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March 31, 2015

Via Federal Express

Jeff Derouen **Executive Director** Public Service Commission 211 Sower Boulevard, P.O. Box 615 Frankfort, Kentucky 40602-0615

RECEIVED

APR 0 1 2015

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Re: In the Matter of: An Examination of the Application of the Fuel Adjustment Clause of Big Rivers Electric Corporation from November 1, 2013 through April 30, 2014 Case No. 2014-00230; and

> In the Matter of: An Examination of the Application of the Fuel Adjustment Clause of Big Rivers Electric Corporation from November 1, 2012 through October 31, 2014 Case No. 2014-00455

Dear Mr. Derouen:

Enclosed for filing in the above-referenced matters are an original and ten (10) copies of Big Rivers Electric Corporation's response to Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.'s motion to compel discovery. certify that on this date, a copy of this letter and a copy of the response were served on each of the persons listed on the attached service list by first-class mail.

Sincerely,

THE

Tyson Kamuf Counsel for Big Rivers Electric Corporation

TAK/lm **Enclosures**

Telephone (270) 926-4000 Telecopier (270) 683-6694

> 100 St. Ann Building PO Box 727 Owensboro, Kentucky

> > 42302-0727

Lindsay Barron cc: DeAnna Speed

Service List

Service List PSC Case No. 2014-00230 PSC Case. No. 2014-00455

Michael L. Kurtz, Esq. Kurt J. Boehm, Esq. Jody Kyler Cohn, Esq. BOEHM, KURTZ & LOWRY Attorneys at Law 36 East Seventh Street, Suite 1510 Cincinnati, OH 45202

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1	COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY	APR 0 1 2015
2 3	BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION	PUBLIC SERVICE
4		COMMISSION
5	In the Matter of:	
6		
7	AN EXAMINATION OF THE APPLICATION)	
8	OF THE FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE OF)	
9	BIG RIVERS ELECTRIC CORPORATION) Case No. 20	014-00230
10	FROM NOVEMBER 1, 2013 THROUGH)	
11 12	APRIL 30, 2014)	
13		
14	AN EXAMINATION OF THE APPLICATION)	
15	OF THE FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE OF)	
16	BIG RIVERS ELECTRIC CORPORATION) Case No. 20	14-00455
17	FROM NOVEMBER 1, 2012 THROUGH)	11 00 155
18	OCTOBER 31, 2014	
19		
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21	BIG RIVERS ELECTRIC CORPORATION'S RESPONSE TO KE	
22	INDUSTRIAL UTILITY CUSTOMERS, INC.'S MOTION TO COMPEL	DISCOVERY
23 24	Comes Big Rivers Electric Corporation ("Big Rivers"), by counsel, and	for its response
25	to the Motion to Compel Discovery filed by Kentucky Industrial Utility Custom	ners, Inc.
26	("KIUC") on March 26, 2015, states as follows.	
27	KIUC's Motion to Compel Discovery requests the Public Service Comp	nission
28	("Commission") to compel Big Rivers to respond to Item 1 of KIUC's Request	for Information
29	("KIUC 1-1"), which requests Big Rivers to perform calculations comparing the	e fuel cost
30	included in the fuel adjustment clause ("FAC") calculation in each month of the	two-year review
31	period to the fuel cost that would have been included in Big Rivers' FAC in each	h of those
32	months had Big Rivers allocated its lowest fuel cost generation to native load sa	ales. KIUC 1-1
33	requests that Big Rivers perform these calculations in the same manner as Big F	Rivers performed

¹ KIUC Motion to Compel Discovery at p. 1.

1 the calculations for its response to Item 3 of the Commission Staff's Third Request for

2 Information in Case No. 2014-00230 ("PSC 3-1").²

Big Rivers objected to KIUC 1-1 on the grounds that it was overly broad and unduly

4 burdensome.³ The burden required to respond to KIUC 1-1 is unreasonable given that the

5 requested information would only be relevant if (1) the Commission determined that Big Rivers'

fuel practices were unreasonable during the period under review; (2) that a refund is appropriate;

and (3) the refund should be based on the methodology Big Rivers used in responding to PSC 3-

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PSC 3-1 asked Big Rivers to compare its actual FAC amounts for the six-month period under review at that time to the FAC amounts that would have resulted had Big Rivers allocated its lowest fuel cost generation to native load customers on an hourly basis. Big Rivers explained in response that it did not have the processes in place to perform the requested calculations. Instead, Big Rivers provided an estimate of the impact of switching methodologies by allocating to native load on an hourly basis the least cost units based on the units' monthly average costs and then applying the cost differential per MWh to FAC generation

Interestingly, the methodology Big Rivers employed in responding to PSC 3-1 is quite different from the methodology proposed by KIUC. So, even if the Commission determines that not using KIUC's proposed methodology during the review period was unreasonable and that a refund is appropriate, a response to KIUC 1-1 would not give the difference (or anything close to the difference) between what the FAC amounts actually were and what those amounts would

volumes used to serve native load.6

² *Id*.

³ Big Rivers' response to KIUC 1-1.

⁴ PSC 3-1

⁵ Big Rivers' response to PSC 3-1.

⁶ Id.

1 have been under KIUC's methodology. In fact, KIUC's proposal that Big Rivers "allocate its

2 incremental fuel costs to off-system sales" could very well result in FAC charges higher than

3 under Big Rivers' current methodology.8

The monthly cost methodology Big Rivers used in its response to PSC 3-1 is also different than the hourly stacked cost methodology Big Rivers plans to propose as part of its next base rate proceeding, which Big Rivers expects to file in 2016. As explained in its response to PSC 3-1, Big Rivers does not currently have the tools necessary to perform the hourly stacked cost allocation requested in that question. However, Big Rivers is in the process of developing the necessary software as part of that next base rate case. This is a significant undertaking. While Big Rivers expects to have the necessary processes developed prior to 2016, it does not

currently have the tools necessary to determine the difference between the FAC amounts in the review period and what those amounts would have been had Big Rivers employed an hourly stacked cost approach.

KIUC asserts in its Motion to Compel Discovery that "Big Rivers' current method is not used by any other utilities in Kentucky." KIUC fails to realize that no two generating utilities in Kentucky (with the exception of post-merger Kentucky Utilities Company and Louisville Gas & Electric Company) utilize the same allocation methodology. KIUC also fails to realize that no other utility in Kentucky uses the monthly cost methodology that Big Rivers used in responding to PSC 3-1.

Thus, the monthly cost methodology Big Rivers used in its response to PSC 3-1 is different than the methodology proposed by KIUC, it is different from the hourly stacked cost methodology Big Rivers will propose in its next rate case, and it is different than the hourly

⁷ KIUC Motion to compel Discovery at p. 2.

⁸ Big Rivers' post-hearing brief in Case No. 2014-00230.

⁹ KIUC Motion to Compel Discovery at p. 3.

stacked cost methodologies used by other utilities. Absent findings from the Commission that

2 Big Rivers' current methodology is unreasonable and that, despite these differences in

3 methodologies, the methodology Big Rivers used in its response to PSC 3-1 should be used by

Big Rivers to allocate fuel costs, a response to KIUC 1-1 is unnecessary and is thus an undue

5 burden.

overly broad and unduly burdensome.

Compelling a response to KIUC 1-1 is all the more unreasonable when the amount of time required for the response is taken into account. The calculations Big Rivers performed for its response to PSC 3-1 cover six months of the two-year review period for which KIUC 1-1 requests calculations. Except for those six months, the information requested by KIUC 1-1 would require an unreasonable amount of new work. The calculations for the six months covered by PSC 3-1 required Big Rivers' personnel approximately 20 hours to perform, and Big Rivers estimates that the calculations for the remainder of the two-year period covered by KIUC 1-1 will require an additional 40 to 60 hours to perform. Big Rivers believes such a request is

KIUC argues in its Motion to Compel Discovery that it "is entitled to a response to [KIUC 1-1] under Rule 26.02(1)" of the Kentucky Rules of Civil Procedure ("CR"). ¹⁰ But CR 26.02¹¹ clearly does not allow one party to require another party to respond to any question regardless of the burden. In fact 26.03(1) expressly provides that "the court . . . may make any order which justice requires to protect a party or person from annoyance, embarrassment, oppression, or undue burden or expense, including one or more of the following: (a) that the

¹⁰ Id.

¹¹ Although CR 26.02 does not govern Commission proceedings, the Commission has relied on it as persuasive authority: "KRS 278.310 provides that the Commission is not bound by the technical rules of legal evidence, and the applicability of the Kentucky Rules of Civil Procedure [] is limited to civil actions in the Court of Justice. However, in adjudicating discovery disputes of this nature, we find it appropriate to consider CR 26.02(1), which delineates the scope of discovery in judicial proceedings." Order dated September 1, 2011, in *In the Matter of: Application of Louisville Gas and Electric Company for Certificates of Public Convenience and Necessity and Approval of its 2011 Compliance Plan for Recovery by Environmental Surcharge*, Case No. 2011-00162.

discovery not be had "12 The Commission, too, has exercised its authority to limit unduly

2 burdensome information requests.¹³ Therefore, CR 26.02 does not entitle KIUC to compel

3 responses to unduly burdensome requests.

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4 KIUC asserts in its Motion to Compel Discovery that it is "arbitrary and unreasonable"

5 for Big Rivers to object to KIUC 1-1 since Big Rivers did not object to PSC 3-1. 14 Big Rivers

did not comprehend the extent of the work that would be required when it began preparing the

response to PSC 3-1. Once the extent of the burden had become clear, Big Rivers had already

devoted significant time to the response, and it made sense to finish the task. Moreover, the

response to KIUC 1-1 is expected to require two to three times as much work as the response to

PSC 3-1. Since the burden of responding to KIUC 1-1 is expected to be so much greater than the

burden of responding to PSC 3-1, the fact that Big Rivers did not object to PSC 3-1 should not be

determinative of whether Big Rivers should be required to respond to KIUC 1-1.

KIUC argues in its Motion to Compel Discovery that Big Rivers had 14 days to prepare a response to KIUC 1-1 and could have requested an extension of time.¹⁵ But Big Rivers' objection is not about the length of time it had to prepare a response; its objection is that the burden required to respond to the question is unreasonable.

Finally, Big Rivers does not believe that its current methodology is unreasonable, that forcing Big Rivers to adopt a different methodology outside of a general rate case would be

¹⁵ *Id.* at pp. 3-4.

¹² CR 26.03(1); see also Com., Cabinet for Health & Family Servs. v. Chauvin, 316 S.W.3d 279, 306 (Ky. 2010) ("To further protect the Cabinet's KASPER data, however, the Court of Appeals, invoked CR 26.03, which permits the courts to fashion protective orders in order to prevent discovery from becoming unduly burdensome").

¹³ See, e.g., Order dated October 24, 2007, in In the Matter of: The Application of Kentucky-American Water Company for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity Authorizing the Construction of Kentucky River Station II, Associated Facilities and Transmission Main, Case No. 2007-00134 ("We find that LWC's objection to producing the documents should be overruled, but that the production of documents should be limited . . . producing a listing of all projects and their production schedules, even for the smallest of projects, is excessive and unduly burdensome").

¹⁴ KIUC Motion to Compel Discovery at p. 3.

1 reasonable, or that a refund would be appropriate. As explained in Big Rivers' post-hearing brief

2 in Case No. 2014-00230, Big Rivers has used system average fuel costs in its FAC for a number

3 of years, it used system average fuel costs in its last three rate cases, and the Commission has

approved the use of the system average fuel costs. 16 Big Rivers' continued use of system

5 average fuel costs is thus a reasonable methodology.

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6 KIUC claims that "Big Rivers' current method . . . was expressly rejected by the

7 Commission in a previous Order." This claim is blatantly false. In Case No. 94-458-A, the

8 Commission explained that "Big Rivers uses system average fuel cost to allocate fuel costs

among its native load customers and firm off-system customers. It uses incremental costs,

10 however, to allocate fuel costs to non-firm off-system sales." The Commission found this use

of system average fuel costs to be reasonable. 19 Although Big Rivers generally used incremental

costs to allocate fuel costs to non-firm off-system sales at that time, Big Rivers also used system

average fuel costs to allocate fuel costs to non-firm off-system sales when Big Rivers' Energy

Management System was not functioning properly, and the Commission also found this use of

system average fuel cost to be reasonable.²⁰ What the Commission rejected was KIUC's claim

that Big Rivers should be forced to use system average fuel costs in all cases. But the

17 Commission did not find that using system average in all cases would be unreasonable.

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¹⁶ Big Rivers' post-hearing brief in Case No. 2014-00230.

¹⁷ KIUC Motion to Compel Discovery at p. 3.

¹⁸ Order dated June 19, 1996, in In the Matter of: An Examination by the Public Service Commission of the Application of the Fuel Adjustment Clause of Big Rivers Electric Corporation from November 1, 1994 to April 30, 1995, Case No. 94-458-A, at p. 2; see also Order dated March 5, 1996, in In the Matter of: An Examination by the Public Service Commission of the Application of the Fuel Adjustment Clause of Big Rivers Electric Corporation from November 1, 1992 to October 31, 1994, Case No. 94-458.

¹⁹ See Order dated June 19, 1996, in In the Matter of: An Examination by the Public Service Commission of the Application of the Fuel Adjustment Clause of Big Rivers Electric Corporation from November 1, 1994 to April 30, 1995, Case No. 94-458-A, at pp. 2-5.

²⁰ See id. at p. 5.

1	It would be unreasonable, however, to require Big Rivers to switch to a new methodology
2	outside of a general rate case. Big Rivers' current methodology was used in its last three rate
3	cases. Changing the FAC allocation methodology will affect the amount of costs allocated to
4	off-system sales and will change the off-system sales margins used in the determination of base
5	rates. ²¹ As such, changing the allocation methodology only for purposes of the FAC without
6	making a corresponding change in base rates would violate the matching principle by creating a
7	mismatch between the fuel costs used in determining the FAC and the fuel costs (and
8	corresponding revenues) used in determining base rates. ²² It would also be unreasonable to order
9	a refund given that a retroactive change to the FAC allocation methodology, where there would
10	be no corresponding and offsetting change to base rates, would violate the matching principle.
11	For the foregoing reasons, and given the unreasonable burden that would be required for
12	Big Rivers to respond to KIUC 1-1, the Commission should deny KIUC's Motion to Compel
13	Discovery.
14	On this the 31 st day of March, 2015.
15	Respectfully submitted,
16 17	T. A
18	James M. Miller
19	Tyson Kamuf
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21	& MILLER, P.S.C.
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29	Counsel for Big Rivers Electric Corporation
30	, g

²¹ See Big Rivers' response to PSC 3-1. ²² See id.

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1 2	Certificate of Service		
3	I certify that a true and accurate copy of the foregoing was served by regular mail upon		
4	the persons listed on the accompanying service list, on or before the date the foregoing is filed		
5	with the Kentucky Public Service Commission.		
6			
7	On this the 31 st day of March, 2015,		
8			
9			
10	TS-P		
11	Counsel for Big Rivers Electric Corporation		