Rents	13,002	11,044
144	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 134 thru 143)	16,697,729	17,252,066
145	Maintenance		
146	(590) Maintenance Supervision and Engineering	7,927	5,742
147	(591) Maintenance of Structures		
148	(592) Maintenance of Station Equipment	813,560	1,510,368
149	(593) Maintenance of Overhead Lines	19,293,285	19,402,799
150	(594) Maintenance of Underground Lines	621,863	639,610
151	(595) Maintenance of Line Transformers	112,521	64,791
152	(596) Maintenance of Street Lighting and Signal Systems	81,269	182,499
153	(597) Maintenance of Meters		
154	(598) Maintenance of Miscellaneous Distribution Plant	11,846	7,183
155	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 146 thru 154)	20,942,271	21,812,992
156	TOTAL Distribution Expenses (Total of lines 144 and 155)	37,640,000	39,065,058
157	5. CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES		
158	Operation		
159	(901) Supervision	1,991,238	2,100,254
160	(902) Meter Reading Expenses	4,292,201	4,692,871
161	(903) Customer Records and Collection Expenses	11,681,015	11,543,567
162	(904) Uncollectible Accounts	2,323,942	2,608,946
163	(905) Miscellaneous Customer Accounts Expenses	173,641	70,757
164	TOTAL Customer Accounts Expenses (Total of lines 159 thru 163)	20,462,037	21,016,395

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ELECTRIC OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES (Continued)

If the amount for previous year is not derived from previously reported figures, explain in footnote.

Line No.	Account (a)	Amount for Current Year (b)	Amount for Previous Year (c)
165	6. CUSTOMER SERVICE AND INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES		
166	Operation		
167	(907) Supervision	234,620	248,670
168	(908) Customer Assistance Expenses	4,748,069	4,180,358
169	(909) Informational and Instructional Expenses	536,623	184,059
170	(910) Miscellaneous Customer Service and Informational Expenses	747,973	225,350
171	TOTAL Customer Service and Information Expenses (Total 167 thru 170)	6,267,285	4,838,437
172	7. SALES EXPENSES		
173	Operation		
174	(911) Supervision		
175	(912) Demonstrating and Selling Expenses		
176	(913) Advertising Expenses	48,890	
177	(916) Miscellaneous Sales Expenses		
178	TOTAL Sales Expenses (Enter Total of lines 174 thru 177)	48,890	
179	8. ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES		
180	Operation		
181	(920) Administrative and General Salaries	15,682,009	14,150,106
182	(921) Office Supplies and Expenses	7,271,153	6,836,146
183	(Less) (922) Administrative Expenses Transferred-Credit	1,316,492	1,221,870
184	(923) Outside Services Employed	8,985,949	6,957,638
185	(924) Property Insurance	3,394,768	3,097,847
186	(925) Injuries and Damages	1,178,211	1,690,654
187	(926) Employee Pensions and Benefits	22,618,725	28,229,324
188	(927) Franchise Requirements	3,206	3,023
189	(928) Regulatory Commission Expenses	930,738	
190	(929) (Less) Duplicate Charges-Cr.	3,206	3,023
191	(930.1) General Advertising Expenses	445,124	558,300
192	(930.2) Miscellaneous General Expenses	1,545,718	4,937,489
193	(931) Rents	1,565,377	1,404,837
194	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 181 thru 193)	62,301,280	66,640,471
195	Maintenance		
196	(935) Maintenance of General Plant	6,416,472	6,296,915
197	TOTAL Administrative & General Expenses (Total of lines 194 and 196)	68,717,752	72,937,386
198	TOTAL Elec Op and Maint Expns (Total 80,112,131,156,164,171,178,197)	866,727,321	843,216,372

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FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 320 Line No.: 78 Column: c
The primary cause of the decrease in account 557 is MISO Day 2 expenses in 2006.

Schedule Page: 320 Line No.: 96 Column: b
The primary cause of the increase in account 565 between 2007 and 2006 is a credit in 2006 of \$1.3M booked to electric transmission related to off-system sales to the MISO based on non-firm point-to-point service resettlement per the FERC Order regarding DTE Energy Trading, Inc. vs MISO, docket #EL05-63-000.

Schedule Page: 320 Line No.: 121 Column: c
Expenses represent MISO Day 2 charges.

Schedule Page: 320 Line No.: 141 Column: b
Credit is due to meter tampering charges billed to customers to offset cost of meter maintenance. Cost is recorded in several accounts.

Schedule Page: 320 Line No.: 141 Column: c
Credit is due to meter tampering charges billed to customers to offset cost of meter maintenance. Cost is recorded in several other accounts.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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**PURCHASED POWER (Account 555)
(Including power exchanges)**

1. Report all power purchases made during the year. Also report exchanges of electricity (i.e., transactions involving a balancing of debits and credits for energy, capacity, etc.) and any settlements for imbalanced exchanges.

2. Enter the name of the seller or other party in an exchange transaction in column (a). Do not abbreviate or truncate the name or use acronyms. Explain in a footnote any ownership interest or affiliation the respondent has with the seller.

3. In column (b), enter a Statistical Classification Code based on the original contractual terms and conditions of the service as follows:

RQ - for requirements service. Requirements service is service which the supplier plans to provide on an ongoing basis (i.e., the supplier includes projects load for this service in its system resource planning). In addition, the reliability of requirement service must be the same as, or second only to, the supplier's service to its own ultimate consumers.

LF - for long-term firm service. "Long-term" means five years or longer and "firm" means that service cannot be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions (e.g., the supplier must attempt to buy emergency energy from third parties to maintain deliveries of LF service). This category should not be used for long-term firm service firm service which meets the definition of RQ service. For all transaction identified as LF, provide in a footnote the termination date of the contract defined as the earliest date that either buyer or seller can unilaterally get out of the contract.

IF - for intermediate-term firm service. The same as LF service expect that "intermediate-term" means longer than one year but less than five years.

SF - for short-term service. Use this category for all firm services, where the duration of each period of commitment for service is one year or less.

LU - for long-term service from a designated generating unit. "Long-term" means five years or longer. The availability and reliability of service, aside from transmission constraints, must match the availability and reliability of the designated unit.

IU - for intermediate-term service from a designated generating unit. The same as LU service expect that "intermediate-term" means longer than one year but less than five years.

EX - For exchanges of electricity. Use this category for transactions involving a balancing of debits and credits for energy, capacity, etc. and any settlements for imbalanced exchanges.

OS - for other service. Use this category only for those services which cannot be placed in the above-defined categories, such as all non-firm service regardless of the length of the contract and service from designated units of less than one year. Describe the nature of the service in a footnote for each adjustment.

Line No.	Name of Company or Public Authority (Footnote Affiliations) (a)	Statistical Classification (b)	FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number (c)	Average Monthly Billing Demand (MW) (d)	Actual Demand (MW)	
					Average Monthly NCP Demand (e)	Average Monthly CP Demand (f)
1	Ameren Energy Marketing Company	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
2	American Electric Power Service Corp	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
3	Associated Electric Coop Inc	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
4	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	AD	(1)	NA	NA	NA
5	Bluegrass Generation Company LLC	OS	(5)	NA	NA	NA
6	Cargill Power Markets, LLC	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
7	Citigroup Energy Inc.	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
8	Cobb Electric Membership Corporation	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
9	Constellation Energy Comds. Grp Inc.	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
10	Dayton Power & Light Co	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
11	DTE Energy Trading Inc	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
12	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
13	Duke Energy Ohio, Inc.	AD	(1)	NA	NA	NA
14	East Kentucky Power Coop. Inc.	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
	Total					

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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PURCHASED POWER (Account 555) (Continued)
(Including power exchanges)

AD - for out-of-period adjustment. Use this code for any accounting adjustments or "true-ups" for service provided in prior reporting years. Provide an explanation in a footnote for each adjustment.

4. In column (c), identify the FERC Rate Schedule Number or Tariff, or, for non-FERC jurisdictional sellers, include an appropriate designation for the contract. On separate lines, list all FERC rate schedules, tariffs or contract designations under which service, as identified in column (b), is provided.
5. For requirements RQ purchases and any type of service involving demand charges imposed on a monthly (or longer) basis, enter the monthly average billing demand in column (d), the average monthly non-coincident peak (NCP) demand in column (e), and the average monthly coincident peak (CP) demand in column (f). For all other types of service, enter NA in columns (d), (e) and (f). Monthly NCP demand is the maximum metered hourly (60-minute integration) demand in a month. Monthly CP demand is the metered demand during the hour (60-minute integration) in which the supplier's system reaches its monthly peak. Demand reported in columns (e) and (f) must be in megawatts. Footnote any demand not stated on a megawatt basis and explain.
6. Report in column (g) the megawatthours shown on bills rendered to the respondent. Report in columns (h) and (i) the megawatthours of power exchanges received and delivered, used as the basis for settlement. Do not report net exchange.
7. Report demand charges in column (j), energy charges in column (k), and the total of any other types of charges, including out-of-period adjustments, in column (l). Explain in a footnote all components of the amount shown in column (l). Report in column (m) the total charge shown on bills received as settlement by the respondent. For power exchanges, report in column (m) the settlement amount for the net receipt of energy. If more energy was delivered than received, enter a negative amount. If the settlement amount (l) include credits or charges other than incremental generation expenses, or (2) excludes certain credits or charges covered by the agreement, provide an explanatory footnote.
8. The data in column (g) through (m) must be totalled on the last line of the schedule. The total amount in column (g) must be reported as Purchases on Page 401, line 10. The total amount in column (h) must be reported as Exchange Received on Page 401, line 12. The total amount in column (i) must be reported as Exchange Delivered on Page 401, line 13.
9. Footnote entries as required and provide explanations following all required data.

MegaWatt Hours Purchased (g)	POWER EXCHANGES		COST/SETTLEMENT OF POWER				Line No.
	MegaWatt Hours Received (h)	MegaWatt Hours Delivered (i)	Demand Charges (\$) (j)	Energy Charges (\$) (k)	Other Charges (\$) (l)	Total (j+k+l) of Settlement (\$) (m)	
1,304				69,112		69,112	1
51,112				3,149,297		3,149,297	2
28,957				1,981,958		1,981,958	3
						11	4
312				20,415		20,415	5
42,955				2,735,376		2,735,376	6
2,762				166,092		166,092	7
7,844				487,167		487,167	8
33,237				2,474,145		2,474,145	9
475				29,750		29,750	10
1,968				109,031		109,031	11
2,334				147,548		147,548	12
						12	13
3,412				187,205		187,205	14
6,650.566	25,345	451	15,702.460	152,741,119	27	168,443,606	

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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**PURCHASED POWER (Account 555)
(Including power exchanges)**

- Report all power purchases made during the year. Also report exchanges of electricity (i.e., transactions involving a balancing of debits and credits for energy, capacity, etc.) and any settlements for imbalanced exchanges.
- Enter the name of the seller or other party in an exchange transaction in column (a). Do not abbreviate or truncate the name or use acronyms. Explain in a footnote any ownership interest or affiliation the respondent has with the seller.
- In column (b), enter a Statistical Classification Code based on the original contractual terms and conditions of the service as follows:

RQ - for requirements service. Requirements service is service which the supplier plans to provide on an ongoing basis (i.e., the supplier includes projects load for this service in its system resource planning). In addition, the reliability of requirement service must be the same as, or second only to, the supplier's service to its own ultimate consumers.

LF - for long-term firm service. "Long-term" means five years or longer and "firm" means that service cannot be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions (e.g., the supplier must attempt to buy emergency energy from third parties to maintain deliveries of LF service). This category should not be used for long-term firm service firm service which meets the definition of RQ service. For all transaction identified as LF, provide in a footnote the termination date of the contract defined as the earliest date that either buyer or seller can unilaterally get out of the contract.

IF - for intermediate-term firm service. The same as LF service expect that "intermediate-term" means longer than one year but less than five years.

SF - for short-term service. Use this category for all firm services, where the duration of each period of commitment for service is one year or less.

LU - for long-term service from a designated generating unit. "Long-term" means five years or longer. The availability and reliability of service, aside from transmission constraints, must match the availability and reliability of the designated unit

IU - for intermediate-term service from a designated generating unit. The same as LU service expect that "intermediate-term" means longer than one year but less than five years.

EX - For exchanges of electricity. Use this category for transactions involving a balancing of debits and credits for energy, capacity, etc. and any settlements for imbalanced exchanges.

OS - for other service. Use this category only for those services which cannot be placed in the above-defined categories, such as all non-firm service regardless of the Length of the contract and service from designated units of Less than one year. Describe the nature of the service in a footnote for each adjustment.

Line No.	Name of Company or Public Authority (Footnote Affiliations) (a)	Statistical Classification (b)	FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number (c)	Average Monthly Billing Demand (MW) (d)	Actual Demand (MW)	
					Average Monthly NCP Demand (e)	Average Monthly CP Demand (f)
1	East Kentucky Power Coop. Inc.	OS	(3)	NA	NA	NA
2	Fortis Energy Marketing & Trading GP	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
3	Kansas City Power & Light Co	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
4	Louisville Gas & Electric Co	SF	(2)	NA	NA	NA
5	Merrill Lynch Commodities, Inc.	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
6	Midwest Independent Transmission Oper.	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
7	Midwest ISO Contingency/Reserv. Sharing	OS	(4)	NA	NA	NA
8	Ohio Valley Electric Corporation	OS	(6)	NA	NA	NA
9	Owensboro Municipal Utilities	RQ	(7)	148	274	
10	Owensboro Municipal Utilities	IF	(7)	NA	NA	NA
11	PJM Interconnection Association	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
12	Progress Energy Ventures Inc.	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
13	Sempra Energy Trading Corp.	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
14	Southern Company Services, Inc.	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
	Total					

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PURCHASED POWER (Account 555) (Continued)
(including power exchanges)

AD - for out-of-period adjustment. Use this code for any accounting adjustments or "true-ups" for service provided in prior reporting years. Provide an explanation in a footnote for each adjustment.

4. In column (c), identify the FERC Rate Schedule Number or Tariff, or, for non-FERC jurisdictional sellers, include an appropriate designation for the contract. On separate lines, list all FERC rate schedules, tariffs or contract designations under which service, as identified in column (b), is provided.
5. For requirements RQ purchases and any type of service involving demand charges imposed on a monthly (or longer) basis, enter the monthly average billing demand in column (d), the average monthly non-coincident peak (NCP) demand in column (e), and the average monthly coincident peak (CP) demand in column (f). For all other types of service, enter NA in columns (d), (e) and (f). Monthly NCP demand is the maximum metered hourly (60-minute integration) demand in a month. Monthly CP demand is the metered demand during the hour (60-minute integration) in which the supplier's system reaches its monthly peak. Demand reported in columns (e) and (f) must be in megawatts. Footnote any demand not stated on a megawatt basis and explain.
6. Report in column (g) the megawatthours shown on bills rendered to the respondent. Report in columns (h) and (i) the megawatthours of power exchanges received and delivered, used as the basis for settlement. Do not report net exchange.
7. Report demand charges in column (j), energy charges in column (k), and the total of any other types of charges, including out-of-period adjustments, in column (l). Explain in a footnote all components of the amount shown in column (l). Report in column (m) the total charge shown on bills received as settlement by the respondent. For power exchanges, report in column (m) the settlement amount for the net receipt of energy. If more energy was delivered than received, enter a negative amount. If the settlement amount (l) include credits or charges other than incremental generation expenses, or (2) excludes certain credits or charges covered by the agreement, provide an explanatory footnote.
8. The data in column (g) through (m) must be totalled on the last line of the schedule. The total amount in column (g) must be reported as Purchases on Page 401, line 10. The total amount in column (h) must be reported as Exchange Received on Page 401, line 12. The total amount in column (i) must be reported as Exchange Delivered on Page 401, line 13.
9. Footnote entries as required and provide explanations following all required data.

MegaWatt Hours Purchased (g)	POWER EXCHANGES		COST/SETTLEMENT OF POWER				Line No.
	MegaWatt Hours Received (h)	MegaWatt Hours Delivered (i)	Demand Charges (\$) (j)	Energy Charges (\$) (k)	Other Charges (\$) (l)	Total (j+k+l) of Settlement (\$) (m)	
1,377				91,261		91,261	1
28,372				1,902,946		1,902,946	2
284				16,485		16,485	3
4,667,719				93,385,708		93,385,708	4
9,904				702,481		702,481	5
78,717				4,702,954		4,702,954	6
194				118,074		118,074	7
369,025			1,324,708	7,240,670		8,565,378	8
1,288,573			14,377,752	30,779,888		45,157,640	9
55				3,157		3,157	10
4,021				204,510		204,510	11
2,150				174,256		174,256	12
339				19,336		19,336	13
10,013				631,822		631,822	14
6,650,566	25,345	451	15,702,460	152,741,119	27	168,443,606	

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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PURCHASED POWER (Account 555)
(Including power exchanges)

- Report all power purchases made during the year. Also report exchanges of electricity (i.e., transactions involving a balancing of debits and credits for energy, capacity, etc.) and any settlements for imbalanced exchanges.
- Enter the name of the seller or other party in an exchange transaction in column (a). Do not abbreviate or truncate the name or use acronyms. Explain in a footnote any ownership interest or affiliation the respondent has with the seller.
- In column (b), enter a Statistical Classification Code based on the original contractual terms and conditions of the service as follows:

RQ - for requirements service. Requirements service is service which the supplier plans to provide on an ongoing basis (i.e., the supplier includes projects load for this service in its system resource planning). In addition, the reliability of requirement service must be the same as, or second only to, the supplier's service to its own ultimate consumers.

LF - for long-term firm service. "Long-term" means five years or longer and "firm" means that service cannot be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions (e.g., the supplier must attempt to buy emergency energy from third parties to maintain deliveries of LF service). This category should not be used for long-term firm service firm service which meets the definition of RQ service. For all transaction identified as LF, provide in a footnote the termination date of the contract defined as the earliest date that either buyer or seller can unilaterally get out of the contract.

IF - for intermediate-term firm service. The same as LF service expect that "intermediate-term" means longer than one year but less than five years.

SF - for short-term service. Use this category for all firm services, where the duration of each period of commitment for service is one year or less.

LU - for long-term service from a designated generating unit. "Long-term" means five years or longer. The availability and reliability of service, aside from transmission constraints, must match the availability and reliability of the designated unit.

IU - for intermediate-term service from a designated generating unit. The same as LU service expect that "intermediate-term" means longer than one year but less than five years.

EX - For exchanges of electricity. Use this category for transactions involving a balancing of debits and credits for energy, capacity, etc. and any settlements for imbalanced exchanges

OS - for other service. Use this category only for those services which cannot be placed in the above-defined categories, such as all non-firm service regardless of the length of the contract and service from designated units of Less than one year. Describe the nature of the service in a footnote for each adjustment.

Line No.	Name of Company or Public Authority (Footnote Affiliations) (a)	Statistical Classification (b)	FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number (c)	Average Monthly Billing Demand (MW) (d)	Actual Demand (MW)	
					Average Monthly NCP Demand (e)	Average Monthly CP Demand (f)
1	Southern Indiana Gas & Electric Co.	AD	(1)	NA	NA	NA
2	Tenaska Power Services Co	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
3	The Energy Authority	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
4	TransAlta Energy Marketing (U.S.) Inc	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
5	Tennessee Valley Authority	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
6	Westar Energy, Inc.	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
7	Williams Power Co. Inc.	OS	(1)	NA	NA	NA
8	Inadvertant Interchange					
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
	Total					

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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PURCHASED POWER (Account 555) (Continued)
(Including power exchanges)

AD - for out-of-period adjustment. Use this code for any accounting adjustments or "true-ups" for service provided in prior reporting years. Provide an explanation in a footnote for each adjustment.

4. In column (c), identify the FERC Rate Schedule Number or Tariff, or, for non-FERC jurisdictional sellers, include an appropriate designation for the contract. On separate lines, list all FERC rate schedules, tariffs or contract designations under which service, as identified in column (b), is provided.
5. For requirements RQ purchases and any type of service involving demand charges imposed on a monthly (or longer) basis, enter the monthly average billing demand in column (d), the average monthly non-coincident peak (NCP) demand in column (e), and the average monthly coincident peak (CP) demand in column (f). For all other types of service, enter NA in columns (d), (e) and (f). Monthly NCP demand is the maximum metered hourly (60-minute integration) demand in a month. Monthly CP demand is the metered demand during the hour (60-minute integration) in which the supplier's system reaches its monthly peak. Demand reported in columns (e) and (f) must be in megawatts. Footnote any demand not stated on a megawatt basis and explain.
6. Report in column (g) the megawatt hours shown on bills rendered to the respondent. Report in columns (h) and (i) the megawatt hours of power exchanges received and delivered, used as the basis for settlement. Do not report net exchange.
7. Report demand charges in column (j), energy charges in column (k), and the total of any other types of charges, including out-of-period adjustments, in column (l). Explain in a footnote all components of the amount shown in column (l). Report in column (m) the total charge shown on bills received as settlement by the respondent. For power exchanges, report in column (m) the settlement amount for the net receipt of energy. If more energy was delivered than received, enter a negative amount. If the settlement amount (l) include credits or charges other than incremental generation expenses, or (2) excludes certain credits or charges covered by the agreement, provide an explanatory footnote.
8. The data in column (g) through (m) must be totalled on the last line of the schedule. The total amount in column (g) must be reported as Purchases on Page 401, line 10. The total amount in column (h) must be reported as Exchange Received on Page 401, line 12. The total amount in column (i) must be reported as Exchange Delivered on Page 401, line 13.
9. Footnote entries as required and provide explanations following all required data.

MegaWatt Hours Purchased (g)	POWER EXCHANGES		COST/SETTLEMENT OF POWER				Line No.
	MegaWatt Hours Received (h)	MegaWatt Hours Delivered (i)	Demand Charges (\$) (j)	Energy Charges (\$) (k)	Other Charges (\$) (l)	Total (j+k+l) of Settlement (\$) (m)	
						4	1
2,149				253,582		253,582	2
2,785				246,486		246,486	3
763				99,160		99,160	4
1,295				168,350		168,350	5
4,692				350,104		350,104	6
1,467				92,793		92,793	7
	25,345	451					8
							9
							10
							11
							12
							13
							14
6,650,566	25,345	451	15,702,460	152,741,119	27	168,443,606	

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 1 Column: b Market Based Purchase
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 1 Column: c (1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 2 Column: b Market Based Purchase
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 2 Column: c (1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 3 Column: b Market Based Purchase
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 3 Column: c (1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 4 Column: b Price adjustment for December 2006 transaction.
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 4 Column: c (1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 4 Column: l Price adjustment for December 2006 transaction.
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 5 Column: b Energy Imbalance
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 5 Column: c (5) FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 2, Service Agreement No. 255
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 6 Column: b Market Based Purchase
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 6 Column: c (1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 7 Column: b Market Based Purchase
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 7 Column: c (1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 8 Column: b Market Based Purchase
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 8 Column: c (1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 9 Column: b Market Based Purchase
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 9 Column: c (1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 10 Column: b Market Based Purchase
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 10 Column: c (1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 11 Column: b Market Based Purchase
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 11 Column: c (1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 12 Column: b Market Based Purchase
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 12 Column: c (1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.
Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 13 Column: b Price adjustment for December 2006 transaction.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 13 Column: c

(1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.

Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 13 Column: l

Price adjustment for December 2006 transaction.

Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 14 Column: b

Market Based Purchase

Schedule Page: 326 Line No.: 14 Column: c

(1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 1 Column: b

Energy Imbalance

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 1 Column: c

(3) E.ON U.S. LLC, on behalf of its Operating Companies: Louisville Gas & Electric Co. and Kentucky Utilities Co. OATT FERC Electric Tariff Third Rev. Vol. 1 (prior to July 13, 2007), Fourth Rev. Vol.1 (July 13, 2007 and after) and East Kentucky Power Coop. OATT FERC Electric Tariff Vol. 1 Second Rev.

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 2 Column: b

Market Based Purchase

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 2 Column: c

(1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 3 Column: b

Market Based Purchase

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 3 Column: c

(1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 4 Column: a

Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 4 Column: c

(2) FERC Rate Schedule No. 1. The Power Supply System Agreement, FERC Docket No. ER98-111-000

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 5 Column: b

Market Based Purchase

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 5 Column: c

(1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 6 Column: b

Market Based Purchase

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 6 Column: c

(1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 7 Column: a

The Midwest ISO Contingency Reserve Sharing Group (MISO CRSG) is not a signatory to the CRSG contract. The MISO CRSG is the group administrator and serves as the clearing house for the CRSG billing. The CRSG group is comprised of the following members: Alliant East, Alliant West, Ameren Illinois, Ameren Missouri, Ames Municipal, Basin Electric Power Cooperative, Big Rivers, City of Springfield, City of Columbia Missouri, Consumers, Dairyland Power Cooperative, DTE Energy, Duke Energy, Duke Energy Indiana, Duke Energy Kentucky, Duke Energy Ohio, East Kentucky Power Coop, E.ON US, First Energy, GEN-SYS Energy, Great River Energy, Hastings Municipal, Heartland Consumers Power Dist, Hoosier Energy R.E.C., Hutchinson Utilities Commission, Indianapolis Power & Light Co, Lincoln Electric System, Madison Gas & Electric, Manitoba Hydro, Michigan Electric Coordinated System, MidAmerican Energy Company, Minnesota Municipal Power Agency, Minnesota Power Inc, Minnkota Power Cooperative, Missouri River Energy Services, Montana-Dakota Utilities Inc, Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska, Muscatine Power and Water, Nebraska Public Power District, Northern Indiana Public Service Co, Northwestern Energy, NSP Companies, Omaha Public Power District, Otter Tail Power Company, Rochester Public Utilities, So Minnesota Municipal Power Agency, Southern Illinois Power Coop, Upper Peninsula Power Co, Vectren, Western Area Power Administration, Willmar Municipal Utilities, Wisconsin Energy Corporation, Wisconsin Public Power Inc, and Wisconsin Public Service Corp.

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 7 Column: b

Emergency Power

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 7 Column: c

(4) MISO FERC Electric Tariff Rate Schedule No. 9

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 7 Column: g

MWH for Midwest ISO (MISO) members are excluded to avoid double-counting; MWH for MISO members are reported with MISO as part of the energy markets invoice using the FERC Order 668 MWH netting requirement.

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 7 Column: k

Energy dollars for amount representing LMP are reported with Midwest ISO (MISO) as part of the energy markets invoice using the FERC Order 668 MWH netting requirement.

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 8 Column: a

The Company owns 2.5% of the common stock of Ohio Valley Electric Corporation. Purchase of surplus power pursuant to Article 6 of the Intercompany Agreement among OVEC and Sponsoring Companies dated July 10, 1953.

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 8 Column: b

Surplus Power

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 8 Column: c

(6) Purchase of Surplus power pursuant to Intercompany Agreement among OVEC and Sponsoring Companies dated July 10, 1953.

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 9 Column: c

(7) FERC Electric Tariff FPC 74

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 9 Column: f

The supplier's system monthly peak is not available to Kentucky Utilities Company.

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 10 Column: c

(7) FERC Electric Tariff FPC 74

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 11 Column: b

Market Based Purchase

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 11 Column: c

(1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 12 Column: b

Market Based Purchase

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 12 Column: c

(1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 13 Column: b

Market Based Purchase

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 13 Column: c

(1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 14 Column: b

Market Based Purchase

Schedule Page: 326.1 Line No.: 14 Column: c

(1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.

Schedule Page: 326.2 Line No.: 1 Column: b

Price adjustment for December 2006 transaction.

Schedule Page: 326.2 Line No.: 1 Column: c

(1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.

Schedule Page: 326.2 Line No.: 1 Column: l

Price adjustment for December 2006 transaction.

Schedule Page: 326.2 Line No.: 2 Column: b

Market Based Purchase

Schedule Page: 326.2 Line No.: 2 Column: c

(1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.

Schedule Page: 326.2 Line No.: 3 Column: b

Market Based Purchase

Schedule Page: 326.2 Line No.: 3 Column: c

(1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.

Schedule Page: 326.2 Line No.: 4 Column: b

Market Based Purchase

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 326.2 Line No.: 4 Column: c

(1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.

Schedule Page: 326.2 Line No.: 5 Column: b

Market Based Purchase

Schedule Page: 326.2 Line No.: 5 Column: c

(1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.

Schedule Page: 326.2 Line No.: 6 Column: b

Market Based Purchase

Schedule Page: 326.2 Line No.: 6 Column: c

(1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission.

Schedule Page: 326.2 Line No.: 7 Column: b

Market Based Purchase

Schedule Page: 326.2 Line No.: 7 Column: c

(1) FERC-approved tariff and/or rate schedule as on file with the Commission

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY FOR OTHERS (Account 456.1)
(Including transactions referred to as 'wheeling')

1. Report all transmission of electricity, i.e., wheeling, provided for other electric utilities, cooperatives, other public authorities, qualifying facilities, non-traditional utility suppliers and ultimate customers for the quarter.

2. Use a separate line of data for each distinct type of transmission service involving the entities listed in column (a), (b) and (c).

3. Report in column (a) the company or public authority that paid for the transmission service. Report in column (b) the company or public authority that the energy was received from and in column (c) the company or public authority that the energy was delivered to. Provide the full name of each company or public authority. Do not abbreviate or truncate name or use acronyms. Explain in a footnote any ownership interest in or affiliation the respondent has with the entities listed in columns (a), (b) or (c)

4. In column (d) enter a Statistical Classification code based on the original contractual terms and conditions of the service as follows: FNO - Firm Network Service for Others, FNS - Firm Network Transmission Service for Self, LFP - "Long-Term Firm Point to Point Transmission Service, OLF - Other Long-Term Firm Transmission Service, SFP - Short-Term Firm Point to Point Transmission Reservation, NF - non-firm transmission service, OS - Other Transmission Service and AD - Out-of-Period Adjustments. Use this code for any accounting adjustments or "true-ups" for service provided in prior reporting periods. Provide an explanation in a footnote for each adjustment. See General Instruction for definitions of codes.

Line No	Payment By (Company of Public Authority) (Footnote Affiliation) (a)	Energy Received From (Company of Public Authority) (Footnote Affiliation) (b)	Energy Delivered To (Company of Public Authority) (Footnote Affiliation) (c)	Statistical Classification (d)
1	Midwest ISO	Midwest ISO	Midwest ISO	AD
2	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	FNO
3	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	NF
4	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	AD
5	Tennessee Valley Authority	Tennessee Valley Authority	Tennessee Valley Authority	OLF
6	Tennessee Valley Authority	Tennessee Valley Authority	Tennessee Valley Authority	NF
7	Tennessee Valley Authority	Tennessee Valley Authority	Tennessee Valley Authority	AD
8	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	NF
9	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	AD
10	KU Transactions	Kentucky Utilities Company	Various	NF
11	KU Transactions	Kentucky Utilities Company	Various	AD
12	KU Transactions	Kentucky Utilities Company	Various	SFP
13	KU Transactions	Kentucky Utilities Company	Various	LFP
14	Cargill Power Markets, LLC	LGEE	MISO and PJM	NF
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				
26				
27				
28				
29				
30				
31				
32				
33				
34				
	TOTAL			

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY FOR OTHERS (Account 456)(Continued)
(Including transactions referred to as 'wheeling')

5. In column (e), identify the FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number. On separate lines, list all FERC rate schedules or contract designations under which service, as identified in column (d), is provided.
6. Report receipt and delivery locations for all single contract path, "point to point" transmission service. In column (f), report the designation for the substation, or other appropriate identification for where energy was received as specified in the contract. In column (g) report the designation for the substation, or other appropriate identification for where energy was delivered as specified in the contract.
7. Report in column (h) the number of megawatts of billing demand that is specified in the firm transmission service contract. Demand reported in column (h) must be in megawatts. Footnote any demand not stated on a megawatts basis and explain.
8. Report in column (i) and (j) the total megawatthours received and delivered.

FERC Rate Schedule of Tariff Number (e)	Point of Receipt (Substation or Other Designation) (f)	Point of Delivery (Substation or Other Designation) (g)	Billing Demand (MW) (h)	TRANSFER OF ENERGY		Line No.
				MegaWatt Hours Received (i)	MegaWatt Hours Delivered (j)	
N/A	Midwest ISO	N/A				1
Vol 1 SA 4	East Kentucky Power	East Kentucky Power	324	2,262,321	2,195,919	2
Vol 1	East Kentucky Power	East Kentucky Power		389	349	3
Vol 1	East Kentucky Power	East Kentucky Power				4
93	TVA	TVA	51	326,327	317,746	5
93	TVA	TVA				6
93	TVA	TVA				7
Vol 1	East Kentucky Power	Big Rivers Electric		579	579	8
Vol 1	East Kentucky Power	Big Rivers Electric				9
Vol 1	Various	Various				10
Vol 1	Various	Various				11
Vol 1	Various	Various	60			12
Vol 1	Various	Various	37			13
Vol 1	LGEE	PJM and MISO		7,790	7,549	14
						15
						16
						17
						18
						19
						20
						21
						22
						23
						24
						25
						26
						27
						28
						29
						30
						31
						32
						33
						34
			472	2,597,406	2,522,142	

BLANK

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY FOR OTHERS (Account 456) (Continued)
(including transactions referred to as 'wheeling')

9. In column (k) through (n), report the revenue amounts as shown on bills or vouchers. In column (k), provide revenues from demand charges related to the billing demand reported in column (h). In column (l), provide revenues from energy charges related to the amount of energy transferred. In column (m), provide the total revenues from all other charges on bills or vouchers rendered, including out of period adjustments. Explain in a footnote all components of the amount shown in column (m). Report in column (n) the total charge shown on bills rendered to the entity Listed in column (a). If no monetary settlement was made, enter zero (11011) in column (n). Provide a footnote explaining the nature of the non-monetary settlement, including the amount and type of energy or service rendered.

10. The total amounts in columns (i) and (j) must be reported as Transmission Received and Transmission Delivered for annual report purposes only on Page 401, Lines 16 and 17, respectively.

11. Footnote entries and provide explanations following all required data.

REVENUE FROM TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY FOR OTHERS

Demand Charges (\$) (k)	Energy Charges (\$) (l)	(Other Charges) (\$) (m)	Total Revenues (\$) (k+l+m) (n)	Line No.
	297,677	40,649	-338,326	1
2,383,514		281,470	2,664,984	2
	944	195	1,039	3
29,526	22,038	51,918	-103,482	4
570,431		67,030	607,461	5
	1,069		1,069	6
44,220	3,625	40,595		7
	1,051	84	1,135	8
	26	4	-22	9
	2,663,339	231,547	2,894,886	10
199,333	265,210	13,516	-79,393	11
645,103		57,339	702,442	12
359,516		32,665	392,181	13
	28,187	2,675	30,862	14
				15
				16
				17
				18
				19
				20
				21
				22
				23
				24
				25
				26
				27
				28
				29
				30
				31
				32
				33
				34
4,084,151	2,113,264	577,421	6,774,836	

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
Kentucky Utilities Company			
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 1 Column: l

Kentucky Utilities Company no longer transmits electricity through the MISO, however, the MISO continues to make adjustments for previous charges related to the transmission of electricity. These adjustments can increase or decrease revenue depending on the individual circumstances of the charge being adjusted. During 2007, there were more adjustments to decrease revenue than to increase revenue, causing the net balance to be negative.

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 1 Column: m

Kentucky Utilities Company no longer transmits electricity through the MISO, however, the MISO continues to make adjustments for previous charges related to the transmission of electricity. These adjustments can increase or decrease revenue depending on the individual circumstances of the charge being adjusted. During 2007, there were more adjustments to decrease revenue than to increase revenue, causing the net balance to be negative. Other charges consist of the MISO Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 charges.

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 2 Column: m

The total consists of East Kentucky Power Cooperative Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 charges related to firm transmission.

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 3 Column: m

The total consists of East Kentucky Power Cooperative Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 charges related to firm transmission.

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 4 Column: k

This amount consists of the following three adjustments:

-78,183
 -22,219
 70,876
 -29,526

The adjustment of -78,183 is due to an amount owed to East Kentucky Power Cooperative (EKPC) per FERC Docket No. ER02-2560-009 related to adjustments to the KU-EKPC Interconnection Agreement rates. The FERC is expected to order on this filing during 2008, at which time this amount would be paid to EKPC.

The adjustments of -22,219 and 70,876 relate to the first and second quarters of 2007. Amounts were reallocated between Kentucky Utilities Company and Louisville Gas and Electric Company or among the three revenue categories during the third and fourth quarters of 2007.

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 4 Column: l

This adjustment relates to an amount owed to East Kentucky Power Cooperative per the Settlement of Proceedings in FERC Docket No. ER06-1458.

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 4 Column: m

Amounts were reallocated between Kentucky Utilities Company and Louisville Gas and Electric Company or among the three revenue categories during the third and fourth quarters of 2007.

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 5 Column: m

The total consists of Tennessee Valley Authority Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 charges related to firm transmission.

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 7 Column: k

This adjustment relates to the reclassification of January through April 2007 charges to reflect the correct revenue type (i.e. demand, energy, other).

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 7 Column: l

This adjustment relates to the reclassification of January through April 2007 charges to reflect the correct revenue type (i.e. demand, energy, other).

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 7 Column: m

This adjustment relates to the reclassification of January through April 2007 charges to reflect the correct revenue type (i.e. demand, energy, other).

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 8 Column: m

The total consists of Big Rivers Electric Corporation Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 charges.

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 9 Column: l

Amounts were reallocated between Kentucky Utilities Company and Louisville Gas and Electric Company or among the three revenue categories during the third and fourth quarters of 2007.

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 9 Column: m

Amounts were reallocated between Kentucky Utilities Company and Louisville Gas and Electric Company or among the three revenue categories during the third and fourth quarters of 2007.

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 10 Column: m

The total consists of Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 charges related to various counterparties.

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 11 Column: k

Amounts were reallocated between Kentucky Utilities Company and Louisville Gas and Electric Company or among the three revenue categories during the third and fourth quarters of 2007.

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 11 Column: l

Amounts were reallocated between Kentucky Utilities Company and Louisville Gas and Electric Company or among the three revenue categories during the third and fourth quarters of 2007.

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 11 Column: m

Amounts were reallocated between Kentucky Utilities Company and Louisville Gas and Electric Company or among the three revenue categories during the third and fourth quarters of 2007.

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 12 Column: m

The total consists of Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 charges related to various counterparties.

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 13 Column: m

The total consists of Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 charges related to various counterparties.

Schedule Page: 328 Line No.: 14 Column: m

The total consists of Cargill Power Markets, LLC Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 charges.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY BY OTHERS (Account 565)
(Including transactions referred to as "wheeling")

- Report all transmission, i.e. wheeling or electricity provided by other electric utilities, cooperatives, municipalities, other public authorities, qualifying facilities, and others for the quarter.
- In column (a) report each company or public authority that provided transmission service. Provide the full name of the company, abbreviate if necessary, but do not truncate name or use acronyms. Explain in a footnote any ownership interest in or affiliation with the transmission service provider. Use additional columns as necessary to report all companies or public authorities that provided transmission service for the quarter reported.
- In column (b) enter a Statistical Classification code based on the original contractual terms and conditions of the service as follows: FNS - Firm Network Transmission Service for Self, LFP - Long-Term Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Reservations, OLF - Other Long-Term Firm Transmission Service, SFP - Short-Term Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Reservations, NF - Non-Firm Transmission Service, and OS - Other Transmission Service. See General Instructions for definitions of statistical classifications.
- Report in column (c) and (d) the total megawatt hours received and delivered by the provider of the transmission service.
- Report in column (e), (f) and (g) expenses as shown on bills or vouchers rendered to the respondent. In column (e) report the demand charges and in column (f) energy charges related to the amount of energy transferred. On column (g) report the total of all other charges on bills or vouchers rendered to the respondent, including any out of period adjustments. Explain in a footnote all components of the amount shown in column (g). Report in column (h) the total charge shown on bills rendered to the respondent. If no monetary settlement was made, enter zero in column (h). Provide a footnote explaining the nature of the non-monetary settlement, including the amount and type of energy or service rendered.
- Enter "TOTAL" in column (a) as the last line.
- Footnote entries and provide explanations following all required data.

Line No.	Name of Company or Public Authority (Footnote Affiliations) (a)	Statistical Classification (b)	TRANSFER OF ENERGY		EXPENSES FOR TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY BY OTHERS			
			Magawatt-hours Received (c)	Magawatt-hours Delivered (d)	Demand Charges (\$) (e)	Energy Charges (\$) (f)	Other Charges (\$) (g)	Total Cost of Transmission (\$) (h)
1	Midwest ISO	NF	34,516	34,516		22,437	16,945	39,382
2	Midwest ISO	FNS	71,774	71,774		37,471	21,664	59,132
3	Midwest ISO	AD				316,043	8,423	324,466
4	East Kentucky Power	LFP			453,827	173,798		627,625
5	East Kentucky Power	AD			1,238,253			1,238,253
6	Louisville Gas & Elec	LFP	55,800	55,800	54,150		8,625	62,775
7	Louisville Gas & Elec	SFP	6,858	6,858	6,655		1,060	7,715
8	Louisville Gas & Elec	NF	82,806	82,806		176,681	26,641	203,322
9	Louisville Gas & Elec	OS	1,024,498	1,024,498	71,759		7,701	79,460
10	Louisville Gas & Elec	AD			785,090	732,602	204,525	1,722,217
11	PJM Interconnect	NF	3,803	3,803		3,244	2,912	6,156
12	PJM Interconnect	OS	5	5		3		4
13	PJM Interconnect	AD				23		3
14	Tennessee Valley Auth	NF	30,615	30,615		8,434		8,434
15	Tennessee Valley Auth	AD				105,750		105,750
16								
	TOTAL		1,310,675	1,310,675	2,609,734	1,576,466	298,494	4,484,694

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 1 Column: f
Includes amounts per FERC Order ER05-273.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 1 Column: g
Consists of Schedule 1, Schedule 2, Schedule 26 and pass through charges.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 2 Column: g
Consists of Schedule 1, Schedule 2, Schedule 26 and pass through charges.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 3 Column: c
Starting in the third quarter of 2007 there was a change in the methodology of the allocation between Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company (Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.) and the three expense categories. This change was made retroactive to January 1, 2007 through a year-to-date reclass recorded in the third quarter.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 3 Column: d
Starting in the third quarter of 2007 there was a change in the methodology of the allocation between Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company (Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.) and the three expense categories. This change was made retroactive to January 1, 2007 through a year-to-date reclass recorded in the third quarter.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 3 Column: f
Starting in the third quarter of 2007 there was a change in the methodology of the allocation between Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company (Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.) and the three expense categories. This change was made retroactive to January 1, 2007 through a year-to-date reclass recorded in the third quarter.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 3 Column: g
Consists of Schedule 1, Schedule 2, Schedule 26 and pass through charges.
Starting in the third quarter of 2007 there was a change in the methodology of the allocation between Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company (Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.) and the three expense categories. This change was made retroactive to January 1, 2007 through a year-to-date reclass recorded in the third quarter.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 5 Column: e
Starting in the third quarter of 2007 there was a change in the methodology of the allocation between Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company (Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.) and the three expense categories. This change was made retroactive to January 1, 2007 through a year-to-date reclass recorded in the third quarter.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 6 Column: a
Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 6 Column: g
Consists of Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 Charges.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 7 Column: a
Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 7 Column: g
Consists of Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 Charges.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 8 Column: a
Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 8 Column: g
Consists of Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 Charges.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 9 Column: a
Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 9 Column: g
 Consist of Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 charges.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 10 Column: a
 Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 10 Column: c
 Starting in the third quarter of 2007 there was a change in the methodology of the allocation between Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company (Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.) and the three expense categories. This change was made retroactive to January 1, 2007 through a year-to-date reclass recorded in the third quarter.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 10 Column: d
 Starting in the third quarter of 2007 there was a change in the methodology of the allocation between Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company (Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.) and the three expense categories. This change was made retroactive to January 1, 2007 through a year-to-date reclass recorded in the third quarter.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 10 Column: e
 Starting in the third quarter of 2007 there was a change in the methodology of the allocation between Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company (Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.) and the three expense categories. This change was made retroactive to January 1, 2007 through a year-to-date reclass recorded in the third quarter.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 10 Column: f
 Starting in the third quarter of 2007 there was a change in the methodology of the allocation between Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company (Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.) and the three expense categories. This change was made retroactive to January 1, 2007 through a year-to-date reclass recorded in the third quarter.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 10 Column: g
 Consists of Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 charges.

Starting in the third quarter of 2007 there was a change in the methodology of the allocation between Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company (Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.) and the three expense categories. This change was made retroactive to January 1, 2007 through a year-to-date reclass recorded in the third quarter.

Total "other charges" was reported \$1,900 less in the third quarter than that which was recorded in the general ledger accounts. However, the total amount reported for transmission in the third quarter ties correctly to the general ledger for the third quarter.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 11 Column: f
 Included in PJM non-firm point to point transmission service is a non-energy related charge of \$432 that is considered "other" transmission expense. "Non-firm energy charges" includes amounts that were recorded as a non-firm transmission energy purchase instead of "other" in the general ledger accounts.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 11 Column: g
 Consists of Schedule 1, Schedule 2 and Schedule 6A, Balance Operating Reserve and Synchronous Condensing Reserve charges.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 12 Column: g
 Consists of Schedule 1, Schedule 2 and Schedule 6A, Balance Operating Reserve and Synchronous Condensing Reserve charges.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 13 Column: f
 Starting in the third quarter of 2007 there was a change in the methodology of the allocation between Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company (Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.) and the three expense categories. This change was made retroactive to January 1, 2007 through a year-to-date reclass recorded in the third quarter.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

U.S. LLC.) and the three expense categories. This change was made retroactive to January 1, 2007 through a year-to-date reclass recorded in the third quarter.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 15 Column: c

Starting in the third quarter of 2007 there was a change in the methodology of the allocation between Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company (Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.) and the three expense categories. This change was made retroactive to January 1, 2007 through a year-to-date reclass recorded in the third quarter.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 15 Column: d

Starting in the third quarter of 2007 there was a change in the methodology of the allocation between Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company (Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.) and the three expense categories. This change was made retroactive to January 1, 2007 through a year-to-date reclass recorded in the third quarter.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 15 Column: f

Starting in the third quarter of 2007 there was a change in the methodology of the allocation between Louisville Gas and Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company (Louisville Gas & Electric Company and Kentucky Utilities Company are both owned by E.ON U.S. LLC.) and the three expense categories. This change was made retroactive to January 1, 2007 through a year-to-date reclass recorded in the third quarter.

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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo. Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL EXPENSES (Account 930.2) (ELECTRIC)

Line No.	Description (a)	Amount (b)
1	Industry Association Dues	249,817
2	Nuclear Power Research Expenses	
3	Other Experimental and General Research Expenses	1,191,331
4	Pub & Dist Info to Stkhldrs... expn servicing outstanding Securities	
5	Oth Expn >=5,000 show purpose, recipient, amount Group if < \$5,000	
6	Water Use Fees	110,007
7	Late Payment of Withholding Tax	4,998
8	Miscellaneous Debits and Credits	-10,435
9		
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46	TOTAL	1,545,718

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION OF ELECTRIC PLANT (Account 403, 404, 405)
(Except amortization of aquisition adjustments)

- Report in section A for the year the amounts for : (b) Depreciation Expense (Account 403); (c) Depreciation Expense for Asset Retirement Costs (Account 403.1); (d) Amortization of Limited-Term Electric Plant (Account 404); and (e) Amortization of Other Electric Plant (Account 405).
- Report in Section 8 the rates used to compute amortization charges for electric plant (Accounts 404 and 405). State the basis used to compute charges and whether any changes have been made in the basis or rates used from the preceding report year.
- Report all available information called for in Section C every fifth year beginning with report year 1971, reporting annually only changes to columns (c) through (g) from the complete report of the preceding year.
Unless composite depreciation accounting for total depreciable plant is followed, list numerically in column (a) each plant subaccount, account or functional classification, as appropriate, to which a rate is applied. Identify at the bottom of Section C the type of plant included in any sub-account used.
In column (b) report all depreciable plant balances to which rates are applied showing subtotals by functional Classifications and showing composite total. Indicate at the bottom of section C the manner in which column balances are obtained. If average balances, state the method of averaging used.
For columns (c), (d), and (e) report available information for each plant subaccount, account or functional classification Listed in column (a). If plant mortality studies are prepared to assist in estimating average service Lives, show in column (f) the type mortality curve selected as most appropriate for the account and in column (g), if available, the weighted average remaining life of surviving plant. If composite depreciation accounting is used, report available information called for in columns (b) through (g) on this basis.
- If provisions for depreciation were made during the year in addition to depreciation provided by application of reported rates, state at the bottom of section C the amounts and nature of the provisions and the plant items to which related.

A. Summary of Depreciation and Amortization Charges

Line No	Functional Classification (a)	Depreciation Expense (Account 403) (b)	Depreciation Expense for Asset Retirement Costs (Account 403.1) (c)	Amortization of Limited Term Electric Plant (Account 404) (d)	Amortization of Other Electric Plant (Acc 405) (e)	Total (f)
1	Intangible Plant			5,420,545		5,420,545
2	Steam Production Plant	46,260,418	196,576			46,456,994
3	Nuclear Production Plant					
4	Hydraulic Production Plant-Conventional	168,972	52			169,024
5	Hydraulic Production Plant-Pumped Storage					
6	Other Production Plant	16,562,340	2,422			16,564,762
7	Transmission Plant	15,417,501	196			15,417,697
8	Distribution Plant	31,460,322	183			31,460,505
9	Regional Transmission and Market Operation					
10	General Plant	5,195,183				5,195,183
11	Common Plant-Electric					
12	TOTAL	115,064,736	199,429	5,420,545		120,684,710

B. Basis for Amortization Charges

ACCOUNT	RATE	PLANT BALANCE @ 12/31/2007	AMORTIZATION
130200	0-5% (1)	83,453	3,137
130300	20%	24,595,145	5,417,408

Notes:

(1) Amortization rates vary from 0 to 5%

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da. Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION OF ELECTRIC PLANT (Continued)

C. Factors Used in Estimating Depreciation Charges

Line No.	Account No. (a)	Depreciable Plant Base (In Thousands) (b)	Estimated Avg. Service Life (c)	Net Salvage (Percent) (d)	Applied Depr. rates (Percent) (e)	Mortality Curve Type (f)	Average Remaining Life (g)
12							
13							
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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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REGULATORY COMMISSION EXPENSES

1. Report particulars (details) of regulatory commission expenses incurred during the current year (or incurred in previous years, if being amortized) relating to format cases before a regulatory body, or cases in which such a body was a party.
2. Report in columns (b) and (c), only the current year's expenses that are not deferred and the current year's amortization of amounts deferred in previous years.

Line No.	Description (Furnish name of regulatory commission or body the docket or case number and a description of the case) (a)	Assessed by Regulatory Commission (b)	Expenses of Utility (c)	Total Expense for Current Year (b) + (c) (d)	Deferred in Account 182.3 at Beginning of Year (e)
1	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission				
2	Annual Charge	621,499		621,499	
3					
4	Public Service Commission of Kentucky				
5	2003 Rate Case		195,285	195,285	
6	2003 ESM Audit		31,959	31,959	
7	2003 Management Audit		81,995	81,995	
8					
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11					
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45					
46	TOTAL	621,499	309,239	930,738	

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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REGULATORY COMMISSION EXPENSES (Continued)

3. Show in column (k) any expenses incurred in prior years which are being amortized. List in column (a) the period of amortization.
4. List in column (f), (g), and (h) expenses incurred during year which were charged currently to income, plant, or other accounts.
5. Minor items (less than \$25,000) may be grouped.

EXPENSES INCURRED DURING YEAR			AMORTIZED DURING YEAR				Line No.
CURRENTLY CHARGED TO			Deferred to Account 182.3 (i)	Contra Account (j)	Amount (k)	Deferred in Account 182.3 End of Year (l)	
Department (f)	Account No. (g)	Amount (h)					
							1
Electric	928	621,499					2
							3
							4
Electric	928	195,285					5
Electric	928	31,959					6
Electric	928	81,995					7
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		930,738					46

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND DEMONSTRATION ACTIVITIES

1. Describe and show below costs incurred and accounts charged during the year for technological research, development, and demonstration (R, D & D) project initiated, continued or concluded during the year. Report also support given to others during the year for jointly-sponsored projects. (Identify recipient regardless of affiliation.) For any R, D & D work carried with others, show separately the respondent's cost for the year and cost chargeable to others (See definition of research, development, and demonstration in Uniform System of Accounts).

2. Indicate in column (a) the applicable classification, as shown below:

Classifications:

A. Electric R, D & D Performed Internally:

(1) Generation

- a. hydroelectric
 - i. Recreation fish and wildlife
 - ii. Other hydroelectric
- b. Fossil-fuel steam
- c. Internal combustion or gas turbine
- d. Nuclear
- e. Unconventional generation
- f. Siting and heat rejection

(2) Transmission

a. Overhead

b. Underground

- (3) Distribution
- (4) Regional Transmission and Market Operation
- (5) Environment (other than equipment)
- (6) Other (Classify and include items in excess of \$5,000.)
- (7) Total Cost Incurred

B. Electric, R, D & D Performed Externally:

- (1) Research Support to the electrical Research Council or the Electric Power Research Institute

Line No.	Classification (a)	Description (b)
1	EPRI B(1)	2007 Participation, Ohio River Research TC Dollars, TC Aerosol Emissions
2	Edison Electric Institute B(2)	Year 2007 Utility Air Regulatory Group fees
3	Schmidt Consulting Services B(4)	E.ON Surveys, Market Research and Studies
4	JD Power and Associates B(4)	JDP Residential Electric Study of Oversample Charges
5	Apogee Interactive B(4)	Software Subscription
6	Guideline B(4)	Research Services
7	Management Consulting B(4)	SME Study Analysis
8	Chartwell Inc B(4)	Chartwell Research Services
9	Other B(4)	Various
10	Total Cost	
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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND DEMONSTRATION ACTIVITIES (Continued)

- (2) Research Support to Edison Electric Institute
 - (3) Research Support to Nuclear Power Groups
 - (4) Research Support to Others (Classify)
 - (5) Total Cost Incurred
3. Include in column (c) all R, D & D items performed internally and in column (d) those items performed outside the company costing \$5,000 or more, briefly describing the specific area of R, D & D (such as safety, corrosion control, pollution, automation, measurement, insulation, type of appliance, etc.). Group items under \$5,000 by classifications and indicate the number of items grouped. Under Other, (A (6) and B (4)) classify items by type of R, D & D activity.
4. Show in column (e) the account number charged with expenses during the year or the account to which amounts were capitalized during the year, listing Account 107, Construction Work in Progress, first. Show in column (f) the amounts related to the account charged in column (e)
5. Show in column (g) the total unamortized accumulating of costs of projects. This total must equal the balance in Account 188, Research, Development, and Demonstration Expenditures, Outstanding at the end of the year.
6. If costs have not been segregated for R, D & D activities or projects, submit estimates for columns (c), (d), and (f) with such amounts identified by "Est."
7. Report separately research and related testing facilities operated by the respondent.

Costs Incurred Internally Current Year (c)	Costs Incurred Externally Current Year (d)	AMOUNTS CHARGED IN CURRENT YEAR		Unamortized Accumulation (g)	Line No.
		Account (e)	Amount (f)		
	1,009,620	930	1,009,620		1
	104,790	921	104,790		2
	101,100	930	101,100		3
	40,500	930	40,500		4
	16,750	930	16,750		5
	9,600	930	9,600		6
	8,295	930	8,295		7
	5,247	930	5,247		8
	219	930	219		9
	1,296,121		1,296,121		10
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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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DISTRIBUTION OF SALARIES AND WAGES

Report below the distribution of total salaries and wages for the year. Segregate amounts originally charged to clearing accounts to Utility Departments, Construction, Plant Removals, and Other Accounts, and enter such amounts in the appropriate lines and columns provided. In determining this segregation of salaries and wages originally charged to clearing accounts, a method of approximation giving substantially correct results may be used.

Line No.	Classification (a)	Direct Payroll Distribution (b)	Allocation of Payroll charged for Clearing Accounts (c)	Total (d)
1	Electric			
2	Operation			
3	Production	12,848,679		
4	Transmission	320,520		
5	Regional Market			
6	Distribution	6,143,354		
7	Customer Accounts	4,110,913		
8	Customer Service and Informational	1,326		
9	Sales			
10	Administrative and General	155,934		
11	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 3 thru 10)	23,580,726		
12	Maintenance			
13	Production	10,407,448		
14	Transmission	362,421		
15	Regional Market			
16	Distribution	4,726,026		
17	Administrative and General	180,746		
18	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 13 thru 17)	15,676,641		
19	Total Operation and Maintenance			
20	Production (Enter Total of lines 3 and 13)	23,256,127		
21	Transmission (Enter Total of lines 4 and 14)	682,941		
22	Regional Market (Enter Total of Lines 5 and 15)			
23	Distribution (Enter Total of lines 6 and 16)	10,869,380		
24	Customer Accounts (Transcribe from line 7)	4,110,913		
25	Customer Service and Informational (Transcribe from line 8)	1,326		
26	Sales (Transcribe from line 9)			
27	Administrative and General (Enter Total of lines 10 and 17)	336,680		
28	TOTAL Oper. and Maint. (Total of lines 20 thru 27)	39,257,367	9,237,694	48,495,061
29	Gas			
30	Operation			
31	Production-Manufactured Gas			
32	Production-Nat. Gas (Including Expl. and Dev.)			
33	Other Gas Supply			
34	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing			
35	Transmission			
36	Distribution			
37	Customer Accounts			
38	Customer Service and Informational			
39	Sales			
40	Administrative and General			
41	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 31 thru 40)			
42	Maintenance			
43	Production-Manufactured Gas			
44	Production-Natural Gas (Including Exploration and Development)			
45	Other Gas Supply			
46	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing			
47	Transmission			

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da. Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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DISTRIBUTION OF SALARIES AND WAGES (Continued)

Line No.	Classification (a)	Direct Payroll Distribution (b)	Allocation of Payroll charged for Clearing Accounts (c)	Total (d)
48	Distribution			
49	Administrative and General			
50	TOTAL Maint. (Enter Total of lines 43 thru 49)			
51	Total Operation and Maintenance			
52	Production-Manufactured Gas (Enter Total of lines 31 and 43)			
53	Production-Natural Gas (Including Expl. and Dev.) (Total lines 32,			
54	Other Gas Supply (Enter Total of lines 33 and 45)			
55	Storage, LNG Terminals and Processing (Total of lines 31 thru			
56	Transmission (Lines 35 and 47)			
57	Distribution (Lines 36 and 48)			
58	Customer Accounts (Line 37)			
59	Customer Service and Informational (Line 38)			
60	Sales (Line 39)			
61	Administrative and General (Lines 40 and 49)			
62	TOTAL Operation and Maint. (Total of lines 52 thru 61)			
63	Other Utility Departments			
64	Operation and Maintenance			
65	TOTAL All Utility Dept. (Total of lines 28, 62, and 64)	39,257,367	9,237,694	48,495,061
66	Utility Plant			
67	Construction (By Utility Departments)			
68	Electric Plant	12,273,772	7,296,610	19,570,382
69	Gas Plant			
70	Other (provide details in footnote):			
71	TOTAL Construction (Total of lines 68 thru 70)	12,273,772	7,296,610	19,570,382
72	Plant Removal (By Utility Departments)			
73	Electric Plant	756,942	313,888	1,070,830
74	Gas Plant			
75	Other (provide details in footnote):			
76	TOTAL Plant Removal (Total of lines 73 thru 75)	756,942	313,888	1,070,830
77	Other Accounts (Specify, provide details in footnote):			
78	Accounts Receivable (work done for others)	772,191	160,114	932,305
79	Certain Civic, Political and Related Activities and Other	63,576	11,964	75,540
80				
81				
82				
83				
84				
85				
86				
87				
88				
89				
90				
91				
92				
93				
94				
95	TOTAL Other Accounts	835,767	172,078	995,881
96	TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES	53,123,848	17,020,270	70,132,154

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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 354 Line No.: 95 Column: d
Software does not foot correctly. Subtotal for Other Accounts in column(d) should be 1,007,845.

Schedule Page: 354 Line No.: 96 Column: d
Software does not foot correctly. Total Salaries and Wages in column(d) should be 70,144,118.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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AMOUNTS INCLUDED IN ISO/RTO SETTLEMENT STATEMENTS

1. The respondent shall report below the details called for concerning amounts it recorded in Account 555, Purchase Power, and Account 447, Sales for Resale, for items shown on ISO/RTO Settlement Statements. Transactions should be separately netted for each ISO/RTO administered energy market for purposes of determining whether an entity is a net seller or purchaser in a given hour. Net megawatt hours are to be used as the basis for determining whether a net purchase or sale has occurred. In each monthly reporting period, the hourly sale and purchase net amounts are to be aggregated and separately reported in Account 447, Sales for Resale, or Account 555, Purchased Power, respectively.

Line No.	Description of Item(s) (a)	Balance at End of Quarter 1 (b)	Balance at End of Quarter 2 (c)	Balance at End of Quarter 3 (d)	Balance at End of Year (e)
1	Energy				
2	Net Purchases (Account 555)	69,358	600,671	3,258,455	4,907,474
3	Net Sales (Account 447)	1,485,825	2,179,566	2,226,198	2,834,344
4	Transmission Rights				
5	Ancillary Services				
6	Other Items (list separately)				
7					
8					
9					
10					
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39					
40					
41					
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45					
46	TOTAL	1,555,183	2,780,237	5,484,653	7,741,808

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 397 Line No.: 2 Column: b

The amount reflects transactions recorded in accordance with Kentucky Utilities Company's Power Supply System Agreement with Louisville Gas and Electric Company, as approved by the Kentucky Public Service Commission in October 1997, in which purchases and sales are calculated based on joint dispatch of the Companies' units. Such calculations do not distinguish between purchases and sales made in the Day Ahead and Real Time markets. Absent such a Power Supply System Agreement, the purchase amount recorded in accordance with FERC Order No. 668-A would have been \$66,554.

Schedule Page: 397 Line No.: 2 Column: c

The amount reflects transactions recorded in accordance with Kentucky Utilities Company's Power Supply System Agreement with Louisville Gas and Electric Company, as approved by the Kentucky Public Service Commission in October 1997, in which purchases and sales are calculated based on joint dispatch of the Companies' units. Such calculations do not distinguish between purchases and sales made in the Day Ahead and Real Time markets. Absent such a Power Supply System Agreement, the purchase amount recorded in accordance with FERC Order No. 668-A would have been \$566,729.

Schedule Page: 397 Line No.: 2 Column: d

The amount reflects transactions recorded in accordance with Kentucky Utilities Company's Power Supply System Agreement with Louisville Gas and Electric Company, as approved by the Kentucky Public Service Commission in October 1997, in which purchases and sales are calculated based on joint dispatch of the Companies' units. Such calculations do not distinguish between purchases and sales made in the Day Ahead and Real Time markets. Absent such a Power Supply System Agreement, the purchase amount recorded in accordance with FERC Order No. 668-A would have been \$3,220,491.

Schedule Page: 397 Line No.: 2 Column: e

The amount reflects transactions recorded in accordance with Kentucky Utilities Company's Power Supply System Agreement with Louisville Gas and Electric Company, as approved by the Kentucky Public Service Commission in October 1997, in which purchases and sales are calculated based on joint dispatch of the Companies' units. Such calculations do not distinguish between purchases and sales made in the Day Ahead and Real Time markets. Absent such a Power Supply System Agreement, the purchase amount recorded in accordance with FERC Order No. 668-A would have been \$4,855,408.

Schedule Page: 397 Line No.: 3 Column: b

The amount reflects transactions recorded in accordance with Kentucky Utilities Company's Power Supply System Agreement with Louisville Gas and Electric Company, as approved by the Kentucky Public Service Commission in October 1997, in which purchases and sales are calculated based on joint dispatch of the Companies' units. Such calculations do not distinguish between purchases and sales made in the Day Ahead and Real Time markets. Absent such a Power Supply System Agreement, the sale amount recorded in accordance with FERC Order No. 668-A would have been \$1,486,210.

Schedule Page: 397 Line No.: 3 Column: c

The amount reflects transactions recorded in accordance with Kentucky Utilities Company's Power Supply System Agreement with Louisville Gas and Electric Company, as approved by the Kentucky Public Service Commission in October 1997, in which purchases and sales are calculated based on joint dispatch of the Companies' units. Such calculations do not distinguish between purchases and sales made in the Day Ahead and Real Time markets. Absent such a Power Supply System Agreement, the sale amount recorded in accordance with FERC Order No. 668-A would have been \$2,179,451.

Schedule Page: 397 Line No.: 3 Column: d

The amount reflects transactions recorded in accordance with Kentucky Utilities Company's Power Supply System Agreement with Louisville Gas and Electric Company, as approved by the Kentucky Public Service Commission in October 1997, in which purchases and sales are calculated based on joint dispatch of the Companies' units. Such calculations do not distinguish between purchases and sales made in the Day Ahead and Real Time markets. Absent such a Power Supply System Agreement, the sale amount recorded in accordance with FERC Order No. 668-A would have been \$2,225,381.

Schedule Page: 397 Line No.: 3 Column: e

The amount reflects transactions recorded in accordance with Kentucky Utilities Company's Power Supply System Agreement with Louisville Gas and Electric Company, as approved by the Kentucky Public Service Commission in October 1997, in which purchases and sales are calculated based on joint dispatch of the Companies' units. Such calculations do not distinguish between purchases and sales made in the Day Ahead and Real Time markets. Absent such a Power Supply System Agreement, the sale amount recorded in accordance with FERC Order No. 668-A would have been \$2,225,381.

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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

not distinguish between purchases and sales made in the Day Ahead and Real Time markets. Absent such a Power Supply System Agreement, the sale amount recorded in accordance with FERC Order No. 668-A would have been \$2,833,004.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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PURCHASES AND SALES OF ANCILLARY SERVICES

Report the amounts for each type of ancillary service shown in column (a) for the year as specified in Order No. 888 and defined in the respondents Open Access Transmission Tariff.

In columns for usage, report usage-related billing determinant and the unit of measure.

- (1) On line 1 columns (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) report the amount of ancillary services purchased and sold during the year.
- (2) On line 2 columns (b) (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) report the amount of reactive supply and voltage control services purchased and sold during the year.
- (3) On line 3 columns (b) (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) report the amount of regulation and frequency response services purchased and sold during the year.
- (4) On line 4 columns (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) report the amount of energy imbalance services purchased and sold during the year.
- (5) On lines 5 and 6, columns (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) report the amount of operating reserve spinning and supplement services purchased and sold during the period.
- (6) On line 7 columns (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) report the total amount of all other types ancillary services purchased or sold during the year. Include in a footnote and specify the amount for each type of other ancillary service provided.

Line No.	Type of Ancillary Service (a)	Amount Purchased for the Year			Amount Sold for the Year		
		Usage - Related Billing Determinant			Usage - Related Billing Determinant		
		Number of Units (b)	Unit of Measure (c)	Dollars (d)	Number of Units (e)	Unit of Measure (f)	Dollars (g)
1	Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch	1,280,058	MWH	33,135	2,597,406	MWH	37,324
2	Reactive Supply and Voltage	1,280,058	MWH	278,418	2,597,406	MWH	538,036
3	Regulation and Frequency Response						
4	Energy Imbalance			-2	16	MWH	2,061
5	Operating Reserve - Spinning						
6	Operating Reserve - Supplement						
7	Other			745			
8	Total (Lines 1 thru 7)	2,560,116		312,296	5,194,828		577,421

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 398 Line No.: 7 Column: b

Amounts are not associated with number of units or a unit of measure.

Schedule Page: 398 Line No.: 7 Column: d

Non-firm Transmission Energy Purchase	\$ 432
Black Start Service	313

Total	\$ 745

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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MONTHLY TRANSMISSION SYSTEM PEAK LOAD

(1) Report the monthly peak load on the respondent's transmission system. If the respondent has two or more power systems which are not physically integrated, furnish the required information for each non-integrated system.
(2) Report on Column (b) by month the transmission system's peak load.
(3) Report on Columns (c) and (d) the specified information for each monthly transmission - system peak load reported on Column (b).
(4) Report on Columns (e) through (j) by month the system' monthly maximum megawatt load by statistical classifications. See General Instruction for the definition of each statistical classification.

NAME OF SYSTEM:

Line No.	Month (a)	Monthly Peak MW - Total (b)	Day of Monthly Peak (c)	Hour of Monthly Peak (d)	Firm Network Service for Self (e)	Firm Network Service for Others (f)	Long-Term Firm Point-to-point Reservations (g)	Other Long-Term Firm Service (h)	Short-Term Firm Point-to-point Reservation (i)	Other Service (j)
1	January	5,070	31	800	4,178	514	80		144	154
2	February	5,066	5	800	4,253	507	80		72	154
3	March	4,114	6	800	3,427	394	80		72	141
4	Total for Quarter 1	14,250			11,858	1,415	240		288	449
5	April	3,655	30	1800	3,001	337	80		72	165
6	May	4,185	30	1600	3,573	250	80		72	210
7	June	4,567	27	1600	3,724	279	80		72	242
8	Total for Quarter 2	12,207			10,298	866	240		216	587
9	July	4,551	19	1500	3,776	402	80		72	221
10	August	5,170	9	1600	4,339	446	80		72	239
11	September	4,552	4	1700	3,886	371			72	223
12	Total for Quarter 3	14,273			11,995	1,219	160		216	683
13	October	4,137	8	1600	3,592	261	17		72	195
14	November	4,072	30	800	3,475	377	17		72	131
15	December	4,279	17	800	3,688	440	17			134
16	Total for Quarter 4	12,488			10,755	1,078	51		144	460
17	Total Year to Date/Year	53,218			44,906	4,578	691		864	2,179

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 1 Column: b

4,662 was previously reported, which excluded reservations and other service. Such amounts were added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 1 Column: e

4,167 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 1 Column: f

495 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 1 Column: g

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 1 Column: i

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 1 Column: j

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 2 Column: b

4,740 was previously reported, which excluded reservations and other service. Such amounts were added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 2 Column: e

4,244 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 2 Column: f

496 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 2 Column: g

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 2 Column: i

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 2 Column: j

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 3 Column: b

3,812 was previously reported, which excluded reservations and other service. Such amounts were added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 3 Column: e

3,418 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 3 Column: f

394 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 3 Column: g

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Kentucky Utilities Company	(1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) / /	2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 3 Column: i

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 3 Column: j

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 5 Column: b

3,332 was previously reported, which excluded reservations and other service. Such amounts were added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 5 Column: e

2,992 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 5 Column: f

340 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 5 Column: g

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 5 Column: i

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 5 Column: j

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 6 Column: b

3,810 was previously reported, which excluded reservations and other service. Such amounts were added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 6 Column: e

3,562 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 6 Column: f

248 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 6 Column: g

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 6 Column: i

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 6 Column: j

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 7 Column: b

3,992 was previously reported, which excluded reservations and other service. Such

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

amounts were added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 7 Column: e

3,712 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 7 Column: f

280 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 7 Column: g

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 7 Column: i

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 7 Column: j

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 9 Column: b

4,165 was previously reported, which excluded reservations and other service. Such amounts were added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 9 Column: e

3,767 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 9 Column: f

398 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 9 Column: g

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 9 Column: i

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 9 Column: j

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 10 Column: b

4,763 was previously reported, which excluded reservations and other service. Such amounts were added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 10 Column: e

4,323 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 10 Column: f

440 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 10 Column: g

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 10 Column: i

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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 10 Column: j

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 11 Column: b

4,237 was previously reported, which excluded reservations and other service. Such amounts were added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 11 Column: e

3,876 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 11 Column: f

361 was previously reported, based on generation data available at the time to calculate load.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 11 Column: i

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Schedule Page: 400 Line No.: 11 Column: j

Zero was previously reported. Amount added based on the January 18, 2008 NOPR (Docket RM08-5-000) which provided clarity that this data should allow for the calculation of rates.

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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ELECTRIC ENERGY ACCOUNT

Report below the information called for concerning the disposition of electric energy generated, purchased, exchanged and wheeled during the year.

Line No.	Item (a)	MegaWatt Hours (b)	Line No.	Item (a)	MegaWatt Hours (b)
1	SOURCES OF ENERGY		21	DISPOSITION OF ENERGY	
2	Generation (Excluding Station Use):		22	Sales to Ultimate Consumers (Including Interdepartmental Sales)	19,584,464
3	Steam	17,251,076	23	Requirements Sales for Resale (See instruction 4, page 311.)	2,058,905
4	Nuclear		24	Non-Requirements Sales for Resale (See instruction 4, page 311.)	1,581,503
5	Hydro-Conventional	35,068	25	Energy Furnished Without Charge	48
6	Hydro-Pumped Storage		26	Energy Used by the Company (Electric Dept Only, Excluding Station Use)	16,734
7	Other	634,068	27	Total Energy Losses	1,429,282
8	Less Energy for Pumping		28	TOTAL (Enter Total of Lines 22 Through 27) (MUST EQUAL LINE 20)	24,670,936
9	Net Generation (Enter Total of lines 3 through 8)	17,920,212			
10	Purchases	6,650,566			
11	Power Exchanges:				
12	Received	25,345			
13	Delivered	451			
14	Net Exchanges (Line 12 minus line 13)	24,894			
15	Transmission For Other (Wheeling)				
16	Received	2,597,406			
17	Delivered	2,522,142			
18	Net Transmission for Other (Line 16 minus line 17)	75,264			
19	Transmission By Others Losses				
20	TOTAL (Enter Total of lines 9, 10, 14, 18 and 19)	24,670,936			

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da. Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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MONTHLY PEAKS AND OUTPUT

- (1) Report the monthly peak load and energy output. If the respondent has two or more power which are not physically integrated, furnish the required information for each non-integrated system.
- (2) Report on line 2 by month the system's output in Megawatt hours for each month.
- (3) Report on line 3 by month the non-requirements sales for resale. Include in the monthly amounts any energy losses associated with the sales.
- (4) Report on line 4 by month the system's monthly maximum megawatt load (60 minute integration) associated with the system.
- (5) Report on lines 5 and 6 the specified information for each monthly peak load reported on line 4.

NAME OF SYSTEM: KU

Line No.	Month (a)	Total Monthly Energy (b)	Monthly Non-Requirements Sales for Resale & Associated Losses (c)	MONTHLY PEAK		
				Megawatts (See Instr. 4) (d)	Day of Month (e)	Hour (f)
29	January	2,400,909	310,736	4,178	31	08:00 AM
30	February	2,287,994	182,842	4,300	6	08:00 AM
31	March	1,943,557	135,447	3,436	5	08:00 AM
32	April	1,759,686	60,358	3,198	9	07:00 AM
33	May	1,888,455	86,311	3,573	30	03:00 PM
34	June	2,029,806	95,697	3,727	27	03:00 PM
35	July	2,105,955	115,918	3,844	9	03:00 PM
36	August	2,359,492	48,200	4,344	9	03:00 PM
37	September	1,926,423	79,209	3,886	4	05:00 PM
38	October	1,890,809	156,403	3,623	8	03:00 PM
39	November	1,857,196	107,718	3,475	30	08:00 AM
40	December	2,220,654	202,664	3,688	17	08:00 AM
41	TOTAL	24,670,936	1,581,503			

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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STEAM-ELECTRIC GENERATING PLANT STATISTICS (Large Plants)

1. Report data for plant in Service only. 2. Large plants are steam plants with installed capacity (name plate rating) of 25,000 Kw or more. Report in this page gas-turbine and internal combustion plants of 10,000 Kw or more, and nuclear plants. 3. Indicate by a footnote any plant leased or operated as a joint facility. 4. If net peak demand for 60 minutes is not available, give data which is available, specifying period. 5. If any employees attend more than one plant, report on line 11 the approximate average number of employees assignable to each plant. 6. If gas is used and purchased on a therm basis report the Btu content of the gas and the quantity of fuel burned converted to Mct. 7. Quantities of fuel burned (Line 38) and average cost per unit of fuel burned (Line 41) must be consistent with charges to expense accounts 501 and 547 (Line 42) as show on Line 20. 8. If more than one fuel is burned in a plant furnish only the composite heat rate for all fuels burned.

Line No.	Item (a)	Plant Name: Tyrone (b)	Plant Name: Green River (c)
1	Kind of Plant (Internal Comb, Gas Turb, Nuclear)	Steam	Steam
2	Type of Constr (Conventional, Outdoor, Boiler, etc)	Conventional	Conventional
3	Year Originally Constructed	1947	1950
4	Year Last Unit was Installed	1971	1959
5	Total Installed Cap (Max Gen Name Plate Ratings-MW)	75.00	189.00
6	Net Peak Demand on Plant - MW (60 minutes)	80	186
7	Plant Hours Connected to Load	7222	7832
8	Net Continuous Plant Capability (Megawatts)	71	163
9	When Not Limited by Condenser Water	71	163
10	When Limited by Condenser Water	0	0
11	Average Number of Employees	26	68
12	Net Generation, Exclusive of Plant Use - KWh	389803000	996720000
13	Cost of Plant: Land and Land Rights	53142	30764
14	Structures and Improvements	6124162	9999931
15	Equipment Costs	18900302	54658361
16	Asset Retirement Costs	246752	1074377
17	Total Cost	25324358	65763433
18	Cost per KW of Installed Capacity (line 17/5) Including	337.6581	347.9547
19	Production Expenses: Oper, Supv, & Engr	672096	257383
20	Fuel	14998465	21969251
21	Coolants and Water (Nuclear Plants Only)	0	0
22	Steam Expenses	544569	1386719
23	Steam From Other Sources	0	0
24	Steam Transferred (Cr)	0	0
25	Electric Expenses	275137	1079258
26	Misc Steam (or Nuclear) Power Expenses	283657	703561
27	Rents	0	0
28	Allowances	81052	481762
29	Maintenance Supervision and Engineering	226151	968945
30	Maintenance of Structures	247474	442878
31	Maintenance of Boiler (or reactor) Plant	910859	2847135
32	Maintenance of Electric Plant	276177	342211
33	Maintenance of Misc Steam (or Nuclear) Plant	74435	133371
34	Total Production Expenses	18590072	30612474
35	Expenses per Net KWh	0.0477	0.0307
36	Fuel: Kind (Coal, Gas, Oil, or Nuclear)	Coal	Coal
37	Unit (Coal-tons/Oil-barrel/Gas-mcf/Nuclear-indicate)	tons	tons
38	Quantity (Units) of Fuel Burned	199026	484454
39	Avg Heat Cont - Fuel Burned (btu/indicate if nuclear)	12658	11996
40	Avg Cost of Fuel/unit, as Delvd f.o.b. during year	68.110	44.020
41	Average Cost of Fuel per Unit Burned	69.290	43.690
42	Average Cost of Fuel Burned per Million BTU	2.970	1.887
43	Average Cost of Fuel Burned per KWh Net Gen	0.038	0.022
44	Average BTU per KWh Net Generation	12974.000	11681.000

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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STEAM-ELECTRIC GENERATING PLANT STATISTICS (Large Plants)(Continued)

9. Items under Cost of Plant are based on U. S. of A. Accounts. Production expenses do not include Purchased Power, System Control and Load Dispatching, and Other Expenses Classified as Other Power Supply Expenses. 10. For IC and GT plants, report Operating Expenses, Account Nos. 547 and 549 on Line 25 "Electric Expenses," and Maintenance Account Nos. 553 and 554 on Line 32, "Maintenance of Electric Plant." Indicate plants designed for peak load service. Designate automatically operated plants. 11. For a plant equipped with combinations of fossil fuel steam, nuclear steam, hydro, internal combustion or gas-turbine equipment, report each as a separate plant. However, if a gas-turbine unit functions in a combined cycle operation with a conventional steam unit, include the gas-turbine with the steam plant. 12. If a nuclear power generating plant, briefly explain by footnote (a) accounting method for cost of power generated including any excess costs attributed to research and development; (b) types of cost units used for the various components of fuel cost; and (c) any other informative data concerning plant type fuel used, fuel enrichment type and quantity for the report period and other physical and operating characteristics of plant.

Plant Name: <i>EW Brown</i> (d)	Plant Name: <i>Ghent</i> (e)	Plant Name: <i>Haefling</i> (f)	Line No.	
Steam	Steam	Combustion Turbine	1	
Conventional	Conventional	Outdoor	2	
1957	1973	1970	3	
1971	1984	1970	4	
740.00	2226.00	62.00	5	
708	1822	0	6	
7549	7139	10	7	
697	1911	36	8	
697	1911	36	9	
0	0	36	10	
142	215	0	11	
3904325000	11960228000	-224000	12	
899869	9842885	434853	13	
26851947	129838332	0	14	
210074836	1201379607	4909804	15	
3246981	4658997	0	16	
241073633	1345719821	5344657	17	
325.7752	604.5462	86.2041	18	
1206208	1749310	0	19	
96551523	269008076	63476	20	
0	0	0	21	
2068978	5982849	0	22	
0	0	0	23	
0	0	0	24	
1458362	2783506	8233	25	
1914313	4381121	0	26	
0	0	0	27	
1087516	964195	0	28	
1364990	2392627	0	29	
1376268	2970308	0	30	
6076349	17566469	0	31	
3844105	6093612	47222	32	
456888	400597	0	33	
117405500	314292670	118931	34	
0.0301	0.0263	-0.5309	35	
Coal	Coal	Gas	Oil	36
tons	tons	mcf	barrels	37
1657882	5304761	0	0	38
12253	11938	0	0	39
57.980	61.540	0.000	0.000	40
56.810	49.500	0.000	0.000	41
2.373	2.120	0.000	0.000	42
0.025	0.025	0.000	0.000	43
10420.000	10610.000	0.000	0.000	44

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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STEAM-ELECTRIC GENERATING PLANT STATISTICS (Large Plants) (Continued)

1. Report data for plant in Service only. 2. Large plants are steam plants with installed capacity (name plate rating) of 25,000 Kw or more. Report in this page gas-turbine and internal combustion plants of 10,000 Kw or more, and nuclear plants. 3. Indicate by a footnote any plant leased or operated as a joint facility. 4. If net peak demand for 60 minutes is not available, give data which is available, specifying period. 5. If any employees attend more than one plant, report on line 11 the approximate average number of employees assignable to each plant. 6. If gas is used and purchased on a therm basis report the Btu content of the gas and the quantity of fuel burned converted to Mct. 7. Quantities of fuel burned (Line 38) and average cost per unit of fuel burned (Line 41) must be consistent with charges to expense accounts 501 and 547 (Line 42) as show on Line 20. 8. If more than one fuel is burned in a plant furnish only the composite heat rate for all fuels burned.

Line No.	Item (a)	Plant Name: <i>Brown CT</i> (b)	Plant Name: <i>Paddy's Run 13 CT</i> (c)
1	Kind of Plant (Internal Comb, Gas Turb, Nuclear)	Combustion Turbine	Combustion Turbine
2	Type of Constr (Conventional, Outdoor, Boiler, etc)	Conventional	Conventional
3	Year Originally Constructed	1994	2001
4	Year Last Unit was Installed	2001	2001
5	Total Installed Cap (Max Gen Name Plate Ratings-MW)	78100	8400
6	Net Peak Demand on Plant - MW (60 minutes)	673	64
7	Plant Hours Connected to Load	317	165
8	Net Continuous Plant Capability (Megawatts)	670	74
9	When Not Limited by Condenser Water	670	74
10	When Limited by Condenser Water	670	74
11	Average Number of Employees	0	0
12	Net Generation, Exclusive of Plant Use - KWh	136531000	31155000
13	Cost of Plant: Land and Land Rights	275012	0
14	Structures and Improvements	11891044	1910328
15	Equipment Costs	233864909	2814829
16	Asset Retirement Costs	70990	0
17	Total Cost	246101955	30058626
18	Cost per KW of Installed Capacity (line 17/5) Including	315.1113	357.8408
19	Production Expenses: Oper, Supv, & Engr	74616	0
20	Fuel	14590317	2498526
21	Coolants and Water (Nuclear Plants Only)	0	0
22	Steam Expenses	0	0
23	Steam From Other Sources	0	0
24	Steam Transferred (Cr)	0	0
25	Electric Expenses	3144	0
26	Misc Steam (or Nuclear) Power Expenses	136383	459
27	Rents	0	0
28	Allowances	0	0
29	Maintenance Supervision and Engineering	42895	0
30	Maintenance of Structures	150424	0
31	Maintenance of Boiler (or reactor) Plant	0	0
32	Maintenance of Electric Plant	2296888	95722
33	Maintenance of Misc Steam (or Nuclear) Plant	252060	0
34	Total Production Expenses	17546727	2594707
35	Expenses per Net KWh	0.1285	0.0833
36	Fuel: Kind (Coal, Gas, Oil, or Nuclear)	Gas	Gas
37	Unit (Coal-tons/Oil-barrel/Gas-mcf/Nuclear-indicate)	mcf	barrels
38	Quantity (Units) of Fuel Burned	0	1725234
39	Avg Heat Cont - Fuel Burned (btu/indicate if nuclear)	1025	140000
40	Avg Cost of Fuel/unit, as Delvd f.o.b. during year	0.000	7.825
41	Average Cost of Fuel per Unit Burned	0.000	77.221
42	Average Cost of Fuel Burned per Million BTU	0.000	0.000
43	Average Cost of Fuel Burned per KWh Net Gen	0.000	7.511
44	Average BTU per KWh Net Generation	0.000	0.000

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STEAM-ELECTRIC GENERATING PLANT STATISTICS (Large Plants)(Continued)

9. Items under Cost of Plant are based on U. S. of A. Accounts. Production expenses do not include Purchased Power, System Control and Load Dispatching, and Other Expenses Classified as Other Power Supply Expenses. 10. For IC and GT plants, report Operating Expenses, Account Nos. 547 and 549 on Line 25 "Electric Expenses," and Maintenance Account Nos. 553 and 554 on Line 32, "Maintenance of Electric Plant." Indicate plants designed for peak load service. Designate automatically operated plants. 11. For a plant equipped with combinations of fossil fuel steam, nuclear steam, hydro, internal combustion or gas-turbine equipment, report each as a separate plant. However, if a gas-turbine unit functions in a combined cycle operation with a conventional steam unit, include the gas-turbine with the steam plant. 12. If a nuclear power generating plant, briefly explain by footnote (a) accounting method for cost of power generated including any excess costs attributed to research and development; (b) types of cost units used for the various components of fuel cost; and (c) any other informative data concerning plant type fuel used, fuel enrichment type and quantity for the report period and other physical and operating characteristics of plant.

Plant Name: Trimble County CT (d)	Plant Name: (e)	Plant Name: (f)	Line No						
Combustion Turbine			1						
Conventional			2						
2002			3						
2004			4						
784.00	0.00	0.00	5						
613	0	0	6						
1014	0	0	7						
630	0	0	8						
630	0	0	9						
630	0	0	10						
0	0	0	11						
466606000	0	0	12						
19912	0	0	13						
21745929	0	0	14						
194319647	0	0	15						
0	0	0	16						
216085488	0	0	17						
275.6192	0.0000	0.0000	18						
0	0	0	19						
40439051	0	0	20						
0	0	0	21						
0	0	0	22						
0	0	0	23						
0	0	0	24						
710270	0	0	25						
-788	0	0	26						
0	0	0	27						
0	0	0	28						
0	0	0	29						
0	0	0	30						
0	0	0	31						
536133	0	0	32						
0	0	0	33						
41684666	0	0	34						
0.0893	0.0000	0.0000	35						
Gas			36						
mcf			37						
0	5232978	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	38
0	1025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	39
0.000	7.728	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	40
0.000	7.728	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	41
0.000	7.539	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	42
0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	43
0.000	11495.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	44

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STEAM-ELECTRIC GENERATING PLANT STATISTICS (Large Plants) (Continued)

1. Report data for plant in Service only. 2. Large plants are steam plants with installed capacity (name plate rating) of 25,000 Kw or more. Report in this page gas-turbine and internal combustion plants of 10,000 Kw or more, and nuclear plants. 3. Indicate by a footnote any plant leased or operated as a joint facility. 4. If net peak demand for 60 minutes is not available, give data which is available, specifying period. 5. If any employees attend more than one plant, report on line 11 the approximate average number of employees assignable to each plant. 6. If gas is used and purchased on a term basis report the Btu content of the gas and the quantity of fuel burned converted to Mcl. 7. Quantities of fuel burned (Line 38) and average cost per unit of fuel burned (Line 41) must be consistent with charges to expense accounts 501 and 547 (Line 42) as show on Line 20. 8. If more than one fuel is burned in a plant furnish only the composite heat rate for all fuels burned.

Line No.	Item (a)	Plant Name: (b)	Plant Name: (c)
1	Kind of Plant (Internal Comb, Gas Turb, Nuclear)		
2	Type of Constr (Conventional, Outdoor, Boiler, etc)		
3	Year Originally Constructed		
4	Year Last Unit was Installed		
5	Total Installed Cap (Max Gen Name Plate Ratings-MW)	0.00	0.00
6	Net Peak Demand on Plant - MW (60 minutes)	0	0
7	Plant Hours Connected to Load	0	0
8	Net Continuous Plant Capability (Megawatts)	0	0
9	When Not Limited by Condenser Water	0	0
10	When Limited by Condenser Water	0	0
11	Average Number of Employees	0	0
12	Net Generation, Exclusive of Plant Use - KWh	0	0
13	Cost of Plant: Land and Land Rights	0	0
14	Structures and Improvements	0	0
15	Equipment Costs	0	0
16	Asset Retirement Costs	0	0
17	Total Cost	0	0
18	Cost per KW of Installed Capacity (line 17/5) Including	0.0000	0.0000
19	Production Expenses: Oper, Supv, & Engr	0	0
20	Fuel	0	0
21	Coolants and Water (Nuclear Plants Only)	0	0
22	Steam Expenses	0	0
23	Steam From Other Sources	0	0
24	Steam Transferred (Cr)	0	0
25	Electric Expenses	0	0
26	Misc Steam (or Nuclear) Power Expenses	0	0
27	Rents	0	0
28	Allowances	0	0
29	Maintenance Supervision and Engineering	0	0
30	Maintenance of Structures	0	0
31	Maintenance of Boiler (or reactor) Plant	0	0
32	Maintenance of Electric Plant	0	0
33	Maintenance of Misc Steam (or Nuclear) Plant	0	0
34	Total Production Expenses	0	0
35	Expenses per Net KWh	0.0000	0.0000
36	Fuel: Kind (Coal, Gas, Oil, or Nuclear)		
37	Unit (Coal-tons/Oil-barrel/Gas-mcf/Nuclear-indicate)		
38	Quantity (Units) of Fuel Burned	0	0
39	Avg Heat Cont - Fuel Burned (btu/indicate if nuclear)	0	0
40	Avg Cost of Fuel/unit, as Delvd f.o.b. during year	0.000	0.000
41	Average Cost of Fuel per Unit Burned	0.000	0.000
42	Average Cost of Fuel Burned per Million BTU	0.000	0.000
43	Average Cost of Fuel Burned per KWh Net Gen	0.000	0.000
44	Average BTU per KWh Net Generation	0.000	0.000

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo. Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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STEAM-ELECTRIC GENERATING PLANT STATISTICS (Large Plants)(Continued)

9 Items under Cost of Plant are based on U. S. of A. Accounts. Production expenses do not include Purchased Power, System Control and Load Dispatching, and Other Expenses Classified as Other Power Supply Expenses. 10. For IC and GT plants, report Operating Expenses, Account Nos. 547 and 549 on Line 25 "Electric Expenses," and Maintenance Account Nos. 553 and 554 on Line 32. "Maintenance of Electric Plant." Indicate plants designed for peak load service. Designate automatically operated plants. 11. For a plant equipped with combinations of fossil fuel steam, nuclear steam, hydro, internal combustion or gas-turbine equipment, report each as a separate plant. However, if a gas-turbine unit functions in a combined cycle operation with a conventional steam unit, include the gas-turbine with the steam plant. 12. If a nuclear power generating plant, briefly explain by footnote (a) accounting method for cost of power generated including any excess costs attributed to research and development; (b) types of cost units used for the various components of fuel cost; and (c) any other informative data concerning plant type fuel used, fuel enrichment type and quantity for the report period and other physical and operating characteristics of plant.

Plant Name: (d)	Plant Name: (e)	Plant Name: (f)	Line No.
			1
			2
			3
			4
0.00	0.00	0.00	5
0	0	0	6
0	0	0	7
0	0	0	8
0	0	0	9
0	0	0	10
0	0	0	11
0	0	0	12
0	0	0	13
0	0	0	14
0	0	0	15
0	0	0	16
0	0	0	17
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	18
0	0	0	19
0	0	0	20
0	0	0	21
0	0	0	22
0	0	0	23
0	0	0	24
0	0	0	25
0	0	0	26
0	0	0	27
0	0	0	28
0	0	0	29
0	0	0	30
0	0	0	31
0	0	0	32
0	0	0	33
0	0	0	34
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	35
			36
			37
0	0	0	38
0	0	0	39
0.000	0.000	0.000	40
0.000	0.000	0.000	41
0.000	0.000	0.000	42
0.000	0.000	0.000	43
0.000	0.000	0.000	44

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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 402 Line No.: 11 Column: f

There are no production/operation employees directly assigned to the Haepling CT's. Employees from the Tyrone Plant operate these CT's.

Schedule Page: 402 Line No.: 17 Column: b

Tyrone Units 1 and 2 were retired February 26, 2007.

Schedule Page: 402.1 Line No.: -1 Column: e

Pineville Generating Station is fully retired. However, land and ashpond equipment amounting to \$312,711 remain on the books.

Schedule Page: 402.1 Line No.: 5 Column: b

The Nameplate Rating for Brown CT represents a 47% ownership of unit #5, a 123 MW unit, and 62% ownership of units #6 and #7 each being a 177 MW unit. The remaining 53% ownership of unit #5, and 38% ownership of units #6 and #7 are owned by Louisville Gas and Electric Company.

Schedule Page: 402.1 Line No.: 5 Column: c

The Nameplate Rating for Paddy's Run 13 CT represents a 47% ownership. Total Nameplate Rating for the unit is 178 MW. The remaining 53% ownership is owned by Louisville Gas and Electric Company.

Schedule Page: 402.1 Line No.: 5 Column: d

The Nameplate Rating for Trimble County CT represents 71% ownership of Units #5 and #6 and 63% of Units #7, #8, #9 and #10 with a Nameplate Rating of 199 MW per unit. The remaining 29% ownership of Units #5 and #6 and 37% ownership of Units #7, #8, #9, and #10 are owned by Louisville Gas and Electric Company.

Schedule Page: 402.1 Line No.: 11 Column: b

Employees at the Brown Plant include those assigned to the steam plant and the Brown CT site and are reflected in the Brown Steam Plant statistics.

Schedule Page: 402.1 Line No.: 11 Column: c

There are no production/operation employees directly assigned to the Paddy's Run CT's.

Schedule Page: 402.1 Line No.: 11 Column: d

Employees at the Trimble County Plant include those assigned to the steam plant and the Trimble County CT site and are reflected in the Trimble County Steam Plant statistics.

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HYDROELECTRIC GENERATING PLANT STATISTICS (Large Plants)

1. Large plants are hydro plants of 10,000 Kw or more of installed capacity (name plate ratings)
2. If any plant is leased, operated under a license from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, or operated as a joint facility, indicate such facts in a footnote. If licensed project, give project number.
3. If net peak demand for 60 minutes is not available, give that which is available specifying period
4. If a group of employees attends more than one generating plant, report on line 11 the approximate average number of employees assignable to each plant.

Line No.	Item (a)	FERC Licensed Project No. 0 Plant Name: Dix Dam (b)	FERC Licensed Project No. 0 Plant Name: (c)
1	Kind of Plant (Run-of-River or Storage)	Storage	
2	Plant Construction type (Conventional or Outdoor)	Conventional	
3	Year Originally Constructed	1923	
4	Year Last Unit was Installed	1924	
5	Total installed cap (Gen name plate Rating in MW)	28.00	0.00
6	Net Peak Demand on Plant-Megawatts (60 minutes)	16	0
7	Plant Hours Connect to Load	2,410	0
8	Net Plant Capability (in megawatts)		
9	(a) Under Most Favorable Oper Conditions	24	0
10	(b) Under the Most Adverse Oper Conditions	0	0
11	Average Number of Employees	21	0
12	Net Generation, Exclusive of Plant Use - Kwh	35,068,000	0
13	Cost of Plant		
14	Land and Land Rights	879,312	
15	Structures and Improvements	453,196	
16	Reservoirs, Dams, and Waterways	0	
17	Equipment Costs	9,636,617	
18	Roads, Railroads, and Bridges	0	
19	Asset Retirement Costs	4,970	
20	TOTAL cost (Total of 14 thru 19)	10,974,095	
21	Cost per KW of Installed Capacity (line 20 / 5)	391.9320	0.0000
22	Production Expenses		
23	Operation Supervision and Engineering	8,950	0
24	Water for Power	0	0
25	Hydraulic Expenses	0	0
26	Electric Expenses	0	0
27	Misc Hydraulic Power Generation Expenses	30,470	0
28	Rents	0	0
29	Maintenance Supervision and Engineering	107,573	0
30	Maintenance of Structures	144,686	0
31	Maintenance of Reservoirs, Dams, and Waterways	0	0
32	Maintenance of Electric Plant	197,756	0
33	Maintenance of Misc Hydraulic Plant	5,459	0
34	Total Production Expenses (total 23 thru 33)	494,894	0
35	Expenses per net KWh	0.0141	0.0000

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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HYDROELECTRIC GENERATING PLANT STATISTICS (Large Plants) (Continued)

5. The items under Cost of Plant represent accounts or combinations of accounts prescribed by the Uniform System of Accounts Production Expenses do not include Purchased Power, System control and Load Dispatching, and Other Expenses classified as "Other Power Supply Expenses."
6. Report as a separate plant any plant equipped with combinations of steam, hydro, internal combustion engine, or gas turbine equipment.

FERC Licensed Project No. 0 Plant Name: (d)	FERC Licensed Project No. 0 Plant Name: (e)	FERC Licensed Project No. 0 Plant Name: (f)	Line No.
			1
			2
			3
			4
0.00	0.00	0.00	5
0	0	0	6
0	0	0	7
			8
0	0	0	9
0	0	0	10
0	0	0	11
0	0	0	12
			13
0	0	0	14
0	0	0	15
0	0	0	16
0	0	0	17
0	0	0	18
0	0	0	19
0	0	0	20
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	21
			22
0	0	0	23
0	0	0	24
0	0	0	25
0	0	0	26
0	0	0	27
0	0	0	28
0	0	0	29
0	0	0	30
0	0	0	31
0	0	0	32
0	0	0	33
0	0	0	34
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	35

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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TRANSMISSION LINE STATISTICS

1. Report information concerning transmission lines, cost of lines, and expenses for year. List each transmission line having nominal voltage of 132 kilovolts or greater. Report transmission lines below these voltages in group totals only for each voltage.
2. Transmission lines include all lines covered by the definition of transmission system plant as given in the Uniform System of Accounts. Do not report substation costs and expenses on this page.
3. Report data by individual lines for all voltages if so required by a State commission.
4. Exclude from this page any transmission lines for which plant costs are included in Account 121, Nonutility Property.
5. Indicate whether the type of supporting structure reported in column (e) is: (1) single pole wood or steel; (2) H-frame wood, or steel poles; (3) tower; or (4) underground construction. If a transmission line has more than one type of supporting structure, indicate the mileage of each type of construction by the use of brackets and extra lines. Minor portions of a transmission line of a different type of construction need not be distinguished from the remainder of the line.
6. Report in columns (f) and (g) the total pole miles of each transmission line. Show in column (f) the pole miles of line on structures the cost of which is reported for the line designated; conversely, show in column (g) the pole miles of line on structures the cost of which is reported for another line. Report pole miles of line on leased or partly owned structures in column (g). In a footnote, explain the basis of such occupancy and state whether expenses with respect to such structures are included in the expenses reported for the line designated.

Line No.	DESIGNATION		VOLTAGE (KV) (Indicate where other than 60 cycle, 3 phase)		Type of Supporting Structure (e)	LENGTH (Pole miles) (In the case of underground lines report circuit miles)		Number Of Circuits (h)
	From (a)	To (b)	Operating (c)	Designed (d)		On Structure of Line Designated (f)	On Structures of Another Line (g)	
1	Pocket	Pineville	500.00	500.00	ST	35.48		
2	Pocket	Phipps Bend	500.00	500.00	ST	21.39		
3								
4	Ghent Plant	Brown North	345.00	345.00	ST	113.87		
5	Ghent Plant	Batesville	345.00	345.00	ST	7.32		
6	Brown Plant	Elmer Smith	345.00	345.00	HF & ST	135.31		
7	Brown North	K.U. Park	345.00	345.00	ST	102.47		
8								
9	Green River	AEC Buss	161.00	161.00	HF,ST & WP	181.29		
10	Green River	Morganfield	161.00	161.00	HF & WP	55.38		
11	Elihu	Dorchester	161.00	161.00	HF & ST	86.06		
12	Lake Reba	Dorchester	161.00	161.00	HF & ST	99.15		1
13	Pineville	Harlan	161.00	161.00	HF & WP	48.34		
14	Pineville 149	Pineville 192	161.00	161.00	HF	0.12		1
15	East Ky. Power	Taylor County	161.00	161.00	SP	3.97		1
16	Imboden	Harlan	161.00	161.00	HF,SP,WP &	43.82		
17								
18	Ghent Plant	Brown Plant	138.00	138.00	ST	90.47		
19	Brown Plant	Green River	138.00	138.00	HF,SP & ST	169.18		
20	Kenton	Rodburn	138.00	138.00	HF	45.74		1
21	Green River	Brown North	138.00	138.00	HF & ST	166.58		
22	Fawkes	Rodburn	138.00	138.00	HF,ST & WP	64.52		1
23	Clifty Creek	Carrollton	138.00	138.00	HF,SP,ST &	144.62		
24	Brown Plant	Lake Reba	138.00	138.00	HF	28.60		1
25	Brown Plant	Haefling	138.00	138.00	HF,SP,ST &	29.32		
26	Ghent Plant	Kenton Station	138.00	138.00	HF & WF	72.78		1
27	Ghent Plant	Adams	138.00	138.00	HF,SP & ST	56.77		
28	Hardin County	Rogersville	138.00	138.00	HF	10.24		1
29								
30	69KV Lines		69.00	69.00	Various	2,217.27		
31								
32								
33								
34	Exp Applicable to All Lines							
35								
36					TOTAL	4,030.06		10

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TRANSMISSION LINE STATISTICS (Continued)

7. Do not report the same transmission line structure twice. Report Lower voltage Lines and higher voltage lines as one line. Designate in a footnote if you do not include Lower voltage lines with higher voltage lines. If two or more transmission line structures support lines of the same voltage, report the pole miles of the primary structure in column (f) and the pole miles of the other line(s) in column (g)
8. Designate any transmission line or portion thereof for which the respondent is not the sole owner. If such property is leased from another company, give name of lessor, date and terms of Lease, and amount of rent for year. For any transmission line other than a leased line, or portion thereof, for which the respondent is not the sole owner but which the respondent operates or shares in the operation of, furnish a succinct statement explaining the arrangement and giving particulars (details) of such matters as percent ownership by respondent in the line, name of co-owner, basis of sharing expenses of the Line, and how the expenses borne by the respondent are accounted for, and accounts affected. Specify whether lessor, co-owner, or other party is an associated company.
9. Designate any transmission line leased to another company and give name of Lessee, date and terms of lease, annual rent for year, and how determined. Specify whether lessee is an associated company.
10. Base the plant cost figures called for in columns (j) to (l) on the book cost at end of year.

Size of Conductor and Material (i)	COST OF LINE (Include in Column (j) Land, Land rights, and clearing right-of-way)			EXPENSES, EXCEPT DEPRECIATION AND TAXES				Line No.
	Land (j)	Construction and Other Costs (k)	Total Cost (l)	Operation Expenses (m)	Maintenance Expenses (n)	Rents (o)	Total Expenses (p)	
954mcm	1,385,561	15,452,581	16,838,142					1
954mcm	200,371	7,945,173	8,225,544					2
								3
795mcm	2,495,681	16,982,353	19,478,034					4
954mcm	437,159	4,810,707	5,247,866					5
954mcm	1,615,764	17,192,915	18,808,679					6
954mcm	1,111,580	21,486,959	22,598,539					7
								8
556mcm	1,284,447	10,989,511	12,273,958					9
556mcm	268,660	2,128,791	2,397,451					10
556mcm	270,147	3,982,619	4,252,766					11
556mcm	559,988	3,999,719	4,559,707					12
795mcm	300,849	6,011,864	6,312,713					13
954mcm		14,306	14,306					14
556mcm	261,988	307,188	569,176					15
795mcm	84,143	4,559,920	4,644,063					16
								17
954mcm	419,701	5,830,853	6,250,554					18
556mcm	381,153	6,802,995	7,184,148					19
397mcm	98,119	1,278,109	1,376,228					20
795mcm	732,412	7,732,458	8,464,870					21
556mcm	579,168	2,079,133	2,658,301					22
795mcm	824,816	9,785,436	10,610,252					23
556mcm	80,240	939,319	1,019,559					24
795mcm	191,989	4,287,735	4,479,724					25
795mcm	446,858	3,672,260	4,119,118					26
795mcm	245,501	5,164,092	5,409,593					27
795mcm	245,093	919,472	1,164,565					28
								29
Various	8,202,312	124,439,048	132,641,360					30
								31
								32
								33
				400,237	3,515,529	56,986	3,972,752	34
								35
	22,803,700	288,795,516	311,599,216	400,237	3,515,529	56,986	3,972,752	36

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FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 422 Line No.: 1 Column: h Contains both single and double circuitry.
Schedule Page: 422 Line No.: 2 Column: h Contains both single and double circuitry.
Schedule Page: 422 Line No.: 4 Column: h Contains both single and double circuitry.
Schedule Page: 422 Line No.: 5 Column: h Contains both single and double circuitry.
Schedule Page: 422 Line No.: 6 Column: h Contains both single and double circuitry.
Schedule Page: 422 Line No.: 9 Column: h Contains both single and double circuitry.
Schedule Page: 422 Line No.: 10 Column: h Contains both single and double circuitry.
Schedule Page: 422 Line No.: 11 Column: h Contains both single and double circuitry.
Schedule Page: 422 Line No.: 13 Column: h Contains both single and double circuitry.
Schedule Page: 422 Line No.: 16 Column: h Contains both single and double circuitry.
Schedule Page: 422 Line No.: 18 Column: h Contains both single and double circuitry.
Schedule Page: 422 Line No.: 19 Column: h Contains both single and double circuitry.
Schedule Page: 422 Line No.: 21 Column: h Contains both single and double circuitry.
Schedule Page: 422 Line No.: 23 Column: h Contains both single and double circuitry.
Schedule Page: 422 Line No.: 25 Column: h Contains both single and double circuitry.
Schedule Page: 422 Line No.: 27 Column: h Contains both single and double circuitry.
Schedule Page: 422 Line No.: 30 Column: h Contains both single and double circuitry.

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SUBSTATIONS

- Report below the information called for concerning substations of the respondent as of the end of the year.
- Substations which serve only one industrial or street railway customer should not be listed below.
- Substations with capacities of Less than 10 MVA except those serving customers with energy for resale, may be grouped according to functional character, but the number of such substations must be shown.
- Indicate in column (b) the functional character of each substation, designating whether transmission or distribution and whether attended or unattended. At the end of the page, summarize according to function the capacities reported for the individual stations in column (f).

Line No.	Name and Location of Substation (a)	Character of Substation (b)	VOLTAGE (In MVA)		
			Primary (c)	Secondary (d)	Tertiary (e)
1	Adams - Georgetown	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
2	Alcade - Somerset	Transmission *	345.00	161.00	13.20
3	American Ave. - Lexington	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
4	Arnold - Cumberland	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
5	Artemus - Pineville	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
6	Bardstown- Campellsville	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
7	Beattyville - Richmond	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
8	Bimble	Transmission*	69.00		
9	Blackwell	Transmission*	138.00		
10	Bonds Mill	Transmission*	69.00		
11	Bonnieville - Horse Cave	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
12	Boonesboro North - Winchester	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
13	Boyle County	Transmission*	69.00		
14	Broadhead SW	Transmission*	69.00		
15	Brown CT 7 - Harrodsburg	Transmission*(G)	145.00	18.00	
16	Brown CT 6 - Harrodsburg	Transmission*(G)	145.00	13.80	
17	Brown North - Harrodsburg	Transmission *	345.00	138.00	13.20
18	Brown North - Harrodsburg	Transmission *	144.00	24.00	
19	Brown Plant - Harrodsburg	Transmission*(G)	138.00	13.20	
20	Brown Plant - Harrodsburg	Transmission*(G)	138.00	17.10	
21	Cartown - Augusta	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
22	Carrollton - Carrollton	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
23	Cary SW	Transmission*	69.00		
24	Clark County - Winchester	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
25	Clinton	Transmission*	69.00		
26	Corydon - Henderson	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
27	Crittendon County - Marion	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
28	Cynthiana SW	Transmission*	69.00		
29	Danville North - Danville	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
30	Deivinta	Transmission*	161.00		
31	Dix Dam Plant - Harrodsburg	Transmission*(G)	69.00	13.20	
32	Dow Corning West	Transmission*	138.00		
33	Dorchester - Norton	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
34	Earlington North - Earlington	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
35	East Frankfort - Frankfort	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
36	Elihu - Somerset	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
37	Elizabethtown - Elizabethtown	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
38	Eminence	Transmission*	69.00		
39	Evarts	Transmission*	69.00		
40	Farley - Corbin	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20

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SUBSTATIONS (Continued)

5. Show in columns (f), (g), and (h) special equipment such as rotary converters, rectifiers, condensers, etc. and auxiliary equipment for increasing capacity.

6. Designate substations or major items of equipment leased from others, jointly owned with others, or operated otherwise than by reason of sole ownership by the respondent. For any substation or equipment operated under lease, give name of lessor, date and period of lease, and annual rent. For any substation or equipment operated other than by reason of sole ownership or lease, give name of co-owner or other party, explain basis of sharing expenses or other accounting between the parties, and state amounts and accounts affected in respondent's books of account. Specify in each case whether lessor, co-owner, or other party is an associated company.

Capacity of Substation (In Service) (In MVA) (f)	Number of Transformers In Service (g)	Number of Spare Transformers (h)	CONVERSION APPARATUS AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT			Line No.
			Type of Equipment (i)	Number of Units (j)	Total Capacity (In MVA) (k)	
94	1		NONE			1
448	1		NONE			2
150	1		NONE			3
56	1		NONE			4
56	1		NONE			5
94	1		NONE			6
56	1		NONE			7
			NONE			8
			NONE			9
			NONE			10
34	1		NONE			11
150	1		NONE			12
			NONE			13
			NONE			14
380	2		NONE			15
728	5		NONE			16
448	1		NONE			17
504	1		NONE			18
120	1		NONE			19
185	1		NONE			20
50	1		NONE			21
187	2		NONE			22
			NONE			23
93	1		NONE			24
			NONE			25
112	1		NONE			26
112	1		NONE			27
			NONE			28
112	1		NONE			29
			NONE			30
31	3		NONE			31
			NONE			32
187	2		NONE			33
224	1		NONE			34
224	2		NONE			35
187	2		NONE			36
150	1		NONE			37
			NONE			38
			NONE			39
149	1		NONE			40

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SUBSTATIONS

- Report below the information called for concerning substations of the respondent as of the end of the year.
- Substations which serve only one industrial or street railway customer should not be listed below.
- Substations with capacities of Less than 10 MVA except those serving customers with energy for resale, may be grouped according to functional character, but the number of such substations must be shown.
- Indicate in column (b) the functional character of each substation, designating whether transmission or distribution and whether attended or unattended. At the end of the page, summarize according to function the capacities reported for the individual stations in column (f).

Line No.	Name and Location of Substation (a)	Character of Substation (b)	VOLTAGE (In MVA)		
			Primary (c)	Secondary (d)	Tertiary (e)
1	Farmers - Morehead	Transmission *	80.00	40.00	13.20
2	Fawkes - Richmond	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
3	Finchville	Transmission*	69.00		
4	Ghent Plant - Carrollton	Transmission *	345.00	138.00	
5	Ghent Plant - Carrollton	Transmission *	345.00	138.00	25.00
6	Ghent Plant - Carrollton	Transmission (G)	144.00	18.00	
7	Ghent Plant - Carrollton	Transmission (G)	345.00	21.00	
8	Ghent Plant - Carrollton	Transmission (G)	362.00	22.00	
9	Goddard	Transmission*	138.00		
10	Gorge SW	Transmission*	69.00		
11	Grahamville - Barlow	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
12	Green River Plant - Greenville	Transmission (G)	138.00	13.20	
13	Green River Plant - Greenville	Transmission	138.00	69.00	13.20
14	Green River Plant - Greenville	Transmission	154.00	138.00	13.20
15	Green River Plant - Greenville	Transmission	161.00	138.00	13.20
16	Green River Steel - Greenville	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
17	Haefling - Lexington	Transmission (G)	69.00	13.20	
18	Haefling - Lexington	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
19	Hardin County - Elizabethtown	Transmission *	345.00	138.00	13.20
20	Hardin County - Elizabethtown	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
21	Hardinsburg - Hardinsburg	Transmission*	138.00		
22	Harlan "Y" - Harlan	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
23	Higby Mill - Lexington	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
24	Hillside	Transmission*	69.00		
25	Howards Branch	Transmission*	161.00		
26	Imboden - Big Stone Gap	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
27	Indian Hill	Transmission*	69.00		
28	Kenton - Maysville	Transmission *	132.00	69.00	13.20
29	Kenton - Maysville	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
30	KU Park - Pineville	Transmission*	69.00		
31	Lake Reba - Richmond	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
32	Lake Reba Tap - Richmond	Transmission *	161.00	138.00	6.60
33	Lancaster	Transmission*	69.00		
34	Lansdowne - Lexington	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
35	Lebanon - Lebanon	Transmission *	80.00	40.00	13.20
36	Leitchfield - Leitchfield	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
37	Lexington Plant - Lexington	Transmission*	69.00		
38	Livingston County	Transmission*	161.00		
39	London - London	Transmission*	69.00		
40	Loudon Ave - Lexington	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20

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SUBSTATIONS (Continued)

5. Show in columns (l), (j), and (k) special equipment such as rotary converters, rectifiers, condensers, etc. and auxiliary equipment for increasing capacity.

6. Designate substations or major items of equipment leased from others, jointly owned with others, or operated otherwise than by reason of sole ownership by the respondent. For any substation or equipment operated under lease, give name of lessor, date and period of lease, and annual rent. For any substation or equipment operated other than by reason of sole ownership or lease, give name of co-owner or other party, explain basis of sharing expenses or other accounting between the parties, and state amounts and accounts affected in respondent's books of account. Specify in each case whether lessor, co-owner, or other party is an associated company.

Capacity of Substation (In Service) (In MVa) (f)	Number of Transformers In Service (g)	Number of Spare Transformers (h)	CONVERSION APPARATUS AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT			Line No.
			Type of Equipment (i)	Number of Units (j)	Total Capacity (In MVa) (k)	
40	3		NONE			1
299	2		NONE			2
			NONE			3
450	1	1	NONE			4
448	1		NONE			5
616	1		NONE			6
1210	2		NONE			7
605	1		NONE			8
			NONE			9
			NONE			10
93	1		NONE			11
214	2	6	NONE			12
261	2		NONE			13
200	2		NONE			14
112	1		NONE			15
93	1		NONE			16
59	1		NONE			17
149	1		NONE			18
448	1		NONE			19
149	1		NONE			20
			NONE			21
94	1		NONE			22
224	2		NONE			23
			NONE			24
			NONE			25
149	1		NONE			26
			NONE			27
33	1	1	NONE			28
112	1		NONE			29
		6	NONE			30
149	1		NONE			31
200	1		NONE			32
			NONE			33
112	1		NONE			34
100	6		NONE			35
93	1		NONE			36
			NONE			37
			NONE			38
			NONE			39
262	2		NONE			40

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SUBSTATIONS

- Report below the information called for concerning substations of the respondent as of the end of the year.
- Substations which serve only one industrial or street railway customer should not be listed below.
- Substations with capacities of Less than 10 MVA except those serving customers with energy for resale, may be grouped according to functional character, but the number of such substations must be shown.
- Indicate in column (b) the functional character of each substation, designating whether transmission or distribution and whether attended or unattended. At the end of the page, summarize according to function the capacities reported for the individual stations in column (f).

Line No.	Name and Location of Substation (a)	Character of Substation (b)	VOLTAGE (in MVA)		
			Primary (c)	Secondary (d)	Tertiary (e)
1	Lynch - Harlan	Transmission*	69.00		
2	Marion	Transmission*	69.00		
3	Meldrum SW	Transmission*	69.00		
4	Middlesboro - Middlesboro	Transmission*	69.00		
5	Millersburg - Millersburg	Transmission*	69.00		
6	Morganfield - Morganfield	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
7	N.A.S.	Transmission*	138.00		
8	Nebo - Nebo	Transmission*	69.00		
9	North London - London	Transmission*	69.00		
10	Ohio County - Beaver Dam	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
11	Paris	Transmission*	138.00	69.00	13.20
12	Pineville - Pineville	Transmission *	345.00	161.00	13.20
13	Pineville - Pineville	Transmission *	500.00	345.00	34.50
14	Pineville - Pineville	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
15	Pineville SW -Pineville	Transmission*	161.00		
16	Pisgah - Lexington	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
17	Pittsburg - London	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
18	Pocket - Pennington Gap	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
19	Pocket North - Pennington Gap	Transmission *	500.00	161.00	
20	Princeton - Princeton	Transmission*	69.00		
21	Richmond - Richmond	Transmission*	69.00		
22	River Queen - Muhlenberg	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
23	Rocky Branch	Transmission*	69.00		
24	Rodburn - Morehead	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
25	Rogersville - Radcliff	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
26	Scott County	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
27	Shelbyville - Shelbyville	Transmission*	69.00		
28	Simmons	Transmission*	69.00		
29	Somerset N - Somerset	Transmission*	69.00		
30	South Paducah	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
31	Spears SW	Transmission*	69.00		
32	Spencer Road - Mt. Sterling	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
33	Sweet Hollow	Transmission*	69.00		
34	Taylor County - Campsville	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
35	Tyrone - Versailles	Transmission (G)	40.00	13.20	
36	Tyrone - Versailles	Transmission (G)	69.00	13.20	
37	Tyrone - Versailles	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
38	UK Medical Center - Lexington	Transmission*	69.00		
39	Virginia City - Norton	Transmission*	161.00	69.00	13.20
40	Walker - Earlington	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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SUBSTATIONS (Continued)

5. Show in columns (l), (j), and (k) special equipment such as rotary converters, rectifiers, condensers, etc. and auxiliary equipment for increasing capacity.

6. Designate substations or major items of equipment leased from others, jointly owned with others, or operated otherwise than by reason of sole ownership by the respondent. For any substation or equipment operated under lease, give name of lessor, date and period of lease, and annual rent. For any substation or equipment operated other than by reason of sole ownership or lease, give name of co-owner or other party, explain basis of sharing expenses or other accounting between the parties, and state amounts and accounts affected in respondent's books of account. Specify in each case whether lessor, co-owner, or other party is an associated company.

Capacity of Substation (In Service) (In MVA) (f)	Number of Transformers In Service (g)	Number of Spare Transformers (h)	CONVERSION APPARATUS AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT			Line No.
			Type of Equipment (i)	Number of Units (j)	Total Capacity (In MVA) (k)	
			NONE			1
			NONE			2
			NONE			3
			NONE			4
			NONE			5
112	1		NONE			6
			NONE			7
			NONE			8
			NONE			9
93	1	3	NONE			10
150	1		NONE			11
560	1		NONE			12
504	1		NONE			13
243	2		NONE			14
			NONE			15
112	1		NONE			16
112	1		NONE			17
187	1		NONE			18
448	1		NONE			19
			NONE			20
			NONE			21
56	1		NONE			22
			NONE			23
61	1	1	NONE			24
93	1		NONE			25
93	1		NONE			26
			NONE			27
			NONE			28
			NONE			29
50	1		NONE			30
			NONE			31
89	2		NONE			32
			NONE			33
90	1		NONE			34
38	3	1	NONE			35
83	1	1	NONE			36
112	1	1	NONE			37
			NONE			38
		1	NONE			39
112	1		NONE			40

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SUBSTATIONS

- Report below the information called for concerning substations of the respondent as of the end of the year.
- Substations which serve only one industrial or street railway customer should not be listed below.
- Substations with capacities of Less than 10 MVA except those serving customers with energy for resale, may be grouped according to functional character, but the number of such substations must be shown.
- Indicate in column (b) the functional character of each substation, designating whether transmission or distribution and whether attended or unattended. At the end of the page, summarize according to function the capacities reported for the individual stations in column (f).

Line No.	Name and Location of Substation (a)	Character of Substation (b)	VOLTAGE (In MVA)		
			Primary (c)	Secondary (d)	Tertiary (e)
1	West Cliff - Harrodsburg	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
2	West Frankfort - Shelbyville	Transmission *	345.00	138.00	13.20
3	West Frankfort - Shelbyville	Transmission *	138.00	69.00	13.20
4	West Irvine - Irvine	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
5	West Lexington - Lexington	Transmission *	345.00	138.00	13.20
6	Wheatcroft	Transmission*	69.00		
7	Wickliffe - Barlow	Transmission *	161.00	69.00	13.20
8	Williamsburg SW	Transmission*	69.00		
9	Winchester City	Transmission*	69.00		
10	Wofford	Transmission*	69.00		
11	Total Transmission		18480.00	6227.10	937.30
12					
13	A.O. Smith - Mt. Sterling	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
14	Adams 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	34.50	
15	Aisin 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
16	Alexander - Versailles	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
17	American Ave. - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	4.16	
18	Andover - Norton	Distribution*	69.00	34.50	
19	Ashland Ave. - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	4.16	
20	Ashland Pipe - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
21	Augusta 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
22	Bardstown City 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
23	Bardstown Ind. 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
24	Beaver Dam - Beaver Dam	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
25	Beaver Dam North - Beaver Dam	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
26	Belt Line - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
27	Bevier - Earlington	Distribution*	69.00	34.50	
28	Big Stone Gap - Big Stone Gap	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
29	Bond - Coeburn	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
30	Boone Ave. - Winchester	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
31	Borg Warner - Earlington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
32	Bryant Road - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
33	Buchanan - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	4.16	
34	Buena Vista 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
35	Burnside - Somerset	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
36	Camargo - Mt. Sterling	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
37	Campellsville 1 - Campellsville	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
38	Campellsville 2 - Campellsville	Distribution*	69.00	12.47	
39	Carntown - Augusta	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
40	Caron - London	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	

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SUBSTATIONS (Continued)

5. Show in columns (l), (j), and (k) special equipment such as rotary converters, rectifiers, condensers, etc. and auxiliary equipment for increasing capacity.

6. Designate substations or major items of equipment leased from others, jointly owned with others, or operated otherwise than by reason of sole ownership by the respondent. For any substation or equipment operated under lease, give name of lessor, date and period of lease, and annual rent. For any substation or equipment operated other than by reason of sole ownership or lease, give name of co-owner or other party, explain basis of sharing expenses or other accounting between the parties, and state amounts and accounts affected in respondent's books of account. Specify in each case whether lessor, co-owner, or other party is an associated company.

Capacity of Substation (In Service) (In MVA) (f)	Number of Transformers In Service (g)	Number of Spare Transformers (h)	CONVERSION APPARATUS AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT			Line No.
			Type of Equipment (i)	Number of Units (j)	Total Capacity (In MVA) (k)	
392	3		NONE			1
448	1		NONE			2
93	1		NONE			3
56	1		NONE			4
448	1		NONE			5
			NONE			6
93	1		NONE			7
			NONE			8
			NONE			9
			NONE			10
17223	114	22				11
						12
14	1		NONE			13
34	2		NONE			14
14	1		NONE			15
22	1		NONE			16
14	1		NONE			17
37	1		NONE			18
28	2		NONE			19
14	1		NONE			20
14	1		NONE			21
23	1		NONE			22
23	1		NONE			23
14	1		NONE			24
14	1		NONE			25
23	1		NONE			26
13	1		NONE			27
42	3		NONE			28
67	3		NONE			29
23	1		NONE			30
23	1		NONE			31
45	2		NONE			32
14	1		NONE			33
14	1		NONE			34
14	1		NONE			35
28	2		NONE			36
45	2		NONE			37
23	1		NONE			38
14	1		NONE			39
23	1		NONE			40

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SUBSTATIONS

1. Report below the information called for concerning substations of the respondent as of the end of the year.
2. Substations which serve only one industrial or street railway customer should not be listed below.
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4. Indicate in column (b) the functional character of each substation, designating whether transmission or distribution and whether attended or unattended. At the end of the page, summarize according to function the capacities reported for the individual stations in column (f).

Line No	Name and Location of Substation (a)	Character of Substation (b)	VOLTAGE (In MVA)		
			Primary (c)	Secondary (d)	Tertiary (e)
1	Carrollton - Carrollton	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
2	Cawood - Harlan	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
3	Clay Mills - Lexington	Distribution *	138.00	12.47	
4	Clinch Valley - Norton	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
5	Columbia - Columbia	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
6	Columbia South - Columbia	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
7	Corbin East - Corbin	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
8	Corning 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
9	Corporate Drive 12 2	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
10	Cynthiana 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
11	Cynthiana South 12KV	Distribution *	67.00	12.47	
12	Danville 1 - Danville	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
13	Danville East - Danville	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
14	Danville Ind. - Danville	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
15	Danville North - Danville	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
16	Danville West - Danville	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
17	Dark Hollow - Richmond	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
18	Dawson Ind. - Earlington	Distribution *	69.00	4.16	
19	Days Branch 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
20	Dayton-Walther - Carrollton	Distribution *	138.00	12.47	
21	Delaplain - Georgetown	Distribution *	69.00	13.80	
22	Denham Street - Somerset	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
23	Detroit Harvester - Paris	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
24	Donerail - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
25	Dorchester - Norton	Distribution *	69.00	22.00	
26	Dow Coming - Carrollton	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
27	Dozier Heights 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
28	Earlington - Earlington	Distribution *	69.00	34.50	
29	East Bernstadt - London	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
30	East Stone - Big Stone Gap	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
31	Eastland - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
32	Elizabethtown Industrial - Elizabethtown	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
33	Eminence - Shelbyville	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
34	Esserville - Norton	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
35	Etown #2 - Elizabethtown	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
36	Etown #3 - Elizabethtown	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
37	Etown #4 - Elizabethtown	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
38	Etown #5 East - Elizabethtown	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
39	Etown West - Elizabethtown	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
40	Ewington - Mt. Sterling	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	

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SUBSTATIONS (Continued)

5. Show in columns (l), (j), and (k) special equipment such as rotary converters, rectifiers, condensers, etc. and auxiliary equipment for increasing capacity.

6. Designate substations or major items of equipment leased from others, jointly owned with others, or operated otherwise than by reason of sole ownership by the respondent. For any substation or equipment operated under lease, give name of lessor, date and period of lease, and annual rent. For any substation or equipment operated other than by reason of sole ownership or lease, give name of co-owner or other party, explain basis of sharing expenses or other accounting between the parties, and state amounts and accounts affected in respondent's books of account. Specify in each case whether lessor, co-owner, or other party is an associated company.

Capacity of Substation (In Service) (In MVA) (f)	Number of Transformers In Service (g)	Number of Spare Transformers (h)	CONVERSION APPARATUS AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT			Line No.
			Type of Equipment (i)	Number of Units (j)	Total Capacity (In MVA) (k)	
14	1		NONE			1
14	1		NONE			2
37	1		NONE			3
23	1		NONE			4
14	1		NONE			5
14	1		NONE			6
37	2		NONE			7
21	4		NONE			8
23	1		NONE			9
14	1		NONE			10
14	1		NONE			11
23	1		NONE			12
23	1		NONE			13
45	2		NONE			14
14	1		NONE			15
23	1		NONE			16
14	1		NONE			17
14	1		NONE			18
14	1		NONE			19
14	1		NONE			20
37	2		NONE			21
14	1		NONE			22
23	1		NONE			23
14	1		NONE			24
42	2		NONE			25
14	1		NONE			26
14	1		NONE			27
34	2		NONE			28
14	1		NONE			29
14	1		NONE			30
23	1		NONE			31
23	1		NONE			32
14	1		NONE			33
23	1		NONE			34
45	2		NONE			35
23	1		NONE			36
23	1		NONE			37
14	1		NONE			38
23	1		NONE			39
28	2		NONE			40

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SUBSTATIONS

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Line No	Name and Location of Substation (a)	Character of Substation (b)	VOLTAGE (In Mva)		
			Primary (c)	Secondary (d)	Tertiary (e)
1	Ferguson South - Somerset	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
2	Florida Tile - Lawrenceburg	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
3	FMC - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
4	Forks of Elkhorn - Georgetown	Distribution *	34.50	12.47	
5	Frankfort - Frankfort	Distribution *	69.00	34.50	
6	GE Lamp Works - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	4.16	
7	Georgetown - Georgetown	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
8	Green River Steel 2 12	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
9	Greensburg - Campeitville	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
10	Greenville 12KV - Muhlenburg	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
11	Greenville North - Muhlenburg	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
12	Haeffling - Lexington	Distribution *	138.00	12.47	
13	Hailey - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
14	Hamblin - Pennington Gap	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
15	Hanson - Earlington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
16	Hardesty - Earlington	Distribution *	69.00	34.50	
17	Harlan - Harlan	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
18	Harlan Wye - Harlan	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
19	Harrodsburg #2 - Harrodsburg	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
20	Harrodsburg #3 - Harrodsburg	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
21	Harrodsburg North 12	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
22	Higby Mill 12KV - Lexington	Distribution *	138.00	12.47	
23	Highsplint - Harlan	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
24	Hodgenville 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
25	Hoover 12KV - Georgetown	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
26	Hopewell - Corbin	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
27	Horse Cave 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
28	Horse Cave Industrial - Horse Cave	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
29	Hughes Lane - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
30	IBM - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
31	IBM North 12KV	Distribution *	138.00	12.47	
32	Imboden - Norton	Distribution *	69.00	34.50	
33	Irvine - Richmond	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
34	Joyland - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
35	Kawneer - Cynthiana	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
36	Kenton - Maysville	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
37	Kentucky River 4KV	Distribution *	69.00	4.16	
38	LaGrange East	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
39	LaGrange - Penal - LaGrange	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
40	Lakeshore - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	

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SUBSTATIONS (Continued)

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Capacity of Substation (In Service) (In MVA) (f)	Number of Transformers In Service (g)	Number of Spare Transformers (h)	CONVERSION APPARATUS AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT			Line No.
			Type of Equipment (i)	Number of Units (j)	Total Capacity (In MVA) (k)	
14	1		NONE			1
14	1		NONE			2
23	1		NONE			3
14	1		NONE			4
20	1		NONE			5
14	1		NONE			6
14	1		NONE			7
14	1		NONE			8
14	1		NONE			9
14	1		NONE			10
14	1		NONE			11
39	1		NONE			12
14	1		NONE			13
14	1		NONE			14
14	1		NONE			15
13	1		NONE			16
14	1		NONE			17
14	1		NONE			18
14	1		NONE			19
14	1		NONE			20
14	1		NONE			21
60	2		NONE			22
14	1		NONE			23
14	1		NONE			24
14	1		NONE			25
28	2		NONE			26
28	2		NONE			27
23	1		NONE			28
14	1		NONE			29
75	2		NONE			30
34	1		NONE			31
37	1		NONE			32
14	1		NONE			33
37	2		NONE			34
14	1		NONE			35
28	2		NONE			36
13	1		NONE			37
37	2		NONE			38
23	1		NONE			39
37	1		NONE			40

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SUBSTATIONS

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Line No.	Name and Location of Substation (a)	Character of Substation (b)	VOLTAGE (In MVA)		
			Primary (c)	Secondary (d)	Tertiary (e)
1	Lancaster - Danville	Distribution*	69.00	4.16	
2	Lansdowne - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
3	Lawrenceburg - Lawrenceburg	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
4	Lebanon - Lebanon	Distribution*	69.00	12.47	
5	Lebanon South 12KV - Lebanon	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
6	Lebanon West - Lebanon	Distribution *	138.00	12.47	
7	Leitchfield 12KV - Leitchfield	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
8	Leitchfield East - Leitchfield	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
9	Lemons Mill - Georgetown	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
10	Lexington Water Comapany	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
11	Lexington 4KV - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	4.16	
12	Liberty - Liberty	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
13	Liberty Road - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
14	London - London	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
15	Loudon Ave. - Lexington	Distribution *	138.00	12.47	
16	Madisonville GE 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
17	Madisonville HP 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
18	Madisonville North 4KV	Distribution *	69.00	4.16	
19	Madisonville West 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
20	Madisonville East 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
21	Manchester South	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
22	Marion South - Marion	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
23	Maysville Mid - Maysville	Distribution *	69.00	4.16	
24	McCoy Avenue 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
25	McKee Road 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
26	Meldrum - Middlesboro	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
27	Metal & Thermit - Carrollton	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
28	Middlesboro #1 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
29	Middlesboro #2 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
30	Midway - Versailles	Distribution *	138.00	12.47	
31	Minor Farm 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
32	Morehead - Morehead	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
33	Morganfield Industrial - Morganfield	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
34	Mt. Sterling - Mt. Sterling	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
35	Mt. Vernon - Mt. Vernon	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
36	Muhlenburg Prison - Muhlenburg	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
37	Norton East - Norton	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
38	Oakhill - Earlington	Distribution*	69.00	34.50	
39	Okonite - Richmond	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
40	Owingsville 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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SUBSTATIONS (Continued)

5. Show in columns (l), (j), and (k) special equipment such as rotary converters, rectifiers, condensers, etc. and auxiliary equipment for increasing capacity.

6. Designate substations or major items of equipment leased from others, jointly owned with others, or operated otherwise than by reason of sole ownership by the respondent. For any substation or equipment operated under lease, give name of lessor, date and period of lease, and annual rent. For any substation or equipment operated other than by reason of sole ownership or lease, give name of co-owner or other party, explain basis of sharing expenses or other accounting between the parties, and state amounts and accounts affected in respondent's books of account. Specify in each case whether lessor, co-owner, or other party is an associated company.

Capacity of Substation (In Service) (In MVA) (f)	Number of Transformers In Service (g)	Number of Spare Transformers (h)	CONVERSION APPARATUS AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT			Line No.
			Type of Equipment (l)	Number of Units (j)	Total Capacity (In MVA) (k)	
14	1		NONE			1
67	2		NONE			2
40	2		NONE			3
13	1		NONE			4
13	1		NONE			5
13	1		NONE			6
13	1		NONE			7
14	1		NONE			8
28	2		NONE			9
45	2		NONE			10
28	2		NONE			11
14	1		NONE			12
37	1		NONE			13
45	2		NONE			14
37	1		NONE			15
23	1		NONE			16
14	1		NONE			17
14	3		NONE			18
23	1		NONE			19
14	1		NONE			20
14	1		NONE			21
14	1		NONE			22
14	1		NONE			23
14	1		NONE			24
14	1		NONE			25
14	1		NONE			26
14	1		NONE			27
28	2		NONE			28
28	2		NONE			29
14	1		NONE			30
14	1		NONE			31
14	1		NONE			32
14	1		NONE			33
14	1		NONE			34
14	1		NONE			35
14	1		NONE			36
14	1		NONE			37
20	1		NONE			38
14	1		NONE			39
14	1		NONE			40

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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SUBSTATIONS

1. Report below the information called for concerning substations of the respondent as of the end of the year.
2. Substations which serve only one industrial or street railway customer should not be listed below.
3. Substations with capacities of Less than 10 MVA except those serving customers with energy for resale, may be grouped according to functional character, but the number of such substations must be shown.
4. Indicate in column (b) the functional character of each substation, designating whether transmission or distribution and whether attended or unattended. At the end of the page, summarize according to function the capacities reported for the individual stations in column (f).

Line No	Name and Location of Substation (a)	Character of Substation (b)	VOLTAGE (In MVA)		
			Primary (c)	Secondary (d)	Tertiary (e)
1	Oxford - Georgetown	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
2	Paris - Paris	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
3	Parker Seal 12KV - Winchester	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
4	Parkers Mill 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
5	Pepper Pike 12KV - Georgetown	Distribution *	34.50	12.47	
6	Picadome 12KV - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
7	Pineville 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
8	Pocket - Norton	Distribution*	69.00	34.50	
9	Poor Valley - Pennington Gap	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
10	Powderly - Muhlenburg	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
11	Princeton - Princeton	Distribution*	69.00	34.50	
12	Proctor/Gamble 4KV	Distribution *	69.00	4.16	
13	Race Street - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
14	Radcliff - Radcliff	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
15	Red House 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
16	Reynolds - Lexington	Distribution *	138.00	12.47	
17	Richmond 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
18	Richmond #3 12KV (EKU)	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
19	Richmond #3 4KV (EKU)	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
20	Richmond East	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
21	Richmond Industrial	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
22	Richmond South	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
23	Rockwell - Winchester	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
24	Rogersville - Radcliff	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
25	Rumsey - Earlington	Distribution*	34.50	34.50	
26	Salem - Earlington	Distribution*	69.00	34.50	
27	Shannon Run 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
28	Sharon - Augusta	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
29	Shavers Chap 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
30	Shelbyville North 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
31	Shelbyville East	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
32	Shelbyville South	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
33	Simpsonville - Shelbyville	Distribution*	69.00	12.47	
34	Somerset #2 4KV	Distribution *	69.00	4.16	
35	Somerset #3 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
36	Somerset South	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
37	Springfield - Campbellsville	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
38	St. Paul 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
39	Stanford 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
40	Stanford North 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2007/Q4</u>
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SUBSTATIONS (Continued)

5. Show in columns (l), (j), and (k) special equipment such as rotary converters, rectifiers, condensers, etc. and auxiliary equipment for increasing capacity.

6. Designate substations or major items of equipment leased from others, jointly owned with others, or operated otherwise than by reason of sole ownership by the respondent. For any substation or equipment operated under lease, give name of lessor, date and period of lease, and annual rent. For any substation or equipment operated other than by reason of sole ownership or lease, give name of co-owner or other party, explain basis of sharing expenses or other accounting between the parties, and state amounts and accounts affected in respondent's books of account. Specify in each case whether lessor, co-owner, or other party is an associated company.

Capacity of Substation (In Service) (In MVA) (f)	Number of Transformers In Service (g)	Number of Spare Transformers (h)	CONVERSION APPARATUS AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT			Line No.
			Type of Equipment (i)	Number of Units (j)	Total Capacity (In MVA) (k)	
14	1		NONE			1
14	1		NONE			2
23	1		NONE			3
45	2		NONE			4
14	1		NONE			5
23	1		NONE			6
28	2		NONE			7
20	1		NONE			8
14	1		NONE			9
14	1		NONE			10
13	1		NONE			11
14	1		NONE			12
14	1		NONE			13
23	1		NONE			14
14	1		NONE			15
77	2		NONE			16
45	2		NONE			17
23	1		NONE			18
14	1		NONE			19
23	1		NONE			20
23	1		NONE			21
23	1		NONE			22
23	1		NONE			23
23	1		NONE			24
13	1		NONE			25
14	1		NONE			26
14	1		NONE			27
14	1		NONE			28
14	1		NONE			29
23	1		NONE			30
23	1		NONE			31
37	2		NONE			32
11	1		NONE			33
14	1		NONE			34
14	1		NONE			35
14	1		NONE			36
14	1		NONE			37
45	2		NONE			38
14	1		NONE			39
14	1		NONE			40

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SUBSTATIONS

- Report below the information called for concerning substations of the respondent as of the end of the year.
- Substations which serve only one industrial or street railway customer should not be listed below.
- Substations with capacities of Less than 10 MVA except those serving customers with energy for resale, may be grouped according to functional character, but the number of such substations must be shown.
- Indicate in column (b) the functional character of each substation, designating whether transmission or distribution and whether attended or unattended. At the end of the page, summarize according to function the capacities reported for the individual stations in column (f).

Line No	Name and Location of Substation (a)	Character of Substation (b)	VOLTAGE (In MVA)		
			Primary (c)	Secondary (d)	Tertiary (e)
1	Stonewall 12KV - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
2	Sylvania 12KV - Winchester	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
3	Taylorsville - Shelbyville	Distribution*	69.00	12.47	
4	Toyola North	Distribution *	138.00	13.20	
5	Toyola South	Distribution *	138.00	13.20	
6	Trafton Ave. 12KV - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
7	Trafton Ave. 4KV - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	4.16	
8	UK Scott 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
9	UK Medical Center - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
10	UK West - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	13.09	
11	Union Underwear - Russell Springs	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
12	Vaksdahl Avenue 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
13	Verda - Harlan	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
14	Versailles West 12KV - Versailles	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
15	Versailles Bypass - Versailles	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
16	Viley Road - Lexington	Distribution *	138.00	12.47	
17	Vine Street 12KV - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
18	Waitsboro - Somerset	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
19	Warsaw East - Owenton	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
20	West Hickman - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
21	West High Street 12KV - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
22	Westvaco 13.8KV	Distribution *	69.00	13.80	
23	Wickliffe 13.8KV	Distribution *	69.00	13.80	
24	Wilson Downing - Lexington	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
25	Williamsburg South - Williamsburg	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
26	Wilmore - Versailles	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
27	Winchester Industrial 12KV - Winchester	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
28	Winchester WW 12KV	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
29	Wise - Norton	Distribution *	69.00	12.47	
30	266 Stations Less Than 10,000 KVA				
31					
32	Total Distribution		15695.50	2877.92	
33					
34	* Unattended				
35					
36					
37	Summary				
38	Transmission 111				
39	Distribution 481				
40	Total 592				

Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo. Da. Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report End of 2007/Q4
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SUBSTATIONS (Continued)

5. Show in columns (l), (j), and (k) special equipment such as rotary converters, rectifiers, condensers, etc. and auxiliary equipment for increasing capacity.

6. Designate substations or major items of equipment leased from others, jointly owned with others, or operated otherwise than by reason of sole ownership by the respondent. For any substation or equipment operated under lease, give name of lessor, date and period of lease, and annual rent. For any substation or equipment operated other than by reason of sole ownership or lease, give name of co-owner or other party, explain basis of sharing expenses or other accounting between the parties, and state amounts and accounts affected in respondent's books of account. Specify in each case whether lessor, co-owner, or other party is an associated company.

Capacity of Substation (In Service) (In MVA) (f)	Number of Transformers In Service (g)	Number of Spare Transformers (h)	CONVERSION APPARATUS AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT			Line No.
			Type of Equipment (i)	Number of Units (j)	Total Capacity (In MVA) (k)	
37	1		NONE			1
23	1		NONE			2
14	1		NONE			3
84	3		NONE			4
84	3		NONE			5
14	1		NONE			6
14	1		NONE			7
37	1		NONE			8
65	2		NONE			9
14	1		NONE			10
14	1		NONE			11
14	1		NONE			12
14	1		NONE			13
23	1		NONE			14
45	2		NONE			15
39	1		NONE			16
14	1		NONE			17
14	1		NONE			18
14	1		NONE			19
23	1		NONE			20
28	2		NONE			21
67	3		NONE			22
14	1		NONE			23
45	2		NONE			24
14	1		NONE			25
14	1		NONE			26
23	1		NONE			27
14	1		NONE			28
23	1		NONE			29
1714	407		NONE			30
						31
6653	676					32
						33
						34
						35
						36
						37
17223	114	22				38
6653	676					39
23876	790	22				40

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Name of Respondent Kentucky Utilities Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) / /	Year/Period of Report 2007/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 426 Line No.: 15 Column: b (G) Generation
Schedule Page: 426 Line No.: 16 Column: b (G) Generation
Schedule Page: 426 Line No.: 19 Column: b (G) Generation
Schedule Page: 426 Line No.: 20 Column: b (G) Generation
Schedule Page: 426 Line No.: 31 Column: b (G) Generation
Schedule Page: 426.1 Line No.: 6 Column: b (G) Generation
Schedule Page: 426.1 Line No.: 7 Column: b (G) Generation
Schedule Page: 426.1 Line No.: 8 Column: b (G) Generation
Schedule Page: 426.1 Line No.: 12 Column: b (G) Generation
Schedule Page: 426.1 Line No.: 17 Column: b (G) Generation
Schedule Page: 426.2 Line No.: 35 Column: b (G) Generation
Schedule Page: 426.2 Line No.: 36 Column: b (G) Generation
Schedule Page: 426.2 Line No.: 39 Column: b Commissioned in 2008.

INDEX

<u>Schedule</u>	<u>Page No.</u>
Accrued and prepaid taxes	262-263
Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes	234
	272-277
Accumulated provisions for depreciation of	
common utility plant	356
utility plant	219
utility plant (summary)	200-201
Advances	
from associated companies	256-257
Allowances	228-229
Amortization	
miscellaneous	340
of nuclear fuel	202-203
Appropriations of Retained Earnings	118-119
Associated Companies	
advances from	256-257
corporations controlled by respondent	103
control over respondent	102
interest on debt to	256-257
Attestation	i
Balance sheet	
comparative	110-113
notes to	122-123
Bonds	256-257
Capital Stock	251
expense	254
premiums	252
reacquired	251
subscribed	252
Cash flows, statement of	120-121
Changes	
important during year	108-109
Construction	
work in progress - common utility plant	356
work in progress - electric	216
work in progress - other utility departments	200-201
Control	
corporations controlled by respondent	103
over respondent	102
Corporation	
controlled by	103
incorporated	101
CPA, background information on	101
CPA Certification, this report form	i-ii

INDEX (continued)

<u>Schedule</u>	<u>Page No.</u>
Deferred	
credits, other	269
debits, miscellaneous	233
income taxes accumulated - accelerated	
amortization property	272-273
income taxes accumulated - other property	274-275
income taxes accumulated - other	276-277
income taxes accumulated - pollution control facilities	234
Definitions, this report form	iii
Depreciation and amortization	
of common utility plant	356
of electric plant	219
	336-337
Directors	105
Discount - premium on long-term debt	256-257
Distribution of salaries and wages	354-355
Dividend appropriations	118-119
Earnings, Retained	118-119
Electric energy account	401
Expenses	
electric operation and maintenance	320-323
electric operation and maintenance, summary	323
unamortized debt	256
Extraordinary property losses	230
Filing requirements, this report form	
General information	101
Instructions for filing the FERC Form 1	i-iv
Generating plant statistics	
hydroelectric (large)	406-407
pumped storage (large)	408-409
small plants	410-411
steam-electric (large)	402-403
Hydro-electric generating plant statistics	406-407
Identification	101
Important changes during year	108-109
Income	
statement of, by departments	114-117
statement of, for the year (see also revenues)	114-117
deductions, miscellaneous amortization	340
deductions, other income deduction	340
deductions, other interest charges	340
Incorporation information	101

INDEX (continued)

<u>Schedule</u>	<u>Page No.</u>
Interest	
charges, paid on long-term debt, advances, etc	256-257
Investments	
nonutility property	221
subsidiary companies	224-225
Investment tax credits, accumulated deferred	266-267
Law, excerpts applicable to this report form	iv
List of schedules, this report form	2-4
Long-term debt	256-257
Losses-Extraordinary property	230
Materials and supplies	227
Miscellaneous general expenses	335
Notes	
to balance sheet	122-123
to statement of changes in financial position	122-123
to statement of income	122-123
to statement of retained earnings	122-123
Nonutility property	221
Nuclear fuel materials	202-203
Nuclear generating plant, statistics	402-403
Officers and officers' salaries	104
Operating	
expenses-electric	320-323
expenses-electric (summary)	323
Other	
paid-in capital	253
donations received from stockholders	253
gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock	253
miscellaneous paid-in capital	253
reduction in par or stated value of capital stock	253
regulatory assets	232
regulatory liabilities	278
Peaks, monthly, and output	401
Plant, Common utility	
accumulated provision for depreciation	356
acquisition adjustments	356
allocated to utility departments	356
completed construction not classified	356
construction work in progress	356
expenses	356
held for future use	356
in service	356
leased to others	356
Plant data	336-337
	401-429

INDEX (continued)

<u>Schedule</u>	<u>Page No.</u>
Plant - electric	
accumulated provision for depreciation	219
construction work in progress	216
held for future use	214
in service	204-207
leased to others	213
Plant - utility and accumulated provisions for depreciation	
amortization and depletion (summary)	201
Pollution control facilities, accumulated deferred	
income taxes	234
Power Exchanges	326-327
Premium and discount on long-term debt	256
Premium on capital stock	251
Prepaid taxes	262-263
Property - losses, extraordinary	230
Pumped storage generating plant statistics	408-409
Purchased power (including power exchanges)	326-327
Reacquired capital stock	250
Reacquired long-term debt	256-257
Receivers' certificates	256-257
Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income	
from Federal income taxes	261
Regulatory commission expenses deferred	233
Regulatory commission expenses for year	350-351
Research, development and demonstration activities	352-353
Retained Earnings	
amortization reserve Federal	119
appropriated	118-119
statement of, for the year	118-119
unappropriated	118-119
Revenues - electric operating	300-301
Salaries and wages	
directors fees	105
distribution of	354-355
officers'	104
Sales of electricity by rate schedules	304
Sales - for resale	310-311
Salvage - nuclear fuel	202-203
Schedules, this report form	2-4
Securities	
exchange registration	250-251
Statement of Cash Flows	120-121
Statement of income for the year	114-117
Statement of retained earnings for the year	118-119
Steam-electric generating plant statistics	402-403
Substations	426
Supplies - materials and	227

INDEX (continued)

<u>Schedule</u>	<u>Page No.</u>
Taxes	
accrued and prepaid	262-263
charged during year	262-263
on income, deferred and accumulated	234
	272-277
reconciliation of net income with taxable income for	261
Transformers, line - electric	429
Transmission	
lines added during year	424-425
lines statistics	422-423
of electricity for others	328-330
of electricity by others	332
Unamortized	
debt discount	256-257
debt expense	256-257
premium on debt	256-257
Unrecovered Plant and Regulatory Study Costs	230

Kentucky Utilities Company
Case No. 2008-00251
Historical Test Period Filing Requirements

Filing Requirement
807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(n)
Sponsoring Witness: Shannon L. Charnas / John J. Spanos

Description of Filing Requirement:

A summary of the utility's latest depreciation study with schedules by major plant accounts, except that telecommunications utilities that have adopted the commission's average depreciation rates shall provide a schedule that identifies the current and test period depreciation rates used by major plant accounts. If the required information has been filed in another commission case a reference to that case's number and style will be sufficient.

Response:

On May 16, 2001, the Company filed with the Commission the depreciation study (with schedules by major plant accounts) supporting the Company's current depreciation rates in Case No. 2001-00140, *In the Matter of: Application of Kentucky Utilities Company for an Order Approving Revised Depreciation Rates*. The Company incorporates that study herein by reference.

On December 28, 2007, the Company filed with the Commission an application filing a new depreciation study (with schedules by major plant accounts) and accompanying testimony in Case No. 2007-00565, *In the Matter of: Application of Kentucky Utilities Company to File Depreciation Study*. The Commission has not yet approved the new study, and the Company has moved the Commission to consolidate Case No. 2007-00565 with this proceeding, upon which motion the Commission has not yet ruled. The Company incorporates by reference that depreciation study as well.

Kentucky Utilities Company
Case No. 2008-00251
Historical Test Period Filing Requirements

Filing Requirement
807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(o)
Sponsoring Witness: Valerie L. Scott

Description of Filing Requirement:

A list of all commercially available or in-house developed computer software, programs, and models used in the development of the schedules and work papers associated with the filing of the utility's application. This list shall include each software, program, or model; what the software, program, or model was used for; identify the supplier of each software, program, or model; a brief description of the software, program, or model; the specifications for the computer hardware and the operating system required to run the program.

Response:

See attached.

Computer Software, Programs, and Models

List of Software, Programs and Models Used

- Microsoft Word 2003. This Application was used to prepare the majority of this filing.
 - Personal or multimedia computer with a Pentium 233MHz processor or greater
 - Microsoft Office XP, Microsoft Windows XP or higher operating system

- Microsoft Excel 2003. This Application was used to prepare the spreadsheet documents utilized in this filing.
 - Personal or multimedia computer with a Pentium 233MHz processor or greater
 - Microsoft Office XP, Microsoft Windows XP or higher operating system

- Microsoft PowerPoint 2003. This application is the presentation application used to prepare some of the graphs in the testimony.
 - Personal or multimedia computer with a Pentium 233MHz processor or greater
 - Microsoft Office XP, Microsoft Windows XP or higher operating system

- Adobe Version 7.0. This application was used to preserve and secure the layout of documents created in other applications.
 - Personal or multimedia computer with Intel Pentium or equivalent processor
 - Microsoft Windows NT with Service Pack 6 or 6a or higher operating system

- Proprietary Model prepared by The Prime Group, LLC. This model was used to prepare the cost of service study.
 - Personal or multimedia computer with a 486 or higher processor
 - Microsoft Windows 95 or higher operating system

**Kentucky Utilities Company
Case No. 2008-00251
Historical Test Period Filing Requirements**

**Filing Requirement
807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(p)
Sponsoring Witness: S. Bradford Rives**

Description of Filing Requirement:

Prospectuses of the most recent stock or bond offerings.

Response:

See attached.

KU Prospectus – Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds

Prospectus Dated: March 27, 2008

On May 24, 2007, the date the Bonds were originally issued, Bond Counsel delivered its opinions that stated that, subject to the conditions and exceptions set forth under the caption "Tax Treatment," under then current law, interest on each series of Bonds offered would be excludable from the gross income of the recipients thereof for federal income tax purposes, except that no opinion was expressed regarding such exclusion from gross income with respect to any Bond during any period in which it is held by a "substantial user" or a "related person" of the related Project as such terms are used in Section 147(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). Interest on each series of Bonds would be an item of tax preference in determining alternative minimum taxable income for individuals and corporations under the Code. Such interest may be subject to certain federal income taxes imposed on certain corporations, including imposition of the branch profits tax on a portion of such interest. Bond Counsel was further of the opinion that interest on each series of Bonds would be excludable from the gross income of the recipients thereof for Kentucky income tax purposes and that, under then current law, the principal of each series of Bonds would be exempt from ad valorem taxes in Kentucky. Such opinions have not been updated as of the date hereof and no continuing tax exemption opinions are expressed by Bond Counsel. However, in connection with the conversion of the interest rate mode on each series of Bonds to the Long Term Rate Period, as more fully described herein, Bond Counsel will deliver its opinions to the effect that the conversion of the interest rate on each series of Bonds (a) is authorized or permitted by the Act and the related Indenture and (b) will not adversely affect the validity of the Bonds or any exclusion of the interest thereon from the gross income of the owners of the Bonds for federal income tax purposes. See "Tax Treatment" herein.

\$17,875,000
 County of Carroll, Kentucky
 Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds
 2007 Series A
 (Kentucky Utilities Company Project)
 Due: February 1, 2026
 (AMT)

\$8,927,000
 County of Trimble, Kentucky
 Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds
 2007 Series A
 (Kentucky Utilities Company Project)
 Due: March 1, 2037
 (AMT)

Conversion Date: April 3, 2008

The Bonds of each series (individually the "Carroll County Bonds" and the "Trimble County Bonds" and, collectively, the "Bonds") are special and limited obligations of the County of Carroll, Kentucky and the County of Trimble, Kentucky (the "Issuers"), respectively, payable by the respective Issuers solely from and secured by payments to be received by the Issuers pursuant to separate Loan Agreements with

Kentucky Utilities Company

(the "Company"), except as payable from proceeds of such Bonds or investment earnings thereon. The Bonds do not constitute general obligations of the Issuers or a charge against the general credit or taxing powers thereof or of the Commonwealth of Kentucky or any other political subdivision of Kentucky.

The Bonds of each series were originally issued on May 24, 2007 as separate series and currently bear interest at Auction Rates. Pursuant to the Indentures under which the Bonds were issued, the Company has elected to convert the interest rate mode on the Bonds of each series to the Long Term Rate Period to maturity, effective as of April 3, 2008 (the "Conversion Date"). The Bonds are subject to mandatory tender for purchase on the Conversion Date and are being reoffered hereby.

The Carroll County Bonds will bear interest at the Long Term Rate of 5.75% per annum from April 3, 2008, to and including January 31, 2026, the day immediately preceding the maturity date of the Carroll County Bonds. The Trimble County Bonds will bear interest at the Long Term Rate of 6.00% per annum from April 3, 2008, to and including February 28, 2037, the day immediately preceding the maturity date of the Trimble County Bonds. On or after June 1, 2018 (the initial date on which the Bonds will be subject to optional redemption), the Company may elect to convert the interest rate mode on the Bonds of each series to another interest rate mode or to another Long Term Rate Period pursuant to the terms of the Indentures. See "Summary of the Bonds" in the Official Statement dated May 17, 2007, as supplemented by the Supplement dated May 22, 2007, relating to the Bonds (the "2007 Official Statement"), and "Appendix E—Summary of Certain Provisions of the Bonds while Bearing Interest at a Flexible Rate, a Variable Rate or a Long Term Rate" in the 2007 Official Statement.

The Bonds will accrue interest from the Conversion Date, payable on each June 1 and December 1, commencing June 1, 2008. The Bonds will be subject to optional redemption, extraordinary optional redemption, in whole or in part, and mandatory redemption following a determination of taxability prior to maturity, as described herein. See "Summary of the Bonds—General—Optional Redemption," "—Extraordinary Optional Redemption," and "—Mandatory Redemption; Determination of Taxability."

Payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds when due will be insured as of the Conversion Date by financial guaranty insurance policies issued by Ambac Assurance Corporation ("Ambac Assurance" or the "Bond Insurer"), which were issued simultaneously with the original issuance of the Bonds on May 24, 2007.

The Bonds are registered in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee for The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York. DTC will act as securities depository. Except as described herein, purchases of beneficial ownership interests in the Bonds will be made in book-entry only form in denominations of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof; provided that one Trimble County Bond may be in the denomination of, or include an additional \$2,000. Purchasers will not receive certificates representing their beneficial interests in the Bonds. See the information contained under the caption "Summary of the Bonds—Book-Entry-Only System" in the 2007 Official Statement. The principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds will be paid by Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as Trustee, to Cede & Co., as long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds. Disbursement of such payments to the DTC Participants is the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the purchasers of beneficial ownership interests is the responsibility of DTC's Direct and Indirect Participants, as more fully described in the 2007 Official Statement.

Price: 100%

The Bonds are reoffered subject to prior sale, to withdrawal or modification of the offer without notice (provided, however, that any such notice of withdrawal must be given no later than the Business Day prior to the Conversion Date) and to the approval of certain legal matters by Stoll Keenon Ogden PLLC, Louisville, Kentucky, Bond Counsel, the approval of certain other legal matters by Jones Day, Chicago, Illinois and John R. McCall, Esq., Executive Vice President, General Counsel, Corporate Secretary and Chief Compliance Officer of the Company, and by Winston & Strawn LLP, Chicago, Illinois, counsel to the Remarketing Agent, and certain other conditions. It is expected that the Bonds will be available for redelivery to DTC in New York, New York on or about April 3, 2008.

Lehman Brothers

Dated: March 27, 2008

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized by the Issuers or either of them, the Company or the Remarketing Agent to give any information or to make any representation with respect to the Bonds, other than those contained in this Reoffering Circular, and, if given or made, such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing. The Remarketing Agent has provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Reoffering Circular. The Remarketing Agent has reviewed the information in this Reoffering Circular in accordance with, and as part of, its responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Remarketing Agent does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this Reoffering Circular nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the parties referred to above since the date hereof. The information set forth herein with respect to the Issuers has been obtained from the Issuers, and all other information has been obtained from the Company and from other sources which are believed to be reliable, but it is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness by, and is not to be construed as a representation by, the Remarketing Agent.

In connection with the reoffering of the Bonds, the Remarketing Agent may over-allot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market prices of such Bonds at levels above those which might otherwise prevail in the open market. Such stabilizing, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

IN MAKING AN INVESTMENT DECISION, INVESTORS MUST RELY ON THEIR OWN EXAMINATION OF THE ISSUERS, THE COMPANY, THE BOND INSURER AND THE TERMS OF THE REOFFERING, INCLUDING THE MERITS AND RISKS INVOLVED. THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN RECOMMENDED BY ANY FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR REGULATORY AUTHORITY. FURTHERMORE, THE FOREGOING AUTHORITIES HAVE NOT CONFIRMED THE ACCURACY OR DETERMINED THE ADEQUACY OF THIS DOCUMENT. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Reoffering Circular</u>	<u>Page</u>
General Information	1
Separate Series	3
Summary of the Bonds	3
The Bond Insurer	5
Reoffering	7
Tax Treatment	7
Other Company Auction Rate Securities	9
Legal Matters	10
Appendix A Kentucky Utilities Company	A-1
Appendix B-1 Opinion of Bond Counsel dated May 24, 2007 relating to the Carroll County Bonds	B-1-1
Appendix B-2 Opinion of Bond Counsel dated May 24, 2007 relating to the Trimble County Bonds	B-2-1
Appendix B-3 Form of Conversion Opinion of Bond Counsel (Carroll County Bonds)	B-3-1
Appendix B-4 Form of Conversion Opinion of Bond Counsel (Trimble County Bonds)	B-4-1
Appendix C Copy of 2007 Official Statement (excluding Appendix A, Appendix B and Appendix C thereto)	C-1

\$17,875,000
County of Carroll, Kentucky
Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds
2007 Series A
(Kentucky Utilities Company Project)
Due: February 1, 2026
(AMT)

\$8,927,000
County of Trimble, Kentucky
Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds
2007 Series A
(Kentucky Utilities Company Project)
Due: March 1, 2037
(AMT)

General Information

This Reoffering Circular is provided to furnish information in connection with the reoffering by (i) the County of Carroll, Kentucky (“Carroll County”) of its Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A (Kentucky Utilities Company Project), in the aggregate principal amount of \$17,875,000 (the “Carroll County Bonds”) issued on May 24, 2007 pursuant to an Indenture of Trust dated as of March 1, 2007 (the “Carroll County Indenture”) between Carroll County and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas (the “Carroll County Trustee”), as Trustee, Paying Agent and Bond Registrar, and (ii) the County of Trimble, Kentucky (“Trimble County”) of its Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A (Kentucky Utilities Company Project), in the aggregate principal amount of \$8,927,000 (the “Trimble County Bonds” and, collectively with the Carroll County Bonds, the “Bonds”) issued on May 24, 2007 pursuant to an Indenture of Trust dated as of March 1, 2007 (the “Trimble County Indenture” and, collectively with the Carroll County Indenture, the “Indentures”) between Trimble County and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas (the “Trimble County Trustee” and, collectively with the Carroll County Trustee, the “Trustee”), as Trustee, Paying Agent and Bond Registrar.

Pursuant to separate Loan Agreements by and between Kentucky Utilities Company (the “Company”) and the respective Issuers, dated as of March 1, 2007 (each, a “Loan Agreement” and, collectively, the “Loan Agreements”), proceeds from the sale of the Bonds, other than accrued interest, if any, paid by the initial purchasers thereof, were loaned by the respective Issuers to the Company. The Loan Agreements are separate undertakings by and between the Company and the applicable Issuer.

Approximately \$16 million of proceeds and accrued interest from the Carroll County Bonds have thus far been applied to finance certain solid waste disposal facilities (the “Carroll County Project”) owned by the Company. The remaining balance of approximately \$2 million of proceeds and accrued interest from the Carroll County Bonds remains in escrow and will be applied to finance the remainder of the Carroll County Project. The proceeds and accrued interest of the Trimble County Bonds were applied to finance certain solid waste disposal facilities (the “Trimble County Project”) owned by the Company. For information regarding the Carroll County Project and Trimble County Project (the “Projects”), see “The Projects” described generally under that caption in the 2007 Official Statement (as hereinafter defined).

The Bonds are being converted to bear interest during a Long Term Rate Period to the respective dates appearing on the cover of this Reoffering Circular, but may be subsequently converted again to bear interest at a Daily Rate, a Weekly Rate, a Flexible Rate, a Semi-Annual Rate, an Annual Rate or an Auction Rate. This Reoffering Circular pertains only to the Bonds

during such period of time that they bear interest at the Long Term Rate, established on the Conversion Date of April 3, 2008.

The Bonds are special and limited obligations of the respective Issuer and the respective Issuer's obligation to pay the principal of and interest and any premium on, and purchase price of, its respective series of Bonds is limited solely to the revenues and other amounts received by the Trustee under the applicable Indenture pursuant to the applicable Loan Agreement. The Bonds do not constitute an indebtedness, general obligation or pledge of the faith and credit or taxing power of the respective Issuer, the Commonwealth of Kentucky or any political subdivision thereof.

Ambac Assurance Corporation ("Ambac Assurance" or the "Bond Insurer"), concurrently with the issuance of the Bonds, issued separate Financial Guaranty Insurance Policies in respect of each series of Bonds (each a "Bond Insurance Policy"), insuring the payment of regularly scheduled payments of the principal of the applicable series of Bonds and interest thereon that have become "Due for Payment" (as this term is defined in each such Bond Insurance Policy), but in either case shall be unpaid by reason of nonpayment by the Issuer. Each Bond Insurance Policy was issued pursuant to an Insurance Agreement between the Company and Ambac Assurance dated the date of issuance of the applicable series of Bonds (the "Insurance Agreement"). The Bond Insurance Policy will not insure payment of the purchase price of Bonds subject to mandatory purchase or purchase on the demand of the Bondholders thereof or payment of the principal, premium or interest on the Bonds as a result of an acceleration, redemption (other than special mandatory redemption upon occurrence of a Determination of Taxability as hereinafter described) or other advancement of maturity. Certain updated information with respect to the Bond Insurer is included in this Reoffering Circular. See "The Bond Insurer" herein and "The Bond Insurance Policy and the Bond Insurer" in the 2007 Official Statement.

Brief descriptions of the Company, the Issuers, the Bonds, the Loan Agreements, the Indentures and the Bond Insurance Policies are contained in certain portions of the Official Statement (including the appendices thereto) dated May 17, 2007, as supplemented by the Supplement dated May 22, 2007 (the "2007 Official Statement"). The 2007 Official Statement, other than Appendices A, B and C thereto, is incorporated by reference in this Reoffering Circular. Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the meanings set forth in the 2007 Official Statement. Information with respect to the Company is set forth in Appendix A hereto and has been furnished by the Company. The Issuers and Bond Counsel assume no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of such Appendix A or such information. Appendix B to this Reoffering Circular contains the opinions of Bond Counsel delivered on May 24, 2007, the date on which the Bonds were initially issued, and the proposed forms of opinion of Bond Counsel to be delivered in connection with the conversion of each issue of the Bonds to the Long Term Rate Period. Such descriptions and information do not purport to be complete, comprehensive or definitive and are not to be construed as a representation or a guaranty of accuracy or completeness. All references herein to the documents are qualified in their entirety by reference to such documents, and references herein to a series of Bonds are qualified in their entirety by reference to the definitive form thereof included in the applicable Indenture. Copies of the Loan Agreements and the Indentures will be available for inspection at the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee. All statements herein are qualified in their entirety by

reference to each such document and, with respect to the enforceability of certain rights and remedies, to laws and principles of equity relating to or affecting generally the enforcement of creditors' rights.

Separate Series

The Carroll County Bonds and the Trimble County Bonds will be paid from payments made by or on behalf of the Company, will have substantially the same claim to such source of funds and are treated for federal income tax purposes as a single issue of obligations. The Carroll County Bonds and the Trimble County Bonds, however, are separate series and optional or mandatory redemption of either the Carroll County Bonds or the Trimble County Bonds may be made in the manner described below without the redemption of the other series. Similarly, a default under one of the series of Bonds or one of the Loan Agreements will not necessarily constitute a default under the other series of Bonds or Loan Agreement. Each series of Bonds can bear interest at an Interest Rate Mode different from the Interest Rate Mode borne by the other series of Bonds. Unless specifically otherwise noted, any discussion herein and under the captions "Summary of the Bonds," "Security; Limitation of Liens," "The Bond Insurance Policy and the Bond Insurer," "Summary of the Loan Agreement," "Summary of the Indenture," "Enforceability Of Remedies," "Tax Treatment," "Continuing Disclosure" and "Appendix E – Summary of Certain Provisions of the Bonds While Bearing Interest at a Flexible Rate, a Variable Rate or a Long Term Rate" in the 2007 Official Statement applies equally, but separately, to the Carroll County Bonds and the Trimble County Bonds.

As used herein and under such captions with respect to the Carroll County Bonds, the term "Project" shall mean the Carroll County Project, the term "Bonds" shall mean the Carroll County Bonds, the term "Loan Agreement" shall mean the Loan Agreement pursuant to which Carroll County loaned the proceeds from the sale of the Carroll County Bonds to the Company, the term "Indenture" shall mean the Carroll County Indenture, the term "Issuer" shall mean Carroll County and the term "Trustee" shall mean the Carroll County Trustee.

As used herein and under such captions with respect to the Trimble County Bonds, the term "Project" shall mean the Trimble County Project, the term "Bonds" shall mean the Trimble County Bonds, the term "Loan Agreement" shall mean the Loan Agreement pursuant to which Trimble County loaned the proceeds from the sale of the Trimble County Bonds to the Company, the term "Indenture" shall mean the Trimble County Indenture, the term "Issuer" shall mean Trimble County and the term "Trustee" shall mean the Trimble County Trustee.

Summary of the Bonds

General

The Bonds currently bear interest at Auction Rates. Pursuant to the terms and provisions of the Indentures summarized in the 2007 Official Statement, attached hereto as Appendix C, under the caption "Summary of the Bonds — Conversion of Interest Rate Modes," the Company has exercised its option, effective April 3, 2008 (the "Conversion Date"), to convert the interest rate on each series of the Bonds to the Long Term Rate to maturity. The Carroll County Bonds will bear interest at the Long Term Rate of 5.75% per annum from April 3, 2008, to and

including January 31, 2026, the day immediately preceding the maturity date of the Bonds. The Trimble County Bonds will bear interest at the Long Term Rate of 6.00% per annum from April 3, 2008, to and including February 28, 2037, the day immediately preceding the maturity date of the Bonds. On or after June 1, 2018 (the initial date on which the Bonds will be subject to optional redemption), the Company may elect to convert the interest rate mode on the Bonds of a series to another interest rate mode or to another Long Term Rate Period.

Interest on the Bonds will be payable on each June 1 and December 1, commencing June 1, 2008 (unless any such June 1 or December 1 is not a Business Day, in which case interest will be paid on the next succeeding Business Day) to the persons who are the registered owners of the Bonds as of the fifteenth day of the calendar month preceding such interest payment date. Interest also is payable at maturity upon surrender of the Bonds to the Trustee. Interest on the Bonds will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year, consisting of twelve 30-day months. Interest payable on any Interest Payment Date will be payable to the registered owner of the Bond as of the Record Date for such payment. The Record Date will be the close of business on May 15 and November 15 preceding each Interest Payment Date.

The Carroll County Bonds were issued in the aggregate principal amount set forth on the cover page of this Reoffering Circular and will mature on February 1, 2026. The Trimble County Bonds were issued in the aggregate principal amount set forth on the cover page of this Reoffering Circular and will mature on March 1, 2037. The Bonds are also subject to redemption prior to maturity as described herein.

Optional Redemption. The Bonds will be subject to redemption at the option of the Issuer, upon the written direction of the Company, in whole or in part, on any date on and after June 1, 2018 at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus interest accrued, if any, to the redemption date.

Extraordinary Optional Redemption. The Bonds are subject to optional redemption on the same terms as described in the 2007 Official Statement under the captions “Summary of the Bonds—Redemption Provisions—Extraordinary Optional Redemption in Whole” and “Summary of the Bonds—Redemption Provisions—Extraordinary Optional Redemption in Whole or in Part.”

Mandatory Redemption; Determination of Taxability. The Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption on the same terms as described in the 2007 Official Statement under the caption “Summary of the Bonds—Redemption Provisions—Mandatory Redemption; Determination of Taxability.”

For a summary of certain other provisions relating to the Bonds bearing interest at the Long Term Rate relating to, among other things, changing one Long Term Rate Period to another Long Term Rate Period, purchases of Bonds on the demand of the registered owners, and mandatory purchase dates, see “Summary of the Bonds” in the 2007 Official Statement and “Appendix E — Summary of Certain Provisions of the Bonds while Bearing Interest at a Flexible Rate, a Variable Rate or a Long Term Rate” in the 2007 Official Statement.

The Bond Insurer

The information relating to Ambac Assurance contained herein has been furnished solely by Ambac Assurance. No representation is made by the Remarketing Agent, the Issuers or the Company as to the accuracy, completeness or adequacy of such information or as to the absence of material adverse changes in such information or the financial condition of Ambac Assurance subsequent to the date hereof.

Ambac Assurance Corporation

Ambac Assurance is a Wisconsin-domiciled stock insurance corporation regulated by the Office of the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of Wisconsin, and is licensed to do business in 50 states, the District of Columbia, the Territory of Guam, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands, with admitted assets of approximately \$10,792,000,000 (unaudited) and statutory capital of approximately \$6,409,000,000 (unaudited) as of December 31, 2007. Statutory capital consists of Ambac Assurance's policyholders' surplus and statutory contingency reserve.

Ambac Assurance has been assigned the following financial strength ratings by the following rating agencies: Aaa, with negative outlook, by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"); AAA, with negative outlook, by Standard and Poor's Ratings Services, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("S&P"); and AA, with negative outlook, by Fitch Ratings ("Fitch").

Ambac Assurance has obtained a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service to the effect that the insuring of an obligation by Ambac Assurance will not affect the treatment for federal income tax purposes of interest on such obligation and that insurance proceeds representing maturing interest paid by Ambac Assurance under policy provisions substantially identical to those contained in the financial guaranty insurance policy shall be treated for federal income tax purposes in the same manner as if such payments were made by the Issuer of the Bonds.

Ambac Assurance makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds and makes no representation regarding, nor has it participated in the preparation of, this Reoffering Circular other than the information supplied by Ambac Assurance and presented under the heading "The Bond Insurer" herein, presented under the headings "The Bond Insurance Policy and the Bond Insurer – Payment Pursuant to Bond Insurance Policy" and "- Insurance Agreement with Company" in the 2007 Official Statement and presented in Appendix D to the 2007 Official Statement.

Available Information

The parent company of Ambac Assurance, Ambac Financial Group, Inc. ("AFG"), is subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and in accordance therewith files reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). These reports, proxy statements and other information can be read and copied at the SEC's public reference room at 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the public reference room. The SEC maintains an internet site at

<http://www.sec.gov> that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding companies that file electronically with the SEC, including AFG. These reports, proxy statements and other information can also be read at Ambac Assurance's internet website at www.ambac.com and at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005.

Copies of Ambac Assurance's financial statements prepared on the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the State of Wisconsin Office of the Commissioner of Insurance are available without charge from Ambac Assurance. The address of Ambac Assurance's administrative offices is One State Street Plaza, 19th Floor, New York, New York 10004, and its telephone number is (212) 668-0340.

Incorporation of Certain Documents by Reference

The following documents filed by the AFG with the SEC (File No. 1-10777) are incorporated by reference in this Reoffering Circular:

1. AFG's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007 and filed on February 29, 2008;
2. AFG's Current Report on Form 8-K dated and filed on March 7, 2008; and
3. AFG's Current Report on Form 8-K dated and filed on March 12, 2008.

Ambac Assurance's consolidated financial statements and all other information relating to Ambac Assurance and subsidiaries included in AFG's periodic reports filed with the SEC subsequent to the date of this Reoffering Circular and prior to the Conversion Date shall, to the extent filed (rather than furnished pursuant to Item 9 of Form 8-K), be deemed to be incorporated by reference into this Reoffering Circular and to be a part hereof from the respective dates of filing of such reports.

Any statement contained in a document incorporated in this Reoffering Circular by reference shall be modified or superseded for the purposes of this Reoffering Circular to the extent that a statement contained in a subsequently filed document incorporated by reference herein modifies or supersedes such statement. Any statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this Reoffering Circular.

Copies of all information regarding Ambac Assurance that is incorporated by reference in this Reoffering Circular are available for inspection in the same manner as described above in "Available Information".

All documents subsequently filed by AFG pursuant to the requirements of the Exchange Act after the date of this Reoffering Circular will be available for inspection in the same manner as described above in "Available Information".

Reoffering

Subject to the terms and conditions of a Remarketing and Bond Purchase Agreement dated as of April 3, 2008 (the "Remarketing Agreement"), between the Remarketing Agent and the Company, the Remarketing Agent has agreed to purchase and reoffer the Bonds delivered to the Paying Agent for purchase on April 3, 2008, at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Bonds, plus accrued interest (if any), and in connection therewith will receive compensation in the amount of \$134,010, plus reimbursement of certain expenses. Under the terms of the Remarketing Agreement, the Company has agreed to indemnify the Remarketing Agent against certain civil liabilities, including liabilities under federal securities laws.

Tax Treatment

On May 24, 2007, the date of original issuance and delivery of the Bonds, Bond Counsel delivered its opinions stating that under existing law, including current statutes, regulations, administrative rulings and official interpretations, subject to the qualifications and exceptions set forth below, interest on the Bonds would be excluded from the gross income of the recipients thereof for federal income tax purposes, except that no opinion would be expressed regarding such exclusion from gross income with respect to any Bond during any period in which it is held by a "substantial user" of the applicable Project or a "related person" as such terms are used in Section 147(a) of the Code. Interest on the Bonds would be an item of tax preference in determining alternative minimum taxable income for individuals and corporations under the Code. Bond Counsel further opined that, subject to the assumptions stated in the preceding sentence, (i) interest on the Bonds would be excluded from gross income of the owners thereof for Kentucky income tax purposes and (ii) the Bonds would be exempt from all ad valorem taxes in Kentucky. Such opinions have not been updated as of the date hereof and no continuing tax exemption opinions are expressed by Bond Counsel.

Bond Counsel also will deliver opinions in connection with this reoffering to the effect that the conversion of the interest rate on the Bonds to the Long Term Rate to maturity (i) is authorized or permitted by Sections 103.200 to 103.285, inclusive, of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the "Act") and the Indenture and (ii) will not adversely affect the validity of the Bonds or any exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes to which interest on the Bonds would otherwise be entitled.

The opinions of Bond Counsel as to the excludability of interest from gross income for federal income tax purposes were based upon and assumed the accuracy of certain representations of facts and circumstances, including with respect to the Projects, which were within the knowledge of the Company and compliance by the Company with certain covenants and undertakings set forth in the proceedings authorizing the Bonds which are intended to assure that the Bonds are and will remain obligations the interest on which is not includable in gross income of the recipients thereof under the law in effect on the date of such opinion. Bond Counsel did not independently verify the accuracy of the certifications and representations made by the Company and the Issuer. On the date of the opinions and subsequent to the original delivery of the Bonds on May 24, 2007, such representations of facts and circumstances must be accurate and such covenants and undertakings must continue to be complied with in order that interest on the Bonds be and remain excludable from gross income of the recipients thereof for

federal income tax purposes under existing law. Bond Counsel expressed no opinion (i) regarding the exclusion of interest on any Bond from gross income for federal income tax purposes on or after the date on which any change, including any interest rate conversion, permitted by the documents other than with the approval of Bond Counsel is taken which adversely affects the tax treatment of the Bonds or (ii) as to the treatment for purposes of federal income taxation of interest on the Bonds upon a Determination of Taxability.

Bond Counsel further opined that the Code prescribed a number of qualifications and conditions for the interest on state and local government obligations to be and to remain excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, some of which, including provisions for potential payments by the Issuers to the federal government, require future or continued compliance after issuance of the Bonds in order for the interest to be and to continue to be so excluded from the date of issuance. Noncompliance with certain of these requirements by the Company or the Issuers with respect to the Bonds could cause the interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes and to be subject to federal income taxation retroactively to the date of their issuance. The Company and the Issuers each covenanted to take all actions required of each to assure that the interest on the Bonds shall be and remain excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, and not to take any actions that would adversely affect that exclusion.

The opinion of Bond Counsel as to the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes and federal tax treatment of interest on the Bonds was subject to the following exceptions and qualifications:

(a) The Code also provides for a “branch profits tax” which subjects to tax, at a rate of 30%, the effectively connected earnings and profits of a foreign corporation which engages in a United States trade or business. Interest on the Bonds would be includable in the amount of effectively connected earnings and profits and thus would increase the branch profits tax liability.

(b) The Code also provides that passive investment income, including interest on the Bonds, may be subject to taxation for any S corporation with Subchapter C earnings and profits at the close of its taxable year if greater than 25% of its gross receipts is passive investment income.

Except as stated above, Bond Counsel expressed no opinion as to any federal or Kentucky tax consequences resulting from the receipt of interest on the Bonds.

Owners of the Bonds should be aware that the ownership of the Bonds may result in collateral federal income tax consequences. For instance, the Code provides that property and casualty insurance companies will be required to reduce their loss reserve deductions by 15% of the tax-exempt interest received on certain obligations, such as the Bonds, acquired after August 7, 1986. (For purposes of the immediately preceding sentence, a portion of dividends paid to an affiliated insurance company may be treated as tax-exempt interest.) The Code further provides for the disallowance of any deduction for interest expenses incurred by banks and certain other financial institutions allocable to carrying certain tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, acquired after August 7, 1986. The Code also provides that, with respect to taxpayers other than

such financial institutions, such taxpayers will be unable to deduct any portion of the interest expenses incurred or continued to purchase or carry the Bonds. The Code also provides, with respect to individuals, that interest on tax-exempt obligations, including the Bonds, is included in modified adjusted gross income for purposes of determining the taxability of social security and railroad retirement benefits. Furthermore, the earned income tax credit is not allowed for individuals with an aggregate amount of disqualified income within the meaning of Section 32 of the Code, which exceeds \$2,200. Interest on the Bonds will be taken into account in the calculation of disqualified income. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding such matters and any other tax consequences of holding the Bonds.

From time to time, there are legislative proposals in Congress which, if enacted, could alter or amend one or more of the federal tax matters referred to above or could adversely affect the market value of the Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether or in what form any such proposal might be enacted or whether, if enacted, it would apply to obligations (such as the Bonds) issued prior to enactment.

The opinions of Bond Counsel relating to conversion of the Bonds in substantially the forms in which they are expected to be delivered on the Conversion Date, redated to the Conversion Date, are attached as Appendix B-3 and Appendix B-4.

Other Company Auction Rate Securities

At December 31, 2007, the Company had an aggregate of \$333 million of outstanding pollution control indebtedness, of which \$300 million is in the form of auction rate securities that are insured by monoline bond insurers whose ratings have been under pressure due to exposures relating to sub-prime mortgages. In the first quarter of 2008, the ratings of the Company's \$50,000,000 Carroll County 2004 Series A bonds were downgraded from AAA to AA and subsequently to A by S&P, and from Aaa to A2 by Moody's, and the Company's \$16,693,620 Carroll County 2006 Series C bonds were downgraded from Aaa to A2 by Moody's, from AAA to A- by S&P and from AAA to A by Fitch due to downgrades of the bond insurers, Financial Guaranty Insurance Company and XL Capital Assurance Inc., respectively. Also in the first quarter of 2008, the ratings of the Bonds and the Company's \$96,000,000 Carroll County 2002 Series C bonds, \$13,266,950 Carroll County 2005 Series A bonds, \$13,266,950 Carroll County 2005 Series B bonds, \$16,693,620 Carroll County 2006 Series A bonds, and \$54,000,000 Carroll County 2006 Series B bonds were downgraded from AAA to AA by Fitch due to a downgrade of the bond insurer, Ambac Assurance.

As a result of the ratings downgrades, the additional pressures facing the bond insurers and the overall uncertainty in the auction rate securities market, the auction process for the bonds in 2008 has resulted in significantly higher interest rates, which translates into higher interest expense for the Company. The instruments governing these auction rate bonds permit the Company to convert the bonds to other interest rate modes, such as various short-term variable rates, long-term fixed rates or intermediate-term fixed rates that are reset infrequently. In February 2008, the Company issued a notice to bondholders of its intention to convert the Bonds from the auction rate mode to a fixed interest rate mode, as permitted under the loan documents. The Company also has notified the indenture trustee that it intends to convert the Carroll County

2006 Series C bonds to a weekly rate and will purchase the approximately \$17 million of such bonds in the remarketing.

Uncertainty in markets relating to auction rate securities or steps the Company has taken or may take to mitigate such uncertainty, such as additional conversions, subsequent restructurings or redemptions and refinancings, could result in the Company incurring increased interest expense, transaction expenses or other costs and fees or experiencing reduced liquidity relating to existing or future pollution control financing structures.

Legal Matters

Certain legal matters in connection with the conversion and reoffering of the Bonds will be passed upon by Stoll Keenon Ogden PLLC, Louisville, Kentucky, Bond Counsel. Certain legal matters pertaining to the Company will be passed upon by Jones Day, Chicago, Illinois, and John R. McCall, Esq., Executive Vice President, General Counsel, Corporate Secretary and Chief Compliance Officer of the Company. Winston & Strawn LLP, Chicago, Illinois, will pass upon certain legal matters for the Remarketing Agent.

This Reoffering Circular has been duly approved, executed and delivered by the Company.

KENTUCKY UTILITIES COMPANY

By: /s/ Daniel K. Arbough
Treasurer

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Kentucky Utilities Company

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Kentucky Utilities Company

Financial Statements and Additional Information

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Business	1
General	1
Operations	1
Rates and Regulations	2
Coal Supply	3
Environmental Matters	3
Competition	3
Employees and Labor Relations	4
Officers of the Company	5
Risk Factors	6
Legal Proceedings	8
Selected Financial Data	9
Management’s Discussion and Analysis	10
Results of Operations	10
Critical Accounting Policies/Estimates	11
Liquidity and Capital Resources	12
Controls and Procedures	14
Financial Statements	16
Statements of Income	16
Statements of Retained Earnings	16
Statements of Comprehensive Income	17
Balance Sheets	18
Statements of Cash Flows	20
Statements of Capitalization	21
Notes to Financial Statements	22
Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	22
Note 2 – Rates and Regulatory Matters	25
Note 3 – Financial Instruments	34
Note 4 – Concentrations of Credit and Other Risk	35
Note 5 – Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans	36
Note 6 – Income Taxes	40
Note 7 – Long-Term Debt	43
Note 8 – Notes Payable and Other Short-Term Obligations	46
Note 9 – Commitments and Contingencies	46
Note 10 – Jointly Owned Electric Utility Plant	52
Note 11 – Related Party Transactions	53
Note 12 – Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	54
Note 13 – Subsequent Events	54
Report of Independent Auditors	56

INDEX OF ABBREVIATIONS

AG	Attorney General of Kentucky
ARO	Asset Retirement Obligation
BART	Best Available Retrofit Technology
CAIR	Clean Air Interstate Rule
CAMR	Clean Air Mercury Rule
CCN	Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity
Clean Air Act	The Clean Air Act, as amended in 1990
Company	KU
CT	Combustion Turbines
DSM	Demand Side Management
ECR	Environmental Cost Recovery
EEI	Electric Energy, Inc.
E.ON	E.ON AG
E.ON U.S.	E.ON U.S. LLC (formerly LG&E Energy LLC and LG&E Energy Corp.)
E.ON U.S. Services	E.ON U.S. Services Inc. (formerly LG&E Energy Services Inc.)
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
EPAct 2005	Energy Policy Act of 2005
FAC	Fuel Adjustment Clause
FASB	Financial Accounting Standards Board
FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
FGD	Flue Gas Desulfurization
Fidelia	Fidelia Corporation (an E.ON affiliate)
FIN	FASB Interpretation No.
GHG	Greenhouse Gas
IBEW	International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers
IRP	Integrated Resource Plan
IRS	Internal Revenue Service
Kentucky Commission	Kentucky Public Service Commission
KIUC	Kentucky Industrial Utility Consumers, Inc.
KU	Kentucky Utilities Company
Kwh	Kilowatt hours
LG&E	Louisville Gas and Electric Company
LG&E Energy	LG&E Energy LLC (now E.ON U.S. LLC)
MISO	Midwest Independent Transmission System Operator, Inc.
MMBtu	Million British thermal units
Moody's	Moody's Investor Services, Inc.
MVA	Megavolt-ampere
Mw	Megawatts
Mwh	Megawatt hours
NOV	Notice of Violation
NOx	Nitrogen Oxide
OMU	Owensboro Municipal Utilities
OVEC	Ohio Valley Electric Corporation
PUHCA 2005	Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005
S&P	Standard & Poor's Rating Services
SCR	Selective Catalytic Reduction
SFAS	Statement of Financial Accounting Standards
SIP	State Implementation Plan
SO ₂	Sulfur Dioxide
TC2	Trimble County Unit 2
VDT	Value Delivery Team Process
Virginia Commission	Virginia State Corporation Commission

Business

GENERAL

KU, incorporated in Kentucky in 1912 and in Virginia in 1991, is a regulated public utility engaged in the generation, transmission, distribution and sale of electric energy in Kentucky, Virginia and Tennessee. KU provides electricity to approximately 506,000 customers in 77 counties in central, southeastern and western Kentucky, to approximately 30,000 customers in 5 counties in southwestern Virginia and 5 customers in Tennessee. KU's service area covers approximately 6,600 square miles. KU's coal-fired electric generating stations produce most of KU's electricity. The remainder is generated by a hydroelectric power plant and natural gas and oil fueled CTs. In Virginia, KU operates under the name Old Dominion Power Company. KU also sells wholesale electric energy to 12 municipalities.

KU is a wholly-owned subsidiary of E.ON U.S., formerly known as LG&E Energy LLC. E.ON U.S. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of E.ON, a German corporation, making KU an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of E.ON. KU's affiliate, LG&E, is a regulated public utility engaged in the generation, transmission, distribution and sale of electric energy and the distribution and sale of natural gas in Kentucky.

OPERATIONS

The sources of operating revenues and volumes of sales for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, were as follows:

	<u>2007</u>		<u>2006</u>	
	<u>Revenues</u> <u>(millions)</u>	<u>Volumes</u> <u>(000Mwh)</u>	<u>Revenues</u> <u>(millions)</u>	<u>Volumes</u> <u>(000Mwh)</u>
Residential	\$ 430	6,847	\$ 380	6,313
Industrial & Commercial	597	11,047	547	10,776
Municipals	90	2,058	85	1,978
Other Retail	98	1,691	89	1,608
Wholesale	<u>58</u>	<u>1,582</u>	<u>109</u>	<u>2,473</u>
Total	<u>\$1,273</u>	<u>23,225</u>	<u>\$1,210</u>	<u>23,148</u>

KU set a new record peak load of 4,344 Mw on August 9, 2007, when the temperature reached 98 degrees Fahrenheit in Lexington.

KU's power generating system includes coal-fired units operated at its four steam generating stations. Natural gas and oil fueled CTs supplement the system during peak or emergency periods. As of December 31, 2007, KU owned and operated the following generating stations while maintaining a 12%-14% reserve margin:

	Summer Capability Rating (Mw)
Steam Stations:	
Tyrone – Woodford County, KY	71
Green River – Muhlenberg County, KY	163
E.W. Brown – Mercer County, KY	697
Ghent – Carroll County, KY	<u>1,932</u>
Total Steam Stations	2,863
Dix Dam Hydroelectric Station – Mercer County, KY	24
CT Generators (Peaking capability):	
E.W. Brown – Mercer County, KY*	757
Haefling – Fayette County, KY	36
Paddy's Run – Jefferson County, KY *	74
Trimble County – Trimble County, KY *	<u>632</u>
Total CT Generators	<u>1,499</u>
Total Capability Rating	<u>4,386</u>

* Some of these units are jointly owned with LG&E. See Note 10 of Notes to Financial Statements for information regarding jointly owned units.

At December 31, 2007, KU's transmission system included 111 substations (39 of which are shared with the distribution system) with a total capacity of approximately 17,223 MVA and approximately 4,030 miles of lines. The distribution system included 481 substations (39 of which are shared with the transmission system) with a total capacity of approximately 6,653 MVA, 14,082 miles of overhead lines and 2,046 miles of underground conduit.

KU has a purchase power agreement with OMU, owns 20% of EEI's common stock and owns 2.5% of OVEC's common stock. Additional information regarding these relationships is provided in Notes 1 and 9 of Notes to Financial Statements.

KU was formerly a member of the MISO, a non-profit independent transmission system operator that serves the electrical transmission needs of much of the Midwest. KU withdrew from the MISO effective September 1, 2006. KU now contracts with the Tennessee Valley Authority to act as its transmission reliability coordinator and Southwest Power Pool, Inc. to function as its independent transmission operator, pursuant to FERC requirements. See Note 2 of Notes to Financial Statements.

RATES AND REGULATIONS

E.ON, KU's ultimate parent, is a registered holding company under PUHCA 2005. E.ON, its utility subsidiaries, including KU, and certain of its non-utility subsidiaries are subject to extensive regulation by the FERC with respect to numerous matters, including: electric utility facilities and operations, wholesale sales of power and related transactions, accounting practices, issuances and sales of securities, acquisitions and sales of utility properties, payments of dividends out of capital and surplus, financial matters and inter-system sales of non-power goods and services. KU believes that it has adequate authority (including financing authority) under

existing FERC orders and regulations to conduct its business and will seek additional authorization when necessary.

In February 2007, KU completed a series of financial transactions that allowed it to cease periodic reporting under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. See Note 7 of Notes to Financial Statements.

KU is subject to the jurisdiction of the Kentucky Commission, the Virginia Commission, the Tennessee Regulatory Authority and the FERC in virtually all matters related to electric utility regulation, and as such, its accounting is subject to SFAS No. 71, *Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation*. Given its competitive position in the marketplace and the status of regulation in Kentucky and Virginia, KU has no plans or intentions to discontinue its application of SFAS No. 71.

For a further discussion of regulatory matters, see Notes 2 and 9 of Notes to Financial Statements.

COAL SUPPLY

Coal-fired generating units provided approximately 96% of KU's net Kwh generation for 2007. The remaining net generation for 2007 was provided by natural gas and oil fueled CT peaking units and a hydroelectric plant. Coal is expected to be the predominant fuel used by KU in the foreseeable future, with natural gas and oil being used for peaking capacity and flame stabilization in coal-fired boilers or in emergencies. KU has no nuclear generating units and has no plans to build any in the foreseeable future.

KU maintains its fuel inventory at levels estimated to be necessary to avoid operational disruptions at its coal-fired generating units. Reliability of coal deliveries can be affected from time to time by a number of factors including fluctuations in demand, coal mine production issues and other supplier or transporter operating difficulties.

KU has entered into coal supply agreements with various suppliers for coal deliveries for 2008 and beyond and normally augments its coal supply agreements with spot market purchases. KU has a coal inventory policy which it believes provides adequate protection under most contingencies.

KU expects to continue purchasing most of its coal, which has sulfur content in the 0.7% - 3.5% range, from western and eastern Kentucky, West Virginia, southern Indiana, southern Illinois and Ohio for the foreseeable future. With the installation of FGDs (SO₂ removal systems), KU expects its use of higher sulfur coal to increase. Coal is delivered to KU generating stations by a mix of transportation modes, including barge, truck and rail.

ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

Protection of the environment is a major priority for KU. Federal, state and local regulatory agencies have issued KU permits for various activities subject to air quality, water quality and waste management laws and regulations. See Note 9 of Notes to Financial Statements for additional information.

COMPETITION

At this time, neither the Kentucky General Assembly nor the Kentucky Commission has adopted or approved a plan or timetable for retail electric industry competition in Kentucky. The nature or timing of the ultimate legislative or regulatory actions regarding industry restructuring and their impact on KU, which may be

significant, cannot currently be predicted. Some states that have already deregulated have begun discussions that could lead to re-regulation. See Note 2 of Notes to Financial Statements for additional information.

EMPLOYEES AND LABOR RELATIONS

KU had 951 full-time regular employees at December 31, 2007, 152 of which were operating, maintenance and construction employees represented by the IBEW Local 2100 and the United Steelworkers of America (“USWA”) Local 9447-01. Effective August 1, 2006, KU and its employees represented by the IBEW Local 2100 entered into a new three-year collective bargaining agreement. The new agreement provides for negotiated increases or changes to wages, benefits or other provisions and for annual wage re-openers. A wage re-opener was negotiated and agreed to in July 2007. KU and employees represented by the USWA Local 9447-01 entered into a three-year collective bargaining agreement in August 2005, with provisions for annual wage re-openers. Wage re-openers were negotiated in July 2006 and July 2007.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY

At December 31, 2007: **

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Position</u>	<u>Effective Date of Election to Present Position</u>
Victor A. Staffieri	52	Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer	May 2001
John R. McCall	64	Executive Vice President, General Counsel, Corporate Secretary and Chief Compliance Officer	July 1994
S. Bradford Rives	49	Chief Financial Officer	September 2003
Martyn Gallus *	43	Senior Vice President – Energy Marketing	December 2000
Chris Hermann	60	Senior Vice President – Energy Delivery	February 2003
Paula H. Pottinger	50	Senior Vice President – Human Resources	January 2006
Paul W. Thompson	50	Senior Vice President – Energy Services	June 2000
Wendy C. Welsh	53	Senior Vice President – Information Technology	December 2000
Michael S. Beer	49	Vice President – Federal Regulation and Policy	September 2004
Lonnie E. Bellar	43	Vice President – State Regulation and Rates	August 2007
Kent W. Blake	41	Vice President – Corporate Planning and Development	August 2007
D. Ralph Bowling	50	Vice President – Power Operations – WKE	August 2002
Laura G. Douglas	58	Vice President – Corporate Responsibility and Community Affairs	November 2007
R. W. Chip Keeling	51	Vice President – Communications	March 2002
John P. Malloy	46	Vice President – Energy Delivery – Retail Business	April 2007
Dorothy E. O'Brien	54	Vice President and Deputy General Counsel – Legal and Environmental Affairs	October 2007
George R. Siemens	58	Vice President – External Affairs	January 2001
P. Greg Thomas	51	Vice President – Energy Delivery – Distribution Operations	April 2007
John N. Voyles, Jr.	53	Vice President – Regulated Generation	June 2003
Daniel K. Arbough	46	Treasurer	December 2000
Valerie L. Scott	51	Controller	January 2005

Officers generally serve in the same capacities at KU and its affiliates, E.ON U.S. and LG&E.

* Mr. Gallus is serving in a position with an international E.ON affiliate, effective January 2008.

** David Sinclair, age 46, was promoted to Vice President – Energy Marketing in January 2008.

Risk Factors

KU is subject to a number of risks, including without limitation, those listed below and elsewhere in this document. Such risks could affect actual results and cause results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made by KU.

The rates that KU charges customers, as well as other aspects of the business, are subject to significant and complex governmental regulation. Federal and state entities regulate many aspects of utility operations, including financial and capital structure matters; siting and construction of facilities; rates, terms and conditions of service and operations; mandatory reliability and safety standards; accounting and cost allocation methodologies; tax matters; acquisition and disposal of utility assets and securities and other matters. Such regulations may subject KU to higher operating costs or increased capital expenditures and failure to comply could result in sanctions or possible penalties. In any rate-setting proceedings, federal or state agencies, intervenors and other permitted parties may challenge KU's rate request and ultimately reduce, alter or limit the rates KU seeks.

Changes in transmission and wholesale power market structures, as well as KU's exit from the MISO, could increase costs or reduce revenues. The resulting changes to transmission and wholesale power market structures and prices are not estimable and may result in unforeseen effects on energy purchases and sales, transmission and related costs or revenues.

Transmission and interstate market activities of KU, as well as other aspects of the business, are subject to significant FERC regulation. KU's business is subject to extensive regulation under the FERC covering matters including rates charged to transmission users and wholesale customers; interstate power market structure; construction and operation of transmission facilities; mandatory reliability standards; standards of conduct and affiliate restrictions and other matters. Existing FERC regulation, changes thereto or issuances of new rules or situations of non-compliance, can affect the earnings, operations or other activities of KU.

KU undertakes significant capital projects and is subject to unforeseen costs, delays or failures in such projects, as well as risk of full recovery of such costs. The completion of these facilities without delays or cost overruns is subject to risks in many areas, including approval and licensing; permitting; construction problems or delays; increases in commodity prices or labor rates; contractor performance; weather and geological issues and political, labor and regulatory developments.

KU's costs of compliance with environmental laws are significant and are subject to continuing changes. Extensive federal, state and local environmental regulations are applicable to KU's air emissions, water discharges and the management of hazardous and solid waste, among other areas; and the costs of compliance or alleged non-compliance cannot be predicted with certainty. Costs may take the form of increased capital or operating and maintenance expenses; monetary fines, penalties or forfeitures or other restrictions.

KU's operating results are affected by weather conditions, including storms and seasonal temperature variations, as well as by significant man-made or accidental disturbances, including terrorism or natural disasters. These weather or man-made factors can significantly affect KU's finances or operations by changing demand levels; causing outages; damaging infrastructure or requiring significant repair costs; affecting capital markets or impacting future growth.

KU is subject to risks regarding potential developments concerning global climate change matters. Such developments could include potential federal or state legislation or industry initiatives limiting GHG emissions; establishing costs or charges on GHG emissions or on fuels relating to such emissions; requiring GHG

remediation or sequestration; establishing renewable portfolio standards or generation fleet-diversification requirements to address GHG emissions; promoting energy efficiency and conservation or other measures. KU's generation fleet is predominantly coal-fired and may be highly impacted by developments in this area.

KU's business is concentrated in the Midwest United States, specifically Kentucky. Local and regional economic conditions, such as population growth, industrial growth or expansion and economic development, as well as the operational or financial performance of major industries or customers, can affect the demand for energy.

KU is subject to operational risks relating to its generating plants, transmission facilities and distribution equipment. Operation of power plants, transmission and distribution facilities subjects KU to many risks, including the breakdown or failure of equipment; accidents; labor disputes; delivery/transportation problems; disruptions of fuel supply and performance below expected levels.

KU could be negatively affected by rising interest rates, downgrades to company or bond insurer credit ratings that could impact the Company's bond credit ratings or other negative developments in its ability to access capital markets. In the ordinary course of business, KU is reliant upon adequate long-term and short-term financing means to fund its significant capital expenditures, debt interest or maturities and operating needs. Increases in interest rates could result in increased costs to KU.

KU is subject to commodity price risk, credit risk, counterparty risk and other risks associated with the energy business. General market or pricing developments or failures by counterparties to perform their obligations relating to energy, fuels, other commodities, goods, services or payments could result in potential increased costs to KU.

KU is subject to risks associated with defined benefit retirement plans, health care plans, wages and other employee-related matters. Risks include adverse developments in legislation or regulation, future costs or funding levels, returns on investments, interest rates and actuarial matters, as well as, changing wage levels, whether related to collective bargaining agreements or employment market conditions, ability to attract and retain key personnel and changing costs of providing health care benefits.

Legal Proceedings

Rates and Regulatory Matters

For a discussion of current rates and regulatory matters, including base rate increase proceedings, merger surcredit proceedings, VDT proceedings, TC2 proceedings, Kentucky Commission, FERC and MISO proceedings and other rates or regulatory matters affecting KU, see Notes 2 and 9 of Notes to Financial Statements.

Environmental

For a discussion of environmental matters including additional reductions in SO₂, NO_x and other emissions mandated by recent or potential regulations; items regarding notices of violations and other emissions proceedings; global warming or climate change matters and other environmental items affecting KU, see Note 9 of Notes to Financial Statements.

Litigation

For a discussion of litigation matters, see Note 9 of Notes to Financial Statements.

Other

In the normal course of business, other lawsuits, claims, environmental actions and other governmental proceedings arise against KU. To the extent that damages are assessed in any of these lawsuits, KU believes that its insurance coverage is adequate. Management, after consultation with legal counsel, does not anticipate that liabilities arising out of currently pending or threatened lawsuits and claims will have a material adverse effect on KU's financial position or results of operations.

Selected Financial Data

(in millions)	<u>Years Ended December 31</u>				
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>
Operating revenues	<u>\$1,273</u>	<u>\$1,210</u>	<u>\$1,207</u>	<u>\$ 995</u>	<u>\$ 892</u>
Net operating income	<u>\$ 268</u>	<u>\$ 235</u>	<u>\$ 202</u>	<u>\$ 228</u>	<u>\$ 162</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 167</u>	<u>\$ 152</u>	<u>\$ 112</u>	<u>\$ 134</u>	<u>\$ 91</u>
Total assets	<u>\$3,796</u>	<u>\$3,148</u>	<u>\$2,756</u>	<u>\$2,610</u>	<u>\$2,505</u>
Long-term obligations (including amounts due within one year)	<u>\$1,264</u>	<u>\$ 843</u>	<u>\$ 746</u>	<u>\$ 726</u>	<u>\$ 688</u>

Management's Discussion and Analysis and Notes to Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the above information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following discussion and analysis by management focuses on those factors that had a material effect on KU's financial results of operations and financial condition during 2007 and 2006 and should be read in connection with the financial statements and notes thereto.

Forward Looking Statements

Some of the following discussion may contain forward-looking statements that are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Such forward-looking statements are intended to be identified in this document by the words "anticipate," "expect," "estimate," "objective," "possible," "potential" and similar expressions. Actual results may materially vary. Factors that could cause actual results to materially differ include: general economic conditions; business and competitive conditions in the energy industry; changes in federal or state legislation; unusual weather; actions by state or federal regulatory agencies; actions by credit rating agencies and other factors described from time to time in KU's reports, including as noted in the Risk Factors section of this report.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The electric utility business is affected by seasonal temperatures. As a result, operating revenues (and associated operating expenses) are not generated evenly throughout the year.

Net Income

Net income in 2007 increased \$15 million compared to 2006. The increase was primarily the result of increased retail sales volumes, increased ECR surcharge and decreased purchased power expense. Partially offsetting these items were decreased wholesale sales, higher interest expense, decreased MISO related revenue and decreased equity in earnings of EEL.

Revenues

Revenues in 2007 increased \$63 million primarily due to:

- Increased fuel costs (\$57 million) billed to customers through the FAC due to increased fuel prices and sales volumes delivered
- Increased sales volumes delivered (\$30 million) resulting from a 2% increase in heating degree days and a 46% increase in cooling degree days
- Increased ECR surcharge (\$25 million) due to increased recoverable capital spending
- Increased transmission service revenues (\$4 million)

These increases were partially offset by:

- Lower wholesale sales (\$37 million) due to decreased volumes and lower wholesale market pricing
- Lower MISO related revenue (\$16 million) resulting from the exit from the MISO

Expenses

Fuel for electric generation comprises a large component of total operating expenses. Increases or decreases in the cost of fuel are reflected in retail rates through the FAC, subject to the approval of the Kentucky Commission, the Virginia Commission and the FERC.

Fuel for electric generation increased \$37 million in 2007 primarily due to:

- Increased cost of fuel burned (\$20 million) due to higher coal prices
- Increased generation (\$17 million) due to higher demand

Power purchased expense decreased \$14 million in 2007 primarily due to:

- Decreased volumes purchased (\$19 million) due to increased internal generation
- Increased cost per Mwh of purchases (\$5 million) due to higher fuel prices

Other operation and maintenance expenses increased \$1 million in 2007 primarily due to increased maintenance expenses (\$12 million), partially offset by decreased other operation expenses (\$11 million).

Other maintenance expenses increased \$12 million in 2007 primarily due to:

- Increased boiler maintenance expense (\$7 million)
- Increased electric plant maintenance (\$5 million)
- Increased vegetation management expense (\$1 million)
- Decreased overhead conductor and devices maintenance (\$1 million)

Other operation expenses decreased \$11 million in 2007 primarily due to:

- Decreased MISO Day 1 and Day 2 expenses (\$16 million) due to the exit from the MISO effective September 1, 2006, and refunds from the MISO for certain charges
- Decreased VDT workforce reduction expense (\$3 million) due to completion of VDT amortization in March 2006
- Increased MISO Day 1 expense (\$3 million) due to credit received from the MISO for financial transmission rights in 2006
- Increased outside services expense (\$3 million)
- Increased wholesale expense (\$1 million) due to a recorded credit in April 2006 for a FERC ordered refund from the MISO for charges assessed in excess of the rates in the MISO transmission tariff
- Increased research and development expenses (\$1 million)

Equity earnings in EEI decreased \$3 million in 2007 primarily due to decreased other electric earnings at EEI, resulting from decreased emission allowance sales in 2007 and increased purchased power expense.

Other income – net increased \$5 million in 2007 primarily due to increased other income (\$7 million) relating to increased allowance for funds used during construction, gain on disposal of property and increased interest income from bond proceeds on deposit with a trustee, partially offset by increased other expenses (\$2 million) relating to penalties.

Interest expense increased \$17 million in 2007, primarily due to increased interest expense to affiliated companies resulting from increased affiliate borrowings to fund increased capital additions.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES/ESTIMATES

Preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles requires the application of appropriate technical accounting rules and guidance, as well as the use of estimates. The application of these policies necessarily involves judgments regarding future events, including legal and regulatory challenges and anticipated recovery of costs. These judgments could materially impact the financial statements and disclosures based on varying assumptions, which may be appropriate to use. In addition, the financial and operating environment also may have a significant effect, not only on the operation of the business,

but on the results reported through the application of accounting measures used in preparing the financial statements and related disclosures, even if the nature of the accounting policies applied has not changed. Specific risks for these critical accounting policies are described in the Notes to Financial Statements. Each of these has a higher likelihood of resulting in materially different reported amounts under different conditions or using different assumptions. Events rarely develop exactly as forecasted and the best estimates routinely require adjustment.

Critical accounting policies and estimates including unbilled revenue, allowance for doubtful accounts, regulatory mechanisms, pension and postretirement benefits and income taxes are detailed in Notes 1, 2, 3, 5, 6 and 9 of Notes to Financial Statements.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements. Recent accounting pronouncements affecting KU are detailed in Note 1 of Notes to Financial Statements.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

KU uses net cash generated from its operations and external financing (including financing from affiliates) to fund construction of plant and equipment and the payment of dividends. KU believes that such sources of funds will be sufficient to meet the needs of its business in the foreseeable future.

As of December 31, 2007, KU is in a negative working capital position in part because of the classification of certain variable-rate pollution control bonds totaling \$33 million that are subject to tender for purchase at the option of the holder as current portion of long-term debt. Credit facilities totaling \$35 million are in place to fund such tenders, if necessary. KU has never needed to access these facilities. KU expects to cover any working capital deficiencies with cash flow from operations, money pool borrowings and borrowings from Fidelity.

Operating Activities

Cash provided by operations was \$302 million and \$223 million in 2007 and 2006, respectively.

The 2007 increase of \$79 million was primarily the result of increases in cash due to changes in:

- Earnings, net of non-cash items (\$55 million)
- Material and supplies (\$33 million) due to lower coal inventories on hand at December 31, 2007
- MISO exit fee (\$20 million) due to the MISO exit being completed effective September 1, 2006
- Accrued income taxes (\$15 million) due to income tax accrued during 2007 being greater than estimated payments
- ECR recovery (\$11 million)
- Prepayments and other current assets (\$9 million)
- Other current liabilities (\$8 million)
- Other liabilities (\$7 million)
- Other regulatory assets (\$4 million)
- FAC recovery (\$3 million)

These increases were partially offset by cash used for changes in:

- Pension and postretirement funding (\$36 million)
- Accounts payable (\$26 million)
- Property and other taxes payable (\$14 million)
- Accounts receivable (\$10 million)

Investing Activities

The primary use of funds for investing activities continues to be for capital expenditures. Net cash used for investing activities increased \$382 million in 2007 compared to 2006 primarily due to increased capital expenditures of \$395 million, offset by decreased restricted cash of \$13 million. Restricted cash represents the escrowed proceeds of the Pollution Control Bonds issued, which are disbursed as qualifying costs are incurred.

Financing Activities

Net cash inflows from financing activities were \$422 million and \$124 million in 2007 and 2006, respectively. See Note 7 of Notes to Financial Statements for information of redemptions, maturities and issuances of long-term debt.

Future Capital Requirements

KU expects its capital expenditures for the three-year period ending December 31, 2010, to total approximately \$1,465 million, consisting primarily of construction estimates for installation of FGDs on Ghent and Brown units totaling approximately \$425 million, construction of TC2 totaling approximately \$360 million, the Brown ash pond totaling approximately \$40 million, a customer care system totaling approximately \$25 million and on-going construction related to generation and distribution assets. See Note 9 of Notes to Financial Statements for additional information.

KU's construction program is designed to ensure that there will be adequate capacity and reliability to meet the electric needs of its service area and to comply with environmental regulations. These needs are continually being reassessed and appropriate revisions are made, when necessary, in construction schedules. Future capital requirements may be affected in varying degrees by factors such as electric energy demand load growth, changes in construction expenditure levels, rate actions by regulatory agencies, new legislation, market entry of competing electric power generators, changes in commodity prices and labor rates, changes in environmental regulations and other regulatory requirements. See Contractual Obligations further below and Note 9 of Notes to Financial Statements for current commitments. KU anticipates funding future capital requirements through operating cash flow, debt and/or infusions of capital from its parent.

Regulatory approvals are required for KU to incur additional debt. The Virginia Commission and the FERC authorize the issuance of short-term debt while the Kentucky Commission, the Virginia Commission and the Tennessee Regulatory Authority authorize the issuance of long-term debt. In November 2007, KU received a two-year authorization from the FERC to borrow up to \$400 million in short-term funds. KU also has authorization from the Virginia Commission that expires at the end of 2009 allowing short-term borrowing of up to \$400 million.

KU's debt ratings as of December 31, 2007, were:

	<u>Moody's</u>	<u>S&P</u>
Pollution control revenue bonds	A2	BBB+
Issuer rating	A2	-
Corporate credit rating	-	BBB+

These ratings reflect the views of Moody's and S&P. A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and is subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the rating agency. See Note 7 of Notes to Financial Statements for a discussion of recent downgrade actions related to the pollution control revenue bonds.

Contractual Obligations

The following is provided to summarize contractual cash obligations for periods after December 31, 2007. KU anticipates cash from operations and external financing will be sufficient to fund future obligations. Future interest obligations cannot be quantified because most of KU's debt is variable rate. See Statements of Capitalization.

(in millions)	Payments Due by Period						Total
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	Thereafter	
<u>Contractual Cash Obligations</u>							
Short-term debt (a)	\$ 23	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23
Long-term debt	-	-	33	-	50	1,181 (b)	1,264
Operating leases (c)	6	5	3	2	2	4	22
Unconditional power purchase obligations (d)	23	25	16	8	9	143	224
Coal and gas purchase obligations (e)	329	146	93	57	57	-	682
Retirement obligations (f)	23	24	23	23	23	124	240
Other obligations (g)	<u>307</u>	<u>79</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>392</u>
Total contractual cash obligations	<u>\$711</u>	<u>\$279</u>	<u>\$174</u>	<u>\$90</u>	<u>\$141</u>	<u>\$1,452</u>	<u>\$2,847</u>

- (a) Represents borrowings from affiliated company due within one year.
- (b) Includes long-term debt of \$33 million classified as current liabilities because these bonds are subject to tender for purchase at the option of the holder and to mandatory tender for purchase upon the occurrence of certain events. These bonds mature in 2032. KU does not expect to pay these amounts in 2008.
- (c) Represents future operating lease payments.
- (d) Represents future minimum payments under OMU and OVEC power purchase agreements through 2010 and 2026, respectively.
- (e) Represents contracts to purchase coal and natural gas.
- (f) Represents currently projected cash flows for pension, postretirement and other post-employment benefit plans as calculated by the actuary.
- (g) Represents construction commitments, including commitments for TC2 and the FGDs.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

The Company has assessed the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2007. In making this assessment, the Company used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring

Organizations of the Treadway Commission in Internal Control - Integrated Framework ("COSO"). The Company has concluded that, as of December 31, 2007, the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective based on those criteria.

KU is no longer subject to the internal control and other requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and associated rules (the "Act") and consequently has not issued Management's Report on Internal Controls over Financial Reporting pursuant to Section 404 of the Act.

Kentucky Utilities Company
Statements of Income
(Millions of \$)

	Years Ended December 31	
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Total operating revenues (Note 11).....	<u>\$1,273</u>	<u>\$1,210</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Fuel for electric generation.....	461	424
Power purchased (Notes 9 and 11).....	168	182
Other operation and maintenance expenses.....	255	254
Depreciation and amortization (Note 1).....	<u>121</u>	<u>115</u>
Total operating expenses.....	<u>1,005</u>	<u>975</u>
Net operating income.....	268	235
Equity earnings in EEI (Note 1).....	(26)	(29)
Other income – net.....	(6)	(1)
Interest expense (Notes 7 and 8).....	15	15
Interest expense to affiliated companies (Note 11).....	<u>41</u>	<u>24</u>
Income before income taxes.....	244	226
Federal and state income taxes (Note 6).....	<u>77</u>	<u>74</u>
Net income.....	<u>\$ 167</u>	<u>\$ 152</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Retained Earnings
(Millions of \$)

	Years Ended December 31	
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Balance January 1.....	\$ 870	\$ 718
Add net income.....	<u>167</u>	<u>152</u>
Balance December 31.....	<u>\$1,037</u>	<u>\$ 870</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Kentucky Utilities Company
 Statements of Comprehensive Income
 (Millions of \$)

	Years Ended December 31	
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Net income	<u>\$167</u>	<u>\$ 152</u>
Additional minimum pension liability adjustment, net of tax expense of \$0 and \$13 for 2007 and 2006, respectively (Note 5)	<u>-</u>	<u>19</u>
Other comprehensive income, net of tax (Note 12)	<u>-</u>	<u>19</u>
Comprehensive income.....	<u>\$167</u>	<u>\$ 171</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Kentucky Utilities Company
Balance Sheets
(Millions of \$)

	December 31	
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
ASSETS:		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 1)	\$ -	\$ 6
Restricted cash (Note 1)	11	23
Accounts receivable – less reserve of \$2 in 2007 and 2006 (Note 1)	172	123
Accounts receivable from affiliated companies (Note 11)	17	50
Materials and supplies (Note 1):		
Fuel (predominantly coal)	42	64
Other materials and supplies	34	34
Prepayments and other current assets	<u>12</u>	<u>18</u>
Total current assets	288	318
Other property and investments (Note 1)	<u>29</u>	<u>25</u>
Utility plant, at original cost (Note 1)	3,868	3,681
Less: reserve for depreciation	<u>1,622</u>	<u>1,553</u>
Total utility plant, net	2,246	2,128
Construction work in progress	<u>1,071</u>	<u>487</u>
Total utility plant and construction work in progress	3,317	2,615
Deferred debits and other assets:		
Regulatory assets (Note 2):		
Pension and postretirement benefits (Notes 1 and 2)	28	64
Other	86	83
Cash surrender value of key man life insurance	37	35
Other assets	<u>11</u>	<u>8</u>
Total deferred debits and other assets	<u>162</u>	<u>190</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$3,796</u>	<u>\$3,148</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Kentucky Utilities Company
Balance Sheets (continued)
(Millions of \$)

	December 31	
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY:		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7)	\$ 33	\$ 141
Notes payable to affiliated companies (Notes 8 and 11)	23	97
Accounts payable	160	83
Accounts payable to affiliated companies (Note 11)	48	87
Customer deposits	20	19
Other current liabilities	<u>28</u>	<u>23</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>312</u>	<u>450</u>
Long-term debt:		
Long-term bonds (Note 7)	300	219
Long-term notes to affiliated company (Note 7)	<u>931</u>	<u>483</u>
Total long-term debt	<u>1,231</u>	<u>702</u>
Deferred credits and other liabilities:		
Accumulated deferred income taxes (Note 6)	285	289
Accumulated provision for pensions and related benefits (Note 5)	83	126
Investment tax credit (Note 6)	55	13
Asset retirement obligations	30	28
Regulatory liabilities (Note 2):		
Accumulated cost of removal of utility plant	310	297
Deferred income taxes	22	27
Other regulatory liabilities	10	6
Other liabilities	<u>23</u>	<u>17</u>
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	<u>818</u>	<u>803</u>
Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)		
COMMON EQUITY:		
Common stock, without par value -		
Authorized 80,000,000 shares, outstanding 37,817,878 shares	308	308
Additional paid-in-capital (Note 11)	90	15
Retained earnings	1,016	854
Undistributed subsidiary earnings	<u>21</u>	<u>16</u>
Total retained earnings	<u>1,037</u>	<u>870</u>
Total common equity	<u>1,435</u>	<u>1,193</u>
Total Liabilities and Equity	<u>\$3,796</u>	<u>\$3,148</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Kentucky Utilities Company
Statements of Cash Flows
(Millions of \$)

	Years Ended December 31	
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 167	\$ 152
Items not requiring cash currently:		
Depreciation and amortization	121	115
Deferred income taxes-net	(6)	14
Investment tax credit-net	42	11
Provision for pension and postretirement plans	36	4
Other	(7)	2
Change in certain current assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(16)	(6)
Materials and supplies	22	(11)
Accounts payable	(26)	-
Accrued income taxes	2	(13)
Property and other taxes payable	(4)	10
Prepayments and other current assets	1	(8)
Other current liabilities	10	2
Pension and postretirement funding	(43)	(7)
MISO exit fee	-	(20)
Environmental cost recovery mechanism refundable	(1)	(12)
Other	4	(10)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>302</u>	<u>223</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Construction expenditures	(742)	(347)
Change in restricted cash	<u>12</u>	<u>(1)</u>
Net cash used for investing activities	<u>(730)</u>	<u>(348)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Long-term borrowings from affiliated company	448	100
Short-term borrowings from affiliated company	289	763
Repayment of short-term borrowings from affiliated company	(363)	(736)
Retirement of first mortgage bonds	(108)	(36)
Issuance of pollution control bonds	81	33
Additional paid-in capital	<u>75</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>422</u>	<u>124</u>
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(6)	(1)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6</u>
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Income taxes	\$38	\$82
Interest on borrowed money	16	15
Interest to affiliated companies on borrowed money	29	20

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Kentucky Utilities Company
Statements of Capitalization
(Millions of \$)

	December 31	
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
LONG-TERM DEBT (Note 7):		
First mortgage bonds:		
P due May 15, 2007, 7.92% (Note 3)	-	54
Pollution control series:		
10, due November 1, 2024, variable %	-	54
Mercer Co. 2000 Series A, due May 1, 2023, variable %	13	13
Carroll Co. 2002 Series A, due February 1, 2032, variable %	21	21
Carroll Co. 2002 Series B, due February 1, 2032, variable %	2	2
Muhlenberg Co. 2002 Series A, due February 1, 2032, variable %	2	2
Mercer Co. 2002 Series A, due February 1, 2032, variable %	8	8
Carroll Co. 2002 Series C, due October 1, 2032, variable %	96	96
Carroll Co. 2004 Series A, due October 1, 2034, variable %	50	50
Carroll Co. 2005 Series A, due June 1, 2035, variable %	13	13
Carroll Co. 2005 Series B, due June 1, 2035, variable %	13	13
Carroll Co. 2006 Series A, due June 1, 2036, variable %	17	17
Carroll Co. 2006 Series C, due June 1, 2036, variable %	17	17
Carroll Co. 2007 Series A, due February 1, 2026, variable %	18	-
Carroll Co. 2006 Series B, due October 1, 2034, variable %	54	-
Trimble Co. 2007 Series A, due March 1, 2037, variable %	9	-
Notes payable to Fidelia:		
Due November 24, 2010, 4.24%, unsecured	33	33
Due January 16, 2012, 4.39%, unsecured	50	50
Due April 30, 2013, 4.55%, unsecured	100	100
Due August 15, 2013, 5.31%, unsecured	75	75
Due July 8, 2015, 4.735%, unsecured	50	50
Due December 21, 2015, 5.36%, unsecured	75	75
Due October 25, 2016, 5.675% unsecured	50	50
Due June 23, 2036, 6.33%, unsecured	50	50
Due December 19, 2014, 5.45% unsecured	100	-
Due June 20, 2017, 5.98% unsecured	50	-
Due October 25, 2019, 5.71% unsecured	70	-
Due February 7, 2022, 5.69% unsecured	53	-
Due September 14, 2028, 5.96% unsecured	100	-
Due March 30, 2037, 5.86% unsecured	<u>75</u>	<u>-</u>
 Total long-term debt outstanding	 <u>1,264</u>	 <u>843</u>
Less current portion of long-term debt	<u>33</u>	<u>141</u>
Long-term debt	<u>1,231</u>	<u>702</u>
 COMMON EQUITY:		
Common stock, without par value -		
Authorized 80,000,000 shares, outstanding 37,817,878 shares	308	308
Additional paid-in-capital (Note 11)	90	15
 Retained earnings	 1,016	 854
Undistributed subsidiary earnings	<u>21</u>	<u>16</u>
Total retained earnings	<u>1,037</u>	<u>870</u>
Total common equity	<u>1,435</u>	<u>1,193</u>
Total capitalization	<u>\$2,666</u>	<u>\$1,895</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Kentucky Utilities Company
Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

KU, incorporated in Kentucky in 1912 and in Virginia in 1991, is a regulated public utility engaged in the generation, transmission, distribution and sale of electric energy in Kentucky, Virginia and Tennessee. KU provides electricity to approximately 506,000 customers in 77 counties in central, southeastern and western Kentucky, to approximately 30,000 customers in 5 counties in southwestern Virginia and 5 customers in Tennessee. KU's coal-fired electric generating stations produce most of KU's electricity. The remainder is generated by a hydroelectric power plant and natural gas and oil fueled CTs. In Virginia, KU operates under the name Old Dominion Power Company. KU also sells wholesale electric energy to 12 municipalities.

KU is a wholly-owned subsidiary of E.ON U.S., formerly known as LG&E Energy LLC. E.ON U.S. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of E.ON, a German corporation, making KU an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of E.ON. KU's affiliate, LG&E, is a regulated public utility engaged in the generation, transmission, distribution and sale of electric energy and the distribution and sale of natural gas in Kentucky.

Certain reclassification entries have been made to the previous years' financial statements to conform to the 2007 presentation with no impact on net assets, liabilities and capitalization or previously reported net income and cash flows.

Regulatory Accounting. KU is subject to SFAS No. 71, under which regulatory assets are created based on expected recovery from customers in future rates to defer costs that would otherwise be charged to expense. Likewise, regulatory liabilities are created based on expected return to customers in future rates to defer credits that would otherwise be reflected as income, or, in the case of costs of removal, are created to match long-term future obligations arising from the current use of assets. The accounting for regulatory assets and liabilities is based on specific ratemaking decisions or precedent for each item as prescribed by the FERC, the Kentucky Commission or the Virginia Commission. See Note 2, Rates and Regulatory Matters, for additional detail regarding regulatory assets and liabilities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents. KU considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash. Proceeds from bond issuances for environmental equipment (primarily related to the installation of FGDs) are held in trust pending expenditure for qualifying assets.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on the ratio of the amounts charged-off during the last twelve months to the retail revenues billed over the same period multiplied by the retail revenues billed over the last four months. Accounts with no payment activity are charged-off after four months, although collection efforts continue thereafter.

Materials and Supplies. Fuel and other materials and supplies inventories are accounted for using the average-cost method. Emission allowances are included in other materials and supplies and are not currently traded by KU. At December 31, 2007 and 2006, the emission allowances inventory was less than \$1 million and approximately \$2 million, respectively.

Other Property and Investments. Other property and investments on the balance sheets consists of KU's investment in EEI, economic development loans provided to various communities in KU's service territory, KU's investment in OVEC, funds related to KU's long-term purchased power contract with OMU and non-utility plant.

Although KU holds investment interests in OVEC and EEI, it is not the primary beneficiary, therefore, neither are consolidated into KU's financial statements. KU and 11 other electric utilities are participating owners of OVEC, located in Piketon, Ohio. OVEC owns and operates two power plants that burn coal to generate electricity, Kyger Creek Station in Ohio and Clifty Creek Station in Indiana. Pursuant to current contractual arrangements, KU's share of OVEC's output is 2.5%, approximately 55 Mw of generation capacity.

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, KU's investment in OVEC totaled less than \$1 million and is accounted for under the cost method of accounting. KU's maximum exposure to loss as a result of its involvement with OVEC is limited to the value of its investment. In the event of the inability of OVEC to fulfill its power provision requirements, KU anticipates substituting such power supply with either owned generation or market purchases and believes it would generally recover associated incremental costs through regulatory rate mechanisms. See Note 9, Commitments and Contingencies, for further discussion of developments regarding KU's ownership interests and power purchase rights.

KU owns 20% of the common stock of EEI, which owns and operates a 1,162-Mw generating station in southern Illinois. Prior to 2006, KU was entitled to take 20% of the available capacity of the station under a pricing formula comparable to the cost of other power generated by KU. This contract governing the purchases from EEI terminated on December 31, 2005. Since December 31, 2005, EEI has sold power under general market-based pricing and terms. KU has not contracted with EEI for power under the new arrangements, but maintains its 20% ownership in the common stock of EEI. Replacement power for the EEI capacity has been largely provided by KU generation.

KU's investment in EEI is accounted for under the equity method of accounting and, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, totaled \$23 million and \$18 million, respectively. KU's direct exposure to loss as a result of its involvement with EEI is generally limited to the value of its investment.

Utility Plant. KU's utility plant is stated at original cost, which includes payroll-related costs such as taxes, fringe benefits and administrative and general costs. Construction work in progress has been included in the rate base for determining retail customer rates in Kentucky. KU has not recorded a significant allowance for funds used during construction.

The cost of plant retired or disposed of in the normal course of business is deducted from plant accounts and such cost is charged to the reserve for depreciation. When complete operating units are disposed of, appropriate adjustments are made to the reserve for depreciation and gains and losses, if any, are recognized.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the estimated service lives of depreciable plant. The amounts provided were approximately 3.2% in 2007 and 3.1% in 2006 of average depreciable plant. Of the amount provided for depreciation at December 31, 2007 and 2006, approximately 0.5% was related to the retirement, removal and disposal costs of long lived assets.

Unamortized Debt Expense. Debt expense is capitalized in deferred debits and amortized using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method, over the lives of the related bond issues.

Income Taxes. Income taxes are accounted for under SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes* and FIN 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an Interpretation of SFAS No. 109*. In accordance with these

statements, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, as measured by enacted tax rates that are expected to be in effect in the periods when the deferred tax assets and liabilities are expected to be settled or realized. Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes, and there are transactions for which the ultimate tax outcome is uncertain. FIN 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. Uncertain tax positions are analyzed periodically and adjustments are made when events occur to warrant a change. See Note 6, Income Taxes.

Deferred Income Taxes. Deferred income taxes are recognized at currently enacted tax rates for all material temporary differences between the financial reporting and income tax bases of assets and liabilities.

Investment Tax Credits. The EPAct 2005 added Section 48A to the Internal Revenue Code, which provides for an investment tax credit to promote the commercialization of advanced coal technologies that will generate electricity in an environmentally responsible manner. KU and LG&E received an investment tax credit related to TC2, for more details see Note 6, Income Taxes. Investment tax credits prior to 2006 resulted from provisions of the tax law that permitted a reduction of KU's tax liability based on credits for construction expenditures. Deferred investment tax credits are being amortized to income over the estimated lives of the related property that gave rise to the credits.

Revenue Recognition. Revenues are recorded based on service rendered to customers through month-end. KU accrues an estimate for unbilled revenues from each meter reading date to the end of the accounting period based on allocating the daily system net deliveries between billed volumes and unbilled volumes. The allocation is based on a daily ratio of the number of meter reading cycles remaining in the month to the total number of meter reading cycles in each month. Each day's ratio is then multiplied by each day's system net deliveries to determine an estimated billed and unbilled volume for each day of the accounting period. The unbilled revenue estimates included in accounts receivable were \$59 million and \$42 million at December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Fuel Costs. The cost of fuel for generation is charged to expense as used.

Management's Use of Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent items at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accrued liabilities, including legal and environmental, are recorded when they are probable and estimable. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements. The following are recent accounting pronouncements affecting KU:

SFAS No. 160

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements*, which is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2008. The objective of this statement is to improve the relevance, comparability and transparency of financial information in a reporting entity's consolidated financial statements. The Company expects the adoption of SFAS No. 160 to have no impact on its statements of operations, financial position and cash flows.

SFAS No. 159

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities – Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115*. SFAS No. 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other assets and liabilities at fair value on an instrument-by-instrument basis (the fair value option). Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected are to be recognized in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. SFAS No. 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. SFAS No. 159 was adopted effective January 1, 2008 and had no impact on the statements of operations, financial position and cash flows.

SFAS No. 157

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, which, except as described below, is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. This statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 does not expand the application of fair value accounting to new circumstances. In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position 157-2, *Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157*, which delays the effective date of SFAS No. 157 for all nonfinancial assets and liabilities, except those that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually), to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008 and interim periods within those fiscal years. SFAS No. 157 was adopted effective January 1, 2008, except as it applies to those nonfinancial assets and liabilities, and had no impact on the statements of operations, financial position and cash flows, however, the Company will provide additional disclosures relating to its financial derivatives, AROs and pension assets as required in 2008.

FIN 48

In July 2006, the FASB issued FIN 48 which clarifies the accounting for the uncertainty of income tax positions recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109. This interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return.

The evaluation of a tax position in accordance with FIN 48 is a two-step process. The first step is recognition based on the determination of whether it is "more likely than not" that a tax position will be sustained upon examination. The second step is to measure a tax position that meets the "more likely than not" threshold. The tax position is measured as the amount of potential benefit that exceeds 50% likelihood of being realized.

FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, and was adopted effective January 1, 2007. The impact of FIN 48 on the statements of operations, financial position and cash flows was not material.

Note 2 - Rates and Regulatory Matters

KU is subject to the jurisdiction of the Kentucky Commission, the Virginia Commission, the Tennessee Regulatory Authority and the FERC in virtually all matters related to electric utility regulation, and as such, its accounting is subject to SFAS No. 71. Given its competitive position in the marketplace and the status of regulation in Kentucky and Virginia, KU has no plans or intentions to discontinue its application of SFAS No. 71.

Rate Case

In December 2003, KU filed an application with the Kentucky Commission requesting an adjustment in KU's rates. The revenue increase requested was \$58 million. In June 2004, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order approving an increase in KU's base rates of approximately \$46 million (7%). The rate increase took effect on July 1, 2004.

Final proceedings took place during the first quarter of 2006 concerning the sole remaining open issue relating to state income tax rates used in calculating the granted rate increase. On March 31, 2006, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order resolving this issue in KU's favor consistent with the original rate increase order.

Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

The following regulatory assets and liabilities were included in the balance sheets as of December 31:

(in millions)	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
ARO	\$ 24	\$ 22
MISO exit	20	20
FAC	17	16
Unamortized loss on bonds	10	10
ECR	11	10
Other	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
Subtotal	86	83
Pension and postretirement benefits	<u>28</u>	<u>64</u>
Total regulatory assets	<u>\$ 114</u>	<u>\$ 147</u>
Accumulated cost of removal of utility plant	\$ 310	\$ 297
Deferred income taxes – net	22	27
Other	<u>10</u>	<u>6</u>
Total regulatory liabilities	<u>\$ 342</u>	<u>\$ 330</u>

KU does not currently earn a rate of return on the FAC regulatory asset, which is a separate recovery mechanism with recovery within twelve months. No return is earned on the pension and postretirement benefits regulatory asset which represents the changes in funded status of the plans. The Company will seek recovery of this asset in future proceedings with the Kentucky and Virginia Commissions. No return is currently earned on the ARO asset. This regulatory asset will be offset against the associated regulatory liability, ARO asset and ARO liability at the time the underlying asset is retired. The MISO exit amount represents the costs relating to the withdrawal from MISO membership. KU will seek recovery of this asset in future proceedings with the Kentucky and Virginia Commissions. KU currently earns a rate of return on the remaining regulatory asset. Other regulatory assets include VDT costs, the merger surcredit and deferred storm costs. Other regulatory liabilities include DSM and MISO costs included in base rates that will be netted against costs of withdrawing from the MISO in the next rate case.

ARO. A summary of KU's net ARO assets, regulatory assets, liabilities and cost of removal established under FIN 47, *Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations, an Interpretation of SFAS No. 143*, and SFAS No. 143, *Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations*, follows:

(in millions)	ARO Net <u>Assets</u>	ARO <u>Liabilities</u>	Regulatory <u>Assets</u>	Regulatory <u>Liabilities</u>	Accumulated <u>Cost of Removal</u>	Cost of Removal <u>Depreciation</u>
As of December 31, 2005	\$ 6	\$(27)	\$20	\$ (2)	\$ 2	\$ 1
ARO accretion	-	(1)	1	-	-	-
ARO depreciation	<u>(1)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
As of December 31, 2006	5	(28)	22	(2)	2	1
ARO accretion	-	(2)	2	-	-	-
As of December 31, 2007	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$(30)</u>	<u>\$24</u>	<u>\$ (2)</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>

Pursuant to regulatory treatment prescribed under SFAS No. 71, an offsetting regulatory credit was recorded in depreciation and amortization in the income statement of \$2 million in 2007 and 2006 for the ARO accretion and depreciation expense. KU AROs are primarily related to the final retirement of assets associated with generating units. For assets associated with AROs, the removal cost accrued through depreciation under regulatory accounting is established as a regulatory liability pursuant to regulatory treatment prescribed under SFAS No. 71. There were no FIN 47 net asset additions during 2007 or 2006. For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, KU recorded less than \$1 million of depreciation expense related to the cost of removal of ARO related assets. An offsetting regulatory liability was established pursuant to regulatory treatment prescribed under SFAS No. 71.

KU transmission and distribution lines largely operate under perpetual property easement agreements which do not generally require restoration upon removal of the property. Therefore, under SFAS No. 143, no material asset retirement obligations are recorded for transmission and distribution assets.

MISO Exit. Following receipt of applicable FERC, Kentucky Commission and other regulatory orders, KU withdrew from the MISO effective September 1, 2006. Specific proceedings regarding the costs and benefits of the MISO and exit matters had been underway since July 2003. Since the exit from the MISO, KU has been operating under a FERC-approved open access-transmission tariff. KU now contracts with the Tennessee Valley Authority to act as its transmission Reliability Coordinator and Southwest Power Pool, Inc. to function as Independent Transmission Organization, pursuant to FERC requirements.

KU and the MISO have agreed upon overall calculation methods for the contractual exit fee to be paid by the Company following its withdrawal. In October 2006, KU paid approximately \$20 million to the MISO pursuant to an invoice regarding the exit fee and made related FERC compliance filings. The Company's payment of this exit fee amount was with reservation of its rights to contest the amount, or components thereof, following a continuing review of its calculation and supporting documentation. In December 2006, KU provided notice to the MISO of its disagreement with the calculation of the exit fee. KU and the MISO have resolved their dispute regarding the calculation of the exit fee and, in November 2007, filed an application with the FERC for approval of a recalculation agreement. In March 2008, the FERC approved the parties' recalculation of the exit fee, and the approved agreement provides KU with an immediate recovery of \$1 million and will provide an estimated \$3 million over the next eight years for credits realized from other payments the MISO will receive, plus interest. Orders of the Kentucky Commission approving the Company's exit from the MISO have authorized the establishment of a regulatory asset for the exit fee, subject to adjustment for possible future MISO credits, and a regulatory liability for certain revenues associated with former MISO administrative charges, which may continue to be collected via base rates. The treatment of the regulatory asset and liability will be determined in KU's next rate case, however, the Company historically has received approval to recover and refund regulatory assets and liabilities.

FAC. KU's retail rates contain an FAC, whereby increases and decreases in the cost of fuel for generation are reflected in the rates charged to retail customers. The FAC allows the Company to adjust customers' accounts for the difference between the fuel cost component of base rates and the actual fuel cost, including transportation costs. Refunds to customers occur if the actual costs are below the embedded cost component. Additional charges to customers occur if the actual costs exceed the embedded cost component. The amount of the regulatory asset or liability is the amount that has been under- or over-recovered due to timing or adjustments to the mechanism.

The Kentucky Commission requires public hearings at six-month intervals to examine past fuel adjustments, and at two-year intervals to review past operations of the fuel clause and transfer of the then current fuel adjustment charge or credit to the base charges.

In January 2008, the Kentucky Commission initiated a routine examination of KU's FAC for the six-month period May 1, 2007 through October 31, 2007. Data discovery is ongoing and a public hearing is scheduled in March 2008.

In August 2007, the Kentucky Commission initiated a routine examination of KU's FAC for the six-month period of November 1, 2006 through April 30, 2007. Data discovery has concluded and a public hearing was held in October 2007. The Kentucky Commission issued an Order in January 2008, approving the charges and credits billed through the FAC during the review period.

In December 2006, the Kentucky Commission initiated its periodic two-year review of KU's past operations of the fuel clause and transfer of fuel costs from the FAC to base rates for November 1, 2004 through October 31, 2006. In March 2007, the KIUC challenged KU's recovery of approximately \$5 million in aggregate fuel costs KU incurred during a period prior to its exit from the MISO and requested the Kentucky Commission disallow this amount. A public hearing was held in May 2007. In October 2007, the Kentucky Commission issued its Order approving the calculation and application of KU's FAC charges and fuel procurement practices and indicated that KU was in compliance with the provisions of Administrative Regulation 807 KAR 5:5056. The Kentucky Commission further approved KU's recommendation for the transfer of fuel cost from the FAC to base rates. In November 2007, the KIUC filed a petition for rehearing, claiming the Kentucky Commission misinterpreted the KIUC's arguments in the proceeding. In the same month, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order denying the KIUC's request for rehearing. An appeal was not filed by the KIUC.

In July 2006, the Kentucky Commission initiated a six-month review of the FAC for KU for the period of November 1, 2005 through April 30, 2006. The Kentucky Commission issued an Order in November 2006, approving the charges and credits billed through the FAC during the review period.

In January 2003, the Kentucky Commission reviewed KU's FAC for the six-month period ended October 31, 2001. The Kentucky Commission ordered KU to reduce its fuel costs for purposes of calculating its FAC by less than \$1 million. At issue was the purchase of approximately 102,000 tons of coal from Western Kentucky Energy Corp., a non-regulated affiliate, for use at KU's Ghent facility. The Kentucky Commission further ordered that an independent audit be conducted to examine operational and management aspects of both KU's and LG&E's fuel procurement functions. The final report's recommendations, issued in February 2004, related to documentation and process improvements. Management Audit Action Plans were agreed upon by KU and the Kentucky Commission Staff in the second quarter of 2004, and resulted in Audit Progress Reports being filed by KU with the Kentucky Commission. In February 2007, the Kentucky Commission staff indicated that KU fully complied with all audit recommendations and that no further reports are required.

KU also employs an FAC mechanism for Virginia customers that uses an average fuel cost factor based primarily on projected fuel costs. The fuel cost factor may be adjusted annually for over or under collections of fuel costs from the previous year. In February 2007, KU filed an application with the Virginia Commission seeking approval of an increase of approximately \$4 million in its fuel cost factor to reflect higher fuel costs incurred and under-collected during 2006, and anticipated higher fuel costs to be incurred in 2007. The Virginia Commission approved KU's request in April 2007. In February 2008, KU filed an application with the Virginia Commission seeking approval of a decrease of 0.599 cents/KWh in its fuel cost factor applicable during the billing period April 2008 through March 2009. The decrease was requested because KU has fully recovered its under-recovered fuel expenses from the prior periods.

Unamortized Loss on Bonds. The costs of early extinguishment of debt, including call premiums, legal and other expenses, and any unamortized balance of debt expense are amortized using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method, over the life of either replacement debt (in the case of refinancing) or the original life of the extinguished debt.

ECR. Kentucky law permits KU to recover the costs of complying with the Federal Clean Air Act, including a return of operating expenses, and a return of and on capital invested, through the ECR mechanism. The amount of the regulatory asset or liability is the amount that has been under- or over-recovered due to timing or adjustments to the mechanism.

In September 2007, the Kentucky Commission initiated six-month and two-year reviews for periods ending October 31, 2006 and April 30, 2007, respectively, of KU's environmental surcharge. Data discovery concluded in December 2007, and all parties to the case submitted requests with the Kentucky Commission to waive rights to a hearing on this matter. The case is submitted for decision and an order is anticipated in the second quarter of 2008.

In June 2006, KU filed an application for a CCN to construct an SCR at the Ghent station and to amend its ECR plan with the Kentucky Commission seeking approval to recover investments in environmental upgrades at the Company's generating facilities. The estimated capital cost of the upgrades for the years 2008 through 2010 is approximately \$125 million, of which approximately \$115 million is for the Air Quality Control System at TC2. A final Order was issued by the Kentucky Commission in December 2006, approving all expenditures and investments as submitted. In October 2007, KU met with the Kentucky Commission and other interested parties to discuss the status of the Ghent Unit 2 SCR construction. KU informed the Kentucky Commission that construction of the Ghent Unit 2 SCR was not going to commence before the CCN expired in December 2007, due to a change in the economics for the project. The CCN expired in December 2007, and KU has delayed construction of the Ghent Unit 2 SCR.

In April 2006, the Kentucky Commission initiated six-month and two-year reviews of KU's environmental surcharge for six-month periods ending July 2003, January 2004, January 2005, July 2005 and January 2006 and for the two-year period ending July 2004. A final Order was received in January 2007, approving the charges and credits billed through the ECR during the review period as well as approving billing adjustments, a roll-in to base rates, revisions to the monthly surcharge filing and the rate of return on capital.

VDT. In December 2001, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order approving a settlement agreement allowing KU to set up a regulatory asset of \$54 million for workforce reduction costs and begin amortizing it over a five-year period starting in April 2001. Some employees rescinded their participation in the voluntary enhanced severance program which, along with the non-recurring charge of \$7 million for FERC and Virginia jurisdictions, thereby decreased the charge to the regulatory asset from \$64 million to \$54 million. The Order reduced revenues by approximately \$11 million through a surcredit on bills to ratepayers over the same five-

year period, reflecting a sharing (40% to the ratepayers and 60% to KU) of savings as stipulated by KU, net of amortization costs of the workforce reduction. The five-year VDT amortization period expired in March 2006.

As part of the settlement agreement in the rate case, in September 2005, KU filed with the Kentucky Commission a plan for the future ratemaking treatment of the VDT surcredit and costs. In February 2006, the AG, KIUC and KU reached a settlement agreement on the future ratemaking treatment of the VDT surcredits and costs and subsequently submitted a joint motion to the Kentucky Commission to approve the unanimous settlement agreement. Under the terms of the settlement agreement, the VDT surcredit will continue at the current level until such time as KU files for a change in base rates. The Kentucky Commission issued an Order in March 2006, approving the settlement agreement.

Merger Surcredit. As part of the LG&E Energy merger with KU Energy Corporation in 1998, KU estimated non-fuel savings over a ten-year period following the merger. Costs to achieve these savings were deferred and amortized over a five-year period pursuant to regulatory orders. In approving the merger, the Kentucky Commission adopted KU's proposal to reduce its retail customers' bills based on one-half of the estimated merger-related savings, net of deferred and amortized amounts, over a five-year period. The surcredit mechanism provides that 50% of the net non-fuel cost savings estimated to be achieved from the merger be provided to ratepayers through a monthly bill credit, and 50% be retained by KU over a five-year period. In that same order, the Kentucky Commission required KU, after the end of the five-year period, to present a plan for sharing with ratepayers the then-projected non-fuel savings associated with the merger. KU submitted this filing in January 2003, proposing to continue to share with ratepayers, on a 50%/50% basis, the estimated fifth-year gross level of non-fuel savings associated with the merger. In October 2003, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order approving a settlement agreement reached with the parties in the case. According to the Order, KU's merger surcredit would remain in place for another five-year term beginning July 1, 2003, the merger savings would continue to be shared 50% with ratepayers and 50% with shareholders and KU would file a plan for the merger surcredit six months before its expiration.

In December 2007, KU submitted to the Kentucky Commission its plan to allow the merger surcredit to terminate as scheduled on June 30, 2008. The Kentucky Commission has not issued a procedural schedule for this proceeding.

Deferred Storm Costs. Based on an Order from the Kentucky Commission in June 2004, KU reclassified from maintenance expense to a regulatory asset, \$4 million related to costs not reimbursed from the 2003 ice storm. These costs will be amortized through June 2009. KU earns a return of these amortized costs, which are included in KU's jurisdictional operating expenses.

Pension and Postretirement Benefits. KU adopted SFAS No. 158, *Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans*, in 2006. This statement requires employers to recognize the over-funded or under-funded status of a defined benefit pension and postretirement plan as an asset or liability in the balance sheet and to recognize through comprehensive income the changes in the funded status in the year in which the changes occur. Under SFAS No. 71, KU can defer recoverable costs that would otherwise be charged to expense or equity by non-regulated entities. Current rate recovery in Kentucky and Virginia is based on SFAS No. 87, *Employers' Accounting for Pensions*, and SFAS No. 106, *Employers' Accounting for Postretirement Benefits Other than Pensions*, both of which were amended by SFAS No. 158. Regulators have been clear and consistent with their historical treatment of such rate recovery, therefore, KU has recorded a regulatory asset representing the probable recovery of the portion of the change in funded status of the pension and postretirement plans that is expected to be recovered. The regulatory asset will be adjusted annually as prior service cost and actuarial gains and losses are recognized in net periodic benefit cost.

Accumulated Cost of Removal of Utility Plant. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, KU has segregated the cost of removal, previously embedded in accumulated depreciation, of \$310 million and \$297 million, respectively, in accordance with FERC Order No. 631. This cost of removal component is for assets that do not have a legal ARO under SFAS No. 143. For reporting purposes in the balance sheets, KU has presented this cost of removal as a regulatory liability pursuant to SFAS No. 71.

Deferred Income Taxes – Net. Deferred income taxes represent the future income tax effects of recognizing the regulatory assets and liabilities in the income statement. Deferred income taxes are recognized at currently enacted tax rates for all material temporary differences between the financial reporting and income tax bases of assets and liabilities.

DSM. KU’s rates contain a DSM provision. The provision includes a rate mechanism that provides for concurrent recovery of DSM costs and provides an incentive for implementing DSM programs. The provision allows KU to recover revenues from lost sales associated with the DSM programs based on program plan engineering estimates and post-implementation evaluations.

In July 2007, KU and LG&E filed an application with the Kentucky Commission requesting an order approving enhanced versions of the existing DSM programs along with the addition of several new cost effective programs. The total annual budget for these programs is approximately \$26 million, an increase over the existing annual budget of approximately \$10 million. Data discovery concluded in November 2007, and the Community Action Council (“CAC”) for Lexington-Fayette, Bourbon, Harrison and Nicholas counties and the Kentucky Association for Community Action (“KACA”), filed a motion for hearing. In January 2008, the CAC and KACA filed a motion with the Kentucky Commission to withdraw the request because the parties reached a settlement. The Kentucky Commission is allowing the current tariffs to remain in effect until a final order is issued.

Other Regulatory Matters

Utility Competition in Virginia. The Commonwealth of Virginia passed the Virginia Electric Utility Restructuring Act in 1999. This act gave Virginia customers the ability to choose their electric supplier. Rates are capped at current levels through December 2010. The Virginia Commission will continue to require each Virginia utility to make annual filings of either a base rate change or an Annual Informational Filing consisting of a set of standard financial schedules. The Virginia Commission Staff will issue a Staff Report regarding the individual utility’s financial performance during the historic 12-month period. The Staff Report can lead to an adjustment in rates, but through December 2010, rates are subject to the capped rate period and essentially “frozen”. In April 2007, Virginia passed legislation terminating this competitive market and commencing re-regulation of utility rates in Virginia. The new act will end the cap on rates at the end of 2008, rather than through December 2010, and end customer choice for most consumers in the applicable regions of the state. Thereafter, a hybrid model of regulation is expected to apply in Virginia, whereby utility rates would be reviewed every two years and a utility’s rate of return on equity shall not be set lower than the average of the rates of return for other regional utilities, with certain caps, floors or adjustments. The legislation was effective in July 2007, and also includes a 10% nonbinding goal for renewable power generation by 2022, as well as incentives for new generation, including renewables. Under the legislation, KU retains an existing exemption from customer choice and other restructuring activities as applicable to KU’s limited service territory in Virginia. However, subject to future developments, KU may or may not undertake such a rate proceeding in the first six months of 2009 based on calendar year 2008 financial data under the hybrid model of regulation, or make biennial rate filings with the Virginia Commission thereafter.

Regional Reliability Council. KU has changed its regional reliability council membership from the Reliability First Corporation to the SERC Reliability Corporation (“SERC”), effective January 1, 2007. Regional reliability councils are industry consortiums that promote, coordinate and ensure the reliability of the bulk electric supply systems in North America.

TC2 CCN Application. A CCN application for construction of the new, base-load, coal fired unit TC2, which will be jointly owned by KU and LG&E, was approved by the Kentucky Commission in November 2005, and initial CCN applications for three transmission lines were approved in September 2005 and May 2006. In August 2006, KU obtained dismissal of a judicial review of such CCN approvals by certain property owners. In December 2007, the Kentucky Court of Appeals reversed and remanded the lower Court’s dismissal. Both parties have filed for reconsideration of elements of the appellate court’s ruling. The transmission lines are also subject to routine regulatory filings and the right-of-way acquisition process. See Note 9, Commitments and Contingencies, for further discussion regarding the TC2 air permit.

Ghent FGD Inquiry. In October 2006, the Kentucky Commission commenced an inquiry into elements of KU’s planned construction of one of its three new FGDs at the Ghent generating station. The proceeding requested, and KU provided, additional information regarding configuration details, expenditures and the proposed construction sequence applicable to future construction phases of the Ghent FGD project. In January 2007, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order completing its inquiry in the matter and confirming its approval of KU’s construction plan. The Order also provided general guidance for jurisdictional utilities regarding applicable information and data requirements for future CCN applications and subsequent proceedings.

Market-Based Rate Authority. In July 2006, the FERC issued an Order in KU’s market-based rate proceeding accepting KU’s further proposal to address certain market power issues the FERC had claimed would arise upon an exit from the MISO. In particular, KU received permission to sell power at market-based rates at the interface of control areas in which it may be deemed to have market power, subject to a restriction that such power not be collusively re-sold back into such control areas. However, restrictions exist on sales by KU of power at market-based rates in the KU/LG&E and Big Rivers Electric Corporation control areas. In June 2007, the FERC issued Order No. 697 implementing certain reforms to market-based rate regulations, including restrictions similar to those previously in place for KU’s power sales at control area interfaces. As a condition of receiving and retaining market-based rate authority, KU must comply with applicable affiliate restrictions set forth in FERC’s regulation.

FERC Audit Results. In July 2006, the FERC issued a final report under a routine audit that its Office of Enforcement (formerly its Office of Market Oversight and Investigations) had conducted regarding the compliance of E.ON U.S. and its subsidiaries, including KU, under the FERC’s standards of conduct and codes of conduct requirements, as well as other areas. The final report contained certain findings calling for improvements in E.ON U.S. and its subsidiaries’ structures, policies and procedures relating to transmission, generation dispatch, energy marketing and other practices. E.ON U.S. and its subsidiaries have agreed to certain corrective actions and have submitted procedures related to such corrective actions to the FERC. The corrective actions are in the nature of organizational and operational improvements as described above and are not expected to have a material adverse impact on the Company’s results of operations or financial condition.

Mandatory Reliability Standards. As a result of EPCRA 2005, certain formerly voluntary reliability standards became mandatory in June 2007, and authority was delegated to various regional reliability organizations (“RRO”) by the Electric Reliability Organization, which was authorized by the FERC to enforce compliance with such standards, including promulgating new standards. Failure to comply with mandatory reliability standards can subject a registered entity to sanctions, including potential fines of up to \$1 million per day as

well as non-monetary penalties, depending upon the circumstances of the violation. KU is a member of the SERC, which acts as KU's RRO. The SERC is currently assessing KU's compliance with certain existing mitigation plans resulting from a prior RRO's audit of various reliability standards. While KU believes itself to be in substantial compliance with the mandatory reliability standards generally, KU cannot predict the outcome of the current SERC proceeding or of other analysis which may be conducted regarding compliance with particular reliability standards.

IRP. Integrated resource planning regulations in Kentucky require major utilities to make triennial IRP filings with the Kentucky Commission. In April 2005, KU and LG&E filed their 2005 joint IRP with the Kentucky Commission. The IRP provides historical and projected demand, resource and financial data, and other operating performance and system information. The AG and the KIUC were granted intervention in the IRP proceeding. The Kentucky Commission issued its staff report with no substantive issues noted and closed the case by Order in February 2006. KU and LG&E will submit the next joint triennial filing in April 2008.

PUHCA 2005. E.ON, KU's ultimate parent, is a registered holding company under PUHCA 2005. E.ON, its utility subsidiaries, including KU, and certain of its non-utility subsidiaries, are subject to extensive regulation by the FERC with respect to numerous matters, including: electric utility facilities and operations, wholesale sales of power and related transactions, accounting practices, issuances and sales of securities, acquisitions and sales of utility properties, payments of dividends out of capital and surplus, financial matters and inter-system sales of non-power goods and services. KU believes that it has adequate authority (including financing authority) under existing FERC orders and regulations to conduct its business and will seek additional authorization when necessary.

EPAct 2005. The EPAct 2005 was enacted in August 2005. Among other matters, this comprehensive legislation contains provisions mandating improved electric reliability standards and performance; granting enhanced civil penalty authority to the FERC; providing economic and other incentives relating to transmission, pollution control and renewable generation assets; increasing funding for clean coal generation incentives; repealing the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935; enacting PUHCA 2005 and expanding FERC jurisdiction over public utility holding companies and related matters via the Federal Power Act and PUHCA 2005.

In February 2006, the Kentucky Commission initiated an administrative proceeding to consider the requirements of the EPAct 2005, Subtitle E Section 1252, Smart Metering, which concerns time-based metering and demand response, and Section 1254, Interconnections. EPAct 2005 requires each state regulatory authority to conduct a formal investigation and issue a decision on whether or not it is appropriate to implement certain Section 1252, Smart Metering standards within eighteen months after the enactment of EPAct 2005 and to commence consideration of Section 1254, Interconnection standards within one year after the enactment of EPAct 2005. Following a public hearing with all Kentucky jurisdictional electric utilities, in December 2006, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order in this proceeding indicating that the EPAct 2005 Section 1252, Smart Metering and Section 1254, Interconnection standards should not be adopted. However, all five Kentucky Commission jurisdictional utilities are required to file real-time pricing pilot programs for their large commercial and industrial customers. KU developed a real-time pricing pilot for large industrial and commercial customers and filed the details of the plan with the Kentucky Commission in April 2007. Data discovery concluded in July 2007, and no parties to the case requested a hearing. In February 2008, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order approving the real-time pricing pilot program proposed by KU for implementation within approximately eight months. KU will notify the Kentucky Commission 10 days prior to the actual implementation date and will file annual reports on the program within 90 days of each plan year-end for the 3-year pilot period.

Green Energy Riders. In February 2007, KU and LG&E filed a Joint Application and Testimony for Proposed Green Energy Riders. The AG and KIUC were granted full intervention. In May 2007, a Kentucky Commission Order was issued authorizing KU to establish Small and Large Green Energy Riders, allowing customers to contribute funds to be used for the purchase of renewable energy credits.

Home Energy Assistance Program. In July 2007, KU filed an application with the Kentucky Commission for the establishment of a new Home Energy Assistance program. During September 2007, the Kentucky Commission approved KU's new five-year program as filed, effective in October 2007. The program terminates in September 2012, and is funded through a \$0.10 per month meter charge.

Depreciation Study. In December 2007, KU filed a depreciation study with the Kentucky Commission requesting a change in the depreciation rates as required by a previous Order. An adjustment to the depreciation rates is dependent on an order being received by the Kentucky Commission, the timing of which cannot currently be determined.

Note 3 - Financial Instruments

The cost and estimated fair values of KU's non-trading financial instruments as of December 31 follow:

(in millions)	<u>2007</u>		<u>2006</u>	
	<u>Carrying Value</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Carrying Value</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Long-term debt (including current portion of \$33 million)	\$333	\$333	\$360	\$360
Long-term debt from affiliate	\$931	\$996	\$483	\$487

All of the above valuations reflect prices quoted by exchanges except for the loans from affiliate which are fair valued using accepted valuation models. The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, cash surrender value of key man life insurance, accounts payable and notes payable are substantially the same as their carrying values.

Interest Rate Swaps (hedging derivatives). KU has used over-the-counter interest rate swaps to hedge exposure to market fluctuations in certain of its debt instruments. Pursuant to Company policy, use of these financial instruments has been intended to mitigate risk, earnings and cash flow volatility and was not speculative in nature. Management had designated all of the interest rate swaps as hedge instruments. Financial instruments designated as fair value hedges and the underlying hedged items are periodically marked to market with the resulting net gains and losses recorded directly into net income. Upon termination of any fair value hedge, the resulting gain or loss is recorded into net income.

KU had no outstanding interest rate swap agreements at December 31, 2007. KU was party to an interest rate swap agreement with a notional amount of \$53 million as of December 31, 2006. The interest rate swap was terminated in February 2007, when the underlying debt was defeased. Under this swap agreement, KU paid variable rates based on the London Interbank Offer Rate averaging 7.44% and received fixed rates averaging 7.92% at December 31, 2006. The swap agreement in effect at December 31, 2006 had been designated as a fair value hedge. The fair value designation was assigned because the underlying fixed rate debt had a firm future commitment. For 2007 and 2006, the effect of marking these financial instruments and the underlying debt to market resulted in pre-tax gains of less than \$1 million recorded in interest expense.

Interest rate swaps hedge interest rate risk on the underlying debt under SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, as amended, in addition to swaps being marked to market, the item being hedged must also be marked to market. Consequently, at December 31, 2006, KU's debt reflects a mark-to-market adjustment of less than \$1 million.

Energy Risk Management Activities (non-hedging derivatives). KU conducts energy trading and risk management activities to maximize the value of power sales from physical assets it owns. Energy trading activities are principally forward financial transactions to hedge price risk and are accounted for on a mark-to-market basis in accordance with SFAS No. 133, as amended.

The table below summarizes KU's energy trading and risk management activities:

(in millions)	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Fair value of contracts at beginning of period, net asset	\$ 1	\$ 1
Unrealized gains and losses recognized at contract inception during the period	-	-
Realized gains and losses recognized during the period	-	1
Changes in fair values attributable to changes in valuation techniques and assumptions	(1)	(2)
Other unrealized gains and losses and changes in fair values	<u>-</u>	<u>1</u>
Fair value of contracts at end of period, net asset	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>

No changes to valuation techniques for energy trading and risk management activities occurred during 2007 or 2006. Changes in market pricing, interest rate and volatility assumptions were made during both years. All contracts outstanding at December 31, 2007 and 2006, have a maturity of less than one year and are valued using prices actively quoted for proposed or executed transactions or quoted by brokers.

KU maintains policies intended to minimize credit risk and revalues credit exposures daily to monitor compliance with those policies. At December 31, 2007, 100% of the trading and risk management commitments were with counterparties rated BBB-/Baa3 equivalent or better.

KU hedges the price volatility of its forecasted electric wholesale sales with the sales of market-traded electric forward contracts for periods of less than one year. Hedge accounting treatment has not been elected for these transactions, and therefore gains and losses are shown in the statements of income in other income – net. No material pre-tax gains and losses resulted in 2007. Pre-tax gains of \$1 million resulted in 2006.

Note 4 - Concentrations of Credit and Other Risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counterparties failed to perform as contracted. Concentrations of credit risk (whether on- or off-balance sheet) relate to groups of customers or counterparties that have similar economic or industry characteristics that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic or other conditions.

KU's customer receivables and revenues arise from deliveries of electricity to approximately 506,000 customers in over 600 communities and adjacent suburban and rural areas in 77 counties in central, southeastern and western Kentucky, to approximately 30,000 customers in five counties in southwestern Virginia and 5 customers in Tennessee. For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, 100% of total revenue was derived from electric operations.

Effective August 1, 2006, KU and its employees represented by the IBEW Local 2100 entered into a new three-year collective bargaining agreement. The new agreement provides for negotiated increases or changes to wages, benefits or other provisions and for annual wage re-openers. A wage re-opener was negotiated in July 2007. KU and its employees represented by the USWA Local 9447-01 entered into a three-year collective bargaining agreement effective August 2005, with authorized annual wage re-openers. The employees represented by these two bargaining units comprise approximately 16% of KU's workforce at December 31, 2007. Wage re-openers were negotiated in July 2006, and July 2007.

Note 5 - Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

KU has both funded and unfunded non-contributory defined benefit pension plans and other postretirement benefit plans that together cover substantially all of its employees. The healthcare plans are contributory with participants' contributions adjusted annually. KU uses December 31 as the measurement date for its plans.

Obligations and Funded Status. The following tables provide a reconciliation of the changes in the plans' benefit obligations and fair value of assets over the two-year period ending December 31, 2007, and a statement of the funded status as of December 31 for KU's sponsored defined benefit plans:

(in millions)	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Benefits	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Change in benefit obligation				
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 303	\$ 318	\$ 88	\$ 95
Service cost	6	6	2	2
Interest cost	17	17	5	5
Benefits paid, net of retiree contributions	(19)	(19)	(5)	(5)
Actuarial gain and other	(23)	(19)	(14)	(9)
Benefit obligation at end of year	\$ 284	\$ 303	\$ 76	\$ 88
Change in plan assets				
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$ 253	\$ 247	\$ 12	\$ 9
Actual return on plan assets	17	26	-	1
Employer contributions	13	-	6	7
Benefits paid, net of retiree contributions	(19)	(19)	(5)	(5)
Administrative expenses and other	-	(1)	-	-
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$ 264	\$ 253	\$ 13	\$ 12
Funded status at end of year	\$ (20)	\$ (50)	\$ (63)	\$ (76)

Amounts Recognized in Statement of Financial Position. The following tables provide the amounts recognized in the balance sheets and information for plans with benefit obligations in excess of plan assets as of December 31:

(in millions)	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Benefits	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Regulatory assets	\$ 37	\$ 59	\$ (9)	\$ 5
Accrued benefit liability (non-current)	(20)	(50)	(63)	(76)

Additional year-end information for plans with accumulated benefit obligations in excess of plan assets:

(in millions)	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Benefits	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Benefit obligation	\$ 284	\$ 303	\$ 76	\$ 88
Accumulated benefit obligation	243	258	-	-
Fair value of plan assets	264	253	13	12

Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost. The following table provides the components of net periodic benefit cost for the plans:

(in millions)	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Benefits	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Service cost	\$ 6	\$ 6	\$ 2	\$ 2
Interest cost	17	17	5	5
Expected return on plan assets	(21)	(20)	(1)	(1)
Amortization of prior service costs	1	1	-	1
Amortization of actuarial loss	2	4	-	-
Amortization of transitional obligation	-	-	-	1
Benefit cost at end of year	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$ 8</u>	<u>\$ 6</u>	<u>\$ 8</u>

The assumptions used in the measurement of KU's pension benefit obligation are shown in the following table:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31:		
Discount rate	6.66%	5.96%
Rate of compensation increase	5.25%	5.25%

The discount rate is based on the November Mercer Pension Discount Yield Curve, adjusted by the basis point change in the Moody's Corporate Aa Bond Rate in December.

The assumptions used in the measurement of KU's net periodic benefit cost are shown in the following table:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Discount rate	5.90%	5.50%
Expected long-term return on plan assets	8.25%	8.25%
Rate of compensation increase	5.25%	5.25%

To develop the expected long-term rate of return on assets assumption, KU considered the current level of expected returns on risk free investments (primarily government bonds), the historical level of the risk premium associated with the other asset classes in which the portfolio is invested and the expectations for future returns of each asset class. The expected return for each asset class was then weighted based on the target asset allocation to develop the expected long-term rate of return on assets assumption for the portfolio.

The following describes the effects on pension benefits by changing the major actuarial assumptions discussed above:

- A 1% change in the assumed discount rate could have an approximate \$30 million positive or negative impact to the 2007 accumulated benefit obligation and an approximate \$40 million positive or negative impact to the 2007 projected benefit obligation.
- A 25 basis point change in the expected rate of return on assets would have an approximate \$1 million positive or negative impact on 2007 pension expense.

Assumed Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. For measurement purposes, a 9% annual increase in the per capita cost of covered healthcare benefits was assumed for 2007. The rate was assumed to decrease gradually to 5% by 2015 and remain at that level thereafter.

Assumed healthcare cost trend rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the healthcare plans. A 1% change in assumed healthcare cost trend rates would have resulted in an increase or decrease of less than \$1 million on the 2007 total of service and interest costs components and an increase or decrease of \$4 million in year-end 2007 postretirement benefit obligations.

Expected Future Benefit Payments and Medicare Subsidy Receipts. The following list provides the amount of expected future benefit payments, which reflect expected future service and the estimated gross amount of Medicare subsidy receipts:

(in millions)	Pension <u>Plans</u>	Other Postretirement <u>Benefits</u>	Medicare Subsidy <u>Receipts</u>
2008	\$ 18	\$ 6	\$ (1)
2009	18	7	(1)
2010	17	7	(1)
2011	17	7	(1)
2012	17	7	(1)
2013-17	90	37	(3)

Plan Assets. The following table shows KU’s weighted-average asset allocation by asset category at December 31:

<u>Pension Plans</u>	<u>Target Range</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Equity securities	45% - 75%	57%	61%
Debt securities	30% - 50%	43%	39%
Other	0% - 10%	0%	0%
Totals		<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>

The investment policy of the pension plans was developed in conjunction with financial consultants, investment advisors and legal counsel. The goal of the investment policy is to preserve the capital of the fund and maximize investment earnings. The return objective is to exceed the benchmark return for the policy index comprised of the following: Russell 3000 Index, MSCI-EAFE Index, Lehman Aggregate and Lehman U.S. Long Government/Credit Bond Index in proportions equal to the targeted asset allocation.

Evaluation of performance focuses on a long-term investment time horizon of at least three to five years or a complete market cycle. The assets of the pension plans are broadly diversified within different asset classes (equities, fixed income securities and cash equivalents).

To minimize the risk of large losses in a single asset class, no more than 5% of the portfolio will be invested in the securities of any one issuer with the exclusion of the U.S. government and its agencies. The equity portion of the fund is diversified among the market’s various subsections to diversify risk, maximize returns and avoid undue exposure to any single economic sector, industry group or individual security. The equity subsectors include, but are not limited to, growth, value, small capitalization and international.

In addition, the overall fixed income portfolio may have an average weighted duration, or interest rate sensitivity which is within +/- 20% of the duration of the overall fixed income benchmark. Foreign bonds in the aggregate shall not exceed 10% of the total fund. The portfolio may include a limited investment of up to 20% in below investment grade securities provided that the overall average portfolio quality remains “AA” or better. The below investment grade securities include, but are not limited to, medium-term notes, corporate debt, non-dollar and emerging market debt and asset backed securities. The cash investments should be in securities that either are of short maturities (not to exceed 180 days) or readily marketable with modest risk.

Derivative securities are permitted only to improve the portfolio’s risk/return profile, to modify the portfolio’s duration or to reduce transaction costs and must be used in conjunction with underlying physical assets in the portfolio. Derivative securities that involve speculation, leverage, interest rate anticipation, or any undue risk whatsoever are not deemed appropriate investments.

The investment objective for the postretirement benefit plan is to provide current income consistent with stability of principal and liquidity while maintaining a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. The postretirement funds are invested in a prime cash money market fund that invests primarily in a portfolio of short-term, high-quality fixed income securities issued by banks, corporations and the U.S. government.

Contributions. KU made a discretionary contribution to the pension plan of \$13 million in January 2007. After this payment, KU’s pension plan assets are in excess of the December 31, 2007 accumulated benefit obligation.

In addition, KU made contributions to other postretirement benefit plans of \$6 million and \$7 million in 2007 and 2006, respectively. In 2008, KU anticipates making voluntary contributions to fund the Voluntary Employee Beneficiary Association trusts to match the annual postretirement expense and funding the 401(h) plan up to the maximum amount allowed by law.

Pension Legislation. The Pension Protection Act of 2006 was enacted in August 2006. The new rules are generally effective for plan years beginning after 2008. Among other matters, this comprehensive legislation contains provisions applicable to defined benefit plans which generally (i) mandate 100% funding of current liabilities within seven years; (ii) increase tax-deduction levels regarding contributions; (iii) revise certain actuarial assumptions, such as mortality tables and discount rates; and (iv) raise federal insurance premiums and other fees for under-funded and distressed plans. The legislation also contains similar provisions relating to defined-contribution plans and qualified and non-qualified executive pension plans and other matters.

Thrift Savings Plans. KU has a thrift savings plan under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Under the plan, eligible employees may defer and contribute to the plan a portion of current compensation in order to provide future retirement benefits. KU makes contributions to the plan by matching a portion of the employee contributions. The costs of this matching were \$2 million for 2007 and 2006.

Note 6 - Income Taxes

A United States consolidated income tax return is filed by E.ON U.S.'s direct parent, E.ON US Investments Corp., for each tax period. Each subsidiary of the consolidated tax group, including KU, will calculate its separate income tax for the tax period. The resulting separate-return tax cost or benefit will be paid to or received from the parent company or its designee. KU also files income tax returns in various state jurisdictions. With few exceptions, KU is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examinations for years before 2004. Statutes of limitations related to 2004 and later returns are still open. Tax years 2005, 2006 and 2007 are under audit by the IRS with the 2007 return being examined under an IRS pilot program named "Compliance Assurance Process". This program accelerates the IRS's review to the actual calendar year applicable to the return and ends 90 days after the return is filed.

KU adopted the provisions of FIN 48 effective January 1, 2007. At the date of adoption, KU had less than \$1 million of unrecognized tax benefits, primarily related to federal income taxes. If recognized, the less than \$1 million of unrecognized tax benefits would reduce the effective income tax rate. Additions and reductions of uncertain tax positions during 2007 were less than \$1 million.

Possible amounts of uncertain tax positions for KU that may decrease within the next 12 months total less than \$1 million and are based on the expiration of statutes during 2008.

KU, upon adoption of FIN 48, adopted a new financial statement classification for interest and penalties. Prior to the adoption of FIN 48, KU recorded interest and penalties for income taxes on the income statements in income tax expense and in the taxes accrued balance sheet account, net of tax. Upon adoption of FIN 48, interest is recorded as interest expense and penalties are recorded as operating expenses on the income statement and accrued expenses in the balance sheets, on a pre-tax basis. Interest of less than \$1 million was accrued for 2007 and 2006 based on IRS and Kentucky Department of Revenue large corporate interest rates for underpayment of taxes. No penalties were accrued by KU upon adoption of FIN 48 or through December 31, 2007.

Components of income tax expense are shown in the table below:

(in millions)	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Current		
- federal	\$ 28	\$ 51
- state	13	11
Deferred		
- federal – net	(5)	-
- state – net	(1)	1
Investment tax credit – deferred	43	12
Amortization of investment tax credit	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(1)</u>
Total income tax expense	<u>\$ 77</u>	<u>\$ 74</u>

Current federal income tax expense decreased and investment tax credit – deferred increased primarily due to the recording of investment tax credits of \$43 million and \$12 million at December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively, as discussed below.

In June 2006, KU and LG&E filed a joint application with the U.S. Department of Energy (“DOE”) requesting certification to be eligible for investment tax credits applicable to the construction of TC2. The EPA Act 2005 added Section 48A to the Internal Revenue Code, which provides for an investment tax credit to promote the commercialization of advanced coal technologies that will generate electricity in an environmentally responsible manner. KU’s and LG&E’s application requested up to the maximum amount of “advanced coal project” credit allowed per taxpayer, or \$125 million, based on an estimate of 15% of projected qualifying TC2 expenditures. In November 2006, the DOE and the IRS announced that KU and LG&E were selected to receive the tax credit. A final IRS certification required to obtain the investment tax credit was received in August 2007. KU’s portion of the TC2 tax credit will be approximately \$100 million over the construction period and will be amortized to income over the life of the related property beginning when the facility is placed in service. Based on eligible construction expenditures incurred, KU recorded investment tax credits of \$43 million and \$12 million in 2007 and 2006, respectively, decreasing current federal income taxes.

In September 2007, KU received Order 2007-00178 from the Kentucky Commission approving the accounting of the investment tax credit. In March 2008, certain groups filed suit in federal court in North Carolina against the DOE and IRS claiming the investment tax credit program was violative of certain environmental laws and demanded relief, including suspension or termination of the program. KU is not able to predict the ultimate outcome of this proceeding.

Components of net deferred tax liabilities included in the balance sheets are shown below:

(in millions)	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Depreciation and other plant-related items	\$292	\$291
Regulatory assets and other	<u>40</u>	<u>37</u>
Total deferred tax liabilities	<u>332</u>	<u>328</u>
Deferred tax assets:		
Income taxes due to customers	9	10
Pensions and related benefits	17	11
Liabilities and other	<u>23</u>	<u>23</u>
Total deferred tax assets	<u>49</u>	<u>44</u>
Net deferred income tax liability	<u>\$283</u>	<u>\$284</u>
Balance sheet classification		
Current assets	\$ (2)	\$ (5)
Non-current liabilities	<u>285</u>	<u>289</u>
Net deferred income tax liability	<u>\$283</u>	<u>\$284</u>

A reconciliation of differences between the statutory U.S. federal income tax rate and KU's effective income tax rate follows:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Statutory federal income tax rate	35.0%	35.0%
State income taxes, net of federal benefit	3.4	3.9
Reduction of income tax accruals	(0.4)	(0.5)
Qualified production deduction	(1.2)	(0.4)
EEI dividend	(2.9)	(3.4)
Amortization of investment tax credit	(0.4)	(0.5)
Other differences	<u>(1.9)</u>	<u>(1.4)</u>
Effective income tax rate	<u>31.6%</u>	<u>32.7%</u>

The EEI dividend for 2007 and 2006 reflects tax benefits associated with the receipt of dividends from KU's investment in EEI. Subsequent to an EEI management decision regarding changes in the distribution of EEI's previous earnings, KU elected to provide deferred taxes for all book and tax temporary differences in this investment.

Other differences primarily relate to excess deferred taxes which reflect the benefits of deferred taxes reversing at tax rates that differ from statutory rates and various other permanent differences.

H. R. 4520, known as the "American Jobs Creation Act of 2004", allows electric utilities to take a deduction for qualified production activities income starting in 2005.

Kentucky House Bill 272, also known as "Kentucky's Tax Modernization Plan", was signed into law in March 2005. This bill contains a number of changes in Kentucky's tax system, including the reduction of the Corporate income tax rate from 8.25% to 7% effective January 1, 2005, and a further reduction to 6% effective January 1, 2007. As a result of the income tax rate changes, KU's deferred tax reserve amount will exceed its actual deferred tax liability attributable to existing temporary differences, since the new statutory rates are lower than

rates when the deferred tax liability originated. In December 2006, KU received approval from the Kentucky Commission to establish and amortize a regulatory liability of \$11 million for these net excess deferred income tax balances. KU will amortize these depreciation-related excess deferred income tax balances under the average rate assumption method which matches the amortization of the excess deferred income taxes with the life of the timing differences to which they relate. Excess deferred income tax balances related to non-depreciation timing differences were expensed in 2006 due to their immaterial amount. There were no additional adjustments in 2007.

KU expects to have adequate levels of taxable income to realize its recorded deferred tax assets.

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, long-term debt and the current portion of long-term debt consist primarily of pollution control bonds and long-term loans from affiliated companies as summarized below.

(in millions)	<u>Stated Interest Rates</u>	<u>Maturities</u>	<u>Principal Amounts</u>
Outstanding at December 31, 2007:			
Noncurrent portion	Variable – 6.33%	2010-2037	\$1,231
Current portion	Variable	2032	\$ 33
Outstanding at December 31, 2006:			
Noncurrent portion	Variable – 6.33%	2010-2036	\$ 702
Current portion	Variable – 7.92%	2007-2032	\$ 141

Pollution control series bonds are obligations of KU issued in connection with tax-exempt pollution control revenue bonds issued by various governmental entities, principally counties in Kentucky. A loan agreement obligates KU to make debt service payments to the county that equate to the debt service due from the county on the related pollution control revenue bonds. Until a series of financing transactions was completed during February 2007, the county's debt was also secured by an equal amount of KU's first mortgage bonds that were pledged to the trustee for the pollution control revenue bonds that match the terms and conditions of the county's debt, but require no payment of principal and interest unless KU defaults on the loan agreement. Proceeds from bond issuances for environmental equipment (primarily related to the installation of FGDs) are held in trust pending expenditure for qualifying assets. At December 31, 2007, and 2006, KU had \$11 million and \$23 million, respectively, of bond proceeds in trust, included in restricted cash in the balance sheets.

Several of the KU pollution control bonds are insured by monoline bond insurers whose ratings have been under pressure due to exposures relating to insurance of sub-prime mortgages. At December 31, 2007, KU had an aggregate \$333 million of outstanding pollution control indebtedness, of which \$300 million is in the form of insured auction rate securities wherein interest rates are reset either weekly or every 35 days via an auction process. Beginning in late 2007, the interest rates on these insured bonds began to increase due to investor concerns about the creditworthiness of the bond insurers. In 2008, interest rates have continued to increase, and the Company has experienced "failed auctions" when there are insufficient bids for the bonds. When there is a failed auction, the interest rate is set pursuant to a formula stipulated in the indenture which can be as high as 15%. During 2007, the average rate on the auction rate bonds was 3.96%, whereas the average rate in January and February of 2008 was 4.72%. The instruments governing these auction rate bonds permit KU to convert the bonds to other interest rate modes, such as various short-term variable rates, long-term fixed rates or intermediate-term fixed rates that are reset infrequently. In the first quarter of 2008, the ratings of the Carroll County 2004 Series A bonds were downgraded from AAA to AA and subsequently to A by S&P and from Aaa to A2 by Moody's, and the Carroll County 2006 Series C bonds were downgraded from Aaa to A2 by Moody's

and from AAA to A- by S&P due to downgrades of the bond insurer. In February 2008, KU issued a notice to bondholders of its intention to convert the Carroll County 2007 Series A bonds and the Trimble County 2007 Series A bonds from the auction rate mode to a fixed interest rate mode, as permitted under the loan documents. In March 2008, KU will issue notices to bondholders of its intention to convert the Carroll County 2006 Series C bonds and the Mercer County 2000 Series A bonds from the auction mode to a weekly interest rate mode, as permitted under the loan documents. KU expects to purchase such bonds and hold some or all such bonds until a later date, including potential further conversion, remarketings or refinancings. Uncertainty in markets relating to auction rate securities or steps KU has taken or may take to mitigate such uncertainty, such as additional conversions, subsequent restructurings or redemptions and refinancings, could result in KU incurring increased interest expense, transaction expenses or other costs and fees or experiencing reduced liquidity relating to existing or future pollution control financing structures. See Note 13, Subsequent Events.

All of KU's first mortgage bonds were released and terminated in February 2007. Only the tax-exempt pollution control revenue bonds issued by the counties remain. Under the provisions for certain of KU's variable-rate pollution control bonds, the bonds are subject to tender for purchase at the option of the holder and to mandatory tender for purchase upon the occurrence of certain events, causing the bonds to be classified as current portion of long-term debt in the balance sheets. The average annualized interest rate for these bonds during 2007 and 2006 was 3.72% and 3.56%, respectively.

At December 31, 2006, KU had an interest rate swap used to hedge KU's underlying debt obligations. The swap hedged specific debt issuances and, consistent with management's designation, was accorded hedge accounting treatment. The swap effectively converted the fixed rate obligation on KU's first mortgage bond Series P to variable-rate. At December 31, 2006, the remaining swap had a notional value of \$53 million. The swap was terminated in February 2007, when the underlying bond was defeased. See Note 3, Financial Instruments.

Redemptions and maturities of long-term debt for 2007 and 2006 are summarized below:

(\$ in millions)		Principal		Secured/	
<u>Year</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Unsecured</u>	<u>Maturity</u>
2007	Pollution control bonds	\$ 54	Variable	Secured	2024
2007	First mortgage bonds	\$ 54	7.92%	Secured	2007
2006	First mortgage bonds	\$ 36	5.99%	Secured	2006

Issuances of long-term debt for 2007 and 2006 are summarized below:

(\$ in millions)		Principal		Secured/	
Year	Description	Amount	Rate	Unsecured	Maturity
2007	Pollution control bonds	\$ 54	Variable	Unsecured	2034
2007	Pollution control bonds	\$ 18	Variable	Unsecured	2026
2007	Pollution control bonds	\$ 9	Variable	Unsecured	2037
2007	Due to Fidelity	\$ 53	5.69%	Unsecured	2022
2007	Due to Fidelity	\$ 75	5.86%	Unsecured	2037
2007	Due to Fidelity	\$ 50	5.98%	Unsecured	2017
2007	Due to Fidelity	\$100	5.96%	Unsecured	2028
2007	Due to Fidelity	\$ 70	5.71%	Unsecured	2019
2007	Due to Fidelity	\$100	5.45%	Unsecured	2014
2006	Pollution control bonds	\$ 17	Variable	Unsecured	2036
2006	Pollution control bonds	\$ 17	Variable	Unsecured	2036
2006	Due to Fidelity	\$ 50	5.675%	Unsecured	2016
2006	Due to Fidelity	\$ 50	6.33%	Unsecured	2036

In February 2007, KU completed a series of financial transactions impacting its periodic reporting requirements. The \$54 million Pollution Control Series 10 bond was refinanced and replaced with a new unsecured tax-exempt bond of the same amount maturing in 2034. The \$53 million Series P bond was defeased and replaced with an intercompany loan totaling \$53 million from Fidelity. In conjunction with the defeasance, the Company terminated the related interest rate swap. Fidelity also agreed to eliminate the second lien on its two secured loans. Pursuant to the terms of the remaining tax-exempt bonds, the first mortgage bonds were cancelled and the underlying lien on substantially all of KU's assets was released following the completion of these steps. KU no longer has any secured debt and is no longer subject to periodic reporting under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Long-term debt maturities for KU are shown in the following table:

(in millions)	
2008 - 2009	\$ -
2010	33
2011	-
2012	50
Thereafter	<u>1,181</u> (a)
Total	<u>\$1,264</u>

(a) Includes long-term debt of \$33 million classified as current liabilities because these bonds are subject to tender for purchase at the option of the holder and to mandatory tender for purchase upon the occurrence of certain events. These bonds mature in 2032. KU does not expect to pay these amounts in 2008.

Note 8 - Notes Payable and Other Short-Term Obligations

KU participates in an intercompany money pool agreement wherein E.ON U.S. and/or LG&E make funds available to KU at market-based rates (based on an index of highly rated commercial paper issues) up to \$400 million.

(\$ in millions)	Total Money <u>Pool Available</u>	Amount <u>Outstanding</u>	Balance <u>Available</u>	Average <u>Interest Rate</u>
December 31, 2007	\$400	\$23	\$377	4.75%
December 31, 2006	\$400	\$97	\$303	5.25%

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, E.ON U.S. maintained a revolving credit facility totaling \$150 million and \$200 million, respectively, with an affiliated company, E.ON North America, Inc., to ensure funding availability for the money pool. The balance is as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Total <u>Available</u>	Amount <u>Outstanding</u>	Balance <u>Available</u>	Average <u>Interest Rate</u>
December 31, 2007	\$150	\$ 62	\$88	4.97%
December 31, 2006	\$200	\$102	\$98	5.49%

During June 2007, KU entered into a short-term bilateral line of credit totaling \$35 million. During the third quarter of 2007, KU extended the maturity date on this facility to June 2012. There was no outstanding balance under this facility at December 31, 2007.

The covenants under this revolving line of credit include:

- The debt/total capitalization ratio must be less than 70%
- E.ON must own at least 66.667% of voting stock of KU directly or indirectly
- The corporate credit rating of the Company must be at or above BBB- and Baa3 as determined by S&P and Moody's
- A limitation on disposing of assets aggregating more than 15% of total assets as of December 31, 2006

Note 9 - Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases. KU leases office space, office equipment and vehicles and accounts for these leases as operating leases. In addition, KU reimburses LG&E for a portion of the lease expense paid by LG&E for KU's usage of office space leased by LG&E. Total lease expense was \$6 million for 2007 and 2006. The future minimum annual lease payments for operating leases for years subsequent to December 31, 2007, are shown in the following table:

(in millions)	
2008	\$ 6
2009	5
2010	3
2011	2
2012	2
Thereafter	<u>4</u>
Total	<u>\$22</u>

Owensboro Contract Litigation. In May 2004, the City of Owensboro, Kentucky and OMU commenced a suit now removed to the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Kentucky, against KU concerning a long-term power supply contract (the "OMU Agreement") with KU. The dispute involves interpretational differences regarding issues under the OMU Agreement, including various payments or charges between KU and OMU and rights concerning excess power, termination and emissions allowances. The complaint seeks in excess of \$6 million in damages in connection with one of its claims for periods prior to 2004, plus damages in an unspecified amount for later-occurring periods on that claim and for other claims. OMU has additionally requested injunctive and other relief, including a declaration that KU is in material breach of the contract. KU has filed an answer in that court denying the OMU claims and presenting counterclaims and amended such filing in January 2007, to include further counterclaims alleging additional damages. During 2005, the FERC declined KU's application to exercise exclusive jurisdiction on matters. In July 2005, the district court resolved a summary judgment motion made by KU in OMU's favor, ruling that a contractual provision grants OMU the ability to terminate the contract without cause upon four years' prior notice, for which ruling KU retains certain rights to appeal. A motion to reconsider that ruling is presently pending before the Court. The parties are continuing various discovery proceedings, as well as settlement negotiations. A trial date has been set for October 2008. In May 2006, OMU issued a notification of its intent to terminate the OMU agreement contract in May 2010, without cause, absent any earlier relief which may be permitted by the proceeding. The Company is currently unable to determine the final outcome of this matter.

Sale and Leaseback Transaction. KU is a participant in a sale and leaseback transaction involving its 62% interest in two jointly owned CTs at KU's E.W. Brown generating station (Units 6 and 7). Commencing in December 1999, KU and LG&E entered into a tax-efficient, 18-year lease of the CTs. KU and LG&E have provided funds to fully defease the lease, and have executed an irrevocable notice to exercise an early purchase option contained in the lease after 15.5 years. The financial statement treatment of this transaction is no different than if KU had retained its ownership. The leasing transaction was entered into following receipt of required state and federal regulatory approvals.

In case of default under the lease, KU is obligated to pay to the lessor its share of certain fees or amounts. Primary events of default include loss or destruction of the CTs, failure to insure or maintain the CTs and unwinding of the transaction due to governmental actions. No events of default currently exist with respect to the lease. Upon any termination of the lease, whether by default or expiration of its term, title to the CTs reverts jointly to KU and LG&E.

At December 31, 2007, the maximum aggregate amount of default fees or amounts was \$10 million, of which KU would be responsible for 62% (approximately \$6 million). KU has made arrangements with E.ON U.S., via guarantee and regulatory commitment, for E.ON U.S. to pay KU's full portion of any default fees or amounts.

Letter of Credit. KU has provided a letter of credit totaling less than \$1 million to support certain obligations related to workers' compensation.

Purchased Power. KU has purchased power arrangements with OMU and OVEC. Under the OMU agreement, which could last through January 1, 2020, KU purchases all of the output of an approximately 400-Mw coal-fired generating station not required by OMU. The amount of purchased power available to KU during 2008-2010, which is expected to be approximately 6% of KU's total Kwh native load energy requirements, is dependent upon a number of factors including the OMU units' availability, maintenance schedules, fuel costs and OMU requirements. Payments are based on the total costs of the station allocated per terms of the OMU agreement. Included in the total costs is KU's proportionate share of debt service requirements on \$246 million of OMU bonds outstanding at December 31, 2007. The debt service is allocated to KU based on its annual

allocated share of capacity, which averaged approximately 39% in 2007. KU does not guarantee the OMU bonds, or any requirements therein, in the event of default by OMU.

KU has a contract for purchased power with OVEC, terminating in 2026, for various Mw capacities. KU has an investment of 2.5% ownership in OVEC's common stock, which is accounted for on the cost method of accounting. KU's share of OVEC's output is 2.5%, approximately 55 Mw of generation capacity. Future obligations for power purchases are shown in the following table:

(in millions)	
2008	\$ 23
2009	25
2010	16
2011	8
2012	9
Thereafter	<u>143</u>
Total	<u>\$ 224</u>

Construction Program. KU had approximately \$392 million of commitments in connection with its construction program at December 31, 2007.

In June 2006, KU and LG&E entered into a construction contract regarding the TC2 project. The contract is generally in the form of a lump-sum, turnkey agreement for the design, engineering, procurement, construction, commissioning, testing and delivery of the project, according to designated specifications, terms and conditions. The contract price and its components are subject to a number of potential adjustments which may serve to increase or decrease the ultimate construction price paid or payable to the contractor. The contract also contains standard representations, covenants, indemnities, termination and other provisions for arrangements of this type including termination for convenience or for cause rights.

TC2 Air Permit. The Sierra Club and other environmental groups filed a petition challenging the air permit issued for the TC2 baseload generating unit which was issued by the Kentucky Division of Air Quality in November 2005. The filing of the challenge did not stay the permit, so the Company was free to proceed with construction during the pendency of the action. In June 2007, the state hearing officer assigned to the matter recommended upholding the air permit with minor revisions. In September 2007, the Secretary of the Kentucky Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet issued a final Order approving the hearing officer's recommendation and upholding the permit. In September 2007, KU administratively applied for a permit revision to reflect minor design changes. In October 2007, the environmental groups submitted comments objecting to the draft permit revisions and, in part, attempting to reassert general objections to the generating unit. An agency decision on the final permit revisions may occur during 2008. The Company is currently unable to determine the final outcome of this matter.

Mine Safety Compliance Costs. In March 2006, the Mine Safety and Health Administration enacted Emergency Temporary Standards regulations and has issued additional regulations as the result of the passage of the Mine Improvement and New Emergency Response Act of 2006, which was signed into law in June 2006. At the state level, Kentucky and other states that supply coal to KU, have passed new mine safety legislation. These pieces of legislation require all underground coal mines to implement new safety measures and install new safety equipment. Under the terms of some of the coal contracts KU has in place, provisions are made to allow for price adjustments for compliance costs resulting from new or amended laws or regulations. KU has begun to receive information from the mines it contracts with regarding price adjustments related to these compliance costs and has hired a consultant to review all supplier claims for validity and reasonableness. At this

time KU has not been notified of claims by all mines and is reviewing those claims it has received. An adjustment will be made to the value of the coal inventory once the amount is determinable, however, the amount cannot be estimated at this time. The Company expects to recover these costs through the FAC.

Environmental Matters. KU's operations are subject to a number of environmental laws and regulations in each of the jurisdictions in which it operates, governing, among other things, air emissions, wastewater discharges, the use, handling and disposal of hazardous substances and wastes, soil and groundwater contamination and employee health and safety.

Clean Air Act Requirements. The Clean Air Act establishes a comprehensive set of programs aimed at protecting and improving air quality in the United States by, among other things, controlling stationary sources of air emissions such as power plants. While the general regulatory framework for these programs is established at the federal level, most of the programs are implemented and administered by the states under the oversight of the EPA. The key Clean Air Act programs relevant to KU's business operations are described below.

Ambient Air Quality. The Clean Air Act requires the EPA to periodically review the available scientific data for six criteria pollutants and establish concentration levels in the ambient air sufficient to protect the public health and welfare with an extra margin for safety. These concentration levels are known as national ambient air quality standards ("NAAQS"). Each state must identify "nonattainment areas" within its boundaries that fail to comply with the NAAQS and develop a SIP to bring such nonattainment areas into compliance. If a state fails to develop an adequate plan, the EPA must develop and implement a plan. As the EPA increases the stringency of the NAAQS through its periodic reviews, the attainment status of various areas may change, thereby triggering additional emission reduction obligations under revised SIPs aimed to achieve attainment.

In 1997, the EPA established new NAAQS for ozone and fine particulates that required additional reductions in SO₂ and NO_x emissions from power plants. In 1998, the EPA issued its final "NO_x SIP Call" rule requiring reductions in NO_x emissions of approximately 85% from 1990 levels in order to mitigate ozone transport from the midwestern U.S. to the northeastern U.S. To implement the new federal requirements, Kentucky amended its SIP in 2002 to require electric generating units to reduce their NO_x emissions to 0.15 pounds weight per MMBtu on a company-wide basis. In 2005, the EPA issued the CAIR which requires additional SO₂ emission reductions of 70% and NO_x emission reductions of 65% from 2003 levels. The CAIR provides for a two-phase cap and trade program, with initial reductions of NO_x and SO₂ emissions due by 2009 and 2010, respectively, and final reductions due by 2015. The final rule is currently under challenge in a number of federal court proceedings. In 2006, Kentucky proposed to amend its SIP to adopt state requirements similar to those under the federal CAIR. Depending on the level of action determined necessary to bring local nonattainment areas into compliance with the new ozone and fine particulate standards, KU's power plants are potentially subject to additional reductions in SO₂ and NO_x emissions. KU's weighted-average company-wide emission rate for SO₂ in 2007 was approximately 1.33 lbs./MMBtu of heat input, with every generating unit below its emission limit established by the Kentucky Division for Air Quality.

Hazardous Air Pollutants. As provided in the 1990 amendments to the Clean Air Act, the EPA investigated hazardous air pollutant emissions from electric utilities and submitted a report to Congress identifying mercury emissions from coal-fired power plants as warranting further study. In 2005, the EPA issued the CAMR establishing mercury standards for new power plants and requiring all states to issue new SIPs including mercury requirements for existing power plants. The EPA issued a model rule which provides for a two-phase cap and trade program with initial reductions due by 2010 and final reductions due by 2018. The CAMR provides for reductions of 70% from 2003 levels. The EPA closely integrated the CAMR and CAIR programs to ensure that the 2010 mercury reduction targets will be achieved as a "co-benefit" of the controls installed for purposes of compliance with the CAIR. The final rule is also currently under challenge in the federal courts. In

February 2008, a federal appellate court issued a decision in one of the proceedings vacating the current CAMR, an outcome that may have the effect of resulting in more stringent mercury reduction rules. However, the ruling could be subject to further appeal. In 2006, Kentucky proposed to amend its SIP to adopt state requirements similar to those under the federal CAMR. In 2006, the Kentucky air agency adopted a regulation aimed at regulating additional hazardous air pollutants from sources including power plants, but it was withdrawn in 2007. To the extent those rules are final, they are not expected to have a material impact on KU's power plant operations.

Acid Rain Program. The 1990 amendments to the Clean Air Act imposed a two-phased cap and trade program to reduce SO₂ emissions from power plants that were thought to contribute to "acid rain" conditions in the northeastern U.S. The 1990 amendments also contained requirements for power plants to reduce NO_x emissions through the use of available combustion controls.

Regional Haze. The Clean Air Act also includes visibility goals for certain federally designated areas, including national parks, and requires states to submit SIPs that will demonstrate reasonable progress toward preventing future impairment and remedying any existing impairment of visibility in those areas. In 2005, the EPA issued its Clean Air Visibility Rule detailing how the Clean Air Act's BART requirements will be applied to facilities, including power plants, built between 1962 and 1974 that emit certain levels of visibility impairing pollutants. Under the final rule, as the CAIR will result in more visibility improvement than BART, states are allowed to substitute CAIR requirements in their regional haze SIPs in lieu of controls that would otherwise be required by BART. The final rule has been challenged in the courts.

Installation of Pollution Controls. Many of the programs under the Clean Air Act utilize cap and trade mechanisms that require a company to hold sufficient emissions allowances to cover its authorized emissions on a company-wide basis and do not require installation of pollution controls on every generating unit. Under cap and trade programs, companies are free to focus their pollution control efforts on plants where such controls are particularly efficient and utilize the resulting emission allowances for smaller plants where such controls are not cost effective. KU met its Phase I SO₂ requirements primarily through installation of FGD equipment on Ghent Unit 1. KU's combined strategy for its Phase II SO₂ requirements, which commenced in 2000, includes the installation of additional FGD equipment, as well as using accumulated emissions allowances and fuel switching to defer certain additional capital expenditures. In order to achieve the NO_x emission reductions and associated obligations, KU installed additional NO_x controls, including SCR technology, during the 2000 to 2007 time period at a cost of \$220 million. In 2001, the Kentucky Commission granted approval to recover the costs incurred by KU for these projects through the environmental surcharge mechanism. Such monthly recovery is subject to periodic review by the Kentucky Commission.

In order to achieve the emissions reductions mandated by the CAIR and CAMR, KU expects to incur additional capital expenditures totaling approximately \$675 million during the 2008 through 2010 time period for pollution controls including FGD and SCR equipment, and additional operating and maintenance costs in operating such controls. In 2005, the Kentucky Commission granted approval to recover the costs incurred by KU for these projects through the ECR mechanism. Such monthly recovery is subject to periodic review by the Kentucky Commission. KU believes its costs in reducing SO₂, NO_x and mercury emissions to be comparable to those of similarly situated utilities with like generation assets. KU's compliance plans are subject to many factors including developments in the emission allowance and fuels markets, future legislative and regulatory enactments, legal proceedings and advances in clean air technology. KU will continue to monitor these developments to ensure that its environmental obligations are met in the most efficient and cost-effective manner.

Potential GHG Controls. In 2005, the Kyoto Protocol for reducing GHG emissions took effect, obligating 37 industrialized countries to undertake substantial reductions in GHG emissions. The U.S. has not ratified the Kyoto Protocol and there are currently no mandatory GHG emission reduction requirements at the federal level. Legislation mandating GHG reductions has been introduced in the Congress, but no federal legislation has been enacted to date. In the absence of a program at the federal level, various states have adopted their own GHG emission reduction programs. Such programs have been adopted in various states including 11 northeastern U.S. states and the District of Columbia under the Regional GHG Initiative program and California. Substantial efforts to pass federal GHG legislation are ongoing. In addition, litigation is currently pending before various courts to determine whether the EPA and the states have the authority to regulate GHG emissions under existing law. In April 2007, the U.S. Supreme Court ruled that the EPA has the authority to regulate GHG under the Clean Air Act. KU is monitoring ongoing efforts to enact GHG reduction requirements at the state and federal level and is assessing potential impacts of such programs and strategies to mitigate those impacts. KU is unable to predict whether mandatory GHG reduction requirements will ultimately be enacted. As a Company with significant coal-fired generating assets, KU could be substantially impacted by programs requiring mandatory reductions in GHG emissions, although the precise impact on the operations of KU, including the reduction targets and deadlines that would be applicable, cannot be determined prior to the enactment of such programs.

Brown New Source Review Litigation. In April 2006, the EPA issued an NOV alleging that KU had violated certain provisions of the Clean Air Act's new source review rules relating to work performed in 1997, on a boiler and turbine at KU's E.W. Brown generating station. In December 2006, the EPA issued a second NOV alleging the Company had exceeded heat input values in violation of the air permit for the unit. During 2006, KU provided data responses to the EPA with respect to the allegations in the NOV's. In March 2007, the Department of Justice filed a complaint in federal court in Kentucky alleging the same violations specified in the prior NOV's. The complaint seeks civil penalties, including potential per-day fines, remedial measures and injunctive relief. In April 2007, KU filed an answer in the civil suit denying the allegations. In July 2007, a July 2009 date for trial on the merits was scheduled. The parties continue periodic settlement discussions and a \$2 million accrual has been recorded based on the current status of those discussions, however, KU cannot determine the overall outcome or potential effects of these matters, including whether substantial fines, penalties or remedial construction may result.

Section 114 Requests. In August 2007, the EPA issued administrative information requests under Section 114 of the Clean Air Act requesting new source review-related data regarding certain construction and maintenance activities at LG&E's Mill Creek 4 and Trimble County 1 generating units and KU's Ghent 2 generating unit. The Companies are complying with the information requests and are not able to predict further proceedings in this matter at this time.

Ghent Opacity NOV. In September 2007, the EPA issued an NOV alleging that KU had violated certain provisions of the Clean Air Act's operating rules relating to opacity during June and July of 2007 at Units 1 and 3 of KU's Ghent generating station. The parties have commenced initial discussions on this matter. KU is not able to estimate the outcome or potential effects of these matters, including whether substantial fines, penalties or remedial construction may result.

General Environmental Proceedings. KU has recently settled certain environmental matters. During 2005 and 2006, final judicial and administrative approvals were received regarding a consent decree relating to the October 1999 leak of approximately 38,000 gallons of diesel fuel (of which 34,000 gallons were recovered) from an underground pipeline at KU's E.W. Brown Station. Under the terms of the settlement, KU paid a civil penalty in 2006 and has agreed to construct a supplemental environmental project and maintain the project for ten years, each at a cost of less than \$1 million. During 2006, final judicial and administrative approvals were received regarding a settlement associated with a former transformer scrap-yard which had been the subject of

April 2002 correspondence to KU and other potentially responsible parties. Under the terms of the settlement, the parties bore aggregate cleanup costs of approximately \$2 million, of which KU's share was less than \$1 million, which was paid in December 2006.

From time to time, KU appears before the EPA, various state or local regulatory agencies and state and federal courts regarding matters involving compliance with applicable environmental laws and regulations. Such matters include liability under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act for cleanup at various off-site waste sites and ongoing claims regarding GHG emissions from KU's generating stations. Based on analysis to date, the resolution of such matters is not expected to have a material impact on the operations of KU.

Note 10 - Jointly Owned Electric Utility Plant

KU and LG&E have begun construction of TC2, a jointly owned unit at the Trimble County site. KU and LG&E own undivided 60.75% and 14.25% interests, respectively, in TC2. Of the remaining 25% of TC2, Illinois Municipal Electric Agency ("IMEA") owns a 12.12% undivided interest and Indiana Municipal Power Agency ("IMPA") owns a 12.88% undivided interest. Each company is responsible for its proportionate share of capital cost during construction, and fuel, operation and maintenance cost when TC2 begins operation, which is expected to occur in 2010.

	TC2				
	LG&E	KU	IMPA	IMEA	Total
Ownership interest	14.25%	60.75%	12.88%	12.12%	100%
Mw capacity	107	455	97	91	750

(in millions)	LG&E	KU
Construction work in progress	\$74	\$332

KU and LG&E jointly own the following CTs and related equipment:

(\$ in millions)	KU				LG&E				Total			
	Mw Capacity	(\$) Cost	(\$) Depre- ciation	(\$) Net Book Value	Mw Capacity	(\$) Cost	(\$) Depre- ciation	(\$) Net Book Value	Mw Capacity	(\$) Cost	(\$) Depre- ciation	(\$) Net Book Value
Ownership Percentage												
KU 47%, LG&E 53% (1)	129	51	(11)	40	146	58	(12)	46	275	109	(23)	86
KU 62%, LG&E 38% (2)	190	78	(14)	64	118	50	(10)	40	308	128	(24)	104
KU 71%, LG&E 29% (3)	228	80	(14)	66	92	32	(6)	26	320	112	(20)	92
KU 63%, LG&E 37% (4)	404	137	(17)	120	236	79	(8)	71	640	216	(25)	191
KU 71%, LG&E 29% (5)	n/a	9	(2)	7	n/a	3	-	3	n/a	12	(2)	10

- 1) Comprised of Paddy's Run 13 and E.W. Brown 5. In addition to the above jointly owned utility plant, there is an inlet air cooling system attributable to Unit 5 and units 8-11 at the E.W. Brown facility. This inlet air cooling system is not jointly owned, however, it is used to increase production on the units to which it relates, resulting in an additional 88 Mw of capacity for KU.
- 2) Comprised of units 6 and 7 at the E.W. Brown facility.
- 3) Comprised of units 5 and 6 at the Trimble County facility.
- 4) Comprised of CT Substation 7-10 and units 7, 8, 9 and 10 at the Trimble County facility.
- 5) Comprised of CT Substation 5 and 6 and CT Pipeline at the Trimble County facility.

Both KU's and LG&E's participating share of direct expenses of the jointly owned plants is included in the corresponding operating expenses on its respective income statement (e.g., fuel, maintenance of plant, other operating expense).

Note 11 - Related Party Transactions

KU, subsidiaries of E.ON U.S. and subsidiaries of E.ON engage in related party transactions. Transactions between KU and E.ON U.S. subsidiaries are eliminated upon consolidation of E.ON U.S. Transactions between KU and E.ON subsidiaries are eliminated upon consolidation of E.ON. These transactions are generally performed at cost and are in accordance with the FERC regulations under PUHCA 2005 and the applicable Kentucky Commission and Virginia Commission regulations. The significant related party transactions are disclosed below.

Electric Purchases

KU and LG&E purchase energy from each other in order to effectively manage the load of their retail and wholesale customers. These sales and purchases are included in the statements of income as operating revenues and purchased power operating expense. KU intercompany electric revenues and purchased power expense for the years ended December 31, were as follows:

(in millions)	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Electric operating revenues from LG&E	\$46	\$77
Purchased power from LG&E	93	99

Interest Charges

See Note 8, Notes Payable and Other Short-Term Obligations, for details of intercompany borrowing arrangements. Intercompany agreements do not require interest payments for receivables related to services provided when settled within 30 days.

KU's intercompany interest income and expense for the years ended December 31, were as follows:

(in millions)	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Interest on money pool loans	\$ 6	\$ 3
Interest on Fidelity loans	35	21

Other Intercompany Billings

E.ON U.S. Services provides KU with a variety of centralized administrative, management and support services. These charges include payroll taxes paid by E.ON U.S. on behalf of KU, labor and burdens of E.ON U.S. Services employees performing services for KU and vouchers paid by E.ON U.S. Services on behalf of KU. The cost of these services is directly charged to KU, or for general costs which cannot be directly attributed, charged based on predetermined allocation factors, including the following ratios: number of customers, total assets, revenues, number of employees and other statistical information. These costs are charged on an actual cost basis.

In addition, KU and LG&E provide services to each other and to E.ON U.S. Services. Billings between KU and LG&E relate to labor and overheads associated with union employees performing work for the other utility, charges related to jointly owned CTs and other miscellaneous charges. Billings from KU to E.ON U.S. Services

relate to cash received by E.ON U.S. Services on behalf of KU, primarily tax settlements, and other payments made by KU on behalf of other non-regulated businesses which are paid through E.ON U.S. Services.

Intercompany billings to and from KU for the years ended December 31, were as follows:

(in millions)	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
E.ON U.S. Services billings to KU	\$488	\$353
KU billings to LG&E	6	56
LG&E billings to KU	12	53
KU billings to E.ON U.S. Services	26	23

In September and December 2007, KU received capital contributions from its shareholder, E.ON U.S. in the amount of \$55 million and \$20 million, respectively.

Note 12 – Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) consisted of the following:

(in millions)	Minimum Pension Liability <u>Adjustment</u>	<u>Pre-Tax</u>	Income <u>Taxes</u>	<u>Net</u>
Balance at December 31, 2005	\$ (32)	\$ (32)	\$ 13	\$(19)
Minimum pension liability adjustment	<u>32</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>(13)</u>	<u>(19)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2006	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Balance at December 31, 2007	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Subsequent to the application of SFAS No. 158, adjustments to the minimum pension liability are recorded as regulatory assets and liabilities. As a result, there are no adjustments to the minimum pension liability recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income at December 31, 2007 or 2006.

Note 13 – Subsequent Events

On January 18, 2008, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order approving the charges and credits billed through the FAC during the review period of November 1, 2006 through April 30, 2007.

On January 31, 2008 and February 14, 2008, the ratings of the Carroll County 2004 Series A bonds were downgraded from AAA to AA by S&P and from Aaa to A2 by Moody's, respectively, due to downgrades of the bond insurer. On February 25, 2008, the bonds were subsequently downgraded from AA to A by S&P, due to a further downgrade of the insurer.

On February 1, 2008, the Kentucky Commission issued an Order approving the real-time pricing pilot program proposed by KU, for implementation within approximately eight months, for its large commercial and industrial customers.

On February 7, 2008 and February 25, 2008, the Carroll County 2006 Series C bonds were downgraded from Aaa to A2 by Moody's and from AAA to A- by S&P, due to downgrades of the bond insurer.

On February 26, 2008, KU commenced steps, including notice to relevant parties, to convert the Carroll County 2007 Series A bonds and the Trimble County 2007 Series A bonds, from the auction rate mode to a fixed interest rate mode. Such conversions are scheduled to occur on April 4, 2008.

Beginning in late 2007, the interest rates on the insured bonds, wherein interest rates are reset either weekly or every 35 days via an auction process, began to increase due to investor concerns about the creditworthiness of the bond insurers. In 2008, interest rates have continued to increase, and the Company has experienced "failed auctions" when there are insufficient bids for the bonds. When there is a failed auction, the interest rate is set pursuant to a formula stipulated in the indenture which can be as high as 15%. During 2007, the average rate on the auction rate bonds was 3.96%, whereas the average rate in January and February of 2008 was 4.72%.

On March 4, 2008, the FERC issued an Order approving the MISO exit fee recalculation agreement which provides KU with an immediate recovery of \$1 million and an estimated \$3 million over the next eight years for credits realized from other payments the MISO will receive, plus interest.

On March 17, 2008, KU commenced steps, including notice to relevant parties, to convert the Carroll County 2006 Series C bonds from the auction rate mode to a weekly interest rate mode. Such conversion is scheduled to occur on April 16, 2008.

Report of Independent Auditors

To the Shareholder of Kentucky Utilities Company:

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheets and the related statements of capitalization, income, retained earnings, cash flows and comprehensive income present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kentucky Utilities Company at December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, Kentucky Utilities Company changed the manner in which it accounts for defined benefit pension and other postretirement benefit plans as of December 31, 2006.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Louisville, Kentucky
March 18, 2008

**Opinion of Bond Counsel dated May 24, 2007 relating to
the Carroll County Bonds**



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P L L C

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May 24, 2007

Re: \$17,875,000 "County of Carroll, Kentucky, Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A (Kentucky Utilities Company Project)"

We hereby certify that we have examined certified copies of the proceedings of record of the County of Carroll, Kentucky (the "County"), acting by and through its Fiscal Court as its duly authorized governing body, preliminary to and in connection with the issuance by the County of its Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A (Kentucky Utilities Company Project), dated their date of issuance, in the aggregate principal amount of \$17,875,000 (the "Bonds"). The Bonds are issued under the provisions of Sections 103.200 to 103.285, inclusive, of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the "Act"), for the purpose of providing funds which will be used, with other funds provided by Kentucky Utilities Company (the "Company") for the purpose of financing a portion of the costs of construction, acquisition, installation and equipping of certain solid waste disposal facilities to serve the Ghent Generating Station of the Company in Carroll County, Kentucky (the "Project") in order to provide for the collection, storage, treatment and final disposal of solid wastes, as provided by the Act.

The Bonds mature on February 1, 2026 and bear interest initially at the Auction Rate, as defined in the Indenture, hereinafter described, subject to change as provided in such Indenture. The Bonds will be subject to optional and mandatory redemption prior to maturity at the times, in the manner and upon the terms set forth in the Bonds. From such examination of the proceedings of the Fiscal Court of the County referred to above and from an examination of the Act, we are of the opinion that the County is duly authorized and empowered to issue the Bonds under the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky now in force.

We have examined an executed counterpart of a certain Loan Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2007 (the "Loan Agreement"), between the County and the Company and a certified copy of the proceedings of record of the Fiscal Court of the County preliminary to and in connection with the execution and delivery of the Loan Agreement, pursuant to which the County has agreed to issue the Bonds and to lend the proceeds thereof to the Company to provide funds to finance a portion of the costs of the acquisition, construction, installation and equipping of the Project. The Company has agreed to make Loan payments to the Trustee at times and in amounts fully adequate to pay maturing principal of, interest on and redemption premium, if any, on the Bonds as same become due and payable. From such examination, we

are of the opinion that such proceedings of the Fiscal Court of the County show lawful authority for the execution and delivery of the Loan Agreement; that the Loan Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the County; and that the Loan Agreement is a legal, valid and binding obligation of the County, enforceable in accordance with its terms, subject to the qualification that the enforcement thereof may be limited by laws relating to bankruptcy, insolvency or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, including equitable provisions where equitable remedies are sought.

We have also examined an executed counterpart of a certain Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 2007 (the "Indenture"), by and between the County and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee (the "Trustee"), securing the Bonds and setting forth the covenants and undertakings of the County in connection with the Bonds and a certified copy of the proceedings of record of the Fiscal Court of the County preliminary to and in connection with the execution and delivery of the Indenture. Pursuant to the Indenture, certain of the County's rights under the Loan Agreement, including the right to receive payments thereunder, and all moneys and securities held by the Trustee in accordance with the Indenture (except moneys and securities in the Rebate Fund created thereby) have been assigned to the Trustee, as security for the holders of the Bonds. From such examination, we are of the opinion that such proceedings of the Fiscal Court of the County show lawful authority for the execution and delivery of the Indenture; that the Indenture has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the County; and that the Indenture is a legal, valid and binding obligation upon the parties thereto according to its terms, subject to the qualification that the enforcement thereof may be limited by laws relating to bankruptcy, insolvency or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, including equitable provisions where equitable remedies are sought.

In our opinion the Bonds have been validly authorized, executed and issued in accordance with the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky now in full force and effect, and constitute legal, valid and binding special obligations of the County entitled to the benefit of the security provided by the Indenture and enforceable in accordance with their terms, subject to the qualification that the enforcement thereof may be limited by laws relating to bankruptcy, insolvency or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, including equitable provisions where equitable remedies are sought. The Bonds are payable by the County solely and only from payments and other amounts derived from the Loan Agreement and as provided in the Indenture.

In our opinion, under existing laws, including current statutes, regulations, administrative rulings and official interpretations by the Internal Revenue Service, subject to the exceptions and qualifications contained in the succeeding paragraphs, (i) interest on the Bonds is excluded from the gross income of the recipients thereof for federal income tax purposes, except that no opinion is expressed regarding such exclusion from gross income with respect to any Bond during any period in which it is held by a "substantial user" of the Project or a "related person," as such terms are used in Section 147(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and (ii) interest on the Bonds is a separate item of tax preference in determining alternative minimum taxable income for individuals and corporations under the Code. In arriving at this opinion, we have relied upon representations, factual statements and certifications of the Company with respect to certain material facts which are solely within the Company's

knowledge in reaching our conclusion, inter alia, that not less than 95% of the proceeds of the Bonds will be used to finance solid waste disposal facilities qualified for financing under Section 142(a)(6) of the Code and the Act. Further, in arriving at the opinion set forth in this paragraph as to the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds, we have assumed and this opinion is conditioned on, the accuracy of and continuing compliance by the Company and the County with representations and covenants set forth in the Loan Agreement and the Indenture which are intended to assure compliance with certain tax-exempt interest provisions of the Code. Such representations and covenants must be accurate and must be complied with subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order that interest on the Bonds be excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with certain of such representations and covenants in respect of the Bonds subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds could cause the interest thereon to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds. We express no opinion (i) regarding the exclusion of interest on any Bond from gross income for federal income tax purposes on or after the date on which any change, including any interest rate conversion, permitted by the documents (other than with approval of this firm) is taken which adversely affects the tax treatment of the Bonds or (ii) as to the treatment for purposes of federal income taxation of interest on the Bonds upon a Determination of Taxability. We are further of the opinion that interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income of the recipients thereof for Kentucky income tax purposes and that the Bonds are exempt from ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all political subdivisions thereof.

Our opinion as to the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes and federal tax treatment of interest on the Bonds is further subject to the following exceptions and qualifications:

(a) The Code provides for a "branch profits tax" which subjects to tax, at a rate of 30%, the effectively connected earnings and profits of a foreign corporation which engages in a United States trade or business. Interest on the Bonds would be includable in the amount of effectively connected earnings and profits and thus would increase the branch profits tax liability.

(b) The Code also provides that passive investment income, including interest on the Bonds, may be subject to taxation for any S corporation with Subchapter C earnings and profits at the close of its taxable year if greater than 25% of its gross receipts is passive investment income.

Except as stated above, we express no opinion as to any federal or Kentucky tax consequences resulting from the receipt of interest on the Bonds.

Holders of the Bonds should be aware that the ownership of the Bonds may result in collateral federal income tax consequences. For instance, the Code provides that, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, property and casualty insurance companies will be required to reduce their loss reserve deductions by 15% of the tax-exempt interest received on certain obligations, such as the Bonds, acquired after August 7, 1986. (For purposes of the immediately preceding sentence, a portion of dividends paid to an affiliated insurance company

may be treated as tax-exempt interest.) The Code further provides for the disallowance of any deduction for interest expenses incurred by banks and certain other financial institutions allocable to carrying certain tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, acquired after August 7, 1986. The Code also provides that, with respect to taxpayers other than such financial institutions, such taxpayers will be unable to deduct any portion of the interest expenses incurred or continued to purchase or carry the Bonds. The Code also provides, with respect to individuals, that interest on tax-exempt obligations, including the Bonds, is included in modified adjusted gross income for purposes of determining the taxability of social security and railroad retirement benefits. Furthermore, the earned income credit is not allowed for individuals with an aggregate amount of disqualified income within the meaning of Section 32 of the Code, which exceeds \$2,200. Interest on the Bonds will be taken into account in the calculation of disqualified income.

We have received opinions of John R. McCall, Esq., General Counsel of the Company and Jones Day, Chicago, Illinois, counsel to the Company, of even date herewith. In rendering this opinion, we have relied upon said opinions with respect to the matters therein. We have also received an opinion of even date herewith of Hon. James C. Monk, County Attorney of the County and relied upon said opinion with respect to the matters therein. Said opinions are in forms satisfactory to us as to both scope and content.

We express no opinion as to the title to, the description of, or the existence or priority of any liens, charges or encumbrances on, the Project.

In rendering the foregoing opinions, we are passing upon only those matters specifically set forth in such opinions and are not passing upon the investment quality of the Bonds or the accuracy or completeness of any statements made in connection with any offer or sale thereof. The opinions herein are expressed as of the date hereof and we assume no obligation to supplement or update such opinions to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.

We are members of the Bar of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and do not purport to be experts on the laws of any jurisdiction other than the Commonwealth of Kentucky and the United States of America, and we express no opinion as to the laws of any jurisdiction other than those specified.

Respectfully submitted,


STOLL KEENON OGDEN PLLC

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**Opinion of Bond Counsel dated May 24, 2007 relating to
the Trimble County Bonds**



S T O L L · K E E N O N · O G D E N
P L L C

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LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY 40202-2828
502-333-6000
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WWW.SKOFIRM.COM

May 24, 2007

Re: \$8,927,000 "County of Trimble, Kentucky, Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A (Kentucky Utilities Company Project)"

We hereby certify that we have examined certified copies of the proceedings of record of the County of Trimble, Kentucky (the "County"), acting by and through its Fiscal Court as its duly authorized governing body, preliminary to and in connection with the issuance by the County of its Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A (Kentucky Utilities Company Project), dated their date of issuance, in the aggregate principal amount of \$8,927,000 (the "Bonds"). The Bonds are issued under the provisions of Sections 103.200 to 103.285, inclusive, of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the "Act"), for the purpose of providing funds which will be used, with other funds provided by Kentucky Utilities Company (the "Company") for the purpose of financing a portion of the costs of construction, acquisition, installation and equipping of certain solid waste disposal facilities to serve the Trimble County Generating Station of the Company in Trimble County, Kentucky (the "Project") in order to provide for the collection, storage, treatment and final disposal of solid wastes, as provided by the Act.

The Bonds mature on March 1, 2037 and bear interest initially at the Auction Rate, as defined in the Indenture, hereinafter described, subject to change as provided in such Indenture. The Bonds will be subject to optional and mandatory redemption prior to maturity at the times, in the manner and upon the terms set forth in the Bonds. From such examination of the proceedings of the Fiscal Court of the County referred to above and from an examination of the Act, we are of the opinion that the County is duly authorized and empowered to issue the Bonds under the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky now in force.

We have examined an executed counterpart of a certain Loan Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2007 (the "Loan Agreement"), between the County and the Company and a certified copy of the proceedings of record of the Fiscal Court of the County preliminary to and in connection with the execution and delivery of the Loan Agreement, pursuant to which the County has agreed to issue the Bonds and to lend the proceeds thereof to the Company to provide funds to finance a portion of the costs of the acquisition, construction, installation and equipping of the Project. The Company has agreed to make Loan payments to the Trustee at times and in amounts fully adequate to pay maturing principal of, interest on and redemption premium, if any, on the Bonds as same become due and payable. From such examination, we

are of the opinion that such proceedings of the Fiscal Court of the County show lawful authority for the execution and delivery of the Loan Agreement; that the Loan Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the County; and that the Loan Agreement is a legal, valid and binding obligation of the County, enforceable in accordance with its terms, subject to the qualification that the enforcement thereof may be limited by laws relating to bankruptcy, insolvency or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, including equitable provisions where equitable remedies are sought.

We have also examined an executed counterpart of a certain Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 2007 (the "Indenture"), by and between the County and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee (the "Trustee"), securing the Bonds and setting forth the covenants and undertakings of the County in connection with the Bonds and a certified copy of the proceedings of record of the Fiscal Court of the County preliminary to and in connection with the execution and delivery of the Indenture. Pursuant to the Indenture, certain of the County's rights under the Loan Agreement, including the right to receive payments thereunder, and all moneys and securities held by the Trustee in accordance with the Indenture (except moneys and securities in the Rebate Fund created thereby) have been assigned to the Trustee, as security for the holders of the Bonds. From such examination, we are of the opinion that such proceedings of the Fiscal Court of the County show lawful authority for the execution and delivery of the Indenture; that the Indenture has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the County; and that the Indenture is a legal, valid and binding obligation upon the parties thereto according to its terms, subject to the qualification that the enforcement thereof may be limited by laws relating to bankruptcy, insolvency or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, including equitable provisions where equitable remedies are sought.

In our opinion the Bonds have been validly authorized, executed and issued in accordance with the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky now in full force and effect, and constitute legal, valid and binding special obligations of the County entitled to the benefit of the security provided by the Indenture and enforceable in accordance with their terms, subject to the qualification that the enforcement thereof may be limited by laws relating to bankruptcy, insolvency or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, including equitable provisions where equitable remedies are sought. The Bonds are payable by the County solely and only from payments and other amounts derived from the Loan Agreement and as provided in the Indenture.

In our opinion, under existing laws, including current statutes, regulations, administrative rulings and official interpretations by the Internal Revenue Service, subject to the exceptions and qualifications contained in the succeeding paragraphs, (i) interest on the Bonds is excluded from the gross income of the recipients thereof for federal income tax purposes, except that no opinion is expressed regarding such exclusion from gross income with respect to any Bond during any period in which it is held by a "substantial user" of the Project or a "related person," as such terms are used in Section 147(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and (ii) interest on the Bonds is a separate item of tax preference in determining alternative minimum taxable income for individuals and corporations under the Code. In arriving at this opinion, we have relied upon representations, factual statements and certifications of the Company with respect to certain material facts which are solely within the Company's

knowledge in reaching our conclusion, inter alia, that not less than 95% of the proceeds of the Bonds will be used to finance solid waste disposal facilities qualified for financing under Section 142(a)(6) of the Code and the Act. Further, in arriving at the opinion set forth in this paragraph as to the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds, we have assumed and this opinion is conditioned on, the accuracy of and continuing compliance by the Company and the County with representations and covenants set forth in the Loan Agreement and the Indenture which are intended to assure compliance with certain tax-exempt interest provisions of the Code. Such representations and covenants must be accurate and must be complied with subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order that interest on the Bonds be excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with certain of such representations and covenants in respect of the Bonds subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds could cause the interest thereon to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds. We express no opinion (i) regarding the exclusion of interest on any Bond from gross income for federal income tax purposes on or after the date on which any change, including any interest rate conversion, permitted by the documents (other than with approval of this firm) is taken which adversely affects the tax treatment of the Bonds or (ii) as to the treatment for purposes of federal income taxation of interest on the Bonds upon a Determination of Taxability. We are further of the opinion that interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income of the recipients thereof for Kentucky income tax purposes and that the Bonds are exempt from ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all political subdivisions thereof.

Our opinion as to the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes and federal tax treatment of interest on the Bonds is further subject to the following exceptions and qualifications:

(a) The Code provides for a "branch profits tax" which subjects to tax, at a rate of 30%, the effectively connected earnings and profits of a foreign corporation which engages in a United States trade or business. Interest on the Bonds would be includable in the amount of effectively connected earnings and profits and thus would increase the branch profits tax liability.

(b) The Code also provides that passive investment income, including interest on the Bonds, may be subject to taxation for any S corporation with Subchapter C earnings and profits at the close of its taxable year if greater than 25% of its gross receipts is passive investment income.

Except as stated above, we express no opinion as to any federal or Kentucky tax consequences resulting from the receipt of interest on the Bonds.

Holders of the Bonds should be aware that the ownership of the Bonds may result in collateral federal income tax consequences. For instance, the Code provides that, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, property and casualty insurance companies will be required to reduce their loss reserve deductions by 15% of the tax-exempt interest received on certain obligations, such as the Bonds, acquired after August 7, 1986. (For purposes of the immediately preceding sentence, a portion of dividends paid to an affiliated insurance company

May 24, 2007

Page 4

may be treated as tax-exempt interest.) The Code further provides for the disallowance of any deduction for interest expenses incurred by banks and certain other financial institutions allocable to carrying certain tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, acquired after August 7, 1986. The Code also provides that, with respect to taxpayers other than such financial institutions, such taxpayers will be unable to deduct any portion of the interest expenses incurred or continued to purchase or carry the Bonds. The Code also provides, with respect to individuals, that interest on tax-exempt obligations, including the Bonds, is included in modified adjusted gross income for purposes of determining the taxability of social security and railroad retirement benefits. Furthermore, the earned income credit is not allowed for individuals with an aggregate amount of disqualified income within the meaning of Section 32 of the Code, which exceeds \$2,200. Interest on the Bonds will be taken into account in the calculation of disqualified income.

We have received opinions of John R. McCall, Esq., General Counsel of the Company and Jones Day, Chicago, Illinois, counsel to the Company, of even date herewith. In rendering this opinion, we have relied upon said opinions with respect to the matters therein. We have also received an opinion of even date herewith of Hon. Perry Arnold, County Attorney of the County and relied upon said opinion with respect to the matters therein. Said opinions are in forms satisfactory to us as to both scope and content.

We express no opinion as to the title to, the description of, or the existence or priority of any liens, charges or encumbrances on, the Project.

In rendering the foregoing opinions, we are passing upon only those matters specifically set forth in such opinions and are not passing upon the investment quality of the Bonds or the accuracy or completeness of any statements made in connection with any offer or sale thereof. The opinions herein are expressed as of the date hereof and we assume no obligation to supplement or update such opinions to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.

We are members of the Bar of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and do not purport to be experts on the laws of any jurisdiction other than the Commonwealth of Kentucky and the United States of America, and we express no opinion as to the laws of any jurisdiction other than those specified.

Respectfully submitted,


STOLL KEENON OGDEN PLLC

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**Form of Conversion Opinion of Bond Counsel
(Carroll County Bonds)**

_____, 2008

Re: Conversion to Long-Term Interest Rate Period of \$17,875,000 "County of Carroll, Kentucky, Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A (Kentucky Utilities Company Project)"

Ladies and Gentlemen:

This opinion is being furnished in accordance with the requirements of the Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 2007 (the "Indenture"), between the County of Carroll, Kentucky (the "Issuer") and the Trustee pertaining to \$17,875,000 principal amount of County of Carroll, Kentucky, Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A (Kentucky Utilities Company Project), dated May 24, 2007 (the "Bonds"), in order to satisfy certain requirements of Sections 2.02(e)(i) and 2.02(f)(ii) of the Indenture. Pursuant to Sections 2.02(e)(i) and 2.02(f)(ii) of the Indenture, the interest rate on the Bonds is being adjusted from an Auction Rate to a Long-Term Interest Rate to maturity of February 1, 2026, effective on April 3, 2008, the Conversion Date. The terms used herein denoted by initial capitals and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings specified in the Indenture.

We have examined the law and such documents and matters as we have deemed necessary to provide this opinion. As to questions of fact material to the opinions expressed herein, we have relied upon the provisions of the Indenture and related documents, and upon representations made to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation.

Based upon the foregoing, as of the date hereof, we are of the opinion that the conversion of the interest rate on the Bonds as described herein (a) is authorized or permitted by the Act and the Indenture and (b) will not adversely affect the validity of the Bonds or any exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes to which interest on the Bonds would otherwise be entitled. Interest on the Bonds is not and will not be excluded from gross income during any period when the Bonds are held by the Company or a "related person" of the Company as defined in Section 147(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

In rendering this opinion, we assume, without verifying, that the Issuer and the Company have complied and will comply with all covenants contained in the Indenture, the Loan Agreement between the Issuer and the Company, dated March 1, 2007, the General Tax Representation Certificate of the Company, dated May 24, 2007 (the "Tax Agreement"), and other documents relating to the Bonds. We rendered our approving opinion at the time of the issuance of the Bonds relating to, among other things, the validity of the Bonds and the exclusion from federal income taxation of interest on the Bonds. We have not been requested to update or continue such opinion and have not undertaken to do so. Accordingly, we do not express any opinion with respect to the Bonds except as set forth above.

Our opinion represents our legal judgment based upon our review of the law and the facts that we deem relevant to render such opinion and is not a guarantee of a result. This opinion is given as of the date hereof and we assume no obligation to review or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.

We express no opinion herein as to the investment quality of the Bonds or the adequacy, accuracy or completeness of any information furnished to any person in connection with any offer or sale of the Bonds.

STOLL KEENON OGDEN PLLC

**Form of Conversion Opinion of Bond Counsel
(Trimble County Bonds)**

_____, 2008

Re: Conversion to Long-Term Interest Rate Period of \$8,927,000 "County of Trimble, Kentucky, Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A (Kentucky Utilities Company Project)"

Ladies and Gentlemen:

This opinion is being furnished in accordance with the requirements of the Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 2007 (the "Indenture"), between the County of Trimble, Kentucky (the "Issuer") and the Trustee pertaining to \$8,927,000 principal amount of County of Trimble, Kentucky, Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A (Kentucky Utilities Company Project), dated May 24, 2007 (the "Bonds"), in order to satisfy certain requirements of Sections 2.02(e)(i) and 2.02(f)(ii) of the Indenture. Pursuant to Sections 2.02(e)(i) and 2.02(f)(ii) of the Indenture, the interest rate on the Bonds is being adjusted from an Auction Rate to a Long-Term Interest Rate to maturity of March 1, 2037, effective on April 3, 2008, the Conversion Date. The terms used herein denoted by initial capitals and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings specified in the Indenture.

We have examined the law and such documents and matters as we have deemed necessary to provide this opinion. As to questions of fact material to the opinions expressed herein, we have relied upon the provisions of the Indenture and related documents, and upon representations made to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation.

Based upon the foregoing, as of the date hereof, we are of the opinion that the conversion of the interest rate on the Bonds as described herein (a) is authorized or permitted by the Act and the Indenture and (b) will not adversely affect the validity of the Bonds or any exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes to which interest on the Bonds would otherwise be entitled. Interest on the Bonds is not and will not be excluded from gross income during any period when the Bonds are held by the Company or a "related person" of the Company as defined in Section 147(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

In rendering this opinion, we assume, without verifying, that the Issuer and the Company have complied and will comply with all covenants contained in the Indenture, the Loan Agreement between the Issuer and the Company, dated March 1, 2007, the General Tax Representation Certificate of the Company, dated May 24, 2007 (the "Tax Agreement"), and other documents relating to the Bonds. We rendered our approving opinion at the time of the issuance of the Bonds relating to, among other things, the validity of the Bonds and the exclusion from federal income taxation of interest on the Bonds. We have not been requested to update or continue such opinion and have not undertaken to do so. Accordingly, we do not express any opinion with respect to the Bonds except as set forth above.

Our opinion represents our legal judgment based upon our review of the law and the facts that we deem relevant to render such opinion and is not a guarantee of a result. This opinion is given as of the date hereof and we assume no obligation to review or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.

We express no opinion herein as to the investment quality of the Bonds or the adequacy, accuracy or completeness of any information furnished to any person in connection with any offer or sale of the Bonds.

STOLL KEENON OGDEN PLLC

**Copy of 2007 Official Statement
(excluding Appendix A, Appendix B and Appendix C thereto)**

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Subject to the conditions and exceptions set forth under the caption "Tax Treatment," Bond Counsel is of the opinion that, under current law, interest on each series of Bonds offered hereby will be excludable from the gross income of the recipients thereof for federal income tax purposes, except that no opinion will be expressed regarding such exclusion from gross income with respect to any Bond during any period in which it is held by a "substantial user" or a "related person" of the related Project as such terms are used in Section 147(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). Interest on each series of Bonds will be an item of tax preference in determining alternative minimum taxable income for individuals and corporations under the Code. Such interest may be subject to certain federal income taxes imposed on certain corporations, including imposition of the branch profits tax on a portion of such interest. Bond Counsel is further of the opinion that interest on each series of Bonds will be excludable from the gross income of the recipients thereof for Kentucky income tax purposes and that, under current law, the principal of each series of Bonds will be exempt from ad valorem taxes in Kentucky. Issuance of each series of Bonds is subject to receipt of a favorable tax opinion of Bond Counsel as of the date of delivery of each series of Bonds. See "Tax Treatment" herein.

\$17,875,000
 County of Carroll, Kentucky
 Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds
 2007 Series A
 (Kentucky Utilities Company Project)
 Due: February 1, 2026
 (AMT)

\$8,927,000
 County of Trimble, Kentucky
 Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds
 2007 Series A
 (Kentucky Utilities Company Project)
 Due: March 1, 2037
 (AMT)

Dated: Date of original delivery

The Bonds of each series (individually the "Carroll County Bonds" and the "Trimble County Bonds" and, collectively, the "Bonds") will be special and limited obligations of the County of Carroll, Kentucky and the County of Trimble, Kentucky (the "Issuers"), respectively, payable by the respective Issuers solely from and secured by payments to be received by the Issuers pursuant to separate Loan Agreements with

Kentucky Utilities Company

(the "Company"), except as payable from proceeds of such Bonds or investment earnings thereon. The Bonds will not constitute general obligations of the Issuers or a charge against the general credit or taxing powers thereof or of the Commonwealth of Kentucky or any other political subdivision of Kentucky.

Payment of the principal of and interest on each series of Bonds when due will be insured by separate financial guaranty insurance policies to be issued by Ambac Assurance Corporation ("Ambac Assurance" or the "Bond Insurer") simultaneously with the delivery of the Bonds.

Ambac

The Bonds of each series are separate series and the sale and delivery of one series is not dependent on the sale and delivery of the other series. The Bonds of each series will accrue interest from the respective date of original issuance, will initially be issued in a seven-day Auction Period, and will initially bear interest at an Auction Rate determined pursuant to the Auction Procedures described in Appendix B hereto. The first Auction will occur on May 30, 2007 with subsequent auctions occurring each Wednesday unless changed as provided herein. The first Interest Payment Date on the Bonds will be May 31, 2007 and each Thursday thereafter subject to certain exceptions described herein. The Bonds of each series will continue to bear interest at an Auction Rate until their Conversion to a different Interest Rate Mode or until maturity. While the Bonds of a series bear interest at the Auction Rate, the Bonds of such series will not be subject to purchase on demand of the owners thereof. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should carefully review the Auction Procedures and should note that such procedures provide that (i) a Bid or Sell Order constitutes a commitment to purchase or sell Bonds based upon the results of an Auction, (ii) Auctions will be conducted through telephone communications and (iii) settlement for purchases and sales will be made on the Business Day following an Auction. Beneficial interests in Bonds bearing interest at an Auction Rate may be transferred only pursuant to a Bid or Sell Order placed in an Auction or to or through a Broker-Dealer. See "Summary of the Bonds—Broker-Dealer," "Summary of the Bonds—Certain Considerations Affecting Auction Rate Securities," "Summary of the Bonds—Summary of Certain Provisions of the Bonds" and "Appendix B—Auction Procedures."

PRICE: 100%

The Bonds of a series will be secured solely by payments to be made by the Company under the related Loan Agreement, which will be unsecured general obligations of the Company, and will rank on a parity with other unsecured indebtedness of the Company. The Company will covenant not to incur, assume or guarantee any secured indebtedness other than as permitted in the Loan Agreements. See "Security; Limitation on Liens."

The Bonds, when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee for The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York. DTC will act as securities depository. Purchases of beneficial ownership interests in the Bonds bearing interest at the Auction Rate will be made in book-entry only form in denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples thereof. Purchasers will not receive certificates representing their beneficial interests in the Bonds. See the information contained under the caption "Summary of the Bonds—Book-Entry-Only System" herein. The principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds will be paid by Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as Trustee, to Cede & Co., as long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds. Disbursement of such payments to the DTC Participants is the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the purchasers of beneficial ownership interests is the responsibility of DTC's Direct and Indirect Participants, as more fully described herein.

The Bonds are offered when, as and if issued and received by the Underwriter, subject to prior sale, withdrawal or modification of the offer without notice, and to the approval of legality by Stoll Keenon Ogden PLLC, Louisville, Kentucky, as Bond Counsel and upon satisfaction of certain conditions. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Company by its counsel, Jones Day, Chicago, Illinois and John R. McCall, Esq., Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary of the Company, for the Issuers by their respective County Attorneys, and for the Underwriter by its counsel, Winston & Strawn LLP, Chicago, Illinois. It is expected that the Bonds will be available for delivery to DTC in New York, New York on or about May 24, 2007.

LEHMAN BROTHERS

Dated: May 17, 2007

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No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized by the Issuers or either of them, the Company or the Underwriter to give any information or to make any representation with respect to the Bonds, other than those contained in this Official Statement, and, if given or made, such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing. The Underwriter has provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement. The Underwriter has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, its responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriter does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the parties referred to above since the date hereof. Although the Issuers have consented to the use of this Official Statement in connection with the initial issuance and sale of the Bonds, neither Issuer makes any representation with respect to the accuracy or completeness hereof and will incur no liability with respect thereto, except for the information under the caption "The Issuers."

In connection with the offering of the Bonds, the Underwriter may over-allot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market prices of such Bonds at levels above those which might otherwise prevail in the open market. Such stabilizing, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

IN MAKING AN INVESTMENT DECISION, INVESTORS MUST RELY ON THEIR OWN EXAMINATION OF THE ISSUERS, THE COMPANY, THE BOND INSURER AND THE TERMS OF THE OFFERING, INCLUDING THE MERITS AND RISKS INVOLVED. THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN RECOMMENDED BY ANY FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR REGULATORY AUTHORITY. FURTHERMORE, THE FOREGOING AUTHORITIES HAVE NOT CONFIRMED THE ACCURACY OR DETERMINED THE ADEQUACY OF THIS DOCUMENT. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

Table of Contents

Introductory Statement.....	1
The Issuers	4
The Projects	4
Use of Proceeds.....	5
Separate Series	5
Summary of the Bonds.....	5
Security; Limitation on Liens	30
The Bond Insurance Policy and the Bond Insurer	31
Summary of the Loan Agreement.....	34
Summary of the Indenture	39
Enforceability of Remedies.....	45
Tax Treatment.....	45
Legal Matters	47
Underwriting	47
Continuing Disclosure	48
Appendix A - Kentucky Utilities Company.....	A-1
Appendix B - Auction Procedures	B-1
Appendix C - Forms of Opinions of Bond Counsel	C-1
Appendix D - Form of Bond Insurance Policy	D-1
Appendix E - Summary of Certain Provisions of the Bonds While Bearing Interest at a Flexible Rate, a Variable Rate or a Long Term Rate.....	E-1

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

\$17,875,000
County of Carroll, Kentucky
Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds
2007 Series A
(Kentucky Utilities Company Project)

\$8,927,000
County of Trimble, Kentucky
Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds
2007 Series A
(Kentucky Utilities Company Project)

Introductory Statement

This Official Statement, including the cover page and Appendices, is provided to furnish information in connection with the offer and sale by the County of Carroll, Kentucky (“Carroll County”) of its Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A (Kentucky Utilities Company Project), in the aggregate principal amount of \$17,875,000 (the “Carroll County Bonds”) to be issued pursuant to an Indenture of Trust dated as of March 1, 2007 (the “Carroll County Indenture”) between Carroll County and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas (the “Carroll County Trustee”), as Trustee, Paying Agent and Bond Registrar, and the County of Trimble, Kentucky (“Trimble County”) of its Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A (Kentucky Utilities Company Project), in the aggregate principal amount of \$8,927,000 (the “Trimble County Bonds” and, collectively with the Carroll County Bonds, the “Bonds”) to be issued pursuant to an Indenture of Trust dated as of March 1, 2007 (the “Trimble County Indenture” and, collectively with the Carroll County Indenture, the “Indentures”) between Trimble County and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas (the “Trimble County Trustee” and, collectively with the Carroll County Trustee, the “Trustee”), as Trustee, Paying Agent and Bond Registrar.

Pursuant to separate Loan Agreements by and between Kentucky Utilities Company (the “Company”) and the respective Issuers, dated as of March 1, 2007 (each, a “Loan Agreement” and, collectively, the “Loan Agreements”), proceeds from the sale of the Bonds, other than accrued interest, if any, paid by the initial purchasers thereof, will be loaned by the respective Issuers to the Company. The Loan Agreements are separate undertakings by and between the Company and the applicable Issuer.

The proceeds of the Carroll County Bonds (other than any accrued interest) will be applied to finance certain solid waste disposal facilities (the “Carroll County Project”) owned by the Company. The proceeds of the Trimble County Bonds (other than any accrued interest) will be applied to finance certain solid waste disposal facilities (the “Trimble County Project” and, collectively with the Carroll County Project, the “Projects”) owned by the Company. For information regarding the Projects, see “The Projects.”

The Company is an operating subsidiary of E.ON U.S. LLC (formerly known as LG&E Energy LLC) and E.ON AG (the “Parents”). See “Appendix A — Kentucky Utilities Company.” The Parents will have no obligation to make any payments due under the Loan Agreements or any other payments of principal, interest, premium or purchase price of the Bonds.

The Company will repay each loan under the applicable Loan Agreement by making payments to the applicable Trustee in sufficient amounts to pay the principal of and interest and any premium on, and purchase price of, the applicable series of Bonds. See “Summary of the Loan Agreement — General.” Pursuant to the applicable Indenture, an Issuer’s rights under the applicable Loan Agreement (other than with respect to certain indemnification and expense payments) will be assigned to the applicable Trustee as security for the applicable series of Bonds.

The Bonds will be secured solely by payments to be made by the Company under the Loan Agreements, which will be unsecured general obligations of the Company, and will rank on a parity with other unsecured indebtedness of the Company. See “Security; Limitation on Liens” and “Summary of the Bonds — Remarketing and Purchase of Bonds.”

The Bonds are special and limited obligations of the respective Issuer and the respective Issuer’s obligation to pay the principal of and interest and any premium on, and purchase price of, its respective series of Bonds is limited solely to the revenues and other amounts received by the Trustee under the applicable Indenture pursuant to the applicable Loan Agreement. The Bonds will not constitute an indebtedness, general obligation or pledge of the faith and credit or taxing power of the respective Issuer, the Commonwealth of Kentucky or any political subdivision thereof.

Ambac Assurance Corporation (“Ambac Assurance” or the “Bond Insurer”) will, concurrently with the issuance of the Bonds, issue separate Financial Guaranty Insurance Policies in respect of each series of Bonds (a “Bond Insurance Policy”), insuring the payment of regularly scheduled payments of the principal of the applicable series of Bonds and interest thereon that have become “Due for Payment” (as this term is defined in such Bond Insurance Policy), *but in either case shall be unpaid by reason of nonpayment by the Issuer.* Each Bond Insurance Policy will be issued pursuant to an Insurance Agreement between the Company and Ambac Assurance to be dated the date of issuance of the applicable series of Bonds (the “Insurance Agreement”). The Bond Insurance Policy will not insure payment of the purchase price of Bonds subject to mandatory purchase or purchase on the demand of the Bondholders thereof or payment of the principal, premium or interest on the Bonds as a result of an acceleration, redemption (other than special mandatory redemption upon occurrence of a Determination of Taxability as hereinafter described) or other advancement of maturity. Certain information with respect to the Bond Insurance Policy and the Bond Insurer is included in this Official Statement. See “The Bond Insurance Policy and the Bond Insurer” and Appendix D. So long as the Bond Insurer is not in default under a Bond Insurance Policy, the applicable Indenture and applicable Loan Agreement may not be amended or supplemented, if such action requires the consent or approval of the Bondholders, without the prior written consent of the Bond Insurer. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default under an Indenture, Ambac Assurance will be entitled to control and direct the enforcement of all rights and remedies granted to the applicable Bondholders or the applicable Trustee. See “Summary of the Indenture — Rights of Bond Insurer.”

Each series of Bonds initially will bear interest at an Auction Rate accruing from the applicable date of original issuance of such series of Bonds (the “Issue Date”). Thereafter, while the Bonds bear interest at an Auction Rate, the rate of interest, which will not exceed the

Maximum Rate (as defined herein), will be determined pursuant to the Auction Procedures on the Business Day preceding the first day of the related Auction Period by the Auction Agent and will remain in effect until the end of the Auction Period. The initial Auction Rate for each series of Bonds will be established by the Underwriter on or prior to the Issue Date. The first Auction shall occur on May 30, 2007 with subsequent auctions occurring each Wednesday unless changed as provided herein. The first Interest Payment Date will be May 31, 2007 and each Thursday thereafter subject to certain exceptions described herein. See “Appendix B — Auction Procedures.”

Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas will be appointed Auction Agent under the applicable Indenture. Its corporate trust office is at 60 Wall Street, 27th Floor, Mailstop NYC 60-2715, New York, New York 10005, Attention: Auction Desk. The Auction Agent may be removed or replaced by the Company in accordance with the terms of the applicable Indenture.

Lehman Brothers Inc. will be appointed as Broker-Dealer with respect to the Bonds on the Issue Date. One or more other Broker-Dealers may be appointed, and any Broker-Dealer may be removed or replaced, by the Company.

Lehman Brothers Inc. will be appointed under the applicable Indenture to serve as Remarketing Agent for the Bonds. The Remarketing Agent may resign or be removed and a successor Remarketing Agent may be appointed in accordance with the terms of the applicable Indenture and the applicable Remarketing Agreement for the Bonds between the Remarketing Agent and the Company.

Brief descriptions of the Company, the Issuers, the Bonds, the Loan Agreements, and the Indentures are included in this Official Statement. Such descriptions and information do not purport to be complete, comprehensive or definitive and are not to be construed as a representation or a guaranty of accuracy or completeness. All references herein to the documents are qualified in their entirety by reference to such documents, and references herein to a series of Bonds are qualified in their entirety by reference to the definitive form thereof included in the applicable Indenture. Copies of the Loan Agreements and the Indentures will be available for inspection at the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee and, until the issuance of the Bonds, may be obtained from the Underwriter. Certain information relating to The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”) and the book-entry-only system has been furnished by DTC. Appendix A to this Official Statement and all information contained under the headings “The Projects” and “Use of Proceeds” has been furnished by the Company. The Issuers and Bond Counsel assume no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of such Appendix A or such information. Appendix B to this Official Statement contains a description of the Auction Procedures. Appendix C to this Official Statement contains the proposed forms of opinion of Bond Counsel to be delivered in connection with the issuance and delivery of the Bonds. Appendix D to this Official Statement contains the proposed form of Bond Insurance Policy to be issued by Ambac Assurance in connection with the issuance and delivery of the Bonds. Appendix E to this Official Statement contains a description of certain provisions applicable to the Bonds while bearing interest at a Flexible Rate, a Variable Rate (as hereinafter defined) or a Long Term Rate.

The Issuers

Each Issuer is a public body corporate and politic duly created and existing as a county and political subdivision under the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Each Issuer is authorized by Sections 103.200 to 103.285, inclusive, of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (collectively, the “Act”) to (a) issue the respective series of Bonds and to assist in financing the Projects, (b) lend the proceeds from the sale of such respective series of Bonds to the Company for such purpose and (c) enter into and perform its obligations under the applicable Loan Agreement and the applicable Indenture. Each Issuer, through its legislative body, the Fiscal Court, has adopted one or more ordinances authorizing the issuance of the Bonds and the execution and delivery of the related documents.

THE BONDS OF EACH SERIES ARE SPECIAL AND LIMITED OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE SOLELY AND ONLY FROM CERTAIN SOURCES, INCLUDING AMOUNTS TO BE RECEIVED BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE APPLICABLE ISSUER UNDER THE APPLICABLE LOAN AGREEMENT. THE BONDS OF EACH SERIES WILL NOT CONSTITUTE AN INDEBTEDNESS, GENERAL OBLIGATION OR PLEDGE OF THE FAITH AND CREDIT OR TAXING POWER OF THE RESPECTIVE ISSUER, THE COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF, AND WILL NOT GIVE RISE TO A PECUNIARY LIABILITY OF THE RESPECTIVE ISSUER OR A CHARGE AGAINST ITS GENERAL CREDIT OR TAXING POWERS.

The Projects

Carroll County Project

The Carroll County Project consists of certain solid waste disposal facilities at the Company’s Ghent Generating Station located in Carroll County, Kentucky (the “Ghent Generating Station”), for the collection, storage, treatment and final disposal of solid wastes.

The Company has begun construction and fabrication of the Carroll County Project. The Kentucky Public Service Commission has issued a Certificate of Convenience and Necessity (“CCN”) that authorizes construction of the Carroll County Project. When constructed, the Carroll County Project will be the property of the Company.

Trimble County Project

The Trimble County Project consists of certain solid waste disposal facilities at Unit 2 of the Trimble County Generating Station located in Trimble County, Kentucky (“Trimble 2”), for the collection, storage, treatment and final disposal of solid wastes.

The Company and its affiliate, Louisville Gas and Electric Company, a Kentucky corporation (“LG&E” and, collectively with the Company, the “Utilities”), have begun construction and fabrication of Trimble 2. The Utilities will have an undivided 75% ownership interest in Trimble 2 when constructed, of which the Company will own an 81% undivided interest and LG&E will own a 19% undivided interest. The remaining 25% undivided ownership interest will be owned by governmental entities existing outside of Kentucky. The Kentucky Public Service Commission has issued a CCN that authorizes construction of Trimble 2.

Use of Proceeds

The proceeds from the sale of each series of Bonds (exclusive of accrued interest, if any) will be used to finance a portion of the costs of the acquisition, construction, installation and equipping of the respective Projects.

Separate Series

The Carroll County Bonds and the Trimble County Bonds will be paid from payments made by or on behalf of the Company, will have substantially the same claim to such source of funds and are treated for federal income tax purposes as a single issue of obligations. The Carroll County Bonds and the Trimble County Bonds, however, are separate series and the sale and delivery of one series is not dependent on the sale and delivery of the other series. In addition, optional or mandatory redemption of either the Carroll County Bonds or the Trimble County Bonds may be made in the manner described below without the redemption of the other series. Similarly, a default under one of the series of Bonds or one of the Loan Agreements will not necessarily constitute a default under the other series of Bonds or Loan Agreement. Each series of Bonds can bear interest at an Interest Rate Mode different from the Interest Rate Mode borne by the other series of Bonds. Unless specifically otherwise noted, the following discussion under the captions “Summary of the Bonds,” “Security; Limitation of Liens,” “The Bond Insurance Policy and the Bond Insurer,” “Summary of the Loan Agreement,” “Summary of the Indenture,” “Enforceability Of Remedies,” “Tax Treatment,” “Continuing Disclosure” and “Appendix B – Auction Procedures” applies equally, but separately, to the Carroll County Bonds and the Trimble County Bonds.

As used under such captions with respect to the Carroll County Bonds, the term “Project” shall mean the Carroll County Project, the term “Generating Station” shall mean the Ghent Generating Station, the term “Bonds” shall mean the Carroll County Bonds, the term “Loan Agreement” shall mean the Loan Agreement pursuant to which Carroll County will loan the proceeds from the sale of the Carroll County Bonds to the Company, the term “Indenture” shall mean the Carroll County Indenture, the term “Issuer” shall mean Carroll County and the term “Trustee” shall mean the Carroll County Trustee.

As used under such captions with respect to the Trimble County Bonds, the term “Project” shall mean the Trimble County Project, the term “Generating Station” shall mean Trimble 2, the term “Bonds” shall mean the Trimble County Bonds, the term “Loan Agreement” shall mean the Loan Agreement pursuant to which Trimble County will loan the proceeds from the sale of the Trimble County Bonds to the Company, the term “Indenture” shall mean the Trimble County Indenture, the term “Issuer” shall mean Trimble County and the term “Trustee” shall mean the Trimble County Trustee.

Summary of the Bonds

General

The Bonds will be issued in the aggregate principal amount set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement. The Carroll County Bonds will mature on February 1, 2026. The

Trimble County Bonds will mature on March 1, 2037. The Bonds are also subject to redemption prior to maturity as described herein.

From and after the date of the issuance and delivery of the Bonds, the Bonds will bear interest at the Auction Rate and will continue to bear interest at the Auction Rate until a Conversion to another Interest Rate Mode is specified by the Company or until the maturity of the Bonds. The permitted Interest Rate Modes for the Bonds are (i) the "Flexible Rate," (ii) the "Daily Rate," (iii) the "Weekly Rate," (iv) the "Semi-Annual Rate," (v) the "Annual Rate," (vi) the "Long Term Rate" and (vii) the "Auction Rate." The Daily Rate, Weekly Rate, Semi-Annual Rate and Annual Rate are collectively referred to herein as "Variable Rates." Changes in the Interest Rate Mode will be effected, and notice of such changes will be given, as described below in "Conversion of Interest Rate Modes."

The Bonds initially will bear interest at an Auction Rate accruing from the Issue Date. Thereafter, while the Bonds bear interest at an Auction Rate, the rate of interest, which will not exceed the Maximum Rate, will be determined pursuant to the Auction Procedures on the Business Day preceding the first day of the related Auction Period by the Auction Agent and will remain in effect until the end of the Auction Period. The initial Auction Rate will be established by the Underwriter on or prior to the Issue Date. The first Auction will occur on May 30, 2007 with subsequent auctions occurring each Wednesday unless changed as provided herein. The first Interest Payment Date will be May 31, 2007 and each Thursday thereafter subject to certain exceptions described herein. See "Appendix B — Auction Procedures."

If there are more Bonds which bear interest at an Auction Rate offered for sale than there are buyers for those Bonds in any Auction, the owners of the Bonds may not be able to sell some or all of their Bonds at that time. The relative buying and selling interest of market participants in the Bonds and in the auction rate securities market as a whole vary over time, may be adversely affected by, among other things, news relating to the Company or the Issuer, the attractiveness of alternative investments, the perceived risk of owning the security (whether related to credit, liquidity or any other risk), the tax treatment accorded the instruments, the accounting treatment accorded auction rate securities, including recent clarifications of U.S. generally accepted accounting principles relating to the treatment of the Bonds, reactions to regulatory actions or press reports, financial reporting cycles and market sentiment generally. Shifts of demand in response to any of the factors listed above cannot be predicted and may be short-lived or exist for longer periods.

While the Bonds bear interest at the Auction Rate, the Bonds will not be subject to purchase on demand of the owners of the Bonds. The Bonds may be transferred by a Beneficial Owner only by offering such Bonds for sale at a scheduled Auction. There can be no assurance that sufficient Bonds by Potential Holders will be submitted to enable Bonds submitted for sale to be actually sold. Reference is made to "Summary of Certain Provisions of the Bonds," "Broker-Dealer" and "Certain Considerations Affecting Auction Rate Securities" below, as well as "Appendix B - Auction Procedures" for further details of the Bonds.

During each Rate Period for an Interest Rate Mode (other than an Auction Rate), the interest rate or rates for the Bonds in that Interest Rate Mode, and Flexible Rate Periods for

Bonds accruing interest at a Flexible Rate, will be determined by the Remarketing Agent in accordance with the Indenture; provided that the interest rate or rates borne by any Bonds may not exceed the lesser of (i) the maximum interest rate permitted by applicable law or (ii) 15% per annum.

Interest on the Bonds which bear interest at an Auction Rate for an Auction Period of 180 days or less will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year for the actual number of days elapsed. Interest on the Bonds which bear interest at a Flexible Rate, Daily Rate or Weekly Rate will be computed on the basis of a year of 365 or 366 days, as appropriate, and paid for the actual number of days elapsed. Interest on the Bonds which bear interest at a Semi-Annual Rate, Annual Rate, Long Term Rate or Auction Rate for an Auction Period of more than 180 days will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year, consisting of twelve 30-day months. Interest payable on any Interest Payment Date will be payable to the registered owner of the Bond as of the Record Date for such payment; provided that in the case of Bonds bearing interest at the Flexible Rate, interest will be payable to the registered owner of such Bond on the Interest Payment Date therefor. The Record Date, in the case of interest accrued at an Auction Rate, will be the close of business on the second Business Day preceding each Interest Payment Date, in the case of interest accrued at a Daily Rate or Weekly Rate, will be the close of business on the Business Day immediately preceding each Interest Payment Date, and in the case of interest accrued at a Semi-Annual Rate, Annual Rate or Long Term Rate, will be the close of business on the fifteenth day (whether or not a Business Day) of the month preceding each Interest Payment Date.

The Bonds initially will be issued solely in book-entry-only form through DTC (or its nominee, Cede & Co.). So long as the Bonds are held in the book-entry-only system, DTC or its nominee will be the registered owner or holder of the Bonds for all purposes of the Indenture, the Bonds and this Official Statement. See “Summary of the Bonds — Book-Entry-Only System” below. Individual purchases of book-entry interests in the Bonds will be made in book-entry-only form in (i) denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples thereof, if bearing interest at the Auction Rate, (ii) denominations of \$100,000 or any integral multiple thereof, if bearing interest at the Daily Rate or the Weekly Rate, (iii) denominations of \$100,000 or any integral multiple of \$5,000 in excess of \$100,000, if bearing interest at Flexible Rates, or (iv) denominations of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof, if bearing interest at the Semi-Annual Rate, the Annual Rate or the Long Term Rate; provided, that, (i) if the Carroll County Bonds bear interest at the Daily Rate or the Weekly Rate, one Carroll County Bond may be in the denomination of, or include an additional \$75,000, and (ii) if the Trimble County Bonds bear interest at (A) the Flexible Rate, the Semi-Annual Rate, the Annual Rate or the Long Term Rate, one Trimble County Bond may be in the denomination of, or include an additional \$2,000, and (B) the Daily Rate or the Weekly Rate, one Trimble County Bond may be in the denomination of, or include an additional \$27,000.

Except as otherwise described below for Bonds held in DTC’s book-entry-only system, the principal or redemption price of the Bonds is payable at the designated corporate trust office in New York, New York, of the Trustee, as paying agent (the “Paying Agent”). Except as otherwise described below for Bonds held in DTC’s book-entry-only system, interest on the Bonds is payable by check mailed to the owner of record; provided that interest payable on each Bond will be payable in immediately available funds by wire transfer within the continental

United States or by deposit into a bank account maintained with the Paying Agent (i) if the Interest Rate Mode is the Auction Rate, the Daily Rate, the Weekly Rate or the Flexible Rate, or (ii) at the written request of any owner of record holding at least \$1,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Bonds, if the Interest Rate Mode is the Semi-Annual Rate, Annual Rate or Long Term Rate, received by the Trustee, as bond registrar (the "Bond Registrar"), at least one Business Day prior to any Record Date. Except as otherwise described below for Bonds held in DTC's book-entry-only system, if the Interest Rate Mode is the Flexible Rate, interest payable on each Bond will be paid only upon presentation and surrender of such Bond.

Bonds may be transferred or exchanged for an equal total amount of Bonds of other authorized denominations upon surrender of such Bonds at the principal office of the Bond Registrar, accompanied by a written instrument of transfer or authorization for exchange in form and with guaranty of signature satisfactory to the Bond Registrar, duly executed by the registered owner or the owner's duly authorized attorney. Except as provided in the Indenture, the Bond Registrar will not be required to register the transfer or exchange of any Bond (i) during the fifteen days before any mailing of a notice of redemption of Bonds, (ii) after such Bond has been called for redemption or (iii) for which a registered owner has submitted a demand for purchase (see "Purchases of Bonds on Demand of Owner" below), or which has been purchased (see "Payment of Purchase Price" below). Registration of transfers and exchanges will be made without charge to the registered owners of Bonds, except that the Bond Registrar may require any registered owner requesting registration of transfer or exchange to pay any required tax or governmental charge.

Tender Agent

While the Bonds bear interest at the Auction Rate, the Bonds will not be subject to purchase on demand of the owners. While the Bonds bear interest in another Interest Rate Mode, owners may tender their Bonds, and in certain circumstances will be required to tender their Bonds, to the Tender Agent for purchase at the times and in the manner described herein under "Mandatory Purchases of Bonds" and in Appendix E. So long as the Bonds are held in DTC's book-entry-only system, the Trustee will act as Tender Agent under the Indenture. Any successor Tender Agent appointed pursuant to the Indenture will also be a Paying Agent.

Remarketing Agent

Lehman Brothers Inc. will act as the Remarketing Agent with respect to the Bonds (the "Remarketing Agent"). The Remarketing Agent (i) may be removed by the Issuer at any time in the Issuer's sole discretion, (ii) will resign if so requested by the Company by an instrument filed with the Issuer, the Remarketing Agent, the Trustee and the Tender Agent, and (iii) may resign in accordance with the Remarketing Agreement upon sixty days' notice.

Broker-Dealer

Each Auction requires the participation of one or more Broker-Dealers. The Auction Agent will enter into a Broker-Dealer Agreement with Lehman Brothers Inc., as initial Broker-Dealer (the "Broker-Dealer"). The Auction Agent may, with the consent of the Company, enter into similar agreements with one or more additional Broker-Dealers which provide for the

participation of such Broker-Dealers in Auctions. In the Broker-Dealer Agreement, the Broker-Dealer agrees to handle customers' orders in accordance with its duties under applicable securities laws and rules.

Certain Considerations Affecting Auction Rate Securities

Role of Broker-Dealer. The Broker-Dealer has been appointed by the issuers or obligors of various auction rate securities to serve as a dealer in the auctions for those securities and is paid by the issuers for its services. The Broker-Dealer receives broker-dealer fees from such issuers at an agreed-upon annual rate that is applied to the principal amount of securities sold or successfully placed through the Broker-Dealer in such auctions.

The Broker-Dealer is designated in the Broker-Dealer Agreement as the Broker-Dealer to contact Existing Holders and Potential Holders and solicit Bids (as such terms are defined herein) for the Bonds. The Broker-Dealer will receive Broker-Dealer fees from the Company with respect to the Bonds sold or successfully placed through it in Auctions. The Broker-Dealer may share a portion of such fees with other dealers that submit Orders through it that are filled in the Auction.

Bidding by Broker-Dealer. The Broker-Dealer is permitted, but not obligated, to submit Orders in Auctions for its own account either as a Bidder (as defined herein) or a Seller (as defined herein) and routinely does so in the auction rate securities market in its sole discretion. If the Broker-Dealer submits an Order (as defined herein) for its own account, it would have an advantage over other Bidders because the Broker-Dealer would have knowledge of the other Orders placed through it in that Auction, and, thus, could determine the rate and size of its Order so as to increase the likelihood that (i) its Order will be accepted in the Auction and (ii) the Auction will clear at a particular rate. For this reason, and because the Broker-Dealer is appointed and paid by the Company to serve as a Broker-Dealer in the Auction, the Broker-Dealer's interests in serving as the Broker-Dealer in an Auction may differ from those of Existing Holders and Potential Holders who participate in Auctions. See "Role of Broker-Dealer." The Broker-Dealer would not have knowledge of Orders submitted to the Auction Agent by any other firm that is, or may in the future be, appointed to accept Orders pursuant to a Broker-Dealer Agreement.

Where the Broker-Dealer is the only Broker-Dealer appointed by the Company to serve as the Broker-Dealer in the Auction, it would be the only Broker-Dealer that submits Orders to the Auction Agent in that Auction. As a result, in such circumstances, the Broker-Dealer could discern the clearing rate before the Orders are submitted to the Auction Agent and set the clearing rate with its Order.

The Broker-Dealer may routinely place one or more Bids in an Auction for its own account to acquire the Bonds for its inventory, to prevent an "Auction Failure" (which occurs if there are insufficient clearing bids which would result in the Auction Rate being set at the Maximum Rate) or to prevent an Auction from clearing at a rate that the Broker-Dealer believes does not reflect the market for the Bonds. The Broker-Dealer may place such Bids even after obtaining knowledge of some or all of the other Orders submitted through it. When bidding in

an Auction for its own account, the Broker-Dealer also may bid inside or outside the range of rates that it posts in its Price Talk. See "Price Talk."

The Broker-Dealer routinely encourages bidding by others in auctions generally for which it serves as broker-dealer. The Broker-Dealer also may encourage bidding by others in Auctions, including to prevent an Auction Failure or to prevent an Auction from clearing at a rate that the Broker-Dealer believes does not reflect the market for the Bonds. The Broker-Dealer may encourage such Bids even after obtaining knowledge of some or all of the other Orders submitted through it.

Bids by the Broker-Dealer or by those it may encourage to place Bids are likely to affect (i) the Auction Rate — including preventing the Auction Rate from being set at the Maximum Rate or otherwise causing Bidders to receive a lower rate than they might have received had the Broker-Dealer not bid or not encouraged others to bid and (ii) the allocation of Bonds being auctioned — including displacing some Bidders who may have their Bids rejected or receive fewer Bonds than they would have received if the Broker-Dealer had not bid or encouraged others to bid. Because of these practices, the fact that an Auction clears successfully does not mean that an investment in the Bonds involves no significant liquidity or credit risk. The Broker-Dealer is not obligated to continue to place such bids or to continue to encourage other Bidders to do so in any particular Auction to prevent an Auction Failure or an Auction from clearing at a rate the Broker-Dealer believes does not reflect the market for the Bonds. Investors should not assume that the Broker-Dealer will place bids or encourage others to do so or that Auction Failures will not occur. Investors should also be aware that Bids by the Broker-Dealer or by those it may encourage to place Bids may cause lower Auction Rates to occur.

The statements herein regarding bidding by the Broker-Dealer apply only to the Broker-Dealer's auction desk and any other business units of the Broker-Dealer that are not separated from the auction desk by an information barrier designed to limit inappropriate dissemination of bidding information.

In any particular Auction, if all outstanding Bonds are the subject of Submitted Hold Orders, the Auction Rate for the next succeeding Auction Period will be the All Hold Rate (as defined herein) (such a situation is called an "All Hold Auction").

If the Broker-Dealer holds any Bonds for its own account on an Auction Date, it is the Broker-Dealer's practice to submit a Sell Order into the Auction with respect to such Bonds, which would prevent that Auction from being an All Hold Auction. The Broker-Dealer may, but is not obligated to, submit Bids for its own account in that same Auction, as set forth above.

"Price Talk." Before the start of an Auction, the Broker-Dealer may, in its discretion, make available to its customers who are Existing Holders and Potential Holders the Broker-Dealer's good faith judgment of the range of likely clearing rates for the Auction based on market and other information. This is known as "Price Talk." Price Talk is not a guaranty that the rate established through the Auction will be within the Price Talk, and Existing Holders and Potential Holders are free to use it or ignore it. The Broker-Dealer may occasionally update and change the Price Talk based on changes in credit quality or macroeconomic factors that are likely to result in a change in interest rate levels, such as an announcement by the Federal Reserve

Board of a change in the Federal Funds rate or an announcement by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of unemployment numbers. Potential Holders should confirm with the Broker-Dealer the manner by which the Broker-Dealer will communicate such Price Talk and any changes to the Price Talk.

“All-or-Nothing” Bids. The Broker-Dealer will not accept “all-or-nothing” Bids (i.e., Bids whereby the Bidder proposes to reject an allocation smaller than the entire quantity bid) or any other type of Bid that allows the Bidder to avoid auction procedures that require the pro rata allocation of Bonds where there are not sufficient Sell Orders to fill all bids at the clearing rate.

No Assurances Regarding Auction Outcomes. The Broker-Dealer provides no assurance as to the outcome of any Auction. The Broker-Dealer also does not provide any assurance that any Bid will be successful, in whole or in part, or that the Auction will clear at a rate that a Bidder considers acceptable. Bids may be only partially filled, or not filled at all, and the Auction Rate on any Bonds purchased or retained in the Auction may be lower than market rate for similar investments.

The Broker-Dealer will not agree before an Auction to buy Bonds from or sell Bonds to a customer after the Auction.

Deadlines. Each particular Auction has a formal deadline by which all Bids must be submitted by the Broker-Dealer to the Auction Agent. This deadline is called the “Submission Deadline.” To provide sufficient time to process and submit customer Bids to the Auction Agent before the Submission Deadline, the Broker-Dealer imposes an earlier deadline — called the “Broker-Dealer Deadline” — by which Bidders must submit Bids to the Broker-Dealer. The Broker-Dealer Deadline is subject to change by the Broker-Dealer. Potential Holders should consult with the Broker-Dealer as to its Broker-Dealer Deadline. The Broker-Dealer may allow for correction of clerical errors after the Broker-Dealer Deadline and prior to the Submission Deadline. The Broker-Dealer may submit Bids for its own account at any time until the Submission Deadline and may change Bids it has submitted for its own account at any time until the Submission Deadline. The Auction Procedures provide that until one hour after the Auction Agent completes the dissemination of the results of an Auction, new Orders can be submitted to the Auction Agent if such Orders were received by the Broker-Dealer or generated by the Broker-Dealer for its own account prior to the Submission Deadline and the failure to submit such Orders prior to the Submission Deadline was the result of force majeure, a technological failure or a clerical error. In addition until one hour after the Auction Agent completes the dissemination of the results of an Auction, the Broker-Dealer may modify or withdraw an Order submitted to the Auction Agent prior to the Submission Deadline if the Broker-Dealer determines that such Order contained a clerical error. In the event of such a submission, modification or withdrawal the Auction Agent will rerun the Auction, if necessary, taking into account such submission, modification or withdrawal.

Existing Holder’s Ability to Resell Auction Rate Securities May Be Limited. An Existing Holder may sell, transfer or dispose of a Bond (i) in an Auction, only pursuant to a Bid or Sell Order in accordance with the Auction Procedures, or (ii) outside an Auction, only to or through the Broker-Dealer.

Existing Holders will be able to sell all of the Bonds that are the subject of their submitted Sell Orders only if there are Bidders willing to purchase those Bonds in the Auction. If Sufficient Clearing Bids have not been made, Existing Holders that have submitted Sell Orders will not be able to sell in the Auction all, and may not be able to sell any, of the Bonds subject to such submitted Sell Orders. As discussed above (see "Bidding by Broker-Dealer"), the Broker-Dealer may submit a bid in an Auction to avoid an Auction Failure, but are not obligated to do so. There may not always be enough bidders to prevent an Auction Failure in the absence of the Broker-Dealer bidding in the Auction for its own account or encouraging others to bid. Therefore, Auction Failures are possible, especially if the Company's credit were to deteriorate, if a market disruption were to occur or if, for any reason, the Broker-Dealer were unable or unwilling to bid.

Between Auctions, there can be no assurance that a secondary market for the Bonds will develop or, if it does develop, that it will provide Existing Holders the ability to resell the Bonds on the terms or at the times desired by an Existing Holder. The Broker-Dealer may, in its own discretion, decide to buy or sell the Bonds in the secondary market for its own account from or to investors at any time and at any price, including at prices equivalent to, below, or above par for the Bonds. However, the Broker-Dealer is not obligated to make a market in the Bonds, and may discontinue trading in the Bonds without notice for any reason at any time. Existing Holders who resell between Auctions may receive an amount less than par, depending on market conditions.

If an Existing Holder purchased a Bond through a dealer which is not the Broker-Dealer for the Bonds, such Existing Holder's ability to sell its Bond may be affected by the continued ability of its dealer to transact trades for the Bonds through the Broker-Dealer.

The ability to resell the Bonds will depend on various factors affecting the market for the Bonds, including news relating to Company or the Bond Insurer, the attractiveness of alternative investments, investor demand for short term securities, the perceived risk of owning the Bonds (whether related to credit, liquidity or any other risk), the tax or accounting treatment accorded the Bonds (including U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as they apply to the accounting treatment of auction rate securities), reactions of market participants to regulatory actions (such as those described in "Securities and Exchange Commission Settlements," below) or press reports, financial reporting cycles and market conditions generally. Demand for the Bonds may change without warning, and declines in demand may be short-lived or continue for longer periods.

Resignation of the Auction Agent or the Broker-Dealer Could Impact the Ability to Hold Auctions. The Auction Agreement provides that the Auction Agent may resign from its duties as Auction Agent by giving at least 90 days' notice (30 days' notice if the Auction Agent has not received payment of its fees) to the Trustee, the Company, the Bond Insurer, the initial Broker-Dealer and the Issuer and does not require, as a condition to the effectiveness of such resignation, that a replacement Auction Agent be in place if its fees have not been paid. The Broker-Dealer Agreement provides that the Broker-Dealer thereunder may resign upon 5 days' notice (provided, however that if the Broker-Dealer is the initial Broker-Dealer, such initial Broker-Dealer may not resign or terminate the Broker-Dealer Agreement without first obtaining the prior written consent of the Company) and does not require, as a condition to the effectiveness of

such resignation, that a replacement Broker-Dealer be in place. For any Auction Period during which there is no duly appointed Auction Agent, or during which there is no duly appointed Broker-Dealer, it will not be possible to hold Auctions, with the result that the interest rate on the Bonds will be Maximum Rate.

Securities and Exchange Commission Settlements. On May 31, 2006, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) announced that it had settled its investigation of fifteen firms, including the Broker-Dealer, that participate in the auction rate securities market regarding their respective practices and procedures in this market. The SEC alleged in the settlement that the firms had managed auctions for auction rate securities in which they participated in ways that were not adequately disclosed or that did not conform to disclosed auction procedures. As part of the settlement, the Broker-Dealer agreed to pay a civil penalty. In addition, the Broker-Dealer, without admitting or denying the SEC’s allegations, agreed to provide to customers written descriptions of its material auction practices and procedures, and to implement procedures reasonably designed to detect and prevent any failures by the Broker-Dealer to conduct the auction process in accordance with disclosed procedures. No assurance can be offered as to how the settlement may affect the market for auction rate securities or the Bonds.

In addition, on January 9, 2007, the SEC announced that it had settled its investigation of three banks, including the Auction Agent, that participate as auction agents in the auction rate securities market, regarding their respective practices and procedures in this market. The SEC alleged in the settlement that the auction agents allowed broker-dealers in auctions to submit bids or revise bids after the submission deadlines and allowed broker-dealers to intervene in auctions in ways that affected the rates paid on the auction rate securities. As part of the settlement, the Auction Agent agreed to pay civil penalties. In addition, the Auction Agent, without admitting or denying the SEC’s allegations, agreed to provide to broker-dealers and issuers written descriptions of its material auction practices and procedures and to implement procedures reasonably designed to detect and prevent any failures by that Auction Agent to conduct the auction process in accordance with disclosed procedures. No assurance can be offered as to how the settlement may affect the market for auction rate securities or the Bonds.

Certain Definitions

As used herein, each of the following terms will have the meaning indicated. Certain capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined will have the meanings set forth in Appendix B.

“*Annual Rate Period*” means the period beginning on, and including, the Conversion Date to the Annual Rate and ending on, and including, the day next preceding the second Interest Payment Date thereafter, and each successive twelve-month period (or portion thereof) thereafter until the day preceding the earlier of the Conversion to a different Interest Rate Mode or the maturity of the Bonds.

“*Auction Rate*” shall have the meaning set forth in Appendix B.

“*Auction Rate Period*” shall have the meaning set forth in Appendix B.

“*Beneficial Owner*” means the person in whose name a Bond is recorded as such by the respective systems of DTC and each Participant (as defined herein) or the registered holder of such Bond if such Bond is not then registered in the name of Cede & Co.

“*Business Day*” means any day other than a Saturday or Sunday or legal holiday or a day on which banking institutions located in the City of New York, New York, or the New York Stock Exchange or banking institutions in the city in which the principal office of the Trustee, the Bond Registrar, the Tender Agent, the Paying Agent, the Auction Agent, the Company or the Remarketing Agent are located are authorized by law or executive order to close.

“*Conversion*” means any conversion from time to time in accordance with the terms of the Indenture of the Bonds from one Interest Rate Mode to another Interest Rate Mode.

“*Conversion Date*” means initially the date of original issuance of the Bonds, and thereafter means the date on which any Conversion becomes effective.

“*Daily Rate Period*” means the period beginning on, and including, the Conversion Date to the Daily Rate and ending on and including the day preceding the next Business Day and each period thereafter beginning on and including a Business Day and ending on and including the day preceding the next succeeding Business Day until the day preceding the earlier of the Conversion to a different Interest Rate Mode or the maturity of the Bonds.

“*Flexible Rate*” means the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds in which the interest rate for each Bond is determined with respect to such Bond during each Flexible Rate Period applicable to that Bond, as provided in the Indenture.

“*Flexible Rate Period*” means with respect to any Bond, each period (which may be from one day to 270 days, or such lower maximum number of days as is then permitted under the Indenture) determined for such Bond, as provided in the Indenture.

“*Interest Payment Date*” means (i) if the Interest Rate Mode is the Daily Rate or the Weekly Rate, the first Business Day of each calendar month, (ii) if the Interest Rate Mode is the Flexible Rate, for each Bond the last day of each Flexible Rate Period for such Bond (or if such day is not a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day), (iii) if the Interest Rate Mode is the Semi-Annual Rate, the Annual Rate or the Long Term Rate, June 1 and December 1, and, in the case of the Long Term Rate, also the Conversion Date or the effective date of a change to a new Long Term Rate Period; (iv) if the Interest Rate Mode is the Auction Rate (a) for any Auction Period other than a daily Auction Period or a Flexible Auction Period, the Business Day immediately following such Auction Period, (b) for a daily Auction Period, the first Business Day of the month immediately succeeding such Auction Period, and (c) for a Flexible Auction Period of (i) seven or more but fewer than 183 days, the Business Day immediately following such Flexible Auction Period, or (ii) 183 or more days, each semiannual date on which interest on the Bonds would be payable if such Bonds bore interest at a fixed rate of interest and on the Business Day immediately following such Flexible Auction Period; and (v) with respect to any Bond, the Conversion Date (including the date of a failed Conversion) or the effective date of a change to a new Long Term Rate Period for such Bond. In any case, the final Interest Payment Date will be the maturity date of the Bonds.

“*Interest Period*” means for all Bonds (or for any Bond if the Interest Rate Mode is the Flexible Rate) the period from and including each Interest Payment Date to and including the day immediately preceding the next Interest Payment Date, provided, however that the first Interest Period for the Bonds will begin on (and include) the date of issuance of the Bonds and the final Interest Period will end on January 31, 2026 with respect to the Carroll County Bonds and February 28, 2037 with respect to the Trimble County Bonds.

“*Interest Rate Mode*” means the Auction Rate, the Flexible Rate, the Daily Rate, the Weekly Rate, the Semi-Annual Rate, the Annual Rate and the Long Term Rate.

“*Long Term Rate Period*” means any period established by the Company as hereinafter set forth under “Appendix E — Summary of Certain Provisions of the Bonds while Bearing Interest at a Flexible Rate, a Variable Rate or a Long Term Rate – Determination of Interest Rates for Interest Rate Modes — Long Term Rates and Long Term Rate Periods” and beginning on, and including, the Conversion Date to the Long Term Rate and ending on, and including, the day preceding the last Interest Payment Date for such period and, thereafter, each successive period of the same duration as the Long Term Rate Period previously established until the day preceding the earliest of the change to a different Long Term Rate Period, the Conversion to a different Interest Rate Mode or the maturity of the Bonds.

“*Maximum Rate*” means the lesser of (i) the maximum interest rate permitted by applicable law or (ii) 15%.

“*Prevailing Market Conditions*” means, without limitation, the following factors: existing short-term or long-term market rates for securities, the interest on which is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes; indexes of such short-term or long-term rates and the existing market supply and demand for securities bearing such short-term or long-term rates; existing yield curves for short-term or long-term securities for obligations of credit quality comparable to the Bonds, the interest on which is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes; general economic conditions; industry economic and financial conditions that may affect or be relevant to the Bonds; and such other facts, circumstances and conditions as the Remarketing Agent, in its sole discretion, determine to be relevant.

“*Purchase Date*” means any date on which Bonds are to be purchased on the demand of the registered owners thereof or are subject to mandatory purchase as described in the Indenture.

“*Semi-Annual Rate Period*” means any period beginning on, and including, the Conversion Date to the Semi-Annual Rate, and ending on, and including, the day preceding the first Interest Payment Date thereafter and each successive six-month period thereafter beginning on and including an Interest Payment Date and ending on and including the day next preceding the next Interest Payment Date until the day preceding the earlier of the Conversion to a different Interest Rate Mode or the maturity of the Bonds.

“*Weekly Rate Period*” means the period beginning on, and including, the Conversion Date to the Weekly Rate, and ending on, and including, the next Wednesday, and thereafter the period beginning on, and including, any Thursday and ending on, and including, the earliest of

the next Wednesday, the day preceding the Conversion to a different Interest Rate Mode or the maturity of the Bonds.

Summary of Certain Provisions of the Bonds

The Bonds initially will bear interest at an Auction Rate accruing from the Issue Date, at a rate established by the Underwriter on or prior to the Issue Date. Thereafter, the Auction Rate for each Auction Period (as defined in Appendix B hereto) will equal the interest rate determined pursuant to the Auction Procedures set forth in Appendix B; provided that such interest rate will not exceed the Maximum Rate. The Bonds will bear interest at the applicable Auction Rate until they are converted to a Variable Rate, Flexible Rate or Long Term Rate. Following the Initial Period (as defined herein), the Bonds will be in a seven-day Auction Period. During any Auction Period, the Bonds may be converted among flexible, daily, seven-day, 28-day, 35-day, three month or six month periods.

During any Auction Period, the Bonds will bear interest at the Auction Rate determined pursuant to the Auction Procedures. The Auction Rate for any initial Auction Period immediately after either any conversion to an Auction Period or a mandatory purchase of Bonds pursuant to the Indenture will be the rate of interest per annum determined and certified to the Trustee (with a copy to the Bond Registrar, Paying Agent and the Company) by the initial Broker-Dealer on a date not later than the effective date of such conversion or the date of such mandatory purchase, as the case may be, as the minimum rate of interest which, in the opinion of the initial Broker-Dealer, would be necessary as of the date of such conversion or the date of such mandatory purchase, as the case may be, to market Bonds in a secondary market transaction at a price equal to the principal amount thereof; provided that such interest rate will not exceed the Maximum Rate.

If the Auction Agent fails to calculate or, for any reason, fails to provide the Auction Rate on the Auction Date, for any Auction Period (i) if the preceding Auction Period was a period of 35 days or less, (A) a new Auction Period shall be established for the same length of time as the preceding Auction Period, if the failure to make such calculation was because there was not at the time a duly appointed and acting Auction Agent or Broker-Dealer, and the Auction Period Rate for the new Auction Period shall be 80% of the Index if the Index is ascertainable on such date (by the Auction Agent, if there is at the time an Auction Agent, or the Trustee, if at the time there is no Auction Agent) or, (B) if the failure to make such calculation was for any other reason or if the Index is not ascertainable on such date, the prior Auction Period shall be extended to the seventh day following the day that would have been the last day of the preceding Auction Period (or if such seventh day is not followed by a Business Day then to the next succeeding day that is followed by a Business Day) and the Auction Period Rate for the period as so extended shall be the same as the Auction Period Rate for the Auction Period prior to the extension, and (ii) if the preceding Auction Period was a period of greater than 35 days, (A) a new Auction Period shall be established for a period that ends on the seventh day following the day that was the last day of the preceding Auction Period, (or if such seventh day is not followed by a Business Day then to the next succeeding day which is followed by a Business Day) if the failure to make such calculation was because there was not at the time a duly appointed and acting Auction Agent or Broker-Dealer, and the Auction Period Rate for the new Auction Period shall be 100% of the Index if the Index is ascertainable on such date (by the Auction Agent, if

there is at the time an Auction Agent, or the Trustee, if at the time there is no Auction Agent) or, (B) if the failure to make such calculation was for any other reason or if the Index is not ascertainable on such date, the prior Auction Period shall be extended to the seventh day following the day that would have been the last day of the preceding Auction Period (or if such seventh day is not followed by a Business Day then to the next succeeding day that is followed by a Business Day) and the Auction Period Rate for the period as so extended shall be the same as the Auction Period Rate for the Auction Period prior to the extension. If a new Auction Period is established as set forth in clause (ii) (A) above, an Auction shall be held on the last Business Day of the new Auction Period to determine an Auction Rate for an Auction Period beginning on the Business Day immediately following the last day of the new Auction Period and ending on the date on which the Auction Period otherwise would have ended had there been no new Auction Period or Auction Periods subsequent to the last Auction Period for which a Winning Bid Rate had been determined. If an Auction Period is extended as set forth in clause (i) (B) or (ii) (B) above, an Auction shall be held on the last Business Day of the Auction Period as so extended to determine an Auction Rate for an Auction Period beginning on the Business Day immediately following the last day of the extended Auction Period and ending on the date on which the Auction Period otherwise would have ended had there been no extension of the prior Auction Period.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, neither new nor extended Auction Periods shall total more than 35 days in the aggregate. If at the end of the 35 days the Auction Agent fails to calculate or provide the Auction Rate, or there is not at the time a duly appointed and acting Auction Agent or Broker-Dealer, the Auction Period Rate shall be the Maximum Rate.

If there is a failed conversion from an Auction Period to any other period or if there is a failure to change the length of the current Auction Period due to the lack of Sufficient Clearing Bids at the Auction on the Auction Date for the first new Auction Period, the Auction Period Rate for the next Auction Period shall be the Maximum Rate and the Auction Period shall be a seven-day Auction Period.

An Auction to determine the interest rate for the next succeeding Auction Period will be held on each Auction Date. The procedure for submitting orders prior to the Submission Deadline (as defined in Appendix B) on each Auction Date is described in Appendix B, as are the particulars regarding the determination of the Auction Rate and the allocation of the Bonds.

The Company, may, from time to time on the Interest Payment Date immediately following the end of any Auction Period, change the length of the Auction Period with respect to all of the Bonds of a Series among daily, seven-days, 28-days, 35-days, three months, six months or a Flexible Auction Period in order to accommodate economic and financial factors that may affect or be relevant to the length of the Auction Period and the interest rate borne by such Bonds. The Company shall initiate the change in the length of the Auction Period by giving written notice to the Issuer, the Trustee, the Auction Agent, the Broker-Dealers and DTC that the Auction Period shall change if the conditions described herein are satisfied and the proposed effective date of the change, at least 10 Business Days prior to the Auction Date for such Auction Period.

Any such changed Auction Period shall be for a period of one day, seven-days, 28-days, 35-days, three months, six months or a Flexible Auction Period and shall be for all of the Bonds of such Series.

The change in length of the Auction Period shall take effect only if Sufficient Clearing Bids exist at the Auction on the Auction Date for such new Auction Period. For purposes of the Auction for such new Auction Period only, except to the extent any Existing Holder submits an Order with respect to such Bonds of any Series, each Existing Holder shall be deemed to have submitted Sell Orders with respect to all of its Bonds of such Series if the change is to a longer Auction Period and a Hold Order if the change is to a shorter Auction Period. If there are not Sufficient Clearing Bids for the first Auction Period, the Auction Rate for the new Auction Period shall be the Maximum Rate, and the Auction Period shall be a seven-day Auction Period.

The Auction Agent, at the direction of the Company, may specify an earlier or later Auction Date (but in no event more than five Business Days earlier or later) than the Auction Date that would otherwise be determined in accordance with the definition of "Auction Date" in order to conform with then current market practice with respect to similar securities or to accommodate economic and financial factors that may affect or be relevant to the day of the week constituting an Auction Date and the interest rate borne by the Bonds. The Auction Agent shall provide notice of the Company's direction to specify an earlier Auction Date for an Auction Period by means of a written notice delivered at least 45 days prior to the proposed changed Auction Date to the Trustee, the Issuer, the Company and the Broker-Dealers with a copy to DTC. In the event the Auction Agent is instructed to specify an earlier Auction Date, the days of the week on which an Auction Period begins and ends, the day of the week on which a Flexible Auction Period ends and the Interest Payment Date relating to a Flexible Auction Period shall be adjusted accordingly.

If, in the opinion of the Auction Agent and the Broker-Dealers, there is insufficient notice of an unscheduled holiday to allow the efficient implementation of the Auction Procedures set forth herein, the Auction Agent and the Broker-Dealers may, as they deem appropriate, set a different Auction Date and adjust any Interest Payment Dates and Auction Periods affected by such unscheduled holiday.

For a more detailed discussion of the Bonds and the Auction Procedures to be used to determine the Auction Rate, see Appendix B to this Official Statement.

Conversion of Interest Rate Modes

Method of Conversion. The Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is subject to Conversion from time to time, in whole but not in part, on the dates specified below under "Limitations on Conversion," at the option of the Company, upon notice from the Bond Registrar to the registered owners of the Bonds, as described below. With any notice of Conversion, the Company must also deliver to the Bond Registrar and the Bond Insurer an opinion of Bond Counsel stating that such Conversion is authorized or permitted by the Act and is authorized by the Indenture and will not adversely affect the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes, other than a Conversion from the Daily Rate Period to the Weekly Rate Period or from the Weekly Rate Period to the Daily Rate Period.

Limitations on Conversion. Any Conversion of the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds must be in compliance with the following conditions: (i) the Conversion Date must be a date on which the Bonds are subject to optional redemption (see “Redemptions — Optional Redemption” below); provided that any Conversion from the Daily Rate Period to a Weekly Rate Period or from the Weekly Rate Period to the Daily Rate Period must be on a Thursday and, if the Conversion is to or from an Auction Rate Period, the Conversion Date must be the last Interest Payment Date in respect of that Auction Rate Period; (ii) if the proposed Conversion Date would not be an Interest Payment Date but for the Conversion, the Conversion Date must be a Business Day; (iii) if the Conversion is from the Flexible Rate, (a) the Conversion Date may be no earlier than the latest Interest Payment Date established prior to the giving of notice to the Remarketing Agent of such proposed Conversion and (b) no further Interest Payment Date may be established while the Interest Rate Mode is then the Flexible Rate if such Interest Payment Date would occur after the effective date of that Conversion; and (iv) after a determination is made requiring mandatory redemption of all Bonds pursuant to the Indenture (see “Redemptions” below), no change in the Interest Rate Mode may be made prior to such mandatory redemption. Before the Company may convert the Interest Rate Mode for Bonds from the Auction Rate to any other Interest Rate Mode, the Company must first obtain the written consent of the Bond Insurer to that Conversion and, unless such conversion is to a Long-Term Rate Period fixed to maturity, the Bond Insurer may require that the Company obtain a liquidity facility.

Notice to Owners of Conversion of Interest Rate Mode. The Bond Registrar will notify each registered owner of the Conversion by first class mail at least 15 days (30 days in the case of Conversion from or to the Semi-Annual Rate, the Annual Rate or a Long Term Rate) but not more than 45 days before each Conversion Date. The notice will state those matters required to be set forth therein under the Indenture.

Cancellation of Conversion of Interest Rate Mode. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Conversion will occur if (A) the Remarketing Agent has not determined the initial interest rate for the new Interest Rate Mode in accordance with the terms of the Indenture, (B) the Bonds that are to be purchased are not remarketed or sold by the Remarketing Agent, or (C) the Bond Registrar receives written notice from Bond Counsel prior to the opening of business on the effective date of Conversion to the effect that the opinion of such Bond Counsel required under the Indenture has been rescinded. If such Conversion fails to occur, such Bonds in the Auction Rate will remain in such Interest Rate Mode and Bonds in any other Interest Rate Mode will automatically be converted to the Weekly Rate (with the first period adjusted in length so that the last day of such period will be a Wednesday) at the rate determined by the Remarketing Agent on the failed Conversion Date; provided, that there must be delivered to the Issuer, the Trustee, the Bond Registrar, the Tender Agent, the Company, the Bond Insurer and the Remarketing Agent, an opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that determining the interest rate to be borne by the Bonds at a Weekly Rate is authorized or permitted by the Act and is authorized under the Indenture and will not adversely affect the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes. If such opinion is not delivered on the failed Conversion Date, the Bonds will bear interest for a Rate Period of the same type and of substantially the same length as the Rate Period in effect prior to the failed Conversion Date at a rate of interest determined by the Remarketing Agent on the failed Conversion Date (or if shorter, the Rate Period ending on the date before the maturity date); provided that if the Bonds then bear interest at the Long Term Rate, and if such opinion is not delivered on the date which would have been

the effective date of a new Long Term Rate Period, the Bonds will bear interest at the Annual Rate, commencing on such date, at an Annual Rate determined by the Remarketing Agent on such date. If the proposed Conversion of Bonds fails as described herein, any mandatory purchase of such Bonds will remain effective.

Purchases of Bonds on Demand of Owner

As initially issued, the Bonds will bear interest at the Auction Rate and as a result will not be subject to purchase on demand of the owners thereof. When the Interest Rate Mode is other than the Auction Rate, the Bonds are subject to purchase on the demand of the owners thereof as described in Appendix E.

Mandatory Purchases of Bonds

Mandatory Purchase on All Conversion Dates or Change by the Company in Long Term Rate Period. The Bonds will be subject to mandatory purchase at a purchase price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus, if the Interest Rate Mode is the Long Term Rate, the redemption premium, if any, which would be payable as described under “Redemptions — Optional Redemption” below, if the Bonds were redeemed on the Purchase Date (A) on each Conversion Date and (B) on the effective date of any change by the Company of the Long Term Rate Period. Such tender and purchase will be required even if the change in Long Term Rate Period or the Conversion is canceled pursuant to the Indenture. For a description of provisions applicable to Interest Rate Modes other than the Auction Rate, see Appendix E.

Notice to Owners of Mandatory Purchases. Notice to owners of a mandatory purchase of Bonds on a Conversion Date or upon a change in Long Term Rate Period will be given by the Bond Registrar, together with the notice of such Conversion or change of Long Term Rate Period, as applicable, by first class mail at least 15 days (30 days in the case of Conversion from or to the Auction Rate, the Semi-Annual Rate, the Annual Rate or the Long Term Rate or in the case of a change in the Long Term Rate Period) but not more than 45 days before each Conversion Date or each effective date of a change in the Long Term Rate Period. The notice of mandatory purchase will state those matters required to be set forth therein under the Indenture.

Remarketing and Purchase of Bonds

The Indenture provides that, subject to the terms of a Remarketing Agreement with the Company, the Remarketing Agent will use its commercially reasonable best efforts to offer for sale Bonds purchased upon demand of the owners thereof and, unless otherwise instructed by the Company, upon mandatory purchase, provided that Bonds will not be remarketed upon the occurrence and continuance of certain Events of Default under the Indenture, except in the sole discretion of the Remarketing Agent. Each such sale will be at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus interest accrued to the date of sale. The Remarketing Agent, the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Bond Registrar or the Tender Agent each may purchase any Bonds offered for sale for its own account.

The purchase price of Bonds tendered for purchase will be paid by the Tender Agent from moneys derived from the remarketing of such Bonds by the Remarketing Agent and, if such remarketing proceeds are insufficient, from moneys made available by the Company. The

Company is obligated to purchase any Bonds tendered for purchase to the extent such Bonds have not been remarketed. Any such purchases by the Company will not result in the extinguishment of the purchased Bonds. The Company currently maintains lines of credit or other liquidity facilities in amounts determined by it to be sufficient to meet its current needs and expects to continue to maintain such lines of credit or other liquidity facilities from time to time to the extent determined by it to be necessary to meet its then-current needs. The Trustee, any Paying Agent, the Tender Agent and the owners of the Bonds have no right to draw under any line of credit or other liquidity facility maintained by the Company. There is no provision in the Indenture or the Loan Agreement requiring the Company to maintain such financing arrangements which may be discontinued at any time without notice. The Bond Insurance Policy is not intended to provide a direct source of liquidity to pay the purchase price of Bonds tendered for purchase pursuant to the Indenture.

Any deficiency in purchase price payments resulting from the Remarketing Agent's failure to deliver remarketing proceeds of all Bonds with respect to which the Remarketing Agent notified the Tender Agent were remarketed will not result in an Event of Default under the Indenture until the opening of business on the next succeeding Business Day unless the Company fails to provide sufficient funds to pay such purchase price by the opening of business on such next succeeding Business Day. If sufficient funds are not available for the purchase of all tendered Bonds, no purchase of Bonds will be consummated, but failure to consummate such purchase will not be deemed to be an Event of Default under the Indenture if sufficient funds have been provided in a timely manner by the Company to the Tender Agent for such purpose.

Payment of Purchase Price

When a book-entry-only system is not in effect, payment of the purchase price of any Bond will be payable (and delivery of a replacement Bond in exchange for the portion of any Bond not purchased if such Bond is purchased in part will be made) on the Purchase Date upon delivery of such Bond to the Tender Agent on such Purchase Date; provided that such Bond must be delivered to the Tender Agent: (i) at or prior to 12:00 noon (New York City time), in the case of Bonds delivered for purchase during a Weekly Rate Period or Flexible Rate Period, (ii) at or prior to 1:00 p.m. (New York City time), in the case of Bonds delivered for purchase during a Daily Rate Period or (iii) at or prior to 11:00 a.m. (New York City time), in the case of Bonds delivered for purchase during a Semi-Annual Rate Period, Annual Rate Period or Long Term Rate Period. If the date of such purchase is not a Business Day, the purchase price will be payable on the next succeeding Business Day.

Any Bond delivered for payment of the purchase price must be accompanied by an instrument of transfer thereof in form satisfactory to the Tender Agent executed in blank by the registered owner thereof and with all signatures guaranteed. The Tender Agent may refuse to accept delivery of any Bond for which an instrument of transfer satisfactory to it has not been provided and has no obligation to pay the purchase price of such Bond until a satisfactory instrument is delivered.

If the registered owner of any Bond (or portion thereof) that is subject to purchase pursuant to the Indenture fails to deliver such Bond with an appropriate instrument of transfer to the Tender Agent for purchase on the Purchase Date, and if the Tender Agent is in receipt of the

purchase price therefor, such Bond (or portion thereof) nevertheless will be deemed purchased on the Purchase Date thereof. Any owner who so fails to deliver such Bond for purchase on (or before) the Purchase Date will have no further rights thereunder, except the right to receive the purchase price thereof from those moneys deposited with the Tender Agent in the Purchase Fund pursuant to the Indenture upon presentation and surrender of such Bond to the Tender Agent properly endorsed for transfer in blank with all signatures guaranteed.

When a book-entry-only system is in effect, the requirement for physical delivery of the Bonds will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on the records of DTC to the participant account of the Tender Agent.

Redemptions

Optional Redemption.

(i) Whenever the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Auction Rate, the Bonds will be subject to redemption at the option of the Issuer, upon the written direction of the Company, in whole or in part, on the Business Day immediately succeeding any Auction Date (as defined in Appendix B attached hereto), at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof, together with accrued interest to the redemption date.

(ii) Whenever the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Daily Rate or the Weekly Rate, the Bonds will be subject to redemption at the option of the Issuer, upon the written direction of the Company, in whole or in part, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus interest accrued, if any, to the redemption date, on any Business Day.

(iii) Whenever the Interest Rate Mode for a Bond is the Flexible Rate, such Bond will be subject to redemption at the option of the Issuer, upon the written direction of the Company, in whole or in part, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof on any Interest Payment Date for that Bond.

(iv) Whenever the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Semi-Annual Rate, the Bonds will be subject to redemption at the option of the Issuer, upon the written direction of the Company, in whole or in part, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof on any Interest Payment Date for each Semi-Annual Rate Period.

(v) Whenever the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Annual Rate, the Bonds will be subject to redemption at the option of the Issuer, upon the written direction of the Company, in whole or in part, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof on the final Interest Payment Date for each Annual Rate Period.

(vi) Whenever the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Long Term Rate, the Bonds will be subject to redemption at the option of the Issuer, upon the written direction of the Company, in whole or in part, (A) on the final Interest Payment Date for the then current Long Term Rate Period at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof and (B) prior to the end of the then current Long Term Rate Period at any time during the redemption periods and at the redemption prices set forth below, plus in each case interest accrued, if any, to the redemption date:

Original Length of Current Long Term Rate Period (Years)	Commencement of Redemption Period	Redemption Price as Percentage of Principal
More than or equal to 10 years	First Interest Payment Date on or after the tenth anniversary of commencement of Long Term Rate Period	100%
Less than 10 years	Non-callable	Non-callable

Subject to certain conditions, including provision of an opinion of Bond Counsel that a change in the redemption provisions of the Bonds will not adversely affect the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes, the redemption periods and redemption prices may be revised, effective as of the Conversion Date, the date of a change in the Long Term Rate Period or a Purchase Date on the final Interest Payment Date during a Long Term Rate Period, to reflect Prevailing Market Conditions on such date as determined by the Remarketing Agent in its judgment. Any such revision of the redemption periods and redemption prices will not be considered an amendment or a supplement to the Indenture and will not require the consent of any Bondholder or any other person or entity.

Extraordinary Optional Redemption in Whole. The Bonds may be redeemed by the Issuer in whole at any time at 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the redemption date upon the exercise by the Company of an option under the Loan Agreement to prepay the loan if any of the following events shall have occurred within 180 days preceding the giving of written notice by the Company to the Trustee of such election:

- (i) if in the judgment of the Company, unreasonable burdens or excessive liabilities have been imposed upon the Company after the issuance of the Bonds with respect to the Project or the operation thereof, including without limitation federal, state or other ad valorem property, income or other taxes not imposed on the date of the Loan Agreement, other than ad valorem taxes levied upon privately owned property used for the same general purpose as the Project;
- (ii) if the Project or a portion thereof or other property of the Company in connection with which the Project is used has been damaged or destroyed to such an extent so as, in the judgment of the Company, to render the Project or such other property of the Company in connection with which the Project is used unsatisfactory to the Company for its intended use, and such condition continues for a period of six months;
- (iii) there has occurred condemnation of all or substantially all of the Project or the taking by eminent domain of such use or control of the Project or other property of the Company in connection with which the Project is used so as, in the judgment of the Company, to render the Project or such other property of the Company unsatisfactory to the Company for its intended use;

(iv) in the event changes, which the Company cannot reasonably control, in the economic availability of materials, supplies, labor, equipment or other properties or things necessary for the efficient operation of the Generating Station have occurred, which, in the judgment of the Company, render the continued operation of such Generating Station or any generating unit at such station uneconomical; or changes in circumstances after the issuance of the Bonds, including but not limited to changes in solid waste abatement, control and disposal requirements, have occurred such that the Company determines that use of the Project is no longer required or desirable;

(v) the Loan Agreement has become void or unenforceable or impossible of performance by reason of any changes in the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Kentucky or the Constitution of the United States of America or by reason of legislative or administrative action (whether state or federal) or any final decree, judgment or order of any court or administrative body, whether state or federal; or

(vi) a final order or decree of any court or administrative body after the issuance of the Bonds requires the Company to cease a substantial part of its operation at the Generating Station to such extent that the Company will be prevented from carrying on its normal operations at such Generating Station for a period of six months.

Extraordinary Optional Redemption in Whole or in Part. The Bonds are also subject to redemption in whole or in part at 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the redemption date at the option of the Company in an amount not to exceed the net proceeds received from insurance or any condemnation award received by the Issuer or the Company in the event of damage, destruction or condemnation of all or a portion of the Project, subject to receipt of an opinion of Bond Counsel that such redemption will not adversely affect the exclusion of interest on any of the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes. See “Summary of the Loan Agreement — Maintenance; Damage, Destruction and Condemnation.” Such redemption may occur at any time, provided that if such event occurs while the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Flexible Rate or Semi-Annual Rate, such redemption must occur on a date on which the Bonds are otherwise subject to optional redemption as described above.

Mandatory Redemption; Determination of Taxability. The Bonds are required to be redeemed by the Issuer, in whole, or in such part as described below, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, without redemption premium, plus accrued interest, if any, to the redemption date, within 180 days following a “Determination of Taxability.” As used herein, a “Determination of Taxability” means the receipt by the Trustee of written notice from a current or former registered owner of a Bond or from the Company or the Issuer of (i) the issuance of a published or private ruling or a technical advice memorandum by the Internal Revenue Service in which the Company participated or has been given the opportunity to participate, and which ruling or memorandum the Company, in its discretion, does not contest or from which no further right of administrative or judicial review or appeal exists, or (ii) a final determination from which no further right of appeal exists of any court of competent jurisdiction in the United States in a proceeding in which the Company has participated or has been a party, or has been given the opportunity to participate or be a party, in each case, to the effect that as a result of a failure by the Company to perform or observe any covenant or agreement or the

inaccuracy of any representation contained in the Loan Agreement or any other agreement or certificate delivered in connection with the Bonds, the interest on the Bonds is included in the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes, other than with respect to a person who is a “substantial user” or a “related person” of a substantial user within the meaning of the Section 147 of Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”); provided, however, that no such Determination of Taxability shall be considered to exist as a result of the Trustee receiving notice from a current or former registered owner of a Bond or from the Issuer unless (i) the Issuer or the registered owner or former registered owner of the Bond involved in such proceeding or action (A) gives the Company and the Trustee prompt notice of the commencement thereof, and (B) (if the Company agrees to pay all expenses in connection therewith) offers the Company the opportunity to control unconditionally the defense thereof, and (ii) either (A) the Company does not agree within 30 days of receipt of such offer to pay such expenses and liabilities and to control such defense, or (B) the Company shall exhaust or choose not to exhaust all available proceedings for the contest, review, appeal or rehearing of such decree, judgment or action which the Company determines to be appropriate. No Determination of Taxability described above will result from the inclusion of interest on any Bond in the computation of minimum or indirect taxes. All of the Bonds are required to be redeemed upon a Determination of Taxability as described above unless, in the opinion of Bond Counsel, redemption of a portion of such Bonds would have the result that interest payable on the remaining Bonds outstanding after the redemption would not be so included in any such gross income.

In the event any of the Issuer, the Company or the Trustee has been put on notice or becomes aware of the existence or pendency of any inquiry, audit or other proceedings relating to the Bonds being conducted by the Internal Revenue Service, the party so put on notice is required to give immediate written notice to the other parties of such matters. Promptly upon learning of the occurrence of a Determination of Taxability (whether or not the same is being contested), or any of the events described above, the Company is required to give notice thereof to the Trustee and the Issuer.

If the Internal Revenue Service or a court of competent jurisdiction determines that the interest paid or to be paid on any Bond (except to a “substantial user” of the Project or a “related person” within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code) is or was includable in the gross income of the recipient for federal income tax purposes for reasons other than as a result of a failure by the Company to perform or observe any of its covenants, agreements or representations in the Loan Agreement or any other agreement or certificate delivered in connection therewith, the Bonds are not subject to redemption. In such circumstances, Bondholders would continue to hold their Bonds, receiving principal and interest at the applicable rate as and when due, but would be required to include such interest payments in gross income for federal income tax purposes. Also, if the lien of the Indenture is discharged or defeased prior to the occurrence of a final Determination of Taxability, Bonds will not be redeemed as described herein.

General Redemption Terms. Notice of redemption will be given by mailing a redemption notice conforming to the provisions and requirements of the Indenture by first class mail to the registered owners of the Bonds to be redeemed not less than 30 days (15 days if the Interest Rate

Mode for the Bonds is the Auction Rate, Flexible Rate, Daily Rate or Weekly Rate) but not more than 45 days prior to the redemption date.

Any notice mailed as provided in the Indenture will be conclusively presumed to have been given, irrespective of whether the owner receives the notice. Failure to give any such notice by mailing or any defect therein in respect of any Bond will not affect the validity of any proceedings for the redemption of any other Bond. No further interest will accrue on the principal of any Bond called for redemption after the redemption date if funds sufficient for such redemption have been deposited with the Paying Agent as of the redemption date. If the provisions for discharging the Indenture set forth below under the caption, "Summary of the Indenture – Discharge of Indenture" have not been complied with, any redemption notice will state that it is conditional on there being sufficient moneys to pay the full redemption price for the Bonds to be redeemed. So long as the Bonds are held in book-entry-only form, all redemption notices will be sent only to Cede & Co.

Book-Entry-Only System

Portions of the following information concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry-only system have been obtained from DTC. The Issuer, the Company and the Underwriter make no representation as to the accuracy of such information.

Initially, DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds and the Bonds initially will be issued solely in book-entry-only form to be held under DTC's book-entry-only system, registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee). One fully registered bond in the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 2.2 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 100 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of Direct Participants of DTC and Members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation (NSCC, FICC, and EMCC, also subsidiaries of DTCC), as well as by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant,

either directly or indirectly (“Indirect Participants” and, together with “Direct Participants,” “Participants”). DTC has Standard & Poor’s highest rating: AAA. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the SEC. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com and www.dtc.org.

Purchases of the Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC’s records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond (“Beneficial Owner”) is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants’ records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct or Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC’s partnership nominee, Cede & Co. or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC’s records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC’s practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor such other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC’s Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.’s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co. or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC’s practice is to credit Direct Participants’ accounts, upon DTC’s receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Issuer or the Trustee on the payable date in accordance with their

respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC nor its nominee, the Trustee, the Company or the Issuer, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Issuer or the Trustee, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Bonds purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to the Tender Agent, and shall effect delivery of such Bonds by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Bonds, on DTC's records, to the Tender Agent. The requirement for physical delivery of Bonds in connection with a demand for purchase or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records and followed by a book-entry credit of tendered Bonds to the Tender Agent's DTC account.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Issuer, the Company, the Tender Agent and the Trustee, or the Issuer, at the request of the Company, may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository for the Bonds). Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered as described in the Indenture (see "Summary of the Bonds — Book-Entry-Only System — Revision of Book-Entry-Only System; Replacement Bonds" below). The Beneficial Owner, upon registration of certificates held in the Beneficial Owner's name, will become the registered owner of the Bonds.

So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds, as nominee of DTC, references herein to the registered owners of the Bonds will mean Cede & Co. and will not mean the Beneficial Owners. Under the Indenture, payments made by the Trustee to DTC or its nominee will satisfy the Issuer's obligations under the Indenture and the Company's obligations under the Loan Agreement, to the extent of the payments so made. Beneficial Owners will not be, and will not be considered by the Issuer or the Trustee to be, and will not have any rights as, owners of Bonds under the Indenture.

The Trustee and the Issuer, so long as a book-entry-only system is used for the Bonds, will send any notice of redemption or of proposed document amendments requiring consent of registered owners and any other notices required by the document (including notices of Conversion and mandatory purchase) to be sent to registered owners only to DTC (or any successor securities depository) or its nominee. Any failure of DTC to advise any Direct Participant, or of any Direct Participant or Indirect Participant to notify the Beneficial Owner, of any such notice and its content or effect will not affect the validity of the redemption of the Bonds called for redemption, the document amendment, the Conversion, the mandatory purchase or any other action premised on that notice.

The Issuer, the Company, the Trustee and the Underwriter cannot and do not give any assurances that DTC will distribute payments on the Bonds made to DTC or its nominee as the registered owner or any redemption or other notices, to the Participants, or that the Participants or others will distribute such payments or notices to the Beneficial Owners, or that they will do so on a timely basis, or that DTC will serve and act in the manner described in this Official Statement.

THE ISSUER, THE COMPANY, THE UNDERWRITER AND THE TRUSTEE WILL HAVE NO RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT, INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OR ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER OR ANY OTHER PERSON NOT SHOWN ON THE REGISTRATION BOOKS OF THE TRUSTEE AS BEING A REGISTERED OWNER WITH RESPECT TO: (1) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT; (2) THE PAYMENT OF ANY AMOUNT DUE BY DTC TO ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR BY ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER IN RESPECT OF THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OR REDEMPTION OR PURCHASE PRICE OF OR INTEREST ON THE BONDS; (3) THE DELIVERY OF ANY NOTICE BY DTC TO ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR BY ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WHICH IS REQUIRED OR PERMITTED TO BE GIVEN TO REGISTERED OWNERS UNDER THE TERMS OF THE INDENTURE; (4) THE SELECTION OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS TO RECEIVE PAYMENT IN THE EVENT OF ANY PARTIAL REDEMPTION OF THE BONDS; OR (5) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY DTC AS REGISTERED OWNER.

Revision of Book-Entry-Only System; Replacement Bonds. In the event that DTC determines not to continue as securities depository or is removed by the Issuer, at the direction of the Company, as securities depository, the Issuer, at the direction of the Company, may appoint a successor securities depository reasonably acceptable to the Trustee. If the Issuer does not or is unable to appoint a successor securities depository, the Issuer will issue and the Trustee will authenticate and deliver fully registered Bonds, in authorized denominations, to the assignees of DTC or their nominees.

In the event that the book-entry-only system is discontinued, the following provisions will apply. The Bonds may be issued in denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples thereof, if the Interest Rate Mode is the Auction Rate; in denominations of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof, if the Interest Rate Mode is the Semi-Annual Rate, the Annual Rate or the Long Term Rate; in denominations of \$100,000 and integral multiples of \$5,000 in excess thereof, if the Interest Rate Mode is the Flexible Rate; and in denominations of \$100,000 and integral multiples thereof, if the Interest Rate Mode is the Daily Rate or the Weekly Rate; provided, that, (i) if the Carroll County Bonds bear interest at the Daily Rate or the Weekly Rate, one Carroll County Bond may be in the denomination of, or include an additional \$75,000, and (ii) if the Trimble County Bonds bear interest at (A) the Flexible Rate, the Semi-Annual Rate, the Annual Rate or the Long Term Rate, one Trimble County Bond may be in the denomination of, or include an additional \$2,000, and (B) the Daily Rate or the Weekly Rate, one Trimble County Bond may be in the denomination of, or include an additional \$27,000. Bonds may be transferred or exchanged for an equal total amount of Bonds of other authorized denominations upon surrender

of such Bonds at the principal office of the Bond Registrar, accompanied by a written instrument of transfer or authorization for exchange in form and with guaranty of signature satisfactory to the Bond Registrar, duly executed by the registered owner or the owner's duly authorized attorney. Except as provided in the Indenture, the Bond Registrar will not be required to register the transfer or exchange of any Bond during the fifteen days before any mailing of a notice of redemption, after such Bond has been called for redemption in whole or in part, or after such Bond has been tendered or deemed tendered for optional or mandatory purchase as described under "Purchases of Bonds on Demand of Owner" and "Mandatory Purchases of Bonds." Registration of transfers and exchanges will be made without charge to the owners of Bonds, except that the Bond Registrar may require any owner requesting registration of transfer or exchange to pay any required tax or governmental charge.

Security; Limitation on Liens

Payment of the principal of and interest and any premium on the Bonds will be secured by an assignment by the Issuer to the Trustee of the Issuer's interest in and to the Loan Agreement and all payments to be made pursuant thereto (other than certain indemnification and expense payments). Pursuant to the Loan Agreement, the Company will agree to pay, among other things, amounts sufficient to pay the aggregate principal amount of and premium, if any, on the Bonds, together with interest thereon as and when the same become due. The Company further will agree to make payments of the purchase price of the Bonds tendered for purchase to the extent that funds are not otherwise available therefor under the provisions of the Indenture.

As of the date hereof, all of the Company's outstanding long-term debt obligations are unsecured general obligations of the Company, ranking on a parity with the Company's obligations under the Loan Agreement to make payments on the Bonds.

In the Loan Agreement, the Company will covenant that it will not issue, assume or guarantee any debt for borrowed money secured by any mortgage, security interest, pledge, or lien ("mortgage") on any of the Company's operating property (as defined below), whether the Company owns it at the date hereof or acquires it later, unless the Company similarly secures its obligations under the Loan Agreement to make payments to the Trustee in sufficient amounts to pay the principal of, premium, if any, and interest required to be paid on the Bonds. This restriction will not apply to:

- mortgages on any property existing at the time the Company acquires the property or at the time the Company acquires the corporation owning the property;
- purchase money mortgages;
- specified governmental mortgages; or
- any extension, renewal or replacement (or successive extensions, renewals or replacements) of any mortgage referred to in the three clauses listed above, so long as the principal amount of indebtedness secured under this clause and not otherwise authorized by the clauses listed above, does not exceed the principal amount of indebtedness secured at the time of the extension, renewal or replacement.

In addition, the Company can also issue secured debt so long as the amount of the secured debt does not exceed the greater of 10% of net tangible assets or 10% of capitalization.

The Company will not, so long as any of the Bonds are outstanding, issue, assume, guarantee or permit to exist any debt of the Company secured by a mortgage, the creditor of which controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Company.

For purposes of this limitation on liens, “operating property” means (i) any interest in real property owned by the Company, and (ii) any asset owned by the Company that is depreciable in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The Bond Insurance Policy and the Bond Insurer

The information relating to Ambac Assurance contained herein has been furnished solely by Ambac Assurance. No representation is made by the Underwriter, the Remarketing Agent, the Issuer or the Company as to the accuracy or adequacy of such information or as to the absence of material adverse changes in the condition of Ambac Assurance subsequent to the date hereof. The following discussion does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Bond Insurance Policy, a specimen of the form of which is attached hereto as Appendix D.

Payment Pursuant to Bond Insurance Policy

Ambac Assurance has made a commitment to issue the Bond Insurance Policy relating to the Bonds effective as of the date of issuance of the Bonds. Under the terms of the Bond Insurance Policy, Ambac Assurance will pay to The Bank of New York, in New York, New York, or any successor thereto (the “Insurance Trustee”), that portion of the principal of and interest on the Bonds that shall become “Due for Payment” but shall be unpaid by reason of “Nonpayment” by the “Obligor” (as such terms are defined in the Bond Insurance Policy). Ambac Assurance will make such payments to the Insurance Trustee on the later of the date on which such principal and/or interest becomes “Due for Payment” or within one Business Day following the date on which Ambac Assurance shall have received notice of Nonpayment from the Trustee. The insurance will extend for the term of the Bonds and, once issued, cannot be cancelled by Ambac Assurance.

The Bond Insurance Policy will insure payment only on the stated maturity date or upon special mandatory redemption on a determination of taxability, in the case of principal, and on stated dates for payment, in the case of interest. If the Bonds become subject to other redemption and insufficient funds are available for redemption of all outstanding Bonds, Ambac Assurance will remain obligated to pay principal of and interest on outstanding Bonds on the originally scheduled interest and principal payment dates. In the event of any acceleration of the principal of the Bonds, the insured payments will be made at such times and in such amounts as would have been made had there not been an acceleration, except to the extent that Ambac Assurance elects, in its sole discretion, to pay all or a portion of the accelerated principal and interest accrued thereon to the date of acceleration (to the extent unpaid by the Obligor). Upon payment of all such accelerated principal and interest accrued to the acceleration date, Ambac Assurance’s obligations under the Bond Insurance Policy shall be fully discharged.

In the event the Trustee has notice that any payment of principal of or interest on a Bond that has become Due for Payment and that is made to a Bondholder by or on behalf of the Issuer has been deemed a preferential transfer and theretofore recovered from its registered owner pursuant to the United States Bankruptcy Code in accordance with a final, non-appealable order of a court of competent jurisdiction, such registered owner will be entitled to payment from Ambac Assurance to the extent of such recovery if sufficient funds are not otherwise available.

The Bond Insurance Policy does **not** insure any risk other than Nonpayment. Specifically, the Bond Insurance Policy does **not** cover:

- (a) payment on acceleration, as a result of a call for redemption (other than a special mandatory redemption upon the occurrence of a determination of taxability as provided in the Bond Insurance Policy) or as a result of any other advancement of maturity;
- (b) payment of any redemption, prepayment or acceleration premium;
- (c) nonpayment of principal or interest caused by the insolvency or negligence of the Trustee, Paying Agent or Bond Registrar, if any;
- (d) loss relating to payments of the purchase price of Bonds upon tender by a registered owner thereof or any preferential transfer relating to payments of the purchase price of Bonds upon tender by a registered owner thereof; or
- (e) loss relating to payments made in connection with the sale of Bonds in connection with the sale of Bonds at Auctions or losses suffered as a result of a Bondholder's inability to sell Bonds.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, under the Bond Insurance Policy, the definition of "Due for Payment" is expanded to include date or dates of mandatory redemption of the Bonds, in whole or in part, pursuant to a final determination of taxability as described herein under "Summary of the Bonds — Redemptions – Mandatory Redemption; Determination of Taxability."

If it becomes necessary to call upon the Bond Insurance Policy, payment of any principal by the Bond Insurer requires surrender of applicable Bonds to the Insurance Trustee, together with an appropriate instrument of assignment so as to permit ownership of such Bonds to be registered in the name of Ambac Assurance to the extent of the payment under the Bond Insurance Policy. Payment of interest pursuant to the Bond Insurance Policy requires proof of Bondholder entitlement to interest payments and an appropriate assignment of the Bondholder's right to payment to Ambac Assurance.

Upon payment of the insurance benefits to a Bondholder, Ambac Assurance will become the owner of the Bond or right to payment of principal or interest on such Bond and will be fully subrogated to the surrendering Bondholder's rights to payment.

Insurance Agreement with Company

Ambac Assurance has agreed to issue the Bond Insurance Policy pursuant to the Insurance Agreement. Under the Insurance Agreement, the Company is obligated to reimburse Ambac Assurance, immediately and unconditionally upon demand, for all payments made by Ambac Assurance under the terms of the Insurance Policy. The Company is also obligated to deliver certain collateral to the Trustee for the benefit of the bondholders and comply with certain financial and other covenants specified therein. The Insurance Agreement includes certain events of default, including the failure of the Company to pay amounts owed thereunder to Ambac Assurance, any breach by the Company of representations, warranties and covenants set forth therein and certain events of bankruptcy. If any such event of default should occur and be continuing, Ambac Assurance may, among other things, notify the Trustee of such an event of default which would result in an “Event of Default” under the Indenture. See “Summary of the Indenture — Defaults and Remedies.”

Ambac Assurance Corporation

Ambac Assurance is a Wisconsin-domiciled stock insurance corporation regulated by the Office of the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of Wisconsin and is licensed to do business in 50 states, the District of Columbia, the Territory of Guam, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands, with admitted assets of approximately \$10,194,000,000 (unaudited) and statutory capital of approximately \$6,557,000,000 (unaudited) as of March 31, 2007. Statutory capital consists of Ambac Assurance’s policyholders’ surplus and statutory contingency reserve. Standard & Poor’s Ratings Services, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., Moody’s Investors Service, Inc. (“Moody’s”) and Fitch Ratings have each assigned a triple-A financial strength rating to Ambac Assurance.

Ambac Assurance has obtained a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service to the effect that the insuring of an obligation by Ambac Assurance will not affect the treatment for federal income tax purposes of interest on such obligation and that insurance proceeds representing maturing interest paid by Ambac Assurance under policy provisions substantially identical to those contained in its financial guaranty insurance policy shall be treated for federal income tax purposes in the same manner as if such payments were made by the Issuer of the Bonds.

Ambac Assurance makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds and makes no representation regarding, nor has it participated in the preparation of, this Official Statement other than the information supplied by Ambac Assurance and presented under the heading “The Bond Insurance Policy and the Bond Insurer” and in Appendix D.

Available Information

The parent company of Ambac Assurance, Ambac Financial Group, Inc. (“AFG”), is subject to the informational requirements of the Exchange Act, and in accordance therewith files reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. These reports, proxy statements and other information can be read and copied at the SEC’s public reference room at 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further

information on the public reference room. The SEC maintains an internet site at <http://www.sec.gov> that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding companies that file electronically with the SEC, including AFG. These reports, proxy statements and other information can also be read at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc. (the "NYSE"), 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005.

Copies of Ambac Assurance's financial statements prepared in accordance with statutory accounting standards are available from Ambac Assurance. The address of Ambac Assurance's administrative offices is One State Street Plaza, 19th Floor, New York, New York 10004 and its telephone number is (212) 668-0340.

Incorporation of Certain Documents by Reference

The following documents filed by AFG with the SEC (File No. 1-10777) are incorporated by reference in this Official Statement.

- 1) AFG's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 and filed on March 1, 2007;
- 2) AFG's Current Report on Form 8-K dated and filed on April 25, 2007; and
- 3) AFG's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarterly period ended March 31, 2007 and filed on May 10, 2007.

All documents subsequently filed by AFG pursuant to the requirements of the Exchange Act after the date of this Official Statement will be available for inspection in the same manner as described above in "Available Information."

Summary of the Loan Agreement

The following, in addition to the provisions contained elsewhere in this Official Statement, is a brief description of certain provisions of the Loan Agreement. This description is only a summary and does not purport to be complete and definitive. Reference is made to the Loan Agreement for the detailed provisions thereof.

General

The term of the Loan Agreement shall commence as of its date and end on the earliest to occur of (i) February 1, 2026 with respect to the Carroll County Bonds and (ii) March 1, 2037 with respect to the Trimble County Bonds, or the date on which all of the Bonds shall have been fully paid or provision has been made for such payment pursuant to the Indenture. See "Summary of the Indenture — Discharge of Indenture."

The Company has agreed to repay the loan pursuant to the Loan Agreement by making timely payments to the Trustee in sufficient amounts to pay the principal of, premium, if any, and interest required to be paid on the Bonds on each date upon which any such payments are due. The Company has also agreed to pay (a) the agreed upon fees and expenses of the Trustee, the Bond Registrar, the Tender Agent and the Paying Agent and all other amounts which may be payable to the Trustee, the Bond Registrar, the Paying Agent, the Auction Agent and the Tender

Agent, as may be applicable, under the Indenture, (b) the expenses in connection with any redemption of the Bonds and (c) the reasonable expenses of the Issuer.

The Company covenants and agrees with the Issuer that it will cause the purchase of tendered Bonds that are not remarketed in accordance with the Indenture and, to that end, the Company shall cause funds to be made available to the Tender Agent at the times and in the manner required to effect such purchases in accordance with the Indenture (see “Summary of the Bonds — Remarketing and Purchase of Bonds”).

All payments to be made by the Company to the Issuer pursuant to the Loan Agreement (except the fees and reasonable out-of-pocket expenses of the Issuer, the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Bond Registrar, the Tender Agent and the Auction Agent, and amounts related to indemnification) have been assigned by the Issuer to the Trustee, and the Company will pay such amounts directly to the Trustee. The obligations of the Company to make the payments pursuant to the Loan Agreement are absolute and unconditional.

Construction of the Project

The Company has commenced construction and fabrication of the Project. For more information regarding the Project, see “The Projects.” Payments or reimbursement to the Company for the costs of construction of the Project will be made from moneys in the Construction Fund (as hereinafter defined) upon requisition by the Company in accordance with the Loan Agreement.

Maintenance of Tax Exemption

The Company and the Issuer have agreed not to take any action that would result in the interest paid on the Bonds being included in gross income of any Bondholder (other than a holder who is a “substantial user” of the Project or a “related person” within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code) for federal income tax purposes or that adversely affects the validity of the Bonds.

Limitation on Liens

The Company has agreed that, so long as any of the Bonds are outstanding, it will not create, assume or guarantee debt for borrowed money secured by any mortgage, except as described above under “Security; Limitation on Liens.”

Payment of Taxes

The Company has agreed to pay certain taxes and other governmental charges that may be lawfully assessed, levied or charged against or with respect to the Project (see, however, subparagraph (i) under “Summary of the Bonds — Redemptions — *Extraordinary Optional Redemption in Whole*”). The Company may contest such taxes or other governmental charges unless the security provided by the Indenture would be materially endangered.

Maintenance; Damage, Destruction and Condemnation

So long as any Bonds are outstanding, the Company will maintain the Project or cause the Project to be maintained in good working condition and will make or cause to be made all proper repairs, replacements and renewals necessary to continue to constitute the Project as solid waste disposal facilities under Section 142(a)(6) of the Code and the Act. However, the Company will have no obligation to maintain, repair, replace or renew any portion of the Project, the maintenance, repair, replacement or renewal of which becomes uneconomical to the Company because of certain events, including damage or destruction by a cause not within the Company's control, condemnation of the Project, change in government standards and regulations, economic or other obsolescence or termination of operation of generating facilities to the Project.

The Company, at its own expense, may remodel the Project or make substitutions, modifications and improvements to the Project as it deems desirable, which remodeling, substitutions, modifications and improvements shall be deemed, under the terms of the Loan Agreement to be a part of the Project. The Company may not, however, change or alter the basic nature of the Project or cause it to lose its status under Section 142(a)(6) of the Code and the Act.

If, prior to the payment of all Bonds outstanding, the Project or any portion thereof is destroyed, damaged or taken by the exercise of the power of eminent domain and the Issuer or the Company receives net proceeds from insurance or a condemnation award in connection therewith, the Company shall (i) cause such net proceeds to be used to repair or restore the Project or (ii) take any other action, including the redemption of the Bonds in whole or in part at their principal amount, which, by the opinion of Bond Counsel, will not adversely affect the exclusion of the interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes. See "Summary of the Bonds — Redemptions — Extraordinary Optional Redemption in Whole or in Part."

Insurance

The Company will insure the Project in a manner consistent with general industry practice.

Assignment, Merger and Release of Obligations of the Company

The Company may assign the Loan Agreement, pursuant to an opinion of Bond Counsel that such assignment will not adversely affect the exclusion of the interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes, without obtaining the consent of either the Issuer or the Trustee. Such assignment, however, shall not relieve the Company from primary liability for any of its obligations under the Loan Agreement and performance and observance of the other covenants and agreements to be performed by the Company. The Company may dispose of all or substantially all of its assets or consolidate with or merge into another corporation, provided the acquirer of the Company's assets or the corporation with which it shall consolidate with or merge into shall be a corporation or other business organization organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America or one of the states of the United States of America or the District of Columbia, shall be qualified and admitted to do business in the

Commonwealth of Kentucky, shall assume in writing all of the obligations and covenants of the Company under the Loan Agreement and shall deliver a copy of such assumption to the Issuer and Trustee.

Release and Indemnification Covenant

The Company will indemnify and hold the Issuer harmless against any expense or liability incurred, including attorneys' fees, resulting from any loss or damage to property or any injury to or death of any person occurring on or about or resulting from any defect in the Project or from any action commenced in connection with the financing thereof.

Events of Default

Each of the following events constitutes an "Event of Default" under the Loan Agreement:

(1) failure by the Company to pay the amounts required for payment of the principal of, including purchase price for tendered Bonds and redemption and acceleration prices, and interest accrued, on the Bonds, at the times specified therein taking into account any periods of grace provided in the Indenture and the Bonds for the applicable payment of interest on the Bonds (see "Summary of the Indenture — Defaults and Remedies");

(2) failure by the Company to observe and perform any covenant, condition or agreement, other than as referred to in paragraph (1) above, for a period of thirty days after written notice by the Issuer or Trustee, provided, however, that if such failure is capable of being corrected, but cannot be corrected in such 30-day period, it will not constitute an Event of Default under the Loan Agreement if corrective action with respect thereto is instituted within such period and is being diligently pursued;

(3) certain events of bankruptcy, dissolution, liquidation, reorganization or insolvency of the Company; or

(4) the occurrence of an Event of Default under the Indenture.

Under the Loan Agreement, certain of the Company's obligations (other than the Company's obligations, among others, (i) not to permit any action which would result in interest paid on the Bonds being included in gross income for federal and Kentucky income taxes; (ii) to maintain its corporate existence and good standing, and to neither dispose of all or substantially all of its assets or consolidate with or merge into another corporation unless certain provisions of the Loan Agreement are satisfied; and (iii) to make loan payments and certain other payments under the provisions of the Loan Agreement) may be suspended if by reason of force majeure (as defined in the Loan Agreement) the Company is unable to carry out such obligations.

Remedies

Upon the happening of an Event of Default under the Loan Agreement, the Trustee, on behalf of the Issuer, may, among other things, take whatever action at law or in equity may

appear necessary or desirable to collect the amounts then due and thereafter to become due, or to enforce performance and observance of any obligation, agreement or covenant of the Company, under the Loan Agreement.

Any amounts collected upon the happening of any such Event of Default shall be applied in accordance with the Indenture or, if the Bonds have been fully paid (or provision for payment thereof has been made in accordance with the Indenture) and all other liabilities of the Company accrued under the Indenture and the Loan Agreement have been paid or satisfied, made available to the Company.

Options to Prepay, Obligation to Prepay

The Company may prepay the loan pursuant to the Loan Agreement, in whole or in part, on certain dates, at the prepayment prices as shown under the captions “Summary of the Bonds — Redemptions — *Optional Redemption*,” “*Extraordinary Optional Redemption in Whole*” and “*Extraordinary Optional Redemption in Whole or in Part*.” Upon the occurrence of the event described under the caption “Summary of the Bonds — Redemptions — *Mandatory Redemption; Determination of Taxability*,” the Company shall be obligated to prepay the loan in an aggregate amount sufficient to redeem the required principal amount of the Bonds.

In each instance, the loan prepayment price shall be a sum sufficient, together with other funds deposited with the Trustee and available for such purpose, to redeem the requisite amount of the Bonds at a price equal to the applicable redemption price plus accrued interest to the redemption date, and to pay all reasonable and necessary fees and expenses of the Trustee, the Paying Agent and all other liabilities of the Company under the Loan Agreement accrued to the redemption date.

Amendments and Modifications

No amendment or modification of the Loan Agreement is permissible without the written consent of the Trustee. The Issuer and the Trustee may, however, without the consent of or notice to any Bondholders, enter into any amendment or modification of the Loan Agreement (i) which may be required by the provisions of the Loan Agreement or the Indenture, (ii) for the purpose of curing any ambiguity or formal defect or omission, (iii) with the consent of the Bond Insurer, in connection with any modification or change necessary to conform the Loan Agreement with changes and modifications in the Indenture that require the consent of the Bond Insurer or (iv) in connection with any other change which, in the judgment of the Trustee, does not adversely affect the Trustee or the Bondholders. Except for such amendments, and subject to the provisions of the Indenture described under the caption “Summary of the Indenture — Rights of Bond Insurer,” the Loan Agreement may be amended or modified only with the consent of the Bondholders holding a majority in principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding (see “Summary of the Indenture — Supplemental Indentures” for an explanation of the procedures necessary for Bondholder consent); provided, however, that the approval of the Bondholders holding 100% in principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding is necessary to effectuate an amendment or modification with respect to the Loan Agreement of the type described in clauses (i) through (iv) of the first sentence of the second paragraph of “Summary of the Indenture —

Supplemental Indentures.” Any amendment of the Loan Agreement requiring the consent of the Bondholders also requires the consent of the Bond Insurer.

Summary of the Indenture

The following, in addition to the provisions contained elsewhere in this Official Statement, is a brief description of certain provisions of the Indenture. This description is only a summary and does not purport to be complete and definitive. Reference is made to the Indenture for the detailed provisions thereof.

Security

Pursuant to the Indenture, the Issuer will assign and pledge to the Trustee its interest in and to the Loan Agreement, including payments and other amounts due the Issuer thereunder, together with all moneys, property and securities from time to time held by the Trustee under the Indenture (with certain exceptions, including moneys held in or earnings on the Rebate Fund and the Purchase Fund). The Bonds will not be directly secured by the Project.

No Pecuniary Liability of the Issuer

No provision, covenant or agreement contained in the Indenture or in the Loan Agreement, nor any breach thereof, shall constitute or give rise to any pecuniary liability of the Issuer or any charge upon any of its assets or its general credit or taxing powers. The Issuer has not obligated itself by making the covenants, agreements or provisions contained in the Indenture or in the Loan Agreement, except with respect to the Project and the application of the amounts assigned to payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds.

The Bond Fund

The payments to be made by the Company pursuant to the Loan Agreement to the Issuer and certain other amounts specified in the Indenture will be deposited into a Bond Fund established pursuant to the Indenture (the “Bond Fund”) and will be maintained in trust by the Trustee. Moneys in the Bond Fund will be used solely and only for the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds, for the redemption of Bonds prior to maturity and for the payment of the reasonable fees and expenses to which the Trustee, Bond Registrar, Tender Agent, Authentication Agent, any Paying Agents and the Issuer are entitled pursuant to the Indenture or the Loan Agreement. Any moneys held in the Bond Fund will be invested by the Trustee at the specific written direction of the Company in certain Governmental Obligations, investment-grade corporate obligations and other investments permitted under the Indenture.

The Construction Fund

The net proceeds of the Bonds will be deposited in a Construction Fund (the “Construction Fund”) established under the Indenture. Moneys in the Construction Fund will be expended in accordance with the Loan Agreement to pay the costs of construction of the Project or to reimburse the Company for any amount of the costs of construction of the Project paid or incurred by the Company.

The Rebate Fund

A Rebate Fund has been created by the Indenture (the “Rebate Fund”) and will be maintained as a separate fund free and clear of the lien of the Indenture. The Issuer, the Trustee and the Company have agreed to comply with all rebate requirements of the Code and, in particular, the Company has agreed that if necessary, it will deposit in the Rebate Fund any such amount as is required under the Code. However, the Issuer, the Trustee and the Company may disregard the Rebate Fund provisions to the extent that they shall receive an opinion of Bond Counsel that such failure to comply will not adversely affect the exclusion of the interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

Discharge of Indenture

When all the Bonds and all fees and charges accrued and to accrue of the Trustee and the Paying Agent have been paid or provided for, and when proper notice has been given to the Bondholders or the Trustee that the proper amounts have been so paid or provided for, and if the Issuer is not in default in any other respect under the Indenture, the Indenture shall become null and void. The Bonds shall be deemed to have been paid and discharged when there shall have been irrevocably deposited with the Trustee moneys sufficient to pay the principal, premium, if any, and accrued interest on such Bonds to the due date (whether such date be by reason of maturity or upon redemption) or, in lieu thereof, Governmental Obligations shall have been deposited which mature in such amounts and at such times as will provide the funds necessary to so pay such Bonds, and when all reasonable and necessary fees and expenses of the Trustee, the Authenticating Agent, the Bond Registrar and the Paying Agent have been paid or provided for.

Defaults and Remedies

As long as the Bond Insurance Policy is in full force and effect with respect to the Bonds and the Bond Insurer is not in default thereunder, upon the occurrence and continuance of an Event of Default, and subject to certain indemnification provisions, the Bond Insurer shall be entitled to control and direct the enforcement of all rights and remedies granted to the registered owners or the Trustee for the benefit of the registered owners under the Indenture including, without limitation, the right to accelerate the principal of the Bonds and the right to annul any declaration of acceleration, and the Bond Insurer shall also be entitled to approve waivers of Events of Default. (See “Rights of Bond Insurer” below.)

Each of the following events constitutes an “Event of Default” under the Indenture:

(a) Failure to make payment of any installment of interest on any Bond, (i) if such Bond bears interest at other than the Long Term Rate, within a period of one Business Day from the due date and (ii) if such Bond bears interest at the Long Term Rate, within a period of five Business Days from the date due;

(b) Failure to make punctual payment of the principal of, or premium, if any, on any Bond on the due date, whether at the stated maturity thereof, or upon proceedings for redemption, or upon the maturity thereof by declaration or if payment of the purchase price of any Bond required to be purchased pursuant to the Indenture is not made when such payment has become due and payable, provided that no Event of Default shall have

occurred in respect of failure to receive such purchase price for any Bond if the Company shall have made the payment on the next Business Day as described in the last paragraph under “Summary of the Bonds — Remarketing and Purchase of Bonds” above;

(c) Failure of the Issuer to perform or observe any other of the covenants, agreements or conditions in the Indenture or in the Bonds which failure continues for a period of 30 days after written notice by the Trustee, provided, however, that if such failure is capable of being cured, but cannot be cured in such 30-day period, it will not constitute an Event of Default under the Indenture if corrective action in respect of such failure is instituted within such 30-day period and is being diligently pursued;

(d) The occurrence of an “Event of Default” under the Loan Agreement (see “Summary of the Loan Agreement — Events of Default”); or

(e) Written notice from the Bond Insurer to the Trustee that an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing under the Insurance Agreement.

Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default under the Indenture, the Trustee may, subject to the provisions of the Indenture described under “Rights of Bond Insurer” below, and upon the written request of the registered owners holding not less than 25% in aggregate principal amount of Bonds then outstanding and upon receipt of indemnity reasonably satisfactory to it shall: (i) declare the principal of all Bonds and interest accrued thereon to be immediately due and payable and (ii) declare all payments under the Loan Agreement to be immediately due and payable and enforce each and every other right granted to the Issuer under the Loan Agreement for the benefit of the Bondholders. In exercising such rights, the Trustee shall take any action that, in the judgment of the Trustee, would best serve the interests of the registered owners. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default under the Indenture, the Trustee may also proceed to pursue any available remedy by suit at law or in equity to enforce the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds then outstanding.

In the event that the maturity of the Bonds is accelerated, the Bond Insurer may elect, in its sole discretion, to pay all or a portion of the accelerated principal and interest accrued on such principal to the date of acceleration (to the extent unpaid by the Issuer or the Company) with respect to the Bonds, and the Trustee shall accept such amounts. Upon payment of all of such accelerated principal and interest accrued to the acceleration date as provided above, the Bond Insurer’s obligations under the Bond Insurance Policy shall be fully discharged.

If the Trustee recovers any moneys following an Event of Default, unless the principal of the Bonds shall have been declared due and payable, all such moneys shall be applied in the following order: (i) to the payment of the fees, expenses, liabilities and advances incurred or made by the Trustee and the Paying Agent and the payment of any sums due and payable to the United States pursuant to Section 148(f) of the Code, (ii) to the payment of all interest then due on the Bonds, and (iii) to the payment of unpaid principal and premium, if any, of the Bonds. If the principal of the Bonds has become due or has been accelerated, such moneys shall be applied in the following order: (i) to the payment of the fees, expenses, liabilities and advances incurred or made by the Trustee and the Paying Agent and (ii) to the payment of principal of and interest then due and unpaid on the Bonds.

No Bondholder may institute any suit or proceeding in equity or at law for the enforcement of the Indenture unless an Event of Default has occurred of which the Trustee has been notified or is deemed to have notice, and registered owners holding not less than 25% in aggregate principal amount of Bonds then outstanding shall have made written request to the Trustee to proceed to exercise the powers granted under the Indenture or to institute such action in their own name and the Trustee shall fail or refuse to exercise its powers within a reasonable time after receipt of indemnity satisfactory to it.

Any judgment against the Issuer pursuant to the exercise of rights under the Indenture shall be enforceable only against specific assigned payments, funds and accounts under the Indenture in the hands of the Trustee. No deficiency judgment shall be authorized against the general credit of the Issuer.

Subject to the provisions of the Indenture summarized under "Rights of Bond Insurer" below, no default under paragraph (c) above shall constitute an Event of Default until actual notice is given to the Issuer and the Company by the Trustee or the Bond Insurer or to the Issuer, the Company and the Trustee by the registered owners holding not less than 25% in aggregate principal amount of all Bonds outstanding and the Issuer and the Company shall have had thirty days after such notice to correct the default and failed to do so. If the default is such that it cannot be corrected within the applicable period but is capable of being cured, it will not constitute an Event of Default if corrective action is instituted by the Issuer or the Company within the applicable period and diligently pursued until the default is corrected.

Following the occurrence of an Event of Default under the Indenture, the Bond Insurer will have the right to direct an accounting at the Company's expense, and the Company's failure to comply with such direction within thirty (30) days after receipt of written notice of the direction from the Bond Insurer will be deemed a default under the Indenture; provided, however, that if compliance cannot occur within such period, then such period will be extended so long as compliance is begun within such period and diligently pursued, but only if such extension would not materially adversely affect the interests of the Bondholders.

Waiver of Events of Default

As long as the Bond Insurance Policy is in full force and effect with respect to the Bonds and the Bond Insurer is not in default thereunder, upon the occurrence and continuance of an Event of Default, and subject to certain indemnification provisions, the Bond Insurer shall be entitled to control and direct the right to annul any declaration of acceleration, and the Bond Insurer shall also be entitled to approve all waivers of Events of Default. (See "Rights of Bond Insurer" below.)

Except as provided below, the Trustee may in its discretion waive any Event of Default under the Indenture and shall do so upon the written request of the registered owners holding a majority in principal amount of all Bonds then outstanding. If, after the principal of all Bonds then outstanding shall have been declared to be due and payable and prior to any judgment or decree for the appointment of a receiver or for the payment of the moneys due shall have been obtained or entered, (i) the Company shall cause to be deposited with the Trustee a sum sufficient to pay all matured installments of interest upon all Bonds and the principal of and

premium, if any, on any and all Bonds which shall have become due otherwise than by reason of such declaration (with interest thereon as provided in the Indenture) and the expenses of the Trustee in connection with such default and (ii) all Events of Default under the Indenture (other than nonpayment of the principal of Bonds due by said declaration) shall have been remedied, then such Event of Default shall be deemed waived and such declaration and its consequences rescinded and annulled by the Trustee. Such waiver, rescission and annulment shall be binding upon all Bondholders. No such waiver, rescission and annulment shall extend to or affect any subsequent Event of Default or impair any right or remedy consequent thereon.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in the Indenture shall affect the right of a registered owner to enforce the payment of principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds after the maturity thereof.

Supplemental Indentures

The Issuer and the Trustee may enter into indentures supplemental to the Indenture without the consent of or notice to, the Bondholders in order (i) to cure any ambiguity or formal defect or omission in the Indenture, (ii) to grant to or confer upon the Trustee, as may lawfully be granted, additional rights, remedies, powers or authorities for the benefit of the Bondholders, (iii) to subject to the Indenture additional revenues, properties or collateral, (iv) to permit qualification of the Indenture under any federal statute or state blue sky law, (v) to add additional covenants and agreements of the Issuer for the protection of the Bondholders or to surrender or limit any rights, powers or authorities reserved to or conferred upon the Issuer, (vi) with the consent of the Bond Insurer, to make any other modification or change to the Indenture which, in the sole judgment of the Trustee, does not adversely affect the Trustee or any Bondholder, (vii) with the consent of the Bond Insurer, to make other amendments not otherwise permitted by (i), (ii), (iii), (iv) or (vi) of this paragraph to provisions relating to federal income tax matters under the Code or other relevant provisions if, in the opinion of Bond Counsel, those amendments would not adversely affect the exclusion of the interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes, (viii) with the consent of the Bond Insurer, to make any modification or change to the Indenture necessary to provide liquidity or credit support for the Bonds, or (ix) to permit the issuance of the Bonds in other than book-entry-only form or to provide changes to or for the book-entry system.

Subject to the consent of the Bond Insurer, exclusive of supplemental indentures for the purposes set forth in the preceding paragraph, the consent of registered owners holding a majority in aggregate principal amount of all Bonds then outstanding is required to approve any supplemental indenture, except no such supplemental indenture shall permit, without the consent of all of the registered owners of the Bonds then outstanding, (i) an extension of the maturity of the principal of or the interest on any Bond issued under the Indenture or a reduction in the principal amount of any Bond or the rate of interest or time of redemption or redemption premium thereon, (ii) a privilege or priority of any Bond or Bonds over any other Bond or Bonds, (iii) a reduction in the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds required for consent to such supplemental indenture, or (iv) the deprivation of any registered owners of the lien of the Indenture. As discussed below, any action under the Indenture which requires the consent or approval of the registered owners of the Bonds shall, in addition, be subject to the consent of the Bond Insurer.

If at any time the Issuer shall request the Trustee to enter into any supplemental indenture requiring the consent of the registered owners of the Bonds, the Trustee, upon being satisfactorily indemnified with respect to expenses, must notify all such registered owners. Such notice shall set forth the nature of the proposed supplemental indenture and shall state that copies thereof are on file at the principal office of the Trustee for inspection. If, within sixty days (or such longer period as shall be prescribed by the Issuer or the Company) following the mailing of such notice, the registered owners holding the requisite amount of the Bonds outstanding shall have consented to the execution thereof, no Bondholder shall have any right to object or question the execution thereof.

No supplemental indenture shall become effective unless the Company consents to the execution and delivery of such supplemental indenture. The Company shall be deemed to have consented to the execution and delivery of any supplemental indenture if the Trustee does not receive a notice of protest or objection signed by the Company on or before 4:30 p.m., local time in the city in which the principal office of the Trustee is located, on the fifteenth day after the mailing to the Company of a notice of the proposed changes and a copy of the proposed supplemental indenture.

Rights of Bond Insurer

The Indenture grants certain rights to the Bond Insurer. In addition to those rights, the Bond Insurer shall, to the extent it makes payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds, become subrogated to the rights of the recipients of such payments in accordance with the terms of the Bond Insurance Policy. If an Event of Default occurs, so long as the Bond Insurance Policy remains in full force and effect and the Bond Insurer is not in default, the Bond Insurer shall have the right to institute any suit, action or proceeding at law or in equity under the same terms as a registered owner may institute any action under the Indenture.

To the extent that the Indenture confers upon or gives or grants to the Bond Insurer any right, remedy or claim under or by reason of the Indenture, the Bond Insurer is explicitly recognized under the Indenture as being a third-party beneficiary thereunder and may enforce any such right, remedy or claim conferred, given or granted thereunder.

As long as the Bond Insurance Policy is in full force and effect with respect to the Bonds and the Bond Insurer is not in default thereunder: (a) any provision of the Indenture expressly recognizing or granting rights in or to the Bond Insurer may not be amended in any manner which affects the rights of the Bond Insurer thereunder without the prior written consent of the Bond Insurer; (b) any action under the Indenture which requires the consent or approval of the registered owners shall, in addition to such approval, be subject to the prior written consent of the Bond Insurer; (c) upon the occurrence and continuance of an Event of Default, and subject to certain indemnification provisions, the Bond Insurer shall be entitled to control and direct the enforcement of all rights and remedies granted to the registered owners or the Trustee for the benefit of the registered owners under the Indenture including, without limitation, (i) the right to accelerate the principal of the Bonds, (ii) the right to annul any declaration of acceleration, and the Bond Insurer shall also be entitled to approve all waivers of Events of Default, and (d) the Bond Insurer shall be entitled to receive copies of notices, certificates and other documents received by the Trustee pursuant to the Indenture or given to the Bondholders and notification of

any failure to provide any such document as required by the Indenture or the Loan Agreement, and shall be furnished by the Company with any filings made in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12 and copies of certain financial statements, audit or annual report of the Company.

Notwithstanding anything in the Indenture or the Loan Agreement to the contrary, in the event that the principal or interest due on the Bonds shall be paid by the Bond Insurer pursuant to the Bond Insurance Policy, the Bonds shall remain outstanding for all purposes, shall not be defeased or otherwise satisfied and shall not be considered paid by the Issuer, and the assignment and pledge of the revenues and security of the Company under the Loan Agreement and all covenants, agreements and other obligations of the Issuer to the Bondholders shall continue to exist and shall run to the benefit of the Bond Insurer, and the Bond Insurer shall be subrogated to the rights of the Bondholders.

Enforceability of Remedies

The remedies available to the Trustee, the Issuer and the owners upon an Event of Default under the Loan Agreement or the Indenture are in many respects dependent upon judicial actions which are often subject to discretion and delay. Under existing constitutional and statutory law and judicial decisions, the remedies specified by the Loan Agreement or the Indenture may not be readily available or may be limited. The various legal opinions to be delivered concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds will be qualified as to the enforceability of the various legal instruments by limitations imposed by principles of equity, bankruptcy, reorganization, insolvency, moratorium or other similar laws affecting the rights of creditors generally.

Tax Treatment

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing law, including current statutes, regulations, administrative rulings and official interpretations, subject to the qualifications and exceptions set forth below, interest on the Bonds will be excluded from the gross income of the recipients thereof for federal income tax purposes, except that no opinion will be expressed regarding such exclusion from gross income with respect to any Bond during any period in which it is held by a “substantial user” of the Project or a “related person” as such terms are used in Section 147(a) of the Code. Interest on the Bonds will be an item of tax preference in determining alternative minimum taxable income for individuals and corporations under the Code. It is Bond Counsel’s further opinion that, subject to the assumptions stated in the preceding sentence, (i) interest on the Bonds will be excluded from gross income of the owners thereof for Kentucky income tax purposes and (ii) the Bonds will be exempt from all ad valorem taxes in Kentucky.

The opinion of Bond Counsel as to the excludability of interest from gross income for federal income tax purposes will be based upon and will assume the accuracy of certain representations of facts and circumstances, including with respect to the Project, which are within the knowledge of the Company and compliance by the Company with certain covenants and undertakings set forth in the proceedings authorizing the Bonds which are intended to assure that the Bonds are and will remain obligations the interest on which is not includable in gross income of the recipients thereof under the law in effect on the date of such opinion. Bond

Counsel will not independently verify the accuracy of the certifications and representations made by the Company and the Issuer. On the date of the opinion and subsequent to the original delivery of the Bonds, such representations of facts and circumstances must be accurate and such covenants and undertakings must continue to be complied with in order that interest on the Bonds be and remain excludable from gross income of the recipients thereof for federal income tax purposes under existing law. Bond Counsel will express *no opinion* (i) regarding the exclusion of interest on any Bond from gross income for federal income tax purposes on or after the date on which any change, including any interest rate conversion, permitted by the documents other than with the approval of Bond Counsel is taken which adversely affects the tax treatment of the Bonds or (ii) as to the treatment for purposes of federal income taxation of interest on the Bonds upon a Determination of Taxability.

The Code prescribes a number of qualifications and conditions for the interest on state and local government obligations to be and to remain excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, some of which, including provisions for potential payments by the Issuer to the federal government, require future or continued compliance after issuance of the Bonds in order for the interest to be and to continue to be so excluded from the date of issuance. Noncompliance with certain of these requirements by the Company or the Issuer with respect to the Bonds could cause the interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes and to be subject to federal income taxation retroactively to the date of their issuance. The Company and the Issuer will each covenant to take all actions required of each to assure that the interest on the Bonds shall be and remain excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, and not to take any actions that would adversely affect that exclusion.

The opinion of Bond Counsel as to the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes and federal tax treatment of interest on the Bonds will be subject to the following exceptions and qualifications:

(a) The Code also provides for a "branch profits tax" which subjects to tax, at a rate of 30%, the effectively connected earnings and profits of a foreign corporation which engages in a United States trade or business. Interest on the Bonds would be includable in the amount of effectively connected earnings and profits and thus would increase the branch profits tax liability.

(b) The Code also provides that *passive investment income, including interest* on the Bonds, may be subject to taxation for any S corporation with Subchapter C earnings and profits at the close of its taxable year if greater than 25% of its gross receipts is passive investment income.

Except as stated above, Bond Counsel will express no opinion as to any federal or Kentucky tax consequences resulting from the receipt of interest on the Bonds.

Owners of the Bonds should be aware that the ownership of the Bonds may result in collateral federal income tax consequences. For instance, the Code provides that property and casualty insurance companies will be required to reduce their loss reserve deductions by 15% of the tax-exempt interest received on certain obligations, such as the Bonds, acquired after August 7, 1986. (For purposes of the immediately preceding sentence, a portion of dividends

paid to an affiliated insurance company may be treated as tax-exempt interest.) The Code further provides for the disallowance of any deduction for interest expenses incurred by banks and certain other financial institutions allocable to carrying certain tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, acquired after August 7, 1986. The Code also provides that, with respect to taxpayers other than such financial institutions, such taxpayers will be unable to deduct any portion of the interest expenses incurred or continued to purchase or carry the Bonds. The Code also provides, with respect to individuals, that interest on tax-exempt obligations, including the Bonds, is included in modified adjusted gross income for purposes of determining the taxability of social security and railroad retirement benefits. Furthermore, the earned income tax credit is not allowed for individuals with an aggregate amount of disqualified income within the meaning of Section 32 of the Code, which exceeds \$2,200. Interest on the Bonds will be taken into account in the calculation of disqualified income. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding such matters and any other tax consequences of holding the Bonds.

From time to time, there are legislative proposals in Congress which, if enacted, could alter or amend one or more of the federal tax matters referred to above or could adversely affect the market value of the Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether or in what form any such proposal might be enacted or whether, if enacted, it would apply to obligations (such as the Bonds) issued prior to enactment.

Drafts of the opinions of Bond Counsel relating to the Bonds in substantially the forms in which they are expected to be delivered on the date of issuance of the Bonds of each series are attached as Appendix C-1 and C-2.

Legal Matters

Certain legal matters incident to the authorization, issuance and sale by the Issuers of the Bonds are subject to the approving opinions of Bond Counsel. Bond Counsel has in the past, and may in the future, act as counsel to the Company with respect to certain matters. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Issuers by their respective County Attorneys. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Company by Jones Day, Chicago, Illinois, and John R. McCall, Esq., Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary for the Company. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Underwriter by its counsel, Winston & Strawn LLP, Chicago, Illinois.

Underwriting

Lehman Brothers Inc. (the "Underwriter") has agreed to purchase the Bonds from the Issuers at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement. The Underwriter is committed to purchase all the Carroll County Bonds if any Carroll County Bonds are purchased and all the Trimble County Bonds if any Trimble County Bonds are purchased. In connection with the underwriting of the Bonds, the Underwriter will be paid by the Company a fee in the amount of \$93,807, which includes reimbursement for certain reasonable out-of-pocket expenses.

The Underwriter may offer and sell the Bonds to certain dealers and others at prices lower than the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement. After the Bonds are released for sale to the public, the public offering price and other selling terms may from time to time be varied by the Underwriter.

In connection with the offering of the Bonds, the Underwriter may over-allot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market prices of such bonds at levels above those which might otherwise prevail in the open market. Such stabilizing, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

Pursuant to separate Inducement Letters, the Company has agreed to indemnify the Underwriter and the Issuers against certain civil liabilities, including liabilities under the federal securities laws, or contribute to payments that the Underwriter or the Issuers may be required to make in respect thereof.

In the ordinary course of their business, the Underwriter and certain of its affiliates have in the past and may in the future engage in investment and commercial banking transactions with the Company, including the provision of certain advisory services to the Company.

Continuing Disclosure

Because the Bonds will be special and limited obligations of the Issuer, the Issuer is not an “obligated person” for purposes of Rule 15c2-12 (the “Rule”) promulgated by the SEC under the Exchange Act, and does not have any continuing obligations thereunder. Accordingly, the Issuer will not provide any continuing disclosure information with respect to the Bonds or the Issuer.

In order to enable the Underwriter to comply with the requirements of the Rule, the Company will covenant in a continuing disclosure undertaking agreement delivered to the Trustee for the benefit of the holders of the Bonds (the “Continuing Disclosure Agreement”) to provide certain continuing disclosure for the benefit of the holders of the Bonds. Under its Continuing Disclosure Agreement, the Company will covenant to take the following actions:

(a) The Company will provide to each nationally recognized municipal securities information repository (“NRMSIR”), recognized by the SEC pursuant to the Rule, and the state information depository, if any, of the Commonwealth of Kentucky (a “SID” and, together with the NRMSIR, a “Repository”) recognized by the SEC (1) *annual financial information of the type set forth in Appendix A to this Official Statement* (including any information incorporated by reference therein) and (2) audited financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, in each case not later than 120 days after the end of the Company’s fiscal year.

(b) The Company will file in a timely manner with each NRMSIR or the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, and with the SID, if any, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events (if applicable) with respect to the Bonds, if material: (i) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (ii) non-payment related defaults; (iii) any unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (iv) unscheduled draws on credit enhancement facilities reflecting financial

difficulties; (v) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (vi) adverse tax opinions or events affecting the tax-exempt status of the Bonds; (vii) modifications to rights of the holders of the Bonds; (viii) the giving of notice of optional or unscheduled redemption of any Bonds; (ix) defeasance of the Bonds or any portion thereof; (x) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds; and (xi) rating changes with respect to the Bonds or the Company or any obligated person, within the meaning of the Rule.

(c) The Company will file in a timely manner with each Repository notice of a failure by the Company to file any of the notices or reports referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) above by the due date.

The Company may amend its Continuing Disclosure Agreement (and the Trustee shall agree to any amendment so requested by the Company that does not change the duties of the Trustee thereunder) or waive any provision thereof, but only with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the nature or status of the Company with respect to the Bonds or the type of business conducted by the Company; provided that the undertaking, as amended or following such waiver, would have complied with the requirements of the Rule on the date of issuance of the Bonds, after taking into account any amendments to the Rule as well as any change in circumstances, and the amendment or waiver does not materially impair the interests of the holders of the Bonds to which such undertaking relates, in the opinion of the Trustee or counsel expert in federal securities laws acceptable to both the Company and the Trustee, or is approved by the Beneficial Owners of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Bonds. The Company acknowledges that its undertakings pursuant to the Rule described under this heading are intended to be for the benefit for the holders of the Bonds and shall be enforceable by the holders of those Bonds or by the Trustee on behalf of such holders. Any breach by the Company of these undertakings pursuant to the Rule will not constitute an Event of Default under the Indenture, the Loan Agreement or the Bonds.

This Official Statement has been duly approved, executed and delivered by the County Judge/Executive of each Issuer, on behalf of such Issuer. However, neither Issuer has or assumes any responsibility as to the accuracy or completeness of any of the information in this Official Statement except for information furnished by such Issuer under the caption "The Issuers."

COUNTY OF CARROLL, KENTUCKY

COUNTY OF TRIMBLE, KENTUCKY

By: /s/ Harold Tomlinson
County Judge/Executive

By: /s/ Randy Stevens
County Judge/Executive

Form of Bond Insurance Policy

Financial Guaranty Insurance Policy

Obligor:

Policy Number:

Obligations:

Premium:

Ambac Assurance Corporation (Ambac), a Wisconsin stock insurance corporation, in consideration of the payment of the premium and subject to the terms of this Policy, hereby agrees to pay to The Bank of New York, as trustee, or its successor (the "Insurance Trustee"), for the benefit of the Holders, that portion of the principal of and interest on the above-described obligations (the "Obligations") which shall become Due for Payment but shall be unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Obligor.

Ambac will make such payments to the Insurance Trustee within one (1) business day following written notification to Ambac of Nonpayment. Upon a Holder's presentation and surrender to the Insurance Trustee of such unpaid Obligations or related coupons, uncanceled and in bearer form and free of any adverse claim, the Insurance Trustee will disburse to the Holder the amount of principal and interest which is then Due for Payment but is unpaid. Upon such disbursement, Ambac shall become the owner of the surrendered Obligations and/or coupons and shall be fully subrogated to all of the Holder's rights to payment thereon.

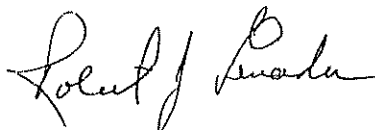
In cases where the Obligations are issued in registered form, the Insurance Trustee shall disburse principal to a Holder only upon presentation and surrender to the Insurance Trustee of the unpaid Obligation, uncanceled and free of any adverse claim, together with an instrument of assignment, in form satisfactory to Ambac and the Insurance Trustee, duly executed by the Holder or such Holder's duly authorized representative, so as to permit ownership of such Obligation to be registered in the name of Ambac or its nominee. The Insurance Trustee shall disburse interest to a Holder of a registered Obligation only upon presentation to the Insurance Trustee of proof that the claimant is the person entitled to the payment of interest on the Obligation and delivery to the Insurance Trustee of an instrument of assignment, in form satisfactory to Ambac and the Insurance Trustee, duly executed by the Holder or such Holder's duly authorized representative, transferring to Ambac all rights under such Obligation to receive the interest in respect of which the insurance disbursement was made. Ambac shall be subrogated to all of the Holders' rights to payment on registered Obligations to the extent of any insurance disbursements so made.

In the event that a trustee or paying agent for the Obligations has notice that any payment of principal of or interest on an Obligation which has become Due for Payment and which is made to a Holder by or on behalf of the Obligor has been deemed a preferential transfer and theretofore recovered from the Holder pursuant to the United States Bankruptcy Code in accordance with a final, nonappealable order of a court of competent jurisdiction, such Holder will be entitled to payment from Ambac to the extent of such recovery if sufficient funds are not otherwise available.


As used herein, the term "Holder" means any person other than (i) the Obligor or (ii) any person whose obligations constitute the underlying security or source of payment for the Obligations who, at the time of Nonpayment, is the owner of an Obligation or of a coupon relating to an Obligation. As used herein, "Due for Payment", when referring to the principal of Obligations, is when the scheduled maturity date or mandatory redemption date for the application of a required sinking fund installment has been reached and does not refer to any earlier date on which payment is due by reason of call for redemption (other than by application of required sinking fund installments), acceleration or other advancement of maturity; and, when referring to interest on the Obligations, is when the scheduled date for payment of interest has been reached. As used herein, "Nonpayment" means the failure of the Obligor to have provided sufficient funds to the trustee or paying agent for payment in full of all principal of and interest on the Obligations which are Due for Payment.

This Policy is noncancelable. The premium on this Policy is not refundable for any reason, including payment of the Obligations prior to maturity. This Policy does not insure against loss of any prepayment or other acceleration payment which at any time may become due in respect of any Obligation, other than at the sole option of Ambac, nor against any risk other than Nonpayment.

In witness whereof, Ambac has caused this Policy to be affixed with a facsimile of its corporate seal and to be signed by its duly authorized officers in facsimile to become effective as its original seal and signatures and binding upon Ambac by virtue of the countersignature of its duly authorized representative.



President



Secretary

Effective Date:

Authorized Representative

THE BANK OF NEW YORK acknowledges that it has agreed to perform the duties of Insurance Trustee under this Policy.



Authorized Officer of Insurance Trustee

Endorsement

Policy for:

Attached to and forming part of Policy No.:

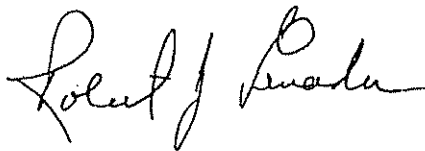
Effective Date of Endorsement:

Notwithstanding the terms and conditions in the Policy, it is further understood that in the event all or a portion of the Obligations become subject to mandatory redemption pursuant to Section 4.01(a)(i) of the Indenture in connection with the requirement that the Company prepay the Loan in whole or in part pursuant to Section 10.3 of the Agreement following the occurrence of a Determination of Taxability, the principal of and interest on such Obligations due upon any such redemption shall be deemed Due for Payment within the meaning of the Policy. As used in this Endorsement, the term "Indenture" means the Indenture of Trust dated as of March 1, 2007 between the Obligor and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as Trustee, the term "Company" means Kentucky Utilities, a Kentucky corporation, the term "Agreement" means the Loan Agreement dated as of March 1, 2007, between the Obligor and the Company; the term "Loan" has the meaning ascribed thereto in the Indenture; and the term "Determination of Taxability" has the meaning ascribed thereto in the Agreement.

Nothing herein contained shall be held to vary, alter, waive or extend any of the terms, conditions, provisions, agreements or limitations of the above mentioned Policy other than as above stated.

In Witness Whereof, Ambac has caused this Endorsement to be affixed with a facsimile of its corporate seal and to be signed by its duly authorized officers in facsimile to become effective as its original seal and signatures and binding upon Ambac by virtue of the countersignature of its duly authorized representative.

Ambac Assurance Corporation



President



Secretary

Authorized Representative

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Summary of Certain Provisions of the Bonds while Bearing Interest at a Flexible Rate, a Variable Rate or a Long Term Rate

The following table summarizes, for each of the permitted Interest Rate Modes (except the Auction Rate): the dates on which interest will be paid (*Interest Payment Dates*); the dates on which each interest rate will be determined (*Interest Rate Determination Dates*); the period of time (*Interest Rate Periods*) each interest rate will be in effect (provided that the initial Interest Rate Period for each Interest Rate Mode may begin on a different date from that specified, which date will be the Conversion Date or the date of a change in the Long Term Rate, as applicable); the dates on which registered owners may tender their Bonds for purchase to the Tender Agent and the notice requirements therefor (provided that while the Bonds are held in book-entry-only form, all notices of tender for purchase will be given by Beneficial Owners in the manner described below under “Purchases of Bonds on Demand of Owner — Notice Required for Purchases”) (*Purchase on Demand of Owner; Required Notice*); the dates on which Bonds are subject to mandatory tender for purchase (*Mandatory Purchase Dates*); the redemption provisions applicable to the Bonds (*Redemption*); the notice requirements for redemption and mandatory tender for purchase (*Notices of Redemption and Mandatory Purchases*); and the manner by which registered owners will receive payments of principal, interest, redemption price and purchase price (*Manner of Payment*). All times stated are New York City time.

	<u>FLEXIBLE RATE</u>	<u>DAILY RATE</u>	<u>WEEKLY RATE</u>
Interest Payment Dates	With respect to any Bond, the last day of each Flexible Rate Period (or if such day is not a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day).	The first Business Day of each calendar month	The first Business Day of each calendar month
Interest Rate Determination Dates	For each Bond, not later than 12:00 noon on the first day of each Flexible Rate Period for such Bond	Not later than 9:30 a m on each Business Day.	Not later than 4:00 p m on the day preceding each Weekly Rate Period or, if not a Business Day, on the next preceding Business Day.
Interest Rate Periods	For each Bond, each Flexible Rate Period will be of a duration designated by the Remarketing Agent of one day to 270 days (or lower maximum number as specified in the Indenture); must end on a day immediately prior to a Business Day	From and including each Business Day to but not including the next Business Day.	From and including each Thursday to and including the following Wednesday
Purchase on Demand of Owner; Required Notice*	No purchase on demand of the owner.	Any Business Day; by written or telephonic notice, promptly confirmed in writing, to the Tender Agent by 10:00 a m on such Business Day.	Any Business Day; by written notice to the Tender Agent not later than 5:00 p m. on a Business Day at least seven days prior to the Purchase Date.
Mandatory Purchase Dates	Any Conversion Date; and with respect to each Bond, on each Interest Payment Date for such Bond.	Any Conversion Date	Any Conversion Date
Redemption	Optional at par on any Interest Payment Date; Extraordinary Optional and Mandatory at par, on any Business Day (other than extraordinary optional redemption as a result of damage, destruction or condemnation which will be on an Interest Payment Date)	Optional, Extraordinary Optional and Mandatory at par on any Business Day	Optional, Extraordinary Optional and Mandatory at par on any Business Day.
Notices of Redemption and Mandatory Purchases	No notice of mandatory purchase following the end of each Flexible Rate Period; otherwise not fewer than 15 days (not fewer than 30 days notice of mandatory purchase on a Conversion Date if Conversion to the Semi-Annual, Annual or Long Term Rate) or greater than 45 days.	Not fewer than 15 days (30 days notice of mandatory purchase if Conversion to the Semi-Annual, Annual or Long Term Rate) or greater than 45 days.	Not fewer than 15 days (30 days notice of mandatory purchase if Conversion to the Semi-Annual, Annual or Long Term Rate) or greater than 45 days.
Manner of Payment*	Principal or redemption price upon <i>surrender of the Bond to the Paying Agent</i> ; purchase price upon surrender of the Bond to the Tender Agent.	Principal or redemption price upon <i>surrender of the Bond to the Paying Agent</i> ; purchase price upon surrender of the Bond to the Tender Agent	Principal or redemption price upon <i>surrender of the Bond to the Paying Agent</i> ; purchase price upon surrender of the Bond to the Tender Agent

* So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered owner of the Bonds, notices of redemption and mandatory purchases shall be sent to Cede & Co., and payments of principal, redemption and purchase price of and interest on the Bonds will be paid through the facilities of DTC. See "Summary of the Bonds — Book-Entry-Only System" in the forepart to this Official Statement

	<u>SEMI-ANNUAL</u>	<u>ANNUAL</u>	<u>LONG TERM</u>
Interest Payment Date	Each June 1 and December 1	Each June 1 and December 1	Each June 1 and December 1; any Conversion Date; and the effective date of any change to a new Long Term Rate Period
Interest Rate Determination Dates	Not later than 2:00 p.m. on the Business Day preceding the first day of the Semi-Annual Rate Period.	Not later than 12:00 noon on the Business Day preceding the first day of the Annual Rate Period.	Not later than 12:00 noon on the Business Day preceding the first day of the Long Term Rate Period.
Interest Rate Periods	Each six-month period from and including each June 1 and December 1 to and including the day preceding the next Interest Payment Date	Each period from and including the Conversion Date to the Annual Rate to and including the day immediately preceding the second Interest Payment Date thereafter and each successive twelve month period thereafter	Each period designated by the Company of more than one year in duration and which is an integral multiple of six months, from and including the first day of such period (June 1 and December 1) to and including the day immediately preceding the last Interest Payment Date for that period
Purchase on Demand of Owner; Required Notice *	On any Interest Payment Date; by written notice to the Tender Agent on any Business Day not later than the fifteenth day prior to the Purchase Date.	On the final Interest Payment Date for the Annual Rate Period; by written notice to the Tender Agent on any Business Day not later than the fifteenth day prior to the Purchase Date.	On the final Interest Payment Date for the Long Term Rate Period; by written notice to the Tender Agent on a Business Day not later than the fifteenth day prior to the Purchase Date.
Mandatory Purchase Dates	Any Conversion Date; the first Business Day after the end of each Semi-Annual Rate Period	Any Conversion Date; the first Business Day after the end of each Annual Rate Period.	Any Conversion Date; the first Business Day after the end of each Long Term Rate Period; the effective date of a change of Long Term Rate Period.
Redemption	Optional at par on any Interest Payment Date; Extraordinary Optional and Mandatory at par, on any Business Day (other than extraordinary optional redemption as a result of damage, destruction or condemnation which will be on an Interest Payment Date)	Optional at par on the final Interest Payment Date; Extraordinary Optional and Mandatory at par, on any Business Day	Optional at times and prices dependent on the length of the Long Term Rate Period; Extraordinary Optional and Mandatory at par, on any Business Day
Notices of Redemption and Mandatory Purchases *	Not fewer than 30 days or greater than 45 days	Not fewer than 30 days or greater than 45 days	Not fewer than 30 days or greater than 45 days.
Manner of Payment *	Principal or redemption price upon surrender of the Bond to the Paying Agent; interest by check mailed to the registered owners or, upon request of registered owner, of \$1,000,000 or more of an individual issue of Bonds, in immediately available funds; purchase price upon surrender of the Bond to the Tender Agent	Principal or redemption price upon surrender of the Bond to the Paying Agent; interest by check mailed to the registered owners or, upon request of registered owner, of \$1,000,000 or more of an individual issue of Bonds, in immediately available funds; purchase price upon surrender of the Bond to the Tender Agent.	Principal or redemption price upon surrender of the Bond to the Paying Agent; interest by check mailed to the registered owners or, upon request of registered owner, of \$1,000,000 or more of an individual issue of Bonds, in immediately available funds; purchase price upon surrender of the Bond to the Tender Agent

* So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered owner of the Bonds, notices of redemption and mandatory purchases shall be sent to Cede & Co., and payments of principal, redemption and purchase price of and interest on the Bonds will be paid through the facilities of DTC. See "Summary of the Bonds — Book-Entry-Only System" in the forepart to this Official Statement.

Determination of Interest Rates for Interest Rate Modes

Daily Rate. If the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Daily Rate, the interest rate on the Bonds for any Business Day will be the rate established by the Remarketing Agent no later than 9:30 a.m. (New York City time) on such Business Day as the minimum rate of interest necessary, in the judgment of the Remarketing Agent taking into account then Prevailing Market Conditions, to enable the Remarketing Agent to sell the Bonds on such Business Day at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest, if any, thereon. For any day which is not a Business Day or if the Remarketing Agent does not give notice of a change in the interest rate, the interest rate on the Bonds will be the interest rate in effect for the immediately preceding Business Day.

Weekly Rate. If the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Weekly Rate, the interest rate on the Bonds for a particular Weekly Rate Period will be the rate established by the Remarketing Agent no later than 4:00 p.m. (New York City time) on the day preceding such Weekly Rate Period or, if such day is not a Business Day, on the next preceding Business Day, as the minimum rate of interest necessary, in the judgment of the Remarketing Agent taking into account then Prevailing Market Conditions, to enable the Remarketing Agent to sell the Bonds on such first day at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest, if any, thereon.

Flexible Rates and Flexible Rate Periods. If the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Flexible Rate, the interest rate on a Bond for a specific Flexible Rate Period will be the rate established by the Remarketing Agent no later than 12:00 noon (New York City time) on the first day of that Flexible Rate Period as the minimum rate of interest necessary, in the judgment of the Remarketing Agent taking into account then Prevailing Market Conditions, to enable the Remarketing Agent to sell such Bond on that day at a price equal to the principal amount thereof. Each Flexible Rate Period applicable for a Bond will be determined separately by the Remarketing Agent on or prior to the first day of such Flexible Rate Period as being the Flexible Rate Period permitted under the Indenture which, in the judgment of the Remarketing Agent, taking into account then Prevailing Market Conditions, will, with respect to such Bond, ultimately produce the lowest overall interest cost on the Bonds while the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Flexible Rate. Each Flexible Rate Period will be from one day to 270 days in length and will end on a day preceding a Business Day. If the Remarketing Agent fails to set the length of a Flexible Rate Period for any Bond, a new Flexible Rate Period lasting to, but not including, the next Business Day (or until the earlier Conversion or maturity of the Bonds) will be established automatically in accordance with the Indenture.

Semi-Annual Rate. If the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Semi-Annual Rate, the interest rate on the Bonds for a particular Semi-Annual Rate Period will be the rate established by the Remarketing Agent no later than 2:00 p.m. (New York City time) on the Business Day immediately preceding the first day of such Semi-Annual Rate Period as the minimum rate of interest necessary, in the judgment of the Remarketing Agent taking into account then Prevailing Market Conditions, to enable the Remarketing Agent to sell the Bonds on such first day at a price equal to the principal amount thereof.

Annual Rate. If the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Annual Rate, the interest rate on the Bonds for a particular Annual Rate Period will be the rate of interest established by the Remarketing Agent no later than 12:00 noon (New York City time) on the Business Day preceding the first day of such Annual Rate Period as the minimum rate of interest necessary, in the judgment of the Remarketing Agent taking into account then Prevailing Market Conditions, to enable the Remarketing Agent to sell the Bonds on such first day at a price equal to the principal amount thereof.

Long Term Rates and Long Term Rate Periods. If the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Long Term Rate, the interest rate on the Bonds for a particular Long Term Rate Period will be the rate established by the Remarketing Agent no later than 12:00 noon (New York City time) on the Business Day preceding the first day of such Long Term Rate Period as the minimum rate of interest necessary, in the judgment of the Remarketing Agent taking into account then Prevailing Market Conditions, to enable the Remarketing Agent to sell the Bonds on such first day at a price equal to the principal amount thereof. The Company will establish the duration of the Long Term Rate Period at the time that it directs the Conversion of the Interest Rate Mode to the Long Term Rate, and thereafter each successive Long Term Rate Period will be the same as the Long Term Rate Period so established by the Company until a different Long Term Rate Period is specified by the Company in accordance with the Indenture (in which case the duration of that Long Term Rate Period will control succeeding Long Term Rate Periods), subject in all cases to the occurrence of a Conversion Date or the maturity of the Bonds. Each Long Term Rate Period will be more than one year in duration, will be for a period which is an integral multiple of six months and will end on the day next preceding an Interest Payment Date; provided that if a Long Term Rate Period commences on a date other than a June 1 or December 1, such Long Term Rate Period may be for a period which is not an integral multiple of six months but will be of a duration as close as possible to (but not in excess of) such Long Term Rate Period established by the Company and will terminate on a day preceding an Interest Payment Date, and each successive Long Term Rate Period thereafter will be for the full period established by the Company until a different Long Term Rate Period is specified by the Company in accordance with the Indenture or until the occurrence of a Conversion Date or the maturity of the Bonds; provided further that no Long Term Rate Period will extend beyond the final maturity date of the Bonds.

Change of Long Term Rate Period. The Company may change from one Long Term Rate Period to another Long Term Rate Period on any Business Day on which the Bonds are subject to optional redemption as described under “Summary of the Bonds — Redemptions — Optional Redemption” in the forepart of this Official Statement upon notice from the Bond Registrar to the owners of Bonds as described below. With any notice of such change, the Company must also deliver an opinion of Bond Counsel stating that such change is authorized or permitted by the Act and is authorized by the Indenture and will not adversely affect the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Long Term Rate Period will not be changed to a new Long Term Rate Period if (A) the Remarketing Agent has not determined the interest rate for the new Long Term Rate Period in accordance with the terms of the Indenture or (B) the Bond Registrar receives written notice from Bond Counsel prior to the effective date of the change to the effect that the opinion of such Bond Counsel required under the Indenture has been rescinded. Upon the occurrence of any of the events described in the preceding sentence, the Bonds will bear

interest at the Weekly Rate commencing on the date which would have been the effective date of the proposed change of Long Term Rate Period, subject to the provisions described above under “Summary of the Bonds — Conversion of Interest Rate Modes — Cancellation of Conversion of Interest Rate Mode” in the forepart of this Official Statement.

Notice to Owners of Change of Long Term Rate Period. The Bond Registrar will notify each registered owner of the change of Long Term Rate Period by first class mail at least 30 days in the case of a change in the Long Term Rate Period but not more than 45 days before each effective date of a change in the Long Term Rate Period. The notice will state those matters required to be set forth therein under the Indenture.

Failure to Determine Rate. If for any reason the interest rate for a Bond is not determined by the Remarketing Agent, except as described above under “Change of Long Term Rate Period” and above under “Summary of the Bonds — Conversion of Interest Rate Modes — Cancellation of Conversion of Interest Rate Mode” in the forepart of this Official Statement, the interest rate for such Bond for the next succeeding interest rate period will be the interest rate in effect for such Bond for the preceding interest rate period and, pursuant to the terms of the Indenture, there will be no change in the then applicable Long Term Rate Period or any Conversion from the then applicable Interest Rate Mode. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if for any reason the interest rate for a Bond bearing interest at a Flexible Rate is not determined by the Remarketing Agent, the interest rate for such Bond for the next succeeding Interest Period will be equal to The Bond Market Association Municipal Swap Index™ (the “Municipal Index”) as defined in the Indenture and the Interest Period for such Bond will extend through the day preceding the next Business Day, until the Trustee is notified of a new Flexible Rate and Flexible Rate Period determined for such Bond by the Remarketing Agent.

Purchases of Bonds on Demand of Owner

If the Bonds are in the book-entry-only system, demands for purchase may be made by Beneficial Owners only through such Beneficial Owner’s Direct Participant (as defined under the caption “Summary of the Bonds – Book-Entry-Only System” in the forepart of this Official Statement). If the Bonds are in certificated form, demands for purchase may be made only by registered owners.

Daily Rate. If the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Daily Rate, any Bond will be purchased on the demand of the registered owner thereof on any Business Day during a Daily Rate Period at a purchase price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest, if any, to the Purchase Date upon written notice or telephonic notice (to be immediately confirmed in writing) to the Tender Agent at its principal office not later than 10:00 a.m. (New York City time) on such Business Day.

Weekly Rate. If the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Weekly Rate, any Bond will be purchased on the demand of the registered owner thereof on any Business Day during a Weekly Rate Period at a purchase price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest, if any, to the Purchase Date upon written notice to the Tender Agent at its principal office at or before 5:00 p.m. (New York City time) on a Business Day not later than the seventh day prior to the Purchase Date.

Semi-Annual Rate. If the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Semi-Annual Rate, any Bond will be purchased on the demand of the registered owner thereof on any Interest Payment Date for a Semi-Annual Rate Period at a purchase price equal to the principal amount thereof upon written notice to the Tender Agent at its principal office on a Business Day not later than the fifteenth day prior to such Purchase Date.

Annual Rate. If the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Annual Rate, any Bond will be purchased on the demand of the registered owner thereof on the final Interest Payment Date for such Annual Rate Period at a purchase price equal to the principal amount thereof upon written notice to the Tender Agent at its principal office on a Business Day not later than the fifteenth day prior to such Purchase Date.

Long Term Rate. If the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Long Term Rate, any Bond will be purchased on the demand of the registered owner thereof on the final Interest Payment Date for such Long Term Rate Period (unless such date is the final maturity date) at a purchase price equal to the principal amount thereof upon written notice to the Tender Agent at its principal office on a Business Day not later than the fifteenth day prior to such Purchase Date.

Limitations on Purchases on Demand of Owner. Notwithstanding the foregoing, there will be no purchase of (a) a portion of any Bond unless the portion to be purchased and the portion to be retained each will be in an authorized denomination or (b) any Bond upon the demand of the registered owner if an Event of Default under the Indenture with respect to the payment of principal of, interest on, or purchase price of, the Bonds has occurred and is continuing. Also, if the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Flexible Rate, the Bonds will not be subject to purchase on the demand of the registered owners thereof, but each Bond will be subject to mandatory purchase on each Conversion Date and on the Interest Payment Date with respect to such Bond, as described below under the caption “Mandatory Purchases of Bonds.”

Notice Required for Purchases. Any written notice delivered to the Tender Agent by an owner demanding the purchase of Bonds must (A) be delivered by the time and dates specified above, (B) state the number and principal amount (or portion thereof) of such Bond to be purchased, (C) state the Purchase Date on which such Bond is to be purchased, (D) irrevocably request such purchase and state that the owner agrees to deliver such Bond, duly endorsed in blank for transfer, with all signatures guaranteed, to the Tender Agent at or prior to 11:00 a.m. (1:00 p.m. if a tender during a Daily Rate Period and 12:00 noon if a tender during a Weekly Rate Period) (New York City time) on such Purchase Date.

Mandatory Purchases of Bonds

Mandatory Purchase on Conversion Dates or Change by the Company in Long Term Rate Period. The Bonds will be subject to mandatory purchase at a purchase price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus, if the Interest Rate Mode is the Long Term Rate, the redemption premium, if any, which would be payable as described under “Summary of the Bonds — Redemptions — Optional Redemption” in the forepart of this Official Statement, if the Bonds were redeemed on the Purchase Date (A) on each Conversion Date and (B) on the effective date of any change by the Company of the Long Term Rate Period. Such tender and purchase will be

required even if the change in Long Term Rate Period or the Conversion is canceled pursuant to the Indenture.

Mandatory Purchase on Each Interest Payment Date for Flexible Rate Period.

Whenever the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Flexible Rate, each Bond will be subject to mandatory purchase at a purchase price equal to the principal amount thereof, without premium, on each Interest Payment Date that interest on such Bond is payable at an interest rate determined for the Flexible Rate. Owners of Bonds will receive no notice of such mandatory purchase.

Mandatory Purchase on Day after End of the Semi-Annual Rate Period, the Annual Rate Period or the Long Term Rate Period. Whenever the Interest Rate Mode for the Bonds is the Semi-Annual Rate, the Annual Rate or the Long Term Rate, such Bonds will be subject to mandatory purchase on the Business Day following the end of each Semi-Annual Rate Period, Annual Rate Period or Long Term Rate Period, as the case may be, for such Bond at a purchase price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest, if any, to such date.

Notice to Owners of Mandatory Purchases. Notice to owners of a mandatory purchase of Bonds on a Conversion Date or upon a change in Long Term Rate Period will be given by the Bond Registrar, together with the notice of such Conversion or change of Long Term Rate Period, as applicable, by first class mail at least 15 days (30 days in the case of Conversion from or to the Auction Rate, the Semi-Annual Rate, the Annual Rate or the Long Term Rate or in the case of a change in the Long Term Rate Period) but not more than 45 days before each Conversion Date or each effective date of a change in the Long Term Rate Period. Notice to owners of a mandatory purchase of Bonds after the end of each Semi-Annual Rate Period, Annual Rate Period and Long Term Rate Period will be given by the Bond Registrar by first class mail at least 30 days prior to the end of such period. The notice of mandatory purchase will state those matters required to be set forth therein under the Indenture. No notice of mandatory purchase will be given in connection with a mandatory purchase on an Interest Payment Date for a Flexible Rate Period.

Kentucky Utilities Company
Case No. 2008-00251
Historical Test Period Filing Requirements

Filing Requirement
807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(q)
Sponsoring Witness: S. Bradford Rives

Description of Filing Requirement:

Annual report to shareholders, or members, and statistical supplements covering the two (2) most recent years from the utility's application filing date.

Response:

There are no annual reports to shareholders or members during the period referenced. KU does not publish a statistical supplement.

Federal securities rules generally require the delivery of annual reports to public shareholders when requesting their vote via certain proxy solicitations. During the period in question, the common stock of KU has been wholly-owned by E.ON U.S. LLC and no proxy solicitations occurred with respect to KU's former preferred stock (which preferred stock was ultimately redeemed in October 2005.)

(Copies of the audited annual financial statements and other financial information of KU relating to the period described are provided in Filing Requirement 807 KAR 5:001 Section 10(6)(s), [Tab No. 38].)