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APR 25 2014

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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April 25, 2014

HAND DELIVERED

Hon. Jeff Derouen Executive Director Public Service Commission 211 Sower Boulevard P.O. Box 615 Frankfort, KY 40601

> Re: Delta Natural Gas Company, Inc. Case No. 2013-00365

Dear Mr. Derouen:

We enclose for filing an original and ten copies of the rebuttal testimony of Matthew D. Wesolosky on behalf of Delta Natural Gas Company, Inc. in the above-captioned case. Thank you in advance for your assistance.

Sincerely,

Petert War

Robert M. Watt, III

rmw:rmw Enclosures cc: Mr. John B. Brown (w/o encl.) Counsel of Record (w/encl.)

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APR 25 2014

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In the Matter of:

APPLICATION OF DELTA NATURAL)	
GAS COMPANY, INC. FOR AN ORDER)	
DECLARING THAT IT IS AUTHORIZED)	CASE NO.
TO CONSTRUCT, OWN AND OPERATE)	2013-00365
A COMPRESSED NATURAL GAS)	
STATION IN BEREA, KENTUCKY)	

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF

MATTHEW D. WESOLOSKY

Filed: April 25, 2014

VERIFICATION

STATE OF KENTUCKY

COUNTY OF CLARK

The undersigned, Matthew D. Wesolosky, being duly sworn, deposes and says he is Vice President - Controller of Delta Natural Gas Company, Inc., that he has personal knowledge of the matters set forth in the following testimony, and the answers contained therein are true and correct to the best of his information knowledge and belief.

Matthew D. Wesolosky

Subscribed and sworn to before me by Matthew D. Wesolosky, this the $\frac{23}{2}$ day of April 2014.

My Commission Expires: 6/20/2016

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Emily P. Bennett Notary Public, State at Large, Kentucky



1 **Q**.

Please state your name, position and business address.

A. My name is Matthew D. Wesolosky. I am Vice President - Controller of Delta Natural
Gas Company, Inc. ("Delta"). My business address is 3617 Lexington Road, Winchester,
Kentucky 40391. I submitted direct testimony in this proceeding on November 22,
2013, which contained a statement of my qualifications, experience, job responsibilities
and previous testimony before the Commission.

7 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?

8 The purpose of my testimony is to rebut the arguments made by David Mrowzinski on **A**. behalf of Interstate Gas Supply, Inc. ("IGS") and Clean Energy Fuel Corp. ("Clean 9 10 Energy"). He recommends that the Commission not approve Delta's proposed 11 compressed natural gas fueling station ("CNG Station") and disputes Delta's estimate of 12 the cost to construct and operate the proposed CNG Station. He is also opposed to 13 ownership of the CNG Station by Delta and its inclusion in Delta's rate base. Mr. Mrowzinski provides no support for his proposed cost numbers. His argument about the 14 15 rate treatment of Delta's proposed CNG Station is flawed.

Q. What is Mr. Mrowzinski's position on the cost to construct Delta's proposed CNG Station?

A. In his testimony, he says that he does not have sufficient information to determine if Delta's testimony about the cost to construct the station is reasonable. Nevertheless, he says that in his experience costs tend to run over when constructing stations, particularly when it is the first station being constructed by a particular entity. The company Delta has chosen to construct the CNG Station is in the business of constructing stations and this will not be its first station. Moreover, when Delta asked IGS for information about

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cost overruns at stations owned or operated by IGS, it objected, claiming the question 1 2 was "overly vague and overly burdensome" and then stated that it does not have information regarding cost overruns for each station.¹ IGS only owns three stations and 3 Mr. Mrowzinski's experience consists of, at most, 4 operates one other station. constructing three stations and his resume² indicates that he has been "responsible for the 5 successful design and construction of all IGS CNG stations while remaining in budget [emphasis 6 added]." When requested to explain why Delta's estimated construction costs are 7 8 insufficient for Mr. Mrowzinski to determine if they are reasonable, he stated that there might be site preparation costs and costs to extend a pipeline to the station.³ There is a 9 10 line item in Wesolosky Exhibit I, which details the cost of construction for site preparation. So those costs are included in the estimate. Delta will not be required to 11 12 make any pipeline extensions to provide gas to the CNG Station.

Q. In its response to AG 1-19, IGS said that it recently hired a sales representative whose territory includes Kentucky. How does Delta's efforts to attract customers to its proposed CNG Station compare to IGS's plan?

A. Delta chose the Berea location because of its significant presence in Berea and Madison
 County. Delta has a district office in Berea and the proposed station will be located at
 Delta's Berea service center. In addition, Delta's President, CEO and Chairman of the
 Board, Glenn Jennings, is a long time resident of Berea. He served as a city
 councilperson in Berea for several terms and is presently a member of the Board of Berea
 College. Mr. Jennings has been discussing the possibility of selling CNG to fleets in the

¹ IGS Response to Delta 1-26(b).

² IGS Response to Delta 1-16, IGS Request for Document Production 2.

³ IGS Response to Delta 1-25.

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area with city and school management personnel. We believe that Mr. Jennings can more effectively attract customers than IGS's "one recent hire whose territory is Kentucky."

3 Q. What is Mr. Mrowzinski's position on operating costs for the station?

4 A. He claims that Delta has underestimated the operating costs of the CNG Station by 5 omitting certain costs. He said that I should have included electric compression costs, 6 state and federal road taxes, maintenance for the compressor, natural gas transportation 7 costs and credit card transaction merchant fees and sets forth what he believes these costs to be.⁴ When asked by Delta how he came up with these cost figures, IGS objected to the 8 question, claiming it was "overly burdensome, overly broad and overly vague."⁵ There is 9 10 no answer to Delta's question in the IGS response; instead IGS advised Delta to refer to 11 tariffs, tax statutes and the like. Mr. Mrowzinski says that he does not have any work papers, source documents, spread sheets or other documents utilized to determine the 12 13 costs in his testimony. In addition, Mr. Mrowzinski claims that the incremental cost to purchase natural gas vehicles, rather than gasoline vehicles, should be included as part of 14 the cost to construct the CNG Station.⁶ When asked the basis for this statement, Mr. 15 16 Mrowzinski said, "Further, including the incremental vehicle costs in the CNG station 17 project costs will give a more accurate reflection of the true cost of the CNG station project to Delta ratepayers."⁷ Vehicle costs are not part of construction costs and should 18 19 not be treated that way. It is no surprise that Mr. Mrowzinski had no answer to Delta's request that he provide citations to the Uniform System of Accounts or Generally 20 21 Accepted Accounting Principles in his response.

⁴ Mrowzinski Testimony at 7-8.

⁵ IGS Response to Delta 1-22.

⁶ Mrowzinski Testimony at 10.

⁷ IGS Response to Delta 1-24(a).

Q.Did you fail to consider electric compression costs, state and federal road taxes,2maintenance for the compressor, natural gas transportation costs and credit card3transaction merchant fees in performing your analysis?

4 A. No. In Delta's response to AG 1-59, I stated that the \$2.00 price at the pump would be 5 adjusted for the state and federal road taxes. With respect to the electricity required to compress the natural gas, this is considered in the \$20,000 of operating costs as noted in 6 7 my testimony, Mr. Morphew's Testimony, Delta's responses to PSC 1-8 and AG 1-88. The \$20,000 is also inclusive of maintenance. Mr. Brown clearly states⁸ that the station 8 will be charged a transportation rate. However, the transportation rate charged to the 9 10 station is not explicitly stated in the Wesolosky Exhibits since Delta is applying one hundred percent of the margin from each sale as a contribution towards the revenue 11 12 requirement. Credit card fees are not mentioned, but like taxes would be added to the sales price. 13

14 Q. Mr. Mrowzinski states that he estimates Delta's actual variable costs per GGE to be 15 approximately \$1.84. Do you agree with this estimate?

16 Unfortunately, since Mr. Mrowzinski chose not to produce information responsive to the A. 17 data requests allowing corroboration of his statements, I cannot vouch for the accuracy of 18 his estimate. However, attached to this testimony as Wesolosky Rebuttal Exhibit I is a press release from Kentucky Clean Fuels Coalition announcing the opening of a CNG 19 20 station in Lexington, Kentucky, by Clean Energy. The station will provide fuel, on a price 21 contract basis cost not to exceed \$1.21 per gasoline gallon equivalent. Although I do not 22 have sufficient evidence to judge the accuracy of Mr. Mrowzinski's variable cost estimate, it is reasonable to conclude that Clean Energy would establish a sales price. 23

⁸ Brown Testimony at 11.

which at minimum, would be sufficient to provide for all variable costs with a
 contribution towards the station's fixed costs.

Q. Did Delta request IGS's actual experience with respect to the level of the costs Mr. Mrowzinski says that Delta failed to include in its estimate of operating costs?

5 A. Yes. Unfortunately, IGS objected to the questions and then claimed that it could not 6 provide the information, even though it only owns three stations.⁹

Q. Mr. Mrowzinski claims that gas prices will be considerably higher than your 8 estimate. Do you agree?

Rather than speculate as to what gas prices might be in the future, I utilized the known 9 A. 10 and measurable price in effect at the time I filed my testimony. In response to Commission Staff data requests, Mr. Mrowzinski said that his estimated gas price was 11 12 based on a ten year look back and referred the Commission Staff to the Energy Information Administration website.¹⁰ Interestingly, there were four years in his estimate 13 14 during which the Henry Hub spot price was extraordinarily high and beginning in 2009 the Henry Hub spot price has been consistently below \$4.50 per MMBTU. In any event, 15 16 Delta would expect to adjust the price of CNG at the pump to reflect fluctuating natural 17 gas prices.

18 Q. Do you agree with Mr. Mrowzinski that you used the incorrect conversion ratio in 19 your testimony?

A. As stated on page 5 of my testimony, 1 GGE is the equivalent to 1.27 CCF, which agrees with Mr. Mrowzinski's assertion. However, I made an error in my calculation and in converting the per CCF price of natural gas to a per GGE price for natural gas, I made a

⁹ IGS Response to Delta 1-5.

¹⁰ IGS Response to Commission Staff 1-6 and 1-7.

1 clerical error and divided by 1.27 rather than multiply by 1.27. However, as previously 2 noted, the price at the pump would be adjusted for changes in the price of natural gas to 3 earn a reasonable contribution towards Delta's revenue requirement. Therefore, the error 4 has no impact on the overall station economics as the increased cost per CCF would not 5 impact the margin earned by the station.

Q.

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Are Mr. Mrowzinski's characterizations of the rate treatment of the CNG Station correct?

8 No. Mr. Mrowzinski says that a "CNG Station built from the rate base is a threat to any A. station that must [be] funded through private capital."¹¹ The proper explanation of the 9 10 rate treatment and impact of the CNG Station is set forth in Wesolosky Exhibit II. Delta is a publicly traded corporation, like Clean Energy, and funds its operations through 11 private capital just as Clean Energy does. Additionally, Delta, like Clean Energy, utilizes 12 a combination of debt and equity in its capital structure and must generate sufficient cash 13 14 flows to pay for the cost of capital.

15 Q. If the Berea CNG station is approved by the Commission, does Delta intend to build 16 additional CNG stations within its service territory?

17 No. Delta is proposing the Berea CNG Station as a pilot station. This pilot station would Α. provide both Delta and the Commission the opportunity to monitor the operations of a 18 19 utility-operated CNG Station to determine if the Commission should consider approving additional stations in the future. Delta's rates would include the items set forth in 20 21 Wesolosky Exhibit II. Irrespective of the positions Mr. Mrowzinski and I have taken on 22 the adequacy of the variable cost estimates, the rate impact based on no sales of CNG is minimal: \$0.004 per CCF. Therefore, as I said in my direct testimony, even if no sales of 23

¹¹ IGS Response to Delta 1-13.

1 CNG are made, the cost to each customer would be only \$2.24 per year. Delta's rates 2 will also reflect any revenue received from sales at the CNG Station, which will reduce or 3 completely offset that cost per customer.

Q. Mr. Mrowzinski indicates at page 15 of his testimony that the "vast majority of
other states . . . prohibit NGDCs from recovering the cost of CNG station
infrastructure in their rate base." Is this statement consistent with Clean Energy's
assessment of the situation in its 2013 Form 10K?

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A. No. The following statement appears in the 2013 Form 10-K filed by Clean Energy with

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the Securities and Exchange Commission:

10 Several natural gas utilities, including Pacific Gas and Electric, operate public access CNG stations that compete with our 11 stations. In December 2012, the California Public Utilities 12 13 Commission approved a compression services tariff application by 14 the Southern California Gas Company, allowing the utility to offer natural gas fueling infrastructure construction services that 15 16 compete with our offerings. In January 2014, Northwest Natural was also granted a similar service tariff by the Oregon Public 17 18 Utilities Commission. In addition, utilities in several states, 19 including Michigan, Illinois, New Jersey, North Carolina, 20 Missouri, Maryland, Oregon, Washington, Kentucky and Georgia, 21 have made efforts to invest in the market for natural gas vehicle fuels. Utilities have unique competitive advantages, including that 22 23 they typically have a lower cost of capital, substantial and 24 predictable cash flows, long-standing customer relationships, greater brand awareness and large and well-trained sales and 25 26 marketing organizations.

27 Q. Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony?

28 A. Yes.

29 005522.147995/4200682.4

WESOLOSKY REBUTTAL EXHIBIT I

Lexington Fayette Urban County GovernMent Approves Natural Gas Fueling Station Project

April 15, 2014 | Kentucky (http://kentuckycleanfuels.org/category/kentucky/)





A resolution accepting the response of Clean Energy to RFP no. 37-2013, and authorizing the mayor, on behalf of the urban county government, to execute an agreement with Clean Energy to establish a temporary natural gas fueling station and provide fuel, on a price contract basis cost not to exceed \$1.21 per gasoline gallon equivalent was approved April 10.

<u>Approval Document (http://kentuckycleanfuels.org/wpcontent/uploads/2014/04/Lex-Gov-Nat-Gas-.pdf)</u>

Related News

- LG&E and KU Adds Natural Gas Vehicle to Fleet (http://kentuckycleanfuels.org/2014/03/lge-ku-adds-natural-gasvehicle-fleet/)
- Carrollton Utilities Celebrates Natural Gas Fleet Additions (http://kentuckycleanfuels.org/2013/09/carrollton-utilitiescelebrates-natural-gas-fleet-additions/)
- Kentuckiana Cleanfuel Adding Second Location (http://kentuckycleanfuels.org/2014/01/kentuckiana-cleanfueladding-second-location/)
- Lexington Releases Natural Gas RFP (http://kentuckycleanfuels.org/2013/11/rfp-cng-fueling-services/)

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(http://kentuckycleanfuels.org/2014/04/lexington-fayette-urban-county-governmentapproves-natural-gas-fueling-station-project/?share=facebook&nb=1)

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(http://kentuckycleanfuels.org/2014/04/lexington-fayette-urban-county-govemmentapproves-natural-gas-fueling-station-project/?share≂linkadin&nb=1) <u>Kentucky</u> <u>Clean Fuel</u> <u>News</u> (http://kentuckycleanfuels.or;

National Clean Fuel News (http://kentuckycleanfuels.or;

News by Fuel Type

BIODIESEL (HTTP://KENTUCKYCLEANFUELS.OR(

ELECTRICITY (HTTP://KENTUCKYCLEANFUELS.OR(

ETHANOL (HTTP://KENTUCKYCLEANFUELS.OR(

IDLE REDUCTION (HTTP://KENTUCKYCLEANFUELS.OR(-REDUCTION/)

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