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JUL 2 1 2006

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Via Overnight Mail

July 20, 2006

Beth A. O'Donnell, Executive Director Kentucky Public Service Commission 211 Sower Boulevard Frankfort, Kentucky 40602

#### Re: <u>Case No. 2006-00129 and 2006-00130</u>

Dear Ms. O'Donnell:

Please find enclosed the original and twelve (12) copies of the Direct Testimony and Exhibits of Stephen J. Baron filed on behalf of Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc. in the above-referenced matters. By copy of this letter, all parties listed on the Certificate of Service have been served.

Please place this document of file.

Very Truly Yours,

melket

Michael L. Kurtz, Esq. Kurt J. Boehm, Esq. **BOEHM, KURTZ & LOWRY** 

MLKkew Attachment ce: Certificate of Service

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing was served by mailing a true and correct copy, by first-class postage prepaid mail, (unless otherwise noted) to all parties on the 20<sup>th</sup> day of July, 2006.

Honorable Elizabeth E. Blackford Assistant Attorney General Office of the Attorney General Utility & Rate Intervention Division 1024 Capital Center Drive, Suite 200 Frankfort, KY 40601-8204 betsy.blackford@law.state.ky.us

Honorable Elizabeth L. Cocanougher Senior Corporate Attorney Kentucky Utilities Company c/o Louisville Gas & Electric Co. P. O. Box 32010 Louisville, KY 40232-2010

Honorable Kendrick R. Riggs Ogden, Newell & Welch, PLLC 1700 PNC Plaza, 500 West Jefferson Street Louisville, KY 40202-2874 kriggs@ogdenlaw.com

Mr. Michael S. Beer VP - Rates & Regulatory Kentucky Utilities Company c/o Louisville Gas & Electric Co. P. O. Box 32010 Louisville, KY 40232-2010

P. Hart

Michael L. Kurtz, Esq. Kurt J. Boehm, Esq.

#### **COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**

#### IN THE MATTER OF:

AN EXAMINATION BY THE PUBLIC SERVIC ) **COMMISSION OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL** ) SURCHARGE MECHANISM OF LOUISVILLE GAS) AND ELECTRIC COMPANY FOR THE SIX-MONTH ) **BILLING PERIODS ENDINGS OCTOBER 31, 2003,** ) APRIL 30, 2004, OCTOBER 31, 2004, ) OCTOBER 31, 2005 AND APRIL 30 2006 AND ) FOR THE TWO-YEAR BILLING PERIOD ENDING ) **APRIL 30, 2005** )

#### **IN THE MATTER OF:**

AN EXAMINATION BY THE PUBLIC SERVIC	)	
COMMISSION OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL	)	
SURCHARGE MECHANISM OF KENTUCKY	)	
UTILITIES COMPANY FOR THE SIX-MONTH	)	CASE NO:
<b>BILLING PERIODS ENDINGS JULY 31, 2003,</b>	)	2006-00129
JANUARY 31, 2004, JANUARY 31, 2005,	)	
JULY 31, 2005, AND JANUARY 31, 2006 AND	)	
FOR THE TWO-YEAR BILLING PERIOD ENDING	)	
JULY 31, 2004	)	

### **DIRECT TESTIMONY**

AND EXHIBITS

OF

**STEPHEN J. BARON** 

# **ON BEHALF OF** KENTUCKY INDUSTRIAL UTILITY CUSTOMERS, INC.

J. KENNEDY AND ASSOCIATES, INC. **JULY 2006** 

RECEIVED

JUL 2 1 2006

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

CASE NO: 2006-00130

#### **COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY**

#### **BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**

#### **IN THE MATTER OF:**

AN EXAMINATION BY THE PUBLIC SERVIC	)	
<b>COMMISSION OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL</b>	)	
SURCHARGE MECHANISM OF LOUISVILLE GAS	)	
AND ELECTRIC COMPANY FOR THE SIX-MONTH	[]	CASE NO:
<b>BILLING PERIODS ENDINGS OCTOBER 31, 2003,</b>	)	2006-00130
<b>APRIL 30, 2004, OCTOBER 31, 2004,</b>	)	
OCTOBER 31, 2005 AND APRIL 30 2006 AND	)	
FOR THE TWO-YEAR BILLING PERIOD ENDING	)	
APRIL 30, 2005	)	
IN THE MATTER OF:		
AN EXAMINATION BY THE PUBLIC SERVIC	)	
<b>COMMISSION OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL</b>	)	
SURCHARGE MECHANISM OF KENTUCKY	)	
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JULY 31, 2005, AND JANUARY 31, 2006 AND	)	
FOR THE TWO-YEAR BILLING PERIOD ENDING	)	
JULY 31, 2004	)	

# DIRECT TESTIMONY OF STEPHEN J. BARON

# I. QUALIFICATIONS AND SUMMARY

2 Q. Please state your name and business address.

3

1	А.	My name is Stephen J. Baron. My business address is J. Kennedy and Associates,
2		Inc. ("Kennedy and Associates"), 570 Colonial Park Drive, Suite 305, Roswell,
3		Georgia 30075.
4		
5	Q.	What is your occupation and by who are you employed?
6		
7	A.	I am the President and a Principal of Kennedy and Associates, a firm of utility rate,
8		planning, and economic consultants in Atlanta, Georgia.
9		
10	Q.	Please describe briefly the nature of the consulting services provided by
11		Kennedy and Associates.
12		
12 13	A.	Kennedy and Associates provides consulting services in the electric and gas utility
	A.	Kennedy and Associates provides consulting services in the electric and gas utility industries. Our clients include state agencies and industrial electricity consumers.
13	A.	
13 14	А.	industries. Our clients include state agencies and industrial electricity consumers.
13 14 15	А.	industries. Our clients include state agencies and industrial electricity consumers. The firm provides expertise in system planning, load forecasting, financial analysis,
13 14 15 16	А. <b>Q</b> .	industries. Our clients include state agencies and industrial electricity consumers. The firm provides expertise in system planning, load forecasting, financial analysis,

1	А.	I graduated from the University of Florida in 1972 with a B.A. degree with high
2		honors in Political Science and significant coursework in Mathematics and
3		Computer Science. In 1974, I received a Master of Arts Degree in Economics, also
4		from the University of Florida.
5		
6		I have more than thirty years of experience in the electric utility industry in the areas
7		of cost and rate analysis, forecasting, planning, and economic analysis.
8		
9		I have presented testimony as an expert witness in Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado,
10		Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Michigan,
11		Minnesota, Maryland, Missouri, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North
12		Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas, West Virginia, before the Federal Energy
13		Regulatory Commission and in United States Bankruptcy Court.
14		
15		A complete copy of my resume and my testimony appearances is contained in Baron
16		Exhibit(SJB-1).
17		
18	Q.	On whose behalf are you testifying in this proceeding?
19		

1	А.	I am testifying on behalf of the Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.
2		("KIUC"), a group of large industrial consumers of electricity on the KU and LGE
3		systems.
4		
5	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony?
6		
7	А.	My testimony addresses the allocation of the ECR roll-in revenue requirements for
8		KU and LG&E (the "Companies"). Specifically, Companies' witness Mr. Seelye
9		has proposed two alternative methodologies to allocate the Companies' proposed
10		ECR roll-in amounts of \$23,731,313 for KU and \$8,669,729 for LG&E. As I will
11		discuss below, KIUC supports the "alternative" methodology presented by the
12		Companies, which allocates the roll-in in a manner that recognizes the existing
13		inter-class rate subsidies that have continued since the Companies last base rate
14		cases in 2004. Moving the Companies' base rates towards levels that reflect the cost
15		to provide service is an appropriate public policy objective for the Commission to
16		pursue and these ECR roll-in proceedings present an appropriate opportunity to do
17		so in a manner consistent with gradualism. Even if the Companies' cost of service
18		based roll-in allocation approach is adopted, significant subsidies will still remain in
19		the rates.

- 1
- 2

4

Q. Mr. Seelye has presented evidence in this case that demonstrates that each of the Companies' current rates continue to contain subsidies, either being paid or being received. Do you agree with his conclusion on this issue?

- A. Yes. In the Companies' last general rate cases in 2004 (Case Nos. 2003-00434, KU 5 and 2003-00433, LG&E), I presented testimony showing that each of the 6 7 Companies' then existing rates contained substantial subsidies, which should be reduced, in any Commission approved rate changes. In my previous testimony in 8 those cases, I presented five alternative cost of service studies, all of which showed 9 10 that the Companies' rates were not cost based and contained subsidies that should be reduced. The studies included the Companies' recommended Base-Intermediate-11 12 Peak ("BIP") method, the Average and Excess method ("A&E"), the summer coincident peak method ("1 CP"), the summer/winter coincident peak method 13 ("S/W CP") and the 12 monthly coincident peak method ("12 CP"). Each of these 14 five methodologies, though they differ in their underlying "cost causation" 15 foundation, showed that the Companies' large commercial and industrial customers 16 were providing substantial subsidies to the Companies' residential customers. 17
- 18
- 19

Q. Would you briefly explain what you mean by "subsidies" in rates?

1	А.	A rate schedule subsidy is the "dollar" difference between the cost of providing
2		service to the customers on a rate schedule and the actual level of charges (revenues)
3		being collected from customers on the rate. A subsidy can be either negative or
4		positive, depending on whether a rate schedule is paying rates that exceed cost of
5		service (a negative subsidy being paid) or is paying rates that are less than the cost
6		of providing service (a positive subsidy being received). In the case of KU and
7		LG&E, residential customers received substantial subsidies prior to the last general
8		rate case and continue to receive subsidies today.
9		
10	Q.	Did the final Commission approved rates in the 2004 cases provide for a
11		reduction in subsidies paid and received by each rate class?
11 12		reduction in subsidies paid and received by each rate class?
	А.	reduction in subsidies paid and received by each rate class? To some extent, subsidies were reduced as a result of the Commission approved
12	A.	
12 13	A.	To some extent, subsidies were reduced as a result of the Commission approved
12 13 14	А.	To some extent, subsidies were reduced as a result of the Commission approved rates, which reflected a settlement among the parties to the cases. However, as Mr.
12 13 14 15	А. <b>Q.</b>	To some extent, subsidies were reduced as a result of the Commission approved rates, which reflected a settlement among the parties to the cases. However, as Mr.
12 13 14 15 16		To some extent, subsidies were reduced as a result of the Commission approved rates, which reflected a settlement among the parties to the cases. However, as Mr. Seelye's testimony in this case demonstrates, subsidies continue in existing rates.
12 13 14 15 16 17		To some extent, subsidies were reduced as a result of the Commission approved rates, which reflected a settlement among the parties to the cases. However, as Mr. Seelye's testimony in this case demonstrates, subsidies continue in existing rates. <b>Companies' witness Seelye presented class rate of return and dollar subsidy</b>

1		other cost of service methodologies that you evaluated in Case Nos. 2003-00434
2		(KU) and 2003-00433 (LG&E)?
3		
4	А.	Yes. Tables 1 through 4 show the current rates of return and dollar subsidies for
5		each KU and LG&E rate schedule based on the four alternative cost of service
6		methodologies (A&E, 1 CP, S/W CP and 12 CP). <sup>1</sup> As can be seen from these
7		tables, KU's and LG&E's rates continue to contain subsidies, in some case
8		substantial subsidies, confirming Mr. Seelye's analysis using the BIP methodology.
9		Baron Exhibit_(SJB-2) contains the summary cost of service analyses supporting
10		these tables.

Table 1 KU Class Rates of Return at Rates Approved by the Commission Case No. 2003-00434				
Rate Class	<u>A&amp;E</u>	<u>SWCP</u>	<u>SCP</u>	<u>12CP</u>
Residential	2.22%	2.10%	3.07%	2.85%
General Service	6.59%	7.94%	6.29%	6.79%
Combined Light & Power	13.34%	12.78%	10.76%	11.25%
Large Comm/Ind TOD	9.92%	10.35%	9.37%	8.41%
Coal Mining Power	15.45%	17.45%	19.15%	14.30%
Large Power Mine Power TOD	11.50%	14.22%	15.97%	12.19%
All Electric School	4.84%	6.65%	4.46%	5.36%
Water Pumping	4.89%	2.16%	2.59%	2.95%
Street Lighting	3.54%	4.07%	5.18%	4.72%
NAS	17.97%	12.40%	8.25%	21.38%
System Average	6.33%	6.33%	6.33%	6.33%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Table 2 (KU) and Table 4 (LG&E), which show the subsidy dollars, also provide values for the BIP method.

4	

Table 2 KU Class Subsidies Received and (Paid)						
Case No. 2003-00434						
Rate Class	BIP	<u>A&amp;E</u>	SWCP	SCP	<u>12CP</u>	
Residential	45,761,527	48,769,677	50,767,041	36,161,694	39,281,116	
General Service	(5,663,758)	(727,454)	(4,074,716)	103,660	(1,251,802)	
Combined Lt & Pw	(32,593,720)	(38,043,691)	(35,728,215)	(26,987,784)	(29,226,088)	
Large Comm/Ind TOD	(4,429,416)	(7,389,406)	(8,039,935)	(6,389,825)	(4,614,040)	
Coal Mining Power	(1,879,160)	(1,851,555)	(2,088,627)	(2,265,952)	(1,693,013)	
Lg Pw Mine Pw TOD	(988,471)	(846,217)	(1,143,592)	(1,301,892)	(927,972)	
All Electric School	(151,542)	237,414	(45,791)	308,732	150,832	
Water Pumping	131,413	45,195	160,307	138,764	121,875	
Street Lighting	2,334,143	2,577,399	2,007,849	939,543	1,360,077	
NAS	(2,521,016)	(2,771,363)	(1,814,319)	(706,939)	(3,200,986)	

Table3 LG&E Class Rates of Return at Rates Approved by the Commission Case No. 2003-00433						
Case NO. 2003-00403						
Rate Class	<u>A&amp;E</u>	SWCP	<u>SCP</u>	<u>12CP</u>		
Residential	3.45%	2.92%	3.20%	4.11%		
General Service	9.32%	10.78%	8.24%	9.62%		
Rate LC	10.39%	10.10%	9.42%	8.35%		
Rate LC-TOD	9.25%	8.76%	8.76%	7.53%		
Rate LP	10.33%	12.68%	10.98%	9.87%		
Rate LP-TOD	7.15%	7.91%	10.41%	5.95%		
Special Contract	7.61%	9.09%	8.87%	7.73%		
Lighting	4.32%	5.50%	7.91%	6.77%		
System Average	6.36%	6.36%	6.36%	6.36%		

.

Table 4 LG&E Class Subsidies Received and (Paid) Case No. 2003-00433					
Rate Class	BIP	<u>A&amp;E</u>	SWCP	SCP	<u>12CP</u>
Residential	33,651,273	33,542,076	41,659,048	37,369,976	24,682,492
General Svc	(16,222,657)	(9,835,244)	(13,565,692)	(6,673,713)	(10,651,497
Rate LC	(14,170,679)	(15,356,716)	(14,453,323)	(12,277,854)	(8,499,700
Rate LC-TOD	(1,563,525)	(2,499,742)	(2,128,607)	(2,133,938)	(1,120,928
Rate LP	(5,213,773)	(4,274,151)	(6,028,073)	(4,797,261)	(3,869,288
Rate LP-TOD	2,866,817	(1,966,267)	(3,634,581)	(8,208,447)	1,088,695
Sp Contract	(864,381)	(1,246,885)	(2,479,906)	(2,306,493)	(1,348,361
Lighting	1,516,925	1,636,929	631,135	(972,271)	(281,414

3

- Q. Have you reviewed Mr. Seelye's cost of service analyses presented in his KU and LG&E testimony in this case?
- 5

4

A. Yes. I have evaluated his analyses and find that they are reasonable and I agree with
his results. The results clearly support the "alternative" proposal presented by the
Companies to allocate the ECR roll-in amounts to rate schedules. As I discuss
below, these ECR roll-in cases present an opportunity to address the continued
subsidies that are embedded in the Companies' rates.

11

Q. Why is it appropriate to reduce rate subsidies in these ECR roll-in cases,
rather than waiting for future KU and LG&E general base rate cases?

1	А.	In addition to the reasons cited by Mr. Seelye in his KU and LG&E testimony, it is
2		important to remember that the 2004 general rate cases were the first such cases in
3		many years for each Company. Though it is not known when the Companies may
4		file a future general rate case, history suggests that it may be a number of years. <sup>2</sup> In
5		the meantime, KU's and LG&E's large commercial and industrial customers will
6		continue to pay rates that exceed the cost of providing service and pay millions of
7		dollars of subsidies annually to other rate classes. These ECR roll-in cases are an
8		opportunity to address this problem. Like a general rate case, an ECR roll-in case is
9		a base rate proceeding and therefore a reasonable venue to address the subsidies in
10		the Companies rate schedules.
11		
12		Each of the Companies is expected to continue filing for ECR increases. These
13		ECR increases may be the primary source of rate changes for each Company for the
14		foreseeable future. The Commission has an opportunity in these KU and LG&E
15		roll-in cases to move each Company's rates towards cost of service in a gradual
16		manner. The methodology proposed by the Company's in Mr. Seelye's testimony
17		represents a reasonable approach to reducing subsidies, while recognizing the rate
18		making principle of gradualism.
19		

Q. Why is it important to move each Company's rates toward cost of service?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> KU has initiated only 2 base rate cases in the past 20 years; LG&E has initiated 2 cases in the past 15 years.

2	А.	There are both economic and equity reasons to move rates to the cost of providing
3		service. From an economic standpoint, rates should be set a cost to provide
4		customers with the economic price signal that reflects the resource cost associated
5		with a customer's decision to consume electricity. In so doing, the consumption
6		decisions made by customer's will properly consider the costs incurred by KU and
7		LG&E in providing the power demanded by the customer. If rates are continually
8		set below cost of service for some customers and above cost of service for others, an
9		uneconomic price signal is being sent. Moving rates towards cost of service is a
10		legitimate and reasonable objective of utility regulation.
11		
12	Q.	Didn't the Commission approved rates in the Companies' 2004 general rate
13		cases result in subsidy reductions?
14		
15	А.	Yes. However, only a portion of the subsidies that had been in both Companies'
16		rates for many many years was removed. As shown in Mr. Seelve's exhibits in this

rates for many, many years was removed. As shown in Mr. Seelye's exhibits in this case and my Tables above, there remain substantial subsidies in the rates of each Company. If the Commission doesn't adopt the Companies' alternative roll-in allocation in this case, there may not be another opportunity to address this problem for many more years. In the meantime, the Companies' larger commercial and

1		industrial customers will continue pay millions of dollars of subsidies and rates that
2		are above the cost of providing service.
3		
4	Q.	Has the Commission recognized this principle in its prior ECR orders?
5		
6	А.	Yes. In the most recent KU ECR case (Case No. 2004-00426), the Commission
7		order stated:
8		
9 10 11 12 13 14		While the Commission appreciates KIUC's concerns as to the discrepancies between KU's cost of service and the recovery of costs through its base rates, we are not persuaded that an environmental surcharge proceeding is an appropriate venue to address those discrepancies.
15		The Commission order in the companion LG&E case (Docket No. 2004-00421)
16		adopted the KU findings on surcharge allocation. In those cases, KIUC proposed to
17		reduce subsidies via the ECR charge itself. Though the Commission recognized
18		that the Companies' rates did not reflect cost of service, the Commission found that
19		the ECR proceeding itself was not the appropriate venue to address such issues.
20		
21	Q.	Are the reasons cited by the Commission rejecting the KIUC ECR allocation
22		proposals in Case Nos. 2004-00426 and 2004-00421 applicable in these current
23		KU and LG&E ECR roll-in cases?

2	А.	No. In its orders in the ECR cases, the Commission indicated its concern with the
3		jurisdictional allocation issue under the KIUC proposal, which the Commission
4		believed could have resulted in a shifting of costs to the retail jurisdiction and an
5		increase in Kentucky retail ECR revenue requirements. There is no jurisdictional
6		revenue requirement "issue" in these roll-in cases, since the ECR roll-in only
7		involves retail revenue requirements.
8		
9		The second concern raised by the Commission in the prior ECR orders related to the
10		legality of multiple ECR surcharges under the KIUC recommendation. Since these
11		roll-in cases involve a change in base rates, there is no issue regarding the legality of
12		multiple surcharges.
13		
14	Q.	Does the alternative roll-in allocation eliminate all of the subsidies in existing
15		rates?
16		
17	А.	No. The alternative methodology, while moving rates towards cost of service, only
18		provides a modest reduction in subsidies. For example, based on Mr. Seelye's KU
19		exhibit WSS-2, the residential class is currently receiving a subsidy of \$45.8 million
20		from other ratepayers (see Baron Table 2). The impact of the alternative ECR roll-

1		in methodology is a reduction in this subsidy of \$5 million, or about 11%. This
2		reflects the Companies' adherence to "gradualism", which KIUC supports in this
3		case.
4		
5		Finally, it should also be noted that the Companies' BIP cost allocation
6		methodology is the least favorable to large, high load commercial and industrial
7		customers among the five methodologies that I examined. This means that the
8		actual subsidies paid by KU's LCI-TOD and LG&E's LP-TOD customers are likely
9		greater than shown in Mr. Seelye's analysis.
10		
11	Q.	Is there any compelling reason to use a revenue method to allocate the roll-in
10		
12		costs, given that there is cost of service information available?
12		costs, given that there is cost of service information available?
	А.	<ul><li>costs, given that there is cost of service information available?</li><li>No. Given the availability of cost of service data, and the fact that these cost of</li></ul>
13	A.	
13 14	A.	No. Given the availability of cost of service data, and the fact that these cost of
13 14 15	A.	No. Given the availability of cost of service data, and the fact that these cost of service results show substantial subsidies remaining in the Companies' rates, it is

1	Q.	The Companies are proposing to assign the ECR roll-in to the demand charges
2		of rate schedules that incorporate a demand charge. Do you agree with this
3		approach?
4		
5	А.	Yes. It is appropriate to recover the roll-in increase through the demand charges of
6		each rate, reflecting the "fixed cost" nature of these roll-in charges.
7		
8	Q.	Do you have any final comments on the alternative roll-in allocation
9		methodology?
10		
11	А.	Yes. In a letter dated July 3, 2006 from Kent Blake to the Commission, the
12		Companies' stated that they "do not believe that a different BESF for each customer
13		class will be required depending upon roll in methodology approved by the
14		Commission." I agree with the Companies' conclusion on this issue.
15		
16	Q.	Does that complete your testimony?
17		
18	А.	Yes.

#### **COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY**

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JULY 31, 2004	)	

**EXHIBIT SJB-1** 

OF

**STEPHEN J. BARON** 

#### **ON BEHALF OF**

# KENTUCKY INDUSTRIAL UTILITY CUSTOMERS, INC.

Baron Exhibit\_(SJB-1) Page 1 of 17

#### **Professional Qualifications**

#### Of

#### Stephen J. Baron

Mr. Baron graduated from the University of Florida in 1972 with a B.A. degree with high honors in Political Science and significant coursework in Mathematics and Computer Science. In 1974, he received a Master of Arts Degree in Economics, also from the University of Florida. His areas of specialization were econometrics, statistics, and public utility economics. His thesis concerned the development of an econometric model to forecast electricity sales in the State of Florida, for which he received a grant from the Public Utility Research Center of the University of Florida. In addition, he has advanced study and coursework in time series analysis and dynamic model building.

Mr. Baron has more than thirty years of experience in the electric utility industry in the areas of cost and rate analysis, forecasting, planning, and economic analysis.

Following the completion of my graduate work in economics, he joined the staff of the Florida Public Service Commission in August of 1974 as a Rate Economist. His responsibilities included the analysis of rate cases for electric, telephone, and gas utilities, as well as the preparation of cross-examination material and the preparation of staff recommendations.

In December 1975, he joined the Utility Rate Consulting Division of Ebasco

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Services, Inc. as an Associate Consultant. In the seven years he worked for Ebasco, he received successive promotions, ultimately to the position of Vice President of Energy Management Services of Ebasco Business Consulting Company. His responsibilities included the management of a staff of consultants engaged in providing services in the areas of econometric modeling, load and energy forecasting, production cost modeling, planning, cost-of-service analysis, cogeneration, and load management.

He joined the public accounting firm of Coopers & Lybrand in 1982 as a Manager of the Atlanta Office of the Utility Regulatory and Advisory Services Group. In this capacity he was responsible for the operation and management of the Atlanta office. His duties included the technical and administrative supervision of the staff, budgeting, recruiting, and marketing as well as project management on client engagements. At Coopers & Lybrand, he specialized in utility cost analysis, forecasting, load analysis, economic analysis, and planning.

In January 1984, he joined the consulting firm of Kennedy and Associates as a Vice President and Principal. Mr. Baron became President of the firm in January 1991.

During the course of my career, he has provided consulting services to more than thirty utility, industrial, and Public Service Commission clients, including three international utility clients. He has presented numerous papers and published an article entitled "How to Rate Load Management Programs" in the March 1979 edition of "Electrical World." His article on "Standby Electric Rates" was published in the November 8, 1984 issue of "Public Utilities Fortnightly." In February of 1984, he completed a detailed analysis entitled "Load Data Transfer Techniques" on behalf of the Electric Power Research Institute, which published the study.

Mr. Baron has presented testimony as an expert witness in Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, Maryland, Missouri, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas, West Virginia, as well as before the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") and the United States Bankruptcy Court. A list of his specific regulatory appearances follows.

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#### Expert Testimony Appearances of Stephen J. Baron As of June 2006

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
4/81	203(B)	KY	Louisville Gas & Electric Co	Louisville Gas & Electric Co	Cost-of-service.
4/81	ER-81-42	MO	Kansas City Power & Light Co	Kansas City Power & Light Co.	Forecasting
6/81	U-1933	AZ	Arizona Corporation Commission	Tucson Electric Co	Forecasting planning.
2/84	8924	KY	Airco Carbide	Louisville Gas & Electric Co	Revenue requirements, cost-of-service, forecasting, weather normalization.
3/84	84-038-U	AR	Arkansas Electric Energy Consumers	Arkansas Power & Light Co	Excess capacity, cost-of- service, rate design.
5/84	830470-EI	FL	Florida Industrial Power Users' Group	Florida Power Corp	Allocation of fixed costs, load and capacity balance, and reserve margin. Diversification of utility
10/84	84-199-U	AR	Arkansas Electric Energy Consumers	Arkansas Power and Light Co.	Cost allocation and rate design
11/84	R-842651	PA	Lehigh Valley Power Committee	Pennsylvania Power & Light Co.	Interruptible rates, excess capacity, and phase-in.
1/85	85-65	ME	Airco Industrial Gases	Central Maine Power Co.	Interruptible rate design.
2/85	I-840381	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users' Group	Philadelphia Electric Co.	Load and energy forecast.
3/85	9243	KY	Alcan Aluminum Corp., et al.	Louisville Gas & Electric Co	Economics of completing fossil generating unit.
3/85	3498-U	GA	Attorney General	Georgia Power Co.	Load and energy forecasting, generation planning economics.
3/85	R-842632	PA	West Penn Power Industrial Intervenors	West Penn Power Co.	Generation planning economics, prudence of a pumped storage hydro unit
5/85	84-249	AR	Arkansas Electric Energy Consumers	Arkansas Power & Light Co.	Cost-of-service, rate design return multipliers.
5/85		City of Santa	Chamber of Commerce	Santa Clara Municipal	Cost-of-service, rate design.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
6/85	84-768- E-42T	Clara WV	West Virginia Industrial Intervenors	Monongahela Power Co.	Generation planning economics, prudence of a pumped storage hydro unit.
6/85	E-7 Sub 391	NC	Carolina Industrials (CIGFUR III)	Duke Power Co.	Cost-of-service, rate design, interruptible rate design.
7/85	29046	NY	Industrial Energy Users Association	Orange and Rockland Utilities	Cost-of-service, rate design.
10/85	85-043-U	AR	Arkansas Gas Consumers	Arkla, Inc.	Regulatory policy, gas cost-of- service, rate design.
10/85	85-63	ME	Airco Industrial Gases	Central Maine Power Co.	Feasibility of interruptible rates, avoided cost.
2/85	ER- 8507698	NJ	Air Products and Chemicals	Jersey Central Power & Light Co.	Rate design.
3/85	R-850220	PA	West Penn Power Industrial Intervenors	West Penn Power Co.	Optimal reserve, prudence, off-system sales guarantee plan.
2/86	R-850220	PA	West Penn Power Industrial Intervenors	West Penn Power Co.	Optimal reserve margins, prudence, off-system sales guarantee plan
3/86	85-299U	AR	Arkansas Electric Energy Consumers	Arkansas Power & Light Co.	Cost-of-service, rate design, revenue distribution.
3/86	85-726- EL-AIR	OH	Industrial Electric Consumers Group	Ohio Power Co.	Cost-of-service, rate design, interruptible rates.
5/86	86-081- E-GI	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Monongahela Power Co	Generation planning economics, prudence of a pumped storage hydro unit.
8/86	E-7 Sub 408	NC	Carolina Industrial Energy Consumers	Duke Power Co	Cost-of-service, rate design, interruptible rates.
10/86	U-17378	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Excess capacity, economic analysis of purchased power.
12/86	38063	IN	Industrial Energy Consumers	Indiana & Michigan Power Co.	Interruptible rates.

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#### Expert Testimony Appearances of Stephen J. Baron As of June 2006

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
3/87	EL-86- 53-001 EL-86- 57-001	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC)	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities, Southern Co.	Cost/benefit analysis of unit power sales contract.
4/87	U-17282	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Load forecasting and imprudence damages, River Bend Nuclear unit
5/87	87-023- E-C	WV	Airco Industrial Gases	Monongahela Power Co.	Interruptible rates.
5/87	87-072- E-G1	WV	West Virginia Energy Users' Group	Monongahela Power Co.	Analyze Mon Power's fuel filing and examine the reasonableness of MP's claims
5/87	86-524- E-SC	WV	West Virginia Energy Users' Group	Monongahela Power Co	Economic dispatching of pumped storage hydro unit.
5/87	9781	KY	Kentucky Industrial Energy Consumers	Louisville Gas & Electric Co	Analysis of impact of 1986 Tax Reform Act
6/87	3673-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission	Georgia Power Co.	Economic prudence, evaluation of Vogtle nuclear unit - load forecasting, planning.
6/87	U-17282	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Phase-in plan for River Bend Nuclear unit.
7/87	85-10-22	CT	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	Connecticut Light & Power Co.	Methodology for refunding rate moderation fund.
8/87	3673-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission	Georgia Power Co	Test year sales and revenue forecast.
9/87	R-850220	PA	West Penn Power Industrial Intervenors	West Penn Power Co.	Excess capacity, reliability of generating system.
10/87	R-870651	PA	Duquesne Industrial Intervenors	Duquesne Light Co.	Interruptible rate, cost-of- service, revenue allocation, rate design.
10/87	I-860025	PA	Pennsylvania Industrial Intervenors		Proposed rules for cogeneration, avoided cost, rate recovery.

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#### Expert Testimony Appearances of Stephen J. Baron As of June 2006

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
10/87	E-015/ GR-87-223	MN	Taconite Intervenors	Minnesota Power & Light Co	Excess capacity, power and cost-of-service, rate design.
10/87	8702-EI	FL	Occidental Chemical Corp.	Florida Power Corp.	Revenue forecasting, weather normalization.
12/87	87-07-01	СТ	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	Connecticut Light Power Co	Excess capacity, nuclear plant phase-in.
3/88	10064	KY	Kentucky Industrial Energy Consumers	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Revenue forecast, weather normalization rate treatment of cancelled plant.
3/88	87-183-TF	AR	Arkansas Electric Consumers	Arkansas Power & Light Co.	Standby/backup electric rates
5/88	870171C00 <sup>-</sup>	1 PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Metropolitan Edison Co.	Cogeneration deferral mechanism, modification of energy cost recovery (ECR).
6/88	870172C00	5 PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Cogeneration deferral mechanism, modification of energy cost recovery (ECR).
7/88	88-171- EL-AIR 88-170- EL-AIR Interim Rate	OH e Case	Industrial Energy Consumers	Cleveland Electric/ Toledo Edison	Financial analysis/need for interim rate relief.
7/88	Appeal of PSC	19th Judicial Docket U-17282	Louisiana Public Service Commission Circuit Court of Louisiana	Gulf States Utilities	Load forecasting, imprudence damages.
11/88	R-880989	PA	United States Steel	Carnegie Gas	Gas cost-of-service, rate design.
11/88	88-171- EL-AIR 88-170- EL-AIR	ОН	Industrial Energy Consumers	Cleveland Electric/ Toledo Edison General Rate Case.	Weather normalization of peak loads, excess capacity, regulatory policy.
3/89	870216/283 284/286	F PA	Armco Advanced Materials Corp., Allegheny Ludlum Corp.	West Penn Power Co.	Calculated avoided capacity, recovery of capacity payments.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
8/89	8555	ТΧ	Occidental Chemical Corp.	Houston Lighting & Power Co.	Cost-of-service, rate design
8/89	3840-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission	Georgia Power Co.	Revenue forecasting, weather normalization.
9/89	2087	NM	Attorney General of New Mexico	Public Service Co. of New Mexico	Prudence - Palo Verde Nuclear Units 1, 2 and 3, load fore- casting.
10/89	2262	NM	New Mexico Industrial Energy Consumers	Public Service Co. of New Mexico	Fuel adjustment clause, off- system sales, cost-of-service, rate design, marginal cost.
11/89	38728	IN	Industrial Consumers for Fair Utility Rates	Indiana Michigan Power Co.	Excess capacity, capacity equalization, jurisdictional cost allocation, rate design, interruptible rates.
1/90	U-17282	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Jurisdictional cost allocation, O&M expense analysis.
5/90	890366	PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Metropolitan Edison Co.	Non-utility generator cost recovery.
6/90	R-901609	PA	Armco Advanced Materials Corp., Allegheny Ludlum Corp	West Penn Power Co.	Allocation of QF demand charges in the fuel cost, cost-of- service, rate design.
9/90	8278	MD	Maryland Industrial Group	Baltimore Gas & Electric Co.	Cost-of-service, rate design, revenue allocation.
12/90	U-9346 Rebuttal	MI	Association of Businesses Advocating Tariff Equity	Consumers Power Co.	Demand-side management, environmental externalities.
12/90	U-17282 Phase IV	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements, jurisdictional allocation.
12/90	90-205	ME	Airco Industrial Gases	Central Maine Power Co.	Investigation into interruptible service and rates.
1/91	90-12-03 Interim	СТ	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	Connecticut Light & Power Co.	Interim rate relief, financial analysis, class revenue allocation.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
5/91	90-12-03 Phase II	СТ	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	Connecticut Light & Power Co.	Revenue requirements, cost-of- service, rate design, demand-side management
8/91	E-7, SUB SUB 487	NC	North Carolina Industrial Energy Consumers	Duke Power Co.	Revenue requirements, cost allocation, rate design, demand- side management.
8/91	8341 Phase I	MD	Westvaco Corp	Potomac Edison Co.	Cost allocation, rate design, 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments.
8/91	91-372	ОН	Armco Steel Co , L.P.	Cincinnati Gas &	Economic analysis of
	EL-UNC			Electric Co.	cogeneration, avoid cost rate.
9/91	P-910511 P-910512	PA	Allegheny Ludlum Corp., Armco Advanced Materials Co., The West Penn Power Industrial Users' Group	West Penn Power Co.	Economic analysis of proposed CWIP Rider for 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments expenditures
9/91	91-231 -E-NC	WV	West Virginia Energy Users' Group	Monongahela Power Co.	Economic analysis of proposed CWIP Rider for 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments expenditures.
10/91	8341 - Phase II	MD	Westvaco Corp.	Potomac Edison Co.	Economic analysis of proposed CWIP Rider for 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments expenditures.
10/91	U-17282	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Results of comprehensive management audit.
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11/91	U-17949 Subdocket A	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	South Central Bell Telephone Co. and proposed merger with Southern Bell Telephone Co.	Analysis of South Central Bell's restructuring and
12/91	91-410- EL-AIR	ОН	Armco Steel Co , Air Products & Chemicals, Inc.	Cincinnati Gas & Electric Co.	Rate design, interruptible rates.
12/91	P-880286	PA	Armco Advanced Materials Corp., Allegheny Ludlum Corp.	West Penn Power Co.	Evaluation of appropriate avoided capacity costs - QF projects.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
1/92	C-913424	PA	Duquesne Interruptible Complainants	Duquesne Light Co.	Industrial interruptible rate.
6/92	92-02-19	СТ	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	Yankee Gas Co.	Rate design.
8/92	2437	NM	New Mexico Industrial Intervenors	Public Service Co. of New Mexico	Cost-of-service
8/92	R-00922314	PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Metropolitan Edison Co	Cost-of-service, rate design, energy cost rate.
9/92	39314	ID	Industrial Consumers for Fair Utility Rates	Indiana Michigan Power Co.	Cost-of-service, rate design, energy cost rate, rate treatment.
10/92	M-00920312 C-007	PA	The GPU Industrial Intervenors	Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Cost-of-service, rate design, energy cost rate, rate treatment.
12/92	U-17949	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	South Central Bell Co.	Management audit.
12/92	R-00922378	PA	Armco Advanced Materials Co. The WPP Industrial Intervenors	West Penn Power Co.	Cost-of-service, rate design, energy cost rate, SO <sub>2</sub> allowance rate treatment.
1/93	8487	MD	The Maryland Industrial Group	Baltimore Gas & Electric Co.	Electric cost-of-service and rate design (flexible rates).
2/93	E002/GR- 92-1185	MN	North Star Steel Co. Praxair, Inc.	Northern States Power Co.	Interruptible rates.
4/93	EC92 21000 ER92-806- 000 (Rebuttal)	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities/Entergy agreement	Merger of GSU into Entergy System; impact on system
7/93	93-0114- E-C	WV	Airco Gases	Monongahela Power Co.	Interruptible rates.
8/93	930759-EG	FL	Florida Industrial Power Users' Group	Generic - Electric Utilities	Cost recovery and allocation of DSM costs.
9/93	M-009 30406	PA	Lehigh Valley Power Committee	Pennsylvania Power & Light Co.	Ratemaking treatment of off-system sales revenues.

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#### Expert Testimony Appearances of Stephen J. Baron As of June 2006

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
11/93	346	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Generic - Gas Utilities	Allocation of gas pipeline transition costs - FERC Order 636.
12/93	U-17735	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative	Nuclear plant prudence, forecasting, excess capacity.
4/94	E-015/ GR-94-001	MN	Large Power Intervenors	Minnesota Power Co.	Cost allocation, rate design, rate phase-in plan
5/94	U-20178	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Louisiana Power & Light Co.	Analysis of least cost integrated resource plan and demand-side management program.
7/94	R-00942986	PA	Armco, Inc.; West Penn Power Industrial Intervenors	West Penn Power Co.	Cost-of-service, allocation of rate increase, rate design, emission allowance sales, and operations and maintenance expense
7/94	94-0035- E-42T	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Monongahela Power Co.	Cost-of-service, allocation of rate increase, and rate design.
8/94	EC94 13-000	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities/Entergy	Analysis of extended reserve shutdown units and violation of system agreement by Entergy.
9/94	R-00943 081 R-00943 081C0001	PA	Lehigh Valley Power Committee	Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission	Analysis of interruptible rate terms and conditions, availability.
9/94	U-17735	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative	Evaluation of appropriate avoided cost rate.
9/94	U-19904	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements.
10/94	5258-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission	Southern Bell Telephone & Telegraph Co.	Proposals to address competition in telecommunication markets.
11/94	EC94-7-000 ER94-898-0		Louisiana Public Service Commission	El Paso Electric and Central and Southwest	Merger economics, transmission equalization hold harmless proposals.
2/95	941-430EG	CO	CF&I Steel, L.P	Public Service Company of Colorado	Interruptible rates, cost-of-service.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
4/95	R-00943271	PA	PP&L Industrial Customer Alliance	Pennsylvania Power & Light Co.	Cost-of-service, allocation of rate increase, rate design, interruptible rates.
6/95	C-00913424 C-00946104		Duquesne Interruptible Complainants	Duquesne Light Co.	Interruptible rates.
8/95	ER95-112 -000	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Open Access Transmission Tariffs - Wholesale.
10/95	U-21485	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities Company	Nuclear decommissioning, revenue requirements, capital structure.
10/95	ER95-1042 -000	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	System Energy Resources, Inc	Nuclear decommissioning, revenue requirements
10/95	U-21485	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities Co.	Nuclear decommissioning and cost of debt capital, capital structure.
11/95	1-940032	PA	Industrial Energy Consumers of Pennsylvania	State-wide - all utilities	Retail competition issues.
7/96	U-21496	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Central Louisiana Electric Co.	Revenue requirement analysis
7/96	8725	MD	Maryland Industrial Group	Baltimore Gas & Elec. Co , Potomac Elec. Power Co , Constellation Energy Co.	Ratemaking issues associated with a Merger.
8/96	U-17735	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative	Revenue requirements.
9/96	U-22092	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Decommissioning, weather normalization, capital structure
2/97	R-973877	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	PECO Energy Co.	Competitive restructuring policy issues, stranded cost, transition charges
6/97	Civil Action No. 94-11474	US Bank- ruptcy Court Middle Distric of Louisiana	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative	Confirmation of reorganization plan; analysis of rate paths produced by competing plans.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
6/97	R-973953	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	PECO Energy Co.	Retail competition issues, rate unbundling, stranded cost analysis.
6/97	8738	MD	Maryland Industrial Group	Generic	Retail competition issues
7/97	R-973954	PA	PP&L Industrial Customer Alliance	Pennsylvania Power & Light Co	Retail competition issues, rate unbundling, stranded cost analysis.
10/97	97-204	KY	Alcan Aluminum Corp Southwire Co.	Big River Electric Corp	Analysis of cost of service issues - Big Rivers Restructuring Plan
10/97	R-974008	PA	Metropolitan Edison Industrial Users	Metropolitan Edison Co.	Retail competition issues, rate unbundling, stranded cost analysis.
10/97	R-974009	PA	Pennsylvania Electric Industrial Customer	Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Retail competition issues, rate unbundling, stranded cost analysis.
11/97	U-22491	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Decommissioning, weather normalization, capital structure.
11/97	P-971265	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	Enron Energy Services Power, Inc / PECO Energy	Analysis of Retail Restructuring Proposal
12/97	R-973981	PA	West Penn Power Industrial Intervenors	West Penn Power Co.	Retail competition issues, rate unbundling, stranded cost analysis.
12/97	R-974104	PA	Duquesne Industrial Intervenors	Duquesne Light Co	Retail competition issues, rate unbundling, stranded cost analysis.
3/98 (Allocate Cost Iss	U-22092 ed Stranded rues)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities Co.	Retail competition, stranded cost quantification.
3/98	U-22092		Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities, Inc.	Stranded cost quantification, restructuring issues.
9/98	U-17735		Louisiana Public Service Commission	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative, Inc	Revenue requirements analysis, weather normalization.
12/98	8794	MD	Maryland Industrial Group and	Baltimore Gas and Electric Co	Electric utility restructuring, stranded cost recovery, rate

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
			Millennium Inorganic Chemicals Inc.		unbundling.
12/98	U-23358	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Nuclear decommissioning, weather normalization, Entergy System Agreement.
5/99 (Cross-4 Answeri	EC-98- 40-000 ng Testimony)	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	American Electric Power Co. & Central South West Corp.	Merger issues related to market power mitigation proposals.
5/99 (Respon Testimo		KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Performance based regulation, settlement proposal issues, cross-subsidies between electric. gas services.
6/99	98-0452	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Appalachian Power, Monongahela Power, & Potomac Edison Companies	Electric utility restructuring, stranded cost recovery, rate unbundling.
7/99	99-03-35	CT	Connecticut Industrial \Energy Consumers	United Illuminating Company	Electric utility restructuring, stranded cost recovery, rate unbundling.
7/99	Adversary Proceeding No. 98-1065	U.S. Bankruptcy Court	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative	Motion to dissolve preliminary injunction.
7/99	99-03-06	CT	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	Connecticut Light & Power Co	Electric utility restructuring, stranded cost recovery, rate unbundling.
10/99	U-24182	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Nuclear decommissioning, weather normalization, Entergy System Agreement
12/99	U-17735	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	Ananlysi of Proposed Contract Rates, Market Rates.
03/00	U-17735	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.	Evaluation of Cooperative Power Contract Elections
03/00	99-1658- EL-ETP	ОН	AK Steel Corporation	Cincinnati Gas & Electric Co.	Electric utility restructuring, stranded cost recovery, rate Unbundling.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
08/00	98-0452 E-GI	WVA	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Appalachian Power Co. American Electric Co.	Electric utility restructuring rate unbundling.
08/00	00-1050 E-T 00-1051-E-T	WVA	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Mon Power Co. Potomac Edison Co.	Electric utility restructuring rate unbundling.
10/00	SOAH 473- 00-1020 PUC 2234	ΤX	The Dallas-Fort Worth Hospital Council and The Coalition of Independent Colleges And Universities	TXU, Inc.	Electric utility restructuring rate unbundling.
12/00	U-24993	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Nuclear decommissioning, revenue requirements.
12/00	EL00-66- 000 & ER-2 EL95-33-00		Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services Inc.	Inter-Company System Agreement: Modifications for retail competition, interruptible load
04/01	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket Addressing	LA B) Contested Issu	Louisiana Public Service Commission es	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Jurisdictional Business Separation - Texas Restructuring Plan
10/01	14000-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Georgia Power Co.	Test year revenue forecast.
11/01	U-25687	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Nuclear decommissioning requirements transmission revenues.
11/01	U-25965	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Generic	Independent Transmission Company ("Transco"). RTO rate design.
03/02	001148-EI	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Assoc.	Florida Power & Light Company	Retail cost of service, rate design, resource planning and demand side management.
06/02	U-25965	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States Entergy Louisiana	RTO Issues
07/02	U-21453	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	SWEPCO, AEP	Jurisdictional Business Sep Texas Restructuring Plan.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
08/02	U-25888	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Louisiana, Inc. Entergy Gulf States, Inc	Modifications to the Inter- Company System Agreement, Production Cost Equalization.
08/02	EL01- 88-000	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Modifications to the Inter- Company System Agreement, Production Cost Equalization.
11/02	02S-315EG	СО	CF&I Steel & Climax Molybdenum Co.	Public Service Co. of Colorado	Fuel Adjustment Clause
01/03	U-17735	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Louisiana Coops	Contract Issues
02/03	02S-594E	СО	Cripple Creek and Victor Gold Mining Co.	Aquila, Inc.	Revenue requirements, purchased power.
04/03	U-26527	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Weather normalization, power purchase expenses, System Agreement expenses.
11/03	ER03-753-0	00 FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Proposed modifications to System Agreement Tariff MSS-4.
11/03	ER03-583-0 ER03-583-0 ER03-583-0	01	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc., the Entergy Operating Companies, EWO Market-	Evaluation of Wholesale Purchased Power Contracts.
	ER03-681-0 ER03-681-0			Ing, L.P, and Entergy Power, Inc.	
	ER03-682-0 ER03-682-0 ER03-682-0	01			
12/03	U-27136	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Louisiana, Inc.	Evaluation of Wholesale Purchased Power Contracts.
01/04	E-01345- 03-0437	AZKroger Cor	mpany Arizona Public Service Co	Revenue allocation rate designed	gn.
02/04	00032071	PA	Duquesne Industrial Intervenors	Duquesne Light Company	Provider of last resort issues.
03/04	03A-436E	CO	CF&I Steel, LP and Climax Molybedenum	Public Service Company of Colorado	Purchased Power Adjustment Clause

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#### Expert Testimony Appearances of Stephen J. Baron As of June 2006

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
04/04	2003-00433 2003-00434	PA	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas & Electric Co. Kentucky Utilities Co.	Cost of Service Rate Design
0-6/04	03S-539E	СО	Cripple Creek, Victor Gold Mining Co., Goodrich Corp , Holcim (U.S.,), Inc., and The Trane Co.	Aquila, Inc	Cost of Service, Rate Design Interruptible Rates
06/04	R-00049255	PA	PP&L Industrial Customer Alliance PPLICA	PPL Electric Utilities Corp.	Cost of service, rate design, tariff issues and transmission service charge.
10/04	04S-164E	CO	CF&I Steel Company, Climax Mines	Public Service Company of Colorado	Cost of service, rate design, Interruptible Rates,
03/05	Case No. 2004-00426 Case No. 2004-00421	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Environmental cost recovery.
06/05	050045-EI	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Assoc.	Florida Power & Light Company	Retail cost of service, rate design
07/05	U-28155	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Louisiana, Inc. Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Independent Coordinator of Transmission – Cost/Benefit
09/05	Case Nos. 05-0402-E-0 05-0750-E-F		West Virginia Energy Users Group	Mon Power Co. Potomac Edison Co.	Environmental cost recovery, Securitization, Financing Order
01/06	2005-00341	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc	Kentucky Power Company	Cost of service, rate design, transmission expenses. Congestion Cost Recovery Mechanism
03/06	U-22092	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Separation of EGSI into Texas and Louisiana Companies.
04/06	U-25116	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Louisiana, Inc.	Transmission Prudence Investigation
06/06	R-00061346 C0001-0005		Duquesne Industrial Intervenors & IECPA	Duquesne Light Co.	Cost of Service, Rate Design, Transmission Service Charge, Tariff Issues
06/06	R-00061366 R-00061367 P-00062213 P-00062214	,	Met-Ed Industrial Energy Users Group and Penelec Industrial Customer Alliance	Metropolitan Edison Co Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Generation Rate Cap, Transmission Service Charge, Cost of Service, Rate Design, Tariff Issues

### **BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**

# IN THE MATTER OF:

AN EXAMINATION BY THE PUBLIC SERVIC )	
COMMISSION OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL )	
SURCHARGE MECHANISM OF LOUISVILLE GAS )	
AND ELECTRIC COMPANY FOR THE SIX-MONTH )	CASE NO:
BILLING PERIODS ENDINGS OCTOBER 31, 2003, )	2006-00130
APRIL 30, 2004, OCTOBER 31, 2004, )	
OCTOBER 31, 2005 AND APRIL 30 2006 AND )	
FOR THE TWO-YEAR BILLING PERIOD ENDING )	
APRIL 30, 2005 )	

#### IN THE MATTER OF:

AN EXAMINATION BY THE PUBLIC SERVIC	)	
COMMISSION OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL	)	
SURCHARGE MECHANISM OF KENTUCKY	)	
UTILITIES COMPANY FOR THE SIX-MONTH	)	CASE NO:
BILLING PERIODS ENDINGS JULY 31, 2003,	)	2006-00129
JANUARY 31, 2004, JANUARY 31, 2005,	)	
JULY 31, 2005, AND JANUARY 31, 2006 AND	)	
FOR THE TWO-YEAR BILLING PERIOD ENDING	)	
JULY 31, 2004	)	

#### **EXHIBIT SJB-2**

OF

#### **STEPHEN J. BARON**

#### **ON BEHALF OF**

#### KENTUCKY INDUSTRIAL UTILITY CUSTOMERS, INC.

#### KENTUCKY UTILITIES Cost of Service Study Class Allocation - Average and Excess

#### 12 Months Ended September 30, 2003

Description		Total System	Residential & Combination Off-Peak W/H RS, FERS, CWH	General Service & Elec Space Heating Rider GS, 33	Combined Light & Power LP,HLF	Large Comm/Ind TOD & Special Contracts LCI-TOD, Sp Cont	Coal Mining Power Service MP	Large Mine Power TOD Service LMP	All Electric School W AES	fater Pumping M	Private Outdoor Lighting	NAS Spec. Contr.
Cost of Service Summary - Pro-Forma												
Total Pro-Forma Operating Revenue	S	694,556,526	S 260 820,905	\$ 68.435.051	\$ 231,461,563	\$ 92,886,274	\$ 8,743,835	\$ 6.204.010	\$ 4.085.471 \$	738,378	\$ 13,477,002 \$	7,703,036
Total Operating Expenses	5	632,533.206	s 257.392,775	\$ 60.652.622	\$ 198,311,946	\$ 82,088,684	\$ 7,256,716	\$ 5,355,651	s 3.801.116 \$	674,209	\$ 12,092,394 \$	4,907,093
Net Operating Income (Adjusted)	s	62.023,320	\$ 3,428,130	5 7.782.429	S 33,149.617	\$ 10,797,59D	S 1,487,119	\$ 848,360	s 285.356 \$	64,168	5 1,384.608 S	2,795,943
Net Cost Rate Base	s	1,412,389,406	\$ 704,821,840	\$ 161.330.761	\$ 321,963,174	\$ 122,143,829	\$ 12,058,059	\$ 9.709.769	\$ 9.506.241 S	1.863,598	\$ 54,858,233 \$	14,133,904
Rate of Return		4.39%	0.49%	4.82%	10.30%	8.84%	12.33%	8.74%	3.00%	3.44%	2.52%	19.78%
Subsidy at Current Rates	S	(0)	(46,341,979)	1.174.896	32,009,587	9,149,099	1,612,357	710.483	(222,420)	(29,750)	(1.724.861)	3,662,588
KU Compliance Increases Base Rate Increase Increase in Miscellaneous Charges Decrease in Rents		46,143.794 408.443 (556.373)	20, 194,775 380,552 (49,813)	4.932.373 26.599 (152.518)	16,862,418 1,269 (344,532)	2,218,824 3 (784)	638,189 6 (6,315)	453 462 2 (1,522)	294.587	45.644 (399)	934 463 2 (491)	(430,941)
Incremental Income Taxes		(18.678,184)	\$ (8,335,087)	s {1.951.824}	\$ (6.708.164)	5 (900.712)	S (256,596)	\$ (183.526)	\$ (119,627) \$	(18,373)	5 (379.272) \$	174,998
Net Operating Income after increase		89.341.000	\$ 15.618,567	\$ 10.637.059	\$ 42,960,608	S 12,114,921	\$ 1,862,403	\$ 1.116.775	\$ 450.316 \$	91,040	\$ 1,939.311 \$	2,540,000
Rate of Return at KU Compliance Rates		6.33%	2.22%	6.59%	13.34%	9.92%	15.45%	11.50%	4.84%	4.89%	3.54%	17.97%
Subsidy at KU Compliance Rates		(0)	(48,769,677)	727.454	38,043,691	7,389,406	1,851,555	846.217	(237,414)	(45,195)	(2.577.399)	2,771,363

Exhibit (SJB-2) Page 1 of 8

# KENTUCKY UTILITIES Cost of Service Study Class Allocation - Summer/Winter CP

Subsidy at KU Compliance Rates	Rate of Return at KU Compliance Rates	Net Operating Income after increase	Incremental Income Taxes	KU Compliance Increases Base Rate Increase Increase in Kicellaneous Charges Decrease in Rents	Subsidy at Current Rates	Rate of Return	Net Cost Rate Base	Net Operating Income (Adjusted)	Total Operating Expenses	Total Pro-Forma Operating Revenue	Cost of Service Summary – Pro-Forma	Description
					S	_	s	s	s	s		
0	6.33%	89.341.000 S	(18.678.184) S	46,143.794 408,443 (556,373)		4.39%	1,412,389,406 \$	62.023.320 S	632,533.206 S	694,556.526 \$		Cc Total System
(50,767,041)	2.10%	15.035,434 S	(8.335.087) \$	20, 194, 775 380, 562 (49, 813)	(48,028,828)	0.40%	714,356,750 \$	2,844,997 S	258.212,664 S	261.057,661 S		Residential & General Service & Combination Off-Peak Elec Space Heating WH Rider RS, FERS, CWH GS, 33
4.074.716	7.94%	\$ 11,887.175	\$ (1.951.824) \$	4.932.373 26.599 (152.518)	4,142,274	6.04%	\$ 149.665.686 S	5 9.032.545 S	S 59.112.857 S	5 68,145.402 S		General Service & Elec Space Heating Rider GS, 33
35,728,215	12.78%	s 42,017,807 S	5 (6.708.164) 5	16,862,418 1,269 (344,532)	29,916,724	9.80%	S 328,798,928 S	32,206.816	S 199,424,482 S	231,631,298		Combined Light & Power LP,HLF
8,039,935	10.35%	12,2	) \$ (900.712) \$	2,218,824 3 (784)	9,681,582	9.24%	S 118,519,019 S	\$ 10,954,662 \$	81,841,605	S 92,796,268		Large Comm/ind TOD & Special Contracts LCI-TOD, Sp Cont
2,088,627	77.45%	1.9		638,189 6 (6.315)	1,819,725	14.09%	S 11,145,911 S	1,570,222	\$ 7,150,964	\$ 8,721,186		Coal Mining Power Service MP
1.143.592	14.22%	1,2		453.462 2 (1.522)	971.678	11.10%	S 8.598.774 S	\$ 954.699	S 5.221.725	S 6.176.424 S		Large Mine Power TOD Service LMP
45.791	\$1 COTO	l g	_		28,327	4.59%	8.50		3,671,212	\$ 4.061.724 S		All Electric School AES
(160,307)	21012	4	~		(131,071)	0.99%	1		5 726,303			Water Pumping M
(2.007.849)		1	S (3/9.2/2) S		(1.223.750)		2.287,087 S 52,755,592 S 17,750,972	\$ 1,589.940 S		748,893 \$ 13,424,820 \$		Private Outdoor Lighting
1,814,319		12 40%		-	2,823,338	10.04 2	5 11,130,912	2,456,338				NAS Spec. Contr.

#### KENTUCKY UTILITIES Cost of Service Study Class Allocation - Summer CP

Description		C Total System	Residential & Combination Off-Peak W/H RS, FERS, CWH	General Service & Elec Space Heating Rider GS, 33	Combined Light & Power LP,HLF	Large Comm/Ind TOD & Special Contracts LCI-TOD, Sp Cont	Coal Mining Power Service MP	Large Mine Power TOD Service LMP	All Electric School AES	Water Pumping M	Private Outdoor Lighting	NAS Spec. Contr.
Cost of Service Summary - Pro-Forma												
Total Pro-Forma Operating Revenue	5	694,556.526 S	259.717,158	\$ 68.528.900	\$ 232,433,510	S 92,947,718	S 8,704,911	\$ 6.161.895	\$ 4.094.263	\$ 746,916	\$ 13,326,769 \$	7,894,486
Total Operating Expenses	s	632,533.206	251.612,725	\$ 61.001.003	s 203,374,153	\$ 82,587,266	\$ 7,070,833	\$ 5.150.191	\$ 3.831.416	\$ 716,569	\$ 11,352,128 \$	5,836,920
Net Operating Income (Adjusted)	s	62.023.320 S	8,104,433	s 7.527.897	\$ 29,059 357	\$ 10,360,451	s 1,634,078	\$ 1.011.704	\$ 262.847	S 30,347	S 1,974.640 S	2,057,566
Net Cost Rate Base	5	1,412,389,406 \$	660, 370, 481	\$ 165.110.371	\$ 361,106,498	\$ 124,618,380	s 10,490,458	\$ 8.013.643	\$ 9.820.022	\$ 2.207,459	S 48,807,875 S	21,844,220
Rate of Return		4.39%	1.23%	4.56%	8.05%	8.31%	15.58%	12.62%	2.68%	1.37%	4.05%	9.42%
Subsidy at Current Rates	s	0	(35,181,598)	466.869	22,228,421	8,230,104	1,975,704	1,110.923	(283,520)	(112,121)	(284.041)	1,849,259
<u>KU Compliance Increases</u> Base Rate Increase Increase in Miscellaneous Charges Decrease in Rents		46,143,794 408,443 (556,373)	20,194,775 380,562 (49.813)	4,932,373 26,599 (152,518)	16,862,418 1,269 (344,532)	2.218.824 3 (784)	638,189 6 (6.315)	453,462 2 (1,522)	294.587 - -	45,644 (399)	934.463 2 (491)	(430,941)
Incremental Income Taxes		(18.678.184) \$	(8,335.087)	\$ (1.951.824)	\$ (6.708.164)	\$ (900.712)	\$ (256.596)	\$ (183.526)	\$ (119,627)	\$ (18,373)	\$ (379.272) \$	174,998
Net Operating Income after increase		89.341.000 S	20.294,870	\$ 10.382.527	s 38.870,347	\$ 11,677,782	\$ 2.009,362	\$ 1.280.119	\$ 437.807	\$ \$7,219	\$ 2,529.343 \$	1,801,623
Rate of Return at KU Compliance Rates		6.33%	3.07%	6.29%	10.76%	9.37%	19.15%	15.97%	4.46%	2.59%	5.18%	8.25%
Subsidy at KU Compliance Rates		0	(36,161,694)	(103.660)	26,987,784	6,389,825	2,265,952	1,301.892	(308,732)	(138,764)	(939.543)	706,939

# KENTUCKY UTILITIES Civit of Service Study Class Allocation - 12 CP 12 Months Ended September 30, 2003

Subsidy at KU Compliance Rates	Rate of Return at KU Compliance Rates 6.	Net Operating Income after increase 89.341.000 S	Incremental Income Taxes (18.678.184) S	<u>KU Compliance Increases</u> 45,143 764 Base Rate Increase 408 403 Increase in Miscellaneous Charges 408 403 Decrease in Rents (556 373)	Subsidy at Current Rates	Rate of Return 4.	Net Cost Rate Base 5 1,412,389,406 5	Net Operating Income (Adjusted) S 62.023.320 S	Total Operating Expenses \$ 632.533.206 \$	Total Pro-Forma Operating Revenue \$ 694,556.526	Cost of Service Summary – Pro-Forma	T Description Sys
(0)	6.33%	2 000	184) S	794 443 373)	(0)	4,39%	406 S	320 S	206 S	526 S		F Total System R
(39,281,116)	2.85%	19.171.555 S	(8,335.087) S	20,194,775 380,562 (49,813)	(37,925,520)	1.04%	671,900,913 S	6,981,118 S	253.022,346 S	260.003,464 S		Residential & General Service & Combination Off-Peak Elec Space Heating WH Rider RS, FERS, CWH GS. 33
1.251.802	6.79%	5 10.870.634 S	5 (1.951.824) S	4 932 373 26 599 (152 518)	1.659.167	5.01%	160.100.128 S	8.016.004 S	60.388.490 S	68,404,494 S		General Service & Elec Space Heating Rider GS, 33
29,226.088	11.25%	S 39,676,368 S	\$ (6,708,164) \$	16,862,418 1,269 (344,532)	24,197,290	8.46%	S 352,832,975 S	29,865.378	202,362,697	S 232,228,074 S		Combined Light & Power LP.HLF
4,614,040	8.41%	\$ 11.038.316 \$	) S (900.712) S	2.218,824 3 (784)	6,668,078	7.41%	S 131,182,280 S	S 9,720,985	\$ 83,369,718	93,110,702		Large Comm/Ind TOD & Special Contracts LCI-TOD, Sp Cont
1,693,013				638,189 6 (6,315)	1,471,733		\$ 12,608,233	S 1,427,760	S 7,329,736	S 8,757,496		Coal Mining Power Service MP
013	14.30%	1,803,044 S	(256,596) S	189 6 315)	733	11.32%	233 S	760 S	736 \$	496 S		
927.972	12.19%	1,145,469 S	(183.526) S	453.462 2 (1.522)	782.013	9.33%	9.395.780 S	877.054 \$	5.319.160 \$	6.196.214 \$		Large Mine Power TOD Service LMP
(150,832)	5.36%	49	_	294,587 -	(144,627)	3.46%	9.23		3.760.063	4.079.770 S		All Electric School V AES
	2.95%			45,644 - (399)	(97,265)	1.70%			S 708,937			Water Pumping M
(121,875) (1.360.077)	4.12%	63,301 S 2,377,907 S	\$ (379.272) \$		(653.953)	3.52%	2.145,032 \$ 50,362,310 \$	\$ 1,823.205 \$	708,937 \$ 11,542,161 \$	745,366 \$ 13,365,366 \$		Private Outdoor Lighting
3,200,986	21.30%	2,6			4,043,085	23,41%	12,6					NAS Spec. Contr.

#### Louisville Gas and Electric Company Cost of Service Study Class Allocation - Average and Excess

Description		Total System	Residential Rates R, WH	General Service Rate GS	Rate LC	Rate LC-TOD	Rate LP	Rate LP-TOD	Special Contracts	Lighting
Cost of Service Summary – Compliance										
Total Pro-Forma Operating Revenue	\$	710,260,314 \$	270,249.688 \$	99.605,374 \$	131,486,034 \$	31,427,869 \$	37,756,229 \$	90,867.471 \$	35,914,887 S	12.952,762
Total Operating Expenses	s	642,250,092 \$	257,693.887 S	85.127,097 S	113,420,248 \$	27,403,822 \$	32,833,549 \$	82,086.142 \$	32,275,417 \$	11.409,930
Net Operating Income (Adjusted)	s	68,010,222 \$	12,555.801 S	14.478,277 \$	18,065,786 \$	4,024,046 \$	4,922.679 \$	8,781,329 \$	3,639,471 S	1.542,833
Net Cost Rate Base	\$	1,474,440,405 \$	684,810.151 S	196,610,883 \$	225,431,766 \$	51,132,107 \$	63,718,965 \$	146,140.444 \$	58,888,834 S	47.707,255
Rate of Return	T	4.61%	1.83%	7.36%	8.01%	7.87%	7.73%	6.01%	6.18%	3.23%
Subsidy at Current Rates	s	(0)	(32,128,510)	9,131,818	12,943,843	2,811,641	3,348.555	3,444,554	1,558,423	(1,110.324)
LG&E Compliance Increases Base Rate Increase Increase in Miscellaneous Charges	s s	43,358,885 45,302	18,711.968 33,727	6.479,636 11,568	9,049,071 3	1,193,314 1	2,801.337 1	2,823,755 2	1,422,016	877,788
Incremental Income Taxes	s	(17,693,022) \$	(7,641,382) \$	(2,646,036) \$	(3,688,710) S	(486,436) S	(1,141.921) S	(1,151,059) \$	(579,662) S	(357.816)
Net Operating Income after increase	s	93,721,386 S	23,660.114 \$	18.323.446 \$	23,426,150 S	4,730,925 \$	6,582,096 \$	10,454.026 S	4,481,825 S	2,062,805
Rate of Return at LG&E Compliance Rates		6.36%	3.45%	9.32%	10.39%	9.25%	10.33%	7.15%	7.61%	4.32%
Subsidy at LG&E Compliance Rates		(0)	(33,542,076)	9,835,244	15,356,716	2,499,742	4,274.151	1,966,267	1,246,885	(1,636.929)

#### Louisville Gas and Electric Company Cost of Service Study Class Allocation - Summer/Winter CP

Description		Total System	Residential Rates R, WH	General Service Rate GS	Rate LC	Rate LC-TOD	Rate LP	Rate LP-TOD	Special Contracts	Lighting
Cost of Service Summary Compliance										
Total Pro-Forma Operating Revenue	s	710,260,314 \$	271,986.645 S	98.848,662 \$	131,660,777 \$	31,498,391 \$	37,388,157 S	90,483.758 \$	35,648,928 S	12.744,996
Total Operating Expenses	s	642,250,092 \$	262,061.000 S	83,109,476 \$	113,911,011 S	27,605,760 \$	31,888,059 \$	81,195.334 \$	31,612,558 \$	10.866,894
Net Operating Income (Adjusted)	s	68,010,222 \$	9,925.645 S	15.739,186 \$	17,749,766 S	3,892,631 \$	5,500.098 S	9,288,425 \$	4,036,370 \$	1.878,102
Net Cost Rate Base	s	1,474,440,405 S	719,075.783 \$	181,682,916 \$	228,878,988 \$	52,523,340 \$	56,457,868 \$	138,570.803 \$	53,642,144 S	43.608,564
Rate of Return		4.61%	1.38%	8.66%	7.76%	7.41%	9.74%	6.70%	7,52%	4.31%
Subsidy at Current Rates	s	(0)	(39,236,780)	12.422,822	12,141,928	2,481,461	4,888.726	4,890,035	2,636,994	(225.186)
LG&E Compliance Increases Base Rate Increase Increase in Miscellaneous Charges	s s	43,358,885 45,302	18,711.968 33,727	6.479,636 11,568	9,049,071 3	1,193,314 1	2,801.337 1	2,823,755 2	1,422,016	877,788 -
Incremental Income Taxes	s	(17,693,022) \$	(7,641,382) S	(2,646,036) \$	(3,688,71D) S	(486,436) \$	(1,141.921) \$	(1,151,059) S	(579,662) \$	(357.816)
Net Operating Income after increase	s	93,721,386 \$	21,029.957 \$	19.584,355 \$	23,110,130 S	4,599,510 \$	7,159.515 \$	10,961.122 \$	4,878,724 S	2,398,073
Rate of Return at LG&E Compliance Rates		6.36%	2.92%	10.78%	10.10%	8.76%	12.68%	7.91%	9.09%	5.50%
Subsidy at LG&E Compliance Rates		0	(41,659,048)	13.565,692	14,453,323	2,128,607	6,028.073	3,634,581	2,479,906	(631,135)

#### Louisville Gas and Electric Company Cost of Service Study Class Allocation - Summer CP

Description		Total System	Residential Rates R, WH	General Service Rate GS	Rate LC	Rate LC-TOD	Rate LP	Rate LP-TOD	Special Contracts	Lighting
Cost of Service Summary Compliance										
Total Pro-Forma Operating Revenue	s	710,260,314 \$	271,100.837 \$	100,272,040 \$	132,110,070 \$	31,497,291 S	37,642,352 S	89,539.133 S	35,684,742 S	12.413,850
Total Operating Expenses	\$	642,250,092 \$	259,745.253 S	86.830,579 \$	115,085,586 \$	27,602,883 \$	32,552,596 \$	78,725.822 \$	31,706,187 S	10.001,187
Net Operating Income (Adjusted)	\$	68,010,222 \$	11,355.583 S	13.441,461 S	17,024,484 \$	3,894,408 \$	5,089.756 \$	10,813.311 \$	3,978,555 \$	2.412,663
Net Cost Rate Base	\$	1,474,440,405 \$	701,601.093 \$	209,762,464 \$	237,742,362 S	52,501,622 \$	61,472,482 \$	119,935.798 S	54,348,672 S	37.075,911
Rate of Return		4.61%	1.62%	6.41%	7.16%	7.42%	8.28%	9.02%	7.32%	6.51%
Subsidy at Current Rates	s	(0)	(35,462,123)	6.357,440	10,227,377	2,486,152	3,805.534	8,915,328	2,484,379	1.185,914
LG&E Compliance Increases Base Rate Increase Increase in Miscellaneous Charges	s s	43,358,885 45,302	18,711.968 33,727	6,479,636 11,568	9,049,071 3	1,193,314 1	2,801.337 1	2,823,755 2	1,422,016	877,788 -
Incremental Income Taxes	s	(17,693,022) \$	(7.641,382) S	(2,646,036) S	(3,688,710) S	(486,436) \$	(1,141.921) S	(1,151,059) S	(579,662) \$	(357.816)
Net Operating Income after increase	s	93,721,386 S	22,459.896 S	17.286,630 \$	22,384,848 \$	4,601,287 S	6,749.174 \$	12,486.008 \$	4,820,909 \$	2.932,635
Rate of Return at LG&E Compliance Rates	1	6.36%	3.20%	8.24%	9.42%	8.76%	10.98%	10.41%	8.87%	7.91%
Subsidy at LG&E Compliance Rates		(0)	(37,369,976)	6.673,713	12,277,854	2,133,938	4,797.261	8,208,447	2,306,493	972,271

#### Louisville Gas and Electric Company Cost of Service Study Class Allocation - 12 CP

Description		Total System	Residential Rates R, WH	General Service Rate GS	Rate LC	Rate LC-TOD	Rate LP	Rate LP-TOD	Special Contracts	Lighting
Cost of Service Summary Compliance										
Total Pro-Forma Operating Revenue	s	710,260,314 \$	268,480.531 S	99.450,521 S	132,890,360 \$	31,706,504 S	37,834,004 \$	91,459.241 S	35,882,622 \$	12.556,530
Total Operating Expenses	s	642,250,092 \$	252,895.053 S	84.682,902 \$	117,125,479 S	28,149,824 \$	33,053,625 S	83,745.515 \$	32,223,500 S	10.374,193
Net Operating Income (Adjusted)	5	68,010,222 \$	15,585.478 \$	14.767,619 \$	15,764,881 S	3,556,680 \$	4,780.378 \$	7,713,726 S	3,659,122 \$	2.182,337
Net Cost Rate Base	s	1,474,440,405 S	649,909.295 \$	193,556,035 \$	253,135,452 S	56,628,861 S	65,253,266 \$	157,814.543 \$	58,252,328 \$	39.890,625
Rate of Return	Τ	4.61%	2.40%	7.63%	6.23%	6.28%	7.33%	4.89%	6.28%	5.47%
Subsidy at Current Rates	s	0	(24,296,328)	9,858,144	6,902.360	1,594,639	2,988.858	733,251	1,641,161	577,915
LG&E Compliance Increases Base Rate Increase Increase in Miscellaneous Charges	s s	43,358,885 45,302	18,711.968 33,727	6.479,636 11,568	9,049,071 3	1,193,314 1	2,801.337 1	2,823,755 2	1,422,016	877,788
Incremental Income Taxes	\$	(17,693,022) \$	(7,641,382) S	(2,646,036) S	(3,688,710) \$	(486,436) S	(1,141.921) S	(1,151,059) \$	(579,662) \$	(357.816)
Net Operating Income after increase	s	93,721,386 S	26,689.790 S	18.612,788 \$	21,125,245 \$	4,263,559 \$	6,439,796 \$	9,386,424 \$	4,501,476 \$	2,702,309
Rate of Return at LG&E Compliance Rates	T	6.36%	4.11%	9.62%	8.35%	7.53%	9.87%	5.95%	7.73%	6.77%
Subsidy at LG&E Compliance Rates		0	(24,682,492)	10,651,497	8,499,700	1,120,928	3,869.288	(1,088,695)	1,348,361	281,414