COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In the Matter of:

APPLICATION OF CANNONSBURG WATER) DISTRICT FOR (1) APPROVAL OF EMERGENCY) RATE RELIEF AND (2) APPROVAL OF THE) INCREASE IN NONRECURRING CHARGES)

<u>ORDER</u>

The Commission, on its own motion, HEREBY ORDERS that:

1. Cannonsburg Water District ("Cannonsburg") shall have 14 days from the date of this Order to file with the Commission written comments, if any, on the findings and recommendations contained in the Commission Staff Report, a copy of which is found at Appendix A to this Order, and to request a hearing or a conference with Commission Staff in this matter.

2. Cannonsburg's failure to file with the Commission written objections to a finding or recommendation contained in the Commission Staff Report within 14 days of this Order shall be deemed as agreement with that finding or recommendation and a waiver of any right to object to that finding or recommendation.

3. Cannonsburg's failure to request a formal hearing in this matter within 14 days of the date of this Order shall be deemed a waiver of any right to a hearing in this matter.

4. If Cannonsburg requests a hearing in this matter, it shall specifically identify in its written request for hearing all objections to the findings and

recommendations set forth in the Commission Staff Report and shall provide a brief summary of testimony that it expects to present at hearing.

5. Within 14 days of the date of this Order, Cannonsburg shall file with the Commission, in writing, its position on:

a. Adjusting its general rates for water service to a level that will produce \$2,444,661 from water sales; and

b. The conditions for the assessment of a surcharge to address excessive non-revenue water.

6. Cannonsburg shall file any revised request for rate adjustment, including the assessment of a surcharge to address excessive non-revenue water, with its response to the Commission Staff Report.

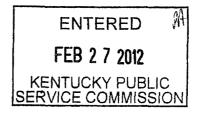
7. If Cannonsburg revises its request for rate adjustment, it shall publish notice of its revised request in a newspaper of general circulation in its territory and shall provide the Commission with proof of publication of such notice no later than March 23, 2012. Notice shall be in the format set forth in Appendix B.

8. If the Commission does not receive any written request for a hearing or for an informal conference with Commission Staff within the 14 days of the date of this Order, this case shall stand submitted to the Commission for decision based upon the existing record.

Case No. 2011-00217

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By the Commission



ATTEST knuskun Executive Director

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APPENDIX A

APPENDIX TO AN ORDER OF THE KENTUCKY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION IN CASE NO. 2011-00217 DATED FEB 2 7 2012

STAFF REPORT

ON

CANNONSBURG WATER DISTRICT

CASE NO. 2011-00217

On August 8, 2011, Cannonsburg Water District ("Cannonsburg") applied for an adjustment of its rates for water service.¹ It proposed rates that would reportedly produce additional revenues of \$183,330 and total annual revenues of \$2,234,187.² The proposed rates would increase the monthly bill of a customer who uses 5,000 gallons of water from \$36.00 to \$39.50.³

Commission Staff members Mark Frost and Sam Reid performed a limited financial review of Cannonsburg's operations for the calendar year ending December 31, 2010 to determine whether test-period operating revenues and expenses are representative of normal operations and the proposed adjustments are reasonable. They did not pursue and have not addressed in this report insignificant or immaterial discrepancies. Where they have not expressly addressed a test-period expense, they found insufficient evidence to contest the reasonableness of that expense.

This report summarizes Commission Staff's review and recommendations. Attachment A contains Cannonsburg's proposed pro forma operating statement.

² Application at 3.

¹ Cannonsburg District tendered its application with the Commission on June 27, 2011. Upon review of the application, the Executive Director refused to accept the application for filing and advised Cannonsburg District of several deficiencies that required corrective action. On July 25, 2011, Cannonsburg District supplemented its application to cure the noted deficiencies and requested a deviation from 807 KAR 5.006, Section 10(6)(b). It renewed and supplemented its request for a deviation on August 8, 2011. On August 10, 2011, the Commission granted Cannonsburg District's request for a deviation, accepted the application for filing, and directed that it be considered filed as of August 8, 2011.

³ These rates do not reflect adjustments in Cannonsburg's rates due to increases in its cost of purchased water.

Commission Staff's recommended pro forma operating statement is set forth in Attachment B. In Attachment C, Commission Staff sets forth its findings and recommendations regarding Cannonsburg's proposed adjustments and explains its recommended adjustments to Cannonsburg's test-period operating statement. Commission Staff's cost-of-service study is found at Attachment D. Its proposed rates are found at Attachment E.

Mr. Reid is responsible for the pro forma revenue adjustment and the calculation of the recommended rates. Mr. Frost is responsible for all pro forma operating expense adjustments, the revenue requirement determination, and the non-revenue water surcharge.

In developing its recommended pro forma operating statement, Commission Staff proposes that Cannonsburg's purchased water expense not include the cost of purchased water for unaccounted-for water loss that exceeds 15 percent of Cannonsburg's total water purchases during the test period. Commission Staff found that, during the test period, Cannonsburg experienced water line losses of 29.91 percent of purchased water and recommended exclusion of \$233,625 of the cost of this lost water from rate recovery. 807 KAR 5:066, Section 6(3)⁴ requires this action.

Pursuant to 807 KAR 5:066, Section 6(3), Cannonsburg has proposed that its present level of unaccounted-for water loss of 29.91 percent be deem a reasonable

⁴ Except for purchased water rate adjustments for water districts and water associations, and rate adjustments pursuant to KRS 278.023(4), for rate making purposes a utility's unaccounted-for water loss shall not exceed fifteen (15) percent of total water produced and purchased, excluding water used by a utility in its own operations. Upon application by a utility in a rate case filing or by separate filing, or upon motion by the commission, an alternative level of reasonable unaccounted-for water loss may be established by the commission. A utility proposing an alternative level shall have the burden of demonstrating that the alternative level is more reasonable than the level prescribed in this section.

level in light of the current condition of Cannonsburg's water distribution system.⁵ It states that, because of the age of its water mains, which is in excess of 40 years, repairs on a water main result in increased water pressure at other portions on the water system resulting in further main breaks. These occurrences, it states, can only be remedied with the development of a comprehensive water main replacement program.

807 KAR 5:066, Section 6(3), places the burden upon Cannonsburg to demonstrate the reasonableness of its alternative level for unaccounted-for water loss. Commission Staff does not believe that Cannonsburg has met this burden and recommends denial of Cannonsburg's proposal. As shown in Table I, a review of Cannonsburg's annual reports to the Commission indicates that the unaccounted-for water problems have existed for an extended period and that Cannonsburg has consistently underreported its unaccounted-for line loss while reporting a large portion of water usage as "Other Water Used – Other." Its officers cannot explain the nature of this use and have suggested that it represents unaccounted-for water.⁶

Assuming that Cannonsburg had properly reported its water usage, it would have experienced unaccounted-for water in excess of 15 percent for an extended period of time. Commission Staff is of the opinion that, even without properly reporting its water usage, Cannonsburg should have recognized its unaccounted-for water issue and implemented a program to reduce its non-revenue water problem

⁵ Letter from Danny Clarkson, General Manager, Cannonsburg Water District, to Gerald Wuetcher, Attorney, Public Service Commission (Aug. 18, 2011).

⁶ When questioned regarding the circumstances regarding this water, Cannonsburg's General Manager could not explain the nature of this use and stated it should be considered as unaccounted-for water. Video Transcript: 8/16/2011, 11:05:20 – 11:05:50.

much earlier. Moreover, Cannonsburg has failed to demonstrate that a 15 percent

			TABL	EI		
Year	Total H ₂ O	Reported	Reported	Reported Other	Total	Total
	Purchased	Unaccounted	Unaccounted	H₂O Used -	Unaccounted	Unaccounted
		H₂O Loss	H₂O Loss	Other	H ₂ O Loss	H₂O Loss
			Percentage			Percentage
2002	439,822,000	36,836,000	8.3752	70,926,000	107,762,000	24.50
2003	350,590,000	62,995,000	17.9683	55,112,000	118,107,000	33.69
2004	357,234,000	95,560,000	26.7500	8,631,000	104,191,000	29.17
2005	371,021,000	86,058,000	23.1949	0	86,058,000	23.19
2006	532,331,000	52,814,000	9.9213	2,343,000	*276,297,000	51.90
2007	477,872,000	38,195,000	7.9927	6,802	**133,944,000	28.03
2008	440,278,000	27,352,000	6.2124	90,159,000	117,511,000	26.69
2009	456,104,000	15,474,000	3.3926	131,907,000	147,381,000	32.31
2010	538,431,000	23,179,000	4.3049	***126,701,000	149,880,000	27.84

unaccounted-for water level is unattainable.

Source: Cannonsburg's Annual Reports for the Calendar Years 2002-2010

*In its Annual Report for the Calendar Year Ending December 31, 2006, Cannonsburg failed to account for the total amount of water purchased. The sum of Total Water Sales (line 13), Total Other Water Used (line 21), and Total Line Loss (line 28) should equal Total Water Produced and Purchased (line 4). Although Cannonsburg reported 532,331,000 gallons Produced and Purchased (line 4), the sum of Total Water Sales of 256,052,000 gallons (line 13), Total Other Water Used of 2,343,000 gallons (line 21), and Total Line Loss of 52,814,000 gallons (line 28) only equals 311,209,000 gallons. Cannonsburg failed to account for approximately 221,122,000 gallons of water purchased. When this unaccounted for amount is added to reported Total Line Loss and Other Water Used–Other, an actual Unaccounted-for Water Loss of 273,936,000 gallons results.

**In its Annual Report for the Calendar Year Ending December 31, 2007, Cannonsburg failed to account for the total amount of water purchased. The sum of Total Water Sales (line 13), Total Other Water Used (line 21), and Total Line Loss (line 28) should equal Total Water Produced and Purchased (line 4). Although Cannonsburg reported 477,872,000 gallons Produced and Purchased (line 4), the sum of Total Water Sales of 342,375,000 gallons (line 13), Total Other Water Used of 8,355,000 gallons (line 21), and Total Line Loss of 38,195,000 gallons (line 28) only equals 388,925,000 gallons. Cannonsburg failed to account for approximately 88,947,000 gallons of water purchased. When this unaccounted for amount is added to reported Total Line Loss and Other Water Used–Other, an actual Unaccounted-for Water Loss of 273,936,000 gallons results.

***On January 24, 2012, Cannonsburg amended its Annual Report for the Calendar Year Ending December 31, 2010 to report total water loss of 142,452,000 gallons and a water loss percentage of 26.4569 percent.

Cannonsburg has two outstanding long-term debts: outstanding bonds from a 1974 bond issuance that the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development ("RD") holds; and a 2001 Kentucky Rural Water Finance Corporation ("KRWFC") loan. In calculating its requested revenue requirement, Cannonsburg used an annual debt service payment of \$65,112. As shown in Table II, the three-year average debt service for Cannonsburg is \$56,002.

	Table II. Average Debt Service											
							3	3-Year				
		2012		2013		2014		verage				
RD	\$	28,125	\$	26,875	\$	25,625	\$	26,875				
KRWFC		28,797		29,153		29,432		29,127				
Totals - Debt Service	\$	56,922	\$	56,028	\$	55,057	\$	56,002				

Cannonsburg requests rates that will produce annual revenues of \$2,200,548⁷ based upon an annual debt service of \$65,112 and a 1.2x Debt Service Coverage ("DSC"). Since filing its application, Cannonsburg has twice adjusted its rates to pass through increases in its water supplier's rate for water service.⁸ Adjusting normalized revenues to reflect these rates will increase Cannonsburg's normalized revenues from \$2,017,218⁹ to \$2,201,936. Cannonsburg's requested revenue requirement of \$2,200,548 is \$1,388 below normalized revenues of \$2,201,936.

The Commission generally uses the DSC methodology to determine the revenue requirement for water districts and associations. It uses this methodology because a bond ordinance or loan agreement requires the district or association to maintain a specified DSC level.¹⁰ Normally the DSC methodology produces adequate revenue to

⁷ Application, Exhibit 4, 2010 Revenue and Expenses, \$2,340,187 (Total Revenue Requirement) - \$35,070 (Tap Fees) - \$16,376 (Interest Income) - \$53,261 (Other Income) - \$34,932 (Penalties and Charges) = \$2,200,548.

⁸ Case No. 2011-00355, Purchased Water Adjustment Filing of Cannonsburg Water District (Ky. PSC Sep. 22, 2011). Case No. 2011-00518, Purchased Water Adjustment Filing of Cannonsburg Water District (Ky. PSC Jan. 10, 2012).

⁹ Application, Exhibit 4, 2010 Revenue and Expenses, \$1,645,492 (Retail Sales) + \$333,865 (Wholesales) + \$37,861 (Leak Adjustments) = \$2,017,218.

¹⁰ The 1974 bond ordinance requires Cannonsburg to maintain a 1.2x DSC but the KRWFC loan agreement does not mandate a specific DSC level. For such loans, the Commission has historically used a 1.1x DSC.

allow the district or association to pay its operating expenses, service its debt, and generate equity growth. In this case, however, the use of the DSC methodology produces a total revenue requirement of \$2,291,771 for a negative cash flow of (\$51,316) as shown in Table III. Commission Staff, therefore, does not recommend the use of the DSC methodology in this case.

Table III: DSC and Cash Flow										
	Deb	t Service		DSC	Re	equirement				
RD	\$	26,875	Х	1.20	\$	32,250				
KRWFC	\$	29,127	Х	1.10	+	32,040				
Debt Service Coverage	\$	64,290								
Add: Pro Forma Operating Expenses	+	2,227,481								
Total Revenue Requirement					\$	2,291,771				
Less: Pro Forma Operation and Mainter	ance I	Expenses				2,023,294				
Disallowed Purchased Water Cos	t					233,625				
Taxes Other Than Income Tax						30,166				
Average Annual Debt Service	-	56,002								
Net Cash Flow	\$	(51,316)								

Commission Staff instead recommends that the Commission use the operating ratio methodology to calculate Cannonsburg's revenue requirement.¹¹ The Commission generally uses this approach to determine a utility's revenue requirement when no basis for a rate-of-return determination exists, the utility's plant is fully or largely funded through contributions, or the DSC methodology fails to produce a revenue requirement sufficient to support the utility's operations. Commission Staff is of the opinion that an operating ratio of 88 percent will allow Cannonsburg sufficient revenues to cover its reasonable operating expenses, meet its debt service requirements, and provide for reasonable equity growth.

Operating Ratio = Operating Expenses + Depreciation + Taxes Gross Revenues

¹¹ Operating Ratio is defined as the ratio of expenses, including depreciation and taxes, to gross revenues. It is illustrated by the following equation:

As shown in Table IV, Commission Staff's recommended pro forma operations, a dollar-for-dollar coverage of interest expense, and an operating ratio of 88 percent result in a revenue requirement from rates of \$2,444,661, an increase of \$242,725, or 11.02 percent, over Commission Staff's normalized revenue from rates of \$2,201,936. Unlike the DSC, the operating ratio produces a net positive cash flow of \$186,315.¹²

Table IV: Operating Ratio		
Pro Forma Operating Expenses	\$	2,227,481
Divided by: Operating Ratio	÷	88%
Subtotal	\$	2,531,228
Add: Interest Expense	+	18,002 ¹³
Total Revenue Requirement	\$	2,549,230
Less: Other Income & Deductions	-	16,376
Revenue Requirement from Operations	\$	2,532,854
Less: Other Operating Revenues	-	88,193
Revenue Requirement from Water Sales	\$	2,444,661
Less: Pro Forma Revenue - Water Sales	-	2,201,936
Recommended Increase	\$	242,725

Commission Staff finds that Cannonsburg's proposed rates will produce a level of revenue that is insufficient to meet the water district's reasonable operating expenses and service its existing debt. Based upon the cost-of-service study found at Attachment D, Commission Staff finds that, based upon normalized test-period sales, the rates set forth in Attachment E will produce annual revenues of \$2,444,661.

In reviewing Cannonsburg's financial condition, Commission Staff is of the opinion that Cannonsburg lacks adequate resources necessary to address its excessive

¹² \$2,531,228 (Total Revenue Requirement) – \$2,227,482 (Pro Forma Operating Expenses) -\$233,625 (Disallowed Purchased Water Cost) = \$70,121 (Net Operating Income) + \$172,196 (Depreciation) - \$56,002 (Average Debt Service) = \$186,315.

¹³ \$1,875 (Three Year Average Interest RD Bonds) + \$16,127 (Three Year Average Interest KRWC Loan) = \$18,002.

non-revenue water¹⁴ and adequate funds to sustain the level of effort necessary to reduce excessive non-revenue water. Commission Staff has recommended a reduction of \$221,348 in Cannonsburg's purchased water expense for ratemaking purposes to comply with 807 KAR 5:066, Section 6(3). This reduction will limit the funds available to the water district to address its non-revenue water problem. Commission Staff is concerned that this reduction will severely restrict Cannonsburg's cash flow and prevents Cannonsburg from taking action necessary to focus on leak detection and repair.

Given these circumstances, Commission Staff recommends that the Commission grant Cannonsburg's request to assess a surcharge whose proceeds will be solely devoted to Cannonsburg's non-revenue water reduction efforts. Such surcharge is consistent with Commission action in other cases involving water districts with high non-

¹⁴ According to the Commission's annual financial and statistical report form, "line loss" is the total amount of water lost because of tank overflows, line breaks, line leaks, and other causes. "Non-revenue Water" is defined as "those components of system input volume that are not billed and produce no revenue; equal to unbilled authorized consumption plus apparent losses plus real losses." American Water Works Association, *Water Audits and Loss Control Programs* (3d ed. 2009) at 271. 807 KAR 5:066, Section 6(3), provides that "for rate making purposes a utility's unaccounted-for water loss shall not exceed fifteen (15) percent of total water produced and purchased, excluding water used by a utility in its own operations." "Unaccounted-for water loss" equals the difference of the total amount of water produced and purchased and the sum of water sold, water used for fire protection purposes, and water used in treatment and distribution operations (e.g., backwashing filters, line flushing).

revenue water problems.¹⁵ The amount of the surcharge would be based upon the amount of expenses that 807 KAR 5:066, Section 6(3), requires to be disallowed.

Using past Commission practice as a guide, the proposed surcharge would allow for the assessment and collection of \$233,625¹⁶ annually for a period of 36 months or until \$700,875¹⁷ had been assessed. Based upon the number of bills that Cannonsburg issues annually, the amount of the proposed monthly surcharge would be \$5.53 per customer.¹⁸

Commission Staff recommends that authorization to assess such a surcharge be subject to the following conditions:

- Within 90 days of the entry of a Final Order, Cannonsburg file with the Commission a comprehensive non-revenue water-reduction plan that identifies the sources of the excessive non-revenue water and the amount of non-revenue water from each source, establishes priorities and a time schedule for eliminating each source of non-revenue water, and provides a specific spending plan for the surcharge's proceeds.
- Cannonsburg must deposit surcharge collections in a separate interest-bearing account.

¹⁶ \$1,332,234 (Purchased Water Expense Without Unaccounted for Water Limitation) -\$1,098,609 (Purchased Water Expense Limited to 15% Unaccounted For Water) = \$233,625.

¹⁸ \$233,625 (Annual Non-Revenue Water Limitation) ÷ 42,240 (Number of Bills) = \$5.53.

¹⁵ See, e.g., Case No. 9262, The Application of the Muhlenberg County Water District, a Water District Organized Pursuant to Chapter 74 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes for a General Adjustment of Rates and Revision of Rates (Ky. PSC Oct. 9, 1985); Case No. 9290, The Notice of Lake Village Water Association, Inc. of a Tariff Amendment Adjusting Rates; Notice of Tariff Adjustment Imposing a Temporary Special Rule to Limit the Availability of Water Service Connections; Application for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity; Application for Authority to Issue a Promissory Note and Mortgage to the Farmers Home Administration; and Application that It be Included in the Demonstration Project to Define Excessive Water Loss (Ky. PSC Dec. 30, 1985); Case No. 96-126, An Investigation into the Operations and Management of Mountain Water District (Ky. PSC Aug. 11, 1997); Case No. 2010-00300, Application of Martin County Water District for Approval of a Proposed Increase in Rates for Water Service (Ky. PSC July 7, 2011).

¹⁷ \$233,625 (Annual Nonrevenue Water Surcharge) x 3 (Years) = \$700,875.

- No surcharge proceeds may be disbursed from the separate account until the Commission has approved Cannonsburg's comprehensive non-revenue water reduction plan. Surcharge proceeds may then be used to reimburse non-revenue water reduction expenses that are incurred after the date of the Commission's approval of the assessment of the surcharge but before the Commission's approval of the comprehensive non-revenue water reduction plan.
- Cannonsburg must file monthly activity reports with the Commission that include a statement of monthly surcharge billings and collections, a monthly surcharge bank statement, a list of each payment from the account, its payee and a description of its purpose, and invoices supporting each payment.
- Cannonsburg must file monthly water-loss reports with the Commission.
- Surcharge proceeds may not be used to reimburse Cannonsburg for non-revenue water reduction expenses incurred prior to the issuance of a Final Order in this proceeding.
- The Commission may revoke Cannonsburg's authority to assess the surcharge and require refund of all surcharge proceeds if Cannonsburg fails to comply with any condition.

If the Commission authorizes Cannonsburg to assess a non-revenue water surcharge, those collections constitute contributions and should be accounted for in the manner prescribed by the Uniform System of Accounts for Class A and B Water Districts and Associations. The monthly billing should be debited to customer accounts receivable and credited to the contribution account. When the non-revenue water surcharge is actually collected from the customer, special funds would be debited and the customer account credited.

In summary, Commission Staff is of the opinion that Cannonsburg requires additional funds to address its non-revenue water problems, but that such funds should

be subject to strong controls to ensure their effective use, public acceptance of the surcharge, and public confidence in the water district's use of those funds.

Signatures

Munk (- From Prepared by: Mark C. Frost

Prepared by: Mark C. Frost Financial Analyst, Water and Sewer Revenue Requirements Branch Division of Financial Analysis

Prepared by: Sam Reid Rate Analyst, Communications, Water and Sewer Rate Design Branch Division of Financial Analysis

Appendix A Staff Report Case No. 2011-00217

ATTACHMENT A STAFF REPORT, CASE NO. 2011-00217 CANNONSBURG'S PRO FORMA OPERATIONS

	2010 Operations		D	ifferences		Pro Forma Operations
Operating Revenues:						
Revenue - Metered Water Sales	\$	2,039,401	\$	(22,183)	\$	2,017,218
Other Operating Revenues:						
Forfeited Discounts		34,932		0		34,932
Other Water Revenues		53,261		0		53,261
Interest Income		0		16,376		16,376
Tap-on Fees		0		35,070	-	35,070
Total Other Operating Rev.	\$	88,193	\$	51,446	\$	139,639
Total Operating Rev.	\$	2,127,594	\$	29,263	\$	2,156,857
Operating Expenses:			D -100-100			
Operation & Maintenance:						
Salaries & Wages – Emp.	\$	382,103	\$	17,280	\$	399,383
Salaries & Wages Com		30,000		0		30,000
Emp. Pension & Benefits		328,595		13,600		342,195
Purchased Water		1,025,068		0		1,025,068
Purchased Power		58,718		0		58,718
Materials & Supplies		92,306		0		92,306
Contractual Services - Other		12,531		0		12,531
Insurance - Gen. Liability		14,602		0		14,602
Insurance - Workers Comp.		9,640		0		9,640
Advertising		1,298		0		1,298
Bad Debt Expense		2,725		0		2,725
Miscellaneous		118,869		0		118,869
Total Operation & Maint	\$	2,076,455	\$	30,880	\$	2,107,335
Depreciation		139,191		0		139,191
Taxes Other Than Income Tax		28,549		0		28,549
Utility Operating Expenses	\$	2,244,195	\$	30,880	\$	2,275,075
Net Utility Operating Income	\$	(116,601)	\$	(1,617)	\$	(118,218)
Other Income & Deductions:		, . ,				
Interest Income		16,376		(16,376)		0
Nonutility Income		386,300		(386,300)		0
Net Inc. Available for Debt Service	\$	286,075	\$	(404,293)	\$	(118,218)

ATTACHMENT B STAFF REPORT, CASE NO. 2011-00217 COMMISSION STAFF'S PRO FORMA OPERATIONS

	2010 Annual Report		D	lifferences	Adj. Ref.	Pro Forma Operations	
Operating Revenues:							
Revenue - Metered Water Sales	\$	2,039,401	\$	162,535	(\mathbf{a})	\$	2,201,936
Other Operating Revenues:	φ	2,039,401	φ	102,000	(a)	φ	2,201,950
Other Water Revenues		88,193		0			88,193
Total Operating Rev.	\$	2,127,594	\$	162,535		\$	2,290,129
	<u>φ</u>	2,127,094	<u> </u>	102,000		<u> </u>	2,290,129
Operating Expenses: Operation & Maintenance:							
Salaries & Wages – Emp.	\$	382,103	\$	12,242	(b)	\$	394,345
Salaries & Wages – Com	Ψ	30,000	Ψ	0	(~)	Ψ	30,000
Emp. Pension & Benefits		328,595		(99,013)	(C)		229,582
Purchased Water		1,025,068		73,541	(d)		1,098,609
Purchased Power		58,718		0			58,718
Materials & Supplies		92,306		(39,901)	(e)		52,405
Contractual Services - Other		12,531		0			12,531
Insurance - Gen, Liability		14,602		285	(f)		14,887
Insurance - Workers Comp		9,640		(315)	(g)		9,325
Advertising		1,298		0			1,298
Bad Debt Expense		2,725		0			2,725
Miscellaneous	_	118,869		0			118,869
Total Operation & Maint.	\$	2,076,455	\$	(53,161)		\$	2,023,294
Depreciation		139,191		33,005	(h)		172,196
Amortization		0		1,825	(i)		1,825
Taxes Other Than Income Tax		28,549	_	1,617	(j)		30,166
Utility Operating Expenses	\$	2,244,195	\$	(16,714)		\$	2,227,481
Net Utility Operating Income	\$	(116,601)	\$	179,249		\$	62,648
Other Income & Deductions:							
Interest Income		16,376		0			16,376
Nonutility Income		386,300		(386,300)	(k)		0
Net Inc. Available for Debt							
Service	\$	286,075	\$	(207,051)		\$	79,024

ATTACHMENT C STAFF REPORT, CASE NO. 2011-00217 COMMISSION STAFF'S RECOMMENDED PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENTS

a. <u>Metered Water Sales</u>. Cannonsburg reports a test-period level of revenue from metered water sales of \$2,039,401.¹ The billing analysis provided by Cannonsburg produces revenue from metered water sales of \$1,883,592,² which is \$155,809 below the amount reported in the annual report. Adjusting its billing analysis to reflect the rates granted in Case No. 2011-00518,³ Cannonsburg proposes to decrease reported revenues from metered water sales of \$2,039,401 by \$22,183 to a pro forma level of \$2,017,218.⁴

Commission Staff compared Cannonsburg's billing analysis to the monthly customer billing registers to determine the accuracy of billing analysis. Applying the rates authorized in Case No. 2011-00518 to Canonsburg's billing analysis results in normalized revenue from water sales of \$2,201,936, which is \$162,535 above the reported test-period level of \$2,039,401. Commission Staff recommends that the Commission not accept Cannonsburg's proposed adjustment and instead increase revenue from metered water sales by \$162,535.

¹ Annual Report of Cannonsburg Water District to the Public Service Commission for the Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2010 (hereinafter "2010 Annual Report") at 27.

² Application, Exhibit 8.

³ Case No. 2011-00098, *Purchased Water Adjustment Filing of Cannonsburg Water District* (Ky. PSC Jan. 03, 2011).

⁴ Application, Exhibit 4, 2010 Revenue and Expenses. \$1,645,492 (Retail Water Sales) + \$333,865 (Wholesale) + \$37,861 (Leak Adjustments) = \$2,017,218.

b. <u>Salaries and Wages–Employee</u>. Cannonsburg proposes to increase its test-period salaries and wages–employee expense of \$382,103 by \$17,280 to reflect the hiring of a new office clerk.⁵ Because of its current financial condition, Cannonsburg has deferred hiring a new office clerk and cannot identify a date certain for such action. Because of this uncertainty, any adjustment to pro forma salaries and wages–employee expense to reflect the hiring of a new office clerk is not known and measurable and should be excluded.

Using the current staff level and 2010 employee wages, Commission Staff calculates a pro forma salaries and wages-employee expense of \$394,345, as shown in Table I. Accordingly, Commission Staff recommends the Commission deny Cannonsburg's proposed adjustment and increase salaries and wages-employee expense by \$12,242.

	Table I - Pro	o Forr	na Salaries	and Wages-E	mployee Expe	nse		
			2010	2010	2010 Hours			
Emp	loyee		Wages	Regular Overtime			Salaries	
Danny	Clarkston	\$	2,201.04			\$	52,825 ⁶	
Sharon	Hambrick	\$	17.79	2,080.00	6.50		37,176	
Lora	Meadows	\$	14.34	2,080.00	2.00		29,870	
Melanie	Stemmer	\$	12.27	2,080.00	1.00		25,540	
Paul	Clarkston	\$	17.02	2,080.00	19.50		35,900	
Richard	Crooks	\$	17.02	2,080.00	146.25		39,136	
Randall	Donta	\$	17.02	2,080.00	85.00		37,572	
Robert	Hicks	\$	17.02	2,080.00	193.00		40,329	
James	Keller	\$	12.54	2,080.00	120.75		28,354	
Thomas	McCalvin	\$	17.02	2,080.00	190.00		40,253	
Kenneth	Howard	\$	12.54	2,080.00	69.50		27,390	
						\$	394,345	

⁵ *Id.*, Expenses.

⁶ \$2,201.04 x 24 (Paid Twice per Month) ≈ \$52,825.

c. <u>Employee Pensions and Benefits</u>. Cannonsburg proposes to increase its test-period employee pensions and benefits expense of \$328,595 by \$13,600 to reflect the 2011 employee insurance premiums, hiring a new office clerk, and the 2010 County Employees Retirement System ("CERS") employer contribution rate.⁷

Cannonsburg provides health insurance coverage to members of its Board of Commissioners, but does not offer similar benefits to part-time employees. Commission Staff finds that Cannonsburg's commissioners should be classified as part-time employees because they do not work a 40-hour work week. As Cannonsburg fails to provide all part-time employees with comparable benefits, its practice of providing health insurance benefits to its commissioners is contrary to law.⁸ Commission Staff, therefore, recommends that the costs associated with employee health insurance benefits for its commissioners be eliminated from Cannonsburg's pro forma operating expenses.

In reviewing the employee benefits, Commission Staff notes that the provision of providing the employees with dependent health insurance coverage cost \$124,401 and that the total annual premium for the employee health insurance benefit is \$262,468, or

⁷ *Id.*, Expenses.

⁸ See, e.g., Case No. 2001-00211, The Application of Hardin County Water District No. 1 for (1) Issuance of Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity; (2) Authorization to Borrow Funds and to Issue Its Evidence of Indebtedness Therefor; (3) Authority to Adjust Rates; and (4) Approval to Revise and Adjust Tariff (Ky. PSC Mar.1, 2002); Case No. 2003-00224, Application of Northern Kentucky Water District for (A) An Adjustment of Rates; (B) A Certificate of Convenience and Necessity for Improvements to Water Facilities if Necessary; And (C) Issuance of Bonds (Ky. PSC June 14, 2004); Case No. 2005-00148, Application of Northern Kentucky Water District for (A) An Adjustment of Rates; (B) A Certificate of Convenience and Necessity for Improvements to Water Facilities if Necessary; and (C) Issuance of Bonds (Ky. PSC Apr. 28, 2006). Given that Cannonsburg pays its commissioners the maximum salary that the law permits, Cannonsburg's actions may also violated KRS 74.020. See Caldwell County Fiscal Court v. Paris, 945 S.W.2d 952 (Ky. App. 1997).

12.5 percent⁹ of Cannonsburg's pro forma operation and maintenance expense. From 2005 to 2011, the monthly employee health insurance premium increased from \$10,496 to \$21,872, an increase of \$11,375 or 108.37 percent. For the six-year period, the average annual increase in employee health insurance was approximately 18.06 percent.¹⁰

Commission Staff found that during this period Cannonsburg had failed to implement cost control measures such as contacting several health insurance providers to seek lower health insurance premiums, increasing the employee deductibles and copays, or requiring a greater employee contribution for premiums. Commission Staff further questions the reasonableness of and need for providing employee dependent health insurance coverage. The water district has failed to explain why the provision of such coverage is necessary or comparable with other similarly situated water utilities. Accordingly, Commission Staff recommends that employee pensions and benefits expense be decreased by \$124,401 to eliminate the cost of dependent health insurance coverage.

Using the current employee insurance premiums, eliminating commissioner health insurance benefits, eliminating the employee dependent health insurance coverage, removing the estimated benefits for the office clerk position, and using the employer retirement contribution rate of 18.96 percent,¹¹ Commission Staff calculates a pro forma level of employee pensions and benefits expense of \$229,582 as shown in

⁹ \$262,468 (Employee Health Insurance) ÷ \$2,107,335 (Cannonsburg's Pro Forma Operation and Maintenance Expenses) = 12.5%.

¹⁰ 108.37% ÷ 6 (Years) = 18.06%.

¹¹ On July 1, 2011, the CERS employer contribution rate was increased to 18.96 percent. -4- Attachment C Staff Report

Table II. Commission Staff recommends that Canonsburg's proposed adjustment be denied and employee pensions and benefits expense be decreased by \$99,013.

			Т	able II	. Pro Fori	na Em	ployee Be	enefits	, ,			
				Emp	oloyee Ins	urance	e Benefits					
Employee		-	Health Vision		D			_ife & sability	CERS Retirement		 Totals	
Danny	Clarkston	\$	16,335	\$	170	\$	508	\$	1,292	\$	9,984	\$ 28,289
Paul	Clarkston		16,335		97		264		1,056		6,785	24,537
Richard	Crooks		12,072		185		508		606		7,397	20,768
Randall	Donta		12,072		97		795		786		7,101	20,851
Sharon	Hambrick		16,041		282		795		700		7,026	24,844
Robert	Hicks		12,072		282		795		721		7,622	21,492
Kenneth	Howard		7,369		170		508		306		5,177	13,530
James	Keller		16,041		282		795		650		5,359	23,127
Thomas	McCalvin		7,369		282		795		350		7,608	16,404
Lora	Meadows		7,181		97		264		1,103		5,645	14,290
Melanie	Stemmer		15,180		97		795		<u>551</u>		4,827	 21,450
		\$	138,067	\$	2,041	\$	6,822	\$	8,121	\$	74,531	\$ 229,582

d. <u>Purchased Water</u>. In its 2010 Annual Report, Cannonsburg reported a test-period level of purchased water expense of \$1,025,068 and non-revenue water of 23,179,000 gallons, or 4.035 percent. As previously mentioned, Cannonsburg incorrectly reported non-revenue water in the category, Other Water Used – Other. On January 24, 2012, Cannonsburg amended its 2010 Annual Report to correct its error to report total non-revenue water of 142,452,000 gallons, or 26.4569 percent. Using its billing analysis and gallons recorded on the purchased water invoices, Commission Staff determined that the test-period non-revenue water was actually 161,946,746, or 29.91 percent.

Cannonsburg's test-period line loss of 29.91 percent exceeds the Commission's allowable limit of 15 percent.¹² Limiting Cannonsburg's non-revenue water to 15

¹² 807 KAR 5:066, Section 6(3).

percent and using the current wholesale rates,¹³ Commission Staff calculates a purchased water expense of \$1,098,609,¹⁴ \$73,541 above the reported purchased water expense. However, if the non-revenue water is not limited to 15 percent, Cannonsburg's pro forma purchased water expense would have been \$1,332,234,¹⁵ \$233,625 above the Commission Staff recommended level. Commission Staff recommends the Commission increase purchased water expense by \$73,541 to reflect its pro forma level of \$1,098,609.

e. <u>Materials and Supplies</u>. Cannonsburg reports a test-period level of materials and supplies expense of \$92,307. In reviewing the test-period invoices, Commission Staff discovered that \$39,901 of capital expenditures were incorrectly recorded as expenses. To eliminate the capital expenditures that are listed in Table III below, Commission Staff recommends that Cannonsburg's materials and supplies expense be reduced by \$39,901.

¹³ Ashland's wholesale rate is \$2.33 per 1,000 Gallons. Big Sandy Water District's wholesale water rate is \$2.49 per 1,000 gallons.

 $^{^{14}}$ \$2.46 (Ashland's Wholesale Rate) x 444,112.216 (Limited Gallons Purchased from Ashland) = \$1,092,516. \$2.49 (Big Sandy's Wholesale Rate) x 2,447.145 (Limited Gallons Purchased from Big Sandy) = \$6,093. \$1,092,516 + \$6,093 = \$1,098,609.

¹⁵ Actual Purchased Water Expense: \$2.46 (Ashland's Wholesale Rate) x 538,552.000 (Gallons Purchased from Ashland) = \$1,324,838. \$2.49 (Big Sandy's Wholesale Rate) x 2,970.203 (Gallons Purchased from Big Sandy) = \$7,396. \$1,324,838 + \$7,396 = \$1,332,234.

	Table II	I: Capital Expenditures				
Date	Vendor	Description	/	Amount		
04/19/10	CI Thornburg	Copper Meter Yokes	\$	(1,836)		
04/19/10	CI Thornburg	Gate Valve		(1,511)		
04/19/10	CI Thornburg	Hydrants		(5,469)		
06/08/10	Utility Service	Parts for Meter Service		(1,349)		
06/17/10	Utility Service	Parts for Meter Service		(2,315)		
07/08/10	Consolidated Pipe	Meter Covers with Touch Pad		(1,548)		
08/05/10	Consolidated Pipe	Pipe - Ball Field by Fairground		(3,785)		
08/05/10	Consolidated Pipe	1,000 Feet of Pipe		(2,550)		
08/19/10	Consolidated Pipe	Bullet Box		(302)		
08/19/10	Consolidated Pipe	Bullet Box		(538)		
09/07/10	CI Thornburg	12" PVC Pipe		(1,307)		
09/07/10	CI Thornburg	AR4090 Sensors		(281)		
10/19/10	CI Thornburg	Hydraulic Pump		(509)		
10/19/10	Utility Service	Copper Setters		(1,002)		
10/28/10	Consolidated Pipe	Meter Box Extensions		(1,026)		
11/15/10	Utility Service	12 VBHH42-7W Resetter		(4,106)		
12/09/10	Consolidated Pipe	6 Meter Boxes and Setters		(1,070)		
12/09/10	Consolidated Pipe	Valve Box		(583)		
12/09/10	Consolidated Pipe	Meter Box Extensions		(114)		
12/31/10	CI Thornburg	160 Meters & Transceivers		(8,700)		
Total Capital E	Fotal Capital Expenditures					

f. <u>Insurance–General Liability</u>. Cannonsburg reports a test-period level of insurance–general liability expense of \$14,602. The general liability insurance premium for the 12-month period of July 1, 2011 through July 1, 2012 is \$14,887, which is \$285 above the reported expense. Accordingly, Commission Staff recommends increasing test-period insurance–general liability expense by \$285.

g. <u>Insurance–Workers Compensation</u>. Cannonsburg reports a test-period level of insurance–workers' compensation expense of \$9,640. The workers' compensation insurance premium for the 12-month period of July 1, 2011 through July 1, 2012 is \$9,325, which is \$315 less than the reported expense. Accordingly,

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Commission Staff recommends the Commission decrease test-period insurance– workers' compensation expense by \$315.

h. <u>Depreciation</u>. Cannonsburg reports a test-period level of depreciation expense of \$139,191. As shown in Table IV below, Commission Staff calculates a pro forma depreciation adjustment of \$33,005 to reflect depreciating the capital expenditures removed from operating expenses over their estimated useful lives and including depreciation for test-period capital expenditures.

Table I ^V	V: Depr	eciation			
		Cost	Life	Ad	justment
(1) Normalized Depreciation (Full Year):					
178 Meters	\$	30,162	15	\$	2,011
Meters - Misclassified	\$	17,400	15		1,160
171 Additions - Mains	\$	1,077,369	50		21,547
157 2010 Chevy Truck	\$	36,720	5		7,344
(2) Items Expensed in Test-Period:					
Copper Meter Yokes	\$	1,836	45		41
Gate Valve	\$	1,511	33		46
Hydrants	\$	5,469	33		166
Parts for Meter Service	\$	1,349	45		30
Parts for Meter Service	\$	2,315	45		51
Meter Covers with Touch Pad	\$	1,548	45		34
Pipe - Ball Field by Fairground	\$	3,785	50		76
1,000 Feet of Pipe	\$	2,550	50		51
Bullet Box	\$	302	45		7
Bullet Box	\$	538	45		12
12" PVC Pipe	\$	1,307	50		26
AR4090 Sensors	\$	281	15		19
Hydraulic Pump	\$	509	20		25
Copper Setters	\$	1,002	45		22
Meter Box Extensions	\$	1,026	45		23
12 VBHH42-7W Resetter	\$	4,106	15		274
6 Meter Boxes and Setters	\$	1,070	45		24
Valve Box	\$	583	45		13
Meter Box Extensions	\$	114	45		3
Pro Forma Adjustment				\$	33,005

i. <u>Amortization</u>. Cannonsburg incurred \$5,474 in rate case consulting fees

associated with this current procedure. Upon review of the supporting invoices from

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Lee Utility Consulting, Commission Staff finds that the fees are reasonable and should be amortized over three years. Accordingly, Staff recommends that the Commission increase pro forma operating expenses by \$1,825.¹⁶

j. <u>Payroll Taxes</u>. Cannonsburg reports a test-period payroll tax expense of \$28,549. Applying the current "FICA" rate of 7.65 percent to the pro forma salaries, Commission Staff has determined that payroll tax expense should be increased by \$1,617. Accordingly, Staff recommends that payroll tax expense be increased by that amount.

k. <u>Nonutility Income</u>. Cannonsburg reports a test-period nonutility income of \$386,300. In reviewing the 2010 trial balance, Commission Staff determined that grants and tap-on fees received in the test period were mistakenly reported as income rather than as Contributions In Aid of Construction. To correct Cannonsburg's error, Commission Staff recommends that net income be reduced by \$386,300.

¹⁶ \$5,474 (Consulting Fees) ÷ 3 Years = \$1,825. -9-

ATTACHMENT D STAFF REPORT, CASE NO. 2011-00217 COMMISSION STAFF'S DETERMINATION OF WATER RATES

	/ Charles				
		Totals ¹	Trans. And Dist.		 Customer
Land & Land Rights	\$	20,810	\$	20,810	\$ 0
Structures & Improvements		183,350		183,350	0
Pumping Equipment		397,861		397,861	0
Dist. Reservoirs & Standpipes		617,973		617,973	0
Transmission & Dist. Mains		4,298,492		4,298,492	0
Meters & Meter Installations		418,725		0	418,725
Hydrants		90,002		0	 90,002
Subtotal	_\$	6,027,213	\$	5,518,486	\$ 508,727
Percentage				0.9156	0.0844
Office Furniture & Equipment	\$	90,289	\$	82,668	\$ 7,621
Transportation Equipment		175,115		160,334	14,781
Power Operated Equipment		105,688		96,767	8,921
Communication Equipment		38,052		34,840	3,212
Tools, Shop & Garage		80,570		73,769	 6,801
Total	\$	6,516,927	\$	5,966,866	\$ 550,061
Percentage				0.9156	0.0844

ALLOCATION OF PLANT

¹ 2010 Annual Report at 14.

	LLOOA	Totals ²	rans. And Dist.	С	ustomer
Structures & Improvements	\$	5,797	\$ 5,797	\$	0
Pumping Equipment Dist. Reservoirs &		11,423	11,423		0
Standpipes		11,951	11,951		0
Transmission & Dist. Mains		64,388	64,388		0
Meters & Meter Installations		18,967	0		18,967
Hydrants		1,566	 0		1,566
Subtotal	\$	114,092	\$ 93,559	\$	20,533
Percentage			0.8200		0.1800
Office Furniture & Equip.	\$	1,138	\$ 933	\$	205
Transportation Equipment		6,579	5,395		1,184
Power Operated Equipment		10,569	8,667		1,902
Communication Equipment		5,721	4,691		1,030
Tools, Shop & Garage	1000 tar 10 and 10 a	1,092	 895		197
Total	\$	139,191	\$ 114,141	\$	25,050
Percentage			0.8200		0.1800

ALLOCATION OF DEPRECIATION

² *Id.* at 15.

WATER PRODUCED AND SOLD

	Gallons	Percentage
Retail	252,854.4 ³	0.4669
Wholesale	125,513.1	0.2318
Plant Use	940.0	0.0017
Fire Department	268.0	0.0005
Unaccounted For	161,946.7	0.2991
Total Gallons Purchased	541,522.2	1.0000

3 Number in application corrected to eliminate duplicated leak adjustment usage. -3- A

Line Size	Miles	Inch-Miles	Jointly Used Miles	Jointly Used Inch Miles
, 19	1.0	19.0	0.0	0.0
16	0.1	1.60	0.0	0.0
12	15.0	180.0	0.0	0.0
8	21.0	168.0	0.0	0.0
6	50.0	300.0	5.4	32.4
4	3.0	12.0	0.0	0.0
3	90.0	270.0	0.0	0.0
Total	180.1	950.6	5.4	32.4

INCH MILE RATIO

Inch Mile Ratio = 32.4 / 950.6

0.0341

Attachment D Staff Report Case No. 2011-00217

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WHOLESALE ALLOCATION FACTORS

Non-revenue Water	0.1500⁴			
Plant Use	0.0017			
Total Plant Use and Non-revenue Water	0.1517			
Cannonsburg Multiplier	1	1	11517	1.178828
Inch Mile Ratio	32.40	1	950.60	0.0341
Wholesale Share of Non-revenue Water Joint Share of Plant Use and Non-revenue	0.0341	х	0.1500	0.0051
Water	0.0051	+	0.0017	0.0068
Production Multiplier	1	1	10068	1.006847
Production Allocation Factor	<u>125,513.1</u>	х	<u>1.178828245</u>	
	378,367.5		1.006846557	0.388385
Transmission Factor	125,513.1	х		
	378,367.5		0.0341	0.01131
Commodity Factor	125,513.1	1	378,367.5	0.3317

⁴ As previously addressed in the main summary and Attachment C, non-revenue water is limited to 15 percent. In its application, Cannonsburg reported non-revenue water level at four percent.

	F	Pro Forma	Commodity		CommodityTrans and Dis		is and Dist.	Customer		
Salaries and Wages	\$	394,345	\$	0	\$	242,146	\$	152,199		
Salaries - Commissioners⁵		30,000		0		0		30,000		
Pensions and Benefits		229,582		0		140,974		88,608		
Purchased Water		1,098,609		1,098,609		0		0		
Purchased Power		58,718		58,718		0		0		
Materials and Supplies		52,405		0		31,443		20,962		
Contractual Services T/D Insurance - General		12,531		0 12,531				0		
Liability		14,887		0		14,887		0		
Insurance - Workers		0.225		0		F 700		2 500		
Comp.		9,325		0		5,726		3,599 1,298		
Insurance - Other		1,298		0	0 0					
Bad Debt		2,725		0	0 0		2,725			
Miscellaneous Expense		118,869		0		71,321				
Taxes Other than Income		30,166		0		0	30,166			
Depreciation		172,196		0		0		141,201		30,995
Amortization		1,825		0		0		1,825		
Total Operating Expenses	\$	2,227,481	\$	1,157,327	\$	660,228	\$	409,926		
Operating ratio		303,747		0		278,111		25,636		
Interest expense		18,002		0		16,483		1,519		
Totals	\$	2,549,230	\$	1,157,327	\$	954,822	\$	437,081		

COMMISSION STAFF ALLOCATION OF EXPENSES

⁵ Commissioner fees are fixed expenses that Commission Staff has allocated 100 percent of this cost to the customer.

Wholesale Rate Per 1,000 Gallons (\$ 3.67		
Total Expenses	\$ 2,549,230		\$ 460,282
Customer	 437,081	0	 0
Transmission and Distribution	954,822	0.01131	10,799
Commodity	\$ 1,157,327	0.38838 ⁶	\$ 449,483

WHOLESALE RATE WITH DEPRECIATION (\$141,201)

⁶ Cannonsburg used the commodity factor established on the factor sheet. Commission Staff used the revised production allocation factor, which more appropriately includes consideration of non-revenue water in the calculation.

COMMISSION STAFF'S PROPOSED RATES

	Bills	Gallons	P	mmission Staff roposed Rates		Revenue	E	Current Rates ffective /1/2012	Increase
5/8 Inch Connection									
First 2,000	37,680	66,135,697	\$	19.50	\$	734,760	\$	17.86	9.2%
Next 3,000		54,001,600	\$	7.46		402,852	\$	6.83	9.2%
Next 15,000		26,060,600	\$	7.05		183,727	\$	6.45	9.3%
Next 30,000		1,844,800	\$	6.63		12,231	\$	6.07	9.2%
Next 50,000		492,100	\$	6.23		3,066	\$	5.70	9.3%
Over 100,000		65,200	\$	5.79		378	\$	5.30	9.2%
Total		148,599,997			\$	1,337,013			
1 and 1 1/2 Inch Conne	ections								
First 5,000	841	2,914,900	\$	41.88	\$	35,221	\$	38.35	9.2%
Next 15,000		3,699,000	\$	7.05		26,078	\$	6.45	9.3%
Next 30,000		2,486,000	\$	6.63		16,482	\$	6.07	9.2%
Next 50,000		898,900	\$	6.23		5,600	\$	5.70	9.3%
Over 100,000		2,111,310	\$	5.79		12,224	\$	5.30	9.2%
Total			Ψ	0.10	\$	95,606	Ψ	0.00	0.270
TOLAI		12,110,110			<u> </u>	95,000			
2 and 3 Inch Connectio	ns								
First 20,000	528	7,088,900	\$	147.63	\$	77,949	\$	135.10	9.3%
Next 30,000		6,747,500	\$	6.63		44,736	\$	6.07	9.2%
Next 50,000		8,197,500	\$	6.23		51,070	\$	5.70	9.3%
Over 100,000		17,425,300	\$	5.79		100,892	\$	5.30	9.2%
Total		39,459,200	Ŧ		\$	274,647	Ŧ		
i otai		00,+00,200			<u> </u>	214,047			
6 Inch Connection									
Fist 50,000	36	1,258,000	\$	346.53	\$	12,475	\$	317.20	9.2%
Next 50,000		1,064,700	\$	6.23		6,633	\$	5.70	9.3%
Over 100,000		32,592,160	\$	5.79		188,709	\$	5.30	9.2%
Total		34,914,860			\$	207,817			
12 Inch Connection									
First 100,000	12	1,079,000	\$	658.03	\$	7,896	\$	602.20	9.3%
Over 100,000		580,000	\$	5.79		3,358	\$	5.30	9.2%
Total		1,659,000			\$	11,255			
Wholesale Rate	24	125,513,100	\$	3.67	\$	460,633	\$	3.13	17.3%
Wholesale Rate	24	123,313,100	φ	5.07	<u>_</u>	400,033	φ	5.15	17.570
Leak Adjustment Rate		16,111,190	\$	3.67	\$	59,128	\$	2.82	30.1%
Other Income					_\$	104,569			
Total	39,121	378,367,457			\$	2,550,668			
Expenses					\$	2,549,230			
Lypenses						2,040,200			

Attachment D Staff Report Case No. 2011-00217

ATTACHMENT E STAFF REPORT, CASE NO. 2011-00217 RECOMMENDED WATER RATES

Monthly Water Rates

5/8 x 3	/4-Inch Me	eter		
First	2,000	gallons	\$19.50	Minimum Bill
Next	3,000	gallons	7.46	per 1,000 gallons
Next	15,000	gallons	7.05	per 1,000 gallons
Next	30,000	gallons	6.63	per 1,000 gallons
Next	50,000	gallons	6.23	per 1,000 gallons
Over	100,000	gallons	5.79	per 1,000 gallons
<u>1½-Inc</u>	<u>h Meter</u>			
First	5,000	gallons	\$41.88	Minimum Bill
Next	15,000	gallons	7.05	per 1,000 gallons
Next	30,000	gallons	6.63	per 1,000 gallons
Next	50,000	gallons	6.23	per 1,000 gallons
Over	100,000	gallons	5.79	per 1,000 gallons
2-Inch	and 3-Inc	h Meters		
First	20,000	gallons	\$147.63	Minimum Bill
Next	30,000	gallons	6.63	per 1,000 gallons
Next	50,000	gallons	6.23	per 1,000 gallons
Over	100,000	gallons	5.79	per 1,000 gallons
<u>6-Inch</u>	Meter			
First	50,000	gallons	\$346.53	Minimum Bill
Next	50,000	gallons	6.23	per 1,000 gallons
Over	100,000	gallons	5.79	per 1,000 gallons
<u>12-Inc</u>	<u>h Meter</u>			
First	100,000	gallons	\$658.03	Minimum Bill
Over	100,000	gallons	5.79	per 1,000 gallons
Wholesale			_	
Big Sandy		strict	\$3.67	per 1,000 gallons
City of Gre	enup		\$3.67	per 1,000 gallons
Leak Adju	stment Ra	te	\$3.67	per 1,000 gallons

APPENDIX B

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APPENDIX TO AN ORDER OF THE KENTUCKY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION IN CASE NO. 2011-00217 DATED FEB 2 7 2012

REQUIRED NOTICE TO CUSTOMERS IF UTILITY ELECTS TO ACCEPT COMMISSION STAFF'S RECOMMENDATION REGARDING THE ASSESSMENT OF A SURCHARGE

NOTICE TO THE CUSTOMERS OF CANNONSBURG WATER DISTRICT

On August 8, 2011, Cannonsburg Water District applied to the Kentucky Public Service Commission ("PSC") for authority to adjust its rates for water service. It subsequently requested that the PSC authorize the assessment of a surcharge to permit the water district to fund its efforts to reduce its non-revenue water. After performing a review of Cannonsburg Water District's application and records, the PSC Staff has recommended to the PSC that Cannonsburg Water District be granted an increase greater than that requested and further be authorized to assess a monthly surcharge of \$5.53 for three years. The proceeds of this surcharge would be used solely to fund Cannonsburg Water District's efforts to reduce its non-revenue water. A copy of the PSC Staff report can be found at http://psc.ky.gov/Order_Vault/Orders_2012/201100217_02272012.pdf.

Pursuant to the PSC's Order of February 27, 2012, Cannonsburg Water District has requested that the PSC approve the higher rates and the recommended surcharge. Any corporation, association, body politic, or person may submit comments on the proposed request no later than March 9, 2012. Comments shall be in writing and shall be submitted to the Executive Director, Public Service Commission, 211 Sower Boulevard, P.O. Box 615, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40602. Comments may also be submitted by electronic mail to psc.info@ky.gov

Carryn Lee Lee Utility Consulting 900 Argyll Drive Danville, KENTUCKY 40422

Robert M McGuire Chairman Cannonsburg Water District 1606 Cannonsburg Road P. O. Box 1535 Ashland, KY 41105

Honorable Sharon E Rowsey Attorney at Law Wilson, Stavros & Rowsey P. O. Box 807 1916 Carter Avenue Ashland, KENTUCKY 41105-0807