COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

* * * *

In the Matter of

THE APPLICATION OF EDMONSON COUNTY WATER

DISTRICT, EDMONSON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, FOR

A CERTIFICATE OF CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY

AUTHORIZING SAID DISTRICT TO CONSTRUCT

ADDITIONS, EXTENSIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS TO

ITS EXISTING MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRIBUTION

SYSTEM PURSUANT TO THE EXPRESS PROVISIONS

OF CHAPTERS 74 AND 106 OF THE KENTUCKY

REVISED STATUTES; SEEKING APPROVAL OF A

NEW SCHEDULE OF WATER SERVICE RATES AND

CHARGES; AND SEEKING APPROVAL FOR THE

ISSUANCE OF CERTAIN SECURITIES

CASE NO. 8950

ORDER

IT IS ORDERED That Edmonson County Water District shall file an original and eight copies of the following information with the Commission by January 3, 1984:

1. Submit an analysis of customers' bills covering the entire test year in such detail that the revenues from the present and proposed rates can be readily determined, as per 807 KAR 5:001 Section 9, 2(b). See attachment for sample billing analysis. (Appendix A)

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED That in the event the above information is not timely filed, the Commission may dismiss the case without prejudice absent a Motion for Extension of Time for good cause.

Done at Frankfort, Kentucky, this 20th day of December, 1983.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

For the Commission

ATTEST:

Secretary

APPENDIX A

APPENDIX TO AN ORDER OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION IN CASE NO. **8950** DATED DECEMBER 20, 1983

BILLING ANALYSIS

The billing analysis is the chart reflecting the usage by the customers as well as the revenue generated by a specific level of rates. A billing analysis of both the current and proposed rates is mandatory for analysis of a rate filing. The following is a step-by-step description which may be used to complete the billing analysis. A completed sample of a biling analysis is also included.

a. Usage Table (Usage by Rate Increment)

Information needed to complete the usage table should be obtained from the meter books or other available usage records. The usage table is used to spread total usage into the proper incremental rate step. Initial recording of usage should be in 100 gallon increments. Where there are only a few very large users or contract customers, actual usage should be used. Usage between 0-100 gallons should be shown as 100, between 101-200 as 200, etc. The usages and customers are then combined for purposes of the usage table as follows:

Column No. 1 is the incremental steps in the present or proposed rate schedule for which the analysis is being made. Column No. 2 is the number of bills in each incremental rate step. Column No. 3 is the total gallons used in each incremental rate step. Columns Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 are labeled to correspond to the incremental rate steps shown in Column No. 1 and contains the actual number of gallons used in each incremental rate step.

Example for completing Usage Table is as follows:

Column No. 1 is incremental rate steps.

Columns No. 2 and 3 are completed by using information obtained from usage records.

Columns No. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 are completed by the following steps:

Step 1: 1st 2,000 gallons minimum bill rate level 432 Bills 518,400 gallons used All bills use 2,000 gallons or less, therefore, all usage is recorded in Column 4.

- Step 2: Next 3,000 gallons rate level
 1,735 Bills
 4,858,000 gallons used
 1st 2,000 minimum x 1,735 bills = 3,470,000
 gallons record in Column 4
 Next 3,000 gallons remainder of water over
 2,000 = 1,388,000 record in Column 5
- Step 3: Next 10,000 gallons rate level
 1,830 Bills
 16,268,700 gallons used
 1st 2,000 minimum x 1,830 bills = 3,660,000
 gallons record in Column 4
 Next 3,000 gallons x 1,830 bills = 5,490,000
 gallons record in Column 5
 Next 10,000 gallons remainder of water over
 3,000 = 7,118,700 gallons record in
 Column 6
- Step 4: Next 25,000 gallons rate level
 650 bills
 15,275,000 gallons used
 1st 2,000 minimum x 650 bills = 1,300,000
 gallons record in Column 4
 Next 3,000 gallons x 650 bills = 1,950,000
 gallons record in Column 5
 Next 10,000 gallons x 650 bills = 6,500,000
 gallons record in Column 6
 Next 25,000 gallons remainder of water over
 10,000 gallons = 5,525,000 gallons record
 in Column 7
- Step 5: Over 40,000 gallons rate level
 153 bills
 9,975,600 gallons used
 1st 2,000 minimum x 153 bills = 306,000
 gallons record in Column 4
 Next 3,000 gallons x 153 bills = 459,000
 gallons record in Column 5
 Next 10,000 gallons x 153 bills = 1,530,000
 gallons record in Column 6
 Next 25,000 gallons x 153 bills = 3,825,000
 gallons record in Column 7
 Over 40,000 gallons remainder of water over
 25,000 = 3,855,600 gallons record in
 Column 8
- Step 6: Total each column for transfer to Revenue Table.

b. Revenue Table (Revenue by Rate Increment)

Revenue Table is used to determine the revenue produced from the Usage Table. Column No. 1 is the incremental rate steps in the rate schedule for which the analysis is being made. Column No. 2 indicates the total number of bills. Column No. 3 is the number of gallons accumulated in each rate increment (Totals from Columns 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 of the above usage table). Column No. 4 is the rates to be used in determining revenue. Column No. 5 contains revenue produced.

Example for completing Revenue Table is as follows:

Complete Columns no. 1, 2 and 3 using information from Usage Table.

Complete Column No. 4 using rate either present or proposed.

Column No. 5 is completed by first multiplying the bills times the minimum charge.

Then, starting with the second rate increment, multiply Column No. 3 by Column No. 4 and total.

Revenue from Present/Proposed Rates

Test Period from 1-1-81 to 12-31-81

.USAGE TABLE Usage by Rate Increment

10666	1,019				10,000 000.2000	. 70 000 Callane	Suotien non'c7	26 000 001	, 10,000 Callons		J.000 Callons	4 0000 mm mm one	2 000: Mailman 3111	•	•	E	1		is: Residential
	4.800					151	000	053	1,000	1 000	1,735	1	1 432	STITA		(2)			•
	46,895,700 9,254,400 9,287,000 115,148,700 19,330,000 13,033,000 1303				1	9.975,600	١	15 275 000	10,200,700		4,838,000	1	518,400	COLTORS) 11Ct	1 0"11 0" 1 NOW 1" 2 000 Nove 1 00	(3)			
	9,254,400					306,000		1 100.000	00000	000 000	2,470,000	2000	518,400	100 69 000	1 67 3 000	(4)	S		
	9,287,000					459,000		1.950.000		5 490 000	1, 000,000	חמם חמם		1000	Next 3 000		(\$)		
	115, 148, 700			-		1000,000		6.500,000		7.118.700	2,470,000 1,300,000			-	On Next 10,000 Next 25,000 Over 40,000		<u> </u>		
	19,30,000	000 035 0				2,062,000 000 000 000	2 626 000	2,22,000	5 505 000			-7-4		į	Next 25,000		3		
	0000000	3 9 5 6 600				1000000	3 855 600								Over 40,000		(8)	•	
	10						3		~ ~	101		~		ا ! جر	5	•			

REVENUE TABLE

Revenue By Rate Increment

			•	. 40,000 out tons	· // 000 Callons	Shortes And C7	35 000 (-11	C IN OUR GALLONS	10 000 6-11	Suotren Ann C	7 000 6-11-	Z. UUU: Minimim Dill	2000 82 7 7511		-			
				**************************************								4.000	7 900	DETEN	# · · · · ·	(2)	(3) : :	á
	 				3.855,600	١.		٠,		1.		٠.	0 75% 600		Callons/MCF	(3)	(2)	
					.75		1.25		2.00		2.50	TAX LAX	\$5.00 MIn. (Race		(4)	
المناقبات والمناوة والمراوات والمناول و		\$92,094.10 Total Revenue			2,072.70	2 100 5	11, 607. 30	11 /07 60	30, 297, 40		73, 717, 30		\$24,000,00		Kevenue	3	(5)	