

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
of
BlueStar Networks, Inc. (Kentucky)
BellSouth Standard Interconnection Agreement

Agreement Effective Date: 08/08/2000	Agreement Expiration Date: 08/07/2002
OCN:	GAC:
CIC (if applicable):	ACNA:
Negotiator: Susan Arrington	Negotiator Tel No: 404 927-7513
Location of Executive Summary: t:\hendrix\	Location of Interconnection Agreement: t:\hendrix\

Attachment Name/Number	Section Number	Version Date	No Devia - tion	Deviation	Deviation Affect Compliance Y/N	If Compliance Item, Priority H/M/L	If Deviation, enter Paragraph No. And Brief Description of Deviation. If different by state, note here also.
Terms/Conditions PartA	1	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	2	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	3	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	4	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	5	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	6	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	7	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	8	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	9	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	10	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	11	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	12	3Q99 10/29/99		X	N		Arbitration Issue – Intercompany Board established to review complaints, 2 business days to resolve before filing complaint with the Commission.
	13	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	14	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	15	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	16	3Q99 10/29/99	X				

Version1Q00

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	17	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	18	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	19	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	20	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	21	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	22	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	23	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	24	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	25	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	26	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
Terms/Conditions Part B		3Q99 10/29/99	X				
1-Resale	1	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
	2	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
	3	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
	4	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
	5	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
	6	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
	7	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
	8	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
	9	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
	10	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
	11	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
	12	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
	Exhibit A	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
	Exhibit B	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
	Exhibit C	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
	Exhibit D	3Q99 12/01/99	X				

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	Exhibit E	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
	Exhibit F	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
	Exhibit G	3Q99 12/01/99	X				
2-Network Elements & Other Services	1	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	2	3Q99 10/29/99		X			2.1.7 - Reference made to SI guide Issue 2b Service Interval is included in the interval 2.1.17 – revised UCL definition to include UCL long as a product offering – used 2q00 standard language. 2.1.34 – Included Pre-Ordering Loop Makeup 2.1.23.1.1 Included “nondiscriminatory” language from FCC Order regarding Loop Qualification. 2.1.24 Added Loop Modification (Loop Conditioning language from 2Q00 2.1.24.2 Removed reference to FCC cites in paragraph regarding rates for Loop Modification
	3	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	4	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	5	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	6	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	7	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	8	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	9	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	10	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	11	3Q99 10/29/99	X				

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	12	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	13	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	Exhibit A	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	Exhibit B	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	Exhibit C	3Q99 10/29/99		X			Negotiated interim rates for ADSL, HDSL, UCL Short, UCL Long., Loop Conditioning.and Intrabuilding network cable (INC). These are interim subject to true up once KPSC orders rates in generic cost docket.
3-Local Interconnection	1	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	2	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	3	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	4	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	5	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	6	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	7	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	8	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	Exhibit A	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	Exhibit B	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	Exhibit C	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	Exhibit D	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	Exhibit E	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
4-Physical Collocation							Left Blank Intentionally, BlueStar is operating under a stand-alone Collocation Agreement dated August 30, 1999.
5-Access to Numbers & Number Portability	1	3Q99 10/29/99	X				

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	2	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	3	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	4	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	5	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	6	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	7	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	Exhibit A	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
6-Ordering/Provisioning	1	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	2	3Q99 10/29/99		X			2.4.1 Incorporated a reference to “Appendix A of document entitled ‘Operational Understanding between BellSouth Maintenance Centers and CLEC Maintenance Centers” which states circumstances when BlueStar may request escalation for repair service for their customers. 2.7 BellSouth has set a target of 3Q00 as the date by which its EDI and TAG interfaces will support xDSL services.
	3	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
7-Billing & Billing Accuracy Certification	1	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	2	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	3	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	4	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	5	3Q99 10/29/99	X				

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	6	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	7	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
	Exhibit A	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
8-ROW/Conduits/PoleAtt	1	3Q99 10/29/99	X				
9-Perf Measurement	Scope	1Q00 3/6/00		X			Arbitration Issue 4.2 Tier 1 remedies become effective once BST received interLATA authority in any state in the region or one year from the KPSC Order dated 7/7/00, which ever occurs first.
	Appendix A	1Q00 3/6/00	X				
	Appendix B	1Q00 3/6/00	X				
	Appendix C	1Q00 3/6/00	X				
	Appendix D	1Q00 3/6/00	X				
	Appendix E	1Q00 3/6/00	X				
Attachment 10 – Agreement Template		3Q99 10/29/99	X				
Attachment 11- BellSouth Disaster Recovery Plan		1Q00 3/14/00	X				

**AGREEMENT
BETWEEN
BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS INC.
AND
BLUESTAR NETWORKS, INC.**

KENTUCKY

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AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT is made by and between BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc., (“BellSouth”), a Georgia corporation, and BlueStar Networks, Inc. (“BlueStar”), a Tennessee corporation, and shall be deemed effective as of August 8, 2000. This Agreement may refer to either BellSouth or BlueStar or both as a “Party” or “Parties.”

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, BellSouth is a local exchange telecommunications company authorized to provide telecommunications services in the states of Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee; and

WHEREAS, BlueStar is or seeks to become an alternative local exchange telecommunications company (“CLEC”) authorized to provide telecommunications services in the states of Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Tennessee; and

WHEREAS, the Parties wish to resell BellSouth’s telecommunications services and/or interconnect their facilities, purchase network elements and other services, and exchange traffic specifically for the purposes of fulfilling their obligations pursuant to sections 251 and 252 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (“the Act”).

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual agreements contained herein, BellSouth and BlueStar agree as follows:

1. Purpose

The Parties agree that the rates, terms and conditions contained within this Agreement, including all Attachments, comply and conform with each Parties' obligations under sections 251 and 252 of the Act. The resale, access and interconnection obligations contained herein enable BlueStar to provide competing telephone exchange service to residential and business subscribers within the territory of BellSouth. The Parties agree that BlueStar will not be considered to have offered telecommunications services to the public in any state within BellSouth’s region until such time as it has ordered services for resale or interconnection facilities for the purposes of providing business and/or residential local exchange service to customers.

2. Term of the Agreement

- 2.1 The term of this Agreement shall be two years, beginning August 8, 2000 and shall apply to the state(s) of Kentucky. If as of the expiration of this Agreement, a Subsequent Agreement (as defined in Section 2.2 below) has not been executed by the Parties, this Agreement shall continue on a month-to-month basis while a Subsequent Agreement is being negotiated. The Parties' rights and obligations with respect to this Agreement after expiration shall be as set forth in Section 2.4 below.
- 2.2 The Parties agree that by no later than one hundred and eighty (180) days prior to the expiration of this Agreement, they shall commence negotiations with regard to the terms, conditions and prices of resale and/or local interconnection to be effective beginning on the expiration date of this Agreement ("Subsequent Agreement").
- 2.3 If, within one hundred and thirty-five (135) days of commencing the negotiation referred to in Section 2.2 above, the Parties are unable to satisfactorily negotiate new resale and/or local interconnection terms, conditions and prices, either Party may petition the Commission to establish appropriate local interconnection and/or resale arrangements pursuant to 47 U.S.C. 252. The Parties agree that, in such event, they shall encourage the Commission to issue its order regarding the appropriate local interconnection and/or resale arrangements no later than the expiration date of this Agreement. The Parties further agree that in the event the Commission does not issue its order prior to the expiration date of this Agreement, or if the Parties continue beyond the expiration date of this Agreement to negotiate the local interconnection and/or resale arrangements without Commission intervention, the terms, conditions and prices ultimately ordered by the Commission, or negotiated by the Parties, will be effective retroactive to the day following the expiration date of this Agreement.
- 2.4 Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that as of the date of expiration of this Agreement and conversion of this Agreement to a month-to-month term, the Parties have not entered into a Subsequent Agreement and either no arbitration proceeding has been filed in accordance with Section 2.3 above, or the Parties have not mutually agreed (where permissible) to extend the arbitration window for petitioning the applicable Commission(s) for resolution of those terms upon which the Parties have not agreed, then either Party may terminate this Agreement upon sixty (60) days notice to the other Party. In the event that BellSouth terminates this Agreement as provided above, BellSouth shall continue to offer services to BlueStar pursuant to the terms, conditions and rates set forth in BellSouth's Statement of Generally Available Terms (SGAT) to the extent an SGAT has been approved by the applicable Commission(s). If any state Commission has not approved a BellSouth SGAT, then upon BellSouth's termination of this Agreement as provided herein, BellSouth will continue to provide services to BlueStar pursuant to BellSouth's then current standard

interconnection agreement. In the event that the SGAT or BellSouth's standard interconnection agreement becomes effective as between the Parties, the Parties may continue to negotiate a Subsequent Agreement, and the terms of such Subsequent Agreement shall be effective retroactive to the day following expiration of this Agreement.

3. Ordering Procedures

- 3.1 BlueStar shall provide BellSouth its Carrier Identification Code (CIC), Operating Company Number (OCN), Group Access Code (GAC) and Access Customer Name and Address (ACNA) code as applicable prior to placing its first order.
- 3.2 The Parties agree to adhere to the BellSouth Local Interconnection and Facility Based Ordering Guide and Resale Ordering Guide, as appropriate for the services ordered.
- 3.3 BlueStar shall pay charges for Operational Support Systems (OSS) as set forth in this Agreement in Attachment 1 and/or in Attachment 2, 3, 5 and 7 as applicable.

4. Parity

When BlueStar purchases, pursuant to Attachment 1 of this Agreement, telecommunications services from BellSouth for the purposes of resale to end users, BellSouth shall provide said services so that the services are equal in quality, subject to the same conditions, and provided within the same provisioning time intervals that BellSouth provides to its affiliates, subsidiaries and end users. To the extent technically feasible, the quality of a Network Element, as well as the quality of the access to such Network Element provided by BellSouth to BlueStar shall be at least equal in quality to that which BellSouth provides to itself. The quality of the interconnection between the networks of BellSouth and the network of BlueStar shall be at a level that is equal to that which BellSouth provides itself, a subsidiary, an Affiliate, or any other party. The interconnection facilities shall be designed to meet the same technical criteria and service standards that are used within BellSouth's network and shall extend to a consideration of service quality as perceived by end users and service quality as perceived by BlueStar.

5. White Pages Listings

BellSouth shall provide BlueStar and their customers access to white pages directory listings under the following terms:

- 5.1 Listings. BlueStar shall provide all new, changed and deleted listings on a timely basis and BellSouth or its agent will include BlueStar residential and business customer listings in the appropriate White Pages (residential and business) or alphabetical directories. Directory listings will make no distinction between BlueStar and BellSouth subscribers.

- 5.2 Rates. Subscriber primary listing information in the White Pages shall be provided at no charge to BlueStar or its subscribers and BlueStar will provide subscriber listing information to BellSouth at no charge.
- 5.3 Procedures for Submitting BlueStar Subscriber Information. BellSouth will provide to BlueStar a magnetic tape or computer disk containing the proper format for submitting subscriber listings. BlueStar will be required to provide BellSouth with directory listings and daily updates to those listings, including new, changed, and deleted listings, on a magnetic tape, computer disk, or other mutually agreed upon means. These procedures are detailed in BellSouth's Local Interconnection and Facility Based Ordering Guide.
- 5.4 Unlisted/Non-Published Subscribers. BlueStar will be required to provide to BellSouth the names, addresses and telephone numbers of all BlueStar customers that wish to be omitted from directories.
- 5.5 Inclusion of BlueStar Customers in Directory Assistance Database. BellSouth will include and maintain BlueStar subscriber listings in BellSouth's Directory Assistance databases at no charge and BlueStar shall provide such Directory Assistance listings at no charge. BellSouth and BlueStar will formulate appropriate procedures regarding lead time, timeliness, format and content of listing information.
- 5.6 Listing Information Confidentiality. BellSouth will accord BlueStar's directory listing information the same level of confidentiality that BellSouth accords its own directory listing information, and BellSouth shall limit access to BlueStar's customer proprietary confidential directory information to those BellSouth employees who are involved in the preparation of listings.
- 5.7 Optional Listings. Additional listings and optional listings will be offered by BellSouth at tariffed rates as set forth in the General Subscriber Services Tariff.
- 5.8 Delivery. BellSouth or its agent shall deliver White Pages directories to BlueStar subscribers at no charge.

6. Bona Fide Request/New Business Request Process for Further Unbundling

If BlueStar is a facilities based provider or a facilities based and resale provider, this section shall apply. BellSouth shall, upon request of BlueStar, provide to BlueStar access to its network elements at any technically feasible point for the provision of BlueStar's telecommunications service where such access is necessary and failure to provide access would impair the ability of BlueStar to provide services that it seeks to offer. Any request by BlueStar for access to a network element, interconnection option, or for the provisioning of any service or product that is not already available shall be treated as a Bona Fide Request/New Business Request, and shall be submitted to BellSouth pursuant to the Bona Fide Request/New Business Request process set forth following.

- 6.1 A Bona Fide Request/New Business Request shall be submitted in writing to BlueStar's Account Manager by BlueStar and shall specifically identify the requested service date, technical requirements, space requirements and/or such specifications that clearly define the request such that BellSouth has sufficient information to analyze and prepare a response. Such a request also shall include BlueStar's designation of the request as being (i) pursuant to the Telecommunications Act of 1996 or (ii) pursuant to the needs of the business.

7. Court Ordered Requests for Call Detail Records and Other Subscriber Information

To the extent technically feasible, BellSouth maintains call detail records for BlueStar end users for limited time periods and can respond to subpoenas and court ordered requests for this information. BellSouth shall maintain such information for BlueStar end users for the same length of time it maintains such information for its own end users.

- 7.1 BlueStar agrees that BellSouth will respond to subpoenas and court ordered requests delivered directly to BellSouth for the purpose of providing call detail records when the targeted telephone numbers belong to BlueStar end users. Billing for such requests will be generated by BellSouth and directed to the law enforcement agency initiating the request.
- 7.2 BlueStar agrees that in cases where BlueStar receives subpoenas or court ordered requests for call detail records for targeted telephone numbers belonging to BlueStar end users, BlueStar will advise the law enforcement agency initiating the request to redirect the subpoena or court ordered request to BellSouth. Billing for call detail information will be generated by BellSouth and directed to the law enforcement agency initiating the request.
- 7.3 In cases where the timing of the response to the law enforcement agency prohibits BlueStar from having the subpoena or court ordered request redirected to BellSouth by the law enforcement agency, BlueStar will furnish the official

request to BellSouth for providing the call detail information. BellSouth will provide the call detail records to BlueStar and bill BlueStar for the information. BlueStar agrees to reimburse BellSouth for the call detail information provided.

- 7.4 BlueStar will provide BlueStar end user and/or other customer information that is available to BlueStar in response to subpoenas and court orders for their own customer records. BellSouth will redirect subpoenas and court ordered requests for BlueStar end user and/or other customer information to BlueStar for the purpose of providing this information to the law enforcement agency.

8. Liability and Indemnification

- 8.1 BellSouth Liability. BellSouth shall take financial responsibility for its own actions in causing, or its lack of action in preventing, unbillable or uncollectible BlueStar revenues.

- 8.2 BlueStar Liability. In the event that BlueStar consists of two (2) or more separate entities as set forth in the preamble to this Agreement, all such entities shall be jointly and severally liable for the obligations of BlueStar under this Agreement.

- 8.3 Liability for Acts or Omissions of Third Parties. Neither BellSouth nor BlueStar shall be liable for any act or omission of another telecommunications company providing a portion of the services provided under this Agreement.

- 8.4 Limitation of Liability.

- 8.4.1 Each Party's liability to the other for any loss, cost, claim, injury or liability or expense, including reasonable attorney's fees relating to or arising out of any negligent act or omission in its performance of this Agreement whether in contract or in tort, shall be limited to a credit for the actual cost of the services or functions not performed or improperly performed.

- 8.4.2 Limitations in Tariffs. A Party may, in its sole discretion, provide in its tariffs and contracts with its Customer and third parties that relate to any service, product or function provided or contemplated under this Agreement, that to the maximum extent permitted by Applicable Law, such Party shall not be liable to Customer or third Party for (i) any Loss relating to or arising out of this Agreement, whether in contract, tort or otherwise, that exceeds the amount such Party would have charged that applicable person for the service, product or function that gave rise to such Loss and (ii) Consequential Damages. To the extent that a Party elects not to place in its tariffs or contracts such limitations of liability, and the other Party incurs a Loss as a result thereof, such Party shall indemnify and reimburse the other Party for that portion of the Loss that would have been limited had the first Party included in its tariffs and contracts the limitations of liability that such other Party included in its own tariffs at the time of such Loss.

- 8.4.3 Neither BellSouth nor BlueStar shall be liable for damages to the other's terminal location, POI or other company's customers' premises resulting from the furnishing of a service, including, but not limited to, the installation and removal of equipment or associated wiring, except to the extent caused by a company's negligence or willful misconduct or by a company's failure to properly ground a local loop after disconnection.
- 8.4.4 Under no circumstance shall a Party be responsible or liable for indirect, incidental, or consequential damages, including, but not limited to, economic loss or lost business or profits, damages arising from the use or performance of equipment or software, or the loss of use of software or equipment, or accessories attached thereto, delay, error, or loss of data. In connection with this limitation of liability, each Party recognizes that the other Party may, from time to time, provide advice, make recommendations, or supply other analyses related to the Services, or facilities described in this Agreement, and, while each Party shall use diligent efforts in this regard, the Parties acknowledge and agree that this limitation of liability shall apply to provision of such advice, recommendations, and analyses.
- 8.5 Indemnification for Certain Claims. The Party providing services hereunder, its affiliates and its parent company, shall be indemnified, defended and held harmless by the Party receiving services hereunder against any claim, loss or damage arising from the receiving company's use of the services provided under this Agreement pertaining to (1) claims for libel, slander or invasion of privacy arising from the content of the receiving company's own communications, or (2) any claim, loss or damage claimed by the customer of the Party receiving services arising from such company's use or reliance on the providing company's services, actions, duties, or obligations arising out of this Agreement.
- 8.6 Disclaimer. EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY PROVIDED TO THE CONTRARY IN THIS AGREEMENT, NEITHER PARTY MAKES ANY REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES TO THE OTHER PARTY CONCERNING THE SPECIFIC QUALITY OF ANY SERVICES, OR FACILITIES PROVIDED UNDER THIS AGREEMENT. THE PARTIES DISCLAIM, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY WARRANTY OR GUARANTEE OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ARISING FROM COURSE OF PERFORMANCE, COURSE OF DEALING, OR FROM USAGES OF TRADE.

9. Intellectual Property Rights and Indemnification

- 9.1 No License. No patent, copyright, trademark or other proprietary right is licensed, granted or otherwise transferred by this Agreement. BlueStar is strictly prohibited from any use, including but not limited to in sales, in marketing or advertising of telecommunications services, of any BellSouth name, service mark or trademark.

- 9.2 Ownership of Intellectual Property. Any intellectual property which originates from or is developed by a Party shall remain in the exclusive ownership of that Party. Except for a limited license to use patents or copyrights to the extent necessary for the Parties to use any facilities or equipment (including software) or to receive any service solely as provided under this Agreement, no license in patent, copyright, trademark or trade secret, or other proprietary or intellectual property right now or hereafter owned, controlled or licensable by a Party, is granted to the other Party or shall be implied or arise by estoppel. It is the responsibility of each Party to ensure at no additional cost to the other Party that it has obtained any necessary licenses in relation to intellectual property of third Parties used in its network that may be required to enable the other Party to use any facilities or equipment (including software), to receive any service, or to perform its respective obligations under this Agreement.
- 9.3 Indemnification. The Party providing a service pursuant to this Agreement will defend the Party receiving such service or data provided as a result of such service against claims of infringement arising solely from the use by the receiving Party of such service and will indemnify the receiving Party for any damages awarded based solely on such claims in accordance with Section 8 of this Agreement.
- 9.4 Claim of Infringement. In the event that use of any facilities or equipment (including software), becomes, or in reasonable judgment of the Party who owns the affected network is likely to become, the subject of a claim, action, suit, or proceeding based on intellectual property infringement, then said Party shall promptly and at its sole expense, but subject to the limitations of liability set forth below:
- 9.4.1 modify or replace the applicable facilities or equipment (including software) while maintaining form and function, or
- 9.4.2 obtain a license sufficient to allow such use to continue.
- 9.4.3 In the event 9.4.1 or 9.4.2 are commercially unreasonable, then said Party may, terminate, upon reasonable notice, this contract with respect to use of, or services provided through use of, the affected facilities or equipment (including software), but solely to the extent required to avoid the infringement claim.
- 9.5 Exception to Obligations. Neither Party's obligations under this Section shall apply to the extent the infringement is caused by: (i) modification of the facilities or equipment (including software) by the indemnitee; (ii) use by the indemnitee of the facilities or equipment (including software) in combination with equipment or facilities (including software) not provided or authorized by the indemnitor provided the facilities or equipment (including software) would not be infringing if used alone; (iii) conformance to specifications of the indemnitee which would necessarily result in infringement; or (iv) continued use by the indemnitee of the

affected facilities or equipment (including software) after being placed on notice to discontinue use as set forth herein.

- 9.6 Exclusive Remedy. The foregoing shall constitute the Parties' sole and exclusive remedies and obligations with respect to a third party claim of intellectual property infringement arising out of the conduct of business under this Agreement.

10. Treatment of Proprietary and Confidential Information

- 10.1 Confidential Information. It may be necessary for BellSouth and BlueStar to provide each other with certain confidential information, including trade secret information, including but not limited to, technical and business plans, technical information, proposals, specifications, drawings, procedures, customer account data, call detail records and like information (hereinafter collectively referred to as "Information"). All Information shall be in writing or other tangible form and clearly marked with a confidential, private or proprietary legend and that the Information will be returned to the owner within a reasonable time. The Information shall not be copied or reproduced in any form. BellSouth and BlueStar shall receive such Information and not disclose such Information. BellSouth and BlueStar shall protect the Information received from distribution, disclosure or dissemination to anyone except employees of BellSouth and BlueStar with a need to know such Information and which employees agree to be bound by the terms of this Section. BellSouth and BlueStar will use the same standard of care to protect Information received as they would use to protect their own confidential and proprietary Information.

- 10.2 Exception to Obligation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, there will be no obligation on BellSouth or BlueStar to protect any portion of the Information that is: (1) made publicly available by the owner of the Information or lawfully disclosed by a Party other than BellSouth or BlueStar; (2) lawfully obtained from any source other than the owner of the Information; or (3) previously known to the receiving Party without an obligation to keep it confidential.

11. Assignments

An assignment by either Party to any non-affiliated entity or any right, obligation or duty, or to any other interest hereunder, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of the other Party shall be void. A Party may assign this Agreement or any right, obligation, duty or other interest hereunder to an Affiliate company of the Party without the consent of the other Party. All obligations and duties of any Party under this Agreement shall be binding on all successors in interest and assigns of such Party. No assignment or delegation hereof shall relieve the assignor of its obligations under this Agreement in the event that the assignee fails to perform such obligations.

12. Resolution of Disputes

The Parties agree that it is in their interest to resolve disputes arising under this contract in an expedited manner. To expedite resolution of disputes, such as access to collocations or provisioning, the Parties agree to form an Intercompany Board. Each Party will designate one person (and one alternative person in case the primary designee is unavailable) with sufficient authority to resolve disputes quickly. If a dispute arises that is not being resolved quickly in the ordinary course, a Party's designee shall contact the other Party's designee. The two will then work together to resolve the dispute within 2 business days. If the dispute cannot be resolved within the 2 business days, either Party may file a Petition or Complaint with the Commission for a resolution of the dispute.

13. Taxes

13.1 Definition. For purposes of this Section, the terms "taxes" and "fees" shall include but not limited to federal, state or local sales, use, excise, gross receipts or other taxes or tax-like fees of whatever nature and however designated (including tariff surcharges and any fees, charges or other payments, contractual or otherwise, for the use of public streets or rights of way, whether designated as franchise fees or otherwise) imposed, or sought to be imposed, on or with respect to the services furnished hereunder or measured by the charges or payments therefore, excluding any taxes levied on income.

13.2 Taxes and Fees Imposed Directly On Either Providing Party or Purchasing Party.

13.2.1 Taxes and fees imposed on the providing Party, which are not permitted or required to be passed on by the providing Party to its customer, shall be borne and paid by the providing Party.

13.2.2 Taxes and fees imposed on the purchasing Party, which are not required to be collected and/or remitted by the providing Party, shall be borne and paid by the purchasing Party.

13.3 Taxes and Fees Imposed on Purchasing Party But Collected And Remitted By Providing Party.

13.3.1 Taxes and fees imposed on the purchasing Party shall be borne by the purchasing Party, even if the obligation to collect and/or remit such taxes or fees is placed on the providing Party.

13.3.2 To the extent permitted by applicable law, any such taxes and/or fees shall be shown as separate items on applicable billing documents between the Parties. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the purchasing Party shall remain liable for any such taxes and fees regardless of whether they are actually billed by the providing Party at the time that the respective service is billed.

- 13.3.3 If the purchasing Party determines that in its opinion any such taxes or fees are not payable, the providing Party shall not bill such taxes or fees to the purchasing Party if the purchasing Party provides written certification, reasonably satisfactory to the providing Party, stating that it is exempt or otherwise not subject to the tax or fee, setting forth the basis therefor, and satisfying any other requirements under applicable law. If any authority seeks to collect any such tax or fee that the purchasing Party has determined and certified not to be payable, or any such tax or fee that was not billed by the providing Party, the purchasing Party may contest the same in good faith, at its own expense. In any such contest, the purchasing Party shall promptly furnish the providing Party with copies of all filings in any proceeding, protest, or legal challenge, all rulings issued in connection therewith, and all correspondence between the purchasing Party and the taxing authority.
- 13.3.4 In the event that all or any portion of an amount sought to be collected must be paid in order to contest the imposition of any such tax or fee, or to avoid the existence of a lien on the assets of the providing Party during the pendency of such contest, the purchasing Party shall be responsible for such payment and shall be entitled to the benefit of any refund or recovery.
- 13.3.5 If it is ultimately determined that any additional amount of such a tax or fee is due to the imposing authority, the purchasing Party shall pay such additional amount, including any interest and penalties thereon.
- 13.3.6 Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, the purchasing Party shall protect, indemnify and hold harmless (and defend at the purchasing Party's expense) the providing Party from and against any such tax or fee, interest or penalties thereon, or other charges or payable expenses (including reasonable attorney fees) with respect thereto, which are incurred by the providing Party in connection with any claim for or contest of any such tax or fee.
- 13.3.7 Each Party shall notify the other Party in writing of any assessment, proposed assessment or other claim for any additional amount of such a tax or fee by a taxing authority; such notice to be provided, if possible, at least ten (10) days prior to the date by which a response, protest or other appeal must be filed, but in no event later than thirty (30) days after receipt of such assessment, proposed assessment or claim.
- 13.4 Taxes and Fees Imposed on Providing Party But Passed On To Purchasing Party.
- 13.4.1 Taxes and fees imposed on the providing Party, which are permitted or required to be passed on by the providing Party to its customer, shall be borne by the purchasing Party.
- 13.4.2 To the extent permitted by applicable law, any such taxes and/or fees shall be shown as separate items on applicable billing documents between the Parties.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the purchasing Party shall remain liable for any such taxes and fees regardless of whether they are actually billed by the providing Party at the time that the respective service is billed.

- 13.4.3 If the purchasing Party disagrees with the providing Party's determination as to the application or basis for any such tax or fee, the Parties shall consult with respect to the imposition and billing of such tax or fee. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the providing Party shall retain ultimate responsibility for determining whether and to what extent any such taxes or fees are applicable, and the purchasing Party shall abide by such determination and pay such taxes or fees to the providing Party. The providing Party shall further retain ultimate responsibility for determining whether and how to contest the imposition of such taxes and fees; provided, however, that any such contest undertaken at the request of the purchasing Party shall be at the purchasing Party's expense.
- 13.4.4 In the event that all or any portion of an amount sought to be collected must be paid in order to contest the imposition of any such tax or fee, or to avoid the existence of a lien on the assets of the providing Party during the pendency of such contest, the purchasing Party shall be responsible for such payment and shall be entitled to the benefit of any refund or recovery.
- 13.4.5 If it is ultimately determined that any additional amount of such a tax or fee is due to the imposing authority, the purchasing Party shall pay such additional amount, including any interest and penalties thereon.
- 13.4.6 Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, the purchasing Party shall protect indemnify and hold harmless (and defend at the purchasing Party's expense) the providing Party from and against any such tax or fee, interest or penalties thereon, or other reasonable charges or payable expenses (including reasonable attorney fees) with respect thereto, which are incurred by the providing Party in connection with any claim for or contest of any such tax or fee.
- 13.4.7 Each Party shall notify the other Party in writing of any assessment, proposed assessment or other claim for any additional amount of such a tax or fee by a taxing authority; such notice to be provided, if possible, at least ten (10) days prior to the date by which a response, protest or other appeal must be filed, but in no event later than thirty (30) days after receipt of such assessment, proposed assessment or claim.
- 13.5 Mutual Cooperation. In any contest of a tax or fee by one Party, the other Party shall cooperate fully by providing records, testimony and such additional information or assistance as may reasonably be necessary to pursue the contest. Further, the other Party shall be reimbursed for any reasonable and necessary out-of-pocket copying and travel expenses incurred in assisting in such contest.

14. Force Majeure

In the event performance of this Agreement, or any obligation hereunder, is either directly or indirectly prevented, restricted, or interfered with by reason of fire, flood, earthquake or like acts of God, wars, revolution, civil commotion, explosion, acts of public enemy, embargo, acts of the government in its sovereign capacity, labor difficulties, including without limitation, strikes, slowdowns, picketing, or boycotts, unavailability of equipment from vendor, changes requested by Customer, or any other circumstances beyond the reasonable control and without the fault or negligence of the Party affected, the Party affected, upon giving prompt notice to the other Party, shall be excused from such performance on a day-to-day basis to the extent of such prevention, restriction, or interference (and the other Party shall likewise be excused from performance of its obligations on a day-to-day basis until the delay, restriction or interference has ceased); provided however, that the Party so affected shall use diligent efforts to avoid or remove such causes of non-performance and both Parties shall proceed whenever such causes are removed or cease.

15. Year 2000 Compliance

Each Party warrants that it has implemented a program the goal of which is to ensure that all software, hardware and related materials (collectively called “Systems”) delivered, connected with BellSouth or supplied in the furtherance of the terms and conditions specified in this Agreement: (i) will record, store, process and display calendar dates falling on or after January 1, 2000, in the same manner, and with the same functionality as such software records, stores, processes and calendar dates falling on or before December 31, 1999; and (ii) shall include without limitation date data century recognition, calculations that accommodate same century and multicentury formulas and date values, and date data interface values that reflect the century.

16. Modification of Agreement

- 16.1 BellSouth shall make available, pursuant to 47 USC § 252 and the FCC rules and regulations regarding such availability, to BlueStar any interconnection, service, or network element provided under any other agreement filed and approved pursuant to 47 USC § 252. The Parties shall adopt all rates, terms and conditions concerning such other interconnection, service or network element and any other rates, terms and conditions that are interrelated or were negotiated in exchange for or in conjunction with the interconnection, service or network element being adopted. The adopted interconnection, service, or network element and agreement shall apply to the same states as such other agreement and for the identical term of such other agreement.
- 16.2 If BlueStar changes its name or makes changes to its company structure or identity due to a merger, acquisition, transfer or any other reason, it is the responsibility of

BlueStar to notify BellSouth of said change and request that an amendment to this Agreement, if necessary, be executed to reflect said change.

- 16.3 No modification, amendment, supplement to, or waiver of the Agreement or any of its provisions shall be effective and binding upon the Parties unless it is made in writing and duly signed by the Parties.
- 16.4 Execution of this Agreement by either Party does not confirm or infer that the executing Party agrees with any decision(s) issued pursuant to the Telecommunications Act of 1996 and the consequences of those decisions on specific language in this Agreement. Neither Party waives its rights to appeal or otherwise challenge any such decision(s) and each Party reserves all of its rights to pursue any and all legal and/or equitable remedies, including appeals of any such decision(s).
- 16.5 In the event that any final and nonappealable legislative, regulatory, judicial or other legal action materially affects any material terms of this Agreement, or the ability of BlueStar or BellSouth to perform any material terms of this Agreement, BlueStar or BellSouth may, on thirty (30) days' written notice require that such terms be renegotiated, and the Parties shall renegotiate in good faith such mutually acceptable new terms as may be required. In the event that such new terms are not renegotiated within ninety (90) days after such notice, the Dispute shall be referred to the Dispute Resolution procedure set forth in Section 12.
- 16.6 If any provision of this Agreement, or the application of such provision to either Party or circumstance, shall be held invalid, the remainder of the Agreement, or the application of any such provision to the Parties or circumstances other than those to which it is held invalid, shall not be effective thereby, provided that the Parties shall attempt to reformulate such invalid provision to give effect to such portions thereof as may be valid without defeating the intent of such provision.

17. Waivers

A failure or delay of either Party to enforce any of the provisions hereof, to exercise any option which is herein provided, or to require performance of any of the provisions hereof shall in no way be construed to be a waiver of such provisions or options, and each Party, notwithstanding such failure, shall have the right thereafter to insist upon the specific performance of any and all of the provisions of this Agreement.

18. Governing Law

This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of Georgia, without regard to its conflict of laws principles.

19. Arm's Length Negotiations

This Agreement was executed after arm's length negotiations between the undersigned Parties and reflects the conclusion of the undersigned that this Agreement is in the best interests of all Parties.

20. Notices

20.1 Every notice, consent, approval, or other communications required or contemplated by this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be delivered in person or given by postage prepaid mail, address to:

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.

CLEC Account Team
9th Floor
600 North 19th Street
Birmingham, Alabama 35203

and

General Attorney - COU
Suite 4300
675 W. Peachtree St.
Atlanta, GA 30375

BlueStar Networks, Inc.

Norton Cutler
Five Corporate Centre Drive
Suite 600
801 Crescent Centre Drive
Franklin, Tennessee 37067

or at such other address as the intended recipient previously shall have designated by written notice to the other Party.

20.2 Where specifically required, notices shall be by certified or registered mail. Unless otherwise provided in this Agreement, notice by mail shall be effective on the date it is officially recorded as delivered by return receipt or equivalent, and in the absence of such record of delivery, it shall be presumed to have been delivered the fifth day, or next business day after the fifth day, after it was deposited in the mails.

20.3 BellSouth shall provide BlueStar notice via Internet posting of price changes and of changes to the terms and conditions of services available for resale.

21. Rule of Construction

No rule of construction requiring interpretation against the drafting Party hereof shall apply in the interpretation of this Agreement.

22. Headings of No Force or Effect

The headings of Articles and Sections of this Agreement are for convenience of reference only, and shall in no way define, modify or restrict the meaning or interpretation of the terms or provisions of this Agreement.

23. Multiple Counterparts

This Agreement may be executed multiple counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which shall together constitute but one and the same document.

24. Implementation of Agreement

If BlueStar is a facilities based provider or a facilities based and resale provider, this section shall apply. Within 60 days of the execution of this Agreement, the Parties will adopt a schedule for the implementation of the Agreement. The schedule shall state with specificity time frames for submission of including but not limited to, network design, interconnection points, collocation arrangement requests, pre-sales testing and full operational time frames for the business and residential markets. An implementation template to be used for the implementation schedule is contained in Attachment 10 of this Agreement.

25. Filing of Agreement

Upon execution of this Agreement it shall be filed with the appropriate state regulatory agency pursuant to the requirements of Section 252 of the Act. If the regulatory agency imposes any filing or public interest notice fees regarding the filing or approval of the Agreement, BlueStar shall be responsible for publishing the required notice and the publication and/or notice costs shall be borne by BlueStar.

26. Entire Agreement

This Agreement and its Attachments, incorporated herein by this reference, sets forth the entire understanding and supersedes prior Agreements between the Parties relating to the subject matter contained herein and merges all prior discussions between them, and neither Party shall be bound by any definition, condition, provision, representation, warranty, covenant or promise other than as expressly stated in this Agreement or as is contemporaneously or subsequently set

forth in writing and executed by a duly authorized officer or representative of the Party to be bound thereby.

This Agreement may include attachments with provisions for the following services:

Network Elements and Other Services
Local Interconnection
Resale
Collocation

The following services are included as options for purchase by BlueStar. BlueStar shall elect said services by written request to its Account Manager if applicable.

Optional Daily Usage File (ODUF)
Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File (EODUF)
Access Daily Usage File (ADUF)
Line Information Database (LIDB) Storage
Centralized Message Distribution Service (CMDS)
Calling Name (CNAM)

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Agreement the day and year above first written.

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.

BlueStar Networks, Inc.

Signature

Jerry Hendrix
Jerry Hendrix

Senior Director
Senior Director

Date

Signature

Norton Cutler
Name

VP Regulatory & General Counsel
Title

Date

Definitions

Affiliate is defined as a person that (directly or indirectly) owns or controls, is owned or controlled by, or is under common ownership or control with, another person. For purposes of this paragraph, the term “own” means to own an equity interest (or equivalent thereof) of more than 10 percent.

Centralized Message Distribution System is the Telcordia (formerly BellCore) administered national system, based in Kansas City, Missouri, used to exchange Exchange Message Interface (EMI) formatted data among host companies.

Commission is defined as the appropriate regulatory agency in each of BellSouth’s nine state region, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Tennessee.

Daily Usage File is the compilation of messages or copies of messages in standard Exchange Message Interface (EMI) format exchanged from BellSouth to a CLEC.

Exchange Message Interface is the nationally administered standard format for the exchange of data among the Exchange Carriers within the telecommunications industry.

Information Service means the offering of a capability for generating, acquiring, storing, transforming, processing, retrieving, utilizing, or making available information via telecommunications, and includes electronic publishing, but does not include any use of any such capability for the management, control, or operation of a telecommunications system or the management of a telecommunications service.

Intercompany Settlements (ICS) is the revenue associated with charges billed by a company other than the company in whose service area such charges were incurred. ICS on a national level includes third number and credit card calls and is administered by Telcordia (formerly BellCore)’s Calling Card and Third Number Settlement System (CATS). Included is traffic that originates in one Regional Bell Operating Company’s (RBOC) territory and bills in another RBOC’s territory.

Intermediary function is defined as the delivery of traffic from BlueStar; a CLEC other than BlueStar or another telecommunications carrier through the network of BellSouth or BlueStar to an end user of BlueStar; a CLEC other than BlueStar or another telecommunications carrier.

Local Interconnection is defined as 1) the delivery of local traffic to be terminated on each Party’s local network so that end users of either Party have the ability to reach end users of the other Party without the use of any access code or substantial delay in the processing of the call; 2) the LEC network features, functions, and capabilities set forth in this Agreement; and 3) Service Provider Number Portability sometimes referred to as temporary telephone number portability to be implemented pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

Local Traffic is defined as any telephone call that originates in one exchange and terminates in either the same exchange, or other local calling area associated with the originating exchange as defined and specified in Section A3 of BellSouth's General Subscriber Service Tariff. As clarification of this definition and for reciprocal compensation, Local Traffic does not include traffic that originates from or terminates to or through an enhanced service provider or information service provider. As further clarification, Local Traffic does not include calls that do not transmit information of the user's choosing. In any event, neither Party will pay reciprocal compensation to the other if the "traffic" to which such reciprocal compensation would otherwise apply was generated, in whole or in part, for the purpose of creating an obligation on the part of the originating carrier to pay reciprocal compensation for such traffic.

Message Distribution is routing determination and subsequent delivery of message data from one company to another. Also included is the interface function with CMDS, where appropriate.

Multiple Exchange Carrier Access Billing ("MECAB") means the document prepared by the Billing Committee of the Ordering and Billing Forum ("OBF"), which functions under the auspices of the Carrier Liaison Committee of the Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions ("ATIS") and by Telcordia (formerly BellCore) as Special Report SR-BDS-000983, Containing the recommended guidelines for the billing of Exchange Service access provided by two or more LECs and/or CLECs or by one LEC in two or more states within a single LATA.

Network Element is defined to mean a facility or equipment used in the provision of a telecommunications service. Such term may include, but is not limited to, features, functions, and capabilities that are provided by means of such facility or equipment, including but not limited to, subscriber numbers, databases, signaling systems, and information sufficient for billing and collection or used in the transmission, routing, or other provision of a telecommunications service. BellSouth offers access to the Network Elements, unbundled loops; network interface device; sub-loop elements; local switching; transport; tandem switching; operator systems; signaling; access to call-related databases; dark fiber as set forth in Attachment 2 of this Agreement.

Non-Intercompany Settlement System (NICS) is the Telcordia (formerly BellCore) system that calculates non-intercompany settlements amounts due from one company to another within the same RBOC region. It includes credit card, third number and collect messages.

Percent of Interstate Usage (PIU) is defined as a factor to be applied to terminating access services minutes of use to obtain those minutes that should be rated as interstate access services minutes of use. The numerator includes all interstate "non-intermediary" minutes of use, including interstate minutes of use that are forwarded due to service provider number portability less any interstate minutes of use for Terminating Party Pays services, such as 800 Services. The denominator includes all "non-intermediary", local, interstate, intrastate, toll and access minutes of use adjusted for service provider number portability less all minutes attributable to terminating Party pays services.

Percent Local Usage (PLU) is defined as a factor to be applied to intrastate terminating minutes of use. The numerator shall include all "non-intermediary" local minutes of use adjusted for

those minutes of use that only apply local due to Service Provider Number Portability. The denominator is the total intrastate minutes of use including local, intrastate toll, and access, adjusted for Service Provider Number Portability less intrastate terminating Party pays minutes of use.

Revenue Accounting Office (RAO) Status Company is a local exchange company/alternate local exchange company that has been assigned a unique RAO code. Message data exchanged among RAO status companies is grouped (i.e. packed) according to From/To/Bill RAO combinations.

Service Control Points (“SCPs”) are defined as databases that store information and have the ability to manipulate data required to offer particular services.

Signal Transfer Points (“STPs”) are signaling message switches that interconnect Signaling Links to route signaling messages between switches and databases. STPs enable the exchange of Signaling System 7 (“SS7”) messages between switching elements, database elements and STPs. STPs provide access to various BellSouth and third party network elements such as local switching and databases.

Signaling links are dedicated transmission paths carrying signaling messages between carrier switches and signaling networks. Signal Link Transport is a set of two or four dedicated 56 kbps transmission paths between BlueStar designated Signaling Points of Interconnection that provide a diverse transmission path and cross connect to a BellSouth Signal Transfer Point.

Telecommunications means the transmission, between or among points specified by the user, of information of the user’s choosing, without change in the form or content of the information as sent and received.

Telecommunications Service means the offering of telecommunications for a fee directly to the public, or to such classes of users as to be effectively available directly to the public, regardless of the facilities used.

Telecommunications Act of 1996 (“Act”) means Public Law 104-104 of the United States Congress effective February 8, 1996. The Act amended the Communications Act of 1934 (47, U.S.C. Section 1 et. seq.).

Attachment 1

Resale

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RESALE

1. Discount Rates

The rates pursuant by which BlueStar is to purchase services from BellSouth for resale shall be at a discount rate off of the retail rate for the telecommunications service. The discount rates shall be as set forth in Exhibit A, attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference. Such discount shall reflect the costs avoided by BellSouth when selling a service for wholesale purposes.

2. Definition of Terms

- 2.1 CUSTOMER OF RECORD means the entity responsible for placing application for service; requesting additions, rearrangements, maintenance or discontinuance of service; payment in full of charges incurred such as non-recurring, monthly recurring, toll, directory assistance, etc.
- 2.2 DEPOSIT means assurance provided by a customer in the form of cash, surety bond or bank letter of credit to be held by BellSouth.
- 2.3 END USER means the ultimate user of the telecommunications services.
- 2.4 END USER CUSTOMER LOCATION means the physical location of the premises where an end user makes use of the telecommunications services.
- 2.5 NEW SERVICES means functions, features or capabilities that are not currently offered by BellSouth. This includes packaging of existing services or combining a new function, feature or capability with an existing service.
- 2.6 OTHER/COMPETITIVE LOCAL EXCHANGE COMPANY (OLEC/CLEC) means a telephone company certificated by the public service commissions of BellSouth's franchised area to provide local exchange service within BellSouth's franchised area.
- 2.7 RESALE means an activity wherein a certificated CLEC, such as BlueStar subscribes to the telecommunications services of BellSouth and then reoffers those telecommunications services to the public (with or without "adding value").
- 2.8 RESALE SERVICE AREA means the area, as defined in a public service commission approved certificate of operation, within which a CLEC, such as BlueStar, may offer resold local exchange telecommunications service.

3. General Provisions

- 3.1 BlueStar may resell the tariffed local exchange and toll telecommunications services of BellSouth contained in the General Subscriber Service Tariff and Private Line Service Tariff subject to the terms, and conditions specifically set forth herein. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the exclusions and limitations on services available for resale will be as set forth in Exhibit B, attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference.
- 3.2 All of the negotiated rates, terms and conditions set forth in this Attachment pertain to the resale of BellSouth's retail telecommunications services and other services specified in this Attachment. BellSouth shall make available telecommunications services for resale at the rates set forth in Exhibit A to this Agreement and subject to the exclusions and limitations set forth in Exhibit B to this Agreement. BellSouth does not however waive its rights to appeal or otherwise challenge any decision regarding resale that resulted in the discount rates contained in Exhibit A or the exclusions and limitations contained in Exhibit B. BellSouth reserves the right to pursue any and all legal and/or equitable remedies, including appeals of any decisions. If such appeals or challenges result in changes in the discount rates or exclusions and limitations, the parties agree that appropriate modifications to this Agreement will be made promptly to make its terms consistent with the outcome of the appeal.
- 3.3 BlueStar may purchase resale services from BellSouth for their own use in operating their business. The resale discount will apply to those services under the following conditions:
- 3.3.1 BlueStar must resell services to other end users.
- 3.3.2 BlueStar must order services through resale interfaces, i.e., the Local Carrier Service Center (LCSC) and/or appropriate Resale Account Teams pursuant to Section 3 of the General Terms and Conditions.
- 3.3.3 BlueStar cannot be an alternative local exchange telecommunications company for the single purpose of selling to themselves.
- 3.4 The provision of services by BellSouth to BlueStar does not constitute a joint undertaking for the furnishing of any service.
- 3.5 BlueStar will be the customer of record for all services purchased from BellSouth. Except as specified herein, BellSouth will take orders from, bill and expect payment from BlueStar for all services.
- 3.6 BlueStar will be BellSouth's single point of contact for all services purchased pursuant to this Agreement. BellSouth shall have no contact with the end user except to the extent provided for herein.

- 3.7 BellSouth will continue to bill the end user for any services that the end user specifies it wishes to receive directly from BellSouth.
- 3.8 BellSouth maintains the right to serve directly any end user within the service area of BlueStar. BellSouth will continue to directly market its own telecommunications products and services and in doing so may establish independent relationships with end users of BlueStar.
- 3.9 Neither Party shall interfere with the right of any person or entity to obtain service directly from the other Party.
- 3.10 Current telephone numbers may normally be retained by the end user. However, telephone numbers are the property of BellSouth and are assigned to the service furnished. BlueStar has no property right to the telephone number or any other call number designation associated with services furnished by BellSouth, and no right to the continuance of service through any particular central office. BellSouth reserves the right to change such numbers, or the central office designation associated with such numbers, or both, whenever BellSouth deems it necessary to do so in the conduct of its business.
- 3.11 For the purpose of the resale of BellSouth's telecommunications services by BlueStar, BellSouth will provide BlueStar with an on line access to telephone numbers for reservation on a first come first serve basis. Such reservations of telephone numbers, on a pre-ordering basis shall be for a period of nine (9) days. BlueStar acknowledges that there may be instances where there is a shortage of telephone numbers in a particular Common Language Location Identifier Code (CLLIC) and in such instances BellSouth may request that BlueStar cancel its reservations of numbers. BlueStar shall comply with such request.
- 3.12 Further, upon BlueStar's request, and for the purpose of the resale of BellSouth's telecommunications services by BlueStar, BellSouth will reserve up to 100 telephone numbers per CLLIC, for BlueStar's sole use. Such telephone number reservations shall be valid for ninety (90) days from the reservation date. BlueStar acknowledges that there may be instances where there is a shortage of telephone numbers in a particular CLLIC and in such instances BellSouth shall use its best efforts to reserve for a ninety (90) day period a sufficient quantity of BlueStar's reasonable need in that particular CLLIC.
- 3.13 BellSouth may provide any service or facility for which a charge is not established herein, as long as it is offered on the same terms to BlueStar.
- 3.14 Service is furnished subject to the condition that it will not be used for any unlawful purpose.

- 3.15 Service will be discontinued if any law enforcement agency advises that the service being used is in violation of the law.
- 3.16 BellSouth can refuse service when it has grounds to believe that service will be used in violation of the law.
- 3.17 BellSouth accepts no responsibility to any person for any unlawful act committed by BlueStar or its end users as part of providing service to BlueStar for purposes of resale or otherwise.
- 3.18 BellSouth will cooperate fully with law enforcement agencies with subpoenas and court orders for assistance with BellSouth's end users. Law enforcement agency subpoenas and court orders regarding end users of BlueStar will be directed to BlueStar. BellSouth will bill BlueStar for implementing any requests by law enforcement agencies regarding BlueStar end users.
- 3.19 The characteristics and methods of operation of any circuits, facilities or equipment provided by any person or entity other than BellSouth shall not:
 - 3.19.1 Interfere with or impair service over any facilities of BellSouth, its affiliates, or its connecting and concurring carriers involved in its service;
 - 3.19.2 Cause damage to BellSouth's plant;
 - 3.19.3 Impair the privacy of any communications; or
 - 3.19.4 Create hazards to any BellSouth employees or the public.
- 3.20 BlueStar assumes the responsibility of notifying BellSouth regarding less than standard operations with respect to services provided by BlueStar.
- 3.21 Facilities and/or equipment utilized by BellSouth to provide service to BlueStar remain the property of BellSouth.
- 3.22 White page directory listings will be provided in accordance with regulations set forth in Section A6 of the General Subscriber Services Tariff and will be available for resale.
- 3.23 BellSouth provides electronic access to customer record information. Access is provided through the Local Exchange Navigation System (LENS) and the Telecommunications Access Gateway (TAG). Customer Record Information includes but is not limited to, customer specific information in CRIS and RSAG. In addition, BlueStar shall provide to BellSouth access to customer record information including electronic access where available. Otherwise, BlueStar shall provide paper copies of customer record information within a reasonable period of time upon request by BellSouth. Customer Record Information is equivalent to but not limited to the type

of customer specific information contained in CRIS and RSAG. The Parties agree not to view, copy, or otherwise obtain access to the customer record information of any customer without that customer's permission, and further agrees that BlueStar and BellSouth will obtain access to customer record information only in strict compliance with applicable laws, rules, or regulations of the State in which the service is provided.

3.24 All costs incurred by BellSouth to develop and implement operational interfaces shall be recovered from Resellers who utilize the services. Charges for use of Operational Support Systems (OSS) shall be as set forth in Exhibit A of this Attachment.

3.25 Where available to BellSouth's end users, BellSouth shall provide the following telecommunications services at a discount to allow for voice mail services:

- Simplified Message Desk Interface - Enhanced ("SMDI-E")
- Simplified Message Desk Interface ("SMDI") Message Waiting Indicator ("MWT") stutter dialtone and message waiting light feature capabilities
- Call Forward on Busy/Don't Answer ("CF-B/DA")
- Call Forward on Busy ("CF/B")
- Call Forward Don't Answer ("CF/DA")

Further, BellSouth messaging services set forth in BellSouth's Messaging Service Information Package shall be made available for resale without the wholesale discount.

3.26 BellSouth's Inside Wire Maintenance Service Plans may be made available for resale at rates, terms and conditions as set forth by BellSouth and without the wholesale discount.

3.27 All costs incurred by BellSouth for providing services requested by BlueStar that are not covered in the BellSouth tariffs shall be recovered from BlueStar if BlueStar utilizes those services.

3.28 Recovery of charges associated with implementing Number Portability through monthly charges assessed to end users has been authorized by the FCC. This end user line charge will be billed to Resellers of BellSouth's telecommunications services and will be as filed in FCC No. 1. This charge will not be discounted.

4. BellSouth's Provision of Services to BlueStar

4.1 BlueStar agrees that its resale of BellSouth services shall be as follows:

- 4.1.1 The resale of telecommunications services shall be limited to users and uses conforming to the class of service restrictions.
- 4.1.2 Hotel and Hospital PBX services are the only telecommunications services available for resale to Hotel/Motel and Hospital end users, respectively. Similarly, Access Line Service for Customer Provided Coin Telephones is the only local service available for resale to Independent Payphone Provider (IPP) customers. Shared Tenant Service customers can only be sold those local exchange access services available in BellSouth's A23 Shared Tenant Service Tariff in the states of Florida, Georgia, North Carolina and South Carolina, and in A27 in the states of Alabama, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi and Tennessee.
- 4.1.3 BellSouth reserves the right to periodically audit services purchased by BlueStar to establish authenticity of use. Such audit shall not occur more than once in a calendar year. BlueStar shall make any and all records and data available to BellSouth or BellSouth's auditors on a reasonable basis. BellSouth shall bear the cost of said audit.
- 4.2 Resold services can only be used in the same manner as specified in BellSouth's Tariffs. Resold services are subject to the same terms and conditions as are specified for such services when furnished to an individual end user of BellSouth in the appropriate section of BellSouth's Tariffs. Specific tariff features (e.g. a usage allowance per month), shall not be aggregated across multiple resold services.
- 4.3 BlueStar may resell services only within the specific resale service area as defined in its certificate.
- 4.4 Telephone numbers transmitted via any resold service feature are intended solely for the use of the end user of the feature. Resale of this information is prohibited.

5. Maintenance of Services

- 5.1 BlueStar will adopt and adhere to the standards contained in the applicable CLEC Work Center Operational Understanding Agreement regarding maintenance and installation of service.
- 5.2 Services resold under BellSouth's Tariffs and facilities and equipment provided by BellSouth shall be maintained by BellSouth.
- 5.3 BlueStar or its end users may not rearrange, move, disconnect, remove or attempt to repair any facilities owned by BellSouth, other than by connection or disconnection to any interface means used, except with the written consent of BellSouth.
- 5.4 BlueStar accepts responsibility to notify BellSouth of situations that arise that may result in a service problem.

- 5.5 BlueStar will be BellSouth's single point of contact for all repair calls on behalf of BlueStar's end users. The parties agree to provide one another with toll-free contact numbers for such purposes.
- 5.6 BlueStar will contact the appropriate repair centers in accordance with procedures established by BellSouth.
- 5.7 For all repair requests, BlueStar accepts responsibility for adhering to BellSouth's prescreening guidelines prior to referring the trouble to BellSouth.
- 5.8 BellSouth will bill BlueStar for handling troubles that are found not to be in BellSouth's network pursuant to its standard time and material charges. The standard time and material charges will be no more than what BellSouth charges to its retail customers for the same services.
- 5.9 BellSouth reserves the right to contact BlueStar's end users, if deemed necessary, for maintenance purposes.
- 6. Establishment of Service**
- 6.1 After receiving certification as a local exchange company from the appropriate regulatory agency, BlueStar will provide the appropriate BellSouth service center the necessary documentation to enable BellSouth to establish a master account for BlueStar's resold services. Such documentation shall include the Application for Master Account, proof of authority to provide telecommunications services, an Operating Company Number ("OCN") assigned by the National Exchange Carriers Association ("NECA") and a tax exemption certificate, if applicable. When necessary deposit requirements are met, BellSouth will begin taking orders for the resale of service.
- 6.2 Service orders will be in a standard format designated by BellSouth.
- 6.3 When notification is received from BlueStar that a current end user of BellSouth will subscribe to BlueStar's service, standard service order intervals for the appropriate class of service will apply.
- 6.4 BellSouth will not require end user confirmation prior to establishing service for BlueStar's end user customer. BlueStar must, however, be able to demonstrate end user authorization upon request.
- 6.5 BlueStar will be the single point of contact with BellSouth for all subsequent ordering activity resulting in additions or changes to resold services except that BellSouth will accept a request directly from the end user for conversion of the end user's service from BlueStar to BellSouth or will accept a request from another CLEC for

- conversion of the end user's service from BlueStar to the other LEC. BellSouth will notify BlueStar that such a request has been processed.
- 6.6 If BellSouth determines that an unauthorized change in local service to BlueStar has occurred, BellSouth will reestablish service with the appropriate local service provider and will assess BlueStar as the CLEC initiating the unauthorized change, the unauthorized change charge described in F.C.C. Tariff No. 1, Section 13 or applicable state tariff. Appropriate nonrecurring charges, as set forth in Section A4 of the General Subscriber Service Tariff, will also be assessed to BlueStar. These charges can be adjusted if BlueStar provides satisfactory proof of authorization.
- 6.7 In order to safeguard its interest, BellSouth reserves the right to secure the account with a suitable form of security deposit, unless satisfactory credit has already been established.
- 6.7.1 Such security deposit shall take the form of an irrevocable Letter of Credit or other forms of security acceptable to BellSouth. Any such security deposit may be held during the continuance of the service as security for the payment of any and all amounts accruing for the service.
- 6.7.2 If a security deposit is required, such security deposit shall be made prior to the inauguration of service.
- 6.7.3 Such security deposit may not exceed two months' estimated billing.
- 6.7.4 The fact that a security deposit has been made in no way relieves BlueStar from complying with BellSouth's regulations as to advance payments and the prompt payment of bills on presentation nor does it constitute a waiver or modification of the regular practices of BellSouth providing for the discontinuance of service for non-payment of any sums due BellSouth.
- 6.7.5 BellSouth reserves the right to increase the security deposit requirements when, in its sole judgment, circumstances so warrant and/or gross monthly billing has increased beyond the level initially used to determine the security deposit.
- 6.7.6 In the event that BlueStar defaults on its account, service to BlueStar will be terminated and any security deposits held will be applied to its account.
- 6.7.7 Interest on a security deposit shall accrue and be paid in accordance with the terms in the appropriate BellSouth tariff.

7. Payment And Billing Arrangements

- 7.1 Prior to submitting orders to BellSouth for local service, a master account must be established for BlueStar. BlueStar is required to provide the following before a master

- account is established: proof of PSC/PUC certification, the Application for Master Account, an Operating Company Number (“OCN”) assigned by the National Exchange Carriers Association (“NECA”) and a tax exemption certificate, if applicable.
- 7.2 BellSouth shall bill BlueStar on a current basis all applicable charges and credits.
- 7.3 Payment of all charges will be the responsibility of BlueStar. BlueStar shall make payment to BellSouth for all services billed. BellSouth is not responsible for payments not received by BlueStar from BlueStar's end user. BellSouth will not become involved in billing disputes that may arise between BlueStar and its end user. Payments made to BellSouth as payment on account will be credited to an accounts receivable master account and not to an end user's account.
- 7.4 BellSouth will render bills each month on established bill days for each of BlueStar's accounts.
- 7.5 BellSouth will bill BlueStar in advance charges for all services to be provided during the ensuing billing period except charges associated with service usage, which will be billed in arrears. Charges will be calculated on an individual end user account level, including, if applicable, any charge for usage or usage allowances. BellSouth will also bill BlueStar, and BlueStar will be responsible for and remit to BellSouth, all charges applicable to resold services including but not limited to 911 and E911 charges, telecommunications relay charges (TRS), and franchise fees.
- 7.6 The payment will be due by the next bill date (i.e., same date in the following month as the bill date) and is payable in immediately available funds. Payment is considered to have been made when received by BellSouth.
- 7.6.1 If the payment due date falls on a Sunday or on a Holiday which is observed on a Monday, the payment due date shall be the first non-Holiday day following such Sunday or Holiday. If the payment due date falls on a Saturday or on a Holiday which is observed on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, or Friday, the payment due date shall be the last non-Holiday day preceding such Saturday or Holiday. If payment is not received by the payment due date, a late payment penalty, as set forth in section 7.8 following, shall apply.
- 7.6.2 If BlueStar requests multiple billing media or additional copies of bills, BellSouth will provide these at an appropriate charge to BlueStar.
- 7.6.3 Billing Disputes
- 7.6.3.1 Each Party agrees to notify the other Party upon the discovery of a billing dispute. In the event of a billing dispute, the Parties will endeavor to resolve the dispute within sixty (60) calendar days of the Bill Date on which such disputed charges appear.

Resolution of the dispute is expected to occur at the first level of management resulting in a recommendation for settlement of the dispute and closure of a specific billing period. If the issues are not resolved within the allotted time frame, the following resolution procedure will begin:

- 7.6.3.2 If the dispute is not resolved within sixty (60) days of the Bill Date, the dispute will be escalated to the second level of management for each of the respective Parties for resolution. If the dispute is not resolved within ninety (90) days of the Bill Date, the dispute will be escalated to the third level of management for each of the respective Parties for resolution
- 7.6.3.3 If the dispute is not resolved within one hundred and twenty (120) days of the Bill Date, the dispute will be escalated to the fourth level of management for each of the respective Parties for resolution.
- 7.6.3.4 If a Party disputes a charge and does not pay such charge by the payment due date, such charges shall be subject to late payment charges as set forth in the Late Payment Charges provision of this Attachment. If a Party disputes charges and the dispute is resolved in favor of such Party, the other Party shall credit the bill of the disputing Party for the amount of the disputed charges along with any late payment charges assessed no later than the second Bill Date after the resolution of the dispute. Accordingly, if a Party disputes charges and the dispute is resolved in favor of the other Party, the disputing Party shall pay the other Party the amount of the disputed charges and any associated late payment charges assessed no later than the second bill payment due date after the resolution of the dispute. BellSouth shall only assess interest on previously assessed late payment charges in a state where it has authority pursuant to its tariffs.
- 7.7 Upon proof of tax exempt certification from BlueStar, the total amount billed to BlueStar will not include any taxes due from the end user to reflect the tax exempt certification and local tax laws. BlueStar will be solely responsible for the computation, tracking, reporting, and payment of taxes applicable to BlueStar's end user.
- 7.8 If any portion of the payment is received by BellSouth after the payment due date as set forth preceding, or if any portion of the payment is received by BellSouth in funds that are not immediately available to BellSouth, then a late payment penalty shall be due to BellSouth. The late payment penalty shall be the portion of the payment not received by the payment due date times a late factor and will be applied on a per bill basis. The late factor shall be as set forth in Section A2 of the General Subscriber Services Tariff and Section B2 of the Private Line Service Tariff. BlueStar will be charged a fee for all returned checks as set forth in Section to A2 of the General Subscriber Services Tariff or in applicable state law.

- 7.9 Any switched access charges associated with interexchange carrier access to the resold local exchange lines will be billed by, and due to, BellSouth. No additional charges are to be assessed to BlueStar
- 7.10 BellSouth will not perform billing and collection services for BlueStar as a result of the execution of this Agreement. All requests for billing services should be referred to the appropriate entity or operational group within BellSouth.
- 7.11 Pursuant to 47 CFR Section 51.617, BellSouth will bill BlueStar end user common line charges identical to the end user common line charges BellSouth bills its end users.
- 7.12 In general, BellSouth will not become involved in disputes between BlueStar and BlueStar's end user customers over resold services. If a dispute does arise that cannot be settled without the involvement of BellSouth, BlueStar shall contact the designated Service Center for resolution. BellSouth will make every effort to assist in the resolution of the dispute and will work with BlueStar to resolve the matter in as timely a manner as possible. BlueStar may be required to submit documentation to substantiate the claim.
- 8. Discontinuance of Service**
- 8.1 The procedures for discontinuing service to an end user are as follows:
- 8.1.1 Where possible, BellSouth will deny service to BlueStar's end user on behalf of, and at the request of, BlueStar. Upon restoration of the end user's service, restoral charges will apply and will be the responsibility of BlueStar.
- 8.1.2 At the request of BlueStar, BellSouth will disconnect a BlueStar end user customer.
- 8.1.3 All requests by BlueStar for denial or disconnection of an end user for nonpayment must be in writing.
- 8.1.4 BlueStar will be made solely responsible for notifying the end user of the proposed disconnection of the service.
- 8.1.5 BellSouth will continue to process calls made to the Annoyance Call Center and will advise BlueStar when it is determined that annoyance calls are originated from one of their end user's locations. BellSouth shall be indemnified, defended and held harmless by BlueStar and/or the end user against any claim, loss or damage arising from providing this information to BlueStar. It is the responsibility of BlueStar to take the corrective action necessary with its end users who make annoying calls. Failure to do so will result in BellSouth's disconnecting the end user's service.

- 8.1.6 BellSouth may disconnect and reuse facilities when the facility is in a denied state and BellSouth has received an order to establish new service or transfer of service from an end user or an end user's CLEC at the same address served by the denied facility.
- 8.2 The procedures for discontinuing service to BlueStar are as follows:
- 8.2.1 BellSouth reserves the right to suspend or terminate service for nonpayment or in the event of prohibited, unlawful or improper use of the facilities or service, abuse of the facilities, or any other violation or noncompliance by BlueStar of the rules and regulations of BellSouth's Tariffs.
- 8.2.2 If payment of account is not received by the bill day in the month after the original bill day, BellSouth may provide written notice to BlueStar, that additional applications for service will be refused and that any pending orders for service will not be completed if payment is not received by the fifteenth day following the date of the notice. In addition BellSouth may, at the same time, give thirty days notice to the person designated by BlueStar to receive notices of noncompliance, and discontinue the provision of existing services to BlueStar at any time thereafter.
- 8.2.3 In the case of such discontinuance, all billed charges, as well as applicable termination charges, shall become due.
- 8.2.4 If BellSouth does not discontinue the provision of the services involved on the date specified in the thirty days notice and BlueStar's noncompliance continues, nothing contained herein shall preclude BellSouth's right to discontinue the provision of the services to BlueStar without further notice.
- 8.2.5 If payment is not received or arrangements made for payment by the date given in the written notification, BlueStar's services will be discontinued. Upon discontinuance of service on a BlueStar's account, service to BlueStar's end users will be denied. BellSouth will also reestablish service at the request of the end user or BlueStar upon payment of the appropriate connection fee and subject to BellSouth's normal application procedures. BlueStar is solely responsible for notifying the end user of the proposed disconnection of the service.
- 8.2.6 If within fifteen days after an end user's service has been denied no contact has been made in reference to restoring service, the end user's service will be disconnected.

9. Line Information Database (LIDB)

- 9.1 BellSouth will store in its Line Information Database (LIDB) records relating to service only in the BellSouth region. The LIDB Storage Agreement is included in this Attachment as Exhibit C.

9.2 BellSouth will provide LIDB Storage upon written request to BlueStar Account Manager stating requested activation date.

10. RAO Hosting

10.1 The RAO Hosting Agreement is included in this Attachment as Exhibit D. Rates for BellSouth's Centralized Message Distribution System (CMDS) are as set forth in Exhibit H of this Attachment.

10.2 BellSouth will provide RAO Hosting upon written request to its Account Manager stating requested activation date.

11. Optional Daily Usage File (ODUF)

11.1 The Optional Daily Usage File (ODUF) Agreement with terms and conditions is included in this Attachment as Exhibit E. Rates for ODUF are as set forth in Exhibit H of this Attachment.

11.2 BellSouth will provide Optional Daily Usage File (ODUF) service upon written request to its Account Manager stating requested activation date.

12. Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File (EODUF)

12.1 The Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File (EODUF) service Agreement with terms and conditions is included in this Attachment as Exhibit F. Rates for EODUF are as set forth in Exhibit H of this Attachment.

12.2 BellSouth will provide Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File (EODUF) service upon written request to its Account Manager stating requested activation date.

13. Calling Name Delivery (CNAM) Database Service

13.1 Calling Name Delivery (CNAM) Database Service Agreement is included in this Attachment as Exhibit G. Rates for CNAM are as set forth in Exhibit H of this Attachment.

13.2 BellSouth will provide Calling Name Delivery (CNAM) Database service upon written request to its Account Manager stating requested activation date.

EXHIBIT A
Page 1

APPLICABLE DISCOUNTS

The telecommunications services available for purchase by BlueStar for the purposes of resale to BlueStar end users shall be available at the following discount off of the retail rate.

DISCOUNT*

<u>STATE</u>	<u>RESIDENCE</u>	<u>BUSINESS</u>	<u>CSAs**</u>
ALABAMA			
FLORIDA			
GEORGIA			
KENTUCKY	16.79%	15.54%	
LOUISIANA			
MISSISSIPPI			
NORTH CAROLINA			
SOUTH CAROLINA			
TENNESSEE**			

* When a CLEC provides Resale service in a cross boundary area (areas that are part of the local serving area of another state's exchange) the rates, regulations and discounts for the tariffing state will apply. Billing will be from the serving state.

** Unless noted in this column, the discount for Business will be the applicable discount rate for CSAs.

OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS (OSS) RATES

BellSouth has developed and made available the following mechanized systems by which BlueStar may submit LSRs electronically.

LENS	Local Exchange Navigation System
EDI	Electronic Data Interface
EDI-PC	Electronic Data Interface – Personal Computer
TAG	Telecommunications Access Gateway

LSRs submitted by means of one of these interactive interfaces will incur an OSS electronic ordering charge as specified in the Table below. An individual LSR will be identified for billing purposes by its Purchase Order Number (PON). LSRs submitted by means other than one of these interactive interfaces (mail, fax, courier, etc.) will incur a manual order charge as specified in the table below:

OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS (OSS) RATES	<u>Electronic</u> Per LSR received from the CLEC by one of the OSS interactive interfaces	<u>Manual</u> Per LSR received from the CLEC by means other than one of the OSS interactive interfaces
OSS LSR Charge	\$3.50	\$19.99
USOC	SOMEK	SOMAN

Note: In addition to the OSS charges, applicable discounted service order and related discounted charges apply per the tariff.

Denial/Restoral OSS Charge

In the event BlueStar provides a list of customers to be denied and restored, rather than an LSR, each location on the list will require a separate PON and, therefore will be billed as one LSR per location.

Cancellation OSS Charge

BlueStar will incur an OSS charge for an accepted LSR that is later canceled by BlueStar.

Note: Supplements or clarifications to a previously billed LSR will not incur another OSS charge.

Threshold Billing Plan

The Parties agree that BlueStar will incur the mechanized rate for all LSRs, both mechanized and manual, if the percentage of mechanized LSRs to total LSRs **meets or** exceeds the threshold percentages shown below:

Year	Ratio: Mechanized/Total LSRs
1999	70%
2000	80%
2001	90%

The threshold plan will be discontinued in 2002.

BellSouth will track the total LSR volume for each CLEC for each quarter. At the end of that time period, a Percent Electronic LSR calculation will be made for that quarter based on the LSR data tracked in the LCSC. If this percentage exceeds the threshold volume, all of that CLECs' future manual LSRs will be billed at the mechanized LSR rate. To allow time for obtaining and analyzing the data and updating the billing system, this billing change will take place on the first day of the second month following the end of the quarter (e.g. May 1 for 1Q, Aug 1 for 2Q, etc.). There will be no adjustments to the amount billed for previously billed LSRs.

**EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS
ON SERVICES AVAILABLE FOR RESALE**

Type of Service		AL		FL		GA		KY		LA	
		Resale?	Discount?								
1.	Grandfathered Services (Note 1)							Yes	Yes		
2.	Contract Service Arrangements							Yes	Yes		
3.	Promotions - > 90 Days(Note 2)							Yes	Yes		
4.	Promotions - < 90 Days (Note 2)							No	No		
5.	Lifeline/Link Up Services							Note 4	Note 4		
6.	911/E911 Services							Yes	Yes		
7.	N11 Services							No	No		
8.	AdWatch SM Svc (See Note 6)							Yes	Yes		
9.	MemoryCall [®] Service							Yes	No		
10.	Mobile Services							Yes	No		
11.	Federal Subscriber Line Charges							Yes	No		
12.	Non-Recurring Charges							Yes	Yes		
13.	End User Line Charge – Number Portability							Yes	No		
14.	Public Telephone Access Service (PTAS)							Yes	Yes		

Type of Service		MS		NC		SC		TN	
		Resale?	Discount?	Resale?	Discount?	Resale?	Discount?	Resale?	Discount ?
1.	Grandfathered Services (Note 1)								
2.	Contract Service Arrangements								
3.	Promotions - > 90 Days(Note 2)								
4.	Promotions - < 90 Days (Note 2)								
5.	Lifeline/Link Up Services								
6.	911/E911 Services								
7.	N11 Services								
8.	AdWatch SM Svc (See Note 6)								
9.	MemoryCall [®] Service								
10.	Mobile Services								
11.	Federal Subscriber Line Charges								
12.	Non-Recurring Charges								
13.	End User Line Charge – Number Portability								

14.	Public Telephone Access Service (PTAS)								
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Applicable Notes:

1. **Grandfathered services** can be resold only to existing subscribers of the grandfathered service.
2. Where available for resale, **promotions** will be made available only to end users who would have qualified for the promotion had it been provided by BellSouth directly.
3. In Tennessee, long-term **promotions** (offered for more than ninety (90) days) may be obtained at one of the following rates:
 - (a) the stated tariff rate, less the wholesale discount;
 - (b) the promotional rate (the promotional rate offered by BellSouth will not be discounted further by the wholesale discount rate)
4. **Lifeline/Link Up** services may be offered only to those subscribers who meet the criteria that BellSouth currently applies to subscribers of these services as set forth in Sections A3 and A4 of the BellSouth General Subscriber Services Tariff.
5. Some of BellSouth's local exchange and toll telecommunications services are not available in certain central offices and areas.
6. AdWatchSM Service is tariffed as BellSouth[®] AIN Virtual Number Call Detail Service.

**LINE INFORMATION DATA BASE (LIDB)
STORAGE AGREEMENT**

I. SCOPE

- A. This Agreement sets forth the terms and conditions pursuant to which BellSouth agrees to store in its LIDB certain information at the request of BlueStar and pursuant to which BellSouth, its LIDB customers and BlueStar shall have access to such information. BlueStar understands that BellSouth provides access to information in its LIDB to various telecommunications service providers pursuant to applicable tariffs and agrees that information stored at the request of BlueStar, pursuant to this Agreement, shall be available to those telecommunications service providers. The terms and conditions contained in the attached Addendum(s) are hereby made a part of this Agreement as if fully incorporated herein.
- B. LIDB is accessed for the following purposes:
1. Billed Number Screening
 2. Calling Card Validation
 3. Fraud Control
- C. BellSouth will provide seven days per week, 24-hours per day, fraud monitoring on Calling Cards, bill-to-third and collect calls made to numbers in BellSouth's LIDB, provided that such information is included in the LIDB query. BellSouth will establish fraud alert thresholds and will notify BlueStar of fraud alerts so that BlueStar may take action it deems appropriate. BlueStar understands and agrees BellSouth will administer all data stored in the LIDB, including the data provided by BlueStar pursuant to this Agreement, in the same manner as BellSouth's data for BellSouth's end user customers. BellSouth shall not be responsible to BlueStar for any lost revenue which may result from BellSouth's administration of the LIDB pursuant to its established practices and procedures as they exist and as they may be changed by BellSouth in its sole discretion from time to time.

BlueStar understands that BellSouth currently has in effect numerous billing and collection agreements with various interexchange carriers and billing clearing houses. BlueStar further understands that these billing and collection customers of BellSouth query BellSouth's LIDB to determine whether to accept various billing options from end users. Additionally, BlueStar understands that presently BellSouth has no method to differentiate between BellSouth's own billing and line data in the LIDB and such data which it includes in the LIDB on BlueStar's behalf pursuant to this Agreement. Therefore, until such time as BellSouth can and does implement in its LIDB and its supporting systems the means to differentiate BlueStar's data from BellSouth's data and the Parties to this Agreement execute appropriate amendments hereto, the following terms and conditions shall apply:

- (a) BlueStar agrees that it will accept responsibility for telecommunications services billed by BellSouth for its billing and collection customers for BlueStar's end user accounts which are resident in LIDB pursuant to this Agreement. BlueStar authorizes BellSouth to place such charges on BlueStar's bill from BellSouth and agrees that it shall pay all such charges. Charges for which BlueStar hereby takes responsibility include, but are not limited to, collect and third number calls.
- (b) Charges for such services shall appear on a separate BellSouth bill page identified with the name of the entity for which BellSouth is billing the charge.
- (c) BlueStar shall have the responsibility to render a billing statement to its end users for these charges, but BlueStar's obligation to pay BellSouth for the charges billed shall be independent of whether BlueStar is able or not to collect from BlueStar's end users.
- (d) BellSouth shall not become involved in any disputes between BlueStar and the entities for which BellSouth performs billing and collection. BellSouth will not issue adjustments for charges billed on behalf of an entity to BlueStar. It shall be the responsibility of BlueStar and the other entity to negotiate and arrange for any appropriate adjustments.

II. TERM

This Agreement will be effective as of _____, and will continue in effect for one year, and thereafter may be continued until terminated by either Party upon thirty (30) days written notice to the other Party.

III. FEES FOR SERVICE AND TAXES

- A. BlueStar will not be charged a fee for storage services provided by BellSouth to BlueStar, as described in Section I of this Agreement.
- B. Sales, use and all other taxes (excluding taxes on BellSouth's income) determined by BellSouth or any taxing authority to be due to any federal, state or local taxing jurisdiction with respect to the provision of the service set forth herein will be paid by BlueStar. BlueStar shall have the right to have BellSouth contest with the imposing jurisdiction, at BlueStar's expense, any such taxes that BlueStar deems are improperly levied.

IV. INDEMNIFICATION

To the extent not prohibited by law, each Party will indemnify the other and hold the other harmless against any loss, cost, claim, injury, or liability relating to or arising out of negligence or willful misconduct by the indemnifying Party or its agents or contractors in connection with the indemnifying Party's provision of services, provided, however, that any indemnity for any loss, cost, claim, injury or liability arising out of or relating to errors or omissions in the provision of services under this Agreement shall be limited as otherwise specified in this Agreement. The indemnifying Party under this Section agrees to defend any suit brought against the other Party for any such loss, cost, claim, injury or liability. The indemnified Party agrees to notify the other Party promptly, in writing, of any written claims, lawsuits, or demands for which the other Party is responsible under this Section and to cooperate in every reasonable way to facilitate defense or settlement of claims. The indemnifying Party shall not be liable under this Section for settlement by the indemnified Party of any claim, lawsuit, or demand unless the defense of the claim, lawsuit, or demand has been tendered to it in writing and the indemnifying Party has unreasonably failed to assume such defense.

V. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

Neither Party shall be liable to the other Party for any lost profits or revenues or for any indirect, incidental or consequential damages incurred by the other Party arising from this Agreement or the services performed or not performed hereunder, regardless of the cause of such loss or damage.

VI. MISCELLANEOUS

- A. It is understood and agreed to by the Parties that BellSouth may provide similar services to other companies.
- B. All terms, conditions and operations under this Agreement shall be performed in accordance with, and subject to, all applicable local, state or federal legal and regulatory tariffs, rulings, and other requirements of the federal courts, the U. S. Department of Justice and state and federal regulatory agencies. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to cause either Party to violate any such legal or regulatory requirement and either Party's obligation to perform shall be subject to all such requirements.
- C. BlueStar agrees to submit to BellSouth all advertising, sales promotion, press releases, and other publicity matters relating to this Agreement wherein BellSouth's corporate or trade names, logos, trademarks or service marks or those of BellSouth's affiliated companies are mentioned or language from which the connection of said names or trademarks therewith may be inferred or implied; and BlueStar further agrees not to publish or use advertising, sales promotions, press releases, or publicity matters without BellSouth's prior written approval.

- D. This Agreement constitutes the entire Agreement between BlueStar and BellSouth which supersedes all prior Agreements or contracts, oral or written representations, statements, negotiations, understandings, proposals and undertakings with respect to the subject matter hereof.
- E. Except as expressly provided in this Agreement, if any part of this Agreement is held or construed to be invalid or unenforceable, the validity of any other Section of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect to the extent permissible or appropriate in furtherance of the intent of this Agreement.
- F. Neither Party shall be held liable for any delay or failure in performance of any part of this Agreement for any cause beyond its control and without its fault or negligence, such as acts of God, acts of civil or military authority, government regulations, embargoes, epidemics, war, terrorist acts, riots, insurrections, fires, explosions, earthquakes, nuclear accidents, floods, strikes, power blackouts, volcanic action, other major environmental disturbances, unusually severe weather conditions, inability to secure products or services of other persons or transportation facilities, or acts or omissions of transportation common carriers.
- G. This Agreement shall be deemed to be a contract made under the laws of the State of Georgia, and the construction, interpretation and performance of this Agreement and all transactions hereunder shall be governed by the domestic law of such State.

**RESALE ADDENDUM
TO LINE INFORMATION DATA BASE (LIDB)
STORAGE AGREEMENT**

This is a Resale Addendum to the Line Information Data Base Storage Agreement dated _____, 199 __, between BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. (“BellSouth”), and BlueStar (“BlueStar”), effective the _____ day of _____, 199 __.

I. GENERAL

This Addendum sets forth the terms and conditions for BlueStar’s provision of billing number information to BellSouth for inclusion in BellSouth’s LIDB. BellSouth will store in its LIDB the billing number information provided by BlueStar, and BellSouth will provide responses to on-line, call-by-call queries to this information for purposes specified in Section I.B. of the Agreement.

II. DEFINITIONS

- A. Billing number - a number used by BellSouth for the purpose of identifying an account liable for charges. This number may be a line or a special billing number.
- B. Line number - a ten digit number assigned by BellSouth that identifies a telephone line associated with a resold local exchange service, or with a SPNP arrangement.
- B. Special billing number - a ten digit number that identifies a billing account established by BellSouth in connection with a resold local exchange service or with a SPNP arrangement.
- D. Calling Card number - a billing number plus PIN number assigned by BellSouth.
- E. PIN number - a four digit security code assigned by BellSouth which is added to a billing number to compose a fourteen digit calling card number.
- F. Toll billing exception indicator - associated with a billing number to indicate that it is considered invalid for billing of collect calls or third number calls or both, by the BlueStar.
- F. Billed Number Screening - refers to the activity of determining whether a toll billing exception indicator is present for a particular billing number.

- H. Calling Card Validation - refers to the activity of determining whether a particular calling card number exists as stated or otherwise provided by a caller.
- J. Billing number information - information about billing number or Calling Card number as assigned by BellSouth and toll billing exception indicator provided to BellSouth by the BlueStar.

III. RESPONSIBILITIES OF PARTIES

- A. BellSouth will include billing number information associated with resold exchange lines or SPNP arrangements in its LIDB. The BlueStar will request any toll billing exceptions via the Local Service Request (LSR) form used to order resold exchange lines, or the SPNP service request form used to order SPNP arrangements.
- B. Under normal operating conditions, BellSouth shall include the billing number information in its LIDB upon completion of the service order establishing either the resold local exchange service or the SPNP arrangement, provided that BellSouth shall not be held responsible for any delay or failure in performance to the extent such delay or failure is caused by circumstances or conditions beyond BellSouth's reasonable control. BellSouth will store in its LIDB an unlimited volume of the working telephone numbers associated with either the resold local exchange lines or the SPNP arrangements. For resold local exchange lines or for SPNP arrangements, BellSouth will issue line-based calling cards only in the name of BlueStar. BellSouth will not issue line-based calling cards in the name of BlueStar's individual end users. In the event that BlueStar wants to include calling card numbers assigned by the BlueStar in the BellSouth LIDB, a separate agreement is required.
- C. BellSouth will provide responses to on-line, call-by-call queries to the stored information for the specific purposes listed in the next paragraph.
- D. BellSouth is authorized to use the billing number information to perform the following functions for authorized users on an on-line basis:
 - 1. Validate a 14 digit Calling Card number where the first 10 digits are a line number or special billing number assigned by BellSouth, and where the last four digits (PIN) are a security code assigned by BellSouth.
 - 2. Determine whether the BlueStar has identified the billing number as one which should not be billed for collect or third number calls, or both.

RAO Hosting

1. RAO Hosting, Calling Card and Third Number Settlement System (CATS) and Non-Intercompany Settlement System (NICS) services provided to BlueStar by BellSouth will be in accordance with the methods and practices regularly adopted and applied by BellSouth to its own operations during the term of this Agreement, including such revisions as may be made from time to time by BellSouth.
2. BlueStar shall furnish all relevant information required by BellSouth for the provision of RAO Hosting, CATS and NICS.
3. Applicable compensation amounts will be billed by BellSouth to BlueStar on a monthly basis in arrears. Amounts due from one Party to the other (excluding adjustments) are payable within thirty (30) days of receipt of the billing statement.
4. BlueStar must have its own unique RAO code. Requests for establishment of RAO status where BellSouth is the selected Centralized Message Distribution System (CMDS) interfacing host, require written notification from BlueStar to the BellSouth RAO Hosting coordinator at least eight (8) weeks prior to the proposed effective date. The proposed effective date will be mutually agreed upon between the Parties with consideration given to time necessary for the completion of required Telcordia (formerly BellCore) functions. BellSouth will request the assignment of an RAO code from its connecting contractor, currently Telcordia (formerly BellCore), on behalf of BlueStar and will coordinate all associated conversion activities.
5. BellSouth will receive messages from BlueStar that are to be processed by BellSouth, another LEC or CLEC in the BellSouth region or a LEC outside the BellSouth region.
6. BellSouth will perform invoice sequence checking, standard EMI format editing, and balancing of message data with the EMI trailer record counts on all data received from BlueStar.
7. All data received from BlueStar that is to be processed or billed by another LEC or CLEC within the BellSouth region will be distributed to that LEC or CLEC in accordance with the agreement(s) which may be in effect between BellSouth and the involved LEC or CLEC.
8. All data received from BlueStar that is to be placed on the CMDS network for distribution outside the BellSouth region will be handled in accordance with the agreement(s) which may be in effect between BellSouth and its connecting contractor (currently Telcordia (formerly BellCore)).

9. BellSouth will receive messages from the CMDS network that are destined to be processed by BlueStar and will forward them to BlueStar on a daily basis.
10. Transmission of message data between BellSouth and BlueStar will be via CONNECT:Direct.
11. All messages and related data exchanged between BellSouth and BlueStar will be formatted in accordance with accepted industry standards for EMI formatted records and packed between appropriate EMI header and trailer records, also in accordance with accepted industry standards.
12. BlueStar will ensure that the recorded message detail necessary to recreate files provided to BellSouth will be maintained for back-up purposes for a period of three (3) calendar months beyond the related message dates.
13. Should it become necessary for BlueStar to send data to BellSouth more than sixty (60) days past the message date(s), BlueStar will notify BellSouth in advance of the transmission of the data. If there will be impacts outside the BellSouth region, BellSouth will work with its connecting contractor and BlueStar to notify all affected Parties.
14. In the event that data to be exchanged between the two Parties should become lost or destroyed, both Parties will work together to determine the source of the problem. Once the cause of the problem has been jointly determined and the responsible Party (BellSouth or BlueStar) identified and agreed to, the company responsible for creating the data (BellSouth or BlueStar) will make every effort to have the affected data restored and retransmitted. If the data cannot be retrieved, the responsible Party will be liable to the other Party for any resulting lost revenue. Lost revenue may be a combination of revenues that could not be billed to the end users and associated access revenues. Both Parties will work together to estimate the revenue amount based upon historical data through a method mutually agreed upon. The resulting estimated revenue loss will be paid by the responsible Party to the other Party within three (3) calendar months of the date of problem resolution, or as mutually agreed upon by the Parties.
15. Should an error be detected by the EMI format edits performed by BellSouth on data received from BlueStar, the entire pack containing the affected data will not be processed by BellSouth. BellSouth will notify BlueStar of the error condition. BlueStar will correct the error(s) and will resend the entire pack to BellSouth for processing. In the event that an out-of-sequence condition occurs on subsequent packs, BlueStar will resend these packs to BellSouth after the pack containing the error has been successfully reprocessed by BellSouth.

16. In association with message distribution service, BellSouth will provide BlueStar with associated intercompany settlements reports (CATS and NICS) as appropriate.
17. In no case shall either Party be liable to the other for any direct or consequential damages incurred as a result of the obligations set out in this agreement.
18. RAO Compensation
- 18.1 Rates for message distribution service provided by BellSouth for BlueStar are as set forth in Exhibit A to this Attachment.
- 18.2 Rates for data transmission associated with message distribution service are as set forth in Exhibit A to this Attachment .
- 18.3 Data circuits (private line or dial-up) will be required between BellSouth and BlueStar for the purpose of data transmission. Where a dedicated line is required, BlueStar will be responsible for ordering the circuit, overseeing its installation and coordinating the installation with BellSouth. BlueStar will also be responsible for any charges associated with this line. Equipment required on the BellSouth end to attach the line to the mainframe computer and to transmit successfully ongoing will be negotiated on a case by case basis. Where a dial-up facility is required, dial circuits will be installed in the BellSouth data center by BellSouth and the associated charges assessed to BlueStar. Additionally, all message toll charges associated with the use of the dial circuit by BlueStar will be the responsibility of BlueStar. Associated equipment on the BellSouth end, including a modem, will be negotiated on a case by case basis between the Parties.
- 18.4 All equipment, including modems and software, that is required on the BlueStar end for the purpose of data transmission will be the responsibility of BlueStar.
19. Intercompany Settlements Messages
- 19.1 This Section addresses the settlement of revenues associated with traffic originated from or billed by BlueStar as a facilities based provider of local exchange telecommunications services outside the BellSouth region. Only traffic that originates in one Bell operating territory and bills in another Bell operating territory is included. Traffic that originates and bills within the same Bell operating territory will be settled on a local basis between BlueStar and the involved company(ies), unless that company is participating in NICS.

- 19.2 Both traffic that originates outside the BellSouth region by BlueStar and is billed within the BellSouth region, and traffic that originates within the BellSouth region and is billed outside the BellSouth region by BlueStar, is covered by this Agreement (CATS). Also covered is traffic that either is originated by or billed by BlueStar, involves a company other than BlueStar, qualifies for inclusion in the CATS settlement, and is not originated or billed within the BellSouth region (NICS).
- 19.3 Once BlueStar is operating within the BellSouth territory, revenues associated with calls originated and billed within the BellSouth region will be settled via Telcordia (formerly BellCore)'s, its successor or assign, NICS system.
- 19.4 BellSouth will receive the monthly NICS reports from Telcordia (formerly BellCore), its successor or assign, on behalf of BlueStar. BellSouth will distribute copies of these reports to BlueStar on a monthly basis.
- 19.5 BellSouth will receive the monthly Calling Card and Third Number Settlement System (CATS) reports from Telcordia (formerly BellCore), its successor or assign, on behalf of BlueStar. BellSouth will distribute copies of these reports to BlueStar on a monthly basis.
- 19.6 BellSouth will collect the revenue earned by BlueStar from the Bell operating company in whose territory the messages are billed (CATS), less a per message billing and collection fee of five cents (\$0.05), on behalf of BlueStar. BellSouth will remit the revenue billed by BlueStar to the Bell operating company in whose territory the messages originated, less a per message billing and collection fee of five cents (\$0.05), on behalf on BlueStar. These two amounts will be netted together by BellSouth and the resulting charge or credit issued to BlueStar via a monthly Carrier Access Billing System (CABS) miscellaneous bill.
- 19.7 BellSouth will collect the revenue earned by BlueStar within the BellSouth territory from another CLEC also within the BellSouth territory (NICS) where the messages are billed, less a per message billing and collection fee of five cents (\$0.05), on behalf of BlueStar. BellSouth will remit the revenue billed by BlueStar within the BellSouth region to the CLEC also within the BellSouth region, where the messages originated, less a per message billing and collection fee of five cents (\$0.05). These two amounts will be netted together by BellSouth and the resulting charge or credit issued to BlueStar via a monthly Carrier Access Billing System (CABS) miscellaneous bill.

BellSouth and BlueStar agree that monthly netted amounts of less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) will not be settled.

Optional Daily Usage File

1. Upon written request from BlueStar, BellSouth will provide the Optional Daily Usage File (ODUF) service to BlueStar pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in this section.
2. BlueStar shall furnish all relevant information required by BellSouth for the provision of the Optional Daily Usage File.
3. The Optional Daily Usage Feed will contain billable messages that were carried over the BellSouth Network and processed in the BellSouth Billing System, but billed to a BlueStar customer.

Charges for delivery of the Optional Daily Usage File will appear on BlueStars' monthly bills. The charges are as set forth in Exhibit A to this Attachment.

4. The Optional Daily Usage Feed will contain both rated and unrated messages. All messages will be in the standard Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions (ATIS) EMI record format.
5. Messages that error in BlueStar's billing system will be the responsibility of BlueStar. If, however, BlueStar should encounter significant volumes of errored messages that prevent processing by BlueStar within its systems, BellSouth will work with the to determine the source of the errors and the appropriate resolution.
6. The following specifications shall apply to the Optional Daily Usage Feed.

6.1 Usage To Be Transmitted

6.1.1 The following messages recorded by BellSouth will be transmitted to BlueStar:

- Message recording for per use/per activation type services (examples: Three Way Calling, Verify, Interrupt, Call Return, ETC.)
- Measured billable Local
- Directory Assistance messages
- IntraLATA Toll
- WATS & 800 Service
- N11
- Information Service Provider Messages

- Operator Services Messages
 - Operator Services Message Attempted Calls (UNE only)
 - Credit/Cancel Records
 - Usage for Voice Mail Message Service
- 6.1.2 Rated Incollects (originated in BellSouth and from other companies) can also be on Optional Daily Usage File. Rated Incollects will be intermingled with BellSouth recorded rated and unrated usage. Rated Incollects will not be packed separately.
- 6.1.3 BellSouth will perform duplicate record checks on records processed to Optional Daily Usage File. Any duplicate messages detected will be deleted and not sent to BlueStar.
- 6.1.4 In the event that BlueStar detects a duplicate on Optional Daily Usage File they receive from BellSouth, BlueStar will drop the duplicate message (BlueStar will not return the duplicate to BellSouth).
- 6.2 Physical File Characteristics
- 6.2.1 The Optional Daily Usage File will be distributed to BlueStar via an agreed medium with CONNECT:Direct being the preferred transport method. The Daily Usage Feed will be a variable block format (2476) with an LRECL of 2472. The data on the Daily Usage Feed will be in a non-compacted EMI format (175 byte format plus modules). It will be created on a daily basis (Monday through Friday except holidays). Details such as dataset name and delivery schedule will be addressed during negotiations of the distribution medium. There will be a maximum of one dataset per workday per OCN.
- 6.2.2 Data circuits (private line or dial-up) may be required between BellSouth and BlueStar for the purpose of data transmission. Where a dedicated line is required, BlueStar will be responsible for ordering the circuit, overseeing its installation and coordinating the installation with BellSouth. BlueStar will also be responsible for any charges associated with this line. Equipment required on the BellSouth end to attach the line to the mainframe computer and to transmit successfully ongoing will be negotiated on a case by case basis. Where a dial-up facility is required, dial circuits will be installed in the BellSouth data center by BellSouth and the associated charges assessed to BlueStar. Additionally, all message toll charges associated with the use of the dial circuit by BlueStar will be the responsibility of BlueStar. Associated equipment on the BellSouth end, including a modem, will be negotiated on a case by case basis between the parties. All equipment, including modems and software, that

is required on BlueStar end for the purpose of data transmission will be the responsibility of BlueStar.

6.3 Packing Specifications

6.3.1 A pack will contain a minimum of one message record or a maximum of 99,999 message records plus a pack header record and a pack trailer record. One transmission can contain a maximum of 99 packs and a minimum of one pack.

6.3.2 The OCN, From RAO, and Invoice Number will control the invoice sequencing. The From RAO will be used to identify to BlueStar which BellSouth RAO that is sending the message. BellSouth and BlueStar will use the invoice sequencing to control data exchange. BellSouth will be notified of sequence failures identified by BlueStar and resend the data as appropriate.

THE DATA WILL BE PACKED USING ATIS EMI RECORDS.

6.4 Pack Rejection

6.4.1 BlueStar will notify BellSouth within one business day of rejected packs (via the mutually agreed medium). Packs could be rejected because of pack sequencing discrepancies or a critical edit failure on the Pack Header or Pack Trailer records (i.e. out-of-balance condition on grand totals, invalid data populated). Standard ATIS EMI Error Codes will be used. BlueStar will not be required to return the actual rejected data to BellSouth. Rejected packs will be corrected and retransmitted to BlueStar by BellSouth.

6.5 Control Data

BlueStar will send one confirmation record per pack that is received from BellSouth. This confirmation record will indicate BlueStar received the pack and the acceptance or rejection of the pack. Pack Status Code(s) will be populated using standard ATIS EMI error codes for packs that were rejected by BlueStar for reasons stated in the above section.

6.6 Testing

6.6.1 Upon request from BlueStar, BellSouth shall send test files to BlueStar for the Optional Daily Usage File. The parties agree to review and discuss the file's content and/or format. For testing of usage results, BellSouth shall request that BlueStar set up a production (LIVE) file. The live test may consist of BlueStar's employees making test calls for the types of services BlueStar requests on the Optional Daily Usage File. These test calls are logged by BlueStar, and the logs are provided to BellSouth. These logs will be used to verify the files. Testing will be completed within 30 calendar days from the date on which the initial test file was sent.

Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File

1. Upon written request from BlueStar, BellSouth will provide the Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File (EODUF) service to BlueStar pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in this section. EODUF will only be sent to existing ODUF subscribers who request the EODUF option.
2. The BlueStar shall furnish all relevant information required by BellSouth for the provision of the Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File.
3. The Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File (EODUF) will provide usage data for local calls originating from resold Flat Rate Business and Residential Lines.
4. Charges for delivery of the Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File will appear on BlueStars' monthly bills. The charges are as set forth in Exhibit A to this Attachment.
5. All messages will be in the standard Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions (ATIS) EMI record format.
6. Messages that error in the billing system of BlueStar will be the responsibility of BlueStar. If, however, BlueStar should encounter significant volumes of errored messages that prevent processing by BlueStar within its systems, BellSouth will work with BlueStar to determine the source of the errors and the appropriate resolution.
7. The following specifications shall apply to the Optional Daily Usage Feed.

7.1 Usage To Be Transmitted

- 7.1.1 The following messages recorded by BellSouth will be transmitted to BlueStar:

Customer usage data for flat rated local call originating from BlueStar's end user lines (1FB or 1FR). The EODUF record for flat rate messages will include:

Date of Call
From Number
To Number
Connect Time
Conversation Time
Method of Recording
From RAO
Rate Class

Message Type
Billing Indicators
Bill to Number

7.1.2 BellSouth will perform duplicate record checks on EODUF records processed to Optional Daily Usage File. Any duplicate messages detected will be deleted and not sent to BlueStar.

7.1.3 In the event that BlueStar detects a duplicate on Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File they receive from BellSouth, BlueStar will drop the duplicate message (BlueStar will not return the duplicate to BellSouth).

7.2 Physical File Characteristics

7.2.1 The Enhanced Optional Daily Usage Feed will be distributed to BlueStar over their existing Optional Daily Usage File (ODUF) feed. The EODUF messages will be intermingled among BlueStar's Optional Daily Usage File (ODUF) messages. The EODUF will be a variable block format (2476) with an LRECL of 2472. The data on the EODUF will be in a non-compacted EMI format (175 byte format plus modules). It will be created on a daily basis (Monday through Friday except holidays).

7.2.2 Data circuits (private line or dial-up) may be required between BellSouth and BlueStar for the purpose of data transmission. Where a dedicated line is required, BlueStar will be responsible for ordering the circuit, overseeing its installation and coordinating the installation with BellSouth. BlueStar will also be responsible for any charges associated with this line. Equipment required on the BellSouth end to attach the line to the mainframe computer and to transmit successfully ongoing will be negotiated on a case by case basis. Where a dial-up facility is required, dial circuits will be installed in the BellSouth data center by BellSouth and the associated charges assessed to BlueStar. Additionally, all message toll charges associated with the use of the dial circuit by BlueStar will be the responsibility of BlueStar. Associated equipment on the BellSouth end, including a modem, will be negotiated on a case by case basis between the parties. All equipment, including modems and software, that is required on BlueStar's end for the purpose of data transmission will be the responsibility of BlueStar.

7.3 Packing Specifications

7.3.1 A pack will contain a minimum of one message record or a maximum of 99,999 message records plus a pack header record and a pack trailer record. One transmission can contain a maximum of 99 packs and a minimum of one pack.

- 7.3.2 The Operating Company Number (OCN), From Revenue Accounting Office (RAO), and Invoice Number will control the invoice sequencing. The From RAO will be used to identify to BlueStar which BellSouth RAO that is sending the message. BellSouth and BlueStar will use the invoice sequencing to control data exchange. BellSouth will be notified of sequence failures identified by BlueStar and resend the data as appropriate.

THE DATA WILL BE PACKED USING ATIS EMI RECORDS.

CALLING NAME DELIVERY (CNAM) DATABASE SERVICES

1. DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this Attachment, the following terms shall be defined as:

CALLING NAME DELIVERY DATABASE SERVICE (CNAM) - The ability to associate a name with the calling party number, allowing the end user subscriber (to which a call is being terminated) to view the calling party's name before the call is answered. This service also provides BlueStar the opportunity to load and store its subscriber names in the BellSouth CNAM SCPs.

CALLING PARTY NUMBER (CPN) - The number of the calling party that is delivered to the terminating switch using common channel signaling system 7 (CCS7) technology, and that is contained in the Initial Address Message (IAM) portion of the CCS7 call setup.

COMMON CHANNEL SIGNALING SYSTEM 7 (CCS7) - A network signaling technology in which all signaling information between two or more nodes is transmitted over high-speed data links, rather than over voice circuits.

SERVICE CONTROL POINTs (SCPs) - The real-time data base systems that contain the names to be provided in response to queries received from CNAM SSPs.

SERVICE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (SMS) - The main operations support system of CNAM DATABASE SERVICE. CNAM records are loaded into the SMS, which in turn downloads into the CNAM SCP.

SERVICE SWITCHING POINTs (SSPs) - Features of computerized switches in the telephone network that determine that a terminating line has subscribed to CNAM service, and then communicate with CNAM SCPs in order to provide the name associated with the calling party number.

SUBSYSTEM NUMBER (SSN) - The address used in the Signaling Connection Control Part (SCCP) layer of the SS7 protocol to designate an application at an end signaling point. A SSN for CNAM at the end office designates the CNAM application within the end office. BellSouth uses the CNAM SSN of 232.

2. ATTACHMENT

- 2.1 This Attachment contains the terms and conditions where BellSouth will provide to BlueStar access to the BellSouth CNAM SCP for query or record storage purposes.

BlueStar shall submit to BellSouth a notice of its intent to access and utilize BellSouth CNAM Database Services pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Attachment. Said notice shall be in writing, no less than 60 days prior to BlueStar's access to BellSouth's CNAM Database Services and shall be addressed to BlueStar's Account Manager.

3. PHYSICAL CONNECTION AND COMPENSATION

- 3.1 BellSouth's provision of CNAM Database Services to BlueStar requires interconnection from BlueStar to BellSouth CNAM Service Control Points (SCPs). Such interconnections shall be established pursuant to Attachment 3 of this Agreement. The appropriate charge for access to and use of the BellSouth CNAM Database service shall be as set forth in this Attachment.
- 3.2 In order to formulate a CNAM query to be sent to the BellSouth CNAM SCP, BlueStar shall provide its own CNAM SSP. BlueStar's CNAM SSPs must be compliant with TR-NWT-001188, "CLASS Calling Name Delivery Generic Requirements".
- 3.3 If BlueStar elects to access the BellSouth CNAM SCP via a third party CCS7 transport provider, the third party CCS7 provider shall interconnect with the BellSouth CCS7 network according to BellSouth's Common Channel Signaling Interconnection Guidelines and Telcordia (formerly BellCore)'s CCS Network Interface Specification document, TR-TSV-000905. In addition, the third party provider shall establish CCS7 interconnection at the BellSouth Local Signal Transfer Points (LSTPs) serving the BellSouth CNAM SCPs that BlueStar desires to query.
- 3.4 Out-Of-Region Customers. If the customer queries the BellSouth CNAM SCP via a third party national SS7 transport provider, the third party SS7 provider shall interconnect with the BellSouth CCS7 network according to BellSouth's Common Channel Signaling Interconnection Guidelines and Bellcore's CCS Network Interface Specification document, TR-TSV-000905. In addition, the third party provider shall establish SS7 interconnection at one or more of the BellSouth Gateway Signal Transfer Points (STPs). The payment of all costs associated with the transport of SS7 signals via a third party will be established by mutual agreement of the parties and writing shall, by this reference become an integral part of this Agreement.

4. CNAM RECORD INITIAL LOAD AND UPDATES

- 4.1 The mechanism to be used by BlueStar for initial CNAM record load and/or updates shall be determined by mutual agreement. The initial load and all updates shall be provided by BlueStar in the BellSouth specified format and shall contain records for every working telephone number that can originate phone calls. It is the

- responsibility of BlueStar to provide accurate information to BellSouth on a current basis.
- 4.2 Updates to the SMS shall occur no less than once a week, reflect service order activity affecting either name or telephone number, and involve only record additions, deletions or changes.
 - 4.3 BlueStar CNAM records provided for storage in the BellSouth CNAM SCP shall be available, on a SCP query basis only, to all parties querying the BellSouth CNAM SCP. Further, CNAM service shall be provided by each party consistent with state and/or federal regulation.

BELLSOUTH/BLUESTAR
ODUF/EODUF/CMD5/CNAM

RATES BY STATE

DESCRIPTION	USOC	AL	FL	GA	KY	LA	MS	NC	SC	TN
ODUF/EODUF/CMD5										
ODUF: Recording, per message	N/A				\$0.0008611					
ODUF: Message Processing, per message	N/A				\$0.0032357					
EODUF: Message Processing, per message	N/A				\$0.004					
CMD5: Message Processing, per message	N/A				\$0.004					
ODUF: Message Processing, per magnetic tape provisioned	N/A				\$55.68					
EODUF: Message Processing, per magnetic tape provisioned	N/A				\$47.30					
ODUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message	N/A				\$0.0000365					
EODUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message	N/A				\$0.0000364					
CMD5: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message	N/A				\$0.001					
CALLING NAME (CNAM) QUERY SERVICE										
CNAM (Database Owner), Per Query	N/A				\$0.016					
CNAM (Non-Database Owner), Per Query *	N/A				\$0.01					
NRC, applicable when BlueStar uses the Character Based User Interface (CHUI) method to transmit the names to the BellSouth CNAM database	N/A				\$595.00					
* Volume and term arrangements are also available.										

NOTES:

If no rate is identified in the contract, the rate for the specific service or function will be as set forth in applicable BellSouth tariff or as negotiated by the parties upon request by either party.

Attachment 2
Network Elements and Other Services

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ACCESS TO NETWORK ELEMENTS AND OTHER SERVICES

1. Introduction

- 1.1 Network Element is defined to mean a facility or equipment used in the provision of a telecommunications service. Such term may include, but is not limited to, features, functions, and capabilities that are provided by means of such facility or equipment, including but not limited to, subscriber numbers, databases, signaling systems, and information sufficient for billing and collection or used in the transmission, routing, or other provision of a telecommunications service. BellSouth offers access to the Network Elements, unbundled loops; network interface device; sub-loop elements; local switching; transport; tandem switching; operator systems; signaling; access to call-related databases; dark fiber as set forth in this Attachment.
- 1.2 BellSouth shall, upon request of BlueStar, and to the extent technically feasible, provide to BlueStar access to its network elements for the provision of BlueStar's telecommunications service. If no rate is identified in the contract, the rate for the specific service or function will be as set forth in applicable BellSouth tariff or as negotiated by the Parties upon request by either Party.
- 1.3 BlueStar may purchase network elements and other services from BellSouth for the purpose of combining such network elements in any manner BlueStar chooses to provide telecommunication services to its intended users, including recreating existing BellSouth services. With the exception of the sub-loop elements which are located outside of the central office, BellSouth shall deliver the network elements purchased by BlueStar for combining to the designated BlueStar collocation space. The network elements shall be provided as set forth in this Attachment.
- 1.4 BellSouth will provide the following combined network elements for purchase by BlueStar. The rate of the following combined network elements is the sum of the individual element prices as set forth in this Attachment. Order Coordination as defined in Section 2 of Attachment 2 of this Agreement is available for each of these combinations:
- SL2 loop and cross connect
 - Port and cross connect
 - Port and cross connect and common (shared) transport
 - Port and vertical features
 - SL2 Loop with loop concentration
 - Port and common (shared) transport
 - SL2 Loop and LNP

- 1.5 BellSouth shall comply with the requirements as set forth in the technical references within Attachment 2 to the extent that they are consistent with the greater of BellSouth's actual performance or applicable industry standards.
- 1.6 In the event that any final and nonappealable legislative, regulatory, judicial or other legal action modifies or redefines the "Network Elements" in a manner which materially affects the terms of this Attachment or the Network Elements and/or prices set forth herein, either Party may, on thirty (30) days written notice, require renegotiation of such terms, and the Parties shall renegotiate in good faith such new terms in accordance with such legislative, regulatory, judicial or other legal action. In the event such new terms are not renegotiated within ninety (90) days after the notice for renegotiation, either Party may petition the Commission for resolution of the dispute between the Parties. Each Party reserves the right to seek judicial review of any Commission ruling concerning this Attachment.
- 1.7 BlueStar will adopt and adhere to the standards contained in the applicable CLEC Work Center Operational Understanding Agreement regarding maintenance and installation of service.

2. Unbundled Loops, Integrated Digital Loop Carriers, Network Interfaces Device, Unbundled Loop Concentration (ULC) System, Sub loops and Dark Fiber

All of the negotiated rates, terms and conditions set forth in this Section pertain to the provision of unbundled loops.

2.1 Unbundled Loops

2.1.1 Definition

2.1.2 The local loop network element ("Loop(s)") is defined as a transmission facility between a distribution frame (or its equivalent) in BellSouth's central office and the loop demarcation point at an end-user customer premises, including inside wire owned by BellSouth. The local loop network element includes all features, functions, and capabilities of the transmission facilities, including dark fiber and attached electronics (except those used for the provision of advanced services, such as Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexers) and line conditioning. The loop shall include the use of all test access functionality, including without limitation, smart jacks, for both voice and data.

2.1.3 The provisioning of service to a CLEC will require cross-office cabling and cross-connections within the central office to connect the loop to a local switch or to other transmission equipment in collocation space. These cross-connects are a separate element and are not considered a part of the loop.

2.1.4 BellSouth Order Coordination referenced in Attachment 2 includes two types: "Order Coordination" and "Order Coordination - Time Specific."

- 2.1.5 “Order Coordination” refers to standard BellSouth service order coordination involving SL2 voice loops and all digital loops. Order coordination for physical conversions will be scheduled at BellSouth’s discretion during normal working hours on the committed due date and BlueStar advised.
- 2.1.6 “Order Coordination – Time Specific” refers to service order coordination in which BlueStar requests a specific time for a service order conversion to take place. Loops on a single service order of 14 or more loops will be provisioned on a project basis. This is a chargeable option for any coordinated order and is billed in addition to the OC charge. BlueStar may specify a time between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. (location time) Monday through Friday (excluding holidays). If BlueStar specifies a time outside this window, or selects a time or quantity of loops that requires BellSouth technicians to work outside normal work hours, overtime charges will apply in addition to the OC and OC-TS charges. Overtime charges will be applied according to actual costs based on type of force group required to perform the work, overtime hours worked and any special circumstances.
- 2.1.7 Where facilities are available, BellSouth will install loops within the time interval listed in the Product and Service Interval Guide Issue 2-b, December 1999 posted on the BellSouth web site and incorporated herein by this reference. Some loops require a Service Inquiry (SI) to determine if facilities are available prior to issuing the order. The interval for the SI process is included in the intervals listed in the guide. For expedite requests by BlueStar, expedite charges will apply for intervals less than 5 days. The charges outlined in BellSouth’s FCC # 1 Tariff, Section 5.1.1, will apply. If BlueStar cancels an order for network elements and other services, any costs incurred by BellSouth in conjunction with the provisioning of that order will be recovered in accordance with FCC #1 Tariff, Section 5.4.
- 2.1.8 If BlueStar modifies an order after being sent a Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) from BellSouth, any costs incurred by BellSouth to accommodate the modification will be reimbursed by BlueStar.
- 2.1.9 BellSouth will offer Unbundled Voice Loops (UVL) in two different service levels - Service Level One (SL1) and Service Level Two (SL2).
- 2.1.10 SL1 loops will be non-designed, will not have test points, and will not come with any Order Coordination (OC) or engineering information/circuit make-up data. Upon issuance of an order in the service order system, SL1 loops will be activated on the due date in the same manner and time frames that BellSouth normally activates POTS-type loops for its customers. If BlueStar requests work to be done for SL1s that requires BellSouth technicians to work outside normal work hours, overtime charges will be applied according to actual costs based on type of force

group required to perform the work, overtime hours worked and any special circumstances.

- 2.1.11 SL2 loops shall have test points, with or without conditioning, will be designed with a design layout record provided to BlueStar, and will be provided with OC. The OC feature will allow BlueStar to coordinate the installation of the loop with the disconnect of an existing customer's service and/or number portability service. In these cases, BellSouth will perform the order conversion with standard order coordination at its discretion during normal work hours.
- 2.1.12 BellSouth will also offer Unbundled Digital Loops (UDL). They will be designed, will be provisioned with test points (where appropriate), and will come standard with Order Coordination and a Design Layout Record (DLR).
- 2.1.13 As a chargeable option on all loops except UVL-SL1 and UCL, BellSouth will offer Order Coordination - Time Specific (OC-TS). This will allow BlueStar the ability to specify the time that the coordinated conversion takes place. The OC-TS charge for orders due on the same day at the same location will be applied on a per Local Service Request (LSR) basis.
- 2.1.14 BlueStar will be responsible for testing and isolating troubles on the loops. Once BlueStar has isolated a trouble to the BellSouth provided loop, BlueStar will issue a trouble to BellSouth on the loop. BellSouth will take the actions necessary to repair the loop if a trouble actually exists. BellSouth will repair these loops in the same time frames that BellSouth repairs similarly situated loops to its customers.
- 2.1.15 If BlueStar reports a trouble on SL1 loops and no trouble actually exists, BellSouth will charge BlueStar for any dispatching and testing (both inside and outside the CO) required by BellSouth in order to confirm the loop's working status.
- 2.1.16 If BlueStar reports a trouble on SL2 loops and no trouble actually exists, BellSouth will charge BlueStar for any dispatching and testing, (outside the CO) required by BellSouth in order to confirm the loop's working status.
- 2.1.17 In addition to the UVLs and UDLs, BellSouth shall make available an Unbundled Copper Loop (UCL). The UCL will be a copper twisted pair loop that is unencumbered by any intervening equipment (e.g., filters, load coils, range extenders, digital loop carrier, or repeaters). The UCL will be offered in two versions - Short and Long. A short UCL (18 kft or less) will be provisioned according to Resistance Design parameters. The long UCL (beyond 18kft) will be any dry copper pair longer than 18kft. and may have up to 12kft. of bridged tap and up to 2800 ohms of resistance. BST will only ensure electrical continuity and balance relative to tip and ring on UCLs.

- 2.1.18 The UCL will be a designed circuit, with or without conditioning, provisioned with a test point and come standard with a DLR. OC will be offered as a chargeable option on all UCL loops. Order Coordination – Time Specific (OC-TS) will not be offered on UCLs.
- 2.1.19 The UCL is a dry cooper loop and is not intended to support any particular telecommunications service. BlueStar may use the UCL loop for a variety of services, including xDSL (e.g., ADSL and HDSL) services, by attaching appropriate terminal equipment of BlueStar's choosing. BlueStar will determine the type of service that will be provided over the loop.
- 2.1.20 Because the UCL loop shall be an unbundled loop offering that is separate and distinct from BellSouth's ADSL and HDSL capable loop offerings, CLEC agrees that BellSouth's UCL loop will not be held to the service level and performance expectations that apply to its ADSL and HDSL unbundled loop offerings. BellSouth shall only be obligated to maintain copper continuity and provide balance relative to tip and ring on UCL loops.
- 2.1.21 The UCL loop shall be provided to CLEC in accordance with BellSouth's Technical Reference 73600.
- 2.1.22 Technical Requirements
- 2.1.22.1 To the extent available within BellSouth's Network at a particular location, BellSouth will offer loops capable of supporting telecommunications services such as: POTS, Centrex, basic rate ISDN, analog PBX, voice grade private line, ADSL, HDSL, DS1 and digital data (up to 64 kb/s). If a requested loop type is not available, then the CLEC can use the Special Construction process to request that BellSouth place facilities or otherwise modify facilities in order to meet BlueStar's request.
- 2.1.22.2 BlueStar will be responsible for providing BellSouth with a Service Profile Identifier (SPID) associated with a particular ISDN-capable loop and end user. With the SPID, BellSouth will be able to adequately test the circuit and ensure that it properly supports ISDN service.
- 2.1.22.3 The loop will support the transmission, signaling, performance and interface requirements of the services described in 2.1.3 above. It is recognized that the requirements of different services are different, and that a number of types or grades of loops are required to support these services. Services provided over the loop by BlueStar will be consistent with industry standards and BellSouth's TR73600.
- 2.1.22.4 BlueStar may utilize the unbundled loops to provide any telecommunication service it wishes. However, BellSouth will only provision, maintain and repair the loops to the standards that are consistent with the type of loop ordered. For example, if BlueStar orders an ISDN-capable loop but wants to use the loop for a

service other than ISDN, BellSouth will only support that the loop is capable of providing ISDN service. For non-service specific loops (e.g. UCL, loops modified by BlueStar using the Special Construction process), BellSouth will only support that the loop has copper continuity and balanced tip-and-ring.

- 2.1.22.5 In some instances, BlueStar will require access to a copper twisted pair loop unfettered by any intervening equipment (e.g., filters, load coils, range extenders, etc.), so that BlueStar can use the loop for a variety of services by attaching appropriate terminal equipment at the ends. BlueStar will determine the type of service that will be provided over the loop. In some cases, BlueStar may be required to pay additional charges for the removal of certain types of equipment. BellSouth's Special Construction process will be used to determine the costs and feasibility of these activities.
- 2.1.22.6 In cases in which BlueStar has requested that BellSouth remove equipment from the BellSouth loop, BellSouth will no longer be expected to maintain and repair the loop to the standards specified for that loop type in the TR73600 and other standards referenced in this Agreement. BellSouth will only support that these loops provide electrical continuity and balance relative to tip-and-ring.
- 2.1.22.7 BlueStar, in performance of its obligations pursuant to the preceding Section, shall maintain records that will reflect that pursuant to BlueStar's request BellSouth has removed certain equipment from BellSouth provided loops and as such the loop may not perform within the technical specifications associated with that loop type. BlueStar will not report to BellSouth troubles on said loops where the loops are not performing within the technical specifications of that loop type.
- 2.1.22.8 In addition, BlueStar recognizes there may be instances where a loop modified in this manner may be subjected to normal network configuration changes that may cause the circuit characteristics to be changed and may create an outage of the service that BlueStar has placed on the loop. If this occurs, BellSouth will work cooperatively with BlueStar to restore the circuit to its previous modified status as quickly as possible. BlueStar will pay the Time and Materials costs associated with BellSouth's work efforts needed to bring the loop back to its previous modified status.
- 2.1.22.9 The loop shall be provided to BlueStar in accordance with BellSouth's TR73600 Unbundled Local Loop Technical Specification and applicable industry standard technical references.
- 2.1.23 **Preordering Loop Make-Up (LMU)**
- 2.1.23.1 Description of Service
- 2.1.23.1.1 BellSouth shall make available to BlueStar loop makeup (LMU) data for BellSouth's network facilities which provides BlueStar nondiscriminatory access

to the underlying loop qualification information that is available to BellSouth, so that BlueStar can make an independent judgement about whether the loop is capable of supporting the advanced services equipment that BlueStar intends to install. This section addresses LMU as a *preordering* transaction, distinct from BlueStar ordering any other service(s). Loop Makeup *Service Inquiries (LMUSI) for preordering loop makeup* are likewise unique from other preordering functions with associated service inquiries (SI) as described in this Agreement.

- 2.1.23.1.2 BellSouth will provide BlueStar with loop makeup information consisting of the composition of the loop material (copper/fiber); the existence, location and type of equipment on the loop, including but not limited to digital loop carrier or other remote concentration devices, feeder/distribution interfaces, bridge taps, load coils, pair-gain devices; the loop length; and the wire gauge. The LMUSI may be utilized by BlueStar for the purpose of determining whether the loop requested is capable of supporting DSL service or other advanced data services. The determination shall be made solely by BlueStar and BellSouth shall not be liable in any way for the performance of the advanced data services provisioned over said loop.
- 2.1.23.1.3 BellSouth's LMU information is provided to BlueStar as it exists either in BellSouth's databases or in its hard copy facility records. BellSouth does not guarantee accuracy or reliability of the LMU information provided.
- 2.1.23.1.4 Targeted deployment of this service commences in the month of July, 2000 for manual LMU. Mechanized LMU is available for limited deployment at the end of July, 2000.
- 2.1.23.2 Submitting Loop Makeup Service Inquiries
- 2.1.23.2.1 BlueStar will be able to obtain LMU information by submitting a LMUSI mechanically or manually. **Mechanized** LMUSIs should be submitted through BellSouth's Operational Support Systems interfaces. After obtaining the resulting loop data from the mechanized LMUSI process, if BlueStar determines that it needs further loop data information in order to make a determination of loop service capability, BlueStar may initiate a separate manual SI for a separate nonrecurring charge as set forth in Section 2.1.23.3.
- 2.1.23.2.2 **Manual** LMUSIs shall be submitted on the preordering manual LMUSI form by means of fax or electronic-mail to BellSouth's Complex Resale Support Group (CRSG)/Account Team utilizing the Preordering Loop Makeup Service Inquiry form. The standard service interval for the return of a Loop Makeup Manual Service Inquiry is seven business days. This service interval is distinct from the interval applied to the subsequent service order. Manual LMUSIs are not subject to expedite requests.

2.1.23.3 LMUSI Types & Associated Charges

BlueStar may request LMU information by submitting LMUSIs in accordance with the rate elements listed below.

LOOP MAKEUP SERVICE INQUIRIES	USOC	NRC - All States
MANUAL		
Loop Makeup - Preordering Without Reservation, per working facility queried (Manual)	UMKLW	\$134
Loop Makeup - Preordering Without Reservation, per spare facility queried (Manual) <i>Maximum number of spare facilities per manual LMUSI is (3).]</i>	UMKLW	\$134
Loop Makeup - Preordering With Reservation, per spare facility queried (Manual) <i>Maximum number of spare facilities per manual LMUSI is (3).]</i>	UMKLP	\$140

MECHANIZED		
Loop Makeup - Preordering Without Reservation, per working facility queried (Mechanized)	<i>TBD</i>	\$1.08
Loop Makeup - Preordering Without Reservation, per spare facility queried (Mechanized) <i>Maximum number of spare facilities per mechanized LMUSI is (10).]</i>	<i>TBD</i>	\$1.08
Loop Makeup - Preordering With Reservation, per spare facility queried (Mechanized) <i>Maximum number of spare facilities per mechanized LMUSI is (10).]</i>	<i>TBD</i>	\$1.08

- 2.1.23.3.1 BlueStar will be assessed a nonrecurring charge for each facility queried as specified in the table above. Rates for all states are interim and subject to true-up pending approval of final rates by the respective State Commissions. True-ups will be retroactive to the effective date of this Agreement .
- 2.1.23.3.2 BlueStar may reserve facilities for up to four (4) days in connection with a LMUSI. Reserved facilities for which BlueStar does not plan to place a UNE local service request (LSR) should be cancelled by BlueStar. Should BlueStar

wish to cancel a reservation on a spare facility, the cancellation will require a facility reservation number (RESID/FRN).

- 2.1.23.3.3 The reservation holding timeframe is a maximum of four days from the time that BellSouth's LMU data is returned to BlueStar for the facility queried. During this holding time and prior to BlueStar's placing an LSR, the reserved facilities are rendered unavailable to other customers, whether for CLEC(s) or for BellSouth. Notwithstanding the foregoing, BellSouth does not guarantee that a reservation will result assure BlueStar's ability to order the exact facility reserved.
- 2.1.23.3.4 If BlueStar does not submit an LSR for a UNE service order on a reserved facility within the four-day reservation timeframe, the reservation of that spare facility will become invalid and the facility will be released.
- 2.1.23.3.5 Charges for preordering LMUSI are separate from any charges associated with ordering other services from BellSouth.

2.1.23.4 **Ordering of Other UNE Services**

- 2.1.23.4.1 Whenever BlueStar has reserved a facility through BellSouth's preordering LMU service, should BlueStar seek to place a subsequent UNE LSR on a reserved facility, BlueStar shall provide BellSouth the RESID/FRN of the single spare facility on the appropriate UNE LSR., BlueStar will be billed the appropriate rate element for the specific type UNE loop ordered by BlueStar as set forth in this Attachment. BlueStar will not be billed any additional Loop Makeup charges for the loop so ordered. Should BlueStar choose to place a UNE LSR having previously submitted a request for *preordering LMU without a reservation*, BlueStar will be billed the appropriate rate element for the specific UNE loop ordered as well as additional Loop Markup charges as set forth in this Attachment. Rates are provided in the UNE Rate Exhibits for Attachment 2.
- 2.1.23.4.2 Where BlueStar submits an LSR to order facilities reserved during the LMUSI process, BellSouth will use its best efforts to assign to BlueStar the facility reserved as indicated on the return of the LMU. Multi-facility reservations per single RESID/FRN as provided with the mechanized LMUSI process are less likely to result in the specific assignment requested by BlueStar. For those occasions when BellSouth's assignment system cannot assign the specific facility reserved by BlueStar during the LMU pre-ordering transaction, BellSouth will assign to BlueStar, subject to availability, a facility that meets the BellSouth technical standards of the BellSouth type loop as ordered by BlueStar. If the ordered loop type is not available, BlueStar may utilize the Unbundled Loop Modification process or the Special Construction process, as applicable, to obtain the loop type ordered.
- 2.1.23.4.3 BellSouth offers LMU information for the sole purpose of allowing BlueStar to determine whether, in CLEC's judgment, BellSouth's loops will support the

specific services that BlueStar wishes to provide over those loops. BlueStar may choose to use equipment that it deems will enable it to provide a certain type and level of service over a particular BellSouth loop; however, such configurations may not match BellSouth's or the industry's standards and specifications for the intended type and level of service. Accordingly, BlueStar shall be responsible for insuring that the specific loop type (ADSL, HDSL, or otherwise) ordered on the LSR matches the LMU of the facility requested. BlueStar bears full responsibility for being knowledgeable of BellSouth's technical standards and the specifications of BellSouth's loops. BlueStar bears full responsibility for making the appropriate ordering decisions of matching BellSouth loops with BlueStar's equipment for accomplishing BlueStar's end goal for the intended service it wishes to provide its end-user(s). BlueStar is fully responsible for any of its service configurations that may differ from BellSouth's technical standard for the loop type ordered.

2.1.24 Unbundled Loop Modifications (Line Conditioning)

- 2.1.24.1 Subject to applicable and effective FCC rules and orders, BellSouth shall condition loops, as requested by BlueStar, whether or not BellSouth offers advanced services to the End User on that loop.
- 2.1.24.2 Loop conditioning is defined as the removal from the loop of any devices that may diminish the capability of the loop to deliver high-speed switched wireline telecommunications capability, including xDSL service. Such devices include, but are not limited to, load coils, bridge taps, low pass filters, and range extenders.
- 2.1.24.3 The Unbundled Loop Modifications (ULM) offering provides the following elements: 1) removal of equipment on loops less than 18kft, 2) removal of equipment of loops longer than (18kft), 3) removal of bridged-taps on loops of any length.
- 2.1.24.4 BellSouth shall recover the cost of line conditioning requested by BlueStar through a recurring charge and/or nonrecurring charge(s) set forth in Exhibit C to this Attachment.

2.2 Network Interface Device

2.2.1 Definition

- 2.2.1.1 The Network Interface Device (NID) is a single-line termination device or that portion of a multiple-line termination device required to terminate a single line or circuit at the end user customer's premises. The fundamental function of the NID is to establish the official network demarcation point between a carrier and its end-user customer. The NID features two independent chambers or divisions which separate the service provider's network from the end user customer's inside wiring. Each chamber or division contains the appropriate connection points or

posts to which the service provider, and the end-user customer each make their connections. The NID provides a protective ground connection, and is capable of terminating cables such as twisted pair cable.

2.2.2 Technical Requirements

2.2.2.1 The Network Interface Device shall provide a clean, accessible point of connection for the inside wiring and for the Distribution Media and shall maintain a connection to ground that meets the requirements set forth below.

2.2.2.2 The NID shall be capable of transferring electrical analog or digital signals between the end user customer's inside wiring and the Distribution Media.

2.2.2.3 All NID posts or connecting points shall be in place, secure, usable and free of any rust or corrosion. The protective ground connection shall exist and be properly installed. The ground wire will also be free of rust or corrosion and have continuity relative to ground.

2.2.2.4 The NID shall be capable of withstanding all normal local environmental variations.

2.2.2.5 Where feasible, the NID shall be physically accessible to BlueStar designated personnel. In cases where entrance to the end user's premises is required to give access to the NID, BlueStar shall obtain entrance permission directly from the end user.

2.2.2.6 BellSouth shall offer the NID as a stand-alone component. Additionally, BlueStar may connect its loop to any spare capacity on the BellSouth NID. Where necessary to comply with an effective Commission order, BellSouth will allow BlueStar to disconnect the BellSouth loop from the BellSouth NID in order to connect BlueStar's loop to the BellSouth NID. In these cases, BlueStar accepts all liability associated with this process and it is BlueStar's responsibility to make sure the disconnected BellSouth loop is properly grounded.

2.2.3 Interface Requirements

2.2.3.1 The NID shall be equal to or better than all of the requirements for NIDs set forth in the following technical references:

2.2.3.1.1 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) Technical Advisory TA-TSY-000120 "Customer Premises or Network Ground Wire";

2.2.3.1.2 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) Generic Requirement GR-49-CORE "Generic Requirements for Outdoor Telephone Network Interface Devices";

2.2.3.1.3 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) Technical Requirement TR-NWT-00239 "Indoor Telephone Network Interfaces";

2.2.3.1.4 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) Technical Requirement TR-NWT-000937 “Generic Requirements for Outdoor and Indoor Building Entrance.”

2.3 **Unbundled Loop Concentration (ULC) System**

2.3.1 BellSouth will provide to BlueStar Unbundled Loop Concentration (ULC). Loop concentration systems in the central office concentrate the signals transmitted over local loops onto a digital loop carrier system. The concentration device is placed inside a BellSouth central office. BellSouth will offer ULC with a TR008 interface or a TR303 interface.

2.3.2 ULC will be offered in two sizes. System A will allow up to 96 BellSouth loops to be concentrated onto multiple DS1s. The high speed connection from the concentrator will be at the electrical DS1 level and may connect to BlueStar at BlueStar’s collocation site. System B will allow up to 192 BellSouth loops to be concentrated onto multiple DS1s. System A may be upgraded to a System B. A minimum of two DS1s is required for each system (i.e., System A requires two DS1s and System B would require an additional two DS1s or four in total). All DS1 interfaces will terminate to the CLEC’s collocation space. ULC service is offered with or without concentration and with or without protection. A Line Interface element will be required for each loop that is terminated onto the ULC system. Rates for ULC are as set forth in this Attachment.

2.4 **Sub-loop Elements**

2.4.1 Where facilities permit and subject to applicable and effective FCC rules and orders, BellSouth shall offer access to its Unbundled Sub Loop (USL), Unbundled Subloop Concentration (USLC) System and Unbundled Network Terminating Wire (UNTW) elements. BellSouth shall provide non-discriminatory access, in accordance with 51.311 and section 251 (c) (3) of the Act, to the subloop, on an unbundled basis and pursuant to the following terms and conditions and the rates approved by the Commission and set forth in this Attachment. Until such time as rates for Sub Loop elements have been approved by the Commission, BlueStar shall pay to BellSouth interim cost-based rates established by BellSouth, such rates to be subject to true-up in accordance with Section 2.4.7 of this Attachment.

2.4.2 Subloop components include but are not limited to the following:

2.4.2.1 Unbundled Sub-Loop Distribution:

2.4.2.2 Unbundled Sub-Loop Concentration/Multiplexing Functionality; and

2.4.2.3 Unbundled Network Terminating Wire; and

2.4.2.4 Unbundled Sub-Loop Feeder.

2.4.3 **Unbundled Sub-Loop (Distribution Facilities)**

2.4.3.1 Definition

2.4.3.2 Subject to applicable and effective FCC rules and orders, the unbundled sub-loop distribution facility is a dedicated transmission facility that BellSouth provides from an end-user's point of demarcation to a BellSouth cross-connect device. The BellSouth cross-connect device may be located within a remote terminal (RT) or a stand-alone cross-box in the field or in the equipment room of a building. There are two offerings available for Unbundled Sub-Loops (USL):

2.4.3.3 Unbundled Sub-Loop Distribution (USL-D) will include the sub-loop facility from the cross-connect device in the field up to and including the point of demarcation.

2.4.3.4 BellSouth will also provide sub-loop interconnection to the intrabuilding network cable (INC) (riser cable). INC is part of BellSouth's loop facilities and is the distribution facility inside a multi-tenant building or between buildings on the same premises (continuous property not separated by a public street or road). USL-INC (riser cable) will include the facility from the cross-connect device in the building equipment room up to and including the point of demarcation.

2.4.4 **Requirements for Unbundled Sub-Loop Distribution Facilities**

2.4.4.1 Unbundled Sub-Loop distribution facilities are part of BellSouth's loop facilities and were originally built as part of the entire voice grade loop from the BellSouth central office to the customer demarcation point. Therefore, the Unbundled Sub-Loop may have load coils which are necessary for transmission of voice grade services. The Unbundled Sub-Loops will be provided in accordance with technical reference TR73600.

2.4.4.2 USL distribution facilities shall support functions associated with provisioning, maintenance and testing of the Unbundled Sub-Loop. In a scenario that involves connection at a BellSouth cross-connect device located in the field, BlueStar would be required to deliver a cable to the BellSouth cross-connect device to provide connectivity to BlueStar's feeder facilities. This cable will be connected, by a BellSouth technician, to a cross-connect panel within the BellSouth cross-connect device. BlueStar's cable pairs can then be connected to BellSouth's USL within the BellSouth cross-connect device by the BellSouth technician.

2.4.4.2.1 In a scenario that requires connection in a building equipment room for access to USL-INC, BellSouth will install a 25-pair Connecting Block on which the requested sub-loops will be connected. BlueStar's cable pairs can then be connected to the Unbundled Sub-Loop-INC pairs on this 25-pair Connecting Block.

2.4.4.3 BellSouth will provide Unbundled Sub-Loops where possible. Through the firm order Service Inquiry (SI) process, BellSouth will determine if it is feasible to place the required facilities where BlueStar has requested access to Unbundled Sub-Loops. If existing capacity is sufficient to meet the BlueStar's demand, then BellSouth will perform the set-up work as described in the next section 2.4.4.4. If any work must be done to modify existing BellSouth facilities or add new facilities (other than installing the access terminal as noted in 2.4.4.2) to accommodate BlueStar's request for Unbundled Sub-Loops, BellSouth will use its Special Construction (SC) process to determine the additional costs required to provision the Unbundled Sub-Loops. BlueStar will then have the option of paying the one-time SC charge to modify the facilities to meet BlueStar's request.

2.4.4.4 During the initial set-up in a BellSouth cross-connect device in the field, the BellSouth technician will perform the necessary work to splice the BlueStar's cable into the cross-connect device. For the set-up inside a building equipment room, BellSouth will perform the necessary work to install the 25-pair Connecting Block that will be used to provide access to the requested USLs. Once the set-up is complete, the sub-loop pairs requested by BlueStar will be provisioned through the service order process based on the submission of a LSR to the LCSC.

2.4.5 Interface Requirements

2.4.5.1 Unbundled Sub-Loop shall be equal to or better than each of the applicable interface requirements set forth in the following technical reference:

2.4.5.1.1 BellSouth Technical Reference, TR73600

2.4.6 Unbundled Network Terminating Wire (UNTW)

2.4.6.1 BellSouth agrees to offer its Unbundled Network Terminating Wire (UNTW) to BlueStar pursuant to the following terms and conditions at rates as set forth in this Attachment.

2.4.6.2 Definition

2.4.6.2.1 UNTW is twisted copper wire that extends from BellSouth's point-of-entry into a multi-dwelling unit (MDU) complex or multi-tenant unit (MTU) complex to the point of demarcation at the end-users location. The UNTW will not include a Network Interface Device (NID).

2.4.6.2.2 Requirements

2.4.6.2.2.1 BellSouth will retain the first pair of NTW going into each end user premises. BellSouth will offer spare pairs that are available to an end users premises to BlueStar. Available spare pairs are defined as pairs that are not being utilized by BellSouth or by a third party to provide an end user with working service at the time of BlueStar's request for UNTW. If no spare pairs are available and the end

user is no longer using BellSouth's local service, BellSouth will relinquish the first pair to BlueStar. If after BellSouth has relinquished the first pair to BlueStar and the end user decides to change local service providers to BellSouth, BlueStar will relinquish the first pair back to BellSouth.

- 2.4.6.2.2.2 Notwithstanding the foregoing, should BellSouth subsequently require the use of additional pair(s) to provide for the activation of additional lines in an end users premises in response to a request from such end user, BlueStar agrees to surrender their spare pair(s) upon request by BellSouth.
- 2.4.6.2.2.3 If an end user of BlueStar desires to receive local exchange service from a service provider who is not a Party to this Agreement, and such third party service provider needs access to the BellSouth UNTW to provide local exchange service to the end user, then BlueStar agrees to surrender the requisite number of its inactive spare pair(s) if no other spare pair is available and upon request by BellSouth.
- 2.4.6.2.2.4 If BlueStar has placed NTW at a location and an end user desires to receive local exchange service from BellSouth and BellSouth needs access to BlueStar's NTW to provide local exchange service to the end user, then BlueStar agrees to surrender the requisite number of its spare pair(s) upon request by BellSouth.
- 2.4.6.2.2.5 In new construction, where possible, both Parties may at their option and with the property owner's agreement install their own NTW. In existing construction, BellSouth shall not be required to install new or additional NTW beyond existing NTW to provision the services of the CLEC.

2.4.6.3 Technical Requirements

- 2.4.6.3.1 In these scenarios, BellSouth will connect the requested UNTW pairs to a cross-connect panel designed for CLEC access to BellSouth's NTW. BlueStar will be required to place a cross-box, terminal, or other similar device and deliver a cable to this cross-connect panel. BlueStar will then connect their cable to the cross-connect panel to access the requested UNTW pairs.

2.5 **Dark Fiber**

- 2.5.1 BellSouth agrees to offer access to Dark Fiber pursuant to the terms and conditions following and at the rates set forth in this Attachment. In Georgia, BellSouth is not required to construct the fiber if it is not available. In Kentucky, if BellSouth has plans to use the fiber in a three year planning period, there is no requirement to provide it. In all other states, BellSouth is not required to place the fibers if there are no fibers available. The Parties agree that Dark Fiber will be used in the provisioning of local service.
- 2.5.2 Dark Fiber is unused strands of optical fiber. It may be strands of optical fiber existing in aerial or underground structure. No line terminating elements

terminated to such strands to operationalize its transmission capabilities will be available. No regeneration or optical amplification will be included with this element.

2.5.3 Requirements

2.5.3.1 BellSouth shall make available Dark Fiber where it exists in BellSouth's network and where, as a result of future building or deployment, it becomes available. BellSouth shall offer all Dark Fiber to BlueStar pursuant to the prices set forth in this Attachment.

2.5.3.2 BlueStar may test the quality of the Dark Fiber to confirm its usability and performance specifications.

2.5.3.3 BellSouth shall use its best efforts to provide to BlueStar information regarding the location, availability and performance of Dark Fiber within ten (10) business days for a records based answer and twenty (20) business days for a field based answer, after receiving a request from BlueStar ("Request"). Within such time period, BellSouth shall send written confirmation of availability of the Dark Fiber ("Confirmation").

2.5.3.4 BellSouth shall use its best efforts to make Dark Fiber available to BlueStar within thirty (30) business days after it receives written confirmation from BlueStar that the Dark Fiber previously deemed available by BellSouth is wanted for use by BlueStar. This includes identification of appropriate connection points (e.g., Light Guide Interconnection (LGX) or splice points) to enable BlueStar to connect or splice BlueStar provided transmission media (e.g., optical fiber) or equipment to the Dark Fiber.

2.6 Rates

The prices that BlueStar shall pay to BellSouth for Network Elements and Other Services are set forth in Exhibit C to this Attachment.

2.7 Operational Support Systems (OSS)

BellSouth has developed and made available the following mechanized systems by which BlueStar may submit LSRs electronically.

LENS	Local Exchange Navigation System
EDI	Electronic Data Interface
EDI-PC	Electronic Data Interface – Personal Computer
TAG	Telecommunications Access Gateway

LSRs submitted by means of one of these interactive interfaces will incur an OSS electronic ordering charge as specified in the table below. An individual LSR will be identified for billing purposes by its Purchase Order Number (PON). LSRs submitted by means other than one of these interactive interfaces (mail, fax, courier, etc.) will incur a manual order charge as specified in the table below:

OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS	AL, GA, LA, MS, SC	FL, KY, NC, TN
OSS LSR charge, per LSR received from the CLEC by one of the OSS interactive interfaces	\$3.50	\$3.50
	SOMECH	SOMECH
Incremental charge per LSR received from the CLEC by means other than one of the OSS interactive interfaces	See applicable rate element	\$19.99
		SOMAN

Note: In addition to the OSS charges, applicable discounted service order and related discounted charges apply per the tariff.

2.7.1 Denial/Restoral OSS Charge

In the event BlueStar provides a list of customers to be denied and restored, rather than an LSR, each location on the list will require a separate PON and, therefore will be billed as one LSR per location.

2.7.2 Cancellation OSS Charge

BlueStar will incur an OSS charge for an accepted LSR that is later canceled by BlueStar.

Note: Supplements or clarifications to a previously billed LSR will not incur another OSS charge.

2.7.3 Network Elements and Other Services Manual Additive

2.7.3.1 The Commissions in Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi and South Carolina have ordered incremental manual non-recurring charges (NRC) for Network Elements and Other Services ordered by means other than one of the interactive interfaces. These ordered Network Elements and Other Services manual additive NRCs will apply in these states, rather than the charge per LSR.

2.7.3.2 Threshold Billing Plan

The Parties agree that BlueStar will incur the mechanized rate for all LSRs, both mechanized and manual, if the percentage of mechanized LSRs to total LSRs **meets or** exceeds the threshold percentages shown below:

Year	Ratio: Mechanized/Total LSRs
1999	70%
2000	80%
2001	90%

The threshold plan will be discontinued in 2002.

BellSouth will track the total LSR volume for each CLEC for each quarter. At the end of that time period, a Percent Electronic LSR calculation will be made for that quarter based on the LSR data tracked in the LCSC. If this percentage exceeds the threshold volume, all of that CLECs' future manual LSRs will be billed at the mechanized LSR rate. To allow time for obtaining and analyzing the data and updating the billing system, this billing change will take place on the first day of the second month following the end of the quarter (e.g. May 1 for 1Q, Aug 1 for 2Q, etc.). There will be no adjustments to the amount billed for previously billed LSRs.

3. Switching

All of the negotiated rates, terms and conditions set forth in this Section pertain to the provision of local and tandem switching.

3.1 Local Switching

3.1.1 Definition

Local Switching is the Network Element that provides the functionality required to connect the appropriate originating lines or trunks wired to the Main Distributing Frame (MDF) or Digital Cross Connect (DSX) panel to a desired terminating line or trunk. Such functionality shall include access to all of the features, functions, and capabilities that the underlying BellSouth switch that is providing such Local Switching function is then capable of providing, including but not limited to: line signaling and signaling software, digit reception, dialed number translations, call screening, routing, recording, call supervision, dial tone, switching, telephone number provisioning, announcements, calling features and capabilities (including call processing), CENTREX, Automatic Call Distributor (ACD), Carrier pre-subscription (e.g. long distance carrier, intraLATA toll), Carrier Identification Code (CIC) portability capabilities, testing and other operational features inherent to the switch and switch software. It also provides access to transport, signaling (ISDN User Part (ISUP)) and Transaction Capabilities Application Part (TCAP), and platforms such as adjuncts, Public Safety Systems (911), operator services, Directory Assistance Services and Advanced Intelligent Network (AIN). Remote Switching Module functionality is included in the Local Switching function. The switching capabilities used will be based on the line side features they support. Local Switching will also be capable of routing local, intraLATA, interLATA, and calls to international customer's preferred carrier; call features (e.g., call forwarding) and CENTREX capabilities.

Where required to do so in order to comply with an effective Commission order, Local Switching, including the ability to route to BlueStar's transport facilities, dedicated facilities and systems, shall be unbundled from all other Network Elements and other services, i.e., Operator Systems, Common (Shared) Transport, and Dedicated Transport. BellSouth and BlueStar shall continue to work with the appropriate industry groups to develop a long-term solution for selective routing.

- 3.1.1.1 A featureless port is one that has a line port, switching functionality, and an interoffice port. A featured port is a port that includes all features then capable or a number of then capable features specifically requested by BlueStar. Any features that are not currently then capable but are technically feasible through the switch can be requested through the BFR process.
- 3.1.1.2 Where required to do so in order to comply with an effective Commission order, BellSouth will provide to BlueStar purchasing local BellSouth switching and reselling BellSouth local exchange service under Attachment 1, selective routing of calls to a requested directory assistance services platform or operator services platform. BlueStar customers may use the same dialing arrangements as BellSouth customers, but obtain a BlueStar branded service.
- 3.1.2 Technical Requirements
- 3.1.2.1 The requirements set forth in this Section apply to Local Switching, but not to the Data Switching function of Local Switching.
- 3.1.2.2 Local Switching shall be equal to or better than the requirements for Local Switching set forth in Telcordia (formerly BellCore)'s Local Switching Systems General Requirements (FR-NWT-000064).
- 3.1.2.3 When applicable, BellSouth shall route calls to the appropriate trunk or lines for call origination or termination.
- 3.1.2.4 Subject to this section, BellSouth shall route calls on a per line or per screening class basis to (1) BellSouth platforms providing Network Elements or additional requirements (2) Operator Services platforms, (3) Directory Assistance platforms, and (4) Repair Centers. Any other routing requests by BlueStar will be made pursuant to the Bona Fide Request/ New Business Request Process as set forth in General Terms and Conditions.
- 3.1.2.5 BellSouth shall provide unbranded recorded announcements and call progress tones to alert callers of call progress and disposition.
- 3.1.2.6 BellSouth shall activate service for an BlueStar customer or network interconnection on any of the Local Switching interfaces. This includes provisioning changes to change a customer from BellSouth's services to

BlueStar's services without loss of switch feature functionality as defined in this Agreement.

- 3.1.2.7 BellSouth shall perform routine testing (e.g., Mechanized Loop Tests (MLT) and test calls such as 105, 107 and 108 type calls) and fault isolation on a mutually agreed upon schedule.
- 3.1.2.8 BellSouth shall repair and restore any equipment or any other maintainable component that may adversely impact Local Switching.
- 3.1.2.9 BellSouth shall control congestion points such as those caused by radio station call-ins, and network routing abnormalities. All traffic shall be restricted in a non discriminatory manner.
- 3.1.2.10 BellSouth shall perform manual call trace and permit customer originated call trace.
- 3.1.2.11 Special Services provided by BellSouth will include the following:
 - 3.1.2.11.1 Telephone Service Prioritization;
 - 3.1.2.11.2 Related services for handicapped;
 - 3.1.2.11.3 Soft dial tone where required by law; and
 - 3.1.2.11.4 Any other service required by law.
- 3.1.2.12 BellSouth shall provide Switching Service Point (SSP) capabilities and signaling software to interconnect the signaling links destined to the Signaling Transfer Point Switch (STP). These capabilities shall adhere to Telcordia (formerly BellCore) specifications - TCAP (GR-1432-CORE), ISUP (GR-905-CORE), Call Management (GR-1429-CORE), Switched Fractional DS1 (GR-1357-CORE), Toll Free Service (GR-1428-CORE), Calling Name (GR-1597-CORE), Line Information Database (GR-954-CORE), and Advanced Intelligent Network (GR-2863-CORE).
- 3.1.2.13 BellSouth shall provide interfaces to adjuncts through Telcordia (formerly BellCore) standard interfaces. These adjuncts can include, but are not limited to, the Service Circuit Node and Automatic Call Distributors.
- 3.1.2.14 BellSouth shall provide performance data regarding a customer line, traffic characteristics or other measurable elements to BlueStar, upon a reasonable request from BlueStar. CLEC will pay BellSouth for all costs incurred to provide such performance data through the Business Opportunity Request process.

- 3.1.2.15 BellSouth shall offer Local Switching that provides feature offerings at parity to those provided by BellSouth to itself or any other Party. Such feature offerings shall include but are not limited to:
 - 3.1.2.15.1 Basic and primary rate ISDN;
 - 3.1.2.15.2 Residential features;
 - 3.1.2.15.3 Customer Local Area Signaling Services (CLASS/LASS);
 - 3.1.2.15.4 CENTREX (including equivalent administrative capabilities, such as customer accessible reconfiguration and detailed message recording); and
 - 3.1.2.15.5 Advanced intelligent network triggers supporting BlueStar and BellSouth service applications.
- 3.1.3 BellSouth shall offer to BlueStar all AIN triggers in connection with its SMS/SCE offering which are supported by BellSouth for offering AIN-based services. Triggers that are currently available are:
 - 3.1.3.1.1.1 Off-Hook Immediate
 - 3.1.3.1.1.2 Off-Hook Delay
 - 3.1.3.1.1.3 Termination Attempt
 - 3.1.3.1.1.4 6/10 Public Office Dialing Plan
 - 3.1.3.1.1.5 Feature Code Dialing
 - 3.1.3.1.1.6 Customer Dialing Plan
 - 3.1.3.1.2 When the following triggers are supported by BellSouth, BellSouth will make these triggers available to BlueStar:
 - 3.1.3.1.2.1 Private EAMF Trunk
 - 3.1.3.1.2.2 Shared Interoffice Trunk (EAMF, SS7)
 - 3.1.3.1.2.3 N11
 - 3.1.3.1.2.4 Automatic Route Selection
 - 3.1.3.2 Where capacity exists, BellSouth shall assign each BlueStar customer line the class of service designated by BlueStar (e.g., using line class codes or other switch specific provisioning methods), and shall route directory assistance calls from BlueStar customers to BlueStar directory assistance operators at BlueStar's option.

- 3.1.3.3 Where capacity exists, BellSouth shall assign each BlueStar customer line the class of services designated by BlueStar (e.g., using line class codes or other switch specific provisioning methods) and shall route operator calls from BlueStar customers to BlueStar operators at BlueStar's option. For example, BellSouth may translate 0- and 0+ intraLATA traffic, and route the call through appropriate trunks to an BlueStar Operator Services Position System (OSPS). Calls from Local Switching must pass the ANI-II digits unchanged.
- 3.1.3.4 Local Switching shall be offered in accordance with the requirements of the following technical references:
 - 3.1.3.4.1 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-1298-CORE, AIN Switching System Generic Requirements, as implemented in BellSouth's switching equipment;
 - 3.1.3.4.2 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-1299-CORE, AIN Switch-Service Control Point (SCP)/Adjunct Interface Generic Requirements;
 - 3.1.3.4.3 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) TR-NWT-001284, AIN 0.1 Switching System Generic Requirements;
 - 3.1.3.4.4 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) SR-NWT-002247, AIN Release 1 Update.
- 3.1.4 Interface Requirements
 - 3.1.4.1 BellSouth shall provide the following interfaces to loops:
 - 3.1.4.2 Standard Tip/Ring interface including loopstart or groundstart, on-hook signaling (e.g., for calling number, calling name and message waiting lamp);
 - 3.1.4.3 Coin phone signaling;
 - 3.1.4.4 Basic Rate Interface ISDN adhering to appropriate Telcordia (formerly BellCore) Technical Requirements;
 - 3.1.4.5 Two-wire analog interface to PBX;
 - 3.1.4.5.1 Four-wire analog interface to PBX;
 - 3.1.4.6 Four-wire DS1 interface to PBX or customer provided equipment (e.g. computers and voice response systems);
 - 3.1.4.7 Primary Rate ISDN to PBX adhering to ANSI standards Q.931, Q.932 and appropriate Telcordia (formerly BellCore) Technical Requirements;
 - 3.1.4.8 Switched Fractional DS1 with capabilities to configure Nx64 channels (where N = 1 to 24); and

- 3.1.4.9 Loops adhering to Telcordia (formerly BellCore) TR-NWT-08 and TR-NWT-303 specifications to interconnect Digital Loop Carriers.
- 3.1.4.10 BellSouth shall provide access to the following but not limited to:
- 3.1.4.11 SS7 Signaling Network or Multi-Frequency trunking if requested by BlueStar;
- 3.1.4.12 Interface to BlueStar operator services systems or Operator Services through appropriate trunk interconnections for the system; and
- 3.1.4.13 Interface to BlueStar Directory Assistance Services through the BlueStar switched network or to Directory Assistance Services through the appropriate trunk interconnections for the system; and 950 access or other BlueStar required access to interexchange carriers as requested through appropriate trunk interfaces.

3.2 **Tandem Switching**

3.2.1 Definition

Tandem Switching is the function that establishes a communications path between two switching offices through a third switching office (the Tandem switch).

3.2.2 Technical Requirements

3.2.2.1 Tandem Switching shall have the same capabilities or equivalent capabilities as those described in Bell Communications Research TR-TSY-000540 Issue 2R2, Tandem Supplement, 6/1/90. The requirements for Tandem Switching include, but are not limited to the following:

3.2.2.1.1 Tandem Switching shall provide signaling to establish a tandem connection;

3.2.2.1.2 Tandem Switching will provide screening as jointly agreed to by BlueStar and BellSouth;

3.2.2.1.3 Tandem Switching shall provide Advanced Intelligent Network triggers supporting AIN features where such routing is not available from the originating end office switch, to the extent such Tandem switch has such capability;

3.2.2.1.4 Tandem Switching shall provide access to Toll Free number portability database as designated by BlueStar;

3.2.2.1.5 Tandem Switching shall provide all trunk interconnections discussed under the "Network Interconnection" section (e.g., SS7, MF, DTMF, DialPulse, PRI-ISDN, DID, and CAMA-ANI (if appropriate for 911));

3.2.2.1.5.1 Tandem Switching shall provide connectivity to PSAPs where 911 solutions are deployed and the tandem is used for 911; and

- 3.2.2.1.5.2 Where appropriate, Tandem Switching shall provide connectivity to transit traffic to and from other carriers.
- 3.2.2.1.6 Tandem Switching shall accept connections (including the necessary signaling and trunking interconnections) between end offices, other tandems, IXCs, ICOs, CAPs and CLEC switches.
- 3.2.2.1.7 Tandem Switching shall provide local tandeming functionality between two end offices including two offices belonging to different CLEC's (e.g., between a CLEC end office and the end office of another CLEC).
- 3.2.2.1.8 Tandem Switching shall preserve CLASS/LASS features and Caller ID as traffic is processed.
- 3.2.2.1.9 Tandem Switching shall record billable events and send them to the area billing centers designated by BlueStar. Tandem Switching will provide recording of all billable events as jointly agreed to by BlueStar and BellSouth.
- 3.2.2.1.10 Upon a reasonable request from BlueStar, BellSouth shall perform routine testing and fault isolation on the underlying switch that is providing Tandem Switching and all its interconnections. The results and reports of the testing shall be made immediately available to BlueStar.
- 3.2.2.1.11 BellSouth shall maintain BlueStar's trunks and interconnections associated with Tandem Switching at least at parity to its own trunks and interconnections.
- 3.2.2.1.12 BellSouth shall control congestion points and network abnormalities. All traffic will be restricted in a non discriminatory manner.
- 3.2.2.1.13 Selective Call Routing through the use of line class codes is not available through the use of tandem switching. Selective Call Routing through the use of line class codes is an end office capability only. Detailed primary and overflow routing plans for all interfaces available within BellSouth's switching network shall be mutually agreed to by BlueStar and BellSouth.
- 3.2.2.1.14 Tandem Switching shall process originating toll-free traffic received from BlueStar's local switch.
- 3.2.2.1.15 In support of AIN triggers and features, Tandem Switching shall provide SSP capabilities when these capabilities are not available from the Local Switching Network Element, to the extent such Tandem Switch has such capability.
- 3.2.2.2 Interface Requirements
- 3.2.2.2.1 Tandem Switching shall provide interconnection to the E911 PSAP where the underlying Tandem is acting as the E911 Tandem.

- 3.2.2.2.2 Tandem Switching shall interconnect, with direct trunks, to all carriers with which BellSouth interconnects.
- 3.2.2.2.3 BellSouth shall provide all signaling necessary to provide Tandem Switching with no loss of feature functionality.
- 3.2.2.2.4 Tandem Switching shall interconnect with BlueStar's switch, using two-way trunks, for traffic that is transiting via BellSouth's network to interLATA or intraLATA carriers. At BlueStar's request, Tandem Switching shall record and keep records of traffic for billing.
- 3.2.2.2.5 Tandem Switching shall provide an alternate final routing pattern for BlueStar's traffic overflowing from direct end office high usage trunk groups.
- 3.2.2.3 Tandem Switching shall meet or exceed (i.e., be more favorable to BlueStar) each of the requirements for Tandem Switching set forth in the following technical references:
 - 3.2.2.3.1 Bell Communications Research TR-TSY-000540 Issue 2R2, Tandem Supplement, 6/1/90;
 - 3.2.2.3.2 GR-905-CORE covering CCSNIS;
 - 3.2.2.4 GR-1429-CORE for call management features; and
 - GR-2863-CORE and Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-2902-CORE covering CCS AIN interconnection.

3.3 Rates

The prices that BlueStar shall pay to BellSouth for Network Elements and Other Services are set forth in Exhibit C to this Attachment.

3.4 Operational Support Systems (OSS)

BellSouth has developed and made available the following mechanized systems by which BlueStar may submit LSRs electronically.

LENS	Local Exchange Navigation System
EDI	Electronic Data Interface
EDI-PC	Electronic Data Interface – Personal Computer
TAG	Telecommunications Access Gateway

LSRs submitted by means of one of these interactive interfaces will incur an OSS electronic ordering charge as specified in the table below. An individual LSR will be identified for billing purposes by its Purchase Order Number (PON). LSRs submitted by means other than one of these interactive interfaces (mail, fax, courier, etc.) will incur a manual order charge as specified in the table below:

OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS	AL, GA, LA, MS, SC	FL, KY, NC, TN
OSS LSR charge, per LSR received from the CLEC by one of the OSS interactive interfaces	\$3.50 SOMEK	\$3.50 SOMEK
Incremental charge per LSR received from the CLEC by means other than one of the OSS interactive interfaces	See applicable rate element	\$19.99 SOMAN

Note: In addition to the OSS charges, applicable discounted service order and related discounted charges apply per the tariff.

3.4.1 Denial/Restoral OSS Charge

In the event BlueStar provides a list of customers to be denied and restored, rather than an LSR, each location on the list will require a separate PON and, therefore will be billed as one LSR per location.

3.4.2 Cancellation OSS Charge

BlueStar will incur an OSS charge for an accepted LSR that is later canceled by BlueStar.

Note: Supplements or clarifications to a previously billed LSR will not incur another OSS charge.

3.4.3 Network Elements and Other Services Manual Additive

3.4.3.4 The Commissions in Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi and South Carolina have ordered incremental manual non-recurring charges (NRC) for Network Elements and Other Services ordered by means other than one of the interactive interfaces. These ordered Network Elements and Other Services manual additive NRCs will apply in these states, rather than the charge per LSR.

3.4.4 Threshold Billing Plan

The Parties agree that BlueStar will incur the mechanized rate for all LSRs, both mechanized and manual, if the percentage of mechanized LSRs to total LSRs **meets or** exceeds the threshold percentages shown below:

Year	Ratio: Mechanized/Total LSRs
1999	70%
2000	80%
2001	90%

The threshold plan will be discontinued in 2002.

BellSouth will track the total LSR volume for each CLEC for each quarter. At the end of that time period, a Percent Electronic LSR calculation will be made for that quarter based on the LSR data tracked in the LCSC. If this percentage exceeds the threshold volume, all of that CLECs' future manual LSRs will be billed at the mechanized LSR rate. To allow time for obtaining and analyzing the data and updating the billing system, this billing change will take place on the first day of the second month following the end of the quarter (e.g. May 1 for 1Q, Aug 1 for 2Q, etc.). There will be no adjustments to the amount billed for previously billed LSRs.

4. Transport and Dark Fiber

All of the negotiated rates, terms and conditions set forth in this Section pertain to the provision of unbundled transport and dark fiber.

4.1 Transport

4.1.1 Definition of Common (Shared) Transport

Common (Shared) Transport is an interoffice transmission path between two BellSouth end-offices, BellSouth end-office and a local tandem, or between two local tandems. Where BellSouth Network Elements are connected by intra-office wiring, such wiring is provided as a part of the Network Elements and is not Common (Shared) Transport. Common (Shared) Transport consists of BellSouth inter-office transport facilities and is unbundled from local switching.

4.1.2 Technical Requirements of Common (Shared) Transport

- 4.1.2.1 Common (Shared) Transport provided on DS1 or VT1.5 circuits, shall, at a minimum, meet the performance, availability, jitter, and delay requirements specified for Central Office to Central Office (“CO to CO”) connections in the appropriate industry standards.
- 4.1.2.2 Common (Shared) Transport provided on DS3 circuits, STS-1 circuits, and higher transmission bit rate circuits, shall, at a minimum, meet the performance, availability, jitter, and delay requirements specified for CO to CO connections in the appropriate industry standards.
- 4.1.2.3 BellSouth shall be responsible for the engineering, provisioning, and maintenance of the underlying equipment and facilities that are used to provide Common (Shared) Transport.
- 4.1.2.4 At a minimum, Common (Shared) Transport shall meet all of the requirements set forth in the following technical references (as applicable for the transport technology being used):
 - 4.1.2.4.1 ANSI T1.101-1994, American National Standard for Telecommunications - Synchronization Interface Standard Performance and Availability;
 - 4.1.2.5 ANSI T1.102-1993, American National Standard for Telecommunications - Digital Hierarchy - Electrical Interfaces;
 - 4.1.2.6 ANSI T1.102.01-199x, American National Standard for Telecommunications - Digital Hierarchy - VT1.5;

- 4.1.2.7 ANSI T1.105-1995, American National Standard for Telecommunications - Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) - Basic Description including Multiplex Structure, Rates and Formats;
- 4.1.2.8 ANSI T1.105.01-1995, American National Standard for Telecommunications - Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) - Automatic Protection Switching;
- 4.1.2.9 ANSI T1.105.02-1995, American National Standard for Telecommunications - Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) - Payload Mappings;
- 4.1.2.10 ANSI T1.105.03-1994, American National Standard for Telecommunications - Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) - Jitter at Network Interfaces;
- 4.1.2.11 ANSI T1.105.03a-1995, American National Standard for Telecommunications - Synchronous Optical Network (SONET): Jitter at Network Interfaces - DS1 Supplement;
- 4.1.2.12 ANSI T1.105.05-1994, American National Standard for Telecommunications - Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) - Tandem Connection;
- 4.1.2.13 ANSI T1.105.06-199x, American National Standard for Telecommunications - Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) - Physical Layer Specifications;
- 4.1.2.14 ANSI T1.105.07-199x, American National Standard for Telecommunications - Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) - Sub STS-1 Interface Rates and Formats;
- 4.1.2.15 ANSI T1.105.09-199x, American National Standard for Telecommunications - Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) - Network Element Timing and Synchronization;
- 4.1.2.16 ANSI T1.106-1988, American National Standard for Telecommunications - Digital Hierarchy - Optical Interface Specifications (Single Mode);
- 4.1.2.17 ANSI T1.107-1988, American National Standard for Telecommunications - Digital Hierarchy - Formats Specifications;
- 4.1.2.18 ANSI T1.107a-1990 - American National Standard for Telecommunications - Digital Hierarchy - Supplement to Formats Specifications (DS3 Format Applications);
- 4.1.2.19 ANSI T1.107b-1991 - American National Standard for Telecommunications - Digital Hierarchy - Supplement to Formats Specifications;
- 4.1.2.20 ANSI T1.117-1991, American National Standard for Telecommunications - Digital Hierarchy - Optical Interface Specifications (SONET) (Single Mode - Short Reach);

- 4.1.2.21 ANSI T1.403-1989, Carrier to Customer Installation, DS1 Metallic Interface Specification;
- 4.1.2.22 ANSI T1.404-1994, Network-to-Customer Installation - DS3 Metallic Interface Specification;
- 4.1.2.23 ITU Recommendation G.707, Network node interface for the synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH);
- 4.1.2.24 ITU Recommendation G.704, Synchronous frame structures used at 1544, 6312, 2048, 8488 and 44736 kbit/s hierarchical levels;
- 4.1.2.25 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) FR-440 and TR-NWT-000499, Transport Systems Generic Requirements (TSGR): Common Requirements;
- 4.1.2.26 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-820-CORE, Generic Transmission Surveillance: DS1 & DS3 Performance;
- 4.1.2.27 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-253-CORE, Synchronous Optical Network Systems (SONET); Common Generic Criteria;
- 4.1.2.28 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) TR-NWT 000507, Transmission, Section 7, Issue 5 (Telcordia (formerly BellCore), December 1993). (A module of LSSGR, FR-NWT-000064.);
- 4.1.2.29 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) TR-NWT-000776, Network Interface Description for ISDN Customer Access;
- 4.1.2.30 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) TR-INS-000342, High-Capacity Digital Special Access Service-Transmission Parameter Limits and Interface Combinations, Issue 1 February 1991;
- 4.1.2.31 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) ST-TEC 000052, Telecommunications Transmission Engineering Textbook, Volume 2: Facilities, Third Edition, Issue I May 1989;
- 4.1.2.32 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) ST-TEC-000051, Telecommunications Transmission Engineering Textbook Volume 1: Principles, Third Edition. Issue 1 August 1987.

4.2 **Dedicated Transport**

4.2.1 Definitions

- 4.2.2 Dedicated Transport is defined as BellSouth transmission facilities dedicated to a particular customer or carrier that provide telecommunications between wire

centers owned by BellSouth or requesting telecommunications carriers, or between switches owned by BellSouth or requesting telecommunications carriers.

4.2.3 Unbundled Local Channel

4.2.4 Unbundled Local Channel is the dedicated transmission path between BlueStar's Point of Presence and the BellSouth Serving Wire Center's collocation.

4.2.5 Unbundled Interoffice Channel.

4.2.6 Unbundled Interoffice Channel is the dedicated transmission path that provides telecommunication between BellSouth's Serving Wire Centers' collocations.

4.2.7 BellSouth shall offer Dedicated Transport in each of the following ways:

4.2.7.1 As capacity on a shared UNE facility.

4.2.7.2 As a circuit (e.g., DS0, DS1, DS3) dedicated to BlueStar. This circuit shall consist of an Unbundled Local Channel or an Unbundled Interoffice Channel or both.

4.2.8 When Dedicated Transport is provided it shall include:

4.2.8.1 Transmission equipment such as, line terminating equipment, amplifiers, and regenerators;

4.2.8.2 Inter-office transmission facilities such as optical fiber, copper twisted pair, and coaxial cable.

4.2.9 Rates for Dedicated Transport are listed in this Attachment. For those states that do not contain rates in this Attachment the rates in the applicable State Access Tariff will apply as interim rates. When final rates are developed, these interim rates will be subject to true-up, and the Parties will amend the Agreement to reflect the new rates.

4.2.10 Technical Requirements

4.2.10.1 This Section sets forth technical requirements for all Dedicated Transport.

4.2.10.2 When BellSouth provides Dedicated Transport, the entire designated transmission service (e.g., DS0, DS1, DS3) shall be dedicated to BlueStar designated traffic.

4.2.10.3 BellSouth shall offer Dedicated Transport in all technologies that become available including, but not limited to, (1) DS0, DS1 and DS3 transport services, and (2) SONET at available transmission bit rates.

- 4.2.10.4 For DS1 or VT1.5 circuits, Dedicated Transport shall, at a minimum, meet the performance, availability, jitter, and delay requirements specified for Customer Interface to Central Office (“CI to CO”) connections in the appropriate industry standards.
- 4.2.10.5 Where applicable, for DS3, Dedicated Transport shall, at a minimum, meet the performance, availability, jitter, and delay requirements specified for CI to CO connections in the appropriate industry standards.
- 4.2.10.6 BellSouth shall offer the following interface transmission rates for Dedicated Transport:
- 4.2.10.6.1 DS0 Equivalent;
- 4.2.10.6.2 DS1 (Extended SuperFrame - ESF);
- 4.2.10.6.3 DS3 (signal must be framed);
- 4.2.10.6.4 SDH (Synchronous Digital Hierarchy) Standard interface rates in accordance with International Telecommunications Union (ITU) Recommendation G.707 and Plesiochronous Digital Hierarchy (PDH) rates per ITU Recommendation G.704.
- 4.2.10.6.5 When Dedicated Transport is provided, BellSouth shall design it according to BellSouth’s network infrastructure to allow for the termination points specified by BlueStar.
- 4.2.11 National References:
- 4.2.11.1 ANSI T1.101-1994 American National Standard for Telecommunications – *Synchronization Interface for Digital Networks*;
- 4.2.11.2 ANSI T1.105-1995 American National Standard for Telecommunications – *Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) – Basic Description including Multiplex Structure, Rates, and Formats*;
- 4.2.11.3 ANSI T1.105.01-1995 American National Standard for Telecommunications – *Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) – Automatic Protection Switching*;
- 4.2.11.4 ANSI T1.105.02-1995 American National Standard for Telecommunications – *Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) – Payload Mappings*;
- 4.2.11.5 ANSI T1.105.03-1994 American National Standard for Telecommunications – *Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) – Jitter at Network Interfaces*;

- 4.2.11.6 ANSI T1.105.03a-1995 American National Standard for Telecommunications – *Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) – Jitter at Network Interfaces – DSI Supplement*;
- 4.2.11.7 ANSI T1.107-1995 American National Standard for Telecommunications – *Digital Hierarchy – Formats Specifications*;
- 4.2.11.8 ANSI T1.403-1995 American National Standard for Telecommunications – *Network-to-Customer Installation – DSI Metallic Interface*;
- 4.2.11.9 ANSI T1.404-1994 American National Standard for Telecommunications – *Network-to-Customer Installation – DS3 Metallic Interface Specification*;
- 4.2.11.10 ANSI T1.404a-1996 American National Standard for Telecommunications – *Network-to-Customer Installation – DS3 Metallic Interface Specification (supplement)*;
- 4.2.11.11 IEC 825-1 Safety of Laser Products, Part 1: Equipment classifications, requirements and user’s guide, First Edition, 1999-11;
- 4.2.11.12 IEC 825-2 Safety of Laser Products, Part 2: Safety of optical fiber communication systems, First Edition, 1993-09;
- 4.2.11.13 ANSI T1.102-1993, American National Standard for Telecommunications – *Digital Hierarchy – Electrical Interfaces*;
- 4.2.11.14 ANSI T1.107-1995, American National Standard for Telecommunications – *Digital Hierarchy – Formats Specifications*;
- 4.2.11.15 Telecordia (formerly Bellcore) Technical Documents:
 - 4.2.11.15.1 GR-20-CORE Generic Requirements for Optical Fiber and Optical Fiber Cables, Issue 1, December 1994;
 - 4.2.11.15.2 GR-253-CORE Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) Transport Systems: Common Criteria Physical Layer, Issue 1, December 1994;
 - 4.2.11.15.3 GR-342-CORE High-Capacity Digital Special Access Service Transmission Parameter Limits and Interface Combination, Issue 1, December 1995;
 - 4.2.11.15.4 GR-436-CORE Digital Network Synchronization Plan, Issue 1, June 1994
 - 4.2.11.15.5 GR-1365-CORE SONET Private Line Service Interface Generic Criteria for End Users, Issue 1, December 1994;

- 4.2.11.15.6 Telecordia (formerly Bellcore) FR-440 and TR-NWT-000499, Transport Systems Generic Requirements (TSGR): Common Requirements;
- 4.2.11.15.7 Telecordia (formerly Bellcore) GR-820-CORE, Generic Transmission Surveillance; DS1 & DS3 Performance;
- 4.2.11.15.8 Telecordia (formerly Bellcore) TR-NWT 000507, Transmission, Section 7, Issue 5 (Telecordia (formerly BellCore), December 1993). (A module of LSSGR, FR-NWT-000064.);
- 4.2.11.15.9 Telecordia (formerly Bellcore) GR-342-CORE, High-Capacity Digital Special Access Service-Transmission Parameter Limits and Interface Combinations, Issue 1 December 1995;
- 4.2.11.15.10 Telecordia (formerly Bellcore) ST-TEC 000052, Telecommunications Transmission Engineering Textbook, Volume 2: Facilities, Third Edition, Issue 1 May 1989;
- 4.2.11.15.11 Telecorida (formerly Bellcore) ST-TEC-000051, Telecommunications Transmission Engineering Textbook Volume 1: Principles, Third Edition. Issue 1, August 1987;
- 4.2.11.15.12 BellSouth Technical References:
- 4.2.11.15.13 TR-TSY-000191 Alarm Indication Signals Requirements and Objectives, Issue 1, May 1986.
- 4.2.11.15.14 TR 73501 LightGate[®]Service Interface and Performance Specifications, Issue D, June 1995.
- 4.2.11.15.15 TR 73525 MegaLink[®]Service, MegaLink Channel Service & MegaLink Plus Service Interface and Performance Specifications, Issue C, May 1996.
- 4.3 Dark Fiber
 - 4.3.1 BellSouth agrees to offer access to Dark Fiber pursuant to the terms and conditions following and at the rates set forth in this Attachment. In Georgia, BellSouth is not required to construct the fiber if it is not available. In Kentucky, if BellSouth has plans to use the fiber in a three year planning period, there is no requirement to provide it. In all other states, BellSouth is not required to place the fibers if there are no fibers available. The Parties agree that Dark Fiber will be used in the provisioning of local service.
 - 4.3.2 Dark Fiber is unused strands of optical fiber. It may be strands of optical fiber existing in aerial or underground structure. No line terminating elements terminated to such strands to operationalize its transmission capabilities will be

available. No regeneration or optical amplification will be included with this element.

4.3.3 Requirements

4.3.3.1 BellSouth shall make available Dark Fiber where it exists in BellSouth's network and where, as a result of future building or deployment, it becomes available. BellSouth shall offer all Dark Fiber to BlueStar pursuant to the prices set forth in this Attachment.

4.3.3.2 BlueStar may test the quality of the Dark Fiber to confirm its usability and performance specifications.

4.3.3.3 BellSouth shall use its best efforts to provide to BlueStar information regarding the location, availability and performance of Dark Fiber within ten (10) business days for a records based answer and twenty (20) business days for a field based answer, after receiving a request from BlueStar ("Request"). Within such time period, BellSouth shall send written confirmation of availability of the Dark Fiber ("Confirmation").

4.3.3.4 BellSouth shall use its best efforts to make Dark Fiber available to BlueStar within thirty (30) business days after it receives written confirmation from BlueStar that the Dark Fiber previously deemed available by BellSouth is wanted for use by BlueStar. This includes identification of appropriate connection points (e.g., Light Guide Interconnection (LGX) or splice points) to enable BlueStar to connect or splice BlueStar provided transmission media (e.g., optical fiber) or equipment to the Dark Fiber.

4.4 **Rates**

The prices that BlueStar shall pay to BellSouth for Network Elements and Other Services are set forth in Exhibit C to this Attachment.

4.5 **Operational Support Systems (OSS)**

BellSouth has developed and made available the following mechanized systems by which BlueStar may submit LSRs electronically.

LENS	Local Exchange Navigation System
EDI	Electronic Data Interface
EDI-PC	Electronic Data Interface – Personal Computer
TAG	Telecommunications Access Gateway

4.5.1 LSRs submitted by means of one of these interactive interfaces will incur an OSS electronic ordering charge as specified in the table below. An individual LSR will be identified for billing purposes by its Purchase Order Number (PON). LSRs

submitted by means other than one of these interactive interfaces (mail, fax, courier, etc.) will incur a manual order charge as specified in the table below:

OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS	AL, GA, LA, MS, SC	FL, KY, NC, TN
OSS LSR charge, per LSR received from the CLEC by one of the OSS interactive interfaces	\$3.50	\$3.50
	SOMEK	SOMEK
Incremental charge per LSR received from the CLEC by means other than one of the OSS interactive interfaces	See applicable rate element	\$19.99
		SOMAN

Note: In addition to the OSS charges, applicable discounted service order and related discounted charges apply per the tariff.

4.5.2 Denial/Restoral OSS Charge

In the event BlueStar provides a list of customers to be denied and restored, rather than an LSR, each location on the list will require a separate PON and, therefore will be billed as one LSR per location.

4.5.3 Cancellation OSS Charge

BlueStar will incur an OSS charge for an accepted LSR that is later canceled by BlueStar.

Note: Supplements or clarifications to a previously billed LSR will not incur another OSS charge.

4.5.4 Network Elements and Other Services Manual Additive

The Commissions in Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi and South Carolina have ordered incremental manual non-recurring charges (NRC) for Network Elements and Other Services ordered by means other than one of the interactive interfaces. These ordered Network Elements and Other Services manual additive NRCs will apply in these states, rather than the charge per LSR.

4.5.5 Threshold Billing Plan

The Parties agree that BlueStar will incur the mechanized rate for all LSRs, both mechanized and manual, if the percentage of mechanized LSRs to total LSRs **meets or** exceeds the threshold percentages shown below:

Year	Ratio: Mechanized/Total LSRs
1999	70%
2000	80%

2001

90%

The threshold plan will be discontinued in 2002.

BellSouth will track the total LSR volume for each CLEC for each quarter. At the end of that time period, a Percent Electronic LSR calculation will be made for that quarter based on the LSR data tracked in the LCSC. If this percentage exceeds the threshold volume, all of that CLECs' future manual LSRs will be billed at the mechanized LSR rate. To allow time for obtaining and analyzing the data and updating the billing system, this billing change will take place on the first day of the second month following the end of the quarter (e.g. May 1 for 1Q, Aug 1 for 2Q, etc.). There will be no adjustments to the amount billed for previously billed LSRs.

5. BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening Service

All of the negotiated rates, terms and conditions set forth in this Section pertain to the provision of 8XX Access Ten Digit Screening Services.

5.1 BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening Service database

5.1.1 The BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening Service database (herein known as 8XX SCP) is a SCP that contains customer record information and functionality to provide call-handling instructions for 8XX calls. The 8XX SCP IN software stores data downloaded from the national SMS and provides the routing instructions in response to queries from the SSP or tandem. The BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening Service (herein know as 8XX TFD), utilizes the 8XX SCP to provide identification and routing of the 8XX calls, based on the ten digits dialed. 8XX TFD is provided with or without POTS number delivery, dialing number delivery, and other optional complex features as selected by BlueStar. BellSouth shall provide 8XX TFD in accordance with the following:

5.1.2 Technical Requirements

5.1.2.1 BellSouth shall provide BlueStar with access to the 8XX record information located in the 8XX SCP. The 8XX SCP contains current records as received from the national SMS and will provide for routing 8XX originating calls based on the dialed ten digit 8XX number.

5.1.2.2 The 8XX SCP is designated to receive and respond to queries using the American National Standard Specification of Signaling System Seven (SS7) protocol. The 8XX SCP shall determine the carrier identification based on all ten digits of the dialed number and route calls to the carrier, POTS number, dialing number and/or other optional feature selected by BlueStar.

5.1.2.3 The SCP shall also provide, at BlueStar's option, such additional feature as described in SR-TSV-002275 (BOC Notes on BellSouth Networks, SR-TSV-002275, Issue 2, (Telcordia (formerly BellCore), April 1994)) as are available to BellSouth. These may include but are not limited to:

5.1.2.3.1 Network Management;

5.1.2.3.2 Customer Sample Collection; and

5.1.2.3.3 Service Maintenance.

5.2 Automatic Location Identification/Data Management System (ALI/DMS)

5.2.1 The ALI/DMS Database contains end user information (including name, address, telephone information, and sometimes special information from the local service provider or end user) used to determine to which Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) to route the call. The ALI/DMS database is used to provide more routing flexibility for E911 calls than Basic 911. BellSouth shall provide the Emergency Services Database in accordance with the following:

5.1 **Rates**

The prices that BlueStar shall pay to BellSouth for Network Elements and Other Services are set forth in Exhibit C to this Attachment.

6. Line Information Database (LIDB)

All of the negotiated rates, terms and conditions set forth in this Section pertain to the provision of LIDB.

6.1 BellSouth will store in its LIDB only records relating to service in the BellSouth region. The LIDB Storage Agreement is included in this Attachment.

6.1.1 Definition

6.1.2 The Line Information Database (LIDB) is a transaction-oriented database accessible through Common Channel Signaling (CCS) networks. It contains records associated with end user Line Numbers and Special Billing Numbers. LIDB accepts queries from other Network Elements and provides appropriate responses. The query originator need not be the owner of LIDB data. LIDB queries include functions such as screening billed numbers that provides the ability to accept Collect or Third Number Billing calls and validation of Telephone Line Number based non-proprietary calling cards. The interface for the LIDB functionality is the interface between BellSouth's CCS network and other CCS networks. LIDB also interfaces to administrative systems.

6.1.3 Technical Requirements

6.1.4 BellSouth will offer to BlueStar any additional capabilities that are developed for LIDB during the life of this Agreement.

6.1.4.1 BellSouth shall process BlueStar's Customer records in LIDB at least at parity with BellSouth customer records, with respect to other LIDB functions. BellSouth shall indicate to BlueStar what additional functions (if any) are performed by LIDB in the BellSouth network.

6.1.4.2 Within two (2) weeks after a request by BlueStar, BellSouth shall provide BlueStar with a list of the customer data items which BlueStar would have to provide in order to support each required LIDB function. The list shall indicate which data items are essential to LIDB function, and which are required only to support certain services. For each data item, the list shall show the data formats, the acceptable values of the data item and the meaning of those values.

6.1.4.3 BellSouth shall provide LIDB systems for which operating deficiencies that would result in calls being blocked, shall not exceed 30 minutes per year.

6.1.4.4 BellSouth shall provide LIDB systems for which operating deficiencies that would not result in calls being blocked shall not exceed 12 hours per year.

6.1.4.5 BellSouth shall provide LIDB systems for which the LIDB function shall be in overload no more than 12 hours per year.

- 6.1.4.6 All additions, updates and deletions of BlueStar data to the LIDB shall be solely at the direction of BlueStar. Such direction from BlueStar will not be required where the addition, update or deletion is necessary to perform standard fraud control measures (e.g., calling card auto-deactivation).
- 6.1.4.7 BellSouth shall provide priority updates to LIDB for BlueStar data upon BlueStar's request (e.g., to support fraud detection), via password-protected telephone card, facsimile, or electronic mail within one hour of notice from the established BellSouth contact.
- 6.1.4.8 BellSouth shall provide LIDB systems such that no more than 0.01% of BlueStar customer records will be missing from LIDB, as measured by BlueStar audits. BellSouth will audit BlueStar records in LIDB against DBAS to identify record mismatches and provide this data to a designated BlueStar contact person to resolve the status of the records and BellSouth will update system appropriately. BellSouth will refer record of mis-matches to BlueStar within one business day of audit. Once reconciled records are received back from BlueStar, BellSouth will update LIDB the same business day if less than 500 records are received before 1:00PM Central Time. If more than 500 records are received, BellSouth will contact BlueStar to negotiate a time frame for the updates, not to exceed three business days.
- 6.1.4.9 BellSouth shall perform backup and recovery of all of BlueStar's data in LIDB including sending to LIDB all changes made since the date of the most recent backup copy, in at least the same time frame BellSouth performs backup and recovery of BellSouth data in LIDB for itself. Currently, BellSouth performs backups of the LIDB for itself on a weekly basis and when a new software release is scheduled, a backup is performed prior to loading the new release.
- 6.1.4.10 BellSouth shall provide BlueStar with LIDB reports of data which are missing or contain errors, as well as any misrouted errors, within a reasonable time period as negotiated between BlueStar and BellSouth.
- 6.1.4.11 BellSouth shall prevent any access to or use of BlueStar data in LIDB by BellSouth personnel that are outside of established administrative and fraud control personnel, or by any other Party that is not authorized by BlueStar in writing.
- 6.1.4.12 BellSouth shall provide BlueStar performance of the LIDB Data Screening function, which allows a LIDB to completely or partially deny specific query originators access to LIDB data owned by specific data owners, for Customer Data that is part of an NPA-NXX or RAO-0/1XX wholly or partially owned by BlueStar at least at parity with BellSouth Customer Data. BellSouth shall obtain from BlueStar the screening information associated with LIDB Data Screening of BlueStar data in accordance with this requirement. BellSouth currently does not have LIDB Data Screening capabilities. When such capability is available,

BellSouth shall offer it to BlueStar under the Bona Fide Request/New Business Process as set forth in General Terms and Conditions .

- 6.1.4.13 BellSouth shall accept queries to LIDB associated with BlueStar customer records, and shall return responses in accordance with industry standards.
- 6.1.4.14 BellSouth shall provide mean processing time at the LIDB within 0.50 seconds under normal conditions as defined in industry standards.
- 6.1.4.15 BellSouth shall provide processing time at the LIDB within 1 second for 99% of all messages under normal conditions as defined in industry standards.
- 6.1.5 Interface Requirements
- 6.1.6 BellSouth shall offer LIDB in accordance with the requirements of this subsection.
 - 6.1.6.1 The interface to LIDB shall be in accordance with the technical references contained within.
 - 6.1.6.2 The CCS interface to LIDB shall be the standard interface described herein.
 - 6.1.6.3 The LIDB Data Base interpretation of the ANSI-TCAP messages shall comply with the technical reference herein. Global Title Translation shall be maintained in the signaling network in order to support signaling network routing to the LIDB.

6.2 **Rates**

The prices that BlueStar shall pay to BellSouth for Network Elements and Other Services are set forth in Exhibit C to this Attachment.

7. Signaling

All of the negotiated rates, terms and conditions set forth in this Section pertain to the provision of Signaling Transport Services.

BellSouth agrees to offer access to signaling and access to BellSouth's signaling databases subject to compatibility testing and at the rates set forth in this Attachment. BellSouth may provide mediated access to BellSouth signaling systems and databases. Available signaling elements include signaling links, signal transfer points and service control points. Signaling functionality will be available with both A-link and B-link connectivity.

7.1 Signaling Link Transport

7.1.1 Definition Signaling Link Transport is a set of two or four dedicated 56 Kbps. transmission paths between CLEC-designated Signaling Points of Interconnection (SPOI) that provides appropriate physical diversity.

7.1.2 Technical Requirements

7.1.2.1 Signaling Link Transport shall consist of full duplex mode 56 kbps transmission paths.

7.1.3 Of the various options available, Signaling Link Transport shall perform in the following two ways:

7.1.3.1 As an "A-link" which is a connection between a switch or SCP and a home Signaling Transfer Point Switch (STP) pair; and

7.1.3.2 As a "B-link" which is a connection between two STP pairs in different company networks (e.g., between two STP pairs for two Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLECs)).

7.1.4 Signaling Link Transport shall consist of two or more signaling link layers as follows:

7.1.4.1 An A-link layer shall consist of two links.

7.1.4.2 A B-link layer shall consist of four links.

7.1.5 A signaling link layer shall satisfy a performance objective such that:

7.1.5.1 There shall be no more than two minutes down time per year for an A-link layer; and

- 7.1.5.2 There shall be negligible (less than 2 seconds) down time per year for a B-link layer.
- 7.1.6 A signaling link layer shall satisfy interoffice and intraoffice diversity of facilities and equipment, such that:
- 7.1.6.1 No single failure of facilities or equipment causes the failure of both links in an A-link layer (i.e., the links should be provided on a minimum of two separate physical paths end-to-end); and
- 7.1.6.2 No two concurrent failures of facilities or equipment shall cause the failure of all four links in a B-link layer (i.e., the links should be provided on a minimum of three separate physical paths end-to-end).
- 7.1.7 Interface Requirements
- 7.1.7.1 There shall be a DS1 (1.544 Mbps) interface at the BlueStar designated SPOIs. Each 56 kbps transmission path shall appear as a DS0 channel within the DS1 interface.
- 7.2 **Signaling Transfer Points (STPs)**
- 7.2.1 Definition - Signaling Transfer Points is a signaling network function that includes all of the capabilities provided by the signaling transfer point switches (STPs) and their associated signaling links which enable the exchange of SS7 messages among and between switching elements, database elements and signaling transfer point switches.
- 7.2.2 Technical Requirements
- 7.2.2.1 STPs shall provide access to Network Elements connected to BellSouth SS7 network. These include:
- 7.2.2.1.1 BellSouth Local Switching or Tandem Switching;
- 7.2.2.1.2 BellSouth Service Control Points/DataBases;
- 7.2.2.1.3 Third-party local or tandem switching;
- 7.2.2.1.4 Third-party-provided STPs.
- 7.2.2.2 The connectivity provided by STPs shall fully support the functions of all other Network Elements connected to the BellSouth SS7 network. This explicitly includes the use of the BellSouth SS7 network to convey messages which neither originate nor terminate at a signaling end point directly connected to the BellSouth SS7 network (i.e., transient messages). When the BellSouth SS7 network is used to convey transient messages, there shall be no alteration of the

Integrated Services Digital Network User Part (ISDNUP) or Transaction Capabilities Application Part (TCAP) user data that constitutes the content of the message.

- 7.2.2.3 If a BellSouth tandem switch routes calling traffic, based on dialed or translated digits, on SS7 trunks between an BlueStar local switch and third party local switch, the BellSouth SS7 network shall convey the TCAP messages that are necessary to provide Call Management features (Automatic Callback, Automatic Recall, and Screening List Editing) between BlueStar local STPs and the STPs that provide connectivity with the third party local switch, even if the third party local switch is not directly connected to BellSouth STPs.
- 7.2.2.4 STPs shall provide all functions of the MTP as defined in Telcordia (formerly BellCore) ANSI Interconnection Requirements. This includes:
 - 7.2.2.4.1 Signaling Data Link functions, as defined in Telcordia (formerly BellCore) ANSI Interconnection Requirements;
 - 7.2.2.4.2 Signaling Link functions, as defined in Telcordia (formerly BellCore) ANSI Interconnection Requirements; and
 - 7.2.2.4.3 Signaling Network Management functions, as defined in Telcordia (formerly BellCore) ANSI Interconnection Requirements.
- 7.2.2.5 STPs shall provide all functions of the SCCP necessary for Class 0 (basic connectionless) service, as defined in Telcordia (formerly BellCore) ANSI Interconnection Requirements. In particular, this includes Global Title Translation (GTT) and SCCP Management procedures, as specified in T1.112.4. In cases where the destination signaling point is a BlueStar or third party local or tandem switching system directly connected to BellSouth SS7 network, BellSouth shall perform final GTT of messages to the destination and SCCP Subsystem Management of the destination. In all other cases, BellSouth shall perform intermediate GTT of messages to a gateway pair of STPs in an SS7 network connected with BellSouth SS7 network, and shall not perform SCCP Subsystem Management of the destination. If BellSouth performs final GTT to a BlueStar database, then BlueStar agrees to provide BellSouth with the Destination Point Code for the BlueStar database.
- 7.2.2.6 STPs shall provide on a non-discriminatory basis all functions of the OMAP commonly provided by STPs, as specified in the reference in Section 12.4.5 of this Attachment. All OMAP functions will be on a "where available" basis and can include:
 - 7.2.2.6.1 MTP Routing Verification Test (MRVT); and
 - 7.2.2.6.2 SCCP Routing Verification Test (SRVT).

7.2.2.7 In cases where the destination signaling point is a BellSouth local or tandem switching system or database, or is an BlueStar or third party local or tandem switching system directly connected to the BellSouth SS7 network, STPs shall perform MRVT and SRVT to the destination signaling point. In all other cases, STPs shall perform MRVT and SRVT to a gateway pair of STPs in an SS7 network connected with the BellSouth SS7 network. This requirement shall be superseded by the specifications for Internetwork MRVT and SRVT if and when these become approved ANSI standards and available capabilities of BellSouth STPs, and if mutually agreed upon by BlueStar and BellSouth.

7.2.2.8 STPs shall be on parity with BellSouth.

7.2.2.9 SS7 Advanced Intelligent Network (AIN) Access

7.2.2.9.1 When technically feasible and upon request by BlueStar, SS7 Access shall be made available in association with switching. SS7 AIN Access is the provisioning of AIN 0.1 triggers in an equipped BellSouth local switch and interconnection of the BellSouth SS7 network with the BlueStar SS7 network to exchange TCAP queries and responses with an BlueStar SCP.

7.2.2.9.2 SS7 AIN Access shall provide BlueStar SCP access to BellSouth local switch in association with switching via interconnection of BellSouth SS7 and BlueStar SS7 Networks. BellSouth shall offer SS7 access through its STPs. If BellSouth requires a mediation device on any part of its network specific to this form of access, BellSouth must route its messages in the same manner. The interconnection arrangement shall result in the BellSouth local switch recognizing the BlueStar SCP as at least at parity with BellSouth's SCP's in terms of interfaces, performance and capabilities.

7.2.3 Interface Requirements

7.2.3.1 BellSouth shall provide the following STPs options to connect BlueStar or BlueStar-designated local switching systems or STPs to the BellSouth SS7 network:

7.2.3.1.1 An A-link interface from BlueStar local switching systems; and,

7.2.3.1.2 A B-link interface from BlueStar local STPs.

7.2.3.2 Each type of interface shall be provided by one or more sets (layers) of signaling links.

7.2.3.3 The Signaling Point of Interconnection (SPOI) for each link shall be located at a cross-connect element, such as a DSX-1, in the Central Office (CO) where BellSouth STP is located. There shall be a DS1 or higher rate transport interface at each of the SPOIs. Each signaling link shall appear as a DS0 channel within

the DS1 or higher rate interface. BellSouth shall offer higher rate DS1 signaling for interconnecting BlueStar local switching systems or STPs with BellSouth STPs as soon as these become approved ANSI standards and available capabilities of BellSouth STPs. BellSouth and BlueStar will work jointly to establish mutually acceptable SPOIs.

- 7.2.3.4 BellSouth CO shall provide intraoffice diversity between the SPOIs and BellSouth STPs, so that no single failure of intraoffice facilities or equipment shall cause the failure of both B-links in a layer connecting to a BellSouth STP. BellSouth and BlueStar will work jointly to establish mutually acceptable SPOIs.
- 7.2.3.5 BellSouth shall provide MTP and SCCP protocol interfaces that shall conform to all sections relevant to the MTP or SCCP in the following specifications:
 - 7.2.3.5.1 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-905-CORE, Common Channel Signaling Network Interface Specification (CCSNIS) Supporting Network Interconnection, Message Transfer Part (MTP), and Integrated Services Digital Network User Part (ISDNUP);
 - 7.2.3.5.2 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-1432-CORE, CCS Network Interface Specification (CCSNIS) Supporting Signaling Connection Control Part (SCCP) and Transaction Capabilities Application Part (TCAP).
- 7.2.3.6 Message Screening
 - 7.2.3.6.1 BellSouth shall set message screening parameters so as to accept valid messages from BlueStar local or tandem switching systems destined to any signaling point within BellSouth's SS7 network where the BlueStar switching system has a legitimate signaling relation.
 - 7.2.3.6.2 BellSouth shall set message screening parameters so as to pass valid messages from BlueStar local or tandem switching systems destined to any signaling point or network accessed through BellSouth's SS7 network where the BlueStar switching system has a legitimate signaling relation.
 - 7.2.3.6.3 BellSouth shall set message screening parameters so as to accept and pass/send valid messages destined to and from BlueStar from any signaling point or network interconnected through BellSouth's SS7 network where the BlueStar SCP has a legitimate signaling relation.
- 7.2.4 STPs shall be equal to or better than all of the requirements for STPs set forth in the following technical references:
 - 7.2.4.1 ANSI T1.111-1992 American National Standard for Telecommunications - Signaling System Number 7 (SS7) - Message Transfer Part (MTP);

- 7.2.4.2 ANSI T1.111A-1994 American National Standard for Telecommunications - Signaling System Number 7 (SS7) - Message Transfer Part (MTP) Supplement;
- 7.2.4.3 ANSI T1.112-1992 American National Standard for Telecommunications - Signaling System Number 7 (SS7) - Signaling Connection Control Part (SCCP);
- 7.2.4.4 ANSI T1.115-1990 American National Standard for Telecommunications - Signaling System Number 7 (SS7) - Monitoring and Measurements for Networks;
- 7.2.4.5 ANSI T1.116-1990 American National Standard for Telecommunications - Signaling System Number 7 (SS7) - Operations, Maintenance and Administration Part (OMAP);
- 7.2.4.6 ANSI T1.118-1992 American National Standard for Telecommunications - Signaling System Number 7 (SS7) - Intermediate Signaling Network Identification (ISNI);
- 7.2.4.7 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-905-CORE, Common Channel Signaling Network Interface Specification (CCSNIS) Supporting Network Interconnection, Message Transfer Part (MTP), and Integrated Services Digital Network User Part (ISDNUP); and
- 7.2.4.8 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-1432-CORE, CCS Network Interface Specification (CCSNIS) Supporting Signaling Connection Control Part (SCCP) and Transaction Capabilities Application Part (TCAP).

7.3 **Service Control Points/Databases**

7.3.1 Definition

- 7.3.1.1 Databases are the Network Elements that provide the functionality for storage of, access to, and manipulation of information required to offer a particular service and/or capability. Databases include, but are not limited to: Local Number Portability, LIDB, Toll Free Number Database, Automatic Location Identification/Data Management System, Calling Name Database, access to Service Creation Environment and Service Management System (SCE/SMS) application databases and Directory Assistance.

- 7.3.2 A Service Control Point (SCP) is a specific type of Database functionality deployed in a Signaling System 7 (SS7) network that executes service application logic in response to SS7 queries sent to it by a switching system also connected to the SS7 network. Service Management Systems provide operational interfaces to allow for provisioning, administration and maintenance of subscriber data and service application data stored in SCPs.

7.3.3 Technical Requirements for SCPs/Databases

- 7.3.3.1 Requirements for SCPs/Databases within this section address storage of information, access to information (e.g. signaling protocols, response times), and administration of information (e.g., provisioning, administration, and maintenance). All SCPs/Databases shall be provided to BlueStar in accordance with the following requirements.
- 7.3.3.2 BellSouth shall provide physical access to SCPs through the SS7 network and protocols with TCAP as the application layer protocol.
- 7.3.3.3 BellSouth shall provide physical interconnection to databases via industry standard interfaces and protocols (e.g. SS7, ISDN and X.25).
- 7.3.3.4 The reliability of interconnection options shall be consistent with requirements for diversity and survivability.

7.3.4 Database Availability

- 7.3.4.1 Call processing databases shall have a maximum unscheduled availability of 30 minutes per year. Unavailability due to software and hardware upgrades shall be scheduled during minimal usage periods and only be undertaken upon proper notification to providers which might be impacted. Any downtime associated with the provision of call processing related databases will impact all service providers, including BellSouth, equally.
- 7.3.4.2 The operational interface provided by BellSouth shall complete Database transactions (i.e., add, modify, delete) for BlueStar customer records stored in BellSouth databases within 3 days, or sooner where BellSouth provisions its own customer records within a shorter interval.

7.4 **Local Number Portability Database**

7.4.1 Definition

The Permanent Number Portability (PNP) database supplies routing numbers for calls involving numbers that have been ported from one local service provider to another. PNP is currently being worked in industry forums. The results of these forums will dictate the industry direction of PNP. BellSouth agrees to provide access to the PNP database at rates, terms and conditions as set forth by BellSouth and in accordance with an effective FCC or Commission directive.

7.5 **SS7 Network Interconnection**

- 7.5.1 Definition. SS7 Network Interconnection is the interconnection of BlueStar local Signaling Transfer Point Switches (STP) and BlueStar local or tandem switching systems with BellSouth STPs. This interconnection provides connectivity that enables the exchange of SS7 messages among BellSouth switching systems and

databases (DBs), BlueStar local or tandem switching systems, and other third-party switching systems directly connected to the BellSouth SS7 network.

7.5.2 Technical Requirements

7.5.2.1 SS7 Network Interconnection shall provide connectivity to all components of the BellSouth SS7 network. These include:

7.5.2.1.1 BellSouth local or tandem switching systems;

7.5.2.1.2 BellSouth DBs; and

7.5.2.1.3 Other third-party local or tandem switching systems.

7.5.3 The connectivity provided by SS7 Network Interconnection shall fully support the functions of BellSouth switching systems and DBs and BlueStar or other third-party switching systems with A-link access to the BellSouth SS7 network.

7.5.4 If traffic is routed based on dialed or translated digits between an BlueStar local switching system and a BellSouth or other third-party local switching system, either directly or via a BellSouth tandem switching system, then it is a requirement that the BellSouth SS7 network convey via SS7 Network Interconnection the TCAP messages that are necessary to provide Call Management services (Automatic Callback, Automatic Recall, and Screening List Editing) between the BlueStar local STPs and BellSouth or other third-party local switch.

7.5.5 When the capability to route messages based on Intermediate Signaling Network Identifier (ISNI) is generally available on BellSouth STPs, the BellSouth SS7 Network shall also convey TCAP messages using SS7 Network Interconnection in similar circumstances where the BellSouth switch routes traffic based on a Carrier Identification Code (CIC).

7.5.6 SS7 Network Interconnection shall provide all functions of the MTP as specified in ANSI T1.111. This includes:

7.5.6.1 Signaling Data Link functions, as specified in ANSI T1.111.2;

7.5.6.2 Signaling Link functions, as specified in ANSI T1.111.3; and

7.5.6.3 Signaling Network Management functions, as specified in ANSI T1.111.4.

7.5.7 SS7 Network Interconnection shall provide all functions of the SCCP necessary for Class 0 (basic connectionless) service, as specified in ANSI T1.112. In particular, this includes Global Title Translation (GTT) and SCCP Management procedures, as specified in T1.112.4. Where the destination signaling point is a BellSouth switching system or DB, or is another third-party local or tandem switching system directly connected to the BellSouth SS7 network, SS7 Network

Interconnection shall include final GTT of messages to the destination and SCCP Subsystem Management of the destination. Where the destination signaling point is an BlueStar local or tandem switching system, SS7 Network Interconnection shall include intermediate GTT of messages to a gateway pair of BlueStar local STPs, and shall not include SCCP Subsystem Management of the destination.

- 7.5.8 SS7 Network Interconnection shall provide all functions of the Integrated Services Digital Network User Part (ISDNUP), as specified in ANSI T1.113.
- 7.5.9 SS7 Network Interconnection shall provide all functions of the TCAP, as specified in ANSI T1.114.
- 7.5.10 If and when Internetwork MTP Routing Verification Test (MRVT) and SCCP Routing Verification Test (SRVT) become approved ANSI standards and available capabilities of BellSouth STPs, SS7 Network Interconnection shall provide these functions of the OMAP.
- 7.5.11 SS7 Network Interconnection shall be equal to or better than the following performance requirements:
 - 7.5.11.1 MTP Performance, as specified in ANSI T1.111.6;
 - 7.5.11.2 SCCP Performance, as specified in ANSI T1.112.5; and
 - 7.5.11.3 ISDNUP Performance, as specified in ANSI T1.113.5.
- 7.5.12 Interface Requirements
 - 7.5.12.1 BellSouth shall offer the following SS7 Network Interconnection options to connect BlueStar or BlueStar-designated local or tandem switching systems or STPs to the BellSouth SS7 network:
 - 7.5.12.1.1 A-link interface from BlueStar local or tandem switching systems; and
 - 7.5.12.1.2 B-link interface from BlueStar STPs.
 - 7.5.12.2 The Signaling Point of Interconnection (SPOI) for each link shall be located at a cross-connect element, such as a DSX-1, in the Central Office (CO) where the BellSouth STP is located. There shall be a DS1 or higher rate transport interface at each of the SPOIs. Each signaling link shall appear as a DS0 channel within the DS1 or higher rate interface. BellSouth shall offer higher rate DS1 signaling links for interconnecting BlueStar local switching systems or STPs with BellSouth STPs as soon as these become approved ANSI standards and available capabilities of BellSouth STPs. BellSouth and BlueStar will work jointly to establish mutually acceptable SPOI.

- 7.5.12.3 BellSouth CO shall provide intraoffice diversity between the SPOIs and the BellSouth STP, so that no single failure of intraoffice facilities or equipment shall cause the failure of both B-links in a layer connecting to a BellSouth STP. BellSouth and BlueStar will work jointly to establish mutually acceptable SPOI.
- 7.5.12.4 The protocol interface requirements for SS7 Network Interconnection include the MTP, ISDNUP, SCCP, and TCAP. These protocol interfaces shall conform to the following specifications:
- 7.5.12.4.1 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-905-CORE, Common Channel Signaling Network Interface Specification (CCSNIS) Supporting Network Interconnection, Message Transfer Part (MTP), and Integrated Services Digital Network User Part (ISDNUP);
- 7.5.12.4.2 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-1428-CORE, CCS Network Interface Specification (CCSNIS) Supporting Toll Free Service;
- 7.5.12.4.3 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-1429-CORE, CCS Network Interface Specification (CCSNIS) Supporting Call Management Services; and
- 7.5.12.4.4 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-1432-CORE, CCS Network Interface Specification (CCSNIS) Supporting Signaling Connection Control Part (SCCP) and Transaction Capabilities Application Part (TCAP).
- 7.5.12.5 BellSouth shall set message screening parameters to block accept messages from BlueStar local or tandem switching systems destined to any signaling point in the BellSouth SS7 network with which the BlueStar switching system has a legitimate signaling relation.
- 7.5.12.6 SS7 Network Interconnection shall be equal to or better than all of the requirements for SS7 Network Interconnection set forth in the following technical references:
- 7.5.12.6.1 ANSI T1.110-1992 American National Standard Telecommunications - Signaling System Number 7 (SS7) - General Information;
- 7.5.12.6.2 ANSI T1.111-1992 American National Standard for Telecommunications - Signaling System Number 7 (SS7) - Message Transfer Part (MTP);
- 7.5.12.6.3 ANSI T1.111A-1994 American National Standard for Telecommunications - Signaling System Number 7 (SS7) - Message Transfer Part (MTP) Supplement;
- 7.5.12.6.4 ANSI T1.112-1992 American National Standard for Telecommunications - Signaling System Number 7 (SS7) - Signaling Connection Control Part (SCCP);

- 7.5.12.6.5 ANSI T1.113-1995 American National Standard for Telecommunications - Signaling System Number 7 (SS7) - Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) User Part;
- 7.5.12.6.6 ANSI T1.114-1992 American National Standard for Telecommunications - Signaling System Number 7 (SS7) - Transaction Capabilities Application Part (TCAP);
- 7.5.12.6.7 ANSI T1.115-1990 American National Standard for Telecommunications - Signaling System Number 7 (SS7) - Monitoring and Measurements for Networks;
- 7.5.12.6.8 ANSI T1.116-1990 American National Standard for Telecommunications - Signaling System Number 7 (SS7) - Operations, Maintenance and Administration Part (OMAP);
- 7.5.12.6.9 ANSI T1.118-1992 American National Standard for Telecommunications - Signaling System Number 7 (SS7) - Intermediate Signaling Network Identification (ISNI);
- 7.5.12.6.10 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-905-CORE, Common Channel Signaling Network Interface Specification (CCSNIS) Supporting Network Interconnection, Message Transfer Part (MTP), and Integrated Services Digital Network User Part (ISDNUP);
- 7.5.12.6.11 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-954-CORE, CCS Network Interface Specification (CCSNIS) Supporting Line Information Database (LIDB) Service;
- 7.5.12.6.12 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-1428-CORE, CCS Network Interface Specification (CCSNIS) Supporting Toll Free Service;
- 7.5.12.6.13 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-1429-CORE, CCS Network Interface Specification (CCSNIS) Supporting Call Management Services; and,
- 7.5.12.6.14 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-1432-CORE, CCS Network Interface Specification (CCSNIS) Supporting Signaling Connection Control Part (SCCP) and Transaction Capabilities Application Part (TCAP).

7.6 Rates

The prices that BlueStar shall pay to BellSouth for Network Elements and Other Services are set forth in Exhibit C to this Attachment.

8. Operator Call Processing, Inward Operator Services and Directory Assistance Services

All of the negotiated rates, terms and conditions set forth in this Section pertain to the provision of Operator Call Processing, Inward Operator Services and Directory Assistance Services.

8.1 Operator Systems

8.1.1 Definition. Operator Systems is the Network Element that provides operator and automated call handling and billing, special services, end user telephone listings and optional call completion services. The Operator Systems, Network Element provides two types of functions: Operator Service functions and Directory Assistance Service functions, each of which are described in detail below.

8.2 Operator Service

8.2.1 Definition. Operator Service provides: (1) operator handling for call completion (for example, collect, third number billing, and manual credit card calls), (2) operator or automated assistance for billing after the end user has dialed the called number (for example, credit card calls); and (3) special services including but not limited to Busy Line Verification and Emergency Line Interrupt (ELI), Emergency Agency Call, Operator-assisted Directory Assistance, and Rate Quotes.

8.2.2 Requirements

8.2.2.1 When BlueStar requests BellSouth to provide Operator Services, the following requirements apply:

8.2.2.1.1 BellSouth shall complete 0+ and 0- dialed local calls.

8.2.2.1.2 BellSouth shall complete 0+ intraLATA toll calls.

8.2.2.1.3 BellSouth shall process calls that are billed to BlueStar end user's calling card that can be validated by BellSouth.

8.2.2.1.4 BellSouth shall complete person-to-person calls.

8.2.2.1.5 BellSouth shall complete collect calls.

8.2.2.1.6 BellSouth shall provide the capability for callers to bill to a third party and complete such calls.

8.2.2.1.7 BellSouth shall complete station-to-station calls.

8.2.2.1.8 BellSouth shall process emergency calls.

- 8.2.2.1.9 BellSouth shall process Busy Line Verify and Emergency Line Interrupt requests.
- 8.2.2.1.10 BellSouth shall process emergency call trace, as they do for their End users prior to the Effective Date. Call must originate from a 911 provider.
- 8.2.2.1.11 BellSouth shall process operator-assisted directory assistance calls.
- 8.2.2.1.12 BellSouth shall adhere to equal access requirements, providing BlueStar local end users the same IXC access as provided to BellSouth end users.
- 8.2.2.1.13 BellSouth shall exercise at least the same level of fraud control in providing Operator Service to BlueStar that BellSouth provides for its own operator service.
- 8.2.2.1.14 BellSouth shall perform Billed Number Screening when handling Collect, Person-to-Person, and Billed-to-Third-Party calls.
- 8.2.2.1.15 BellSouth shall direct customer account and other similar inquiries to the customer service center designated by BlueStar.
- 8.2.2.1.16 BellSouth shall provide a feed of customer call records in “EMI” format to BlueStar in accordance with CLEC ODUF standards specified in Attachment 7.

8.2.3 Interface Requirements

- 8.2.3.1 With respect to Operator Services for calls that originate on local switching capability provided by or on behalf of BlueStar, the interface requirements shall conform to the then current established system interface specifications for the platform used to provide Operator Service and the interface shall conform to industry standards.

8.3 **Directory Assistance Service**

- 8.3.1 Definition. Directory Assistance Service provides local end user telephone number listings with the option to complete the call at the callers direction separate and distinct from local switching.

8.3.2 Requirements

- 8.3.3 Directory Assistance Service shall provide up to two listing requests per call. If available and if requested by BlueStar’s end user, BellSouth shall provide caller-optional directory assistance call completion service at rates contained in this Attachment to one of the provided listings, equal to that which BellSouth provides its end users. If not available, BlueStar may request such requirement pursuant to the Bona Fide Request/New Business Process as set forth in General Terms and Conditions.

8.3.4 Directory Assistance Service Updates

- 8.3.4.1 BellSouth shall update end user listings changes daily. These changes include:

- 8.3.4.1.1 New end user connections: BellSouth will provide service to BlueStar that is equal to the service it provides to itself and its end users;
- 8.3.4.1.2 End user disconnections: BellSouth will provide service to BlueStar that is equal to the service it provides to itself and its end users; and
- 8.3.4.1.3 End user address changes: BellSouth will provide service to BlueStar that is equal to the service it provides to itself and its end users;
- 8.3.4.1.4 These updates shall also be provided for non-listed and non-published numbers for use in emergencies.
- 8.3.5 Branding for Operator Call Processing and Directory Assistance
- 8.3.5.1 The BellSouth Operator Systems Branding Feature provides a definable announcement to BlueStar end users using Directory Assistance (DA)/Operator Call Processing (OCP) prior to placing them in queue or connecting them to an available operator or automated operator system. This feature allows BlueStar to have its calls custom branded with BlueStar's name on whose behalf BellSouth is providing Directory Assistance and/or Operator Call Processing. Rates for Custom Branding, Operator Call Process and Directory Assistance are set forth in this Attachment.
- 8.3.5.2 BellSouth offers four service levels of branding to BlueStar when ordering Directory Assistance and/or Operator Call Processing.
- 8.3.5.2.1 Service Level 1 - BellSouth Branding
- 8.3.5.2.2 Service Level 2 - Unbranded
- 8.3.5.2.3 Service Level 3 - Custom Branding
- 8.3.5.2.4 Service Level 4 - Self Branding (applicable only to BlueStar for Resale or use with an Unbundled Port when routing to an operator service provider other than BellSouth).
- 8.3.6 For Resellers and Use with an Unbundled Port
- 8.3.6.1 BellSouth Branding is the Default Service Level.
- 8.3.6.2 Unbranding, Custom Branding, and Self Branding require BlueStar to order selective routing for each originating BellSouth end office identified by BlueStar. Rates for Selective Routing are set forth in this Attachment.
- 8.3.6.3 Customer Branding and Self Branding require BlueStar to order dedicated trunking from each BellSouth end office identified by BlueStar, to either the

BellSouth Traffic Operator Position System (TOPS) or BlueStar Operator Service Provider. Rates for trunks are set forth in applicable BellSouth tariffs.

- 8.3.6.4 Unbranding - Unbranded Directory Assistance and/or Operator Call Processing calls ride common trunk groups provisioned by BellSouth from those end offices identified by BlueStar to the BellSouth TOPS. These calls are routed to “No Announcement.”
- 8.3.7 For Facilities Based Carriers
 - 8.3.7.1 All Service Levels require BlueStar to order dedicated trunking from their end office(s) point of interface to the BellSouth TOPS Switches. Rates for trunks are set forth in applicable BellSouth tariffs.
 - 8.3.7.2 Customized Branding includes charges for the recording of the branding announcement and the loading of the audio units in each TOPS Switch, IVS and NAV equipment for which BlueStar requires service.
- 8.3.8 Directory Assistance customized branding uses:
 - 8.3.8.1 the recording of the name;
 - 8.3.8.2 the front-end loading of the Digital Recorded Announcement Machine (DRAM) in each TOPS switch.
- 8.3.9 Operator Call Processing customized branding uses:
 - 8.3.9.1 the recording of the name;
 - 8.3.9.2 the front-end loading of the DRAM in the TOPS Switch;
 - 8.3.9.3 the back-end loading in the audio units in the Automated Alternate Billing System (AABS) in the Interactive Voice Subsystem (IVS);
 - 8.3.9.4 the 0- automation loading for the audio units in the Enhanced Billing and Access Service (EBAS) in the Network Applications Vehicle (NAV).
 - 8.3.9.5 BellSouth will provide to BlueStar purchasing local BellSouth switching and reselling BellSouth local exchange service, selective routing of calls to a requested directory assistance services platform or operator services platform. BlueStar end users may use the same dialing arrangements as BellSouth end users, but obtain a BlueStar branded service.

8.4 **Directory Assistance Database Service (DADS)**

- 8.4.1 BellSouth shall make its Directory Assistance Database Service (DADS) available solely for the expressed purpose of providing Directory Assistance type services to BlueStar end users. The term “end user” denotes any entity which obtains Directory Assistance type services for its own use from a DADS customer. Directory Assistance type service is defined as Voice Directory Assistance (DA Operator assisted and Electronic Directory Assistance (Data System assisted)). BlueStar agrees that Directory Assistance Database Service (DADS) will not be used for any purpose which violates federal or state laws, statutes, regulatory orders or tariffs. Except for the permitted users, BlueStar agrees not to disclose DADS to others and shall provide due care in providing for the security and confidentiality of DADS. Further, BlueStar authorizes the inclusion of BlueStar Directory Assistance listings in the BellSouth Directory Assistance products.
- 8.4.2 BellSouth shall provide BlueStar initially with a base file of subscriber listings which reflect all listing change activity occurring since BlueStar’s most recent update via magnetic tape, and subsequently using electronic connectivity such as Network Data Mover to be developed mutually by BlueStar and BellSouth. BlueStar agrees to assume the costs associated with CONNECT: Direct™ connectivity, which will vary depending upon volume and mileage.
- 8.4.3 BellSouth will require approximately one month after receiving an order to prepare the Base File. BellSouth will provide daily updates which will reflect all listing change activity occurring since CLEC’s most recent update. BellSouth shall provide updates to BlueStar on a Business, Residence, or combined Business and Residence basis. BlueStar agrees that the updates shall be used solely to keep the information current. Delivery of Daily Updates will commence the day after BlueStar receives the Base File.
- 8.4.4 BellSouth is authorized to include BlueStar Directory Assistance Listing Information in its Directory Assistance Database Service (DADS). Any other use by BellSouth of BlueStar Directory Assistance Listing Information is not authorized and with the exception of a request for DADS, BellSouth shall refer any request for such information to BlueStar.
- 8.4.5 Rates for DADS are as set forth in this Attachment.
- 8.5 **Direct Access to Directory Assistance Service**
- 8.5.1 Direct Access to Directory Assistance Service (DADAS) will provide BlueStar’s directory assistance operators with the ability to search all available BellSouth’s subscriber listings using the Directory Assistance search format. Subscription to DADAS will allow BlueStar to utilize its own switch, operator workstations and optional audio subsystems.
- 8.5.2 BellSouth will provide DADAS from its DA location. BlueStar will access the DADAS system via a telephone company provided point of availability. BlueStar

has the responsibility of providing the physical links required to connect to the point of availability. These facilities may be purchased from the telephone company as rates and charges billed separately from the charges associated with this offering.

- 8.5.3 A specified interface to each BlueStar subsystem will be provided by BellSouth. Interconnection between BlueStar's system and a specified BellSouth location will be pursuant to the use of BlueStar owned or BlueStar leased facilities and shall be appropriate sized based upon the volume of queries being generated by BlueStar.
- 8.5.4 The specifications for the three interfaces necessary for interconnection are available in the following documents:
- 8.5.4.1 DADAS to Subscriber Operator Position System—Northern Telecom Document CSI-2300-07; Universal Gateway/ Position Message Interface Format Specification;
- 8.5.4.2 DADAS to Subscriber Switch—Northern Telecom Document Q210-1 Version A107; NTDMS/CCIDAS System Application Protocol; and AT&T Document 250-900-535 Operator Services Position System Listing Service and Application Call Processing Data Link Interface Specification;
- 8.5.4.3 DADAS to Audio Subsystem (Optional)—Directory One Call Control to Audio Response Unit system interface specifications are available through Northern Telecom as a licensed access protocol—Northern Telecom Document 355-004424 and Gateway/Interactive Voice subsystem Protocol Specification.
- 8.5.5 Rates for DADAS are as set forth in this Attachment.
- 8.6 **Automatic Location Identification/Data Management System (ALI/DMS)**
- The ALI/DMS Database contains end user information (including name, address, telephone information, and sometimes special information from the local service provider or end user) used to determine to which Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) to route the call. The ALI/DMS database is used to provide more routing flexibility for E911 calls than Basic 911. BellSouth shall provide the Emergency Services Database in accordance with the following:
- 8.6.1 Technical Requirements
- 8.6.1.1 BellSouth shall offer BlueStar a data link to the ALI/DMS database or permit BlueStar to provide its own data link to the ALI/DMS database. BellSouth shall provide error reports from the ALI/DMS database to BlueStar immediately after BlueStar inputs information into the ALI/DMS database. Alternately, BlueStar may utilize BellSouth, to enter end user information into the data base on a demand basis, and validate end user information on a demand basis.

8.6.1.2 The ALI/DMS database shall contain the following end user information:

8.6.1.2.1 Name;

8.6.1.2.2 Address;

8.6.1.2.3 Telephone number; and

8.6.1.2.4 Other information as appropriate (e.g., whether a end user is blind or deaf or has another disability).

8.6.1.3 When BellSouth is responsible for administering the ALI/DMS database in its entirety, ported number NXXs entries for the ported numbers should be maintained unless BlueStar requests otherwise and shall be updated if BlueStar requests, provided BlueStar supplies BellSouth with the updates.

8.6.1.4 When Remote Call Forwarding (RCF) is used to provide number portability to the local end user and a remark or other appropriate field information is available in the database, the shadow or “forwarded-to” number and an indication that the number is ported shall be added to the customer record.

8.6.1.5 If BellSouth is responsible for configuring PSAP features (for cases when the PSAP or BellSouth supports an ISDN interface) it shall ensure that CLASS Automatic Recall (Call Return) is not used to call back to the ported number. Although BellSouth currently does not have ISDN interface, BellSouth agrees to comply with this requirement once ISDN interfaces are in place.

8.6.2 Interface Requirements

The interface between the E911 Switch or Tandem and the ALI/DMS database for BlueStar end users shall meet industry standards.

8.7 **Directory Assistance Database**

BellSouth shall make its directory assistance database available to BlueStar in order to allow BlueStar to provide its end users with the same directory assistance telecommunications services BellSouth provides to BellSouth end users. BellSouth shall provide BlueStar with an initial feed via magnetic tape and daily update initially via magnetic tape and subsequently via an electronic gateway to be developed mutually by BlueStar and BellSouth of end user address and number changes. Directory Assistance Services must provide both the ported and BlueStar telephone numbers to the extent available in BellSouth’s database assigned to a end user. Privacy indicators must be properly identified to assure the non-published numbers are accurately identified.

8.8 **Rates**

The prices that BlueStar shall pay to BellSouth for Network Elements and Other Services are set forth in Exhibit C to this Attachment.

9. Calling Name (CNAM) Database Service

All of the negotiated rates, terms and conditions set forth in this Section pertain to the provision of CNAM.

The Agreement for Calling Name (CNAM) with standard pricing is included as Exhibit B to this Attachment. BlueStar must provide to its account manager a written request with a requested activation date to activate this service. If BlueStar is interested in requesting CNAM with volume and term pricing, BlueStar must contact its account manager to request a separate CNAM volume and term Agreement.

- 9.1 SCPs/Databases shall be equal to or better than all of the requirements for SCPs/Databases set forth in the following technical references:
 - 9.1.1 GR-246-CORE, Bell Communications Research Specification of Signaling System Number 7, ISSUE 1 (Telcordia (formerly BellCore), December 199);
 - 9.1.2 GR-1432-CORE, CCS Network Interface Specification (CCSNIS) Supporting Signaling Connection Control Part (SCCP) and Transaction Capabilities Application Part (TCAP). (Telcordia (formerly BellCore), March 1994);
 - 9.1.3 GR-954-CORE, CCS Network Interface Specification (CCSNIS) Supporting Line Information Database (LIDB) Service 6, Issue 1, Rev. 1 (Telcordia (formerly BellCore), October 1995);
 - 9.1.4 GR-1149-CORE, OSSGR Section 10: System Interfaces, Issue 1 (Telcordia (formerly BellCore), October 1995) (Replaces TR-NWT-001149);
 - 9.1.5 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-1158-CORE, OSSGR Section 22.3: Line Information Database 6, Issue (Telcordia (formerly BellCore), October 1995);
 - 9.1.6 Telcordia (formerly BellCore) GR-1428-CORE, CCS Network Interface Specification (CCSNIS) Supporting Toll Free Service (Telcordia (formerly BellCore), May 1995); and
 - 9.1.7 BOC Notes on BellSouth Networks, SR-TSV-002275, ISSUE 2, (Telcordia (formerly BellCore), April 1994).
- 9.2 **Service Creation Environment and Service Management System (SCE/SMS) Advanced Intelligent Network (AIN) Access**
 - 9.2.1 BellSouth's Service Creation Environment and Service Management System (SCE/SMS) Advanced Intelligent Network (AIN) Access shall provide BlueStar the capability that will allow BlueStar and other third parties to create service

applications in a BellSouth Service Creation Environment and deploy those applications in a BellSouth SMS to a BellSouth SCP. The third party service applications interact with AIN triggers provisioned on a BellSouth SSP.

- 9.2.2 BellSouth's SCE/SMS AIN Access shall provide access to SCE hardware, software, testing and technical support (e.g., help desk, system administrator) resources available to BlueStar. Scheduling procedures shall provide BlueStar equivalent priority to these resources.
- 9.2.3 BellSouth SCP shall partition and protect BlueStar service logic and data from unauthorized access, execution or other types of compromise.
- 9.2.4 When BlueStar selects SCE/SMS AIN Access, BellSouth shall provide training, documentation, and technical support to enable BlueStar to use BellSouth's SCE/SMS AIN Access to create and administer applications. Training, documentation, and technical support will address use of SCE and SMS access and administrative functions, but will not include support for the creation of a specific service application.
- 9.2.5 When BlueStar selects SCE/SMS AIN Access, BellSouth shall provide for a secure, controlled access environment in association with its internal use of AIN components. BlueStar access will be provided via remote data connection (e.g., dial-in, ISDN).
- 9.2.6 When BlueStar selects SCE/SMS AIN Access, BellSouth shall allow BlueStar to download data forms and/or tables to BellSouth SCP via BellSouth SMS without intervention from BellSouth (e.g., service customization and end user subscription).
- 9.3 Rates**
The prices that BlueStar shall pay to BellSouth for Network Elements and Other Services are set forth in Exhibit C to this Attachment.

10. Basic 911 and E911

All of the negotiated terms and conditions set forth in this Section pertain to the provision of Basic 911 and E911.

If BlueStar orders network elements and other services, then BlueStar is also responsible for providing E911 to its end users. BellSouth agrees to offer access to the 911/E911 network pursuant to the following terms and conditions set forth in this Attachment.

10.1 Definition

Basic 911 and E911 is an additional requirement that provides a caller access to the applicable emergency service bureau by dialing a 3-digit universal telephone number (911).

10.2 Requirements

10.2.1 Basic 911 Service Provisioning. For Basic 911 service, BellSouth will provide to BlueStar a list consisting of each municipality that subscribes to Basic 911 service. The list will also provide, if known, the E911 conversion date for each municipality and, for network routing purposes, a ten-digit directory number representing the appropriate emergency answering position for each municipality subscribing to 911. BlueStar will be required to arrange to accept 911 calls from its end users in municipalities that subscribe to Basic 911 service and translate the 911 call to the appropriate 10-digit directory number as stated on the list provided by BellSouth. BlueStar will be required to route that call to BellSouth at the appropriate tandem or end office. When a municipality converts to E911 service, BlueStar will be required to discontinue the Basic 911 procedures and being using E911 procedures.

10.2.2 E911 Service Provisioning. For E911 service, BlueStar will be required to install a minimum of two dedicated trunks originating from the BlueStar serving wire center and terminating to the appropriate E911 tandem. The dedicated trunks shall be, at a minimum, DS-0 level trunks configured either as a 2-wire analog interface or as part of a digital (1.544 Mb/s) interface. Either configuration shall use CAMA-type signaling with multifrequency (“MF”) pulsing that will deliver automatic number identification (“ANI”) with the voice portion of the call. If the user interface is digital, MF pulses, as well as other AC signals, shall be encoded per the u-255 Law convention. BlueStar will be required to provide BellSouth daily updates to the E911 database. BlueStar will be required to forward 911 calls to the appropriate E911 tandem, along with ANI, based upon the current E911 end office to tandem homing arrangement as provided by BellSouth. If the E911 tandem trunks are not available, BlueStar will be required to route the call to a designated 7-digit local number residing in the appropriate Public Service

Answering Point (“PSAP”). This call will be transported over BellSouth’s interoffice network and will not carry the ANI of the calling party. BlueStar shall be responsible for providing BellSouth with complete and accurate data for submission to the 911/E911 database for the purpose of providing 911/E911 to its end users.

- 10.2.3 Rates. Charges for 911/E911 service are borne by the municipality purchasing the service. BellSouth will impose no charge on BlueStar beyond applicable charges for BellSouth trunking arrangements.
- 16.1.1 Basic 911 and E911 functions provided to BlueStar shall be at least at parity with the support and services that BellSouth provides to its end users for such similar functionality.
- 10.2.5 Detailed Practices and Procedures. The detailed practices and procedures contained in the E911 Local Exchange Carrier Guide For Facility-Based Providers as amended from time to time during the term of this Agreement will determine the appropriate practices and procedures for BellSouth and BlueStar to follow in providing 911/E911 services.

11. True-Up

This section applies only to North Carolina and Tennessee.

- 11.1 The interim prices for Network Elements and Other Services and Local Interconnection shall be subject to true-up according to the following procedures:
- 11.2 The interim prices shall be true-up, either up or down, based on final prices determined either by further agreement between the Parties, or by a final order (including any appeals) of the Commission which final order meets the criteria of (3) below. The Parties shall implement the true-up by comparing the actual volumes and demand for each item, together with interim prices for each item, with the final prices determined for each item. Each Party shall keep its own records upon which the true-up can be based, and any final payment from one Party to the other shall be in an amount agreed upon by the Parties based on such records. In the event of any disagreement as between the records or the Parties regarding the amount of such true-up, the Parties agree that the body having jurisdiction over the matter shall be called upon to resolve such differences, or the Parties may mutually agree to submit the matter to the Dispute Resolution process in accordance with the provisions of Section 16 of the General Terms and Conditions and Attachment 1 of the Agreement.
- 11.3 The Parties may continue to negotiate toward final prices, but in the event that no such Agreement is reached within nine (9) months, either Party may petition the Commission to resolve such disputes and to determine final prices for each item.

Alternatively, upon mutual agreement, the Parties may submit the matter to the Dispute Resolution Process set forth in Section 16 of the General Terms and Conditions and Attachment 1 of the Agreement, so long as they file the resulting Agreement with the Commission as a “negotiated Agreement” under Section 252(e) of the Act.

- 11.4 A final order of this Commission that forms the basis of a true-up shall be the final order as to prices based on appropriate cost studies, or potentially may be a final order in any other Commission proceeding which meets the following criteria:
- (a) BellSouth and BlueStar are entitled to be a full Party to the proceeding;
 - (b) It shall apply the provisions of the federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, including but not limited to Section 252(d)(1) (which contains pricing standards) and all then-effective implementing rules and regulations; and,
 - (c) It shall include as an issue the geographic deaveraging of network element and other services prices, which deaveraged prices, if any are required by said final order, shall form the basis of any true-up.

EXHIBIT A

**LINE INFORMATION DATA BASE (LIDB)
STORAGE AGREEMENT**

I. SCOPE

A. This Agreement sets forth the terms and conditions pursuant to which BellSouth agrees to store in its LIDB certain information at the request of BlueStar and pursuant to which BellSouth, its LIDB customers and BlueStar shall have access to such information. BlueStar understands that BellSouth provides access to information in its LIDB to various telecommunications service providers pursuant to applicable tariffs and agrees that information stored at the request of BlueStar, pursuant to this Agreement, shall be available to those telecommunications service providers. The terms and conditions contained in the attached Addendum(s) are hereby made a part of this Agreement as if fully incorporated herein.

B. LIDB is accessed for the following purposes:

1. Billed Number Screening
2. Calling Card Validation
3. Fraud Control

C. BellSouth will provide seven days per week, 24-hours per day, fraud monitoring on Calling Cards, bill-to-third and collect calls made to numbers in BellSouth's LIDB, provided that such information is included in the LIDB query. BellSouth will establish fraud alert thresholds and will notify BlueStar of fraud alerts so that BlueStar may take action it deems appropriate. BlueStar understands and agrees BellSouth will administer all data stored in the LIDB, including the data provided by BlueStar pursuant to this Agreement, in the same manner as BellSouth's data for BellSouth's end user customers. BellSouth shall not be responsible to BlueStar for any lost revenue which may result from BellSouth's administration of the LIDB pursuant to its established practices and procedures as they exist and as they may be changed by BellSouth in its sole discretion from time to time.

BlueStar understands that BellSouth currently has in effect numerous billing and collection agreements with various interexchange carriers and billing clearing houses. BlueStar further understands that these billing and collection customers of BellSouth query BellSouth's LIDB to determine whether to accept various billing options from end users. Additionally, BlueStar understands that presently BellSouth has no method to differentiate between BellSouth's own billing and line data in the LIDB and such data which it includes in the LIDB on BlueStar's behalf pursuant to this Agreement. Therefore, until such time as BellSouth can and does implement in its LIDB and its supporting systems the means to differentiate BlueStar's data from BellSouth's data and the Parties to this Agreement execute appropriate amendments hereto, the following terms and conditions shall apply:

- (a) BlueStar agrees that it will accept responsibility for telecommunications services billed by BellSouth for its billing and collection customers for BlueStar's end user accounts which are resident in LIDB pursuant to this Agreement. BlueStar authorizes BellSouth to place such charges on BlueStar's bill from BellSouth and agrees that it shall pay all such charges. Charges for which BlueStar hereby takes responsibility include, but are not limited to, collect and third number calls.
- (b) Charges for such services shall appear on a separate BellSouth bill page identified with the name of the entity for which BellSouth is billing the charge.
- (c) BlueStar shall have the responsibility to render a billing statement to its end users for these charges, but BlueStar's obligation to pay BellSouth for the charges billed shall be independent of whether BlueStar is able or not to collect from BlueStar's end users.
- (d) BellSouth shall not become involved in any disputes between BlueStar and the entities for which BellSouth performs billing and collection. BellSouth will not issue adjustments for charges billed on behalf of an entity to BlueStar. It shall be the responsibility of BlueStar and the other entity to negotiate and arrange for any appropriate adjustments.

II. TERM

This Agreement will be effective as of _____, and will continue in effect for one year, and thereafter may be continued until terminated by either Party upon thirty (30) days written notice to the other Party.

III. FEES FOR SERVICE AND TAXES

- A. BlueStar will not be charged a fee for storage services provided by BellSouth to BlueStar, as described in Section I of this Agreement.
- B. Sales, use and all other taxes (excluding taxes on BellSouth's income) determined by BellSouth or any taxing authority to be due to any federal, state or local taxing jurisdiction with respect to the provision of the service set forth herein will be paid by BlueStar. BlueStar shall have the right to have BellSouth contest with the imposing jurisdiction, at BlueStar's expense, any such taxes that BlueStar deems are improperly levied.

IV. INDEMNIFICATION

To the extent not prohibited by law, each Party will indemnify the other and hold the other harmless against any loss, cost, claim, injury, or liability relating to or arising out of negligence or willful misconduct by the indemnifying Party or its agents or contractors in connection with the indemnifying Party's provision of services, provided, however, that any indemnity for any loss, cost, claim, injury or liability arising out of or relating to errors or omissions in the provision of services under this Agreement shall be limited as otherwise specified in this Agreement. The indemnifying Party under this Section agrees to defend any suit brought against the other Party for any such loss, cost, claim, injury or liability. The indemnified Party agrees to notify the other Party promptly, in writing, of any written claims, lawsuits, or demands for which the other Party is responsible under this Section and to cooperate in every reasonable way to facilitate defense or settlement of claims. The indemnifying Party shall not be liable under this Section for settlement by the indemnified Party of any claim, lawsuit, or demand unless the defense of the claim, lawsuit, or demand has been tendered to it in writing and the indemnifying Party has unreasonably failed to assume such defense.

V. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

Neither Party shall be liable to the other Party for any lost profits or revenues or for any indirect, incidental or consequential damages incurred by the other Party arising from this Agreement or the services performed or not performed hereunder, regardless of the cause of such loss or damage.

VI. MISCELLANEOUS

- A. It is understood and agreed to by the Parties that BellSouth may provide similar services to other companies.
- B. All terms, conditions and operations under this Agreement shall be performed in accordance with, and subject to, all applicable local, state or federal legal and regulatory tariffs, rulings, and other requirements of the federal courts, the U. S. Department of Justice and state and federal regulatory agencies. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to cause either Party to violate any such legal or regulatory requirement and either Party's obligation to perform shall be subject to all such requirements.
- C. BlueStar agrees to submit to BellSouth all advertising, sales promotion, press releases, and other publicity matters relating to this Agreement wherein BellSouth's corporate or trade names, logos, trademarks or service marks or those of BellSouth's affiliated companies are mentioned or language from which the connection of said names or trademarks therewith may be inferred or implied; and BlueStar further agrees not to publish or use advertising, sales promotions, press releases, or publicity matters without BellSouth's prior written approval.

- D. This Agreement constitutes the entire Agreement between BlueStar and BellSouth which supersedes all prior Agreements or contracts, oral or written representations, statements, negotiations, understandings, proposals and undertakings with respect to the subject matter hereof.
- E. Except as expressly provided in this Agreement, if any part of this Agreement is held or construed to be invalid or unenforceable, the validity of any other Section of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect to the extent permissible or appropriate in furtherance of the intent of this Agreement.
- F. Neither Party shall be held liable for any delay or failure in performance of any part of this Agreement for any cause beyond its control and without its fault or negligence, such as acts of God, acts of civil or military authority, government regulations, embargoes, epidemics, war, terrorist acts, riots, insurrections, fires, explosions, earthquakes, nuclear accidents, floods, strikes, power blackouts, volcanic action, other major environmental disturbances, unusually severe weather conditions, inability to secure products or services of other persons or transportation facilities, or acts or omissions of transportation common carriers.
- G. This Agreement shall be deemed to be a contract made under the laws of the State of Georgia, and the construction, interpretation and performance of this Agreement and all transactions hereunder shall be governed by the domestic law of such State.

**FACILITIES BASED ADDENDUM
TO LINE INFORMATION DATA BASE (LIDB)
STORAGE AGREEMENT**

This is a Facilities Based Addendum to the Line Information Data Base Storage Agreement dated _____, between BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. (“BellSouth”), and _____ (“BlueStar”), effective the ____ day of _____, ____.

I. GENERAL

This Addendum sets forth the terms and conditions for BlueStar’s provision of billing number information to BellSouth for inclusion in BellSouth’s LIDB. BellSouth will store in its LIDB the billing number information provided by BlueStar, and BellSouth will provide responses to on-line, call-by-call queries to this information for purposes specified in Section I.B. of the Agreement.

II. DEFINITIONS

- A. Billing number - a number that BlueStar creates for the purpose of identifying an account liable for charges. This number may be a line or a special billing number.
- B. Line number - a ten digit number that identifies a telephone line administered by BlueStar.
- C. Special billing number - a ten digit number that identifies a billing account established by BlueStar.
- D. Calling Card number - a billing number plus PIN number.
- E. PIN number - a four digit security code assigned by BlueStar which is added to a billing number to compose a fourteen digit calling card number.
- F. Toll billing exception indicator - associated with a billing number to indicate that it is considered invalid for billing of collect calls or third number calls or both, by BlueStar.
- G. Billed Number Screening - refers to the activity of determining whether a toll billing exception indicator is present for a particular billing number.

- H. Calling Card Validation - refers to the activity of determining whether a particular calling card number exists as stated or otherwise provided by a caller.
- I. Billing number information - information about billing number, Calling Card number and toll billing exception indicator provided to BellSouth by BlueStar.

III. RESPONSIBILITIES OF PARTIES

- A. BlueStar will provide its billing number information to BellSouth's LIDB each business day by a method that has been mutually agreed upon by both Parties.
- B. BellSouth will store in its LIDB the billing number information provided by BlueStar. Under normal operating conditions, BellSouth shall include BlueStar's billing number information in its LIDB no later than two business days following BellSouth's receipt of such billing number information, provided that BellSouth shall not be held responsible for any delay or failure in performance to the extent such delay or failure is caused by circumstances or conditions beyond BellSouth's reasonable control. BellSouth will store in its LIDB an unlimited volume of BlueStar's working telephone numbers.
- C. BellSouth will provide responses to on-line, call-by-call queries to the stored information for the specific purposes listed in the next paragraph.
- D. BellSouth is authorized to use the billing number information provided by BlueStar to perform the following functions for authorized users on an on-line basis:
 - 1. Validate a 14 digit Calling Card number where the first 10 digits are a line number or special billing number assigned by BlueStar, and where the last four digits (PIN) are a security code assigned by BlueStar.
 - 2. Determine whether BlueStar or the subscriber has identified the billing number as one which should not be billed for collect or third number calls, or both.
- E. BlueStar will provide its own billing number information to BellSouth for storage and to be used for Billed Number Screening and Calling Card Validation. BlueStar will arrange and pay for transport of updates to BellSouth.

IV. COMPLIANCE

Unless expressly authorized in writing by BlueStar, all billing number information provided pursuant to this Addendum shall be used for no purposes other than those set forth in this Addendum.

EXHIBIT B

CALLING NAME DELIVERY (CNAM) DATABASE SERVICES

1. Definitions

For the purpose of this Attachment, the following terms shall be defined as:

CALLING NAME DELIVERY DATABASE SERVICE (CNAM) - The ability to associate a name with the calling party number, allowing the end user subscriber (to which a call is being terminated) to view the calling party's name before the call is answered. This service also provides BlueStar the opportunity to load and store its subscriber names in the BellSouth CNAM SCPs.

CALLING PARTY NUMBER (CPN) - The number of the calling party that is delivered to the terminating switch using common channel signaling system 7 (CCS7) technology, and that is contained in the Initial Address Message (IAM) portion of the CCS7 call setup.

COMMON CHANNEL SIGNALING SYSTEM 7 (CCS7) - A network signaling technology in which all signaling information between two or more nodes is transmitted over high-speed data links, rather than over voice circuits.

SERVICE CONTROL POINTs (SCPs) - The real-time data base systems that contain the names to be provided in response to queries received from CNAM SSPs.

SERVICE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (SMS) - The main operations support system of CNAM DATABASE SERVICE. CNAM records are loaded into the SMS, which in turn downloads into the CNAM SCP.

SERVICE SWITCHING POINTs (SSPs) - Features of computerized switches in the telephone network that determine that a terminating line has subscribed to CNAM service, and then communicate with CNAM SCPs in order to provide the name associated with the calling party number.

SUBSYSTEM NUMBER (SSN) - The address used in the Signaling Connection Control Part (SCCP) layer of the SS7 protocol to designate an application at an end signaling point. A SSN for CNAM at the end office designates the CNAM application within the end office. BellSouth uses the CNAM SSN of 232.

2. Attachment

2.1 This Attachment contains the terms and conditions where BellSouth will provide to the BlueStar access to the BellSouth CNAM SCP for query or record storage purposes.

2.2 BlueStar shall submit to BellSouth a notice of its intent to access and utilize BellSouth CNAM Database Services pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Attachment. Said notice shall be in writing, no less than 60 days prior to BlueStar's access to BellSouth's CNAM Database Services and shall be addressed to BlueStar's Account Manager.

3. Physical Connection and Compensation

3.1 BellSouth's provision of CNAM Database Services to BlueStar requires interconnection from BlueStar to BellSouth CNAM Service Control Points (SCPs). Such interconnections shall be established pursuant to Attachment 3 of this Agreement. The appropriate charge for access to and use of the BellSouth CNAM Database service shall be as set forth in this Attachment.

3.2 In order to formulate a CNAM query to be sent to the BellSouth CNAM SCP, BlueStar shall provide its own CNAM SSP. BlueStar's CNAM SSPs must be compliant with TR-NWT-001188, "CLASS Calling Name Delivery Generic Requirements".

3.3 If BlueStar elects to access the BellSouth CNAM SCP via a third party CCS7 transport provider, the third party CCS7 provider shall interconnect with the BellSouth CCS7 network according to BellSouth's Common Channel Signaling Interconnection Guidelines and Telcordia (formerly BellCore)'s CCS Network Interface Specification document, TR-TSV-000905. In addition, the third party provider shall establish CCS7 interconnection at the BellSouth Local Signal Transfer Points (LSTPs) serving the BellSouth CNAM SCPs that BlueStar desires to query.

3.4 **Out-Of-Region Customers**
If the customer queries the BellSouth CNAM SCP via a third party national SS7 transport provider, the third party SS7 provider shall interconnect with the BellSouth CCS7 network according to BellSouth's Common Channel Signaling Interconnection Guidelines and Telcordia's (formerly BellCore's) CCS Network Interface Specification document, TR-TSV-000905. In addition, the third party provider shall establish SS7 interconnection at one or more of the BellSouth Gateway Signal Transfer Points (STPs). The payment of all costs associated with the transport of SS7 signals via a third party will be established by mutual agreement of the Parties in writing and shall, by this reference become an integral part of this Agreement.

4. CNAM Record Initial Load and Updates

4.1 The mechanism to be used by BlueStar for initial CNAM record load and/or updates shall be determined by mutual agreement. The initial load and all updates shall be provided by BlueStar in the BellSouth specified format and shall contain records for every working telephone number that can originate phone calls. It is the

responsibility of BlueStar to provide accurate information to BellSouth on a current basis.

- 4.2 Updates to the SMS shall occur no less than once a week, reflect service order activity affecting either name or telephone number, and involve only record additions, deletions or changes.
- 4.3 BlueStar CNAM records provided for storage in the BellSouth CNAM SCP shall be available, on a SCP query basis only, to all Parties querying the BellSouth CNAM SCP. Further, CNAM service shall be provided by each Party consistent with state and/or federal regulation.

BELLSOUTH/BLUESTAR RATES
NETWORK ELEMENTS
AND OTHER SERVICES

DESCRIPTION	USOC	KY
NIDs		
NID (all types), per month	UNDAX	\$1.80
Installation of 2-Wire/4Wire CLEC NID	UNDAX	
NRC - 1st	UNDAX	NA
NRC - Add'l	UNDAX	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect	SOMAN	NA
NID per 2-Wire Unbundled Copper Loop, per month	UNDAX	\$1.55
NRC - 1st	UNDAX	\$5.60
NRC - Add'l	UNDAX	\$5.60
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	UNDAX	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	UNDAX	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Svc. Ord - 1st	SOMAN	\$47.00
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Svc. Ord - Add'l	SOMAN	\$21.00
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Svc. Ord. - Disconnect	SOMAN	NA
Nonrecurring Charge - customer transfer, feature additions, changes (1)		NA
LOOP, EXCLUDING NID		
2-Wire Analog VG Loop (Standard), per month	TBD	\$18.20
NRC - 1st		\$86.08
NRC - Add'l		\$58.57
2-Wire Analog VG Loop (Customized), per month	TBD	\$21.41
NRC - 1st		\$236.75
NRC - Add'l		\$177.10
4-Wire Analog VG Loop (Standard), per month	TBD	\$26.38
NRC - 1st		\$457.14
NRC - Add'l		\$348.83
2-Wire ISDN Digital Grade Loop (Standard), per month	TBD	\$29.65
NRC - 1st		\$541.28
NRC - Add'l		\$431.61
2-Wire ADSL Loop (Standard), per month	TBD	\$12.16
NRC - 1st		\$270.01
NRC - Add'l		\$234.63
2-Wire HDSL Loop (Standard), per month	TBD	\$8.78
NRC - 1st		\$270.01
NRC - Add'l		\$234.63
4-Wire HDSL Loop (Standard), per month	TBD	\$9.70
NRC - 1st		\$748.93
NRC - Add'l		\$646.17
LOOP, INCLUDING NID		
2-Wire Analog VG Loop (Standard), per month	UEAL2	\$20.00
NRC - 1st	UEAL2	\$86.08
NRC - Add'l	UEAL2	\$58.57
NRC - Loop Make-up	UEANM	TBD
NRC - Manual Order Coordination	UEAMC	TBD
NRC - Incremental Charge - Order Coordination - Time Specific (per LSR)	OCOSL	\$55.00
2-Wire Analog VG Loop (Customized), w/ loop or ground start signaling, per month	UEAL2	\$23.35
NRC - 1st	UEAL2	\$236.75
NRC - Add'l	UEAL2	\$177.10
NRC - Incremental Charge - Order Coordination - Time Specific (per LSR)	OCOSL	\$55.00
2-Wire Analog VG Loop (Customized), w/ reverse battery signaling, per month	UEAR2	\$23.35
NRC - 1st	UEAR2	\$236.75
NRC - Add'l	UEAR2	\$177.10
NRC - Incremental Charge - Order Coordination - Time Specific (per LSR)	OCOSL	\$55.00
4-Wire Analog VG Loop (Standard), per month	UEAL4	\$28.28
NRC - 1st	UEAL4	\$457.14
NRC - Add'l	UEAL4	\$348.83
NRC - Incremental Charge - Order Coordination - Time Specific (per LSR)	OCOSL	\$55.00
2-Wire ISDN Digital Grade Loop (Standard), per month	U1L2X	\$31.99
NRC - 1st	U1L2X	\$541.28
NRC - Add'l	U1L2X	\$431.61
NRC - Incremental Charge - Order Coordination - Time Specific (per LSR)	OCOSL	\$55.00
2-Wire ADSL Loop (Standard), per month * - includes manual service inquiry and facility reservation	UAL2X	\$12.16
NRC - 1st	UAL2X	\$270.01
NRC - Add'l	UAL2X	\$234.63
NRC - Disconnect - 1st	SOMAN	\$74.54
NRC - Disconnect - Add'l	SOMAN	\$39.14
NRC - Incremental Charge - Order Coordination - Time Specific (per LSR)	OCOSL	\$34.29
2-Wire ADSL Loop (Standard), per month * - without manual service inquiry and facility reservation	UAL2W	\$12.16
NRC - 1st	UAL2W	\$120.01
NRC - Add'l	UAL2W	\$85.63
NRC - Disconnect - 1st	SOMAN	\$74.54
NRC - Disconnect - Add'l	SOMAN	\$39.14
NRC - Incremental Charge - Order Coordination - Time Specific (per LSR)	OCOSL	\$34.29
2-Wire HDSL Loop (Standard), per month* includes manual service inquiry and facility reservation	UHL2X	\$8.78
NRC - 1st	UHL2X	\$270.01
NRC - Add'l	UHL2X	\$234.63
NRC - Disconnect - 1st	SOMAN	\$74.54
NRC - Disconnect - Add'l	SOMAN	\$39.14
NRC - Incremental Charge - Order Coordination - Time Specific (per LSR)	OCOSL	\$34.29
2-Wire HDSL Loop (Standard), per month* without manual service inquiry and facility reservation	UHL2W	\$8.78
NRC - 1st	UHL2W	\$120.01

**BELLSOUTH/BLUESTAR RATES
NETWORK ELEMENTS
AND OTHER SERVICES**

DESCRIPTION	USOC	KY
NRC - Add'l	UHL2W	\$85.63
NRC - Disconnect - 1st	SOMAN	\$74.54
NRC - Disconnect - Add'l	SOMAN	\$39.14
NRC - Incremental Charge - Order Coordination - Time Specific (per LSR)	OCOSL	\$34.29
4-Wire DS1 Digital Loop, per month	USLXX	\$67.96
NRC - 1st	USLXX	\$849.80
NRC - Add'l	USLXX	\$523.27
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	USLXX	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	USLXX	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Order Coordination - Time Specific (per LSR)	OCOSL	\$55.00
2-Wire Unbundled Copper Loop,(18kft. Or less), per month * - includes manual service inquiry and facility reservation	UCLPB	\$12.16
NRC - 1st	UCLPB	\$270.01
NRC - Add'l	UCLPB	\$234.63
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	UCLPB	\$74.54
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	UCLPB	\$39.14
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Order Coordination - per loop	UCLMC	\$34.29
2-Wire Unbundled Copper Loop,(18kft. Or less), per month * - without manual service inquiry and facility reservation	UCLPW	\$12.16
NRC - 1st	UCLPW	\$120.01
NRC - Add'l	UCLPW	\$85.63
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	UCLPW	\$74.54
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	UCLPW	\$39.14
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Order Coordination - per loop	UCLMC	\$34.29
2-Wire Unbundled Copper Loop,(> 18kft.), per month * includes manual service inquiry and facility reservation	UCL2L	\$41.61
NRC - 1st	UCL2L	\$270.01
NRC - Add'l	UCL2L	\$234.63
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	UCL2L	\$74.54
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	UCL2L	\$39.14
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Order Coordination - per loop	UCLMC	\$34.29
2-Wire Unbundled Copper Loop,(> 18kft.), per month * without manual service inquiry and facility reservation	UCL2W	\$41.61
NRC - 1st	UCL2W	\$120.01
NRC - Add'l	UCL2W	\$85.63
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	UCL2W	\$74.54
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	UCL2W	\$39.14
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Order Coordination - per loop	UCLMC	\$34.29
* Interim Rate Subject to True Up		
Loop Conditioning**		
Remove Equipment <18 kft., per pair	ULM2L	\$70.04
Remove Equipment > 18kft., per pair-1st	ULM2G	\$765.29
Remove Equipment > 18kft., per pair-Add'l	ULM2G	\$23.74
Remove Bridge Tap, per pair	ULMBT	\$105.34
** Interim rate subject to true up		
Loop Make-Up Service Inquiry		
Loop Make-Up Preordering Without Reservation, per working facility queried (MANUAL)	UMKLW	\$134.00
Loop Make-Up Preordering Without Reservation, per spare facility queried (MANUAL) - <i>Maximum number of spare facilities per manual LMUSI is (3)</i>	UMKLW	\$134.00
Loop Make-Up Preordering With Reservation, per spare facility queried (MANUAL) - <i>Maximum number of spare facilities per manual LMUSI is (3)</i>	UMKLP	\$140.00
Loop Make-Up Preordering Without Reservation, per working facility queried (MECHANIZED)	TBD	\$1.08
Loop Make-Up Preordering Without Reservation, per spare facility queried (MECHANIZED) - <i>Maximum number of spare facilities per mechanized LMUSI is (10)</i>	TBD	\$1.08
Loop Make-Up Preordering With Reservation, per spare facility queried (MECHANIZED) - <i>Maximum number of spare facilities per mechanized LMUSI is (10)</i>	TBD	\$1.08
SUB-LOOPS		
Sub-Loop 2-Wire Analog		
Loop Distribution per 2-Wire Analog VG Loop (Including NID), per month	USBN2	\$10.83
NRC - Set-Up per Cross Box location - CLEC Feeder Facility set-up	TBD	TBD
NRC - Set-Up per Cross Box location - per 25 pair panel set-up	TBD	TBD
NRC - Set-Up per Building Equipment Room - CLEC Feeder Facility set-up	TBD	TBD
NRC - Set-Up per Building Equipment Room - per 25 pair panel set-up	TBD	TBD
NRC - 1st	USBN2	\$459.85
NRC - Add'l	USBN2	\$352.89
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	USBN2	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	USBN2	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect	SOMAN	NA

**BELLSOUTH/BLUESTAR RATES
NETWORK ELEMENTS
AND OTHER SERVICES**

DESCRIPTION	USOC	KY
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Order Coordination - per loop	USBMC	TBD
Loop Distribution per 2-Wire Analog VG Loop (Excluding NID), per month	TBD	\$9.95
NRC - Set-Up per Cross Box location - CLEC Feeder Facility set-up	TBD	\$9.95
NRC - Set-Up per Cross Box location - per 25 pair panel set-up	TBD	\$9.95
NRC - Set-Up per Building Equipment Room - CLEC Feeder Facility set-up	TBD	\$9.95
NRC - Set-Up per Building Equipment Room - per 25 pair panel set-up	TBD	\$9.95
NRC - 1st	TBD	\$459.85
NRC - Add'l	TBD	\$352.89
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Order Coordination - per loop	USBMC	TBN
Loop Distribution per 4-Wire Analog VG Loop (Incl NID), per month	USBN4	TBN
NRC - Set-Up per Cross Box location - CLEC Feeder Facility set-up	TBD	TBN
NRC - Set-Up per Cross Box location - per 25 pair panel set-up	TBD	TBN
NRC - Set-Up per Building Equipment Room - CLEC Feeder Facility set-up	TBD	TBN
NRC - Set-Up per Building Equipment Room - per 25 pair panel set-up	TBD	TBN
NRC - 1st	USBN4	TBN
NRC - Add'l	USBN4	TBN
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Order Coordination - per loop	USBMC	TBN
Intrabuilding Network Cable (INC) - Riser Cable*		
INC Pair, per pair, per month		\$0.60
Site Visit Set-Up - Terminal Preparation, per terminal		
NRC - 1st terminal		\$39.43
NRC - Add'l terminal		\$36.42
Access Terminal Provisioning & 1st 25 pair panel, per terminal, NRC		\$101.09
Add'l		\$100.25
Existing Access Terminal Provisioning, 2nd 25 pair panel, per terminal, NRC		\$29.75
Add'l		\$28.90
INC Pair Provisioning, per pair, NRC		\$4.48
Add'l		\$3.64
Service Visit for Provisioning, per request, per premises, NRC		\$21.18
Sub-Loop Concentration - Channelization Sys (Outside CO)		
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	TBD
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	TBD
TR008 - System A (96 channel capacity - channels 1-96), per month	UCT8A	\$757.00
NRC - 1st	UCT8A	\$633.94
NRC - Add'l	UCT8A	\$311.60
TR008 - System B (96 channel capacity - channels 97-192), per month	UCT8B	\$95.60
NRC - 1st	UCT8B	\$633.94
NRC - Add'l	UCT8B	\$311.60
TR303 - System A (96 channel capacity - channels 1-96), per month	UCT3A	\$799.95
NRC - 1st	UCT3A	\$633.94
NRC - Add'l	UCT3A	\$311.60
TR303 - System B (96 channel capacity - channels 97-192), per month	UCT3B	\$138.55
NRC - 1st	UCT3B	\$633.94
NRC - Add'l	UCT3B	\$311.60
DS1 Feeder Interface, per month	UCTFS	\$77.02
NRC 1st	UCTFS	\$418.13
NRC Add'l	UCTFS	\$198.56
Channel Interface - 2 Wire Voice - Loop Start , per month	TBD	\$2.68
NRC 1st	TBD	\$41.92
NRC Add'l	TBD	\$41.69
Channel Interface - 2 Wire ISDN, per month	ULCC1	\$10.72
NRC 1st	ULCC1	\$41.92
NRC Add'l	ULCC1	\$41.69
Channel Interface - 2 Wire Voice - Ground Start or Reverse Battery, per month	TBD	\$15.94
NRC 1st	TBD	\$41.92
NRC Add'l	TBD	\$41.69
Channel Interface - 4 Wire Voice, per month	ULCC4	\$9.50
NRC 1st	ULCC4	\$41.92
NRC Add'l	ULCC4	\$41.69
Test Circuit, per month	UCTTC	\$46.44
NRC 1st	UCTTC	\$41.92
NRC Add'l	UCTTC	\$41.69
Channel Interface - Digital 56Kbps, per month	ULCC5	\$14.08
NRC 1st	ULCC5	\$41.92
NRC Add'l	ULCC5	\$41.69
Channel Interface - Digital 64Kbps, per month	ULCC6	\$14.08
NRC 1st	ULCC6	\$41.92
NRC Add'l	ULCC6	\$41.69
Loop Concentration System (Inside C.O.)		
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	TBD
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	TBD
TR008 -System A (96 channel capacity - channels 1-96), per month	UCT8A	\$394.00
NRC - 1st	UCT8A	\$1,116.15
NRC - Add'l	UCT8A	NA
TR008 -System B (96 channel capacity - channels 97-192), per month	UCT8B	\$72.21
NRC - 1st	UCT8B	\$465.11
NRC - Add'l	UCT8B	NA
TR303 - System A (96 channel capacity - channels 1-96), per month	UCT3A	\$445.14
NRC - 1st	UCT3A	\$1,116.15
NRC - Add'l	UCT3A	NA
TR303 - System B (96 channel capacity - channels 97-192), per month	UCT3B	\$121.45
NRC - 1st	UCT3B	\$465.11
NRC - Add'l	UCT3B	NA
DS1 Interface, per month	UCTCO	\$403.20
NRC 1st	UCTCO	\$132.18

BELLSOUTH/BLUESTAR RATES
NETWORK ELEMENTS
AND OTHER SERVICES

DESCRIPTION	USOC	KY
NRC Add'l	UCTCO	\$132.18
Channel Interface - 2 Wire Voice - Loop Start , per month	TBD	\$2.79
NRC 1st	TBD	\$35.82
NRC Add'l	TBD	\$35.62
Channel Interface - 2 Wire ISDN, per month	ULCC1	\$11.18
NRC 1st	ULCC1	\$35.82
NRC Add'l	ULCC1	\$35.62
Channel Interface - 2 Wire Voice - Ground Start or Reverse Battery, per month	TBD	\$16.62
NRC 1st	TBD	\$35.82
NRC Add'l	TBD	\$35.62
Channel Interface - 4 Wire Voice, per month	ULCC4	\$9.91
NRC 1st	ULCC4	\$35.82
NRC Add'l	ULCC4	\$35.62
Test Circuit, per month	UCTTC	\$48.43
NRC 1st	UCTTC	\$35.82
NRC Add'l	UCTTC	\$35.62
Channel Interface - Digital 56Kbps, per month	ULCC5	TBD
NRC 1st	ULCC5	TBD
NRC Add'l	ULCC5	TBD
Channel Interface - Digital 64Kbps, per month	ULCC6	TBD
NRC 1st	ULCC6	TBD
NRC Add'l	ULCC6	TBD
DARK FIBER		
Per four fiber strands, per route mile or fraction thereof, per month	UBNAX	\$64.64
NRC - Per each four-fiber dry fiber arrangement - 1st	UBNAX	\$2,304.00
NRC - Per each four-fiber dry fiber arrangement - Add'l	UBNAX	\$740.93
LOCAL EXCHANGE SWITCHING (PORTS)		
	(++) Bus = TNPBL Res = TNPRL	
2-Wire Analog Line Port (Res., Bus.), per month		\$2.61
NRC - 1st (Residence)	UEPRL	\$37.78
NRC - Add'l (Residence)	UEPRL	\$37.78
NRC - 1st (Business)	UEPBL	\$37.55
NRC - Add'l (Business)	UEPBL	\$37.55
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	UEPBL	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	UEPBL	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
2-Wire Analog Line Port (Res., Bus.) including all available features, per month	UEP++	NA
NRC - 1st (all types)	UEP++	NA
NRC - Add'l (all types)	UEP++	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	UEP++	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	UEP++	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
2-Wire Analog Line Port (Res., Bus.) including three available feature, per month	UEP++	NA
NRC - 1st (all types)	UEP++	NA
NRC - Add'l (all types)	UEP++	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	UEP++	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	UEP++	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
4-Wire Analog VG Port, per month	UEP4A	NA
NRC - 1st	UEP4A	NA
NRC - Add'l	UEP4A	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	BFR	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	BFR	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
2-Wire DID Port, per month	UEPP2	NA
NRC - 1st	UEPP2	NA
NRC - Add'l	UEPP2	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	UEPP2	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	UEPP2	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
4-Wire DS1 Port w/DID capability, per month	UEPDD	NA
NRC - 1st	UEPDD	NA
NRC - Add'l	UEPDD	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	UEPDD	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	UEPDD	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
2-Wire ISDN Port(2) (3), per month	U1PMA	\$12.33
NRC - 1st	U1PMA	\$90.48
NRC - Add'l	U1PMA	\$84.53

**BELLSOUTH/BLUESTAR RATES
NETWORK ELEMENTS
AND OTHER SERVICES**

DESCRIPTION	USOC	KY
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	U1PMA	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	U1PMA	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - User Profile per B Channel (4)	U1UMA	\$5.61
2-Wire ISDN Port(2) (3) including all available features, per month	U1PMA	NA
NRC - 1st	U1PMA	NA
NRC - Add'l	U1PMA	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
2-Wire ISDN Port(2) (3) including three available features, per month	U1PMA	NA
NRC - 1st	U1PMA	NA
NRC - Add'l	U1PMA	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
4-Wire ISDN DS1 Port, per month	UEPEX	NA
NRC - 1st	UEPEX	NA
NRC - Add'l	UEPEX	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	UEPEX	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	UEPEX	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
4-Wire ISDN DS1 Port including all available features, per month	UEPEX	\$275.48
NRC - 1st	UEPEX	\$181.27
NRC - Add'l	UEPEX	\$116.42
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
2-Wire Analog Line Port (PBX), per month	UEPPC	NA
NRC - 1st	UEPPC	\$36.47
NRC - Add'l	UEPPC	\$36.47
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	UEPPC	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	UEPPC	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
2-Wire Analog Line Port (PBX) including all available features, per month	UEPPC	NA
NRC - 1st	UEPPC	NA
NRC - Add'l	UEPPC	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
2-Wire Analog Line Port (PBX) including three available features, per month	UEPPC	NA
NRC - 1st	UEPPC	NA
NRC - Add'l	UEPPC	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
2-Wire Analog Hunting, per line per month	HTGUX	\$0.29
NRC - 1st	HTGUX	\$2.14
NRC - Add'l	HTGUX	\$2.14
Coin Port, per month		\$3.04
NRC - 1st		\$40.71
NRC - Add'l		\$40.71
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st		NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l		NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
VERTICAL FEATURES		
Local Switching Features offered with Port, Per month (5)	N/A	No add'l charge
Three-Way Calling, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Customer Changeable Speed Calling, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Call Waiting		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Remote Activation of Call Forwarding, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Cancel Call Waiting, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Automatic Callback, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Automatic Recall, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA

BELLSOUTH/BLUESTAR RATES
NETWORK ELEMENTS
AND OTHER SERVICES

DESCRIPTION	USOC	KY
Calling Number Delivery, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Calling Number Delivery Blocking, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Customer Originated Trace, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Selective Call Rejection, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Selective Call Forwarding, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Selective Call Acceptance, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Multiline Hunt Service (Rotary)		
Service per line, (in addition to port) , per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Call Forwarding Variable, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Call Forwarding Busy Line, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Call Forwarding Don't Answer All Calls, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Remote Call Forwarding, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Call Transfer, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Call Hold, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Toll Restricted Service, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Message Waiting Indicator – Stutter Dial Tone, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Anonymous Call Rejection, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Shared Call Appearances of a DN, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Multiple Call Appearances, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
ISDN Bridged Call Exclusion, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Call by Call Access, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Privacy Release, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Multi Appearance Directory Number Calls, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Make Set Busy, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Teen Service (Res. Dist. Alerting Service), per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Code Restriction and Diversion, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Call Park, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Automatic Line, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
ISDN Message Waiting Indication-Lamp, per month		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA

**BELLSOUTH/BLUESTAR RATES
NETWORK ELEMENTS
AND OTHER SERVICES**

DESCRIPTION	USOC	KY
ISDN Feature Function Buttons		NA
NRC		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
Subsequent Ordering Charge – (per order, per line)		NA
NRC - Electronic - 1st		NA
NRC - Electronic - Add'l		NA
NRC - Manual - 1st		NA
NRC - Manual - Add'l		NA
NRC - Disconnect		NA
End Office Switching (Port Usage)		
End Office Switching Function, per mou	N/A	\$0.002562
End Office Switching Function, add'l mou (6)	N/A	NA
End Office Interoffice Trunk Port—Shared, per mou	N/A	NA
Tandem Switching (Port Usage) (Local or Access Tandem)		
Tandem Switching Function per mou	N/A	\$0.001096
Tandem Interoffice Trunk Port - Shared per mou	N/A	NA
INTEROFFICE TRANSPORT		
Common (Shared) Transport		
Common (Shared) Transport per mile per mou	N/A	\$0.000049
Common (Shared) Transport Facilities Termination per mou	N/A	\$0.000426
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - VG		
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - 2-Wire VG - per mile	1L5XX	\$0.03
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - 2-Wire VG - facilities termination per month	1L5XX	\$27.66
NRC - 1st	1L5XX	\$142.31
NRC - Add'l	1L5XX	\$56.21
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAC	\$37.21
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAC	\$37.21
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS0 - 56/64 KBPS		
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS0 - per mile per month	1L5XX	\$0.03
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS0 - facilities termination per month	1L5XX	\$26.95
NRC - 1st	1L5XX	\$142.31
NRC - Add'l	1L5XX	\$56.21
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAC	\$37.21
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAC	\$37.21
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS1		
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS1 - per mile per month	1L5XX	\$0.45
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS1 - facilities termination per month	U1TF1	\$55.05
NRC - 1st	U1TF1	\$298.18
NRC - Add'l	U1TF1	\$231.23
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAC	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAC	NA
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS3		
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS3 - per mile per month	1L5XX	\$12.06
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS3 - facilities termination per month	U1TF3	\$1,112.02
NRC - 1st	U1TF3	\$858.75
NRC - Add'l	U1TF3	\$524.95
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAC	\$94.57
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAC	\$94.57
Local Channel - Dedicated		
Local Channel - Dedicated - 2-Wire VG		
Monthly Recurring	N/A	\$22.26
NRC - 1st	N/A	\$597.14
NRC - Add'l	N/A	\$110.52
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAC	\$41.46
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAC	NA
Local Channel - Dedicated - 4-Wire VG		
Monthly Recurring	N/A	\$23.38
NRC - 1st	N/A	\$585.15
NRC - Add'l	N/A	\$98.53
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAC	\$98.53
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAC	\$11.99
Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1		
Monthly Recurring	TMECS	\$43.80
NRC - 1st	TMECS	\$538.95
NRC - Add'l	TMECS	\$464.94
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAC	\$87.71
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAC	NA
Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3		
Monthly Recurring	TMECS	NA
NRC - 1st	TMECS	NA
NRC - Add'l	TMECS	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAC	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAC	NA
DARK FIBER		
Per four fiber strands, per route mile or fraction thereof, per month	UBNAX	\$64.64
NRC - Per each four-fiber dry fiber arrangement - 1st	UBNAX	\$2,304.00
NRC - Per each four-fiber dry fiber arrangement - Add'l	UBNAX	\$740.93
SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening Service (7)		
8XX Access Ten Digit Screening (all types), per call (8)	N/A	NA
8XX Access Ten Digit Screening Svc. W/8XX No. Delivery		
per query	N/A	\$0.0010
for 8XX Numbers, with Optional Complex Features, per query	N/A	\$0.0011
8XX Access Ten Digit Screening Svc. W/POTS No. Delivery		

**BELLSOUTH/BLUESTAR RATES
NETWORK ELEMENTS
AND OTHER SERVICES**

DESCRIPTION	USOC	KY
per query	N/A	\$0.0010
with Optional Complex Features, per query	N/A	\$0.0011
8XX Access Ten Digit Screening Svc. W/800 No. Delivery		
per message	N/A	NA
for 8XX Numbers, w/Optional Complex Features, per message	N/A	NA
8XX Access Ten Digit Screening Svc. W/POTS No. Delivery		
per message	N/A	NA
with Optional Complex Features, per message	N/A	NA
Reservation Charge per 8XX number reserved		
NRC - 1st	N8R1X	\$10.05
NRC - Add'l	N8R1X	\$1.19
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
Per 8XX # Established w/o POTS (w/8XX No.) Translations		
NRC - 1st	N/A	\$30.59
NRC - Add'l	N/A	\$3.22
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	N/A	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	N/A	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect	SOMAN	NA
Per 8XX # Established with POTS Translations		
NRC - 1st	N8FTX	\$30.59
NRC - Add'l	N8FTX	\$3.22
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	N8FTX	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	N8FTX	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect	SOMAN	NA
Customized Area of Service per 8XX Number		
NRC - 1st	N8FCX	\$6.97
NRC - Add'l	N8FCX	\$3.49
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
Multiple Inter LATA Carrier Routing per Carrier Requested per 8XX #		
NRC - 1st	N8FMX	\$8.16
NRC - Add'l	N8FMX	\$4.67
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
Change Charge per request		
NRC - 1st	N8FAX	\$11.24
NRC - Add'l	N8FAX	\$1.19
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
Call Handling and Destination Features		
NRC - 1st	N8FDX	\$6.97
NRC - Add'l	N8FDX	\$6.97
LINE INFORMATION DATABASE ACCESS (LIDB)		
LIDB Common Transport per query	OQT	\$0.00006
LIDB Validation per query	OQU	\$0.00938
LIDB Originating Point Code Establishment or Change - NRC	N/A	\$107.60
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
CCS7 SIGNALING TRANSPORT SERVICE		
CCS7 Signaling Connection, per link (A link) per month		\$16.31
NRC		\$354.95
NRC - Disconnect		NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect	SOMAN	NA
CCS7 Signaling Connection, per link (B link) (also known as D link) per month		\$16.31
NRC		\$354.95
NRC - Disconnect		NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect	SOMAN	NA
CCS7 Signaling Termination, per STP port per month		\$174.08
CCS7 Signaling Usage, per ISUP message		\$0.000037893
(applicable when measurement and billing capability exists.)		
CCS7 Signaling Usage, per TCAP message		\$0.000102042
(applicable when measurement and billing capability exists.)		
CCS7 Signaling Usage Surrogate, per link per LATA per mo (9)		\$329.98
CCS7 Signaling Point Code, Establishment or Change, per STP affected		
NRC		\$62.00
OPERATOR CALL PROCESSING		
Operator Provided Call Handling per min - Using BST LIDB		\$1.6016
Call Completion Access Termination Charge per call attempt	N/A	NA
Operator Provided Call Handling per min - Using Foreign LIDB		\$1.6249
Call Completion Access Termination Charge per call attempt	N/A	NA
Operator Provided Call Handling, per call		NA
Fully Automated Call Handling per call - Using BST LIDB	N/A	\$0.0856
Fully Automated Call Handling per call - Using Foreign LIDB	N/A	\$0.1071
Professional recording of name (OCP alone)	USOD1	\$4,500.00
Professional recording of name (DA and OCP alone)	USOD1	\$4,500.00

BELLSOUTH/BLUESTAR RATES
NETWORK ELEMENTS
AND OTHER SERVICES

DESCRIPTION	USOC	KY
DRAM or front-end loading, per TOPS switch	USOD2	\$250.00
AABS or back-end loading, per IVS	USOD2	\$225.00
EBAS or 0- automation loading, per NAV shelf	USOD2	\$270.00
Recording Charge per Branded Announcement – Disconnect – Initial	N/A	NA
Recording Charge per Branded Announcement – Disconnect – Subsequent	N/A	NA
INWARD OPERATOR SERVICES		
Verification, per minute	N/A	NA
Verification and Emergency Interrupt, per minute	N/A	NA
Verification, per call	VIL	\$1.00
Verification and Emergency Interrupt, per call	N/A	\$1.111
DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE SERVICES		
Directory Assist Call Completion Access Svc (DACC), per call attempt	N/A	\$0.058
Call Completion Access Term charge per completed call	N/A	NA
Number Services Intercept per query	N/A	\$0.0086
Number Services Intercept per Intercept Query Update	N/A	\$0.0055
Directory Assistance Access Service Calls, per call		\$0.3136
Professional recording of name (DA alone)		\$2,500.00
Professional recording of name (DA and OCP alone)		\$4,500.00
DRAM or front-end loading, per TOPS switch		\$250.00
AABS or back-end loading, per IVS		\$225.00
EBAS or 0- automation loading, per NAV shelf		\$270.00
Recording Charge per Branded Announcement – Disconnect – Initial	N/A	NA
Recording Charge per Branded Announcement – Disconnect – Subsequent	N/A	NA
Directory Transport		
Directory Transport - Local Channel DS1, per month	N/A	\$36.32
NRC - 1st	N/A	\$637.46
NRC - Add'l	N/A	\$546.94
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	N/A	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	N/A	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge-Manual Svc Order - NRC	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge-Manual Svc Order - NRC-Disconnect	SOMAN	NA
Directory Transport - Dedicated DS1 Level Interoffice per mile per mo	N/A	\$0.45
Directory Transport - Dedicated DS1 Level Interoffice per facility termination per mo	N/A	\$55.05
NRC - 1st	N/A	\$298.18
NRC - Add'l	N/A	\$231.18
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	N/A	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	N/A	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
Switched Common Transport per DA Access Service per call	N/A	\$0.000175
Switched Common Transport per DA Access Service per call per mile	N/A	\$0.000004
Access Tandem Switching per DA Access Service per call	N/A	\$0.000783
DA Interconnection, per DA Access Service Call	N/A	NA
Directory Transport-Installation NRC, per trunk or signaling connection	N/A	
NRC - 1st	N/A	\$501.98
NRC - Add'l	N/A	\$13.32
NRC - Disconnect Charge - 1st	N/A	NA
NRC - Disconnect Charge - Add'l	N/A	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN	NA
Directory Assistance Database Service (DADS)		
Directory Assistance Database Service charge per listing	N/A	\$0.0193
Directory Assistance Database Service, per month	DBSOF	\$120.76
Direct Access to Directory Assistance Service (DADAS)		
Direct Access to Directory Assistance Service, per month	DBSDS	\$7,235.01
Direct Access to Directory Assistance Service, per query	DBSDA	\$0.0052
Direct Access to Directory Assistance Service, svc estab charge	DBSDE	
NRC	DBSDE	\$1,186.94
NRC - Disconnect	DBSDE	NA
NRC - Incremental Charge Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN	NA
AIN (10)		
AIN, per message	CAM	NA
AIN - BellSouth AIN SMS Access Service	CAM	
Service Establishment Charge, per state, initial set-up		
NRC	CAMSE	NA
NRC - Disconnect	CAMSE	NA
Port Connection - Dial/Shared Access		
NRC	CAMDP	NA
NRC - Disconnect	CAMDP	NA
Port Connection - ISDN Access		
NRC	CAM1P	NA
NRC - Disconnect	CAM1P	NA
User ID Codes - per User ID Code		
NRC	CAMAU	NA
NRC - Disconnect	CAMAU	NA
Security Card per User ID Code, initial or replacement		
NRC	CAMRC	NA
NRC - Disconnect	CAMRC	NA
Storage, per unit (100Kb)	N/A	NA
Session per minute	N/A	NA
C0. Performed Session, per minute	N/A	NA
AIN - BellSouth AIN Toolkit Service		
AIN, Service Creation Tools	CAMBP	NA

**BELLSOUTH/BLUESTAR RATES
NETWORK ELEMENTS
AND OTHER SERVICES**

DESCRIPTION	USOC	KY
Service Establishment Charge, per state, initial set-up		
NRC	BAPSC	NA
NRC - Disconnect	BAPSC	NA
Training Session, per customer		
NRC	BAPVX	NA
NRC - Disconnect	BAPVX	NA
Trigger Access Charge, per trigger, per DN, Term. Attempt		
NRC	BAPTT	NA
NRC - Disconnect	BAPTT	NA
Trigger Access Charge, per trigger per DN, Off-Hook Delay		
NRC	BAPTD	NA
NRC - Disconnect	BAPTD	NA
Trigger Access Charge, per trigger, per DN, Off-Hook Immediate		
NRC	BAPTM	NA
NRC - Disconnect	BAPTM	NA
Trigger Access Charge, per trigger, per DN, 10-Digit PODP		
NRC	BAPTO	NA
NRC - Disconnect	BAPTO	NA
Trigger Access Charge, per trigger, per DN, CDP		
NRC	BAPTC	NA
NRC - Disconnect	BAPTC	NA
Trigger Access Charge, per trigger, per DN, Feature Code		
NRC	BAPTF	NA
NRC - Disconnect	BAPTF	NA
Query Charge, per query	N/A	NA
Type 1 Node Charge, per AIN Toolkit Subscription, per node, per query	N/A	NA
SCP Storage Charge, per SMS Access Acct, per 100 Kb	N/A	NA
Monthly Report - per AIN Toolkit Service Subscription	BAPMS	NA
NRC	BAPMS	NA
NRC - Disconnect	BAPMS	NA
Special Study - per AIN Toolkit Service Subscription	BAPLS	NA
NRC	BAPLS	NA
NRC - Disconnect	BAPLS	NA
Call Event Report - per AIN Toolkit Service Subscription	BAPDS	NA
NRC	BAPDS	NA
NRC - Disconnect	BAPDS	NA
Call Event special Study - per AIN Toolkit Service Subscription	BAPES	NA
NRC	BAPES	NA
NRC - Disconnect	BAPES	NA

CALLING NAME (CNAM) QUERY SERVICE		
CNAM (Database Owner), Per Query	N/A	\$0.016
CNAM (Non-Database Owner), Per Query *	N/A	\$0.01
NRC, applicable when CLEC-1 uses the Character Based User Interface (CHUI) method to transmit the names to the BellSouth CNAM database	N/A	\$595.00
* Volume and term arrangements are also available.		
SELECTIVE ROUTING (11)		
Per Line or PBX Trunk, each		\$10.00 (Interim Rate)
NRC		NA
Customized routing per unique line class code, per request, per switch		
NRC	USRCR	\$229.65
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order		NA
VIRTUAL COLLOCATION		
2-wire Cross-Connect		
RC	UEAC2	\$0.31
NRC - 1st	UEAC2	\$54.21
NRC - Add'l	UEAC2	\$51.07
NRC - Disconnect - 1st	UEAC2	NA
NRC - Disconnect - Add'l	UEAC2	NA
4-wire Cross-Connect		
RC	UEAC4	\$0.62
NRC - 1st	UEAC4	\$54.23
NRC - Add'l	UEAC4	\$50.96
NRC - Disconnect - 1st	UEAC4	NA
NRC - Disconnect - Add'l	UEAC4	NA
2-fiber Cross-Connect		
RC	CNC2F	\$15.64
NRC - 1st	CNC2F	\$41.56
NRC - Add'l	CNC2F	\$29.82
NRC - Disconnect - 1st	CNC2F	NA
NRC - Disconnect - Add'l	CNC2F	NA
4-fiber Cross-Connect		
RC	CNC4F	\$28.11
NRC - 1st	CNC4F	\$50.53
NRC - Add'l	CNC4F	\$38.78
NRC - Disconnect - 1st	CNC4F	NA
NRC - Disconnect - Add'l	CNC4F	NA

NOTES:

If no rate is identified in the contract, the rate for the specific service or function will be as set forth in applicable BellSouth tariff or as negotiated by the

1 In states where a specific NRC for customer transfer, feature additions and changes is not stated, the applicable NRC from the appropriate tariff applies.

**BELLSOUTH/BLUESTAR RATES
 NETWORK ELEMENTS
 AND OTHER SERVICES**

DESCRIPTION	USOC	KY
2 Transmission/usage charges associated with POTS circuit switched usage will also apply to circuit switched voice and/or circuit switched data transmission by B-Channels associated with 2-wire ISDN ports.		
3 Access to B Channel or D Channel Packet capabilities will be available only through BFR/New Business Request Process. Rates for the packet capabilities will be determined via the Bona Fide Request/New Business Request Process.		
4 This rate element is for those states which have a specific rate for User Profile per B Channel.		
5 When CLEC buys the switch at the network element rate it will receive vertical services at no additional charge, but when it buys combinations of elements to produce a BellSouth retail service, and thus comes under the resale pricing provisions, it must also pay the wholesale rate for vertical services, if those services are in the retail tariff on the effective date of the agreement. Vertical services which are not in the retail tariff but which can be provided by the switch will be available at no additional charges. (NC)		
6 This rate element is for use in those states with a different rate for additional minutes of use.		
7 BellSouth and CLEC shall negotiate rates for this offering. If agreement is not reached within sixty (60) days of the Effective Date, either party may petition the Florida PSC to settle the disputed charge or charges. (FL)		
8 This rate element is for those states w/o separate rates for 800 calls with 800 No. Delivery vs. POTS No. Delivery and calls with Optional Complex Features vs. w/o Optional Complex Features.		
9 This charge is only applicable where signaling usage measurement or billing capability does not exist.		
10 Prices for AIN to be determined upon development of mediation device. (TN)		
11 Price for Line Class Codes for Selective Routing shall be determined by the TRA. (TN)		

Attachment 3
Network Interconnection

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Network Interconnection: Call Transport and Termination

The Parties shall provide interconnection with each other's networks for the transmission and routing of telephone exchange service (local) and exchange access (intraLATA toll and switched access) on the following terms:

1. Network Interconnection

All negotiated rates, terms and conditions set forth in this Attachment pertain to the provision of network interconnection.

- 1.1 Interconnection is available to both Parties through: (1) delivery of a Party's facilities to a collocation arrangement or Fiber Meet arrangement as defined in this Agreement; or (2) interconnection via purchase of facilities from the other Party. Interconnection may be provided by the Parties at any other technically feasible point. Requests to BellSouth for interconnection at other points may be made through the Bona Fide Request/New Business Request process set out in General Terms and Conditions.
- 1.2 BlueStar must establish, at a minimum, a single Point of Presence, Interface, and Interconnection with BellSouth within the LATA for the delivery of BlueStar's originated local, intraLATA toll and transit traffic. If BlueStar chooses to interconnect at a single Point of Interconnection within a LATA, the interconnection must be at a BellSouth Access Tandem. Furthermore, BlueStar must establish Points of Interconnection at all BellSouth access and local tandems where BlueStar NXXs are "homed." A "Homing" arrangement is defined by a "Final" Trunk Group between the BellSouth Tandem and BlueStar End Office switch. A "Final" Trunk Group is the last choice telecommunications path between the Tandem and End Office switch. It is BlueStar's responsibility to enter its own NPA/NXX access and/or local tandem "homing" arrangements into the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).
- 1.2.1 In order for BlueStar to home its NPA/NXX(s) on a BellSouth Tandem, BlueStar's NPA/NXX(s) must be assigned to an Exchange Rate Center Area served by that BellSouth Tandem and as specified by BellSouth. The specified association between BellSouth Tandems and Exchange Rate Center Areas is defined in the *BellSouth Call Transport & Termination Service For Facility Based CLECs section of the Facility Based CLEC Activation Requirements Customer Guide* as it is revised from time to time.
- 1.3 A **Point of Presence (POP)** is the physical location (a structure where the environmental, power, air conditioning, etc. specifications for a Party's terminating equipment can be met) at which a Party establishes itself for obtaining

access to the other Party's network. The POP is the physical location within which the Point of Interfaces occur.

- 1.4 A **Point of Interface** is the physical telecommunications interface between BellSouth and BlueStar's interconnection functions. It establishes the technical interface and point of operational responsibility. The primary function of the Point of Interface is to serve as the terminus for the interconnection service. The Point of Interface has the following main characteristics:
1. It is a cross-connect point to allow connection, disconnection, transfer or restoration of service.
 2. It is a point where BellSouth and BlueStar can verify and maintain specific performance objectives.
 3. It is specified according to the interface offered in the tariff or local interconnection agreement (for example: for DS1 service the FCC # 1 tariff specifies that the interface meets the technical specifications detailed in Generic Requirements GR-342-CORE, Issue 1, December 1995.)
 4. The Parties provide their own equipment (CPE) to interface with the DS0, DS1, DS3, STS1 and/or OCn circuits on the customer premises.
- 1.5 The **Point of Interconnection** is the point at which the originating Party delivers its originated traffic to the terminating Party's first point of switching on the terminating Party's common (shared) network for call transport and termination. Points of Interconnection are available at either Access Tandems, Local Tandems, or End Offices as described in this Agreement. BlueStar's requested Point of Interconnection will also be used for the receipt and delivery of transit traffic at BellSouth Access and Local Tandems. Points of Interconnection established at the BellSouth Local Tandem apply only to BlueStar-originated local and local originating and terminating transit traffic.
- 1.6 BlueStar, at its option, shall establish Points of Presence and Points of Interface for the delivery of its originated local and intraLATA toll traffic to BellSouth. The Point of Interface may not necessarily be established at the Point of Interconnection.
- 1.7 BellSouth, at its option, shall designate the Points of Presence and Points of Interface for the delivery of its originated local and intraLATA toll traffic to BlueStar for call transport and termination by BlueStar. The Point of Interface may not necessarily be established at the Point of Interconnection. BellSouth may designate a Point of Interface in each BellSouth flat rated local calling area.
- 1.8 Interconnection via Purchase of Facilities
- 1.8.1 The originating Party may purchase Local Channel facilities from the terminating Party from the originating Party's specified Point of Interface to its serving wire

center. The Parties agree that charges for such Local Channel facilities are as set forth in Exhibit A to this Attachment. If a nonrecurring or recurring rate is not identified in Exhibit A for a Local Channel, the rate shall be as set forth in the appropriate BellSouth intrastate or interstate tariff for switched access services.

- 1.8.2 Additionally, either Party may purchase Dedicated Transport facilities from its designated serving wire center to the other Party's first point of switching. The Parties agree that charges for such Dedicated Transport facilities are as set forth in Exhibit A to this Attachment. If a nonrecurring or recurring rate is not identified in Exhibit A for Dedicated Transport, the rate shall be as set forth in the appropriate BellSouth intrastate or interstate tariff for switched access services.
- 1.8.3 For the purposes of this Attachment, Local Channel is defined as a switch transport facility between a Party's Point of Presence and its designated serving wire center.
- 1.8.4 For the purposes of this Attachment, Serving Wire Center is defined as the wire center owned by one Party from which the other Party would normally obtain dial tone for its Point of Presence.
- 1.8.5 For the purposes of this Attachment, Dedicated Transport is defined as a switch transport facility between a Party's designated serving wire center and the first point of switching on the other Party's common (shared) network.
- 1.9 BellSouth **Multiple Tandem Access (MTA)** provides for LATA wide BellSouth transport and termination of BlueStar-originated intraLATA toll and local traffic, that is transported by BellSouth, by establishing a Point of Interconnection at a BellSouth access tandem with routing through multiple BellSouth access tandems as required. However, BlueStar must still establish Points of Interconnection at all BellSouth access tandems where BlueStar NXXs are "homed". If BlueStar does not have NXXs homed at a BellSouth access tandem within a LATA and elects not to establish Points of Interconnection at such BellSouth access tandem, BlueStar can order MTA in each BellSouth access tandem within the LATA where it does have a Point of Interconnection and BellSouth will terminate traffic to end-users served through those BellSouth access tandems where BlueStar does not have a Point of Interconnection. MTA shall be provisioned in accordance with BellSouth's Ordering Guidelines.
- 1.9.1 MTA does not include switched access traffic that transits the BellSouth network to an Interexchange Carrier (IXC). Switched Access traffic will be delivered to and by IXCs based on BlueStar's NXX Access Tandem homing arrangement as specified by BlueStar in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).
- 1.9.2 For BlueStar-originated local and intraLATA toll traffic that BellSouth transports but is destined for termination by a third Party network (transit traffic), BellSouth

MTA is required if multiple BellSouth access tandems are necessary to deliver the call to the third Party network.

- 1.9.3 The Parties agree that compensation for the BellSouth transport and/or termination of BlueStar's local and intraLATA toll traffic will be billed on a statewide basis at the applicable rates specified in Exhibit A to this Attachment for local traffic and at the BellSouth intrastate switched access tariff rates for intraLATA toll traffic.
- 1.9.4 To the extent BlueStar does not purchase MTA in a calling area that has multiple access tandems serving the calling area as defined by BellSouth, BlueStar must establish Points of Interconnection to every access tandem in the calling area in order to serve the entire calling area. To the extent BlueStar does not purchase MTA and provides intraLATA toll service to its customers, it may be necessary for it to establish a Point of Interconnection to additional BellSouth access tandems that serve end offices outside the local calling area. To the extent BlueStar routes its traffic in such a way that utilizes BellSouth's MTA service without properly ordering MTA service, BlueStar agrees to pay BellSouth the associated transport and termination charges.
- 1.10 Local Tandem Interconnection.
- 1.10.1 This interconnection arrangement allows BlueStar to establish a Point of Interconnection at BellSouth local tandems for: (1) the delivery of BlueStar-originated local traffic transported and terminated by BellSouth to BellSouth end offices within the local calling area as defined in BellSouth's GSST, section A3 served by those BellSouth local tandems, and (2) for local transit traffic transported by BellSouth for third party network providers who have also established Points of Interconnection at those BellSouth local tandems.
- 1.10.2 When a specified local calling area is served by more than one BellSouth local tandem, BlueStar must designate a "home" local tandem for each of its assigned NPA/NXXs and establish trunk connections to such local tandems. Additionally, BlueStar may choose to establish a Point of Interconnection at the BellSouth local tandems where it has no codes homing but is not required to do so. BlueStar may deliver local traffic to a "home" BellSouth local tandem that is destined for other BellSouth or third party network provider end offices subtending other BellSouth local tandems in the same local calling area where BlueStar does not choose to establish a Point of Interconnection. It is BlueStar's responsibility to enter its own NPA/NXX local tandem homing arrangements into the Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) either directly or via a vendor in order for other third party network providers to determine appropriate traffic routing to BlueStar's codes. Likewise, BlueStar shall obtain its routing information from the LERG.
- 1.10.3 Notwithstanding establishing Points of Interconnection to BellSouth's local tandems, BlueStar must also establish Points of Interconnection to BellSouth

access tandems within the LATA on which BlueStar has NPA/NXX's homed for the delivery of Interexchange Carrier Switched Access (SWA) and toll traffic, and traffic to Type 2A CMRS connections located at the access tandems. BellSouth cannot switch SWA traffic through more than one BellSouth access tandem. SWA, Type 2A CMRS or toll traffic routed to the local tandem in error will not be backhauled to the BellSouth access tandem for completion. (Type 2A CMRS interconnection is defined in BellSouth's A35 General Subscriber Services Tariff.)

- 1.10.4 BellSouth's provisioning of local tandem interconnection assumes that BlueStar has executed the necessary local interconnection agreements with the other third party network providers subtending those local tandems as required by the Act.
- 1.11 Fiber Meet
- 1.11.1 "Fiber-Meet" is an interconnection arrangement whereby the Parties physically interconnect their networks via an optical fiber interface (as opposed to an electrical interface) at which one Party's facilities, provisioning, and maintenance responsibility begins and the other Party's responsibility ends (i.e. Point Of Interface).
- 1.11.2 If BlueStar elects to interconnect with BellSouth pursuant to a Fiber Meet, BlueStar and BellSouth shall jointly engineer and operate a Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their transmission and routing of local traffic via a Local Channel facility at either the DS0, DS1, or DS3 level. The Parties shall work jointly to determine the specific transmission system. However, BlueStar's SONET transmission must be compatible with BellSouth's equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center. The same vendor's equipment and software version must be used, and the Data Communications Channel (DCC) must be turned off.
- 1.11.3 BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BellSouth Interconnection Wire Center ("BIWC").
- 1.11.4 BlueStar shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon SONET equipment in the BlueStar Interconnection Wire Center ("BlueStar Wire Center").
- 1.11.5 BellSouth shall designate a Point of Interface outside the BIWC as a Fiber Meet point, and shall make all necessary preparations to receive, and to allow and enable BlueStar to deliver, fiber optic facilities into the Point of Interface with sufficient spare length to reach the fusion splice point at the Point of Interface. BellSouth shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install, and maintain the fusion splicing point in the Point of Interface. A Common Language Location Identification ("CLLI") code will be established for each Point of Interface. The

code established must be a building type code. All orders shall originate from the Point of Interface (i.e., Point of Interface to BlueStar, Point of Interface to BellSouth).

- 1.11.6 BlueStar shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense. Upon verbal request by BlueStar, BellSouth shall allow BlueStar access to the Fiber Meet entry point for maintenance purposes as promptly as possible.
- 1.11.7 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of their own SONET transmission system.
- 1.11.8 Each Party will be responsible for (i) providing its own transport facilities to the Fiber Meet, and (ii) the cost to build-out its facilities to such Fiber Meet.
- 1.11.9 Neither Party shall charge the other for its portion of the Fiber Meet facility used exclusively for non-transit local traffic (i.e. the Local Channel). Charges incurred for other services including dedicated transport facilities to the Point of Interconnection if applicable will apply. Charges for Switched and Special Access Services shall be billed in accordance with the applicable Access Service tariff (i.e. the BellSouth Interstate or Intrastate Access Services Tariff).

2. Interconnection Trunking And Routing

- 2.1 BellSouth and BlueStar shall establish interconnecting trunk groups and trunking configurations between networks including the establishment of one-way or two-way trunks in accordance with the *BellSouth Call Transport & Termination Service For Facility Based CLECs section of the Facility Based CLEC Activation Requirements Customer Guide* as it is revised from time to time.
- 2.2 Any BlueStar interconnection request that deviates from the standard trunking configurations as described in the *BellSouth Call Transport & Termination Service For Facility Based CLECs section of the Facility Based CLEC Activation Requirements Customer Guide* that affects traffic delivered to BlueStar from a BellSouth switch that requires special BellSouth switch translations and other network modifications will require BlueStar to submit a Bona Fide Request/New Business Request via the Bona Fide Request/New Business Request Process set forth in General Terms and Conditions.
- 2.3 All terms and conditions, as well as charges, both non-recurring and recurring, associated with interconnecting trunk groups between BellSouth and BlueStar not addressed in Exhibit A shall be as set forth in the appropriate BellSouth intrastate or interstate tariff for switched access services. For two-way trunking that carries the Parties' local and intraLATA toll traffic, excluding transit traffic, the Parties shall be compensated for the nonrecurring and recurring charges for trunks and DS1 facilities at 50% of the applicable contractual or tariff rates for the services

provided by each Party. BlueStar shall be responsible for ordering and paying for any two-way trunks carrying transit traffic.

2.4 The Parties shall utilize direct end office trunking under the following conditions:

(1) Tandem Exhaust - If a tandem through which the Parties are interconnected is unable to, or is forecasted to be unable to support additional traffic loads for any period of time, the Parties will mutually agree on an end office trunking plan that will alleviate the tandem capacity shortage and ensure completion of traffic between BlueStar and BellSouth's subscribers.

(2) Traffic Volume - To the extent either Party has the capability to measure the amount of traffic between a BlueStar switching center and a BellSouth end office, either Party shall install and retain direct end office trunking sufficient to handle actual or reasonably forecasted traffic volumes, whichever is greater, between a BlueStar switching center and a BellSouth end office where the traffic exceeds or is forecasted to exceed a single DS1 of local traffic per month. Either Party will install additional capacity between such points when overflow traffic between BlueStar's switching center and BellSouth's end office exceeds or is forecasted to exceed a single DS1 of local traffic per month. In the case of one way trunking, additional trunking shall only be required by the Party whose trunking has achieved the preceding usage threshold.

2.4.1 Mutual Agreement - The Parties may install direct end office trunking upon mutual agreement in the absence of the conditions (1) or (2) above and agreement will not unreasonably be withheld.

2.5 Switched Access traffic will be delivered to and by IXCs based on BlueStar's NXX Access Tandem homing arrangement as specified by BlueStar in the national Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

2.6 All trunk groups will be provisioned as Signaling System 7 (SS7) capable where technically feasible.

3. Network Design And Management For Interconnection

3.1 Network Management and Changes. Both Parties will work cooperatively with each other to install and maintain the most effective and reliable interconnected telecommunications networks, including but not limited to, the exchange of toll-free maintenance contact numbers and escalation procedures. Both Parties agree to provide public notice of changes in the information necessary for the transmission and routing of services using its local exchange facilities or networks, as well as of any other changes that would affect the interoperability of those facilities and networks.

- 3.2 Interconnection Technical Standards. The interconnection of all networks will be based upon accepted industry/national guidelines for transmission standards and traffic blocking criteria. Interconnecting facilities shall conform, at a minimum, to the telecommunications industry standard of DS-1 pursuant to Bellcore Standard No. TR-NWT-00499. Signal transfer point, Signaling System 7 (“SS7”) connectivity is required at each interconnection point. BellSouth will provide out-of-band signaling using Common Channel Signaling Access Capability where technically and economically feasible, in accordance with the technical specifications set forth in the BellSouth Guidelines to Technical Publication, TR-TSV-000905. Facilities of each Party shall provide the necessary on-hook, off-hook answer and disconnect supervision and shall hand off calling number ID (Calling Party Number) when technically feasible.
- 3.3 Quality of Interconnection. The local interconnection for the transmission and routing of telephone exchange service and exchange access that each Party provides to each other will be at least equal in quality to what it provides to itself and any subsidiary or affiliate, where technically feasible, or to any other Party to which each Party provides local interconnection.
- 3.4 Network Management Controls. Both Parties will work cooperatively with each other to apply sound network management principles by invoking appropriate network management controls (e.g., call gapping) to alleviate or prevent network congestion.
- 3.5 Common Channel Signaling. Both Parties will provide LEC-to-LEC Common Channel Signaling (“CCS”) to each other, where available, in conjunction with all traffic in order to enable full interoperability of CLASS features and functions except for call return. All CCS signaling parameters will be provided, including automatic number identification (“ANI”), originating line information (“OLI”) calling company category, charge number, etc. All privacy indicators will be honored, and each Party will cooperate with each other on the exchange of Transactional Capabilities Application Part (“TCAP”) messages to facilitate full interoperability of CCS-based features between the respective networks.
- 3.6 Forecasting Requirements. The Parties shall exchange technical descriptions and forecasts of their interconnection and traffic requirements in sufficient detail necessary to establish the interconnections required to assure traffic completion to and from all customers in their respective designated service areas. In order for BellSouth to provide as accurate reciprocal trunking forecasts as possible to BlueStar, BlueStar must timely inform BellSouth of any known or anticipated events that may affect BellSouth reciprocal trunking requirements. If BlueStar refuses to provide such information, BellSouth shall provide reciprocal trunking forecasts based only on existing trunk group growth and BellSouth’s annual estimated percentage of BellSouth subscriber line growth.

- 3.6.1 The Parties shall exchange technical descriptions and forecasts of their interconnection and traffic requirements in sufficient detail necessary to establish the interconnections required to assure traffic completion to and from all customers in their respective designated service areas. In order for BellSouth to provide as accurate reciprocal trunking forecasts as possible to BlueStar, BlueStar must timely inform BellSouth of any known or anticipated events that may affect BellSouth reciprocal trunking requirements. If BlueStar refuses to provide such information, BellSouth shall provide reciprocal trunking forecasts based only on existing trunk group growth and BellSouth's annual estimated percentage of BellSouth subscriber line growth.
- 3.6.2 Both Parties shall meet every six months or at otherwise mutually agreeable intervals for the purpose of exchanging non-binding forecast of its traffic and volume requirements for the interconnection and network elements provided under this Agreement, in the form and in such detail as agreed by the Parties. The Parties agree that each forecast provided under this Section shall be deemed "Confidential Information" in the General Terms and Conditions – Part A of this Agreement.
- 3.6.3 The trunk forecast should include trunk requirements for all of the interconnecting trunk groups for the current year plus the next two future years. The forecast meeting between the two companies may be a face-to-face meeting, video conference or audio conference. It may be held regionally or geographically. Ideally, these forecast meetings should be held at least semi-annually, or more often if the forecast is no longer usable. Updates to a forecast or portions thereof should be made whenever the Party providing the forecast deems that the latest trunk requirements exceed the original quantities by 24 trunks or 10%, whichever is greater. Either Party should notify the other Party if they have measurements indicating that a trunk group is exceeding its designed call carrying capacity and is impacting other trunk groups in the network. Also, either Party should notify the other Party if they know of situations in which the traffic load is expected to increase significantly and thus affect the interconnecting trunk requirements as well as the trunk requirements within the other Party's network. The Parties agree that the forecast information provided under this Section shall be deemed "Confidential Information" as set forth in the General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement.
- 3.6.4 For a non-binding trunk forecast, agreement between the two Parties on the trunk quantities and the timeframe of those trunks does not imply any liability for failure to perform if the trunks are not available for use at the required time.
- 3.6.5 Signaling Call Information. BellSouth and BlueStar will send and receive 10 digits for local traffic. Additionally, BellSouth and BlueStar will exchange the proper call information, i.e. originated call company number and destination call company number, CIC, and OZZ, including all proper translations for routing between networks and any information necessary for billing.

4. Parity In Ordering And Provisioning

Each Party shall provide interconnection ordering and provisioning services to the other Party that are equal to the ordering and provisioning services the Parties provide themselves. Detailed procedures for ordering and provisioning BellSouth interconnection services are set forth in the *BellSouth Call Transport & Termination Service For Facility Based CLECs section of the Facility Based CLEC Activation Requirements Customer Guide*.

5. Local Dialing Parity

Each Party shall provide local dialing parity, meaning that each Party's customers will not have to dial any greater number of digits than the other Party's customers to complete the same call. In addition, under equivalent interconnection arrangements, BlueStar local service customers will experience at least the same quality as BellSouth local service customers regarding post-dial delay, call completion rate and transmission quality.

6. Interconnection Compensation

6.1 Compensation for Call Transportation and Termination for Local Traffic

6.1.1 Local Traffic is defined as any telephone call that originates in one exchange and terminates in either the same exchange, or other local calling area associated with the originating exchange as defined and specified in Section A3 of BellSouth's General Subscriber Service Tariff. As clarification of this definition and for reciprocal transport and termination compensation, Local Traffic does not include traffic that originates from or terminates to or through an enhanced service provider or information service provider. As further clarification, Local Traffic does not include calls that do not transmit information of the user's choosing. In any event, neither Party will pay reciprocal compensation to the other if the "traffic" to which such reciprocal compensation would otherwise apply was generated, in whole or in part, for the purpose of creating an obligation on the part of the originating carrier to pay reciprocal compensation for such traffic.

6.1.2 The Parties shall provide for the mutual and reciprocal recovery of the costs for the elemental functions performed in transporting and terminating local traffic on each other's network. The Parties agree that charges for transport and termination of calls on its respective networks are as set forth in Exhibit A to this Attachment.

6.1.3 For the purposes of this Attachment, Common (Shared) Transport is defined as the transport of one Party's traffic by the other Party over the other Party's

common (shared) facilities between the other Party's tandem switch and end office switch and/or between the other Party's tandem switches.

- 6.1.4 For the purposes of this Attachment, Tandem Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between two switching offices through a third switching office (the Tandem switch).
- 6.1.5 For the purposes of this Attachment, End Office Switching is defined as the function that establishes a communications path between the trunk side and line side of the End Office switch.
- 6.1.6 If BlueStar utilizes a switch outside the LATA and BellSouth chooses to purchase dedicated or common (shared) transport from BlueStar for transport and termination of BellSouth originated traffic, BellSouth will pay BlueStar no more than the airline miles between the V & H coordinates of the Point of Interface within the LATA where BlueStar receives the BellSouth-originated traffic and the V & H coordinates of the BellSouth Exchange Rate Center Area that the BlueStar terminating NPA/NXX is associated in the same LATA. For these situations, BellSouth will compensate BlueStar at either dedicated or common (shared) transport rates specified in Exhibit A and based upon the functions provided by BlueStar as defined in this Attachment.
- 6.1.7 Neither Party shall represent access services traffic (e.g. Internet Protocol (IP) Telephony, FGA, FGB, etc.) as Local Traffic for purposes of payment of reciprocal compensation.
- 6.2 Unidentifiable traffic. BlueStar shall utilize its NPA/NXXs in such a way and will provide the necessary information so that BellSouth shall be able to distinguish Local from IntraLATA Toll traffic for BellSouth originated traffic. BlueStar end users' assigned NPA/NXX line numbers shall be physically located in the BellSouth rate center with which the NPA/NXX has been associated. Whenever BellSouth delivers traffic to BlueStar for termination on the BlueStar's network, if BellSouth cannot determine, because of the manner in which BlueStar has utilized its NXX codes whether the traffic is local or toll, BellSouth will charge the applicable rates for originating intrastate network access service as reflected in BellSouth's Intrastate Access Service Tariff. BellSouth will make appropriate billing adjustments if BlueStar can provide sufficient information for BellSouth to determine whether said traffic is local or toll.
- 6.3 Percent Local Use. Each Party will report to the other a Percentage Local Usage ("PLU"). The application of the PLU will determine the amount of local minutes to be billed to the other Party. For purposes of developing the PLU, each Party shall consider every local call and every long distance call, excluding intermediary traffic. By the first of January, April, July and October of each year, BellSouth and BlueStar shall provide a positive report updating the PLU. Detailed requirements associated with PLU reporting shall be as set forth in BellSouth's

Standard Percent Local Use Reporting Platform for Interconnection Purchasers, as it is amended from time to time during this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, where the terminating Party has message recording technology that identifies the jurisdiction of traffic terminated as defined in this Agreement, such information, in lieu of the PLU factor, shall at the terminating Party's option be utilized to determine the appropriate local usage compensation to be paid.

- 6.4 Percentage Interstate Usage. For combined interstate and intrastate BlueStar traffic terminated by BellSouth over the same facilities, BlueStar will be required to provide a projected Percentage Interstate Usage ("PIU") to BellSouth. All jurisdictional report requirements, rules and regulations for Interexchange Carriers specified in BellSouth's Intrastate Access Services Tariff will apply to BlueStar. After interstate and intrastate traffic percentages have been determined by use of PIU procedures, the PLU factor will be used for application and billing of local interconnection. Notwithstanding the foregoing, where the terminating Party has message recording technology that identifies the jurisdiction of traffic terminated as defined in this Agreement, such information, in lieu of the PIU and PLU factor, shall at the terminating Party's option be utilized to determine the appropriate local usage compensation to be paid.
- 6.5 Audits. On thirty (30) days written notice, each Party must provide the other the ability and opportunity to conduct an annual audit to ensure the proper billing of traffic. BellSouth and BlueStar shall retain records of call detail for a minimum of nine months from which a PLU and/or PIU can be ascertained. The audit shall be accomplished during normal business hours at an office designated by the Party being audited. Audit requests shall not be submitted more frequently than one (1) time per calendar year. Audits shall be performed by a mutually acceptable independent audatory paid for by the Party requesting the audit. The PLU and/or PIU shall be adjusted based upon the audit results and shall apply to the usage for the quarter the audit was completed, to the usage for the quarter prior to the completion of the audit, and to the usage for the two quarters following the completion of the audit. If, as a result of an audit, either Party is found to have overstated the PLU and/or PIU by twenty percentage points (20%) or more, that Party shall reimburse the auditing Party for the cost of the audit.
- 6.6 Rate True-up
- This section applies only to North Carolina and Tennessee.**
- 6.6.1 The interim prices for Unbundled Network Elements and Other Services and Local Interconnection shall be subject to true-up according to the following procedures:
- 6.6.2 The interim prices shall be trued-up, either up or down, based on final prices determined either by further agreement between the Parties, or by a final order (including any appeals) of the Commission which final order meets the criteria of

(3) below. The Parties shall implement the true-up by comparing the actual volumes and demand for each item, together with interim prices for each item, with the final prices determined for each item. Each Party shall keep its own records upon which the true-up can be based, and any final payment from one Party to the other shall be in an amount agreed upon by the Parties based on such records. In the event of any disagreement as between the records or the Parties regarding the amount of such true-up, the Parties agree that the body having jurisdiction over the matter shall be called upon to resolve such differences, or the Parties may mutually agree to submit the matter to the Dispute Resolution process in accordance with the provisions of Section 12 of the General Terms and Conditions and Attachment 1 of the Agreement.

6.6.3 The Parties may continue to negotiate toward final prices, but in the event that no such agreement is reached within nine (9) months, either Party may petition the Commission to resolve such disputes and to determine final prices for each item. Alternatively, upon mutual agreement, the Parties may submit the matter to the Dispute Resolution Process set forth in the General Terms and Conditions of the Agreement, so long as they file the resulting Agreement with the Commission as a “negotiated agreement” under Section 252(e) of the Act.

6.6.4 A final order of this Commission that forms the basis of a true-up shall be the final order as to prices based on appropriate cost studies, or potentially may be a final order in any other Commission proceeding which meets the following criteria:

- (a) BellSouth and CLEC is entitled to be a full Party to the proceeding;
- (b) It shall apply the provisions of the federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, including but not limited to Section 252(d)(1) (which contains pricing standards) and all then-effective implementing rules and regulations; and,
- (c) It shall include as an issue the geographic deaveraging of unbundled element prices, which deaveraged prices, if any are required by said final order, shall form the basis of any true-up.

6.7 Compensation for IntraLATA Toll Traffic

6.7.1 IntraLATA Toll Traffic. IntraLATA Toll Traffic is defined as any telephone call that is not local or switched access per this Agreement.

6.7.2 Compensation for intraLATA toll traffic. For terminating its intraLATA toll traffic on the other company’s network, the originating Party will pay the terminating Party BellSouth’s current intrastate or interstate, whichever is appropriate, terminating switched access tariff rates as set forth in BellSouth’s Intrastate or Interstate Access Services Tariff. The appropriate charges will be determined by the routing of the call. If BlueStar is the BellSouth end user’s presubscribed interexchange carrier or if the BellSouth end user uses BlueStar as

an interexchange carrier on a 101XXXX basis, BellSouth will charge BlueStar the appropriate BellSouth tariff charges for originating switched access services.

- 6.7.3 Compensation for 8XX Traffic. Each Party shall compensate the other pursuant to the appropriate switched access charges, including the database query charge as set forth in the BellSouth intrastate or interstate switched access tariffs.
- 6.7.4 Records for 8XX Billing. Each Party will provide to the other the appropriate records necessary for billing intraLATA 8XX customers. The records provided will be in a standard EMI format for a fee of \$0.013 per record.
- 6.7.5 8XX Access Screening. BellSouth's provision of 8XX TFD to BlueStar requires interconnection from BlueStar to BellSouth 8XX SCP. Such interconnections shall be established pursuant to BellSouth's Common Channel Signaling Interconnection Guidelines and Bellcore's CCS Network Interface Specification document, TR-TSV-000905. BlueStar shall establish CCS7 interconnection at the BellSouth Local Signal Transfer Points serving the BellSouth 8XX SCPs that BlueStar desires to query. The terms and conditions for 8XX TFD are set out in BellSouth's Intrastate Access Services Tariff as amended.
- 6.8 Mutual Provision of Switched Access Service
- 6.8.1 Switched Access Traffic. Switched Access Traffic is as defined in the BellSouth Access Tariff. Additionally, IP Telephony traffic will be considered switched access traffic.
- 6.8.2 When BellSouth and BlueStar provide an access service connection between an interexchange carrier ("IXC") and each other, each Party will provide its own access services to the IXC on a multi-bill, multi-tariff meet-point basis. Each Party will bill its own access services rates to the IXC with the exception of the interconnection charge. The interconnection charge will be billed by the Party providing the end office function. Each party will use the Multiple Exchange Carrier Access Billing (MECAB) system to establish meet point billing for all applicable traffic. Thirty (30)-day billing periods will be employed for these arrangements. The recording Party agrees to provide to the initial billing Party, at no charge, the switched access detailed usage data within no more than sixty (60) days after the recording date. The initial billing Party will provide the switched access summary usage data to all subsequent billing Parties within 10 days of rendering the initial bill to the IXC. Each Party will notify the other when it is not feasible to meet these requirements so that the customers may be notified for any necessary revenue accrual associated with the significantly delayed recording or billing. As business requirements change data reporting requirements may be modified as necessary.
- 6.8.3 Where either Party has been notified that the other Party has a Billing Guarantee Practice, each Party so notified (the Initial Billing Party or the recording Party)

will be held liable for any access revenues which it has caused to be determined unbillable under the guidelines of such Billing Guarantee Practice of the other Party. Each Party will provide complete documentation to the other to substantiate any claim of unbillable access revenues. A negotiated settlement will be agreed upon between the Parties.

- 6.8.4 Each Party will retain for a minimum period of sixty (60) days, access message detail sufficient to recreate any data which is lost or damaged by their company or any third party involved in processing or transporting data.
- 6.8.5 Each Party agrees to recreate the lost or damaged data within forty-eight (48) hours of notification by the other or by an authorized third party handling the data.
- 6.8.6 Each Party also agrees to process the recreated data within forty-eight (48) hours of receipt at its data processing center.
- 6.8.7 All claims should be filed with the other Party within 120 days of the receipt of the date of the unbillable usage.
- 6.8.8 The Initial Billing Party shall keep records of its billing activities relating to jointly-provided Intrastate and Interstate access services in sufficient detail to permit the Subsequent Billing Party to, by formal or informal review or audit, to verify the accuracy and reasonableness of the jointly-provided access billing data provided by the Initial billing Party. Each Party agrees to cooperate in such formal or informal reviews or audits and further agrees to jointly review the findings of such reviews or audits in order to resolve any differences concerning the findings thereof.
- 6.9 Transit Traffic Service. Each Party shall provide tandem switching and transport services for the other's transit traffic. Transit traffic is traffic originating on one Party's network that is switched and transported by the other Party and delivered to a third party's network. Rates for local transit traffic shall be the applicable call transport and termination charges as set forth in Exhibit A to this Attachment. Rates for intraLATA toll and Switched Access transit traffic shall be the applicable call transport and termination charges as set forth in BellSouth Interstate or Intrastate Switched Access tariffs. Billing associated with all transit traffic shall be pursuant to MECAB procedures. Wireless Type 1 traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective. Wireless Type 2A traffic shall not be treated as transit traffic from a routing or billing perspective until BellSouth and the Wireless carrier have the capability to properly meet-point-bill in accordance with MECAB guidelines.
- 6.9.1 The delivery of traffic which transits the BellSouth network and is transported to another carrier's network is excluded from any BellSouth billing guarantees and will be delivered at the rates stipulated in this Agreement to a terminating carrier. BellSouth agrees to deliver this traffic to the terminating carrier; provided,

however, that BlueStar is solely responsible for negotiating and executing any appropriate contractual agreements with the terminating carrier for the receipt of this traffic through the BellSouth network. BellSouth will not be liable for any compensation to the terminating carrier or to BlueStar. BlueStar agrees to compensate BellSouth for any charges or costs for the delivery of transit traffic to a connecting carrier on behalf of BlueStar. Additionally, the Parties agree that any billing to a third party or other telecommunications carrier under this section shall be pursuant to MECAB procedures.

- 6.10 Interconnection with Enhanced Service Providers (ESPs)/Information Service Providers (ISPs). ESP/ISP traffic shall not be included in the interconnection compensation arrangements of this Agreement.

7. Frame Relay Service

- 7.1 In addition to the Local Interconnection services set forth above, BellSouth will offer a network to network Interconnection arrangement between BellSouth's and BlueStar's frame relay switches as set forth below. The following provisions will apply only to Frame Relay Service and Exchange Access Frame Relay Service in those states in which BlueStar is certified and providing Frame Relay Service as a Local Exchange Carrier and where traffic is being exchanged between BlueStar and BellSouth Frame Relay Switches in the same LATA.
- 7.2 The Parties agree to establish two-way Frame Relay facilities between their respective Frame Relay Switches to the mutually agreed upon Frame Relay Service point(s) of interconnection ("POI(s)") within the LATA. All POIs shall be within the same Frame Relay Network Serving Areas as defined in Section A40 of BellSouth's General Subscriber Service Tariff except as set forth in this Attachment.
- 7.3 Upon the request of either Party, such interconnection will be established where BellSouth and BlueStar have Frame Relay Switches in the same LATA. Where there are multiple Frame Relay switches in one central office, an interconnection with any one of the switches will be considered an interconnection with all of the switches at that central office for purposes of routing packet traffic.
- 7.4 The Parties agree to provision local and IntraLATA Frame Relay Service and Exchange Access Frame Relay Service (both intrastate and interstate) over Frame Relay interconnection facilities between the respective Frame Relay switches and the POIs.
- 7.5 The Parties agree to assess each other reciprocal charges for the facilities that each provides to the other according to the Percent Local Circuit Use Factor (PLCU), determined as follows:

- 7.5.1 If the data packets originate and terminate in locations in the same LATA, and consistent with the local definitions of the Agreement, the traffic is considered local. Frame Relay framed packet data is transported within Virtual Circuits (VC). For the purposes of this Agreement, if all the data packets transported within a VC remain within the LATA, then consistent with the local definitions in this Agreement, the traffic on that VC is local ("Local VC").
- 7.5.2 If the originating and terminating locations of the two way packet data traffic are not in the same LATA, the traffic on that VC is interLATA ("InterLATA VC").
- 7.5.3 The PLCU is determined by dividing the total number of Local VCs, by the total number of VCs on each Frame Relay facility. To facilitate implementation, BlueStar may determine its PLCU in aggregate, by dividing the total number of Local VCs in a given LATA by the total number VCs in that LATA. The Parties agree to renegotiate the method for determining PLCU, at BellSouth's request, and within 90 days, if BellSouth notifies BlueStar that it has found that this method does not adequately represent the PLCU.
- 7.5.4 If there are no VCs on a facility when it is billed, the PLCU will be zero.
- 7.5.5 BellSouth will provide the circuit between the Parties' respective Frame Relay Switches. The Parties will be compensated as follows: BellSouth will invoice, and BlueStar will pay, the total non-recurring and recurring charges for the circuit based upon the rates set forth in BellSouth's Interstate Access Tariff, FCC No. 1. BlueStar will then invoice, and BellSouth will pay, an amount calculated by multiplying the BellSouth billed charges for the circuit by one-half of BlueStar's PLCU.
- 7.6 The Parties agree to compensate each other for Frame Relay network-to-network interface (NNI) ports based upon the NNI rates set forth in BellSouth's Interstate Access Tariff, FCC No. 1. Compensation for each pair of NNI ports will be calculated as follows: BellSouth will invoice, and BlueStar will pay, the total non-recurring and recurring charges for the NNI port. BlueStar will then invoice, and BellSouth will pay, an amount calculated by multiplying the BellSouth billed non-recurring and recurring charges for the NNI port by BlueStar's PLCU.
- 7.7 Each Party agrees that there will be no charges to the other Party for its own subscriber's Permanent Virtual Circuit (PVC) rate elements for the local PVC segment from its Frame Relay switch to its own subscriber's premises. PVC rate elements include the Data Link Connection Identifier (DLCI) and Committed Information Rate (CIR).
- 7.8 For the PVC segment between the BlueStar and BellSouth Frame Relay switches, compensation for the PVC charges is based upon the rates in BellSouth's Interstate Access Tariff, FCC No. 1.

- 7.9 Compensation for PVC rate elements will be calculated as follows:
- 7.9.1 If BlueStar orders a VC connection between a BellSouth subscriber's PVC segment and a PVC segment from the BellSouth Frame Relay switch to the BlueStar Frame Relay switch, BellSouth will invoice, and BlueStar will pay, the total non-recurring and recurring PVC charges for the PVC segment between the BellSouth and BlueStar Frame Relay switches. If the VC is a Local VC, BlueStar will then invoice and BellSouth will pay, the total nonrecurring and recurring PVC charges billed for that segment. If the VC is not local, no compensation will be paid to BlueStar for the PVC segment.
- 7.9.2 If BellSouth orders a Local VC connection between a BlueStar subscriber's PVC segment and a PVC segment from the BlueStar Frame Relay switch to the BellSouth Frame Relay switch, BellSouth will invoice, and BlueStar will pay, the total non-recurring and recurring PVC and CIR charges for the PVC segment between the BellSouth and BlueStar Frame Relay switches. If the VC is a Local VC, BlueStar will then invoice and BellSouth will pay the total non-recurring and recurring PVC and CIR charges billed for that segment. If the VC is not local, no compensation will be paid to BlueStar for the PVC segment.
- 7.9.3 The Parties agree to compensate each other for requests to change a PVC segment or PVC service order record, according to the Feature Change charge as set forth in the BellSouth access tariff BellSouth Tariff FCC No, 1.
- 7.9.4 If BlueStar requests a change, BellSouth will invoice and BlueStar will pay a Feature Change charge for each affected PVC segment.
- 7.9.4.1 If BellSouth requests a change to a Local VC, BlueStar will invoice and BellSouth will pay a Feature Change charge for each affected PVC segment.
- 7.9.5 The Parties agree to limit the sum of the CIR for the VCs on a DS1 NNI port to not more than three times the port speed, or not more than six times the port speed on a DS3 NNI port.
- 7.9.6 Except as expressly provided herein, this Agreement does not address or alter in any way either Party's provision of Exchange Access Frame Relay Service or interLATA Frame Relay Service. All charges by each Party to the other for carriage of Exchange Access Frame Relay Service or interLATA Frame Relay Service are included in the BellSouth access tariff BellSouth Tariff FCC No, 1.
- 7.10 BlueStar will identify and report quarterly to BellSouth the PLCU of the Frame Relay facilities it uses, per section 8.5.3 above.
- 7.11 Either Party may request a review or audit of the various service components, consistent with the provisions of section E2 of the BellSouth State Access Services tariffs or Section 2 of the BellSouth FCC No.1 Tariff.

7.12 If during the term of this Agreement, BellSouth obtains authority to provide interLATA Frame Relay in any State, the Parties agree to renegotiate this arrangement for the exchange of Frame Relay Service Traffic within one hundred eighty (180) days of the date BellSouth receives interLATA authority. In the event the Parties fail to renegotiate this Section 8 within the one hundred eighty day period, they will submit this matter to the appropriate State commission(s) for resolution.

8. Operational Support Systems (OSS) Rates

BellSouth has developed and made available the following mechanized systems by which BlueStar may submit LSRs electronically.

LENS Local Exchange Navigation System
 EDI Electronic Data Interface
 EDI-PC Electronic Data Interface – Personal Computer
 TAG Telecommunications Access Gateway

LSRs submitted by means of one of these interactive interfaces will incur an OSS electronic ordering charge as specified in the table below. An individual LSR will be identified for billing purposes by its Purchase Order Number (PON). LSRs submitted by means other than one of these interactive interfaces (mail, fax, courier, etc.) will incur a manual order charge as specified in the table below:

OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS	AL, GA, LA, MS, SC	FL, KY, NC, TN
OSS LSR charge, per LSR received from the CLEC by one of the OSS interactive interfaces	\$3.50 SOMEK	\$3.50 SOMEK
Incremental charge per LSR received from the CLEC by means other than one of the OSS interactive interfaces	See applicable rate element	\$19.99 SOMAN

Note: In addition to the OSS charges, applicable discounted service order and related discounted charges apply per the tariff.

8.1 Denial/Restoral OSS Charge

In the event BlueStar provides a list of customers to be denied and restored, rather than an LSR, each location on the list will require a separate PON and, therefore will be billed as one LSR per location.

8.2 Cancellation OSS Charge

BlueStar will incur an OSS charge for an accepted LSR that is later canceled by BlueStar.

Note: Supplements or clarifications to a previously billed LSR will not incur another OSS charge.

8.3 Network Elements and Other Services Manual Additive

The Commissions in Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi and South Carolina have ordered incremental manual non-recurring charges (NRC) for Network Elements and Other Services ordered by means other than one of the interactive interfaces. These ordered Network Elements and Other Services manual additive NRCs will apply in these states, rather than the charge per LSR.

8.4 Threshold Billing Plan

The Parties agree that BlueStar will incur the mechanized rate for all LSRs, both mechanized and manual, if the percentage of mechanized LSRs to total LSRs **meets or** exceeds the threshold percentages shown below:

Year	Ratio: Mechanized/Total LSRs
1999	70%
2000	80%
2001	90%

The threshold plan will be discontinued in 2002.

BellSouth will track the total LSR volume for each CLEC for each quarter. At the end of that time period, a Percent Electronic LSR calculation will be made for that quarter based on the LSR data tracked in the LCSC. If this percentage exceeds the threshold volume, all of that CLECs' future manual LSRs will be billed at the mechanized LSR rate. To allow time for obtaining and analyzing the data and updating the billing system, this billing change will take place on the first day of the second month following the end of the quarter (e.g. May 1 for 1Q, Aug 1 for 2Q, etc.). There will be no adjustments to the amount billed for previously billed LSRs.

BELLSOUTH/BLUESTAR RATES
LOCAL INTERCONNECTION

DESCRIPTION	USOC	RATES BY STATE								
		AL	FL	GA	KY	LA	MS	NC	SC	TN
LOCAL INTERCONNECTION (CALL TRANSPORT AND TERMINATION)										
End Office Switching, per mou	N/A				\$0.002562					
Direct Local Interconnection, per mou (same as End Office Switching in FL & LA)					NA					
Tandem Switching, per mou	N/A				\$0.001096					
Tandem Switching (assumes 5 miles of transport per mou)	N/A				NA					
Tandem Local Interconnection, per mou (includes end office switching element)					NA					
Multiple Tandem Switching, per mou (applies to initial tandem only), effective 10/99					NA					
Local Intermediary, per mou (applies to transit only)					NA					
All terms and conditions, as well as charges, both non-recurring and recurring, associated with interconnecting trunk groups between BellSouth and CLEC-1 shall be as set forth in Section E.6 of the appropriate BellSouth intrastate access tariff.					BST State Access Tariff Rates					
Tandem Intermediary Charge, per mou*	N/A				\$0.001096					
*(This charge is applicable only to intermediary traffic and is applied in addition to applicable switching and/or interconnection charges.)										
INTEROFFICE TRANSPORT										
Common (Shared) Transport										
Common (Shared) Transport per mile per mou	N/A				\$0.0000049					
Common (Shared) Transport Facilities Termination per mou	N/A				\$0.000426					
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - VG										
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - 2-Wire VG - per mile	1L5XX				\$0.03					
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - 2-Wire VG - facilities termination per month	1L5XX				\$27.66					
NRC - 1st	1L5XX				\$142.31					
NRC - Add'l	1L5XX				\$56.21					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAC				\$37.21					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAC				\$37.21					
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS0 - 56/64 KBPS										
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS0 - per mile per month	1L5XX				\$0.03					
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS0 - facilities termination per month	1L5XX				\$26.95					
NRC - 1st	1L5XX				\$142.31					
NRC - Add'l	1L5XX				\$56.21					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAC				\$37.21					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAC				\$37.21					
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS1										
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS1 - per mile per month	1L5XX				\$0.45					
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS1 - facilities termination per month	U1TF1				\$55.05					
NRC - 1st	U1TF1				\$298.18					
NRC - Add'l	U1TF1				\$231.23					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAC				NA					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAC				NA					
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS3										
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS3 - per mile per month	1L5XX				\$12.62					
Interoffice Transport - Dedicated - DS3 - facilities termination per month	U1TF3				\$1,204.00					
NRC - 1st	U1TF3				\$946.23					
NRC - Add'l	U1TF3				\$516.89					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAC				\$93.12					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAC				\$93.12					
Local Channel - Dedicated										
Local Channel - Dedicated - 2-Wire VG										
Monthly Recurring	N/A				\$22.26					
NRC - 1st	N/A				\$597.14					
NRC - Add'l	N/A				\$110.52					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAC				\$41.46					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAC				NA					
Local Channel - Dedicated - 4-Wire VG										
Monthly Recurring	N/A				\$23.38					
NRC - 1st	N/A				\$585.15					

BELLSOUTH/BLUESTAR RATES
 LOCAL INTERCONNECTION

DESCRIPTION	USOC	RATES BY STATE								
		AL	FL	GA	KY	LA	MS	NC	SC	TN
NRC - Add'l	N/A				\$98.53					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAC				\$98.53					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAC				\$11.99					
Local Channel - Dedicated - DS1										
Monthly Recurring	TMECS				\$43.80					
NRC - 1st	TMECS				\$538.95					
NRC - Add'l	TMECS				\$464.94					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAC				\$87.71					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAC				NA					
Local Channel - Dedicated - DS3										
Monthly Recurring	TMECS				NA					
NRC - 1st	TMECS				NA					
NRC - Add'l	TMECS				NA					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAC				NA					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAC				NA					
NOTES:										
If no rate is identified in the contract, the rate for the specific service or function will be as set forth in applicable BellSouth tariff or as negotiated by the parties upon request by either party.										

Attachment 4

Physical Collocation

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Operating under a stand-alone Collocation Agreement
Between BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. and BlueStar Networks, Inc.
Dated August 30, 1999**

Attachment 5
Access to Numbers and Number Portability

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ACCESS TO NUMBERS AND NUMBER PORTABILITY

1. Non-Discriminatory Access to Telephone Numbers

All the negotiated rates, terms and conditions set forth in this Attachment pertain to the provisioning of local number portability.

- 1.1 During the term of this Agreement, BlueStar shall contact Lockheed Martin for the assignment of numbering resources. In order to be assigned a Central Office Code, BlueStar will be required to complete the Central Office Code (NXX) Assignment Request and Confirmation Form (Code Request Form) in accordance with Industry Numbering Committee's Central Office Code (NXX) Assignment Guidelines (INC 95-0407-008).
- 1.2 For the purposes of the resale of BellSouth's telecommunications services by BlueStar, BellSouth will provide BlueStar with on line access to telephone numbers for reservation on a first come first served basis. Such reservations of telephone numbers, on a pre-ordering basis shall be for a period of nine (9) days. BlueStar acknowledges that there may be instances where there is a shortage of telephone numbers in a particular CLLIC and in such instances BellSouth may request that BlueStar cancel its reservations of numbers. BlueStar shall comply with such request.
- 1.3 Further, upon BlueStar request and for the purposes of the resale of BellSouth's telecommunications services by BlueStar, BellSouth will reserve up to 100 telephone numbers per Common Language Location Identifier Code (CLLIC), for BlueStar's sole use. Such telephone number reservations shall be transmitted to BlueStar via electronic file transfer. Such reservations shall be valid for ninety (90) days from the reservation date. BlueStar acknowledges that there may be instances where there is a shortage of telephone numbers in a particular CLLIC and in such instances BellSouth shall use its best efforts to reserve for a ninety (90) day period a sufficient quantity for BlueStar's reasonable need in that particular CLLIC.

2. Number Portability Permanent Solution

- 2.1 The FCC, the Commissions, and industry forums have developed and BellSouth is implementing a permanent approach to providing service provider number portability. Both Parties will implement a permanent approach as developed and approved by the Commission, the FCC and industry forums. Consistent with the requirements to move to Permanent Number Portability (PNP) as set forth in Section 5 of the Attachment, Interim Service Provider Number Portability (SPNP) may be available only until such permanent solution is implemented in an end office.
- 2.2 End User Line Charge. Recovery of charges associated with implementing PNP through a monthly charge assessed to end users has been authorized by the FCC. This end user line charge will be as filed in FCC No. 1 and will be billed to BlueStar where

BlueStar is a subscriber to local switching or where BlueStar is a reseller of BellSouth telecommunications services. This charge will not be discounted.

3. Service Provider Number Portability

3.1 Definition. Until the industry-wide permanent solution is implemented in an end office, BellSouth shall provide Service Provider Number Portability (“SPNP”). SPNP is an interim service arrangement whereby an end user who switches subscription of his local exchange service from BellSouth to a CLEC, or vice versa, is permitted to retain the use of his existing assigned telephone number, provided that the end user remains at the same location for his local exchange service or changes locations and service providers but stays within the same serving wire center of his existing number.

3.2 Methods of Providing Number Portability. SPNP is available through either remote call forwarding or direct inward dialing trunks, at the election of BlueStar. Remote call forwarding (SPNP-RCF) is an existing switch-based BellSouth service that redirects calls within the telephone network. Direct inward dialing trunks (SPNP-DID) allow calls to be routed over a dedicated facility to the BlueStar switch that serves the subscriber.

3.3 Signaling Requirements. SS7 Signaling is required for the provision of SPNP services. SPNP-DID is available from BellSouth on a per DS0, DS1, or DS3 basis. Where SPNP-DID is technically feasible and is provided on a DS1 or a DS3 basis, the applicable channelization rates are those specified in Section E6 in BellSouth’s Intrastate Access Tariffs, incorporated herein by this reference. SPNP is available only for basic local exchange service.

3.4 Rates

Rates for SPNP are set out in Exhibit A to this Attachment. If no rate is identified in the contract, the rate for the specific service or function will be as set forth in applicable BellSouth tariff or as negotiated by the Parties upon request by either Party.

4. SPNP Implementation

4.1 SPNP is available only where a CLEC or BellSouth is currently providing, or will begin providing concurrent with provision of SPNP, basic local exchange service to the affected end user. SPNP for a particular telephone number is available only from the central office originally providing local exchange service to the end user. SPNP for a particular assigned telephone number will be disconnected when any end user, Commission, BellSouth, or CLEC initiated activity (*e.g.*, a change in exchange boundaries) would normally result in a telephone number change had the end user retained his initial local exchange service.

- 4.2 SPNP-RCF, as contemplated by this Agreement, is a telecommunications service whereby a call dialed to an SPNP-RCF equipped telephone number is automatically forwarded to an assigned seven- or ten- digit telephone number within the local calling area as defined in BellSouth's General Subscriber Services Tariff. The forwarded-to number shall be specified by the CLEC or BellSouth, as appropriate. The forwarding Party will provide identification of the originating telephone number, via SS7 signaling, to the receiving Party. Identification of the originating telephone number to the SPNP-RCF end user cannot be guaranteed, however. SPNP-RCF provides a single call path for the forwarding of no more than one simultaneous call to the receiving Party's specified forwarded-to number.
- 4.3 SPNP-DID service, as contemplated by this Agreement, provides trunk side access to end office switches for direct inward dialing to the other Party's premises equipment from the telecommunications network to lines associated with the other Party's switching equipment and must be provided on all trunks in a group arranged for inward service. A SPNP-DID trunk termination charge, provided with SS7 Signaling only, applies for each trunk voice grade equivalent. In addition, direct facilities are required from the end office where a ported number resides to the end office serving the ported end user customer. The rates for a switched local channel and switched dedicated transport apply as contained in BellSouth's Intrastate Access Services tariff, as said tariff is amended from time to time. Transport mileage will be calculated as the airline distance between the end office where the number is ported and the Point of Interface ("POI") using the V&H coordinate method. SPNP-DID must be established with a minimum configuration of two channels and one unassigned telephone number per switch, per arrangement for control purposes. Transport facilities arranged for SPNP-DID may not be mixed with any other type of trunk group, with no outgoing calls placed over said facilities. SPNP-DID will be provided only where such facilities are available and where the switching equipment of the ordering Party is properly equipped. Where SPNP-DID service is required from more than one wire center or from separate trunk groups within the same wire center, such service provided from each wire center or each trunk group within the same wire center shall be considered a separate service. Only customer-dialed sent-paid calls will be completed to the first number of a SPNP-DID number group; however, there are no restrictions on calls completed to other numbers of a SPNP-DID number group. Interface group arrangements provided for terminating the switched transport at the Party's terminal location are as set forth in of BellSouth's Intrastate Access Services Tariff, § E6.1.3.A as amended from time to time.
- 4.3.1 SPNP-DID Service requires ordering consecutive telephone numbers in blocks of twenty. To order non-consecutive telephone numbers or telephone numbers in less than blocks of twenty, the NBR process must be used. SS7 Signaling is required for the provision of either of these services.
- 4.4 The calling Party shall be responsible for payment of the applicable charges for sent-paid calls to the SPNP number. For collect, third-party, or other operator-assisted non-sent paid calls to the ported telephone number, BellSouth or the CLEC shall be

responsible for the payment of charges under the same terms and conditions for which the end user would have been liable for those charges. Either Party may request that the other block collect and third party non-sent paid calls to the SPNP-assigned telephone number. If a Party does not request blocking, the other Party will provide itemized local usage detail for the billing of non-sent paid calls on the monthly bill of usage charges provided at the individual end user account level. The detail will include itemization of all billable usage. Each Party shall have the option of receiving this usage data on a daily basis via a data file transfer arrangement. This arrangement will utilize the existing industry uniform standard, known as EMR standards, for exchange of billing data. Files of usage data will be created daily for the optional service. Usage originated and recorded in the sending BellSouth RAO will be provided in unrated or rated format, depending on processing system. CLEC usage originated elsewhere and delivered via CMDS to the sending BellSouth RAO shall be provided in rated format.

- 4.5 Each Party shall be responsible for obtaining authorization from the end user for the handling of the disconnection of the end user's service, the provision of new local service and the provision of SPNP services. Each Party shall be responsible for coordinating the provision of service with the other to assure that its switch is capable of accepting SPNP ported traffic. Each Party shall be responsible for providing equipment and facilities that are compatible with the other's service parameters, interfaces, equipment and facilities and shall be required to provide sufficient terminating facilities and services at the terminating end of an SPNP call to adequately handle all traffic to that location and shall be solely responsible to ensure that its facilities, equipment and services do not interfere with or impair any facility, equipment, or service of the other Party or any of its end users. In the event that either Party determines in its reasonable judgment that the other Party will likely impair or is impairing, or interfering with any equipment, facility or service or any of its end users, that Party may either refuse to provide SPNP service or may terminate SPNP service to the other Party after providing appropriate notice.
- 4.6 Each Party shall be responsible for providing an appropriate intercept announcement service for any telephone numbers subscribed to SPNP services for which it is not presently providing local exchange service or terminating to an end user. Where either Party chooses to disconnect or terminate any SPNP service, that Party shall be responsible for designating the preferred standard type of announcement to be provided.
- 4.7 Each Party shall be the other Party's single point of contact for all repair calls on behalf of each Party's end user. Each Party reserves the right to contact the other Party's customers if deemed necessary for maintenance purposes.
- 4.8 Neither Party shall be responsible for adverse effects on any service, facility or equipment from the use of SPNP services. End-to-end transmission characteristics may vary depending on the distance and routing necessary to complete calls over SPNP facilities and the fact that another carrier is involved in the provisioning of

service. Therefore, end-to-end transmission characteristics cannot be specified by either Party for such calls. Neither Party shall be responsible to the other if any necessary change in protection criteria or in any of the facilities, operation, or procedures of either renders any facilities provided by the other Party obsolete or renders necessary modification of the other Party's equipment.

- 4.9 For terminating IXC traffic ported to either Party which requires use of either Party's tandem switching, the tandem provider will bill the IXC tandem switching, the interconnection charge, and a portion of the transport, and the other Party will bill the IXC local switching, the carrier common line and a portion of the transport. If the tandem provider is unable to provide the necessary access records to permit the other Party to bill the IXC directly for terminating access to ported numbers, then the tandem provider will bill the IXC full terminating switched access charges at the tandem provider's rate and will compensate the other Party at the tandem Party's tariff rates via a process used by BellSouth to estimate the amount of ported switched access revenues due the other Party. If an intraLATA toll call is delivered, the delivering Party will pay terminating access rates to the other Party. This subsection does not apply in cases where SPNP-DID is utilized for number portability.

5. Transition to Permanent Number Portability

- 5.1 Once a PNP is implemented in an end office both Parties must withdraw their SPNP offerings. The transition from existing SPNP arrangements to PNP shall occur within one hundred twenty (120) days from the date PNP is implemented in the end office. Neither Party shall charge the other Party for conversion from SPNP to PNP. The Parties shall comply with any SPNP/PNP transition processes established by the FCC and State commissions and appropriate industry number portability work groups.
- 5.2 Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Parties acknowledge that the FCC has determined once LNP has been deployed pursuant to the FCC's orders, rules and regulations, that all local exchange carriers (LECs) have the duty to provide LNP. Therefore, either Party, at any time, may seek appropriate legal or regulatory relief concerning the transition from INP to LNP or other related issues.

6. True-up

This section applies only to North Carolina and Tennessee.

- 6.1 The interim prices for Network Elements and Other Services and Local Interconnection shall be subject to true-up according to the following procedures:

The interim prices shall be trued-up, either up or down, based on final prices determined either by further agreement between the Parties, or by a final order (including any appeals) of the Commission which final order meets the criteria of (3) below. The Parties shall implement the true-up by comparing the actual volumes and demand for each item, together with interim prices for each item, with the final prices determined for each item. Each Party shall keep its own records upon which the true-

up can be based, and any final payment from one Party to the other shall be in an amount agreed upon by the Parties based on such records. In the event of any disagreement as between the records or the Parties regarding the amount of such true-up, the Parties agree that the body having jurisdiction over the matter shall be called upon to resolve such differences, or the Parties may mutually agree to submit the matter to the Dispute Resolution process in accordance with the provisions in the General Terms and Conditions and Attachment 1 of this Agreement.

6.2 The Parties may continue to negotiate toward final prices, but in the event that no such agreement is reached within nine (9) months, either Party may petition the Commission to resolve such disputes and to determine final prices for each item. Alternatively, upon mutual agreement, the Parties may submit the matter to the Dispute Resolution Process set forth in the General Terms and Conditions and Attachment 1 of the Agreement, so long as they file the resulting Agreement with the Commission as a “negotiated Agreement” under Section 252(e) of the Act.

6.3 A final order of this Commission that forms the basis of a true-up shall be the final order as to prices based on appropriate cost studies, or potentially may be a final order in any other Commission proceeding which meets the following criteria:

- (a) BellSouth and CLEC is entitled to be a full Party to the proceeding;
- (b) It shall apply the provisions of the federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, including but not limited to Section 252(d)(1) (which contains pricing standards) and all then-effective implementing rules and regulations; and,
- (c) It shall include as an issue the geographic deaveraging of network element prices, which deaveraged prices, if any are required by said final order, shall form the basis of any true-up.

7. **Operational Support System (OSS) Rates**

BellSouth has developed and made available the following mechanized systems by which BlueStar may submit LSRs electronically.

LENS	Local Exchange Navigation System
EDI	Electronic Data Interface
EDI-PC	Electronic Data Interface – Personal Computer
TAG	Telecommunications Access Gateway

LSRs submitted by means of one of these interactive interfaces will incur an OSS electronic ordering charge as specified in the table below. An individual LSR will be identified for billing purposes by its Purchase Order Number (PON). LSRs submitted by means other than one of these interactive interfaces (mail, fax, courier, etc.) will incur a manual order charge as specified in the table below:

OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS	AL, GA, LA, MS, SC	FL, KY, NC, TN
OSS LSR charge, per LSR received from the CLEC by one of the OSS interactive interfaces	\$3.50	\$3.50
	SOMEK	SOMEK
Incremental charge per LSR received from the CLEC by means other than one of the OSS interactive interfaces	See applicable rate element	\$19.99
		SOMAN

Note: In addition to the OSS charges, applicable discounted service order and related discounted charges apply per the tariff.

Denial/Restoral OSS Charge

In the event BlueStar provides a list of customers to be denied and restored, rather than an LSR, each location on the list will require a separate PON and, therefore will be billed as one LSR per location.

Cancellation OSS Charge

BlueStar will incur an OSS charge for an accepted LSR that is later canceled by BlueStar.

Note: Supplements or clarifications to a previously billed LSR will not incur another OSS charge.

Network Elements and Other Services Manual Additive

The Commissions in Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi and South Carolina have ordered incremental manual non-recurring charges (NRC) for network elements and other services ordered by means other than one of the interactive interfaces. These ordered network elements and other services manual additive NRCs will apply in these states, rather than the charge per LSR.

Threshold Billing Plan

The Parties agree that BlueStar will incur the mechanized rate for all LSRs, both mechanized and manual, if the percentage of mechanized LSRs to total LSRs **meets or** exceeds the threshold percentages shown below:

Year	Ratio: Mechanized/Total LSRs
1999	70%
2000	80%
2001	90%

The threshold plan will be discontinued in 2002.

BellSouth will track the total LSR volume for each CLEC for each quarter. At the end of that time period, a Percent Electronic LSR calculation will be made for that quarter based on the LSR data tracked in the LCSC. If this percentage exceeds the threshold volume, all of that CLECs' future manual LSRs will be billed at the mechanized LSR rate. To allow time for obtaining and analyzing the data and updating the billing system, this billing change will take place on the first

day of the second month following the end of the quarter (e.g. May 1 for 1Q, Aug 1 for 2Q, etc.).
There will be no adjustments to the amount billed for previously billed LSRs.

BELLSOUTH/BLUESTAR RATES
SERVICE PROVIDER
NUMBER PORTABILITY

DESCRIPTION	USOC	RATES BY STATE								
		AL	FL	GA	KY	LA	MS	NC	SC	TN
INTERIM SERVICE PROVIDER NUMBER PORTABILITY - RCF (1) (2)										
RCF, per number ported (Business Line), 10 paths	TNPBL				NA					
RCF, per number ported (Residence Line), 6 paths	TNPRL				NA					
RCF, per number ported (Business Line)	TNPBL				NA					
NRC	TNPBL				NA					
NRC - Disconnect Charge	TNPBL				NA					
RCF, per number ported (Residence Line)	TNPRL				NA					
NRC	TNPRL				NA					
NRC - Disconnect Charge	TNPRL				NA					
RCF, add'l capacity for simultaneous call forwarding, per additional path	N/A				NA					
RCF, per service order, per location	(++) Bus = TNPBD Res = TNPRD									
NRC - 1st	TNP++				NA					
NRC - Add'l	TNP++				NA					
NRC - Disconnect - 1st	TNP++				NA					
NRC - Disconnect - Add'l	TNP++				NA					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN				NA					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN				NA					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - 1st	SOMAN				NA					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - Add'l	SOMAN				NA					
INTERIM SERVICE PROVIDER NUMBER PORTABILITY - DID										
DID per number ported, Residence - NRC	TNPDR				NA					
DID per number ported, Residence - NRC - Disconnect	TNPDR				NA					
DID per number ported, Business - NRC	TNPDB				NA					
DID per number ported, Business - NRC - Disconnect	TNPDB				NA					
DID per service order, per location										
NRC - 1st	TNPRD				NA					
NRC - Add'l	TNPRD				NA					
NRC - Disconnect - 1st	TNPRD				NA					
NRC - Disconnect - Add'l	TNPRD				NA					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - 1st	SOMAN				NA					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Add'l	SOMAN				NA					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - 1st	SOMAN				NA					
NRC - Incremental Charge - Manual Service Order - Disconnect - Add'l	SOMAN				NA					
DID, per trunk termination, Initial	TNPT2				NA					
DID, per trunk termination, Initial - NRC	TNPT2				NA					
DID, per trunk termination, Initial - Disconnect	TNPT2				NA					
DID, per trunk termination, Subsequent	TNPT2				NA					
DID, per trunk termination, Subsequent - NRC	TNPT2				NA					
DID, per trunk termination, Subsequent - Disconnect	TNPT2				NA					

NOTES:

If no rate is identified in the contract, the rate for the specific service or function will be as set forth in applicable BellSouth tariff or as negotiated by the Parties upon request by either Party.

1 Until the FCC issues its order implementing a cost recovery mechanism for permanent number portability, the Company will track its costs of providing interim SPNP with sufficient detail to verify the costs. This will facilitate the Florida PSCs consideration of the recovery of these costs in Docket 950737-TP. (FL)

2 BellSouth and CLEC will each bear their own costs of providing remote call forwarding as an interim number portability option. (KY)

Attachment 6
Ordering and Provisioning

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ORDERING AND PROVISIONING

1. Quality of Ordering and Provisioning

All the negotiated terms and conditions set forth in this Attachment pertain to ordering and provisioning.

1.1 BellSouth shall provide ordering and provisioning services to BlueStar that are equal to the ordering and provisioning services BellSouth provides to itself or any other CLEC, where technically feasible. Detailed guidelines for ordering and provisioning are set forth in BellSouth's Local Interconnection and Facility Based Ordering Guide and Resale Ordering Guide, as appropriate, and as they are amended from time to time during this Agreement.

1.2 BellSouth will perform provisioning services during the following normal hours of operation:

Monday - Friday: 8:00AM - 5:00PM location time (excluding holidays)
(Resale/Network Element non coordinated, coordinated orders and order coordinated - Time Specific)

Saturday: 8:00 AM - 5:00 PM location time (excluding holidays)
(Resale/Network Element non coordinated orders)

Times are either Eastern or Central time based on the location of the work being performed.

1.3 All other BlueStar requests for provisioning and installation services are considered outside of the normal hours of operation and may be performed subject to the application of overtime billing charges.

2. Access to Operational Support Systems

2.1 BellSouth shall provide BlueStar access to several operations support systems. Access to these support systems is available through a variety of means, including electronic interfaces. BellSouth also provides the option of placing orders manually (e.g., via facsimile) through the Local Carrier Service Center. The operations support systems available are:

2.2 Pre-Ordering. BellSouth provides electronic access to the following pre-ordering functions: service address validation, telephone number selection, service and feature availability, due date information, and upon Commission approval of confidentiality protections, to customer record information. Access is provided through the Local

- Exchange Navigation System (LENS) and the Telecommunications Access Gateway (TAG). Customer record information includes Customer Record Information but is not limited to, customer specific information in CRIS and RSAG.. In addition, BlueStar shall provide to BellSouth access to customer record information including electronic access where available. Otherwise, BlueStar shall provide paper copies of customer record information within a reasonable period of time upon request by BellSouth. Customer Record Information is equivalent to but not limited to the type of customer specific information contained in CRIS and RSAG. The parties agree not to view, copy, or otherwise obtain access to the customer record information of any customer without that customer's permission and further agrees that BlueStar and BellSouth will obtain access to customer record information only in strict compliance with applicable laws, rules, or regulations of the State in which the service is provided.
- 2.3 Service Ordering and Provisioning. BellSouth provides electronic options for the exchange of ordering and provisioning information. BellSouth provides an Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) arrangement for resale requests and certain network elements and other services. The EDI interface can be integrated with the TAG pre-ordering interface by BlueStar. As an alternative to the EDI arrangement, BellSouth also provides ordering and provisioning capability through TAG that can be integrated with the TAG preordering capability by BlueStar. Also, as an alternative, BellSouth provides integrated pre-ordering, ordering and provisioning capability through the LENS interface.
- 2.4 Service Trouble Reporting and Repair. Service trouble reporting and repair allows BlueStar to report and monitor service troubles and obtain repair services. BellSouth shall offer BlueStar service trouble reporting in a non-discriminatory manner that provides BlueStar the equivalent ability to report and monitor service troubles that BellSouth provides to itself. BellSouth also provides BlueStar an estimated time to repair, an appointment time or a commitment time, as appropriate, on trouble reports. BellSouth provides two options for electronic trouble reporting. For exchange services, BellSouth offers BlueStar access to the Trouble Analysis Facilitation Interface (TAFI). For individually designed services, BellSouth provides electronic trouble reporting through an electronic communications gateway. If the CLEC requests BellSouth to repair a trouble after normal working hours, the CLEC will be billed the appropriate overtime charges associated with this request pursuant to BellSouth's tariffs.
- 2.4.1 Pursuant to the Appendix A of the document entitled, "Operational Understanding between BellSouth Maintenance Centers and CLEC Maintenance Centers for Local Services," BlueStar may request escalation for repair services for any customer.
- 2.5 Migration of BlueStar to New BellSouth Software Releases for National Standard Machine-to-Machine Electronic Interfaces. BellSouth will issue new software releases for new national standards its national standard, machine-to-machine electronic interfaces as needed to improve operations and meet standards and

regulatory requirements. When a new release of new national standards is implemented, BellSouth will continue to support both the new release (N) and the prior release (N-1). When BellSouth makes the next release (N+1), BellSouth will eliminate support for the (N-1) release and support the two newest releases (N and N+1). Thus, BellSouth will always support the two most current releases. BellSouth will issue documents to BlueStar with sufficient notice to allow BlueStar to make the necessary changes to their systems and operations to migrate to the newest release in a timely fashion.

2.6 Rates. All costs incurred by BellSouth to develop and implement operational interfaces shall be recovered from the carriers who utilize the services. Charge for use of Operational Support Systems shall be as set forth in Attachments 1 and 2 of this Agreement.

2.7 BellSouth has set a target of 3Q00 as the date by which its EDI and TAG interfaces will support xDSL services.

3. Miscellaneous Ordering and Provisioning Guidelines

3.1 Pending Orders. To ensure the most efficient use of facilities and resources, orders placed in the hold or pending status by BlueStar will be held for a maximum of thirty (30) days from the date the order is placed on hold. After such time, if BlueStar wishes to reinstate an order, BlueStar may be required to submit a new service order.

3.2 Single Point of Contact. BlueStar will be the single point of contact with BellSouth for ordering activity for network elements and other services used by BlueStar to provide services to its end users, except that BellSouth may accept an order directly from another CLEC, or BellSouth, acting with authorization of the affected end user. BlueStar and BellSouth shall each execute a blanket letter of authorization with respect to customer orders. The Parties shall each be entitled to adopt their own internal processes for verification of customer authorization for orders, provided, however, that such processes shall comply with applicable state and federal law including, until superseded, the FCC guidelines and orders applicable to Presubscribed Interexchange Carrier (PIC) changes including Un-PIC. Pursuant to such an order, BellSouth may disconnect any network element associated with the service to be disconnected and being used by BlueStar to provide service to that end user and reuse such network elements or facilities to enable such other LEC to provide service to the end user. BellSouth will notify BlueStar that such an order has been processed, but will not be required to notify BlueStar in advance of such processing.

3.3 Use of Facilities. When a customer of a CLEC elects to discontinue service and transfer service to another local exchange carrier, including BellSouth, BellSouth shall have the right to reuse the facilities provided to CLEC by BellSouth for retail or resale service, loop and/or port for that customer. In addition, BellSouth may disconnect and reuse facilities when the facility is in a denied state and BellSouth has

received an order to establish new service or transfer of service from a customer or a customer's CLEC at the same address served by the denied facility.

- 3.3.1 Upon receipt of a service order, BellSouth will do the following:
 - 3.3.1.1 Process disconnect and reconnect orders to provision the service which shall be due dated using current interval guidelines.
 - 3.3.1.2 Reuse the serving facility for the retail, resale service, or network element at the same location.
 - 3.3.1.3 Notify BlueStar subsequent to the disconnect order being completed.
- 3.4 Contact Numbers. The Parties agree to provide one another with toll-free contact numbers for the purpose of ordering, provisioning and maintenance of services.
- 3.5 Subscription Functions. In cases where BellSouth performs subscription functions for an inter-exchange carrier (i.e. PIC and LPIC changes via Customer Account Record Exchange (CARE)), BellSouth will provide the affected inter-exchange carriers with the Operating Company Number (OCN) of the local provider for the purpose of obtaining end user billing account and other end user information required under subscription requirements.
- 3.6 Cancellation Charges. If BlueStar cancels an order for network elements or other services, any costs incurred by BellSouth in conjunction with the provisioning of that order will be recovered in accordance with FCC No. 1 Tariff, Section 5.4.

Attachment 7
Billing and Billing Accuracy Certification

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BILLING AND BILLING ACCURACY CERTIFICATION

1. Payment and Billing Arrangements

All negotiated rates, terms and conditions set forth in this Attachment pertain to billing and billing accuracy certifications.

1.1 **Billing.** BellSouth agrees to provide billing through the Carrier Access Billing System (CABS) and through the Customer Records Information System (CRIS) depending on the particular service(s) that BlueStar requests. BellSouth will bill and record in accordance with this Agreement those charges BlueStar incurs as a result of BlueStar purchasing from BellSouth Network Elements and Other Services as set forth in this Agreement. BellSouth will format all bills in CBOS Standard or CLUB/EDI format, depending on the type of service ordered. For those services where standards have not yet been developed, BellSouth's billing format will change as necessary when standards are finalized by the industry forum.

1.1.1 For any service(s) BellSouth orders from BlueStar, BlueStar shall bill BellSouth in CABS format.

1.1.2 If either Party requests multiple billing media or additional copies of bills, the Billing Party will provide these at a reasonable cost.

1.2 **Master Account.** After receiving certification as a local exchange company from the appropriate regulatory agency, BlueStar will provide the appropriate BellSouth account manager the necessary documentation to enable BellSouth to establish a master account for Local Interconnection, Network Elements and Other Services, and/or resold services. Such documentation shall include the Application for Master Account, proof of authority to provide telecommunications services, an Operating Company Number ("OCN") assigned by the National Exchange Carriers Association ("NECA"), Carrier Identification Code (CIC), Group Access Code (GAC), Access Customer Name and Address (ACNA) and a tax exemption certificate, if applicable.

1.3 **Payment Responsibility.** Payment of all charges will be the responsibility of BlueStar. BlueStar shall make payment to BellSouth for all services billed. BellSouth is not responsible for payments not received by BlueStar from BlueStar's customer. BellSouth will not become involved in billing disputes that may arise between BlueStar and its customer. Payments made to BellSouth as payment on account will be credited to an accounts receivable master account and not to an end user's account.

1.4 **Payment Due.** The payment will be due by the next bill date (i.e., same date in the following month as the bill date) and is payable in immediately available funds. Payment is considered to have been made when received by BellSouth.

If the payment due date falls on a Sunday or on a Holiday which is observed on a Monday, the payment due date shall be the first non-Holiday day following such Sunday or Holiday. If the payment due date falls on a Saturday or on a Holiday which is observed on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, or Friday, the payment due date shall be the last non-Holiday day preceding such Saturday or Holiday. If payment is not received by the payment due date, a late payment penalty, as set forth in Section 1.7, below, shall apply.

- 1.5 Tax Exemption. Upon proof of tax exempt certification from BlueStar, the total amount billed to BlueStar will not include those taxes or fees for which the CLEC is exempt. BlueStar will be solely responsible for the computation, tracking, reporting and payment of all taxes and like fees associated with the services provided to the end user of BlueStar.
- 1.6 Late Payment. If any portion of the payment is received by BellSouth after the payment due date as set forth preceding, or if any portion of the payment is received by BellSouth in funds that are not immediately available to BellSouth, then a late payment penalty shall be due to BellSouth. The late payment penalty shall be the portion of the payment not received by the payment due date times a late factor and will be applied on a per bill basis. The late factor shall be as set forth in Section A2 of the General Subscriber Services Tariff, Section B2 of the Private Line Service Tariff or Section E2 of the Intrastate Access Tariff, whichever BellSouth determines is appropriate. BlueStar will be charged a fee for all returned checks as set forth in Section A2 of the General Subscriber Services Tariff or in applicable state law.
- 1.7 Discontinuing Service to BlueStar. The procedures for discontinuing service to BlueStar are as follows:
 - 1.7.1 BellSouth reserves the right to suspend or terminate service for nonpayment or in the event of prohibited, unlawful or improper use of BellSouth facilities or service or any other violation or noncompliance by BlueStar of the rules and regulations contained in BellSouth's tariffs.
 - 1.7.2 If payment of account is not received by the bill day in the month after the original bill day, BellSouth may provide written notice to BlueStar that additional applications for service will be refused and that any pending orders for service will not be completed if payment is not received by the fifteenth day following the date of the notice. In addition, BellSouth may, at the same time, give thirty days notice to BlueStar at the billing address to discontinue the provision of existing services to BlueStar at any time thereafter.
 - 1.7.3 In the case of such discontinuance, all billed charges, as well as applicable termination charges, shall become due.

- 1.7.4 If BellSouth does not discontinue the provision of the services involved on the date specified in the thirty days notice and BlueStar's noncompliance continues, nothing contained herein shall preclude BellSouth's right to discontinue the provision of the services to BlueStar without further notice.
- 1.7.5 If payment is not received or satisfactory arrangements made for payment by the date given in the written notification, BlueStar's services will be discontinued. Upon discontinuance of service on BlueStar's account, service to the BlueStar's end users will be denied. BellSouth will reestablish service at the request of the end user or BlueStar for BellSouth to reestablish service upon payment of the appropriate connection fee and subject to BellSouth's normal application procedures. BlueStar is solely responsible for notifying the end user of the proposed service disconnection. If within fifteen days after an end user's service has been denied and no arrangements to reestablish service have been made consistent with this subsection, the end user's service will be disconnected.
- 1.8 Deposit Policy. When purchasing services from BellSouth, BlueStar will be required to complete the BellSouth Credit Profile and provide information regarding credit worthiness. Based on the results of the credit analysis, the Company reserves the right to secure the account with a suitable form of security deposit. Such security deposit shall take the form of cash, an Irrevocable Letter of Credit (BellSouth form), Surety Bond (BellSouth form) or in its sole discretion some other form of security. Any such security deposit shall in no way release the customer from his obligation to make complete and timely payments of his bill. Such security shall be required prior to the inauguration of service. If, in the sole opinion of the Company, circumstances so warrant and/or gross monthly billing has increased beyond the level initially used to determine the level of security, the Company reserves the right to request additional security and/or file a Uniform Commercial Code (UCC1) security interest in BlueStar's "accounts receivables and proceeds." Interest on a security deposit, if provided in cash, shall accrue and be paid in accordance with the terms in the appropriate BellSouth tariff.
- 1.9 Rates. Rates for Optional Daily Usage File (ODUF), Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File (EODUF), Access Daily Usage File (ADUF), and Centralized Message Distribution Service (CMDS) are set out in Exhibit A to this Attachment. If no rate is identified in the contract, the rate for the specific service or function will be as set forth in applicable BellSouth tariff or as negotiated by the Parties upon request by either Party.

2. Billing Accuracy Certification

- 2.1 Upon request, BellSouth and BlueStar will agree upon a billing quality assurance program for all billing elements covered in this Agreement that will eliminate the need for post-billing reconciliation. Appropriate terms for access to any BellSouth

documents, systems, records, and procedures for the recording and billing of charges will be part of that program.

- 2.2 As part of the billing quality assurance program, BellSouth and BlueStar will develop standards, measurements, and performance requirements for a local billing measurements process. On a regular basis BellSouth will provide BlueStar with mutually agreed upon performance measurement data that substantiates the accuracy, reliability, and integrity of the billing process for local billing. In return, BlueStar will pay all bills received from BellSouth in full by the payment due date.
- 2.3 Local billing discrepancies will be addressed in an orderly manner via a mutually agreed upon billing exemption process.
 - 2.3.1 Each Party agrees to notify the other Party upon identifying a billing discrepancy. The Parties shall endeavor to resolve any billing discrepancy within sixty (60) calendar days of the notification date. A mutually agreed upon escalation process will be established for resolving local billing discrepancies as part of the billing quality assurance program.
 - 2.3.2 Closure of a specific billing period will occur by joint agreement of the Parties whereby the Parties agree that such billing period is closed to any further analysis and financial transactions except those resulting from regulatory mandates. Closure will take place within a mutually agreed upon time interval from the Bill Date. The month being closed represents those charges that were billed or should have been billed by the designated Bill Date.

3. Billing Disputes

- 3.1 Where the Parties have not agreed upon a billing quality assurance program, billing disputes shall be handled pursuant to the terms of this section.
 - 3.1.1 Each Party agrees to notify the other Party in writing upon the discovery of a billing dispute. In the event of a billing dispute, the Parties will endeavor to resolve the dispute within sixty (60) calendar days of the notification date.
- 3.2 If a Party disputes a charge and does not pay such charge by the payment due date, or if a payment or any portion of a payment is received by either Party after the payment due date, or if a payment or any portion of a payment is received in funds which are not immediately available to the other Party, then a late payment penalty shall be assessed. For bills rendered by either Party for payment, the late payment charge for both Parties shall be calculated based on the portion of the payment not received by the payment due date times the late factor as set forth in the following BellSouth tariffs: for services purchased from the General Subscribers Services Tariff for purposes of resale and for ports and non-designed loops, Section A2 of the General

Subscriber Services Tariff; for services purchased from the Private Line Tariff for purposes of resale, Section B2 of the Private Line Service Tariff; and for network elements and other services and local interconnection charges, Section E2 of the Access Service Tariff. In no event, however, shall interest be assessed by either Party on any previously assessed late payment charges. The Parties shall assess interest on previously assessed late payment charges only in a state where it has the authority pursuant to its tariffs.

4. RAO Hosting

- 4.1 RAO Hosting, Calling Card and Third Number Settlement System (CATS) and Non-Intercompany Settlement System (NICS) services provided to BlueStar by BellSouth will be in accordance with the methods and practices regularly adopted and applied by BellSouth to its own operations during the term of this Agreement, including such revisions as may be made from time to time by BellSouth.
- 4.2 BlueStar shall furnish all relevant information required by BellSouth for the provision of RAO Hosting, CATS and NICS.
- 4.3 Compensation amounts, if applicable, will be billed by BellSouth to BlueStar on a monthly basis in arrears. Amounts due from one Party to the other (excluding adjustments) are payable within thirty (30) days of receipt of the billing statement.
- 4.4 BlueStar must have its own unique hosted RAO code. Requests for establishment of RAO status where BellSouth is the selected Centralized Message Distribution System (CMDS) interfacing host, require written notification from BlueStar to the BellSouth RAO Hosting coordinator at least eight (8) weeks prior to the proposed effective date. The proposed effective date will be mutually agreed upon between the Parties with consideration given to time necessary for the completion of required Telcordia (formerly BellCore) functions. BellSouth will request the assignment of an RAO code from its connecting contractor, currently Telcordia (formerly BellCore), on behalf of BlueStar and will coordinate all associated conversion activities.
- 4.5 BellSouth will receive messages from BlueStar that are to be processed by BellSouth, another LEC or CLEC in the BellSouth region or a LEC outside the BellSouth region.
- 4.6 BellSouth will perform invoice sequence checking, standard EMI format editing, and balancing of message data with the EMI trailer record counts on all data received from BlueStar.
- 4.7 All data received from BlueStar that is to be processed or billed by another LEC or CLEC within the BellSouth region will be distributed to that LEC or CLEC in accordance with the Agreement(s) which may be in effect between BellSouth and the involved LEC or CLEC.

- 4.8 All data received from BlueStar that is to be placed on the CMDS network for distribution outside the BellSouth region will be handled in accordance with the agreement(s) which may be in effect between BellSouth and its connecting contractor (currently Telcordia (formerly BellCore)).
- 4.9 BellSouth will receive messages from the CMDS network that are destined to be processed by BlueStar and will forward them to BlueStar on a daily basis.
- 4.10 Transmission of message data between BellSouth and BlueStar will be via CONNECT:Direct.
- 4.11 All messages and related data exchanged between BellSouth and BlueStar will be formatted in accordance with accepted industry standards for EMI formatted records and packed between appropriate EMI header and trailer records, also in accordance with accepted industry standards.
- 4.12 BlueStar will ensure that the recorded message detail necessary to recreate files provided to BellSouth will be maintained for back-up purposes for a period of three (3) calendar months beyond the related message dates.
- 4.13 Should it become necessary for BlueStar to send data to BellSouth more than sixty (60) days past the message date(s), BlueStar will notify BellSouth in advance of the transmission of the data. If there will be impacts outside the BellSouth region, BellSouth will work with its connecting contractor and BlueStar to notify all affected Parties.
- 4.14 In the event that data to be exchanged between the two Parties should become lost or destroyed, both Parties will work together to determine the source of the problem. Once the cause of the problem has been jointly determined and the responsible Party (BellSouth or BlueStar) identified and agreed to, the company responsible for creating the data (BellSouth or BlueStar) will make every effort to have the affected data restored and retransmitted. If the data cannot be retrieved, the responsible Party will be liable to the other Party for any resulting lost revenue. Lost revenue may be a combination of revenues that could not be billed to the end users and associated access revenues. Both Parties will work together to estimate the revenue amount based upon historical data through a method mutually agreed upon. The resulting estimated revenue loss will be paid by the responsible Party to the other Party within three (3) calendar months of the date of problem resolution, or as mutually agreed upon by the Parties.
- 4.15 Should an error be detected by the EMI format edits performed by BellSouth on data received from BlueStar, the entire pack containing the affected data will not be processed by BellSouth. BellSouth will notify BlueStar of the error condition. BlueStar will correct the error(s) and will resend the entire pack to BellSouth for

- processing. In the event that an out-of-sequence condition occurs on subsequent packs, BlueStar will resend these packs to BellSouth after the pack containing the error has been successfully reprocessed by BellSouth.
- 4.16 In association with message distribution service, BellSouth will provide BlueStar with associated intercompany settlements reports (CATS and NICS) as appropriate.
- 4.17 In no case shall either Party be liable to the other for any direct or consequential damages incurred as a result of the obligations set out in this Agreement.
- 4.18 RAO Compensation
- 4.18.1 Rates for message distribution service provided by BellSouth for BlueStar are as set forth in Exhibit A to this Attachment.
- 4.18.2 Rates for data transmission associated with message distribution service are as set forth in Exhibit A to this Attachment .
- 4.18.3 Data circuits (private line or dial-up) will be required between BellSouth and BlueStar for the purpose of data transmission. Where a dedicated line is required, BlueStar will be responsible for ordering the circuit, overseeing its installation and coordinating the installation with BellSouth. BlueStar will also be responsible for any charges associated with this line. Equipment required on the BellSouth end to attach the line to the mainframe computer and to transmit successfully ongoing will be negotiated on a case by case basis. Where a dial-up facility is required, dial circuits will be installed in the BellSouth data center by BellSouth and the associated charges assessed to BlueStar. Additionally, all message toll charges associated with the use of the dial circuit by BlueStar will be the responsibility of BlueStar. Associated equipment on the BellSouth end, including a modem, will be negotiated on a case by case basis between the Parties.
- 4.18.4 All equipment, including modems and software, that is required on the BlueStar end for the purpose of data transmission will be the responsibility of BlueStar.
- 4.19 Intercompany Settlements Messages
- 4.19.1 This Section addresses the settlement of revenues associated with traffic originated from or billed by BlueStar as a facilities based provider of local exchange telecommunications services outside the BellSouth region. Only traffic that originates in one Bell operating territory and bills in another Bell operating territory is included. Traffic that originates and bills within the same Bell operating territory will be settled on a local basis between BlueStar and the involved company(ies), unless that company is participating in NICS.

- 4.19.2 Both traffic that originates outside the BellSouth region by BlueStar and is billed within the BellSouth region, and traffic that originates within the BellSouth region and is billed outside the BellSouth region by BlueStar, is covered by this Agreement (CATS). Also covered is traffic that either is originated by or billed by BlueStar, involves a company other than BlueStar, qualifies for inclusion in the CATS settlement, and is not originated or billed within the BellSouth region (NICS).
- 4.19.3 Once BlueStar is operating within the BellSouth territory, revenues associated with calls originated and billed within the BellSouth region will be settled via Telcordia (formerly BellCore)'s, its successor or assign, NICS system.
- 4.19.4 BellSouth will receive the monthly NICS reports from Telcordia (formerly BellCore), its successor or assign, on behalf of BlueStar. BellSouth will distribute copies of these reports to BlueStar on a monthly basis.
- 4.19.5 BellSouth will receive the monthly Calling Card and Third Number Settlement System (CATS) reports from Telcordia (formerly BellCore), its successor or assign, on behalf of BlueStar. BellSouth will distribute copies of these reports to BlueStar on a monthly basis.
- 4.19.6 BellSouth will collect the revenue earned by BlueStar from the Bell operating company in whose territory the messages are billed (CATS), less a per message billing and collection fee of five cents (\$0.05), on behalf of BlueStar. BellSouth will remit the revenue billed by BlueStar to the Bell operating company in whose territory the messages originated, less a per message billing and collection fee of five cents (\$0.05), on behalf of BlueStar. These two amounts will be netted together by BellSouth and the resulting charge or credit issued to BlueStar via a monthly Carrier Access Billing System (CABS) miscellaneous bill.
- 4.19.7 BellSouth will collect the revenue earned by BlueStar within the BellSouth territory from another CLEC also within the BellSouth territory (NICS) where the messages are billed, less a per message billing and collection fee of five cents (\$0.05), on behalf of BlueStar. BellSouth will remit the revenue billed by BlueStar within the BellSouth region to the CLEC also within the BellSouth region, where the messages originated, less a per message billing and collection fee of five cents (\$0.05). These two amounts will be netted together by BellSouth and the resulting charge or credit issued to BlueStar via a monthly Carrier Access Billing System (CABS) miscellaneous bill.

BellSouth and BlueStar agree that monthly netted amounts of less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) will not be settled.

5. Optional Daily Usage File

- 5.1 Upon written request from BlueStar, BellSouth will provide the Optional Daily Usage File (ODUF) service to BlueStar pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in this section.
- 5.2 The BlueStar shall furnish all relevant information required by BellSouth for the provision of the Optional Daily Usage File.
- 5.3 The Optional Daily Usage Feed will contain billable messages that were carried over the BellSouth Network and processed in the BellSouth Billing System, but billed to a BlueStar customer.

Charges for delivery of the Optional Daily Usage File will appear on the BlueStars' monthly bills. The charges are as set forth in Exhibit A to this Attachment.

- 5.4 The Optional Daily Usage Feed will contain both rated and unrated messages. All messages will be in the standard Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions (ATIS) EMI record format.
- 5.5 Messages that error in the billing system of the BlueStar will be the responsibility of the BlueStar. If, however, the BlueStar should encounter significant volumes of errored messages that prevent processing by the BlueStar within its systems, BellSouth will work with the BlueStar to determine the source of the errors and the appropriate resolution.
- 5.6 The following specifications shall apply to the Optional Daily Usage Feed.

5.6.1 Usage To Be Transmitted

5.6.1.1 The following messages recorded by BellSouth will be transmitted to the BlueStar:

- Message recording for per use/per activation type services (examples: Three Way Calling, Verify, Interrupt, Call Return, ETC.)
- Measured billable Local
- Directory Assistance messages
- IntraLATA Toll
- WATS & 800 Service

- N11
- Information Service Provider Messages
- Operator Services Messages
- Operator Services Message Attempted Calls (Network Element only)
- Credit/Cancel Records
- Usage for Voice Mail Message Service

5.6.1.2 Rated Incollects (originated in BellSouth and from other companies) can also be on Optional Daily Usage File. Rated Incollects will be intermingled with BellSouth recorded rated and unrated usage. Rated Incollects will not be packed separately.

5.6.1.3 BellSouth will perform duplicate record checks on records processed to Optional Daily Usage File. Any duplicate messages detected will be deleted and not sent to BlueStar.

5.6.1.4 In the event that BlueStar detects a duplicate on Optional Daily Usage File they receive from BellSouth, BlueStar will drop the duplicate message (BlueStar will not return the duplicate to BellSouth).

5.6.2 Physical File Characteristics

5.6.2.1 The Optional Daily Usage File will be distributed to BlueStar via an agreed medium with CONNECT:Direct being the preferred transport method. The Daily Usage Feed will be a variable block format (2476) with an LRECL of 2472. The data on the Daily Usage Feed will be in a non-compacted EMI format (175 byte format plus modules). It will be created on a daily basis (Monday through Friday except holidays). Details such as dataset name and delivery schedule will be addressed during negotiations of the distribution medium. There will be a maximum of one dataset per workday per OCN.

5.6.2.2 Data circuits (private line or dial-up) may be required between BellSouth and BlueStar for the purpose of data transmission. Where a dedicated line is required, BlueStar will be responsible for ordering the circuit, overseeing its installation and coordinating the installation with BellSouth. BlueStar will also be responsible for any charges associated with this line. Equipment required on the BellSouth end to attach the line to the mainframe computer and to transmit successfully ongoing will be negotiated on a case by case basis. Where a dial-up facility is required, dial circuits will be installed in the BellSouth data center by BellSouth and the associated charges assessed to BlueStar. Additionally, all message toll charges associated with the use of the dial circuit by BlueStar will be the responsibility of BlueStar. Associated equipment on the BellSouth end, including a modem, will be negotiated on a case by case basis between the Parties. All equipment, including modems and software, that is required on BlueStar end for the purpose of data transmission will be the responsibility of BlueStar.

5.6.3 Packing Specifications

5.6.3.1 A pack will contain a minimum of one message record or a maximum of 99,999 message records plus a pack header record and a pack trailer record. One transmission can contain a maximum of 99 packs and a minimum of one pack.

- 5.6.3.2 The OCN, From RAO, and Invoice Number will control the invoice sequencing. The From RAO will be used to identify to BlueStar which BellSouth RAO that is sending the message. BellSouth and BlueStar will use the invoice sequencing to control data exchange. BellSouth will be notified of sequence failures identified by BlueStar and resend the data as appropriate.

The data will be packed using ATIS EMI records.

5.6.4 Pack Rejection

- 5.6.4.1 BlueStar will notify BellSouth within one business day of rejected packs (via the mutually agreed medium). Packs could be rejected because of pack sequencing discrepancies or a critical edit failure on the Pack Header or Pack Trailer records (i.e. out-of-balance condition on grand totals, invalid data populated). Standard ATIS EMI Error Codes will be used. BlueStar will not be required to return the actual rejected data to BellSouth. Rejected packs will be corrected and retransmitted to BlueStar by BellSouth.

5.6.5 Control Data

BlueStar will send one confirmation record per pack that is received from BellSouth. This confirmation record will indicate BlueStar received the pack and the acceptance or rejection of the pack. Pack Status Code(s) will be populated using standard ATIS EMI error codes for packs that were rejected by BlueStar for reasons stated in the above section.

5.6.6 Testing

- 5.6.6.1 Upon request from BlueStar, BellSouth shall send test files to BlueStar for the Optional Daily Usage File. The Parties agree to review and discuss the file's content and/or format. For testing of usage results, BellSouth shall request that BlueStar set up a production (LIVE) file. The live test may consist of BlueStar's employees making test calls for the types of services BlueStar requests on the Optional Daily Usage File. These test calls are logged by BlueStar, and the logs are provided to BellSouth. These logs will be used to verify the files. Testing will be completed within 30 calendar days from the date on which the initial test file was sent.

6. Access Daily Usage File

- 6.1. Upon written request from BlueStar, BellSouth will provide the Access Daily Usage File (ADUF) service to BlueStar pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in this section.

- 6.2 The BlueStar shall furnish all relevant information required by BellSouth for the provision of the Access Daily Usage File.
- 6.3 The Access Daily Usage Feed will contain access messages associated with a port that BlueStar has purchased from BellSouth
- 6.4 Charges for delivery of the Access Daily Usage File will appear on the BlueStars' monthly bills. The charges are as set forth in Exhibit A to this Attachment. All messages will be in the standard Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions (ATIS) EMI record format.
- 6.5 Messages that error in the billing system of the BlueStar will be the responsibility of the BlueStar. If, however, the BlueStar should encounter significant volumes of errored messages that prevent processing by the BlueStar within its systems, BellSouth will work with the BlueStar to determine the source of the errors and the appropriate resolution.
- 6.6 Usage To Be Transmitted
- 6.6.1 The following messages recorded by BellSouth will be transmitted to BlueStar:
- Interstate and intrastate access records associated with a port.
- Undetermined jurisdiction access records associated with a port.
- 6.6.2 When BlueStar purchases Network Element ports from BellSouth and calls are made using these ports, BellSouth will handle the calls as follows:
- Originating from Network Element and carried by Interexchange Carrier:
- BellSouth will bill network element to CLEC and send access record to the CLEC via ADUF
- Originating from network element and carried by BellSouth (BlueStar is BellSouth's toll customer):
- BellSouth will bill resale toll rates to BlueStar and send toll record for the end user toll billing purposes via ODUF (Optional Daily Usage File). Access record will be sent to BlueStar via ADUF.
- Terminating on network element and carried by Interexchange Carrier:
- BellSouth will bill network element to BlueStar and send access record to BlueStar.
- Terminating on network element and carried by BellSouth:

BellSouth will bill network element to BlueStar and send access record to BlueStar.

6.6.3 BellSouth will perform duplicate record checks on records processed to the Access Daily Usage File. Any duplicate messages detected will be dropped and not sent to BlueStar.

6.6.4 In the event that BlueStar detects a duplicate on the Access Daily Usage File they receive from BellSouth, BlueStar will drop the duplicate message (BlueStar will not return the duplicate to BellSouth.)

6.6.5 Physical File Characteristics

6.6.5.1 The Access Daily Usage File will be distributed to BlueStar via an agreed medium with CONNECT:Direct being the preferred transport method. The Daily Usage Feed will be a fixed block format (2476) with an LRECL of 2472. The data on the Daily Usage Feed will be in a non-compacted EMI format (210 byte format plus modules). It will be created on a daily basis (Monday through Friday except holidays). Details such as dataset name and delivery schedule will be addressed during negotiations of the distribution medium. There will be a maximum of one dataset per workday per OCN.

6.6.5.2 Data circuits (private line or dial-up) may be required between BellSouth and BlueStar for the purpose of data transmission. Where a dedicated line is required, BlueStar will be responsible for ordering the circuit, overseeing its installation and coordinating the installation with BellSouth. BlueStar will also be responsible for any charges associated with this line. Equipment required on the BellSouth end to attach the line to the mainframe computer and to transmit successfully ongoing will be negotiated on a case by case basis. Where a dial-up facility is required, dial circuits will be installed in the BellSouth data center by BellSouth and the associated charges assessed to BlueStar. Additionally, all message toll charges associated with the use of the dial circuit by BlueStar will be the responsibility of BlueStar. Associated equipment on the BellSouth end, including a modem, will be negotiated on a case by case basis between the Parties. All equipment, including modems and software, that is required on BlueStar end for the purpose of data transmission will be the responsibility of BlueStar.

6.6.6 Packing Specifications

6.6.6.1 A pack will contain a minimum of one message record or a maximum of 99,999 message records plus a pack header record and a pack trailer record. One transmission can contain a maximum of 99 packs and a minimum of one pack.

6.6.6.2 The OCN, From RAO, and Invoice Number will control the invoice sequencing. The From RAO will be used to identify to BlueStar which BellSouth RAO that is sending

the message. BellSouth and BlueStar will use the invoice sequencing to control data exchange. BellSouth will be notified of sequence failures identified by BlueStar and resend the data as appropriate.

The data will be packed using ATIS EMI records.

6.6.7 Pack Rejection

6.6.7.1 BlueStar will notify BellSouth within one business day of rejected packs (via the mutually agreed medium). Packs could be rejected because of pack sequencing discrepancies or a critical edit failure on the Pack Header or Pack Trailer records (i.e. out-of-balance condition on grand totals, invalid data populated). Standard ATIS EMI Error Codes will be used. BlueStar will not be required to return the actual rejected data to BellSouth. Rejected packs will be corrected and retransmitted to BlueStar by BellSouth.

6.6.8 Control Data

BlueStar will send one confirmation record per pack that is received from BellSouth. This confirmation record will indicate BlueStar received the pack and the acceptance or rejection of the pack. Pack Status Code(s) will be populated using standard ATIS EMI error codes for packs that were rejected by BlueStar for reasons stated in the above section.

6.6.9 Testing

6.6.9.1 Upon request from BlueStar, BellSouth shall send test files to BlueStar for the Access Daily Usage File. Testing shall consist of actual calls made from live accounts. A call log shall be supplied along with test request information. The Parties agree to review and discuss the file's content and/or format.

7. Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File

7.1 Upon written request from BlueStar, BellSouth will provide the Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File (EODUF) service to BlueStar pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in this section. EODUF will only be sent to existing ODUF subscribers who request the EODUF option.

7.2 The BlueStar shall furnish all relevant information required by BellSouth for the provision of the Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File.

7.3 The Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File (EODUF) will provide usage data for local calls originating from resold Flat Rate Business and Residential Lines.

Charges for delivery of the Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File will appear on the BlueStars' monthly bills. The charges are as set forth in Exhibit A to this Attachment.

- 7.4 All messages will be in the standard Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions (ATIS) EMI record format.
- 7.5 Messages that error in the billing system of the BlueStar will be the responsibility of the BlueStar. If, however, the BlueStar should encounter significant volumes of errored messages that prevent processing by the BlueStar within its systems, BellSouth will work with the BlueStar to determine the source of the errors and the appropriate resolution.

7.6 The following specifications shall apply to the Optional Daily Usage Feed.

7.6.1 Usage To Be Transmitted

7.6.1.1 The following messages recorded by BellSouth will be transmitted to the BlueStar:

Customer usage data for flat rated local call originating from CLEC end user lines (1FB or 1FR). The EODUF record for flat rate messages will include:

- Date of Call
- From Number
- To Number
- Connect Time
- Conversation Time
- Method of Recording
- From RAO
- Rate Class
- Message Type
- Billing Indicators
- Bill to Number

7.6.1.2 BellSouth will perform duplicate record checks on EODUF records processed to Optional Daily Usage File. Any duplicate messages detected will be deleted and not sent to BlueStar.

7.6.1.3 In the event that BlueStar detects a duplicate on Enhanced Optional Daily Usage File they receive from BellSouth, BlueStar will drop the duplicate message (BlueStar will not return the duplicate to BellSouth).

7.6.2 Physical File Characteristics

- 7.6.2.1 The Enhanced Optional Daily Usage Feed will be distributed to BlueStar over their existing Optional Daily Usage File (ODUF) feed. The EODUF messages will be intermingled among BlueStar's Optional Daily Usage File (ODUF) messages. The EODUF will be a variable block format (2476) with an LRECL of 2472. The data on the EODUF will be in a non-compacted EMI format (175 byte format plus modules). It will be created on a daily basis (Monday through Friday except holidays).
- 7.6.2.2 Data circuits (private line or dial-up) may be required between BellSouth and BlueStar for the purpose of data transmission. Where a dedicated line is required, BlueStar will be responsible for ordering the circuit, overseeing its installation and coordinating the installation with BellSouth. BlueStar will also be responsible for any charges associated with this line. Equipment required on the BellSouth end to attach the line to the mainframe computer and to transmit successfully ongoing will be negotiated on a case by case basis. Where a dial-up facility is required, dial circuits will be installed in the BellSouth data center by BellSouth and the associated charges assessed to BlueStar. Additionally, all message toll charges associated with the use of the dial circuit by BlueStar will be the responsibility of BlueStar. Associated equipment on the BellSouth end, including a modem, will be negotiated on a case by case basis between the Parties. All equipment, including modems and software, that is required on BlueStar end for the purpose of data transmission will be the responsibility of BlueStar.

7.6.3 Packing Specifications

- 7.6.3.1 A pack will contain a minimum of one message record or a maximum of 99,999 message records plus a pack header record and a pack trailer record. One transmission can contain a maximum of 99 packs and a minimum of one pack.
- 7.6.3.2 The Operating Company Number (OCN), From Revenue Accounting Office (RAO), and Invoice Number will control the invoice sequencing. The From RAO will be used to identify to BlueStar which BellSouth RAO that is sending the message. BellSouth and BlueStar will use the invoice sequencing to control data exchange. BellSouth will be notified of sequence failures identified by BlueStar and resend the data as appropriate.

The data will be packed using ATIS EMI records.

BELLSOUTH/BLUESTAR RATES
 ODUF/EODUF/ADUF/CMDS

DESCRIPTION	USOC	RATES BY STATE								
		AL	FL	GA	KY	LA	MS	NC	SC	TN
ODUF/EODUF/ADUF/CMDS										
ODUF: Recording, per message	N/A				\$0.0008611					
ODUF: Message Processing, per message	N/A				\$0.0032357					
EODUF: Message Processing, per message	N/A				\$0.004					
ADUF: Message Processing, per message	N/A				\$0.004					
CMDS: Message Processing, per message	N/A				\$0.004					
ODUF: Message Processing, per magnetic tape provisioned	N/A				\$55.68					
EODUF: Message Processing, per magnetic tape provisioned	N/A				\$47.30					
ADUF: Message Processing, per magnetic tape provisioned	N/A				\$54.95					
ODUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message	N/A				\$0.0000365					
EODUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message	N/A				\$0.0000364					
ADUF: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message	N/A				\$0.001					
CMDS: Data Transmission (CONNECT:DIRECT), per message	N/A				\$0.001					
NOTES:										
If no rate is identified in the contract, the rate for the specific service or function will be as set forth in applicable BellSouth tariff or as negotiated by the parties upon request by either party.										

Attachment 8

Rights-of-Way, Conduits and Pole Attachments

Rights-of-Way, Conduits and Pole Attachments

BellSouth will provide nondiscriminatory access to any pole, duct, conduit, or right-of-way owned or controlled by BellSouth pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 224, as amended by the Act, pursuant to terms and conditions of a license agreement subsequently negotiated with BellSouth's Competitive Structure Provisioning Center.

Attachment 9
Performance Measurements

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Service Performance Measurements And Enforcement Mechanisms

1. Scope

This Attachment includes Enforcement Measurements with corresponding Enforcement Mechanisms applicable to this Agreement.

2. Reporting

2.1 In providing services pursuant to this Agreement, BellSouth will report its performance to BlueStar in accordance with BellSouth's Service Quality Measurements, which are contained in this Attachment as Exhibit A and in accordance with BellSouth's Enforcement Measurements, which are contained in this Attachment as Exhibit B.

2.2 BellSouth will make performance reports available to BlueStar on a monthly basis. The reports will contain information collected in each performance category and will be available to BlueStar through some electronic medium to be determined by BellSouth. BellSouth will also provide electronic access to the raw data underlying the performance measurements. Within thirty (30) days of execution of this Agreement, BellSouth will provide a detailed session of instruction to BlueStar regarding access to the reports and to the raw data as well as the nature of the format of the data provided.

3. Modifications to Measurements

3.1 Service Quality Measurements

3.1.1 BellSouth will update the Service Quality Measurements contained in Exhibit A of this Attachment each calendar quarter. BellSouth will not delete any Service Quality Measurement without prior written consent of BlueStar. BlueStar may provide input to BellSouth regarding any suggested additions, deletions or other modifications to the Service Quality Measurements. BellSouth will provide notice of all changes to the Service Quality Measurements via BellSouth's internet website.

3.1.2 Notwithstanding the foregoing, BellSouth may, from time to time, be ordered by a regulatory or judicial body to modify or amend the Service Quality Measurements. BellSouth will make all such changes to the Service Quality Measurements pursuant to Section 16 of the General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement, incorporated herein by reference.

3.1.3 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, in the event

a dispute arises regarding the modification or amendment of the Service Quality Measurements, the parties will refer the dispute to the Commission.

3.2 Enforcement Measurements and Statistical Test

3.2.1 In order for BellSouth to accurately administer the Enforcement Measurements contained in Exhibit B of this Attachment, the Enforcement Measurements shall be modified or amended only if BellSouth determines such modification or amendment is necessary. However, BellSouth will not delete any Enforcement Measurement without prior written consent of BlueStar. BellSouth will notify BlueStar of any such modification or amendment to the Enforcement Measurements via BellSouth's internet website.

3.2.2 Notwithstanding the foregoing, BellSouth may, from time to time, be ordered by a regulatory or judicial body to modify or amend the Enforcement Measurements and/or Statistical Test. BellSouth will make all such changes to the Enforcement Measurements and/or Statistical Test pursuant to Section 16 of the General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement, incorporated herein by reference.

3.2.3 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, in the event a dispute arises regarding the modification or amendment of the Enforcement Measurements and/or Statistical Test, the parties will refer the dispute to the Commission.

4. Enforcement Mechanisms

4.1 Purpose

This section establishes meaningful and significant enforcement mechanisms voluntarily provided by BellSouth to verify and maintain compliance between BellSouth and BlueStar's operations as well as to maintain access to Operational Support System (OSS) functions. This section provides the terms and conditions for such self-effectuating enforcement mechanisms.

4.2 Effective Date

Tier-1 Enforcement Mechanisms shall become effective in all BellSouth states upon an effective FCC order, which has not been stayed, authorizing BellSouth to provide interLATA telecommunications service under section 271 of the Act within any given state, or one (1) year from the date of the Kentucky Public Service Commission's Order in Case Nos. 99-498,

98-587 dated July 7, 2000, which ever occurs first, and shall only apply to BellSouth's performance in the state of Kentucky. Tier-2 and Tier-3 Enforcement Mechanisms set forth in this section shall only become effective upon an effective FCC order, which has not been stayed, authorizing BellSouth to provide interLATA telecommunications services under section 271 of the Act within a particular state and shall only apply to BellSouth's performance in any state in which the FCC has granted BellSouth interLATA authority.

4.3 Definitions

- 4.3.1 Enforcement Measurement Elements means the performance measurements set forth in Exhibit B, attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference.
- 4.3.2 Enforcement Measurement Benchmark means a competitive level of performance negotiated by BellSouth used to compare the performance of BellSouth and BlueStar where no analogous process, product or service is feasible. See Exhibit B.
- 4.3.3 Enforcement Measurement Compliance means comparing performance levels provided to BellSouth retail customers with performance levels provided by BellSouth to the CLEC customer, as set forth in Exhibit C, attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference.
- 4.3.4 Test Statistic and Balancing Critical Value is the means by which enforcement will be determine using statistically valid equations. See Exhibit C.
- 4.3.5 Cell is the point (below the wire center level) at which like-to-like comparisons are made. For example, all BellSouth retail POTS services, for residential customers, requiring a dispatch in a particular wire center, at a particular point in time will be compared directly to BlueStar resold services for residential customers, requiring a dispatch, in the same wire center, at a particular point in time. When determining compliance, these cells can have a positive or negative value. See Exhibit C.
- 4.3.6 Affected Volume means that proportion of the total BlueStar volume or CLEC Aggregate volume for which remedies will be paid.
- 4.3.7 Parity Gap refers to the incremental departure from a compliant-level of service. (See Exhibit D). This is also referred to as "diff" in the Statistical paper (See Exhibit C).
- 4.3.8 Tier-1 Enforcement Mechanisms means self-executing liquidated damages paid directly to BlueStar when BellSouth delivers non-compliant

performance of any one of the Enforcement Measurement Elements for any month as calculated by BellSouth.

- 4.3.9 Tier-2 Enforcement Mechanisms means Assessments paid directly to a state Public Service Commission (“Commission”) or its designee. Tier 2 Enforcement Mechanisms are triggered by three consecutive monthly failures in a quarter in which BellSouth performance is out of compliance or does not meet the benchmarks for the aggregate of all CLEC data as calculated by BellSouth for a particular Enforcement Measurement Element.
- 4.3.10 Tier-3 Enforcement Mechanisms means the voluntary suspension of additional marketing and sales of long distance services triggered by excessive repeat failures of those specific submeasures as defined in Exhibit D attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference.
- 4.4 Application
- 4.4.1 The application of the Tier-1, Tier-2, and Tier-3 Enforcement Mechanisms does not foreclose other non-contractual legal and regulatory claims and remedies available to BlueStar.
- 4.4.2 Proof of damages resulting from BellSouth’s failure to maintain Enforcement Measurement Compliance would be difficult to ascertain and, therefore, liquidated damages are a reasonable approximation of any contractual damage. Liquidated damages under this provision are not intended to be a penalty.
- 4.5 Methodology
- 4.5.1 Tier-1 Enforcement Mechanisms will be triggered by BellSouth’s failure to achieve Enforcement Measurement Compliance or Enforcement Measurement Benchmarks for the State for a given Enforcement Measurement Element in a given month based upon a test statistic and balancing critical value calculated by BellSouth utilizing BellSouth generated data. The method of calculation is attached hereto as Exhibit D and incorporated herein by this reference.
- 4.5.1.1 Tier-1 Enforcement Mechanisms apply on a per transaction basis for each negative cell and will escalate based upon the number of consecutive months that BellSouth has reported non-compliance.
- 4.5.1.2 Fee Schedule for Tier-1 Enforcement Mechanisms is shown in Table-1 attached hereto as Exhibit E and incorporated herein by this reference. Failures beyond Month 6 (as set forth in Table 1) will be subject to Month 6 fees.

- 4.5.2 Tier-2 Enforcement Mechanisms will be triggered by BellSouth's failure to achieve Enforcement Measurement Compliance or Enforcement Measurement Benchmarks for the State in a given calendar quarter based upon a statistically valid equation calculated by BellSouth utilizing BellSouth generated data. The method of calculation is attached hereto as Exhibit D and incorporated herein by reference.
- 4.5.2.1 Tier- 2 Enforcement Mechanisms apply, for an aggregate of all CLEC data generated by BellSouth, on a per transaction basis for each negative cell for a particular Enforcement Measurement Element.
- 4.5.2.2 Fee Schedule for Total Quarterly Tier-2 Enforcement Mechanisms is show in Table-2 attached hereto as Exhibit E and incorporated herein by this reference.
- 4.5.3 Tier-3 Enforcement Mechanisms will be triggered by BellSouth's failure to achieve Enforcement Measurement Compliance or Enforcement Measurement Benchmarks for a State in a given calendar quarter. The method of calculation for specified submeasures is identical to the method of calculation for Tier-2 Enforcement Mechanisms as described above. The specific submeasures which are the mechanism for triggering and removing a Tier-3 Enforcement Mechanisms are described in more detail in Exhibit D attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference.
- 4.6 Payment of Tier-1 and Tier-2 Amounts
- 4.6.1 If BellSouth performance triggers an obligation to pay Tier-1 Enforcement Mechanisms to BlueStar or an obligation to remit Tier-2 Enforcement Mechanisms to the Commission, BellSouth shall make payment in the required amount on or before the thirtieth (30th) day following the due date of the performance measurement report for the month in which the obligation arose.
- 4.6.2 For each day after the due date that BellSouth fails to pay BlueStar the required amount, BellSouth will pay interest to BlueStar at the maximum rate permitted by state law.
- 4.6.3 For each day after the due date that BellSouth fails to pay the Tier-2 Enforcement Mechanisms, BellSouth will pay the Commission an additional \$1,000 per day.
- 4.6.4 If BlueStar disputes the amount paid to BlueStar for Tier-1 Enforcement Mechanisms, BlueStar shall submit a written claim to BellSouth within sixty (60) days after the date of the performance measurement report for

which the obligation arose. BellSouth shall investigate all claims and provide BlueStar written findings within thirty (30) days after receipt of the claim. If BellSouth determines BlueStar is owed additional amounts, BellSouth shall pay BlueStar such additional amounts within thirty (30) days after its findings along with interest paid at the maximum rate permitted by law.

- 4.6.5 At the end of each calendar year, BellSouth will have its independent auditing and accounting firm certify that the results of all Tier-1 and Tier-2 Enforcement Mechanisms were paid and accounted for in accordance with Generally Accepted Account Principles (GAAP).
- 4.7 Limitations of Liability
- 4.7.1 BellSouth will not be responsible for BlueStar acts or omissions that cause performance measures to be missed or fail, including but not limited to accumulation and submission of orders at unreasonable quantities or times or failure to submit accurate orders or inquiries. BellSouth shall provide BlueStar with reasonable notice of such acts or omissions and provide BlueStar any such supporting documentation.
- 4.7.2 BellSouth shall not be obligated for Tier-1, Tier-2 or Tier 3 Enforcement Mechanisms for non-compliance with a performance measure if such non-compliance was the result of an act or omission by BlueStar that is in bad faith.
- 4.7.3 BellSouth shall not be obligated to pay Tier-1 Enforcement Mechanisms or Tier-2 Enforcement Mechanism for non-compliance with a performance measurement if such non-compliance was the result of any of the following: a Force Majeure event as set forth in the General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement; an act or omission by BlueStar that is contrary to any of its obligations under its Interconnection Agreement with BellSouth; an act or omission by BlueStar that is contrary to any of its obligations under the Act, Commission rule, or state law; an act or omission associated with third-party systems or equipment; or any occurrence that results from an incident reasonably related to the Y2K problem.
- 4.7.4 It is not the intent of the Parties that BellSouth be liable for both Tier-2 Enforcement Mechanisms and any other assessments or sanctions imposed by the Commission. BlueStar will not oppose any effort by BellSouth to set off Tier-2 Enforcement Mechanisms from any additional assessment imposed by the Commission.
- 4.7.5 Payment of any Tier-1 or Tier-2 Enforcement Mechanisms shall not be considered as an admission against interest or an admission of liability or

culpability in any legal, regulatory or other proceeding relating to BellSouth's performance. The payment of any Tier-1 Enforcement Mechanisms to BlueStar shall release BellSouth for any liability associated with or related to the service performance measurement for the month for which the Enforcement Mechanisms was paid to BlueStar.

4.7.6 BlueStar acknowledges and argues that the Enforcement Mechanisms contained in this attachment have been provided by BellSouth on a completely voluntary basis in order to maintain compliance between BellSouth and BlueStar. Therefore, BlueStar may not use the existence of this section or any payments of any Tier-1 or Tier-2 Enforcement Mechanisms under this section as evidence that BellSouth has not complied with or has violated any state or federal law or regulation.

4.8 Enforcement Mechanism Caps

4.8.1 BellSouth's liability for the payment of Tier-1 and Tier-2 Enforcement Mechanisms shall be collectively capped at \$625M per year for the entire BellSouth region as set forth below.

AL - \$54M	MS - \$44M
FL - \$122M	NC - \$77M
GA - \$131M	SC - \$47M
KY - \$34M	TN - \$57M
LA - \$59M	
Regional Total - \$625M	

4.8.2 If BellSouth's liability for the payment of Tier-1 and Tier-2 Enforcement Mechanisms exceed the caps referenced in this attachment, BlueStar may commence a proceeding with the Commission to demonstrate why BellSouth should pay any amount in excess of the cap. BlueStar shall have the burden of proof to demonstrate why, under the circumstances, BellSouth should have additional liability.

4.9 Dispute Resolution

4.9.1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, any dispute regarding BellSouth's performance or obligations pursuant to this Attachment shall be resolved by the Commission.

EXHIBIT A

ORDERING

Report/Measurement:	
O-7. Speed of Answer in Ordering Center	
Definition:	
Measures the average time a customer is in queue.	
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
The clock starts when the appropriate option is selected (i.e. 1 for Resale Consumer, 2 for Resale Multiline, and 3 for UNE-LNP, etc.) and the call enters the queue for that particular group in the LCSC. The clock stops when a BST service representative in the LCSC answers the call. The speed of answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a CLEC call into the BellSouth automatic call distributor (ACD) until the a service representative in BSTs Local Carrier Service Center (LCSC) answers the CLEC call.	
Calculation:	
$(\text{Total time in seconds to reach the LCSC}) / (\text{Total Number of Calls})$ in the Reporting Period.	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate (Combination of Residence Service Center and Business Service Center data under development) 	
Level of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate (Combination of Residence Service Center and Business Service Center data under development) 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mechanized tracking through LCSC Automatic Call Distributor 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mechanized tracking through BST Retail center support systems
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
For CLEC, Speed of Answer in Ordering Center (LCSC) is comparable to Speed of Answer in BST Business Offices. See Appendix D	

Revision Date: 02/16/00 (lg)

ORDERING – (LNP)

Report/Measurement:
LNP-8. Percent Rejected Service Requests
Definition:
Percent Rejected Service Request is the percent of total Local Service Requests (LSRs) which are rejected due to error or omission. An LSR is considered valid when it is electronically submitted by the CLEC and passes LNP Gateway edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete, i.e., fatal rejects are excluded.
Exclusions:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service Requests canceled by the CLEC • Fatal Rejects • Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable.
Business Rules:
<p>An LSR is considered “rejected” when it is submitted electronically but does not pass edit checks in the ordering systems (EDI, TAG, LNP Gateway, LAUTO) and is returned to the CLEC without manual intervention.</p> <p>Fully Mechanized: There are two types of “Rejects” in the Fully Mechanized category:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A Fatal Reject occurs when a CLEC attempts to electronically submit an LSR (via EDI or TAG) but required fields are not populated correctly and the request is returned to the CLEC. Fatal rejects are reported in a separate column, and for informational purposes ONLY. They are not considered in the calculation of the percent of total LSRs rejected or the total number of rejected LSRs. • An Auto Clarification is a valid LSR which is electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but is rejected from LAUTO because it does not pass further edit checks for order accuracy. Auto Clarifications are returned without manual intervention. <p>Partially Mechanized: A valid LSR which is electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but cannot be processed electronically due to a CLEC error and “falls out” for manual handling. It is then put into “clarification”, and sent back to the CLEC.</p> <p>Total Mechanized: Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized rejects.</p>
Calculation
<p>Percent Rejected Service Requests:</p> $\frac{[(\text{Number of Service Requests Rejected in the Reporting Period}) / (\text{Number of Service Requests Received in the Reporting Period})] \times 100}{}$
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ LNP ➢ UNE Loop with LNP • Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ .State, Region
Retail Analog/Benchmark:
See Appendix D

Revision Date: 02/16/00 (1g)

ORDERING – (LNP)

Report/Measurement:
LNP-9. Reject Interval Distribution & Average Reject Interval
Definition:
Reject Interval is the average reject time from receipt of an LSR to the distribution of a Reject. An LSR is considered valid when it is electronically submitted by the CLEC and passes LNP Gateway edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete, i.e., fatal rejects are excluded.
Exclusions:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service Requests canceled by CLEC • Fatal Rejects • Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable.
Business Rules:
<p>The Reject interval is determined for each rejected LSR processed during the reporting period. The Reject interval is the elapsed time from when BST receives LSR until that LSR is rejected back to the CLEC. Elapsed time for each LSR is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of rejected LSRs to produce the reject interval distribution.</p> <p>An LSR is considered “rejected” when it is submitted electronically but does not pass edit checks in the ordering systems (EDI, TAG, LNP Gateway, LAUTO) and is returned to the CLEC without manual intervention.</p> <p>Fully Mechanized: There are two types of “Rejects” in the Fully Mechanized category:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A Fatal Reject occurs when a CLEC attempts to electronically submit an LSR but required fields are not populated correctly and the request is returned to the CLEC. <i>Fatal rejects are reported in a separate column, and for informational purposes ONLY. They are not considered in the calculation of the percent of total LSRs rejected or the number of rejected LSRs.</i> • An Auto Clarification is a valid LSR which is electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but rejected from LAUTO because it does not pass further edit checks for order accuracy. Auto Clarifications are returned without manual intervention. <p>Partially Mechanized: A valid LSR which is electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but cannot be processed electronically due to a CLEC error and “falls out” for manual handling. It is then put into “clarification”, and sent back to the CLEC.</p> <p>Total Mechanized: Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized rejects.</p>
Calculation:
<p>Average Reject Interval: $\frac{\Sigma (\text{Date \& Time of Service Request Rejection}) - (\text{Date \& Time of Service Request Receipt})}{(\text{Total Number of Service Requests Rejected in Reporting Period})}$</p> <p>Reject Interval Distribution: $[S (\text{Service Requests Rejected in “X” minutes/hours}) / (\text{Total Number of Service Requests Rejected in Reporting Period})] \times 100$</p>
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate

ORDERING – (LNP) - Reject Interval Distribution & Average Reject Interval – Continued

Level of Disaggregation:
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reported in intervals = 0 - 4 minutes, 4 - 8 minutes, 8 - 12 minutes, 12 - 60 minutes, 0 - 1 hours, 1 - 8 hours, 8 - 24 hours, >24 hours• Product Reporting Levels<ul style="list-style-type: none">➢ LNP➢ UNE Loop with LNP• Geographic Scope<ul style="list-style-type: none">➢ .State, Region• Average Interval in Days
Retail Analog/Benchmark:
See Appendix D

Revision Date: 02/16/00 (lg)

ORDERING – (LNP)

Report/Measurement:
LNP-10. Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness Interval Distribution & Firm Order Confirmation Average Interval
Definition:
Interval for Return of a Firm Order Confirmation (FOC Interval) is the average response time from receipt of a valid LSR to distribution of a firm order confirmation.
Exclusions:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rejected LSRs (Clarifications or Fatal Rejects) • Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable.
Business Rules:
<p>The Firm Order Confirmation interval is determined for each FOC'd LSR processed during the reporting period. The Firm Order Confirmation interval is the elapsed time from when BST receives an LSR until that LSR is confirmed back to the CLEC. Elapsed time for each LSR is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed to produce the Firm Order Confirmation timeliness interval distribution.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mechanized - The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR until the LSR is processed and appropriate service orders are generated in SOCS without manual intervention. • Partially Mechanized - The elapsed time from receipt of an electronically submitted LSR which falls out for manual handling by the LCSC personnel until appropriate service orders are issued by a BST service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS). • Total Mechanized - Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized FOCs.
Calculation:
<p>Average FOC Interval: $S [(\text{Date \& Time of Firm Order Confirmation}) - (\text{Date \& Time of Service Request Receipt})] / (\text{Total number of Service Requests Confirmed in the Reporting Period})$</p> <p>FOC Interval Distribution: $S [(\text{Service Requests Confirmed in "X" minutes/hours in the Reporting Period}) / (\text{Total Service Requests Confirmed in the Reporting Period})] \times 100$</p>
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reported in intervals = 0 - 15 minutes, 15 - 30 minutes, 30 - 45 minutes, 45 - 60 minutes, 90 - 120 minutes, 120 - 240 minutes, 4 - 8 hours, 8 - 12 hours, 12 - 16 hours, 16 - 20 hours, 20 - 24 hours, 24 - 48 hours, >48 hours • Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ LNP ➢ UNE Loop with LNP • Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ .State, Region
Retail Analog/Benchmark:
See Appendix D

Revision Date: 02/16/00 (lg)

Provisioning Disaggregation

Product Reporting Levels

- Resale and Retail
 - POTS – Residence
 - POTS – Business
 - Design
 - PBX (Louisiana SQM)
 - CENTREX (Louisiana SQM)
 - ISDN (Louisiana SQM) (**NOTE:** ISDN included in POTS for Georgia Only)
 - ESSX (Louisiana SQM)

- Unbundled Network Elements
 - UNE Design
 - UNE Non – Design
 - UNE 2 Wire Loop (Louisiana SQM)
 - UNE Loop Other (Louisiana SQM)
 - Unbundled Ports (Louisiana SQM)

- Trunks
 - Local Interconnection Trunks

- Geographic Scope
 - State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area – MSA)

The following measure is the exception for all states:

Coordinated Customer Conversion

Which is disaggregated as follows:

UNE LOOPS with INP

UNE LOOPS without INP

PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement:
P-1. Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals
Definition:
When delays occur in completing CLEC orders, the average period that CLEC orders are held for BST reasons, pending a delayed completion, should be no worse for the CLEC when compared to BST delayed orders.
Exclusions:
Order Activities of BST associated with internal or administrative use of local services.
Business Rules:
<p>Mean Held Order Interval: This metric is computed at the close of each report period. The held order interval is established by first identifying all orders, at the close of the reporting interval, that both have not been reported as completed in SOCS and have passed the currently committed due date for the order. For each such order, the number of calendar days between the committed due date and the close of the reporting period is established and represents the held order interval for that particular order. The held order interval is accumulated by the standard groupings, unless otherwise noted, and the reason for the order being held. The total number of days accumulated in a category is then divided by the number of held orders within the same category to produce the mean held order interval. The interval is by calendar days with no exclusions for Holidays or Sundays.</p> <p>CLEC Specific reporting is by type of held order (facilities, equipment, other), total number of orders held, and the total and average days.</p> <p>Held Order Distribution Interval: This measure provides data to report total days held and identifies these in categories of >15 days and > 90 days. (orders counted in >90 days are also included in >15 days).</p>
Calculation:
<p>Mean Held Order Interval: $\Sigma(\text{Reporting Period Close Date} - \text{Committed Order Due Date}) / (\text{Number of Orders Pending and Past The Committed Due Date})$ for all orders pending and past the committed due date.</p> <p>Held Order Distribution Interval: $(\# \text{ of Orders Held for } \geq 90 \text{ days}) / (\text{Total } \# \text{ of Orders Pending But Not Completed}) \times 100$ $(\# \text{ of Orders Held for } \geq 15 \text{ days}) / (\text{Total } \# \text{ of Orders Pending But Not Completed}) \times 100$</p>
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation:
Circuit breakout < 10, > = 10

PROVISIONING - Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals – Continued

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Order Number and PON (PON) • Order Submission Date (TICKET_ID) • Committed Due Date (DD) • Service Type(CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Hold Reason • Total line/circuit count • Geographic Scope <p>NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • BST Order Number • Order Submission Date • Committed Due Date • Service Type • Hold Reason • Total line/circuit count • Geographic Scope
<p>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CLEC Residence Resale / BST Residence Retail CLEC Business Resale / BST Business Retail CLEC Non-UNE Design / BST Design Interconnection Trunks-CLEC / Interconnection Trunks –BST UNEs-(See Appendix D) 	

Revision Date: 02/24/00 (taf)

PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement:	
P-2. Average Jeopardy Notice Interval & Percentage of Orders Given Jeopardy Notices	
Definition:	
When BST can determine in advance that a committed due date is in jeopardy, it will provide advance notice to the CLEC.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Orders held for CLEC end user reasons • Orders submitted to BST through non-mechanized methods 	
Business Rules:	
When BST can determine in advance that a committed due date is in jeopardy it will provide advance notice to the CLEC. The number of committed orders in a report period is the number of orders that have a due date in the reporting period.	
Calculation:	
Average Jeopardy Interval = $\Sigma [(\text{Date and Time of Scheduled Due Date on Service Order}) - (\text{Date and Time of Jeopardy Notice})] / [\text{Number of Orders Notified of Jeopardy in Reporting Period}]$ Percent of Orders Given Jeopardy Notice = $\Sigma [(\text{Number of Orders Given Jeopardy Notices in Reporting Period}) / (\text{Number of Orders Confirmed (due) in Reporting Period})]$	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Order Number and PON • Date and Time Jeopardy Notice sent • Committed Due Date • Service Type 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • BST Order Number • Date and Time Jeopardy Notice sent • Committed Due Date • Service type
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
95% > = 24 hours	

Revision Date: 01/05/00 (taf)

PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement:	
P-3. Percent Missed Installation Appointments	
Definition:	
“Percent missed installation appointments” monitors the reliability of BST commitments with respect to committed due dates to assure that CLECs can reliably quote expected due dates to their retail customer as compared to BST.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Canceled Service Orders • Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.) • Disconnect (D) & From (F) orders • End User Misses on Interconnection Trunks 	
Business Rules:	
Percent Missed Installation Appointments is the percentage of total orders processed for which BST is unable to complete the service orders on the confirmed due dates. Missed Appointments caused by end-user reasons will be included and reported separately. A business day is any time period within the same date frame, which means there cannot be a cutoff time for commitments as certain types of orders are requested to be worked after standard business hours. Also, during Daylight Savings Time, field technicians are scheduled until 9PM in some areas and the customer is offered a greater range of intervals from which to select.	
Calculation:	
Percent Missed Installation Appointments = Σ (Number of Orders Not Complete by Committed Due Date in Reporting Period) / (Number of Orders Confirmed in Reporting Period) X 100	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate <p>Report explanation: The difference between End User MA and Total MA is the result of BST caused misses. Here, Total MA is the total % of orders missed either by BST or CLEC end user. The End User MA represents the percentage of orders missed by the CLEC or their end user.</p>	
Level of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reported in categories of <10 lines/circuits; > = 10 lines/circuits • Dispatch/No Dispatch 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Order Number and PON (PON) • Committed Due Date (DD) • Completion Date (CMPLTN DD) • Status Type • Status Notice Date • Standard Order Activity • Geographic Scope 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • BST Order Number • Committed Due Date (DD) • Completion Date (CMPLTN DD) • Status Type • Status Notice Date • Standard Order Activity • Geographic Scope
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
CLEC Residence Resale / BST Residence Retail CLEC Business Resale / BST Business Retail CLEC Non-UNE Design / BST Design Interconnection Trunks-CLEC / Interconnection Trunks –BST UNEs-(See Appendix D)	

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (taf)

PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement :
P-4. Average Completion Interval (OCI) & Order Completion Interval Distribution
Definition:
The “average completion interval” measure monitors the interval of time it takes BST to provide service for the CLEC or its’ own customers. The “Order Completion Interval Distribution” provides the percentage of orders completed within certain time periods.
Exclusions:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Canceled Service Orders • Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.) • D (Disconnect) and F (From) orders. (From is disconnect side of a move order when the customer moves to a new address). • “L” Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)
Business Rules:
The actual completion interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. The completion interval is the elapsed time from when BST issues a FOC or SOCS date time stamp receipt of an order from the CLEC to BST’s actual order completion date. The clock starts when a valid order number is assigned by SOCS and stops when the technician or system completes the order in SOCS. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed.
The interval breakout for UNE and Design is: 0-5 = 0-4.99, 5-10 = 5-9.99, 10-15 = 10-14.99, 15-20 = 15-19.99 20-25 = 20-24.99, 25-30 = 25-29.99, >=30 = 30 and greater.
Calculation :
Average Completion Interval: $S [(\text{Completion Date \& Time}) - (\text{Order Issue Date \& Time})] / S (\text{Count of Orders Completed in Reporting period})$
Order Completion Interval Distribution: $S (\text{Service Orders Completed in “X” days}) / (\text{Total Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period}) \times 100$
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ISDN Orders included in Non Design - GA Only • Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks. • Residence & Business reported in day intervals = 0,1,2,3,4, 5, 5+ • UNE and Design reported in day intervals = 0-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-25, 25-30, >=30 • All Levels are reported <10 line/circuits; >=10 line/circuits

PROVISIONING –
(Average Completion Interval (OCI) & Order Completion Interval Distribution – Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Company Name • Order Number (PON) • Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID) • Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT) • Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Geographic Scope <p>NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • BST Order Number • Order Submission Date & Time • Order Completion Date & Time • Service Type • Geographic Scope
<p>Retail Analog/Benchmark</p> <p>CLEC Residence Resale / BST Residence Retail CLEC Business Resale / BST Business Retail CLEC Non-UNE Design / BST Design Interconnection Trunks-CLEC / Interconnection Trunks-BST UNEs-(See Appendix D)</p>	

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (taf)

PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement:	
P-5. Average Completion Notice Interval	
Definition:	
The Completion Notice Interval is the elapsed time between the BST reported completion of work and the issuance of a valid completion notice to the CLEC.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-mechanized Orders • Cancelled Service Orders • Order Activities of BST associated with internal or administrative use of local services • D & F orders 	
Business Rules:	
Measurement of interval of completion date and time by a field technician on dispatched orders, and 5PM start time on the due date for non-dispatched orders; to the release of a notice to the CLEC/BST of the completion status. The field technician notifies the CLEC the work was complete and then he enters the completion time stamp information in his computer. This information switches through to the SOCS systems either completing the order or rejecting the order to the Work Management Center (WMC). If the completion is rejected, it is manually corrected and then completed by the WMC. The notice is returned on each individual order submitted and as the notice is sent electronically, it can only be switched to those orders that were submitted by the CLEC electronically. The start time is the completion stamp either by the field technician or the 5PM due date stamp; the end time is the time stamp the notice was submitted to the CLEC/BST system.	
Calculation:	
Σ (Date and Time of Notice of Completion) – (Date and Time of Work Completion) / (Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period)	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate 	
Level of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reporting intervals in Hours: 0-1, 1-2, 2-4, 4-8, 8-12, 12-24, > 24, plus Overall Average Hour Interval • Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; >= 10 line/circuits 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Order Number • Work Completion Date • Work Completion Time • Completion Notice Availability Date • Completion Notice Availability Time • Service Type • Activity Type • Geographic Scope 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • BST Order Number • Work Completion Date • Work Completion Time • Completion Notice Availability Date • Completion Notice Availability Time • Service Type • Activity Type • Geographic Scope
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
CLEC Residence Resale / BST Residence Retail CLEC Business Resale / BST Business Retail CLEC Non-UNE Design / BST Design Interconnection Trunks-CLEC / Interconnection Trunks-BST UNEs – (See Appendix D)	

Revision Date 02/24/00 (taf)

PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement:	
P-6. Coordinated Customer Conversions	
Definition:	
This category measures the average time it takes BST to disconnect an unbundled loop from the BST switch and cross connect it to a CLEC's equipment. This measurement applies to service orders with and without INP, and where the CLEC has requested BST to provide a coordinated cutover.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement. • Delays due to CLEC following disconnection of the unbundled loop • Unbundled Loops where there is no existing subscriber loop and loops where coordination is not requested. 	
Business Rules:	
Where the service order includes INP, the interval includes the total time for the cutover including the translation time to place the line back in service on the ported line. The interval is calculated for the entire cutover time for the service order and then divided by items worked in that time to give the average per item interval for each service order.	
Calculation:	
$\frac{\sum [(Completion\ Date\ and\ Time\ for\ Cross\ Connection\ of\ an\ Coordinated\ Unbundled\ Loop) - (Disconnection\ Date\ and\ Time\ of\ an\ Coordinated\ Unbundled\ Loop)]}{Total\ Number\ of\ Unbundled\ Loop\ with\ Coordinated\ Conversions\ (items)\ for\ the\ reporting\ period.}$	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate 	
Level of Disaggregation:	
Reported in intervals <=5 minutes; >5,<=15 minutes; >15 minutes, plus Overall Average interval	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Order Number • Committed Due Date (DD) • Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Cutover Start Time • Cutover Completion time • Portability start and completion times (INP orders) • Total Conversions (Items) <p>NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No BST Analog Exists
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
There is no retail analog for this measurement because it measures cutting loops to the CLEC. Benchmark – See Appendix D	

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (taf)

PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement:	
P-7. % Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Activity	
Definition:	
Percent Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Installation measures the quality and accuracy of installation activities.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Canceled Service Orders • Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (R Orders, Test Orders, etc.) • D & F orders 	
Business Rules:	
Measures the quality and accuracy of completed orders. The first trouble report from a service order after completion is counted in this measure. Subsequent trouble reports are measured in Repeat Report Rate. Reports are calculated searching in the prior report period for completed service orders and following 30 days after completion for a trouble report.	
D & F orders are excluded as there is no subsequent activity following a disconnect.	
Calculation:	
$\% \text{ Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Activity} = \frac{\Sigma (\text{Trouble reports on all completed orders} \leq 30 \text{ days following service order(s) completion})}{(\text{All Service Orders completed in the report calendar month})} \times 100$	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate 	
Level of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; >= 10 line/circuits • Dispatch / No Dispatch 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Order Number and PON • Order Submission Date(TICKET_ID) • Order Submission Time (TICKET_ID) • Status Type • Status Notice Date • Standard Order Activity • Geographic Scope 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • BST Order Number • Order Submission Date • Order Submission Time • Status Type • Status Notice Date • Standard Order Activity • Geographic Scope
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
CLEC Residence Resale / BST Residence Retail CLEC Business Resale / BST Business Retail CLEC Non-UNE_Design / BST Design Interconnection Trunks-CLEC / Interconnection Trunks –BST UNEs-(See Appendix D)	

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (taf)

PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement :	
P-8. Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT)	
Definition:	
This report measures the total service order cycle time from receipt of a valid service order request to the completion of the service order.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Canceled Service Orders • Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.) • D (Disconnect) and F (From) orders. (From is disconnect side of a move order when the customer moves to a new address). • “L” Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval) • Orders with CLEC/Subscriber caused delays or CLEC/Subscriber requested due date changes. 	
Business Rules:	
<p>The interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. This measurement combines two reports: FOC (Firm Order Confirmation) with Average Order Completion Interval.</p> <p>This interval starts with the receipt of a valid service order request and stops when the technician or system completes the order in SOCS. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed.</p>	
Calculation :	
<p>Total Service Order Cycle Time</p> $\frac{\Sigma(\text{Date and Time of Service Request Receipt}) - (\text{Completion Date and Time of Service Order}) (\text{SOCS HIST-CD DATE})}{(\text{Count of Orders Completed in Reporting Period})}$	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate 	
Level of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reported in categories of < 10 line/circuits; > = 10 line/circuits • Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks. • Intervals 0-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-25, 25-30, > = 30 Days 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Interval for FOC • CLEC Company Name • Order Number (PON) • Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID) • Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT) • Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Geographic Scope <p>NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • BST Order Number • Order Submission Date & Time • Order Completion Date & Time • Service Type • Geographic Scope
Retail Analog/Benchmark	
See Appendix D	

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (taf)

PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement:	
P-9. Service Order Accuracy <u>GEORGIA ONLY</u>	
Definition:	
The “service order accuracy” measurement measures the accuracy and completeness of BST service orders by comparing what was ordered and what was completed.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cancelled Service Orders • Order Activities of BST associated with internal or administrative use of local services • & F orders 	
Business Rules:	
A manual sampling of service orders, completed during a monthly reporting period, is compared to the original account profile and the order that the CLEC sent to BST. An order is “completed without error” if all service attributes and account detail changes (as determined by comparing the original order) completely and accurately reflect the activity specified on the original order and any supplemental CLEC order.	
Calculation:	
Percent Service Order Accuracy = Σ (Orders Completed without Error) / Σ (Orders Completed in Reporting Period) x 100	
Report Structure:	
CLEC Aggregate	
Level of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; > = 10 line/circuits • Dispatch / No Dispatch 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Order Number and PON • Local Service Request (LSR) • Order Submission Date • Committed Due Date • Service Type • Standard Order Activity 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Being investigated at this time
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	
Retail Analog/Benchmark: (Under Investigation)	

Revision Date: 01/05/00 (taf)

PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement:
LNP – 10. Percent Missed Installation Appointments
Definition:
Percent Missed Installation Appointments monitors the reliability of BST commitments with respect to committed due dates to assure that CLECs can reliably quote expected due dates to their retail customer as compared to BST.
Exclusions:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Canceled Service Orders • Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable.
Business Rules:
Percent Missed Installation Appointments (PMI) is the percentage of total orders processed for which BST is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates. Missed Appointments caused by end-user reasons will be included and reported in a separate category. A business day is any time period within the same date frame, which means there cannot be a cutoff time for commitments as certain types of orders are requested to be worked after standard business hours. Also, during Daylight Savings Time, field technicians are scheduled until 9PM in some areas and the customer is offered a greater range of intervals from which to select.
Calculation:
Percent Missed Installation Appointments: [(Number of Orders Not Completed by Committed Due Date in Reporting Period) / (Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period)] X 100
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mechanized (service orders generated by LSRs submitted via EDI or TAG) • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate <p>Report explanation: Total Missed Appointments is the total % of orders missed either by BST or the CLEC end user. End User MA represents the percentage of orders missed by the CLEC end user. The difference between End User Missed Appointments and Total Missed Appointments is the result of BST caused misses.</p>
Level of Disaggregation:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ LNP ➢ UNE Loop Associated w/LNP • Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ State, Region
Retail Analog/Benchmark:
See Appendix D

Revision Date: 02/16/00 (taf)

PROVISIONING – (LNP)

Report/Measurement :
LNP-11. Average Disconnect Timeliness Interval & Disconnect Timeliness Interval Distribution
Definition:
Disconnect Timeliness is defined as the interval between the time the LNP Gateway receives the ‘Number Ported’ message from NPAC (signifying the CLEC ‘Activate’) until the time that the Disconnect service order for an LSR is completed in SOCS. This interval effectively measures BST responsiveness by isolating it from impacts that are caused by CLEC related activities.
Exclusions:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Canceled Service Orders • Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable.
Business Rules:
The Disconnect Timeliness interval is determined for the last Disconnect service order processed on an LSR during the reporting period. The Disconnect Timeliness interval is the elapsed time from when BST receives the last ‘Number Ported’ message for an LSR from NPAC (signifying the CLEC ‘Activate’) until the last Disconnect service order is completed in SOCS. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the total number of selected disconnect orders which have been completed.
Calculation :
<p>Average Disconnect Timeliness Interval: $\frac{\Sigma [(\text{Disconnect Service Order Completion Date \& Time}) - (\text{‘Number Ported’ Message Received Date \& Time})]}{S}$ (Total Number of Disconnect Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period)</p> <p>Disconnect Timeliness Interval Distribution: $[S (\text{Disconnect Service Orders Completed in ‘X’ days}) / (\text{Total Disconnect Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period})] \times 100$</p>
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mechanized (service orders generated by LSRs submitted via EDI or TAG) • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reported in day intervals = 0,1,2,3,4, 5, >5 days • Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢LNP • Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢State, Region
Retail Analog/Benchmark:
See Appendix D

Revision Date: 02/16/00 (taf)

PROVISIONING

Report/Measurement :
LNP-12. Total Service Order Cycle Time
Definition:
Total Service Order Cycle Time measures the interval from receipt of a valid service order request to the completion of the final service order associated with that service request.
Exclusions:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Canceled Service Orders • Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable • “L” appointment coded orders (indicating the customer has requested a later than offered interval) • ”S” missed appointment coded orders (indicating subscriber missed reasons), except for “SP” codes (indicating subscriber prior due date requested).
Business Rules:
<p>The interval is determined for each service request processed during the reporting period. This measurement combines two reports: FOC (Firm Order Confirmation) with Average Order Completion Interval.</p> <p>This interval starts with the receipt of a valid service request and stops when the technician or system completes all the related service orders for the LSR in SOCS. Elapsed time for each service request is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of service requests completed to produce the total service order cycle time.</p>
Calculation :
<p>Average Total Service Order Cycle Time: $\Sigma [(\text{Service Order Completion Date \& Time}) - (\text{Service Request Receipt Date \& Time})] / S \text{ (Total Number Service Requests Completed in Reporting Period)}$</p> <p>Total Service Order Cycle Time Interval Distribution: $[S \text{ (Total Number of Service Requests Completed in "X" minutes/hours)} / (\text{Total Number of Service Requests Received in Reporting Period})] \times 100$</p>
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mechanized (service orders generated by LSRs submitted via EDI or TAG) • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • “W” Appointment Code Only (Company Offered)
Level of Disaggregation:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reported in day intervals 0 - 5, 5 - 10, 10 - 15, 15 - 20, 20 - 25, 25 - 30, >30 days • Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ LNP ➢ UNE Loop with LNP • Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ State, Region
Retail Analog/Benchmark:
See Appendix D

Revision Date: 02/16/00

(taf)

Maintenance and Repair Level of Disaggregation

Product Reporting Levels

- Resale / Retail
 - Pots – Residence
 - Pots – Business
 - PBX (Louisiana SQM)
 - ESSX (Louisiana SQM)
 - CENTREX (Louisiana SQM)
 - ISDN (Louisiana SQM) (**NOTE:** ISDN Troubles included in Non-Design Georgia Only)
 - Design

- Unbundled Network Elements
 - UNE Design
 - UNE Non – Design
 - UNE 2 Wire Loop (Louisiana SQM)
 - UNE Loop Other (Louisiana SQM)
 - Unbundled Ports (Louisiana SQM)
 - UNE Other Non – Design (Louisiana SQM)

- Trunks
 - Local Interconnection Trunks

- Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels

- Geographic Scope
 - State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area – MSA)

MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Report/Measurement:	
M&R-1. Missed Repair Appointments	
Definition:	
The percent of trouble reports not cleared by the committed date and time.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request. • BST trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service. • Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble. 	
Business Rules:	
The negotiated commitment date and time is established when the repair report is received. The cleared time is the date and time that BST personnel clear the trouble and closes the trouble report in his Computer Access Terminal (CAT) or workstation. If this is after the Commitment time, the report is flagged as a “Missed Commitment” or a missed repair appointment. When the data for this measure is collected for BST and a CLEC, it can be used to compare the percentage of the time repair appointments are missed due to BST reasons. Note: Appointment intervals vary with force availability in the POTS environment. Specials and Trunk intervals are standard interval appointments of no greater than 24 hours.	
Calculation:	
Percentage of Missed Repair Appointments = S (Count of Customer Troubles Not Cleared by the Quoted Commitment Date and Time) / S (Total Trouble reports closed in Reporting Period) X 100	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Company Name • Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID) • Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT) • Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE_DESC) • Geographic Scope 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • BST Company Code • Submission Date & Time • Completion Date • Service Type • Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only) • Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services) • Geographic Scope
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	
Retail Analog/Benchmark	
CLEC Residence-Resale / BST Residence-Retail CLEC Business-Resale / BST Business-Retail CLEC Design-Resale / BST Design-Retail CLEC PBX, Centrex, and ISDN Resale/ BST PBX, Centrex, and ISDN Retail CLEC Trunking-Resale / BST Trunking-Retail UNEs – (See Appendix D)	

Revision Date: 02/22/00 (see)

MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Report/Measurement:	
M&R-2. Customer Trouble Report Rate	
Definition:	
Initial and repeated customer direct or referred troubles reported within a calendar month per 100 lines/ circuits in service.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request. • BST trouble reports associated with administrative service. • Customer provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC equipment troubles. 	
Business Rules:	
Customer Trouble Report Rate is computed by accumulating the number of maintenance initial and repeated trouble reports during the reporting period. The resulting number of trouble reports are divided by the total “number of service” lines, ports or combination that exist for the CLEC’s and BST respectively at the end of the report month.	
Calculation:	
Customer Trouble Report Rate = (Count of Initial and Repeated Trouble Reports in the Current Period) / (Number of Service Access Lines in service at End of the Report Period) X 100	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Company Name • Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID) • Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT) • Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE_DESC) • # Service Access Lines in Service at the end of period • Geographic Scope 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • BST Company Code • Ticket Submission Date & Time • Ticket Completion Date • Service Type • Disposition and Cause (Non-Design / Non-Special Only) • Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services) • # Service Access Lines in Service at the end of period • Geographic Scope
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
CLEC Residence-Resale / BST Residence -Retail CLEC Business-Resale / BST Business-Retail CLEC Design-Resale / BST Design-Retail CLEC PBX, Centrex and ISDN Resale/ BST PBX, Centrex, and ISDN Retail CLEC Trunking-Resale / BST Trunking-Retail UNEs – (See Appendix D)	

Revision Date: 02/22/00 (see)

MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Report/Measurement:	
M&R-3. Maintenance Average Duration	
Definition:	
The Average duration of Customer Trouble Reports from the receipt of the Customer Trouble Report to the time the trouble report is cleared.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trouble reports canceled at the CLEC request • BST trouble reports associated with administrative service • Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Troubles. • Trouble reports greater than 10 days 	
Business Rules:	
For Average Duration the clock starts on the date and time of the receipt of a correct repair request. The clock stops on the date and time the service is restored and the customer notified (when the technician completes the trouble ticket on his/her CAT or work system).	
NOTE: Customer can be BST or CLEC	
Calculation:	
Maintenance Average Duration = S(Date and Time of Service Restoration) – (Date and Time Trouble Ticket was Opened) / S(Total Closed Troubles in the reporting period)	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • BST Aggregate • CLEC Aggregate 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Tickets (LINE_NBR) • CLEC Company Name • Ticket Submission Date & Time (TIME_ID) • Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT) • Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE_DESC) • Geographic Scope 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Tickets • BST Company Code • Ticket Submission Date • Ticket submission Time • Ticket completion Date • Ticket Completion Time • Total Duration Time • Service Type • Disposition and Cause (Non – Design /Non-Special Only) • Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services) • Geographic Scope
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
CLEC Residence-Resale / BST Residence-Resale CLEC Business-Resale / BST Business-Retail CLEC Design-Resale / BST Design-Retail CLEC PBX, Centrex and ISDN Resale / BST PBX, Centrex and ISDN Retail CLEC Trunking-Resale /BST Trunking-Retail UNEs – (See Appendix D)	

Revision Date: 02/22/00 (see)

MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Report/Measurement:	
M&R-4. Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days	
Definition:	
Trouble reports on the same line/circuit as a previous trouble report received within 30 calendar days as a percent of total troubles reported.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trouble Reports canceled at the CLEC request • BST Trouble Reports associated with administrative service • Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) Troubles or CLEC Equipment Troubles. 	
Business Rules:	
Includes Customer trouble reports received within 30 days of an original Customer trouble report.	
Calculation:	
Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days = (Count of Customer Troubles where more than one trouble report was logged for the same service line within a continuous 30 days) / (Total Trouble Reports Closed in Reporting Period) X 100	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Tickets (LINE_NBR) • CLEC Company Name • Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID) • Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT) • Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days (TOT_REPEAT) • Service Type • Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE_DESC) • Geographic Scope <p>NOTE: Code parentheses is the corresponding header format found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Tickets • BST Company Code • Ticket Submission Date • Ticket Submission Time • Ticket Completion Date • Ticket Completion Time • Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days • Service Type • Disposition and Cause (Non – Design/Non-Special only) • Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services) • Geographic Scope
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
CLEC Residence-Resale / BST Residence-Retail CLEC Business- Resale / BST Business-Retail CLEC Design-Resale / BST Design-Retail CLEC PBX, Centrex and ISDN Resale / BST PBX, Centrex and ISDN Retail CLEC Trunking-Resale / BST Trunking-Retail UNEs – Retail Analog (See Appendix D)	

Revision date: 02/22/00 (see)

MANTENANCE & REPAIR

Report/Measurement:	
M&R-5. Out of Service (OOS) > 24 Hours	
Definition:	
For Out of Service Troubles (no dial tone, cannot be called or cannot call out) the percentage of troubles cleared in excess of 24 hours. (All design services are considered to be out of service).	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trouble Reports canceled at the CLEC request • BST Trouble Reports associated with administrative service • Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) Troubles or CLEC Equipment Troubles. 	
Business Rules:	
Customer Trouble reports that are out of service and cleared in excess of 24 hours. The clock begins when the trouble report is created in LMOS and the trouble is counted if the time exceeds 24 hours.	
Calculation:	
Out of Service (OOS) > 24 hours = (Total Troubles OOS > 24 Hours) / Total OOS Troubles in Reporting Period) X 100	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • BST Aggregate • CLEC Aggregate 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Tickets • CLEC Company Name • Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID) • Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT) • Percentage of Customer Troubles out of Service > 24 Hours (OOS>24_FLAG) • Service type (CLASS_SVC_DESC) • Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD & CAUSE-DESC) • Geographic Scope 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Tickets • BST Company Code • Ticket Submission Date • Ticket Submission time • Ticket Completion Date • Ticket Completion Time • Percent of Customer Troubles out of Service > 24 Hours • Service type • Disposition and Cause (Non – Design/Non-Special only) • Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services) • Geographic Scope
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
CLEC Residence-Resale / BST Residence- Retail CLEC Business- Resale / BST Business-Retail CLEC Design-Resale / BST Design-Retail CLEC PBX, Centrex and ISDN Resale / BST PBX, Centrex and ISDN Retail CLEC Trunking-Resale /BST Trunking- Retail UNEs Retail Analog – (See Appendix D)	

Revision Date: 02/22/00 (see)

MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Report/Measurement:	
M&R-6. Average Answer Time – Repair Centers	
Definition:	
This measures the average time a customers is in Que.	
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
This measure is designed to measure the time required for CLEC & BST from the time of the ACD choice to the time of being answered. The clock starts when the CLEC Rep makes a choice to be put in queue for the next repair attendant and the clock stops when the repair attendant answers the call.	
(NOTE: The Column is a combined BST Residence and Business number)	
Level of Disaggregation:	
Region. CLEC/BST Service Centers and BST Repair Centers are regional.	
Calculation:	
Average Answer Time for BST’s Repair Centers = (Time BST Repair Attendant Answers Call) – (Time of entry into queue until ACD Selection) / (Total number of calls by reporting period)	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Average Answer Time 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BST Average Answer Time
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
For CLEC, Average Answer Times in UNE Center and BRMC are comparable to the Average Answer Times in the BST Repair Centers. See Appendix D	

Revision Date: 02/22/00 (see)

BILLING

Report/Measurement:	
B-1. Invoice Accuracy	
Definition:	
This measure provides the percentage of accuracy of the billing invoices rendered to CLECs during the current month.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adjustments not related to billing errors (e.g., credits for service outage, special promotion credits, adjustments to satisfy the customer) 	
Business Rules:	
The accuracy of billing invoices delivered by BST to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree of billing accuracy comparative to BST bills rendered to retail customers BST. CLECs request adjustments on bills determined to be incorrect. The BellSouth Billing verification process includes manually analyzing a sample of local bills from each bill period. The bill verification process draws from a mix of different customer billing options and types of service. An end-to-end auditing process is performed for new products and services. Internal measurements and controls are maintained on all billing processes.	
Calculation:	
$\text{Invoice Accuracy} = (\text{Total Billed Revenues during current month}) - (\text{Billing Related Adjustments during current month}) / \text{Total Billed Revenues during current month} \times 100$	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CLEC Specific CLEC Aggregate BST Aggregate 	
Level of Disaggregation :	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Product / Invoice Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ Resale ➢ UNE ➢ Interconnection Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ Region 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report Month Invoice Type Total Billed Revenue Billing Related Adjustments 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report Month Retail Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ CRIS ➢ CABS Total Billed Revenue Billing Related Adjustments
Retail Analog/Benchmark	
CLEC Invoice Accuracy is comparable to BST Invoice Accuracy See Appendix D	

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (dg)

BILLING

Report/Measurement:	
B-2. Mean Time to Deliver Invoices	
Definition:	
This measure provides the mean interval for billing invoices	
Exclusions:	
Any invoices rejected due to formatting or content errors.	
Business Rules:	
Measures the mean interval for timeliness of billing records delivered to CLECs in an agreed upon format. CRIS-based invoices are measured in business days, and CABS-based invoices in calendar days.	
Calculation:	
Mean Time To Deliver Invoices = $S_{[(Invoice\ Transmission\ Date) - (Close\ Date\ of\ Scheduled\ Bill\ Cycle)]} / (Count\ of\ Invoices\ Transmitted\ in\ Reporting\ Period)$	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate 	
Level of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Product / Invoice Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ Resale ➢ UNE ➢ Interconnection • Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ Region 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Invoice Type • Invoice Transmission Count • Date of Scheduled Bill Close 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Retail Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ CRIS ➢ CABS • Invoice Transmission Count • Date of Scheduled Bill Close
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
<p>CRIS-based invoices will be released for delivery within six (6) business days CABS-based invoices will be released for delivery within eight (8) calendar days. CLEC Average Delivery Intervals for both CRIS and CABS Invoices are comparable to BST Average delivery for both systems. See Appendix D</p>	

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (dg)

BILLING

Report/Measurement:	
B-3. Usage Data Delivery Accuracy	
Definition:	
This measurement captures the percentage of recorded usage that is delivered error free and in an acceptable format to the appropriate Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC). These percentages will provide the necessary data for use as a comparative measurement for BellSouth performance. This measurement captures Data Delivery Accuracy rather than the accuracy of the individual usage recording.	
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
The accuracy of the data delivery of usage records delivered by BST to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree of accuracy comparative to BST bills rendered to their retail customers. If errors are detected in the delivery process, they are investigated, evaluated and documented. Errors are corrected and the data retransmitted to the CLEC.	
Calculations:	
Usage Data Delivery Accuracy = $S[(\text{Total number of usage data packs sent during current month}) - (\text{Total number of usage data packs requiring retransmission during current month})] / (\text{Total number of usage data packs sent during current month}) \times 100$	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate 	
Level of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ Region 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Record Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ BellSouth Recorded ➢ Non BellSouth Recorded 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Record Type
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
CLEC Usage Data Delivery Accuracy is comparable to BST Usage Data Delivery Accuracy See Appendix D	

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (dg)

BILLING

Report/Measurement:	
B-4. Usage Data Delivery Completeness	
Definition:	
This measurement provides percentage of complete and accurately recorded usage data (usage recorded by BellSouth and usage recorded by other companies and sent to BST for billing) that is processed and transmitted to the CLEC within thirty (30) days of the message recording date. A parity measure is also provided showing completeness of BST messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. BellSouth delivers its own retail usage from recording location to billing location via CMDS as well as delivering billing data to other companies. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.	
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
The purpose of these measurements is to demonstrate the level of quality of usage data delivered to the appropriate CLEC. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.	
Calculation:	
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = $S(\text{Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during the current month that are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date}) / S(\text{Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during the current month}) \times 100$	
Report Structure	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate 	
Level of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ Region 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Record Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ BellSouth Recorded ➢ Non BellSouth Recorded 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Monthly • Record Type
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
CLEC Usage Delivery Completeness is comparable to BST Usage Delivery Completeness See Appendix D	

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (dg)

BILLING

Report/Measurement:	
B-5. Usage Data Delivery Timeliness	
Definition:	
This measurement provides a percentage of recorded usage data (usage recorded by BST and usage recorded by other companies and sent to BST for billing) that is delivered to the appropriate CLEC within six (6) calendar days from the receipt of the initial recording. A parity measure is also provided showing timeliness of BST messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.	
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
The purpose of this measurement is to demonstrate the level of timeliness for processing and transmission of usage data delivered to the appropriate CLEC. The usage data will be mechanically transmitted or mailed to the CLEC data processing center once daily. The Timeliness interval of usage recorded by other companies is measured from the date BST receives the records to the date BST distributes to the CLEC. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.	
Calculation:	
Usage Data Delivery Timeliness = $S(\text{Total number of usage records sent within six (6) calendar days from initial recording/receipt}) / S(\text{Total number of usage records sent}) \times 100$	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Aggregate • CLEC Specific • BST Aggregate 	
Level of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ Region 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Record Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ BellSouth Recorded ➢ Non-BellSouth Recorded 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Monthly • Record Type
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
CLEC Usage Data Delivery Timeliness is comparable to BST Usage Data Delivery Timeliness See Appendix D	

Revision date: 02/28/00 (dg)

BILLING

Report/Measurement:	
B-6. Mean Time to Deliver Usage	
Definition:	
This measurement provides the average time it takes to deliver Usage Records to a CLEC. A parity measure is also provided showing timeliness of BST messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.	
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
The purpose of this measurement is to demonstrate the average number of days it takes BST to deliver Usage data to the appropriate CLEC. Usage data is mechanically transmitted or mailed to the CLEC data processing center once daily. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.	
Calculation:	
Mean Time to Deliver Usage = $S_{\text{Record volume X estimated number of days to deliver the Usage Record}} / \text{total record volume}$	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Aggregate • CLEC Specific • BST Aggregate 	
Level of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ Region 	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Record Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ BellSouth Recorded ➢ Non-BellSouth Recorded 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Monthly • Record Type
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
Mean Time to Deliver Usage to CLEC is comparable to Mean Time to Deliver Usage to BST See Appendix D	

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (dg)

OPERATOR SERVICES

Report/Measurement:
OS-1. Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Toll
Definition:
Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answered by a toll operator.
Exclusions:
Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within “X” seconds is determined.
Business Rules:
The call waiting measurement scan starts when the customer enters the queue and ends when a BST representative answers the call. The average speed to answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the seconds of wait time from the entry of a customer into the BST call management system queue until the customer is transferred to a BST representative. No distinction is made between CLEC customers and BST customers.
Calculation:
The Average Speed to Answer for toll is calculated by using data from monthly system measurement reports taken from the centralized call routing switches. The “total call waiting seconds” is a sub-component of this measure which BST systems calculate by monitoring the number of calls in queue throughout the day multiplied by the time (in seconds) between monitoring events. The “total calls served” is the other sub-component of this measure, which BST systems record as the total number of calls handled by Operator Services toll centers. Since calls abandoned are not reflected in the calculation, the percent answered within the required timeframe is determined by using conversion tables with input for the abandonment rate.
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ State
Level of Disaggregation:
None
Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)
For the items below, BST’s Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Month • Call Type (Toll) • Average Speed of Answer
Retail Analog/Benchmark
Parity by Design See Appendix D

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (tg)

OPERATOR SERVICES

Report/Measurement:
OS-2. Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered within “X” Seconds – Toll
Definition:
Measurement of the percent of toll calls that are answered in less than “X” seconds. The number of seconds represented by “X” is thirty, except where a different regulatory benchmark has been set against the Average Speed to Answer by a State Commission.
Exclusions:
Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within “X” seconds is determined.
Business Rules:
The call waiting measurement scan starts when the customer enters the queue and ends when a BST representative answers the call. The average speed to answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the seconds of wait time from the entry of a customer into the BST call management system queue until the customer is transferred to a BST representative. No distinction is made between CLEC customers and BST customers.
Calculation:
The Percent Answered within “X” Seconds measurement for toll is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within “X” seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ State
Level of Disaggregation:
None
Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)
For the items below, BST’s Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Month • Call Type (Toll) • Average Speed of Answer
Retail Analog/Benchmark
Parity by Design See Appendix D

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (tg)

OPERATOR SERVICES

Report/Measurement:
OS-3. Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Directory Assistance (DA)
Definition:
Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answer by a DA operator.
Exclusions:
Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within “X” seconds is determined.
Business Rules:
The call waiting measurement scan starts when the customer enters the queue and ends when a BST representative answers the call. The average speed to answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the seconds of wait time from the entry of a customer into the BST call management system queue until the customer is transferred to a BST representative. No distinction is made between CLEC customers and BST customers.
Calculation:
The Average Speed to Answer for DA is calculated by using data from monthly system measurement reports taken from the centralized call routing switches. The “total call waiting seconds” is a sub-component of this measure which BST systems calculate by monitoring the number of calls in queue throughout the day multiplied by the time (in seconds) between monitoring events. The “total calls served” is the other sub-component of this measure, which BST systems record as the total number of calls handled by Operator Services DA centers. Since calls abandoned are not reflected in the calculation, the percent answered within the required timeframe is determined by using conversion tables with input for the abandonment rate.
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ State
Level of Disaggregation:
None
Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)
For the items below, BST’s Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Month • Call Type (DA) • Average Speed of Answer
Retail Analog/Benchmark
Parity by Design See Appendix D

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (tg)

OPERATOR SERVICES

Report/Measurement:
OS-4. Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered within “X” Seconds – Directory Assistance (DA)
Definition:
Measurement of the percent of DA calls that are answered in less than “X” seconds. The number of seconds represented by “X” is twenty, except where a different regulatory benchmark has been set against the Average Speed to Answer by a State Commission.
Exclusions:
Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within “X” seconds is determined.
Business Rules:
The call waiting measurement scan starts when the customer enters the queue and ends when a BST representative answers the call. The average speed to answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the seconds of wait time from the entry of a customer into the BST call management system queue until the customer is transferred to a BST representative. No distinction is made between CLEC customers and BST customers.
Calculation:
The Percent Answered within “X” Seconds measurement for DA is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within “X” seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ State
Level of Disaggregation:
None
Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)
For the items below, BST’s Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Month • Call Type (DA) • Average Speed of Answer
Retail Analog/Benchmark
Parity by Design See Appendix D

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (tg)

E911

Report/Measurement:
E-1. Timeliness
Definition:
Measures the percentage of batch orders for E911 database updates (to CLEC resale and BST retail records) processed successfully within a 24-hour period.
Exclusions:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any resale order canceled by a CLEC • Facilities-based CLEC orders
Business Rules:
The 24-hour processing period is calculated based on the date and time processing starts on the batch orders and the date and time processing stops on the batch orders. Mechanical processing starts when SCC (BST's E911 vendor) receives E911 files containing batch orders extracted from BST's Service Order Communication System (SOCS). Processing stops when SCC loads the individual records to the E911 database. No distinctions are made between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.
Calculation:
$E911 \text{ Timeliness} = S (\text{Number of batch orders processed within 24 hours} \div \text{Total number of batch orders submitted}) \times 100$
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BST retail updates <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ State ➢ Region
Levels of Disaggregation:
None
Data Retained
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report month • Aggregate data
Retail Analog/Benchmark
Parity by Design See Appendix D

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (tg)

E911

Report/Measurement:
E-2. Accuracy
Definition:
Measures the individual E911 telephone number (TN) record updates (to CLEC resale and BST retail records) processed successfully for E911 with no errors.
Exclusions:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any resale order canceled by a CLEC • Facilities-based CLEC orders
Business Rules:
Accuracy is based on the number of records processed without error at the conclusion of the processing cycle. Mechanical processing starts when SCC (BST's E911 vendor) receives E911 files containing telephone number (TN) records extracted from BST's Service Order Communication System (SOCS). No distinctions are made between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.
Calculation:
$E911 \text{ Accuracy} = \frac{\text{Number of record individual updates processed with no errors}}{\text{Total number of individual record updates}} \times 100$
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BST retail updates <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ State ➢ Region
Level of Disaggregation:
None
Data Retained
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report month • Aggregate data
Retail Analog/Benchmark
Parity by Design See Appendix D

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (tg)

E911

Report/Measurement:
E-3. Mean Interval
Definition:
Measures the mean interval processing of E911 batch orders (to update CLEC resale and BST retail records).
Exclusions:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any resale order canceled by a CLEC • Facilities-based CLEC orders
Business Rules:
The processing period is calculated based on the date and time processing starts on the batch orders and the date and time processing stops on the batch orders. Data is posted in 4-hour increments up to and beyond 24 hours. No distinctions are made between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.
Calculation:
$\text{E911 Mean Interval} = \frac{\text{Date and time of batch order completion} - \text{Date and time of batch order submission}}{\text{Number of batch orders completed}}$
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BST retail updates <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ State ➢ Region
Level of Disaggregation:
None
Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report month • Aggregate data
Retail Analog/Benchmark
Parity by Design See Appendix D

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (tg)

TRUNK GROUP PERFORMANCE

Report/Measurement:	
TGP-1. Trunk Group Performance-Aggregate	
Definition:	
A report of aggregate blocking information for CLEC trunk groups and BellSouth trunk groups.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trunk Groups for which valid data is not available for an entire study period • Duplicate trunk group information 	
Business Rules:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aggregate blocking results are created using the statistical analysis package and are output into Excel with separate table for each geographic area. • For each geographic area, plots are generated for: a) the monthly blocking by hour for each affecting group (BellSouth or CLEC), and b) the difference between BellSouth blocking data and CLEC blocking data is calculated and plotted. • The TCBH blocking is calculated by determining the monthly averaging blocking for each hour for each trunk. The hour with the highest usage is selected as the TCBH and the blocking for that hour is reported. • Trunk Categorization: This report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, weighted average blocking data for each hour of a day. Therefore, for each reporting cycle, 24 blocking data points are generated for two aggregate groups of selected trunk groups. These groups are CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups. In order to assign trunk groups to each aggregate group, all trunk groups are first assigned to a category. A trunk group's end points and the type of traffic that is transmitted on it define a category. Selected categories of trunk groups are assigned to the aggregate groups to that trunk reports can be generated. The categories to which trunk groups have been assigned for this report are as follows: 	
CLEC Affecting Categories:	
	<u>Point A</u>
Category 1:	BellSouth End Office
Category 3:	BellSouth End Office
Category 4:	BellSouth Local Tandem
Category 5:	BellSouth Access Tandem
Category 10:	BellSouth End Office
Category 16:	BellSouth Tandem
	<u>Point B</u>
	BellSouth Access Tandem
	CLEC Switch
	CLEC Switch
	CLEC Switch
	BellSouth Local Tandem
	BellSouth Tandem
BellSouth Affecting Category:	
	<u>Point A</u>
Category 9:	BellSouth End Office
	<u>Point B</u>
	BellSouth End Office

TRUNK GROUP PERFORMANCE - (Trunk Group Performance-Aggregate – Continued)

Calculation:

Monthly Weighted Average Blocking:

(Blocking data for each hour X number of valid measurement days within each week) / S (Total number of valid measurement days within each week)

Example:		<u>Week 1</u>	<u>Week 2</u>	<u>Week 3</u>	<u>Week 4</u>	<u>Monthly</u>
Hour						
1	Blocking	1%	0.5%	2%	1.5%	1.8%
	# Days	7	7	5	6	
2	Blocking	0%	0%	0.2%	0.3%	.1%
	# Days	7	5	5	7	
3	Blocking	1%	1%	0.5%	2%	1.1%
	# Days	7	7	7	7	
24	Blocking	1%	0.5%	2%	1.5%	1.2%
	# Days	7	7	5	6	

The monthly weighted average blocking for hour 1 for a particular trunk group is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{(1 \times 5) + (0.5 \times 5) + (2 \times 4) + (1.5 \times 4)}{(5 + 5 + 4 + 4)} = 1.2\%$$

Aggregate Monthly Blocking:

(Monthly weighted average blocking value for each trunk group) X (number of trunks within each trunk group) / S (number of trunks in the aggregate group)

Example:	Trunk Group	Trunks in Service	Blocking Hour 1	Blocking Hour 2	Blocking Hour 3	Blocking Hour 4	Blocking Hour 24
	A	24	3%	0%	1%	0%		0%
	B	144	2%	0%	1%	0.5%		0.5%
	C	528	0%	0.5%	1%	1%		1%
	D	316	1%	0%	1%	0.1%		0%
	E	940	1%	1%	4%	0%		0%
	Aggregate		0.8%	0.6%	2.4%	0.3%		0.3%

The aggregate weighted monthly blocking for hour 1 is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{(3 \times 24) + (2 \times 144) + (0 \times 528) + (1 \times 316) + (1 \times 940)}{(24 + 144 + 528 + 316 + 940)} = 0.8\%$$

The purpose of the Trunk Group Performance Report is to provide trunk blocking measurements on CLEC and BST trunk groups for comparison only. It is not the intent of the report that it be used for network management and/or engineering.

Report Structure:

- CLEC Aggregate
 - State

Level of Disaggregation:

Trunk Group

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience

- Report Month
- Total Trunk Groups
- Number of Trunk Groups by CLEC
- Hourly average blocking per trunk group

Data Retained Relating to BST Experience

- Report Month
- Total Trunk Groups
- Aggregate Hourly average blocking

Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage exceeds BST blockage by more than 0.5% = a miss using trunk groups 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, 16 for CLECs and 9 for BST.

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (tm)

TRUNK GROUP PERFORMANCE

Report/Measurement:	
TGP-2. Trunk Group Performance-CLEC Specific	
Definition:	
A report of blocking information for CLEC trunk groups.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trunk Groups for which valid data is not available for an entire study period • Duplicate trunk group information 	
Business Rules:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aggregate blocking results are created using the statistical analysis package and are output into Excel with separate table for each geographic area. • For each geographic area, plots are generated for the monthly blocking by hour • The TCBH blocking is calculated by determining the monthly averaging blocking for each hour for each trunk. The hour with the highest usage is selected as the TCBH and the blocking for that hour is reported. • Trunk Categorization: This report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, weighted average blocking data for each hour of a day. Therefore, for each reporting cycle, 24 blocking data points are generated for CLEC trunk groups. In order to assign trunk groups to the CLEC group, all trunk groups are first assigned to a category. A trunk group's end points and the type of traffic that is transmitted on it define a category. Selected categories of trunk groups are assigned to the aggregate groups to that trunk reports can be generated. The categories to which trunk groups have been assigned for this report are as follows: 	
CLEC Affecting Categories:	
	<u>Point A</u>
Category 1:	BellSouth End Office
Category 3:	BellSouth End Office
Category 4:	BellSouth Local Tandem
Category 5:	BellSouth Access Tandem
Category 10:	BellSouth End Office
Category 16:	BellSouth Tandem
	<u>Point B</u>
Category 1:	BellSouth Access Tandem
Category 3:	CLEC Switch
Category 4:	CLEC Switch
Category 5:	CLEC Switch
Category 10:	BellSouth Local Tandem
Category 16:	BellSouth Tandem

TRUNK GROUP PERFORMANCE - (Trunk Group Performance-CLEC Specific – Continued)

Calculation:

Monthly Weighted Average Blocking:

(Blocking data for each hour X number of valid measurement days within each week) / S (Total number of valid measurement days within each week)

Example:		<u>Week 1</u>	<u>Week 2</u>	<u>Week 3</u>	<u>Week 4</u>	<u>Monthly</u>
Hour						
1	Blocking	1%	0.5%	2%	1.5%	1.8%
	# Days	7	7	5	6	
2	Blocking	0%	0%	0.2%	0.3%	.1%
	# Days	7	5	5	7	
3	Blocking	1%	1%	0.5%	2%	1.1%
	# Days	7	7	7	7	5
24	Blocking	1%	0.5%	2%	1.5%	1.2%
	# Days	7	7	5	6	

The monthly weighted average blocking for hour 1 for a particular trunk group is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{(1 \times 5) + (0.5 \times 5) + (2 \times 4) + (1.5 \times 4)}{(5 + 5 + 4 + 4)} = 1.2\%$$

Aggregate Monthly Blocking:

(Monthly weighted average blocking value for each trunk group) X (number of trunks within each trunk group) / S (number of trunks in the aggregate group)

Example:	Trunk Group	Trunks in Service	Blocking Hour 1	Blocking Hour 2	Blocking Hour 3	Blocking Hour 4	Blocking Hour 24
	A	24	3%	0%	1%	0%		0%
	B	144	2%	0%	1%	0.5%		0.5%
	C	528	0%	0.5%	1%	1%		1%
	D	316	1%	0%	1%	0.1%		0%
	E	940	1%	1%	4%	0%		0%
	Aggregate		0.8%	0.6%	2.4%	0.3%		0.3%

The aggregate weighted monthly blocking for hour 1 is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{(3 \times 24) + (2 \times 144) + (0 \times 528) + (1 \times 316) + (1 \times 940)}{(24 + 144 + 528 + 316 + 940)} = 0.8\%$$

The purpose of the Trunk Group Performance Report is to provide trunk blocking measurements on CLEC and BST trunk groups for comparison only. It is not the intent of the report that it be used for network management and/or engineering.

Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- Trunk Group

Level of Disaggregation:

Trunk Group

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience

- Report Month
- Total Trunk Groups
- Number of Trunk Groups by CLEC
- Hourly average blocking per trunk group

Data Retained Relating to BST Experience

- Report Month
- Total Trunk Groups
- Aggregate Hourly average blocking

Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage exceeds BST blockage by more than 0.5% = a miss using trunk groups 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, 16 for CLECs and 9 for BST.

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (tm)

TRUNK GROUP PERFORMANCE

Report/Measurement:	
TGP-3. Trunk Group Service Report	
Definition:	
A report of the percent blocking above the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) on all final trunk groups between CLEC Points of Termination and BST end offices or tandems.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trunk groups for which valid traffic data is not available • High use trunk groups 	
Business Rules:	
Traffic trunking data measurements are validated and processed by the Total Network Data System/Trunking (TNDS/TK), a Telcordia (BellCore) supported application, on an hourly basis for Average Business Days (Monday through Friday). The traffic load sets, including offered load and observed blocking ratio (calls blocked divided by calls attempted), are averaged for a 20 day period, and the busy hour is selected. The busy hour average data for each trunk group is captured for reporting purposes. Although all trunk groups are available for reporting, the report highlight those trunk groups with blocking greater than the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) and the number of consecutive monthly reports that the trunk group blocking has exceeded the MBT. The MBT for CTTG is 2% and the MBT for all other trunk groups is 3%.	
Calculation:	
Measured blocking = (Total number of blocked calls) / (Total number of attempted calls) X 100	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BST Aggregate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ CTTG ➢ Local • CLEC Aggregate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ BST Administered CLEC Trunk ➢ CLEC Administered CLEC Trunk • CLEC Specific <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ BST Administered CLEC Trunk ➢ CLEC Administered CLEC Trunk 	
Level of Disaggregation:	
State	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report month • Total trunk groups • Total trunk groups for which data is available • Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT • Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report month • Total trunk groups • Total trunk groups for which data is available • Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT • Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
CLEC Trunk Blockage/BST Trunk Blockage See Appendix D	

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (tm)

TRUNK GROUP PERFORMANCE

Report/Measurement:	
TGP-4. Trunk Group Service Detail	
Definition:	
A detailed list of all final trunk groups between CLEC Points of Presence and BST end offices or tandems, and the actual blocking performance when the blocking exceeds the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) for the trunk groups.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trunk groups for which valid traffic data is not available • High use trunk groups 	
Business Rules:	
Traffic trunking data measurements are validated and processed by the Total Network Data System/Trunking (TNDS/TK), a Telcordia (Bellcore) supported application, on an hourly basis for Average Business Days (Monday through Friday). The traffic load sets, including offered load and observed blocking ratio (calls blocked divided by calls attempted), are averaged for a 20 day period, and the busy hour is selected. The busy hour average data for each trunk group is captured for reporting purposes. Although all trunk groups are available for reporting, the report highlight those trunk groups with blocking greater than the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) and the number of consecutive monthly reports that the trunk group blocking has exceeded the MBT. The MBT for CTTG is 2% and the MBT for all other trunk groups is 3%.	
Calculation:	
Measured Blocking = (Total number of blocked calls) / (Total number of attempted calls) X 100	
Report Structure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • . BST Specific <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ .Traffic Identity ➢ TGSN ➢ Tandem ➢ End Office ➢ Description ➢ Observed Blocking ➢ Busy Hour ➢ Number Trunks ➢ Valid study days ➢ Number reports ➢ Remarks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ Traffic Identity ➢ TGSN ➢ Tandem ➢ CLEC POT ➢ Description ➢ Observed Blocking ➢ Busy Hour ➢ Number Trunks ➢ Valid study days ➢ Number reports ➢ Remarks
Level of Disaggregation:	
State	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report month • Total trunk groups • Total trunk groups for which data is available • Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT • Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT • Traffic identity, TGSN, end points, description, busy hour, valid study days, number reports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report month • Total trunk groups • Total trunk groups for which data is available • Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT • Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT • Traffic identity, TGSN, end points, description, busy hour, valid study days, number reports
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
CLEC Trunk Blockage/BST Blockage See Appendix D	

Revision Date: 02/28/00 (tm)

COLLOCATION

Report/Measurement:
C-1. Average Response Time
Definition:
Measures the average time (counted in business days) from the receipt of a complete and accurate collocation application (including receipt of application fees) to the date BellSouth responds in writing.
Exclusions:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Requests to augment previously completed arrangements • Any application cancelled by the CLEC
Business Rules:
The clock starts on the date that BST receives a complete and accurate collocation application accompanied by the appropriate application fee. The clock stops on the date that BST returns a response. The clock will restart upon receipt of changes to the original application request.
Calculation:
Average Response Time = S(Request Response Date) – (Request Submission Date) / Count of Responses Returned within Reporting Period.
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate • Aggregate of all CLECs
Level of Disaggregation:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area – MSA) • Virtual • Physical
Data Retained:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report period • Aggregate data
Retail Analog/Benchmark:
See Appendix D

Revision Date: 01/27/00 (tg)

COLLOCATION

Report/Measurement:
C-2. Average Arrangement Time
Definition:
Measures the average time from the receipt of a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order (including receipt of appropriate fee) to the date BST completes the collocation arrangement.
Exclusions:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any Bona Fide firm order cancelled by the CLEC • Bona Fide firm orders to augment previously completed arrangements • Time for BST to obtain permits • Time during which the collocation contract is being negotiated
Business Rules:
The clock starts on the date that BST receives a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order accompanied by the appropriate fee. The clock stops upon submission of the permit request and restarts upon receipt of the approved permit. Changes (affecting the provisioning interval or capital expenditures) that are submitted while provisioning is in progress may alter the completion date. The clock stops on the date that BST completes the collocation arrangement.
Calculation:
Average Arrangement Time = S(Date Collocation Arrangement is Complete) – (Date Order for Collocation Arrangement Submitted) / Total Number of Collocation Arrangements Completed during Reporting Period.
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate • Aggregate of all CLECs
Level of Disaggregation:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area – MSA) • Virtual • Physical
Data Retained:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report period • Aggregate data
Retail Analog/Benchmark:
See Appendix D

Revision Date: 01/27/00 (tg)

COLLOCATION

Report/Measurement:
C-3. Percent of Due Dates Missed
Definition:
Measures the percent of missed due dates for collocation arrangements.
Exclusions:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any Bona Fide firm order cancelled by the CLEC • Bona Fide firm orders to augment previously completed arrangements • Time for BST to obtain permits • Time during which the collocation contract is being negotiated
Business Rules:
The clock starts on the date that BST receives a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order accompanied by the appropriate fee. The clock stops on the date that BST completes the collocation arrangement.
Calculation:
$\% \text{ of Due Dates Missed} = \frac{\text{S (Number of Orders not completed w/i ILEC Committed Due Date during Reporting Period)}}{\text{Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period}} \times 100$
Report Structure:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate • Aggregate of all CLECs
Level of Disaggregation:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area-MSA) • Virtual • Physical
Data Retained:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report period • Aggregate data
Retail Analog/Benchmark:
90% ≤ Commit Date

Revision Date: 01/27/00 (tg)

Appendix A: Reporting Scope*

Standard Service Groupings	
Standard Service Groupings	<p><u>Pre-Order, Ordering</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Resale Residence ➤ Resale Business ➤ Resale Special ➤ Local Interconnection Trunks ➤ UNE ➤ UNE - Loops w/LNP <p><u>Provisioning</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ UNE Non-Design ➤ UNE Design ➤ Local Interconnection Trunks ➤ Resale Residence ➤ Resale Business ➤ Resale Design ➤ BST Trunks ➤ BST Residence Retail ➤ BST Business Retail ➤ BST Design Retail <p><u>Maintenance and Repair</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Local Interconnection Trunks ➤ UNE Non-Design ➤ UNE Design ➤ Resale Residence ➤ Resale Business ➤ Resale Design ➤ BST Interconnection Trunks ➤ BST Residence Retail ➤ BST Business Retail ➤ BST Design Retail <p><u>Local Interconnection Trunk Group Blockage</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ BST CTTG Trunk Groups ➤ CLEC Trunk Groups

Appendix B: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms

A	<p>ACD</p> <p>AGGREGATE</p> <p>ASR</p> <p>ATLAS</p> <p>ATLASTN</p> <p>AUTO CLARIFICATION</p>	<p>Automatic Call Distributor - A service that provides status monitoring of agents in a call center and routes high volume incoming telephone calls to available agents while collecting management information on both callers and attendants.</p> <p>Sum total of all items in like category, e.g. CLEC aggregate equals the sum total of all CLECs' data for a given reporting level.</p> <p>Access Service Request - A request for access service terminating delivery of carrier traffic into a Local Exchange Carrier's network.</p> <p>Application for Telephone Number Load Administration System - The BellSouth Operations System used to administer the pool of available telephone numbers and to reserve selected numbers from the pool for use on pending service requests/service orders.</p> <p>ATLAS software contract for Telephone Number</p> <p>The number of LSRs that were electronically rejected from LESOG and electronically returned to the CLEC for correction.</p>
B	<p>BILLING</p> <p>BOCRIS</p> <p>BRC</p> <p>BST</p>	<p>The process and functions by which billing data is collected and by which account information is processed in order to render accurate and timely billing.</p> <p>Business Office Customer Record Information System - A front-end presentation manager used by BellSouth organizations to access the CRIS database.</p> <p>Business Repair Center – The BellSouth Business Systems trouble receipt center which serves large business and CLEC customers.</p> <p>BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.</p>
C	<p>CKTID</p> <p>CLEC</p> <p>CMDS</p> <p>COFFI</p>	<p>A unique identifier for elements combined in a service configuration</p> <p>Competitive Local Exchange Carrier</p> <p>Centralized Message Distribution System - BellCore administered national system used to transfer specially formatted messages among companies.</p> <p>Central Office Feature File Interface - A BellSouth Operations System database which maintains Universal Service Order Code (USOC) information based on current tariffs.</p>

Appendix B: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms – Continued

C	COFIUSOC	COFFI software contract for feature/service information
	CRIS	Customer Record Information System - The BellSouth proprietary corporate database and billing system for non-access customers and services.
	CRSACCTS	CRIS software contract for CSR information
	CSR	Customer Service Record
	CTTG	Common Transport Trunk Group - Final trunk groups between BST & Independent end offices and the BST access tandems.
D	DESIGN	Design Service is defined as any Special or Plain Old Telephone Service Order which requires BellSouth Design Engineering Activities
	DISPOSITION & CAUSE	Types of trouble conditions, e.g. No Trouble Found, Central Office Equipment, Customer Premises Equipment, etc.
	DLETH	Display Lengthy Trouble History - A history report that gives all activity on a line record for trouble reports in LMOS
	DLR	Detail Line Record - All the basic information maintained on a line record in LMOS, e.g. name, address, facilities, features etc.
	DOE	Direct Order Entry System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Service Representatives to input business service orders in BellSouth format.
	DSAP	DOE (Direct Order Entry) Support Application - The BellSouth Operations System which assists a Service Representative or similar carrier agent in negotiating service provisioning commitments for non-designed services and UNEs.
	DSAPDDI	DSAP software contract for schedule information
E	E911	Provides callers access to the applicable emergency services bureau by dialing a 3-digit universal telephone number.
	EDI	Electronic Data Interchange - The computer-to-computer exchange of inter and/or intra company business documents in a public standard format.
F	FATAL REJECT	The number of LSRs that were electronically rejected from LEO, which checks to see if the LSR has all the required fields correctly populated
	FLOW-THROUGH	In the context of this document, LSRs submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through to the BST OSS without manual or human intervention.
	FOC	Firm Order Confirmation - A notification returned to the CLEC confirming that the LSR has been received and accepted, including the specified commitment date.

Appendix B: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms - Continued

G		
H	HAL	“Hands Off” Assignment Logic - Front end access and error resolution logic used in interfacing BellSouth Operations Systems such as ATLAS, BOCRIS, LMOS, PSIMS, RSAG and SOCS.
	HALCRIS	HAL software contract for CSR information
I	ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
K		
L	LCSC	Local Carrier Service Center - The BellSouth center which is dedicated to handling CLEC LSRs, ASRs, and Preordering transactions along with associated expedite requests and escalations.
	LEGACY SYSTEM	Term used to refer to BellSouth Operations Support Systems (see OSS)
	LENS	Local Exchange Negotiation System - The BellSouth LAN/web server/OS application developed to provide both preordering and ordering electronic interface functions for CLECs.
	LEO	Local Exchange Ordering - A BellSouth system which accepts the output of EDI, applies edit and formatting checks, and reformats the Local Service Requests in BellSouth Service Order format.
	LESOG	Local Exchange Service Order Generator - A BellSouth system which accepts the service order output of LEO and enters the Service Order into the Service Order Control System using terminal emulation technology.
	LMOS	Loop Maintenance Operations System - A BellSouth Operations System that stores the assignment and selected account information for use by downstream OSS and BellSouth personnel during provisioning and maintenance activities.
	LMOS HOST	LMOS host computer
	LMOSupd	LMOS updates
	LNP	Local Number Portability - In the context of this document, the capability for a subscriber to retain his current telephone number as he transfers to a different local service provider.
	LOOPS	Transmission paths from the central office to the customer premises.
M	MAINTENANCE & REPAIR	The process and function by which trouble reports are passed to BellSouth and by which the related service problems are resolved.
	MARCH	A BellSouth Operations System which accepts service orders, interprets the coding contained in the service order image, and constructs the specific switching system Recent Change command messages for input into end office switches.

Appendix B: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms – Continued

N	NC	“No Circuits” - All circuits busy announcement
O	OASIS	Obtain Availability Services Information System - A BellSouth front-end processor, which acts as an interface between COFFI and RNS. This system takes the USOCs in COFFI and translates them to English for display in RNS.
	OASISBSN	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	OASISCAR	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	OASISLPC	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	OASISMTN	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	OASISNET	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	OASISOCP	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	ORDERING	The process and functions by which resale services or unbundled network elements are ordered from BellSouth as well as the process by which an LSR or ASR is placed with BellSouth.
	OSPCM	Outside Plant Contract Management System - Provides Scheduling Information.
	OSS	Operations Support System - A support system or database which is used to mechanize the flow or performance of work. The term is used to refer to the overall system consisting of hardware complex, computer operating system(s), and application which is used to provide the support functions.
	OUT OF SERVICE	Customer has no dial tone and cannot call out.
P	POTS	Plain Old Telephone Service
	PREDICTOR	The BellSouth Operations system which is used to administer proactive maintenance and rehabilitation activities on outside plant facilities, provide access to selected work groups (e.g. RRC & BRC) to Mechanized Loop Testing and switching system I/O ports, and provide certain information regarding the attributes and capabilities of outside plant facilities.
	PREORDERING	The process and functions by which vital information is obtained, verified, or validated prior to placing a service request.
	PROVISIONING	The process and functions by which necessary work is performed to activate a service requested via an LSR or ASR and to initiate the proper billing and accounting functions.
	PSIMS	Product/Service Inventory Management System - A BellSouth database Operations System which contains availability information on switching system features and capabilities and on BellSouth service availability. This database is used to verify the availability of a feature or service in an NXX prior to making a commitment to the customer.
	PSIMSORB	PSIMS software contract for feature/service

Appendix B: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms – Continued

Q		
R	RNS	Regional Negotiation System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Consumer Services to input service orders in BellSouth format.
	RRC	Residence Repair Center - The BellSouth Consumer Services trouble receipt center which serves residential customers.
	RSAG	Regional Street Address Guide - The BellSouth database, which contains street addresses validated to be accurate with state and local governments. RSAG software contract for address search
	RSAGADDR	RSAG software contract for telephone number search
	RSAGTN	
S	SOCS	Service Order Control System - The BellSouth Operations System which routes service order images among BellSouth drop points and BellSouth Operations Systems during the service provisioning process.
	SOIR	Service Order Interface Record - any change effecting activity to a customer account by service order that impacts 911/E911.
T	TAFI	Trouble Analysis Facilitation Interface - The BellSouth Operations System that supports trouble receipt center personnel in taking and handling customer trouble reports.
	TAG	Telecommunications Access Gateway – TAG was designed to provide an electronic interface, or machine-to-machine interface for the bi-directional flow of information between BellSouth’s OSSs and participating CLECs.
	TN	Telephone Number
	TOTAL MANUAL FALLOUT	The number of LSRs which are entered electronically but require manual entering into a service order generator.
U	UNE	Unbundled Network Element
V		
W	WTN	A unique identifier for elements combined in a service configuration
X		
Y		
Z		
S		Sum of:

Appendix C

BELLSOUTH'S AUDIT POLICY:

BellSouth currently provides many CLECs with certain audit rights as a part of their individual interconnection agreements. However, it is not reasonable for BellSouth to undergo an audit of the SQM for every CLEC with which it has a contract. BellSouth has developed a proposed Audit Plan for use by the parties to an audit. If requested by a Public Service Commission or by a CLEC exercising contractual audit rights, BellSouth will agree to undergo a comprehensive audit of the aggregate level reports for both BellSouth and the CLEC(s) for each of the next five (5) years (2000 – 2005), to be conducted by an independent third party. The results of that audit will be made available to all the parties subject to proper safeguards to protect proprietary information. This aggregate level audit includes the following specifications:

1. The cost shall be borne 50% by BellSouth and 50% by the CLEC or CLECs.
2. The independent third party auditor shall be selected with input from BellSouth, the PSC, if applicable, and the CLEC(s).
3. BellSouth, the PSC and the CLEC(s) shall jointly determine the scope of the audit.

BellSouth reserves the right to make changes to this audit policy as growth and changes in the industry dictate.

APPENDIX D				
Analogs and Benchmarks				
BST SQM Category	MEASURES AND SUB-METRICS	RESALE Retail Analogue	UNES Retail Analogue	Benchmark*
Pre-Ordering	<u>Percent Response Received within "X" seconds</u>		Parity w/ retail where applicable.	
	<u>OSS Interface Availability</u>			99.5%
Ordering	<u>Percent Flow-Through Service Request</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Residence • Business • UNE 			90% 80% 80%
	<u>Percent Rejected Service Request</u>	Diagnostic		Diagnostic.
	<u>Reject Interval (Mechanized)</u>	UD	UD	95% within 1 hrs
	• Reject Interval (Non-Mechanized and Partially Mechanized)	UD	UD	85% < 24 hrs
	<u>Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness (Mechanized)</u> (Non-Mechanized and Partially Mechanized)	UD	UD	95% within 4 hrs
	<u>Speed of Answer in Ordering Center</u>	X	X	85% <48 Hrs
Provisioning	<u>Mean Held Order Interval</u>			
	• Resale Residence	X		
	• Resale Business	X		
	• Resale Design	X		
	• Resale PBX	X		
	• Resale Centrex	X		
	• Resale IDSN	X		
	• UNE Loop and Port Combos		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop with NP – Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop without NP – Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other with NP Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other without NP Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Other Non Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop with NP – Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop without NP – Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other with NP – Design		Retail Design	

APPENDIX D Analog and Benchmarks				
BST SQM Category	MEASURES AND SUB-METRICS	RESALE Retail Analogue	UNES Retail Analogue	Benchmark*
	• UNE Loop Other without NP - Design		Retail Design	
	• UNE Other Design		Retail Design	
	• Local Interconnection Trunks	X		
	Average Jeopardy Notice Interval (Mechanized)			
	• Resale Residence			95% >=24 Hr
	• Resale Business			95% >=24 Hr
	• Resale Design			95% >=24 Hr
	• Resale PBX			95% >=24 Hr
	• Resale Centrex			95% >=24 Hr
	• Resale IDSN			95% >=24 Hr
	• UNE Loop and Port Combos			95% >=24 Hr
	• UNE 2w Loop with NP – Non-Design			95% >=24 Hr
	• UNE 2w Loop without NP – Non-Design			95% >=24 Hr
	• UNE Loop Other with NP Non-Design			95% >=24 Hr
	• UNE Loop Other without NP Non-Design			95% >=24 Hr
	• UNE Other Non Design			95% >=24 Hr
	• UNE 2w Loop with NP – Design			95% >=24 Hr
	• UNE 2w Loop without NP – Design			95% >=24 Hr
	• UNE Loop Other with NP – Design			95% >=24 Hr
	• UNE Loop Other without NP - Design			95% >=24 Hr
	• UNE Other Design			95% >=24 Hr
	• Local Interconnection Trunks			95% >=24 Hr
	% of Orders given jeopardy notice (Mechanized)			
	• Resale Residence	X		
	• Resale Business	X		
	• Resale Design	X		
	• Resale PBX	X		
	• Resale Centrex	X		
	• Resale IDSN	X		
	• UNE Loop and Port Combos		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop with NP – Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop without NP – Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other with NP Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	

APPENDIX D				
Analogs and Benchmarks				
BST SQM Category	MEASURES AND SUB-METRICS	RESALE Retail Analogue	UNES Retail Analogue	Benchmark*
	• UNE Loop Other without NP Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Other Non Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop with NP – Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop without NP – Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other with NP – Design		Retail Design	
	• UNE Loop Other without NP - Design		Retail Design	
	• UNE Other Design		Retail Design	
	• Local Interconnection Trunks	X		
	<u>Percent Missed Installation Appointments</u>			
	• Resale Residence	X		
	• Resale Business	X		
	• Resale Design	X		
	• Resale PBX	X		
	• Resale Centrex	X		
	• Resale IDSN	X		
	• UNE Loop and Port Combos		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop with NP – Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop without NP – Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other with NP Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other without NP Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Other Non Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop with NP – Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop without NP – Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other with NP – Design		Retail Design	
	• UNE Loop Other without NP – Design		Retail Design	
	• UNE Other Design		Retail Design	
	• Local Interconnection Trunks	X		
	<u>Order Completion Interval</u>			
	• Resale Residence	X		
	• Resale Business	X		
	• Resale Design	X		
	• Resale PBX	X		
	• Resale Centrex	X		

APPENDIX D Analog and Benchmarks				
BST SQM Category	MEASURES AND SUB-METRICS	RESALE Retail Analogue	UNES Retail Analogue	Benchmark*
	• Resale IDSN	X		
	• UNE Loop and Port Combos		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop with NP – Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop without NP – Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other with NP Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other without NP Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Other Non Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop with NP – Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop without NP – Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other with NP – Design		Retail Design	
	• UNE Loop Other without NP - Design		Retail Design	
	• UNE Other Design		Retail Design	
	• Local Interconnection Trunks	X		
	<u>Average Completion Notice Interval – Resale POTS (Mech)</u>			
	• Resale Residence	X		
	• Resale Business	X		
	• Resale Design	X		
	• Resale PBX	X		
	• Resale Centrex	X		
	• Resale IDSN	X		
	• UNE Loop and Port Combos		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop with NP – Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop without NP – Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other with NP Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other without NP Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Other Non Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop with NP – Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop without NP – Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other with NP – Design		Retail Design	
	• UNE Loop Other without NP - Design		Retail Design	
	• UNE Other Design		Retail Design	
	• Local Interconnection Trunks	X		
	<u>Percent Provisioning Troubles within 30 Days</u>			

APPENDIX D				
Analogs and Benchmarks				
BST SQM Category	MEASURES AND SUB-METRICS	RESALE Retail Analogue	UNES Retail Analogue	Benchmark*
	• Resale Residence	X		
	• Resale Business	X		
	• Resale Design	X		
	• Resale PBX	X		
	• Resale Centrex	X		
	• Resale IDSN	X		
	• UNE Loop and Port Combos		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop with NP – Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop without NP – Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other with NP Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other without NP Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Other Non Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop with NP – Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop without NP – Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other with NP – Design		Retail Design	
	• UNE Loop Other without NP - Design		Retail Design	
	• UNE Other Design		Retail Design	
	• Local Interconnection Trunks	X		
	<u>Total Service Order Cycle Time</u>	Diag.	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
Maintenance	<u>Customer Trouble Report Rate</u>			
	• Resale Residence	X		
	• Resale Business	X		
	• Resale Design	X		
	• Resale PBX	X		
	• Resale Centrex	X		
	• Resale IDSN	X		
	• UNE Loop and Port Combos		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop – Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other - Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Other Non Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop – Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other – Design		Retail Design	
	• UNE Other Design		Retail Design	

APPENDIX D				
Analogs and Benchmarks				
BST SQM Category	MEASURES AND SUB-METRICS	RESALE Retail Analogue	UNES Retail Analogue	Benchmark*
	• Local Interconnection Trunks	X		
	<u>Percent Missed Repair Appointments</u>			
	• Resale Residence	X		
	• Resale Business	X		
	• Resale Design	X		
	• Resale PBX	X		
	• Resale Centrex	X		
	• Resale IDSN	X		
	• UNE Loop and Port Combos		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop – Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other - Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Other Non Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop – Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other – Design		Retail Design	
	• UNE Other Design		Retail Design	
	• Local Interconnection Trunks	X		
	<u>Maintenance Average Duration</u>			
	• Resale Residence	X		
	• Resale Business	X		
	• Resale Design	X		
	• Resale PBX	X		
	• Resale Centrex	X		
	• Resale IDSN	X		
	• UNE Loop and Port Combos		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop – Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other - Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Other Non Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop – Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other – Design		Retail Design	
	• UNE Other Design		Retail Design	
	• Local Interconnection Trunks	X		
	<u>Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days</u>			
	• Resale Residence	X		

APPENDIX D				
Analogs and Benchmarks				
BST SQM Category	MEASURES AND SUB-METRICS	RESALE Retail Analogue	UNES Retail Analogue	Benchmark*
	• Resale Business	X		
	• Resale Design	X		
	• Resale PBX	X		
	• Resale Centrex	X		
	• Resale IDSN	X		
	• UNE Loop and Port Combos		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop – Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other - Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Other Non Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop – Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other – Design		Retail Design	
	• UNE Other Design		Retail Design	
	• Local Interconnection Trunks	X		
	<u>Out of Service > 24hrs</u>			
	• Resale Residence	X		
	• Resale Business	X		
	• Resale Design	X		
	• Resale PBX	X		
	• Resale Centrex	X		
	• Resale IDSN	X		
	• UNE Loop and Port Combos		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop – Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other - Non-Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Other Non Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE 2w Loop – Design		Retail Residence and Business	
	• UNE Loop Other – Design		Retail Design	
	• UNE Other Design		Retail Design	
	• Local Interconnection Trunks	X		
	<u>OSS Interface Availability</u>			
	• All systems except ECTA	X		
	• ECTA			99.5%
	<u>OSS Response Interval and %</u>			
	• TAFI (Front End)	X		

APPENDIX D Analog and Benchmarks				
BST SQM Category	MEASURES AND SUB-METRICS	RESALE Retail Analogue	UNES Retail Analogue	Benchmark*
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CRIS, DLETH, DLR, OSPCM, LMOS, LMOSUP, MARCH, Predictor, SOCS, LNP (Parity by Design) 	PBD		
	<u>Average Answer Time – Repair Center</u>	X		
Billing	<u>Invoice Accuracy</u>	X		
	Mean Time To Deliver Invoices	X		
	Usage Data Delivery Accuracy	X		
	Usage Data Delivery Timeliness	X		
	Usage Data Delivery Completeness	X		
	Mean Time to Deliver Usage	X		
Operator Services (Toll)	Average Speed to Answer	PBD		
	% Answered in “X” Seconds	PBD		
Directory Assistance	Average Speed to Answer	PBD		
	% Answered in “X” Seconds	PBD		
E911	Timeliness	PBD		
	<u>Accuracy</u>	PBD		
	Mean Interval	PBD		
Trunk Group Performance (Blockage)	Trunk Group Service Report (Percent Trunk Blockage) Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage exceeds BST blockage by more than 0.5% = a miss using trunk groups 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, 16 for CLECs and 9 for BST.	X		
	Trunk Group Service Report (Percent Trunk Blockage)	X		
LNP	<u>Average Disconnect Timeliness Interval</u>			
	Percent Missed Installation Appointments		Retail Residence and Business	
	FOC Mechanized			95% ≤4 hour
	% Reject Service Request		Diagnostic	
	Average Reject Interval Mechanized			95% ≤1 hour
	TSOC		Diagnostic	
	% Flow Through			80%

APPENDIX D Analog and Benchmarks				
BST SQM Category	MEASURES AND SUB-METRICS	RESALE Retail Analogue	UNES Retail Analogue	Benchmark*
Customer Coordinated Conversions	<u>Coordinated Customer Conversions – UNE Loop</u>			95% ≤ 15mir
	<u>Coordinated Customer Conversions – LNP</u>			95% ≤ 15 mi
Collocation +	% of Due Dates Missed			90% ≤ Comrr Date
	Average Response Time		FL PSC is addressing this in generic docket	
+A contract with each CLEC required.	<u>Average Arrangement Time</u>		FL PSC is addressing this in generic docket	

Note 1: PBD = Parity by Design. UD = Under Development – Benchmarks will be replaced when Analogs are complete.

Note2: The retail analog for UNE Non-Design and UNE 2w Loops – Design is the average of Retail Residence Dispatch and Retail Business Dispatch transactions for the particular month. The retail analog for other UNE Design is Retail Design Dispatch.

Note3: Analog and Benchmarks will be re-evaluated periodically, at least once a year, to validate applicability.

EXHIBIT B

VSEEMIII TIER-1 SUBMETRICS

- ❑ FOC Timeliness (Mechanized only)
- ❑ Reject Interval (Mechanized only)
- ❑ Order Completion Interval (Dispatch only) – Resale POTS
- ❑ Order Completion Interval (Dispatch only) – Resale Design
- ❑ Order Completion Interval (No Dispatch only) – UNE Loop and Port Combos
- ❑ Order Completion Interval ('w' code orders, Dispatch only) – UNE Loops
- ❑ Order Completion Interval (Dispatch only) – IC Trunks
- ❑ Percent Missed Installation Appointments – Resale POTS
- ❑ Percent Missed Installation Appointments – Resale Design
- ❑ Percent Missed Installation Appointments – UNE Loop and Port Combos
- ❑ Percent Missed Installation Appointments – UNE Loops
- ❑ Percent Provisioning Troubles within 4 Days - Resale POTS
- ❑ Percent Provisioning Troubles within 4 Days - Resale Design
- ❑ Percent Provisioning Troubles within 4 Days - UNE Loop and Port Combos
- ❑ Percent Provisioning Troubles within 4 Days - UNE Loops
- ❑ Customer Trouble Report Rate – Resale POTS
- ❑ Customer Trouble Report Rate – Resale Design
- ❑ Customer Trouble Report Rate - UNE Loop and Port Combos
- ❑ Customer Trouble Report Rate - UNE Loops
- ❑ Percent Missed Repair Appointments – Resale POTS
- ❑ Percent Missed Repair Appointments - Resale Design
- ❑ Percent Missed Repair Appointments - UNE Loop and Port Combos
- ❑ Percent Missed Repair Appointments - UNE Loops
- ❑ Maintenance Average Duration – Resale POTS
- ❑ Maintenance Average Duration – Resale Design
- ❑ Maintenance Average Duration - UNE Loop and Port Combos
- ❑ Maintenance Average Duration - UNE Loops
- ❑ Maintenance Average Duration – IC Trunks
- ❑ Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days – Resale POTS
- ❑ Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days – Resale Design
- ❑ Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days - UNE Loop and Port Combos
- ❑ Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days - UNE Loops
- ❑ Percent Trunk Blockage
- ❑ LNP Disconnect Timeliness
- ❑ LNP Percent Missed Installation Appointment
- ❑ Coordinated Customer Conversions for UNE Loops
- ❑ Coordinated Customer Conversions for LNP
- ❑ Percent Missed Collocation Due Dates

VSEEMIII TIER-2 SUBMETRICS

- ❑ Percent Response Received within “X” seconds – Pre-Order OSS
- ❑ OSS Interface Availability
- ❑ Order Process Percent Flow-Through (Mechanized only)
- ❑ Order Completion Interval (Dispatch only) – Resale POTS
- ❑ Order Completion Interval (Dispatch only) – Resale Design
- ❑ Order Completion Interval (No Dispatch only) – UNE Loop and Port Combos
- ❑ Order Completion Interval (‘w’ code orders, Dispatch only) – UNE Loops
- ❑ Order Completion Interval (Dispatch only) – IC Trunks
- ❑ Percent Missed Installation Appointments – Resale POTS
- ❑ Percent Missed Installation Appointments – Resale Design
- ❑ Percent Missed Installation Appointments – UNE Loop and Port Combos
- ❑ Percent Missed Installation Appointments – UNE Loops
- ❑ Percent Provisioning Troubles within 4 Days - Resale POTS
- ❑ Percent Provisioning Troubles within 4 Days - Resale Design
- ❑ Percent Provisioning Troubles within 4 Days - UNE Loop and Port Combos
- ❑ Percent Provisioning Troubles within 4 Days - UNE Loops
- ❑ Customer Trouble Report Rate – Resale POTS
- ❑ Customer Trouble Report Rate – Resale Design
- ❑ Customer Trouble Report Rate - UNE Loop and Port Combos
- ❑ Customer Trouble Report Rate - UNE Loops
- ❑ Percent Missed Repair Appointments – Resale POTS
- ❑ Percent Missed Repair Appointments - Resale Design
- ❑ Percent Missed Repair Appointments - UNE Loop and Port Combos
- ❑ Percent Missed Repair Appointments - UNE Loops
- ❑ Maintenance Average Duration – Resale POTS
- ❑ Maintenance Average Duration – Resale Design
- ❑ Maintenance Average Duration - UNE Loop and Port Combos
- ❑ Maintenance Average Duration - UNE Loops
- ❑ Maintenance Average Duration – IC Trunks
- ❑ Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days – Resale POTS
- ❑ Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days – Resale Design
- ❑ Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days - UNE Loop and Port Combos
- ❑ Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days - UNE Loops
- ❑ Billing Timeliness
- ❑ Billing Accuracy
- ❑ Usage Data Delivery Timeliness
- ❑ Usage Data Delivery Accuracy
- ❑ Percent Trunk Blockage
- ❑ LNP Disconnect Timeliness
- ❑ LNP Percent Missed Installation Appointment
- ❑ Coordinated Customer Conversions for UNE Loops
- ❑ Coordinated Customer Conversions for LNP
- ❑ Percent Missed Collocation Due Dates

VSEEMIII TIER-3 SUBMETRICS

- ❑ Percent Missed Installation Appointments – Resale POTS
- ❑ Percent Missed Installation Appointments – Resale Design
- ❑ Percent Missed Installation Appointments – UNE Loop and Port Combos
- ❑ Percent Missed Installation Appointments – UNE Loops
- ❑ Percent Missed Repair Appointments – Resale POTS
- ❑ Percent Missed Repair Appointments - Resale Design
- ❑ Percent Missed Repair Appointments - UNE Loop and Port Combos
- ❑ Percent Missed Repair Appointments - UNE Loops
- ❑ Billing Timeliness
- ❑ Billing Accuracy
- ❑ Percent Trunk Blockage
- ❑ Percent Missed Collocation Due Dates

VSEEM III	MEASURES AND SUB-METRICS	RETAIL ANALOGUE	BENCH MARK
		Resale (x) and UNEs	
Pre-Ordering	Percent Response Received within "X" seconds	Retail Analogue + 4 sec	
	OSS Interface Availability	x	
Ordering	Percent Flow-Through Service Request (Fully Mechanized only)		90%
	Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness (Mechanized only)		95% ≤ hrs
	Reject Interval (Mechanized only)		95% ≤ hrs
Provisioning	Order Completion Interval (Dispatch only) – Resale POTS	x	
	Order Completion Interval (Dispatch only) – Resale Design	x	
	Order Completion Interval (No Dispatch only) – UNE Loop & Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	
	Order Completion Interval (Dispatch only) – UNE Loops	Design: Retail Design Dispatch 'w' Orders Non-Design: Retail Res, Bus Dispatch 'w' Orders	
	Order Completion Interval (Dispatch only) – IC Trunks	x	
	Percent Missed Installation Appointments – Resale POTS	x	
	Percent Missed Installation Appointments – Resale Design	x	
	Percent Missed Installation Appointments – UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	
	Percent Missed Installation Appointments – UNE Loops	Design: Retail Design ¹ Non-Design: Retail Res, Bus ¹	
	Percent Provisioning Troubles within 4 Days - Resale POTS	x	
	Percent Provisioning Troubles within 4 Days - Resale Design	x	
	Percent Provisioning Troubles within 4 Days - UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	
	Percent Provisioning Troubles within 4 Days - UNE Loops	Design: Retail Design ¹ Non-Design: Retail Res, Bus ¹	
Maintenance	Customer Trouble Report Rate – Resale POTS	x	
	Customer Trouble Report Rate – Resale Design	x	
	Customer Trouble Report Rate - UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	
	Customer Trouble Report Rate - UNE Loops	Design: Retail Design ¹ Non-Design: Retail Res, Bus ¹	
	Percent Missed Repair Appointments – Resale POTS	x	
	Percent Missed Repair Appointments - Resale Design	x	
	Percent Missed Repair Appointments - UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	
	Percent Missed Repair Appointments - UNE Loops	Design: Retail Design ¹ Non-Design: Retail Res, Bus ¹	

NOTES: ¹ The retail analog for UNE Non-Design is the average of all retail residence and retail business transactions for the particular month.
The retail analog for UNE Design is calculated similarly using retail residence, business and design results.
² UD = Under Development

Maintenance Continued	Maintenance Average Duration – Resale POTS	x	
	Maintenance Average Duration – Resale Design	x	
	Maintenance Average Duration - UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	
	Maintenance Average Duration - UNE Loops	Design: Retail Design ¹ Non-Design: Retail Res, Bus ¹	
	Maintenance Average Duration – IC Trunks	x	
	Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days – Resale POTS	x	
	Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days – Resale Design	x	
	Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days - UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	
	Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days - UNE Loops	Design: Retail Design ¹ Non-Design: Retail Res, Bus ¹	
Billing	Invoice Accuracy	x	
	Mean Time To Deliver Invoices	x	
	Usage Data Delivery Accuracy	x	
	Usage Data Delivery Timeliness	x	
Trunk Blockage	Trunk Group Service Report (Percent Trunk Blockage)	x	
LNP	Average Disconnect Timeliness Interval		UD ²
	Percent Missed Installation Appointments		UD ²
CC	Coordinated Customer Conversions – UNE Loop		95% ≤ 15min
Conversions	Coordinated Customer Conversions – LNP		95% ≤ 15 min
Collocation	% of Due Dates Missed		≤ 10%

NOTES: ¹ The retail analog for UNE Non-Design is the average of all retail residence and retail business transactions for the particular month.
The retail analog for UNE Design is calculated similarly using retail residence, business and design results.
² UD = Under Development

EXHIBIT C

Statistical Methods for BellSouth Performance Measure Analysis

I. Necessary Properties for a Test Methodology

The statistical process for testing if competing local exchange carriers (CLECs) customers are being treated equally with BellSouth (BST) customers involves more than just a mathematical formula. Three key elements need to be considered before an appropriate decision process can be developed. These are

- the type of data,
- the type of comparison, and
- the type of performance measure.

Once these elements are determined a test methodology should be developed that complies with the following properties.

- Like-to-Like Comparisons. When possible, data should be compared at appropriate levels, e.g. wire center, time of month, dispatched, residential, new orders. The testing process should:
 - Identify variables that may affect the performance measure.
 - Record these important confounding covariates.
 - Adjust for the observed covariates in order to remove potential biases and to make the CLEC and the ILEC units as comparable as possible.
- Aggregate Level Test Statistic. Each performance measure of interest should be summarized by one overall test statistic giving the decision maker a rule that determines whether a statistically significant difference exists. The test statistic should have the following properties.
 - The method should provide a single overall index, on a standard scale.
 - If entries in comparison cells are exactly proportional over a covariate, the aggregated index should be very nearly the same as if comparisons on the covariate had not been done.
 - The contribution of each comparison cell should depend on the number of observations in the cell.
 - Cancellation between comparison cells should be limited.
 - The index should be a continuous function of the observations.
- Production Mode Process. The decision system must be developed so that it does not require intermediate manual intervention, i.e. the process must be a “black box.”
 - Calculations are well defined for possible eventualities.
 - The decision process is an algorithm that needs no manual intervention.
 - Results should be arrived at in a timely manner.
 - The system must recognize that resources are needed for other performance measure-related processes that also must be run in a timely manner.
 - The system should be auditable, and adjustable over time.
- Balancing. The testing methodology should balance Type I and Type II Error probabilities.
 - $P(\text{Type I Error}) = P(\text{Type II Error})$ for well defined null and alternative hypotheses.
 - The formula for a test’s balancing critical value should be simple enough to calculate using standard mathematical functions, i.e. one should avoid methods that require computationally intensive techniques.

- Little to no information beyond the null hypothesis, the alternative hypothesis, and the number of observations should be required for calculating the balancing critical value.

In the following sections we describe appropriate testing processes that adhere as much as possible to the testing principles.

Measurement Types

The performance measures that will undergo testing are of three types:

- 1) means
- 2) proportions, and
- 3) rates

While all three have similar characteristics (a proportion is the average of a measure that takes on only the values of 0 or 1), a proportion or rate is derived from count data while a mean is generally an average of interval measurements.

II. Testing Methodology – The Truncated Z

Many covariates are chosen in order to provide deep comparison levels. In each comparison cell, a Z statistic is calculated. The form of the Z statistic may vary depending on the performance measure, but it should be distributed approximately as a standard normal, with mean zero and variance equal to one. Assuming that the test statistic is derived so that it is negative when the performance for the CLEC is worse than for the ILEC, a positive truncation is done – i.e. if the result is negative it is left alone, if the result is positive it is changed to zero. A weighted average of the truncated statistics is calculated where a cell weight depends on the volume of BST and CLEC orders in the cell. The weighted average is re-centered by the theoretical mean of a truncated distribution, and this is divided by the standard error of the weighted average. The standard error is computed assuming a fixed effects model.

Proportion Measures

For performance measures that are calculated as a proportion, in each adjustment cell, the truncated Z and the moments for the truncated Z can be calculated in a direct manner. In adjustment cells where proportions are not close to zero or one, and where the sample sizes are reasonably large, a normal approximation can be used. In this case, the moments for the truncated Z come directly from properties of the standard normal distribution. If the normal approximation is not appropriate, then the Z statistic is calculated from the hypergeometric distribution. In this case, the moments of the truncated Z are calculated exactly using the hypergeometric probabilities.

Rate Measures

The truncated Z methodology for rate measures has the same general structure for calculating the Z in each cell as proportion measures. For a rate measure, there are a fixed number of circuits or units for the CLEC, n_{2j} and a fixed number of units for BST, n_{1j} . Suppose that the performance measure is a “trouble rate.” The modeling assumption is that the occurrence of a trouble is independent between units and the number of troubles in n circuits follows a Poisson distribution with mean λn where λ is the probability of a trouble in 1 circuit and n is the number of circuits.

In an adjustment cell, if the number of CLEC troubles is greater than 15 and the number of BST troubles is greater than 15, then the Z test is calculated using the normal approximation to the Poisson. In this case, the moments of the truncated Z come directly from properties of the standard normal distribution. Otherwise, if there are very few troubles, the number of CLEC troubles can be modeled using a binomial distribution with n equal to the total number of troubles (CLEC plus BST troubles.) In this case, the moments for the truncated Z are calculated explicitly using the binomial distribution.

Mean Measures

For mean measures, an adjusted t statistic is calculated for each like-to-like cell which has at least 7 BST and 7 CLEC transactions. A permutation test is used when one or both of the BST and CLEC sample sizes is less than 6. Both the adjusted t statistic and the permutation calculation are described in the technical appendix.

APPENDIX TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

We start by assuming that any necessary trimming of the data is complete, and that the data are disaggregated so that comparisons are made within appropriate classes or adjustment cells that define “like” observations.

NOTATION AND EXACT TESTING DISTRIBUTIONS

Below, we have detailed the basic notation for the construction of the truncated z statistic. In what follows the word “cell” should be taken to mean a like-to-like comparison cell that has both one (or more) ILEC observation and one (or more) CLEC observation.

- L = the total number of occupied cells
 - j = 1, ..., L; an index for the cells
 - n_{1j} = the number of ILEC transactions in cell j
 - n_{2j} = the number of CLEC transactions in cell j
 - n_j = the total number transactions in cell j; $n_{1j} + n_{2j}$
 - X_{1jk} = individual ILEC transactions in cell j; $k = 1, \dots, n_{1j}$
 - X_{2jk} = individual CLEC transactions in cell j; $k = 1, \dots, n_{2j}$
 - Y_{jk} = individual transaction (both ILEC and CLEC) in cell j
- $$= \begin{cases} X_{1jk} & k = 1, \dots, n_{1j} \\ X_{2jk} & k = n_{1j} + 1, \dots, n_j \end{cases}$$

$\Phi^{-1}(\cdot)$ = the inverse of the cumulative standard normal distribution function

For Mean Performance Measures the following additional notation is needed.

- \bar{X}_{1j} = the ILEC sample mean of cell j
 - \bar{X}_{2j} = the CLEC sample mean of cell j
 - S_{1j}^2 = the ILEC sample variance in cell j
 - S_{2j}^2 = the CLEC sample variance in cell j
 - y_{jk} = a random sample of size n_{2j} from the set of Y_{j1}, \dots, Y_{jn_j} ; $k = 1, \dots, n_{2j}$
 - M_j = the total number of distinct pairs of samples of size n_{1j} and n_{2j} ;
- $$= \binom{n_j}{n_{1j}}$$

The exact parity test is the permutation test based on the "modified Z" statistic. For large samples, we can avoid permutation calculations since this statistic will be normal (or Student's t) to a good approximation. For small samples, where we cannot avoid permutation calculations, we have found that the difference between "modified Z" and the textbook "pooled Z" is negligible. We therefore propose to use the permutation test based on pooled Z for small samples. This decision speeds up the permutation computations considerably, because for each permutation we need only compute the sum of the CLEC sample values, and not the pooled statistic itself.

A permutation probability mass function distribution for cell j, based on the “pooled Z” can be written as

$$PM(t) = P\left(\sum_k y_{jk} = t\right) = \frac{\text{the number of samples that sum to } t}{M_j},$$

and the corresponding cumulative permutation distribution is

$$CPM(t) = P\left(\sum_k y_{jk} \leq t\right) = \frac{\text{the number of samples with sum } \leq t}{M_j}.$$

For Proportion Performance Measures the following notation is defined

- a_{1j} = the number of ILEC cases possessing an attribute of interest in cell j
- a_{2j} = the number of CLEC cases possessing an attribute of interest in cell j
- a_j = the number of cases possessing an attribute of interest in cell j ; $a_{1j} + a_{2j}$

The exact distribution for a parity test is the hypergeometric distribution. The hypergeometric probability mass function distribution for cell j is

$$HG(h) = P(H = h) = \begin{cases} \frac{\binom{n_{1j}}{h} \binom{n_{2j}}{a_j - h}}{\binom{n_j}{a_j}}, & \max(0, a_j - n_{2j}) \leq h \leq \min(a_j, n_{1j}) \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases},$$

and the cumulative hypergeometric distribution is

$$CHG(x) = P(H \leq x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < \max(0, a_j - n_{1j}) \\ \sum_{h=\max(0, a_j - n_{1j})}^x HG(h), & \max(0, a_j - n_{1j}) \leq x \leq \min(a_j, n_{2j}) \\ 1 & x > \min(a_j, n_{2j}) \end{cases}.$$

For Rate Measures, the notation needed is defined as

- b_{1j} = the number of ILEC base elements in cell j
- b_{2j} = the number of CLEC base elements in cell j
- b_j = the total number of base elements in cell j ; $b_{1j} + b_{2j}$
- \hat{r}_{1j} = the ILEC sample rate of cell j ; n_{1j}/b_{1j}
- \hat{r}_{2j} = the CLEC sample rate of cell j ; n_{2j}/b_{2j}
- q_j = the relative proportion of CLEC elements for cell j ; b_{2j}/b_j

The exact distribution for a parity test is the binomial distribution. The binomial probability mass function distribution for cell j is

$$BN(k) = P(B = k) = \begin{cases} \binom{n_j}{k} q_j^k (1 - q_j)^{n_j - k}, & 0 \leq k \leq n_j \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

and the cumulative binomial distribution is

$$CBN(x) = P(B \leq x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ \sum_{k=0}^x BN(k), & 0 \leq x \leq n_j \\ 1 & x > n_j \end{cases}$$

CALCULATING THE TRUNCATED Z

The general methodology for calculating an aggregate level test statistic is outlined below.

1. **Calculate cell weights, W_j .** A weight based on the number of transactions is used so that a cell which has a larger number of transactions has a larger weight. The actual weight formulae will depend on the type of measure.

Mean Measure

$$W_j = \sqrt{\frac{n_{1j} n_{2j}}{n_j}}$$

Proportion Measure

$$W_j = \sqrt{\frac{n_{2j} n_{1j}}{n_j} \cdot \frac{a_j}{n_j} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{a_j}{n_j}\right)}$$

Rate Measure

$$W_j = \sqrt{\frac{b_{1j} b_{2j}}{b_j} \cdot \frac{n_j}{b_j}}$$

2. **In each cell, calculate a Z value, Z_j .** A Z statistic with mean 0 and variance 1 is needed for each cell.

- If $W_j = 0$, set $Z_j = 0$.
- Otherwise, the actual Z statistic calculation depends on the type of performance measure.

Mean Measure

$$Z_j = \Phi^{-1}(\alpha)$$

where α is determined by the following algorithm.

If $\min(n_{1j}, n_{2j}) > 6$, then determine α as

$$\alpha = P(t_{n_j-1} \leq T_j),$$

that is, α is the probability that a t random variable with $n_{1j} - 1$ degrees of freedom, is less than

$$T_j = t_j + \frac{g}{6} \left(\frac{n_{1j} + 2n_{2j}}{\sqrt{n_{1j} n_{2j} (n_{1j} + n_{2j})}} \right) \left(t^2 + \frac{n_{2j} - n_{1j}}{2n_{1j} + n_{2j}} \right),$$

where

$$t_j = \frac{\bar{X}_{1j} - \bar{X}_{2j}}{s_{1j} \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_{1j}} + \frac{1}{n_{2j}}}}$$

and the coefficient g is an estimate of the skewness of the parent population, which we assume is the same in all cells. It can be estimated from the ILEC values in the largest cells. This needs to be done only once for each measure. We have found that attempting to estimate this skewness parameter for each cell separately leads to excessive variability in the "adjusted" t . We therefore use a single compromise value in all cells.

Note, that t_j is the "modified Z" statistic. The statistic T_j is a "modified Z" corrected for the skewness of the ILEC data.

If $\min(n_{1j}, n_{2j}) \leq 6$, and

a) $M_j \leq 1,000$ (the total number of distinct pairs of samples of size n_{1j} and n_{2j} is 1,000 or less).

- Calculate the sample sum for all possible samples of size n_{2j} .
- Rank the sample sums from smallest to largest. Ties are dealt by using average ranks.
- Let R_0 be the rank of the observed sample sum with respect all the sample sums.

$$\alpha = 1 - \frac{R_0 - 0.5}{M_j}$$

b) $M_j > 1,000$

- Draw a random sample of 1,000 sample sums from the permutation distribution.
- Add the observed sample sum to the list. There is a total of 1001 sample sums. Rank the sample sums from smallest to largest. Ties are dealt by using average ranks.
- Let R_0 be the rank of the observed sample sum with respect all the sample sums.

$$\alpha = 1 - \frac{R_0 - 0.5}{1001}.$$

Proportion Measure

$$Z_j = \frac{n_j a_{1j} - n_{1j} a_j}{\sqrt{\frac{n_{1j} n_{2j} a_j (n_j - a_j)}{n_j - 1}}}.$$

Rate Measure

$$Z_j = \frac{n_{1j} - n_j q_j}{\sqrt{n_j q_j (1 - q_j)}}.$$

3. **Obtain a truncated Z value for each cell, Z_j^* .** To limit the amount of cancellation that takes place between cell results during aggregation, cells whose results suggest possible favoritism are left alone. Otherwise the cell statistic is set to zero. This means that positive equivalent Z values are set to 0, and negative values are left alone. Mathematically, this is written as

$$Z_j^* = \min(0, Z_j).$$

4. **Calculate the theoretical mean and variance of the truncated statistic under the null hypothesis of parity, $E(Z_j^* | H_0)$ and $\text{Var}(Z_j^* | H_0)$.** In order to compensate for the truncation in step 3, an aggregated, weighted sum of the Z_j^* will need to be centered and scaled properly so that the final aggregate statistic follows a standard normal distribution.

- If $W_j = 0$, then no evidence of favoritism is contained in the cell. The formulae for calculating $E(Z_j^* | H_0)$ and $\text{Var}(Z_j^* | H_0)$ cannot be used. Set both equal to 0.
- If $\min(n_{1j}, n_{2j}) > 6$ for a mean measure, $\min\left\{a_{1j}\left(1 - \frac{a_{1j}}{n_{1j}}\right), a_{2j}\left(1 - \frac{a_{2j}}{n_{2j}}\right)\right\} > 9$ for a proportion measure, or $\min(n_{1j}, n_{2j}) > 15$ and $n_j q_j (1 - q_j) > 9$ for a rate measure then

$$E(Z_j^* | H_0) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}, \text{ and}$$

$$\text{Var}(Z_j^* | H_0) = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\pi}.$$

- Otherwise, determine the total number of values for Z_j^* . Let z_{ji} and θ_{ji} , denote the values of Z_j^* and the probabilities of observing each value, respectively.

$$E(Z_j^* | H_0) = \sum_i \theta_{ji} z_{ji}, \text{ and}$$

$$\text{Var}(Z_j^* | H_0) = \sum_i \theta_{ji} z_{ji}^2 - [E(Z_j^* | H_0)]^2.$$

The actual values of the z's and θ 's depends on the type of measure, and the sums in the equations are over all possible values of the index i.

Mean Measure

$$N_j = \min(M_j, 1,000), \quad i = 1, \dots, N_j$$

$$z_{ji} = \min \left\{ 0, 1 - \Phi^{-1} \left(\frac{R_i - 0.5}{N_j} \right) \right\} \quad \text{where } R_i \text{ is the rank of sample sum } i$$

$$\theta_j = \frac{1}{N_j}$$

Proportion Measure

$$z_{ji} = \min \left\{ 0, \frac{n_j i - n_{1j} a_j}{\sqrt{\frac{n_{1j} n_{2j} a_j (n_j - a_j)}{n_j - 1}}} \right\}, \quad i = \min(a_j, n_{2j}), \dots, \max(0, a_j - n_{1j})$$

$$\theta_{ji} = \text{HG}(i)$$

Rate Measure

$$z_{ji} = \min \left\{ 0, \frac{i - n_j q_j}{\sqrt{n_j q_j (1 - q_j)}} \right\}, \quad i = 0, \dots, n_j$$

$$\theta_{ji} = \text{BN}(i)$$

5. Calculate the aggregate test statistic, Z^T .

$$Z^T = \frac{\sum_j W_j Z_j^* - \sum_j W_j E(Z_j^* | H_0)}{\sqrt{\sum_j W_j^2 \text{Var}(Z_j^* | H_0)}}$$

The Balancing Critical Value

There are four key elements of the statistical testing process:

1. the null hypothesis, H_0 , that parity exists between ILEC and CLEC services
2. the alternative hypothesis, H_a , that the ILEC is giving better service to its own customers
3. the Truncated Z test statistic, Z^T , and
4. a critical value, c

The decision rule¹ is

- If $Z^T < c$ then accept H_a .
- If $Z^T \geq c$ then accept H_0 .

There are two types of error possible when using such a decision rule:

¹ This decision rule assumes that a negative test statistic indicates poor service for the CLEC customer. If the opposite is true, then reverse the decision rule.

Type I Error: Deciding favoritism exists when there is, in fact, no favoritism.
Type II Error: Deciding parity exists when there is, in fact, favoritism.

The probabilities of each type of each are:

Type I Error: $\alpha = P(Z^T < c | H_0)$.
Type II Error: $\beta = P(Z^T \geq c | H_a)$.

We want a balancing critical value, c_B , so that $\alpha = \beta$.

It can be shown that.

$$c_B = \frac{\sum_j W_j M(m_j, se_j) - \sum_j W_j \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}}{\sqrt{\sum_j W_j^2 V(m_j, se_j) + \sum_j W_j^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\pi}\right)}}$$

where

$$M(\mu, \sigma) = \mu \Phi\left(\frac{-\mu}{\sigma}\right) - \sigma \phi\left(\frac{-\mu}{\sigma}\right)$$

$$V(\mu, \sigma) = (\mu^2 + \sigma^2) \Phi\left(\frac{-\mu}{\sigma}\right) - \mu \sigma \phi\left(\frac{-\mu}{\sigma}\right) - M(\mu, \sigma)^2$$

$\Phi(\cdot)$ is the cumulative standard normal distribution function, and $\phi(\cdot)$ is the standard normal density function.

This formula assumes that Z_j is approximately normally distributed within cell j . When the cell sample sizes, n_{1j} and n_{2j} , are small this may not be true. It is possible to determine the cell mean and variance under the null hypothesis when the cell sample sizes are small. It is much more difficult to determine these values under the alternative hypothesis. Since the cell weight, W_j will also be small (see calculate weights section above) for a cell with small volume, the cell mean and variance will not contribute much to the weighted sum. Therefore, the above formula provides a reasonable approximation to the balancing critical value.

The values of m_j and se_j will depend on the type of performance measure.

Mean Measure

For mean measures, one is concerned with two parameters in each cell, namely, the mean and variance. A possible lack of parity may be due to a difference in cell means, and/or a difference in cell variances. One possible set of hypotheses that capture this notion, and take into account the assumption that transaction are identically distributed within cells is:

$$H_0: \mu_{1j} = \mu_{2j}, \sigma_{1j}^2 = \sigma_{2j}^2$$

$$H_a: \mu_{2j} = \mu_{1j} + \delta_j \cdot \sigma_{1j}, \sigma_{2j}^2 = \lambda_j \cdot \sigma_{1j}^2 \quad \delta_j > 0, \lambda_j \geq 1 \text{ and } j = 1, \dots, L.$$

Under this form of alternative hypothesis, the cell test statistic Z_j has mean and standard error given by

$$m_j = \frac{-\delta_j}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{n_{1j}} + \frac{1}{n_{2j}}}}, \text{ and}$$

$$se_j = \sqrt{\frac{\lambda_j n_{1j} + n_{2j}}{n_{1j} + n_{2j}}}$$

Proportion Measure

For a proportion measure there is only one parameter of interest in each cell, the proportion of transaction possessing an attribute of interest. A possible lack of parity may be due to a difference in cell proportions. A set of hypotheses that take into account the assumption that transaction are identically distributed within cells while allowing for an analytically tractable solution is:

$$H_0: \frac{p_{2j}(1-p_{1j})}{(1-p_{2j})p_{1j}} = 1$$

$$H_a: \frac{p_{2j}(1-p_{1j})}{(1-p_{2j})p_{1j}} = \psi_j \quad \psi_j > 1 \text{ and } j = 1, \dots, L.$$

These hypotheses are based on the “odds ratio.” If the transaction attribute of interest is a missed trouble repair, then an interpretation of the alternative hypothesis is that a CLEC trouble repair appointment is ψ_j times more likely to be missed than an ILEC trouble.

Under this form of alternative hypothesis, the within cell asymptotic mean and variance of a_{1j} are given by²

$$E(a_{1j}) = n_j \pi_j^{(1)}$$

$$\text{var}(a_{1j}) = \frac{n_j}{\frac{1}{\pi_j^{(1)}} + \frac{1}{\pi_j^{(2)}} + \frac{1}{\pi_j^{(3)}} + \frac{1}{\pi_j^{(4)}}}$$

where

² Stevens, W. L. (1951) Mean and Variance of an entry in a Contingency Table. *Biometrika*, **38**, 468-470.

$$\begin{aligned}\pi_j^{(1)} &= f_j^{(1)} \left(n_j^2 + f_j^{(2)} + f_j^{(3)} - f_j^{(4)} \right) \\ \pi_j^{(2)} &= f_j^{(1)} \left(-n_j^2 - f_j^{(2)} + f_j^{(3)} + f_j^{(4)} \right) \\ \pi_j^{(3)} &= f_j^{(1)} \left(-n_j^2 + f_j^{(2)} - f_j^{(3)} + f_j^{(4)} \right) \\ \pi_j^{(4)} &= f_j^{(1)} \left(n_j^2 \left(\frac{2}{\psi_j} - 1 \right) - f_j^{(2)} - f_j^{(3)} - f_j^{(4)} \right) \\ f_j^{(1)} &= \frac{1}{2n_j^2 \left(\frac{1}{\psi_j} - 1 \right)} \\ f_j^{(2)} &= n_j n_{1j} \left(\frac{1}{\psi_j} - 1 \right) \\ f_j^{(3)} &= n_j a_j \left(\frac{1}{\psi_j} - 1 \right) \\ f_j^{(4)} &= \sqrt{n_j^2 \left[4n_{1j} (n_j - a_j) \left(\frac{1}{\psi_j} - 1 \right) + \left(n_j + (a_j - n_{1j}) \left(\frac{1}{\psi_j} - 1 \right) \right)^2 \right]}\end{aligned}$$

Recall that the cell test statistic is given by

$$Z_j = \frac{n_j a_{1j} - n_{1j} a_j}{\sqrt{\frac{n_{1j} n_{2j} a_j (n_j - a_j)}{n_j - 1}}}$$

Using the equations above, we see that Z_j has mean and standard error given by

$$\begin{aligned}m_j &= \frac{n_j^2 \pi_j^{(1)} - n_{1j} a_j}{\sqrt{\frac{n_{1j} n_{2j} a_j (n_j - a_j)}{n_j - 1}}}, \text{ and} \\ se_j &= \sqrt{\frac{n_j^3 (n_j - 1)}{n_{1j} n_{2j} a_j (n_j - a_j) \left(\frac{1}{\pi_j^{(1)}} + \frac{1}{\pi_j^{(2)}} + \frac{1}{\pi_j^{(3)}} + \frac{1}{\pi_j^{(4)}} \right)}}.\end{aligned}$$

Rate Measure

A rate measure also has only one parameter of interest in each cell, the rate at which a phenomenon is observed relative to a base unit, e.g. the number of troubles per available line. A possible lack of parity may be due to a difference in cell rates. A set of hypotheses that take into account the assumption that transaction are identically distributed within cells is:

$$H_0: r_{1j} = r_{2j}$$

$$H_a: r_{2j} = \epsilon_j r_{1j} \quad \epsilon_j > 1 \text{ and } j = 1, \dots, L.$$

Given the total number of ILEC and CLEC transactions in a cell, n_j , and the number of base elements, b_{1j} and b_{2j} , the number of ILEC transaction, n_{1j} , has a binomial distribution from n_j trials and a probability of

$$q_j^* = \frac{r_{1j}b_{1j}}{r_{1j}b_{1j} + r_{2j}b_{2j}}.$$

Therefore, the mean and variance of n_{1j} , are given by

$$\begin{aligned} E(n_{1j}) &= n_j q_j^* \\ \text{var}(n_{1j}) &= n_j q_j^* (1 - q_j^*) \end{aligned}$$

Under the null hypothesis

$$q_j^* = q_j = \frac{b_{1j}}{b_j},$$

but under the alternative hypothesis

$$q_j^* = q_j^a = \frac{b_{1j}}{b_{1j} + \varepsilon_j b_{2j}}.$$

Recall that the cell test statistic is given by

$$Z_j = \frac{n_{1j} - n_j q_j}{\sqrt{n_j q_j (1 - q_j)}}.$$

Using the relationships above, we see that Z_j has mean and standard error given by

$$\begin{aligned} m_j &= \frac{n_j (q_j^a - q_j)}{\sqrt{n_j q_j (1 - q_j)}} = (1 - \varepsilon_j) \sqrt{\frac{n_j b_{1j} b_{2j}}{b_{1j} + \varepsilon_j b_{2j}}}, \text{ and} \\ \text{se}_j &= \sqrt{\frac{q_j^a (1 - q_j^a)}{q_j (1 - q_j)}} = \sqrt{\varepsilon_j} \frac{b_j}{b_{1j} + \varepsilon_j b_{2j}}. \end{aligned}$$

Determining the Parameters of the Alternative Hypothesis

In this appendix we have indexed the alternative hypothesis of mean measures by two sets of parameters, λ_j and δ_j . Proportion and rate measures have been indexed by one set of parameters each, ψ_j and ε_j respectively. While statistical science can be used to evaluate the impact of different choices of these parameters, there is not much that an appeal to statistical principles can offer in directing specific choices. Specific choices are best left to telephony experts. Still, it is possible to comment on some aspects of these choices:

- Parameter Choices for λ_j . The set of parameters λ_j index alternatives to the null hypothesis that arise because there might be greater unpredictability or variability in the delivery of service to a CLEC customer over that which would be achieved for an otherwise comparable ILEC customer. While concerns about differences in the variability of service are important, it turns out that the truncated Z testing which is being recommended here is relatively insensitive to all but very large values of the λ_j . Put another way, reasonable differences in the values chosen here could make very little difference in the balancing points chosen.

- Parameter Choices for δ_j . The set of parameters δ_j are much more important in the choice of the balancing point than was true for the λ_j . The reason for this is that they directly index differences in average service. The truncated Z test is very sensitive to any such differences; hence, even small disagreements among experts in the choice of the δ_j could be very important. Sample size matters here too. For example, setting all the δ_j to a single value – $\delta_j = \delta$ – might be fine for tests across individual CLECs where currently in Louisiana the CLEC customer bases are not too different. Using the same value of δ for the overall state testing does not seem sensible, however, since the state sample would be so much larger.
- Parameter Choices for ψ_j or ϵ_j . The set of parameters ψ_j or ϵ_j are also important in the choice of the balancing point for tests of their respective measures. The reason for this is that they directly index increases in the proportion or rate of service performance. The truncated Z test is sensitive to such increases; but not as sensitive as the case of δ_j for mean measures. Sample size matters here as well. As with mean measures, using the same value of ψ or ϵ for the overall state testing does not seem sensible since the state sample would be so much larger.

The bottom line here is that beyond a few general considerations, like those given above, a principled approach to the choice of the alternative hypotheses to guard against, must come from elsewhere.

DECISION PROCESS

Once Z^T has been calculated, it is compared to the balancing critical value to determine if the ILEC is favoring its own customers over a CLEC's customers.

This critical value changes as the ILEC and CLEC transaction volume change. One way to make this transparent to the decision maker, is to report the difference between the test statistic and the critical value, $diff = Z^T - c_B$. If favoritism is concluded when $Z^T < c_B$, then the $diff < 0$ indicates favoritism.

This make it very easy to determine favoritism: a positive $diff$ suggests no favoritism, and a negative $diff$ suggests favoritism.

EXHIBIT D

BST VSEEM REMEDY PROCEDURE

TIER-1 CALCULATION FOR RETAIL ANALOGUES:

1. Calculate the overall test statistic for each CLEC; z_{CLEC1}^T (See Exhibit C)
2. Calculate the balancing critical value ($C_{B_{CLEC1}}$) that is associated with the alternative hypothesis (for fixed parameters δ , ψ or ϵ). (See Exhibit C)
3. If the overall test statistic is equal to or above the balancing critical value, stop here. Otherwise, go to step 4.
4. Calculate the Parity Gap by subtracting the value of step 2. from that of step 1.;

$$z_{CLEC1}^T - C_{B_{CLEC1}}$$
5. Calculate the Volume Proportion using a linear distribution with slope of $\frac{1}{4}$. This can be accomplished by taking the absolute value of the Parity Gap from step 4. divided by 4;

$$ABS((z_{CLEC1}^T - C_{B_{CLEC1}}) / 4)$$
. All parity gaps equal or greater to 4 will result in a volume proportion of 100%.
6. Calculate the Affected Volume by multiplying the Volume Proportion from step 5. by the Total CLEC₁ Volume in the negatively affected cell; where the cell value is negative. (See Exhibit C)
7. Calculate the payment to BlueStar by multiplying the result of step 6. by the appropriate dollar amount from the fee schedule.

So, BlueStar payment = Affected Volume_{CLEC1} * \$\$ from Fee Schedule

Example: BlueStar Missed Installation Appointments (MIA) for Resale POTS

	n_I	n_C	MIA_I	MIA_C	z_{CLEC1}^T	C_B	Parity Gap	Volume Proportion	Affected Volume
State	50000	600	9%	16%	-1.92	-0.21	1.71	0.4275	
Cell					<u>z_{CLEC1}</u>				
1		150	0.091	0.112	-1.994				64
2		75	0.176	0.098	0.734				
3		10	0.128	0.333	-2.619				4
4		50	0.158	0.242	-2.878				21
5		15	0.245	0.075	1.345				
6		200	0.156	0.130	0.021				
7		30	0.166	0.233	-0.600				13
8		20	0.106	0.127	-0.065				9
9		40	0.193	0.218	-0.918				17
10		10	0.160	0.235	-0.660				4
									133

where n_I = ILEC observations and n_C = BlueStar observations

Payout for BlueStar is (133 units) * (\$100/unit) = \$13,300

TIER-2 CALCULATION for RETAIL ANALOGUES:

1. Tier-2 is triggered by three monthly failures of any VSEEM submetric in the same quarter.
2. Calculate the overall test statistic for the CLEC Aggregate using all transactions from the calendar quarter; Z_{CLECA}^T
3. Calculate the balancing critical value ($C_{B_{CLEC1}}$) that is associated with the alternative hypothesis (for fixed parameters δ, ψ or ϵ). (See Exhibit C)
4. If the overall test statistic is equal to or above the balancing critical value for the calendar quarter, stop here. Otherwise, go to step 5.
5. Calculate the Parity Gap by subtracting the value of step 3. from that of step 2.;
 $Z_{CLECA}^T - C_{B_{CLECA}}$
6. Calculate the Volume Proportion using a linear distribution with slope of $\frac{1}{4}$. This can be accomplished by dividing the Parity Gap from step 5. by 4; $ABS((Z_{CLECA}^T - C_{B_{CLECA}}) / 4)$. All parity gaps equal or greater to 4 will result in a volume proportion of 100%.
7. Calculate the Affected Volume by multiplying the Volume Proportion from step 6. by the Total $CLECA_A$ Volume (CLEC Aggregate) in the negatively affected cell; where the cell value is negative (See Exhibit C).
8. Calculate the payment to State Designated Agency by multiplying the result of step 7. by the appropriate dollar amount from the fee schedule.

So, State Designated Agency payment = Affected Volume_{CLECA} * \$\$ from Fee Schedule

Example: CLEC-A Missed Installation Appointments (MIA) for Resale POTS

State Quarter	n_I	n_C	MIA_I	MIA_C	Z_{CLECA}^T	C_B	Parity Gap	Volume Proportion	Affected Volume
1	180000	2100	9%	16%	-1.92	-0.21	1.71	0.4275	
Cell					<u>Z_{CLECA}</u>				
1		500	0.091	0.112	-1.994				214
2		300	0.176	0.098	0.734				
3		80	0.128	0.333	-2.619				34
4		205	0.158	0.242	-2.878				88
5		45	0.245	0.075	1.345				
6		605	0.156	0.130	0.021				
7		80	0.166	0.233	-0.600				34
8		40	0.106	0.127	-0.065				17

9	165	0.193	0.218	-0.918
10	80	0.160	0.235	-0.660

71
34
<hr/> 492

where n_i = ILEC observations and n_c = CLEC-A observations

Payout for CLEC-A is (492 units) * (\$300/unit) = \$147,600

Tier-3

Tier-3 uses the monthly CLEC Aggregate results in a given State. Tier-3 is triggered when five of the twelve Tier-3 sub-metrics experience consecutive failures in a given calendar quarter. The table below displays a situation that would trigger a Tier-3 failure, and one that would not.

Process	Measures	TIER-3 FAILURE X = Miss			NOT A TIER-3 FAILURE X = Miss		
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Jan	Feb	Mar
Percent Missed Installation Appointments	Resale POTS	X	X	X	X		
	Resale Design	X			X	X	X
	UNE Loop & Port Combo		X				
	UNE Loops	X	X	X			
Percent Missed Repair Appointments	Resale POTS	X	X	X	X		X
	Resale Design		X	X		X	
	UNE Loop & Port Combo					X	X
	UNE Loops				X		
Billing	Billing Accuracy	X	X	X			
	Billing Timeliness				X	X	X
Trunk Blockage	Percent Trunk Blockage	X	X	X			
Collocation	Percent Missed Collocation Due Dates						

Tier-3 is effective immediately after quarter results, and can only be lifted when two of the five failed sub-metrics show compliance for two consecutive months in the following quarter.

All tiers standalone, such that triggering Tier-3 will not cease payout of any Tier-1 or Tier-2 failures.

TIER-1 CALCULATION FOR BENCHMARKS:

1. For each CLEC, with five or more observations, calculate monthly performance results for the State.
2. CLECs having observations (sample sizes) between 5 and 30 will use Table I below:

TABLE I SMALL SAMPLE SIZE TABLE
(95% Confidence)

Sample Size	Equivalent 90% Benchmark	Equivalent 95% Benchmark	Sample Size	Equivalent 90% Benchmark	Equivalent 95% Benchmark
5	60.00%	80.00%	16	75.00%	87.50%
6	66.67%	83.33%	17	76.47%	82.35%
7	71.43%	85.71%	18	77.78%	83.33%
8	75.00%	75.00%	19	78.95%	84.21%
9	66.67%	77.78%	20	80.00%	85.00%
10	70.00%	80.00%	21	76.19%	85.71%
11	72.73%	81.82%	22	77.27%	86.36%
12	75.00%	83.33%	23	78.26%	86.96%
13	76.92%	84.62%	24	79.17%	87.50%
14	78.57%	85.71%	25	80.00%	88.00%
15	73.33%	86.67%	26	80.77%	88.46%
			27	81.48%	88.89%
			28	78.57%	89.29%
			29	79.31%	86.21%
			30	80.00%	86.67%

3. If the percentage (or equivalent percentage for small samples) is equal to or below the benchmark standard, stop here. Otherwise, go to step 4.
4. Determine the Volume Proportion by taking the difference between the benchmark and the actual performance result.
5. Calculate the Affected Volume by multiplying the Volume Proportion from step 4. by the Total CLEC₁ Volume.
6. Calculate the payment to BlueStar by multiplying the result of step 5. by the appropriate dollar amount from the fee schedule.

So, BlueStar payment = Affected Volume_{CLEC1} * \$\$ from Fee Schedule

Example: BlueStar Missed Installation Appointments (MIA) for UNE Loops

	n_c	Benchmark	MIA_c	Volume Proportion	Affected Volume
State	600	9%	12%	.03	18

Payout for BlueStar is (18 units) * (\$400/unit) = \$7,200

TIER-1 CALCULATION FOR BENCHMARKS (IN THE FORM OF A TARGET):

1. For each, with five or more observations, CLEC calculate monthly performance results for the State.
2. CLECs having observations (sample sizes) between 5 and 30 will use Table I above.
3. Calculate the interval distribution based on the same data set used in step 1.
4. If the 'percent within' is equal to or exceeds the benchmark standard, stop here. Otherwise, go to step 5.
5. Determine the Volume Proportion by taking the difference between 100% and the actual performance result.
6. Calculate the Affected Volume by multiplying the Volume Proportion from step 5. by the Total CLEC₁ Volume.
7. Calculate the payment to BlueStar by multiplying the result of step 6. by the appropriate dollar amount from the fee schedule.

So, BlueStar payment = Affected Volume_{CLEC1} * \$\$ from Fee Schedule

Example: BlueStar Reject Timeliness

	n_c	Benchmark	Reject Timeliness _c	Volume Proportion	Affected Volume
State	600	95% within 1 hour	93% within 1 hour	.07	42

Payout for BlueStar is (42 units) * (\$100/unit) = \$4,200

TIER-2 CALCULATIONS for BENCHMARKS:

Tier-2 calculations for benchmark measures are the same as the Tier-1 benchmark calculations except the CLEC Aggregate data having failed for three months in a given calendar quarter is being assessed.

EXHIBIT E

Table-1

LIQUIDATED DAMAGES TABLE FOR TIER-1 MEASURES

PER AFFECTED ITEM						
	Month 1	Month 2	Month3	Month4	Month 5	Month 6
Ordering	\$40	\$50	\$60	\$70	\$80	\$90
Provisioning	\$100	\$125	\$175	\$250	\$325	\$500
Provisioning UNE (Coordinated Customer Conversions)	\$400	\$450	\$500	\$550	\$650	\$800
Maintenance and Repair	\$100	\$125	\$175	\$250	\$325	\$500
Maintenance and Repair UNE	\$400	\$450	\$500	\$550	\$650	\$800
LNP	\$150	\$250	\$500	\$600	\$700	\$800
IC Trunks	\$100	\$125	\$175	\$250	\$325	\$500
Collocation	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000

Table-2

VOLUNTARY PAYMENTS FOR TIER-2 MEASURES

	Per Affected Item
OSS Pre-Ordering	\$20
Ordering	\$60
Provisioning	\$300
UNE Provisioning (Coordinated Customer Conversions)	\$875
Maintenance and Repair	\$300
UNE Maintenance and Repair	\$875
Billing	\$1.00
LNP	\$500
IC Trunks	\$500
Collocation	\$15,000

**AGREEMENT IMPLEMENTATION TEMPLATE (Residence)
for
BlueStar Networks, Inc.
BellSouth Standard Interconnection Agreement**

Agreement Effective Date:	Agreement Expiration Date:
Account Manager:	Account Manager Tel No:

Attachment Name/Number	Section Number	Version Date	Planned Activities
Terms/Conditions PartA	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
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	21		
	22		
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	24		
	25		
	26		
Terms/Conditions Part B			
1-Resale	1		

AGREEMENT IMPLEMENTATION TEMPLATE (Residence)
for
BlueStar Networks, Inc.
BellSouth Standard Interconnection Agreement

Attachment Name/Number	Section Number	Version Date	Planned Activities
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
	8		
	9		
	10		
	11		
	12		
	13		
	Exhibit A		
	Exhibit B		
	Exhibit C		
	Exhibit D		
	Exhibit E		
	Exhibit F		
	Exhibit G		
	Exhibit H		
2-Network Elements & Other Services	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
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	9		
	10		

AGREEMENT IMPLEMENTATION TEMPLATE (Residence)
for
BlueStar Networks, Inc.
BellSouth Standard Interconnection Agreement

Attachment Name/Number	Section Number	Version Date	Planned Activities
	11		
	12		
	13		
	14		
	15		
	16		
	17		
	Exhibit A		
	Exhibit B		
	Exhibit C		
3-Local Interconnection	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
	8		
	Exhibit A		
4-Physical Collocation	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
	8		
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	10		
	11		
	12		

AGREEMENT IMPLEMENTATION TEMPLATE (Residence)
for
BlueStar Networks, Inc.
BellSouth Standard Interconnection Agreement

Attachment Name/Number	Section Number	Version Date	Planned Activities
	13		
	14		
	Exhibit A		
	Exhibit B		
5-Access to Numbers & Number Portability	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
	8		
	Exhibit A		
6-Ordering/Provisioning	1		
	2		
	3		
7-Billing & Billing Accuracy Certification	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
	Exhibit A		
8-ROW/Conduits/PoleAtt	1		
9-Perf Measurement	Pre-Ordering		
	Ordering		
	Provisioning		
	Maint/Repair		

AGREEMENT IMPLEMENTATION TEMPLATE (Residence)
for
BlueStar Networks, Inc.
BellSouth Standard Interconnection Agreement

Attachment Name/Number	Section Number	Version Date	Planned Activities
	Billing		
	Opr Svcs/DA		
	E911		
	Trunk Grp Perf		
	Collocation		
	Appendix A		
	Appendix B		
	Appendix C		

AGREEMENT IMPLEMENTATION TEMPLATE (Business)
for
BlueStar Networks, Inc.
BellSouth Standard Interconnection Agreement

Agreement Effective Date:	Agreement Expiration Date:
Account Manager:	Account Manager Tel No:

Attachment Name	Section No.	Version Date	Planned Activities
Terms/Conditions PartA	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
	8		
	9		
	10		
	11		
	12		
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	26		
Terms/Conditions Part B			
1-Resale	1		

AGREEMENT IMPLEMENTATION TEMPLATE (Business)
for
BlueStar Networks, Inc.
BellSouth Standard Interconnection Agreement

Attachment Name	Section No.	Version Date	Planned Activities
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
	8		
	9		
	10		
	11		
	12		
	13		
	Exhibit A		
	Exhibit B		
	Exhibit C		
	Exhibit D		
	Exhibit E		
	Exhibit F		
	Exhibit G		
	Exhibit H		
2-Network Elements & Other Services	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
	8		
	9		
	10		

AGREEMENT IMPLEMENTATION TEMPLATE (Business)
for
BlueStar Networks, Inc.
BellSouth Standard Interconnection Agreement

Attachment Name	Section No.	Version Date	Planned Activities
	11		
	12		
	13		
	14		
	15		
	16		
	17		
	Exhibit A		
	Exhibit B		
	Exhibit C		
3-Local Interconnection	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
	8		
	Exhibit A		
4-Physical Collocation	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
	8		
	9		
	10		
	11		
	12		

AGREEMENT IMPLEMENTATION TEMPLATE (Business)
for
BlueStar Networks, Inc.
BellSouth Standard Interconnection Agreement

Attachment Name	Section No.	Version Date	Planned Activities
	13		
	14		
	Exhibit A		
	Exhibit B		
5-Access to Numbers & Number Portability	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
	8		
	Exhibit A		
6-Ordering/Provisioning	1		
	2		
	3		
7-Billing & Billing Accuracy Certification	1		
	2		
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AGREEMENT IMPLEMENTATION TEMPLATE (Business)
for
BlueStar Networks, Inc.
BellSouth Standard Interconnection Agreement

Attachment Name	Section No.	Version Date	Planned Activities
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	Collocation		
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Attachment 11
BellSouth Disaster Recovery Plan

2000
BELLSOUTH

DISASTER RECOVERY PLANNING

For

CLECS

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1.0 PURPOSE

In the unlikely event of a disaster occurring that affects BellSouth's long-term ability to deliver traffic to a Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC), general procedures have been developed to hasten the recovery process. Since each location is different and could be affected by an assortment of potential problems, a detailed recovery plan is impractical. However, in the process of reviewing recovery activities for specific locations, some basic procedures emerge that appear to be common in most cases.

These general procedures should apply to any disaster that affects the delivery of traffic for an extended time period. Each CLEC will be given the same consideration during an outage and service will be restored as quickly as possible.

This document will cover the basic recovery procedures that would apply to every CLEC.

2.0 SINGLE POINT OF CONTACT

When a problem is experienced, regardless of the severity, the BellSouth Network Management Center (NMC) will observe traffic anomalies and begin monitoring the situation. Controls will be appropriately applied to insure the sanity of BellSouth's network; and, in the event that a switch or facility node is lost, the NMC will attempt to circumvent the failure using available reroutes.

BellSouth's NMC will remain in control of the restoration efforts until the problem has been identified as being a long-term outage. At that time, the NMC will contact BellSouth's Emergency Control Center (ECC) and relinquish control of the recovery efforts. Even though the ECC may take charge of the situation, the NMC will continue to monitor the circumstances and restore traffic as soon as damaged network elements are revitalized.

The telephone number for the BellSouth Network Management Center in Atlanta, as published in Telcordia's National Network Management Directory, is 404-321-2516.

3.0 IDENTIFYING THE PROBLEM

During the early stages of problem detection, the NMC will be able to tell which CLECs are affected by the catastrophe. Further analysis and/or first hand observation will determine if the disaster has affected CLEC equipment only; BellSouth equipment only or a combination. The initial restoration activity will be largely determined by the equipment that is affected.

Once the nature of the disaster is determined and after verifying the cause of the problem, the NMC will initiate reroutes and/or transfers that are jointly agreed upon by the affected CLECs' Network Management Center and the BellSouth NMC. The type and percentage of controls used will depend upon available network capacity. Controls necessary to stabilize the situation will be invoked and the NMC will attempt to re-establish as much traffic as possible.

For long term outages, recovery efforts will be coordinated by the Emergency Control Center (ECC). Traffic controls will continue to be applied by the NMC until facilities are re-established. As equipment is made available for service, the ECC will instruct the NMC to begin removing the controls and allow traffic to resume.

3.1 SITE CONTROL

In the total loss of building use scenario, what likely exists will be a smoking pile of rubble. This rubble will contain many components that could be dangerous. It could also contain any personnel on the premises at the time of the disaster. For these reasons, the local fire marshal with the assistance of the police will control the site until the building is no longer a threat to surrounding properties and the companies have secured the site from the general public.

During this time, the majority owner of the building should be arranging for a demolition contractor to mobilize to the site with the primary objective of reaching the cable entrance facility for a damage assessment. The results of this assessment would then dictate immediate plans for restoration, both short term and permanent.

In a less catastrophic event, i.e., the building is still standing and the cable entrance facility is usable, the situation is more complex. The site will initially be controlled by local authorities until the threat to adjacent property has diminished. Once the site is returned to the control of the companies, the following events should occur.

An initial assessment of the main building infrastructure systems (mechanical, electrical, fire & life safety, elevators, and others) will establish building needs. Once these needs are determined, the majority owner should lead the building restoration efforts. There may be situations where the site will not be totally restored within the confines of the building. The companies must individually determine their needs and jointly assess the cost of permanent restoration to determine the overall plan of action.

Multiple restoration trailers from each company will result in the need for designated space and installation order. This layout and control is required to maximize the amount of restoration equipment that can be placed at the site, and the priority of placements.

Care must be taken in this planning to insure other restoration efforts have logistical access to the building. Major components of telephone and building equipment will need to be removed and replaced. A priority for this equipment must also be jointly established to facilitate overall site restoration. (Example: If the AC switchgear has sustained damage, this would be of the highest priority in order to regain power, lighting, and HVAC throughout the building.)

If the site will not accommodate the required restoration equipment, the companies would then need to quickly arrange with local authorities for street closures, rights of way or other possible options available.

3.2 ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS

In the worse case scenario, many environmental concerns must be addressed. Along with the police and fire marshal, the state environmental protection department will be on site to monitor the situation.

Items to be concerned with in a large central office building could include:

1. Emergency engine fuel supply. Damage to the standby equipment and the fuel handling equipment could have created "spill" conditions that have to be handled within state and federal regulations.
2. Asbestos containing materials that may be spread throughout the wreckage. Asbestos could be in many components of building, electrical, mechanical, outside plant distribution, and telephone systems.
3. Lead and acid. These materials could be present in potentially large quantities depending upon the extent of damage to the power room.
4. Mercury and other regulated compounds resident in telephone equipment.
5. Other compounds produced by the fire or heat.

Once a total loss event occurs at a large site, local authorities will control immediate clean up (water placed on the wreckage by the fire department) and site access.

At some point, the companies will become involved with local authorities in the overall planning associated with site clean up and restoration. Depending on the clean up approach taken, delays in the restoration of several hours to several days may occur.

In a less severe disaster, items listed above are more defined and can be addressed individually depending on the damage.

In each case, the majority owner should coordinate building and environmental restoration as well as maintain proper planning and site control.

4.0 THE EMERGENCY CONTROL CENTER (ECC)

The ECC is located in the Colonnade Building in Birmingham, Alabama. During an emergency, the ECC staff will convene a group of pre-selected experts to inventory the damage and initiate corrective actions. These experts have regional access to BellSouth's personnel and equipment and will assume control of the restoration activity anywhere in the nine-state area.

In the past, the ECC has been involve with restoration activities resulting from hurricanes, ice storms and floods. They have demonstrated their capabilities during these calamities as well as

during outages caused by human error or equipment failures. This group has an excellent record of restoring service as quickly as possible.

During a major disaster, the ECC may move emergency equipment to the affected location, direct recovery efforts of local personnel and coordinate service restoration activities with the CLECs. The ECC will attempt to restore service as quickly as possible using whatever means is available; leaving permanent solutions, such as the replacement of damaged buildings or equipment, for local personnel to administer.

Part of the ECC's responsibility, after temporary equipment is in place, is to support the NMC efforts to return service to the CLECs. Once service has been restored, the ECC will return control of the network to normal operational organizations. Any long-term changes required after service is restored will be made in an orderly fashion and will be conducted as normal activity.

5.0 RECOVERY PROCEDURES

The nature and severity of any disaster will influence the recovery procedures. One crucial factor in determining how BellSouth will proceed with restoration is whether or not BellSouth's equipment is incapacitated. Regardless of who's equipment is out of service, BellSouth will move as quickly as possible to aid with service recovery; however, the approach that will be taken may differ depending upon the location of the problem.

5.1 CLEC OUTAGE

For a problem limited to one CLEC (or a building with multiple CLECs), BellSouth has several options available for restoring service quickly. For those CLECs that have agreements with other CLECs, BellSouth can immediately start directing traffic to a provisional CLEC for completion. This alternative is dependent upon BellSouth having concurrence from the affected CLECs.

Whether or not the affected CLECs have requested a traffic transfer to another CLEC will not impact BellSouth's resolve to re-establish traffic to the original destination as quickly as possible.

5.2 BELLSOUTH OUTAGE

Because BellSouth's equipment has varying degrees of impact on the service provided to the CLECs, restoring service from damaged BellSouth equipment is different. The outage will probably impact a number of Carriers simultaneously. However, the ECC will be able to initiate immediate actions to correct the problem.

A disaster involving any of BellSouth's equipment locations could impact the CLECs, some more than others. A disaster at a Central Office (CO) would only impact the delivery of traffic to and from that one location, but the incident could affect many Carriers. If the Central Office is a Serving Wire Center (SWC), then traffic from the entire area to those Carriers served from that switch would also be impacted. If the switch functions as an Access Tandem, or there is a tandem in the building, traffic from every CO to every CLEC could be interrupted. A disaster that destroys a facility hub could disrupt various traffic flows, even though the switching equipment may be unaffected.

The NMC would be the first group to observe a problem involving BellSouth's equipment. Shortly after a disaster, the NMC will begin applying controls and finding re-routes for the

completion of as much traffic as possible. These reroutes may involve delivering traffic to alternate Carriers upon receiving approval from the CLECs involved. In some cases, changes in translations will be required. If the outage is caused by the destruction of equipment, then the ECC will assume control of the restoration.

5.2.1 Loss of a Central Office

When BellSouth loses a Central Office, the ECC will

- a) Place specialists and emergency equipment on notice;
- b) Inventory the damage to determine what equipment and/or functions are lost;
- c) Move containerized emergency equipment and facility equipment to the stricken area, if necessary;
- d) Begin reconnecting service for Hospitals, Police and other emergency agencies; and
- e) Begin restoring service to CLECs and other customers.

5.2.2 Loss of a Central Office with Serving Wire Center Functions

The loss of a Central Office that also serves as a Serving Wire Center (SWC) will be restored as described in section 5.2.1.

5.2.3 Loss of a Central Office with Tandem Functions

When BellSouth loses a Central Office building that serves as an Access Tandem and as a SWC, the ECC will

- a) Place specialists and emergency equipment on notice;
- b) Inventory the damage to determine what equipment and/or functions are lost;
- c) Move containerized emergency equipment and facility equipment to the stricken area, if necessary;
- d) Begin reconnecting service for Hospitals, Police and other emergency agencies;
- e) Re-direct as much traffic as possible to the alternate access tandem (if available) for delivery to those CLECs utilizing a different location as a SWC;
- f) Begin aggregating traffic to a location near the damaged building. From this location, begin re-establishing trunk groups to the CLECs for the delivery of traffic normally found on the direct trunk groups. (This aggregation point may be the alternate access tandem location or another CO on a primary facility route.)
- g) Begin restoring service to CLECs and other customers.

5.2.4 Loss of a Facility Hub

In the event that BellSouth loses a facility hub, the recovery process is much the same as above. Once the NMC has observed the problem and administered the appropriate controls, the ECC will assume authority for the repairs. The recovery effort will include

- a) Placing specialists and emergency equipment on notice;
- b) Inventorying the damage to determine what equipment and/or functions are lost;
- c) Moving containerized emergency equipment to the stricken area, if necessary;
- d) Reconnecting service for Hospitals, Police and other emergency agencies; and
- e) Restoring service to CLECs and other customers. If necessary, BellSouth will aggregate the traffic at another location and build temporary facilities. This alternative would be viable for a location that is destroyed and building repairs are required.

5.3 COMBINED OUTAGE (CLEC AND BELLSOUTH EQUIPMENT)

In some instances, a disaster may impact BellSouth's equipment as well as the CLECs'. This situation will be handled in much the same way as described in section 5.2.3. Since BellSouth and the CLECs will be utilizing temporary equipment, close coordination will be required.

6.0 T1 IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES

During the restoration of service after a disaster, BellSouth may be forced to aggregate traffic for delivery to a CLEC. During this process, T1 traffic may be consolidated onto DS3s and may become unidentifiable to the Carrier. Because resources will be limited, BellSouth may be forced to "package" this traffic entirely differently than normally received by the CLECs. Therefore, a method for identifying the T1 traffic on the DS3s and providing the information to the Carriers is required.

7.0 ACRONYMS

- CO - Central Office (BellSouth)
- DS3 - Facility that carries 28 T1s (672 circuits)
- ECC - Emergency Control Center (BellSouth)
- CLEC - Competitive Local Exchange Carrier
- NMC - Network Management Center
- SWC - Serving Wire Center (BellSouth switch)
- T1 - Facility that carries 24 circuits

Hurricane Information

During a hurricane, BellSouth will make every effort to keep CLECs updated on the status of our network. Information centers will be set up throughout BellSouth Telecommunications. These centers are not intended to be used for escalations, but rather to keep the CLEC informed of network related issues, area damages and dispatch conditions, etc.

Hurricane-related information can also be found on line at http://www.interconnection.bellsouth.com/network/disaster/dis_resp.htm. Information concerning Mechanized Disaster Reports can also be found at this website by clicking on CURRENT MDR REPORTS or by going directly to <http://www.interconnection.bellsouth.com/network/disaster/mdrs.htm>.

BST Disaster Management Plan

BellSouth maintenance centers have geographical and redundant communication capabilities. In the event of a disaster removing any maintenance center from service another geographical center would assume maintenance responsibilities. The contact numbers will not change and the transfer will be transparent to the CLEC.