# BELLSOUTH® / CLEC Agreement

# Customer Name: DSLnet Communications, LLC

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Note: This page is not part of the actual signed contract/amendment, but is present for record keeping purposes only.

# By and Between

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.

# And

**DSLnet Communications, LLC** 

## **AGREEMENT**

This Agreement, which shall become effective thirty (30) days following the date of the last signature of both Parties ("Effective Date"), is entered into by and between DSLnet Communications, LLC ("DSLnet"), a Delaware corporation on behalf of itself, and BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc., ("BellSouth"), a Georgia corporation, having an office at 675 W. Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Georgia, 30375, on behalf of itself and its successors and assigns.

**WHEREAS**, the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (the "Act") was signed into law on February 8, 1996; and

WHEREAS, section 252(i) of the Act requires BellSouth to make available any interconnection, service, or network element provided under an agreement approved by the appropriate state regulatory body to any other requesting telecommunications carrier upon the same terms and conditions as those provided in the agreement in its entirety; and

WHEREAS, DSLnet has requested that BellSouth make available the interconnection agreement in its entirety executed between BellSouth and DIECA Communications, Inc. d/b/a Covad Communications Company dated December 19, 2001 for the state(s) of Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee.

**NOW, THEREFORE,** in consideration of the promises and mutual covenants of this Agreement, DSLnet and BellSouth hereby agree as follows:

1. DSLnet and BellSouth shall, except for the modification identified in Pargraphs 2, 3 and 4 following, adopt in its entirety the DIECA Communications, Inc. d/b/a Covad Communications Company Interconnection Agreement dated December 19, 2001 and any and all amendments to said agreement executed and approved by the appropriate state regulatory commission as of the date of the execution of this Agreement. The DIECA Communications, Inc. d/b/a Covad Communications Company Interconnection Agreement and all amendments are attached hereto as Exhibit 1 and incorporated herein by this reference. The adoption of this agreement with amendment(s) consists of the following:

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Exhibit 1 – DIECA Communications, Inc.	
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Exhibit 2 – Attachment 9	153
TOTAL	1171

- 2. The Parties hereby agree to delete Section 4.5 of Attachment 2.
- 3. The Parties hereby agree to delete Sections 4.2, 6.10 and 7.2 of Attachment 4 and replace with new Sections 4.2, 6.10 and 7.2 as follows:
  - 4.2 Occupancy. BellSouth will notify DSLnet in writing that the Collocation Space is ready for occupancy ("Space Ready Date"). DSLnet will schedule and complete an acceptance walkthrough of each Collocation Space with BellSouth within fifteen (15) calendar days of BellSouth's notifying DSLnet that the Collocation Space is ready for occupancy. BellSouth will correct any deviations to DSLnet's original or jointly amended requirements within seven (7) calendar days after the walkthrough, unless the Parties jointly agree upon a different time frame, and BellSouth shall establish a new Space Ready Date. Another acceptance walkthrough will then be scheduled and conducted within fifteen (15) calendar days of the new Space Ready Date. This follow-up acceptance walkthrough will be limited to those items identified in the initial walkthrough. If DSLnet has met the fifteen (15) calendar day interval(s), billing will begin upon the date of DSLnet's acceptance of the Collocation Space ("Space Acceptance Date"). In the event that DSLnet fails to complete an acceptance walkthrough within this fifteen (15) calendar day interval, the Collocation Space shall be deemed accepted by DSLnet on the Space Ready Date and billing will commence from that date. If DSLnet decides to occupy the space prior to the Space Ready Date, the date DSLnet occupies the space becomes the new Space Acceptance Date and billing begins from that date. DSLnet must notify BellSouth in writing that collocation equipment installation is complete and is operational with BellSouth's network. BellSouth may, at its option, not accept orders for cross connects until receipt of such notice. For purposes of this paragraph, DSLnet's telecommunications

- equipment will be deemed operational when cross-connected to BellSouth's network for the purpose of service provisioning.
- Acceptance Walkthrough. DSLnet will schedule and complete an acceptance walkthrough of each Collocation Space with BellSouth within fifteen (15) calendar days of BellSouth's notifying DSLnet that the Collocation Space is ready for occupancy. In the event that DSLnet fails to complete an acceptance walkthrough within this fifteen (15) day interval, the Collocation Space shall be deemed accepted by DSLnet on the Space Ready Date. BellSouth will correct any deviations to DSLnet's original or jointly amended requirements within seven (7) calendar days after the walkthrough, unless the Parties jointly agree upon a different time frame.
- Recurring Charges. If DSLnet has met the applicable fifteen (15) calendar day walkthrough interval(s) specified in Section 4, billing for recurring charges will begin upon the Space Acceptance Date. In the event that DSLnet fails to complete an acceptance walkthrough within the applicable fifteen (15) calendar day interval(s), billing for recurring charges will commence on the Space Ready Date. If DSLnet occupies the space prior to the Space Ready Date, the date DSLnet occupies the space becomes the new Space Acceptance Date and billing for recurring charges begin on that date.
  - 4. Attachment 9 will be deleted in its entirety and replace with new Attachment 9 attached hereto as Exhibit 2.
  - 5. In the event that DSLnet consists of two (2) or more separate entities as set forth in the preamble to this Agreement, all such entities shall be jointly and severally liable for the obligations of DSLnet under this Agreement.
  - 6. The term of this Agreement shall be from the Effective Date as set forth above and shall expire as set forth in Section 2.2 of the DIECA Communications, Inc. d/b/a Covad Communications Company Interconnection Agreement. For the purposes of determining the expiration date of this Agreement pursuant to Section 2.2 of the DIECA Communications, Inc. d/b/a Covad Communications Company Interconnection Agreement, the effective date shall be December 19, 2001.
  - 7. DSLnet shall accept and incorporate any amendments to the DIECA Communications. Inc. d/b/a Covad Communications

Company Interconnection Agreement executed as a result of any final judicial, regulatory, or legislative action.

8. Every notice, consent, approval, or other communications required or contemplated by this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be delivered in person or given by postage prepaid mail, address to:

# BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.

BellSouth Local Contract Manager 600 North 19<sup>th</sup> Street, 8<sup>th</sup> floor Birmingham, Alabama 35203

and

ICS Attorney Suite 4300 675 W. Peachtree St. Atlanta, GA 30375

# **DSLnet Communications, LLC**

Wendy Bluemling Assistant Vice President 5<sup>th</sup> Floor 545 Long Wharf Drive New Haven, Connecticut 06511

or at such other address as the intended recipient previously shall have designated by written notice to the other Party. Where specifically required, notices shall be by certified or registered mail. Unless otherwise provided in this Agreement, notice by mail shall be effective on the date it is officially recorded as delivered by return receipt or equivalent, and in the absence of such record of delivery, it shall be presumed to have been delivered the fifth day, or next business day after the fifth day, after it was deposited in the mails.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Agreement through their authorized representatives.

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.	DSLnet Communications, LLC
Original Signature on File	Original Signature on File
Signature	Signature
Elizabeth R. A. Shiroishi	Wendy Bluemling
Name	Name
Assistant Director	Assistant Vice President
Title	Title
12/11/02	12/10/02
Date	Date

# **EXHIBIT 1**

# **ATTACHMENT 9**

# PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENTS

# PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENTS

Upon a particular Commission's issuance of an Order pertaining to Performance Measurements in a proceeding expressly applicable to all CLECs generally, BellSouth shall implement in that state such Performance Measurements as of the date specified by the Commission. Performance Measurements that have been Ordered in a particular state can currently be accessed via the internet at https://pmap.bellsouth.com. At the request of the Tennessee Regulatory Authority (TRA), the following Regional Service Quality Measurements (SQM) plan is being included as the performance measurements currently in place for the state of Tennessee. At such time that the TRA issues an Order pertaining to Performance Measurements, such Performance Measurements shall supersede the Regional SQM contained in the Agreement.

# BellSouth Service Quality Measurement Plan (SQM)

**Region Performance Metrics** 

Measurement Descriptions Version 0.06

Issue Date: June 4, 2002

# Introduction

The BellSouth Service Quality Measurement Plan (SQM) describes in detail the measurements produced to evaluate the quality of service delivered to BellSouth's customers both wholesale and retail. The SQM was developed to respond to the requirements of the Communications Act of 1996 Section 251 (96 Act) which required BellSouth to provide non-discriminatory access to Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLEC)<sup>1</sup> and its Retail Customers. The reports produced by the SQM provide regulators, CLECs and BellSouth the information necessary to monitor the delivery of non-discriminatory access.

This plan results from the many divergent forces evolving from the 96 Act. The 96 Act, the Georgia Public Service Commission (GPSC) Order (Docket 7892-U 12/30/97), LCUG 1-7.0, the FCC's NPRM (CC Docket 98-56 RM9101 04/17/98), the Louisiana Public Service Commission (LPSC) Order (Docket U-22252 Subdocket C 04/19/98), numerous arbitration cases, LPSC sponsored collaborative workshops (10/98-02/00), and proceedings in Alabama, Mississippi, and North Carolina have and continue to influence the SQM.

The SQM and the reports flowing from it must change to reflect the dynamic requirements of the industry. New measurements are added as new products, systems, and processes are developed and fielded. New products and services are added as the markets for them develop and the processes stabilize. The measurements are also changed to reflect changes in systems, correct errors, and respond to both 3<sup>rd</sup> Party audit requirements and Commission requirements.

This document is intended for use by someone with knowledge of telecommunications industry, information technologies and a functional knowledge of the subject areas covered by the BellSouth Performance Measurements and the reports that flow from them.

Once it is approved, the most current copy of this document can be found on the web at URL: <a href="https://pmap.bellsouth.com">https://pmap.bellsouth.com</a> in the Documentation Downloads folder.

# **Report Publication Dates**

Each month, preliminary SQM reports will be posted to BellSouth's SQM web site (https://www.pmap.bellsouth.com) by 8:00 A.M. EST on the 21st day of each month or the first business day after the 21st. Final validated SQM reports will be posted by 8:00 A.M. on the last day of the month. Reports not posted by this time will be considered late for SEEM payment purposes. SEEM reports will posted on the 15th of the following month. Payments due will also be paid on the 15th of the following month. For instance: May data will be posted in preliminary SQM reports on June 21. Final validated SQM reports will be posted on the last day of June. Final validated SEEM reports will be posted and payments mailed on July 15th. In the event the 15th falls on a weekend or holiday, reports and payments will be posted/made the next business day.

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Alternative Local Exchange Companies (ALEC) and Competing Local Providers (CLP) are referred to as Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLEC) in this document.

# **Report Delivery Methods**

CLEC SQM and SEEM reports will be considered delivered when posted to the web site. Commissions will be given access to the web site. In addition, a copy of the Monthly State Summary reports will be filed with the appropriate Commissions as soon as possible after the last day of each month.

Document Number: RGN-V005-122101

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# **Section 1: Operations Support Systems (OSS)**

# OSS-1: Average Response Time and Response Interval (Pre-Ordering/ Ordering)

# **Definition**

Average response time and response intervals are the average times and number of requests responded to within certain intervals for accessing legacy data associated with appointment scheduling, service & feature availability, address verification, request for Telephone numbers (TNs), and Customer Service Records (CSRs).

# **Exclusions**

None

## **Business Rules**

The average response time for retrieving pre-order/order information from a given legacy system is determined by summing the response times for all requests submitted to the legacy systems during the reporting period and dividing by the total number of legacy system requests for that month.

The response interval starts when the client application (LENS or TAG for CLECs and RNS or ROS for BellSouth) submits a request to the legacy system and ends when the appropriate response is returned to the client application. The number of accesses to the legacy systems during the reporting period which take less than 2.3 seconds, the number of accesses which take more than 6 seconds, and the number which are less than or equal to 6.3 seconds are also captured.

# Calculation

**Response Time** = (a - b)

- a = Date & Time of Legacy Response
- b = Date & Time of Legacy Request

## Average Response Time = c / d

- c = Sum of Response Times
- d = Number of Legacy Requests During the Reporting Period

# **Report Structure**

- Not CLEC Specific
- Not Product/Service Specific
- · Regional Level

# **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Report Month
• Legacy Contract (per reporting dimension)	Legacy Contract (per reporting dimension)
Response Interval	Response Interval
Regional Scope	Regional Scope

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• RSAG – Address (Regional Street Address Guide-	
Address) – stores street address information used to	
validate customer addresses. CLECs and BellSouth query	
this legacy system.	
• RSAG – TN (Regional Street Address Guide-Telephone	
number) – contains information about facilities available	
and telephone numbers working at a given address.	

Issue Date: June 4, 2002

- CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system.
- ATLAS (Application for Telephone Number Load Administration and Selection) – acts as a warehouse for storing telephone numbers that are available for assignment by the system. It enables CLECs and BellSouth service reps to select and reserve telephone numbers. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system.
- **COFFI** (Central Office Feature File Interface) stores information about product and service offerings and availability. CLECs query this legacy system.
- DSAP (DOE Support Application) provides due date information. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system.
- HAL/CRIS (Hands-Off Assignment Logic/Customer Record Information System) – a system used to access the Business Office Customer Record Information System (BOCRIS). It allows BellSouth servers, including LENS, access to legacy systems. CLECs query this legacy system.
- P/SIMS (Product/Services Inventory Management system) – provides information on capacity, tariffs, inventory and service availability. CLECs query this legacy system.
- OASIS (Obtain Available Services Information Systems)
   Information on feature and rate availability. BellSouth queries this legacy system.

**Table 1: Legacy System Access Times For RNS** 

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec.	> 6 sec.	<= 6.3 sec.	Avg. Sec.	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	X	X	X	X	X
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	X	X	X	X	X
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	X	X	X	X	X
DSAP	DSAP	Schedule	X	X	X	X	X
CRIS	CRSACCTS	CSR	X	X	X	X	X
OASIS	OASISCAR	Feature/Service	X	X	X	X	X
OASIS	OASISLPC	Feature/Service	X	X	X	X	X
OASIS	OASISMTN	Feature/Service	X	X	X	X	X
OASIS	OASISBIG	Feature/Service	X	X	X	X	X

Table 2: Legacy System Access Times For R0S

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec.	> 6 sec.	<= 6.3 sec.	Avg. sec.	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	X	X	X	X	X
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	X	X	X	X	X
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	X	X	X	X	X
DSAP	DSAP	Schedule	X	X	X	X	X
CRIS	CRSOCSR	CSR	X	X	X	X	X
OASIS	OASISBIG	Feature/Service	X	X	X	X	X

1-2

**Table 3: Legacy System Access Times For LENS** 

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec.	> 6 sec.	<6.3 sec.	Avg. sec.	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	X	X	X	X	X
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	X	X	X	X	X
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	X	X	X	X	X
DSAP	DSAP	Schedule	X	X	X	X	X
HAL	HAL/CRIS	CSR	X	X	X	X	X
COFFI	COFFI/USOC	Feature/Service	X	X	X	X	X
P/SIMS	PSIMS/ORB	Feature/Service	X	X	X	X	X

Table 4: Legacy System Access Times For TAG

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec.	> 6 sec.	<6.3 sec.	Avg. sec.	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	X	X	X	X	X
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	X	X	X	X	X
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	X	X	X	X	X
ATLAS	ATLAS-MLH	TN	X	X	X	X	X
ATLAS	ATLAS-DID	TN	X	X	X	X	X
DSAP	DSAP	Schedule	X	X	X	X	X
CRIS	CRSECSRL	CSR	X	X	X	X	X
CRIS	CRSECSR	CSR	X	X	X	X	X

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
Yes	Tier I		
	Tier II	X	

Note: CLEC specific data is not available in this measure. Queries of this sort do not have company specific signatures.

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

Γ	SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Banchmark
ŀ	SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
	<ul> <li>RSAG – Address (Regional Street Address Guide-</li> </ul>	• Percent Response Received within 6.3 seconds: > 95%
	Address) – stores street address information used to	• Parity + 2 seconds
	validate customer addresses. CLECs and BellSouth query	
	this legacy system.	
	• <b>RSAG</b> – <b>TN</b> (Regional Street Address Guide-Telephone	
	number) – contains information about facilities available	
	and telephone numbers working at a given address.	
	CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system.	
	<ul> <li>ATLAS (Application for Telephone Number Load</li> </ul>	
	Administration and Selection) – acts as a warehouse for	
	storing telephone numbers that are available for	
	assignment by the system. It enables CLECs and	
	BellSouth service reps to select and reserve telephone	
	numbers. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy system.	
	• <b>COFFI</b> (Central Office Feature File Interface) – stores	
	information about product and service offerings and	
	availability. CLECs query this legacy system.	
	• <b>DSAP</b> (DOE Support Application) – provides due date	
	information. CLECs and BellSouth query this legacy	
	system.	
	• HAL/CRIS (Hands-Off Assignment Logic/Customer	
	Record Information System) – a system used to access the	
L	a system, a system asset to decess the	1

1-3

Business Office Customer Record Information System (BOCRIS). It allows BellSouth servers, including LENS, access to legacy systems. CLECs query this legacy system.

- P/SIMS (Product/Services Inventory Management system) – provides information on capacity, tariffs, inventory and service availability. CLECs query this legacy system.
- OASIS (Obtain Available Services Information Systems) Information on feature and rate availability. BellSouth queries this legacy system.

# **SEEM OSS Legacy Systems**

System	BellSouth	CLEC			
_	Telephone Number/Address				
RSAG-ADDR	RNS, ROS	TAG, LENS			
RSAG-TN	RNS, ROS	TAG, LENS			
ATLAS	RNS,ROS	TAG. LENS			
	Appointment Schedul	ing			
DSAP	RNS, ROS	TAG, LENS			
	CSR Data	•			
CRSACCTS	RNS				
CRSOCSR	ROS				
HAL/CRIS		LENS			
CRSECSRL		TAG			
CRSECSR		TAG			
	Service/Feature Availab	oility			
OASISBIG	RNS, ROS				
PSIMS/ORB		LENS			

1-4

# **OSS-2: Interface Availability (Pre-Ordering/Ordering)**

### **Definition**

Percent of time applications are functionally available as compared to scheduled availability. Calculations are based upon availability of applications and interfacing applications utilized by CLECs for pre-ordering and ordering. "Functional Availability" is defined as the number of hours in the reporting period that the applications/interfaces are available to users. "Scheduled Availability" is defined as the number of hours in the reporting period that the applications/interfaces are scheduled to be available.

Scheduled availability is posted on the Interconnection web site: (www.interconnection.bellsouth.com/oss/oss hour.html)

#### **Exclusions**

- CLEC-impacting troubles caused by factors outside of BellSouth's purview, e.g., troubles in customer equipment, troubles in networks owned by telecommunications companies other than BellSouth, etc.
- Degraded service, e.g., slow response time, loss of non-critical functionality, etc.

#### **Business Rules**

This measurement captures the functional availability of applications/interfaces as a percentage of scheduled availability for the same systems. Only full outages are included in the calculations for this measure. Full outages are defined as occurrences of either of the following:

- Application/interfacing application is down or totally inoperative.
- Application is totally inoperative for customers attempting to access or use the application. This includes transport outages when
  they may be directly associated with a specific application.

Comparison to an internal benchmark provides a vehicle for determining whether or not CLECs and retail BST entities are given comparable opportunities for use of pre-ordering and ordering systems.

### Calculation

**Interface Availability (Pre-Ordering/Ordering)** = (a / b) X 100

- a = Functional Availability
- b = Scheduled Availability

# **Report Structure**

- Not CLEC Specific
- Not Product/Service Specific
- · Regional Level

# **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
• Report Month	Report Month
• Legacy Contract Type (per reporting dimension)	• Legacy Contract Type (per reporting dimension)
<ul> <li>Regional Scope</li> </ul>	Regional Scope
<ul> <li>Hours of Downtime</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hours of Downtime</li> </ul>

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Regional Level	• >= 99.5%

# **OSS Interface Availability**

Application	Applicable to	% Availability
EDI	CLEC	X
TAG	CLEC	X
LENS	CLEC	X
LEO	CLEC	X
LESOG	CLEC	X
LNP Gateway	CLEC	X
COG	CLEC	Under Development
SOG	CLEC	Under Development
DOM	CLEC	Under Development
DOE	CLEC/BellSouth	X
SONGS	CLEC/BellSouth	X
ATLAS/COFFI	CLEC/BellSouth	X
BOCRIS	CLEC/BellSouth	X
DSAP	CLEC/BellSouth	X
RSAG	CLEC/BellSouth	X
SOCS	CLEC/BellSouth	X
CRIS	CLEC/BellSouth	X

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
Yes	Tier I		
	Tier II	X	

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Regional Level	• >= 99.5%

# **SEEM OSS Interface Availability**

Application	Applicable to	% Availability
EDI	CLEC	X
HAL	CLEC	X
LENS	CLEC	X
LEO Mainframe	CLEC	X
LESOG	CLEC	X
PSIMS	CLEC	X
TAG	CLEC	X

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# **OSS-3: Interface Availability (Maintenance & Repair)**

#### Definition

Percent of time applications are functionally available as compared to scheduled availability. Calculations are based upon availability of applications and interfacing applications utilized by CLECs for maintenance and repair. "Functional Availability" is defined as the number of hours in the reporting period that the applications/interfaces are available to users. "Scheduled Availability" is defined as the number of hours in the reporting period that the applications/interfaces are scheduled to be available.

Scheduled availability is posted on the Interconnection web site: (www.interconnection.bellsouth.com/oss/oss hour.html)

#### **Exclusions**

- CLEC-impacting troubles caused by factors outside of BellSouth's purview, e.g., troubles in customer equipment, troubles in networks owned by telecommunications companies other than BellSouth, etc.
- Degraded service, e.g., slow response time, loss of non-critical functionality, etc.

#### **Business Rules**

This measurement captures the functional availability of applications/interfaces as a percentage of scheduled availability for the same systems. Only full outages are included in the calculations for this measure. Full outages are defined as occurrences of either of the following:

- Application/interfacing application is down or totally inoperative.
- Application is totally inoperative for customers attempting to access or use the application. This includes transport outages when
  they may be directly associated with a specific application.

Comparison to an internal benchmark provides a vehicle for determining whether or not CLECs and retail BST entities are given comparable opportunities for use of maintenance and repair systems.

# Calculation

OSS Interface Availability (a / b) X 100

- a = Functional Availability
- b = Scheduled Availability

# **Report Structure**

- Not CLEC Specific
- Not Product/Service Specific
- · Regional Level

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance	ì
Availability of CLEC TAFI	Availability of BellSouth TAFI	i
<ul> <li>Availability of LMOS HOST, MARCH, SOCS, CRIS, PREDICTOR, LNP and OSPCM</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Availability of LMOS HOST, MARCH, SOCS, CRIS, PREDICTOR, LNP and OSPCM</li> </ul>	l
• ECTA		ì

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Regional Level	• >= 99.5%

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# **OSS Interface Availability (M&R)**

OSS Interface	% Availability
BST TAFI	X
CLEC TAFI	X
CLEC ECTA	X
BellSouth & CLEC	X
CRIS	X
LMOS HOST	X
LNP	X
MARCH	X
OSPCM	X
PREDICTOR	X
SOCS	X

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
Yes	Tier I		
	Tier II	X	

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark	
Regional Level	• >= 99.5%	

# OSS Interface Availability (M&R)

OSS Interface	% Availability
CLEC TAFI	X
CLEC ECTA	Х

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# **OSS-4: Response Interval (Maintenance & Repair)**

#### **Definition**

The response intervals are determined by subtracting the time a request is received on the BellSouth side of the interface from the time the response is received from the legacy system. Percentages of requests falling into each interval category are reported, along with the actual number of requests falling into those categories.

#### **Exclusions**

None

#### **Business Rules**

This measure is designed to monitor the time required for the CLEC and BellSouth interface system to obtain from BellSouth's legacy systems the information required to handle maintenance and repair functions. The clock starts on the date and time when the request is received on the BellSouth side of the interface\_and the clock stops when the response has been transmitted through that same point to the requester.

Note: The OSS Response Interval BellSouth Total Report is a combination of BellSouth Residence and Business Total.

# Calculation

**OSS Response Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Query Response Date and Time
- b = Query Request Date and Time

**Percent Response Interval** (per category) = (c / d) X 100

- c = Number of Response Intervals in category "X"
- d = Number of Queries Submitted in the Reporting Period

where, "X" is 
$$\leq 4$$
,  $\geq 4$ ,  $\leq 10$ ,  $\leq 10$ ,  $\geq 10$ , or  $\geq 30$  seconds.

# **Report Structure**

- · Not CLEC Specific
- Not product/service specific
- · Regional Level

# **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
CLEC Transaction Intervals	BellSouth Business and Residential Transactions
	Intervals

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark	
Regional Level	• Parity	

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# **Legacy System Access Times for M&R**

System	BellSouth & CLEC	Count				
		<= 4	> 4 <= 10	<= 10	> 10	> 30
CRIS	X	X	X	X	X	X
DLETH	X	X	X	X	X	X
DLR	X	X	X	X	X	X
LMOS	Х	X	X	X	X	X
LMOSupd	X	X	X	X	X	X
LNP	X	X	X	X	X	X
MARCH	Х	X	X	X	X	X
OSPCM	X	X	X	X	X	X
Predictor	Х	X	X	X	X	X
SOCS	X	X	X	X	X	X
NIW	X	X	X	X	X	X

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark	
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	

# PO-1: Loop Makeup - Response Time - Manual

#### **Definition**

This report measures the average interval and percent within the interval from the submission of a Manual Loop Makeup Service Inquiry (LMUSI) to the distribution of Loop Makeup information back to the CLEC.

### **Exclusions**

- Inquiries, which are submitted electronically.
- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation.
- Weekend hours from 5:00PM Friday until 8:00AM Monday are excluded from the interval calculation.
- · Canceled Inquiries.

#### **Business Rules**

The CLEC Manual Loop Makeup Service Inquiry (LMUSI) process includes inquiries submitted via mail or FAX to BellSouth's Complex Resale Support Group (CRSG).

This measurement combines three intervals:

- 1. From receipt of the Service Inquiry for Loop Makeup to hand off to the Service Advocacy Center (SAC) for "Look-up."
- 2. From SAC start date to SAC complete date.
- 3. From SAC complete date to date the Complex Resale Support Group (CRSG) distributes loop makeup information back to the CLEC.

The "Receive Date" is defined as the date the Manual LMUSI is received by the CRSG. It is counted as day Zero. LMU "Return Date" is defined as the date the LMU information is sent back to the CLEC from BellSouth. The interval calculation is reset to Zero when a CLEC initiated change occurs on the Manual LMU request.

**Note**: The Loop Make Up Service Inquiry Form does not require the CLEC to furnish the type of Loop. The CLEC determines whether the loop makeup will support the type of service they wish to order or not and qualifies the loop. If the loop makeup will support the service, a firm order LSR is submitted by the CLEC.

#### Calculation

**Response Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time LMUSI returned to CLEC
- b = Date and Time the LMUSI is received

Average Interval = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all Response Intervals
- d = Total Number of LMUSIs received within the reporting period

**Percent within interval** =  $(e / f) \times 100$ 

- e = Total LMUSIs received within the interval
- f = Total Number of LMUSIs processed within the reporting period

# **Report Structure**

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- Geographic Scope
  - State
  - Region
- Interval for manual LMUs:
  - $0 \le 1 \text{ day}$
  - >1 <= 2 days
  - >2 <= 3 days
  - 0 <= 3 days
- >3 <= 6 days
- >6 <= 10 days
- > 10 days
- Average Interval in days

# **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Not Applicable
• Total Number of Inquiries	
• SI Intervals	
State and Region	

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark	
• Loops	Benchmark	
	• 95% <= 3 Business Days	

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
Yes	Tier I	X	
	Tier II	X	

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Loops	Benchmark
	• 95% <= 3 Business Days

# PO-2: Loop Make Up - Response Time - Electronic

#### **Definition**

This report measures the average interval and the percent within the interval from the electronic submission of a Loop Makeup Service Inquiry (LMUSI) to the distribution of Loop Makeup information back to the CLEC.

### **Exclusions**

- · Manually submitted inquiries.
- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation.
- Canceled Requests.
- · Scheduled OSS Maintenance.

# **Business Rules**

The response interval starts when the CLEC's Mechanized Loop Makeup Service Inquiry (LMUSI) is submitted electronically through the Operational Support Systems interface, LENS, TAG or RoboTAG. It ends when BellSouth's Loop Facility Assignment and Control System (LFACS) responds electronically to the CLEC with the requested Loop Makeup data via LENS, TAG or RoboTAG Interfaces.

**Note**: The Loop Make Up Service Inquiry Form does not require the CLEC to furnish the type of Loop. The CLEC determines whether the loop makeup will support the type of service they wish to order or not and qualifies the loop. If the loop makeup will support the service, a firm order LSR is submitted by the CLEC. EDI is not a pre-ordering system, and, therefore, is not applicable in this measure.

#### Calculation

#### **Response Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time LMUSI returned to CLEC
- b = Date and Time the LMUSI is received

## Average Interval = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all response intervals
- d = Total Number of LMUSIs received within the reporting period

## **Percent within interval** = (e / f) X 100

- e = Total LMUSIs received within the interval
- $\bullet$  f = Total Number of LMUSIs processed within the reporting period

# **Report Structure**

- CLEC Aggregate
- · CLEC Specific
- · Geographic Scope
  - State
  - Region
- Interval for electronic LMUs:
  - $0 \le 1$  minute
  - >1 -<= 5 minutes
  - $0 \le 5$  minutes
  - $> 5 \le 8$  minutes
  - > 8 <= 15 minutes
  - > 15 minutes
- · Average Interval in minutes

# **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Not Applicable

Legacy Contract
Response Interval
Regional Scope

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Loops	Benchmark
	• 90% <= 5 Minutes (05/01/01)
	• 95% <= 1 Minute (08/01/01)

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Loop	• 90% <= 5 Minutes (05/01/01)
	• 95% <= 1 Minute (08/01/01)

# **Section 2: Ordering**

# **O-1: Acknowledgement Message Timeliness**

#### **Definition**

This measurement provides the response interval from the time an LSR or transmission (may contain multiple LSRs from one or more CLECs in multiple states) is electronically submitted via EDI or TAG respectively until an acknowledgement notice is sent by the system.

# **Exclusions**

· Scheduled OSS Maintenance

# **Business Rules**

The process includes EDI & TAG system functional acknowledgements for all messages/Local Service Requests (LSRs) which are electronically submitted by the CLEC. Users of EDI may package many LSRs into one transmission which will receive the acknowledgement message. EDI users may place multiple LSRs in one "envelope" requesting service in one or more states which will mask the identity of the state and CLEC. The start time is the receipt time of the message at BellSouth's side of the interface (gateway). The end time is when the acknowledgement is transmitted by BellSouth at BellSouth's side of the interface (gateway). If more than one CLEC uses the same ordering center (aggregator), an Acknowledgement Message will be returned to the "Aggregator". However, BellSouth will not be able to determine which specific CLEC or state this message represented.

#### Calculation

**Response Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time Acknowledgement Notices returned to CLEC
- b = Date and Time messages/LSRs electronically submitted by the CLEC via EDI or TAG respectively

# Average Response Interval = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all Response Intervals
- d = Total number of electronically submitted messages/LSRs received, from CLECs via EDI or TAG respectively, in the Reporting Period.

# **Reporting Structure**

- · CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific/Aggregator
- Geographic Scope
  - Region
- · Electronically Submitted LSRs

 $0 - \le 10$  minutes

>10 -<= 20 minutes

>20 - <= 30 minutes

 $0 - \le 30$  minutes

>30 - <= 45 minutes

>45 - <= 60 minutes

>60 - <= 120 minutes

>120 minutes

· Average interval for electronically submitted messages/LSRs in minutes

## **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
• Report Month	<ul> <li>Not Applicable</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Record of Functional Acknowledgements</li> </ul>	

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# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• EDI	• EDI
	- 90% <= 30 minutes (05/01/01)
	- 95% <= 30 minutes (08/01/01)
• TAG	• TAG – 95% <= 30 minutes

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• EDI	• EDI
	- 90% <= 30 minutes (05/01/01)
	- 95% <= 30 minutes (08/01/01)
• TAG	• TAG – 95% <= 30 minutes

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# **O-2: Acknowledgement Message Completeness**

### **Definition**

This measurement provides the percent of transmissions/LSRs received via EDI or TAG respectively, which are acknowledged electronically.

### **Exclusions**

- · Manually submitted LSRs
- · Scheduled OSS Maintenance

#### **Business Rules**

EDI and TAG send Functional Acknowledgements for all transmissions/LSRs, which are electronically submitted by a CLEC. Users of EDI may package many LSRs from multiple states in one transmission. If more than one CLEC uses the same ordering center, an Acknowledgement Message will be returned to the "Aggregator", however, BellSouth will not be able to determine which specific CLEC this message represented. The Acknowledgement Message is returned prior to the determination of whether the transmission/LSR will be partially mechanized or fully mechanized.

#### Calculation

Acknowledgement Completeness =  $(a / b) \times 100$ 

- a = Total number of Functional Acknowledgements returned in the reporting period for transmissions/LSRs electronically submitted by EDI or TAG respectively
- b = Total number of electronically submitted transmissions/LSRs received in the reporting period by EDI or TAG respectively

# **Report Structure**

- CLEC Aggregate
- · CLEC Specific/Aggregator
- · Geographic Scope
  - Region

**Note**: The Order calls for Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, and Totally Mechanized, however, the Acknowledgement message is generated before the system recognizes whether this electronic transmission will be partially or fully mechanized.

# **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Not Applicable
Record of Functional Acknowledgements	

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• EDI	Benchmark: 100%
• TAG	

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• EDI	• Benchmark: 100%
• TAG	

# O-3: Percent Flow-Through Service Requests (Summary)

### Definition

The percentage of Local Service Requests (LSR) and LNP Local Service Requests (LNP LSRs) submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued, without manual intervention.

### **Exclusions**

- Fatal Rejects
- · Auto Clarification
- · Manual Fallout
- · CLEC System Fallout
- · Scheduled OSS Maintenance

#### **Business Rules**

The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI and LENS), that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued, without manual intervention. These LSRs can be divided into two classes of service: Business and Residence, and two types of service: Resale, and Unbundled Network Elements (UNE). The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs which are submitted manually (for example, fax and courier) or are not designed to flow through (for example, Manual Fallout.)

#### **Definitions:**

Fatal Rejects: Errors that prevent an LSR, submitted electronically by the CLEC, from being processed further. When an LSR is submitted by a CLEC, LEO/LNP Gateway will perform edit checks to ensure the data received is correctly formatted and complete. For example, if the PON field contains an invalid character, LEO/LNP Gateway will reject the LSR and the CLEC will receive a Fatal Reject.

Auto-Clarification: Clarifications that occur due to invalid data within the LSR. LESOG/LAUTO will perform data validity checks to ensure the data within the LSR is correct and valid. For example, if the address on the LSR is not valid according to RSAG, or if the LNP is not available for the NPA NXXX requested, the CLEC will receive an Auto-Clarification.

Manual Fallout: Planned Fallout that occur by design. Certain LSRs are designed to fallout of the Mechanized Order Process due to their complexity. These LSRs are manually processed by the LCSC. When a CLEC submits an LSR, LESOG/LAUTO will determine if the LSR should be forwarded to LCSC for manual handling. Following are the categories for Manual Fallout:

- 1. Complex\*
- 2. Special pricing plans
- 3. Some Partial migrations
- New telephone number not yet posted to BOCRIS
- Pending order review required
- CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in
- Expedites (requested by the CLEC)
- Denials-restore and conversion, or disconnect and conver sion orders
- Class of service invalid in certain states with some types of
- 10. Low volume such as activity type "T" (move)
- 11. More than 25 business lines, or more than 15 loops
- 12. Transfer of calls option for the CLEC end users
- 13. Directory Listings (Indentions and Captions)

\*See LSR Flow-Through Matrix following O-6 for a list of services, including complex services, and whether LSRs issued for the services are eligible to flow through.

Total System Fallout: Errors that require manual review by the LSCS to determine if the error is caused by the CLEC, or is due to BellSouth system functionality. If it is determined the error is caused by the CLEC, the LSR will be sent back to the CLEC for clarification. If it is determined the error is BellSouth caused, the LCSC representative will correct the error, and the LSR will continue to be processed.

**Z Status:** LSRs that receive a supplemental LSR submission prior to final disposition of the original LSR.

#### Calculation

**Percent Flow Through** = a / [b - (c + d + e + f)] X 100

- a = The total number of LSRs that flow through LESOG/LAUTO and reach a status for a FOC to be issued
- b = the number of LSRs passed from LEO/LNP Gateway to LESOG/LAUTO
- c =the number of LSRs that fall out for manual processing
- d = the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification
- e = the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs
- f = the number of LSRs that receive a Z status

## **Percent Achieved Flow Through** = $a / [b-(c+d+e)] \times 100$

- a = the number of LSRs that flow through LESOG/LAUTO and reach a status for a FOC to be issued
- b = the number of LSRs passed from LEO/LNP Gateway to LESOG/LAUTO
- c = the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification
- d = the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs
- e = the number of LSRs that receive Z status

# Report Structure

- · CLEC Aggregate
  - Region

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Report Month
• Total Number of LSRs Received, by Interface, by CLEC	Total Number of Errors By Type
- TAG	- Bellsouth System Error
- EDI	
- LENS	
• Total Number of Errors by Type, by CLEC	
- Fatal Rejects	
- Auto Clarification	
- CLEC Caused System Fallout	
Total Number of Errors by Error Code	
Total Fallout for Manual Processing	

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark <sup>2</sup>
Residence	• Benchmark: 95%
Business	Benchmark: 90%
• UNE	• Benchmark: 85%
• LNP	Benchmark: 85%

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark <sup>3</sup>
Residence	• Benchmark: 95%
• Business	• Benchmark: 90%
• UNE	• Benchmark: 85%
• LNP	Benchmark: 85%

Benchmarks do not apply to the "Percent Achieved Flow Through."

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Benchmarks do not apply to the "Percent Achieved Flow Through."

# O-4: Percent Flow-Through Service Requests (Detail)

### **Definition**

A detailed list, by CLEC, of the percentage of Local Service Requests (LSR) and LNP Local Service Requests (LNP LSRs) submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued, without manual or human intervention.

# **Exclusions**

- · Fatal Rejects
- Auto Clarification
- · Manual Fallout
- · CLEC System Fallout
- · Scheduled OSS Maintenance

# **Business Rules**

The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued, without manual intervention. These LSRs can be divided into two classes of service: Business and Residence, and three types of service: Resale, and Unbundled Network Elements (UNE). The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs, which are submitted manually (for example, fax and courier) or are not designed to flow through (for example, Manual Fallout.)

#### Definitions:

**Fatal Rejects:** Errors that prevent an LSR, submitted electronically by the CLEC, from being processed further. When an LSR is submitted by a CLEC, LEO/LNP Gateway will perform edit checks to ensure the data received is correctly formatted and complete. For example, if the PON field contains an invalid character, LEO/LNP Gateway will reject the LSR and the CLEC will receive a Fatal Reject.

**Auto-Clarification:** Clarifications that occur due to invalid data within the LSR. LESOG/LAUTO will perform data validity checks to ensure the data within the LSR is correct and valid. For example, if the address on the LSR is not valid according to RSAG, or if the LNP is not available for the NPA NXXX requested, the CLEC will receive an Auto-Clarification.

Manual Fallout: Planned Fallout that occur by design. Certain LSRs are designed to fallout of the Mechanized Order Process due to their complexity. These LSRs are manually processed by the LCSC. When a CLEC submits an LSR, LESOG/LAUTO will determine if the LSR should be forwarded to LCSC for manual handling. Following are the categories for Manual Fallout:

- 1. Complex\*
- 2. Special pricing plans
- 3. Some Partial migrations
- 4. New telephone number not yet posted to BOCRIS
- 5. Pending order review required
- 6. CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in
- Denials-restore and conversion, or disconnect and conversion orders
- Class of service invalid in certain states with some types of service
- 10. Low volume such as activity type "T" (move)
- 11. More than 25 business lines, or more than 15 loops
- 12. Transfer of calls option for the CLEC end users
- 13. Directory Listings (Indentions and Captions)

7. Expedites (requested by the CLEC)

\*See LSR Flow-Through Matrix following O-6 for a list of services, including complex services, and whether LSRs issued for the services are eligible to flow through.

**Total System Fallout:** Errors that require manual review by the LSCS to determine if the error is caused by the CLEC, or is due to BellSouth system functionality. If it is determined the error is caused by the CLEC, the LSR will be sent back to the CLEC for clarification. If it is determined the error is BellSouth caused, the LCSC representative will correct the error, and the LSR will continue to be processed.

Z Status: LSRs that receive a supplemental LSR submission prior to final disposition of the original LSR.

## Calculation

**Percent Flow Through** = a / [b - (c + d + e + f)] X 100

- a = The total number of LSRs that flow through LESOG/LAUTO and reach a status for a FOC to be issued
- b = the number of LSRs passed from LEO/LNP Gateway to LESOG/LAUTO
- c =the number of LSRs that fall out for manual processing
- d = the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification
- e = the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs
- f = the number of LSRs that receive a Z status

#### **Percent Achieved Flow Through** = $a / [b-(c+d+e)] \times 100$

- a = the number of LSRs that flow through LESOG/LAUTO and reach a status for a FOC to be issued
- b = the number of LSRs passed from LEO/LNP Gateway to LESOG/LAUTO
- c =the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification
- d = the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs
- e = the number of LSRs that receive Z status

## **Report Structure**

Provides the flow through percentage for each CLEC (by alias designation) submitting LSRs through the CLEC mechanized ordering process. The report provides the following:

- CLEC (by alias designation)
- · Number of fatal rejects
- · Mechanized interface used
- · Total mechanized LSRs
- · Total manual fallout
- · Number of auto clarifications returned to CLEC
- · Number of validated LSRs
- · Number of BellSouth caused fallout
- · Number of CLEC caused fallout
- · Number of Service Orders Issued
- · Base calculation
- · CLEC error excluded calculation

## **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance	
Report Month	Report Month	
• Total Number of LSRs Received, by Interface, by CLEC	Total Number of Errors by Type	
- TAG	- Bellsouth System Error	
- EDI		
- LENS		
<ul> <li>Total Number of Errors by Type, by CLEC</li> </ul>		
- Fatal Rejects		
- Auto Clarification		
- CLEC Errors		
Total Number of Errors by Error Code		
Total Fallout for Manual Processing		

## **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark <sup>4</sup>
Residence	• Benchmark: 95%
• Business	• Benchmark: 90%
• UNE	• Benchmark: 85%
• LNP	• Benchmark: 85%

-

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Benchmarks do not apply to the "Percent Achieved Flow Through."

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark <sup>5</sup>
Residence	• Benchmark: 95%
• Business	• Benchmark: 90%
• UNE	• Benchmark: 85%
• LNP	Benchmark: 85%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Benchmarks do not apply to the "Percent Achieved Flow Through."

# **O-5: Flow-Through Error Analysis**

#### **Definition**

An analysis of each error type (by error code) that was experienced by the LSRs that did not flow through or reached a status for a FOC to be issued.

#### **Exclusions**

Each Error Analysis is error code specific, therefore exclusions are not applicable.

#### **Business Rules**

The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued. The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs which are submitted manually (for example, fax and courier).

#### Calculation

Total for each error type.

## **Report Structure**

Provides an analysis of each error type (by error code). The report is in descending order by count of each error code and provides the following:

- Error Type (by error code)
- · Count of each error type
- Percent of each error type
- · Cumulative percent
- Error Description
- · CLEC Caused Count of each error code
- · Percent of aggregate by CLEC caused count
- · Percent of CLEC caused count
- BellSouth Caused Count of each error code
- · Percent of aggregate by BellSouth caused count
- Percent of BellSouth by BellSouth caused count

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	• Report Month
Total Number of LSRs Received	<ul> <li>Total Number of Errors by Type (by error code)</li> </ul>
• Total Number of Errors by Type (by error code)	- BellSouth System Error
- CLEC Caused Error	

## **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

## **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# O-6: CLEC LSR Information

#### **Definition**

A list with the flow through activity of LSRs by CC, PON and Ver, issued by each CLEC during the report period.

#### **Exclusions**

- Fatal Rejects
- · LSRs submitted manually

#### **Business Rules**

The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued. The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs which are submitted manually (for example, fax and courier).

#### Calculation

Not Applicable

## **Report Structure**

Provides a list with the flow through activity of LSRs by CC, PON and Ver, issued by each CLEC during the report period with an explanation of the of the columns and content. This report is available on a CLEC specific basis. The report provides the following for each LSR.

- CC
- PON
- Ver
- Timestamp
- Type
- Err #
- Note or Error Description

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Not Applicable
Record of LSRs Received by CC, PON and Ver	
• Record of Timestamp, Type, Err # and Note or Error	
Description for each LSR by CC, PON and Ver	

## **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

## **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# LSR Flow Through Matrix

Product	Product	Reqtype	ACT Type	F/T <sup>3</sup>	Comple	Com	Planned	EDI	TAG	
	Type				X	plex	Fallout For		2	$S^4$
					Service	Order				
							Handling <sup>1</sup>			
2 wire analog DID trunk port	U,C	A	N,T	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N
2 wire analog port	U	A	N,T	No	UNE	No	Yes	Y	Y	N
2 wire ISDN digital line	U,C	A	N,T	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N
2 wire ISDN digital loop	U,C	A	N,T	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Y	Y	N
3 Way Calling	R,B	E,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
4 wire analog voice grade loop	U,C	A	N,T	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Y	Y	N
4 wire DSO & PRI digital loop	U,C	A	N,T	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N
4 wire DS1 & PRI digital loop	U,C	A	N,T	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N
4 wire ISDN DSI digital trunk ports	U,C	A	N,T	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Accupulse	С	Е	N,C,T,V,W	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
ADSL	R,B,C	Е	V,W	No	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	N
Area Plus	R,B	E,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Basic Rate ISDN	U,C	A	N,T	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N
Basic Rate ISDN 2 Wire	C	Е	C, D,T,V,W	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N
Basic Rate ISDN 2 Wire	C	Е	N,T	No	Yes	Yes	N/A	N	N	N
Basic Rate ISDN 2 Wire UNE P	С	M	N,C,D,V	No	YES	Yes	N/A	N	N	N
Analog Data/Private Line	С	Е	N, C, T, V, W, D, P,	No	Yes	Yes	N/A	N	N	N
			Q							
Call Block	R,B	E,B,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Call Forwarding	R,B	E,B,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Call Return	R,B	E,B,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Call Selector	R,B	E,B,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Call Tracing	R,B	E,B,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Call Waiting	R,B	E,B,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Call Waiting Deluxe	R,B	E,B,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Caller ID	R,B	E,B,M	N,C,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
CENTREX	С	P	V,P	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
DID ACT W	С	N	W	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	Y
Digital Data Transport	U	Е	N,C,T,V,W	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Directory Listing Indentions	B,U	B,C,E,F,	N,C,T,R,V,W,P,Q	No	No	No	Yes	Y	Y	Y
, ,		J,M,N								
Directory Listings Captions	R,B,U	B,C,E,F,	N,C,T,R,V,W,P,Q	No	No	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	Y
		J,M,N								
Directory Listings (simple)	R,B,U	B,C,E,F,	N,C,T,R,V,W,P,Q	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
		J,M,N								
DS3	U	A,M	N,C,V	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N
DS1Loop	U	A,M	N,C,V	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Y	Y	N
DSO Loop	U	A, B	N,C,D,T,V	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Y	Y	N
Enhanced Caller ID	R,B	E,M	C,D,N,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
ESSX	C	P	C,D,T,V,S,B,W,L	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
			,P,Q							
Flat Rate/Business	В	E, M	C,D,N,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Flat Rate/Residence	R	E, M	C,D,N,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
FLEXSERV	C	Е	N,C,D,T,V,W,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Frame Relay	C	Е	N,C,D,V,W	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
FX	C	Е	N,C,D,T,V,W,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Ga. Community Calling	R,B	E, M	C,D,N,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
HDSL	U	A	N,C,D	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	N
Hunting MLH	R,B	E, M	C,D,N,T,V,W	No	C/S4	C/S	Yes	Y	Y	N
Hunting Series Completion	R,B	E, M	C,D,N,T,V,W	Yes	C/S	C/S	No	Y	Y	Y
INP to LNP Conversion	U	С	С	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N

Product	Product Type	Reqtype	ACT Type	F/T <sup>3</sup>	Comple x	plex	Fallout For		TAG	LEN S <sup>4</sup>
					Service	Order	Manual Handling <sup>1</sup>			
LightGate	С	Е	N,C,D,T,V,W,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Line Sharing	U	A	C,D	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Local Number Portability	U	С	C,D,P,V,Q	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Y	Y	N
LNP With Complex Listing	С	С	P,V,Q,W	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N
LNP with Partial Migration	U	C	D,P,V,Q	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N
LNP with Complex Services	C	C	P,V,Q,W	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N
Loop+INP	U	В	D,P,V,Q	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	N
Loop+LNP	U	В	C,D,N,V	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	N
Measured Rate/Bus	R,B	E,M	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Measured Rate/Res	R,B	E,M	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Megalink	С	Е	N,V,W,T,D,C,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Megalink-T1	С	E,M	N,V,W,T,D,C,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Memory Call	R,B	E, M	C,D,N,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Memory Call Ans. Svc.	R,B	E, M	C,D,N,T,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Multiserv	С	P	N,C,D,T,V,S,B, W,L,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Native Mode LAN Interconnection (NMLI)	С	Е	N,C,D,V,W	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Off-Prem Stations	С	Е	N,C,D,V,W,T,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Optional Calling Plan	R,B	E, M	N	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Package/Complete Choice and Area Plus	R,B	E, M	N,T,C,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Pathlink Primary Rate ISDN	С	Е	N,C,D,T,V,W,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Pay Phone Provider	В	Е	C,D,T,N,V,W	No	No	No	NA	N	N	N
PBX Standalone Port	С	F	N,C,D	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N
PBX Trunks	R,B	Е	N,C,D,V,W,T,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N
Port/Loop PBX	Ü	M	A,C,D,V	No	No	No	Yes	Y	Y	N
Port/Loop Simple	U	M	A,C,D,V	Yes	No	No	Yes	Y	Y	Y
Preferred Call Forward	R,B,U	Е	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
RCF Basic	R,B	Е	N,D,W,T,F	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Remote Access to CF	R,B	E,M	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Repeat Dialing	R,B	E,M	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Ringmaster	R,B	E,M	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Smartpath	R,B	E	C,D,T,N,V,W	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
SmartRING	C	Е	N,D,C,V,W	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Speed Calling	R,B	Е	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Synchronet	C	Е	N	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N
Tie Lines	С	Е	N,C,D,V,W,T,P,Q	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Touchtone	R,B	Е	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Unbundled Loop-Analog 2W, SL1, SL2	U	A,B	C,D,T,N,V,W	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	Y
WATS	R,B	Е	W,D	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N
XDSL	C,U	A,B	N,T,C,V,D	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	N
XDSL Extended LOOP	C,U	A,B	N,T,C,V,D	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N
Collect Call Block	R,B	E	N,T,C,V,W,D	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
900 Call Block	R,B	E	N,T,C,V,W,D	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
3rd Party Call Block	R,B	E	N,T,C,V,W,D	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
Three Way Call Block	R,B	E	N,T,C,V,W,D	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
PIC/LPIC Change	R,B	E	T,C,V,	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y
PIC/LPIC Freeze	R,B	E	N,T,C,V	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y

Note<sup>1</sup>: Planned Fallout for Manual Handling denotes those services that are electronically submitted and are not intended to flow through due to the complexity of the service.

Note<sup>2</sup>: The TAG column includes those LSRs submitted via Robo TAG.

Note<sup>3</sup>: For all services that indicate 'No' for flow-through, the following reasons, in addition to errors or complex services, also prompt manual handling: Expedites from CLECs, special pricing plans, denials restore and conversion or disconnect and conversion both required, partial migrations (although conversions-as-is flow through for issue 9), class of service invalid in certain states with some TOS e.g. government, or cannot be changed when changing main TN on C activity, low volume e.g. activity type T=move, pending order review required, more than 25 business lines, CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in CRIS, Directory listings – Indentions, Directory listings – Captions, transfer of calls option for CLEC end user – new TN not yet posted to BOCRIS. Many are unique to the CLEC environment.

Note<sup>4</sup>: Services with C/S in the Complex Service and/or the Complex Order columns can be either complex or simple.

Note<sup>5</sup>: EELs are manually ordered.

**Note**<sup>6</sup>: LSRs submitted for Resale Products and Services for which there is a temporary promotion or discount plan will be processed identically to those LSRs ordering the same Products or Services without a promotion or discount plan.

# **O-7: Percent Rejected Service Requests**

#### **Definition**

Percent Rejected Service Request is the percent of total Local Service Requests (LSRs) received which are rejected due to error or omission. An LSR is considered valid when it is submitted by the CLEC and passes edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete.

#### **Exclusions**

- Service Requests canceled by the CLEC prior to being rejected/clarified.
- · Scheduled OSS Maintenance

#### **Business Rules**

**Fully Mechanized:** An LSR is considered "rejected" when it is submitted electronically but does not pass LEO edit checks in the ordering systems (EDI, LENS, TAG, LEO, LESOG) and is returned to the CLEC without manual intervention. There are two types of "Rejects" in the Mechanized category:

A **Fatal Reject** occurs when a CLEC attempts to electronically submit an LSR but required fields are either not populated or incorrectly populated and the request is returned to the CLEC before it is considered a valid LSR.

Fatal rejects are reported in a separate column, and for informational purposes ONLY. Fatal rejects are excluded from the calculation of the percent of total LSRs rejected or the total number of rejected LSRs.

An **Auto Clarification** occurs when a valid LSR is electronically submitted but rejected from LESOG because it does not pass further edit checks for order accuracy.

Partially Mechanized: A valid LSR, which is electronically submitted (via EDI, LENS, TAG) but cannot be processed electronically and "falls out" for manual handling. It is then put into "clarification" and sent back (rejected) to the CLEC.

Total Mechanized: Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs electronically submitted by the CLEC.

**Non-Mechanized:** LSRs which are faxed or mailed to the LCSC for processing and "clarified" (rejected) back to the CLEC by the BellSouth service representative.

**Interconnection Trunks:** Interconnection Trunks are ordered on Access Service Requests (ASRs). ASRs are submitted to and processed by the Interconnection Purchasing Center (IPC). Trunk data is reported separately.

#### Calculation

**Percent Rejected Service Requests** = (a / b) X 100

- a = Total Number of Rejected Service Requests in the Reporting Period
- b = Total Number of Service Requests Received in the Reporting Period

#### **Report Structure**

- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized
- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
  - State
  - Region
- Product Specific Percent Rejected
- Total Percent Rejected

## **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Not Applicable
<ul> <li>Total Number of LSRs</li> </ul>	
Total Number of Rejects	
State and Region	
• Total Number of ASRs (Trunks)	

# **SQM** Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Mechanized, Partially Mechanized and Non-Mechanized	Diagnostic
Resale - Residence	
Resale - Business	
• Resale – Design (Special)	
• Resale PBX	
Resale Centrex	
Resale ISDN	
• LNP (Standalone)	
• INP (Standalone)	
2W Analog Loop Design	
2W Analog Loop Non-Design	
• 2W Analog Loop With INP Design	
• 2W Analog Loop With INP Non-Design	
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Design	
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design	
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	
Switch Ports	
UNE Combination Other	
• UNE xDSL (ADSL, HDSL, UCL)	
Line Sharing	
UNE ISDN Loop	
• UNE Other Design	
UNE Other Non-Design	
Local Interoffice Transport	
Local Interconnection Trunks	

## **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# O-8: Reject Interval

#### **Definition**

Reject Interval is the average reject time from receipt of an LSR to the distribution of a Reject. An LSR is considered valid when it is submitted by the CLEC and passes edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete.

#### **Exclusions**

- Service Requests canceled by CLEC prior to being rejected/clarified
- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation
- · LSRs which are identified and classified as "Projects"
- The following hours for Partially mechanized and Non-mechanized LSRs are excluded from the interval calculation:

Residence Resale Group – Monday through Saturday 7:00PM until 7:00AM From 7:00 PM Saturday until 7:00 AM Monday

Business Resale, Complex, UNE Groups – Monday through Friday 6:00PM until 8:00AM From 6:00 PM Friday until 8:00 AM Monday.

The hours excluded will be altered to reflect changes in the Center operating hours. The LCSC will accept faxed LSRs only during posted hours of operation.

The interval will be the amount of time accrued from receipt of the LSR until normal closing of the center if an LSR is worked using overtime hours.

In the case of a Partially Mechanized LSR received and worked after normal business hours, the interval will be set at one (1) minute.

· Scheduled OSS Maintenance

#### **Business Rules**

**Fully Mechanized:** The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS or TAG) until the LSR is rejected (date and time stamp or reject in EDI, TAG or LENS). Auto Clarifications are considered in the Fully Mechanized category.

Partially Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS or TAG) until it falls out for manual handling. The stop time on partially mechanized LSRs is when the LCSC Service Representative clarifies the LSR back to the CLEC via LENS, EDI, or TAG.

**Total Mechanized:** Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs which are electronically submitted by the CLEC.

**Non-Mechanized:** The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR (date and time stamp of FAX or date and time mailed LSR is received in the LCSC) until notice of the reject (clarification) is returned to the CLEC via LON.

**Interconnection Trunks:** Interconnection Trunks are ordered on Access Service Requests (ASRs). ASRs are submitted to and processed by the Local Interconnection Service Center (LISC). Trunk data is reported separately. All interconnection trunks are counted in the non-mechanized category.

#### Calculation

**Reject Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time of Service Request Rejection
- b = Date and Time of Service Request Receipt

Average Reject Interval = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all Reject Intervals
- d = Number of Service Requests Rejected in Reporting Period

#### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized
- · Geographic Scope

- State
- Region
- · Mechanized:
  - $0 \le 4$  minutes
  - >4 <= 8 minutes
  - >8 <= 12 minutes
  - >12 <= 60 minutes
  - $0 \le 1 \text{ hour}$
  - >1 <= 4 hours
  - >4 <= 8 hours
  - >8 <= 12 hours
- >12 <= 16 hours
- >16 <= 20 hours
- >20 <= 24 hours
- >24 hours
- Partially Mechanized:
  - $0 \le 1 \text{ hour}$
  - >1 <= 4 hours
  - >4 <= 8 hours
  - >8 <= 10 hours
- $0 \le 10 \text{ hours}$
- >10 <= 18 hours
- $0 \le 18 \text{ hours}$
- >18 <= 24 hours
- >24 hours
- Non-mechanized:
- $0 \le 1$  hour
- >1 <= 4 hours
- >4 <= 8 hours
- >8 <= 12 hours
- >12 <= 16 hours >16 - <= 20 hours
- >20 <= 24 hours
- $0 \le 24 \text{ hours}$ > 24 hours
- Trunks:
  - <= 4 days
- >4 <= 8 days
- >8 <= 12 days
- >12 <= 14 days >14 - <= 20 days
- >20 days

## **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Not Applicable
Reject Interval	
<ul> <li>Total Number of LSRs</li> </ul>	
Total Number of Rejects	
State and Region	
• Total Number of ASRs (Trunks)	

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale - Residence	Mechanized:
Resale - Business	- 97% <= I Hour
• Resale - Design (Special)	• Partially Mechanized:
• Resale PBX	- 85% <= 24 hours
Resale Centrex	- 85% <= 18 Hours (05/01/01)

Resale ISDN	- 85% <= 10 Hours (08/01/01)
• LNP (Standalone)	• Non-Mechanized: - 85% <= 24 hours
• INP (Standalone)	
• 2W Analog Loop Design	
<ul> <li>2W Analog Loop Non-Design</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>2W Analog Loop With INP Design</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>2W Analog Loop With INP Non-Design</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>2W Analog Loop With LNP Design</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design</li> </ul>	
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	
• Switch Ports	
UNE Combination Other	
• UNE xDSL (ADSL, HDSL, UCL)	
• Line Sharing	
• UNE ISDN Loops	
• UNE Other Non-Design	
Local Interoffice Transport	
• UNE Other Design	
Local Interconnection Trunks	• Trunks: - 85% <= 4 Days

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure				
Yes	Tier I	X		
	Tier II	X		

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Fully Mechanized	• 97% <= 1 Hour
Partially Mechanized	• 85% <= 24 Hours
	• 85% <= 18 Hours (05/01/01)
	• 85% <= 10 Hours (08/01/01)
Non-Mechanized	• 85% <= 24 Hours

# **O-9: Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness**

#### Definition

Interval for Return of a Firm Order Confirmation (FOC Interval) is the average response time from receipt of valid LSR to distribution of a Firm Order Confirmation.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Rejected LSRs
- · Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation
- · LSRs which are identified and classified as "Projects"
- The following hours for Partially Mechanized and Non-mechanized LSRs are excluded from the interval calculation:

Residence Resale Group – Monday through Saturday 7:00PM until 7:00AM From 7:00 PM Saturday until 7:00 AM Monday.

Business Resale, Complex, UNE Groups – Monday through Friday 6:00PM until 8:00AM From 6:00 PM Friday until 8:00 AM Monday.

The hours excluded will be altered to reflect changes in the Center operating hours. The LCSC will accept faxed LSRs only during posted hours of operation.

The interval will be the amount of time accrued from receipt of the LSR until normal closing of the center if an LSR is worked using overtime hours.

In the case of a Partially Mechanized LSR received and worked after normal business hours, the interval will be set at one (1) minute.

· Scheduled OSS Maintenance

#### **Business Rules**

- Fully Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS or TAG) until the LSR is processed, appropriate service orders are generated and a Firm Order Confirmation is returned to the CLEC via EDI. LENS or TAG.
- Partially Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS, or TAG) which falls out for manual handling until appropriate service orders are issued by a BellSouth service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS) to SOCS and a Firm Order Confirmation is returned to the CLEC via EDI, LENS, or TAG.
- Total Mechanized: Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs which are electronically submitted by the CLEC.
- Non-Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid paper LSR (date and time stamp of FAX or date and time paper LSRs received in LCSC) until appropriate service orders are issued by a BellSouth service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS) to SOCS and a Firm Order Confirmation is sent to the CLEC via LON.
- Interconnection Trunks: Interconnection Trunks are ordered on Access Service Requests (ASRs). ASRs are submitted to and processed by the Local Interconnection Service Center (LISC). Trunk data is reported separately.

#### Calculation

#### Firm Order Confirmation Interval = (a - b)

- a = Date & Time of Firm Order Confirmation
- b = Date & Time of Service Request Receipt)

#### Average FOC Interval = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all FOC Intervals
- d = Total Number of Service Requests Confirmed in Reporting Period

#### **FOC Interval Distribution** (for each interval) = (e / f) X 100

- e = Service Requests Confirmed in interval
- f = Total Service Requests Confirmed in the Reporting Period

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## **Report Structure**

- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized
  - CLEC Specific
  - CLEC Aggregate
- · Geographic Scope
  - State
- Region
- Fully Mechanized:
- $0 \le 15$  minutes
- >15 <= 30 minutes
- >30 <= 45 minutes
- >45 <= 60 minutes
- >60 <= 90 minutes
- >90 <= 120 minutes
- >120 <= 180 minutes
- $0 \le 3$  hours
- >3 <= 6 hours
- >6 <= 12 hours
- >12 <= 24 hours
- >24 <= 48 hours
- >48 hours
- Partially Mechanized:
  - $0 \le 4$  hours
  - >4 <= 8 hours
  - > 8 < = 10 hours
  - $0 \le 10 \text{ hours}$
- >10 <= 18 hours
- $0 \le 18 \text{ hours}$
- >18 <= 24 hours
- 0 <= 24 hours
- >24 <= 48 hours
- >48 hours
- Non-Mechanized:
  - $0 \le 4$  hours
  - >4 <= 8 hours
- >8 <= 12 hours
- >12 <= 16 hours
- >16 <= 20 hours >20 - <= 24 hours
- >24 <= 36 hours
- $0 \le 36 \text{ hours}$
- >36 <= 48 hours
- >48 hours
- Trunks:
- $0 \le 5 \text{ days}$
- >5 <= 10 days
- 0 <= 10 days
- >10 <= 15 days
- >15 <= 20 days
- >20 days

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Not Applicable
<ul> <li>Interval for FOC</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Total Number of LSRs</li> </ul>	
State and Region	
<ul> <li>Total Number of ASRs (Trunks)</li> </ul>	

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale – Residence	• Mechanized: - 95% <= 3 Hours
• Resale – Business	Partially Mechanized:
• Resale – Design (Special)	- 85% <= 24 Hours
• Resale PBX	- 85% <= 18 Hours (05/01/01)
Resale Centrex	- 85% <= 10 Hours (08/01/01)
Resale ISDN	• Non-mechanized: - 85% <= 36 Hours
• LNP (Standalone)	
• INP( Standalone)	
• 2W Analog Loop Design	
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	
• 2W Analog Loop With INP Design	
• 2W Analog Loop With INP Non-Design	
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Design	
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design	
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	
• Switch Ports	
UNE Combination Other	
• UNE xDSL (ADSL, HDSL, UCL)	
• Line Sharing	
UNE ISDN Loops	
UNE Other Design	
UNE Other Non-Design	
Local Interoffice Transport	
Local Interconnection Trunks	• Trunks: - 95% <= 10 Days

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Fully Mechanized	• 95% <= 3 Hours
Partially Mechanized	• 85% <= 24 Hours
	• 85% <= 18 Hours (05/01/01)
	• 85% <= 10 Hours (08/01/01)
Non-Mechanized	• 85% <= 36 Hours
IC Trunks	• 95% <= 10 Days

# O-10: Service Inquiry with LSR Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) Response Time Manual<sup>6</sup>

#### **Definition**

This report measures the interval and the percent within the interval from the submission of a Service Inquiry (SI) with Firm Order LSR to the distribution of a Firm Order Confirmation (FOC).

#### **Exclusions**

- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation
- Weekend hours from 5:00PM Friday until 8:00AM Monday are excluded from the interval calculation of the Service Inquiry
- · Canceled Requests
- Electronically Submitted Requests
- Scheduled OSS Maintenance

#### **Business Rules**

This measurement combines four intervals:

- 1. From receipt of Service Inquiry with LSR to hand off to the Service Advocacy Center (SAC) for Loop 'Look-up'.
- 2. From SAC start date to SAC complete date.
- From SAC complete date to the Complex Resale Support Group (CRSG) complete date with hand off to LCSC.
- 4. From receipt of SI/LSR in the LCSC to Firm Order Confirmation.

#### Calculation

**FOC Timeliness Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) for SI with LSR returned to CLEC
- b = Date and Time SI with LSR received

Average Interval = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all FOC Timeliness Intervals
- d = Total number of SIs with LSRs received in the reporting period

**Percent Within Interval** = (e / f) X 100

- e = Total number of Service Inquiries with LSRs received by the CRSG to distribution of FOC by the Local Carrier Service Center (LCSC)
- f = Total number of Service Inquiries with LSRs received in the reporting period

# **Report Structure**

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- · Geographic Scope
  - State
  - Region
- Intervals

 $0 - \le 3 \text{ days}$ 

>3 - <= 5 days

 $0 - \le 5 \text{ days}$ 

>5 - <= 7 days

>7 - <= 10 days >10 - <= 15 days

>15 days

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See O-9 for FOC Timeliness

• Average Interval measured in days

# **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Not Applicable
Total Number of Requests	
SI Intervals	
State and Region	

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• xDSL (includes UNE unbundled ADSL, HDSL and UNE	• 95% Returned <= 5 Business days
Unbundled Copper Loops)	
Unbundled Interoffice Transport	

## **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# O-11: Firm Order Confirmation and Reject Response Completeness

#### **Definition**

A response is expected from BellSouth for every Local Service Request transaction (version). More than one response or differing responses per transaction is not expected. Firm Order Confirmation and Reject Response Completeness is the corresponding number of Local Service Requests received to the combination of Firm Order Confirmation and Reject Responses.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Service Requests canceled by the CLEC prior to FOC or Rejected/Clarified
- · Non-Mechanized LSRs
- · Scheduled OSS Maintenance

#### **Business Rules**

**Mechanized** – The number of FOCs or Auto Clarifications sent to the CLEC from LENS, EDI, TAG in response to electronically submitted LSRs (date and time stamp in LENS, EDI, TAG).

Partially Mechanized – The number of FOCs or Rejects sent to the CLEC from LENS, EDI, TAG in response to electronically submitted LSRs (date and time stamp in LENS, EDI, TAG), which fall out for manual handling by the LCSC personnel.

Total Mechanized - The number of the combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs

Non-Mechanized – The number of FOCs or Rejects sent to the CLEC via FAX Server in response to manually submitted LSRs (date and time stamp in FAX Server).

**Note**: Manual (Non-Mechanized) LSRs have no version control by the very nature of the manual process, therefore, non-mechanized LSRs are not captured by this report.

#### For CLEC Results:

Firm Order Confirmation and Reject Response Completeness is determined in two dimensions:

Percent responses is determined by computing the number of Firm Order Confirmations and Rejects transmitted by BellSouth and dividing by the number of Local Service Requests (all versions) received in the reporting period.

Percent of multiple responses is determined by computing the number of Local Service Request unique versions receiving more than one Firm Order Confirmation, Reject or the combination of the two and dividing by the number of Local Service Requests (all versions) received in the reporting period.

#### Calculation

#### Single FOC/Reject Response Expected

Firm Order Confirmation / Reject Response Completeness = (a / b) X 100

- a = Total Number of Service Requests for which a Firm Order Confirmation or Reject is Sent
- b = Total Number of Service Requests Received in the Report Period

#### Multiple or Differing FOC / Reject Responses Not Expected

**Response Completeness** =  $[(a + b) / c] \times 100$ 

- a = Total Number of Firm Order Confirmations Per LSR Version
- b = Total Number of Reject Responses Per LSR Version
- c = Total Number of Service Requests (All Versions) Received in the Reporting Period

#### Report Structure

Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized

- · State and Region
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Specific

# **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Not Applicable
Reject Interval	
Total Number of LSRs	
Total Number of Rejects	

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	• 95% Returned
Resale Business	
Resale Design	
• Resale PBX	
Resale Centrex	
Resale ISDN	
• LNP (Standalone)	
• INP (Standalone)	
2W Analog Loop Design	
• 2W Analog Loop Non - Design	
• 2W Analog Loop With INP Design	
• 2W Analog Loop With INP Non - Design	
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Design	
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Non - Design	
UNE Loop and Port Combinations	
• Switch Ports	
UNE Combination Other	
• UNE xDSL (ADSL, HDSL, UCL)	
Line Sharing	
UNE ISDN Loops	
UNE Other Design	
UNE Other Non - Design	
Local Interoffice Transport	
Local Interconnection Trunks	

## **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Fully Mechanized	• 95% Returned

# O-12: Speed of Answer in Ordering Center

#### **Definition**

Measures the average time a customer is in queue.

#### **Exclusions**

None

#### **Business Rules**

The clock starts when the appropriate option is selected (i.e., 1 for Resale Consumer, 2 for Resale Multiline, and 3 for UNE-LNP, etc.) and the call enters the queue for that particular group in the LCSC. The clock stops when a BellSouth service representative in the LCSC answers the call. The speed of answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a CLEC call into the BellSouth automatic call distributor (ACD) until a service representative in BellSouth's Local Carrier Service Center (LCSC) answers the CLEC call.

#### Calculation

**Speed of Answer in Ordering Center** = (a / b)

- a = Total seconds in queue
- b = Total number of calls answered in the Reporting Period

## **Report Structure**

Aggregate

- CLEC Local Carrier Service Center
- · BellSouth
  - Business Service Center
- Residence Service Center

Note: Combination of Residence Service Center and Business Service Center data.

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Mechanized tracking through LCSC Automatic Call	Mechanized tracking through BellSouth Retail center
Distributor	support system.

## **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Aggregate	Parity with Retail
CLEC – Local Carrier Service Center	
BellSouth	
- Business Service Center	
- Residence Service Center	

## **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

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# **O-13: LNP-Percent Rejected Service Requests**

#### **Definition**

Percent Rejected Service Request is the percent of total Local Service Requests (LSRs) which are rejected due to error or omission. An LSR is considered valid when it is electronically submitted by the CLEC and passes LNP Gateway edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete, i.e., fatal rejects are never accepted and, therefore, are not included.

#### **Exclusions**

- Service Requests canceled by the CLEC
- · Scheduled OSS Maintenance

#### **Business Rules**

An LSR is considered "rejected" when it is submitted electronically but does not pass edit checks in the ordering systems (EDI, TAG, LNP Gateway, LAUTO) and is returned to the CLEC without manual intervention.

Fully Mechanized: There are two types of "Rejects" in the Fully Mechanized category:

A **Fatal Reject** occurs when a CLEC attempts to electronically submit an LSR (via EDI or TAG) but required fields are not populated correctly and the request is returned to the CLEC.

Fatal rejects are reported in a separate column, and for informational purposes ONLY. They are not considered in the calculation of the percent of total LSRs rejected or the total number of rejected LSRs.

An **Auto Clarification** is a valid LSR which is electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but is rejected from LAUTO because it does not pass further edit checks for order accuracy. Auto Clarifications are returned without manual intervention.

**Partially Mechanized:** A valid LSR which is electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but cannot be processed electronically due to a CLEC error and "falls out" for manual handling. It is then put into "clarification", and sent back (rejected) to the CLEC.

Total Mechanized: Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized rejects.

Non-Mechanized: A valid LSR which is faxed or mailed to the BellSouth LCSC.

#### Calculation

**LNP-Percent Rejected Service Requests** = (a / b) X 100

- a = Number of Service Requests Rejected in the Reporting Period
- b = Number of Service Requests Received in the Reporting Period

## **Report Structure**

- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• LNP	Diagnostic
• UNE Loop With LNP	

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure				
No	Tier I			
	Tier II			

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark	
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	

# O-14: LNP-Reject Interval Distribution & Average Reject Interval

#### **Definition**

Reject Interval is the average reject time from receipt of an LSR to the distribution of a Reject. An LSR is considered valid when it is electronically submitted by the CLEC and passes LNP Gateway edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Service Requests canceled by the CLEC
- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation
- · LSRs which are identified and classified as "Projects"
- The following hours for Partially mechanized and Non-mechanized LSRs are excluded from the interval calculation:

Residence Resale Group – Monday through Saturday 7:00PM until 7:00AM From 7:00 PM Saturday until 7:00 AM Monday

Business Resale, Complex, UNE Groups – Monday through Friday 6:00PM until 8:00AM From 6:00 PM Friday until 8:00 AM Monday.

The hours excluded will be altered to reflect changes in the Center operating hours. The LCSC will accept faxed LSRs only during posted hours of operation.

The interval will be the amount of time accrued from receipt of the LSR until normal closing of the center if an LSR is worked using overtime hours.

In the case of a Partially Mechanized LSR received and worked after normal business hours, the interval will be set at one (1) minute.

· Scheduled OSS Maintenance

#### **Business Rules**

The Reject interval is determined for each rejected LSR processed during the reporting period. The Reject interval is the elapsed time from when BellSouth receives LSR until that LSR is rejected back to the CLEC. Elapsed time for each LSR is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of rejected LSRs to produce the reject interval distribution.

An LSR is considered "rejected" when it is submitted electronically but does not pass edit checks in the ordering systems (EDI, TAG, LNP Gateway, LAUTO) and is returned to the CLEC without manual intervention.

Fully Mechanized: There are two types of "Rejects" in the Fully Mechanized category:

A **Fatal Reject** occurs when a CLEC attempts to electronically submit an LSR but required fields are not populated correctly and the request is returned to the CLEC.

An **Auto Clarification** is a valid LSR which is electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but is rejected from LAUTO because it does not pass further edit checks for order accuracy. Auto Clarifications are returned without manual intervention.

**Partially Mechanized:** A valid LSR which electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but cannot be processed electronically due to a CLEC error and "falls out" for manual handling. It is then put into "clarification", and sent back to the CLEC.

Total Mechanized: Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized rejects.

Non-Mechanized: A valid LSR which is faxed or mailed to the BellSouth LCSC.

#### Calculation

**Reject Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date & Time of Service Request Rejection
- b = Date & Time of Service Request Receipt

Average Reject Interval = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all Reject Intervals
- d = Total Number of Service Requests Rejected in Reporting Period

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## Reject Interval Distribution = (e / f) X 100

- e = Service Requests Rejected in reported interval
- f = Total Number of Service Requests Rejected in Reporting Period

## **Report Structure**

Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- State, Region
- Fully Mechanized:
- $0 \le 4$  minutes
- >4 <= 8 minutes
- >8 <= 12 minutes
- >12 <= 60 minutes
- $0 \le 1 \text{ hour}$
- >1 <= 4 hours
- >4 <= 8 hours
- >8 <= 12 hours
- >12 <= 16 hours
- >16 <= 20 hours
- >20 <= 24 hours
- > 24 hours
- Partially Mechanized:
  - $0 \le 1$  hour
  - >1 <= 4 hours
  - >4 <= 8 hours
  - > 8 <= 10 hours
  - $0 \le 10 \text{ hours}$
  - >10 <= 18 hours
  - $0 \le 18 \text{ hours}$
  - >18 <= 24 hours
- > 24 hours
- Non-Mechanized:
  - $0 \mathrel{-} \mathrel{<=} 1 \; \text{hour} \\$
- >1 <= 4 hours >4 - <= 8 hours
- >8 <= 12 hours
- >12 <= 16 hours
- >16 <= 20 hours
- >20 <= 24 hours
- $0 \le 24 \text{ hours}$
- >24 hours
- · Average Interval in Days or Hours

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Not Applicable
Reject Interval	
<ul> <li>Total Number of LSRs</li> </ul>	
Total number of Rejects	
State and Region	

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• LNP	• Mechanized: 97% <= I Hour
• UNE Loop with LNP	• Partially Mechanized: 85% <= 24 Hours
	• Partially Mechanized: 85% <= 18 Hours (05/01/01)
	• Partially Mechanized: 85% <= 10 Hours (08/01/01)
	• Non-Mechanized: 85% <= 24 Hours

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark	
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	

# O-15: LNP-Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness Interval Distribution & Firm Order Confirmation Average Interval

#### **Definition**

Interval for Return of a Firm Order Confirmation (FOC Interval) is the average response time from receipt of a valid LSR to distribution of a firm order confirmation.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Rejected LSRs
- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation
- · LSRs which are identified and classified as "Projects"
- The following hours for Partially Mechanized and Non-mechanized LSRs are excluded from the interval calculation:

Residence Resale Group - Monday through Saturday 7:00PM until 7:00AM

From 7:00 PM Saturday until 7:00 AM Monday.

Business Resale, Complex, UNE Groups - Monday through Friday 6:00PM until 8:00AM

From 6:00 PM Friday until 8:00 AM Monday.

The hours excluded will be altered to reflect changes in the Center operating hours. The LCSC will accept faxed LSRs only during posted hours of operation.

The interval will be the amount of time accrued from receipt of the LSR until normal closing of the center if an LSR is worked using overtime hours.

In the case of a Partially Mechanized LSR received and worked after normal business hours, the interval will be set at one (1) minute.

· Scheduled OSS Maintenance

#### **Business Rules**

- Fully Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS or TAG) until the LSR is processed, appropriate service orders are generated and a Firm Order Confirmation is returned to the CLEC via EDI, LENS or TAG.
- Partially Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS, or TAG) which falls out for manual handling until appropriate service orders are issued by a BellSouth service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS) to SOCS and a Firm Order Confirmation is returned to the CLEC via EDI, LENS, or TAG.
- Total Mechanized: Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs which are electronically submitted by the CLEC
- Non-Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid paper LSR (date and time stamp of FAX or date and time paper LSRs received in LCSC) until appropriate service orders are issued by a BellSouth service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS) to SOCS and a Firm Order Confirmation is sent to the CLEC via LON.

#### Calculation

#### **Firm Order Confirmation Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date & Time of Firm Order Confirmation
- b = Date & Time of Service Request Receipt)

#### Average FOC Interval = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all FOC Intervals
- d = Total Number of Service Requests Confirmed in Reporting Period

#### **FOC Interval Distribution** (for each interval) = $(e / f) \times 100$

- e = Service Requests Confirmed in interval
- f = Total Service Requests Confirmed in the Reporting Period

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## **Report Structure**

Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- State and Region
- Fully Mechanized:
- 0 <= 15 minutes
- >15 <= 30 minutes
- >30 <= 45 minutes
- >45 <= 60 minutes
- 743 <= 00 minutes
- >60 <= 90 minutes
- >90 <= 120 minutes >120 - <= 180 minutes
- $0 \le 3$  hours
- >3 <= 6 hours
- >6 <= 12 hours
- >12 <= 24 hours
- >24 <= 48 hours
- >48 hours
- Partially Mechanized:
- $0 \le 4$  hours
- >4 <= 8 hours
- >8 <= 10 hours
- $0 \le 10 \text{ hours}$
- >10 <= 18 hours
- $0 \le 18 \text{ hours}$
- >18 <= 24 hours
- $0 \le 24 \text{ hours}$
- >24 <= 48 hours
- >48 hours
- Non-Mechanized:
- $0 \le 4$  hours
- >4 <= 8 hours
- >8 <= 12 hours >12 - <= 16 hours
- >12 <= 16 hours >16 - <= 20 hours
- >20 <= 24 hours
- >24 <= 36 hours
- $0 \le 36 \text{ hours}$
- >36 <= 48 hours
- >48 hours

## **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Not Applicable
Total Number of LSRs	11
Total Number of FOCs	
State and Region	

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• LNP	• Mechanized: 95% <= 3 Hours
UNE Loop with LNP	• Partially Mechanized: 85% <= 24 Hours
	• Partially Mechanized: 85% <= 18 Hours (05/01/01)
	• Partially Mechanized: 85% <= 10 Hours (08/01/01)
	• Non-Mechanized: 85% <= 36 hours

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure				
No Tier I Tier II				

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	Not Applicable

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# **Section 3: Provisioning**

## P-1: Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals

#### **Definition**

When delays occur in completing CLEC orders, the average period that CLEC orders are held for BellSouth reasons, pending a delayed completion, should be no worse for the CLEC when compared to BellSouth delayed orders. Calculation of the interval is the total days orders are held and pending but not completed that have passed the currently committed due date; divided by the total number of held orders. This report is based on orders still pending, held and past their committed due date at the close of the reporting period. The distribution interval is based on the number of orders held and pending but not completed over 15 and 90 days. (Orders reported in the >90 day interval are also included in the >15 day interval.)

#### **Exclusions**

- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- Disconnect (D) & From (F) orders
- · Orders with appointment code of 'A' for Rural orders

#### **Business Rules**

Mean Held Order Interval: This metric is computed at the close of each report period. The held order interval is established by first identifying all orders, at the close of the reporting interval, that both have not been reported as completed in SOCS and have passed the currently committed due date for the order. For each such order, the number of calendar days between the earliest committed due date on which BellSouth had a company missed appointment and the close of the reporting period is established and represents the held order interval for that particular order. The held order interval is accumulated by the standard groupings, unless otherwise noted, and the reason for the order being held. The total number of days accumulated in a category is then divided by the number of held orders within the same category to produce the mean held order interval. The interval is by calendar days with no exclusions for Holidays or Sundays.

CLEC Specific reporting is by type of held order (facilities, equipment, other), total number of orders held, and the total and average days.

**Held Order Distribution Interval:** This measure provides data to report total days held and identifies these in categories of >15 days and >90 days. (Orders counted in >90 days are also included in >15 days).

#### Calculation

#### **Mean Held Order Interval** = a / b

- a = Sum of held-over-days for all Past Due Orders Held for the reporting period
- b = Number of Past Due Orders Held and Pending But Not Completed and past the committed due date

## Held Order Distribution Interval (for each interval) = (c / d) X 100

- c = # of Orders Held for >= 15 days or # of Orders Held for >= 90 days
- d = Total # of Past Due Orders Held and Pending But Not Completed)

# **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Circuit Breakout < 10, >= 10 (except trunks)

## **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>CLEC Order Number and PON (PON)</li> <li>Order Submission Date (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>Committed Due Date (DD)</li> <li>Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>Hold Reason</li> <li>Total Line/circuit Count</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>BellSouth Order Number</li> <li>Order Submission Date</li> <li>Committed Due Date</li> <li>Service Type</li> <li>Hold Reason</li> <li>Total Line/circuit Count</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>
<b>Note</b> : Code in parentheses is the corresponding header foun	$\mathbf{d}$
in the raw data file.	

# **SQM** Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail Business
Resale Design	Retail Design
Resale PBX	Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
INP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-
	Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Design	<ul> <li>Retail Residence and Business Dispatch</li> </ul>
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-
	Based Orders
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With INP Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - POTS Excluding Switch-
	Based Orders
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop >= DS1	• Retail Digital Loop >= DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN - BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	• Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure				
No Tier I				
	Tier II			

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Issue Date: June 4, 2002

# P-2: Average Jeopardy Notice Interval & Percentage of Orders Given Jeopardy Notices

#### **Definition**

When BellSouth can determine in advance that a committed due date is in jeopardy for facility delay, it will provide advance notice to the CLEC.

The interval is from the date/time the notice is released to the CLEC/BellSouth systems until 5pm on the commitment date of the order. The Percent of Orders is the percentage of orders given jeopardy notices for facility delay in the count of orders confirmed in the report period.

## **Exclusions**

- · Orders held for CLEC end user reasons
- Disconnect (D) & From (F) orders
- · Non-Dispatch Orders

#### **Business Rules**

When BellSouth can determine in advance that a committed due date is in jeopardy for facility delay, it will provide advance notice to the CLEC. The number of committed orders in a report period is the number of orders that have a due date in the reporting period. Jeopardy notices for interconnection trunks results are usually zero as these trunks seldom experience facility delays. The Committed due date is considered the Confirmed due date. This report measures dispatched orders only. If an order is originally sent as non-dispatch and it is determined there is a facility delay, the order is converted to a dispatch code so the facility problem can be corrected. It will remain coded dispatched until completion.

#### Calculation

#### **Jeopardy Interval** = a - b

- a = Date and Time of Jeopardy Notice
- b = Date and Time of Scheduled Due Date on Service Order

#### Average Jeopardy Interval = c / d

- c = Sum of all jeopardy intervals
- d = Number of Orders Notified of Jeopardy in Reporting Period

#### Percent of Orders Given Jeopardy Notice = (e / f) X 100

- e = Number of Orders Given Jeopardy Notices in Reporting Period
- f = Number of Orders Confirmed (due) in Reporting Period)

#### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- Dispatch Orders
- Mechanized Orders
- · Non-Mechanized Orders

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>CLEC Order Number and PON</li> <li>Date and Time Jeopardy Notice Sent</li> <li>Committed Due Date</li> <li>Service Type</li> <li>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>BellSouth Order Number</li> <li>Date and Time Jeopardy Notice Sent</li> <li>Committed Due Date</li> <li>Service Type</li> </ul>

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
% Orders Given Jeopardy Notice	
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail Business
Resale Design	Retail Design
Resale PBX	Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
LNP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
INP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding
	Switch- Based Orders)
2W Analog Loop With LNP Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch- Based Orders)
ONLY 1 T MAN DID D	,
• 2W Analog Loop With INP Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With INP Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS Excluding Switch- Based Orders)
•UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
•UNE Digital Loop >= DS1	• Retail Digital Loop >= DS1
•UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Business and Residence
•UNE Switch Ports	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
•UNE Combo Other	Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
•UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	ADSL Provided to Retail
•UNE ISDN	Retail ISDN BRI
•UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
•UNE Other Design	Retail Design
•UNE Other Non -Design	Retail Residence and Business
•Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
•Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail
Average Jeopardy Notice Interval	• 95% >= 48 Hours

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No Tier I		
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# P-3: Percent Missed Installation Appointments

#### **Definition**

"Percent missed installation appointments" monitors the reliability of BellSouth commitments with respect to committed due dates to assure that the CLEC can reliably quote expected due dates to their retail customer as compared to BellSouth. This measure is the percentage of total orders processed for which BellSouth is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates and reported for Total misses and End User Misses.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders Test Orders, etc.)
- Disconnect (D) & From (F) orders
- · End User Misses on Local Interconnection Trunks

#### **Business Rules**

Percent Missed Installation Appointments (PMI) is the percentage of orders with completion dates in the reporting period that are past the original committed due date. Missed Appointments caused by end-user reasons will be included and reported separately. The first commitment date on the service order that is a missed appointment is the missed appointment code used for calculation whether it is a BellSouth missed appointment or an End User missed appointment. The "due date" is any time on the confirmed due date. Which means there cannot be a cutoff time for commitments, as certain types of orders are requested to be worked after standard business hours. Also, during Daylight Savings Time, field technicians are scheduled until 9PM in some areas and the customer is offered a greater range of intervals from which to select.

#### Calculation

**Percent Missed Installation Appointments** = (a / b) X 100

- a = Number of Orders with Completion date in Reporting Period past the Original Committed Due Date
- b = Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period

#### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- Report in Categories of <10 lines/circuits >= 10 lines/circuits (except trunks)
- · Dispatch/No Dispatch

**Report Explanation**: The difference between End User MA and Total MA is the result of BellSouth caused misses. Here, Total MA is the total percent of orders missed either by BellSouth or CLEC end user. The End User MA represents the percentage of orders missed by the CLEC or their end user.

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>CLEC Order Number and PON (PON)</li> <li>Committed Due Date (DD)</li> <li>Completion Date (CMPLTN DD)</li> <li>Status Type</li> <li>Status Notice Date</li> <li>Standard Order Activity</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>BellSouth Order Number</li> <li>Committed Due Date (DD)</li> <li>Completion Date (CMPLTN DD)</li> <li>Status Type</li> <li>Status Notice Date</li> <li>Standard Order Activity</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	

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# **SQM** Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM LEVEL of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail Business
Resale Design	Retail Design
Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-Based Orders)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
2W Analog Loop With LNP Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding)
2 W Milling Loop Will Divi Non Besign	Switch-Based Orders)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
2W Analog Loop With INP Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop With INP Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business (POTS Excluding Switch-
	Based Orders)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop >= DS1	• Retail Digital Loop >= DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
- Dispatch Out	- Dispatch Out
- Non-Dispatch	- Non-Dispatch
- Dispatch In	- Dispatch In
- Switch-Based	- Switch-Based
UNE Switch Ports	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
UNE Combo Other	Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
D' 1	(Including Dispatch Out and Dispatch In)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)  HNE IGDN	ADSL Provided to Retail     Description
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN - BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE Other Design	• Retail Design
• UNE Other Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business     Retail Residence and Business
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)  Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice      Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

Issue Date: June 4, 2002

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Resale POTS	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
Resale Design	Retail Design
UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loops	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• UNE xDSL	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

Issue Date: June 4, 2002

# P-4: Average Completion Interval (OCI) & Order Completion Interval Distribution

#### **Definition**

The "average completion interval" measure monitors the interval of time it takes BellSouth to provide service for the CLEC or its own customers. The "Order Completion Interval Distribution" provides the percentages of orders completed within certain time periods. This report measures how well BellSouth meets the interval offered to customers on service orders.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- Disconnect (D&F) orders (Except "D" orders associated with LNP Standalone)
- "L" Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)

#### **Business Rules**

The actual completion interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. The completion interval is the elapsed time from when BellSouth issues a FOC or SOCS date time stamp receipt of an order from the CLEC to BellSouth's actual order completion date. This includes all delays for BellSouth's CLEC/End Users. The clock starts when a valid order number is assigned by SOCS and stops when the technician or system completes the order in SOCS. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed. Orders that are worked on zero due dates are calculated with a .33-day interval (8 hours) in order to report a portion of a day interval. These orders are issued and worked/completed on the same day. They can be either flow through orders (no field work-non-dispatched) or field orders (dispatched).

The interval breakout for UNE and Design is: 0.5 = 0.4.99, 5.10 = 5.9.99, 10.15 = 10.14.99, 15.20 = 15.19.99, 20.25 = 20.24.99, 25.30 = 25.29.99, >= 30 = 30 and greater.

#### Calculation

### **Completion Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Completion Date
- b = Order Issue Date

#### Average Completion Interval = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all Completion Intervals
- d = Count of Orders Completed in Reporting Period

#### **Order Completion Interval Distribution** (for each interval) = (e / f) X 100

- e = Service Orders Completed in "X" days
- f = Total Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period

## **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- Dispatch / No Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks
- Residence & Business reported in day intervals = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5+
- UNE and Design reported in day intervals = 0-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-25, 25-30,>= 30
- All Levels are reported <10 line/circuits; >= 10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- ISDN Orders included in Non-Design

## **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul><li>Report Month</li><li>CLEC Company Name</li><li>Order Number (PON)</li></ul>	<ul><li>Report Month</li><li>BellSouth Order Number</li></ul>

	<ul> <li>Application Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> </ul>	Application Date & Time
	• Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)	Order Completion Date & Time
	• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	• Service Type
	Geographic Scope	Geographic Scope
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.		

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
• Resale Business	Retail Business
Resale Design	Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-
	Based Orders)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-
	Based Orders)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
2W Analog Loop With INP Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
<ul> <li>2W Analog Loop With INP Non-Design</li> </ul>	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-
	Based Orders)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop >= DS1	• Retail Digital Loop >= DS1
<ul> <li>UNE Loop + Port Combinations</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business
- Dispatch Out	- Dispatch Out
- Non-Dispatch	- Non-Dispatch
- Dispatch In	- Dispatch In
- Switch-Based	- Switch-Based
UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
UNE Combo Other	• Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
	(Including Dispatch Out and Dispatch In)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL) without	• 7 Days
conditioning	
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL) with conditioning	• 14 Days
• UNE ISDN	Retail ISDN BRI
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
• Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale POTS	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
Resale Design	Retail Design
UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loops	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
UNE xDSL without conditioning	• 7 Days
UNE xDSL with conditioning	• 14 Days
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

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# P-5: Average Completion Notice Interval

#### **Definitions**

The Completion Notice Interval is the elapsed time between the BellSouth reported completion of work and the issuance of a valid completion notice to the CLEC.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Cancelled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- D&F orders (Exception: "D" orders associated with LNP Standalone)

#### **Business Rules**

Measurement on interval of completion date and time entered by a field technician on dispatched orders, and 5PM start time on the due date for non-dispatched orders; to the release of a notice to the CLEC/BellSouth of the completion status. The field technician notifies the CLEC the work was complete and then he/she enters the completion time stamp information in his/her computer. This information switches through to the SOCS systems either completing the order or rejecting the order to the Work Management Center (WMC). If the completion is rejected, it is manually corrected and then completed by the WMC. The notice is returned on each individual order.

The start time for all orders is the completion stamp either by the field technician or the 5PM due date stamp; the end time for mechanized orders is the time stamp the notice was transmitted to the CLEC interface (LENS, EDI, OR TAG). For non-mechanized orders the end timestamp will be timestamp of order update to C-SOTS system.

#### Calculation

**Completion Notice Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time of Notice of Completion
- b = Date and Time of Work Completion

#### Average Completion Notice Interval = c / d

- c = Sum of all Completion Notice Intervals
- d = Number of Orders with Notice of Completion in Reporting Period

#### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- · Mechanized Orders
- Non-Mechanized Orders
- Reporting intervals in Hours; 0, 1-2, 2-4, 4-8, 8-12, 12-24, >= 24 plus Overall Average Hour Interval (The categories are inclusive of these time intervals: 0-1 = 0.99; 1-2 =1-1.99; 2-4 = 2-3.99, etc.)
- Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; >= 10 line/circuits (except trunks)

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>CLEC Order Number (so_nbr)</li> <li>Work Completion Date (cmpltn_dt)</li> <li>Work Completion Time</li> <li>Completion Notice Availability Date</li> <li>Completion Notice Availability Time</li> <li>Service Type</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>BellSouth Order Number (so_nbr)</li> <li>Work Completion Date (cmpltn_dt)</li> <li>Work Completion Time</li> <li>Completion Notice Availability Date</li> <li>Completion Notice Availability Time</li> <li>Service Type</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header	found NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header.

in the raw data file. found in the raw data file.

# **SQM** Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail Business
Resale Design	Retail Design
• Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• INP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch- Based Orders)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
2W Analog Loop With LNP Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-      Description
- Dispatch	Based Orders)
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Dispatch
	<ul><li>Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)</li><li>Retail Residence and Business Dispatch</li></ul>
<ul><li> 2W Analog Loop With INP Design</li><li> 2W Analog Loop With INP Non-Design</li></ul>	
	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS Excluding Switch- Based Orders)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop >= DS1	• Retail Digital Loop >= DS1
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
- Dispatch Out	- Dispatch Out
- Non-Dispatch	- Non-Dispatch
- Dispatch In - Switch-Based	- Dispatch In - Switch-Based
UNE Switch Ports	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
UNE Switch Forts     UNE Combo Other	Retail Residence and Business (FOTS)     Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch (Including)
• ONE COMBO Other	Dispatch Out and Dispatch In)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	Retail ISDN BRI
• UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
Local Interconnection Trunks	• Parity with Retail

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# P-6: % Completions/Attempts without Notice or < 24 hours Notice

#### **Definition**

This Report measures the interval from the FOC end timestamp on the LSR until 5:00 P.M. on the original committed due date of a service order. The purpose of this measure is to report if BellSouth is returning a FOC to the CLEC in time for the CLEC to notify their customer of the scheduled date.

#### **Exclusions**

"0" dated orders or any request where the subscriber requested an earlier due date of < 24 hours prior to the original commitment date, or any LSR received < 24 hours prior to the original commitment date.

#### **Business Rules**

#### For CLEC Results:

Calculation would exclude any successful or unsuccessful service delivery where the CLEC was informed at least 24 hours in advance. BellSouth may also exclude from calculation any LSRs received from the requesting CLEC with less than 24 hour notice prior to the commitment date.

#### For BellSouth Results:

BellSouth does not provide a FOC to its retail customers.

#### Calculation

Percent Completions or Attempts without Notice or with Less Than 24 Hours Notice = (a / b) X 100

- a = Completion Dispatches (Successful and Unsuccessful) With No FOC or FOC Received < 24 Hours of original Committed Due Date
- b = All Completions

### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Dispatch /Non-Dispatch
- Total Orders FOC < 24 Hours
- Total Completed Service Orders
- % FOC < 24 Hours

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Committed Due Date (DD)	Not Applicable
FOC End Timestamp	
Report Month	
CLEC Order Number and PON	
Geographic Scope	
- State / Region	

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Diagnostic
Resale Business	
Resale Design	
Resale PBX	
Resale Centrex	
Resale ISDN	
• LNP (Standalone)	
• INP (Standalone)	
2W Analog Loop Design	
• 2W Analog Loop Non-Design	
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP-Design	
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design	
• 2W Analog Loop With INP-Design	
• 2W Analog Loop With INP Non-Design	
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	
• UNE Digital Loop >=DS1	
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	
• UNE Switch ports	
UNE Combo Other	
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	
• UNE ISDN	
UNE Line Sharing	
UNE Other Design	
UNE Other Non -Design	
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	
Local Interconnection Trunks	

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

## P-7: Coordinated Customer Conversions Interval

#### **Definition**

This report measures the average time it takes BellSouth to disconnect an unbundled loop from the BellSouth switch and cross connect it to CLEC equipment. This measurement applies to service orders with INP and with LNP, and where the CLEC has requested BellSouth to provide a coordinated cut over.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement
- Delays due to CLEC following disconnection of the unbundled loop
- Unbundled Loops where there is no existing subscriber loop and loops where coordination is not requested

#### **Business Rules**

When the service order includes INP, the interval includes the total time for the cut over including the translation time to place the line back in service on the ported line. When the service order includes LNP, the interval only includes the total time for the cut over (the port of the number is controlled by the CLEC). The interval is calculated for the entire cut over time for the service order and then divided by items worked in that time to give the average per-item interval for each service order.

#### Calculation

#### **Coordinated Customer Conversions Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Completion Date and Time for Cross Connection of a Coordinated Unbundled Loop
- b = Disconnection Date and Time of an Coordinated Unbundled Loop

#### **Percent Coordinated Customer Conversions** (for each interval) = (c / d) X 100

- c = Total number of Coordinated Customer Conversions for each interval
- d = Total Number of Unbundled Loop with Coordinated Conversions (items) for the reporting period

### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- The interval breakout is 0.5 = 0.4.99, 5.15 = 5.14.99, >=15 = 15 and greater, plus Overall Average Interval.

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	No BellSouth Analog Exists
CLEC Order Number	140 Belisouth Allalog Laists
• Committed Due Date (DD)	
• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	
• Cut over Start Time	
Cut over Completion Time	
• Portability Start and Completion Times (INP orders)	
• Total Conversions (Items)	
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	

### **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Unbundled Loops with INP/LNP	• 95% <= 15 minutes
Unbundled Loops without INP/LNP	

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

Issue Date: June 4, 2002

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Unbundled Loops	• 95% <= 15 minutes

# P-7A: Coordinated Customer Conversions – Hot Cut Timeliness% Within Interval and Average Interval

#### **Definition**

This category measures whether BellSouth begins the cut over of an unbundled loop on a coordinated and/or a time specific order at the CLEC requested start time. It measures the percentage of orders where the cut begins within 15 minutes of the requested start time of the order and the average interval.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement
- · Delays caused by the CLEC
- · Unbundled Loops where there is no existing subscriber loop and loops where coordination is not requested
- All unbundled loops on multiple loop orders after the first loop

#### **Business Rules**

This report measures whether BellSouth begins the cut over of an unbundled loop on a coordinated and/or a time specific order at the CLEC requested start time. The cut is considered on time if it starts 15 minutes before or after the requested start time. Using the scheduled time and the actual cut over start time, the measurement will calculate the percent within interval and the average interval. If a cut involves multiple lines, the cut will be considered "on time" if the first line is cut within the interval. <= 15 minutes includes intervals that began 15:00 minutes or less before the scheduled cut time and cuts that began 15 minutes or less after the scheduled cut time; >15 minutes, <= 30 minutes includes cuts within 15:00 – 30:00 minutes either prior to or after the scheduled cut time; >30 minutes includes cuts greater than 30:00 minutes either prior to or after the scheduled cut time.

#### Calculation

% within Interval =  $(a / b) \times 100$ 

- a = Total Number of Coordinated Unbundled Loop Orders for the interval
- b = Total Number of Coordinated Unbundled Loop Orders for the reporting period

Interval = (c - d)

- c = Scheduled Time for Cross Connection of a Coordinated Unbundled Loop Order
- d = Actual Start Date and Time of a Coordinated Unbundled Loop Order

**Average Interval** = (e / f)

- · Sum of all Intervals
- Total Number of Coordinated Unbundled Loop Orders for the reporting period.

#### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate

Reported in intervals of early, on time and late cuts % <=15 minutes; % >15 minutes, <= 30 minutes; % > 30 minutes, plus Overall Average Interval.

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	No BellSouth Analog exists
• CLEC Order Number (so_nbr)	100 BellSouth Allalog exists
• Committed Due Date (DD)	
• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	
Cut over Scheduled Start Time	
• Cut over Actual Start Time	
Total Conversions Orders	
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Product Reporting Level	• 95% Within + or – 15 minutes of Scheduled Start Time
- SL1 Time Specific	
- SL1 Non-Time Specific	
- SL2 Time Specific	
- SL2 Non-Time Specific	

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• UNE Loops	• 95% Within + or – 15 minutes of Scheduled Start time

Issue Date: June 4, 2002

# P-7B: Coordinated Customer Conversions – Average Recovery Time

#### **Definition**

Measures the time between notification and resolution by BellSouth of a service outage found that can be isolated to the BellSouth side of the network. The time between notification and resolution by BellSouth must be measured to ensure that CLEC customers do not experience unjustifiable lengthy service outages during a Coordinated Customer Conversion. This report measures outages associated with Coordinated Customer Conversions prior to service order completion.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Cut overs where service outages are due to CLEC caused reasons
- Cut overs where service outages are due to end-user caused reasons

#### **Business Rules**

Measures the outage duration time related to Coordinated Customer Conversions from the initial trouble notification until the trouble has been restored and the CLEC has been notified. The duration time is defined as the time from the initial trouble notification until the trouble has been restored and the CLEC has been notified. The interval is calculated on the total outage time for the circuits divided by the total number of outages restored during the report period to give the average outage duration.

#### Calculation

**Recovery Time** = (a - b)

- a = Date & Time That Trouble is Closed by CLEC
- b = Date & Time Initial Trouble is Opened with BellSouth

Average Recovery Time = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all the Recovery Times
- d = Number of Troubles Referred to the BellSouth

### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	• None
CLEC Company Name	VIVOIC
• CLEC Order Number (so_nbr)	
• Committed Due Date (DD)	
• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	
<ul> <li>CLEC Acceptance Conflict (CLEC_CONFLICT)</li> </ul>	
• CLEC Conflict Resolved (CLEC_RESOLVE)	
<ul> <li>CLEC Conflict MFC (CLEC_CONFLICT_MFC)</li> </ul>	
• Total Conversion Orders	
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	

### SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
<ul> <li>Unbundled Loops with INP/LNP</li> </ul>	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops without INP/LNP	

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# P-7C: Hot Cut Conversions - % Provisioning Troubles Received Within 7 days of a completed Service Order

#### **Definition**

Percent Provisioning Troubles received within 7 days of a completed service order associated with a Coordinated and Non-Coordinated Customer Conversion. Measures the quality and accuracy of Hot Cut Conversion Activities.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Any order canceled by the CLEC
- · Troubles caused by Customer Provided Equipment

#### **Business Rules**

Measures the quality and accuracy of completed service orders associated with Coordinated and Non-Coordinated Hot Cut Conversions. The first trouble report received on a circuit ID within 7 days following a service order completion is counted in this measure. Subsequent trouble reports are measured in Repeat Report Rate. Reports are calculated searching in the prior report period for completed Coordinated and Non-Coordinated Hot Cut Conversion service orders and following 7 days after the completion of the service order for a trouble report issue date.

#### Calculation

% Provisioning Troubles within 7 days of service order completion = (a / b)  $X\ 100$ 

- a = The sum of all Hot Cut Circuits with a trouble within 7 days following service order(s) completion
- b = The total number of Hot Cut service order circuits completed in the previous report calendar month

### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- · Dispatch/Non-Dispatch

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul><li>Report Month</li><li>CLEC Order Number (so_nbr)</li></ul>	No BellSouth Analog Exists
<ul><li>PON</li><li>Order Submission Date (TICKET_ID)</li></ul>	
<ul><li>Order Submission Time (TICKET_ID)</li><li>Status Type</li></ul>	
<ul><li> Status Notice Date</li><li> Standard Order Activity</li></ul>	
<ul><li> Geographic Scope</li><li> Total Conversion Circuits</li></ul>	
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	

### **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
UNE Loop Design	• <= 5%
• UNE Loop Non-Design	

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

Issue Date: June 4, 2002

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• UNE Loops	• <= 5%

3-22

# P-8: Cooperative Acceptance Testing - % of xDSL Loops Tested

#### **Definition**

The loop will be considered cooperatively tested when the BellSouth technician places a call to the CLEC representative to initiate cooperative testing and jointly performs the tests with the CLEC.

#### **Exclusions**

- Testing failures due to CLEC (incorrect contact number, CLEC not ready, etc.)
- xDSL lines with no request for cooperative testing

#### **Business Rules**

When a BellSouth technician finishes delivering an order for an xDSL loop where the CLEC order calls for cooperative testing at the customer's premise, the BellSouth technician is to call a toll free number to the CLEC testing center. The BellSouth technician and the CLEC representative at the center then test the line. As an example of the type of testing performed, the testing center may ask the technician to put a short on the line so that the center can run a test to see if it can identify the short.

#### Calculation

Cooperative Acceptance Testing - % of xDSL Loops Tested =  $(a / b) \times 100$ 

- a = Total number of successful xDSL cooperative tests for xDSL lines where cooperative testing was requested in the reporting period
- b = Total Number of xDSL line tests requested by the CLEC and scheduled in the reporting period

### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Type of Loop tested

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul><li>Report Month</li><li>CLEC Company Name (OCN)</li></ul>	No BellSouth Analog Exists
• CLEC Order Number (so_nbr) and PON (PON)	
<ul><li>Committed Due Date (DD)</li><li>Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li></ul>	
<ul><li>Acceptance Testing Completed (ACCEPT_TESTING)</li><li>Acceptance Testing Declined (ACCEPT_TESTING)</li></ul>	
• Total xDSL Orders	
<b>Note</b> : Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	

## **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation:	SQM Analog/Benchmark:
• UNE xDSL	• 95% of Lines Tested
- ADSL	
- HDSL	
- UCL	
- OTHER	

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

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SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• UNE xDSL	• 95% of Lines Tested

3-24

# P-9: % Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Completion

#### **Definition**

Percent Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Completion measures the quality and accuracy of Service order activities.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- · D & F orders
- Trouble reports caused and closed out to Customer Provided Equipment (CPE)

#### **Business Rules**

Measures the quality and accuracy of completed orders. The first trouble report from a service order after completion is counted in this measure. Subsequent trouble reports are measured in Repeat Report Rate. Reports are calculated searching in the prior report period for completed service orders and following 30 days after completion of the service order for a trouble report issue date.

D & F orders are excluded as there is no subsequent activity following a disconnect.

Note: Standalone LNP historical data is not available in the maintenance systems (LMOS or WFA).

### Calculation

% Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Activity =  $(a/b) \times 100$ 

- a = Trouble reports on all completed orders 30 days following service order(s) completion
- b = All Service Orders completed in the previous report calendar month

#### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; >= 10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- Dispatch / No Dispatch (except trunks)

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>CLEC Order Number and PON</li> <li>Order Submission Date (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>Order Submission Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>Status Type</li> <li>Status Notice Date</li> <li>Standard Order Activity</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>BellSouth Order Number</li> <li>Order Submission Date</li> <li>Order Submission Time</li> <li>Status Type</li> <li>Status Notice Date</li> <li>Standard Order Activity</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	
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SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail Business
Resale Design	Retail Design
Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-
	Based Orders)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
2W Analog Loop With LNP Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business - (POTS Excluding Switch-
	Based Orders)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
2W Analog Loop With INP Design	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• 2W Analog Loop With INP Non-Design	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS - Excluding Switch-
5	Based Orders)
- Dispatch	- Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
• UNE Digital Loop < DS1	• Retail Digital Loop < DS1
• UNE Digital Loop >= DS1	• Retail Digital Loop >= DS1
UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	ADSL provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	Retail ISDN BRI
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
• INP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• LNP (Standalone)	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
- Dispatch Out	- Dispatch Out
- Non-Dispatch	- Non-Dispatch
- Dispatch In	- Dispatch In
- Switch-Based	- Switch-Based
• UNE Switch Ports	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
UNE Combo Other	Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch  (Including Dispatch Out and Dispatch In)
- Dispatch	(Including Dispatch Out and Dispatch In) - Dispatch
- Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)	- Dispatch - Non-Dispatch (Dispatch In)
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice
UNE Other Non-Design	Retail DS1/DS3 interoffice     Retail Residence and Business
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail
Local Interconnection Truffks	· rainy with retain

## **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Resale POTS	<ul> <li>Retail Residence and Business (POTS)</li> </ul>
Resale Design	Retail Design
UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loops	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
UNE xDSL	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

# P-10: Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT)

#### **Definition**

This report measures the total service order cycle time from receipt of a valid service order request to the return of a completion notice to the CLEC Interface.

### **Exclusions**

- · Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- D (Disconnect Except "D" orders associated with LNP Standalone.) and F (From) orders. (From is disconnect side of a move order when the customer moves to a new address)
- "L" Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)
- · Orders with CLEC/Subscriber caused delays or CLEC/Subscriber requested due date changes

#### **Business Rules**

The interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. This measurement combines three reports: FOC Timeliness, Average Order Completion Interval and Average Completion Notice Interval. For UNE XDSL Loop, this measurement combines Service Inquiry Interval (SI), FOC Timeliness, Average Completion Interval, and Average Completion Notice Interval.

This interval starts with the receipt of a valid service order request and stops when a completion notice is sent to the CLEC Interface (LENS, TAG OR EDI) and the BellSouth Legacy Systems. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed. Orders that are worked on zero due dates are calculated with a .33 day interval (8 hours) in order to report a portion of a day interval. These orders are issued and worked/completed on same day. They can be either flow through orders (no field work-non-dispatched) or field orders (dispatched).

Reporting is by Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized and Non-Mechanized receipt of LSRs.

#### Calculation

### **Total Service Order Cycle Time** = (a - b)

- a = Service Order Completion Notice Date
- b = Service Request Receipt Date

#### Average Total Service Order Cycle Time = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all Total Service Order Cycle Times
- d = Total Number Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period

#### **Total Service Order Cycle Time Interval Distribution** (for each interval) = (e / f) X 100

- e = Total Number of Service Requests Completed in "X" minutes/hours
- f = Total Number of Service Requests Received in Reporting Period

#### Report Structure

- · CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- · Fully Mechanized; Partially Mechanized; Non-Mechanized
- Report in categories of <10 line/circuits; >= 10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- Dispatch / No Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks
- Intervals 0-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-25, 25-30, >= 30 Days. The interval breakout is: 0-5=0-4.99, 5-10=5-9.99, 10-15=10-14.99, 15-20=15-19.99, 20-25=20-24.99, 25-30=25-29.99, >= 30=30 and greater.

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
• Interval for FOC	<ul><li>Report Month</li><li>BellSouth Order Number</li></ul>

CLEC Company Name (OCN)	Order Submission Date & Time
• Order Number (PON)	Order Completion Date & Time
<ul> <li>Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> </ul>	Service Type
• Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)	Geographic Scope
<ul> <li>Completion Notice Date and Time</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> </ul>	
Geographic Scope	
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file	

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark	
Resale Residence	• Diagnostic	
Resale Business		
Resale Design		
Resale PBX		
Resale Centrex		
Resale ISDN		
• LNP (Standalone)		
• INP (Standalone)		
• 2W Analog Loop Design		
2W Analog Loop Non-Design		
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Design		
• 2W Analog Loop With LNP Non-Design		
UNE Switch Ports		
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations		
UNE Combo Other		
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)		
• UNE ISDN		
UNE Line Sharing		
UNE Other Design		
UNE Other Non -Design		
• UNE Digital Loops < DS1		
• UNE Digital Loops >= DS1		
• Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)		
Local Interconnection Trunks		

### **SEEM Measure**

	SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# P-11: Service Order Accuracy

#### **Definition**

The "service order accuracy" measurement measures the accuracy and completeness of a sample of BellSouth service orders by comparing what was ordered and what was completed.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Cancelled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.)
- · D & F orders

#### **Business Rules**

A statistically valid sample of service orders, completed during a monthly reporting period, is compared to the original account profile and the order that the CLEC sent to BellSouth. An order is "completed without error" if all service attributes and account detail changes (as determined by comparing the original order) completely and accurately reflect the activity specified on the original order and any supplemental CLEC order. For both small and large sample sizes, when a Service Request cannot be matched with a corresponding Service Order, it will not be counted. For small sample sizes an effort will be made to replace the service request.

#### Calculation

Percent Service Order Accuracy = (a / b) X 100

- a = Orders Completed without Error
- b = Orders Completed in Reporting Period

### **Report Structure**

- · CLEC Aggregate
- Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; >= 10 line/circuits
- Dispatch / No Dispatch

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	No BellSouth Analog Exist
<ul> <li>CLEC Order Number and PON</li> </ul>	_
• Local Service Request (LSR)	
Order Submission Date	
Committed Due Date	
• Service Type	
Standard Order Activity	

### **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	• 95% Accurate
Resale Business	
• Resale Design (Specials)	
• UNE Specials (Design)	
• UNE (Non-Design)	
Local Interconnection Trunks	

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

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Issue Date: June 4, 2002

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

3-31

# P-12: LNP-Percent Missed Installation Appointments

#### **Definition**

"Percent missed installation appointments" monitors the reliability of BellSouth commitments with respect to committed due dates to assure that CLECs can reliably quote expected due dates to their retail customer as compared to BellSouth. This measure is the percentage of total orders processed for which BellSouth is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates and reported for total misses and End User Misses.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable

#### **Business Rules**

Percent Missed Installation Appointments (PMI) is the percentage of total orders processed for which BellSouth is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates. Missed Appointments caused by end-user reasons will be included and reported in a separate category. The first commitment date on the service order that is a missed appointment is the missed appointment code used for calculation whether it is a BellSouth missed appointment or an End User missed appointment. The "due date" is any time on the confirmed due date, which means there cannot be a cutoff time for commitments as certain types of orders are requested to be worked after standard business hours.

#### Calculation

LNP Percent Missed Installation Appointments = (a / b) X 100

- a = Number of Orders with Completion date in Reporting Period past the Original Committed Due Date
- b = Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period

#### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
  - State/Region
- Report in Categories of <10 lines/circuits >= 10 lines/circuits (except trunks)

**Report explanation:** Total Missed Appointments is the total percent of orders missed either by BellSouth or the CLEC end user. End User MA represents the percentage of orders missed by the CLEC end user. The difference between End User Missed Appointments and Total Missed Appointments is the result of BellSouth caused misses.

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Not Applicable
<ul> <li>CLEC Order Number and PON (PON)</li> </ul>	Not Applicable
• Committed Due Date (DD)	
• Completion Date (CMPLTN DD)	
• Status Type	
Status Notice Date	
Standard Order Activity	
Geographic Scope	
<b>Note:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	

### **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• LNP	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• LNP	• 95% Due Dates Met <sup>a</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Due to data structure issues, BellSouth is using a benchmark comparison for SEEM rather than the Truncated Z as stated in the Order.

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# P-13: LNP-Average Disconnect Timeliness Interval & Disconnect Timeliness Interval Distribution

#### Definition

Disconnect Timeliness is defined as the interval between the time ESI Number Manager receives the valid 'Number Ported' message from NPAC (signifying the CLEC 'Activate') until the time the Disconnect is completed in the Central Office switch. This interval effectively measures BellSouth responsiveness by isolating it from impacts that are caused by CLEC related activities.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable.

### **Business Rules**

The Disconnect Timeliness interval is determined for each telephone number ported associated with a disconnect service order processed on an LSR during the reporting period. The Disconnect Timeliness interval is the elapsed time from when BellSouth receives a valid 'Number Ported' message in ESI Number Manager (signifying the CLEC 'Activate') for each telephone number ported until each telephone number on the service order is disconnected in the Central Office switch. Elapsed time for each ported telephone number is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the total number of selected telephone numbers disconnected in the reporting period.

#### Calculation

#### **Disconnect Timeliness Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Completion Date and Time in Central Office switch for each number on disconnect order
- b = Valid 'Number Ported' message received date & time

#### Average Disconnect Timeliness Interval = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all Disconnect Timeliness Intervals
- d = Total Number of disconnected numbers completed in reporting period

#### **Disconnect Timeliness Interval Distribution** (for each interval) = (e / f) X 100

- e = Disconnected numbers completed in "X" days
- f = Total disconnect numbers completed in reporting period

#### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
  - State, Region

### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Order Number	Not Applicable
Telephone Number/Circuit Number	
Committed Due Date	
Receipt Date/Time (ESI Number Manager)	
Date/Time of Recent Change Notice	

### **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• LNP	• 95% <= 15 Minutes

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
LNP Standalone	• 95% <= 15 Minutes

3-35

# P-14: LNP-Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT)

#### **Definition**

Total Service Order Cycle Time measures the interval from receipt of a valid service order request to the completion of the final service order associated with that service request.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BellSouth or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable
- "L" appointment coded orders (indicating the customer has requested a later than offered interval)
- "S" missed appointment coded orders (indicating subscriber missed appointments), except for "SP" codes (indicating subscriber prior due date requested). This would include "S" codes assigned to subsequent due date changes.

#### **Business Rules**

The interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. This measurement combines three reports: FOC Timeliness, Average Order Completion Interval and Average Completion Notice Interval.

This interval starts with the receipt of a valid service order request and stops when a completion notice is sent to the CLEC Interface (LENS, TAG OR EDI). Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed. Orders that are worked on zero due dates are calculated with a .33 day interval (8 hours) in order to report a portion of a day interval. These orders are issued and worked/completed on the same day.

Reporting is by Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized and Non-Mechanized receipt of LSRs.

#### Calculation

#### **Total Service Order Cycle Time** = (a - b)

- a = Service Order Completion Notice Date
- b = Service Request Receipt Date

#### Average Total Service Order Cycle Time = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all Total Service Order Cycle Times
- d = Total Number Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period

#### **Total Service Order Cycle Time Interval Distribution** (for each interval) = (e / f) X 100

- e = Total Number of Service Orders Completed in "X" minutes/hours
- f = Total Number of Service Orders Received in Reporting Period

### **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Fully Mechanized; Partially Mechanized; Non-Mechanized
- Report in categories of < 10 lines/circuits; >= lines/circuits (except trunks)
- Intervals 0-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-25, 25-30, >= 30 Days. The interval breakout is: 0-5=0-4.99, 5-10=5-9.99, 10-15=10-14.99, 15-20=15-19.99, 20-25=20-24.99, 25-30=25-29.99, >= 30 = 30 and greater.

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Not Applicable
• Interval for FOC	• Not Applicable
CLEC Company Name (OCN)	
Order Number (PON)	
• Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID)	
Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)	
Completion Notice Date and Time	

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Service Type (CLASS\_SVC\_DESC)
 Geographic Scope

Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file

### **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• LNP	Diagnostic

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

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# Section 4: Section 4: Maintenance & Repair

# **M&R-1: Missed Repair Appointments**

#### **Definition**

The percent of trouble reports not cleared by the committed date and time.

#### **Exclusions**

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request
- BellSouth trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble

#### **Business Rules**

The negotiated commitment date and time is established when the repair report is received. The cleared time is the date and time that BellSouth personnel clear the trouble and closes the trouble report in his/her Computer Access Terminal (CAT) or workstation. If this is after the Commitment time, the report is flagged as a "Missed Commitment" or a missed repair appointment. When the data for this measure is collected for BellSouth and a CLEC, it can be used to compare the percentage of the time repair appointments are missed due to BellSouth reasons. (No access reports are not part of this measure because they are not a missed appointment.)

**Note**: Appointment intervals vary with force availability in the POTS environment. Specials and Trunk intervals are standard interval appointments of no greater than 24 hours. Standalone LNP historical data is not available in the maintenance systems (LMOS or WFA).

#### Calculation

**Percentage of Missed Repair Appointments** = (a / b) X 100

- a = Count of Customer Troubles Not Cleared by the Quoted Commitment Date and Time
- b = Total Trouble reports closed in Reporting Period

#### **Report Structure**

- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
A Disposition and Course (CALISE CITY OF CALISE DESC')	<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>BellSouth Company Code</li> <li>Submission Date &amp; Time</li> <li>Completion Date</li> <li>Service Type</li> <li>Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only)</li> <li>Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail business
Resale Design	Retail Design
Resale PBX	•
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone) (Not Available in Maintenance)	Not Applicable
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop Non - Design	Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of
	Switch-Based Feature Troubles)
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence & Business
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS)
UNE Combo Other	Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Non - Design	Retail Residence & Business
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Resale POTS	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
Resale Design	Retail Design
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
• UNE Loops	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• UNE xDSL	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

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# M&R-2: Customer Trouble Report Rate

#### **Definition**

Percent of initial and repeated customer direct or referred troubles reported within a calendar month per 100 lines/circuits in service.

#### **Exclusions**

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request
- · BellSouth trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble

#### **Business Rules**

Customer Trouble Report Rate is computed by accumulating the number of maintenance initial and repeated trouble reports during the reporting period. The resulting number of trouble reports are divided by the total "number of service" lines, ports or combination that exist for the CLECs and BellSouth respectively at the end of the report month.

#### Calculation

**Customer Trouble Report Rate** =  $(a / b) \times 100$ 

- a = Count of Initial and Repeated Trouble Reports closed in the Current Period
- b = Number of Service Access Lines in service at End of the Report Period

### **Report Structure**

- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>CLEC Company Name</li> <li>Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp; CAUSE_DESC)</li> <li># Service Access Lines in Service at the end of period</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> <li>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>BellSouth Company Code</li> <li>Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time</li> <li>Ticket Completion Date</li> <li>Service Type</li> <li>Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only)</li> <li>Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)</li> <li># Service Access Lines in Service at the end of period</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail Business
Resale Design	Retail Design
Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone) (Not Available in Maintenance)	Not Applicable
2W Analog Loop Design	<ul> <li>Retail Residence &amp; Business Dispatch</li> </ul>
2W Analog Loop Non - Design	<ul> <li>Retail Residence &amp; Business (POTS) (Exclusion of</li> </ul>
	Switch-Based Feature Troubles)
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence & Business
UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS)
UNE Combo Other	Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Non - Design	Retail Residence & Business
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Resale POTS	Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
Resale Design	Retail Design
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
• UNE Loops	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• UNE xDSL	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

Issue Date: June 4, 2002

# **M&R-3: Maintenance Average Duration**

#### **Definition**

The Average duration of Customer Trouble Reports from the receipt of the Customer Trouble Report to the time the trouble report is cleared.

#### **Exclusions**

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request
- · BellSouth trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble

#### **Business Rules**

For Average Duration the clock starts on the date and time of the receipt of a correct repair request. The clock stops on the date and time the service is restored and the BellSouth or CLEC customer is notified (when the technician completes the trouble ticket on his/her CAT or work systems).

#### Calculation

#### **Maintenance Duration** = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time of Service Restoration
- b = Date and Time Trouble Ticket was Opened

#### Average Maintenance Duration = (c / d)

- c = Total of all maintenance durations in the reporting period
- d = Total Closed Troubles in the reporting period

### **Report Structure**

- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>Total Tickets (LINE_NBR)</li> <li>CLEC Company Name</li> <li>Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp; CAUSE_DESC)</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> <li>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>Total Tickets</li> <li>BellSouth Company Code</li> <li>Ticket Submission Date</li> <li>Ticket Submission Time</li> <li>Ticket Completion Date</li> <li>Ticket Completion Time</li> <li>Total Duration Time</li> <li>Service Type</li> <li>Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only)</li> <li>Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail Business
Resale Design	Retail Design
Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
Resale ISDN	• Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone) (Not Available in Maintenance)	Not Applicable
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop Non - Design	Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of
	Switch-Based Feature Troubles)
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence & Business
• UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS)
UNE Combo Other	Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Non - Design	Retail Residence & Business
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale POTS	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
Resale Design	Retail Design
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loops	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• UNE xDSL	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

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# M&R-4: Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days

#### **Definition**

Closed trouble reports on the same line/circuit as a previous trouble report received within 30 calendar days as a percent of total troubles closed reported

#### **Exclusions**

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request
- · BellSouth trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble

#### **Business Rules**

Includes Customer trouble reports received within 30 days of an original Customer trouble report.

#### Calculation

Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days = (a / b) X 100

- a = Count of closed Customer Troubles where more than one trouble report was logged for the same service line within a continuous 30 days
- b = Total Trouble Reports Closed in Reporting Period

### **Report Structure**

- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>Total Tickets (LINE_NBR)</li> <li>CLEC Company Name</li> <li>Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days (TOT_REPEAT)</li> <li>Service Type</li> <li>Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp; CAUSE_DESC)</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>Total Tickets</li> <li>BellSouth Company Code</li> <li>Ticket Submission Date</li> <li>Ticket Submission Time</li> <li>Ticket Completion Date</li> <li>Ticket Completion Time</li> <li>Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days</li> <li>Service Type</li> </ul>
<b>Note</b> : Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	**

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail Business
Resale Design	Retail Design
Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone) (Not Available in Maintenance)	Not Applicable
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop Non - Design	Retail Residence & Business (POTS) (Exclusion of
	Switch-Based Feature Troubles)
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence & Business
UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
UNE Combo Other	Retail Residence, Business & Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Non - Design	Retail Residence & Business
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Resale POTS	• Retail Residence and Business (POTS)
Resale Design	Retail Design
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loops	Retail Residence and Business Dispatch
• UNE xDSL	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail

# M&R-5: Out of Service (OOS) > 24 Hours

## **Definition**

For Out of Service Troubles (no dial tone, cannot be called or cannot call out) the percentage of Total OOS Troubles cleared in excess of 24 hours. (All design services are considered to be out of service).

#### **Exclusions**

- Trouble Reports canceled at the CLEC request
- BellSouth Trouble Reports associated with administrative service
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) Troubles or CLEC Equipment Troubles

## **Business Rules**

Customer Trouble reports that are out of service and cleared in excess of 24 hours. The clock begins when the trouble report is created in LMOS/WFA and the trouble is counted if the elapsed time exceeds 24 hours.

#### Calculation

Out of Service (OOS) > 24 hours =  $(a / b) \times 100$ 

- a = Total Cleared Troubles OOS > 24 Hours
- b = Total OOS Troubles in Reporting Period

# **Report Structure**

- Dispatch/Non Dispatch
- CLEC Specific
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- CLEC Aggregate

# **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>Total Tickets</li> <li>CLEC Company Name</li> <li>Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT</li> <li>Percentage of Customer Troubles out of</li> <li>Service &gt; 24 Hours (OOS&gt;24_FLAG)</li> <li>Service type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp; CAUSE-DESC)</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> <li>Note: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Report Month</li> <li>Total Tickets</li> <li>BellSouth Company Code</li> <li>Ticket Submission Date</li> <li>Ticket Submission time</li> <li>Ticket Completion Date</li> <li>Ticket Completion Time</li> <li>Percent of Customer Troubles out of Service &gt; 24 Hours</li> <li>Service type</li> <li>Disposition and Cause (Non-Design/Non-Special only)</li> <li>Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Resale Residence	Retail Residence
Resale Business	Retail Business
Resale Design	Retail Design
Resale PBX	• Retail PBX
Resale Centrex	Retail Centrex
Resale ISDN	Retail ISDN
• LNP (Standalone) (Not Available in Maintenance)	Not Applicable
2W Analog Loop Design	Retail Residence & Business Dispatch
2W Analog Loop Non - Design	<ul> <li>Retail Residence &amp; Business (POTS) (Exclusion of</li> </ul>
	Switch-Based Feature Troubles)
• UNE Loop + Port Combinations	Retail Residence & Business
UNE Switch Ports	• Retail Residence & Business (POTS)
UNE Combo Other	Retail Residence, Business and Design Dispatch
• UNE xDSL (HDSL, ADSL and UCL)	ADSL Provided to Retail
• UNE ISDN	• Retail ISDN – BRI
UNE Line Sharing	ADSL Provided to Retail
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Non - Design	Retail Residence & Business
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail
Local Transport (Unbundled Interoffice Transport)	Retail DS1/DS3 Interoffice

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# M&R-6: Average Answer Time – Repair Centers

#### **Definition**

This measures the average time a customer is in queue when calling a BellSouth Repair Center.

## **Exclusions**

None

## **Business Rules**

The clock starts when a CLEC Representative or BellSouth customer makes a choice on the Repair Center's menu and is put in queue for the next repair attendant. The clock stops when the repair attendant answers the call (abandoned calls are not included).

Note: The Total Column is a combined BellSouth Residence and Business number.

## Calculation

**Answer Time for BellSouth Repair Centers** = (a - b)

- a = Time BellSouth Repair Attendant Answers Call
- b = Time of entry into queue after ACD Selection

Average Answer Time for BellSouth Repair Centers = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all Answer Times
- d = Total number of calls by reporting period

# **Report Structure**

- CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
CLEC Average Answer Time	BellSouth Average Answer Time

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

	SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
ſ	<ul> <li>Region. CLEC/BellSouth Service Centers and BellSouth</li> </ul>	• For CLEC, Average Answer Times in UNE Center and
	Repair Centers are regional.	BRMC are comparable to the Average Answer Times in
		the BellSouth Repair Centers.

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# M&R-7: Mean Time To Notify CLEC of Network Outages

#### **Definition**

This report measures the time it takes for the BellSouth Network Management Center (NMC) to notify the CLEC of major network outages.

#### **Exclusions**

None

## **Business Rules**

BellSouth will inform the CLEC of any major network outages (key customer accounts) via a page or email. When the BellSouth NMC becomes aware of a network incident, the CLEC and BellSouth will be notified electronically. The notification time for each outage will be measured in minutes and divided by the number of outages for the reporting period. These are broadcast messages. It is up to those receiving the message to determine if they have customers affected by the incident.

The CLECs will be notified in accordance with the rules outlined in Appendix D of the CLEC "Customer Guide" which is published on the internet at: <a href="https://www.interconnection.bellsouth.com/guides/other\_guides/html/gopue/indexf.htm">www.interconnection.bellsouth.com/guides/other\_guides/html/gopue/indexf.htm</a>.

## Calculation

**Time to Notify CLEC** = (a - b)

- a = Date and Time BellSouth Notified CLEC
- b = Date and Time BellSouth Detected Network Incident

**Mean Time to Notify CLEC** = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all Times to Notify CLEC
- d = Count of Network Incidents

# **Report Structure**

- · BellSouth Aggregate
- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific

## **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Report Month
Major Network Events	<ul> <li>Major Network Events</li> </ul>
Date/Time of Incident	<ul> <li>Date/Time of Incident</li> </ul>
• Date/Time of Notification	<ul> <li>Date/Time of Notification</li> </ul>

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
BellSouth Aggregate	Parity by Design
CLEC Aggregate	
CLEC Specific	

## **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# **Section 5: Billing**

# **B-1: Invoice Accuracy**

#### **Definition**

This measure provides the percentage of accuracy of the billing invoices rendered to CLECs during the current month.

## **Exclusions**

- Adjustments not related to billing errors (e.g., credits for service outage, special promotion credits, adjustments to satisfy the customer)
- Test Accounts

## **Business Rules**

The accuracy of billing invoices delivered by BellSouth to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree of billing accuracy comparative to BellSouth bills rendered to retail customers of BellSouth. CLECs request adjustments on bills determined to be incorrect. The BellSouth Billing verification process includes manually analyzing a sample of local bills from each bill period. The bill verification process draws from a mix of different customer billing options and types of service. An end-to-end auditing process is performed for new products and services. Internal measurements and controls are maintained on all billing processes.

# Calculation

**Invoice Accuracy** =  $[(a - b) / a] \times 100$ 

- a = Absolute Value of Total Billed Revenues during current month
- b = Absolute Value of Billing Related Adjustments during current month

# **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
  - Region
  - State

## **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	• Report Month
Invoice Type	Retail Type
- UNE	- CRIS
- Resale	- CABS
- Interconnection	Total Billed Revenue
Total Billed Revenue	Billing Related Adjustments
Billing Related Adjustments	

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Product/Invoice Type	<ul> <li>CLEC Invoice Accuracy is comparable to BellSouth</li> </ul>
- Resale	Invoice Accuracy
- UNE	
- Interconnection	

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
CLEC State	Parity With Retail
BellSouth State	

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# **B2: Mean Time to Deliver Invoices**

#### **Definition**

Bill Distribution is calculated as follows: CRIS BILLS-The number of workdays is reported for CRIS bills. This is calculated by counting the Bill Period date as the first work day. Weekends and holidays are excluded when counting workdays. J/N Bills are counted in the CRIS work day category for the purposes of the measurement since their billing account number (Q account) is provided from the CRIS system.

CABS BILLS-The number of calendar days is reported for CABS bills. This is calculated by counting the day following the Bill Period date as the first calendar day. Weekends and holidays are included when counting the calendar days.

#### **Exclusions**

Any invoices rejected due to formatting or content errors.

#### **Business Rules**

This report measures the mean interval for timeliness of billing records delivered to CLECs in an agreed upon format. CRIS-based invoices are measured in business days, and CABS-based invoices in calendar days.

## Calculation

**Invoice Timeliness** = (a - b)

- a = Invoice Transmission Date
- b = Close Date of Scheduled Bill Cycle

Mean Time To Deliver Invoices = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all Invoice Timeliness intervals
- d = Count of Invoices Transmitted in Reporting Period

# **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- · Geographic Scope
  - Region
  - State

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Report Month
Invoice Type	Invoice Type
- UNE	- CRIS
- Resale	- CABS
- Interconnection	Invoice Transmission Count
Invoice Transmission Count	Date of Scheduled Bill Close
Date of Scheduled Bill Close	

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Product/Invoice Type	• CRIS-based invoices will be released for delivery within
• Resale	six (6) business days.
• UNE	• CABS-based invoices will be released for delivery within
Interconnection	eight (8) calendar days.
	CLEC Average Delivery Intervals for both CRIS and
	CABS Invoices are comparable to BellSouth Average
	delivery for both systems.

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• CLEC State	• Parity with Retail
- CRIS	
- CABS	
BellSouth Region	

# **B3: Usage Data Delivery Accuracy**

#### **Definition**

This measurement captures the percentage of recorded usage that is delivered error free and in an acceptable format to the appropriate Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC). These percentages will provide the necessary data for use as a comparative measurement for BellSouth performance. This measurement captures Data Delivery Accuracy rather than the accuracy of the individual usage recording.

## **Exclusions**

None

#### **Business Rules**

The accuracy of the data delivery of usage records delivered by BellSouth to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree of accuracy comparative to BellSouth bills rendered to their retail customers. If errors are detected in the delivery process, they are investigated, evaluated and documented. Errors are corrected and the data retransmitted to the CLEC.

#### Calculation

Usage Data Delivery Accuracy =  $(a - b) / a \times 100$ 

- a = Total number of usage data packs sent during current month
- b = Total number of usage data packs requiring retransmission during current month

# Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- · Geographic Scope
  - Region

## **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Report Month
Record Type	<ul> <li>Record Type</li> </ul>
- BellSouth Recorded	
- Non-BellSouth Recorded	

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Region	<ul> <li>CLEC Usage Data Delivery Accuracy is comparable to</li> </ul>
	BellSouth Usage Data Delivery Accuracy

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
CLEC State	Parity With Retail
BellSouth Region	

# **B4: Usage Data Delivery Completeness**

## **Definition**

This measurement provides percentage of complete and accurately recorded usage data (usage recorded by BellSouth and usage recorded by other companies and sent to BellSouth for billing) that is processed and transmitted to the CLEC within thirty (30) days of the message recording date. A parity measure is also provided showing completeness of BellSouth messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. BellSouth delivers its own retail usage from recording location to billing location via CMDS as well as delivering billing data to other companies. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.

# **Exclusions**

None

#### **Business Rules**

The purpose of these measurements is to demonstrate the level of quality of usage data delivered to the appropriate CLEC. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.

#### Calculation

Usage Data Delivery Completeness =  $(a / b) \times 100$ 

- a = Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during current month that are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date
- b = Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during the current month

# **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- · CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- Region

## **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	• Report Month
Record Type	Record Type
- BellSouth Recorded	
- Non-BellSouth Recorded	

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Region	• CLEC Usage Data Delivery Completeness is comparable
	to BellSouth Usage Data Delivery Completeness

## **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# **B5: Usage Data Delivery Timeliness**

#### Definition

This measurement provides a percentage of recorded usage data (usage recorded by BellSouth and usage recorded by other companies and sent to BellSouth for billing) that is delivered to the appropriate CLEC within six (6) calendar days from the receipt of the initial recording. A parity measure is also provided showing timeliness of BellSouth messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.

## **Exclusions**

None

#### **Business Rules**

The purpose of this measurement is to demonstrate the level of timeliness for processing and transmission of usage data delivered to the appropriate CLEC. The usage data will be mechanically transmitted or mailed to the CLEC data processing center once daily. The Timeliness interval of usage recorded by other companies is measured from the date BellSouth receives the records to the date BellSouth distributes to the CLEC. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.

#### Calculation

Usage Data Delivery Timeliness Current month = (a / b) X 100

- a = Total number of usage records sent within six (6) calendar days from initial recording/receipt
- b = Total number of usage records sent

# **Report Structure**

- CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- Region

## **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Report Month
Record Type	Record Type
- BellSouth Recorded	
- Non-BellSouth Recorded	

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Region	• CLEC Usage Data Delivery Timeliness is comparable to
	BellSouth Usage Data Delivery Timeliness

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# **B6: Mean Time to Deliver Usage**

## **Definition**

This measurement provides the average time it takes to deliver Usage Records to a CLEC. A parity measure is also provided showing timeliness of BellSouth messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.

#### **Exclusions**

None

## **Business Rules**

The purpose of this measurement is to demonstrate the average number of days it takes BellSouth to deliver Usage data to the appropriate CLEC. Usage data is mechanically transmitted or mailed to the CLEC data processing center once daily. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.

#### Calculation

Mean Time to Deliver Usage = (a X b) / c

- a = Volume of Records Delivered
- b = Estimated number of days to deliver
- c = Total Record Volume Delivered

Note: Any usage record falling in the 30+ day interval will be added using an average figure of 31.5 days.

# **Report Structure**

- CLEC Aggregate
- · CLEC Specific
- · BellSouth Aggregate
- Region

## **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Report Month
Record Type	Record Type
- BellSouth Recorded	
- Non-BellSouth Recorded	

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Region	• Mean Time to Deliver Usage to CLEC is comparable to
	Mean Time to Deliver Usage to BellSouth.

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# **B7: Recurring Charge Completeness**

## **Definition**

This measure captures percentage of fractional recurring charges appearing on the correct bill.

## **Exclusions**

None

# **Business Rules**

The effective date of the recurring charge must be within 30 days of the bill date for the charge to appear on the correct bill.

# Calculation

## **Recurring Charge Completeness** = $(a / b) \times 100$

- a = Count of fractional recurring charges that are on the correct bill<sup>1</sup>
- b = Total count of fractional recurring charges that are on the correct bill

# **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate

## **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
• Report Month	Report Month
Invoice Type	Retail Analog
Total Recurring Charges Billed	Total Recurring Charges Billed
Total Billed on Time	Total Billed on Time

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Product/Invoice Type	
Resale	• Parity
• UNE	Benchmark 90%
Interconnection	Benchmark 90%

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Correct bill = next available bill

# **B8: Non-Recurring Charge Completeness**

## **Definition**

This measure captures percentage of non-recurring charges appearing on the correct bill.

## **Exclusions**

None

# **Business Rules**

The effective date of the non-recurring charge must be within 30 days of the bill date for the charge to appear on the correct bill.

# Calculation

Non-Recurring Charge Completeness =  $(a / b) \times 100$ 

- a = Count of non-recurring charges that are on the correct bill<sup>1</sup>
- b = Total count of non-recurring charges that are on the correct bill

# **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- · BellSouth Aggregate

## **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Report Month
Invoice Type	Retail Analog
Total Non-recurring Charges Billed	Total Non-recurring Charges Billed
• Total Billed on Time	Total Billed on Time

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Product/Invoice Type	
Resale	• Parity
• UNE	Benchmark 90%
Interconnection	Benchmark 90%

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Correct bill = next available bill

# **Section 6: Operator Services And Directory Assistance**

# OS-1: Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer - Toll

#### **Definition**

Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answered by a toll operator.

#### **Exclusions**

None

#### **Business Rules**

The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BellSouth customers.

#### Calculation

**Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer - Toll = a/b** 

- a = Total queue time
- b = Total calls answered

**Note**: Total queue time includes time that answered calls wait in queue as well as time abandoned calls wait in queue prior to abandonment.

# **Report Structure**

- Reported for the aggregate of BellSouth and CLECs
  - State

# **Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)**

- For the items below, BellSouth's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP
- Month
- Call Type (Toll)
- Average Speed of Answer

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	Parity by Design

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure				
No	Tier I			
	Tier II			

## SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# OS-2: Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered with "X" Seconds - Toll

#### **Definition**

Measurement of the percent of toll calls that are answered in less than ten seconds.

### **Exclusions**

None

# **Business Rules**

The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BellSouth customers.

#### Calculation

The Percent Answered within "X" Seconds measurement for toll is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within "X" seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.

# **Report Structure**

- · Reported for the aggregate of BellSouth and CLECs
  - State

# **Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)**

- For the items below, BellSouth's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP
- Month
- Call Type (Toll)
- Average Speed of Answer

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	Parity by Design

## **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# DA-1: Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer - Directory Assistance (DA)

#### **Definition**

Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answered by a DA operator.

### **Exclusions**

None

# **Business Rules**

The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BellSouth customers.

#### Calculation

Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Directory Assistance (DA) = a / b

- a = Total queue time
- b = Total calls answered

**Note**: Total queue time includes time that answered calls wait in queue as well as time abandoned calls wait in queue prior to abandonment.

# **Report Structure**

- · Reported for the aggregate of BellSouth and CLECs
  - State

# **Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)**

- For the items below, BellSouth's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP
- Month
- Call Type (DA)
- · Average Speed of Answer

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggre	ation SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	<ul> <li>Parity by Design</li> </ul>

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# DA-2: Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered within "X" Seconds - Directory Assistance (DA)

## **Definition**

Measurement of the percent of DA calls that are answered in less than twelve seconds.

#### **Exclusions**

None

# **Business Rules**

The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BellSouth customers.

#### Calculation

The Percent Answered within "X" Seconds measurement for DA is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within "X" seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.

# **Report Structure**

- · Reported for the aggregate of BellSouth and CLECs
  - State

# **Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)**

- For the items below, BellSouth's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP.
- Month
- Call Type (DA)
- Average Speed of Answer

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	Parity by Design

## **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# **Section 7: Database Update Information**

# D-1: Average Database Update Interval

#### **Definition**

This report measures the interval from receipt of the database change request to the completion of the update to the database for Line Information Database (LIDB), Directory Assistance and Directory Listings. For E-911, see Section 8.

# **Exclusions**

- Updates Canceled by the CLEC
- · Initial update when supplemented by CLEC
- BellSouth updates associated with internal or administrative use of local services

#### **Business Rules**

The interval for this measure begins with the date and time stamp when a service order is completed and the completion notice is released to all systems to be updated with the order information including Directory Assistance, Directory Listings, and Line Information Database (LIDB). The end time stamp is the date and time of completion of updates to the system.

#### For BellSouth Results:

The BellSouth computation is identical to that for the CLEC with the clarifications noted below.

#### Other Clarifications and Qualification:

- For LIDB, the elapsed time for a BellSouth update is measured from the point in time when the BellSouth file maintenance process
  makes the LIDB update information available until the date and time reported by BellSouth that database updates are completed.
- Results for the CLECs are captured and reported at the update level by Reporting Dimension (see below).
- The Completion Date is the date upon which BellSouth issues the Update Completion Notice to the CLEC.
- If the CLEC initiates a supplement to the originally submitted update and the supplement reflects changes in customer requirements (rather than responding to BellSouth initiated changes), then the update submission date and time will be the date and time of BellSouth receipt of a syntactically correct update supplement. Update activities responding to BellSouth initiated changes will not result in changes to the update submission date and time used for the purposes of computing the update completion interval.
- Elapsed time is measured in hours and hundredths of hours rounded to the nearest tenth of an hour.
- Because this should be a highly automated process, the accumulation of elapsed time continues through off-schedule, weekends and holidays; however, scheduled maintenance windows are excluded.

#### Calculation

# **Update Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Completion Date & Time of Database Update
- b = Submission Date and Time of Database Change

#### Average Update Interval = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all Update Intervals
- d = Total Number of Updates Completed During Reporting Period

# **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific (Under development)
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate

# **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
• Database File Submission Time	<ul> <li>Database File Submission Time</li> </ul>
Database File Update Completion Time	<ul> <li>Database File Update Completion Time</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>CLEC Number of Submissions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>BellSouth Number of Submissions</li> </ul>
Total Number of Updates	<ul> <li>Total Number of Updates</li> </ul>

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation:	SQM Analog/Benchmark:
Database Type	Parity by Design
• LIDB	
Directory Listings	
Directory Assistance	

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

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# **D-2: Percent Database Update Accuracy**

#### **Definition**

This report measures the accuracy of database updates by BellSouth for Line Information Database (LIDB), Directory Assistance, and Directory Listings using a statistically valid sample of LSRs/Orders in a manual review. This manual review is not conducted on BellSouth Retail Orders.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Updates canceled by the CLEC
- Initial update when supplemented by CLEC
- · CLEC orders that had CLEC errors
- BellSouth updates associated with internal or administrative use of local services

## **Business Rules**

For each update completed during the reporting period, the original update that the CLEC sent to BellSouth is compared to the database following completion of the update by BellSouth. An update is "completed without error" if the database completely and accurately reflects the activity specified on the original and supplemental update (order) submitted by the CLEC. Each database (LIDB, Directory Assistance, and Directory Listings) should be separately tracked and reported.

A statistically valid sample of CLEC Orders are pulled each month. That sample will be used to test the accuracy of the database update process. This is a manual process.

# Calculation

**Percent Update Accuracy** =  $(a / b) \times 100$ 

- a = Number of Updates Completed Without Error
- b = Number Updates Completed

# Report Structure

- · CLEC Aggregate
- CLEC Specific (not available in this report)
- BellSouth Aggregate (not available in this report)

## **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Not Applicable
<ul> <li>CLEC Order Number (so_nbr) and PON (PON)</li> </ul>	Not Applicable
• Local Service Request (LSR)	
Order Submission Date	
<ul> <li>Number of Orders Reviewed</li> </ul>	
<b>Note</b> : Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Database Type	• 95% Accurate
• LIDB	
Directory Assistance	
Directory Listings	

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

7-4

# D-3: Percent NXXs and LRNs Loaded by the LERG Effective Date

#### **Definition**

Measurement of the percent of NXX(s) and Location Routing Numbers LRN(s) loaded in end office and/or tandem switches by the Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) effective date when facilities are in place. BellSouth has a single provisioning process for both NXX(s) and LRN(s). In this measure, BellSouth will identify whether or not a particular NXX has been flagged as LNP capable (set triggers for dips) by the LERG effective date.

An LRN is assigned by the owner of the switch and is placed into the software translations for every switch to be used as an administrative pointer to route NXX(s) in LNP capable switches. The LRN is a result of Local Number Porting and is housed in a national database provided by the Number Portability Administration Center (NPAC). The switch owner is responsible for notifying NPAC and requesting the effective date that will be reflected in the LERG. The national database downloads routing tables into BellSouth Service Control Point (SCP) regional databases, which are queried by switches when routing ported numbers.

The basic NXX routing process includes the addition of all NXX(s) in the response translations. This addition to response translations is what supports LRN routing. Routing instructions for all NXX(s), including LRN(s), are received from the Advance Routing & Trunking System (ARTS) and all routing, including response, is established based on the information contained in the Translation Work Instructions (TWINs) document.

#### **Exclusions**

- · Activation requests where the CLEC's interconnection arrangements and facilities are not in place by the LERG effective date
- · Expedite requests

## **Business Rules**

Data for the initial NXX(s) and LRN(s) in a local calling area will be based on the LERG effective date or completion of the initial interconnection trunk group(s), whichever is longer. Data for additional NXX(s) in the local calling area will be based on the LERG effective date. The LERG effective date is loaded into the system at the request of the CLEC. It is contingent upon the CLEC to engineer, order, and install interconnection arrangements and facilities prior to that date.

The total Count of NXX(s) and LRN(s) that were scheduled to be loaded and those that were loaded by the LERG effective date in BellSouth switches will be captured in the Work Force Administration -Dispatch In database.

## Calculation

Percent NXXs/LRNs Loaded and Tested Prior to the LERG Effective Date = (a / b) X 100

- a = Count of NXXs and LRNs loaded by the LERG effective date
- b = Total NXXs and LRNs scheduled to be loaded by the LERG effective date

#### Report Structure

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth (Not Applicable)

## **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Company Name	Not Applicable
Company Code	
NPA/NXX	
LERG Effective Date	
Loaded Date	

## SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Geographic Scope	• 100% by LERG Effective Date
- Region	

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

7-6

# Section 8: E911

# E-1: Timeliness

## **Definition**

Measures the percent of batch orders for E911 database updates (to CLEC resale and BellSouth retail records) processed successfully within a 24-hour period.

## **Exclusions**

- · Any resale order canceled by a CLEC
- · Facilities-based CLEC orders

## **Business Rules**

The 24-hour processing period is calculated based on the date and time processing starts on the batch orders and the date and time processing stops on the batch orders. Mechanical processing starts when SCC (the BellSouth E911 vendor) receives E911 files containing batch orders extracted from the BellSouth Service Order Control System (SOCS). Processing stops when SCC loads the individual records to the E911 database. The E911 database includes updates to the Automatic Location Identification (ALI) database. The system makes no distinction between CLEC resale records and BellSouth retail records.

# Calculation

**E911 Timeliness** = (a / b) X 100

- a = Number of batch orders processed within 24 hours
- b = Total number of batch orders submitted

# **Report Structure**

Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BellSouth retail updates

- State
- Region

#### **Data Retained**

- Report month
- · Aggregate data

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	Parity by Design

## **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# E-2: Accuracy

#### **Definition**

Measures the percent of E911 telephone number (TN) record updates (to CLEC resale and BellSouth retail records) processed successfully for E911 (including the Automatic Location Identification (ALI) database).

## **Exclusions**

- · Any resale order canceled by a CLEC
- · Facilities-based CLEC orders

#### **Business Rules**

Accuracy is based on the number of records processed without error at the conclusion of the processing cycle. Mechanical processing starts when SCC (the BellSouth E911 vendor) receives E911 files containing telephone number (TN) records extracted from BellSouth's Service Order Control System (SOCS). The system makes no distinction between CLEC resale records and BellSouth retail records.

#### Calculation

**E911 Accuracy** = (a / b) X 100

- a = Number of record individual updates processed with no errors
- b = Total number of individual record updates

# **Report Structure**

Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BellSouth retail updates

- State
- Region

# **Data Retained**

- · Report month
- Aggregate data

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	Parity by Design

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# E-3: Mean Interval

## **Definition**

Measures the mean interval processing of E911 batch orders (to update CLEC resale and BellSouth retail records) including processing against the Automatic Location Identification (ALI) database.

#### **Exclusions**

- Any resale order canceled by a CLEC
- · Facilities-based CLEC orders

## **Business Rules**

The processing period is calculated based on the date and time processing starts on the batch orders and the date and time processing stops on the batch orders. Data is posted is 4-hour increments up to and beyond 24 hours. The system makes no distinction between CLEC resale records and BellSouth retail records.

#### Calculation

## **E911 Interval** = (a - b)

- a = Date and time of batch order completion
- b = Date and time of batch order submission

#### **E911 Mean Interval** = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all E911 Intervals
- d = Number of batch orders completed

# **Report Structure**

Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BellSouth retail updates

- State
- Region

#### **Data Retained**

- · Report month
- · Aggregate data

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• None	Parity by Design

## **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# **Section 9: Trunk Group Performance**

# **TGP-1: Trunk Group Performance-Aggregate**

#### **Definition**

The Trunk Group Performance report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average trunk group blocking data for each hour of each day of the reporting cycle, for both CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups.

## **Exclusions**

- Trunk groups for which valid data is not available for an entire study period
- Duplicate trunk group information
- Trunk groups blocked due to CLEC network/equipment failure
- Trunk groups blocked due to CLEC delayed or refused orders
- Trunk groups blocked due to unanticipated significant increases in CLEC traffic
- Final groups actually overflowing, not blocked

#### **Business Rules**

The purpose of the Trunk Group Performance Report is to provide trunk blocking measurements on CLEC and BellSouth trunk groups for comparison only. It is not the intent of the report that it be used for network management and/or engineering.

#### Monthly Average Blocking:

- The reporting cycle includes both business and non-business days in a calendar month.
- Monthly average blocking values are calculated for each trunk group for each of the 24 time consistent hours across a reporting cycle.

#### Aggregate Monthly Blocking:

- Used to compare aggregate blocking across trunk groups which terminate traffic at CLEC points of presence versus BellSouth switches
- · Aggregate monthly blocking data is calculated for each hour of the day across all trunk groups assigned to a category.

# Trunk Categorization:

This report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average blocking data for each hour of a day. Therefore, for each reporting cycle, 24 blocking data points are generated for two aggregate groups of selected trunk groups. These groups are CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups. In order to assign trunk groups to each aggregate group, all trunk groups are first assigned to a category. A trunk group's end points and the type of traffic that is transmitted on it define a category. Selected categories of trunk groups are assigned to the aggregate groups so that trunk reports can be generated. The categories to which trunk groups have been assigned for this report are as follows.

Point B

Point B

## **CLEC Affecting Categories**:

Category 1:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth Access Tandem
Category 3:	BellSouth End Office	CLEC Switch
Category 4:	BellSouth Local Tandem	CLEC Switch
Category 5:	BellSouth Access Tandem	CLEC Switch
Category 10:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth Local Tandem
Category 16:	BellSouth Tandem	BellSouth Tandem
BellSouth Affecting	Categories:	

Point A

Point A

Category 9: BellSouth End Office BellSouth End Office

# Calculation

## Monthly Average Blocking:

• For each hour of the day, each day's raw data are summed across all valid measurements days in a report cycle for blocked and attempted calls.

• The sum of the blocked calls is divided by the total number of calls attempted in a reporting period.

## Aggregate Monthly Blocking:

- For each hour of the day, the monthly sums of the blocked and attempted calls from each trunk group are separately aggregated over all trunk groups within each assigned category.
- The total blocked calls is divided by the total call attempts within a group to calculate an aggregate monthly blocking for each assigned group.
- The result is an aggregate monthly average blocking value for each of the 24 hours by group.
- The difference between the CLEC and BellSouth affecting trunk groups are also calculated for each hour.

# **Report Structure**

- · CLEC Aggregate
- BellSouth Aggregate
  - State

# **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	• Report Month
Total Trunk Groups	Total Trunk Groups
Number of Trunk Groups by CLEC	Aggregate Hourly Blocking Per Trunk Group
Hourly Blocking Per Trunk Group	Hourly Usage Per Trunk Group
Hourly Usage Per Trunk Group	Hourly Call Attempts Per Trunk Group
Hourly Call Attempts Per Trunk Group	

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
CLEC aggregate	<ul> <li>Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage</li> </ul>
BellSouth aggregate	exceeds BellSouth blockage by more than 0.5% using
	trunk groups 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, 16 for CLECs and 9 for
	BellSouth

## **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
Yes	Tier I		
	Tier II	X	

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
CLEC Aggregate	<ul> <li>Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage</li> </ul>
BellSouth Aggregate	exceeds BellSouth blockage by more than 0.5% using
	trunk groups 1,3,4,5,10,16 for CLECs and 9 for
	BellSouth

# **TGP-2: Trunk Group Performance-CLEC Specific**

#### **Definition**

The Trunk Group Performance report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average trunk group blocking data for each hour of each day of the reporting cycle, for both CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups.

## **Exclusions**

- Trunk Groups for which valid data is not available for an entire study period
- Duplicate trunk group information
- Trunk groups blocked due to CLEC network/equipment failure
- Trunk groups blocked due to CLEC delayed or refused orders
- Trunk groups blocked due to unanticipated significant increases in CLEC traffic
- · Final groups actually overflowing, not blocked

## **Business Rules**

The purpose of the Trunk Group Performance Report is to provide trunk blocking measurements on CLEC and BellSouth trunk groups for comparison only. It is not the intent of the report that it be used for network management and/or engineering.

#### Monthly Average Blocking:

- The reporting cycle includes both business and non-business days in a calendar month.
- Monthly average blocking values are calculated for each trunk group for each of the 24 time consistent hours across a reporting cycle.

#### Aggregate Monthly Blocking:

- Used to compare aggregate blocking across trunk groups which terminate traffic at CLEC points of presence versus BellSouth switches.
- · Aggregate monthly blocking data is calculated for each hour of the day across all trunk groups assigned to a category.

#### **Trunk Categorization:**

• This report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average blocking data for each hour of a day. Therefore, for each reporting cycle, 24 blocking data points are generated for two aggregate groups of selected trunk groups. These groups are CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups. In order to assign trunk groups to each aggregate group, all trunk groups are first assigned to a category. A trunk group's end points and the type of traffic that is transmitted on it define a category. Selected categories of trunk groups are assigned to the aggregate groups so that trunk reports can be generated. The categories to which trunk groups have been assigned for this report are as follows.

#### **CLEC Affecting Categories:**

Point A	Point B

Category 1: BellSouth End Office BellSouth Access Tandem
Category 3: BellSouth End Office CLEC Switch

Office CLEC Switch

Office CLEC Switch

Office CLEC Switch

Category 4: BellSouth Local Tandem CLEC Switch
Category 5: BellSouth Access Tandem CLEC Switch
Category 5: CLEC Switch

Category 10: BellSouth End Office BellSouth Local Tandem Category 16: BellSouth Tandem BellSouth Tandem

**BellSouth Affecting Categories:** 

Point A Point B

Category 9: BellSouth End Office BellSouth End Office

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## Calculation

# Monthly Average Blocking:

- For each hour of the day, each day's raw data are summed across all valid measurements days in a report cycle for blocked and attempted calls.
- The sum of the blocked calls is divided by the total number of calls attempted in a reporting period.

#### **Aggregate Monthly Blocking:**

- For each hour of the day, the monthly sums of the blocked and attempted calls from each trunk group are separately aggregated over all trunk groups within each assigned category.
- The total blocked calls is divided by the total call attempts within a group to calculate an aggregate monthly blocking for each assigned group.
- The result is an aggregate monthly average blocking value for each of the 24 hours by group.
- The difference between the CLEC and BellSouth affecting trunk groups are also calculated for each hour.

# **Report Structure**

- CLEC Specific
  - State

#### **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Report Month	Report Month
Total Trunk Groups	Total Trunk Groups
<ul> <li>Number of Trunk Groups by CLEC</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Aggregate Hourly Blocking Per Trunk Group</li> </ul>
Hourly Blocking Per Trunk Group	<ul> <li>Hourly Usage Per Trunk Group</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Hourly Usage Per Trunk Group</li> </ul>	Hourly Call Attempts Per Trunk Group
Hourly Call Attempts Per Trunk Group	

# **SQM** Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
CLEC Trunk Group	• Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage
_	exceeds BellSouth blockage by more than 0.5% using
	trunk groups 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, 16 for CLECs and 9 for
	BellSouth

## **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
CLEC Trunk Group	• Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage
BellSouth Trunk Group	exceeds BellSouth blockage by more than 0.5% using
	trunk groups 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, 16 for CLECs and 9 for
	BellSouth

# **Section 10: Collocation**

# C-1: Collocation Average Response Time

#### **Definition**

Measures the average time (counted in calendar days) from the receipt of a complete and accurate collocation application (including receipt of application fee if required) to the date BellSouth returns a response electronically or in writing. Within 10 calendar days after having received a bona fide application for physical collocation, BellSouth must respond as to whether space is available or not.

## **Exclusions**

Any application canceled by the CLEC.

## **Business Rules**

The clock starts on the date that BellSouth receives a complete and accurate collocation application accompanied by the appropriate application fee if required. The clock stops on the date that BellSouth returns a response. The clock will restart upon receipt of changes to the original application request.

# Calculation

**Response Time** = (a - b)

- a = Request Response Date
- b = Request Submission Date

Average Response Time = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all Response Times
- d = Count of Responses Returned within Reporting Period

#### Report Structure

- · Individual CLEC (alias) Aggregate
- Aggregate of all CLECs

## **Data Retained**

- Report Period
- Aggregate Data

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• State	Virtual - 20 Calendar Days
• Virtual-Initial	Physical Caged - 30 Calendar Days
Virtual-Augment	<ul> <li>Physical Cageless - 30 Calendar Days</li> </ul>
Physical Caged-Initial	
Physical Caged-Augment	
Physical-Cageless-Initial	
Physical Cageless-Augment	

## **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

# **SEEM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

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# C-2: Collocation Average Arrangement Time

#### **Definition**

Measures the average time (counted in calendar days) from receipt of a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order (including receipt of appropriate fee if required) to the date BellSouth completes the collocation arrangement and notifies the CLEC.

## **Exclusions**

- Any Bona Fide firm order canceled by the CLEC
- · Any Bona Fide firm order with a CLEC-negotiated interval longer than the benchmark interval

## **Business Rules**

The clock starts on the date that BellSouth receives a complete and accurate Bone Fide firm order accompanied by the appropriate fee. The clock stops on the date that BellSouth completes the collocation arrangement and notifies the CLEC.

# Calculation

**Arrangement Time** = (a - b)

- a = Date Collocation Arrangement is Complete
- b = Date Order for Collocation Arrangement Submitted

Average Arrangement Time = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all Arrangement Times
- d = Total Number of Collocation Arrangements Completed during Reporting Period

# **Report Structure**

- · Individual CLEC (alias) Aggregate
- · Aggregate of all CLECs

## **Data Retained**

- · Report Period
- Aggregate Data

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• State	Virtual - 50 Calendar Days (Ordinary)
Virtual-Initial	• Virtual - 75 Calendar Days (Extraordinary)
Virtual-Augment	Physical Caged - 90 Calendar Days
Physical Caged-Initial	<ul> <li>Physical Cageless - 60 Calendar Days (Ordinary)</li> </ul>
Physical Caged-Augment	<ul> <li>Physical Cageless - 90 Calendar Days (Extraordinary)</li> </ul>
Physical Cageless-Initial	
Physical Cageless-Augment	

## **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure				
No	Tier I			
	Tier II			

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# C-3: Collocation Percent of Due Dates Missed

#### **Definition**

Measures the percent of missed due dates for both virtual and physical collocation arrangements.

## **Exclusions**

Any Bona Fide firm order canceled by the CLEC.

# **Business Rules**

Percent Due Dates Missed is the percent of total collocation arrangements which BellSouth is unable to complete by end of the BellSouth committed due date. The clock starts on the date that BellSouth receives a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order accompanied by the appropriate fee if required. The arrangement is considered a missed due date if it is not completed on or before the committed due date.

## Calculation

% of Due Dates Missed = (a / b) X 100

- a = Number of Completed Orders that were not completed within BellSouth Committed Due Date during Reporting Period
- b = Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period

# **Report Structure**

- · Individual CLEC (alias) Aggregate
- · Aggregate of all CLECs

## **Data Retained**

- · Report Period
- Aggregate Data

# SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• State	• >= 95% on time
• Virtual-Initial	
Virtual-Augment	
Physical Caged-Initial	
Physical Caged-Augment	
Physical Cageless-Initial	
Physical Cageless-Augment	

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	X
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
All Collocation Arrangements	• >= 95% on time

# Section 11: Change Management

# **CM-1: Timeliness of Change Management Notices**

## **Definition**

Measures whether CLECs receive required software release notices on time to prepare for BellSouth interface/system changes so CLEC interfaces are not impaired by change.

# **Exclusions**

- Changes to release dates for reasons outside BellSouth control, such as the system software vendor changes. For example: a patch to fix a software problem.
- Type 6 Change Requests (Defects/Expedites), as defined by the Change Control Process (CCP)

## **Business Rules**

This metric is designed to measure the percent of change management notices sent to the CLECs according to notification standards and time frames set forth in the Change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSouth and the CLECs to manage requested changes to the BellSouth Local Interfaces.

The clock starts on the notification date. The clock stops on the software release date. When project events occur (scope changes, analysis information, etc.), the software release date may change. A revised notification would be required and the clock would restart. Based on release constraints for defects/expedites, notification may be less than the agreed upon interval in the CCP for new features.

## Calculation

Timeliness of Change Management Notices = (a / b) X 100

- a = Total number of Change Management Notifications Sent Within Required Timeframes
- b = Total Number of Change Management Notifications Sent

## **Report Structure**

· BellSouth Aggregate

## **Data Retained**

- · Report Period
- Notice Date
- Release Date

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

ſ	SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
ſ	• Region	• 95% >= 30 Days of Release

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
Yes	Tier I		
	Tier II		X

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Region	• 95% >= 30 Days of Release

# **CM-2: Change Management Notice Average Delay Days**

#### **Definition**

Measures the average delay days for change management system release notices sent outside the time frame set forth in the Change Control Process.

# **Exclusions**

- Changes to release dates for reasons outside BellSouth control, such as the system software vendor changes. For example: a patch to fix a software problem
- Type 6 Change Requests (Defects/Expedites), as defined by the Change Control Process

### **Business Rules**

This metric is designed to measure the percent of change management notices sent to the CLECs according to notification standards and time frames set forth in the Change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSouth and the CLECs to manage requested changes to the BellSouth Local Interfaces.

The clock starts on the notification due date. The clock stops on the software release date. When project events occur (scope changes, analysis information, etc.), the software release date may change. A revised notification would be required and the clock would restart. Based on release constraints for defects/expedites, notification may be less than the agreed upon interval in the CCP for new features.

# Calculation

Change Management Notice Delay Days = (a - b)

- a = Date Notice Sent
- b = Date Notice Due

Change Management Notice Average Delay Days = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all Change Management Notice Delay Days
- d = Total Number of Notices Sent Late

# Report Structure

· BellSouth Aggregate

# **Data Retained**

- · Report Period
- Notice Date
- Release Date

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Region	• <= 8 Days

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# CM-3: Timeliness of Documents Associated with Change

#### **Definition**

Measures whether CLECs received requirements or business rule documentation on time to prepare for BellSouth interface/system changes so CLEC interfaces are not impaired by change.

# **Exclusions**

- Documentation for release dates that slip less than 30 days for reasons outside BellSouth control, such as changes due to Regulatory mandate or CLEC request
- Type 6 Change Requests (Defects/Expedites), as defined by the Change Control Process

### **Business Rules**

This metric is designed to measure the percent of requirements or business rule documentation sent to the CLECs according to documentation standards and timeframes set forth in the Change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSouth and the CLECs to manage requested changes to the BellSouth Local Interfaces.

The clock starts on the business rule documentation release date. The clock stops on the software release date. When project events occur (scope changes, analysis information, etc.), the software release date may change. Revisions to documentation could be required and the clock would restart.

# Calculation

Timeliness of Documents Associated with Change = (a / b) X 100

- a = Change Management Documentation Sent Within Required Timeframes after Notices
- b = Total Number of Change Management Documentation Sent

# **Report Structure**

• BellSouth Aggregate

# **Data Retained**

- · Report Period
- Notice Date
- · Release Date

# SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Region	• 95% >= 30 days if new features coding is required
	• 95% >= 5 days for documentation defects, corrections or
	clarifications

#### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
Yes	Tier I	
	Tier II	X

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
• Region	• $95\% >= 30$ days of the change

# CM-4: Change Management Documentation Average Delay Days

#### **Definition**

Measures the average delay days for requirements or business rule documentation sent outside the time frames set forth in the Change Control Process.

# **Exclusions**

- Documentation for release dates that slip less than 30 days for reasons outside BellSouth control, such as changes due to Regulatory mandate or CLEC request
- Type 6 Change Requests (Defects/Expedites), as defined by the Change Control Process

### **Business Rules**

This metric is designed to measure the percent of requirements or business rule documentation sent to the CLECs according to documentation standards and time frames set forth in the Change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSouth and the CLECs to manage requested changes to the BellSouth Local Interfaces.

The clock starts on the business rule documentation release date. The clock stops on the software release date. When project events occur (scope changes, analysis information, etc.), the software release date may change. Revisions to documentation could be required and the clock would restart.

# Calculation

**Change Management Documentation Delay Days** = (a - b)

- a = Date Documentation Provided
- b = Date Documentation Due

**Change Management Documentation Average Delay Days** = (c / d)

- c = Sum of all CM Documentation Delay Days
- d = Total Change Management Documents Sent

# **Report Structure**

· BellSouth Aggregate

# **Data Retained**

- · Report Period
- Notice Date
- · Release Date

# **SQM** Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• Region	• <= 8 Days

### **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# **CM-5: Notification of CLEC Interface Outages**

# **Definition**

Measures the time it takes BellSouth to notify the CLEC of an outage of an interface.

# **Exclusions**

None

# **Business Rules**

This measure is designed to notify the CLEC of interface outages within 15 minutes of BellSouth's verification that an outage has taken place. This metric will be expressed as a percentage.

# Calculation

Notification of CLEC Interface Outages = (a / b) X 100

- a = Number of Interface Outages where CLECS are notified within 15 minutes
- b = Total Number of Interface Outages

# **Report Structure**

• CLEC Aggregate

# **Data Retained**

Relating to CLEC Experience	Relating to BellSouth Performance
Number of Interface Outages	Not Applicable
• Number of Notifications <= 15 minutes	

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
• By interface type for all interfaces accessed by CLECs	• 97% in 15 Minutes

Interface	Applicable to
EDI	CLEC
CSOTS	CLEC
LENS	CLEC
TAG	CLEC
ECTA	CLEC
TAFI	CLEC/BellSouth

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure		
No	Tier I	
	Tier II	

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# Section 12: Bona Fide / New Business Request Process

# BFR-1: Percentage of BFR/NBR Requests Processed Within 30 Business Days

# **Definition**

Percentage of Bona Fide/New Business Requests processed within 30 business days for the development and purchases of network elements not currently offered.

# **Exclusions**

Any application cancelled by the CLEC

# **Business Rules**

The clock starts when BellSouth receives a complete and accurate application. The clock stops when BellSouth completes application processing for Network Elements that are not operational at the time of the request.

#### Calculation

Percentage of BFR/NBR Requests Processed Within 30 Business Days = (a / b) X 100

- a = Count of number of requests processed within 30 days
- b = Total number of requests

# **Report Structure**

- Individual CLEC (alias) Aggregate
- · Aggregate of all CLECs

### **Data Retained**

- Report Period
- Aggregate Data

# SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Region	• 90% <= 30 business days

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure				
No	Tier I			
	Tier II			

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# BFR-2: Percentage of Quotes Provided for Authorized BFR/NBR Requests Processed Within X (10/30/60) Business Days

# **Definition**

Percentage of quotes provided in response to Bona Fide/New Business Requests within X (10/30/60) business days for network elements not currently offered.

#### **Exclusions**

· Requests that are subject to pending arbitration

# **Business Rules**

The clock starts when BellSouth receives a complete and accurate application. The clock stops when BellSouth responds back to the application with a price quote.

# Calculation

Percentage of Quotes Provided for Authorized BFR/NBR Requests Processed Within X (10/30/60) Business Days = (a / b) X 100

- a = Count of number of requests processed within "X" days
- b = Total number of requests where "X" = 10, 30, or 60 days

# **Report Structure**

- New Network Elements that are operational at the time of the request
- New Network Elements that are ordered by the FCC
- New Network Elements that are not operational at the time of the request

# **Data Retained**

- · Report Period
- · Aggregate Data

# **SQM Disaggregation - Analog/Benchmark**

SQM Level of Disaggregation	SQM Analog/Benchmark
Region	• 90% <= 10/30/60 business days
	- Network Elements that are operational at the time of
	the request – 10 days
	- Network Elements that are Ordered by the FCC – 30
	days
	- New Network Elements – 90 days

# **SEEM Measure**

SEEM Measure			
No	Tier I		
	Tier II		

SEEM Disaggregation	SEEM Analog/Benchmark
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# Appendix A: Reporting Scope

# A-1: Standard Service Groupings

See individual reports in the body of the SQM.

# A-2: Standard Service Order Activities

These are the generic BellSouth/CLEC service order activities which are included in the Pre-Ordering, Ordering, and Provisioning sections of this document. It is not meant to indicate specific reporting categories.

# **Service Order Activity Types**

- Service Migrations Without Changes
- · Service Migrations With Changes
- Move and Change Activities
- Service Disconnects (Unless noted otherwise)
- New Service Installations

# **Pre-Ordering Query Types**

- Address
- Telephone Number
- Appointment Scheduling
- Customer Service Record
- Feature Availability
- · Service Inquiry

# **Maintenance Query Types:**

TAFI - TAFI queries the systems below

- CRIS
- March
- Predictor
- LMOS
  - DLR
  - DLETH
  - LMOSupd
- LNP
- NIW
- OSPCM
- SOCS

# Report Levels

- CLEC RESH
- CLEC State
- CLEC Region
- · Aggregate CLEC State
- · Aggregate CLEC Region
- · BellSouth State
- · BellSouth Region

# Appendix B: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms

# Symbols used in calculations

Σ

A mathematical symbol representing the sum of a series of values following the symbol.

A mathematical operator representing subtraction.

+

A mathematical operator representing addition.

/

A mathematical operator representing division.

<

A mathematical symbol that indicates the metric on the left of the symbol is less than the metric on the right.

<=

A mathematical symbol that indicates the metric on the left of the symbol is less than or equal to the metric on the right.

`

A mathematical symbol that indicates the metric on the left of the symbol is greater than the metric on the right.

>=

A mathematical symbol that indicates the metric on the left of the symbol is greater than or equal to the metric on the right.

()

Parentheses, used to group mathematical operations which are completed before operations outside the parentheses.

# Α

#### **ACD**

Automatic Call Distributor - A service that provides status monitoring of agents in a call center and routes high volume incoming telephone calls to available agents while collecting management information on both callers and attendants.

### Aggregate

Sum total of all items in like category, e.g. CLEC aggregate equals the sum total of all CLECs' data for a given reporting level.

#### **ALEC**

Alternative Local Exchange Company = FL CLEC

#### ADSL

Asymmetrical Digital Subscriber Line

#### ASR

Access Service Request - A request for access service terminating delivery of carrier traffic into a Local Exchange Carrier's network.

#### ATLAS

Application for Telephone Number Load Administration System - The BellSouth Operations System used to administer the pool of available telephone numbers and to reserve selected numbers from the pool for use on pending service requests/service orders.

#### **ATLASTN**

ATLAS software contract for Telephone Number.

### **Auto Clarification**

The number of LSRs that were electronically rejected from LESOG and electronically returned to the CLEC for correction.

# В

#### **BFR:**

Bona Fide Request

#### BILLING

The process and functions by which billing data is collected and by which account information is processed in order to render accurate and timely billing.

# **BOCRIS**

Business Office Customer Record Information System (Front-end to the CRIS database.)

#### BRI

Basic Rate ISDN

#### **BRC**

Business Repair Center - The BellSouth Business Systems trouble receipt center which serves business and CLEC customers.

#### **BellSouth**

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.

# C

#### **CABS**

Carrier Access Billing System

#### CCC

Coordinated Customer Conversions

#### **CCP**

Change Control Process

# Centrex

A business telephone service, offered by local exchange carriers, which is similar to a Private Branch Exchange (PBX) but the switching equipment is located in the telephone company Central Office (CO).

#### CKTID

A unique identifier for elements combined in a service configuration

# CLEC

Competitive Local Exchange Carrier

#### CLP

Competitive Local Provider = NC CLEC

#### CM

Change Management

#### **CMDS**

Centralized Message Distribution System - Telcordia administered national system used to transfer specially formatted messages among companies.

# **COFFI**

Central Office Feature File Interface - Provides information about USOCs and class of service. COFFI is a part of DOE/ SONGS. It indicates all services available to a customer.

# COG

Corporate Gateway - Telcordia product designed for the electronic submission of xDSL Local Service Requests.

# **CRIS**

Customer Record Information System - The BellSouth proprietary corporate database and billing system for non-access customers and services.

#### **CRSACCTS**

CRIS software contract for CSR information

# **CRSG**

Complex Resale Support Group

# **C-SOTS**

CLEC Service Order Tracking System

# **CSR**

Customer Service Record

#### **CTTG**

Common Transport Trunk Group - Final trunk groups between BellSouth & Independent end offices and the BellSouth access tandems.

#### **CWINS Center**

Customer Wholesale Interconnection Network Services Center (formerly the UNE Center).

# D

#### DA

Directory Assistance

#### Design

Design Service is defined as any Special or Plain Old Telephone Service Order which requires BellSouth Design Engineering Activities.

# **Disposition & Cause**

Types of trouble conditions, e.g. No Trouble Found, Central Office Equipment, Customer Premises Equipment, etc.

#### **DLETH**

Display Lengthy Trouble History - A history report that gives all activity on a line record for trouble reports in LMOS.

#### DLR

Detail Line Record - All the basic information maintained on a line record in LMOS, e.g. name, address, facilities, features etc.

#### DS-0

The worldwide standard speed for one digital voice signal (64000 bps).

#### DS-1

24 DS-0s (1.544Mb/sec., i.e. carrier systems)

#### DOE

Direct Order Entry System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Service Representatives to input business service orders in BellSouth format.

#### DOM

Delivery Order Manager - Telcordia product designed for the electronic submission of xDSL Local Service Requests.

#### DSAF

DOE (Direct Order Entry) Support Application - The BellSouth Operations System which assists a Service Representative or similar carrier agent in negotiating service provisioning commitments for non-designed services and Unbundled Network Elements.

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#### **DSAPDDI**

DSAP software contract for schedule information.

# **DSL**

Digital Subscriber Line

#### DUI

Database Update Information

# Ε

#### E911

Provides callers access to the applicable emergency services bureau by dialing a 3-digit universal telephone number.

#### **EDI**

Electronic Data Interchange - The computer-to-computer exchange of inter and/or intra-company business documents in a public standard format.

#### **ESSX**

BellSouth Centrex Service

# F

# **Fatal Reject**

LSRs electronically rejected from LEO, which checks to see of the LSR has all the required fields correctly populated.

# Flow-Through

In the context of this document, LSRs submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through to the BellSouth OSS without manual or human intervention.

#### FOC

Firm Order Confirmation - A notification returned to the CLEC confirming that the LSR has been received and accepted, including the specified commitment date.

#### FX

Foreign Exchange

# GH

#### HAL

"Hands Off" Assignment Logic - Front end access and error resolution logic used in interfacing BellSouth Operations Systems such as ATLAS, BOCRIS, LMOS, PSIMS, RSAG and SOCS.

### **HALCRIS**

HAL software contract for CSR information

#### **HDSL**

High Density Subscriber Loop/Line

# IJK

# **ILEC**

Incumbent Local Exchange Company

#### **INP**

Interim Number Portability

#### **ISDN**

Integrated Services Digital Network

#### IPC

Interconnection Purchasing Center

#### L

#### LAN

Local Area Network

#### LAUTO

The automatic processor in the LNP Gateway that validates LSRs and issues service orders.

#### LCSC

Local Carrier Service Center - The BellSouth center which is dedicated to handling CLEC LSRs, ASRs, and Preordering transactions along with associated expedite requests and escalations.

#### Legacy System

Term used to refer to BellSouth Operations Support Systems (see OSS)

#### LENS

Local Exchange Negotiation System - The BellSouth LAN/web server/OS application developed to provide both preordering and ordering electronic interface functions for CLECs.

#### LEO

Local Exchange Ordering - A BellSouth system which accepts the output of EDI, applies edit and formatting checks, and reformats the Local Service Requests in BellSouth Service Order format.

### LERG

Local Exchange Routing Guide

# **LESOG**

Local Exchange Service Order Generator - A BellSouth system which accepts the service order output of LEO and enters the Service Order into the Service Order Control System using terminal emulation technology.

#### **LFACS**

Loop Facilities Assessment and Control System

#### LIDB

Line Information Database

#### LISC

Local Interconnection Service Center - The center that issues trunk orders.

#### LMOS

Loop Maintenance Operations System - A BellSouth Operations System that stores the assignment and selected account information for use by downstream OSS and BellSouth personnel during provisioning and maintenance activities.

#### LMOS HOST

LMOS host computer

#### LMOSupd

LMOS updates

#### LMU

Loop Make-up

# LMUS

Loop Make-up Service Inquiry

#### LNP

Local Number Portability - In the context of this document, the capability for a subscriber to retain his current telephone number as he transfers to a different local service provider.

#### Loops

Transmission paths from the central office to the customer premises.

# LRN

Location Routing Number

#### LSR

Local Service Request - A request for local resale service or unbundled network elements from a CLEC.

# M

# Maintenance & Repair

The process and function by which trouble reports are passed to BellSouth and by which the related service problems are resolved.

#### **MARCH**

BellSouth Operations System which accepts service orders, interprets the coding contained in the service order image, and constructs the specific switching system Recent Change command messages for input into end office switches.

# Ν

#### **NBR**

New Business Request

#### NC

"No Circuits" - All circuits busy announcement.

#### NIW

Network Information Warehouse

### **NMLI**

Native Mode LAN Interconnection

# NPA

Numbering Plan Area

#### NXX

The "exchange" portion of a telephone number.

# 0

# **OASIS**

Obtain Availability Services Information System - A BellSouth front-end processor, which acts as an interface between COFFI and RNS. This system takes the USOCs in COFFI and translates them to English for display in RNS.

# **OASISBSN**

OASIS software contract for feature/service

### OASISCAR

OASIS software contract for feature/service

#### **OASISLPC**

OASIS software contract for feature/service

**B-6** 

#### **OASISMTN**

OASIS software contract for feature/service

#### **OASISNET**

OASIS software contract for feature/service

#### OASISOCP

OASIS software contract for feature/service

#### **ORDERING**

The process and functions by which resale services or unbundled network elements are ordered from BellSouth as well as the process by which an LSR or ASR is placed with BellSouth.

#### **OSPCM**

Outside Plant Contract Management System - Provides Scheduling Information.

#### OSS

Operations Support System - A support system or database which is used to mechanize the flow or performance of work. The term is used to refer to the overall system consisting of hardware complex, computer operating system(s), and application which is used to provide the support functions.

# **Out Of Service**

Customer has no dial tone and cannot call out.

# P

#### **PMAP**

Performance Measurement Analysis Platform

#### PMOAP

Performance Measurement Quality Assurance Plan

# PON

Purchase Order Number

#### **POTS**

Plain Old Telephone Service

### PREDICTOR

The BellSouth Operations system which is used to administer proactive maintenance and rehabilitation activities on outside plant facilities, provide access to selected work groups (e.g. RRC & BRC) to Mechanized Loop Testing and switching system I/O ports, and provide certain information regarding the attributes and capabilities of outside plant facilities.

# Preordering

The process and functions by which vital information is obtained, verified, or validated prior to placing a service request.

# **PRI**

Primary Rate ISDN

# **Provisioning**

The process and functions by which necessary work is performed to activate a service requested via an LSR or ASR and to initiate the proper billing and accounting functions.

#### **PSIMS**

Product/Service Inventory Management System - A BellSouth database Operations System which contains availability information on switching system features and capabilities and on BellSouth service availability. This database is used to verify the availability of a feature or service in an NXX prior to making a commitment to the customer.

#### **PSIMSORB**

PSIMS software contract for feature/service.

# QR

#### **RNS**

Regional Negotiation System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Consumer Services to input service orders in BellSouth format.

#### ROS

Regional Ordering System

#### RRC

Residence Repair Center - The BellSouth Consumer Services trouble receipt center which serves residential customers.

#### RSAG

Regional Street Address Guide - The BellSouth database, which contains street addresses validated to be accurate with state and local governments.

# RSAGADDR

RSAG software contract for address search.

#### **RSAGTN**

RSAG software contract for telephone number search.

# S

### SAC

Service Advocacy Center

#### SEEM

Self Effectuating Enforcement Mechanism

# SOCS

Service Order Control System - The BellSouth Operations System which routes service order images among BellSouth drop points and BellSouth Operations Systems during the service provisioning process.

#### **SOG**

Service Order Generator - Telcordia product designed to generate a service order for xDSL.

#### SOIR

Service Order Interface Record - any change effecting activity to a customer account by service order that impacts 911/E911

# **SONGS**

Service Order Negotiation and Generation System.

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# T

#### **TAFI**

Trouble Analysis Facilitation Interface - The BellSouth Operations System that supports trouble receipt center personnel in taking and handling customer trouble reports.

#### **TAG**

Telecommunications Access Gateway – TAG was designed to provide an electronic interface, or machine-to-machine interface for the bi-directional flow of information between BellSouth's OSSs and participating CLECs.

#### TN

Telephone Number

#### **Total Manual Fallout**

The number of LSRs which are entered electronically but require manual entering into a service order generator.

# UV

#### UNE

Unbundled Network Element

#### **UCL**

Unbundled Copper Link

# **USOC**

Universal Service Order Code

# WXYZ

#### WATS

Wide Area Telephone Service

#### WFA

Work Force Administration

#### WMC

Work Management Center

# WTN

Working Telephone Number.

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# Appendix C: Appendix C: BellSouth Audit Policy

BellSouth currently provides many CLECs with certain audit rights as a part of their individual interconnection agreements. However, it is not reasonable for BellSouth to undergo an audit of the SQM for every CLEC with which it has a contract. BellSouth has developed a proposed Audit Plan for use by the parties to an audit. If requested by a Public Service Commission or by a CLEC exercising contractual audit rights, BellSouth will agree to undergo a comprehensive audit of the aggregate level reports for both BellSouth and the CLEC(s) each of the next five (5) years (2001-2005) to be conducted by an independent third party. The results of that audit will be made available to all the parties subject to proper safeguards to protect proprietary information. This aggregate level audit includes the following specifications:

- 1. The cost shall be borne 50% by BellSouth and 50% by the CLEC or CLECs.
- 2. The independent third party auditor shall be selected with input from BellSouth, the PSC, if applicable, and the CLEC(s).
- 3. BellSouth, the PSC and the CLEC(s) shall jointly determine the scope of the audit.

BellSouth reserves the right to make changes to this audit policy as growth and changes in the industry dictate.